

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Nexpro International Limitada

Guadalupe, Barrio Tournon, Frente Al Hotel Villas, Oficinas Del Bufete Facio Y Canas, San Jose-Goicoechea, Costa Rica

FCC ID: ZYPC455

Report Type: Original Report		Product Type: Smart Phone	
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Report Number:	RSZ160407013-2	20	
Report Date:	2016-05-05		
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

	Attestation of Test Results				
	Company Name	Company Name Nexpro International Limitada			
	EUT Description	Smart Phone			
EUT Information	FCC ID	ZYPC455			
mioi mation	Model Number	C455			
	Test Date	2016-04-19			
Frequency	I	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported	Limit(W/Kg)		
GSM 850		0.272 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.626 W/kg 1g Body SAR			
PCS 1900		0.167 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.525 W/kg 1g Body SAR			
WCDMA850		0.215 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.363 W/kg 1g Body SAR			
WCDMA1900		0.180 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.820 W/kg 1g Body SAR	1.6		
LTE Band 4		0.310 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.750 W/kg 1g Body SAR	1.0		
LTE Band 7		0.145 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.369 W/kg 1g Body SAR			
Simultaneous		0.666 W/kg 1g Head SAR 0.998 W/kg 1g Body SAR			
Hotspot		0.998 W/kg 1g Body SAR			

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IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

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ANSI / IEEE C95.3: 2002

IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields, 100 kHz—300

FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093

Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices

IEEE1528:2013

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

IEC 62209-1:2006

Applicable

Standards

Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures -Part1:Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3GHz)

IEC 62209-2:2010

Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)

KDB procedures

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ160407013-20	Original Report	2016-05-05	

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Nexpro International Limitada and their product, FCC ID: ZYPC455, Model: C455, or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Note:

1. The device is capable of personal hotspot mode. Wi-Fi Hotspot mode permits the device to share its cellular data connection with other 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi or 5 GHz Wi-Fi enabled devices.

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Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
Multi-slot Class:	Class12	
0	GSM Voice, EGPRS/GPRS Data, WCDMA(Rel99, HSUPA, HSDPA,	
Operation Mode :	HSPA+),LTE, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth	
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)	
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)	
	WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)	
	WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)	
	LTE Band 4: 1710-1755 MHz(TX); 2110-2155 MHz(RX)	
Frequency Band:	LTE Band 7: 2500-2570 MHz(TX); 2620-2690 MHz(RX)	
	Wi-Fi(802.11b/g/n20): 2412MHz-2472MHz	
	Wi-Fi(n40): 2422MHz-2462MHz	
	Wi-Fi(5.2G):5150MHz-5250MHz	
	Wi-Fi(5.8G):5725MHz-5850MHz	
	Bluetooth:2402-2480MHz	
	GSM 850 : 31.94 dBm	
	PCS 1900: 29.41 dBm	
	WCDMA 850: 22.41 dBm	
	WCDMA 1900: 22.23 dBm	
	LTE Band 4: 21.91 dBm	
Conducted RF Power:	LTE Band 7: 21.75 dBm	
Conducted KF 1 ower.	Wi-Fi(802.11b/g/n20): 9.27 dBm	
	Wi-Fi(802.11n40): 7.46 dBm	
	Wi-Fi(5.2G): 5.69 dBm	
	Wi-Fi(5.8G): 6.08 dBm	
	Bluetooth3.0: 3.18 dBm	
	BLE: -3.55 dBm	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	157 mm (L) \times 80 mm (W) \times 9 mm (H)	
Power Source:	urce: 3.7 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery	
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn	

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

Report No: RSZ160407013-20

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

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	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

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DASY4 SAR Evaluation Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. By default, the Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 4mm. This distance can be modified by the user, but cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 2.7mm for an ES3DV3 probe type).

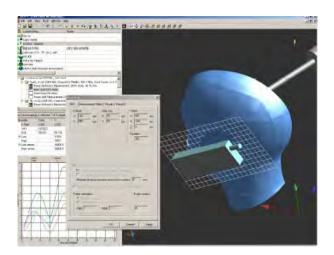
Area Scan

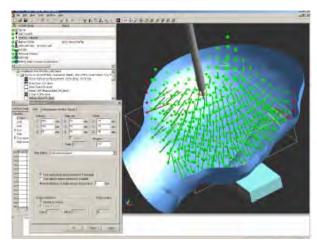
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids.

The scanning area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the Area Scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid settings can be edited by a user.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, IEC 62209-1:2006 and IEC 62209-2:2010 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

After measurement is completed, all maxima and their coordinates are listed in the Results property page. The maximum selected in the list is highlighted in the 3-D view. For the secondary maxima returned from an Area Scan, the user can specify a lower limit (peak SAR value), in addition to the Find secondary maxima within x dB condition. Only the primary maximum and any secondary maxima within x dB from the primary maximum and above this limit will be measured.





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Zoom Scan

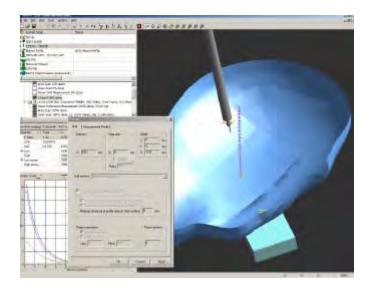
Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the section reference point, to any defined user point or to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z axis of the anchor location establishes the Z axis of the grid.



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Description of Test System

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the fourth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

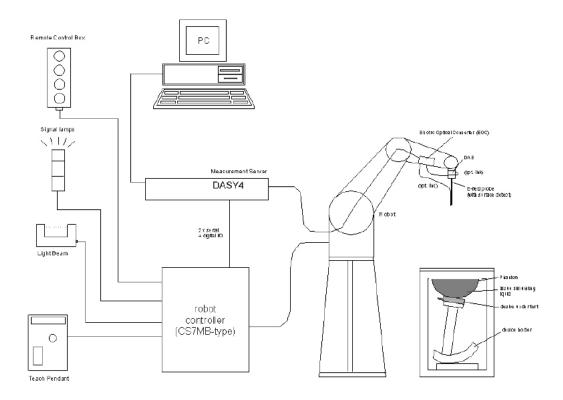


The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than $\pm 0.02mm$. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 SN: 3036 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB.

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Measurement System Diagram



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld smart phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing system validation.

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System Components

- DASY4 Measurement Server
- Data Acquisition Electronics
- Probes
- Light Beam Unit
- Medium
- SAM Twin Phantom
- Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom
- System Validation Kits
- Robot

DASY4 Measurement Server

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 166MHz low-power Pentium, 32MB chip disk and 64MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pin out and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics DAE3 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



Probes

The DASY system can support many different probe types.

Dosimetric Probes: These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor (±2 dB). The dosimetric probes have special calibrations in various liquids at different frequencies.

Free Space Probes: These are electric and magnetic field probes specially designed for measurements in free space. The z-sensor is aligned to the probe axis and the rotation angle of the x-sensor is specified. This allows the DASY system to automatically align the probe to the measurement grid for field component measurement. The free space probes are generally not calibrated in liquid. (The H-field probes can be used in liquids without any change of parameters.)

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Temperature Probes: Small and sensitive temperature probes for general use. They use a completely different parameter set and different evaluation procedures. Temperature rise features allow direct SAR evaluations with these probes.

ES3DV3 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection System Built-in shielding against static charges Calibration In air from 150 MHz to 3.7 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy \pm 8%) Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB

Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis)

 \pm 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)

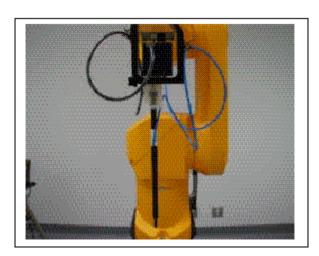
Dynamic 5 mW/g to > 100 mW/g; Range Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Surface ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids

Detection over diffuse reflecting surfaces. Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm Application General dosimetric up to 3 GHz

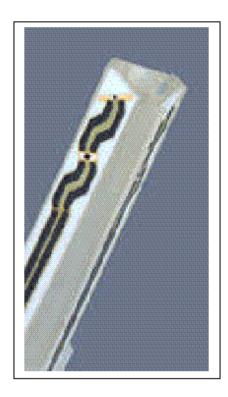


Photograph of the probe

Compliance tests of smart phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY3 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped when reaching the maximum.



Inside view of ES3DV3 E-field Probe

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E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in [6] with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [7] and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

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The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Data Evaluation

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity - Conversion factor - Diode compression point	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2 ConvFi dcpi	
Device parameters: - Frequency - Crest factor	f cf	
Media parameters: - Conductivity - Density	σ ρ	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – field
probes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – fieldprobes:
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i =x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes

ConF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strenggy of channel i in V/m

H_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/meter] or [Siemens/meter]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1, to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, so that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip. The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

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Medium

Parameters

The parameters of the tissue simulating liquid strongly influence the SAR in the liquid. The parameters for the different frequencies are defined in the corresponding compliance standards (e.g., IEC 62209-1:2005, IEC62209-2:2010, IEEE 1528-2013).

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IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Frequency	Head 7	Гissue	Body	Tissue
(MHz)	εr	O (S/m)	εr	O (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

Parameter measurements

Several measurement systems are available for measuring the dielectric parameters of liquids:

- The open coax test method (e.g., HP85070 dielectric probe kit) is easy to use, but has only moderate acuracy. It is calibrated with open, short, and deionized water and the calibrations a critical process.
- The transmission line method (e.g., model 1500T from DAMASKOS, INC.) measures the transmission and reflection in a liquid filled high precision line. It needs standard two port calibration and is probably more accurate than the open coax method.
- The reflection line method measures the reflection in a liquid filled shorted precision lined. The method is not suitable for these liquids because of its low sensitivity.
- The slotted line method scans the field magnitude and phase along a liquid filled line. The evaluation is straight forward and only needs a simple response calibration. The method is very accurate, but can only be used in high loss liquids and at frequencies above 100 to 200MHz. Cleaning the line can be tedious.

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SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left hand
- Right hand
- Flat phantom

The phantom table comes in two sizes: A $100 \times 50 \times 85$ cm (L x W x H) table for use with free standing robots (DASY4 professional system option) or as a second phantom and a $100 \times 75 \times 85$ cm(L x W x H) table with reinforcements for table mounted robots (DASY4 compact system option).



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids) A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during o_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Water-sugar based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid if the system is not used, otherwise the parameters will change due to water evaporation.
- Glycol based liquids should be used with care. As glycol is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom and the phantom should be dried when the system is not used (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the phantom's compatibility.

Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.





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The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity "=3 and loss tangent _=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

System Validation Kits

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. For that purpose a well-defined SAR distribution in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom is produced.

System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder. Dipoles are available for the variety of frequencies between 300MHz and 6 GHz (dipoles for other frequencies or media and other calibration conditions are available upon request).

The dipoles are highly symmetric and matched at the center frequency for the specified liquid and distance to the flat phantom (or flat section of the SAM-twin phantom). The accurate distance between the liquid surface and the dipole center is achieved with a distance holder that snaps on the dipole.

Robot

The DASY4 system uses the high precision industrial robots RX60L, RX90 and RX90L, as well as the RX60BL and RX90BL types out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). The RX robot series offers many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance-free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchronous motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

For the newly delivered DASY4 systems as well as for the older DASY3 systems delivered since 1999, the CS7MB robot controller version from Stäubli is used. Previously delivered systems have either a CS7 or CS7M controller; the differences to the CS7MB are mainly in the hardware, but some procedures in the robot software from Stäubli are also not completely the same. The following descriptions about robot hard-and software correspond to CS7MB controller with software version 13.1 (edit S5). The actual commands, procedures and configurations, also including details in hardware, might differ if an older robot controller is in use. In this case please also refer to the Stäubli manuals for further information.



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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

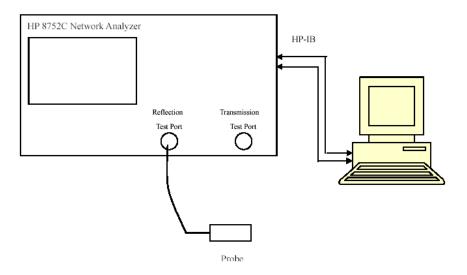
Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	S/N
Robot	RX60BL	N/A	N/A	F02/5S01A1/A/01
Robot Controller	CS7MBs&p RX60BL	N/A	N/A	F02/5S01A1/C/01
DASY4 Test Software	DASY4, V4.5 Build 19	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquistion Electronics	DAE3	2015-08-17	2016-08-17	456
E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	2015-08-20	2016-08-20	3036
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	2014-10-08	2017-10-08	180-00558
Dipole, 1750MHz	ALS-D-1750-S-2	2013-10-08	2016-10-08	198-00304
Dipole,1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	2014-10-09	2017-10-09	210-00710
Dipole, 2450MHz	ALS-D-2450-S-2	2014-10-09	2017-10-09	220-00758
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	MD4HHTV5	N/A	N/A	SD 000 H01 KA
SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom	Twin SAM	N/A	N/A	Tp-1218
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	ALS-TS-835-H	Each Time	/	270-01002
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	ALS-TS-835-B	Each Time	/	270-02101
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	ALS-TS-1750-H	Each Time	/	295-01103
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	ALS-TS-1750-B	Each Time	/	295-02102
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ALS-TS-1900-H	Each Time	/	295-01103
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	ALS-TS-1900-B	Each Time	/	295-02102
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Head	ALS-TS-2450-H	Each Time	/	290-01108
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	ALS-TS-2450-B	Each Time	/	290-01109
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	N/A	0325849
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	N/A	71377
Attenuator	3dB	N/A	N/A	5402
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	US33020324
Network analyzer	8752C	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	2624A00116
UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	2015-11-23	2016-11-23	106891
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMW500	2016-04-19	2017-04-19	114772
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	101746

