SAR EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:
LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.
1000 Sylvan Avenue
Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632
United States

Date of Testing:
02/09/17 - 02/21/17
Test Site/Location:
PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA
Document Serial No.:
1M1701100019-01-R1.ZNF

FCC ID: ZNFVN220

APPLICANT: LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A., INC.

DUT Type: Portable Handset
Application Type: Certification
FCC Rule Part(s): CFR §2.1093
Model: LG-VN220
Additional Model(s): LGVN220, VN220

Equipment Class	Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	SAR		
			1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	824.20 - 848.80 MHz	0.95	1.16	1.16
PCE	UMTS 850	826.40 - 846.60 MHz	0.50	0.67	0.67
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz	0.14	0.74	1.11
PCE	UMTS 1900	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz	0.16	1.14	1.25
PCE	LTE Band 13	779.5 - 784.5 MHz	0.57	0.73	0.73
PCE	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	824.7 - 848.3 MHz	0.86	1.28	1.28
PCE	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz	0.29	1.20	1.28
DTS	2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	< 0.1	0.14	0.15
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	N/A		
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03:			1.00	1.45	1.43

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 1M1701100019-01-R1.ZNF) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in Section 1.7 of this report; for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

Randy Ortanez
President

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T A B L E   O F   C O N T E N T S

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

1.1 Device Overview

Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Voice/Data	824.20 - 848.80 MHz
UMTS 850	Voice/Data	826.40 - 846.60 MHz
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Voice/Data	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz
UMTS 1900	Voice/Data	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz
LTE Band 13	Voice/Data	779.5 - 784.5 MHz
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Voice/Data	824.7 - 848.3 MHz
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Voice/Data	1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Voice/Data	2412 - 2462 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz

1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Mode / Band		Voice (dBm)	Burst Average GMSK (dBm)		Burst Average 8-PSK (dBm)	
		1 TX Slot	*1 TX Slots*	*2 TX Slots*	*1 TX Slots*	*2 TX Slots*
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Maximum	**33.2**	**33.2**	**31.2**	**27.2**	**25.2**
	Nominal	**32.7**	**32.7**	**30.7**	**26.7**	**24.7**
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Maximum	**30.7**	**30.7**	**28.7**	**26.7**	**24.7**
	Nominal	**30.2**	**30.2**	**28.2**	**26.2**	**24.2**

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)		
		3GPP WCDMA	*3GPP HSDPA*	*3GPP HSUPA*
UMTS Band 5 (850 MHz)	Maximum	**23.7**	**23.7**	**23.7**
	Nominal	**23.2**	**23.2**	**23.2**
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz)	Maximum	**23.2**	**23.2**	**23.2**
	Nominal	**22.7**	**22.7**	**22.7**

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
LTE Band 13	Maximum	**24.7**
	Nominal	**24.2**
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Maximum	**24.2**
	Nominal	**23.7**
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Maximum	**23.0**
	Nominal	**22.5**

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)		
		Ch.1	Ch.2-10	Ch.11
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	**11.5**	**15.0**	**11.5**
	Nominal	**10.5**	**14.0**	**10.5**
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	**10.5**	**14.0**	**10.5**
	Nominal	**9.5**	**13.0**	**9.5**
IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	**10.5**	**14.0**	**10.5**
	Nominal	**9.5**	**13.0**	**9.5**

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
Bluetooth (1 Mbps)	Maximum	**9.0**
	Nominal	**8.0**
Bluetooth (2 Mbps)	Maximum	**9.0**
	Nominal	**8.0**
Bluetooth (3 Mbps)	Maximum	**9.0**
	Nominal	**8.0**
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	**0.5**
	Nominal	**-0.5**

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 x 5 cm. A diagram showing the location of the device antennas can be found in Appendix F.

Table 1-1
Device Edges/Sides for SAR Testing

Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
GPRS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
GPRS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 13	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for wireless router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 Section III. The distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device are included in the filing.

1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 1-1 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.

Figure 1-1
Simultaneous Transmission Paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 procedures.

Table 1-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Wireless Router	Notes
1	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
2	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
3	UMTS + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
4	UMTS + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
5	LTE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6	LTE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
7	GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	*-Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
8	GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes*	N/A	*-Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.

1. 2.4 GHz WLAN, and 2.4 GHz Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.
4. Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Therefore, there are no simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct beyond that listed in the above table.
5. This device supports VoLTE.
6. This device supports VoWIFI.

1.6 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

(A) WIFI/BT

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel\ (mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Dist\ (mm)} * \sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, body-worn Bluetooth SAR was not required; [(8/10)* √2.480] = 1.3< 3.0. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

This device has a clamshell form factor which allows for both open and closed positions during hotspot use scenarios. Per FCC guidance, full hotspot SAR testing was performed with the device in closed position and back-side hotspot SAR was additionally evaluated in the open position

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v03r01.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04.

This device has a clamshell form factor which allows for both open and closed positions during hotspot use scenarios. Per FCC guidance, full hotspot SAR testing was performed with the device in closed position and additionally the configuration with the highest reported SAR was evaluated in the open position for each band and mode combination.

1.7 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01, D05v02r04, D06v02r01 (2G/3G/4G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, D02v01r02 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS Testing Considerations)

1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples with identical hardware were used to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

	Head Serial Number	Body-Worn Serial Number	Hotspot Serial Number
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	02902	02910	02910
UMTS 850	02902	02910	02910
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	02928	02910	02910
UMTS 1900	02928	02910	02910
LTE Band 13	02910	02910	02910
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	02902	02910	02910
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	02910	02910	02910
2.4 GHz WLAN	02928	02951	02951

2 LTE INFORMATION

LTE Information			
FCC ID	**ZNFVN220**		
Form Factor	Portable Handset		
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 13 (779.5 - 784.5 MHz)		
	LTE Band 5 (Cell) (824.7 - 848.3 MHz)		
	LTE Band 4 (AWS) (1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz)		
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 13: 5 MHz, 10 MHz		
	LTE Band 5 (Cell): 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz		
	LTE Band 4 (AWS): 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz		
Channel Numbers and Frequencies (MHz)	Low	Mid	High
LTE Band 13: 5 MHz	779.5 (23205)	782 (23230)	784.5 (23255)
LTE Band 13: 10 MHz	N/A	782 (23230)	N/A
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 1.4 MHz	824.7 (20407)	836.5 (20525)	848.3 (20643)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 3 MHz	825.5 (20415)	836.5 (20525)	847.5 (20635)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 5 MHz	826.5 (20425)	836.5 (20525)	846.5 (20625)
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 10 MHz	829 (20450)	836.5 (20525)	844 (20600)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 1.4 MHz	1710.7 (19957)	1732.5 (20175)	1754.3 (20393)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 3 MHz	1711.5 (19965)	1732.5 (20175)	1753.5 (20385)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 5 MHz	1712.5 (19975)	1732.5 (20175)	1752.5 (20375)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 10 MHz	1715 (20000)	1732.5 (20175)	1750 (20350)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 15 MHz	1717.5 (20025)	1732.5 (20175)	1747.5 (20325)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 20 MHz	1720 (20050)	1732.5 (20175)	1745 (20300)
UE Category	4		
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM		
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	YES		
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	YES		
LTE Release 10 Additional Information	This device does not support full CA features on 3GPP Release 10. All uplink communications are identical to the Release 8 Specifications. The following LTE Release 10 Features are not supported: Carrier Aggregation, Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, eICIC, WIFI Offloading, MDH, eMBMS, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.		

3 INTRODUCTION

The FCC and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [22]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

3.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 3-1).

Equation 3-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m^3)
E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

4 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

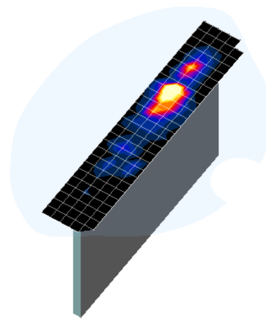

Figure 4-1
Sample SAR Area Scan

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):

    a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).

    b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.

    c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

Table 4-1
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{area}, Δy_{area})	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{zoom}, Δy_{zoom})	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm)			Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x,y,z)
			Uniform Grid	Graded Grid		
			$\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)$*	$\Delta z_{zoom}(n>1)$*	
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15	≤ 8	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5*$\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
2-3 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5*$\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
3-4 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 1.5*$\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 28
4-5 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 2.5	≤ 1.5*$\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 25
5-6 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 1.5*$\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 22

*Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

5 DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

5.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 5-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (see Figure 5-1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

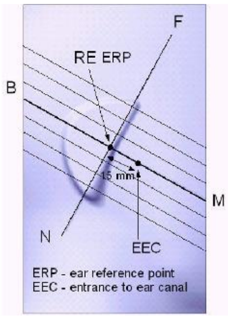

Figure 5-1
Close-Up Side view of ERP

5.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Figure 5-3). The acoustic output was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

Figure 5-2
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

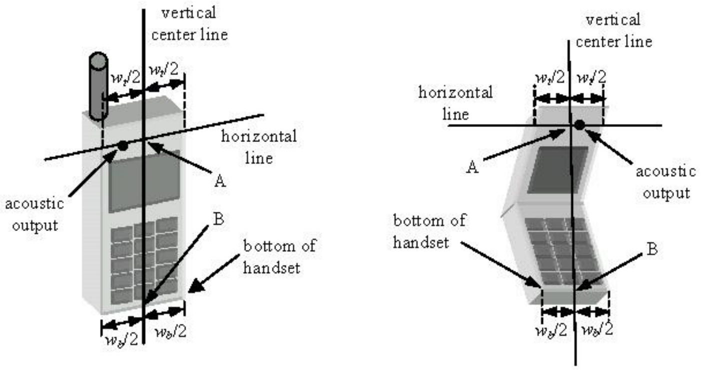

Figure 5-3
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

6 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS

6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

6.2 Positioning for Cheek

1. The test device was positioned with the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

Figure 6-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the pinna.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the reference plane.
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical was respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the device contact with the ear, the device was rotated about the NF line until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 6-2).

6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15º Tilt

With the test device aligned in the "Cheek Position":

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15degrees.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the handset touched the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. In this situation, the tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6-2).

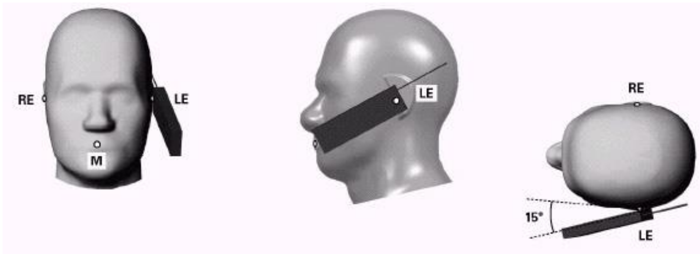

Figure 6-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15º Tilt Position

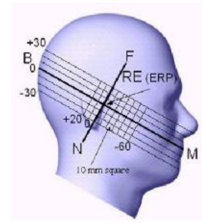

Figure 6-3
Side view w/ relevant markings

6.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones. Per IEEE 1528-2013, a rotated SAM phantom is necessary to allow probe access to such regions. Both SAM heads of the TwinSAM-Chin20 are rotated 20 degrees around the NF line. Each head can be removed from the table for emptying and cleaning.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR location identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

6.5 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

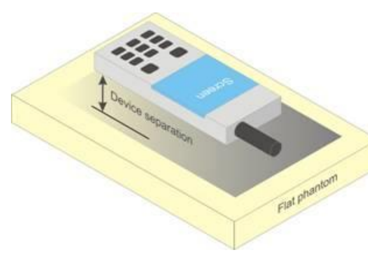

Figure 6-4
Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.
Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.6 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

6.7 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

7 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 7-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT *General Population* (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT *Occupational* (W/kg) or (mW/g)
Peak Spatial Average SAR Head	1.6	8.0
Whole Body SAR	0.08	0.4
Peak Spatial Average SAR Hands, Feet, Ankle, Wrists, etc.	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

8 FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements for licensed transmitters are performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, when SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as *reported* SAR. The highest *reported* SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01, certain transmission modes within a frequency band and wireless mode evaluated for SAR are defined as primary modes. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. When the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq$ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode, scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode, is $\leq$ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurements are not required for the secondary mode. These criteria are referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, SAR measurements are additionally required for the secondary mode.

8.3 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 "3G SAR Measurement Procedures."

The device is placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test are evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device is tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviates by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements are repeated.

8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

8.4.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

8.4.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

8.4.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple $DPDCH_n$ configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or $DPDCH_n$, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

8.4.4 SAR Measurements with Rel 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

8.4.5 SAR Measurements with Rel 6 HSUPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing.

8.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes are tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04 publication. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 or Anritsu MT8820C simulators are used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.5.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.5.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.5.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.5.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04:

a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
    i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
    ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
    iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to ½ dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is <1.45 W/kg.

8.6 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations of 802.11 transmitters are not suitable for SAR measurements. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for more details.

8.6.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

8.6.2 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

8.6.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is › 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

8.6.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

When the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

8.6.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order IEEE 802.11 mode. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements (See Section 8.6.4).

8.6.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required.

9 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

9.1 GSM Conducted Powers

Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power						
		Voice	*GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)*		*EDGE Data (8-PSK)*	
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	33.11	33.18	**31.15**	27.06	25.07
	190	33.15	33.18	**31.18**	27.10	25.09
	251	33.20	33.19	**31.16**	27.11	25.16
GSM 1900	512	30.61	30.61	**28.40**	26.58	24.65
	661	30.58	30.56	**28.57**	26.69	24.70
	810	30.40	30.41	**28.34**	26.60	24.69

Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power						
		Voice	*GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)*		*EDGE Data (8-PSK)*	
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	24.08	24.15	**25.13**	18.03	19.05
	190	24.12	24.15	**25.16**	18.07	19.07
	251	24.17	24.16	**25.14**	18.08	19.14
GSM 1900	512	21.58	21.58	**22.38**	17.55	18.63
	661	21.55	21.53	**22.55**	17.66	18.68
	810	21.37	21.38	**22.32**	17.57	18.67
GSM 850	Frame Avg.Targets:	23.67	23.67	**24.68**	17.67	18.68
GSM 1900		21.17	21.17	**22.18**	17.17	18.18

Note:
1. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
2. GPRS/EDGE (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
3. EDGE (8-PSK) output powers were measured with MCS7 on the base station simulator. MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since investigation has shown that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation. It has been shown that MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.

GSM Class: B
GPRS Multislot class: 10 (Max 2 Tx uplink slots)
EDGE Multislot class: 10 (Max 2 Tx uplink slots)
DTM Multislot Class: N/A

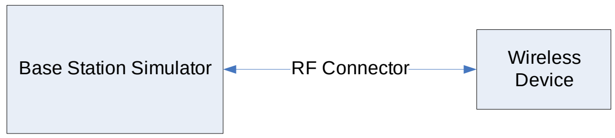

Figure 9-1
Power Measurement Setup

9.2 UMTS Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band [dBm]			PCS Band [dBm]			3GPP MPR [dB]
			4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.70	23.60	23.66	23.09	23.20	23.05	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	23.68	23.62	23.65	23.13	23.15	23.07	-
6	HSDPA	Subtest 1	23.39	23.41	23.30	23.20	22.91	22.82	0
6		Subtest 2	23.33	23.34	23.25	22.96	22.91	22.76	0
6		Subtest 3	22.87	22.92	22.79	22.51	22.42	22.17	0.5
6		Subtest 4	22.82	22.77	22.77	22.32	22.43	22.18	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.81	22.96	22.77	22.73	22.40	22.52	0
6		Subtest 2	21.60	21.39	21.69	20.56	21.05	21.17	2
6		Subtest 3	22.06	22.05	22.53	21.23	21.24	21.30	1
6		Subtest 4	21.40	21.66	21.67	20.92	21.20	20.63	2
6		Subtest 5	23.06	23.52	23.46	23.07	23.15	22.95	0

This device does not support DC-HSDPA.

