

# TEST REPORT

Applicant Name: Shenzhen Harvilon Technology Co., Ltd  
Address: 2nd Floor, Building 2, No. 137 Bulan Road, Saitu Technology Park, Longgang district, Shenzhen, China  
Report Number: 2501P42033E-RF-00B  
FCC ID: ZZJ-MF302

## Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 27; FCC PART 22H; FCC PART 24E; FCC PART 90

## Sample Description

Product Type: 4G WI-FI Router  
Model No.: MF302  
Multiple Model(s) No.: N/A  
Trade Mark: Harvilon  
Date Received: 2025-01-14  
Issue Date: 2025-04-18

Test Result:

Pass▲

▲ In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

## Prepared and Checked By:

*Jim Cheng*

Jim Cheng  
RF Engineer

## Approved By:

*Jimmy Xiao*

Jimmy Xiao  
EMC Manager

Note: The information marked # is provided by the applicant, the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity and this information can affect the validity of the result in the test report. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are included.

This report cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested. This report is valid only with a valid digital signature. The digital signature may be available only under the Adobe software above version 7.0.

This report must not be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government.

This report may contain data that are not covered by the NVLAP accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "▼".

## Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

5F(B-West), 6F, 7F, the 3rd Phase of Wan Li Industrial Building D, Shihua Rd, FuTian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, China

Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<b>DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>GENERAL INFORMATION.....</b>	<b>4</b>
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) .....	4
OBJECTIVE .....	5
TEST METHODOLOGY .....	5
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY.....	6
TEST FACILITY .....	6
<b>SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION.....</b>	<b>7</b>
BLOCK DIAGRAM OF TEST SETUP .....	9
<b>SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS .....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>TEST EQUIPMENT LIST .....</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES .....</b>	<b>14</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD FOR PART 22 SUBPART H .....	14
APPLICABLE STANDARD FOR PART 24 SUBPART E .....	16
APPLICABLE STANDARD FOR PART 27 .....	17
APPLICABLE STANDARD FOR PART 90 .....	20
TEST METHOD .....	21
<b>TEST DATA AND RESULTS.....</b>	<b>28</b>
SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS .....	28
RF CONDUCTED DATA .....	36
<b>RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION .....</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>EUT PHOTOGRAPHS.....</b>	<b>38</b>
<b>TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS .....</b>	<b>39</b>

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	2501P42033E-RF-00B	Original Report	2025-04-18

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

<b>Frequency Range</b>	WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910MHz(TX); 1930-1990MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849MHz(TX); 869-894MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910MHz(TX); 1930-1990MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755MHz(TX); 2110-2155MHz(RX) LTE Band 5: 824-849MHz(TX); 869-894MHz(RX) LTE Band 7: 2500-2570MHz(TX); 2620-2690MHz(TX) LTE Band 12: 699-716MHz(TX); 729-746MHz(RX) LTE Band 17: 704-716MHz (TX), 734-746MHz (RX) LTE Band 25: 1850-1915MHz (TX), 1930-1995MHz (RX) LTE Band 26(Part 22H): 824-849MHz(TX); 869-894MHz(RX) LTE Band 26(Part 90): 814-824MHz(TX); 859-869MHz(RX) LTE Band 38: 2570-2620MHz(TX/RX) LTE Band 41: 2555-2655MHz(TX/RX) LTE Band 66: 1710-1780MHz(TX); 2110-2200MHz(RX)			
<b>Modulation Technique</b>	3G: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM 4G: QPSK, 16QAM			
<b>Antenna Specification<sup>#</sup></b>	Antenna	Operation Bands	Antenna Gain (G <sub>T</sub> ) (dBi)	L <sub>C</sub> (dB)
	ANT0	WCDMA B2/LTE B2/B25	0.62	0
		WCDMA B5/LTE B5	1.66	0
		LTE B4/B66	0.59	0
		LTE B7	1.08	0
		LTE B12/17	-1.87	0
		LTE B26	1.77	0
		LTE B38/41	2.32	0
	Note: L <sub>C</sub> = Signal Attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.			
<b>Voltage Range</b>	DC 3.8V from battery or DC 5V from Adapter			
<b>Sample serial number</b>	2XM8-1 for Radiated Emissions Test 2XM8-2 for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen)			
<b>Sample/EUT Status</b>	Good condition			
<b>Normal/Extreme Condition<sup>#</sup></b>	VL.: Low Voltage 3.4V <sub>DC</sub> VN.: Normal Voltage 3.8V <sub>DC</sub> VH.: High Voltage 4.35V <sub>DC</sub> (provided by the applicant)			
<b>Adapter Information</b>	N/A			

## Objective

This test report is in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 22-Subpart H, Part 24-Subpart E, Part 27 and Part 90 of the Federal Communication Commission's rules.

The objective is to determine the compliance of the EUT with FCC rules for output power, modulation characteristic, occupied bandwidth, and spurious emission at antenna terminal, spurious radiated emission, frequency stability and band edge.

## Test Methodology

All tests and measurements indicated in this document were performed in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations Title 47 Part 2-Subpart J as well as the following parts:

Part 22 Subpart H - Public Mobile Services  
Part 24 Subpart E - Personal Communication Services  
Part 27 - Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services  
Part 90 – Private Land Mobile Radio Services

ANSI C63.26-2015: American National Standard for Compliance Testing of Transmitters Used in  
Licensed Radio Services  
KDB 971168 D01: Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

## Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		109.2kHz(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
RF output power, conducted		0.86dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Unwanted Emission, conducted		1.60dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
RF Frequency		56.6Hz(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Radiated Emissions	30MHz~200MHz (Horizontal)	5.32dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	30MHz~200MHz (Vertical)	5.43dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	200MHz~1000MHz (Horizontal)	5.77dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	200MHz~1000MHz (Vertical)	5.73dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	1GHz - 6GHz	5.34dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	6GHz - 18GHz	5.40dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	18GHz - 40GHz	5.64dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Temperature		±1°C
Humidity		±1%
Supply voltages		±0.4%

*Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.*

## Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 5F(B-West) , 6F, 7F, the 3rd Phase of Wan Li Industrial Building D, Shihua Rd, FuTian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 715558, the FCC Designation No. : CN5045.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

The final qualification test was performed with the EUT operating at normal mode.