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

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Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Targ	Target Value		Delta (%)	
requestey	Type	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O'(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Head	41.53	0.91	41.50	0.90	0.072	1.111	±5
024.2	Body	55.32	0.98	55.20	0.97	0.217	1.031	±5
926.4	Head	41.55	0.91	41.50	0.90	0.120	1.111	±5
826.4	Body	55.37	0.99	55.20	0.97	0.308	2.062	±5
836.6	Head	41.59	0.93	41.50	0.90	0.217	3.333	±5
830.0	Body	55.39	1.01	55.20	0.97	0.344	4.124	±5
946.6	Head	41.63	0.91	41.50	0.90	0.313	1.111	±5
846.6	Body	55.29	0.99	55.20	0.97	0.163	2.062	±5
040.0	Head	41.63	0.93	41.50	0.90	0.313	3.333	±5
848.8	Body	55.55	0.99	55.20	0.97	0.634	2.062	±5
1710.4	Head	40.12	1.43	40.00	1.40	0.300	2.143	±5
1712.4	Body	53.42	1.55	53.30	1.52	0.225	1.974	±5
1720.0	Head	40.02	1.42	40.00	1.40	0.050	1.429	±5
1720.0	Body	53.38	1.56	53.30	1.52	0.150	2.632	±5
1500.5	Head	40.05	1.41	40.00	1.40	0.125	0.714	±5
1732.5	Body	53.52	1.53	53.30	1.52	0.413	0.658	±5
1722 6	Head	40.02	1.42	40.00	1.40	0.050	1.429	±5
1732.6	Body	53.50	1.54	53.30	1.52	0.375	1.316	±5
15150	Head	40.09	1.44	40.00	1.40	0.225	2.857	±5
1745.0	Body	53.42	1.55	53.30	1.52	0.225	1.974	±5
1770 6	Head	40.11	1.44	40.00	1.40	0.275	2.857	±5
1752.6	Body	53.49	1.56	53.30	1.52	0.356	2.632	±5
1050.0	Head	40.12	1.43	40.00	1.40	0.300	2.143	±5
1850.2	Body	53.39	1.55	53.30	1.52	0.169	1.974	±5
1070 1	Head	40.11	1.41	40.00	1.40	0.275	0.714	±5
1852.4	Body	53.44	1.55	53.30	1.52	0.263	1.974	±5
1005.6	Head	40.19	1.42	40.00	1.40	0.475	1.429	±5
1907.6	Body	53.81	1.54	53.30	1.52	0.957	1.316	±5
1000 0	Head	40.13	1.41	40.00	1.40	0.325	0.714	±5
1909.8	Body	53.38	1.53	53.30	1.52	0.150	0.658	±5
2510	Head	39.42	1.91	39.12	1.87	0.767	2.139	±5
2510	Body	52.83	2.10	52.62	2.04	0.399	2.941	±5
2.5.5	Head	39.13	1.90	39.09	1.89	0.102	0.529	±5
2535	Body	52.63	2.11	52.59	2.07	0.076	1.932	±5
2.7.10	Head	39.81	1.95	39.06	1.92	1.920	1.563	±5
2560	Body	52.82	2.18	52.56	2.11	0.495	3.318	±5

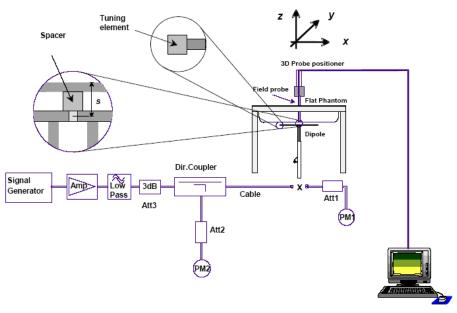
^{*}Liquid Verification was performed on 2016-04-19.

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System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2016-04-19	835	Head	1g	0.918*10	9.773	-6.068	±10
		Body	1g	0.935*10	9.736	-3.965	±10
	1750	Head	1g	3.713*10	37.020	0.297	±10
		Body	1g	3.687*10	36.650	0.600	±10
	1900	Head	1g	3.782*10	39.481	-4.207	±10
		Body	1g	3.98*10	39.715	0.214	±10
	2450	Head	1g	5.379*10	54.916	-2.050	±10
		Body	1g	5.321*10	52.418	1.511	±10

Note:

The power inputed to dipole is 0.1Watt,the SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power by multiplying 10 times.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Shenzhen) DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558

Program Name: 835 MHz Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.37$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

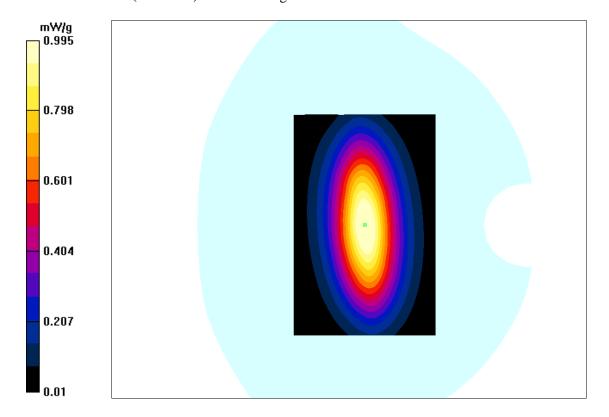
835 Head system check /Area Scan (91x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

835 Head system check /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 37.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.918 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.597 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.995 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Shenzhen) DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558

Program Name: 835 MHz Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.00$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.18$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(6.00, 6.00, 6.00); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

835 Body system check /Area Scan (91x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

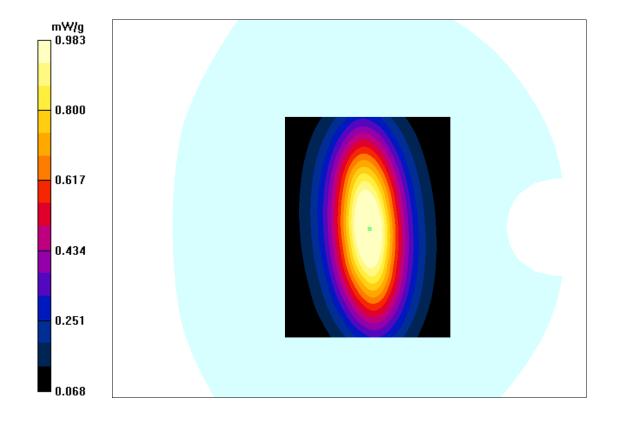
835 Body system check /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.935 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.642 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Shenzhen)
DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1750-S-2; S/N: 198-00304

Program Name: 1750MHz Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.89$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

1750 head system check/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.98 mW/g

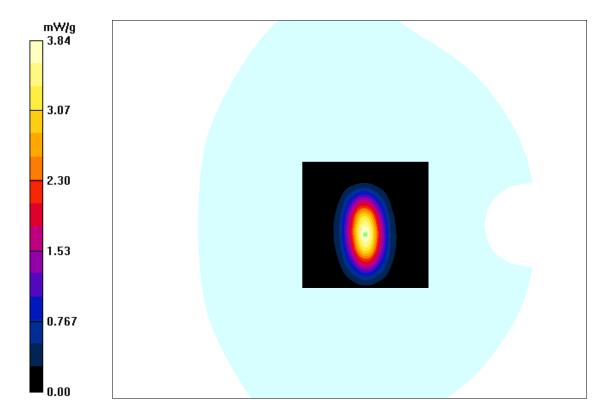
1750 head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.325 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.713 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.905 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.84 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Shenzhen)
DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1750-S-2; S/N: 198-00304

Program Name: 1750MHz Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.61$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

1750 Body system check/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.82 mW/g

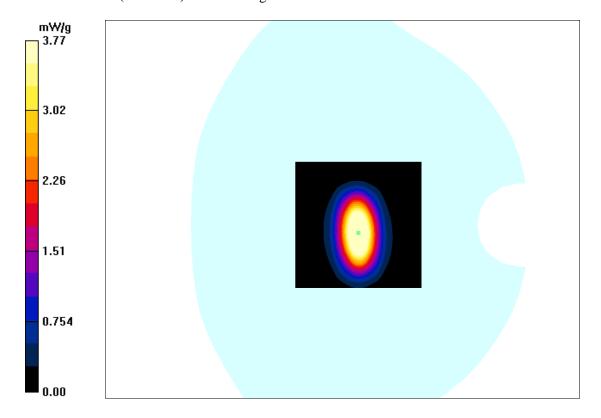
1750 Body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.225 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.687 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.877 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.77 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Shenzhen)
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Program Name: 1900MHz Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.18$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

1900 head system check/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.85 mW/g

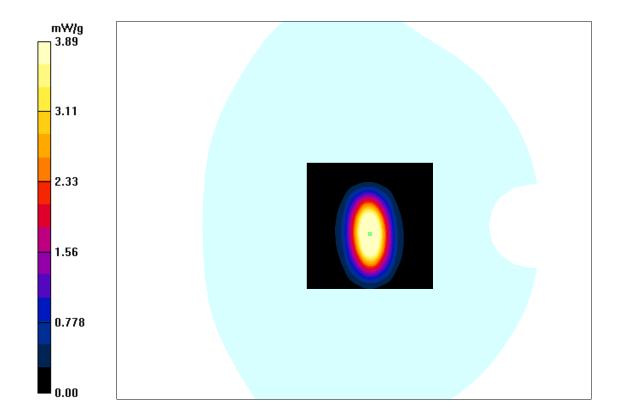
1900 head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 61.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.365 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.782 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.935 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.89 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Shenzhen)
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Program Name: 1900MHz Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.72$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

1900 Body system check/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.13 mW/g

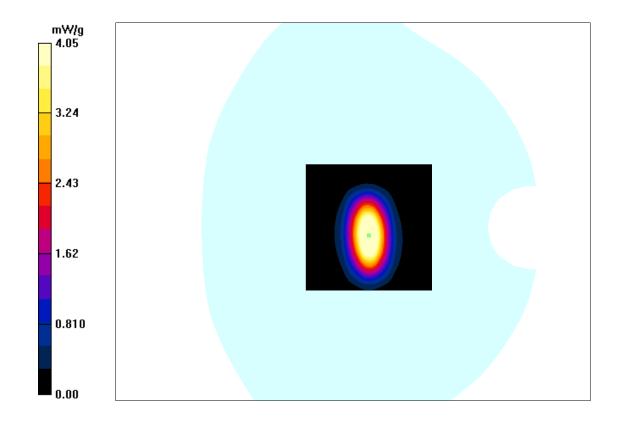
1900 Body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 61.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.825 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.980 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.117 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.05 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Shenzhen)
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; S/N: 220-00758

Program Name: 2450MHz Head

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.99$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(4.34, 4.34, 4.34); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: Dummy DAE – SN456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015

- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

2450 head system check/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.99 mW/g

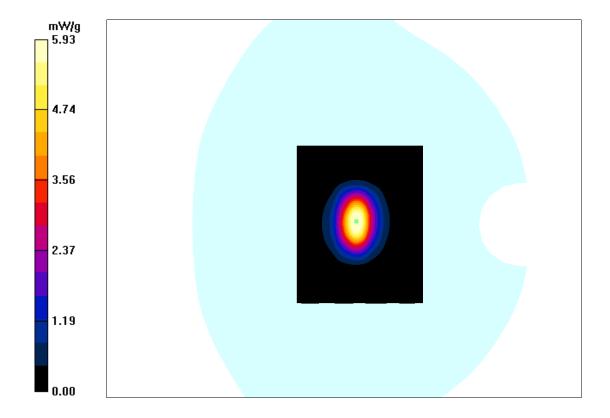
2450 head system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.692 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.379 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.577 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.93 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Shenzhen)
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; S/N: 220-00758

Program Name: 2450MHz Body

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.95$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

2450 Body system check/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.63 mW/g

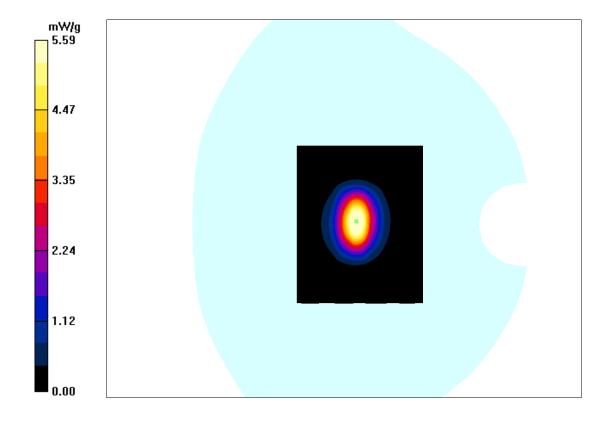
2450 Body system check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.778 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.321 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.633 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.59 mW/g



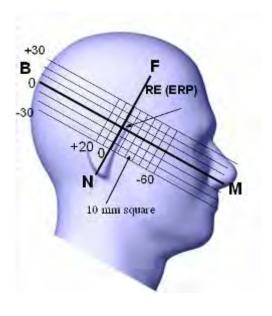
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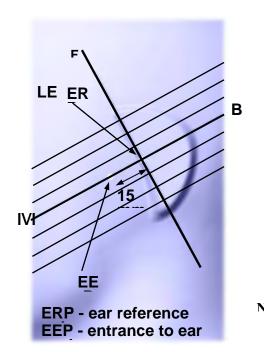
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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Cheek/Touch Position

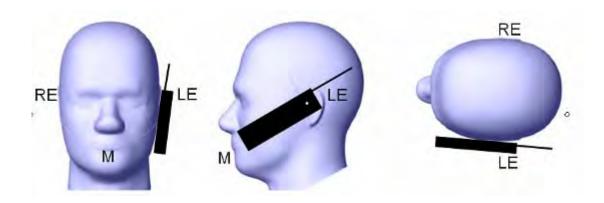
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

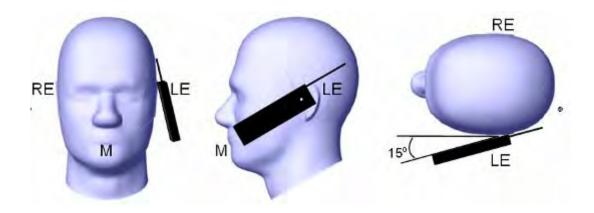
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

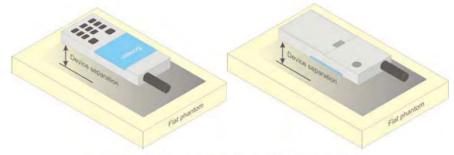


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

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CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

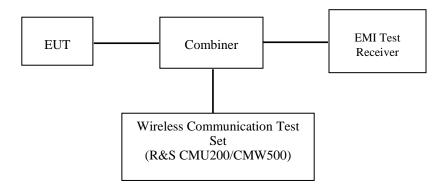
Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.

