

TEST REPORT



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1. Report No : DRTFCC2006-0183
2. Customer
 - Name : LG Electronics USA, Inc.
 - Address : 111 Sylvan Avenue, North Building Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632
3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant
4. Product Name / Model Name : Mobile Phone / LM-Q730BAW
FCC ID : ZNFQ730BAW
5. Test Method Used : KDB971168 D01v03, ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, ANSI C63.26-2015
Test Specification : §2, §22(H), §24(E), §27
6. Date of Test : 2020.06.08 ~ 2020.06.19
7. Location of Test : Permanent Testing Lab On Site Testing
8. Testing Environment : See appended test report.
9. Test Result : Refer to the attached Test Result

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

Affirmation	Tested by Name : JungWoo Kim 	Reviewed by Name : GeunKi Son 
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2020 . 06 . 25 .

DT&C Co., Ltd.

Not abided by KS Q ISO / IEC 17025 and KOLAS accreditation.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Revised by	Reviewed by
DRTFCC2006-0183	Jun. 25, 2020	Initial issue	JungWoo Kim	GeunKi Son

Table of Contents

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	4
2. INTRODUCTION	5
2.1. EUT DESCRIPTION	5
2.2. EUT CAPABILITIES.....	5
2.3. TESTING ENVIRONMENT	5
2.4. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	5
2.5. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	5
2.6. TEST FACILITY	5
3. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS.....	6
3.1 ERP & EIRP (Effective Radiated Power & Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power)	6
3.2 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO	8
3.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	10
3.4 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL	11
3.5 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL	12
3.6 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	13
3.7 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.....	14
4. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT	15
5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS.....	16
6. EMISSION DESIGNATOR AND SAMPLE CALCULATION....	17
7. TEST DATA	19
7.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO	19
7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	19
7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL.....	20
7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL	20
7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER.....	21
7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER.....	22
7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	23
7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.....	26
7.8.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY (GSM850)	26
7.8.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA850)	27
7.8.3 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA1700)	28
7.8.4 FREQUENCY STABILITY (GSM1900)	29
7.8.5 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA1900)	30
8. TEST PLOTS	31
8.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO	31
8.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	35
8.3 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL	55
8.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL.....	81

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name : LG Electronics USA, Inc.
Address : 111 Sylvan Avenue, North Building Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632
FCC ID : ZNFQ730BAW
FCC Classification : PCS Licensed Transmitter held to ear (PCE)
EUT : Mobile Phone
Model Name : LM-Q730BAW
Add Model Name : LM-Q730HA, LMQ730BAW, LMQ730HA, Q730BAW, Q730HA
Supplying power : DC 3.87 V
Antenna Type : PIFA Antenna

Mode	Tx Frequency (MHz)	Emission Designator	ERP (Max. Power)		EIRP (Max. Power)	
			dBm	W	dBm	W
GSM850	824.2 ~ 848.8	252KGXW	27.84	0.608	-	-
EDGE850	824.2 ~ 848.8	253KG7W	19.30	0.085	-	-
WCDMA850	826.4 ~ 846.6	4M21F9W	18.86	0.077	-	-
HSUPA850	826.4 ~ 846.6	4M18F9W	18.62	0.073	-	-
WCDMA1700	1 712.4 ~ 1 752.6	4M19F9W	-	-	22.51	0.178
HSUPA1700	1 712.4 ~ 1 752.6	4M18F9W	-	-	22.34	0.171
GSM1900	1 850.2 ~ 1 909.8	249KGXW	-	-	29.98	0.995
EDGE1900	1 850.2 ~ 1 909.8	252KG7W	-	-	24.77	0.300
WCDMA1900	1 852.4 ~ 1 907.6	4M18F9W	-	-	23.25	0.211
HSUPA1900	1 852.4 ~ 1 907.6	4M18F9W	-	-	22.95	0.197

2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. EUT DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) supports GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN.

2.2. EUT CAPABILITIES

This EUT contains the following capabilities:

GSM/EDGE 850/1900, WCDMA/HSUPA 850/1700/1900, Multi-band LTE, 802.11b/g/n WLAN(2.4GHz)
802.11a/n/ac WLAN(5GHz), Bluetooth(BDR, EDR, LE).

2.3. TESTING ENVIRONMENT

Ambient Condition	
▪ Temperature	+21 °C ~ +25 °C
▪ Relative Humidity	36 % ~ 44 %

2.4. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

2.5. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k = 2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Parameter	Measurement uncertainty
Radiated Disturbance (Below 1 GHz)	4.9 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)
Radiated Disturbance (Above 18 GHz)	5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$)

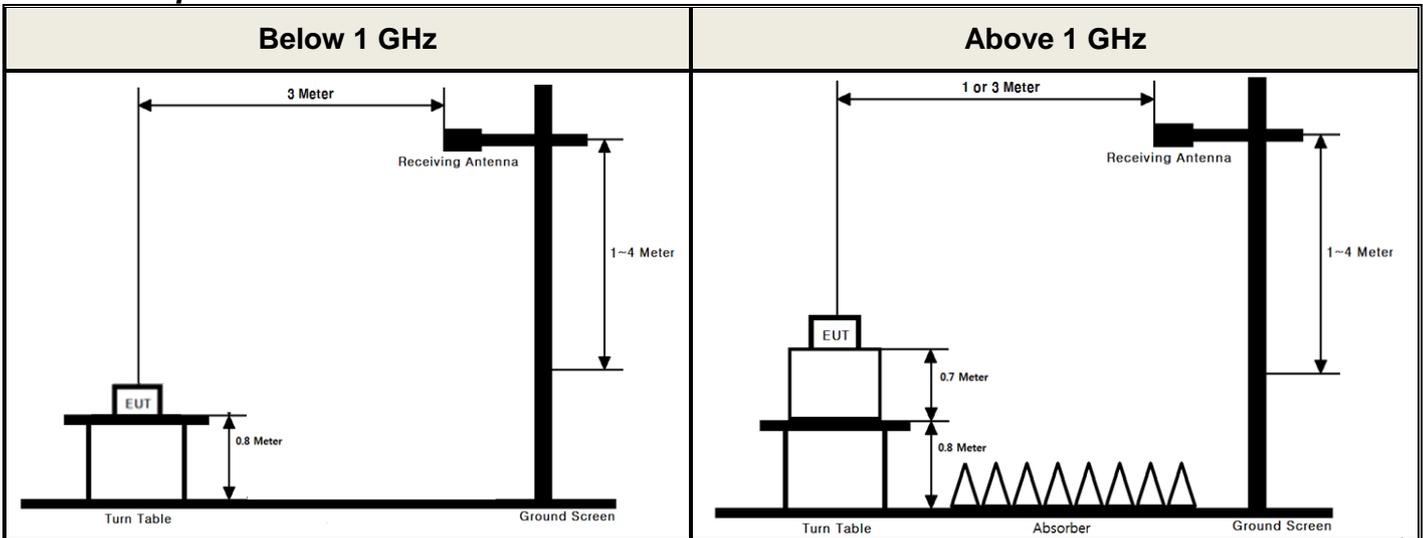
2.6. TEST FACILITY

DT&C Co., Ltd.		
The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042.		
The test site complies with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2014.		
- FCC MRA Designation No. : KR0034		
www.dtnet.net		
Telephone	:	+ 82-31-321-2664
FAX	:	+ 82-31-321-1664

3. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

3.1 ERP & EIRP (Effective Radiated Power & Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power)

Test Set-up



These measurements were performed at 3 m test site. The equipment under test is placed on a non-conductive table 1.5 meters above a turntable which is flush with the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. For measurements above 1 GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.

Test Procedure

- ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 - Section 2.2.17
- KDB971168 D01v03 - Section 5.2.2
- ANSI 63.26-2015 – Section 5.2.4.4.1

Test setting

1. Set span to 2 x to 3 x the OBW.
2. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW.
3. Set VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
4. Set number of points in sweep \geq 2 x span / RBW.
5. Sweep time:
 - 1) Set = auto-couple, or
 - 2) Set \geq $[10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{transmission period})]$ for single sweep (automation-compatible) measurement. Transmission period is the on and off time of the transmitter.
6. Detector = power averaging (rms).
7. If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously, then set the trigger to free run.
8. If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously, then use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power bursts and configure the EUT to transmit at full power for the entire duration of each sweep. Verify that the sweep time is less than or equal to the transmission burst duration. Time gating can also be used under similar constraints (i.e., configured such that measurement data is collected only during active full-power transmissions).
9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over multiple symbols, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.

10. Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band or channel power measurement function, with the band/channel limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band or channel power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

The receiver antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer.

A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. The conducted power at the terminal of the substitute antenna is measured.

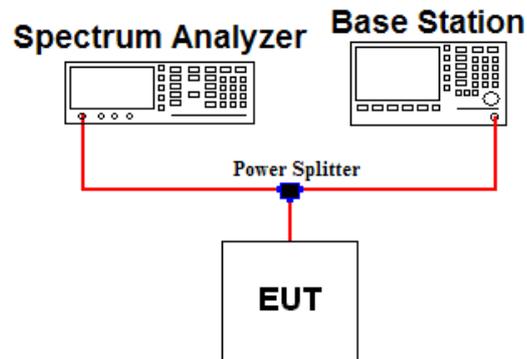
The ERP / EIRP is calculated using the following formula:

ERP / EIRP = The conducted power at the substitute antenna's terminal [dBm] + Substitute Antenna gain [dBd for ERP, dBi for EIRP]

For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn antenna and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

3.2 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

Test set-up



Test Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 - Section 5.7.2
- ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.2.3.4

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT.

The spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The present of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level.

Test setting

The spectrum Analyzer's CCDF measurement function is enabled.

1. Set resolution/measurement bandwidth \geq OBW or specified reference bandwidth.
2. Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve.
3. Set the measurement interval as follows:
 - 1) For continuous transmissions, set to the greater of $[10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{transmission symbol period})]$ or 1 ms.
 - 2) For burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize. Set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.
 - 3) If there are several carriers in a single antenna port, the peak power shall be determined for each individual carrier (by disabling the other carriers while measuring the required carrier) and the total peak power calculated from the sum of the individual carrier peak powers.
4. Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.
5. The peak power level is calculated from the sum of the PAPR value from step d) to the measured average power.

■ Alternate Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 - Section 5.7.3
- ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.2.6

Use one of the measurement procedures of the peak power and record as P_{Pk} .

Use one of the measurement procedures of the average power and record as P_{Avg} .

Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

$$\text{PAPR (dB)} = P_{Pk} \text{ (dBm or dBW)} - P_{Avg} \text{ (dBm or dBW)}.$$

Where,

PAPR peak-to-average power ratio, in dB

P_{Pk} measured peak power or peak PSD level, in dBm or dBW

P_{Avg} measured average power or average PSD level, in dBm or dBW

- Peak Power Measurement

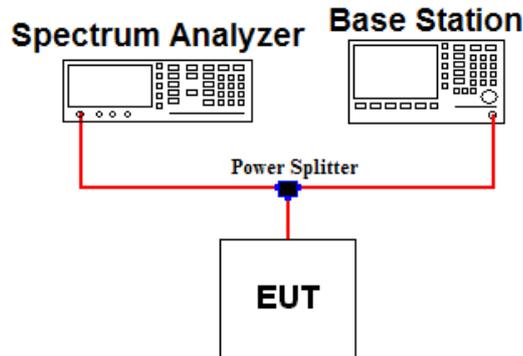
1. Set the RBW \geq OBW
2. Set VBW \geq 3 x RBW
3. Set span \geq 2 x RBW
4. Sweep time \geq 10 x (number of points in sweep) x (transmission symbol period).
5. Detector = peak
6. Trace mode = max hold
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

- Average Power Measurement

1. Set span to 2 x to 3 x the OBW.
2. Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW.
3. Set VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
4. Set number of measurement points in sweep \geq 2 x span / RBW..
5. Sweep time = 1) auto-couple, or
2) set \geq [10 x (number of points in sweep) x (transmission period)] for single sweep (automation-compatible) measurement. Transmission period is the on and off time of the transmitter.
6. Detector = power averaging (RMS).
7. If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously, then set the trigger to free run.
8. If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously, then use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable Triggering only on full power bursts and configure the EUT to transmit at full power for the entire duration of each Sweep. Verify that the sweep time is less than or equal to the transmission burst duration. Time gating can also be used under similar constraints (i.e., configured such that measurement data is collected only during active full-Power transmissions)
9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over multiple symbols, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.
10. Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band or channel power measurement function, with the band/channel limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band or channel power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

3.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)

Test set-up



Offset value information

Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)
824.2	6.53	1 850.2	6.67
826.4	6.53	1 852.4	6.66
836.6	6.53	1 880.0	6.74
846.6	6.54	1 907.6	6.84
848.8	6.54	1 909.8	6.85
1 712.4	6.62	-	-
1 732.4	6.63	-	-
1 752.6	6.64	-	-

Note. 1: The offset values from EUT to Spectrum analyzer were measured and used for test.