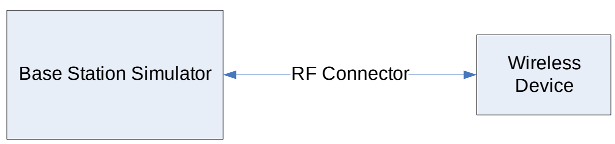

Figure 9-2
Power Measurement Setup

9.3 LTE Conducted Powers

9.3.1 LTE Band 13

Table 9-1
LTE Band 13 Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 13 10 MHzBandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel 23230 (782.0 MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
QPSK	1	0	24.45	0	0
	1	25	24.50		0
	1	49	**24.56**		0
	25	0	23.25	0-1	1
	25	12	23.32		1
	25	25	**23.43**		1
	50	0	23.30		1
16QAM	1	0	23.64	0-1	1
	1	25	23.70		1
	1	49	23.60		1
	25	0	22.34	0-2	2
	25	12	22.24		2
	25	25	22.42		2
	50	0	22.23		2

Table 9-2
LTE Band 13 Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 13 5 MHzBandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel 23230 (782.0 MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
QPSK	1	0	24.28	0	0
	1	12	24.47		0
	1	24	24.29		0
	12	0	23.38	0-1	1
	12	6	23.46		1
	12	13	23.26		1
	25	0	23.36		1
16QAM	1	0	23.64	0-1	1
	1	12	23.64		1
	1	24	23.53		1
	12	0	22.18	0-2	2
	12	6	22.42		2
	12	13	22.31		2
	25	0	22.34		2

Note: LTE Band 13 at 5 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

9.3.2 LTE Band 5 (Cell)

Table 9-3
LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 5 (Cell) 10 MHz Bandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel 20525 (836.5 MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
QPSK	1	0	23.85	0	0
	1	25	**23.95**		0
	1	49	23.77		0
	25	0	**22.93**	0-1	1
	25	12	22.92		1
	25	25	22.86		1
	50	0	22.87		1
16QAM	1	0	23.12	0-1	1
	1	25	23.11		1
	1	49	22.86		1
	25	0	21.99	0-2	2
	25	12	21.89		2
	25	25	21.73		2
	50	0	22.00		2

Note: LTE Band 5 (Cell) at 10 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

Table 9-4
LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 5 (Cell) 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 20425 (826.5 MHz)	Mid Channel 20525 (836.5 MHz)	High Channel 20625 (846.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.78	23.88	23.74	0	0
	1	12	24.00	23.84	24.11		0
	1	24	23.95	23.98	23.79		0
	12	0	22.94	22.79	22.93	0-1	1
	12	6	22.85	22.84	22.90		1
	12	13	22.83	22.89	22.79		1
	25	0	22.89	22.85	22.88		1
16QAM	1	0	23.13	22.78	22.53	0-1	1
	1	12	23.09	23.01	23.05		1
	1	24	23.13	23.20	23.05		1
	12	0	22.09	21.73	21.97	0-2	2
	12	6	22.05	21.68	21.85		2
	12	13	21.94	21.75	21.88		2
	25	0	21.94	21.93	22.10		2

Table 9-5
LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 5 (Cell) 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			20415 (825.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20635 (847.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.82	23.96	23.87	0	0
	1	7	23.87	23.88	23.84		0
	1	14	23.88	23.96	23.68		0
	8	0	22.96	22.95	22.93	0-1	1
	8	4	22.89	22.85	22.93		1
	8	7	22.82	22.92	22.83		1
	15	0	22.92	22.86	22.84		1
16QAM	1	0	23.04	22.97	23.09	0-1	1
	1	7	23.10	22.98	23.20		1
	1	14	23.20	22.94	22.81		1
	8	0	22.10	21.96	22.11	0-2	2
	8	4	22.12	21.84	21.90		2
	8	7	22.07	21.75	21.84		2
	15	0	21.83	21.76	21.88		2

Table 9-6
LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Powers -1.4 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 5 (Cell) 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			20407 (824.7 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20643 (848.3 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	23.86	23.90	23.75	0	0
	1	2	23.93	24.03	23.74		0
	1	5	23.81	23.90	23.63		0
	3	0	23.99	23.87	23.72		0
	3	2	24.02	23.79	23.70		0
	3	3	23.97	23.73	23.67		0
	6	0	22.87	22.83	22.82	0-1	1
16QAM	1	0	23.20	22.90	23.20	0-1	1
	1	2	23.16	23.02	23.10		1
	1	5	23.14	23.02	23.10		1
	3	0	22.99	22.70	23.00		1
	3	2	23.10	22.75	22.83		1
	3	3	23.20	22.72	22.77		1
	6	0	21.76	21.55	21.82	0-2	2

9.3.3 LTE Band 4 (AWS)

Table 9-7
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 20 MHzBandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel 20175 (1732.5 MHz) Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
QPSK	1	0	**22.98**	0	0
	1	50	22.90		0
	1	99	22.79		0
	50	0	21.93	0-1	1
	50	25	**21.99**		1
	50	50	21.94		1
	100	0	21.92		1
16QAM	1	0	21.75	0-1	1
	1	50	21.75		1
	1	99	21.52		1
	50	0	20.90	0-2	2
	50	25	20.88		2
	50	50	20.71		2
	100	0	20.69		2

Note: LTE Band 4 (AWS) at 20 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

Table 9-8
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 15 MHzBandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel 20025 (1717.5 MHz)	Mid Channel 20175 (1732.5 MHz)	High Channel 20325 (1747.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	22.94	23.00	22.96	0	0
	1	36	22.66	22.76	22.67		0
	1	74	22.87	22.89	22.88		0
	36	0	21.76	21.76	21.67	0-1	1
	36	18	21.69	21.75	21.58		1
	36	37	21.71	21.70	21.65		1
	75	0	21.69	21.76	21.59		1
16QAM	1	0	21.90	22.00	21.80	0-1	1
	1	36	21.86	21.96	21.86		1
	1	74	21.83	21.83	21.85		1
	36	0	20.87	20.75	20.57	0-2	2
	36	18	20.82	20.74	20.52		2
	36	37	20.86	20.68	20.47		2
	75	0	20.67	20.85	20.45		2

Table 9-9
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 10 MHzBandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			20000 (1715.0 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20350 (1750.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	22.94	22.78	22.66	0	0
	1	25	22.90	22.83	22.70		0
	1	49	22.83	22.71	22.60		0
	25	0	21.68	21.87	21.58	0-1	1
	25	12	21.63	21.76	21.60		1
	25	25	21.59	21.71	21.51		1
	50	0	21.65	21.79	21.59		1
16QAM	1	0	22.00	21.98	21.96	0-1	1
	1	25	21.93	21.82	21.99		1
	1	49	21.79	21.62	21.96		1
	25	0	20.56	20.77	20.64	0-2	2
	25	12	20.49	20.88	20.67		2
	25	25	20.39	20.80	20.60		2
	50	0	20.58	20.91	20.62		2

Table 9-10
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHzBandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			19975 (1712.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20375 (1752.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	22.56	22.77	22.53	0	0
	1	12	22.76	22.57	22.67		0
	1	24	22.62	22.87	22.68		0
	12	0	21.58	21.70	21.54	0-1	1
	12	6	21.56	21.70	21.56		1
	12	13	21.46	21.61	21.51		1
	25	0	21.62	21.70	21.53		1
16QAM	1	0	22.00	21.85	21.47	0-1	1
	1	12	21.93	21.58	21.25		1
	1	24	21.98	21.96	21.19		1
	12	0	20.77	20.75	20.39	0-2	2
	12	6	20.64	20.85	20.51		2
	12	13	20.76	20.84	20.45		2
	25	0	20.59	20.87	20.54		2

Table 9-11
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 3 MHzBandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			19965 (1711.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20385 (1753.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	22.83	22.91	22.87	0	0
	1	7	22.88	22.75	22.70		0
	1	14	22.74	22.74	22.70		0
	8	0	21.89	21.72	21.69	0-1	1
	8	4	21.82	21.72	21.64		1
	8	7	21.78	21.72	21.70		1
	15	0	21.75	21.80	21.58		1
16QAM	1	0	22.00	21.89	21.93	0-1	1
	1	7	21.86	21.96	22.00		1
	1	14	21.88	21.84	21.73		1
	8	0	20.94	20.77	20.71	0-2	2
	8	4	20.97	20.41	20.72		2
	8	7	20.72	20.36	20.72		2
	15	0	20.52	20.74	20.70		2

Table 9-12
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers -1.4 MHz Bandwidth

LTE Band 4 (AWS) 1.4 MHzBandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			19957 (1710.7 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20393 (1754.3 MHz)		
			Conducted Power [dBm]				
QPSK	1	0	22.60	22.83	22.78	0	0
	1	2	22.70	22.80	22.86		0
	1	5	22.68	22.62	22.66		0
	3	0	22.64	22.63	22.60		0
	3	2	22.70	22.69	22.65		0
	3	3	22.56	22.59	22.72		0
	6	0	21.54	21.69	21.58	0-1	1
16QAM	1	0	21.96	22.00	21.91	0-1	1
	1	2	21.93	21.89	21.92		1
	1	5	21.89	21.81	21.98		1
	3	0	21.48	21.62	21.48		1
	3	2	21.40	21.60	21.90		1
	3	3	21.27	21.71	21.49		1
	6	0	20.01	20.56	20.29	0-2	2

9.4 WLAN Conducted Powers

Table 9-13
2.4 GHz WLAN Average RF Power

Freq [MHz]	Channel	2.4GHz Conducted Power [dBm]		
		IEEE Transmission Mode		
		802.11b	802.11g	802.11n
2412	1	11.29	9.88	9.99
2417	**2**	**14.96**	13.88	13.92
2437	6	14.76	13.35	13.31
2457	10	14.80	13.75	13.82
2462	11	11.11	9.82	9.81

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

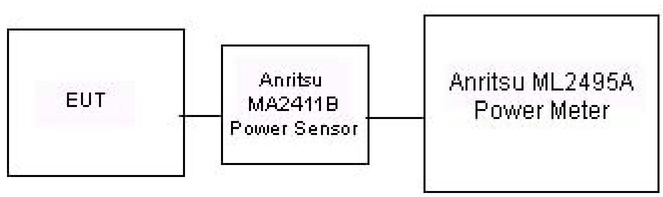

Figure 9-3
Power Measurement Setup

10 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

Table 10-1
Measured Tissue Properties

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (°C)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ε	TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, ε	% dev σ	% dev ε
2/21/2017	750H	21.5	725	0.896	42.846	0.891	42.071	0.56%	1.84%
			740	0.903	42.636	0.893	41.994	1.12%	1.53%
			755	0.917	42.414	0.894	41.916	2.57%	1.19%
			770	0.932	42.159	0.895	41.838	4.13%	0.77%
			785	0.940	41.898	0.896	41.760	4.91%	0.33%
2/13/2017	835H	20.4	820	0.887	41.343	0.899	41.578	-1.33%	-0.57%
			835	0.902	41.153	0.900	41.500	0.22%	-0.84%
			850	0.916	40.959	0.916	41.500	0.00%	-1.30%
2/13/2017	1750H	21.3	1710	1.356	39.734	1.348	40.142	0.59%	-1.02%
			1750	1.397	39.559	1.371	40.079	1.90%	-1.30%
			1790	1.439	39.383	1.394	40.016	3.23%	-1.58%
2/10/2017	1900H	22.2	1850	1.388	39.890	1.400	40.000	-0.86%	-0.27%
			1880	1.420	39.756	1.400	40.000	1.43%	-0.61%
			1910	1.453	39.651	1.400	40.000	3.79%	-0.87%
2/14/2017	2450H	22.9	2400	1.830	37.867	1.756	39.289	4.21%	-3.62%
			2450	1.876	37.686	1.800	39.200	4.22%	-3.86%
			2500	1.927	37.455	1.855	39.136	3.88%	-4.30%
2/13/2017	750B	21.0	725	0.938	56.228	0.961	55.629	-2.39%	1.08%
			740	0.952	56.066	0.963	55.570	-1.14%	0.89%
			755	0.966	55.875	0.964	55.512	0.21%	0.65%
			770	0.982	55.681	0.965	55.453	1.76%	0.41%
			785	0.998	55.504	0.966	55.395	3.31%	0.20%
2/9/2017	835B	21.3	820	0.977	52.840	0.969	55.258	0.83%	-4.38%
			835	0.991	52.690	0.970	55.200	2.16%	-4.55%
			850	1.006	52.532	0.988	55.154	1.82%	-4.75%
2/15/2017	835B	22.5	820	0.942	54.051	0.969	55.258	-2.79%	-2.18%
			835	0.958	53.884	0.970	55.200	-1.24%	-2.38%
			850	0.970	53.736	0.988	55.154	-1.82%	-2.57%
2/14/2017	1750B	21.0	1710	1.459	52.839	1.463	53.537	-0.27%	-1.30%
			1750	1.501	52.731	1.488	53.432	0.87%	-1.31%
			1790	1.555	52.526	1.514	53.326	2.71%	-1.50%
2/13/2017	1900B	21.2	1850	1.510	54.997	1.520	53.300	-0.66%	3.18%
			1880	1.546	54.899	1.520	53.300	1.71%	3.00%
			1910	1.581	54.776	1.520	53.300	4.01%	2.77%
2/15/2017	1900B	22.0	1850	1.499	52.962	1.520	53.300	-1.38%	-0.63%
			1880	1.532	52.856	1.520	53.300	0.79%	-0.83%
			1910	1.573	52.810	1.520	53.300	3.49%	-0.92%
2/16/2017	2450B	23.0	2400	1.872	51.745	1.902	52.767	-1.58%	-1.94%
			2450	1.933	51.562	1.950	52.700	-0.87%	-2.16%
			2500	2.007	51.371	2.021	52.636	-0.69%	-2.40%

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to ±10% of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in Appendix E.

Table 10-2
System Verification Results

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	$Deviation_{1g}$ (%)
G	750	HEAD	02/21/2017	21.6	21.5	0.200	1003	3287	1.640	8.390	8.200	-2.26%
K	835	HEAD	02/13/2017	21.7	20.4	0.200	4d133	7409	1.760	9.320	8.800	-5.58%
I	1750	HEAD	02/13/2017	21.9	21.3	0.100	1148	3209	3.460	36.200	34.600	-4.42%
I	1900	HEAD	02/10/2017	21.1	21.0	0.100	5d149	3209	4.090	40.100	40.900	2.00%
G	2450	HEAD	02/14/2017	20.1	21.8	0.100	797	3287	5.320	52.100	53.200	2.11%
G	750	BODY	02/13/2017	19.6	21.0	0.200	1003	3287	1.810	8.790	9.050	2.96%
H	835	BODY	02/09/2017	22.2	21.3	0.200	4d047	3319	2.030	9.570	10.150	6.06%
H	835	BODY	02/15/2017	23.7	22.5	0.200	4d047	3319	1.980	9.570	9.900	3.45%
J	1750	BODY	02/14/2017	23.4	20.7	0.100	1008	3334	3.810	37.300	38.100	2.14%
J	1900	BODY	02/13/2017	20.7	21.2	0.100	5d080	3334	4.200	39.100	42.000	7.42%
J	1900	BODY	02/15/2017	23.2	21.1	0.100	5d080	3334	4.010	39.100	40.100	2.56%
E	2450	BODY	02/16/2017	24.0	23.0	0.100	981	7406	5.290	50.800	52.900	4.13%