Frequency band	Bandwidth	Test Frequency		
	(MHz)	(MHz)		
		Low	Middle	High
WCDMA B2	4.2	1852.4	1880	1907.6
WCDMA B5	4.2	826.4	836.4	846.6
LTE B2	1.4	1850.7	1880	1909.3
	3	1851.5	1880	1908.5
	5	1852.5	1880	1907.5
	10	1855	1880	1905
	15	1857.5	1880	1902.5
	20	1860	1880	1900
LTE B4	1.4	1710.7	1732.5	1754.3
	3	1711.5	1732.5	1753.5
	5	1712.5	1732.5	1752.5
	10	1715	1732.5	1750
	15	1717.5	1732.5	1747.5
	20	1720	1732.5	1745
LTE B5	1.4	824.7	836.5	848.3
	3	825.5	836.5	847.5
	5	826.5	836.5	846.5
	10	829	836.5	844
LTE B7	5	2502.5	2535	2567.5
	10	2505	2535	2565
	15	2507.5	2535	2562.5
	20	2510	2535	2560
LTE B12	1.4	699.7	707.5	715.3
	3	700.5	707.5	714.5
	5	701.5	707.5	713.5
	10	704	707.5	711
LTE B17	5	706.5	710	713.5
	10	709	710	711

Frequency band	Bandwidth	Test Frequency		
	(MHz)	(MHz)		
		Low	Middle	High
LTE B25	1.4	1850.7	1882.5	1914.3
	3	1851.5	1882.5	1913.5
	5	1852.5	1882.5	1912.5
	10	1855	1882.5	1910
	15	1857.5	1882.5	1907.5
	20	1860	1882.5	1905
LTE B26_1(Part90S)	1.4	814.7	/	823.3
	3	815.5	/	822.5
	5	816.5	/	821.5
	10	819	/	/
	15	821.5	/	/
LTE B26_3 (Cross 90S and 22H)	1.4	/	824	/
	3	/	824	/
	5	/	824	/
	10	/	824	/
	15	/	824	/
LTE B26_2 (Part 22H)	1.4	824.7	831.5	848.3
	3	825.5	831.5	847.5
	5	826.5	831.5	846.5
	10	829	831.5	844
	15	831.5	836.5	841.5
LTE B38	5	2572.5	2595	2617.5
	10	2575	2595	2615
	15	2577.5	2595	2612.5
	20	2580	2595	2610
LTE B41	5	2557.5	2605	2652.5
	10	2560	2605	2650
	15	2562.5	2605	2647.5
	20	2565	2605	2645
LTE B66	1.4	1710.7	1745	1779.3
	3	1711.5	1745	1778.5
	5	1712.5	1745	1777.5
	10	1715	1745	1775
	15	1717.5	1745	1772.5
	20	1720	1745	1770



**Equipment Modifications**

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

**Support Equipment List and Details**

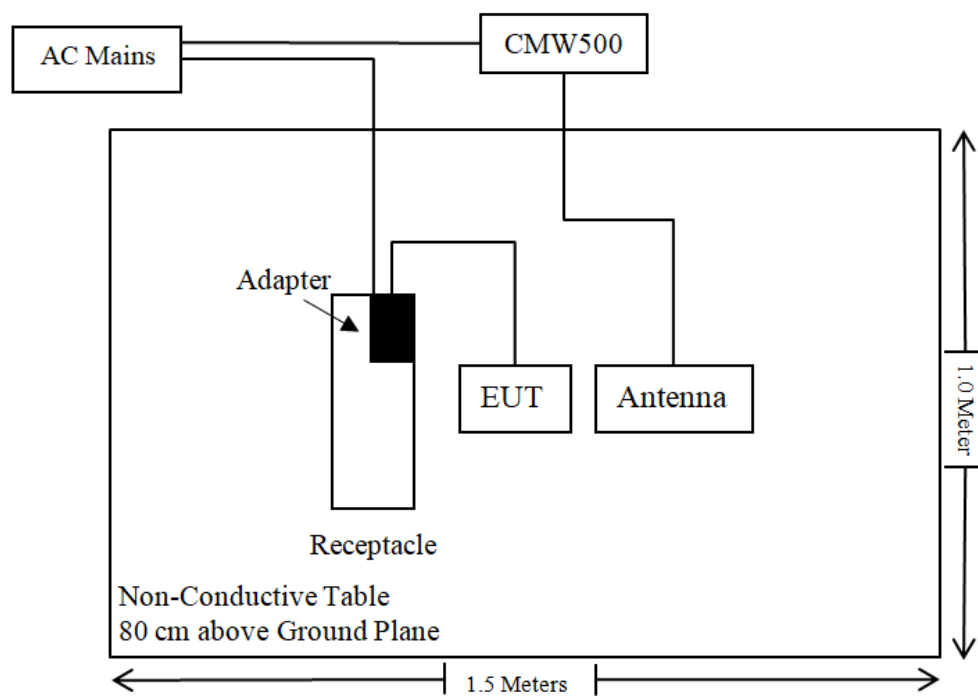
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Rohde & Schwarz	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	141718
Qingliu	Adapter	QL010-0502000UU	Unknown

**External I/O Cable**

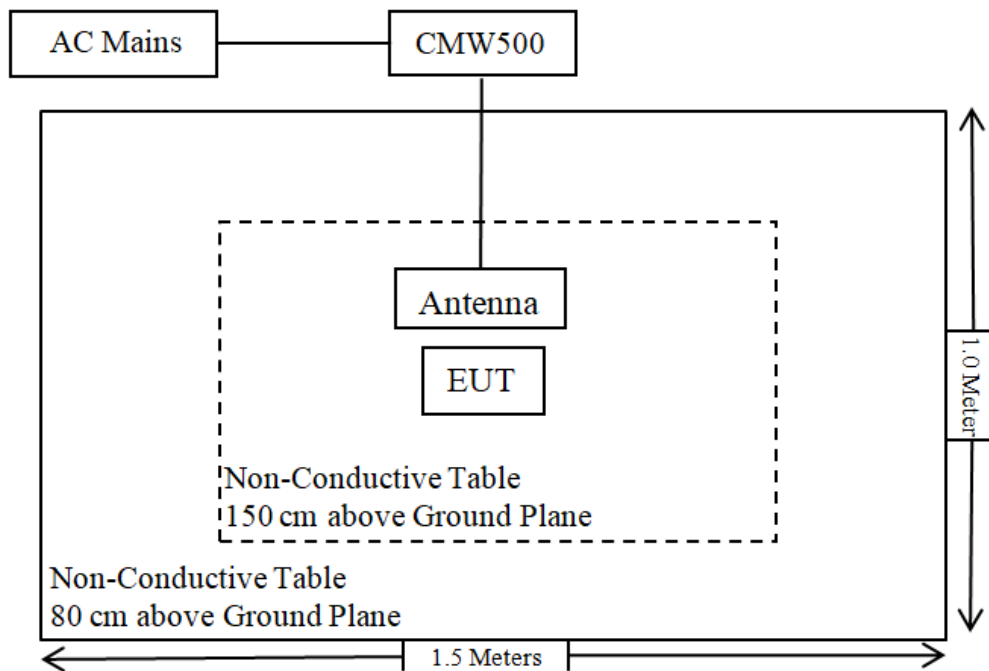
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Un-shielding Detachable USB Cable	0.3	EUT	Adapter

**Block Diagram of Test Setup**

For Radiated Emissions below 1GHz:



For Radiated Emissions above 1GHz:



**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §1.1307(b) & §2.1093	RF Exposure Information	Compliant
§2.1046; § 22.913 (a)(d); § 24.232 (c)(d) ; §27.50(b)(c)(d)(h); §90.635	RF Output Power	Compliant
§2.1047	Modulation Characteristics	Not Applicable
§ 2.1049; § 22.905; § 22.917; § 24.238; §27.53 §90.209	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 2.1053; § 22.917 (a); § 24.238 (a); §27.53; §90.691	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Compliant
§ 2.1053; § 22.917 (a); § 24.238 (a); §27.53; §90.691	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	Compliant
§ 22.917 (a); § 24.238 (a); §27.53 (c)(g)(h)(m) §90.691	Band Edge	Compliant
§ 2.1055; § 22.355; § 24.235; §27.54; §90.213	Frequency stability	Compliant

**TEST EQUIPMENT LIST**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
<b>Radiated Emission Test</b>					
COM-POWER	Dipole Antenna	3121C	9209-860	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5183A	MY50140588	2024/09/13	2025/09/12
The Electro-Mechanics Co.	Horn Antenna	3115	9107-3694	2024/06/06	2027/06/05
Electro-Mechanics Co	Horn Antenna	3116	2026	2023/09/18	2026/09/17
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102455	2024/12/04	2025/12/03
Sonoma instrument	Pre-amplifier	310N	186238	2024/05/21	2025/05/20
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2023/07/20	2026/07/19
Unknown	Cable	Chamber Cable 1	F-03-EM236	2024/06/18	2025/06/17
Unknown	Cable	XH500C	J-10M-A	2024/06/18	2025/06/17
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101605	2024/03/27	2025/03/26
A.H.System	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	489	2024/11/15	2025/11/14
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D(1201)	1143	2023/07/26	2026/07/25
Unknown	RF Cable	KMSE	0735	2024/12/06	2025/12/05
Unknown	RF Cable	UFA147	219661	2024/12/06	2025/12/05
Unknown	RF Cable	XH750A-N	J-10M	2024/12/06	2025/12/05
JD	Filter Switch Unit	DT7220FSU	DS79906	2024/09/09	2025/09/08
JD	Multiplex Switch Test Control Set	DT7220SCU	DS79903	2024/09/09	2025/09/08
A.H.System	Pre-amplifier	PAM-1840VH	190	2024/06/18	2025/06/17
Electro-Mechanics Co	Horn Antenna	3116	9510-2270	2023/09/18	2026/09/17
UTIFLEX	RF Cable	NO. 13	232308-001	2024/12/18	2025/12/17
Rohde&Schwarz	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	141718	2024/08/06	2025/08/05

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
RF Conducted Test					
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101942	2024/09/20	2025/09/19
BACL	Temperature & Humidity Chamber	BTH-150-40	30145	2024/12/06	2025/12/05
instek	DC Power Supply	GPS-3030DD	EM832096	NCR	NCR
Fluke	Digital Multimeter	287	19000011	2024/05/21	2025/05/20
WEINSCHEL	3dB Attenuator	Unknown	F-03-EM220	2024/06/27	2025/06/26
HP	Power Splitter	11667A	1610A	2024/06/27	2025/06/26
Unknown	RF Cable	65475	01670515	2024/06/27	2025/06/26
Rohde&Schwarz	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	141718	2024/08/06	2025/08/05

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES

### Applicable Standard for Part 22 Subpart H

#### RF Output Power

FCC §22.913

(a)(5) The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7watts.

(d) *Power measurement.* Measurement of the ERP of Cellular base transmitters and repeaters must be made using an average power measurement technique. The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission must not exceed 13 dB. Power measurements for base transmitters and repeaters must be made in accordance with either of the following:

- (1) A Commission-approved average power technique (*see* FCC Laboratory's Knowledge Database); or
- (2) For purposes of this section, peak transmit power must be measured over an interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms equivalent voltage. The measurement results shall be properly adjusted for any instrument limitations, such as detector response times, limited resolution bandwidth capability when compared to the emission bandwidth, sensitivity, *etc.*, so as to obtain a true peak measurement for the emission in question over the full bandwidth of the channel.

#### Spurious Emissions

FCC §22.917

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a reference bandwidth as follows:

- (1) In the spectrum below 1 GHz, instrumentation should employ a reference bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full required reference bandwidth (i.e., 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (2) In the spectrum above 1 GHz, instrumentation should employ a reference bandwidth of 1 MHz

#### Frequency stability

FCC §22.355

Except as otherwise provided in this part, the carrier frequency of each transmitter in the Public Mobile Services must be maintained within the tolerances given in Table C-1 of this section.

Table C-1 - Frequency Tolerance for Transmitters in the Public Mobile Services

Frequency range (MHz)	Base, fixed (ppm)	Mobile >3 watts (ppm)	Mobile ≤3 watts (ppm)
25 to 50	20	20	50
50 to 450	5	5	50
450 to 512	2.5	5	5
821 to 896	1.5	<b>2.5</b>	<b>2.5</b>
928 to 929	5	n/a	n/a
929 to 960	1.5	n/a	n/a
2110 to 2220	10	n/a	n/a

## **Applicable Standard for Part 24 Subpart E**

### **RF Output Power**

FCC §24.232

(c) Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP and the equipment must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

(d) Power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of § 24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

### **Spurious Emissions**

FCC §24.238

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(c) Alternative out of band emission limit. Licensees in this service may establish an alternative out of band emission limit to be used at specified band edge(s) in specified geographical areas, in lieu of that set forth in this section, pursuant to a private contractual arrangement of all affected licensees and applicants. In this event, each party to such contract shall maintain a copy of the contract in their station files and disclose it to prospective assignees or transferees and, upon request, to the FCC.

(d) Interference caused by out of band emissions. If any emission from a transmitter operating in this service results in interference to users of another radio service, the FCC may require a greater attenuation of that emission than specified in this section.

### **Frequency stability**

FCC §24.235

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.



## Applicable Standard for Part 27

### RF Output Power

#### FCC §27.50

(a)(3) *Mobile and portable stations.*

(i) For mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or the 2350-2360 MHz band, the average EIRP must not exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth, *except that* for mobile and portable stations compliant with 3GPP LTE standards or another advanced mobile broadband protocol that avoids concentrating energy at the edge of the operating band the average EIRP must not exceed 250 milliwatts within any 5 megahertz of authorized bandwidth but may exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth. For mobile and portable stations using time division duplexing (TDD) technology, the duty cycle must not exceed 38 percent in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands. Mobile and portable stations using FDD technology are restricted to transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band. Power averaging shall not include intervals in which the transmitter is off.

(ii) Mobile and portable stations are not permitted to transmit in the 2315-2320 MHz and 2345-2350 MHz bands.

(iii) *Automatic transmit power control.* Mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or in the 2350-2360 MHz band must employ automatic transmit power control when operating so the stations operate with the minimum power necessary for successful communications.

(iv) *Prohibition on external vehicle-mounted antennas.* The use of external vehicle-mounted antennas for mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315 MHz band or the 2350-2360 MHz band is prohibited.

(b)(10) Portable stations (hand-held devices) transmitting in the 746-757 MHz, 776-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands are limited to 3 watts ERP.