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GSM/WCDMA/LTE

Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 & CMW500 for all Radio configurations.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support $> \widetilde{GSM} + \text{only}$

MS Signal

- > 33 dBm for GSM 850
- > 30 dBm for PCS 1900

BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

EGPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + EGPRS

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 27 dBm for EGPRS 850

> 25 dBm for EGPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network:Coding Scheme > MCS5 (EGPRS)

Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β c / βd	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4		
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RM	C		
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1			
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2			
General	βε	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15		
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15		
	βd (SF)	64					
	βc/ βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4		
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15		
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5		
	DACK			8			
	DNAK			8			
HSDPA	DCQI			8			
Specific Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3			
Settings	factor	factor					
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor			2			
	Ahs= β hs/ β c			30/15			

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HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA			
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5			
	Loopback Mode Test Mode 1								
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC							
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1							
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback							
	Power Control			Algorithm2					
WCDMA	Algorithm		T		T	T			
General	βс	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15			
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0			
	βес	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15			
	βc/βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-			
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15			
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0			
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0			
	DACK			8					
HSDPA Specific Settings	DNAK	8							
	DCQI	8							
	Ack-Nack repetition	3							
	factor								
8	CQI Feedback	4ms							
	CQI Repetition Factor			2					
	Ahs=βhs/βc			30/15	_				
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7			
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0			
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21			
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81			
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9			
HSUPA		E-TFC	I 11 E		E-TFC	I 11 E			
Specific		E-TFC	I PO 4	E-TFCI	E-TFC	I PO 4			
Settings		E-TF		11		CI 67			
Sectings		E-TFCl		E-TFCI		I PO 18			
	Reference E FCls	E-TF		PO4		CI 71			
	2.310101100 2_1 010	E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO23			
		E-TF		92		CI 75			
		E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO26			
		E-TF() E-TFC)		PO 18		CI 81 I PO 27			
		E-11-Cl	11021		E-11'C	11021			

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HSPA+

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	β _{HS} (Note1)	β _{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1	Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .										

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default.

Note 4: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-Note 5: DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value			
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60			
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1			
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6			
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120			
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1			
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960			
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200			
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200			
Coding Rate		0.15			
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1			
Modulation		QPSK			
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical					

parameters as listed in the table.

Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

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LTE

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})							
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20			
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz			
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1		
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1		
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2		

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified subclauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in subclause 6.2.3.

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N _{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
			3	>5	≤ 1
		2 4 40 22 25	5	>6	≤1
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	10	>6	≤ 1
		30, 30	15	>8	≤1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤1
143_04	0.0.2.2.2	41	10, 15, 20		6.2.4-4
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table	6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤3
NS 09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤1
140_09	0.0.3.3.4		10, 15	> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table	6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20		6.2.4-5
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table	6.2.4-6
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5		6.2.4-7
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15		6.2.4-8
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15		6.2.4-9 6.2.4-10
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10		Table 6.2.4-12, 6.2.4-13
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5 10, 15, 20	≥2 ≥1	≤ 1 ≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20		6.2.4-14
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20		6.2.4-15
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

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Wi-Fi

For 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n-HT20 mode, 11 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	8	2447
2	2417	9	2452
3	2422	10	2457
4	2427	11	2462
5	2432	/	/
6	2437	/	/
7	2442	/	/

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For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 mode, EUT was tested with Channel 1, 6 and 11.

For 802.11n-HT40 mode, 7 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2422	6	2447
2	2427	7	2452
3	2432	/	/
4	2437	/	/
5	2442	/	/

EUT was tested with Channel 1, 4 and 7.

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Maximum Output Power among production units

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)							
Mad	- /D d		Channel				
Mode	e/Band	Low	Middle	High			
GM	S 850	32.00	32.00	32.00			
GPRS8	350 1 slot	32.00	32.00	32.00			
GPRS8	50 2 slots	31.60	31.60	31.60			
GPRS8	50 3 slots	30.40	30.40	30.40			
GPRS8	50 4 slots	29.40	29.40	29.40			
EGPRS	850 1 slot	27.20	27.20	27.20			
EGPRS8	350 2 slots	26.10	26.10	26.10			
EGPRS8	350 3 slots	24.20	24.20	24.20			
EGPRS8	350 4 slots	23.30	23.30	23.30			
PCS	1900	29.50	29.50	29.50			
GPRS19	900 1 slot	29.50	29.50	29.50			
GPRS19	900 2 slots	29.00	29.00	29.00			
GPRS19	900 3 slots	27.50	27.50	27.50			
GPRS19	900 4 slots	26.30	26.30	26.30			
EGPRS1	900 1 slot	26.70	26.70	26.70			
EGPRS1	900 2 slots	25.70	25.70	25.70			
EGPRS1	900 3 slots	23.90	23.90	23.90			
EGPRS1	900 4 slots	22.80	22.80	22.80			
	RMC	22.50	22.50	22.50			
WCDMA850	HSDPA	21.40	21.40	21.40			
	HSUPA	21.40	21.40	21.40			
	RMC	22.30	22.30	22.30			
WCDMA1900	HSDPA	21.30	21.30	21.30			
	HSUPA	20.70	20.70	20.70			
LTE	Band 4	22.00	22.00	22.00			
LTE	Band 7	21.80	21.80	21.80			
Wi-Fi(802.11b/g/n20)		7.50	9.30	9.00			
Wi-Fi(802.11 n40)		6.00	7.50	7.50			
Wi-F	Wi-Fi(5.2G)		5.70	5.70			
Wi-F	i(5.8G)	6.10	6.10	6.10			
Bluet	ooth3.0	3.20	3.20	3.20			
В	LE	-3.50	-3.50	-3.50			

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Test Results:

GSM:

D J	Frequency	Conducted Output Power				
Band	(MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (W)			
	824.2	31.94	1.563			
GSM 850	836.6	31.56	1.432			
	848.8	31.31	1.352			
	1850.2	29.41	0.873			
PCS 1900	1880.0	29.21	0.834			
	1909.8	29.12	0.817			

GPRS:

Dond	Channel	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots	
GSM 850	128	824.2	31.96	31.55	30.35	29.31	
	190	836.6	31.60	31.22	30.01	29.00	
	251	848.8	31.33	30.91	29.65	28.59	
	512	1850.2	29.40	28.95	27.43	26.24	
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	29.22	28.76	27.34	26.14	
	810	1909.8	29.15	28.75	27.39	26.22	

EGPRS:

D J	Channel	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	27.11	26.05	24.18	23.20	
GSM 850	190	836.6	26.94	25.86	24.00	22.98	
	251	848.8	26.54	25.45	23.58	22.54	
	512	1850.2	26.61	25.64	23.84	22.72	
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	26.37	25.42	23.56	22.50	
	810	1909.8	26.15	25.15	23.34	22.28	

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

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The time based average power for GPRS

Dand	Channel Frequency		Time based average Power (dBm)					
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots		
	128	824.2	22.96	25.55	26.10	26.31		
GSM 850	190	836.6	22.60	25.22	25.76	26.00		
	251	848.8	22.33	24.91	25.40	25.59		
	512	1850.2	20.40	22.95	23.18	23.24		
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	20.22	22.76	23.09	23.14		
	810	1909.8	20.15	22.75	23.14	23.22		

The time based average power for EGPRS

Dand	Channel Frequency		Time based average Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	18.11	20.05	19.93	20.20	
GSM 850	190	836.6	17.94	19.86	19.75	19.98	
	251	848.8	17.54	19.45	19.33	19.54	
	512	1850.2	17.61	19.64	19.59	19.72	
PCS 1900	661	1880.0	17.37	19.42	19.31	19.50	
	810	1909.8	17.15	19.15	19.09	19.28	

Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
- 2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
- 4. For EGPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 6(850 MHz band) and 5(1900 MHz band).
- 5. According to KDB941225D01-SAR for GPRS and EDGE modes are not required when the source-based time-averaged output power for each data mode is lower than that in the normal GSM voice mode.

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Results (12.2kbps RMC)

WCDMA 850:

Test	Test Mode	3GPP Sub	Av	veraged Mean Po (dBm)	ower
Condition	rest wrote	Test	Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency
	RMC1	2.2k	22.10	22.41	22.20
		1	20.93	21.36	21.12
	Rel 6 HSDPA	2	20.95	21.36	21.17
	Kei 0 HSDFA	3	20.97	21.28	21.15
Normal		4	20.91	21.22	21.13
Normai		1	20.96	21.35	21.09
	D 16	2	20.94	21.32	21.09
	Rel 6 HSUPA	3	20.97	21.31	21.02
	112 3111	4	20.91	21.28	21.12
		5	20.94	21.27	21.06

WCDMA 1900:

Test	Test Mode	3GPP Sub	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)				
Condition	Test Mode	Test	Low Frequency	Mid Frequency	High Frequency		
	RMC	12.2k	21.79	22.23	21.17		
		1	20.77	21.24	20.11		
	Rel 6	2	20.69	21.11	20.08		
	HSDPA	3	20.48	21.15	20.12		
Normal		4	20.69	21.18	20.12		
Normai		1	20.16	20.61	19.51		
	D 16	2	20.21	20.42	19.52		
	Rel 6 HSUPA	3	20.13	20.34	19.35		
	1150171	4	20.19	20.46	19.46		
		5	20.21	20.45	19.31		

Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/ HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

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					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
\mathbf{BW}	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
					1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	21.37	21.13	20.95
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=2	0	0	21.33	21.17	20.96
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=5	0	0	21.32	21.17	20.89
	QPSK	RB Size=3, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.44	21.25	21.09
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=1	1	1	21.39	21.17	21.03
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=2	1	1	21.43	21.24	21.06
1 41 4		RB Size=6, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.31	21.16	20.89
1.4M		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.46	21.15	21.38
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=2	1	1	21.51	21.55	21.02
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=5	1	1	21.68	21.26	20.99
	16QAM	RB Size=3, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.59	21.23	21.26
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=1	2	2	21.54	21.29	21.05
		RB Size=3, RB Offset=2	2	2	21.58	21.35	21.08
		RB Size=6, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.20	21.26	21.09
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)
RW	Modulation	Resource Block Size&	Target	Meas	Low	Mid	High
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Channel	Mid Channel	Channel
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Channel 1711.5MHz	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz	Channel 1753.5MHz
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	MPR 0	MPR 0	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11
BW	Modulation	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7	0 0	0 0	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14	MPR 0	MPR 0	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11
BW	Modulation QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0	0 0	0 0 0 1	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22 21.24	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87 21.15
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0 RB Size=8, RB Offset=4	0 0 0	0 0 0	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29 21.18 21.39 21.35	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0 RB Size=8, RB Offset=4 RB Size=8, RB Offset=7	MPR 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29 21.18 21.39	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22 21.24	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87 21.15 21.09 21.04
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0 RB Size=8, RB Offset=4	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29 21.18 21.39 21.35 21.31 21.33	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22 21.24 21.24 21.25 21.22	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87 21.15 21.09 21.04 21.09
BW 3M		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0 RB Size=8, RB Offset=4 RB Size=8, RB Offset=7	MPR 0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29 21.18 21.39 21.35 21.31	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22 21.24 21.24 21.25	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87 21.15 21.09 21.04
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0 RB Size=8, RB Offset=4 RB Size=8, RB Offset=7 RB Size=15, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29 21.18 21.39 21.35 21.31 21.33	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22 21.24 21.24 21.25 21.22	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87 21.15 21.09 21.04 21.09
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0 RB Size=8, RB Offset=4 RB Size=8, RB Offset=7 RB Size=15, RB Offset=0 RB Size=11, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29 21.18 21.39 21.35 21.31 21.33 21.25	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22 21.24 21.24 21.25 21.25 21.22 21.51	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87 21.15 21.09 21.04 21.09 21.17
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0 RB Size=8, RB Offset=4 RB Size=8, RB Offset=7 RB Size=15, RB Offset=0 RB Size=11, RB Offset=0 RB Size=11, RB Offset=0 RB Size=11, RB Offset=7	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29 21.18 21.39 21.35 21.31 21.33 21.25 21.23	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22 21.24 21.25 21.25 21.22 21.51 21.18	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87 21.15 21.09 21.04 21.09 21.17 21.44
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0 RB Size=8, RB Offset=4 RB Size=8, RB Offset=7 RB Size=15, RB Offset=7 RB Size=11, RB Offset=0 RB Size=11, RB Offset=7 RB Size=11, RB Offset=14	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29 21.18 21.39 21.35 21.31 21.33 21.25 21.23 21.11	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22 21.24 21.24 21.25 21.22 21.51 21.18 21.51	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87 21.15 21.09 21.04 21.09 21.17 21.44 20.92
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0 RB Size=8, RB Offset=4 RB Size=8, RB Offset=7 RB Size=8, RB Offset=7 RB Size=15, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=7 RB Size=1, RB Offset=14 RB Size=8, RB Offset=0	MPR 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	Channel 1711.5MHz 21.31 21.29 21.18 21.39 21.35 21.31 21.33 21.25 21.23 21.11 21.46	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.22 21.18 21.22 21.24 21.24 21.25 21.22 21.51 21.18 21.51 21.23	Channel 1753.5MHz 21.11 21.11 20.87 21.15 21.09 21.04 21.09 21.17 21.44 20.92 21.26