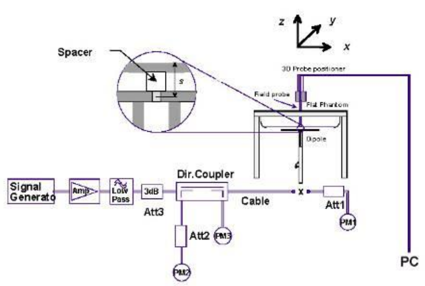

Figure 10-1
System Verification Setup Diagram

Figure 10-2
System Verification Setup Photo

11 SAR DATA SUMMARY

11.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Table 11-1
GSM 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.15	0.04	Right	Cheek	02902	1	1:8.3	0.649	1.012	0.657	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.15	-0.06	Right	Tilt	02902	1	1:8.3	0.274	1.012	0.277	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.15	0.03	Left	Cheek	02902	1	1:8.3	0.643	1.012	0.651	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.15	-0.10	Left	Tilt	02902	1	1:8.3	0.243	1.012	0.246	
824.20	128	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.15	0.04	Right	Cheek	02902	2	1:4.15	0.935	1.012	0.946	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	-0.10	Right	Cheek	02902	2	1:4.15	0.942	1.005	**0.947**	A1
848.80	251	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.16	0.14	Right	Cheek	02902	2	1:4.15	0.788	1.009	0.795	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	0.09	Right	Tilt	02902	2	1:4.15	0.404	1.005	0.406	
824.20	128	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.15	-0.06	Left	Cheek	02902	2	1:4.15	0.930	1.012	0.941	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	-0.06	Left	Cheek	02902	2	1:4.15	0.921	1.005	0.926	
848.80	251	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.16	-0.02	Left	Cheek	02902	2	1:4.15	0.814	1.009	0.821	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	-0.04	Left	Tilt	02902	2	1:4.15	0.391	1.005	0.393	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 11-2
UMTS 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.03	Right	Cheek	02902	1:1	0.483	1.023	0.494	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.02	Right	Tilt	02902	1:1	0.185	1.023	0.189	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.03	Left	Cheek	02902	1:1	0.485	1.023	0.496	A2
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.00	Left	Tilt	02902	1:1	0.195	1.023	0.199	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11-3
GSM 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.7	30.58	0.05	Right	Cheek	02928	1	1:8.3	0.122	1.028	0.125	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.7	30.58	0.09	Right	Tilt	02928	1	1:8.3	0.061	1.028	0.063	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.7	30.58	0.03	Left	Cheek	02928	1	1:8.3	0.119	1.028	0.122	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.7	30.58	-0.04	Left	Tilt	02928	1	1:8.3	0.066	1.028	0.068	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	0.04	Right	Cheek	02928	2	1:4.15	0.133	1.030	0.137	A3
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	-0.02	Right	Tilt	02928	2	1:4.15	0.067	1.030	0.069	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	-0.04	Left	Cheek	02928	2	1:4.15	0.128	1.030	0.132	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	0.21	Left	Tilt	02928	2	1:4.15	0.089	1.030	0.092	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 11-4
UMTS 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	-0.08	Right	Cheek	02928	1:1	0.164	1.000	0.164	A4
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	-0.09	Right	Tilt	02928	1:1	0.077	1.000	0.077	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	-0.07	Left	Cheek	02928	1:1	0.144	1.000	0.144	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	-0.02	Left	Tilt	02928	1:1	0.121	1.000	0.121	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11-5
LTE Band 13 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.															(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.7	24.56	-0.04	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	02910	1:1	0.556	1.033	0.574	A5
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.7	23.43	-0.02	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	25	25	02910	1:1	0.403	1.064	0.429	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.7	24.56	0.18	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	02910	1:1	0.225	1.033	0.232	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.7	23.43	0.04	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	25	25	02910	1:1	0.170	1.064	0.181	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.7	24.56	-0.04	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	02910	1:1	0.522	1.033	0.539	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.7	23.43	0.04	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	25	25	02910	1:1	0.393	1.064	0.418	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.7	24.56	-0.02	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	02910	1:1	0.230	1.033	0.238	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.7	23.43	0.02	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	25	25	02910	1:1	0.179	1.064	0.190	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

Table 11-6
LTE Band 5 (Cell) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.															(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	23.95	0.14	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	25	02902	1:1	0.808	1.059	0.856	A6
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	22.93	-0.01	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	25	0	02902	1:1	0.610	1.064	0.649	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	22.87	0.03	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	02902	1:1	0.562	1.079	0.606	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	23.95	0.17	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	25	02902	1:1	0.322	1.059	0.341	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	22.93	-0.09	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	25	0	02902	1:1	0.246	1.064	0.262	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	23.95	-0.14	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	25	02902	1:1	0.782	1.059	0.828	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	22.93	-0.04	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	25	0	02902	1:1	0.570	1.064	0.606	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	22.87	-0.02	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	02902	1:1	0.561	1.079	0.605	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	23.95	0.08	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	25	02902	1:1	0.304	1.059	0.322	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	22.93	0.04	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	25	0	02902	1:1	0.237	1.064	0.252	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

Table 11-7
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.															(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.0	22.98	0.07	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	02910	1:1	0.272	1.005	0.273	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.0	21.99	-0.11	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	02910	1:1	0.203	1.002	0.203	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.0	22.98	-0.01	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	02910	1:1	0.178	1.005	0.179	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.0	21.99	-0.11	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	50	25	02910	1:1	0.143	1.002	0.143	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.0	22.98	-0.08	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	02910	1:1	0.186	1.005	0.187	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.0	21.99	-0.08	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	02910	1:1	0.145	1.002	0.145	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.0	22.98	0.14	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	02910	1:1	0.293	1.005	0.294	A7
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.0	21.99	-0.04	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	50	25	02910	1:1	0.197	1.002	0.197	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

Table 11-8
DTS Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																		
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor (Power)	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												W/kg	(W/kg)			(W/kg)	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	0.17	Right	Cheek	02928	1	99.8	0.069	-	1.009	1.002	-	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	-0.12	Right	Tilt	02928	1	99.8	0.014	-	1.009	1.002	-	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	0.10	Left	Cheek	02928	1	99.8	0.081	0.055	1.009	1.002	0.056	A8
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	0.15	Left	Tilt	02928	1	99.8	0.010	-	1.009	1.002	-	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data

Table 11-9
GSM/UMTS Body-Worn SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
824.20	128	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.11	0.05	10 mm	02910	1	1:8.3	back	1.050	1.021	1.072	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.15	0.05	10 mm	02910	1	1:8.3	back	1.020	1.012	1.032	
848.80	251	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.20	-0.01	10 mm	02910	1	1:8.3	back	0.898	1.000	0.898	
824.20	128	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.15	0.15	10 mm	02910	2	1:4.15	back	1.110	1.012	1.123	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	0.12	10 mm	02910	2	1:4.15	back	1.150	1.005	1.156	A9
848.80	251	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.16	-0.13	10 mm	02910	2	1:4.15	back	0.940	1.009	0.948	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.01	10 mm	02910	N/A	1:1	back	0.652	1.023	0.667	A10
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.7	30.58	0.18	10 mm	02910	1	1:8.3	back	0.594	1.028	0.611	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	0.06	10 mm	02910	2	1:4.15	back	0.719	1.030	0.741	A11
1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.09	0.14	10 mm	02910	N/A	1:1	back	1.110	1.026	1.139	A13
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	-0.17	10 mm	02910	N/A	1:1	back	1.070	1.000	1.070	
1907.60	9538	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.05	-0.12	10 mm	02910	N/A	1:1	back	1.070	1.035	1.107	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 11-10
LTE Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																					
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Accessory	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.																(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	24.7	24.56	0.12	0	N/A	02910	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.708	1.033	0.731	A15
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	23.7	23.43	0.03	1	N/A	02910	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.550	1.064	0.585	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	23.95	-0.08	0	N/A	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	1.210	1.059	**1.281**	A16
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	23.95	-0.15	0	Headphone	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	1.180	1.059	1.250	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	22.93	-0.01	1	N/A	02910	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.938	1.064	0.998	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	22.87	0.00	1	N/A	02910	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.934	1.079	1.008	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	23.95	0.01	0	N/A	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	1.140	1.059	1.207	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.0	22.98	0.07	0	N/A	02910	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.190	1.005	1.196	A17
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.0	21.99	0.04	1	N/A	02910	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.949	1.002	0.951	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.0	21.92	0.03	1	N/A	02910	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.931	1.019	0.949	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram											

Note: Blue entry represents variability data.

Table 11-11
DTS Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor (Power)	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												W/kg	(W/kg)			(W/kg)	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	0.01	10 mm	02951	1	back	99.8	0.190	0.138	1.009	1.002	**0.140**	A19
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

11.3 Standalone Hotspot SAR Data

Table 11-12
GPRS/UMTS Hotspot SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Test Position	Device Serial Number	# of GPRS Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
824.20	128	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.15	0.15	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	back	1.110	1.012	1.123	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	0.12	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	back	1.150	1.005	1.156	A9
848.80	251	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.16	-0.13	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	back	0.940	1.009	0.948	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	-0.03	10 mm	Open	02910	2	1:4.15	back	0.757	1.005	0.761	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	-0.08	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	front	0.601	1.005	0.604	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	-0.02	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	bottom	0.128	1.005	0.129	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	0.04	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	right	0.722	1.005	0.726	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	31.2	31.18	-0.04	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	left	0.424	1.005	0.426	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.01	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	back	0.652	1.023	0.667	A10
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.21	10 mm	Open	02910	N/A	1:1	back	0.558	1.023	0.571	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.05	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	front	0.209	1.023	0.214	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.03	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.107	1.023	0.109	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	-0.02	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	right	0.401	1.023	0.410	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.60	0.10	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	left	0.302	1.023	0.309	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	0.06	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	back	0.719	1.030	0.741	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	0.07	10 mm	Open	02910	2	1:4.15	back	1.080	1.030	1.112	A12
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	0.02	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	front	0.272	1.030	0.280	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	-0.02	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	bottom	0.171	1.030	0.176	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	0.08	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	right	0.155	1.030	0.160	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.7	28.57	-0.03	10 mm	Closed	02910	2	1:4.15	left	0.216	1.030	0.222	
1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.09	0.14	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	back	1.110	1.026	1.139	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	-0.17	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	back	1.070	1.000	1.070	
1907.60	9538	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.05	-0.12	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	back	1.070	1.035	1.107	
1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.09	0.03	10 mm	Open	02910	N/A	1:1	back	1.220	1.026	1.252	A14
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	0.09	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	front	0.412	1.000	0.412	
1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.09	0.18	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.873	1.026	0.896	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	0.06	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.940	1.000	0.940	
1907.60	9538	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.05	0.06	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.924	1.035	0.956	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	-0.01	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	right	0.187	1.000	0.187	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.20	-0.02	10 mm	Closed	02910	N/A	1:1	left	0.265	1.000	0.265	
1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.2	23.09	-0.13	10 mm	Open	02910	N/A	1:1	back	1.070	1.026	1.098	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

Note: Blue entry represents variability data.

Table 11-13
LTE Band 13 Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

FREQUENCY MHz	Ch.		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	24.7	24.56	0.12	0	02910	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.708	1.033	0.731	A15
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Open	24.7	24.56	0.19	0	02910	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.487	1.033	0.503	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	23.7	23.43	0.03	1	02910	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.550	1.064	0.585	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	24.7	24.56	-0.05	0	02910	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	front	1:1	0.189	1.033	0.195	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	23.7	23.43	0.07	1	02910	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	front	1:1	0.150	1.064	0.160	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	24.7	24.56	0.08	0	02910	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.099	1.033	0.102	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	23.7	23.43	-0.07	1	02910	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.071	1.064	0.076	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	24.7	24.56	-0.12	0	02910	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	right	1:1	0.376	1.033	0.388	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	23.7	23.43	0.02	1	02910	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	right	1:1	0.293	1.064	0.312	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	24.7	24.56	0.08	0	02910	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	left	1:1	0.192	1.033	0.198	
782.00	23230	Mid	LTE Band 13	10	Closed	23.7	23.43	0.11	1	02910	QPSK	25	25	10 mm	left	1:1	0.135	1.064	0.144	

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Table 11-14
LTE Band 5 (Cell) Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

FREQUENCY MHz	Ch.		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	24.2	23.95	-0.08	0	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	1.210	1.059	**1.281**	A16
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Open	24.2	23.95	0.14	0	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.677	1.059	0.717	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	23.2	22.93	-0.01	1	02910	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.938	1.064	0.998	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	23.2	22.87	0.00	1	02910	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.934	1.079	1.008	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	24.2	23.95	-0.04	0	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	front	1:1	0.483	1.059	0.511	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	23.2	22.93	0.00	1	02910	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.362	1.064	0.385	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	24.2	23.95	0.04	0	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.111	1.059	0.118	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	23.2	22.93	-0.11	1	02910	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.078	1.064	0.083	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	24.2	23.95	0.07	0	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	right	1:1	0.656	1.059	0.695	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	23.2	22.93	-0.10	1	02910	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	right	1:1	0.506	1.064	0.538	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	24.2	23.95	0.08	0	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	left	1:1	0.357	1.059	0.378	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	23.2	22.93	-0.14	1	02910	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.273	1.064	0.290	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	Closed	24.2	23.95	0.01	0	02910	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	1.140	1.059	1.207	

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Note: Blue entry represents variability data.

Table 11-15
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																				
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Test Position	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.																(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	23.0	22.98	0.07	0	02910	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.190	1.005	1.196	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Open	23.0	22.98	-0.02	0	02910	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.230	1.005	1.236	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	22.0	21.99	0.04	1	02910	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.949	1.002	0.951	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	22.0	21.92	0.03	1	02910	QPSK	100	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.931	1.019	0.949	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	23.0	22.98	0.12	0	02910	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.371	1.005	0.373	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	22.0	21.99	-0.13	1	02910	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	front	1:1	0.268	1.002	0.269	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	23.0	22.98	0.00	0	02910	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.251	1.005	0.252	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	22.0	21.99	0.00	1	02910	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.204	1.002	0.204	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	23.0	22.98	-0.08	0	02910	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	right	1:1	0.167	1.005	0.168	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	22.0	21.99	-0.04	1	02910	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	right	1:1	0.129	1.002	0.129	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	23.0	22.98	0.00	0	02910	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.343	1.005	0.345	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Closed	22.0	21.99	0.05	1	02910	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	left	1:1	0.264	1.002	0.265	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	Open	23.0	22.98	-0.02	0	02910	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	1.270	1.005	1.276	A18
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population											Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

Note: Blue entry represents variability data.

Table 11-16
WLAN Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor (Power)	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.													W/kg	(W/kg)			(W/kg)	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	0.01	10 mm	Closed	02951	1	back	99.8	0.190	0.138	1.009	1.002	0.140	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	0.02	10 mm	Open	02951	1	back	99.8	0.200	0.150	1.009	1.002	0.152	A20
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	-0.11	10 mm	Closed	02951	1	front	99.8	0.106	-	1.009	1.002	-	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	0.01	10 mm	Closed	02951	1	top	99.8	0.123	-	1.009	1.002	-	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.0	14.96	0.10	10 mm	Closed	02951	1	right	99.8	0.133	-	1.009	1.002	-	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram											

11.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported body-worn SAR was > 1.2 W/kg, additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

8. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than or equal to 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 13 for variability analysis.
9. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 6.7 for more details).
10. Body-worn SAR tests were performed with the phone in closed position only because operations during body-worn use scenarios with the open position are not expected. Additional hotspot SAR tests were performed with the phone in open position for the worst-case configuration of each mode and band.
11. Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes, DUT holder perturbation verification is required when the highest reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg. DUT holder perturbation verification was not performed since the DUT was positioned on a foam block to prevent holder perturbation. Test setup photos can be found in Appendix F.

GSM Test Notes:

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.
4. GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn voice calls for VoIP operations.

UMTS Notes:

1. UMTS mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. AMR and HSPA SAR was not required per the 3G Test Reduction Procedure in KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r04. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.5.4.
2. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
3. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

WLAN Notes:

1. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR. See Section 8.6.3 for more information. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
3. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Procedures used to measure the duty factor are identical to that in the associated EMC test reports.

12 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to devices with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/kg. The different test positions in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR.