Test Procedure

- **KDB971168 D01v03 - Section 4.3**
- **ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.4.4**

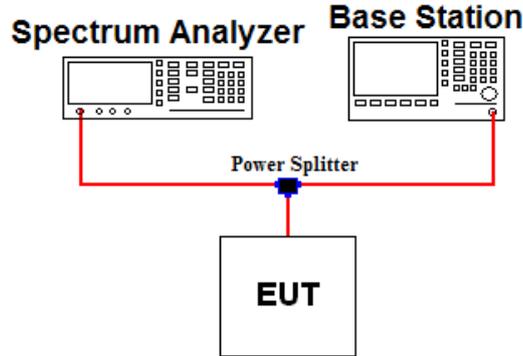
The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power of a given emission.

Test setting

1. The signal analyzer's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 99 % occupied bandwidth and the 26 dB bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. $RBW = 1 \% \sim 5 \%$ of the expected OBW & $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trance mode = Max hold
5. Sweep = Auto couple
6. The trace was allowed to stabilize
7. If necessary, step 2 ~ 6 were repeated after changing the RBW such that it would be within 1 % ~ 5 % of the 99 % occupied bandwidth observed in step 6.

3.4 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

Test set-up



Offset value information

Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)
10 000	9.22	20 000	14.34
-	-	-	-

Note. 1: The offset value from EUT to Spectrum analyzer was measured and used for test.

Test Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 - Section 6
- ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.7

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its low, middle, high channel with all bandwidths. The spectrum is scanned from 9 kHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

The power of any spurious emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB, where P is the transmitter power in Watts.

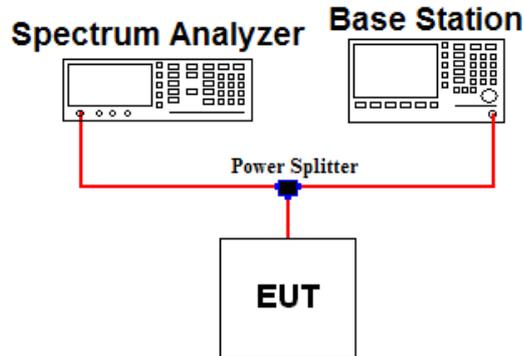
Test setting

1. RBW = 100 kHz(Below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz(Above 1 GHz) & VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW (Refer to Note 1)
2. Detector = RMS & Trace mode = Max hold
3. Sweep time = Auto couple
4. Number of sweep point $\geq 2 \times$ span / RBW
5. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Note 1: Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater for Part 22 and 1 MHz or greater for Part 24, 27

3.5 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

Test set-up



Offset value information

Frequency Range(MHz)	Offset Value (dB)	Frequency Range(MHz)	Offset Value (dB)	Frequency Range(MHz)	Offset Value (dB)
819 - 823	6.53	1 701 - 1 709	6.62	1 845 - 1 855	6.66
823 - 825	6.53	1 705 - 1 715	6.62	1 909 - 1 911	6.85
819 - 829	6.53	1 750 - 1 760	6.64	1 905 - 1 915	6.85
848 - 850	6.54	1 756 - 1 764	6.64	1 911 - 1 915	6.85
844 - 854	6.54	1 845 - 1 849	6.66	-	-
850 - 854	6.54	1 849 - 1 851	6.68	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-

Note. 1: The offset value from EUT to Spectrum analyzer was measured and used for test.

Test Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 - Section 6
- ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.7

All out of band emissions are measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its lowest and highest channel with all modulations.

The power of any spurious emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB, where P is the transmitter power in Watts.

Test setting

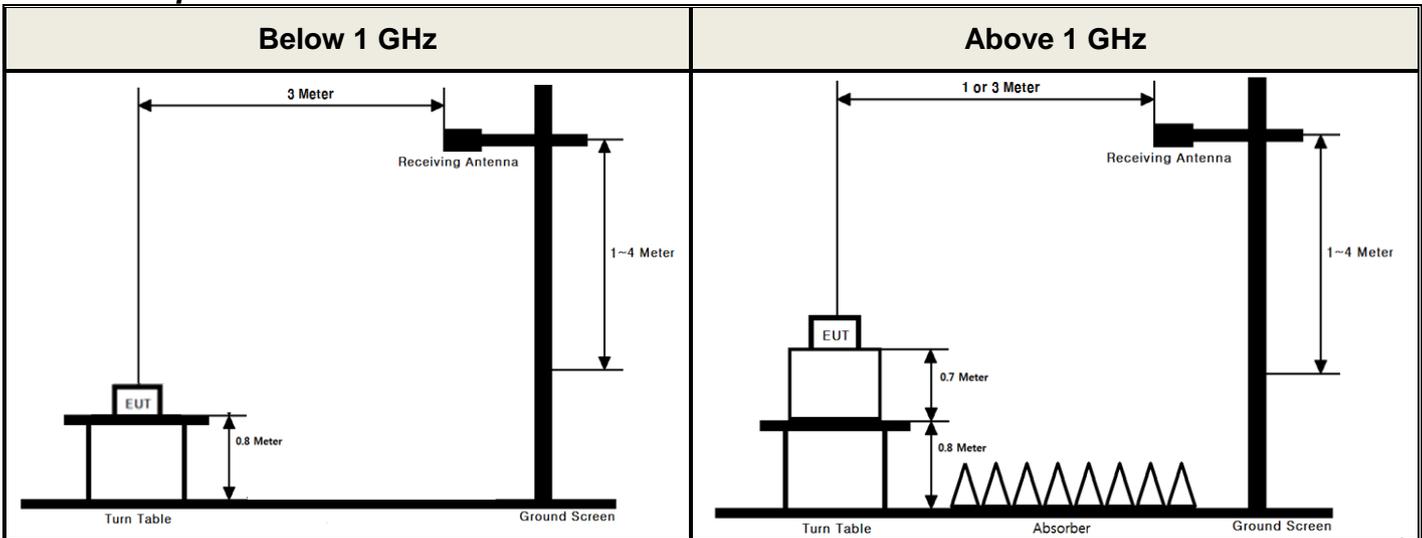
1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
3. RBW $\geq 1\%$ of the emission
4. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
5. Detector = RMS & Trace mode = Max hold
6. Sweep time = Auto couple or 1 s for band edge
7. Number of sweep point $\geq 2 \times$ span / RBW
8. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Note 1: In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of **at least one percent** of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed to demonstrate compliance with the out-of-band emissions limit.

The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

3.6 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Set-up



These measurements were performed at 3 m test site. The equipment under test is placed on a non-conductive table 1.5 meters above a turntable which is flush with the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. For measurements above 1 GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.

Test Procedure

- ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 - Section 2.2.12
- KDB971168 D01v03 - Section 5.8
- ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.5

Test setting

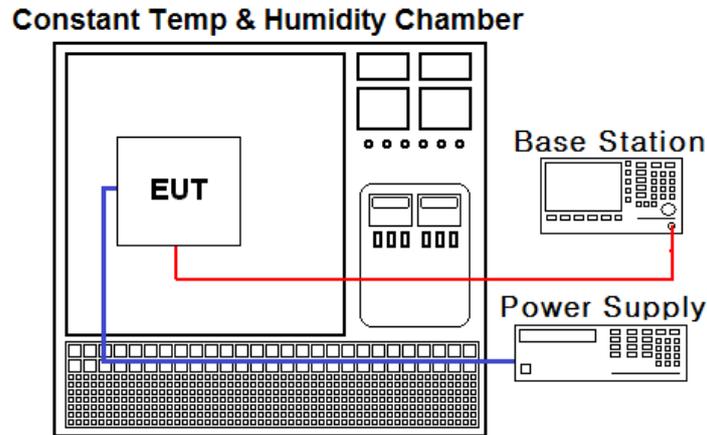
1. RBW = 100 kHz for below 1 GHz and 1 MHz for above 1 GHz / VBW \geq 3 X RBW
2. Detector = RMS & Trace mode = Max hold
3. Sweep time = Auto couple
4. Number of sweep point \geq 2 X span / RBW
5. The trace was allowed to stabilize

The receive antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For radiated spurious emission measurements below 1 GHz, a half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same spectrum analyzer reading.

For radiated spurious emission measurements above 1 GHz, a Horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT. This Horn antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same spectrum analyzer reading. The difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

3.7 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

Test Set-up



Test Procedure

- ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016
- KDB971168 D01v03 - Section 9

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:**
The temperature is varied from -30 °C to +50 °C in 10 °C increments using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:**
The primary supply voltage is varied from 85 % to 115 % of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

Specification:

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block for Part 24, 27. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within $\pm 0.00025\%$ (± 2.5 ppm) of the center frequency for Part 22.

Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature.
(20 °C to provide a reference)
2. The equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
3. Frequency measurements are made at 10 °C intervals ranging from -30 °C to +50 °C.
A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

4. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal. Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	19/06/26	20/06/26	MY50410163
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	20/02/26	21/02/26	MY46471251
DC Power Supply	Agilent Technologies	66332A	19/12/16	20/12/16	US37476998
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B+	19/12/17	20/12/17	36390701WS
Power Divider	Weinschel	WA1574	19/06/25	20/06/25	WA1575-4
Temp & Humi	SJ Science	SJ-TH-S50	19/06/25	20/06/25	U5542113
Radio Communication Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E5515E	19/06/28	20/06/28	MY52113012
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	19/12/16	20/12/16	120612-2
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	19/12/16	20/12/16	120612-1
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	19/12/16	20/12/16	255571
Signal Generator	ANRITSU	MG3695C	19/12/16	20/12/16	173501
Loop Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	6502	19/09/18	21/09/18	00226186
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	19/04/23	21/04/23	9160-3362
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VHA9103	19/02/28	21/02/28	2116
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VHA9103	20/04/10	22/04/10	2117
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHA9105	19/02/28	21/02/28	2261
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHA9105	20/04/10	22/04/10	2262
HORN ANT	ETS	3117	20/04/24	22/04/24	00140394
HORN ANT	ETS	3117	20/03/26	22/03/26	00152145
HORN ANT	A.H.Systems	SAS-574	19/04/23	21/04/23	154
HORN ANT	A.H.Systems	SAS-574	19/07/03	21/07/03	155
Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	19/06/24	20/06/24	1020
PreAmplifier	H.P	8447D	19/12/16	20/12/16	2944A07774
PreAmplifier	Agilent	8449B	19/06/27	20/06/27	3008A02108
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-935-1000-15000-40SS	19/06/24	20/06/24	7
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-2580-3000-18000-80SS	19/06/24	20/06/24	3
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHNX8.5/26.5G-6SS	19/06/24	20/06/24	1
Cable	DTNC	Cable	20/01/13	21/01/13	M-01
Cable	DTNC	Cable	20/01/13	21/01/13	M-02
Cable	Junkosha	MWX315	20/01/13	21/01/13	M-05
Cable	Junkosha	MWX221	20/01/13	21/01/13	M-06
Cable	Radiall	TESTPRO3	20/01/16	21/01/16	RF-92

Note1: The measurement antennas were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017.

Note2: The cable is not a regular calibration item, so it has been calibrated by DT & C itself.

