

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

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HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY

Applicant Name:

LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A. Inc. 1000 Sylvan Avenue Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632 United States Date of Testing: 08/11/2016 - 08/15/2016 Test Site/Location: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA Test Report Serial No.: 0Y1608121381-R1.ZNF

FCC ID: ZNFVS995

APPLICANT: LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A. INC.

Scope of Test: RF Emissions Testing Application Type: RF Emissions Testing Class II Permissive Change

FCC Rule Part(s): CFR §20.19(b)
HAC Standard: ANSI C63.19-2011
DUT Type: Portable Handset

Model(s): LG-VS995, LGVS995, VS995, LG-VS995S, LGVS995S, VS995S,

LG-US996, LGUS996, US996, LG-H990T, LGH990T, H990T

Test Device Serial No.: Pre-Production Sample [S/N: 11312]

Class II Permissive Change(s): See FCC Change Document

C63.19-2011 HAC Category: M4 (RF EMISSIONS CATEGORY)

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 0Y1608121381-R1.ZNF) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2011 and has been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.







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1. INTRODUCTION

On July 10, 2003, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted new rules requiring wireless manufacturers and service providers to provide digital wireless phones that are compatible with hearing aids. The FCC has modified the exemption for wireless phones under the Hearing Aid Compatibility Act of 1998 (HAC Act) in WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658¹ to extend the benefits of wireless telecommunications to individuals with hearing disabilities. These benefits encompass business, social and emergency communications, which increase the value of the wireless network for everyone. An estimated more than 10% of the population in the United States show signs of hearing impairment and of that fraction, almost 80% use hearing aids. Approximately 500 million people worldwide suffer from hearing loss.

Compatibility Tests Involved:

The standard calls for wireless communications devices to be measured for:

- RF Electric-field emissions
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal strength in the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal frequency response through the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal and noise articulation index

The hearing aid must be measured for:

- RF immunity in microphone mode
- RF immunity in T-coil mode

In the following tests and results, this report includes the evaluation for a wireless communications device.



Figure 1-1 Hearing Aid in-vitu

¹ FCC Rule & Order, WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658

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2. **DUT DESCRIPTION**



FCC ID: ZNFVS995

Manufacturer: LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A. Inc.

1000 Sylvan Avenue

Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632

United States

LG-VS995, LGVS995, VS995, LG-VS995S, LGVS995S, VS995S, Model(s):

LG-US996, LGUS996, US996, LG-H990T, LGH990T, H990T

Serial Number: 11312

Antenna Configurations: Ant 1 (CDMA BC0, WCDMA B5, LTE B5/12/13/17, GSM 850)

Ant 2 (CDMA BC1, WCDMA B2/4, LTE B2/4/25/66, GSM 1900)

Ant 3 (CDMA BC0 Diversity, LTE B5/12/13/17 Diversity)

HAC Test Configurations: Cell. CDMA, 1013, 384, 777, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off

> PCS CDMA, 25, 600, 1175, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off GSM 850, 128, 190, 251, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off

GSM 1900, 512, 661, 810, BT Off, WLAN Off, LTE Off

DUT Type: Portable Handset

I. Power Reduction for WLAN

This device uses an independent fixed level power reduction mechanism for WLAN operations during voice or VoIP held to ear scenarios. Reduced powers were used to evaluate for low-power exemption in Section 9.II for WLAN. Detailed descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the operational description.

II. LTE Band Selection

This device supports the following pairs of LTE bands with similar frequencies: LTE B2 & B25, LTE B12 & B17 and LTE B4 & B66. Each pair of LTE bands have the same target power and share the same transmission. Since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely covered by the larger LTE bands, only the larger LTE bands (LTE B25, LTE B12 and LTE B66) were evaluated for hearing-aid compliance.

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Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Type Transport	HAC Tested	Simultaneous But Not Tested	Voice over Digital Transport OTT Capability	Additional GSM Power Reduction
	835	VO	Yes	Yes: WIFI or BT	N/A	N/A
CDMA	1900	VO	162	Tes. WIFI OF BT	IN/A	IN/A
	EVDO	DT	No	Yes: WIFI or BT	Yes	N/A
	850	VO	Yes	Yes: WIFI or BT	N/A	No
GSM	1900	٧٥	162	TES. WIFT OF DT	IV/A	INU
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	No	Yes: WIFI or BT	Yes	No
	850					
UMTS	1700	VD	No ¹	Yes: WIFI or BT	N/A	N/A
OWITS	1900					
	HSPA	DT	No	Yes: WIFI or BT	Yes	N/A
	700 (B12)			Yes: WIFI or BT		
	700 (B17)				Yes	
	780 (B13)					
LTE (FDD)	850 (B5)	VD³	No ¹			N/A
LIE (IDD)	1700 (B4)	VD	INO	Tes. Will of bi		NyA
	1700 (B66)					
	1900 (B2)					
	1900 (B25)					
	2450					
	5200					
WIFI	5300	VD	No ^{1 2}	Yes: CDMA, GSM, UMTS, or LTE	Yes	N/A
	5500					
	5800	1				l
BT	2450	DT	No	Yes: CDMA, GSM, UMTS, or LTE	N/A	N/A
Type Transport			Notes:			

VO = Voice Only

1. Evaluated for MIF and low-power exemption.

DT = Digital Data - Not intended for CMRS Service 2. No associated T-coil measurement has been made in accordance with the guidance issued by OET in KDB VD = CMRS and Data Transport publication 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP.

3. The 3GPP VolTE CMRS service is defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92 for IP Voice Service and Digital Transport.

Table 2-1: ZNFVS995 HAC Air Interfaces

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3. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

I. RF EMISSIONS

The ANSI Standard presents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Category	Telephone RF Parameters		
Near field Category	E-field emissions CW dB(V/m)		
	f < 960 MHz		
M1	50 to 55		
M2	45 to 50		
М3	40 to 45		
M4	< 40		
	f > 960 MHz		
M1	40 to 45		
M2	35 to 40		
М3	30 to 35		
M4	< 30		
Table 3-1 WD near-field categories as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011			

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4. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

ER3DV6 E-Field Probe Description

Construction: One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

Calibration: In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz

(absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)

Frequency: 100 MHz to > 6 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m

(M3 or better device readings fall well below diode

compression point)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



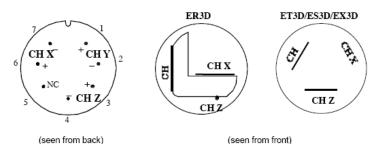
Figure 4-1E-field Free-space
Probe

Probe Tip Description

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

The electric field probes have an irregular internal geometry because it is physically not possible to have the 3 orthogonal sensors situated with the same center. The effect of the different sensor centers is accounted for in the HAC uncertainty budget ("sensor displacement"). Their geometric center is at 2.5mm from the tip, and the element ends are 1.1mm closer to the tip.

Connector Plan



The antistatic shielding inside the probe is connected to the probe connector case.

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Instrumentation Chain

Equation 1

Conversion of Connector Voltage u, to E-Field E,

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{u_i + (u_i^2 \cdot CF)/(DCP)}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

whereby

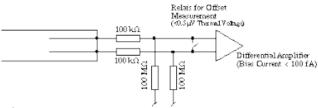
E_i: electric field in V/m

 u_i : voltage of channel i at the connector in μV Norm: sensitivity of channel i in $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ enhancement factor in liquid (ConvF=1 for Air)

DCP: diode compression point in μV

CF: signal crest factor (peak power/average power)

Conditions of Calibration

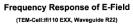


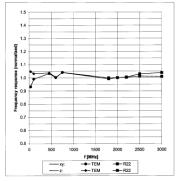
Please note:

- a lower input impedance of the amplifier will result in different sensitivity factors Norm, and DCP
- · larger bias currents will cause higher offset

Probe Response to Frequency

The E-field sensors have inherently a very flat frequency response. They are calibrated with a number of frequencies resulting in a common calibration factor, with the frequency behavior documented in the calibration certificate (See also below).





Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Figure 4-2 E-Field Probe Frequency Response

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SPEAG Robotic System

E-field measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel CORE i7 computer, nearfield probe, probe alignment sensor, and the HAC phantom. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).



Figure 4-3 SPEAG Robotic System

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the computer with operating system and RF Measurement Software DASY5 v52.8 (with HAC Extension), A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

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System Electronics

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

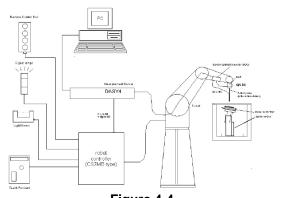


Figure 4-4 SPEAG Robotic System Diagram

DASY5 Instrumentation Chain

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{with} & V_i & = \text{compensated signal of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ & U_i & = \text{input signal of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ & cf & = \text{crest factor of exciting field} & (\text{DASY parameter}) \\ & dcp_i & = \text{diode compression point} & (\text{DASY parameter}) \end{array}$

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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\mathbf{E} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

(i = x, v, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

= sensitivity enhancement in solution

= electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

The measurement/integration time per point, as specified by the system manufacturer is >500ms.

The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/off switch of the power source with an integration time of 500ms and a probe response time of <5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY5 waits longer than 100ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization. The tolerances for the different systems had the worst-case of 2.6%.