When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 b), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} * \frac{\text{(Max Power of channel, mW)}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Table 12-1
Estimated SAR

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2480	9.00	10	0.168

Note: Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

12.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	GSM/GPRS 850	0.947	0.056	**1.003**
	UMTS 850	0.496	0.056	0.552
	GSM/GPRS 1900	0.137	0.056	0.193
	UMTS 1900	0.164	0.056	0.220
	LTE Band 13	0.574	0.056	0.630
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	0.856	0.056	0.912
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	0.294	0.056	0.350

12.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12-3
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn	GSM/GPRS 850	1.156	0.140	1.296
	UMTS 850	0.667	0.140	0.807
	GSM/GPRS 1900	0.741	0.140	0.881
	UMTS 1900	1.139	0.140	1.279
	LTE Band 13	0.731	0.140	0.871
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	1.281	0.140	**1.421**
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1.196	0.140	1.336

Table 12-4
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn	GSM/GPRS 850	1.156	0.168	1.324
	UMTS 850	0.667	0.168	0.835
	GSM/GPRS 1900	0.741	0.168	0.909
	UMTS 1900	1.139	0.168	1.307
	LTE Band 13	0.731	0.168	0.899
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	1.281	0.168	**1.449**
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1.196	0.168	1.364

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

12.5 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12-5
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (2.4 GHz Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 850	1.156	0.152	1.308
	UMTS 850	0.667	0.152	0.819
	GPRS 1900	1.112	0.152	1.264
	UMTS 1900	1.252	0.152	1.404
	LTE Band 13	0.731	0.152	0.883
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	1.281	0.152	**1.433**
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1.276	0.152	1.428

12.6 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

13 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 13-1
Body SAR Measurement Variability Results

BODY VARIABILITY RESULTS														
Band	FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Test Position	Side	Spacing	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio
	MHz	Ch.						(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
835	836.50	20525	LTE Band 5 (Cell), 10 MHz Bandwidth	QPSK, 1 RB, 25 RB Offset	Closed	back	10 mm	1.210	1.140	1.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1750	1732.50	20175	LTE Band 4 (AWS), 20 MHz Bandwidth	QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset	Open	back	10 mm	1.230	1.270	1.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1900	1852.40	9262	UMTS 1900	RMC	Open	back	10 mm	1.220	1.070	1.14	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was <1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

14 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	3/2/2016	Annual	3/2/2017	MY45470194
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	3/2/2016	Annual	3/2/2017	JP38020182
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	3/13/2015	Biennial	3/13/2017	MY42082385
Agilent	E4432B	ESG-D Series Signal Generator	3/5/2016	Annual	3/5/2017	US40053896
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	10/27/2016	Annual	10/27/2017	MY47420603
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	10/26/2016	Annual	10/26/2017	US39170118
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Vector Network Analyzer	8/19/2016	Annual	8/19/2017	MY40003841
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	1/29/2016	Biennial	1/29/2018	GB46310798
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	433971
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/16/2015	Biennial	10/16/2017	941001
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	8/18/2016	Annual	8/18/2017	1126066
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Analyzer	9/15/2016	Annual	9/15/2017	6200901190
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	6/2/2016	Annual	6/2/2017	1231538
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	6/2/2016	Annual	6/2/2017	1248508
COMTech	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M1S5A00-009
Control Company	4040	Digital Thermometer	3/15/2015	Biennial	3/15/2017	150194929
Control Company	4353	Long Stem Thermometer	3/5/2015	Biennial	3/5/2017	150149565
Control Company	4352	Ultra Long Stem Thermometer	3/8/2016	Biennial	3/8/2018	160261701
Keysight	772D	Dual Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	MY52180215
MCL	BW-N6W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R8979500903
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1226
Mitutoyo	CD-6"CSX	Digital Caliper	3/2/2016	Biennial	3/2/2018	13264162
Narda	4772-3	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	9406
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	NC-100	Torque Wrench	11/6/2015	Biennial	11/6/2017	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	3/29/2016	Annual	3/29/2017	836371/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	10/20/2016	Annual	10/20/2017	100976
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	4/26/2016	Annual	4/26/2017	112347
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench	11/6/2015	Biennial	11/6/2017	22313
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	9/13/2016	Annual	9/13/2017	1091
SPEAG	DAK-12	Dielectric Assessment Kit (10MHz - 3GHz)	3/1/2016	Annual	3/1/2017	1102
SPEAG	DAKS-3.5	Portable Dielectric Assessment Kit	7/19/2016	Annual	7/19/2017	1039
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz SAR Dipole	1/11/2017	Annual	1/11/2018	1003
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	7/14/2016	Annual	7/14/2017	4d133
SPEAG	D1750V2	1750 MHz SAR Dipole	5/9/2016	Annual	5/9/2017	1148
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	7/15/2016	Annual	7/15/2017	5d149
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	9/13/2016	Annual	9/13/2017	797
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	7/13/2016	Annual	7/13/2017	4d047
SPEAG	D1765V2	1765 MHz SAR Dipole	5/11/2016	Annual	5/11/2017	1008
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	7/8/2016	Annual	7/8/2017	5d080
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	7/25/2016	Annual	7/25/2017	981
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	9/19/2016	Annual	9/19/2017	3287
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	5/17/2016	Annual	5/17/2017	7409
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/18/2016	Annual	3/18/2017	3209
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/18/2016	Annual	3/18/2017	3319
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	11/15/2016	Annual	11/15/2017	3334
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	4/19/2016	Annual	4/19/2017	7406
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/14/2016	Annual	9/14/2017	1408
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/11/2016	Annual	5/11/2017	859
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	8/22/2016	Annual	8/22/2017	1364
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	3/14/2016	Annual	3/14/2017	1368
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/11/2016	Annual	11/11/2017	1334
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/14/2016	Annual	4/14/2017	1407

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

15 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

a	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c_i 1gm	c_i 10 gms	1gm u_i (± %)	10gms u_i (± %)	v_i
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	1.3	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.1	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	6.7	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	3.9	3.9	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.7	N	1	1.0	1.0	2.7	2.7	35
Device Holder Uncertainty	1.67	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	7.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	4.1	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	3.4	R	1.73	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - Temperature Unceritainty	0.6	R	1.73	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)		RSS				11.5	11.3	60
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)		k=2				23.0	22.6	

16 CONCLUSION

16.1 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02902

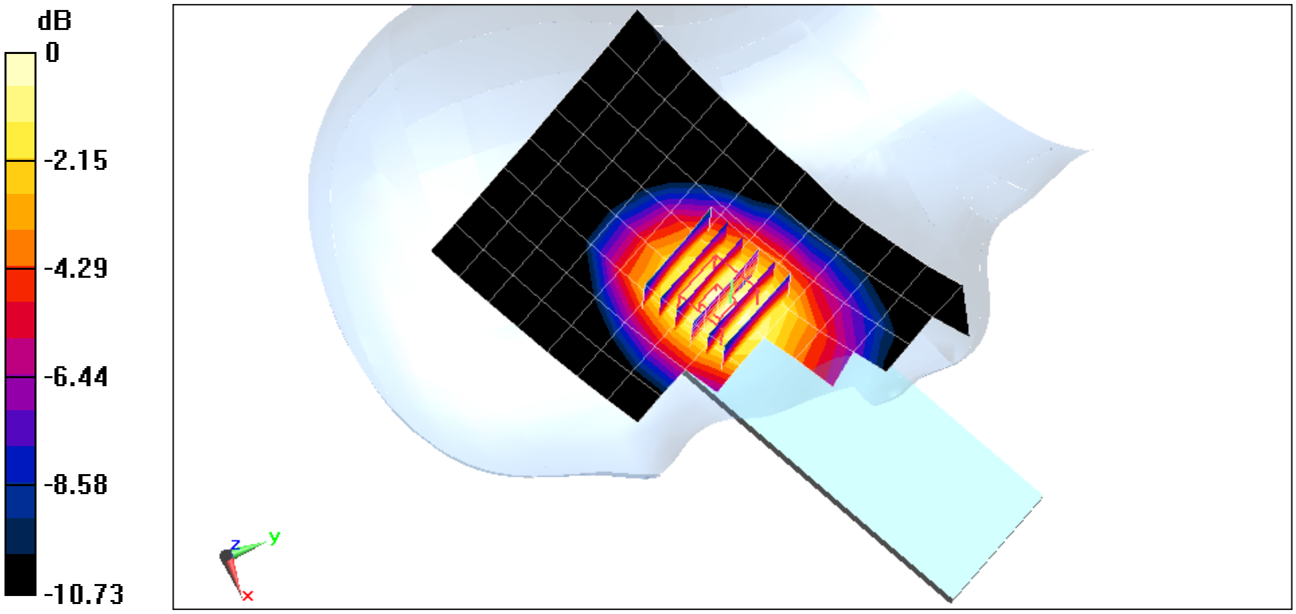
Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.903 S/m; ε_r = 41.132; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.7°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7409; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04); Calibrated: 5/17/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/11/2016
Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:7535
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 850, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 2 Tx slots

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 33.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.06 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.942 W/kg



0 dB = 1.15 W/kg = 0.61 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02902

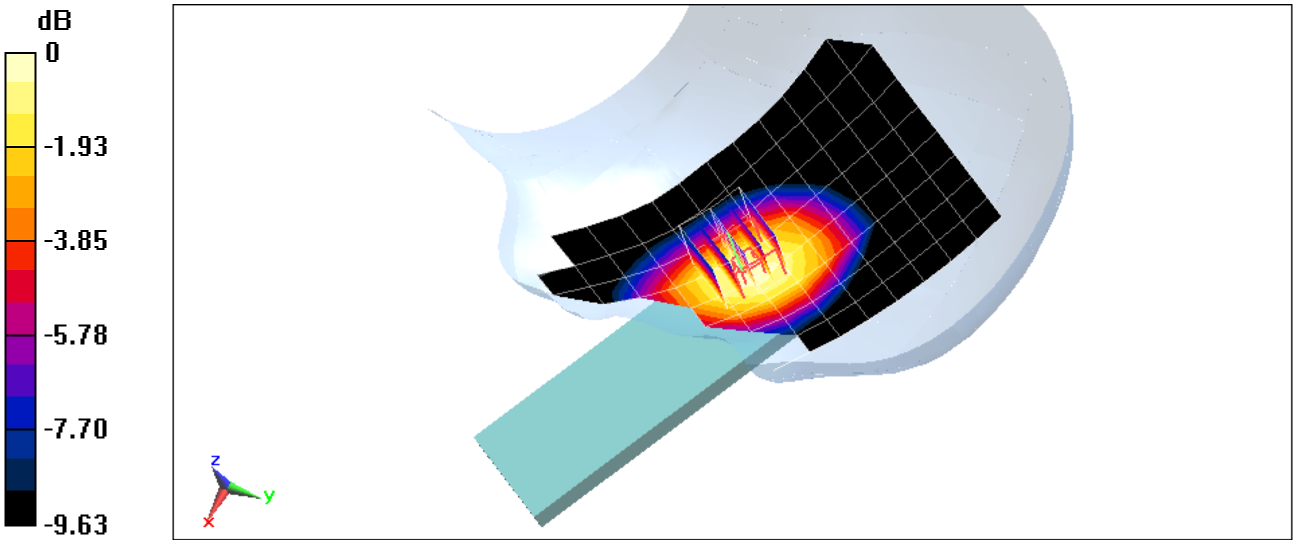
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.903 S/m; ε_r = 41.132; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.7°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7409; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04); Calibrated: 5/17/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/11/2016
Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:7535
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 850, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.626 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.485 W/kg



0 dB = 0.584 W/kg = -2.34 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02928

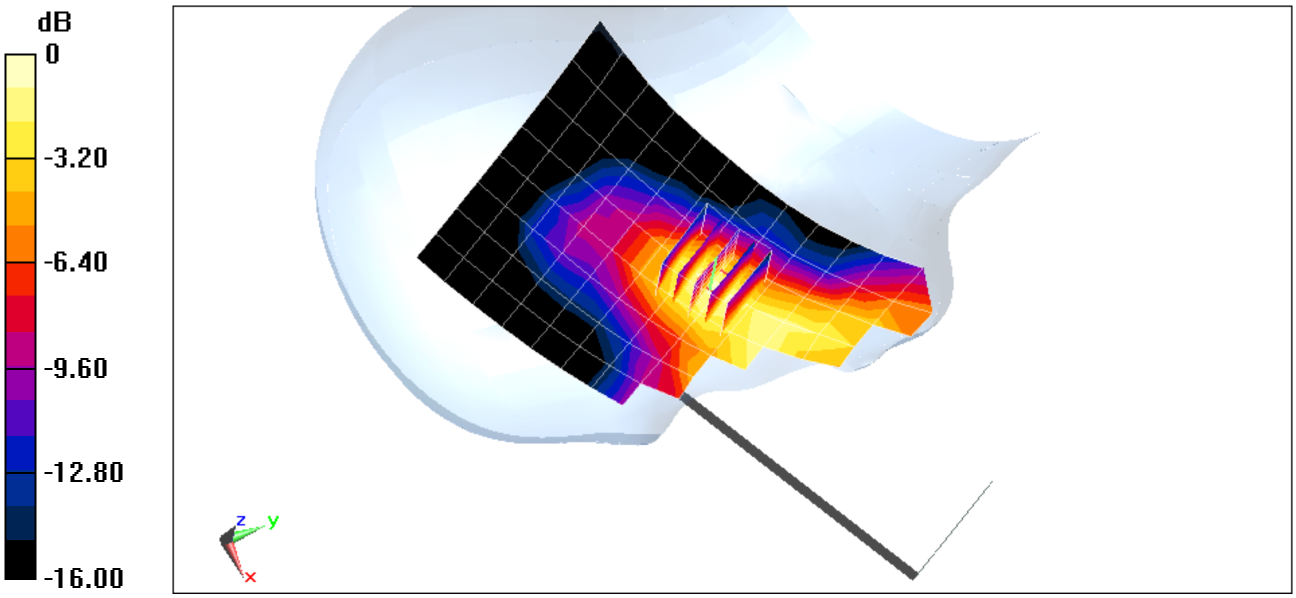
Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:
f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ε_r = 39.756; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-10-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 8/22/2016
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 2 Tx slots

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.202 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.133 W/kg



0 dB = 0.155 W/kg = -8.10 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02928

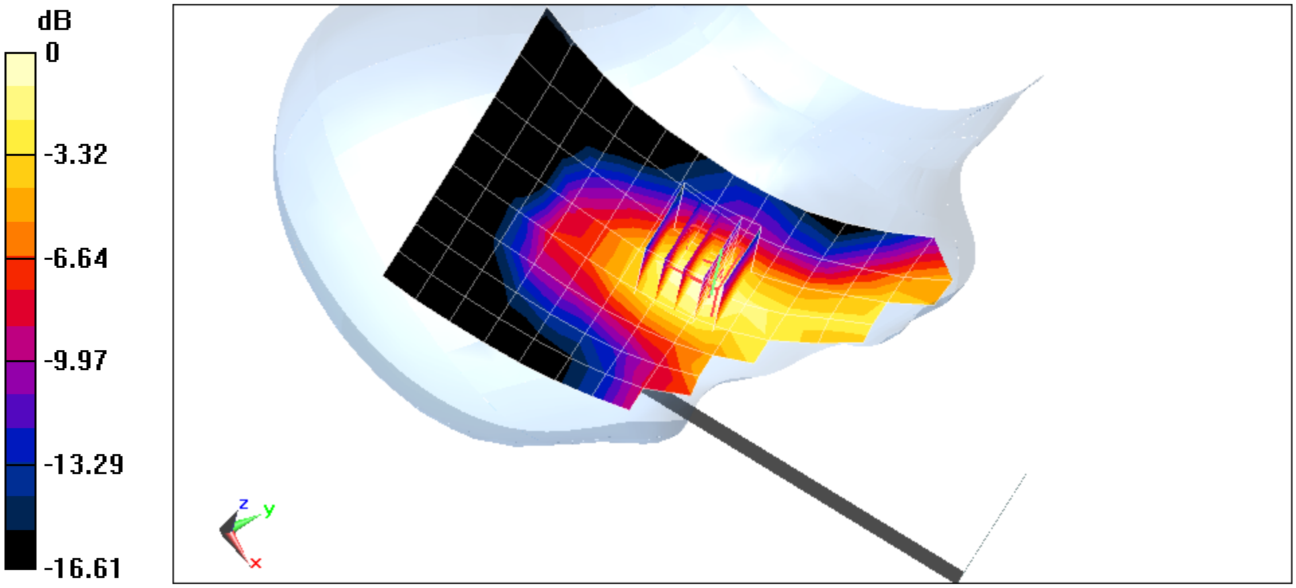
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:
f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ε_r = 39.756; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-10-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 8/22/2016
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.252 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.164 W/kg



0 dB = 0.184 W/kg = -7.35 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

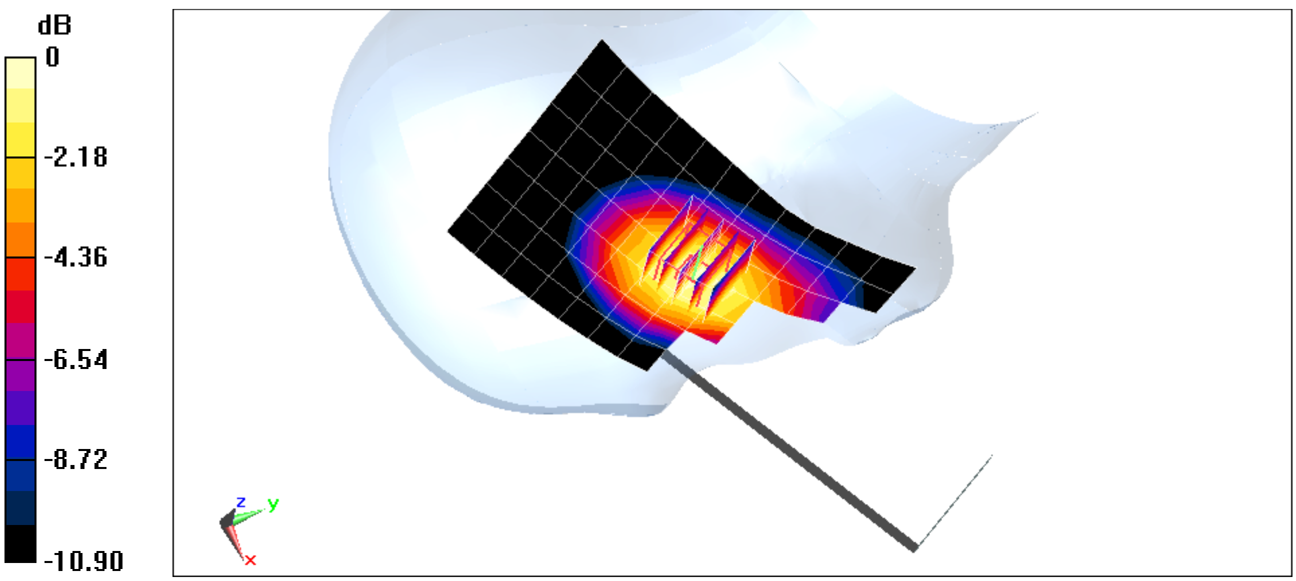
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 782 MHz; σ = 0.938 S/m; ε_r = 41.95; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-21-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.6°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016
Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP:82355
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 13, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset