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21.37

21.21

21.05

RB Size=15, RB Offset=0

					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Ave Tx Power (dBm)			
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel			
					1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz			
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	21.49	21.24	21.39			
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	0	0	21.35	21.22	21.24			
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	21.19	21.29	20.96			
	QPSK	RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.42	21.28	21.34			
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	1	1	21.37	21.24	21.23			
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	1	1	21.27	21.27	21.16			
5M		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.27	21.20	21.16			
SIVI		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.81	21.37	21.44			
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	1	1	21.79	21.28	21.32			
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	21.32	21.28	21.46			
	16QAM	RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.48	21.36	21.38			
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	2	2	21.43	21.25	21.37			
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	2	2	21.37	21.36	21.21			
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.34	21.20	21.11			
					Ave Tx Power (dBm)					
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)			
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size&	Target	Meas	Low	Mid	High			
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel			
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Low Channel 1715MHz	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz	High Channel 1750MHz			
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	MPR 0	MPR 0	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33			
BW	Modulation	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0 0	0 0	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30			
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0 0 0	0 0 0	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29			
BW	Modulation QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31			
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39 21.40	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28 21.25	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31 21.29			
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39 21.40 21.39	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28 21.25 21.32	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31 21.29 21.27			
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39 21.40 21.39 21.31	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28 21.25 21.32 21.32	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31 21.29 21.27 21.24			
BW 10M		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39 21.40 21.39 21.31 21.34	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28 21.25 21.32 21.25 21.30	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31 21.29 21.27 21.24 21.25			
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39 21.40 21.39 21.31 21.34 21.35	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28 21.25 21.32 21.25 21.30 21.35	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31 21.29 21.27 21.24 21.25 21.30			
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39 21.40 21.39 21.31 21.34 21.35 21.34	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28 21.25 21.32 21.25 21.30	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31 21.29 21.27 21.24 21.25			
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39 21.40 21.39 21.31 21.34 21.35	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28 21.25 21.32 21.25 21.30 21.35	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31 21.29 21.27 21.24 21.25 21.30			
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39 21.40 21.39 21.31 21.34 21.35 21.34	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28 21.25 21.32 21.25 21.30 21.35 21.26	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31 21.29 21.27 21.24 21.25 21.30 21.28			
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	Low Channel 1715MHz 21.34 21.38 21.35 21.39 21.40 21.39 21.31 21.34 21.35 21.34 21.35	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.32 21.35 21.29 21.28 21.25 21.32 21.25 21.30 21.35 21.26 21.34	High Channel 1750MHz 21.33 21.30 21.29 21.31 21.29 21.27 21.24 21.25 21.30 21.28 21.24			

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					Ave	Ave Tx Power (dBm)			
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
					1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	21.37	21.41	21.37		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	0	0	21.31	21.34	21.38		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	0	0	21.38	21.38	21.35		
	QPSK	RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.31	21.39	21.39		
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18	1	1	21.38	21.40	21.42		
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	1	1	21.32	21.36	21.35		
15M		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.31	21.33	21.33		
13101		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.40	21.41	21.35		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	1	1	21.34	21.41	21.40		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	1	1	21.33	21.39	21.40		
	16QAM	RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.39	21.33	21.33		
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18	2	2	21.32	21.40	21.40		
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	2	2	21.40	21.35	21.33		
		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.36	21.33	21.40		
					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)		
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size&	Target	Meas	Low	Mid	High		
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Low Channel 1720MHz	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz	High Channel 1745MHz		
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	MPR 0	MPR 0	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32		
BW	Modulation	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0 0	0 0	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32		
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99	0 0 0	0 0 0	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34		
BW	Modulation QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34		
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27 21.33	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39 21.41	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34 21.36		
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27 21.33 21.33	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39 21.41 21.33	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34 21.36 21.36		
BW 20M		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27 21.33 21.33 21.27	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39 21.41 21.33 21.33	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34 21.36 21.36 21.36		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27 21.33 21.33 21.27 21.33	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39 21.41 21.33 21.32 21.41	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34 21.36 21.36 21.31 21.38		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27 21.33 21.33 21.27 21.33 21.37	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39 21.41 21.33 21.32 21.41 21.33	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34 21.36 21.36 21.31 21.38 21.40		
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27 21.33 21.33 21.27 21.33 21.37 21.29	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39 21.41 21.33 21.32 21.41 21.33 21.40	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34 21.36 21.36 21.36 21.31 21.38 21.40 21.37		
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=50, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27 21.33 21.33 21.27 21.33 21.37 21.29 21.31	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39 21.41 21.33 21.41 21.33 21.40 21.32	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34 21.36 21.36 21.31 21.38 21.40 21.37 21.37		
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27 21.33 21.33 21.27 21.33 21.37 21.29 21.31	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39 21.41 21.33 21.32 21.41 21.33 21.40 21.32 21.40	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34 21.36 21.36 21.36 21.31 21.38 21.40 21.37 21.37 21.37		
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=50, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	Low Channel 1720MHz 21.32 21.27 21.29 21.27 21.33 21.33 21.27 21.33 21.37 21.29 21.31	Mid Channel 1732.5MHz 21.34 21.41 21.32 21.39 21.41 21.33 21.41 21.33 21.40 21.32	High Channel 1745MHz 21.32 21.32 21.34 21.34 21.36 21.36 21.31 21.38 21.40 21.37 21.37		

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					Ave	Tx Power (d)	Bm)	
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	
					2502.5MHz	2535MHz	2567.5MHz	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0	0	21.73	20.39	20.95	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	0	0	21.67	20.41	21.01	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0	0	21.68	20.41	21.01	
	QPSK	RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.67	20.37	21.00	
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	1	1	21.69	20.38	20.95	
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	1	1	21.72	20.43	20.99	
5M		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.65	20.36	20.92	
JIVI		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.70	20.46	20.94	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=12	1	1	21.67	20.39	20.97	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	1	1	21.68	20.38	20.97	
	16QAM	RB Size=12, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.71	20.43	20.99	
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=6	2	2	21.64	20.38	21.01	
		RB Size=12, RB Offset=11	2	2	21.65	20.40	21.02	
		RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.69	20.43	20.97	
					Ave Tx Power (dBm)			
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size&	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel 2505MHz	Mid Channel 2535MHz	High Channel 2565MHz	
BW	Modulation				Channel	Channel	Channel	
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Channel 2505MHz	Channel 2535MHz	Channel 2565MHz	
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	MPR 0	MPR 0	Channel 2505MHz 21.72	2535MHz 20.36	Channel 2565MHz 20.91	
BW	Modulation QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24	0 0	0 0	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29	Channel 2565MHz 20.91 20.87	
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0 0 0	0 0 0	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68 21.67	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29 20.28	2565MHz 20.91 20.87 20.85	
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68 21.67 21.66	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29 20.28 20.29	Channel 2565MHz 20.91 20.87 20.85 20.85	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68 21.67 21.66 21.75	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29 20.28 20.29 20.30	Channel 2565MHz 20.91 20.87 20.85 20.85 20.87	
10M		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68 21.67 21.66 21.75 21.71	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29 20.28 20.29 20.30 20.28	Channel 2565MHz 20.91 20.87 20.85 20.85 20.87 20.87	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68 21.67 21.66 21.75 21.71 21.66	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29 20.28 20.29 20.30 20.28 20.28	Channel 2565MHz 20.91 20.87 20.85 20.85 20.87 20.87 20.82	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68 21.67 21.66 21.75 21.71 21.66 21.67	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29 20.28 20.29 20.30 20.28 20.28 20.28 20.31	Channel 2565MHz 20.91 20.87 20.85 20.87 20.87 20.82 20.89	
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68 21.67 21.66 21.75 21.71 21.66 21.67 21.70	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29 20.28 20.29 20.30 20.28 20.28 20.28 20.31 20.36	Channel 2565MHz 20.91 20.87 20.85 20.87 20.87 20.82 20.87	
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68 21.67 21.66 21.75 21.71 21.66 21.67 21.70 21.75	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29 20.28 20.29 20.30 20.28 20.28 20.31 20.36 20.28	Channel 2565MHz 20.91 20.87 20.85 20.87 20.87 20.82 20.89 20.87 20.90	
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=24 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=12 RB Size=25, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=25, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	Channel 2505MHz 21.72 21.68 21.67 21.66 21.75 21.71 21.66 21.67 21.70 21.75 21.71	Channel 2535MHz 20.36 20.29 20.28 20.29 20.30 20.28 20.28 20.31 20.36 20.28 20.36	Channel 2565MHz 20.91 20.87 20.85 20.87 20.87 20.82 20.89 20.87 20.89 20.90 20.84	

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				Ave Tx Power (dBm)			
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
		DD Cine 1 DD Offers 0	0	0	2507.5MHz	2535MHz	2562.5MHz
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	0	0	21.57	20.40	20.96 20.87
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	0	0	21.66	20.38	20.87
	QPSK	RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.58	20.44	20.93
	QPSK	•	1	1	21.57	20.42	20.88
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18 RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	1	1	21.57	20.35	20.87
15M		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	1	1	21.58	20.35	20.87
					21.67 21.58	20.39	20.94
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=37	1	1		20.40	20.95
	160AM	RB Size=1, RB Offset=74	1	1	21.63	20.42	
	16QAM	RB Size=36, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.61	20.37	20.87
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=18	2	2	21.61	20.38	20.87
		RB Size=36, RB Offset=37	2 2	2	21.60	20.41	20.91
		RB Size=75, RB Offset=0	2	2	21.67		20.89
						T Da (41)	D)
		Rosourco Rlock Size&	Target	Моос		Tx Power (d)	
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Size& Resource Block Offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel	Tx Power (d) Mid Channel	Bm) High Channel
BW	Modulation				Low	Mid	High
BW	Modulation				Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset	MPR	MPR	Low Channel 2510MHz	Mid Channel 2535MHz	High Channel 2560MHz
BW	Modulation	Resource Block Offset RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	MPR 0	MPR 0	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87
BW	Modulation QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0 0	0 0	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99	0 0 0	0 0 0	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48 21.40	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43 20.46	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91 20.92
BW		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48 21.40 21.46	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43 20.46 20.45	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91 20.92 20.88
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48 21.40 21.46 21.46	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43 20.46 20.45 20.43	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91 20.92 20.88 20.92
BW 20M		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48 21.40 21.46 21.46 21.41	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43 20.46 20.45 20.43 20.41	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91 20.92 20.88 20.92 20.93
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48 21.40 21.46 21.46 21.41 21.39	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43 20.46 20.45 20.43 20.41 20.38	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91 20.92 20.88 20.92 20.93 20.84
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48 21.40 21.46 21.46 21.41 21.39 21.44	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43 20.46 20.45 20.43 20.41 20.38 20.37	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91 20.92 20.88 20.92 20.93 20.84 20.93
		RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48 21.40 21.46 21.41 21.39 21.44 21.40	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43 20.46 20.45 20.43 20.41 20.38 20.37 20.48	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91 20.92 20.88 20.92 20.93 20.84 20.93 20.90
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48 21.40 21.46 21.46 21.41 21.39 21.44 21.40 21.48	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43 20.46 20.45 20.43 20.41 20.38 20.37 20.48 20.38	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91 20.92 20.88 20.92 20.93 20.84 20.93 20.90 20.91
	QPSK	RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0 RB Size=50, RB Offset=24 RB Size=50, RB Offset=49 RB Size=100, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=0 RB Size=1, RB Offset=9 RB Size=1, RB Offset=49 RB Size=1, RB Offset=99 RB Size=50, RB Offset=0	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	MPR 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	Low Channel 2510MHz 21.45 21.48 21.40 21.46 21.41 21.39 21.44 21.40 21.48 21.45	Mid Channel 2535MHz 20.47 20.43 20.46 20.45 20.43 20.41 20.38 20.37 20.48 20.38 20.38	High Channel 2560MHz 20.87 20.91 20.92 20.88 20.92 20.93 20.84 20.93 20.90 20.91

Note:

- 1. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 2. The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.
- 3. KDB941225D05v02- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg

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Bluetooth:

Mode	Channel	Channel frequency Conducted Output Pow		ed Output Power
Mode	No.	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)
	0	2402	2.93	1.963
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	3.18	2.080
	78	2480	2.93	1.963
	0	2402	2.05	1.603
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	2.43	1.750
	78	2480	2.18	1.652
	0	2402	2.30	1.698
EDR(8-DPSK)	39	2441	2.68	1.854
	78	2480	2.30	1.698
	0	2402	-4.83	0.329
BLE	19	2440	-3.55	0.442
	39	2480	-4.19	0.381

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Wi-Fi:

Band	Channel	Channel frequency	Conducte	d Output Power
Danu	No.	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)
	1	2412	7.00	5.012
802.11b	6	2437	9.27	8.453
	11	2462	8.98	7.907
	1	2412	6.75	4.732
802.11g	6	2437	8.61	7.261
	11	2462	8.39	6.902
	1	2412	6.79	4.775
802.11n HT20	6	2437	8.68	7.379
	11	2462	8.53	7.129
	1	2422	5.94	3.926
802.11n HT40	4	2437	7.46	5.572
	7	2452	7.06	5.082

Note:

1. The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, MCS0 for 802.11n HT20, MCS0 for 802.11n HT40.

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5150 - 5250MHz:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
	5180	5.64	3.664
802.11a	5200	5.32	3.404
	5240	4.94	3.119
	5180	5.69	3.707
802.11n20	5200	5.36	3.436
	5240	4.90	3.090
902 1140	5190	4.41	2.761
802.11n40	5230	4.92	3.105
	5180	4.43	2.773
802.11ac20	5200	5.24	3.342
	5240	4.78	3.006
902 110040	5190	3.00	1.995
802.11ac40	5230	4.74	2.979

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5725 – 5850MHz:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
	5745	5.49	3.540
802.11a	5785	5.67	3.690
	5825	5.65	3.673
	5745	5.52	3.565
802.11n20	5785	6.02	3.999
	5825	5.94	3.926
902 1140	5755	5.68	3.698
802.11n40	5795	5.84	3.837
	5745	5.72	3.733
802.11ac20	5785	5.66	3.681
	5825	6.08	4.055
802.11ac40	5755	5.88	3.873
802.11ac40	5795	5.98	3.963

Note:

 $1.\ The\ output\ power\ was\ tested\ under\ data\ rate\ 6Mbps\ for\ 802.11a,\ MCS0\ for\ 802.11n20,\ MCS0\ for\ 802.11ac20\ and\ MCS0\ for\ 802.11ac40.$

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22-24 °C
Relative Humidity:	50-53 %
ATM Pressure:	1001-1002 mbar

Testing was performed by Terry XiaHou on 2016-04-19.

