

# **RF Exposure Requirements**

## **General information:**

Applicant: JPS Communications, Inc.  
FCC ID: ZPRM3-UHF-450

Device category: Fixed per Part 2.1091

Environment: Uncontrolled Exposure

Fixed devices that operate under Part 90 of this chapter are subject to routine environmental evaluation for RF exposure prior to equipment authorization or use if they operate at frequencies of 1.5 GHz or below and their effective radiated power (ERP) is 1.5 watts or more. However, compliance with the power density limits of 1.1310 is not required.

## **Antenna:**

The manufacturer does not specify an antenna. A typical fix mounted antenna has a gain of 3 to 7 dBi.

This device has provisions for operation in fixed locations.

Configuration	Antenna p/n	Type	Max. Gain (dBi)
Fix	Any	omni	3 – 7

## **Operating configuration and exposure conditions:**

The conducted output power is 100 Watts. In repeater operation duty cycle can reach near 100 %. The manufacturer also markets this device only for occupation use. But, typical installations do not control exposure.

- Part 2.1091 states that devices are excluded from routine evaluation if the EIRP is less than 2.46Watt (or 1.5WERP).
- A typical fixed installation consists of an antenna system with a coaxial cable of the type RG 213/U which has a loss of 1.0 dB for a length of 30 feet at UHF frequencies. A repeater system typically uses outdoor structures for antenna mounting.

## **MPE Calculation:**

The minimum separation distance is calculated as follows:

The limit for uncontrolled exposure environment above 300 MHz is  $f/1500 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ .

Frequency: 450-470 MHz

The conducted power output is 100 watt.

The coax loss was taken as 1.5 dB.

Antenna gain was taken as 3 – 7 dBi

100% talk time in 30 minutes

Power Density =  $S = f/1500 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &:= 100 & \text{power in Watts} & & D &:= 1 & \text{Duty Factor in decimal \% (1=100\%)} \\
 & & \text{peak - antenna gain} & & & & 1 \text{ for FM} \\
 & & & & E &:= 30 & \text{exposure time in minutes} \\
 & & & & U &:= 30 & \text{(use 6 for controlled and 30 for uncontrolled)} \\
 W_{exp} &:= W \cdot D \cdot \left( \frac{E}{U} \right) & & & PC &:= \left( \frac{E}{U} \right) \cdot 100 & \\
 W_{exp} &= 100 & \text{Watts} & & PC &= 100 & \% \text{ on time}
 \end{aligned}$$


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$$\begin{aligned}
 P_o &:= 100000 \text{ mWatts} & f &:= 430 & \text{Frequency in MHz} \\
 dBd &:= 4.85 & \text{antenna gain in dBd} & & \\
 G1 &:= dBd + 2.15 & \text{gain in dBi} & S &:= \frac{f}{1500} & \text{power density limit for} \\
 & & & & & \text{uncontrolled exposure}
 \end{aligned}$$

$G1 = 7 \text{ dBi}$  47 CFR 1.1310

$CL := 1.5 \text{ dB coax loss}$

$$G := G1 - CL \quad S = 0.287 \quad \frac{\text{mW}}{\text{cm}^2}$$

$$Gn := 10^{\frac{G}{10}} \quad \text{gain numeric}$$

$$Gn = 3.548$$

$$R := \sqrt{\frac{(P_o \cdot Gn)}{(4 \cdot \pi \cdot S)}}$$

$R = 313.839 \text{ distance in centimeters}$   
required for compliance

$$\text{inches} := \frac{R}{2.54}$$

$$\text{inches} = 123.559$$

**Conclusion:**

The device complies with the MPE requirements when providing a safe separation distance of 3 m (123 inches) between the antenna, including any radiating structure, and any persons when normally operated.

The minimum safe operating distance between the public and the antenna should be at least 3.2 m (10 ft) when used with a 7 dBi antenna.