(c)(10) Portable stations (hand-held devices) in the 600 MHz uplink band and the 698-746 MHz band, and fixed and mobile stations in the 600 MHz uplink band are limited to 3 watts ERP.

(d)(4) Fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP. Fixed stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band are limited to a maximum antenna height of 10 meters above ground. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

(h) The following power limits shall apply in the BRS and EBS:

(2) Mobile and other user stations. Mobile stations are limited to 2.0 watts EIRP. All user stations are limited to 2.0 watts transmitter output power.

### Spurious Emissions

#### FCC §27.53

(a) For operations in the 2305-2320 MHz band and the 2345-2360 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power P (with averaging performed only during periods of transmission) within the licensed band(s) of operation, in watts, by the following amounts:

(4) For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands:

(i) By a factor of not less than:  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320 MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360 MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324 MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345 MHz, not less than  $61 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328 MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341 MHz, and not less than  $67 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337 MHz;

(ii) By a factor of not less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305 MHz,  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300 MHz,  $61 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296 MHz,  $67 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292 MHz, and  $70 + 10 \log (P)$  dB below 2288 MHz;

(iii) By a factor of not less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365 MHz, and not less than  $70 + 10 \log (P)$  dB above 2365 MHz.

(c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

(1) On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB;

(2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB;

(3) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than  $76 + 10 \log (P)$  dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;

(4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than  $65 + 10 \log (P)$  dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;

(5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;

(6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

(f) For operations in the 746-758 MHz, 775-788 MHz, and 805-806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to  $-70$  dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and  $-80$  dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

(h) AWS emission limits

(1) **General protection levels.** Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$  dB.

(m)(4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than  $40 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge,  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

**Frequency stability**

## FCC §27.54

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

**Applicable Standard for Part 90****RF Output Power**

FCC §90.635

(b) The maximum output power of the transmitter for mobile stations is 100 watts (20 dBw).

**Spurious Emissions**

FCC §90.691

(a) Out-of-band emission requirement shall apply only to the “outer” channels included in an EA license and to spectrum adjacent to interior channels used by incumbent licensees. The emission limits are as follows:

(1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $16 \log_{10}(f/6.1)$  decibels or  $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.

(2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.

(b) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

**Frequency stability**

FCC §90.213

809-824 MHz band, 2.5ppm for 2W or less output power.

## Test Method

### Transmitter output power, e.r.p. and e.i.r.p

According to CFR Part 2.1046, ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.5.5 and KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

The relevant equation for determining the ERP or EIRP from the conducted RF output power measured using the guidance provided above is:

$$\text{ERP or EIRP} = P_{\text{Meas}} + G_T - L_C$$

where:

ERP or EIRP = effective radiated power or equivalent isotropically radiated power, respectively (expressed in the same units as  $P_{\text{Meas}}$ , typically dBW or dBm);

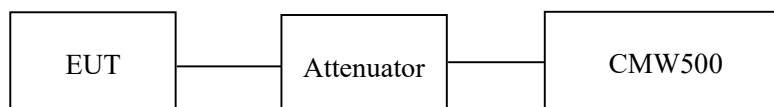
$P_{\text{Meas}}$  = measured transmitter output power or PSD, in dBm or dBW;

$G_T$  = gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP);

$L_C$  = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.

Note: The ERP is for below 1GHz, EIRP is for above 1GHz.

### Test Setup Block:



The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the CMW500 through sufficient attenuation.

## Occupied Bandwidth

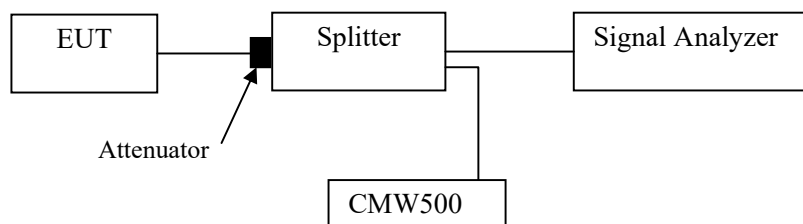
According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.4.4

The OBW is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (typically a span of  $1.5 \times \text{OBW}$  is sufficient).
- b) The nominal IF filter 3 dB bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. See guidance provided in 4.2.3.  
NOTE—Step a), step b), and step c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- d) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max-hold.
- e) If the instrument does not have a 99% OBW function, recover the trace data points and sum directly in linear power terms. Place the recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached. Record that frequency as the lower OBW frequency. Repeat the process until 99.5% of the total is reached and record that frequency as the upper OBW frequency. The 99% power OBW can be determined by computing the difference these two frequencies.
- f) The OBW shall be reported and plot(s) of the measuring instrument display shall be provided with the test report. The frequency and amplitude axis and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data can be reported in addition to the plot(s).

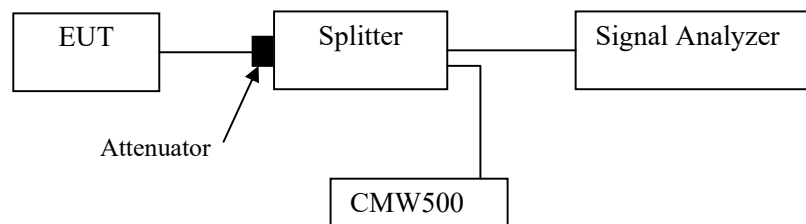
### Test Setup Block:



**Transmitter unwanted emissions-at antenna terminals**

According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7.4, KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

the applicable rule part specifies the reference bandwidth for measuring unwanted emission levels (typically, 100 kHz if the authorized frequency band/block is at or below 1 GHz and 1 MHz if the authorized frequency band/block is above 1 GHz),8 effectively depicting the unwanted emission limit in terms of a power spectral density. In those cases where no reference bandwidth is explicitly specified, the values in the preceding sentence should be used.

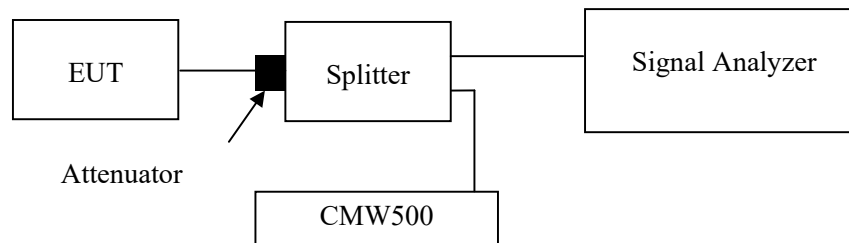
**Test Setup Block:**

Note: the worst path loss (cable loss and splitter inset loss) among the test frequency range was added into plots.