Area Scan (8x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 25.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.700 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.556 W/kg



0 dB = 0.619 W/kg = -2.08 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02902

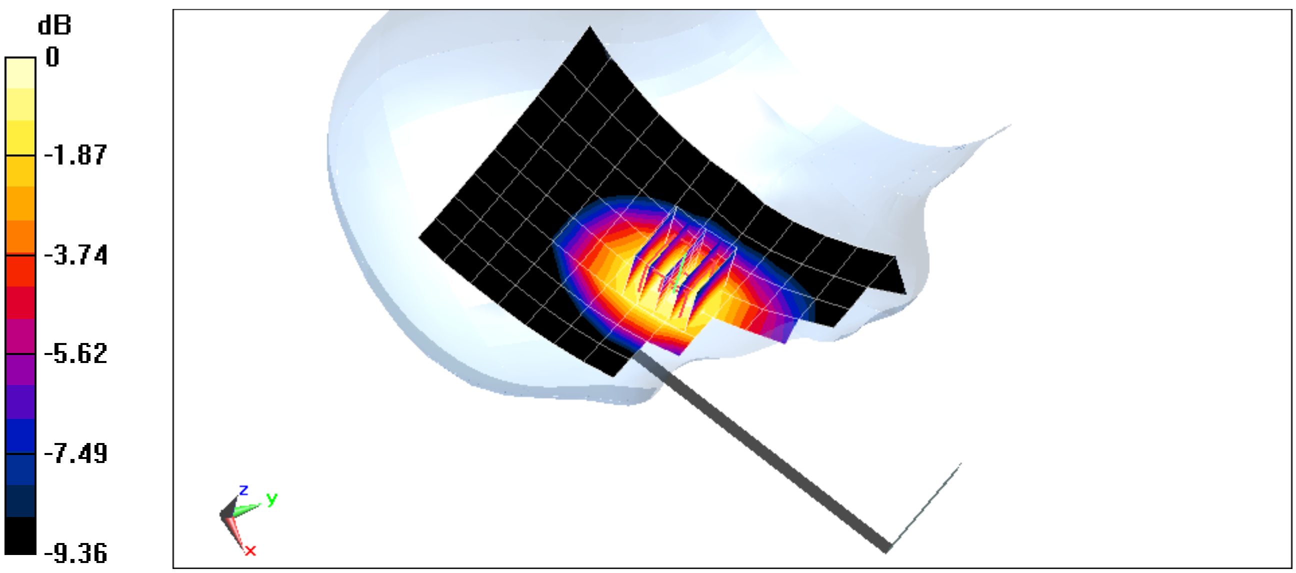
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (Cell.); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 836.5 MHz; σ = 0.903 S/m; ε_r = 41.134; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.7°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7409; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04); Calibrated: 5/17/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/11/2016
Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:7535
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 5 (Cell.), Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 25 RB Offset

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.70 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.808 W/kg



0 dB = 0.960 W/kg = -0.18 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

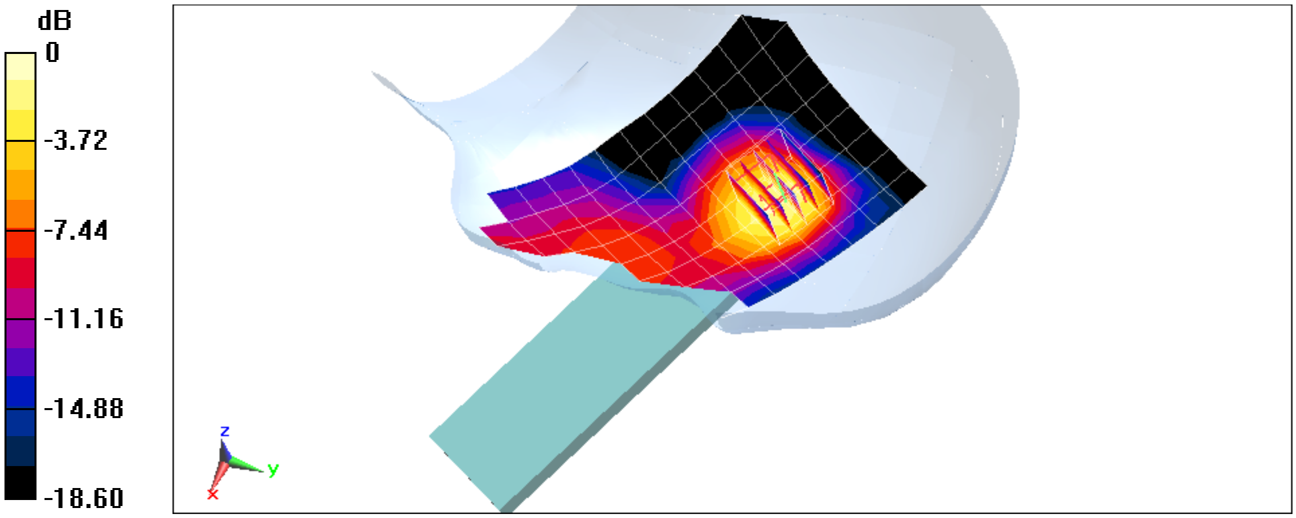
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.379 S/m; ε_r = 39.636; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 8/22/2016
Phantom: SAM Right; Type: SAM; Serial: 1757
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch, 20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.458 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.293 W/kg



0 dB = 0.343 W/kg = -4.65 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02928

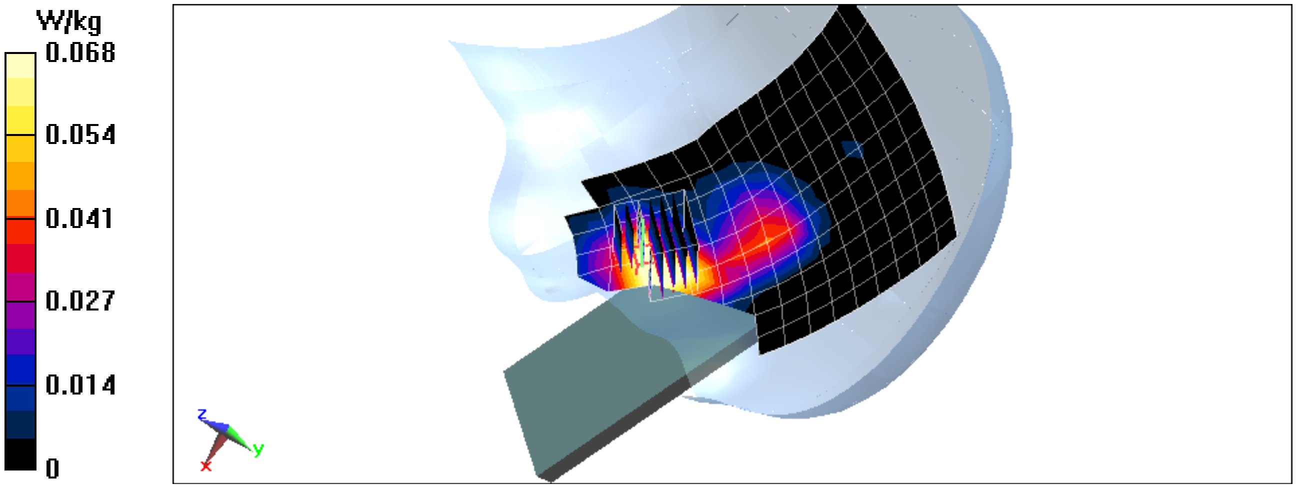
Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2417 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 2417 MHz; σ = 1.846 S/m; ε_r = 37.805; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 02-14-2017; Ambient Temp: 20.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth, Left Head, Cheek, Ch 2, 1 Mbps

Area Scan (11x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.416 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0990 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.055 W/kg;



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

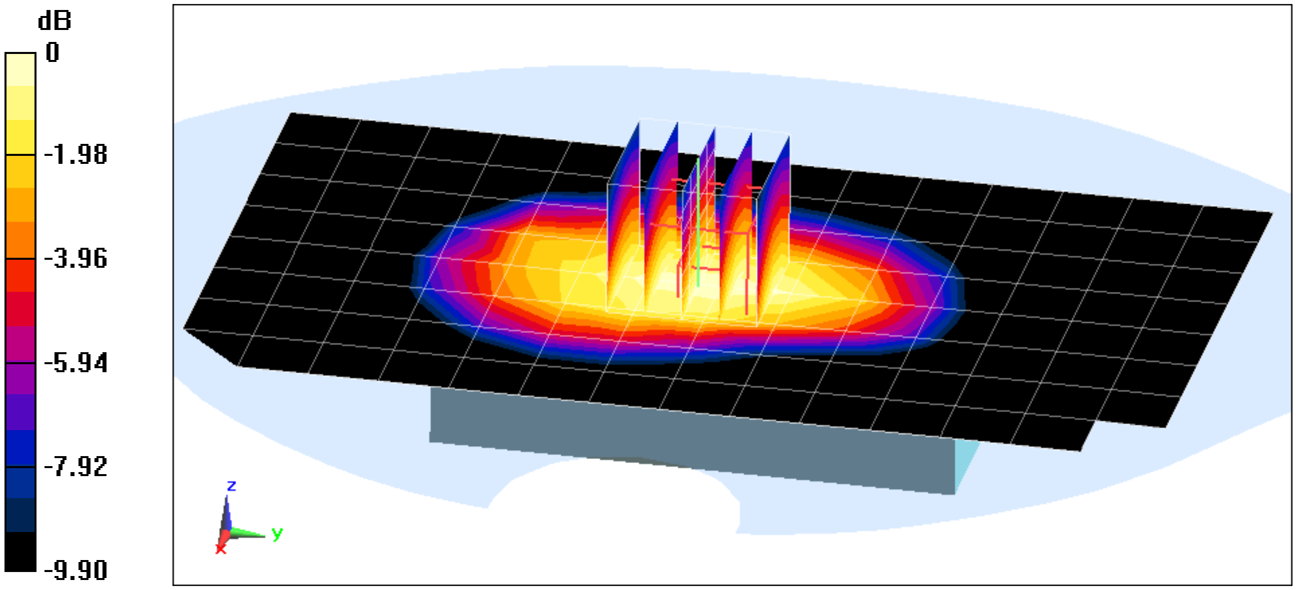
Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.993 S/m; ε_r = 52.673; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2017; Ambient Temp: 22.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots, Closed Position

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 35.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg



0 dB = 1.29 W/kg = 1.11 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

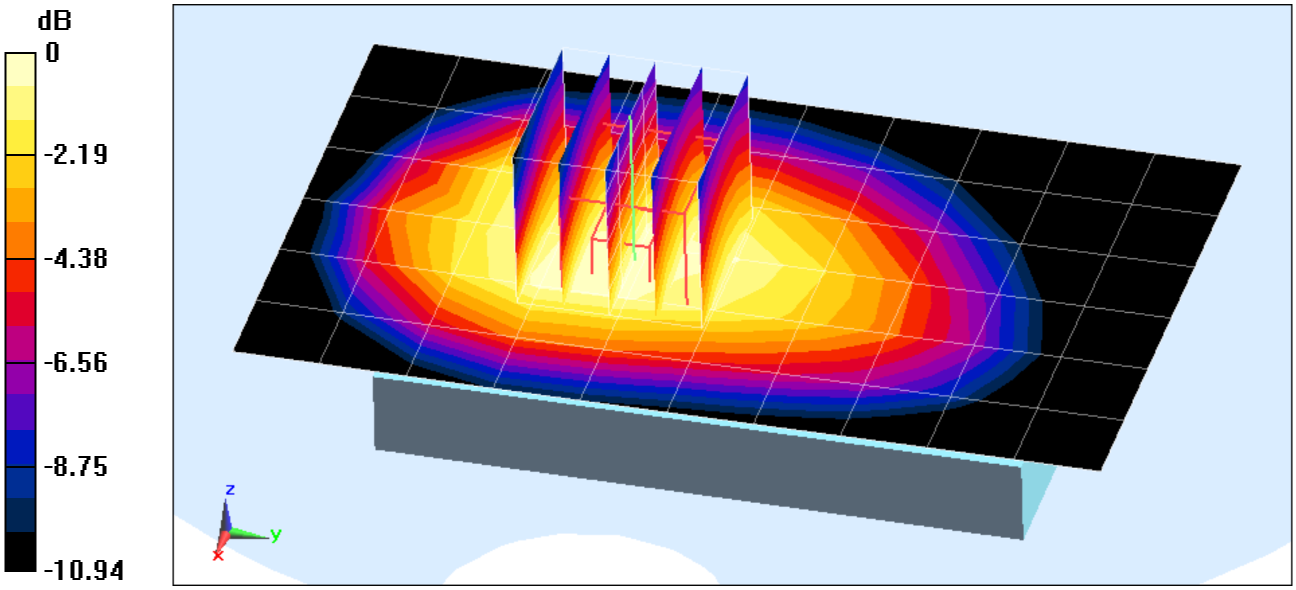
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.993 S/m; ε_r = 52.673; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2017; Ambient Temp: 22.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, Closed Position

Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.896 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.652 W/kg



0 dB = 0.733 W/kg = -1.35 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

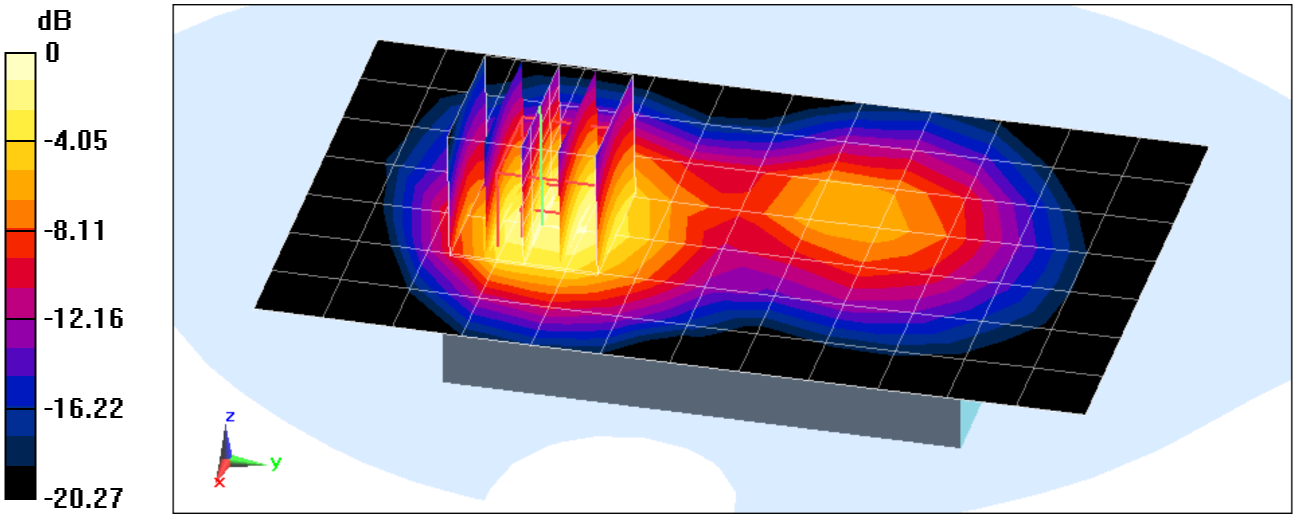
Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:
f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.532 S/m; ε_r = 52.856; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-15-2017; Ambient Temp: 23.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 11/15/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1692
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots, Closed Position

Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 22.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.719 W/kg



