APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	IP Micro Camera
Model	NPC-20012-F2WL W; NPC-20012-F2WL
Model Discrepancy	All the model numbers (list on this report) are identical, just for marketing purpose only except Color. Model Number Color NPC-20012-F2WL W White NPC-20012-F2WL Black
RF Module	TAITO YUDEN CO., LTD Model: WYSAAVDX7
Frequency band (Operating)	№ 802.11b/g/n HT20: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz802.11n HT40: 2.422GHz ~ 2.452GHzOthers
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation)☐ Mobile (>20cm separation)☐ Others
Exposure classification	 ☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)
Antenna Specification	2.4GHz: Antenna Gain: 0.20 dBi (Numeric gain 1.05)
Maximum Average output power	IEEE 802.11b Mode: 12.71 dBm (18.664 mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode: 6.00 dBm (3.981 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 Mode 6.14 dBm (4.111 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 Mode 5.72 dBm (3.733 mW)
Maximum Tune up Power	IEEE 802.11b Mode: 13.00 dBm (19.953 mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode: 7.00 dBm (5.012 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 Modε 7.00 dBm (5.012 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 Modε 7.00 dBm (5.012 mW)
Evaluation applied	MPE Evaluation*SAR EvaluationN/A

Date of Issue: April 11, 2014



Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Report No.: T140305D05-MF Date of Issue: April 11, 2014

Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	2014/04/11	Initial Issue	ALL	

Date of Issue: April 11, 2014

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{377}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = *Distance in meters*

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{377 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Report No.: T140305D05-MF Date of Issue: April 11, 2014

Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

IEEE 802.11b mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
1	2412	19.953	1.05	20	0.0042	1

IEEE 802.11g mode:

С	h.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
1	1	2412	5.012	1.05	20	0.0010	1

IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode:

	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
Γ	1	2412	5.012	1.05	20	0.0010	1

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode:

I	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
ſ	1	2412	5.012	1.05	20	0.0010	1