GSM 850:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	-0.013	31.56	32.00	1.107	0.246	0.272	1#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	-0.128	31.56	32.00	1.107	0.144	0.159	/
Zen neud int	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	-0.078	31.56	32.00	1.107	0.225	0.249	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	0.089	31.56	32.00	1.107	0.141	0.156	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	836.6	GSM	0.155	31.56	32.00	1.107	0.416	0.460	/
,	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1 .When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. According to IEEE 1528-2013, the middle channel is required to be tested first.
- 4. KDB 447498D01- When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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PCS Band:

EUT	Engguener	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	1880.0	GSM	-0.132	29.21	29.50	1.069	0.156	0.167	2#
Left Head Cheek Left Head Tilt Right Head Cheek Right Head Tilt	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880.0	GSM	0.050	29.21	29.50	1.069	0.063	0.067	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880.0	GSM	-0.025	29.21	29.50	1.069	0.134	0.143	/
Right Head Cheek	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880.0	GSM	0.116	29.21	29.50	1.069	0.061	0.065	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	-0.093	29.21	29.50	1.069	0.365	0.390	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1 .When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. According to IEEE 1528-2013, the middle channel is required to be tested first.
- 4. KDB 447498D01- When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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WCDMA 850:

EUT	Frequency		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	RMC	-0.071	22.41	22.50	1.021	0.211	0.215	3#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/ / / / 0.116 0.118	/	
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	RMC	-0.072	22.41	22.50	1.021	0.116	0.118	/
Left Head Tilt	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	RMC	-0.164	22.41	/ / / / / / / / / / / /	/			
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	RMC	0.138	22.41	22.50	1.021	0.095	0.097	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

WCDMA1900:

EUT	Frequency		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	1880.0	RMC	-0.054	22.23	22.30	1.016	0.177	0.180	4 #
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880.0	RMC	0.031	22.23	22.30	1.016	0.081	0.082	/
Left Head Tilt	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880.0	RMC	0.059	22.23	22.30	1.016	0.165	0.168	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880.0	RMC	-0.157	22.23	22.30	1.016	0.083	0.084	/
Left Head Tilt Right Head Cheek	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/		/	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. According to IEEE 1528-2013, the middle channel is required to be tested first.
- 4. KDB 447498D01- When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.

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6. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

LTE Band 4:

EUT	Frequency	Dandwith		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (V	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1720	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.087	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.271	0.310	5#
Cheek	1745	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB, Offset=24	-0.081	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.216	0.247	/
	1720	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=49	-0.136	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.125	0.143	/
Tilt	1745	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB, Offset=24	-0.081	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.094	Scaled SAR / 0.310 / 0.247 /	/
	1720	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.091	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.255	0.292	/
Head Cheek	1745	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB, Offset=24	-0.135	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.213	0.244	/
	1720	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=49	-0.098	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.128	0.147	/
Head Tilt	1745	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50% RB, Offset=24	0.087	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.091	0.104	/

LTE Band 7:

EUT	Frequency	Randwith		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	2510	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.065	21.48	21.80	1.076	0.135	0.145	6#
Left Head	2535	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Cheek	2560	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2510	20	50%RB, Offset=24	-0.105	21.46	21.80	1.081	0.096	SAR	/
	2510	20	1RB, Offset=49	-0.076	21.48	21.80	1.076	0.052	0.056	/
Left Head	2535	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Tilt	2560	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2510	20	50%RB, Offset=24	0.161	21.46	21.80	1.081	0.043	Scaled SAR 0.145 / 0.104 0.056 / 0.047 0.141 / 0.106	/
	2510	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.160	21.48	21.80	1.076	0.131	0.141	/
Right	2535	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Cheek	2560	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2510	20	50%RB, Offset=24	0.046	21.46	21.80	1.081	0.098	0.106	/
	2510	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.099	21.48	21.80	1.076	0.049	0.053	/
Right	2535	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Tilt	2560	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2510	20	50% RB, Offset=24	-0.100	21.46	21.80	1.081	0.041	0.044	/

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Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.

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- 3. KDB941225D05- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg
- 4. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤0.8 W/kg.
- 6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth (20M) and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 7. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.

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Mobile Hot-Spot Test Result

The DUT is capable of functioning as a Wi-Fi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

Hot spot-GPRS (Frequency Band: 850)

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W	/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	-0.051	29.00	29.40	1.096	0.571	0.626	7#
` '	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 I C	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.177	29.00	29.40	1.096	0.362	0.397	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/ / /	/
D . 4 . D' . 1 .	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.124	29.00	29.40	1.096	0.376	0.412	/
(= =====)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	0.038	29.00	29.40	1.096	0.214	0.235	/
(= 3)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1 .When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. According to IEEE 1528-2013, the middle channel is required to be tested first.
- 4. KDB 447498D01- When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The EUT is a Capability Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services.
- 6. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
- 7. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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Hot spot-GPRS (Frequency Band: 1900)

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	-0.027	26.14	26.30	1.038	0.506	0.525	8#
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/ /	/
Dada, Lafe	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	-0.041	26.14	26.30	1.038	0.262	0.272	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	0.272	/
Dody Dight	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	0.054	26.14	26.30	1.038	0.093	0.096	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D - 4 - D - 4	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	0.128	26.14	26.30	1.038	0.389	0.404	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/ 0.272 / / 0.096 /	/

Note:

- 1 .When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. According to IEEE 1528-2013, the middle channel is required to be tested first.
- 4. KDB 447498D01- When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The EUT is a Capability Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services.
- 6. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
- 7. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

Hot Spot-WCDMA850

EUT	Frequency		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	1	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	RMC	0.017	22.41	22.50	1.021	0.356	0.363	9#
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Dody Laft	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	RMC	0.149	22.41	22.50	1.021	0.210	0.214	/
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Dody Dight	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	RMC	0.171	22.41	22.50	1.021	0.186	0.190	/
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Dody Dottom	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	RMC	0.063	22.41	22.50	1.021	0.086	0.088	/
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	/	1	/	1	1	/	/

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Hot Spot-WCDMA1900

EUT	Fraguency		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	RMC	0.067	21.79	22.30	1.125	0.716	0.805	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880.0	RMC	-0.041	22.23	22.30	1.016	0.807	0.820	10#
(= v====)	1907.6	RMC	-0.096	21.17	22.30	1.297	0.573	0.743	/
D 1 I C	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880.0	RMC	0.149	22.23	22.30	1.016	0.441	0.448	/
(1011111)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D - 1- D'-1-	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880.0	RMC	-0.178	22.23	22.30	1.016	0.167	0.170	/
(1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Dader Dattan	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880.0	RMC	-0.035	22.23	22.30	1.016	0.667	0.678	/
()	1907.6	RMC	/	/			_/		/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. According to IEEE 1528-2013, the middle channel is required to be tested first.
- 4. KDB 447498D01- When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The default test configuration is to measure SA R with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (refere nce measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 6. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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EUT	Engaranay	Dondyvith		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	g SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	(MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1720	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.131	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.655	0.750	11#
(10mm)	1745	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50% RB, Offset=24	0.042	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.611	0.700	/
	1720	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.158	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.376	0.431	/
(10mm)	1745	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50% RB, Offset=24	0.143	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.268	0.307	/
	1720	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.103	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.144	0.165	/
(10mm)	1745	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50% RB, Offset=24	0.071	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.097	0.111	/
	1720	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom	1732.5	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.038	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.566	0.648	/
(10mm)	1745	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50% RB, Offset=24	0.054	21.41	22.00	1.146	0.493	0.565	/

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Hot Spot-LTE Band 7

EUT	Frequency	Bandwith		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	2510	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.072	21.48	21.50	1.005	0.367	0.369	12#
Body-Back	2535	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	1	/
(10mm)	2560	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2510	20	50%RB, Offset=24	-0.123	21.46	21.50	1.009	0.311	0.314	/
	2510	20	1RB, Offset=49	-0.181	21.48	21.50	1.005	0.136	0.137	/
Body-Left	2535	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	1	/
(10mm)	2560	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2510	20	50%RB, Offset=24	0.126	21.46	21.50	1.009	0.104	0.105	/
	2510	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.181	21.48	21.50	1.005	0.041	0.041	/
Body-Right	2535	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	1	/
(10mm)	2560	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2510	20	50%RB, Offset=24	-0.079	21.46	21.50	1.009	0.028	0.028	/
	2510	20	1RB, Offset=49	0.120	21.48	21.50	1.005	0.286	0.287	/
Body-Bottom	2535	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	1	/
(10mm)	2560	20	1RB, Offset=49	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2510	20	50%RB, Offset=24	-0.064	21.46	21.50	1.009	0.251	0.253	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

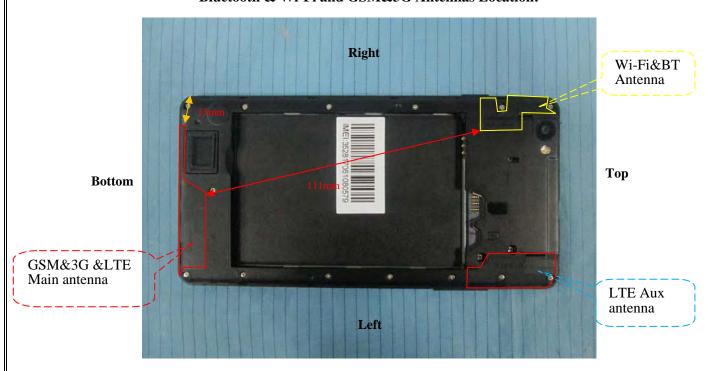
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- 2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 3. KDB941225D05- SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg
- 4. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- 6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth (20M) and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 7. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.

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SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

Bluetooth & Wi-Fi and GSM&3G Antennas Location:



Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneo	ous Transmit Cap	abilities	Antonnog Digtonog (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + LTE	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	115
GSM + Wi-Fi	√	√	115
WCDMA + LTE	×	×	0
WCDMA + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	115
WCDMA + Wi-Fi	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	115
LTE+ Bluetooth	√	×	115
LTE+ Wi-Fi		V	115

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Test Position	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	2.480	Head	3.20	2.089	0	0.7	3.0	Yes
Bluetooth	2.480	Body	3.20	2.089	10	0.3	3.0	Yes
Wi-Fi	2.742	Head	9.30	8.511	0	2.7	3.0	Yes
Wi-Fi	2.742	Body	9.30	8.511	10	1.3	3.0	Yes
Wi-Fi(5.2G)	5.250	Head	5.70	3.715	0	1.7	3.0	Yes
Wi-Fi(5.2G)	5.250	Body	5.70	3.715	10	0.9	3.0	Yes

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Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

Report	No:	RSZ	16040	0/013	3-20

Wi-Fi(5.8G)	5.850	Head	6.10	4.074	0	2.0	3.0	Yes
Wi-Fi(5.8G)	5.850	Body	6.10	4.074	10	1.0	3.0	Yes

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Distance (mm)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Estimated _{1-g} (W/kg)
Bluetooth Head	2.480	0	3.20	2.089	0.088
Bluetooth Body	2.480	10	3.20	2.089	0.044
Wi-Fi Head	2.462	0	9.30	8.511	0.356
Wi-Fi Body	2.462	10	9.30	8.511	0.178
Wi-Fi(5.2G) Head	5.250	0	5.70	3.715	0.227
Wi-Fi(5.2G) Body	5.250	10	5.70	3.715	0.113
Wi-Fi(5.8G) Head	5.850	0	6.10	4.074	0.263
Wi-Fi(5.8G) Body	5.850	10	6.10	4.074	0.131

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including **tune-up tolerance**, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]· [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

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Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

GSM with BT:

Mode	Position	Reported	SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR
Mode	Position	GSM	ВТ	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.272	0.088	0.360
	Left Head Tilt	0.159	0.088	0.247
GSM 850	Right Head Cheek	0.249	0.088	0.337
	Right Head Tilt	0.156	0.088	0.244
	Body-Headset-Back	0.460	0.044	0.504
	Left Head Cheek	0.167	0.088	0.255
	Left Head Tilt	0.067	0.088	0.155
PCS 1900	Right Head Cheek	0.143	0.088	0.231
	Right Head Tilt	0.065	0.088	0.153
	Body-Headset-Back	0.390	0.044	0.434

Report No: RSZ160407013-20

WCDMA with BT:

Mode	Position	Reporte (W/		ΣSAR
112000	2 002020	WCDMA	BT	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.215	0.088	0.303
WCDMA 850	Left Head Tilt	0.118	0.088	0.206
WCDMA 830	Right Head Cheek	0.207	0.088	0.295
	Right Head Tilt	0.097	0.088	0.185
	Left Head Cheek	0.180	0.088	0.268
WCDMA 1900	Left Head Tilt	0.082	0.088	0.170
WCDMA 1900	Right Head Cheek	0.168	0.088	0.256
	Right Head Tilt	0.084	0.088	0.172

LTE with BT:

Mode	Position	Reporte (W/	ed SAR [kg)	ΣSAR
		LTE	BT	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.310	0.088	0.398
LTE Band 4	Left Head Tilt	0.143	0.088	0.231
LIE Dang 4	Right Head Cheek	0.292	0.088	0.380
	Right Head Tilt	0.147	0.088	0.235
	Left Head Cheek	0.145	0.088	0.233
LTE Band 7	Left Head Tilt	0.056	0.088	0.144
LIE Band /	Right Head Cheek	0.141	0.088	0.229
	Right Head Tilt	0.053	0.088	0.141

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GSM with Wi-Fi:

Mode	Position	Reported :	SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR
Mode	Position	GSM	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.272	0.356	0.628
	Left Head Tilt	0.159	0.356	0.515
GSM 850	Right Head Cheek	0.249	0.356	0.605
	Right Head Tilt	0.156	0.356	0.512
	Body-Headset-Back	0.460	0.178	0.638
	Left Head Cheek	0.167	0.356	0.523
	Left Head Tilt	0.067	0.356	0.423
PCS 1900	Right Head Cheek	0.143	0.356	0.499
	Right Head Tilt	0.065	0.356	0.421
	Body-Headset-Back	0.390	0.178	0.568

Report No: RSZ160407013-20

WCDMA with Wi-Fi:

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
1,1000	2 00242022	WCDMA	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.215	0.356	0.571
WCDMA 850	Left Head Tilt	0.118	0.356	0.474
WCDMA 830	Right Head Cheek	0.207	0.356	0.563
	Right Head Tilt	0.097	0.356	0.453
	Left Head Cheek	0.180	0.356	0.536
WCDMA 1900	Left Head Tilt	0.082	0.356	0.438
	Right Head Cheek	0.168	0.356	0.524
	Right Head Tilt	0.084	0.356	0.440

LTE with Wi-Fi:

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
-120020	_ 02-11-1	LTE	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.310	0.356	0.666
LTE Band 4	Left Head Tilt	0.143	0.356	0.499
LIE Danu 4	Right Head Cheek	0.292	0.356	0.648
	Right Head Tilt	0.147	0.356	0.503
	Left Head Cheek	0.145	0.356	0.501
LTE Band 7	Left Head Tilt	0.056	0.356	0.412
	Right Head Cheek	0.141	0.356	0.497
	Right Head Tilt	0.053	0.356	0.409