5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Part Section(s)	Parameter	Status Note 1
2.1046	Conducted Output Power	C ^{Note2}
22.913(a) 24.232(c) 27.50(d.4)	Effective Radiated Power Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	C
2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	C
2.1051 22.917(a) 24.238(a) 27.53(h)	Band Edge Emissions at Antenna Terminal Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	C
24.232(d) 27.50(d.5)	Peak to Average Ratio	C
2.1053 22.917(a) 24.238(a) 27.53(h)	Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions	C
2.1055 22.355 24.235 27.54	Frequency Stability	C
Note 1: C =Comply NC =Not Comply NT =Not Tested NA =Not Applicable Note 2: Refer to RF exposure report.		

6. EMISSION DESIGNATOR AND SAMPLE CALCULATION

A. Emission Designator

GSM850 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **252KGXW**
GSM OBW = 251.74 kHz
G = Phase Modulation
X = Cases not otherwise covered
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

EDGE850 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **253KG7W**
EDGE OBW = 253.15 kHz
G = Phase Modulation
7 = Cases not otherwise covered
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

WCDMA850 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **4M21F9W**
WCDMA OBW = 4.209 9 MHz
F = Frequency Modulation
9 = Composite Digital Information
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

WCDMA1700 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **4M19F9W**
WCDMA OBW = 4.191 4 MHz
F = Frequency Modulation
9 = Composite Digital Information
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

WCDMA1900 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **4M18F9W**
WCDMA OBW = 4.1789 MHz
F = Frequency Modulation
9 = Composite Digital Information
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

GSM1900 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **249KGXW**
GSM OBW = 248.71 kHz
G = Phase Modulation
X = Cases not otherwise covered
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

EDGE1900 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **252KG7W**
EDGE OBW = 251.51 kHz
G = Phase Modulation
7 = Cases not otherwise covered
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

HSUPA850 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **4M18F9W**
HSUPA OBW = 4.176 2 MHz
F = Frequency Modulation
9 = Composite Digital Information
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

HSUPA1700 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **4M18F9W**
HSUPA OBW = 4.177 6 MHz
F = Frequency Modulation
9 = Composite Digital Information
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

HSUPA1900 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **4M18F9W**
HSUPA OBW = 4.1820 MHz
F = Frequency Modulation
9 = Composite Digital Information
W = Combination (Audio/Data)

B. For substitution method

- 1) The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter height for frequency below 1 GHz and 1.5 meter height for frequency above 1 GHz respectively above ground.
- 2) The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna mounted on the antenna tower.
- 3) During the test, the turn table is rotated until the maximum signal is found.
- 4) Record the field strength meter's level. (ex. Spectrum reading level is -8.5 dBm)
- 5) Replace the EUT with dipole/Horn antenna that is connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- 6) Increase the signal generator output till the field strength meter's level is equal to the item (4). (ex. Signal generator level is -18.04 dBm)
- 7) The gain of the cable and amplifier between the signal generator and terminals of substituted antenna is 46.92 dB at test frequency.
- 8) Record the level at substituted antenna terminal. (ex. 28.88 dBm)
- 9) The result is calculated as below;

$$\text{EIRP(dBm)} = \text{LEVLE@ANTENNA TERMINAL} + \text{TX Antenna Gain (dBi)}$$

$$\text{ERP(dBm)} = \text{LEVLE@ANTENNA TERMINAL} + \text{TX Antenna Gain (dBd)}$$

$$\text{Where, TX Antenna Gain (dBd)} = \text{TX Antenna Gain (dBi)} - 2.15 \text{ dB}$$

7. TEST DATA

7.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

- Plots of the EUT's Peak- to- Average Ratio are shown in Clause 8.1

7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Test Result (kHz)
GSM850	128	824.2	246.54
	190	836.6	251.74
	251	848.8	247.06
EDGE850	128	824.2	248.64
	190	836.6	253.15
	251	848.8	250.04
GSM1900	512	1 850.2	248.71
	661	1 880.0	247.52
	810	1 909.8	245.91
EDGE1900	512	1 850.2	251.51
	661	1 880.0	248.16
	810	1 909.8	251.29
WCDMA850	4 132	826.4	4 180.00
	4 183	836.6	4 192.40
	4 233	846.6	4 209.90
HSUPA850	4 132	826.4	4 166.60
	4 183	836.6	4 176.20
	4 233	846.6	4 161.00
WCDMA1700	1 312	1 712.4	4 183.20
	1 412	1 732.4	4 191.40
	1 513	1 752.6	4 160.50
HSUPA1700	1 312	1 712.4	4 167.20
	1 412	1 732.4	4 177.60
	1 513	1 752.6	4 168.70
WCDMA1900	9 262	1 850.2	4 167.80
	9 400	1 880.0	4 178.90
	9 538	1 909.8	4 155.10
HSUPA1900	9 262	1 850.2	4 171.60
	9 400	1 880.0	4 157.90
	9 538	1 909.8	4 182.00

7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

- Plots of the EUT's Conducted Spurious Emissions are shown in Clause 8.3

7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

- Plots of the EUT's Band Edge are shown in Clause 8.4

7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER

- Test Notes

This EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported in GSM mode and WCDMA mode with HSDPA inactive at 12.2 kbps RMC and TPC bits set to "1" and in GSM mode using a Power Control Level of "0" in PCS Band and "5" in the Cellular Band. This EUT was tested with the fully charged battery. Also, we have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization of detecting antenna.

The worst case data is reported.

- GSM850 data

Mode	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	LEVEL@ TX ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	ERP (W)	Note.
GSM850	128	824.2	H	27.63	-0.63	27.00	0.501	-
GSM850	190	836.6	H	27.49	-0.74	26.75	0.473	-
GSM850	251	848.8	H	28.69	-0.85	27.84	0.608	-
EDGE850	251	848.8	H	20.15	-0.85	19.30	0.085	-

- WCDMA850 data

Mode	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	LEVEL@ TX ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	ERP (W)	Note.
WCDMA850	4 132	826.4	H	19.51	-0.65	18.86	0.077	-
WCDMA850	4 183	836.6	H	19.60	-0.74	18.86	0.077	-
WCDMA850	4 233	846.6	H	19.06	-0.83	18.23	0.067	-
HSUPA850	4 132	826.4	H	19.27	-0.65	18.62	0.073	-

7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER

- WCDMA1700 data

Mode	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	LEVEL@ TX ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Note.
WCDMA1700	1 312	1 712.4	V	15.48	5.25	20.73	0.118	-
WCDMA1700	1 412	1 732.4	V	17.10	5.33	22.43	0.175	-
WCDMA1700	1 513	1 752.6	V	17.14	5.37	22.51	0.178	-
HSUPA1700	1 513	1 752.6	V	16.97	5.37	22.34	0.171	-

- GSM1900 data

Mode	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	LEVEL@ TX ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Note.
GSM1900	512	1 850.2	V	23.64	4.90	28.54	0.714	-
GSM1900	661	1 880.0	V	24.53	4.60	29.13	0.818	-
GSM1900	810	1 909.8	V	25.54	4.44	29.98	0.995	-
EDGE1900	810	1 909.8	V	20.33	4.44	24.77	0.300	-

- WCDMA1900 data

Mode	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	LEVEL@ TX ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Note.
WCDMA1900	9 262	1 852.4	V	16.54	4.88	21.42	0.139	-
WCDMA1900	9 400	1 880.0	V	18.10	4.60	22.70	0.186	-
WCDMA1900	9 538	1 907.6	V	18.82	4.43	23.25	0.211	-
HSUPA1900	9 400	1 880.0	V	18.52	4.43	22.95	0.197	-

7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

- Test Notes

1. This EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported in GSM mode and WCDMA mode with HSDPA inactive at 12.2 kbps RMC and TPC bits set to "1" and in GSM mode using a Power Control Level of "0" in PCS Band and "5" in the Cellular Band. This EUT was tested with the fully charged battery. Also, we have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization of detecting antenna.
The worst case data is reported.
2. Limit Calculation = $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$
3. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were reported greater than listed emissions.

- GSM850 data

Channel (ERP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBd)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Note.
128 (0.501 W)	824.2	1 648.79	V	-55.96	4.16	-51.80	-13.00	38.80	-
		2 472.68	V	-42.80	3.59	-39.21	-13.00	26.21	-
		3 295.19	V	-54.67	5.24	-49.43	-13.00	36.43	-
190 (0.473 W)	836.6	1 673.18	V	-52.01	3.64	-48.37	-13.00	35.37	-
		2 510.00	V	-43.83	3.79	-40.04	-13.00	27.04	-
		3 350.43	V	-54.24	5.45	-48.79	-13.00	35.79	-
251 (0.608 W)	848.8	1 697.38	V	-56.08	3.11	-52.97	-13.00	39.97	-
		2 546.37	V	-43.79	3.94	-39.85	-13.00	26.85	-
		3 391.78	V	-55.37	5.53	-49.84	-13.00	36.84	-

- WCDMA850 data

Channel (ERP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBd)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Note
4 132 (0.077 W)	826.4	1 651.08	H	-56.00	4.13	-51.87	-13.00	38.87	-
		2 482.53	V	-49.30	3.65	-45.65	-13.00	32.65	-
		3 305.34	V	-53.95	5.27	-48.68	-13.00	35.68	-
4 183 (0.077 W)	836.6	1 675.52	H	-56.41	3.59	-52.82	-13.00	39.82	-
		2 512.80	V	-49.28	3.80	-45.48	-13.00	32.48	-
		3 349.95	V	-54.36	5.45	-48.91	-13.00	35.91	-
4 233 (0.067 W)	846.6	1 691.40	H	-55.02	3.24	-51.78	-13.00	38.78	-
		2 542.64	V	-48.90	3.92	-44.98	-13.00	31.98	-
		3 386.88	V	-54.91	5.52	-49.39	-13.00	36.39	-

- WCDMA1700 data

Channel (EIRP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBi)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Note
1 312 (0.118 W)	1 712.4	3 426.34	V	-55.27	7.75	-47.52	-13.00	34.52	-
		5 141.65	H	-53.61	10.30	-43.31	-13.00	30.31	-
		6 845.63	V	-47.36	11.30	-36.06	-13.00	23.06	-
1 412 (0.175 W)	1 732.4	3 460.39	V	-54.84	7.82	-47.02	-13.00	34.02	-
		5 194.50	H	-52.59	10.39	-42.20	-13.00	29.20	-
		6 933.70	V	-47.47	11.37	-36.10	-13.00	23.10	-
1 513 (0.178 W)	1 752.6	3 501.47	V	-55.68	7.91	-47.77	-13.00	34.77	-
		5 262.55	H	-53.59	10.33	-43.26	-13.00	30.26	-
		7 006.92	V	-48.68	11.51	-37.17	-13.00	24.17	-

- GSM1900 data

Channel (EIRP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBi)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Note
512 (0.714 W)	1 850.2	3 700.01	H	-47.89	8.30	-39.59	-13.00	26.59	-
		5 550.30	H	-46.00	10.50	-35.50	-13.00	22.50	-
		7 400.97	V	-47.47	12.00	-35.47	-13.00	22.47	-
661 (0.818 W)	1 880.0	3 760.38	H	-47.97	8.42	-39.55	-13.00	26.55	-
		5 640.18	H	-46.58	10.72	-35.86	-13.00	22.86	-
		7 519.97	V	-47.82	12.14	-35.68	-13.00	22.68	-
810 (0.995 W)	1 909.8	3 819.43	H	-52.04	8.50	-43.54	-13.00	30.54	-
		5 729.06	H	-49.26	10.60	-38.66	-13.00	25.66	-
		7 639.44	V	-49.59	12.20	-37.39	-13.00	24.39	-

- WCDMA1900 data

Channel (EIRP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBi)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Note
9 262 (0.139 W)	1 852.4	3 702.76	V	-53.69	8.31	-45.38	-13.00	32.38	-
		5 553.16	H	-53.20	10.52	-42.68	-13.00	29.68	-
		7 411.74	V	-51.12	12.00	-39.12	-13.00	26.12	-
9 400 (0.186 W)	1 880.0	3 757.35	V	-54.20	8.41	-45.79	-13.00	32.79	-
		5 640.42	H	-52.69	10.72	-41.97	-13.00	28.97	-
		7 515.93	V	-47.78	12.13	-35.65	-13.00	22.65	-
9 538 (0.211 W)	1 907.6	3 815.77	V	-54.46	8.50	-45.96	-13.00	32.96	-
		5 717.93	H	-53.13	10.60	-42.53	-13.00	29.53	-
		7 629.48	V	-49.33	12.20	-37.13	-13.00	24.13	-