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5. TEST PROCEDURE

I. RF EMISSIONS

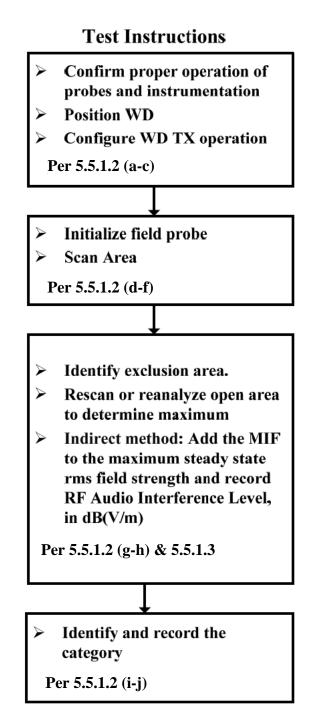


Figure 5-1 RF Emissions Flow Chart

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Test Setup

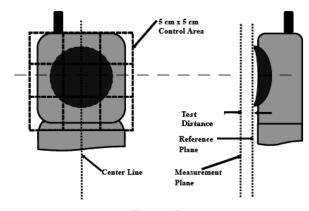


Figure 5-2
E-Field Emissions Test Setup Diagram (See Test Photographs for actual WD scan grid overlay)

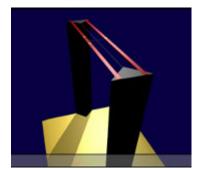


Figure 5-3 HAC Phantom

RF Emissions Test Procedure:

The following illustrate a typical RF emissions test scan over a wireless communications device:

- 1. Proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed.
- 2. WD is positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.
- 3. The WD operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and confirmed with the base station simulator, at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test.
- 4. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The WD audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.
- 5. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the HAC Phantom.
- 6. The measurement system measured the field strength at the reference location.
- 7. Measurements at 2mm or 5mm increments in the 5 x 5 cm region were performed at a distance 15 mm from the center point of the probe measurement element to the WD. A 360° rotation about the azimuth axis at the maximum interpolated position was measured. For the worst-case condition, the peak reading from this rotation was used in re-evaluating the HAC category.
- 8. The system performed a drift evaluation by measuring the field at the reference location. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the HAC test and drift measurements were repeated.

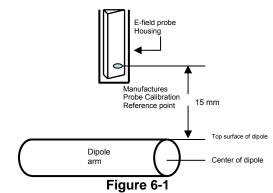
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SYSTEM CHECK 6.

System Check Parameters

The input signal was an un-modulated continuous wave. The following points were taken into consideration in performing this check:

- Average Input Power P = 100mW RMS (20dBm RMS) after adjustment for return loss
- The test fixture must meet the 2 wavelength separation criterion
- The proper measurement of the 15 mm probe to dipole separation, which is measured from top surface of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the sensor, defined by the probe manufacturer is shown in the following diagram:



Separation Distance from Dipole to Field Probe

RF power was recorded using both an average reading meter and a peak reading meter. Readings of the probe are provided by the measurement system.

To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the dipole shall be commensurate with the full rated output power of the wireless device [e.g. - for a cellular phone wireless device the average peak antenna input power will be on the order of 100mW (20dBm) RMS] after adjustment for any mismatch.

II. Validation Procedure

A dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in C63.19 was placed in the position normally occupied by the WD.

The length of the dipole was scanned, and the average peak value was recorded.

Measurement of CW

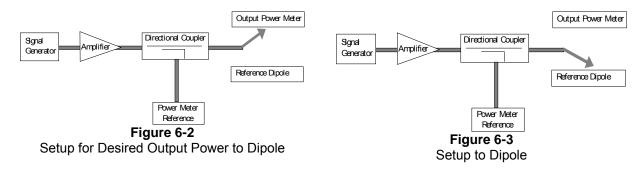
Using the near-field measurement system, scan the antenna over the radiating dipole and record the greatest field reading observed. Due to the nature of E-fields about free-space dipoles, the two E-field peaks measured over the dipole are averaged to compensate for non-parallelity of the setup (see manufacturer method on dipole calibration certificates, page 2). Field strength measurements shall be made only when the probe is stationary.

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REV 3.1.M

RF power was recorded using both an average and a peak power reading meter.



Using this setup configuration, the signal generator was adjusted for the desired output power (100mW) at a specified frequency. The reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler is recorded. Next, the output cable is connected to the reference dipole, as shown in Figure 6-3.

The input signal level was adjusted until the reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler was the same as previously recorded, to compensate for the impedance mismatch between the output cable and the reference dipole. To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the reference dipole was verified to the full rated output power of the wireless device. The dipole was secured in a holder in a manner to meet the 20 dB reflection. The near-field measurement probe was positioned over the dipole. The antenna was scanned over the appropriate sized area to cover the dipole from end to end. SPEAG uses 2D interpolation algorithms between the measured points. Please see below two dimensional plots showing that the interpolated values interpolate smoothly between 5mm steps for a free-space RF dipole:



2-D Raw Data from scan along dipole axis

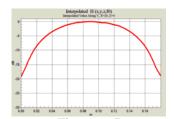
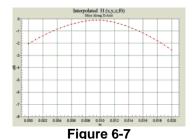


Figure 6-5
2-D Interpolated points from scan along dipole axis



2-D Raw Data from scan along transverse axis



2-D Interpolated points from scan along transverse axis

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III. System Check Results

Validation Results

Frequency (MHz)	Dipole S/N	Input Power (dBm)	E-field Result (V/m)	Target Field (V/m)	% Deviation
835	1082	20.0	106.2	106.8	-0.6%
1880	1064	20.0	89.9	89.6	0.3%

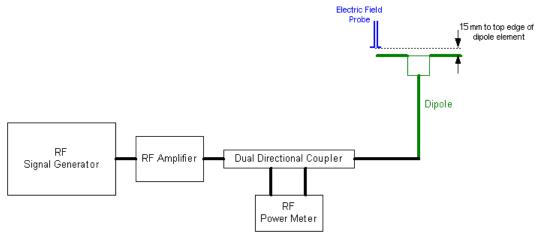


Figure 6-8 System Check Setup

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MODULATION INTERFERENCE FACTOR 7.

I. Measuring Modulation Interference Factors

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be determined that relates its interference potential to its steady-state RMS signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. The MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic; any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

The MIF may be determined using a radiated RF field or a conducted RF signal:

- a. Using RF illumination or conducted coupling, apply the specific modulated signal in question to the measurement system at a level within its confirmed operating dynamic range.
- b. Measure the steady-state RMS level at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- c. Measure the steady-state average level at the weighting output.
- d. Without changing the square-law detector or weighting system, and using RF illumination or conducted coupling, substitute for the specific modulated signal a 1 kHz, 80% amplitude modulated carrier at the same frequency and adjust its strength until the level at the weighting output equals the step c) measurement.
- e. Without changing the carrier level from step d), remove the 1 kHz modulation and again measure the steady-state RMS level indicated at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- The MIF for the specific modulation characteristic is provided by the ratio of the step e) measurement to the step b) measurement, expressed in dB (20 × logf(step e)/(step b)]).

The following procedure was used to measure the MIF using the SPEAG Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA), Type No: SE UMS 170 CB, Serial No.: 1010:

- 1. The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator or set to transmit using test software for a given mode.
- 2. The device was then set to continuously transmit at maximum power.
- 3. Using a coupler if needed, the device output signal was connected to the RF In port of the AIA, which was connected to a desktop computer. Alternatively, a radiated RF signal may be used with the AIA's built-in antenna.
- 4. The MIF measurement procedure in the DASY software was run, and the resulting MIF value was recorded.
- Steps 1-4 were repeated for all CMRS air interfaces, frequency bands, and modulations.

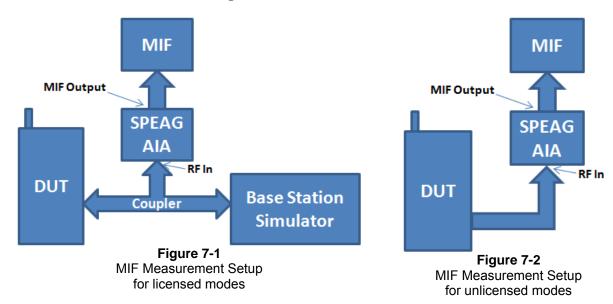
The modulation interference factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device in order to obtain an accurate audio interference level reading using the formula:

Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)] = 20 * log[Raw Field Value (V/m)] + MIF (dB)

Because the MIF value is output power independent, MIF values for a given mode should be constant across all devices; however, per C63.19-2011 §D.7, MIF values should be measured for each device being evaluated. The voice modes for this device have been investigated in this section of the report.

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II. MIF Measurement Block Diagrams



III. Measured Modulation Interference Factors:

Mode		Cell					
		1013	384	777	25	600	1175
CDMA	RC1/SO3	3.08	3.03	3.10	3.11	3.04	3.06
CDIVIA	RC3/SO3	-19.78	-18.93	-19.82	-18.72	-18.30	-16.49

Table 7-1CDMA Modulation Interference Factors¹

Mode		GSM850			GSM1900	
	128	190	251	512	661	810
GSM	3.53	3.53	3.54	3.53	3.54	3.54

Table 7-2GSM Modulation Interference Factors¹

Mode			UMTS V			UMTS IV			UMTS II	
		4132 4183 4233		1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538	
UMTS	12.2 kbps RMC	-23.53	-22.11	-23.11	-22.99	-23.71	-23.55	-23.51	-24.56	-23.95
UNITS	12.2 kbps AMR	-23.62	-22.11	-23.78	-22.98	-23.81	-23.65	-24.10	-24.99	-24.07

Table 7-3UMTS Modulation Interference Factors¹

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

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REV 3.1.M

LTE Band	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MIF [dB]
5	836.5	20525	10	16QAM	1	0	-9.81
12	707.5	23095	10	16QAM	1	0	-10.56
13	782.0	23230	10	16QAM	1	0	-9.61
25	1882.5	26365	20	16QAM	1	0	-9.66
66	1745.0	132322	20	16QAM	1	0	-10.20
13	782.0	23230	10	QPSK	1	0	-13.48
13	782.0	23230	10	16QAM	1	25	-9.73
13	782.0	23230	10	16QAM	1	49	-9.78
13	782.0	23230	10	16QAM	25	0	-15.83
13	782.0	23230	10	16QAM	50	0	-15.67
13	782.0	23230	5	16QAM	1	0	-9.63

Table 7-4 LTE FDD Modulation Interference Factors^{1,3}

	802.11	lb MIF Mea	asurement	802.11b MIF Measurements [dB]						
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]								
	1	1 2 5.5 11								
802.11b	-16.87	-16.34	-12.76	-12.57						

Table 7-5 802.11b (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	802.11g MIF Measurements [dB]										
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]									
	6	6 9 12 18 24 36 48 54									
802.11g	-14.41	-13.55	-13.26	-12.78	-11.78	-11.42	-10.81	-11.59			

Table 7-6 802.11g (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	802.11g MIF Measurements [dB]									
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]								
	12	12 18 24 36 24 72 96 108								
802.11g	-14.07	-13.39	-13.32	-12.28	-11.62	-11.29	-11.32	-11.10		

Table 7-7 802.11g (2.4GHz, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

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¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

² Note: WLAN MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

³ Note: All LTE bands were found to have substantially similar MIF values given similar RB and BW configurations.