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GSM with Wi-Fi(5.2G):

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR	
Mode	Postuon	GSM	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg	
	Left Head Cheek	0.272	0.227	0.499	
	Left Head Tilt	0.159	0.227	0.386	
GSM 850	Right Head Cheek	0.249	0.227	0.476	
	Right Head Tilt	0.156	0.227	0.383	
	Body-Headset-Back	0.460	0.113	0.573	
	Left Head Cheek	0.167	0.227	0.394	
	Left Head Tilt	0.067	0.227	0.294	
PCS 1900	Right Head Cheek	0.143	0.227	0.370	
	Right Head Tilt	0.065	0.227	0.292	
	Body-Headset-Back	0.390	0.113	0.503	

Report No: RSZ160407013-20

WCDMA with Wi-Fi(5.2G):

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
1/1000	2 00242022	WCDMA	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.215	0.227	0.442
WCDMA 850	Left Head Tilt	0.118	0.227	0.345
WCDMA 830	Right Head Cheek	0.207	0.227	0.434
	Right Head Tilt	0.097	0.227	0.324
	Left Head Cheek	0.180	0.227	0.407
WCDMA 1900	Left Head Tilt	0.082	0.227	0.309
	Right Head Cheek	0.168	0.227	0.395
	Right Head Tilt	0.084	0.227	0.311

LTE with Wi-Fi(5.2G):

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		LTE	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.310	0.227	0.537
LTE Band 4	Left Head Tilt	0.143	0.227	0.370
LIE Danu 4	Right Head Cheek	0.292	0.227	0.519
	Right Head Tilt	0.147	0.227	0.374
	Left Head Cheek	0.145	0.227	0.372
LTE Band 7	Left Head Tilt	0.056	0.227	0.283
	Right Head Cheek	0.141	0.227	0.368
	Right Head Tilt	0.053	0.227	0.280

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GSM with Wi-Fi(5.8G):

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR	
Mode	Postuon	GSM	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg	
	Left Head Cheek	0.272	0.263	0.535	
	Left Head Tilt	0.159	0.263	0.422	
GSM 850	Right Head Cheek	0.249	0.263	0.512	
	Right Head Tilt	0.156	0.263	0.419	
	Body-Headset-Back	0.460	0.131	0.591	
	Left Head Cheek	0.167	0.263	0.430	
	Left Head Tilt	0.067	0.263	0.330	
PCS 1900	Right Head Cheek	0.143	0.263	0.406	
	Right Head Tilt	0.065	0.263	0.328	
	Body-Headset-Back	0.390	0.131	0.521	

Report No: RSZ160407013-20

WCDMA with Wi-Fi(5.8G):

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
1/1000	2 00242022	WCDMA	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.215	0.263	0.478
WCDMA 850	Left Head Tilt	0.118	0.263	0.381
WCDMA 830	Right Head Cheek	0.207	0.263	0.470
	Right Head Tilt	0.097	0.263	0.360
	Left Head Cheek	0.180	0.263	0.443
WCDMA 1900	Left Head Tilt	0.082	0.263	0.345
	Right Head Cheek	0.168	0.263	0.431
	Right Head Tilt	0.084	0.263	0.347

LTE with Wi-Fi(5.8G):

Mode	Position	Reporte (W/		ΣSAR
		LTE	Wi-Fi	< 1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.310	0.263	0.573
LTE Band 4	Left Head Tilt	0.143	0.263	0.406
LIE Danu 4	Right Head Cheek	0.292	0.263	0.555
	Right Head Tilt	0.147	0.263	0.410
	Left Head Cheek	0.145	0.263	0.408
LTE Band 7	Left Head Tilt	0.056	0.263	0.319
	Right Head Cheek	0.141	0.263	0.404
	Right Head Tilt	0.053	0.263	0.316

Conclusion:

 $\Sigma SAR < 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$ therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

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Evaluations for Simultaneous SAR, BT+2G & 3G & LTE						
Test Position	Body-Back (1.0cm)	Body-Left (1.0cm)	Body-Right (1.0cm)	Body-Bottom (1.0cm)	Body-Top (1.0cm)	
Mode		Stand	d Alone 1-g SAR (W	V/Kg)		
GPRS 850	0.626	0.397	0.412	0.235	/	
GPRS 1900	0.525	0.272	0.096	0.404	/	
WCDMA 850	0.363	0.214	0.190	0.088	/	
WCDMA 1900	0.820	0.448	0.170	0.678	/	
LTE Band 4	0.750	0.431	0.165	0.648	/	
LTE Band 7	0.369	0.137	0.041	0.287	/	
ВТ	0.044	/	0.044	/	0.044	
			$\sum 1$ -g SAR(W/Kg)			
GPRS 850 + BT	0.670	/	0.456	/	/	
GPRS 1900 + BT	0.569	/	0.140	/	/	
WCDMA 850 + BT	0.407	/	0.234	/	/	
WCDMA 1900+ BT	0.864	/	0.214	/	/	
LTE Band 4+ BT	0.794	/	0.209	/	/	
LTE Band 7+ BT	0.413	/	0.085	/	/	

F	Evaluations for Simultaneous SAR, Mobile Hot Spot Positions						
Test Position	Body-Back (1.0cm)	Body-Left (1.0cm)	Body-Right (1.0cm)	Body-Bottom (1.0cm)	Body-Top (1.0cm)		
Mode		Stand	d Alone 1-g SAR (V	V/Kg)			
GPRS 850	0.626	0.397	0.412	0.235	/		
GPRS 1900	0.525	0.272	0.096	0.404	/		
WCDMA 850	0.363	0.214	0.190	0.088	/		
WCDMA 1900	0.820	0.448	0.170	0.678	/		
LTE Band 4	0.750	0.431	0.165	0.648	/		
LTE Band 7	0.369	0.137	0.041	0.287	/		
Wi-Fi	0.178	/	0.178	/	0.178		
			$\sum 1$ -g SAR(W/Kg)				
GPRS 850 + Wi-Fi	0.804	/	0.590	/	/		
GPRS 1900 + Wi-Fi	0.703	/	0.274	/	/		
WCDMA 850 + Wi-Fi	0.541	/	0.368	/	/		
WCDMA 1900+ Wi-Fi	0.998	/	0.348	/	/		
LTE Band 4+ Wi-Fi	0.928	/	0.343	/	/		
LTE Band 7+ Wi-Fi	0.547	/	0.219	/			

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Eva	aluations for Simu	ıltaneous SAR, V	Wi-Fi(5.2G)+2G &	3G & LTE					
Test Position	Body-Back (1.0cm)	Body-Left (1.0cm)	Body-Right (1.0cm)	Body-Bottom (1.0cm)	Body-Top (1.0cm)				
Mode		Stand Alone 1-g SAR (W/Kg)							
GPRS 850	0.626	0.397	0.412	0.235	/				
GPRS 1900	0.525	0.272	0.096	0.404	/				
WCDMA 850	0.363	0.214	0.190	0.088	/				
WCDMA 1900	0.820	0.448	0.170	0.678	/				
LTE Band 4	0.750	0.431	0.165	0.648	/				
LTE Band 7	0.369	0.137	0.041	0.287	/				
Wi-Fi	0.113	/	0.113	/	0.113				
			$\sum 1$ -g SAR(W/Kg)						
GPRS 850 + Wi-Fi	0.739	/	0.525	/	/				
GPRS 1900 + Wi-Fi	0.638	/	0.209	/	/				
WCDMA 850 + Wi-Fi	0.476	/	0.303	/	/				
WCDMA 1900+ Wi-Fi	0.933	/	0.283	/	/				
LTE Band 4+ Wi-Fi	0.863	/	0.278	/	/				
LTE Band 7+ Wi-Fi	0.482	/	0.154	/	/				

Eva	aluations for Simu	ıltaneous SAR, V	Wi-Fi(5.8G)+2G &	3G & LTE	
Test Position	Body-Back (1.0cm)	Body-Left (1.0cm)	Body-Right (1.0cm)	Body-Bottom (1.0cm)	Body-Top (1.0cm)
Mode		Stand	d Alone 1-g SAR (V	V/Kg)	
GPRS 850	0.626	0.397	0.412	0.235	/
GPRS 1900	0.525	0.272	0.096	0.404	/
WCDMA 850	0.363	0.214	0.190	0.088	/
WCDMA 1900	0.820	0.448	0.170	0.678	/
LTE Band 4	0.750	0.431	0.165	0.648	/
LTE Band 7	0.369	0.137	0.041	0.287	/
Wi-Fi	0.131	/	0.131	/	0.131
			$\sum 1$ -g SAR(W/Kg)		
GPRS 850 + Wi-Fi	0.757	/	0.543	/	/
GPRS 1900 + Wi-Fi	0.656	/	0.227	/	/
WCDMA 850 + Wi-Fi	0.494	/	0.321	/	/
WCDMA 1900+ Wi-Fi	0.951	/	0.301	/	/
LTE Band 4+ Wi-Fi	0.881	/	0.296	/	/
LTE Band 7+ Wi-Fi	0.500	/	0.172	/	/

Note:

If the sum of the 1g SAR measured for the simultaneously transmitting antennas is less than the SAR limit, SAR measurement for simultaneous transmission is not required.

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SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Shenzhen)

Test Plot 1#:GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

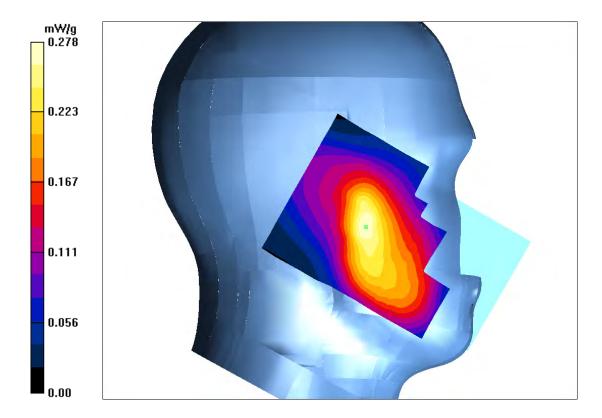
GSM850-head-left-Middle /Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.257 mW/g

GSM850-head-left- Middle /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.386 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387 mW/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.246 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 mW/g



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Test Plot 2#:PCS 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: 2G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.13$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

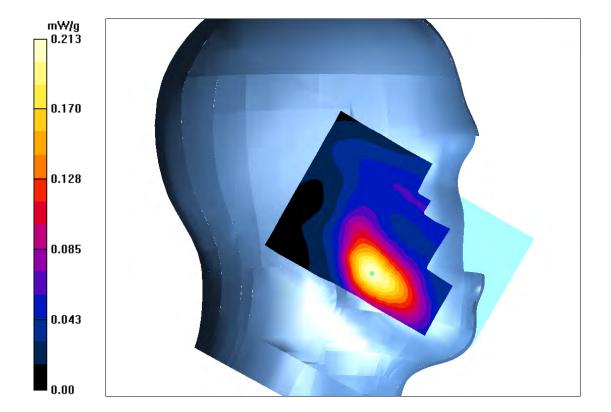
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

PCS 1900-head-left-mid /Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.224 mW/g

PCS 1900-head-left-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.923 V/m; Power Drift = -0.132 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.350 mW/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.156 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.213 mW/g



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Test Plot 3#:WCDMA 850 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.59$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

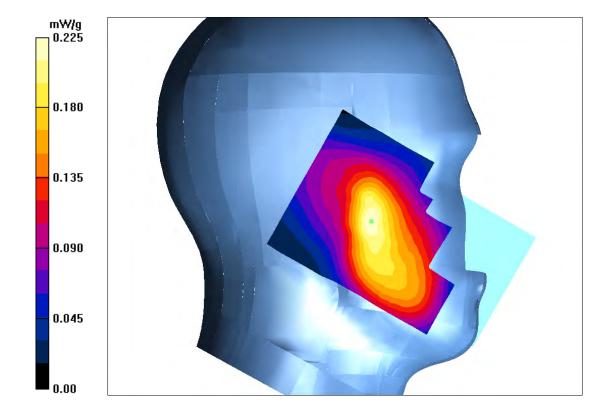
WCDMA 850-head-left-mid /Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.244 mW/g

WCDMA 850-head-left-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.537 V/m; Power Drift = -0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.316 mW/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.211 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 mW/g



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Test Plot 4#:WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 40.13$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

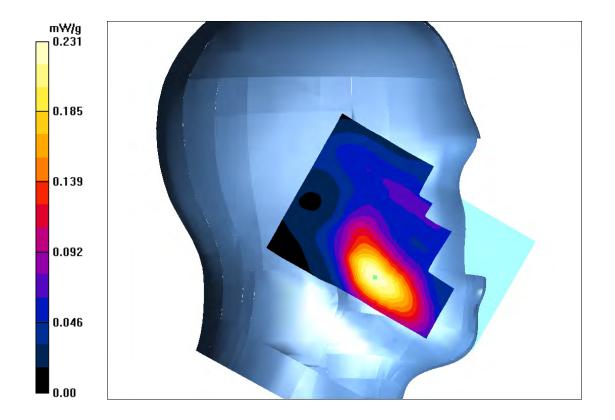
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

WCDMA 1900-head-left-mid /Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.245 mW/g

WCDMA 1900-head-left-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.052 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.364 mW/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.177 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.231 mW/g



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Test Plot 5#:LTE Band 4 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: LTE 4G Band; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.05$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

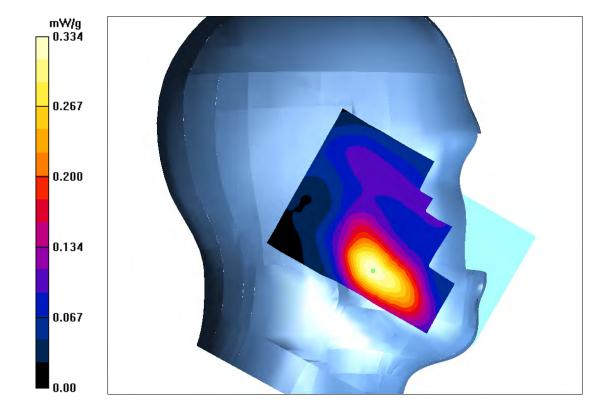
LTE Band 4 -head-left-mid /Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.356 mW/g

LTE Band 4 -head-left-mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.536 V/m; Power Drift = 0.087 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.511 mW/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.334 mW/g