7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

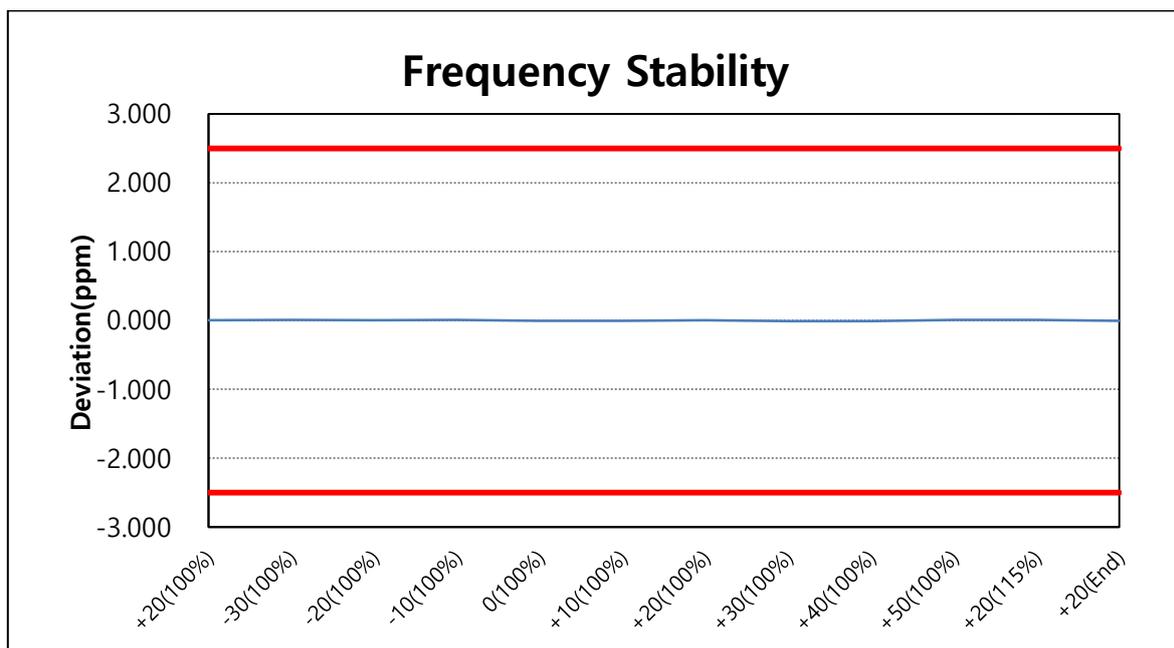
- Test Notes.

Based on the results of the frequency stability test at the center channel the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency deviation noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.

7.8.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY (GSM850)

OPERATING FREQUENCY : 836,600,000 Hz
 CHANNEL : 190(Mid)
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE : 3.87 V DC
 DEVIATION LIMIT : $\pm 0.00025\%$ or 2.5 ppm

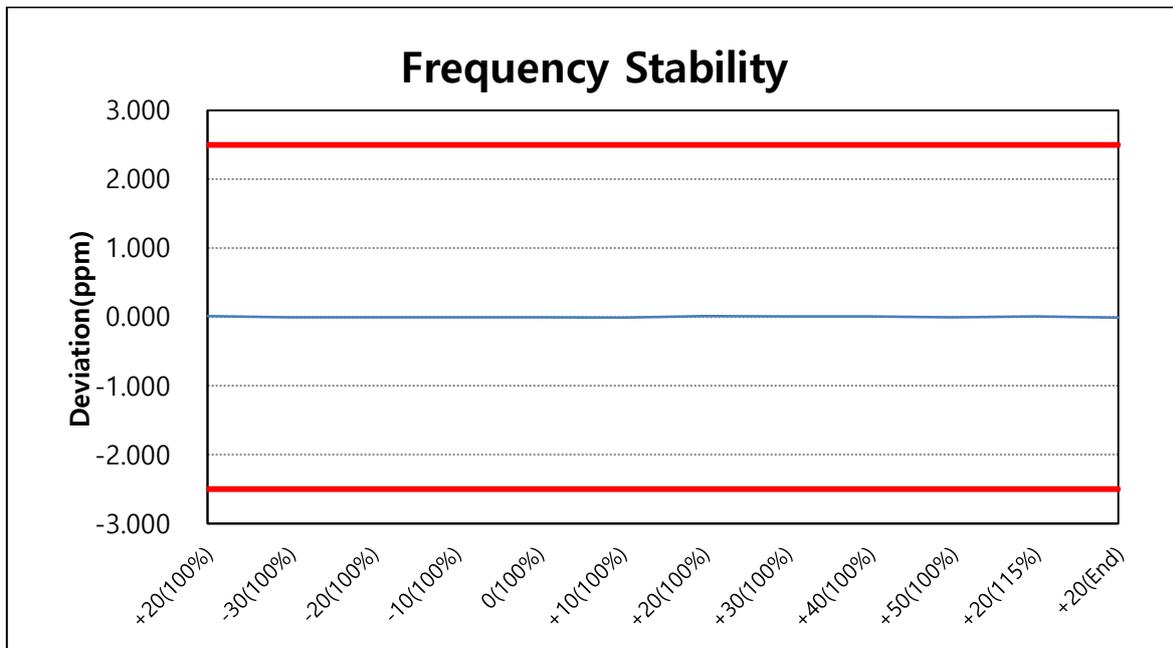
VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (V DC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQ (Hz)	Deviation	
				(ppm)	(%)
100%	3.87	+20(Ref)	836,600,004	+0.005	+0.000 000 48
100%		-30	836,600,007	+0.008	+0.000 000 84
100%		-20	836,600,013	+0.016	+0.000 001 55
100%		-10	836,600,009	+0.011	+0.000 001 08
100%		0	836,599,996	-0.005	-0.000 000 48
100%		+10	836,600,001	+0.001	+0.000 000 12
100%		+20	836,600,004	+0.005	+0.000 000 48
100%		+30	836,599,995	-0.006	-0.000 000 60
100%		+40	836,599,999	-0.001	-0.000 000 12
100%		+50	836,600,003	+0.004	+0.000 000 36
115%	4.45	+20	836,600,007	+0.008	+0.000 000 84
BATT.ENDPOINT	2.80	+20	836,600,009	+0.011	+0.000 001 08



7.8.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA850)

OPERATING FREQUENCY : 836,600,000 Hz
 CHANNEL : 4 183(Mid)
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE : 3.87 V DC
 DEVIATION LIMIT : ± 0.000 25 % or 2.5 ppm

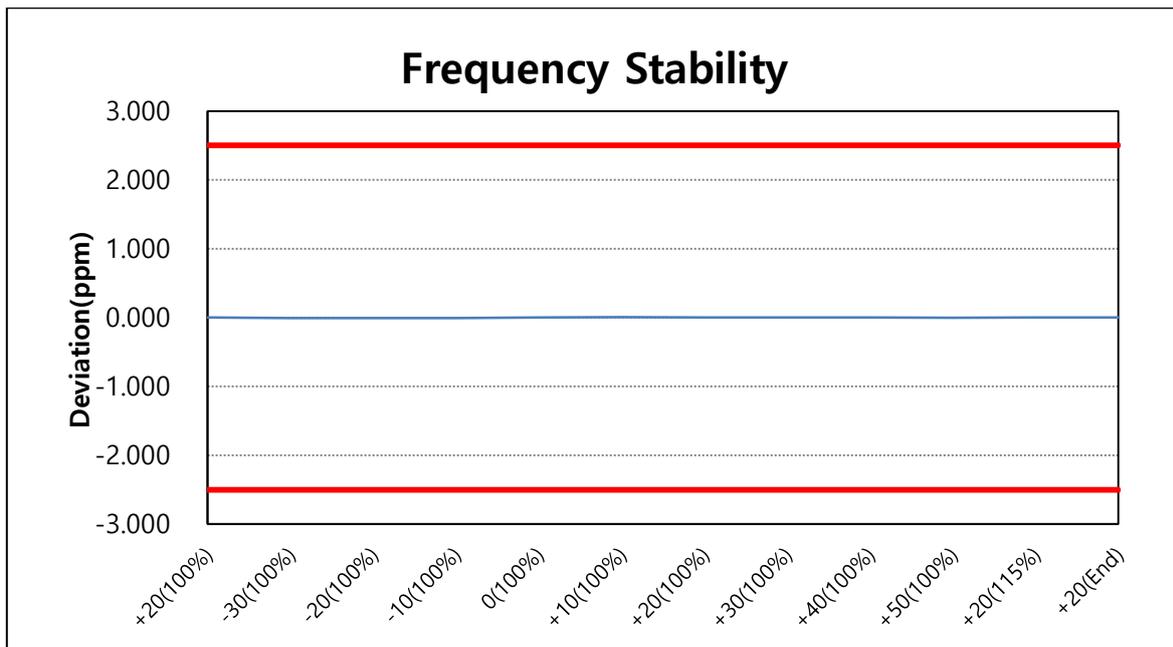
VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (V DC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQ (Hz)	Deviation	
				(ppm)	(%)
100%	3.87	+20(Ref)	836,600,010	+0.012	+0.000 001 20
100%		-30	836,600,001	+0.001	+0.000 000 12
100%		-20	836,600,008	+0.010	+0.000 000 96
100%		-10	836,600,004	+0.005	+0.000 000 48
100%		0	836,599,995	-0.006	-0.000 000 60
100%		+10	836,599,997	-0.004	-0.000 000 36
100%		+20	836,600,010	+0.012	+0.000 001 20
100%		+30	836,600,004	+0.005	+0.000 000 48
100%		+40	836,600,008	+0.010	+0.000 000 96
100%		+50	836,600,001	+0.001	+0.000 000 12
115%	4.45	+20	836,600,006	+0.007	+0.000 000 72
BATT.ENDPOINT	2.80	+20	836,600,002	+0.002	+0.000 000 24



7.8.3 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA1700)

OPERATING FREQUENCY : 1,732,400,000 Hz
 CHANNEL : 1 412(Mid)
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE : 3.87 V DC
 LIMIT : The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

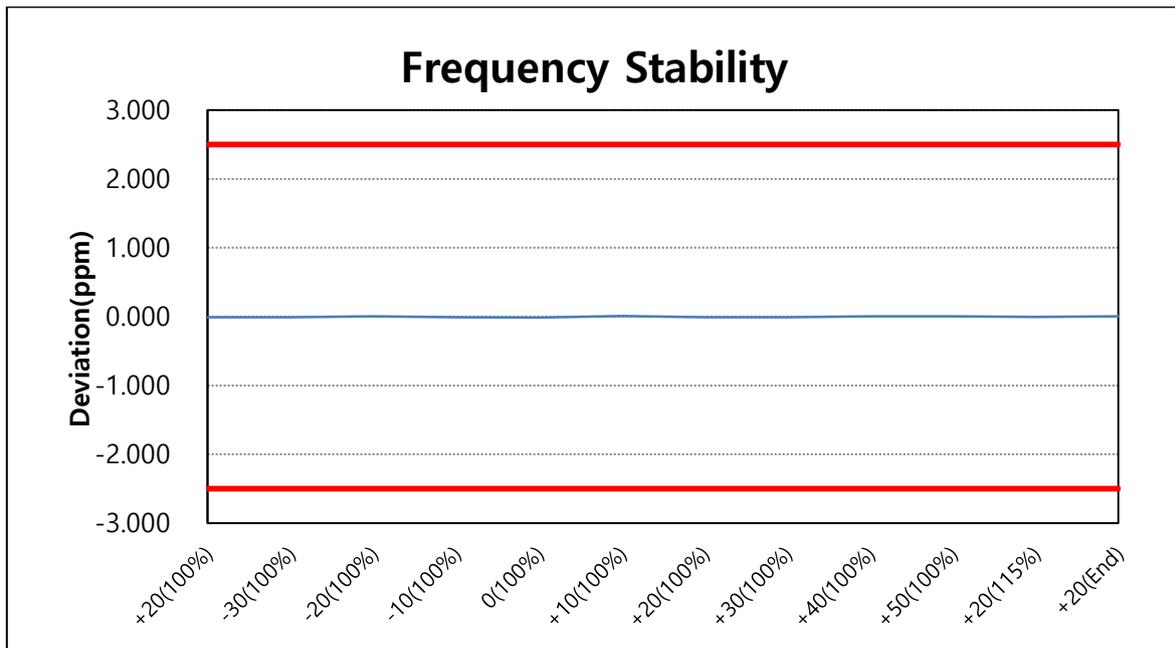
VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (V DC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQ (Hz)	Deviation	
				(ppm)	(%)
100%	3.87	+20(Ref)	1,732,400,007	+0.004	+0.000 000 40
100%		-30	1,732,400,001	+0.001	+0.000 000 06
100%		-20	1,732,400,005	+0.003	+0.000 000 29
100%		-10	1,732,400,002	+0.001	+0.000 000 12
100%		0	1,732,399,995	-0.003	-0.000 000 29
100%		+10	1,732,400,005	+0.003	+0.000 000 29
100%		+20	1,732,400,007	+0.004	+0.000 000 40
100%		+30	1,732,399,999	-0.001	-0.000 000 06
100%		+40	1,732,399,997	-0.002	-0.000 000 17
100%		+50	1,732,399,996	-0.002	-0.000 000 23
115%	4.45	+20	1,732,400,005	+0.003	+0.000 000 29
BATT.ENDPOINT	2.80	+20	1,732,400,009	+0.005	+0.000 000 52