0 dB = 0.864 W/kg = -0.63 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

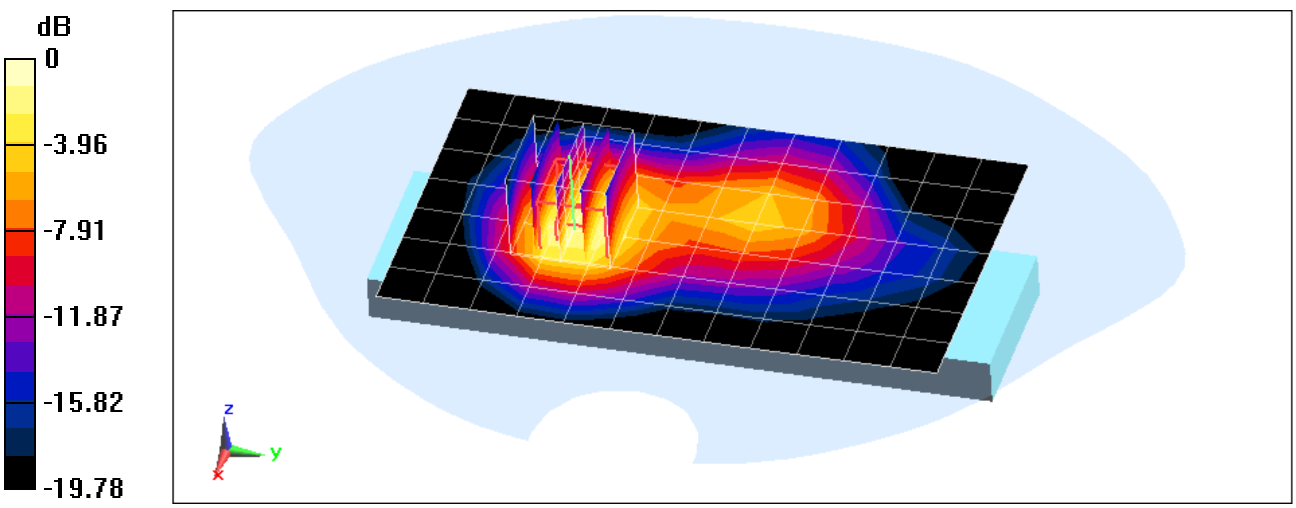
Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:
f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.532 S/m; ε_r = 52.856; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-15-2017; Ambient Temp: 23.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 11/15/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1692
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots, Open Position

Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.84 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg



0 dB = 1.33 W/kg = 1.24 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

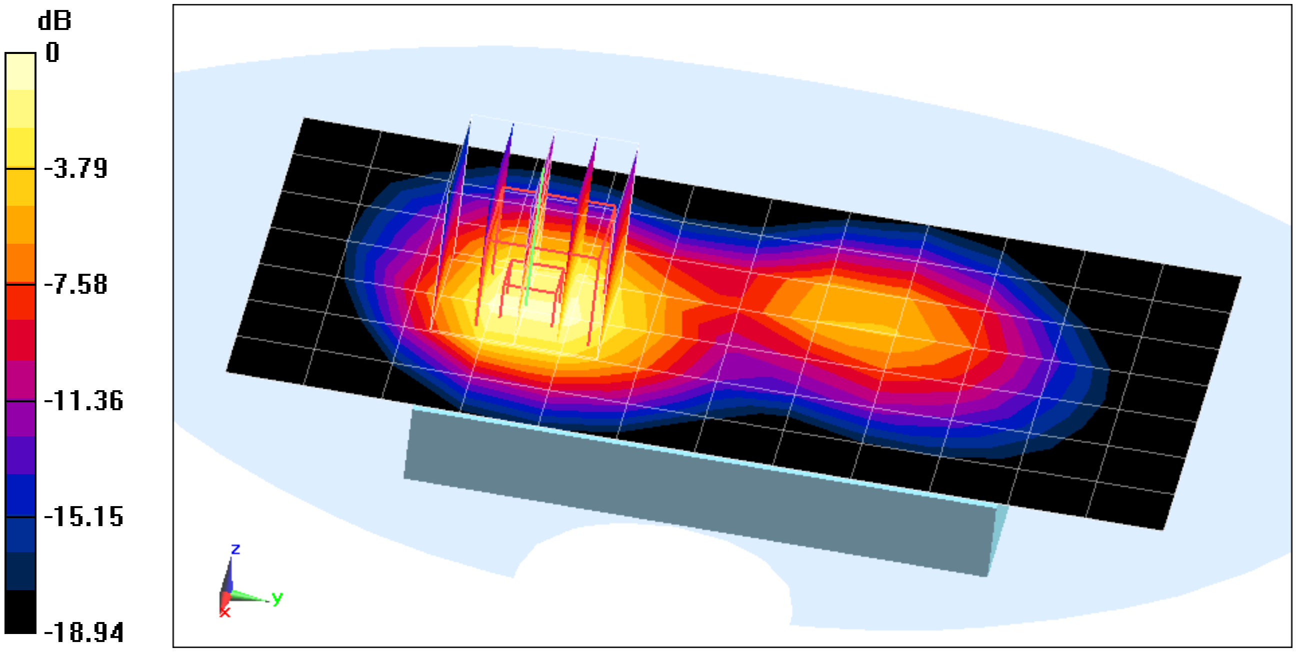
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.513 S/m; ε_r = 54.989; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 20.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 11/15/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1692
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Low.ch, Closed Position

Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg



0 dB = 1.33 W/kg = 1.24 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

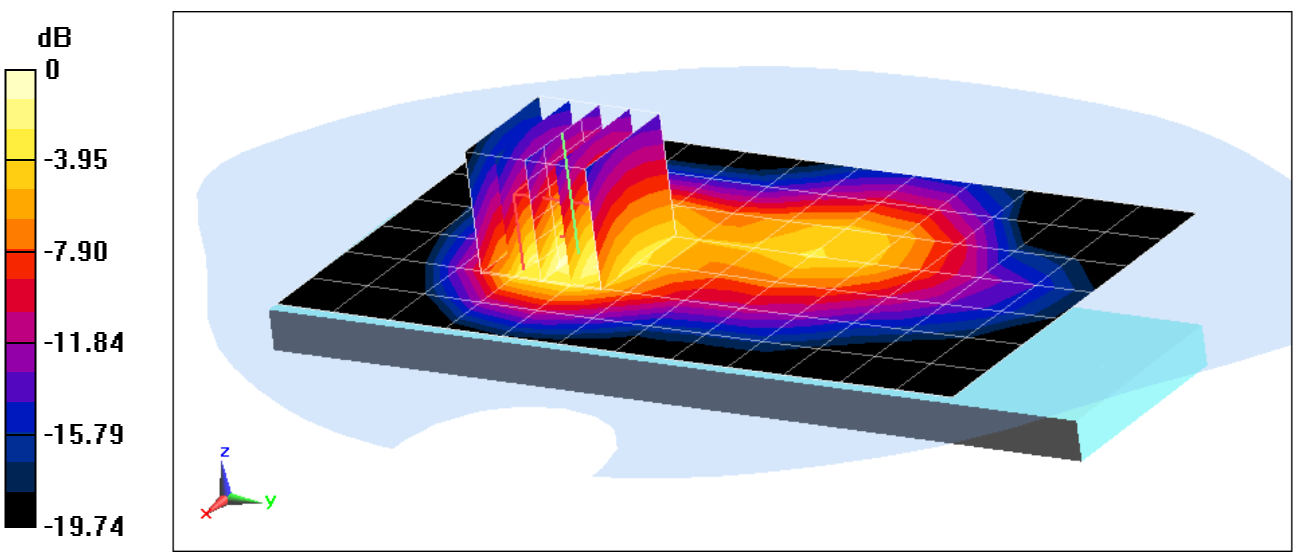
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.513 S/m; ε_r = 54.989; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 20.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 11/15/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1692
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Low.ch, Open Position

Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.22 W/kg



0 dB = 1.48 W/kg = 1.70 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

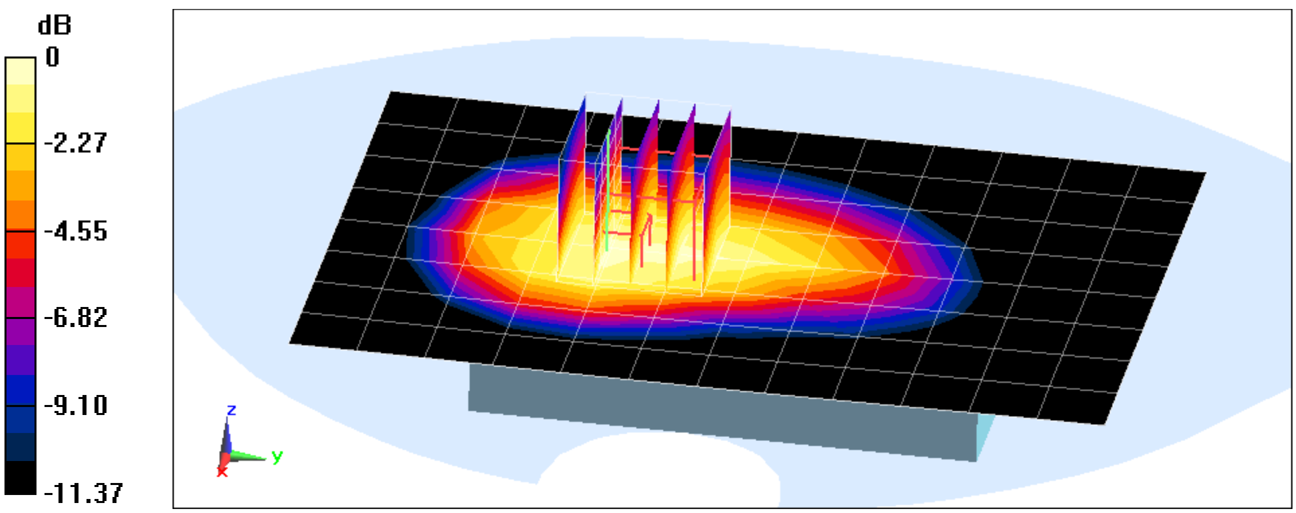
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 782 MHz; σ = 0.995 S/m; ε_r = 55.539; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 19.6°C; Tissue Temp: 21.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.64, 6.64, 6.64); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016
Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP:82355
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 13, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset, Closed Position

Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.708 W/kg



0 dB = 0.808 W/kg = -0.93 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

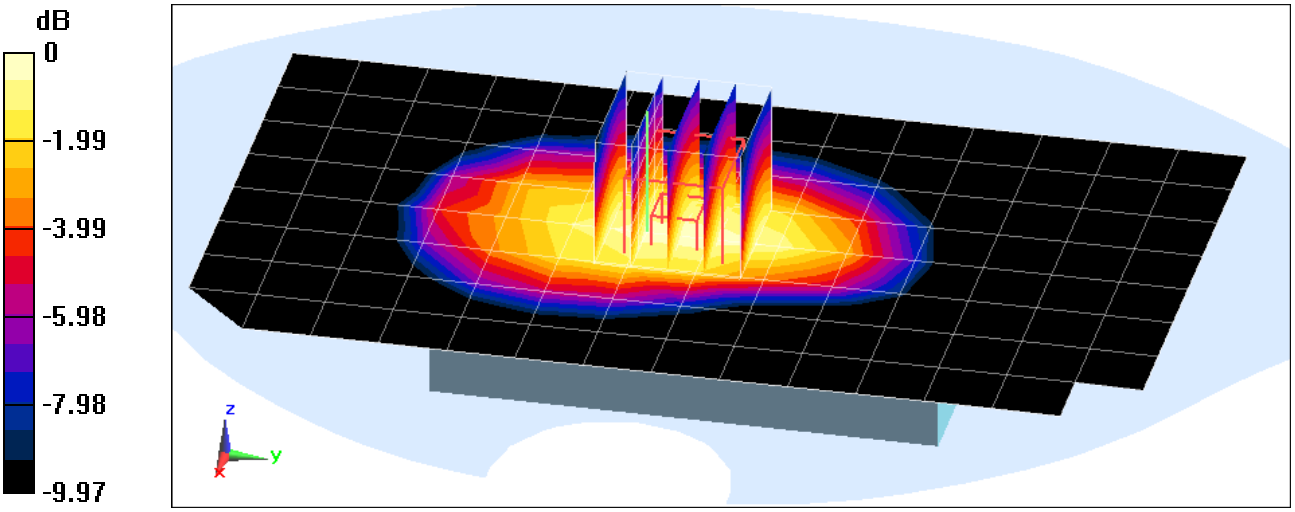
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 836.5 MHz; σ = 0.993 S/m; ε_r = 52.674; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2017; Ambient Temp: 22.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 5 (Cell.), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 25 RB Offset, Closed Position

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 36.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.36 W/kg = 1.34 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

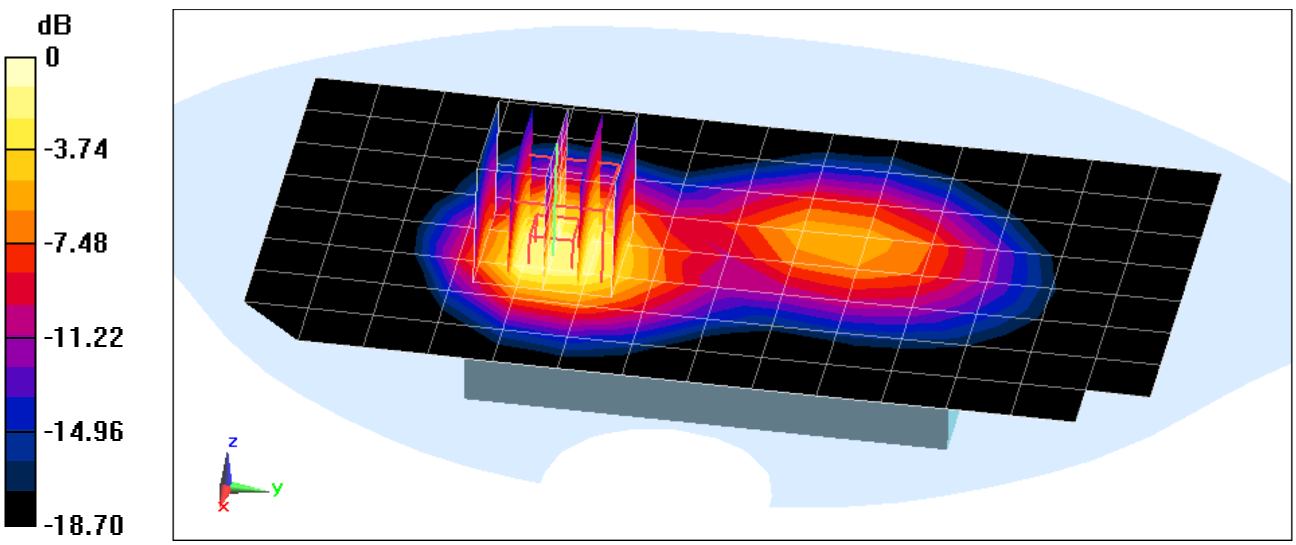
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.483 S/m; ε_r = 52.778; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-14-2017; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 11/15/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1692
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset, Closed Position

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.99 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.19 W/kg



0 dB = 1.47 W/kg = 1.67 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02910

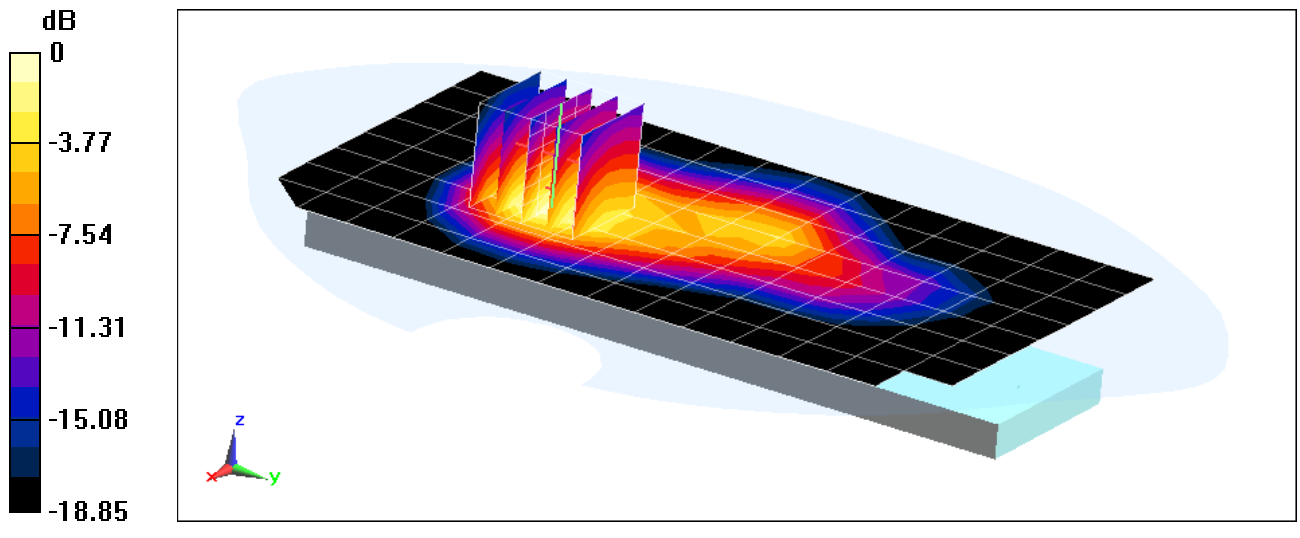
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.483 S/m; ε_r = 52.778; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-14-2017; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 11/15/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1692
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset, Open Position