		802.11n (2.4GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]									
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]									
	6.5	6.5 13 19.5 26 39 52 58.5 65									
802.11n	-14.43	-13.45	-12.75	-12.02	-11.63	-11.22	-11.28	-11.35			

Table 7-8

802.11n (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		802.11n (2.4GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]									
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]									
	13	13 26 39 52 78 104 117 130									
802.11n	-13.91	-12.91	-12.26	-11.41	-11.04	-10.79	-10.84	-10.91			

Table 7-9

802.11n (2.4GHz, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		802.11ac MIF Measurements [dB]									
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]									
	6.5	6.5 13 19.5 26 39 52 58.5 65 78							78		
802.11ac	-11.33	-13.40	-12.71	-11.94	-11.49	-11.26	-11.24	-11.34	-11.55		

Table 7-10

802.11ac (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

			8	02.11ac M	IF Measure	ements [dE	3]			
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]								
	13	13 26 39 52 78 104 117 130 156								
802.11ac	-14.00	-12.86	-12.27	-11.50	-10.97	-10.75	-10.83	-10.96	-11.13	

Table 7-11

802.11ac (2.4GHz, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		802.11a MIF Measurements [dB]									
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]									
	6	6 9 12 18 24 36 48 54									
802.11a	-14.79	-13.86	-13.74	-13.03	-12.20	-11.71	-11.21	-11.86			

Table 7-12

802.11a (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	802.11a MIF Measurements [dB]									
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]								
	12	12 18 24 36 48 72 96 108								
802.11a	-14.85	-13.88	-13.40	-12.80	-11.71	-11.45	-10.68	-11.70		

Table 7-13

802.11a (5GHz, 20MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		20M	1z BW 802	.11n (5GHz) MIF Mea	surements	[dB]			
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]								
	6.5	6.5 13 19.5 26 39 52 58.5 65								
802.11n	-14.69	-13.74	-13.08	-12.30	-11.92	-11.56	-11.57	-11.68		

Table 7-14

802.11n (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

² Note: WLAN MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

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¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

		20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]											
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]											
	13	13 26 36 52 78 104 117 130											
802.11n	-11.63	11.63 -13.56 -13.00 -12.11 -11.68 -11.44 -11.48 -11.58											

Table 7-15

802.11n (5GHz, 20MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		20MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]											
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]											
	6.5	6.5 13 19.5 26 39 52 58.5 65 78											
802.11ac	-14.68	-13.68	-13.00	-12.29	-11.77	-11.55	-11.52	-11.62	-11.71				

Table 7-16

802.11ac (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		20MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]											
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]											
	13	13 26 36 52 78 104 117 130 156											
802.11ac	-14.51	-13.55	-12.93	-12.13	-11.67	-11.42	-11.42	-11.51	-11.73				

Table 7-17

802.11ac (5GHz, 20MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]											
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]											
	13.5	13.5 27 40.5 54 81 108 121.5 135											
802.11n	-13.83	-12.49	-11.93	-11.47	-10.98	-10.88	-10.90	-10.98					

Table 7-18

802.11n (5GHz, 40MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]											
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]											
	27	27 54 81 108 162 216 243 270											
802.11n	-13.83	-12.48	-11.89	-11.42	-10.95	-10.83	-10.93	-11.00					

Table 7-19

802.11n (5GHz, 40MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		40MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]										
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]										
	13.5	13.5 27 40.5 54 81 108 121.5 135 162 180										
802.11ac	-13.71	-12.63	-11.88	-11.51	-10.94	-10.81	-10.83	-10.92	-9.63	-11.49		

Table 7-20

802.11ac (5GHz, 40MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors 1,2

² Note: WLAN MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

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¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

		40MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]											
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]											
	27 54 81 108 162 216 243 270 324 360									360			
802.11ac	-13.63	-12.60	-11.82	-11.50	-10.96	-10.78	-10.84	-10.93	-9.75	-11.49			

Table 7-21

802.11ac (5GHz, 40MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		80MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]										
Mode		Data Rate [Mbps]										
	29.3	29.3 58.5 87.8 117 175.5 234 263.3 292.5 351 390										
802.11ac	-12.98	-11.77	-11.31	-11.00	-11.49	-12.34	-12.61	-12.71	-13.53	-13.84		

Table 7-22

802.11ac (5GHz, 80MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		80MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]										
Mod	е	Data Rate [Mbps]										
	58	58.5 117 175.5 234 351 468 526.5 585 702 780									780	
802.11	1ac -12	2.91	-11.75	-11.32	-11.10	-11.55	-12.30	-12.50	-12.86	-13.44	-13.74	

Table 7-23

802.11ac (5GHz, 80MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors 1,2

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¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

² Note: WLAN MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

8. RF CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS

I. Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for HAC Testing

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing HAC and are recommended for evaluating HAC. Measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator.

II. HAC Measurement Conditions

Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels for all applicable air interfaces. See Table 8-1 for air interface specific settings of transmit power parameters.

Air Interfece:	Deremeter Neme:	Doromotor Cot To:
Air Interface:	Parameter Name:	Parameter Set To:
CDMA	Power Control Bits	"All Up"
GSM	PCL	GSM850: "5"; GSM1900: "0"
UMTS	TPC	"All 1's"
LTE	TPC	"Max Power"
WLAN	Mfr Configured	Mfr Specified

Table 8-1
Power Control Parameters and Settings by Air Interface

III. Setup Used to Measure RF Conducted Powers

Power measurements for licensed modes were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power. Power measurements for unlicensed modes were performed using a power meter and power sensor.

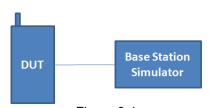


Figure 8-1
Power Measurement Setup for licensed modes

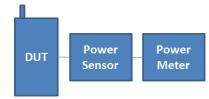


Figure 8-2
Power Measurement Setup for unlicensed modes

IV. CDMA Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	Frequency	SO2 [dBm]	SO2 [dBm]	SO2 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO9 [dBm]	SO9 [dBm]	SO3 [dBm]	SO3 [dBm]	SO3 [dBm]
	F-RC	MHz	RC1	RC3	RC4	RC1	RC3	RC2	RC5	RC1	RC3	RC4
	1013	824.7	24.61	24.52	24.68	24.69	24.63	24.58	24.55	24.64	24.68	24.69
Cellular	384	836.52	24.66	24.57	24.59	24.67	24.68	24.65	24.63	24.70	24.65	24.70
	777	848.31	24.59	24.68	24.55	24.63	24.61	24.66	24.70	24.66	24.64	24.60
	25	1851.25	24.61	24.60	24.63	24.63	24.66	24.56	24.65	24.60	24.65	24.57
PCS	600	1880	24.64	24.58	24.59	24.62	24.62	24.61	24.65	24.62	24.59	24.70
	1175	1908.75	24.57	24.68	24.70	24.61	24.70	24.62	24.69	24.58	24.67	24.67

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V. GSM Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	[dBm] CS (1 Slot)
	128	33.60
GSM 850	190	33.65
	251	33.61
	512	30.62
GSM 1900	661	30.68
	810	30.60

VI. UMTS Conducted Powers

Mode	Cellu	lar Band	[dBm]	AW	S Band [d	Bm]	PCS	Band [d	Bm]
	4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538
12.2 kbps RMC	24.45	24.63	24.35	24.60	24.70	24.60	24.50	24.50	24.62
12.2 kbps AMR	24.35	24.58	24.45	24.15	24.09	24.12	24.50	24.60	24.40

VII. **LTE Conducted Powers**

a. LTE Band 12

Table 8-2 LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers - 10MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 12 10 MHz Bandwidth								
			Mid Channel						
Madalada	DD 0'	DD 0%1	23095	MPR Allowed per	MDD (JD)				
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	(707.5 MHz)	3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			Conducted Power [dBm]						
	1	0	24.62		0				
	1	25	24.65	0	0				
	1	49	24.70		0				
QPSK	25	0	23.26	0-1	1				
	25	12	23.20		1				
	25	25	23.22		1				
	50	0	23.18		1				
	1	0	23.13		1				
	1	25	22.94	0-1	1				
	1	49	23.36		1				
16QAM	25	0	22.22		2				
	25	12	22.21	0-2	2				
	25	25	22.26	0-2	2				
ı	50	0	22.10		2				

Note: Since LTE Band 12 at 10MHz bandwidth does not support 3 non-overlapping channels, conducted power measurements were made only on the middle channel.