7.8.4 FREQUENCY STABILITY (GSM1900)

OPERATING FREQUENCY : 1,880,000,000 Hz
 CHANNEL : 661(Mid)
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE : 3.87 V DC
 LIMIT : The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

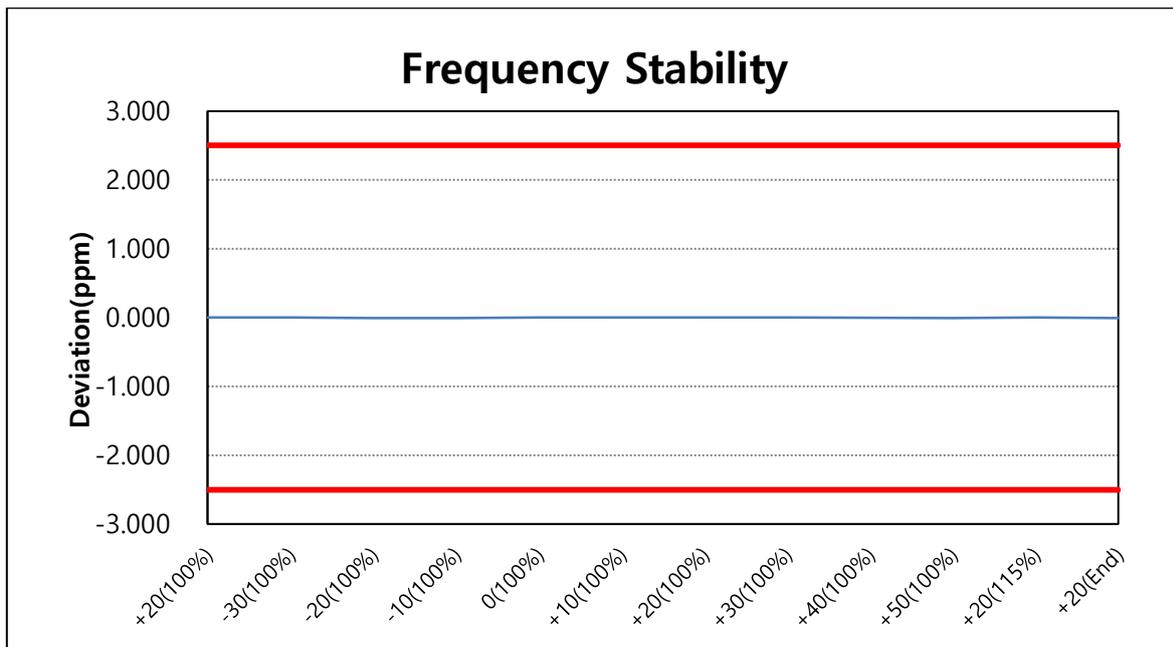
VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (V DC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQ (Hz)	Deviation	
				(ppm)	(%)
100%	3.87	+20(Ref)	1,880,000,011	+0.006	+0.000 000 59
100%		-30	1,880,000,004	+0.002	+0.000 000 21
100%		-20	1,880,000,007	+0.004	+0.000 000 37
100%		-10	1,879,999,999	-0.001	-0.000 000 05
100%		0	1,880,000,009	+0.005	+0.000 000 48
100%		+10	1,879,999,996	-0.002	-0.000 000 21
100%		+20	1,880,000,011	+0.006	+0.000 000 59
100%		+30	1,879,999,997	-0.002	-0.000 000 16
100%		+40	1,880,000,001	+0.001	+0.000 000 05
100%		+50	1,879,999,993	-0.004	-0.000 000 37
115%	4.45	+20	1,880,000,006	+0.003	+0.000 000 32
BATT.ENDPOINT	2.80	+20	1,880,000,001	+0.001	+0.000 000 05



7.8.5 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA1900)

OPERATING FREQUENCY : 1,880,000,000 Hz
 CHANNEL : 9 400(Mid)
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE : 3.87 V DC
 LIMIT : The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

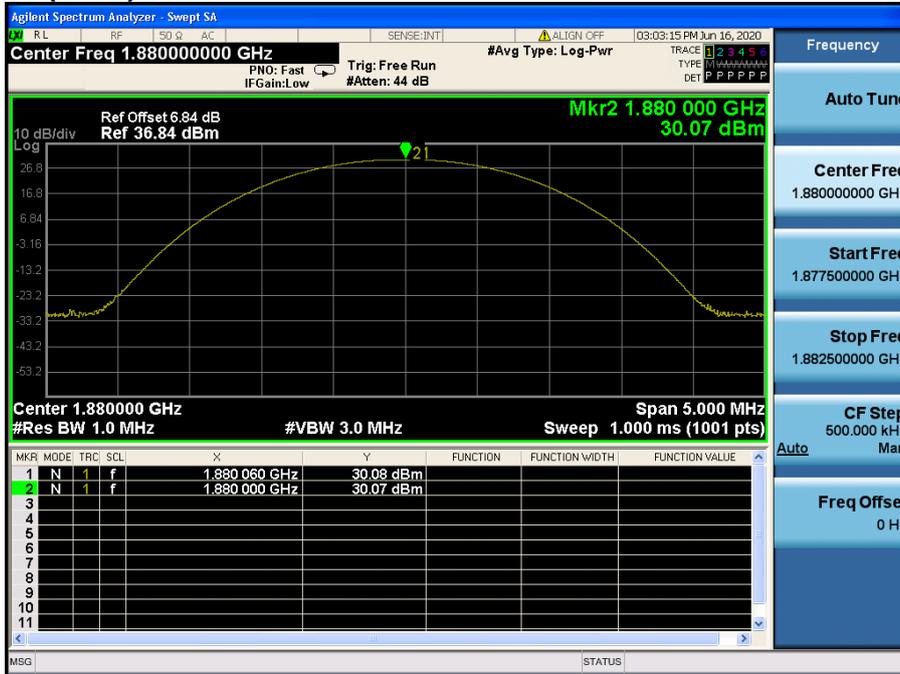
VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (V DC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQ (Hz)	Deviation	
				(ppm)	(%)
100%	3.87	+20(Ref)	1,880,000,004	+0.002	+0.000 000 21
100%		-30	1,880,000,007	+0.004	+0.000 000 37
100%		-20	1,880,000,001	+0.001	+0.000 000 05
100%		-10	1,879,999,996	-0.002	-0.000 000 21
100%		0	1,880,000,004	+0.002	+0.000 000 21
100%		+10	1,880,000,009	+0.005	+0.000 000 48
100%		+20	1,880,000,004	+0.002	+0.000 000 21
100%		+30	1,880,000,011	+0.006	+0.000 000 59
100%		+40	1,879,999,996	-0.002	-0.000 000 21
100%		+50	1,879,999,994	-0.003	-0.000 000 32
115%	4.45	+20	1,880,000,001	+0.001	+0.000 000 05
BATT.ENDPOINT	2.80	+20	1,880,000,009	+0.005	+0.000 000 48



8. TEST PLOTS

8.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

-P_{pk} (dBm) GSM1900 & Channel: 661

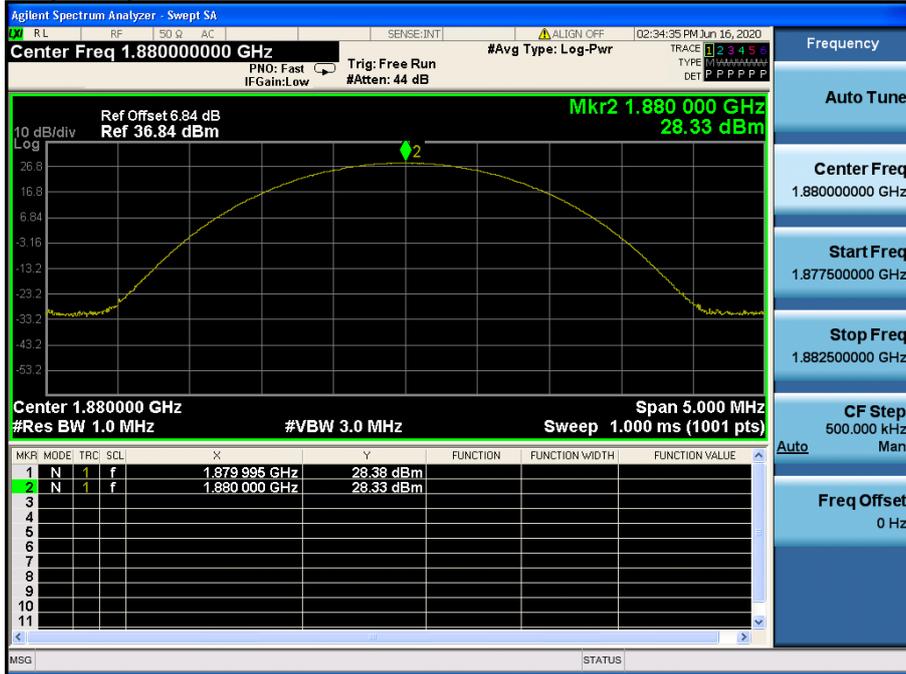


-P_{avg} (dBm) GSM1900 & Channel: 661



$$\text{PAPR (dB)} = P_{pk} \text{ (dBm)} - P_{avg} \text{ (dBm)} = 30.08 \text{ dBm} - 29.93 \text{ dBm} = 0.15 \text{ dB}$$