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.16 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.27 W/kg



0 dB = 1.53 W/kg = 1.85 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02951

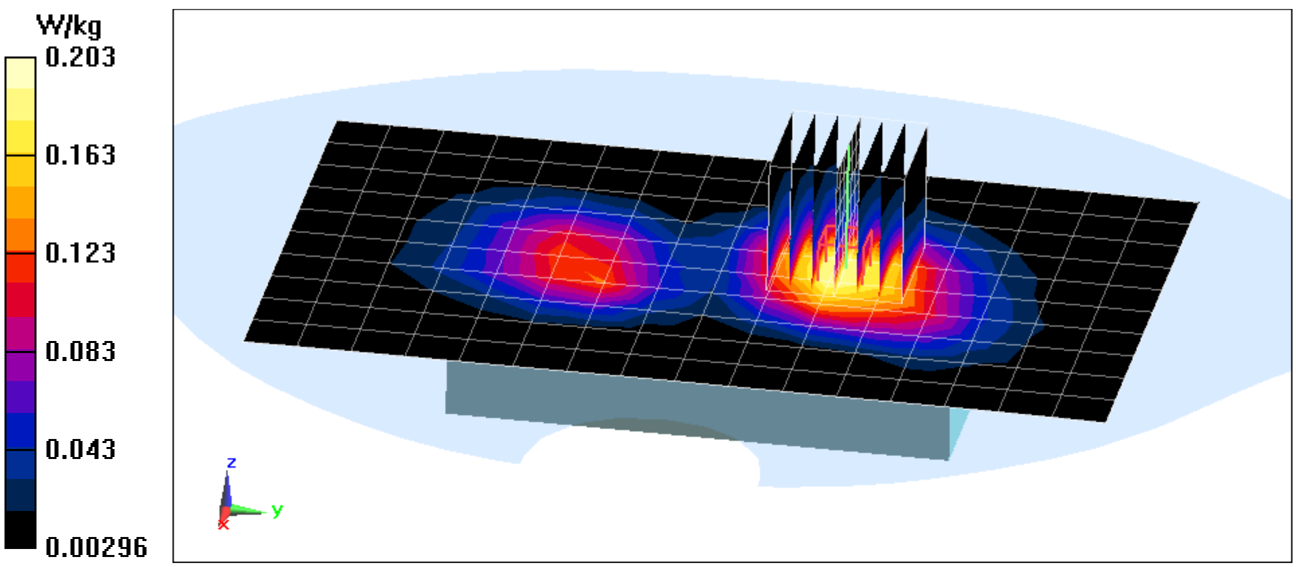
Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2417 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 2417 MHz; σ = 1.893 S/m; ε_r = 51.683; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-16-2017; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7406; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 4/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 4/14/2016
Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth, Body SAR, Ch 2, 1 Mbps, Back Side, Closed Position

Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.958 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.245 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.138 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: ZNFVN220; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 02951

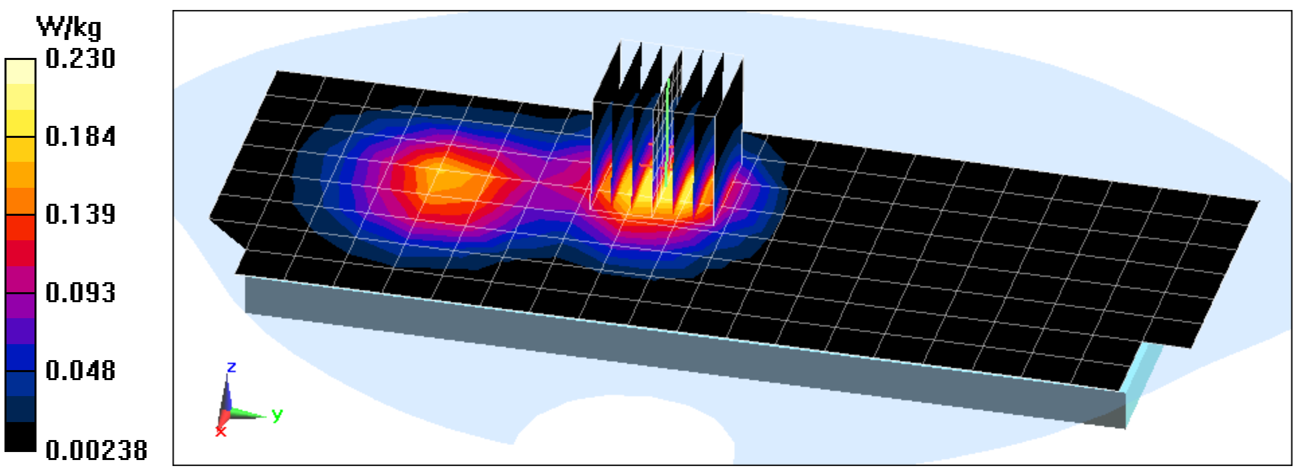
Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2417 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 2417 MHz; σ = 1.893 S/m; ε_r = 51.683; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-16-2017; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7406; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 4/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 4/14/2016
Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth, Body SAR, Ch 2,
1 Mbps, Back Side, Open Position

Area Scan (9x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.273 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.281 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.150 W/kg



APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1003

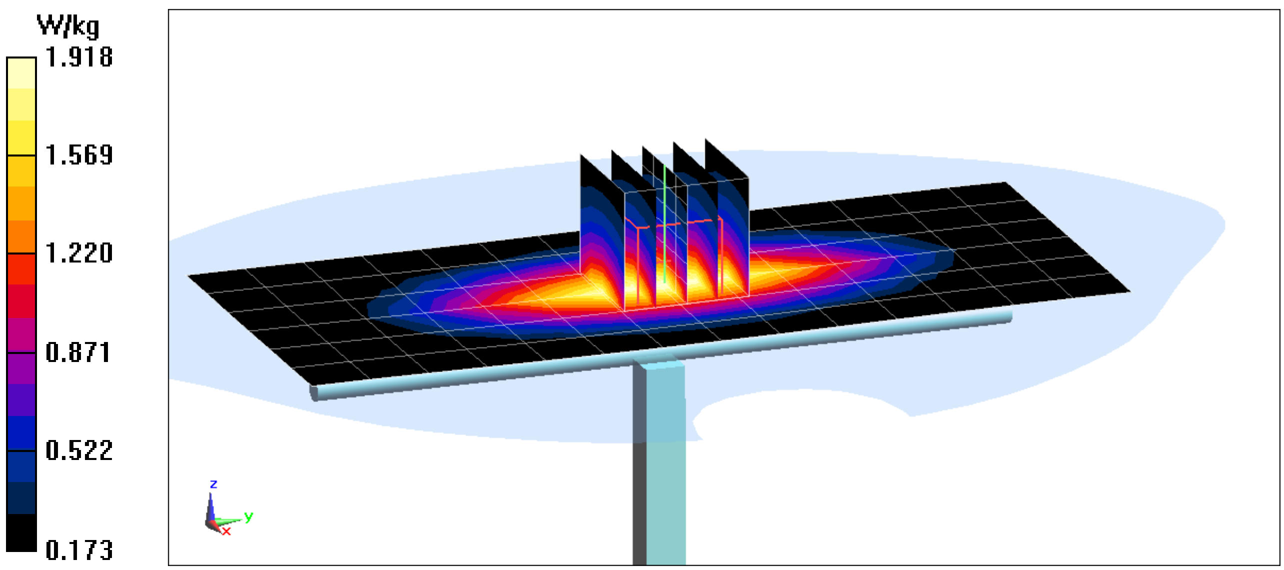
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.912 S/m; ε_r = 42.488; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 02-21-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.6°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016
Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP:82355
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

750 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.43 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.64 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = -2.26%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d133

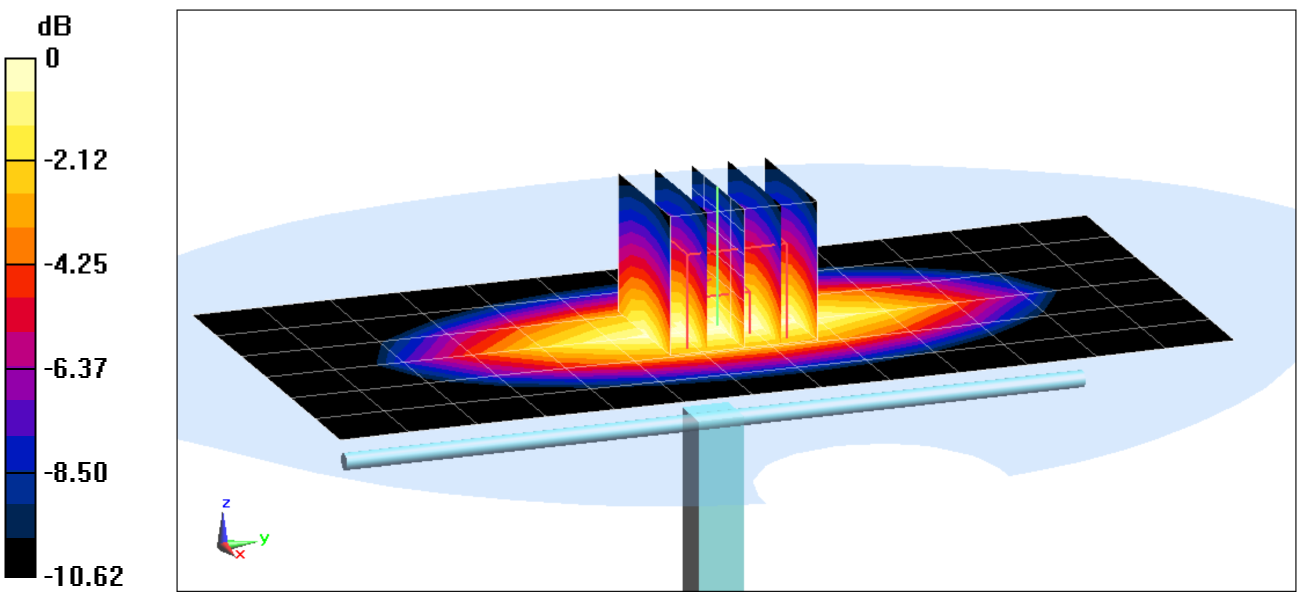
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:
f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.902$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.153$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.7°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7409; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04); Calibrated: 5/17/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/11/2016
Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:7535
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.62 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.76 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = -5.58 %



0 dB = 2.34 W/kg = 3.69 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1148

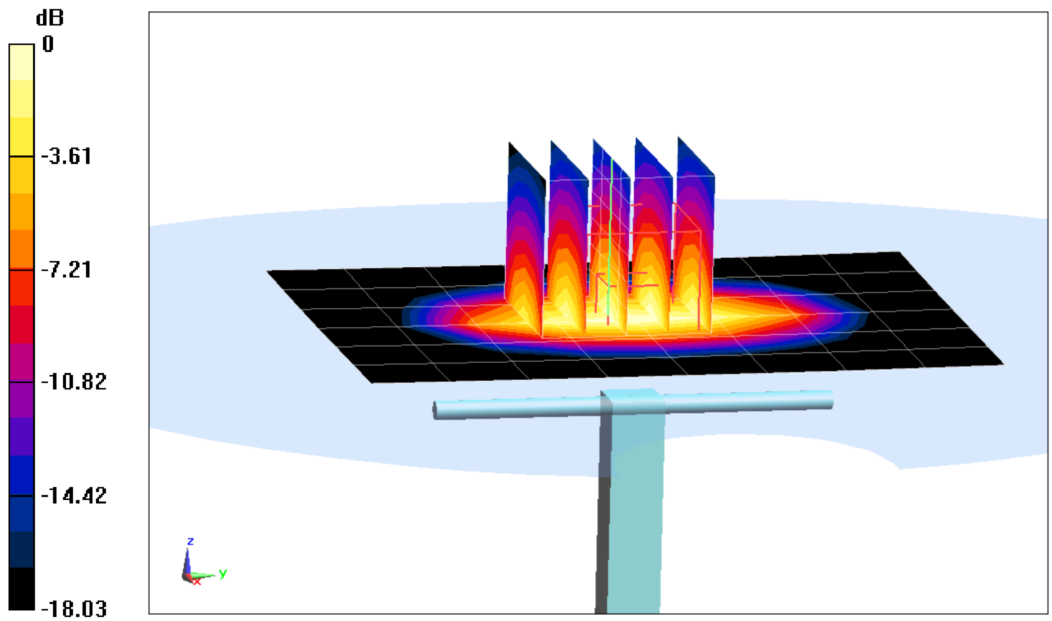
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used:
f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.397 S/m; ε_r = 39.559; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 8/22/2016
Phantom: SAM Right; Type: SAM; Serial: 1757
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1750 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.26 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.46 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = -4.42%



0 dB = 4.29 W/kg = 6.32 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149

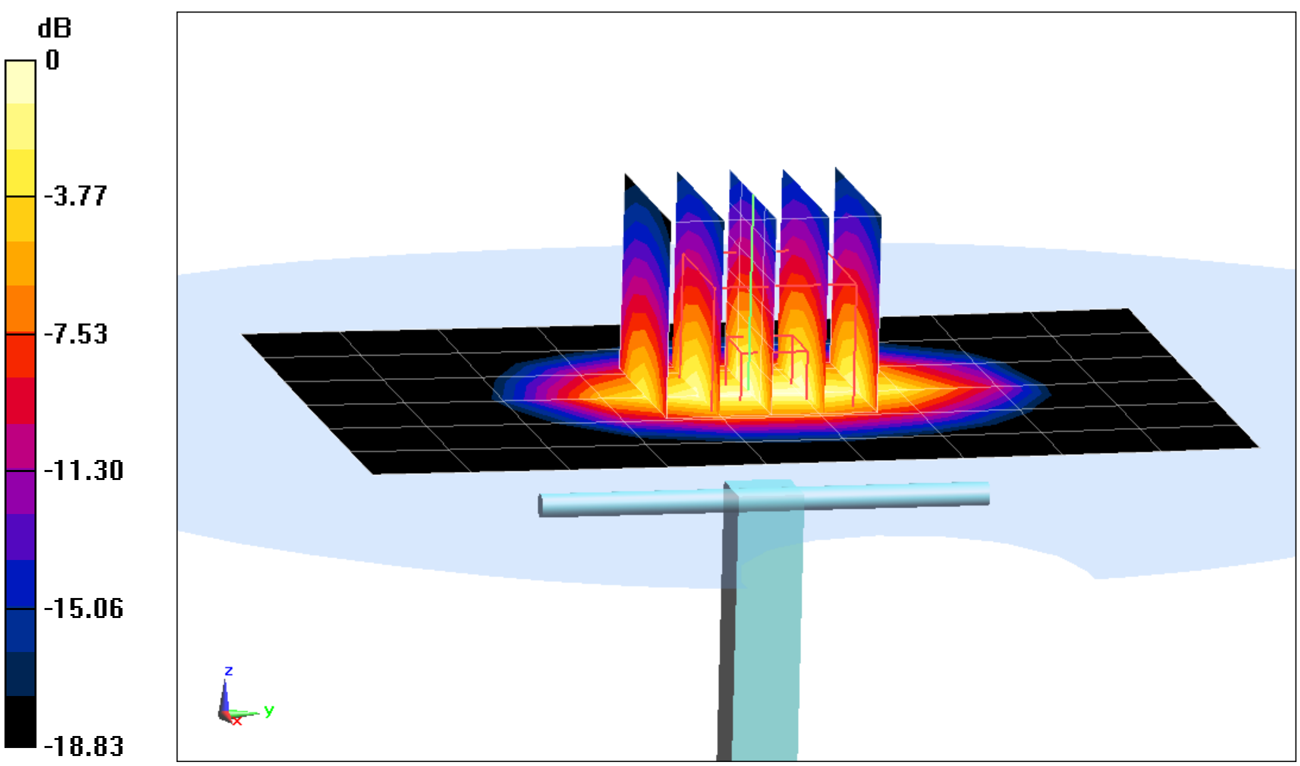
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.442 S/m; ε_r = 39.686; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-10-2017; Ambient Temp: 21.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 8/22/2016
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.60 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.09 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 2.00%