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Table 8-3 LTE Band 12 (707 5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

		L Danu	12 (101.31VII 12)	Conducted P	OWEIS - SIVII	iz Bandwidth	
				LTE Band 12 5 MHz Bandwidth			
		1	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23035 (701.5 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23155 (713.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1		
	1	0	24.69	24.69	24.66		0
	1	12	24.69	24.69	24.69	0	0
	1	24	24.69	24.68	24.64		0
QPSK	12	0	23.22	23.09	23.02		1
	12	6	23.24	23.14	23.35	1 01	1
	12	13	22.86	23.26	23.47	0-1	1
	25	0	23.17	23.21	23.39		1
	1	0	23.59	23.31	23.35		1
	1	12	23.59	23.15	23.50	0-1	1
	1	24	23.45	23.21	23.44		1
16QAM	12	0	22.27	22.15	22.07		2
	12	6	22.31	22.11	22.39	0-2	2
	12	13	21.88	22.41	22.49	0-2	2
	25	0	22.17	22.30	22.30		2

Table 8-4 LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 12 (707.5MHZ) Conducted Powers – 3MHZ Bandwidth									
	LTE Band 12									
			1	3 MHz Bandwidth	1					
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23025 (700.5 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23165 (714.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
				Conducted Power [dBm						
	1	0	24.69	24.62	24.69		0			
	1	7	24.66	24.61	24.65	0	0			
	1	14	24.67	24.68	24.67		0			
QPSK	8	0	23.00	23.09	23.34	0-1	1			
	8	4	22.89	23.16	23.22		1			
	8	7	22.89	22.99	23.24	0-1	1			
	15	0	23.12	23.11	23.35		1			
	1	0	23.60	23.18	23.19		1			
	1	7	23.30	22.74	23.40	0-1	1			
	1	14	23.56	23.41	23.31		1			
16QAM	8	0	22.06	22.10	22.33		2			
	8	4	22.15	21.99	22.30	0-2	2			
	8	7	22.19	21.98	22.14		2			
	15	0	22.24	22.03	22.14		2			

Table 8-5 LTE Band 12 (707.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 1.4MHz Bandwidth

			. (LTE Band 12		TIZ Banawiatii	
				1.4 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23017 (699.7 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23173 (715.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				Conducted Power [dBm	i]		
	1	0	24.68	24.64	24.58		0
	1	2	24.67	24.69	24.62		0
	1	5	24.68	24.68	24.68	0	0
QPSK	3	0	24.38	24.42	24.47		0
	3	2	24.41	24.48	24.42		0
	3	3	24.27	24.16	24.40		0
	6	0	23.01	22.94	23.17	0-1	1
	1	0	23.07	22.77	23.11		1
	1	2	23.08	23.08	23.31		1
	1	5	23.14	22.76	23.04	0-1	1
16QAM	3	0	22.95	22.94	23.13] "-"	1
	3	2	23.04	22.98	22.98	-	1
	3	3	22.99	22.75	23.15		1
	6	0	21.99	21.96	22.16	0-2	2

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b. LTE Band 13

Table 8-6
LTE Band 13 (780.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 10MHz Bandwidth

			LTE Band 13 10 MHzBandwidth		
			Mid Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23230 (782.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	24.27		0
	1	25	24.36	0	0
	1	49	24.68		0
QPSK	25	0	23.06	0-1	1
	25	12	22.93		1
	25	25	23.12		1
	50	0	23.05		1
	1	0	23.31		1
	1	25	22.92	0-1	1
	1	49	22.90		1
16QAM	25	0	21.99		2
	25	12	22.12	0-2	2
	25	25	21.95	0-2	2
	50	0	21.80		2

Table 8-7 LTE Band 13 (780.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 13 5 MHzBandwidth									
			Mid Channel							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23230 (782.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]					
			Conducted Power [dBm]							
	1	0	24.62		0					
	1	12	24.63	0	0					
	1	24	24.65		0					
QPSK	12	0	23.04		1					
	12	6	22.87	0-1	1					
	12	13	23.21	0-1	1					
	25	0	22.94		1					
	1	0	22.99		1					
	1	12	23.03	0-1	1					
	1	24	23.22		1					
16QAM	12	0	21.99		2					
	12	6	22.06	0-2	2					
	12	13	22.20	0-2	2					
	25	0	22.02		2					

Note: Since LTE Band 13 at 5MHz bandwidth does not support 3 non-overlapping channels, conducted power measurements were made only on the middle channel.

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c. LTE Band 5

Table 8-8 LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 10MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 5 (Cell) 10 MHz Bandwidth									
			Mid Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20525 (836.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			Conducted Power [dBm]	00:: [a2]					
	1	0	24.50		0				
	1	25	24.68	0	0				
QPSK	1	49	24.47		0				
	25	0	23.59		1				
	25	12	23.35	0-1	1				
	25	25	23.22	0-1	1				
	50	0	23.08		1				
	1	0	23.18		1				
	1	25	23.02	0-1	1				
	1	49	23.28		1				
16QAM	25	0	22.06		2				
	25	12	22.02	0-2	2				
	25	25	22.09	0-2	2				
	50	0	22.01		2				

Note: Since LTE Band 5 at 10MHz bandwidth does not support 3 non-overlapping channels, conducted power measurements were made only on the middle channel.

Table 8-9 LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

	LTE Band 5 (Cell) 5 MHz Bandwidth								
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel				
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20425 (826.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20625 (846.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]		
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]				
	1	0	24.54	24.55	24.47		0		
	1	12	24.55	24.55	24.54	0	0		
	1	24	24.50	24.51	24.55		0		
QPSK	12	0	23.16	23.21	23.21	0-1	1		
	12	6	23.09	23.25	23.11		1		
	12	13	23.19	23.21	23.05		1		
	25	0	23.08	23.17	23.15		1		
	1	0	23.16	23.19	23.19		1		
	1	12	23.25	23.12	23.13	0-1	1		
	1	24	23.11	23.08	23.20		1		
16QAM	12	0	22.34	21.78	22.24		2		
	12	6	22.27	22.14	22.16	0-2	2		
	12	13	22.06	22.11	22.13		2		
	25	0	22.20	22.06	22.08	1	2		

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Table 8-10 LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth

		LIL Daile	1 3 (030.3IVII 12) Conducted Po	JWEIS - JIVII IZ	Danawiatii	
				LTE Band 5 (Cell)			
				3 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20415 (825.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20635 (847.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.47	24.53	24.55		0
	1	7	24.64	24.49	24.55	0	0
	1	14	24.55	24.55	24.55		0
QPSK	8	0	23.31	23.00	23.12		1
	8	4	23.20	23.31	23.42	0-1	1
	8	7	23.12	23.23	23.30		1
	15	0	23.19	23.11	23.30		1
	1	0	23.28	23.28	23.17		1
	1	7	23.32	23.31	23.26	0-1	1
	1	14	23.34	23.06	23.14		1
16QAM	8	0	22.56	22.05	22.08		2
•	8	4	22.43	22.15	22.22	1 00	2
	8	7	22.36	22.22	22.28	0-2	2
	15	0	22.48	22.22	22.21		2

Table 8-11 LTE Band 5 (836.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 1.4MHz Bandwidth

		- I L Dalla	3 (030.3WII IZ)	Conducted Po	WEIS - 1.4 WII 12	2 Danawiath				
				LTE Band 5 (Cell)						
	1.4 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20407	20525	20643	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]			
		112 011001	(824.7 MHz)	(836.5 MHz)	(848.3 MHz)	3GPP [dB]	[]			
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	24.54	24.46	24.55		0			
	1	2	24.52	24.54	24.55	0	0			
	1	5	24.55	24.55	24.55		0			
QPSK	3	0	24.37	24.26	24.30		0			
	3	2	24.48	24.31	24.23		0			
	3	3	24.40	24.38	24.29		0			
	6	0	23.22	23.25	23.27	0-1	1			
	1	0	23.25	23.34	23.31		1			
	1	2	23.28	23.29	23.28	1 [1			
	1	5	23.55	23.31	23.33	0-1	1			
16QAM	3	0	23.49	23.25	23.32]	1			
	3	2	23.35	23.26	23.25	- -	1			
•	3	3	23.59	23.26	23.33		1			
	6	0	22.62	22.33	22.33	0-2	2			

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d. LTE Band 66

Table 8-12 LTE Band 66 (1745-0MHz) Conducted Powers – 20MHz Bandwidth

ETE Band 00 (1745.0WHZ) Conducted Fowers - 20WHZ Bandwidth									
				LTE Band 66 (AWS)					
				20 MHz Bandwidth					
			Low Channel	, and the second					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	132072 (1720.0 MHz)	132208 (1745.0 MHz)	132572 (1770.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]		
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]				
	1	0	24.99	24.99	24.90		0		
	1	50	24.41	24.99	25.00	0	0		
	1	99	24.97	24.96	24.98] [0		
QPSK	50	0	23.78	23.70	23.79	0-1	1		
	50	25	23.60	23.69	23.69		1		
	50	50	23.69	23.70	23.74		1		
	100	0	23.68	23.66	23.66	1	1		
	1	0	23.46	23.48	23.53		1		
	1	50	23.63	23.52	23.53	0-1	1		
	1	99	23.48	23.41	23.32	1	1		
16QAM	50	0	22.76	22.69	22.71		2		
	50	25	22.53	22.54	22.51	0.0	2		
	50	50	22.70	22.65	22.61	0-2	2		
	100	0	22.57	22.63	22.58	1	2		

Table 8-13 LTE Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers - 15MHz Bandwidth

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	oonaastoa i		Banama	
				LTE Band 66 (AWS) 15 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	132047 (1717.5 MHz)	132208 (1745.0 MHz)	132597 (1772.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.99	24.93	24.99		0
	1	36	25.00	24.96	24.97	0 0-1	0
	1	74	25.00	25.00	25.00		0
QPSK	36	0	23.62	23.66	23.60		1
	36	18	23.56	23.64	23.58		1
	36	37	23.76	23.52	23.59		1
	75	0	23.56	23.56	23.56		1
	1	0	23.67	23.09	23.51		1
	1	36	23.53	23.26	23.39	0-1	1
	1	74	23.63	23.22	23.45	1	1
16QAM	36	0	22.66	22.66	22.60		2
	36	18	22.62	22.65	22.61	0-2	2
	36	37	22.74	22.54	22.68		2
	75	0	22.60	22.62	22.63	1	2

Table 8-14 LTE Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers - 10MHz Bandwidth

			111 10101111111	Conducted i		Banania	= =		
LTE Band 66 (AWS) 10 MHz Bandwidth									
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel				
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	132022 (1715.0 MHz)	132208 (1745.0 MHz)	132622 (1775.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]		
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]				
	1	0	25.00	25.00	24.92		0		
	1	25	24.98	24.96	24.96	0	0		
	1	49	25.00	24.92	24.99		0		
QPSK	25	0	23.45	23.29	23.52	0-1	1		
	25	12	23.51	23.34	23.53		1		
	25	25	23.56	23.30	23.39		1		
	50	0	23.53	23.30	23.45		1		
	1	0	23.36	23.60	23.97		1		
	1	25	23.37	23.20	23.51	0-1	1		
	1	49	23.52	23.73	23.79		1		
16QAM	25	0	22.44	22.37	22.48		2		
	25	12	22.53	22.44	22.55	0-2	2		
	25	25	22.54	22.40	22.46		2		
	50	0	22.48	22.37	22.39		2		