**Transmitter unwanted emissions-Out of band emission**

According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7.3, KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

Typically, a measurement (resolution) bandwidth smaller than the reference bandwidth is allowed for measurements within a specified frequency range at the edge of the authorized frequency block/band (e.g., within the first Y MHz outside of the authorized frequency band/block, where the value of Y is specified in the relevant rule part). Some FCC out-of-band emission rules permit the use of a narrower RBW (typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1 % of the OBW) for measuring the out-of-band emissions without a requirement to integrate the result over the full reference bandwidth. Beyond the specified frequency range in which this relaxation of the uniform reference bandwidth is permitted, it typically is also acceptable to use a narrower RBW (again limited to a minimum of 1 % of OBW) to increase accuracy, but the measurement result must subsequently be integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

**Test Setup Block:**



### Frequency stability

According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.6, KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01:

Frequency stability is a measure of the frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at +20 °C and rated supply voltage.

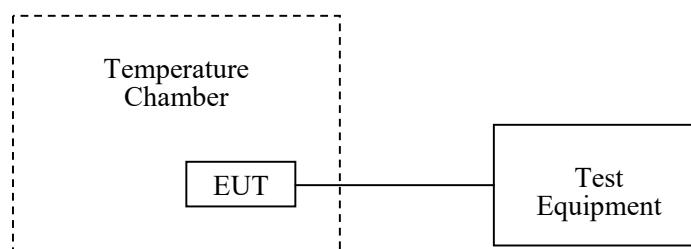
The operating carrier frequency shall be set up in accordance with the manufacturer's published operation and instruction manual prior to the commencement of these tests. No adjustment of any frequency determining circuit element shall be made subsequent to this initial set-up. Frequency stability is tested:

- a) At 10 °C intervals of temperatures between –30 °C and +50 °C at the manufacturer's rated supply voltage, and
- b) At +20 °C temperature and  $\pm 15\%$  supply voltage variations. If a product is specified to operate over a range of input voltage then the –15% variation is applied to the lowermost voltage and the +15% is applied to the uppermost voltage.

During the test all necessary settings, adjustments and control of the EUT have to be performed without disturbing the test environment, i.e., without opening the environmental chamber. The frequency stabilities can be maintained to a lesser temperature range provided that the transmitter is automatically inhibited from operating outside the lesser temperature range. For handheld equipment that is only capable of operating from internal batteries and the supply voltage cannot be varied, the frequency stability tests shall be performed at the nominal battery voltage and the battery end point voltage specified by the manufacturer. An external supply voltage can be used and set at the internal battery nominal voltage, and again at the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer.

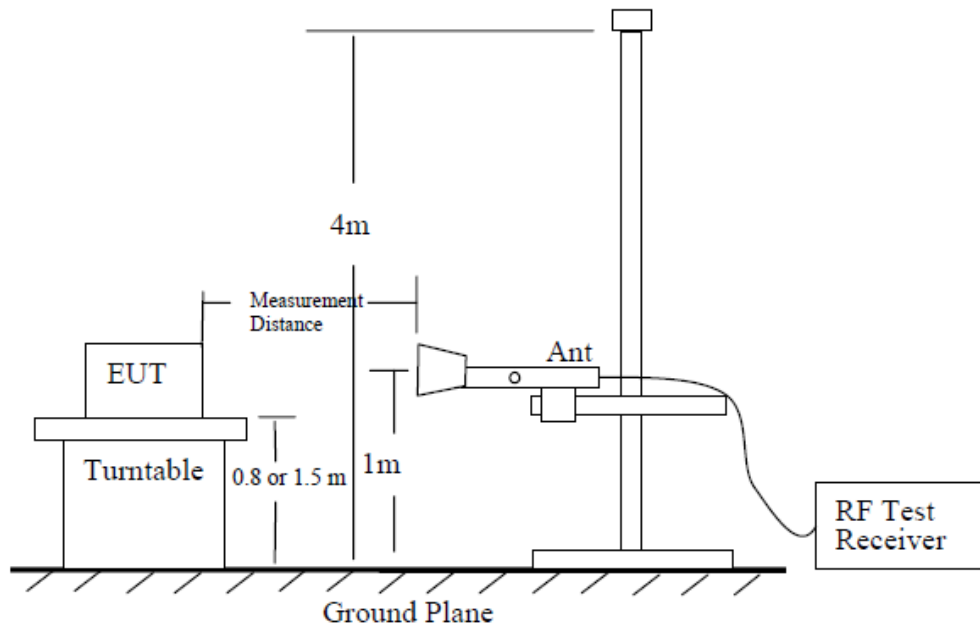
If an unmodulated carrier is not available, the mean frequency of a modulated carrier can be obtained by using a frequency counter with gating time set to an appropriately large multiple of bit periods (gating time depending on the required accuracy). Full details on the choice of values shall be included in the test report.

#### Test Setup Block:

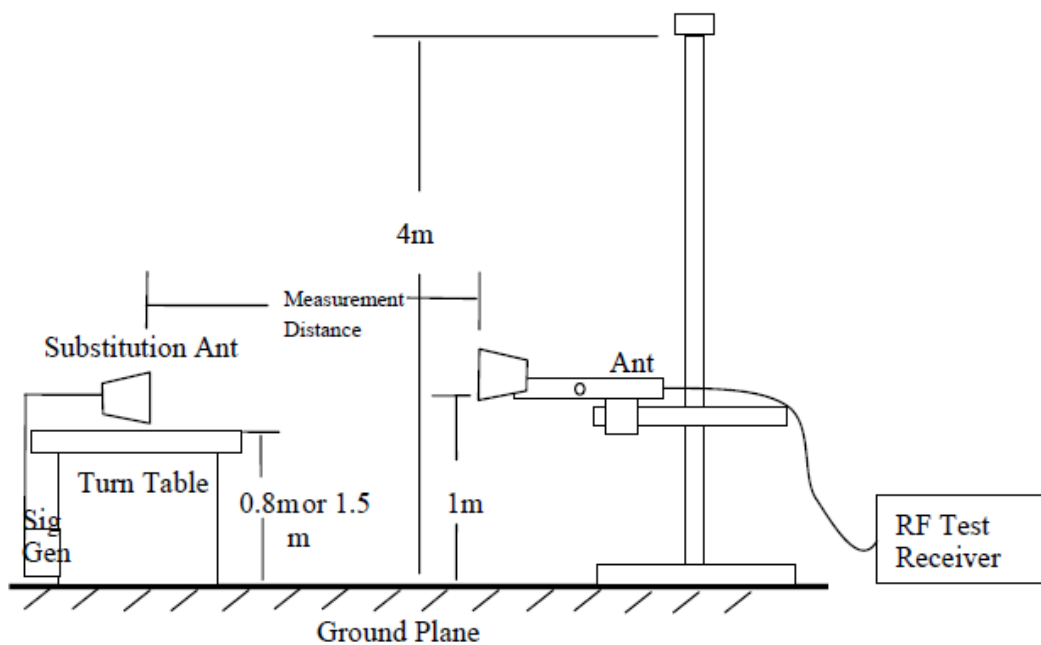


**Transmitter unwanted emissions- Radiated Spurious emissions**

According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.5.3:

**Test setup:**

**Figure 6 —Test site-up for radiated ERP and/or EIRP measurements**



**Figure 7 —Substitution method set-up for radiated emission**

**Test Procedure:**

- a) Place the EUT in the center of the turntable. The EUT shall be configured to transmit into the standard non-radiating load (for measuring radiated spurious emissions), connected with cables of minimal length unless specified otherwise. If the EUT uses an adjustable antenna, the antenna shall be positioned to the length that produces the worst case emission at the fundamental operating frequency.
- b) Each emission under consideration shall be evaluated:
  - 1) Raise and lower the measurement antenna in accordance 5.5.2, as necessary to enable detection of the maximum emission amplitude relative to measurement antenna height.
  - 2) Rotate the EUT through 360° to determine the maximum emission level relative to the axial position.
  - 3) Return the turntable to the azimuth where the highest emission amplitude level was observed.
  - 4) Vary the measurement antenna height again through 1 m to 4 m again to find the height associated with the maximum emission amplitude.
  - 5) Record the measured emission amplitude level and frequency using the appropriate RBW.
- c) Repeat step b) for each emission frequency with the measurement antenna oriented in both the horizontal and vertical polarizations to determine the orientation that gives the maximum emissions amplitude.
- d) Set-up the substitution measurement with the reference point of the substitution antenna located as near as possible to where the center of the EUT radiating element was located during the initial EUT measurement.
- e) Maintain the previous measurement instrument settings and test set-up, with the exception that the EUT is removed and replaced by the substitution antenna.
- f) Connect a signal generator to the substitution antenna; locate the signal generator so as to minimize any potential influences on the measurement results. Set the signal generator to the frequency where emissions are detected, and set an output power level such that the radiated signal can be detected by the measurement instrument, with sufficient dynamic range relative to the noise floor.
- g) For each emission that was detected and measured in the initial test [i.e., in step b) and step c)]:
  - 1) Vary the measurement antenna height between 1 m to 4 m to maximize the received (measured) signal amplitude.
  - 2) Adjust the signal generator output power level until the amplitude detected by the measurement instrument equals the amplitude level of the emission previously measured directly in step b) and step c).
  - 3) Record the output power level of the signal generator when equivalence is achieved in step 2).
- h) Repeat step e) through step g) with the measurement antenna oriented in the opposite polarization.
- i) Calculate the emission power in dBm referenced to a half-wave dipole using the following equation:
$$P_e = P_s(\text{dBm}) - \text{cable loss (dB)} + \text{antenna gain (dBd)}$$
where
$$P_e = \text{equivalent emission power in dBm}$$
$$P_s = \text{source (signal generator) power in dBm}$$
NOTE—dBd refers to the measured antenna gain in decibels relative to a half-wave dipole.
- j) Correct the antenna gain of the substitution antenna if necessary to reference the emission power to a half-wave dipole. When using measurement antennas with the gain specified in dBi, the equivalent dipole-referenced gain can be determined from:  $\text{gain (dBd)} = \text{gain (dBi)} - 2.15 \text{ dB}$ . If necessary, the antenna gain can be calculated from calibrated antenna factor information
- k) Provide the complete measurement results as a part of the test report.

## TEST DATA AND RESULTS

### Spurious Radiated Emissions

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature (°C)</b>	23.8-25.4	<b>Relative Humidity (%)</b>	44-55
<b>ATM Pressure (kPa):</b>	101.3-101.7	<b>Test engineer:</b>	Alex Yan & Visen Wu
<b>Test date:</b>	2025/02/22-2025/02/26		
<b>EUT operation mode:</b>	Transmitting (Worst case)		
<b>Note:</b>	After pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case z-axis of orientation were recorded.		

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)			
WCDMA Band 2 (30MHz-20GHz)								
Low Channel								
949.9	33.18	H	-63.3	1.36	0.00	-64.66	-13	51.66
949.9	33.11	V	-60.9	1.36	0.00	-62.26	-13	49.26
3704.8	57.97	H	-54.8	2.10	9.70	-47.20	-13	34.20
3704.8	58.94	V	-53.7	2.10	9.70	-46.10	-13	33.10
Middle Channel								
960.6	33.37	H	-63.1	1.36	0.00	-64.46	-13	51.46
960.6	33.03	V	-61.0	1.36	0.00	-62.36	-13	49.36
3760.0	60.97	H	-52.4	2.00	9.60	-44.80	-13	31.80
3760.0	62.68	V	-50.6	2.00	9.60	-43.00	-13	30.00
High Channel								
949.5	33.09	H	-63.4	1.36	0.00	-64.76	-13	51.76
949.5	32.85	V	-61.2	1.36	0.00	-62.56	-13	49.56
3815.2	63.45	H	-49.9	2.00	9.60	-42.30	-13	29.30
3815.2	63.63	V	-49.7	2.00	9.60	-42.10	-13	29.10

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)			
WCDMA Band 5 (30MHz-10GHz)								
Low Channel								
951.6	32.57	H	-63.9	1.36	0.00	-65.26	-13	52.26
951.6	33.30	V	-60.7	1.36	0.00	-62.06	-13	49.06
1652.8	65.86	H	-48.3	1.50	8.80	-41.00	-13	28.00
1652.8	64.69	V	-50.1	1.50	8.80	-42.80	-13	29.80
Middle Channel								
956.3	32.71	H	-63.8	1.36	0.00	-65.16	-13	52.16
956.3	32.53	V	-61.5	1.36	0.00	-62.86	-13	49.86
1672.8	66.13	H	-48.0	1.50	8.80	-40.70	-13	27.70
1672.8	65.65	V	-49.1	1.50	8.80	-41.80	-13	28.80
High Channel								
953.0	33.39	H	-63.1	1.36	0.00	-64.46	-13	51.46
953.0	33.09	V	-61.0	1.36	0.00	-62.36	-13	49.36
1693.2	64.37	H	-49.8	1.50	8.80	-42.50	-13	29.50
1693.2	64.45	V	-50.3	1.50	8.80	-43.00	-13	30.00
LTE Band 2 (30MHz-20GHz)								
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Low Channel, RB1#0								
958.9	33.25	H	-63.3	1.36	0.00	-64.66	-13	51.66
958.9	32.68	V	-61.4	1.36	0.00	-62.76	-13	49.76
3701.4	57.54	H	-55.2	2.10	9.70	-47.60	-13	34.60
3701.4	56.84	V	-55.8	2.10	9.70	-48.20	-13	35.20
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Middle Channel, RB1#0								
959.1	33.03	H	-63.5	1.36	0.00	-64.86	-13	51.86
959.1	32.89	V	-61.2	1.36	0.00	-62.56	-13	49.56
3760.0	55.26	H	-58.1	2.00	9.60	-50.50	-13	37.50
3760.0	82.70	V	-30.6	2.00	9.60	-23.00	-13	10.00
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, High Channel, RB1#0								
959.4	32.93	H	-63.6	1.36	0.00	-64.96	-13	51.96
959.4	33.06	V	-61.0	1.36	0.00	-62.36	-13	49.36
3818.6	58.99	H	-54.4	2.00	9.60	-46.80	-13	33.80
3818.6	56.91	V	-56.4	2.00	9.60	-48.80	-13	35.80