-P_{pk} (dBm) EDGE1900 & Channel: 661

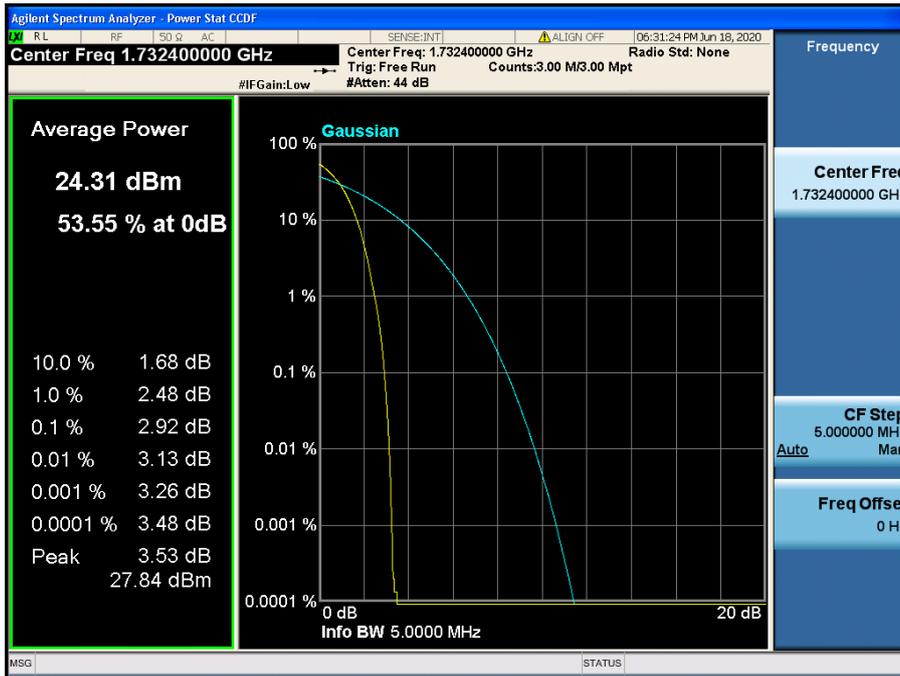


-P_{avg} (dBm) EDGE1900 & Channel: 661

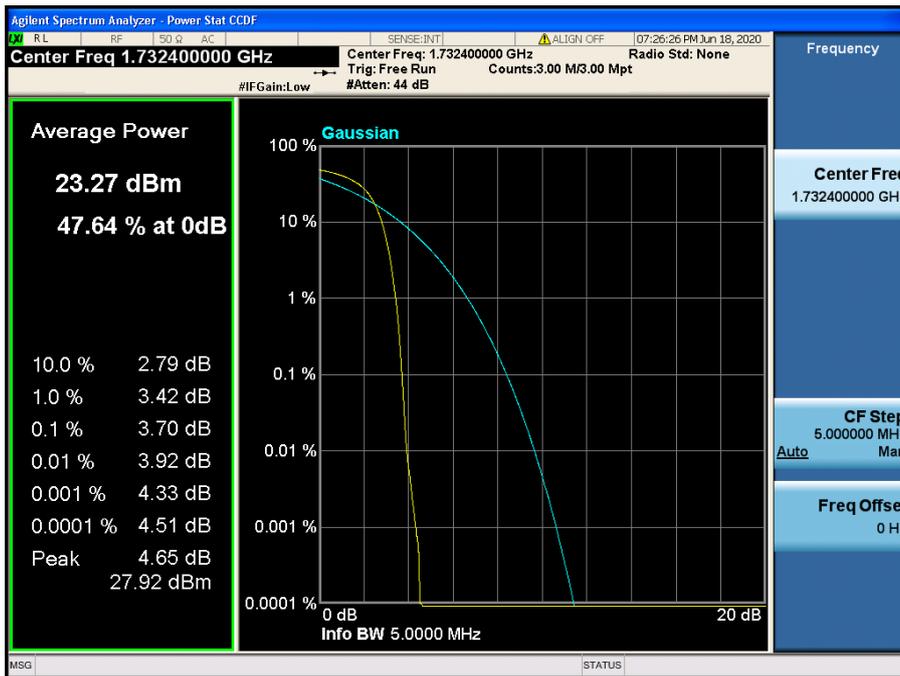


PAPR (dB) = P_{pk} (dBm) - P_{avg} (dBm) = 28.38 dBm - 24.73 dBm = 3.65 dB

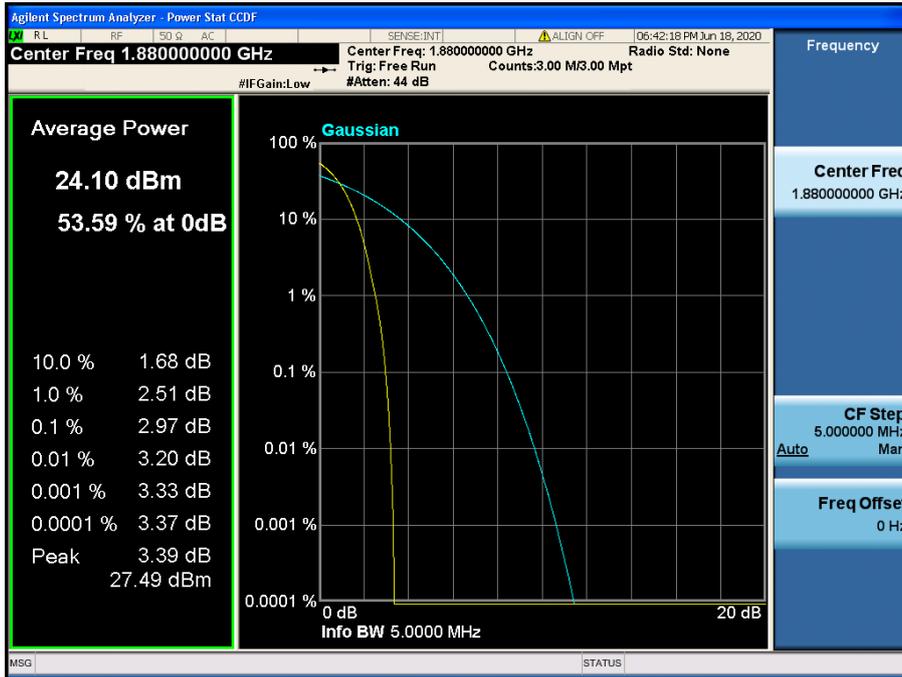
WCDMA1700 & Channel: 1 412



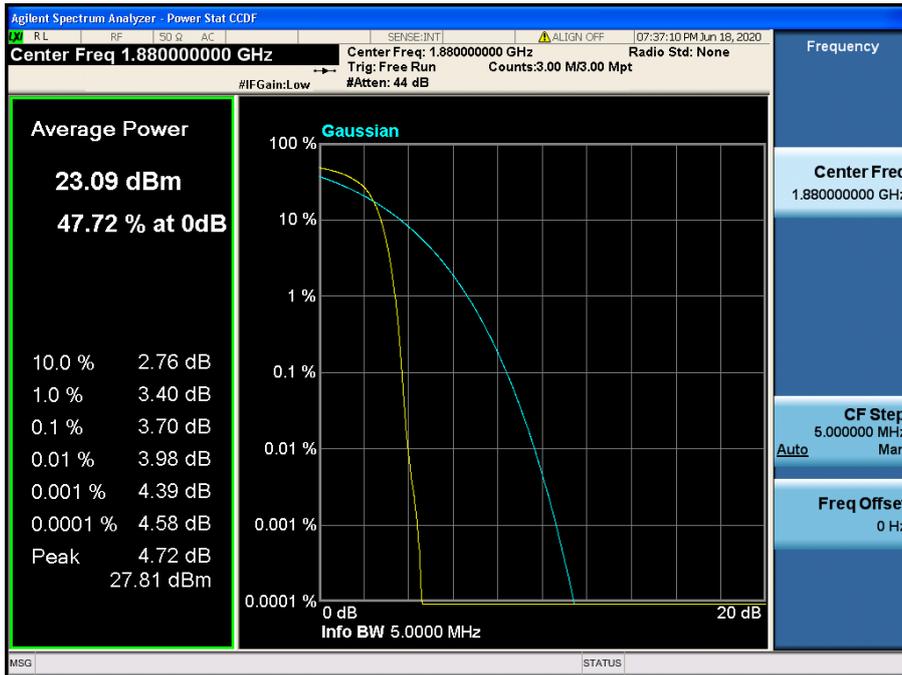
HSUPA1700 & Channel: 1 412



WCDMA1900 & Channel: 9 400



HSUPA1900 & Channel: 9 400

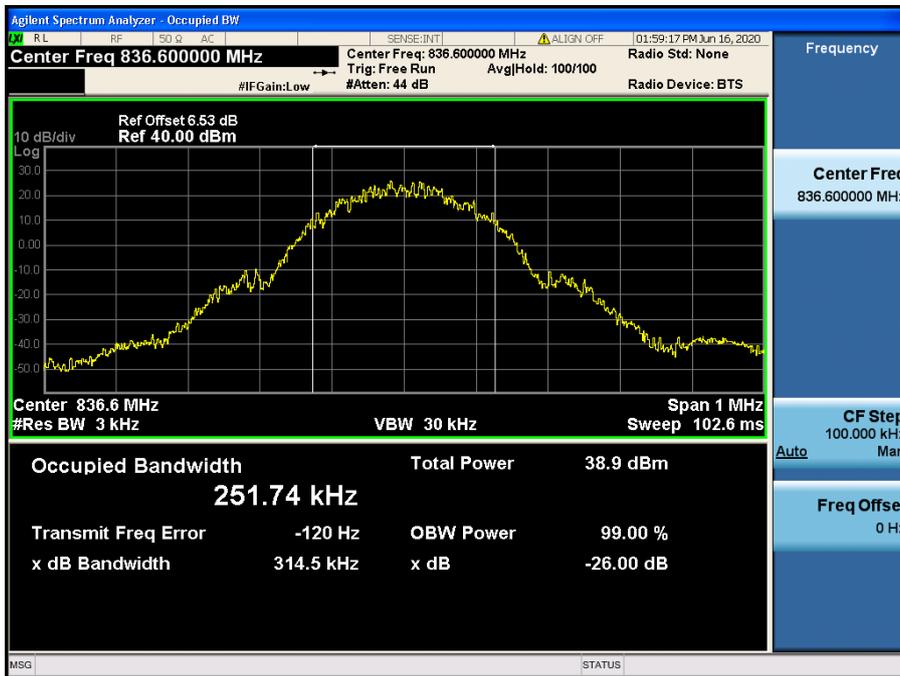


8.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)