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Table 8-15 LTE Band 66 (1745.0MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 00 (1745.0Minz) Conducted Fowers - SMinz Bandwidth										
				LTE Band 66 (AWS)						
		1		5 MHz Bandwidth						
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	131997 (1712.5 MHz)	132208 (1745.0 MHz)	132647 (1777.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]			
			(Conducted Power [dBm	n]					
	1	0	24.96	25.00	24.95	0	0			
	1	12	24.99	24.96	25.00		0			
	1	24	24.95	24.99	24.98		0			
QPSK	12	0	23.47	23.47	23.44	0-1	1			
	12	6	23.46	23.38	23.44		1			
	12	13	23.54	23.37	23.21		1			
	25	0	23.43	23.35	23.39		1			
	1	0	23.60	23.65	23.82		1			
	1	12	23.65	23.45	23.65	0-1	1			
	1	24	23.72	23.79	23.57		1			
16QAM	12	0	22.48	22.49	22.49		2			
	12	6	22.52	22.37	22.49	0-2	2			
	12	13	22.52	22.32	22.28	0-2	2			
	25	0	22.44	22.44	22.48		2			

e. LTE Band 25

Table 8-16
LTE Band 25 (1882.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 20MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 25 (1882.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 20MHz Bandwidth											
	LTE Band 25 (PCS)										
	20 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	26140	26365	26590	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]				
oudidio.i	0.20	112 0001	(1860.0 MHz)	(1882.5 MHz)	(1905.0 MHz)	3GPP [dB]	mi K [GD]				
			O	Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
	1	0	24.99	24.81	24.91	0	0				
	1	50	24.85	24.90	24.88		0				
	1	99	24.89	24.89	24.90		0				
QPSK	50	0	23.71	23.62	23.51	0-1	1				
	50	25	23.88	23.67	23.51		1				
	50	50	23.71	23.60	23.49		1				
	100	0	23.64	23.73	23.60		1				
	1	0	23.62	23.76	23.63		1				
	1	50	23.52	23.86	23.41	0-1	1				
	1	99	23.61	23.90	23.70		1				
16QAM	50	0	22.56	22.49	22.34		2				
	50	25	22.59	22.55	22.33	0-2	2				
	50	50	22.56	22.50	22.32	U-2	2				
	100	0	22.54	22.52	22.44		2				

Table 8-17 LTE Band 25 (1882.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 15MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 25 (1882.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 15MHz Bandwidth											
	LTE Band 25 (PCS) 15 MHz Bandwidth										
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 26115 (1857.5 MHz)	Mid Channel 26365 (1882.5 MHz)	High Channel 26615 (1907.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			(Conducted Power [dBm]						
	1	0	24.90	24.90	24.86		0				
	1	36	24.97	24.90	24.80	0	0				
	1	74	24.88	24.88	24.90	Ī	0				
QPSK	36	0	23.73	23.59	23.44	0-1	1				
	36	18	23.67	23.66	23.42		1				
	36	37	23.61	23.68	23.53		1				
	75	0	23.57	23.59	23.45		1				
	1	0	23.84	23.34	23.43		1				
	1	36	23.69	23.41	23.36	0-1	1				
	1	74	23.70	23.54	23.49		1				
16QAM	36	0	22.58	22.41	22.27		2				
	36	18	22.56	22.50	22.29	1 02	2				
	36	37	22.50	22.44	22.43	0-2	2				
	75	0	22.47	22.50	22.43	Ī	2				

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Table 8-18 LTE Band 25 (1882.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 10MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 25 (1862.5MHz) Conducted Fowers - Tominz Bandwidth											
				LTE Band 25 (PCS)							
	10 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	26090	26365	26640	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]				
	112 0120		(1855.0 MHz)	(1882.5 MHz)	(1910.0 MHz)	3GPP [dB]					
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
	1	0	24.90	24.90	24.81		0				
	1	25	24.88	24.94	24.90	0	0				
	1	49	24.87	24.96	24.88		0				
QPSK	25	0	23.33	23.15	23.33	0-1	1				
	25	12	23.32	23.14	23.23		1				
	25	25	23.41	23.36	23.32		1				
	50	0	23.40	23.27	23.32	1	1				
	1	0	23.71	23.27	23.64		1				
	1	25	23.15	23.00	23.00	0-1	1				
	1	49	23.84	23.35	23.46	1	1				
16QAM	25	0	22.11	22.10	22.30		2				
	25	12	22.20	22.20	22.22	0-2	2				
	25	25	22.31	22.18	22.29	0-2	2				
	50	0	22.20	22.12	22.20	1	2				

Table 8-19 LTE Band 25 (1882.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 25 (1862.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 5MHz Bandwidth										
				LTE Band 25 (PCS)						
5 MHz Bandwidth										
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	26065	26365	26665	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]			
			(1852.5 MHz)	(1882.5 MHz)	(1912.5 MHz)	3GPP [dB]				
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]					
	1	0	24.90	24.90	24.82	0	0			
	1	12	24.88	24.89	24.90		0			
	1	24	24.89	24.88	24.90		0			
QPSK	12	0	23.41	23.12	23.18	0-1	1			
	12	6	23.30	23.10	23.21		1			
	12	13	23.29	23.16	23.18		1			
	25	0	23.26	23.13	23.16		1			
	1	0	23.84	23.20	23.62		1			
	1	12	23.85	23.25	23.52	0-1	1			
	1	24	23.78	23.38	23.57		1			
16QAM	12	0	22.23	22.00	22.10		2			
	12	6	22.17	22.10	22.14	0-2	2			
	12	13	22.16	22.01	22.12		2			
1	25	0	22.16	22.10	22.11		2			

Table 8-20 I TF Band 25 (1882.5MHz) Conducted Powers – 3MHz Bandwidth

LTE Ballu 25 (1662.5MHz) Collucted Powers – 5MHz Balluwidtii											
				LTE Band 25 (PCS)							
3 MHz Bandwidth											
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	26055	26365	26675	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]				
ouu.uo	0.20	112 011001	(1851.5 MHz)	(1882.5 MHz)	(1913.5 MHz)	3GPP [dB]					
				Conducted Power [dBm	1]						
	1	0	24.90	24.83	24.83		0				
	1	7	24.81	24.89	24.90	0	0				
	1	14	24.87	24.90	24.90		0				
QPSK	8	0	23.23	23.17	23.33	0-1	1				
	8	4	23.33	23.25	23.29		1				
	8	7	23.22	23.25	23.32		1				
	15	0	23.25	23.27	23.32		1				
	1	0	23.54	23.23	23.56		1				
	1	7	23.39	23.50	23.55	0-1	1				
	1	14	23.12	23.39	23.44		1				
16QAM	8	0	22.13	22.07	22.19		2				
	8	4	22.30	22.08	22.16	0-2	2				
	8	7	22.11	22.13	22.22	0-2	2				
	15	0	22.22	22.02	22.21	1	2				

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Table 8-21 LTE Band 25 (1882.5MHz) Conducted Powers - 1.4MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 25 (1882.5MITZ) Conducted Powers – 1.4MITZ Bandwidth											
				LTE Band 25 (PCS)							
1.4 MHz Bandwidth											
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset		26047 26365	26683		MPR [dB]				
			(1850.7 MHz)	(1882.5 MHz)	(1914.3 MHz)	3GPP [dB]					
			(Conducted Power [dBm]						
	1	0	24.90	24.90	24.90		0				
	1	2	24.85	24.88	24.90	0	0				
	1	5	24.88	24.90	24.88		0				
QPSK	3	0	24.51	24.51	24.60		0				
	3	2	24.57	24.39	24.54		0				
	3	3	24.49	24.49	24.49		0				
	6	0	23.26	23.10	23.21	0-1	1				
	1	0	23.19	23.13	23.10		1				
	1	2	23.61	23.55	23.41	1 [1				
	1	5	23.18	23.24	23.10	0-1	1				
16QAM	3	0	23.05	23.06	23.18		1				
	3	2	23.16	23.16	23.21		1				
	3	3	23.19	23.02	23.03		1				
	6	0	22.11	22.02	22.18	0-2	2				

VIII. **WLAN Conducted Powers**

Table 8-22 IEEE 802.11b/g/n/ac (2.4GHz, SISO, Primary Antenna) Reduced RF Power¹

		2.4GHz Conducted Power [dBm]					
Freq [MHz]	Channel	IEEE Transmission Mode					
		802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	802.11ac		
2412	1	11.59	12.26	12.11	12.16		
2437	6	11.95	12.38	12.33	12.40		
2462	11	11.78	12.37	12.05	12.13		

Table 8-23 IEEE 802.11g/n/ac (2.4GHz, MIMO) Reduced RF Power¹

		2.4GHz Conducted Power [dBm]				
Freq [MHz]	Channel	IEEE Transmission Mode				
		802.11g	802.11n	802.11ac		
2412	1	13.03	12.86	12.90		
2437	6	13.19	13.15	13.20		
2462	11	13.17	12.85	12.94		

¹ Note: This device utilizes independent power reduction mechanisms for the WLAN transmitter in all WLAN modes for held-to-ear scenarios.