0 dB = 5.16 W/kg = 7.13 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

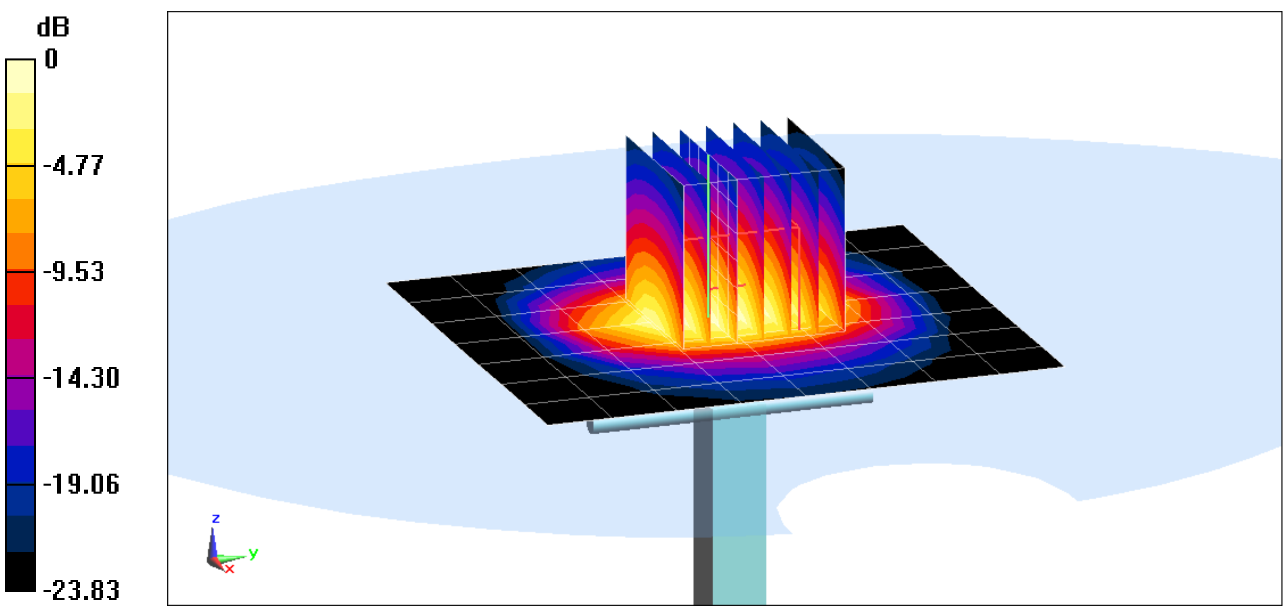
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used:
f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.876 S/m; ε_r = 37.686; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-14-2017; Ambient Temp: 20.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.32 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 2.11%



0 dB = 7.01 W/kg = 8.46 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1003

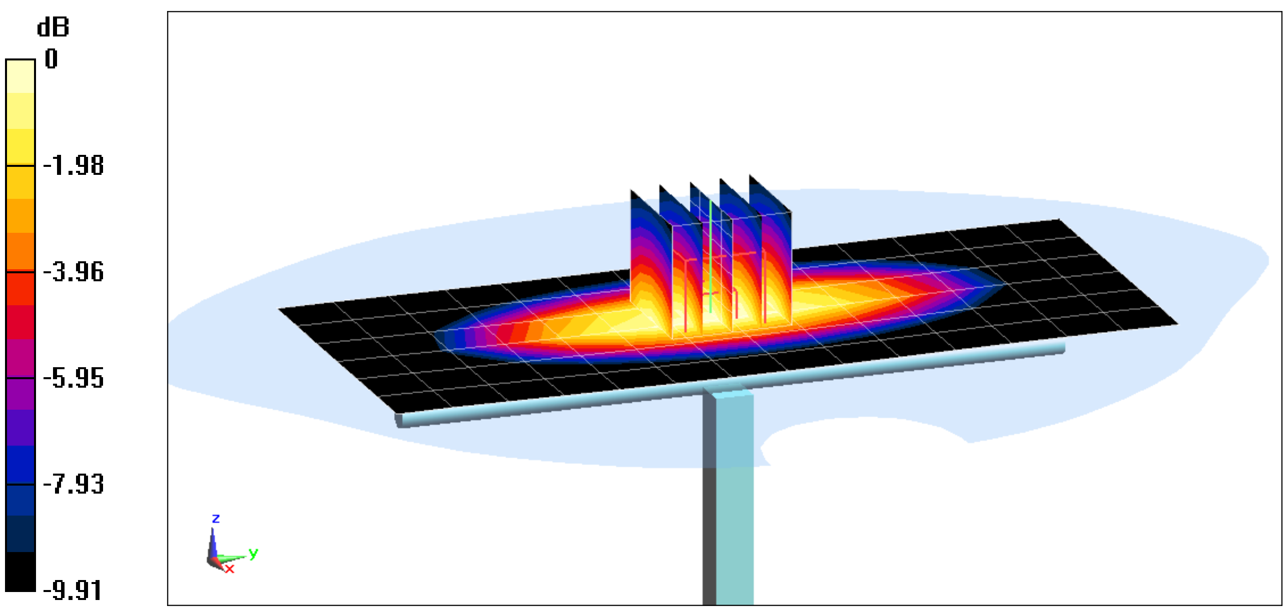
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.961 S/m; ε_r = 55.939; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 19.6°C; Tissue Temp: 21.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(6.64, 6.64, 6.64); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016
Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CA; Serial: TP:82355
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

750 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.81 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 2.96%



0 dB = 2.11 W/kg = 3.24 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

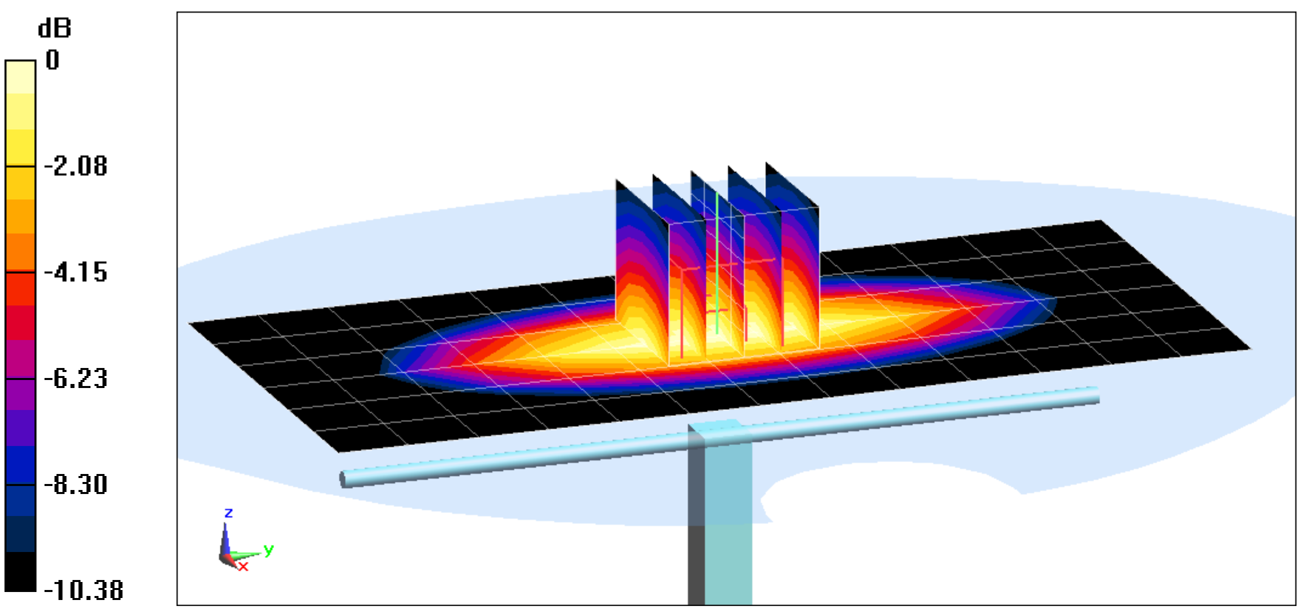
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used:
$f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.991$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.69$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 02-09-2017; Ambient Temp: 22.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.3°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.98 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.03 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 6.06%



0 dB = 2.36 W/kg = 3.73 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1765V2; Serial: 1008

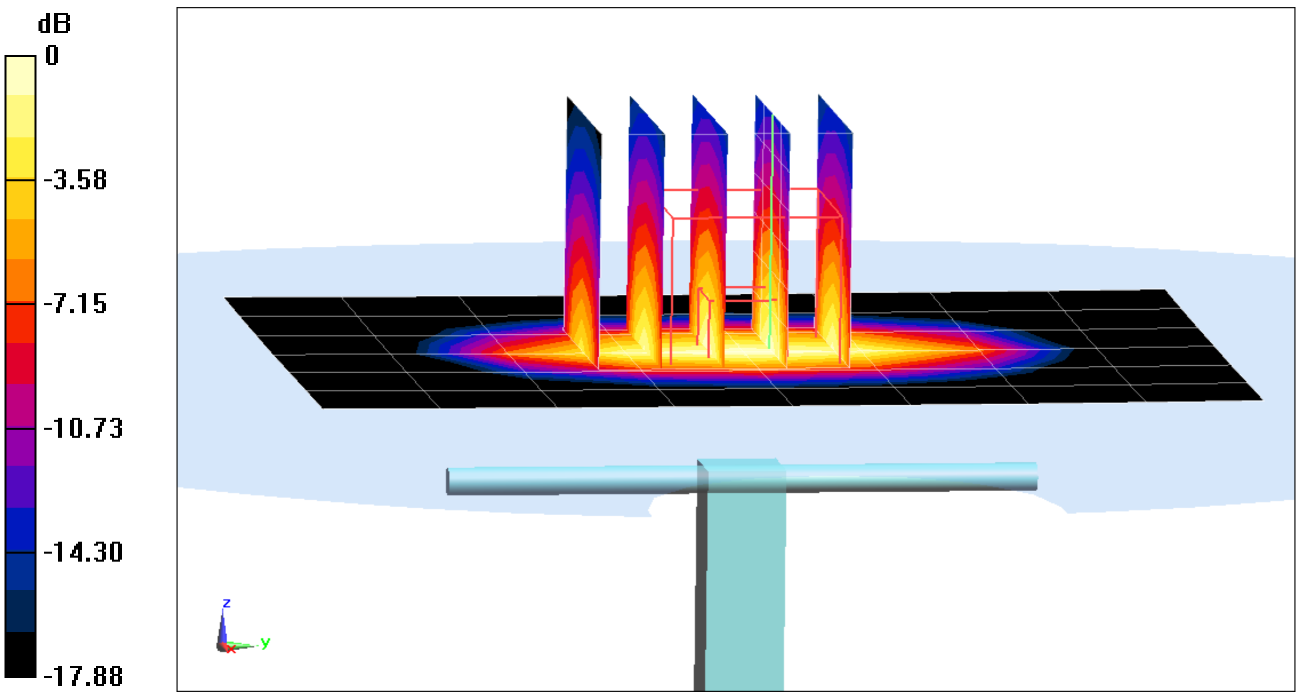
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used:
f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.501 S/m; ε_r = 52.731; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-14-2017; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 11/15/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1692
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1750 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.82 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.81 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 2.14%



0 dB = 4.73 W/kg = 6.75 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d080

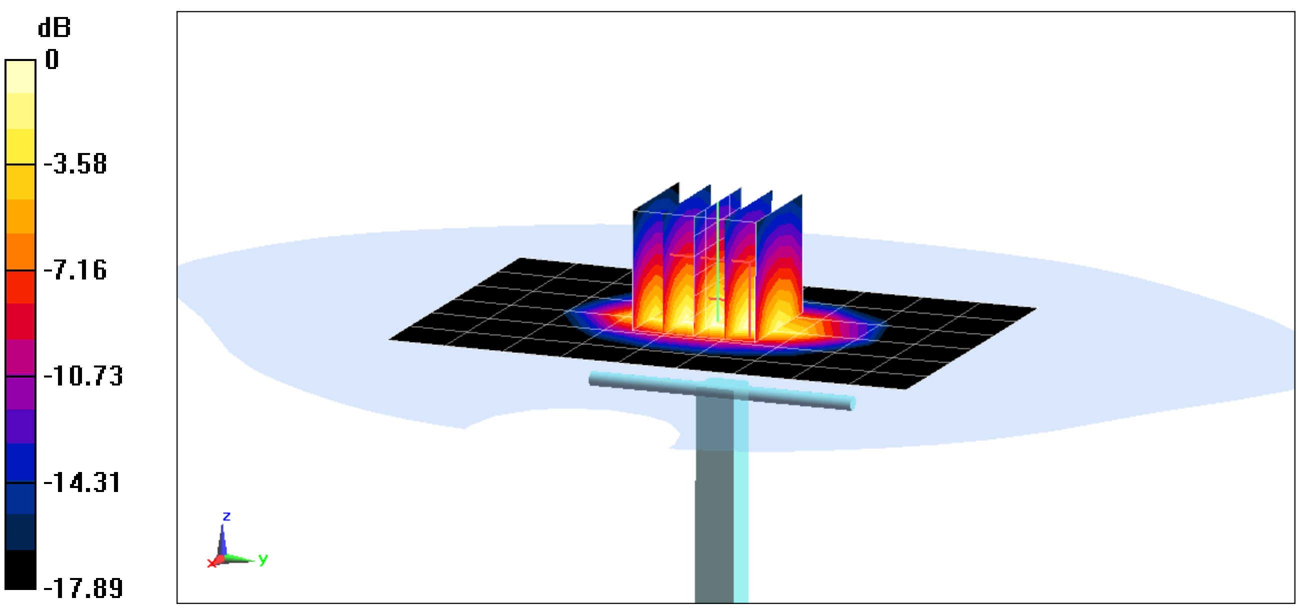
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):
$f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.569$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.817$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-13-2017; Ambient Temp: 20.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3334; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 11/15/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 11/11/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1692
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.50 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.20 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 7.42%



0 dB = 5.34 W/kg = 7.28 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 981

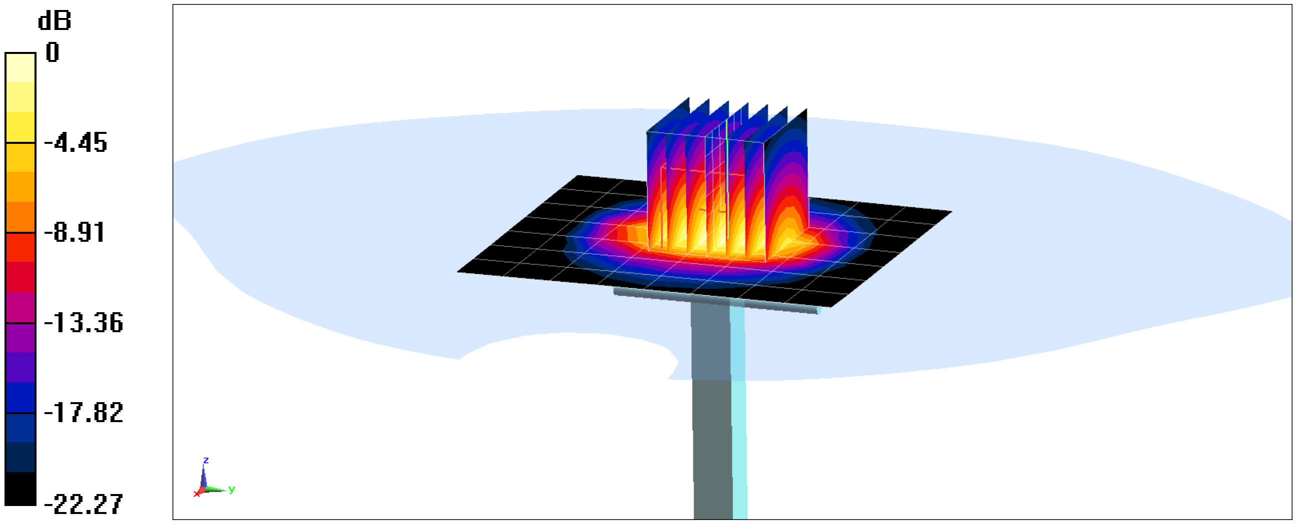
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:
f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.933$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.562$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 02-16-2017; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7406; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 04/19/2016;
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 04/14/2016
Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.29 W/kg
Deviation(1 g) = 4.13%



0 dB = 8.82 W/kg = 9.45 dBW/kg