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Test Plot 6#:LTE Band 7 Left Cheek Low Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: LTE 4G Band; Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 1.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

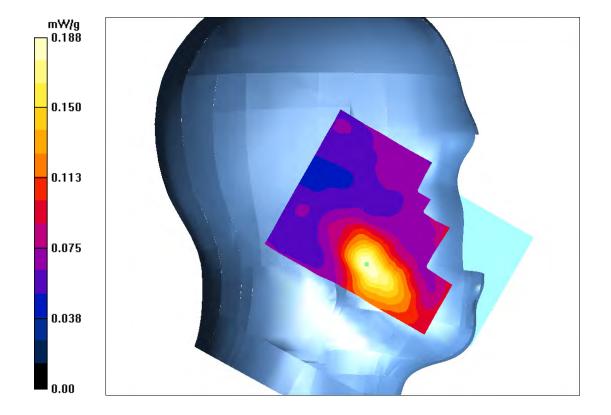
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(4.34, 4.34, 4.34); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

LTE Band 7-head-left-low /Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.206 mW/g

LTE Band 7-head-left-low /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.869 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.329 mW/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.135 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.188 mW/g



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Test Plot 7#:GSM 850 Body-worn Back Middle Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: 2G-gprs-4slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 55.39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

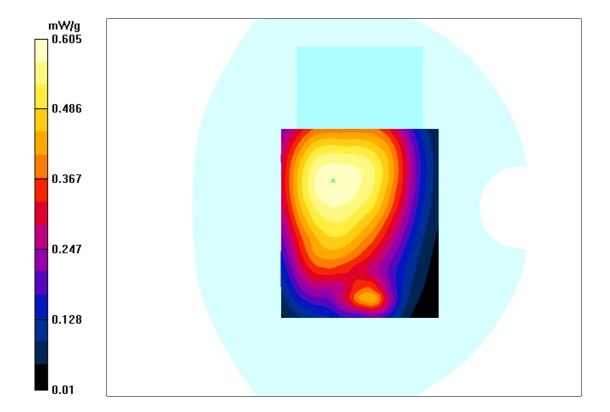
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(6.00, 6.00, 6.00); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SĂM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

GSM850-gprs-back -mid/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.617 mW/g

GSM850-gprs-back -mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.789 mW/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.571 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.395 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.605 mW/g



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Test Plot 8#:PCS 1900 Body-worn Back Middle Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: 2G-gprs-4slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.59 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.63$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

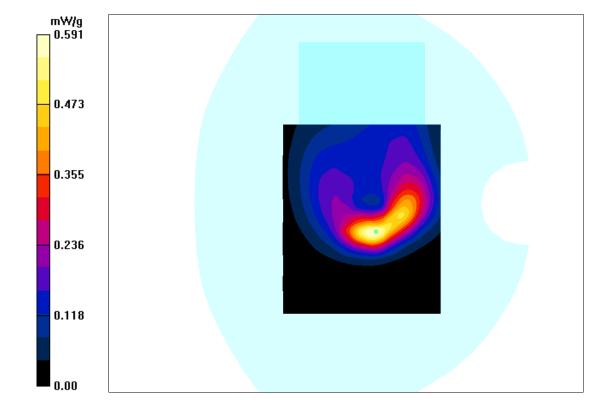
PCS 1900-gprs-back -mid/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.577 mW/g

PCS 1900-gprs-back -mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.566 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.968 mW/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.506 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.271 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.591 mW/g



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Test Plot 9#:WCDMA 850 Body-worn Back Middle Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 55.39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3036; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 20/08/2015

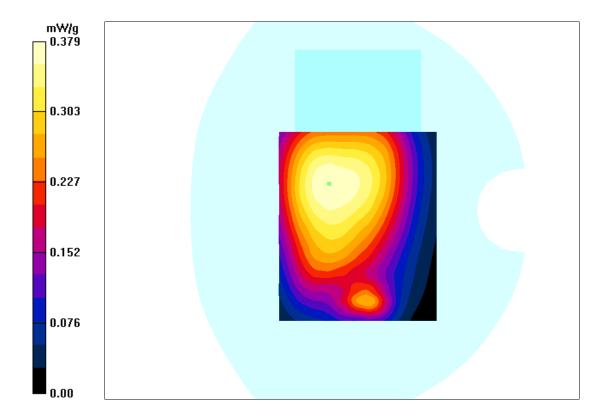
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SĂM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

WCDMA 850-back -mid/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.387 mW/g

WCDMA 850-back -mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.536 mW/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.356 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.379 mW/g



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Test Plot 10#:WCDMA 1900 Body-worn Back Middle Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: 3G Band; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f=1880 MHz; $\sigma=1.59$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=53.63$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

WCDMA 1900-back -mid/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.945 mW/g

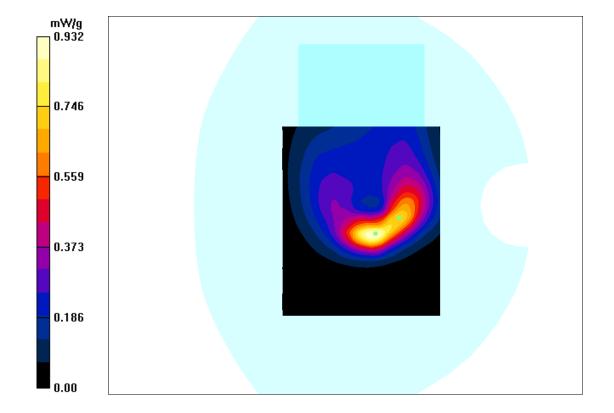
WCDMA 1900-back -mid /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.815 V/m; Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.577 mW/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.807 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.419 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.932 mW/g



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Test Plot 11#:LTE BAND 4 Body-worn Back Low Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: LTE 4G Band; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.52$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

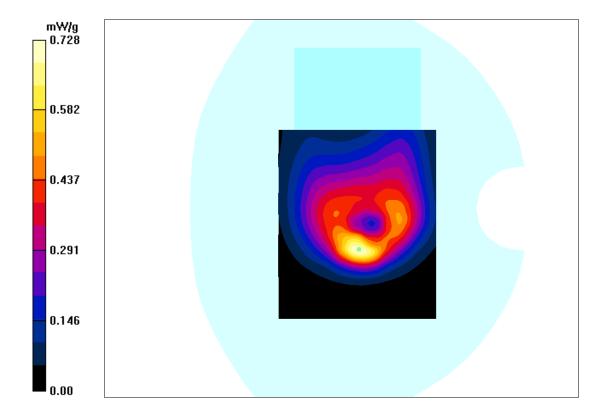
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SĂM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

LTE BAND 4-back -low/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.750 mW/g

LTE BAND 4-back -low /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.635 V/m; Power Drift = -0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.176 mW/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.655 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.346 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.728 mW/g



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Test Plot 12#:LTE BAND 7 Body-worn Back Low Channel

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: C455

Communication System: LTE 4G Band; Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 2.10 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.83$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

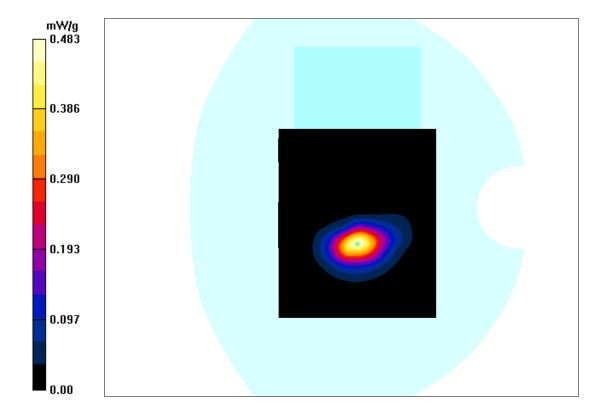
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3036; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 20/08/2015
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: Dummy DAE SN:456; Calibrated: 17/08/2015
- Phantom: TWIN SĂM; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP-1218
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

LTE BAND 7-back -low/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.510 mW/g

LTE BAND 7-back -low /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.836 V/m; Power Drift = 0.072 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.758 mW/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.367 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.483 mW/g



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APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the DASY4 measurement system and is given in the following Table.

	DASY4 Uncertainty Budget							
	According to IEEE 1528							
E D '.'	Uncertainty	Prob.	D.	(c i)	(c i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(v i)
Error Description	Value	Dist.	Div.	1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	veff
	Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	± 6.0 %	N	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	œ
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	×
Boundary Effects	± 1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	œ
Linearity	± 4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	×
System Detection Limits	± 1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	œ
Readout Electronics	± 0.3 %	N	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	œ
Response Time	± 0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	œ
Integration Time	± 2.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	×
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	œ
RF Ambient Conditions	± 3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	œ
Probe Positioner	± 0.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	×
Probe Positioning	± 2.9 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	œ
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	œ
		Test Sa	mple Re	lated				
Device Positioning	± 2.9 %	N	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	145
Device Holder	± 3.6 %	N	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 2.6 %	5
Power Drift	± 5.0 %	R		1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	8
		Phante	om and S	etup				
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	± 5.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %	œ
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5 %	N	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %	œ
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	± 5.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	± 2.5 %	N	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.0 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty	-	-	-	-	-	± 10.7 %	± 10.4 %	330
Expanded STD Uncertainty	-	-	-	-	-	± 21.4 %	± 20.8 %	-

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	DASY4 Uncertainty Budget							
According to IEC 62209-2								
Error Description	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	(c i)	(c i)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(v i)
Error Description	Value	Dist.	DIV.	1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	± 6.0 %	N	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	œ
Boundary Effects	± 1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	œ
Linearity	± 4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	œ
Readout Electronics	± 0.3 %	N	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	œ
Response Time	± 0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	œ
Integration Time	± 2.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	œ
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	œ
RF Ambient Conditions	± 3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	œ
Probe Positioning	± 2.9 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	œ
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	œ
		Test Sa	mple Re	lated				
Device Positioning	± 2.9 %	N	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	145
Device Holder	± 3.6 %	N	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 2.6 %	5
Power Drift	± 5.0 %	R		1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	œ
		Phanto	om and S	etup				
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	± 5.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5 %	N	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %	œ
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	± 5.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	± 2.5 %	N	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.0 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty	-	-	-	-	-	± 10.7 %	± 10.4 %	330
Expanded STD Uncertainty	-	-	-	-	-	± 21.4 %	± 20.8 %	-

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APPENDIX B PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

BACL

Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3036

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

August 20, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013 Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Name Jeton Kastrati Function Laboratory Technician Signature

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: August 20, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service suisse d'étalonnage

S Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Report No: RSZ160407013-20

ES3DV3 - SN:3036

August 20, 2015

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3036

Calibrated:

Manufactured: August 21, 2003 August 20, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

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August 20, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3036

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.22	1.34	1.49	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	102.6	104.5	104.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	207.4	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		222.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		226.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

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A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

August 20, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3036

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
150	52.3	0.76	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.05	1.20	± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	6.58	6.58	6.58	0.19	1.90	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	6.13	6.13	6,13	0.25	2.28	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	5.96	5.96	5.96	0.31	1.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.58	1.37	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.71	1.22	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.59	1.44	± 12.0 %
3700	37.7	3.12	3.84	3.84	3.84	0.35	2.20	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

Falt frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

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August 20, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3036

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
150	61.9	0.80	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.08	1.20	± 13.3 %
450	56.7	0.94	6.69	6.69	6.69	0.14	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	55,5	0.96	6.10	6.10	6.10	0.40	1.64	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.00	6.00	6.00	0.49	1.55	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.51	1.48	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.48	1.60	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.80	1.09	± 12.0 %
3700	51.0	3.55	3.58	3.58	3.58	0.50	2.12	± 13.1 %

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

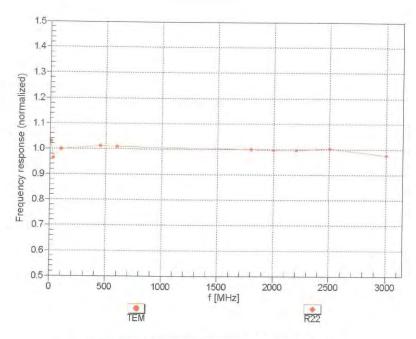
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

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August 20, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

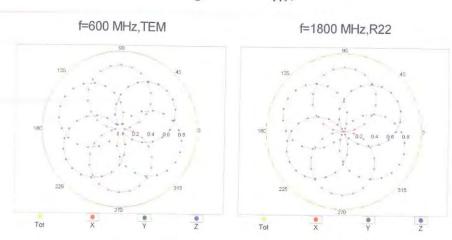
Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

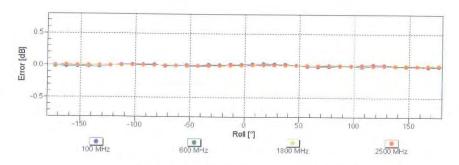
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August 20, 2015

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

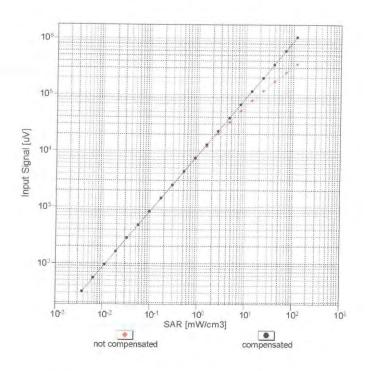
Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

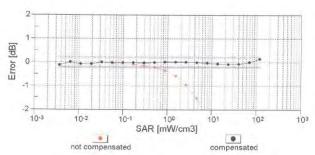
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August 20, 2015

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

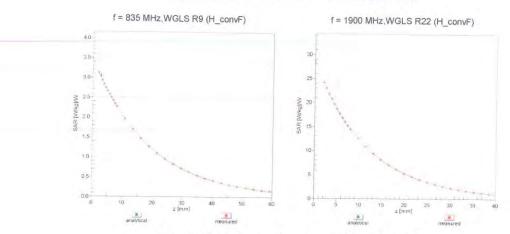
Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

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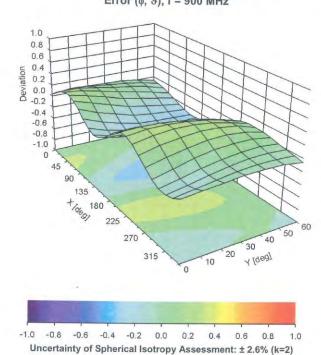
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ES3DV3- SN:3036 August 20, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Certificate No: ES3-3036_Aug15