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Table 8-24 IEEE 802.11a/n/ac (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO, Primary Antenna) Reduced RF Power¹

14/1/40 (00)	5GHz (20MHz) Conducted Power [dBm					
Freq [MHz]	Channel	IEEE Transmission Mode				
		802.11a	802.11n	802.11ac		
5180	36	12.31	12.27	12.12		
5200	40	12.44	12.18	12.31		
5220	44	12.36	12.26	12.25		
5240	48	12.68	12.40	12.38		
5260	52	12.88	12.57	12.74		
5280	56	12.86	12.61	12.72		
5300	60	12.75	12.51	12.65		
5320	64	12.82	12.67	12.61		
5500	100	12.69	12.28	12.44		
5580	116	12.59	12.24	12.30		
5660	132	12.46	12.15	12.28		
5720	144	12.22	12.09	12.21		
5745	149	12.40	12.30	12.33		
5785	157	12.45	12.26	12.24		
5825	165	12.50	12.11	12.34		

Table 8-25 IEEE 802.11a/n/ac (5GHz, 20MHz BW, MIMO) Reduced RF Power¹

LE GOZ.TTAJI		5GHz (20MHz) Conducted Power				
Freq [MHz]	Channel	IEEE Transmission Mode				
		802.11a	802.11n	802.11ac		
5180	36	12.92	12.90	12.76		
5200	40	13.04	12.78	12.92		
5220	44	12.94	12.88	12.86		
5240	48	13.26	13.00	12.98		
5260	52	13.39	13.11	13.27		
5280	56	13.36	13.14	13.25		
5300	60	13.26	13.03	13.17		
5320	64	13.36	13.19	13.13		
5500	100	13.19	12.80	12.93		
5580	116	13.14	12.81	12.82		
5660	132	13.07	12.73	12.82		
5720	144	12.86	12.72	12.78		
5745	149	12.98	12.86	12.91		
5785	157	13.00	12.86	12.86		
5825	165	13.06	12.72	12.92		

¹ Note: This device utilizes independent power reduction mechanisms for the WLAN transmitter in all WLAN modes for held-to-ear scenarios.

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Table 8-26 IEEE 802.11n/ac (5GHz, 40MHz BW, SISO, Primary Antenna) Reduced RF Power¹

Freq [MHz]	Channel	5GHz (40MHz Power	•
Freq [Min2]	Chamilei	IEEE Transm	ission Mode
		802.11n	802.11ac
5190	38	11.39	11.25
5230	46	12.01	12.24
5270	54	12.07	12.06
5310	62	11.10	11.40
5510	102	11.42	11.75
5550	110	12.59	12.69
5670	134	12.55	12.45
5710	142	12.32	12.54
5755	151	12.31	12.32
5795	159	12.29	12.45

Table 8-27 IEEE 802.11n/ac (5GHz, 40MHz BW, MIMO) Reduced RF Power¹

Freq [MHz]	Channel	5GHz (40MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]		
ried [MHZ]	Chamilei	IEEE Transmission Mode		
		802.11n	802.11ac	
5190	38	12.13	12.01	
5230	46	12.62	12.85	
5270	54	12.72	12.67	
5310	62	11.93	12.11	
5510	102	12.07	12.33	
5550	110	13.09	13.16	
5670	134	13.09	12.99	
5710	142	12.93	13.10	
5755	151	12.85	12.84	
5795	159	12.84	12.98	

¹ Note: This device utilizes independent power reduction mechanisms for the WLAN transmitter in all WLAN modes for held-to-ear scenarios.

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Table 8-28 IEEE 802.11ac (5GHz, 80MHz BW, SISO, Primary Antenna) Reduced RF Power¹

5GHz (80MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]					
Freq [MHz] Channel IEEE Transmissio Mode					
		802.11ac			
5210	42	10.88			
5290	58	10.62			
5530	106	10.63			
5690	138	11.92			
5775	155	11.85			

Table 8-29 IEEE 802.11ac (5GHz, 80MHz BW, MIMO) Reduced RF Power¹

5GHz (80MHz) Conducted Power					
Freq [MHz]	Channel	IEEE Transmission Mode			
		802.11ac			
5210	42	11.79			
5290	58	11.60			
5530	106	11.62			
5690	138	12.71			
5775	155	12.61			

¹ Note: This device utilizes independent power reduction mechanisms for the WLAN transmitter in all WLAN modes for held-to-ear scenarios.

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9. JUSTIFICATION OF HELD TO EAR MODES TESTED

I. Analysis of RF Air Interface Technologies

- **a.** According to the April 2013 TCB workshop slides, OTT data services are outside the current definition of a managed CMRS service and are currently not required to be evaluated.
- **b.** No associated T-coil measurements for VoIP over WIFI CMRS have been made in accordance with the guidance issued by OET in KDB publication 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP.
- c. An analysis was performed, following the guidance of §4.3 and §4.4 of the ANSI standard, of the RF air interface technologies being evaluated. The factors that will affect the RF interference potential were evaluated, and the worst case operating modes were identified and used in the evaluation. A WD's interference potential is a function both of the WD's average near-field field strength and of the signal's audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics. Per §4.4, RF air interface technologies that have low power have been found to produce sufficiently low RF interference potential, so it is possible to exempt them from the product testing specified in Clause 5 of the ANSI standard. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17dBm for all of its operating modes. RF air interface technologies exempted from testing in this manner are automatically assigned an M4 rating to be used in determining the overall rating for the WD.

The worst case MIF plus the worst case average antenna input power for all modes are investigated below to determine the testing requirements for this device.

II. Individual Mode Evaluations for Ant 1&2 and WLAN

Air Interface	Maximum Average Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Total (Power + MIF, dB)	C63.19 Testing Required
CDMA - Full Frame Rate	24.68	-16.49	8.19	No
CDMA - 1/8th Frame Rate	15.67*	3.11	18.78	Yes
GSM850	24.62*	3.54	28.16	Yes
GSM1900	21.65*	3.54	25.19	Yes
UMTS - RMC	24.70	-22.11	2.59	No
UMTS - AMR	24.60	-22.11	2.49	No
LTE - FDD	25.00	-9.61	15.39	No
2.4GHz WLAN	13.20	-10.75	-10.75	No
5GHz WLAN	13.39	-9.63	-9.63	No

Table 9-1

Max Power + MIF calculations for Low Power Exemptions on Antenna 1&2 and WLAN

III. Low-Power Exemption Conclusions for Ant 1&2 and WLAN

Per ANSI C63.19-2011, RF Emissions testing for this device is required on Antenna 1&2 only for GSM and CDMA 1/8th Frame Rate voice modes. All other air interfaces are exempt.

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^{*} Note: ANSI C63.19-2011 Sec. 4.4 Footnote 20 indicates the use of a long averaging time for measuring the antenna input power when using this method of exclusion. Therefore, the frame averaged power was calculated for these modes in this investigation.

IV. Individual Mode Evaluations for Ant 3

Air Interface	Maximum Average Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Total (Power + MIF, dB)	C63.19 Testing Required
CDMA - Full Frame Rate	24.68	-18.93	5.75	No
CDMA - 1/8th Frame Rate	15.67*	3.10	18.77	Yes
LTE - FDD	24.70	-9.61	15.39	No

Table 9-2

Max Power + MIF calculations for Low Power Exemptions on Antenna 3

V. Low-Power Exemption Conclusions for Ant 3

Per ANSI C63.19-2011, RF Emissions testing for this device is required on Antenna 3 for CDMA 1/8th Frame Rate voice modes. All other air interfaces are exempt.

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^{*} Note: ANSI C63.19-2011 Sec. 4.4 Footnote 20 indicates the use of a long averaging time for measuring the antenna input power when using this method of exclusion. Therefore, the frame averaged power was calculated for these modes in this investigation.

10. OVERALL MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

FCC ID:	ZNFVS995
Model:	LG-VS995, LGVS995, VS995, LG-VS995S, LGVS995S, VS995S,
	LG-US996, LGUS996, US996, LG-H990T, LGH990T, H990T
S/N:	11312

I. E-FIELD EMISSIONS:

Table 10-1 HAC Data Summary for F-field for CDMA – Ant 182

	HAC Data Summary for E-field for CDMA – Ant 1&2												
Mode	Channel	Antenna Config.	RC/SO	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Excl Blocks per 5.5
E-field Emiss	sions												
Cell. CDMA	1013	Ant 1	RC1/SO3	Acoustic	24.64	13.52	22.62	3.08	25.70	45.00	-19.30	M4	none
Cell. CDMA	384	Ant 1	RC1/SO3	Acoustic	24.70	14.92	23.48	3.03	26.51	45.00	-18.49	M4	none
Cell. CDMA	777	Ant 1	RC1/SO3	Acoustic	24.66	15.41	23.75	3.10	26.85	45.00	-18.15	M4	none
PCS CDMA	25	Ant 2	RC1/SO3	Acoustic	24.60	11.32	21.08	3.11	24.19	35.00	-10.81	M4	none
PCS CDMA	600	Ant 2	RC1/SO3	Acoustic	24.62	9.89	19.90	3.04	22.94	35.00	-12.06	M4	none
PCS CDMA	1175	Ant 2	RC1/SO3	Acoustic	24.58	9.29	19.36	3.06	22.42	35.00	-12.58	M4	none

Table 10-2 HAC Data Summary for E-field for CDMA – Ant 3

Mode	Channel	Anntena Config.	RC/SO	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Excl Blocks per 5.5
E-field Emiss	sions												
Cell. CDMA	1013	Ant 3	RC1/SO3	Acoustic	24.64	36.72	31.30	3.08	34.38	45.00	-10.62	M4	none
Cell. CDMA	384	Ant 3	RC1/SO3	Acoustic	24.70	35.99	31.12	3.03	34.15	45.00	-10.85	M4	none
Cell. CDMA	777	Ant 3	RC1/SO3	Acoustic	24.66	32.53	30.25	3.10	33.35	45.00	-11.65	M4	none

Table 10-3 HAC Data Summary for E-field for GSM – Ant 1&2

			117	Data Su	minai y	101 6-116	old for C	JOIN - AIIL	IGZ			
Mode	Channel	Antenna Config.	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Excl Blocks per 5.5
E-field Emis	sions											
GSM850	128	Ant 1	Acoustic	33.60	33.17	30.41	3.53	33.94	45.00	-11.06	M4	none
GSM850	190	Ant 1	Acoustic	33.65	34.77	30.82	3.53	34.35	45.00	-10.65	M4	none
GSM850	251	Ant 1	Acoustic	33.61	36.79	31.31	3.54	34.85	45.00	-10.15	M4	none
GSM1900	512	Ant 2	Acoustic	30.62	15.78	23.96	3.53	27.49	35.00	-7.51	M4	7,8,9
GSM1900	661	Ant 2	Acoustic	30.68	14.27	23.09	3.54	26.63	35.00	-8.37	M4	7,8,9
GSM1900	810	Ant 2	Acoustic	30.60	12.47	21.92	3.54	25.46	35.00	-9.54	M4	7,8,9
GSM1900	512	Ant 2	T-coil	30.62	15.78	23.96	3.53	27.49	35.00	-7.51	M4	7,8,9