GSM850 & Channel: 128



GSM850 & Channel: 190



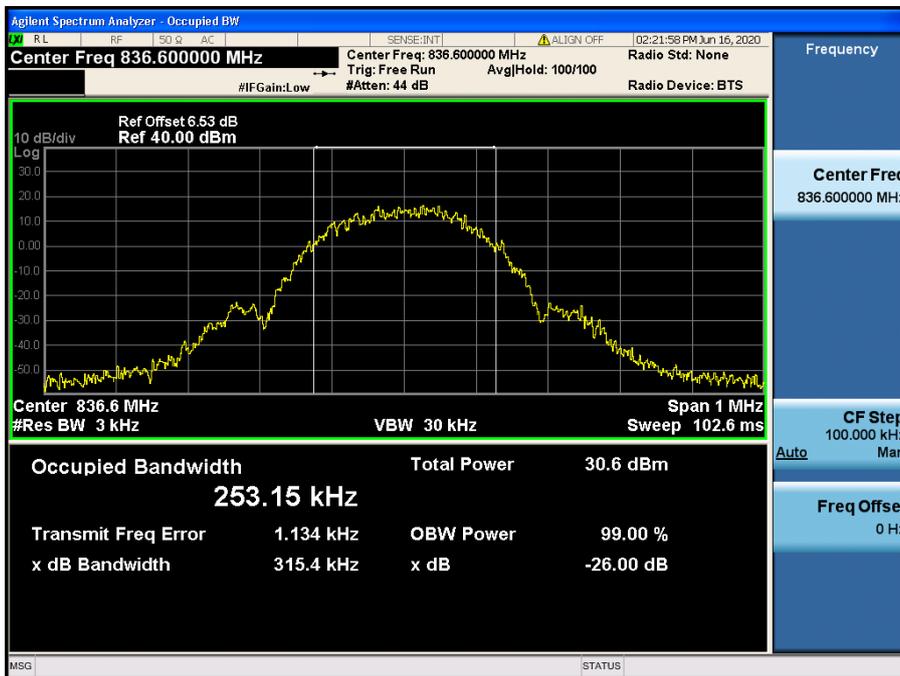
GSM850 & Channel: 251



EDGE850 & Channel: 128



EDGE850 & Channel: 190



EDGE850 & Channel: 251



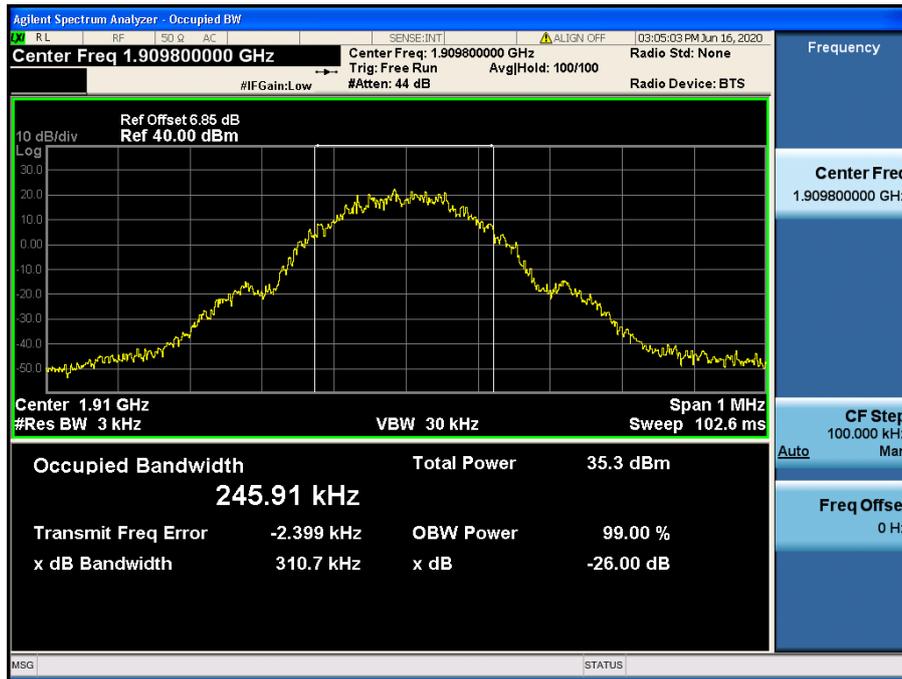
GSM1900 & Channel: 512



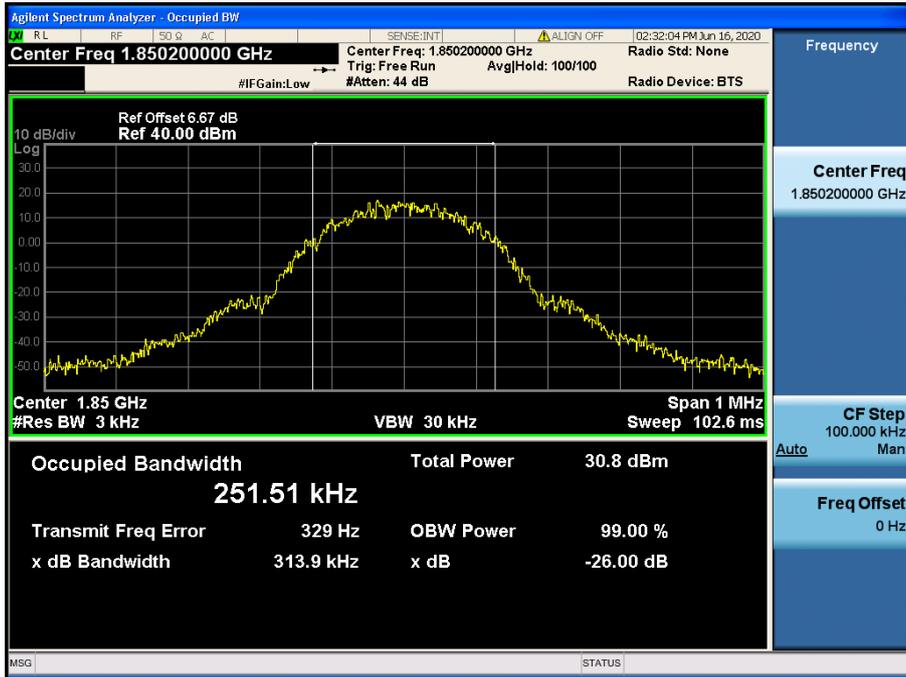
GSM1900 & Channel: 661



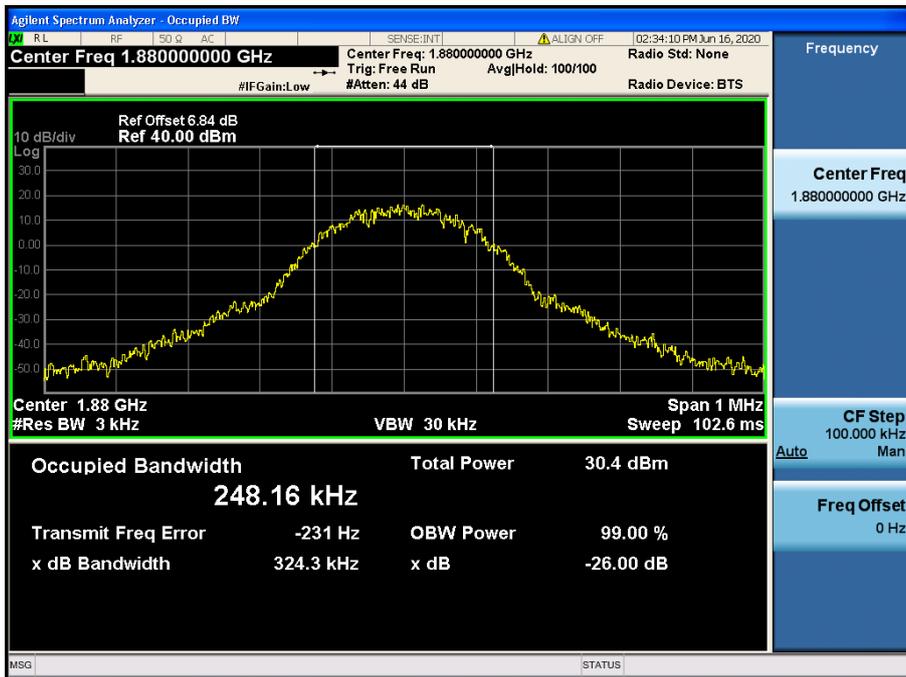
GSM1900 & Channel: 810



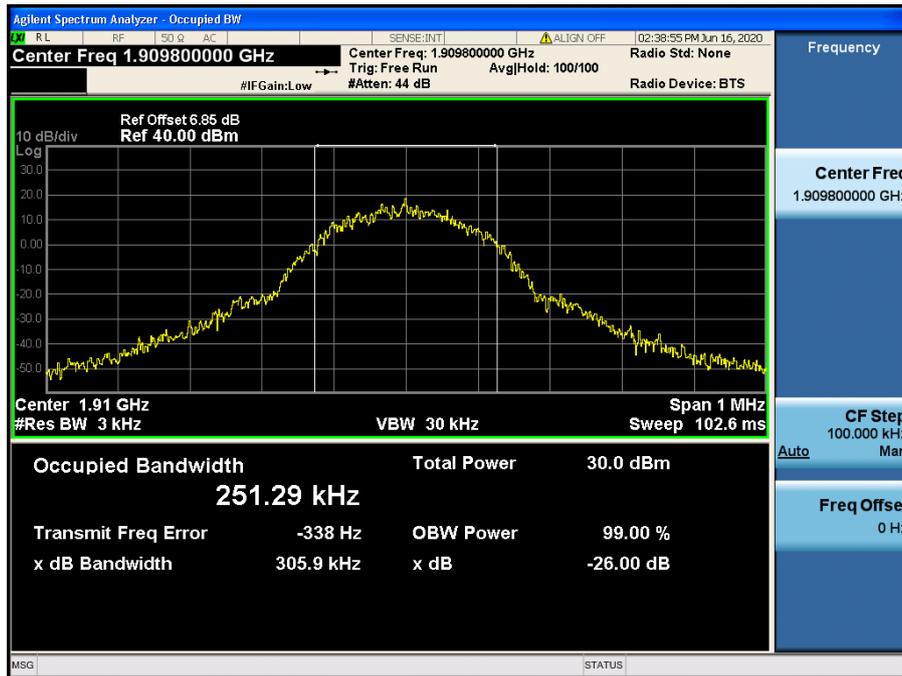
EDGE1900 & Channel: 512



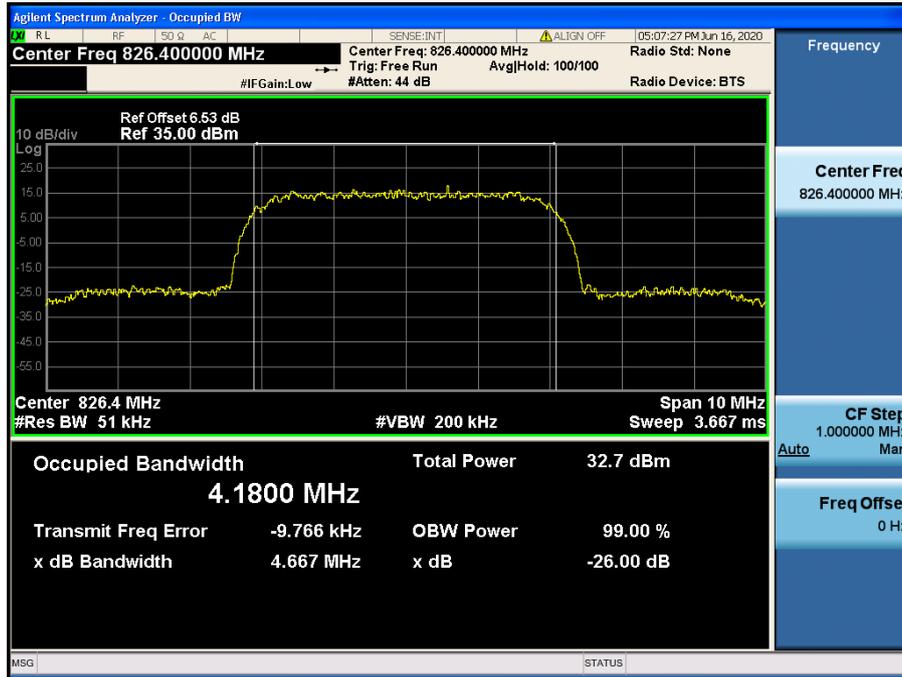
EDGE1900 & Channel: 661



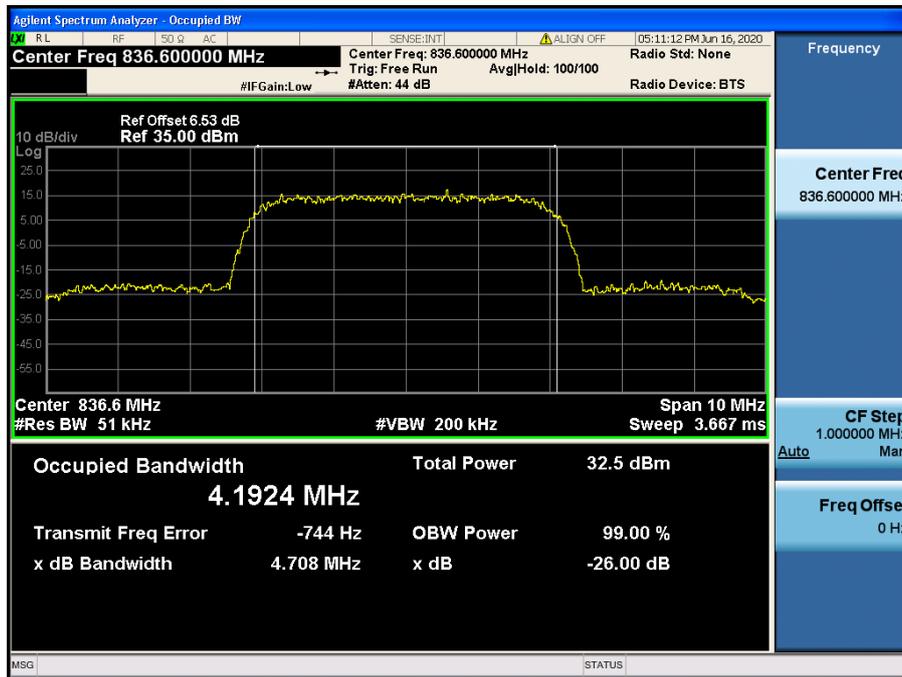
EDGE1900 & Channel: 810



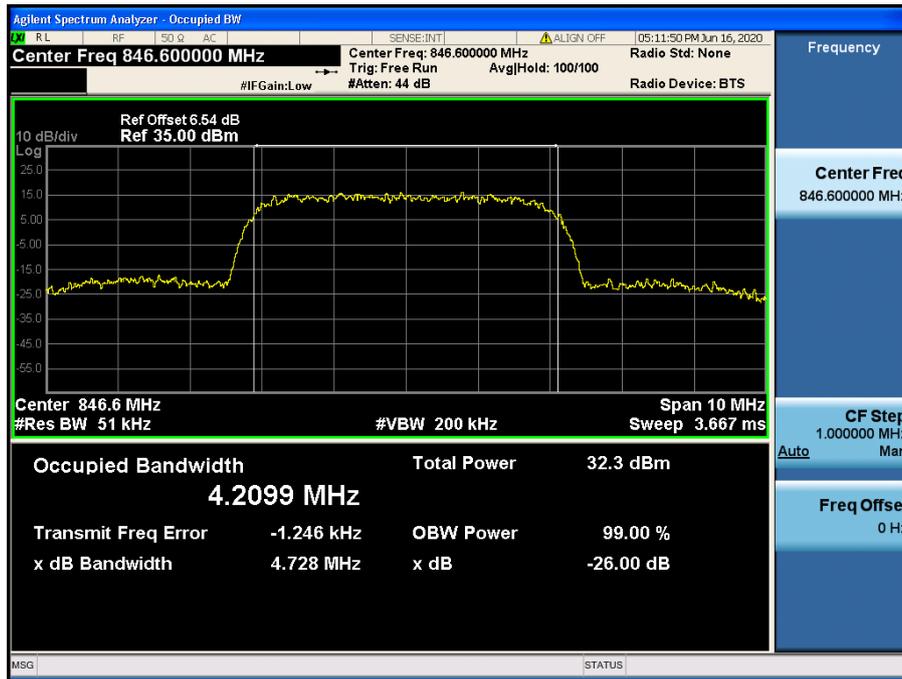
WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 132