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)			
LTE Band 4 (30MHz-18GHz)								
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Low Channel, RB1#0								
948.8	32.94	H	-63.6	1.36	0.00	-64.96	-13	51.96
948.8	32.22	V	-61.8	1.36	0.00	-63.16	-13	50.16
3421.4	65.57	H	-48.2	1.70	9.60	-40.30	-13	27.30
3421.4	59.99	V	-53.5	1.70	9.60	-45.60	-13	32.60
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Middle Channel, RB1#0								
957.2	32.68	H	-63.8	1.36	0.00	-65.16	-13	52.16
957.2	32.35	V	-61.7	1.36	0.00	-63.06	-13	50.06
3465.0	58.12	H	-55.4	1.80	9.70	-47.50	-13	34.50
3465.0	62.71	V	-50.5	1.80	9.70	-42.60	-13	29.60
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, High Channel, RB1#0								
950.6	32.47	H	-64.0	1.36	0.00	-65.36	-13	52.36
950.6	32.84	V	-61.2	1.36	0.00	-62.56	-13	49.56
3508.6	55.52	H	-58.0	1.80	9.70	-50.10	-13	37.10
3508.6	61.03	V	-52.2	1.80	9.70	-44.30	-13	31.30
LTE Band 5 (30MHz-10GHz)								
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
947.7	32.54	H	-64.0	1.36	0.00	-65.36	-13	52.36
947.7	33.20	V	-60.9	1.36	0.00	-62.26	-13	49.26
1649.4	72.72	H	-41.6	1.50	8.60	-34.50	-13	21.50
1649.4	71.43	V	-43.4	1.50	8.60	-36.30	-13	23.30
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Middle channel, RB1#0								
955.4	32.43	H	-64.1	1.36	0.00	-65.46	-13	52.46
955.4	32.90	V	-61.2	1.36	0.00	-62.56	-13	49.56
1673.0	69.38	H	-44.8	1.50	8.80	-37.50	-13	24.50
1673.0	71.03	V	-43.7	1.50	8.80	-36.40	-13	23.40
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
955.3	32.16	H	-64.3	1.36	0.00	-65.66	-13	52.66
955.3	32.20	V	-61.9	1.36	0.00	-63.26	-13	50.26
1696.6	71.19	H	-43.0	1.50	8.80	-35.70	-13	22.70
1696.6	73.13	V	-41.6	1.50	8.80	-34.30	-13	21.30

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)			
LTE Band 7 (30MHz-26GHz)								
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
957.7	32.94	H	-63.6	1.36	0.00	-64.96	-25	39.96
957.7	33.15	V	-60.9	1.36	0.00	-62.26	-25	37.26
5005.0	64.83	H	-47.9	2.00	10.60	-39.30	-25	14.30
5005.0	61.26	V	-50.7	2.00	10.60	-42.10	-25	17.10
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, Middle channel, RB1#0								
962.1	33.10	H	-63.4	1.36	0.00	-64.76	-25	39.76
962.1	32.49	V	-61.6	1.36	0.00	-62.96	-25	37.96
5070.0	65.58	H	-47.0	2.60	10.60	-39.00	-25	14.00
5070.0	59.81	V	-52.2	2.60	10.60	-44.20	-25	19.20
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
952.1	32.45	H	-64.1	1.36	0.00	-65.46	-25	40.46
952.1	33.05	V	-61.0	1.36	0.00	-62.36	-25	37.36
5135.0	66.67	H	-45.9	2.60	10.60	-37.90	-25	12.90
5135.0	62.32	V	-49.7	2.60	10.60	-41.70	-25	16.70
LTE Band 12 (30MHz-10GHz)								
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
950.3	33.42	H	-63.1	1.36	0.00	-64.46	-13	51.46
950.3	32.82	V	-61.2	1.36	0.00	-62.56	-13	49.56
1399.4	61.30	H	-53.0	0.90	7.80	-46.10	-13	33.10
1399.4	61.93	V	-53.1	0.90	7.80	-46.20	-13	33.20
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Middle channel, RB1#0								
952.5	32.98	H	-63.5	1.36	0.00	-64.86	-13	51.86
952.5	32.87	V	-61.2	1.36	0.00	-62.56	-13	49.56
1415.0	60.35	H	-54.0	0.90	7.80	-47.10	-13	34.10
1415.0	61.86	V	-53.2	0.90	7.80	-46.30	-13	33.30
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
958.7	32.30	H	-64.2	1.36	0.00	-65.56	-13	52.56
958.7	33.37	V	-60.7	1.36	0.00	-62.06	-13	49.06
1430.6	62.07	H	-52.2	0.90	7.80	-45.30	-13	32.30
1430.6	61.96	V	-53.1	0.90	7.80	-46.20	-13	33.20

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)			
LTE Band 17 (30MHz-10GHz)								
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
955.5	32.68	H	-63.8	1.36	0.00	-65.16	-13	52.16
955.5	32.68	V	-61.4	1.36	0.00	-62.76	-13	49.76
1413.0	58.94	H	-55.4	0.90	7.80	-48.50	-13	35.50
1413.0	60.55	V	-54.5	0.90	7.80	-47.60	-13	34.60
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, Middle channel, RB1#0								
947.1	33.17	H	-63.3	1.36	0.00	-64.66	-13	51.66
947.1	32.63	V	-61.4	1.36	0.00	-62.76	-13	49.76
1420.0	68.67	H	-45.6	0.90	7.80	-38.70	-13	25.70
1420.0	65.71	V	-49.3	0.90	7.80	-42.40	-13	29.40
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
960.3	32.84	H	-63.7	1.36	0.00	-65.06	-13	52.06
960.3	32.64	V	-61.4	1.36	0.00	-62.76	-13	49.76
1427.0	67.46	H	-46.9	0.90	7.80	-40.00	-13	27.00
1427.0	66.49	V	-48.5	0.90	7.80	-41.60	-13	28.60
LTE Band 25 (30MHz-20GHz)								
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
950.9	32.29	H	-64.2	1.36	0.00	-65.56	-13	52.56
950.9	33.29	V	-60.8	1.36	0.00	-62.16	-13	49.16
3701.4	57.24	H	-55.5	2.10	9.70	-47.90	-13	34.90
3701.4	56.88	V	-55.7	2.10	9.70	-48.10	-13	35.10
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Middle channel, RB1#0								
956.2	32.74	H	-63.8	1.36	0.00	-65.16	-13	52.16
956.2	33.02	V	-61.0	1.36	0.00	-62.36	-13	49.36
3765.0	56.44	H	-57.0	2.00	9.60	-49.40	-13	36.40
3765.0	64.14	V	-49.2	2.00	9.60	-41.60	-13	28.60
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
951.0	32.71	H	-63.8	1.36	0.00	-65.16	-13	52.16
951.0	32.53	V	-61.5	1.36	0.00	-62.86	-13	49.86
3828.6	57.68	H	-55.7	2.00	9.60	-48.10	-13	35.10
3828.6	58.52	V	-54.8	2.00	9.60	-47.20	-13	34.20



Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)			
LTE Band 26_1 814MHz-824MHz (30MHz-10GHz)								
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
948.6	33.38	H	-63.1	1.36	0.00	-64.46	-13	51.46
948.6	33.60	V	-60.4	1.36	0.00	-61.76	-13	48.76
1629.4	74.84	H	-39.5	1.50	8.60	-32.40	-13	19.40
1629.4	69.71	V	-45.2	1.50	8.60	-38.10	-13	25.10
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
959.1	33.21	H	-63.3	1.36	0.00	-64.66	-13	51.66
959.1	32.98	V	-61.1	1.36	0.00	-62.46	-13	49.46
1646.6	75.03	H	-39.3	1.50	8.60	-32.20	-13	19.20
1646.6	69.85	V	-45.0	1.50	8.60	-37.90	-13	24.90
LTE Band 26_3 Cross Channel (30MHz-10GHz)								
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, RB1#0								
951.0	32.66	H	-63.8	1.36	0.00	-65.16	-13	52.16
951.0	32.91	V	-61.1	1.36	0.00	-62.46	-13	49.46
1648.0	74.82	H	-39.5	1.50	8.60	-32.40	-13	19.40
1648.0	70.36	V	-44.5	1.50	8.60	-37.40	-13	24.40
LTE Band 26_2 824MHz-849MHz (30MHz-10GHz)								
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
961.4	32.55	H	-63.9	1.36	0.00	-65.26	-13	52.26
961.4	32.72	V	-61.3	1.36	0.00	-62.66	-13	49.66
1649.4	75.14	H	-39.2	1.50	8.60	-32.10	-13	19.10
1649.4	69.89	V	-45.0	1.50	8.60	-37.90	-13	24.90
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Middle channel, RB1#0								
954.2	33.28	H	-63.2	1.36	0.00	-64.56	-13	51.56
954.2	32.90	V	-61.1	1.36	0.00	-62.46	-13	49.46
1663.0	73.01	H	-41.2	1.50	8.80	-33.90	-13	20.90
1663.0	71.67	V	-43.1	1.50	8.80	-35.80	-13	22.80
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
961.3	32.63	H	-63.9	1.36	0.00	-65.26	-13	52.26
961.3	32.86	V	-61.2	1.36	0.00	-62.56	-13	49.56
1696.6	71.40	H	-42.8	1.50	8.80	-35.50	-13	22.50
1696.6	72.26	V	-42.5	1.50	8.80	-35.20	-13	22.20

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)			
LTE Band 38 (30MHz-27GHz)								
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
948.9	33.08	H	-63.4	1.36	0.00	-64.76	-25	39.76
948.9	33.81	V	-60.2	1.36	0.00	-61.56	-25	36.56
5145.0	56.27	H	-56.3	2.60	10.60	-48.30	-25	23.30
5145.0	55.62	V	-56.4	2.60	10.60	-48.40	-25	23.40
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, Middle channel, RB1#0								
956.7	33.14	H	-63.4	1.36	0.00	-64.76	-25	39.76
956.7	32.88	V	-61.2	1.36	0.00	-62.56	-25	37.56
5190.0	55.32	H	-57.1	2.40	10.60	-48.90	-25	23.90
5190.0	54.88	V	-57.2	2.40	10.60	-49.00	-25	24.00
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
952.3	32.88	H	-63.6	1.36	0.00	-64.96	-25	39.96
952.3	32.62	V	-61.4	1.36	0.00	-62.76	-25	37.76
5235.0	56.32	H	-56.1	2.40	10.60	-47.90	-25	22.90
5235.0	55.72	V	-56.4	2.40	10.60	-48.20	-25	23.20
LTE Band 41 (30MHz-27GHz)								
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
964.1	32.87	H	-63.6	1.36	0.00	-64.96	-25	39.96
964.1	33.23	V	-60.8	1.36	0.00	-62.16	-25	37.16
5115.0	55.75	H	-56.8	2.60	10.60	-48.80	-25	23.80
5115.0	55.51	V	-56.5	2.60	10.60	-48.50	-25	23.50
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, Middle channel, RB1#0								
956.5	32.84	H	-63.7	1.36	0.00	-65.06	-25	40.06
956.5	33.43	V	-60.6	1.36	0.00	-61.96	-25	36.96
5210.0	55.49	H	-57.0	2.40	10.60	-48.80	-25	23.80
5210.0	54.82	V	-57.3	2.40	10.60	-49.10	-25	24.10
QPSK 5MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
955.3	32.80	H	-63.7	1.36	0.00	-65.06	-25	40.06
955.3	32.26	V	-61.8	1.36	0.00	-63.16	-25	38.16
5305.0	56.91	H	-55.0	2.20	10.60	-46.60	-25	21.60
5305.0	55.16	V	-56.5	2.20	10.60	-48.10	-25	23.10

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)			
LTE Band 66 (30MHz-18GHz)								
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Low channel, RB1#0								
955.9	32.71	H	-63.8	1.36	0.00	-65.16	-13	52.16
955.9	32.89	V	-61.2	1.36	0.00	-62.56	-13	49.56
3421.4	60.44	H	-53.3	1.70	9.60	-45.40	-13	32.40
3421.4	57.45	V	-56.0	1.70	9.60	-48.10	-13	35.10
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, Middle channel, RB1#0								
955.8	32.76	H	-63.7	1.36	0.00	-65.06	-13	52.06
955.8	32.71	V	-61.3	1.36	0.00	-62.66	-13	49.66
3490.0	55.27	H	-58.3	1.80	9.70	-50.40	-13	37.40
3490.0	59.07	V	-54.1	1.80	9.70	-46.20	-13	33.20
QPSK 1.4MHz Bandwidth, High channel, RB1#0								
954.7	33.12	H	-63.4	1.36	0.00	-64.76	-13	51.76
954.7	33.41	V	-60.6	1.36	0.00	-61.96	-13	48.96
3558.6	54.21	H	-58.5	1.90	9.60	-50.80	-13	37.80
3558.6	58.20	V	-54.3	1.90	9.60	-46.60	-13	33.60

Note:

Absolute Level = Reading Level + Substituted Factor

Substituted Factor contains: Substituted Level - Cable loss+ Antenna Gain

Margin = Limit-Absolute Level

## **RF Conducted data**

Please refer to Annex "Appendix A&B" for detail test data.

## **RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION**

---

### **RF EXPOSURE INFORMATION**

#### **Applicable Standard**

FCC§1.1307 and §2.1093.

#### **Test Result**

Compliant, please refer to the SAR report: 2502P42033E-20<sup>#</sup>, issued on 2025-03-15 by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan).

## **EUT PHOTOGRAPHS**

---

Please refer to the attachment 2501P42033E-RF External photo and 2501P42033E-RF Internal photo.

## **TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**

---

Please refer to the attachment 2501P42033E-RFB Test Setup photo.

**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***