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Figure 10-1
Sample E-field Scan Overlay
(See Test Setup Photographs for actual WD overlay)

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FCC ID:	ZNFVS995
Model:	LG-VS995, LGVS995, VS995, LG-VS995S, LGVS995S, VS995S,
	LG-US996, LGUS996, US996, LG-H990T, LGH990T, H990T
S/N:	11312

II. Worst-case Configuration Evaluation

Table 10-4
Peak Reading 360° Probe Rotation at Azimuth axis

Mode	Channel	Antenna Config.	Scan Center	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Excl Blocks per 5.5
Probe Rotation at Worst-Case											
GSM1900	512	Ant 2	Acoustic	16.43	24.31	3.53	27.84	35.00	-7.16	M4	7,8,9

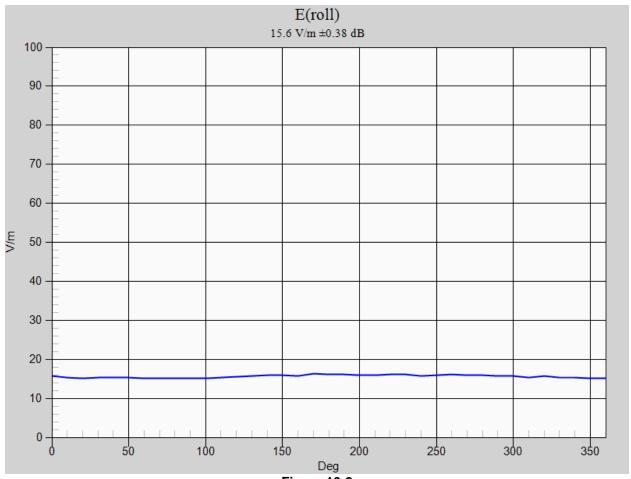


Figure 10-2
Worst-Case Probe Rotation about Azimuth axis

* Note: Locations of probe rotation (with and without exclusions) are shown in Figure 10-1 denoted by the green square markers.

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11. EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	E4432B	ESG-D Series Signal Generator	3/5/2016	Annual	3/5/2017	US40053896
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	3/5/2016	Annual	3/5/2017	MY47420800
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	N/A	CBT*	N/A	433978
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/16/2015	Biennial	10/16/2017	941001
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	12/7/2015	Annual	12/7/2016	1339018
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	3/4/2016	Annual	3/4/2017	1344555
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	3/4/2016	Annual	3/4/2017	1344556
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Pasternack	PE2237-20	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Pasternack	NC-100	Torque Wrench	5/21/2015	Biennial	5/21/2017	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	5/27/2016	Annual	5/27/2017	140144
SPEAG	CD1880V3	Freespace 1880 MHz Dipole	5/12/2016	Biennial	5/12/2018	1064
SPEAG	CD835V3	Freespace 835 MHz Dipole	5/10/2016	Biennial	5/10/2018	1082
SPEAG	AIA	Audio Interference Analzyer	N/A	CBT*	N/A	1010
SPEAG	ER3DV6	Freespace E-field Probe	1/19/2016	Annual	1/19/2017	2353
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/11/2015	Annual	11/11/2016	1334

Table 11-1 Equipment List

Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

*Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

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12. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Wireless Communications Device Near-Field Measurement							
Uncertainty Component	Data (dB)	Data Type	Prob. Dist.	Divisor	Ci (E)	Unc. (dB)	Notes/Comments
	(dB)	•					
Measurement System RF System Reflections	0.50	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.50	* Refl. < -20 dB
Field Probe Calibration	0.50	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.50	Rell. < -20 dB
	_	Tolerance	1		•	+	
Field Probe Isotropy	0.01		N	1.00	1	0.01	
Field Probe Frequency Response	0.135	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.14	
Field Probe Linearity	0.013	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.01	
Modulation Interference Factor	0.20	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	Applicable for M-rating testing
Boundary Effects	0.105	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.06	*
Probe Positioning Accuracy	0.20	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.12	*
Probe Positioner	0.050	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.03	*
Extrapolation/Interpolation	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*
Resolution to 2mm error	0.21	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.21	
System Detection Limit	0.05	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*
Readout Electronics	0.015	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.02	*
Integration Time	0.11	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*
Response Time	0.033	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.02	*
Phantom Thickness	0.10	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*
System Repeatability (Field x 2=power)	0.17	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.17	*
Test Sample Related	-	•			•	-	•
Device Positioning Vertical	0.2	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	*
Device Positioning Lateral	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*
Device Holder and Phantom	0.1	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*
Power Drift	0.21	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)						0.66	16.3%
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence]						1.31	32.6%
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence]	on Field					0.66	16.3%

Table 12-1 Uncertainty Estimation Table

Notes:

- Test equipments are calibrated according to techniques outlined in NIS81, NIS3003 and NIST Tech Note 1297. All
 equipments have traceability according to NIST. Measurement Uncertainties are defined in further detail in NIS 81
 and NIST Tech Note 1297 and UKAS M3003.
- 2. * Uncertainty specifications from Schmidt & Partner Engineering AG (not site specific)

Measurement uncertainty reflects the quality and accuracy of a measured result as compared to the true value. Such statements are generally required when stating results of measurements so that it is clear to the intended audience that the results may differ when reproduced by different facilities. Measurement results vary due to the measurement uncertainty of the instrumentation, measurement technique, and test engineer. Most uncertainties are calculated using the tolerances of the instrumentation used in the measurement, the measurement setup variability, and the technique used in performing the test. While not generally included, the variability of the equipment under test also figures into the overall measurement uncertainty. Another component of the overall uncertainty is based on the variability of repeated measurements (so-called Type A uncertainty). This may mean that the Hearing Aid immunity tests may have to be repeated by taking down the test setup and resetting it up so that there are a statistically significant number of repeat measurements to identify the measurement uncertainty. By combining the repeat measurement results with that of the instrumentation chain using the technique contained in NIS 81 and NIS 3003, the overall measurement uncertainty was estimated.

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TEST DATA 13.

See following Attached Pages for Test Data.

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DUT: CD835V3 - SN1082

Type: CD835V3 Serial: 1082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;

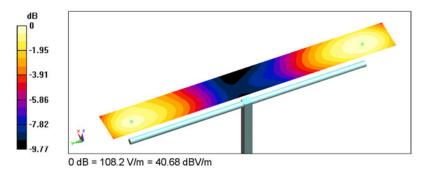
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/19/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

835 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 108.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 106.2 V/m



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DUT: CD1880V3 - SN1064

Type: CD1880V3 Serial: 1064

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/19/2016
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

1880 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

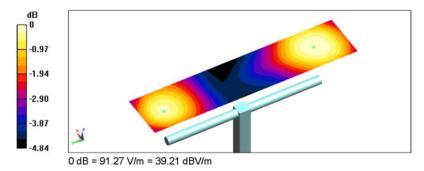
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 155.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 89.9 V/m



FCC ID: ZNFVS995	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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DUT: ZNFVS995

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 11312 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

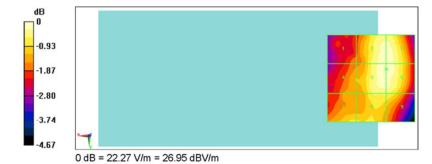
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/19/2016
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Cell. CDMA High Channel, Ant 1 / Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 20.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Applied MIF = 3.10 dB
RF audio interference level = 26.85 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
25.35 dBV/m	26.82 dBV/m	26.82 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
25.73 dBV/m	26.85 dBV/m	26.85 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
26.26 dBV/m	26.41 dBV/m	26.4 dBV/m



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DUT: ZNFVS995

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 11312 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/19/2016
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Cell. CDMA Low Channel, Ant 3 / Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 58.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Applied MIF = 3.08 dB
RF audio interference level = 34.38 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
30.41 dBV/m	33.57 dBV/m	33.31 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
30.95 dBV/m	34.38 dBV/m	34.23 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
30.31 dBV/m	33.78 dBV/m	33.72 dBV/m



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DUT: ZNFVS995

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 11312 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

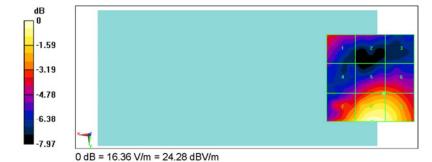
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/19/2016
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

PCS CDMA Low Channel, Ant 2 / Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 7.303 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB
Applied MIF = 3.11 dB
RF audio interference level = 24.19 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
20.79 dBV/m	19.52 dBV/m	18.82 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
19.61 dBV/m	21.44 dBV/m	21.43 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
22.87 dBV/m	24.19 dBV/m	23.85 dBV/m



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DUT: ZNFVS995

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 11312 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

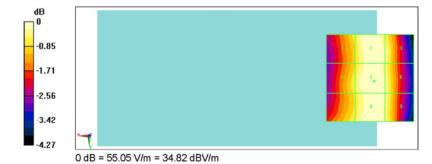
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/19/2016
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

GSM850 High Channel, Ant 1 / Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 46.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Applied MIF = 3.54 dB
RF audio interference level = 34.85 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
34.18 dBV/m	34.75 dBV/m	34.57 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
34.25 dBV/m	34.85 dBV/m	34.55 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
34.31 dBV/m	34.85 dBV/m	34.55 dBV/m



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DUT: ZNFVS995

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 11312 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2353; Calibrated: 01/19/2016
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

GSM1900 Low Channel, Ant 2 / Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 14.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

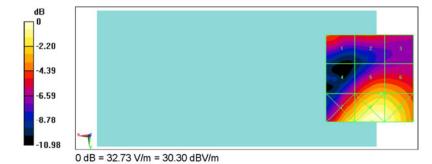
Applied MIF = 3.53 dB

RF audio interference level = 27.49 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
26.16 dBV/m	25.43 dBV/m	24.89 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
24.88 dBV/m	27.49 dBV/m	27.42 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M4
29.11 dBV/m	30.33 dBV/m	29.97 dBV/m



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14. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

The following pages include the probe calibration used to evaluate HAC for the DUT.

