

# FCC RF EXPOSURE REPORT

## FCC ID: ZZ2-AMC503

**Report No.** : BTL-FCCP-4-2412C115  
**Equipment** : Dual-Lens 4K (8MP) Outdoor Security WiFi Camera  
**Model Name** : IP8M-DLB2998W-AI, IP8M-DLB2998W, AMC503  
**Brand Name** : N/A  
**Applicant** : Amcrest Technologies LLC  
**Address** : 16727 Park Row Dr, Houston, Texas 77084, United States of America  
**Manufacturer** : Amcrest Industries LLC.  
**Address** : 16727 Park Row Dr, Houston, Texas 77084, United States of America  
**Radio Function** : WLAN 2.4GHz, WLAN 5GHz (UNII-1, UNII-2A, UNII-2C, UNII-3)  
**FCC Rule Part(s)** : FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE C95.1 & FCC Part 2.1091  
FCC Title 47 Part 2.1091 & KDB 447498 D01 v06  
**Date of Receipt** : 2025/3/19  
**Date of Test** : 2025/4/18 ~ 2025/5/12  
**Issued Date** : 2025/7/16

The above equipment has been tested and found in compliance with the requirement of the above standards by BTL Inc.

**Prepared by** : Poken Huang

Poken Huang, Engineer



**Approved by** : Peter Chen

Peter Chen, Manager

### BTL Inc.

No.18, Ln. 171, Sec. 2, Jiuzong Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan

Tel: +886-2-2657-3299 Fax: +886-2-2657-3331 Web: [www.newbtl.com](http://www.newbtl.com) Service mail: [btl\\_qa@newbtl.com](mailto:btl_qa@newbtl.com)

**REPORT ISSUED HISTORY**

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date	Note
BTL-FCCP-4-2412C115	R00	Original Report.	2025/7/16	Valid

## 1. MPE CALCULATION METHOD

Calculation Method of RF Safety Distance:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi r^2}$$

where:

S = power density

P = power input to the antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

## 2. ANTENNA SPECIFICATION

For 2.4GHz:

Ant.	Brand	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	 <b>INNOWAVE</b>	F066A3913980004	PCB	N/A	-2.44
2	 <b>INNOWAVE</b>	F066A3913980005	PCB	N/A	-1.0

Note:

This EUT supports CDD, and all antenna gains are not equal, Directional gain =  $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$ .

For power measurements, Array Gain=0dB ( $N_{ANT} \leq 4$ ), so the Directional gain=-1.0.

For power spectral density measurements,  $N_{ANT}=2$ ,  $N_{SS} = 1$ .

So the Directional gain= $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain} = G_{ANT} + 10\log(N_{ANT}/ N_{SS})\text{dBi} = -1.0 + 10\log(2/1)\text{dBi} = 2.01$ .

For 5GHz:

Ant.	Brand	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	 <b>INNOWAVE</b>	F066A3913980004	PCB	N/A	1.70
2	 <b>INNOWAVE</b>	F066A3913980005	PCB	N/A	2.31

Note:

This EUT supports CDD, and all antenna gains are not equal, Directional gain =  $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$ .

For power measurements, Array Gain=0dB ( $N_{ANT} \leq 4$ ), so the Directional gain=2.31.

For power spectral density measurements,  $N_{ANT}=2$ ,  $N_{SS} = 1$ .

So the Directional gain= $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain} = G_{ANT} + 10\log(N_{ANT}/ N_{SS})\text{dBi} = 2.31 + 10\log(2/1)\text{dBi} = 5.32$ .

The above Antenna information are derived from the antenna data sheet provided by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications, the laboratory shall not be held responsible.

### 3. CALCULATED RESULT

For 2.4GHz:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
-1.0	0.7943	18.92	77.9830	0.0123	1	Complies

For 5GHz:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
2.31	1.7022	16.91	49.0908	0.0166	1	Complies

or the max simultaneous transmission MPE:

Ratio		Total	Limit of Ratio	Test Result
2.4GHz	5GHz			
0.0123	0.0166	0.0289	1	Complies

Note:

- (1) The calculated distance is 20 cm.
- (2) Ratio=Power Density (S) (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)/Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

**End of Test Report**