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August 20, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3036

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	17.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

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Report No: RSZ160407013-20

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1599 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency: 835 MHz
Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014 Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 100 of 144

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

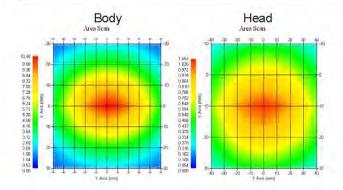
Length: 162.2 mm **Height:** 89.4 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- · SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528;2013 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- IEC-62209-1:2006 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
 Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209-2:2010 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
 Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- D28-002 Procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured		
Length	Height	Length		
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm	

Electrical Verification

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
lead	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω 🗆

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε _r	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

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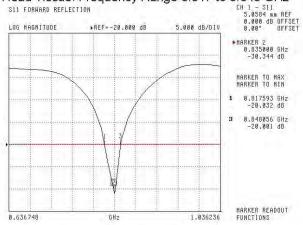
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

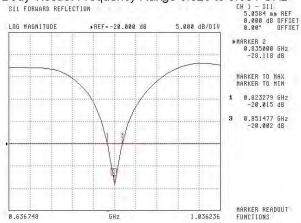
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head Tissue: Frequency Range 0.817 to 0.848 GHz



Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz

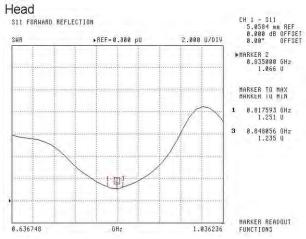


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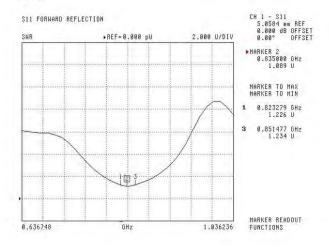
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SWR



Body

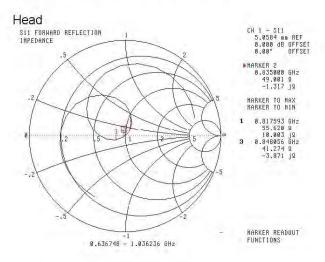


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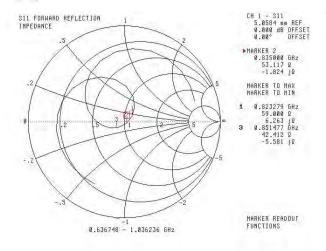
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



Body



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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

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Report No: RSZ160407013-20

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NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RSZ160407013-20

Calibration File No: DC-1531 Project Number: BACL-5745

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

BACL Head & Body Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1750-S-2
Frequency: 1750 MHz
Serial No: 198-00304

Customer: ISL

Calibrated: 8th October, 2013 Released on: 8th October, 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr, OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 198-00304 was an original calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Constantin Teodorian, Test Engineer

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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

SAR Evaluation Report 109 of 144

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

Length: 75 mm Height: 42 mm

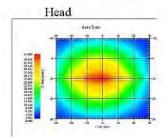
Electrical Calibration

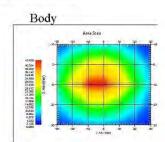
Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-25.567	-20.548 dB
SWR	1.111U	1.207 U
Impedance	53.637Ω	55.929 Ω

System Validation Results, 1750 MHz

W	1g	10g	
Head	37.02	18.99	Ī
Body	36.65	18.85	

Туре	Epsilon	Sigma	
Head	38.51	1.36	
Body	51.79	1.53	





This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-030 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 215.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure

SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)" IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 2 Draft: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"

Conditions

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, +/- \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue: $20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, +/- \, 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

This was an original calibration taken from stock.

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

Measured	Measured
Length	Height
75 mm	42 mm

Tissue Validation

Frequency	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Conductivity σ
1750 Head	38.23	1.38
1750 Body	52.86	1.54

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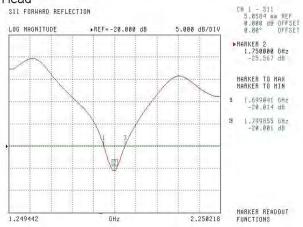
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Electrical Calibration

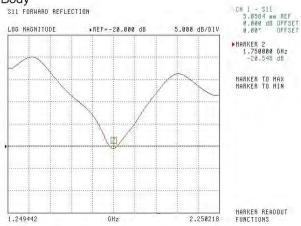
Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-25.567	-20.548 dB
SWR	1.111U	1.207 U
Impedance	53.637Ω	55.929 Ω

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer. **S11 Parameter Return Loss**

Head







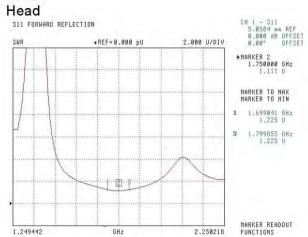
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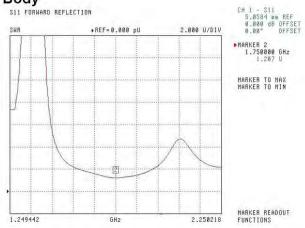
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SWR



Body



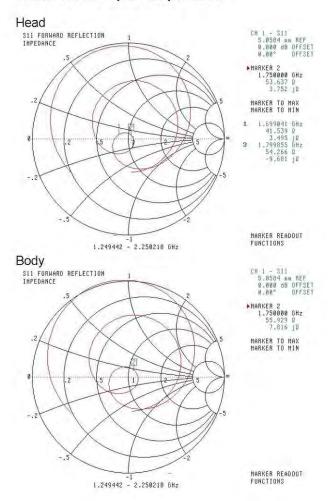
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SAR Evaluation Report

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RSZ160407013-20

Calibration File No: DC-1601 Project Number: BAC-dipole –cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

uite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

SAR Evaluation Report 117 of 144

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

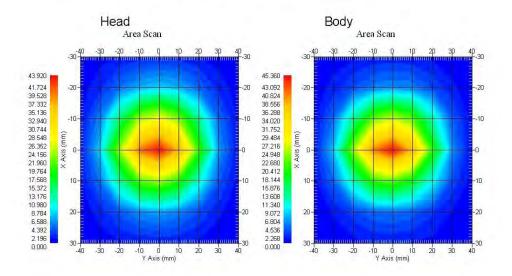
Length: 67.1 mm **Height:** 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528:2013 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- IEC-62209-1:2006 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
 Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209-2:2010 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
 Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- D28-002 Procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, 8r	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

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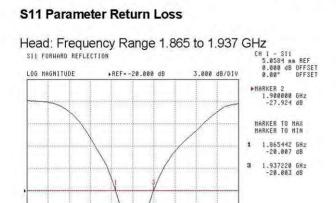
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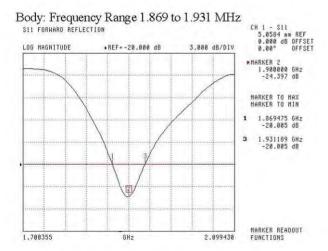
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

MARKER READOUT

1.697888



GHz

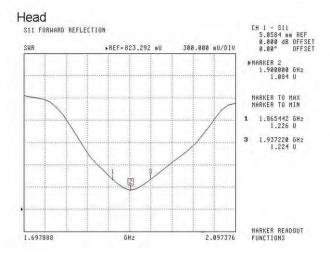


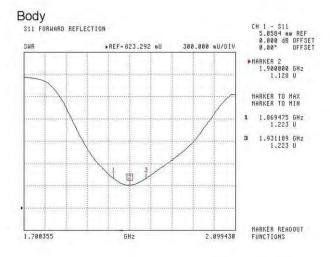
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SWR



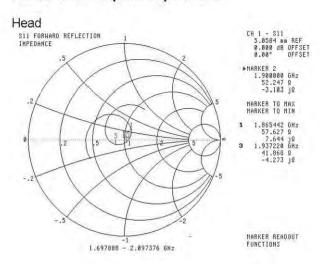


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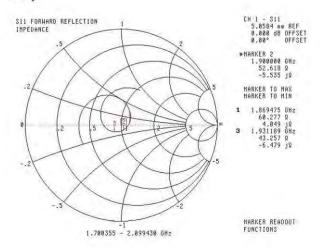
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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



Body



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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

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NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Report No: RSZ160407013-20

Calibration File No: DC-1602 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-2450-S-2
Frequency: 2450 MHz
Serial No: 220-00758

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 220-00758 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument Serial Number
Tektronix USB Power Meter 11C940
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C 002106

Cal due date May 14, 2015 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

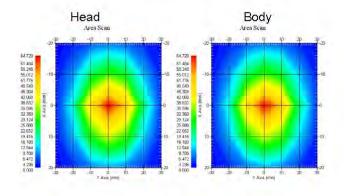
Length:52.4 mmHeight:30.3 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	2450 MHz	54.916	25.327	111.97
Body	2450 MHz	52.418	24.691	103.91



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Report No: RSZ160407013-20

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 220-00758. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure

SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)" IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 2 *Draft*: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"

Conditions

Dipole 220-00758 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical 1%
Positioning Error 1.22%
Electrical 1.7%
Tissue 2.2%
Dipole Validation 2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
51.5 mm	30.4 mm	52.4 mm	30.3 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, sr	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 2450MHz	37.26	1.84
Body Tissue 2450MHz	53.61	1.90

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

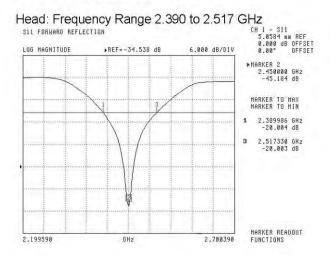
SAR Evaluation Report

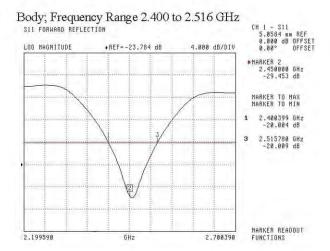
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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss



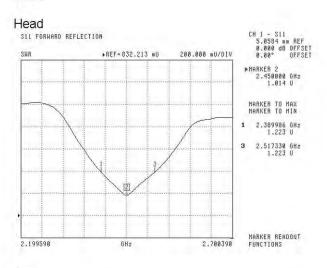


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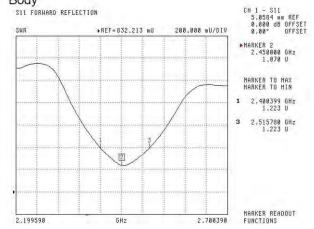
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SWR



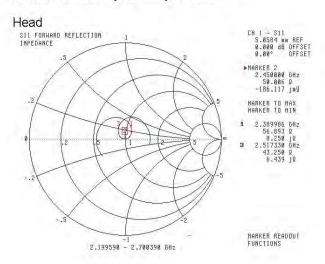


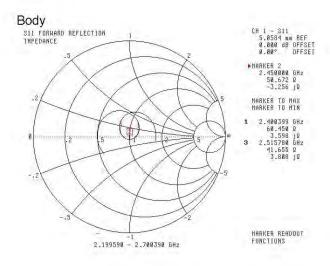


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Smith Chart Dipole Impedance





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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

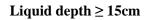
7

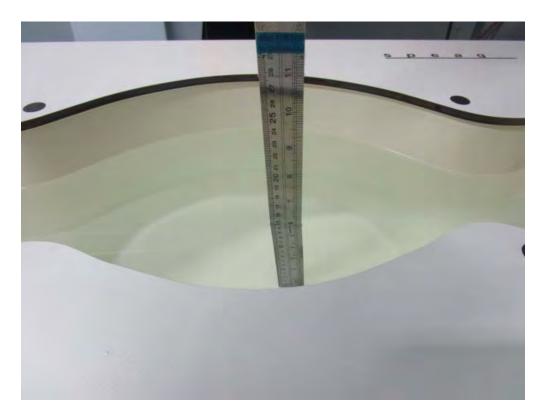
Report No: RSZ160407013-20

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APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS





Left Head Touch Setup Photo



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Left Head Tilt Setup Photo



Right Head Touch Setup Photo



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Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



Body-worn Back Setup Photo

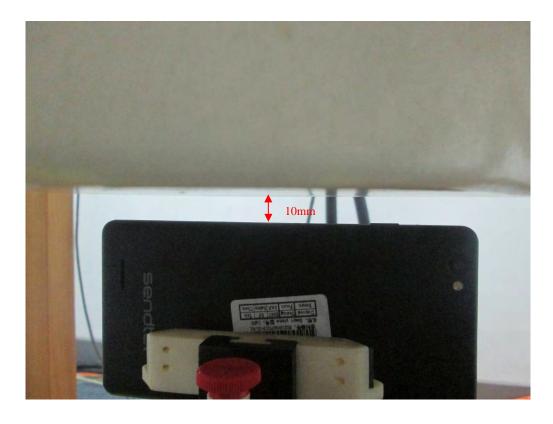


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Body-worn Left Setup Photo



Body-worn Right Setup Photo



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Body-worn Bottom Setup Photo



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APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Rear View



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EUT – Left Side View



EUT – Right Side View



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EUT – Top View



EUT – Bottom View



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EUT - Uncovered View



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APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

[1] Federal Communications Commission, \Report and order: Guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation", Tech. Rep. FCC 96-326, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1996.

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- [2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, \Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, O_ce of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.
- [3] Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Niels Kuster, \Automated E-_eld scanning system for dosimetricPage 144 of 144 assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp. 105{113, Jan. 1996.
- [4] Niels Kuster, Ralph K.astle, and Thomas Schmid, \Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision", IEICE Transactions on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, pp. 645{652, May 1997.
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- [6] ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.
- [7] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, \Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies", in ICECOM _ 97, Dubrovnik, October 15{17, 1997, pp. 120-24.
- [8] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, \E-field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23{25 June, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [9] Volker Hombach, Klaus Meier, Michael Burkhardt, Eberhard K. uhn, and Niels Kuster, \The depen-dence of EM energy absorption upon human head modeling at 900 MHz", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, no. 10, pp. 1865-1873, Oct. 1996.
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- [11] W. Gander, Computermathematik, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [12] W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling, and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recepies in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 9
- [13] NIS81 NAMAS, \The treatment of uncertainty in EMC measurement", Tech. Rep., NAMAS Executive, National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, Middlesex, England, 1994.
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***** END OF REPORT *****

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