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ER3-2353 Jan16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

January 19, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

MA

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	12-Oct-15 (No. ER3-2328_Oct15)	Oct-16
DAE4	SN: 789		
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Michael Weber Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: January 20, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z DCP

sensitivity in free space diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Anale

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 for XY sensors and ϑ = 90 for Z sensor (f \leq 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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ER3DV6 - SN:2353 January 19, 2016

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2353

Manufactured: Calibrated:

March 8, 2005 January 19, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan16

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FCC ID: ZNFVS995	PETEST H	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6 - SN:2353 January 19, 2016

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	1.54	1.74	1.84	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	98.5	97.0	98.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	I	Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc ^E
			dB	dB√μV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	157.8	±3.3 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0	Ĭ	158.4	·
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan16

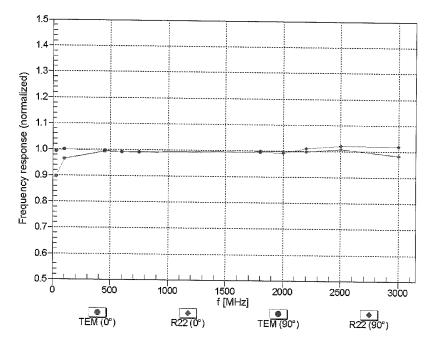
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FCC ID: ZNFVS995	PCTEST HA	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

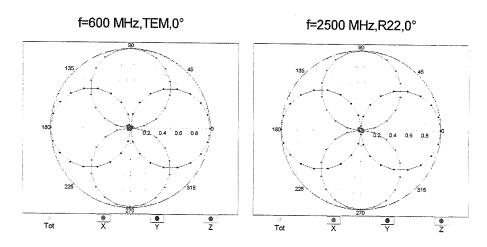
Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan16

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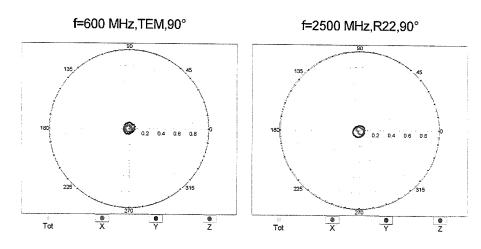
FCC ID: ZNFVS995	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		① LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 19, 2016

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

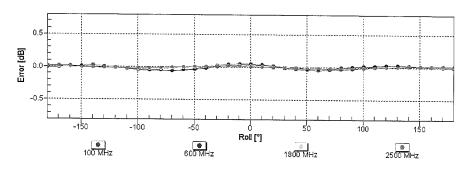


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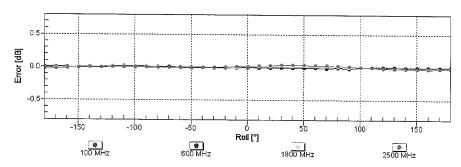
ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 19, 2016

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

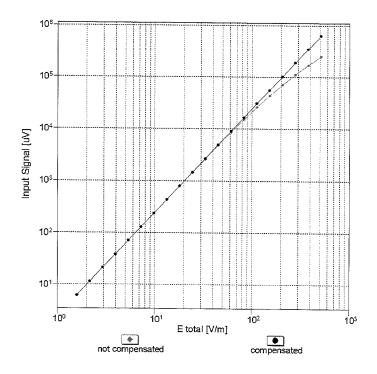
Certificate No: ER3-2353_Jan16

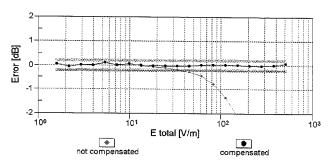
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ER3DV6 - SN:2353 January 19, 2016

Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

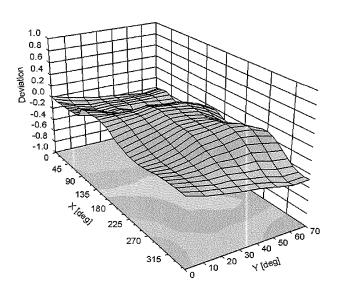
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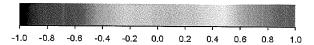
FCC ID: ZNFVS995	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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ER3DV6 - SN:2353 January 19, 2016

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (φ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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ER3DV6 – SN:2353 January 19, 2016

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2353

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	20.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

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FCC ID: ZNFVS995	PETEST.	IAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	(LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: CD835V3-1082_May16

Object	CD835V3 - SN: 1082				
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air 05/15/16				
Calibration date:	May 10, 2016		05/25/201		
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	conal standards, which realize the physical unitrobability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature $(22\pm3)^{\circ}$ C	d are part of the certificate.		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration		
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17		
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17 Apr-17		
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17		
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17		
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17		
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16		
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Dec-16		
DAE4	SN: 781	04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Sep-16		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check		
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17		
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17		
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17		
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17		
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16		
	Name	Function	Signature		
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	Jeh		
	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	ll. At		
Approved by:			// 0. 000)		

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

ANSI-C63.19-2011 [1]

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the
coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	107.5 V/m = 40.63 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	106.1 V/m = 40.51 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	106.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.4 dB	44.5 Ω - 13.4 jΩ
835 MHz	26.3 dB	50.0 Ω + 4.9 jΩ
900 MHz	16.4 dB	57.4 Ω - 14.7 jΩ
950 MHz	21.9 dB	43.6 Ω + 4.0 jΩ
960 MHz	17.2 dB	47.9 Ω + 13.5 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

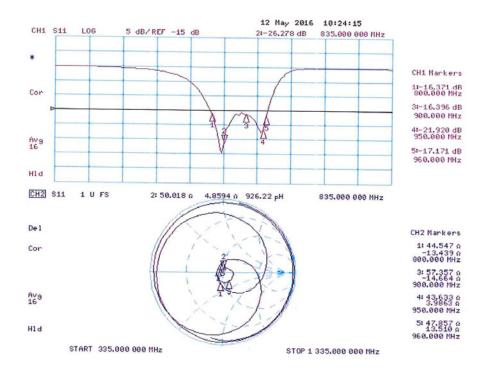
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 10.05.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1082

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

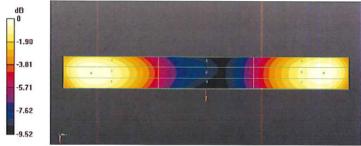
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 109.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 40.63 dBV/m Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 4 M4	The second secon	Grid 6 M4
	35.78 dBV/m	
	Grid 8 M3 40.51 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 40.37 dBV/m



0 dB = 107.5 V/m = 40.63 dBV/m

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064_May16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1064 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air Calibration date: May 12, 2016 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter NRP SN: 104778 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289) Apr-17 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288) Apr-17 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289) Apr-17 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292) Apr-17 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295) Apr-17 Probe ER3DV6 SN: 2336 31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15) Dec-16 Probe H3DV6 SN: 6065 31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15) DAE4 SN: 781 04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15) Sep-16 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power meter Agilent 4419B SN: GB42420191 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) In house check: Oct-17 Power sensor HP E4412A SN: US38485102 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) In house check: Oct-17 Power sensor HP 8482A SN: US37295597 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) In house check: Oct-17 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 832283/011 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15) In house check: Oct-17 Network Analyzer HP 8753E SN: US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) In house check: Oct-16 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: May 12, 2016 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1064_May16

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

 ANSI-C63.19-2011
 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASYS Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the
coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	96.1 V/m = 39.66 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	95.3 V/m = 39.58 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	95.7 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	91.2 V/m = 39.20 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.0 V/m = 38.89 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.6 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Nominal Frequencies

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance	
1730 MHz	24.0 dB	$49.6 \Omega + 6.3 j\Omega$	
1880 MHz	19.8 dB	49.5 Ω + 10.2 jΩ	
1900 MHz	20.4 dB	52.9 Ω + 9.4 jΩ	
1950 MHz	26.8 dB	54.4 Ω + 1.8 jΩ	
2000 MHz	22.7 dB	43.2 Ω + 0.8 jΩ	

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

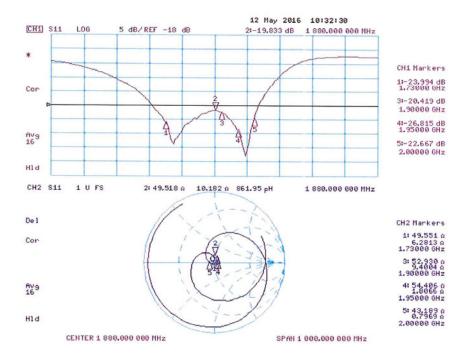
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 10.05.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1064

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ϵ_r = 1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 151.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 39.20 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 39.04 dBV/m		Grid 3 M2 39.08 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 36.76 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 36.86 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 36.75 dBV/m
	Grid 8 M2 38.89 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.8 dBV/m

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Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 168.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

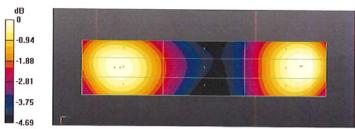
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.66 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 2 M2 39.58 dBV/m	
Grid 5 M2 37.56 dBV/m	
Grid 8 M2 39.66 dBV/m	



0 dB = 91.23 V/m = 39.20 dBV/m

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15. CONCLUSION

The measurements indicate that the wireless communications device complies with the HAC limits specified in accordance with the ANSI C63.19 Standard and FCC WT Docket No. 01-309 RM-8658. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters specific to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the M-rating for this equipment only represents the field interference possible against a hypothetical and typical hearing aid. The measurement system and techniques presented in this evaluation are proposed in the ANSI standard as a means of best approximating wireless device compatibility with a hearing-aid. The literature is under continual re-construction.

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