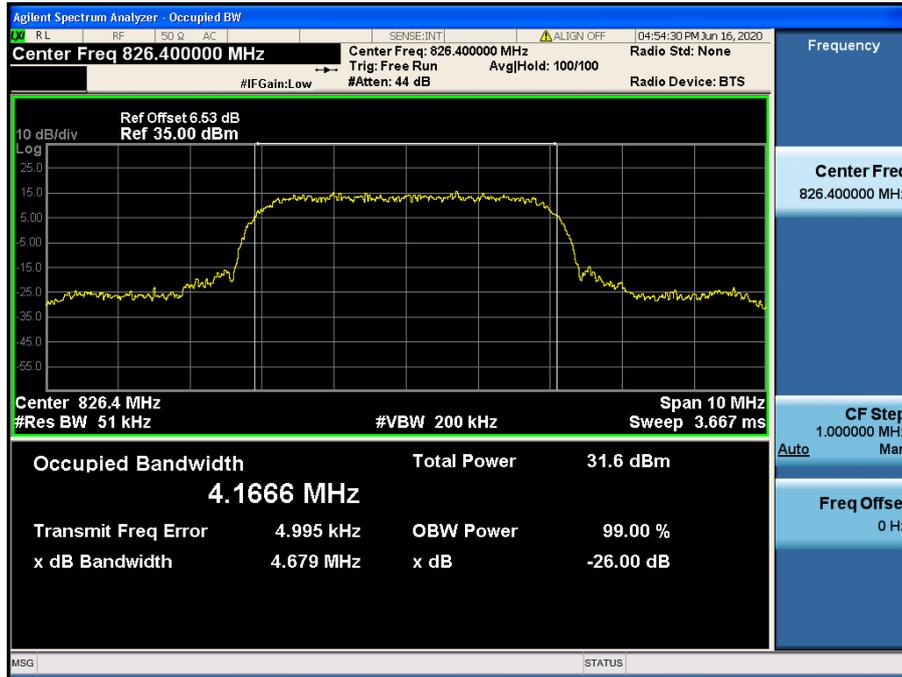
WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 183



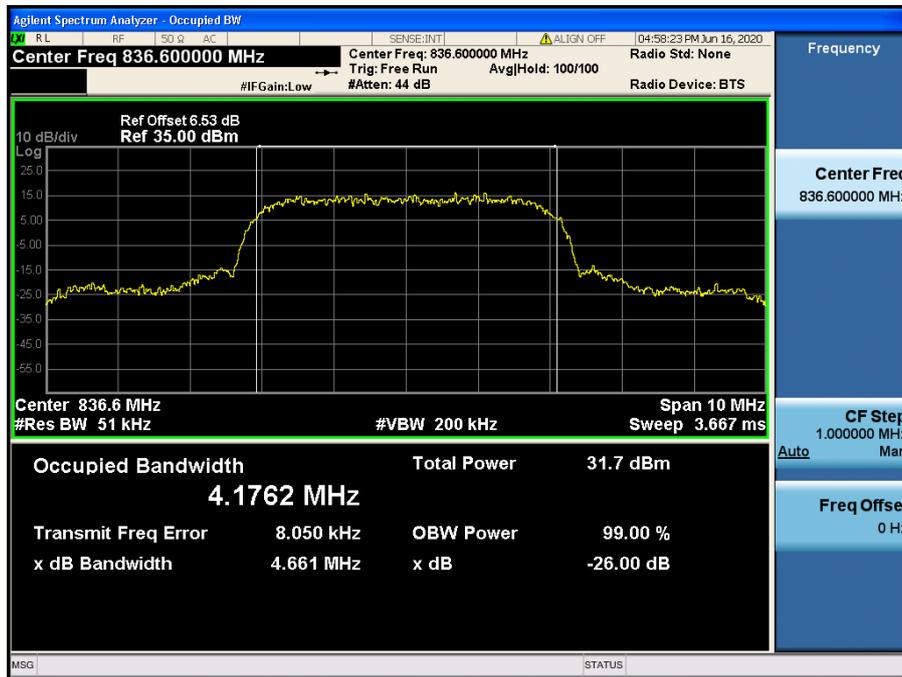
WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 233



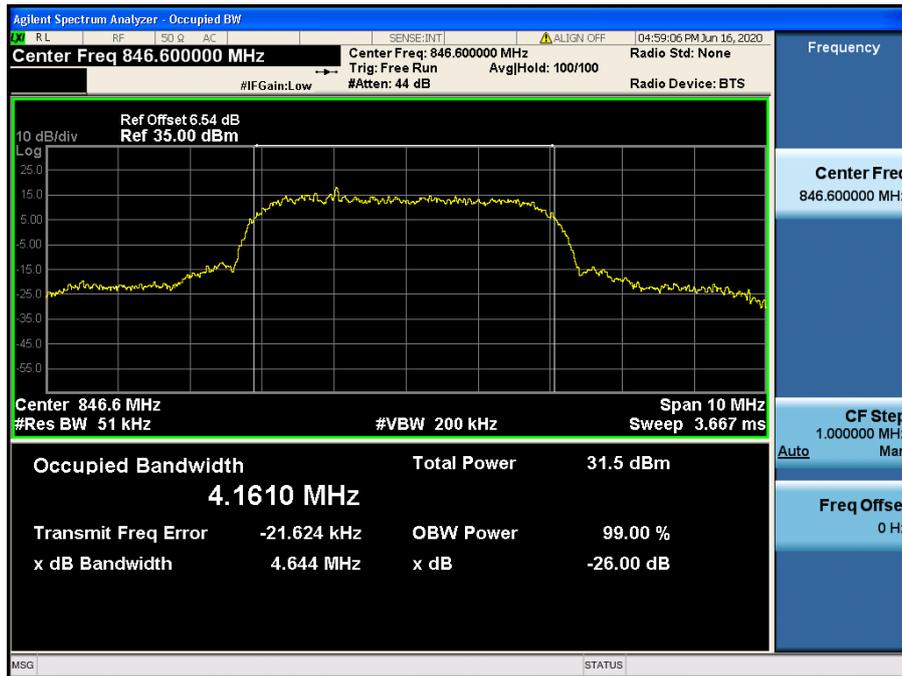
HSUPA850 & Channel: 4 132



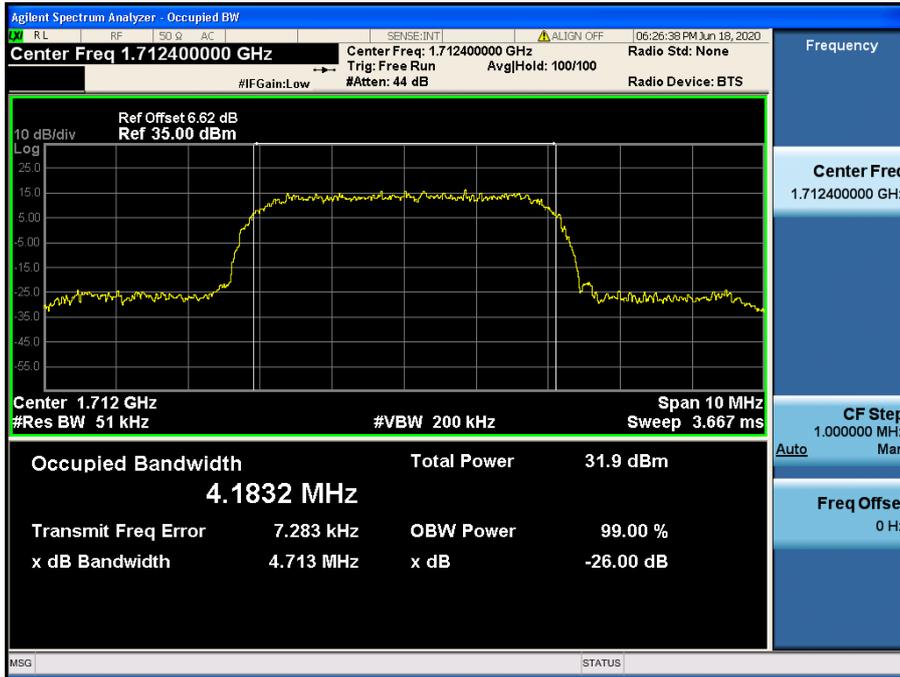
HSUPA850 & Channel: 4 183



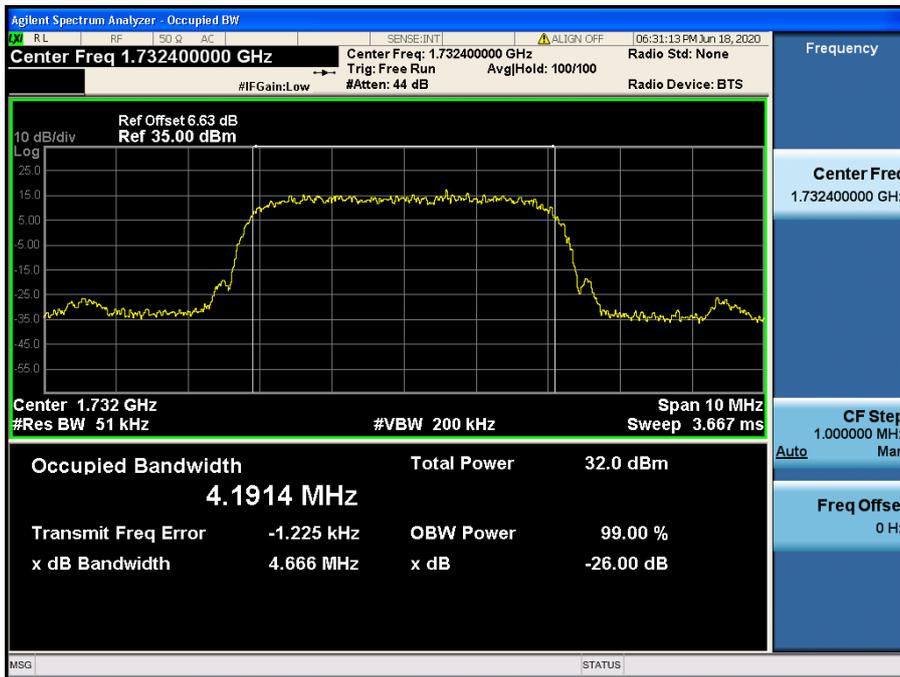
HSUPA850 & Channel: 4 233



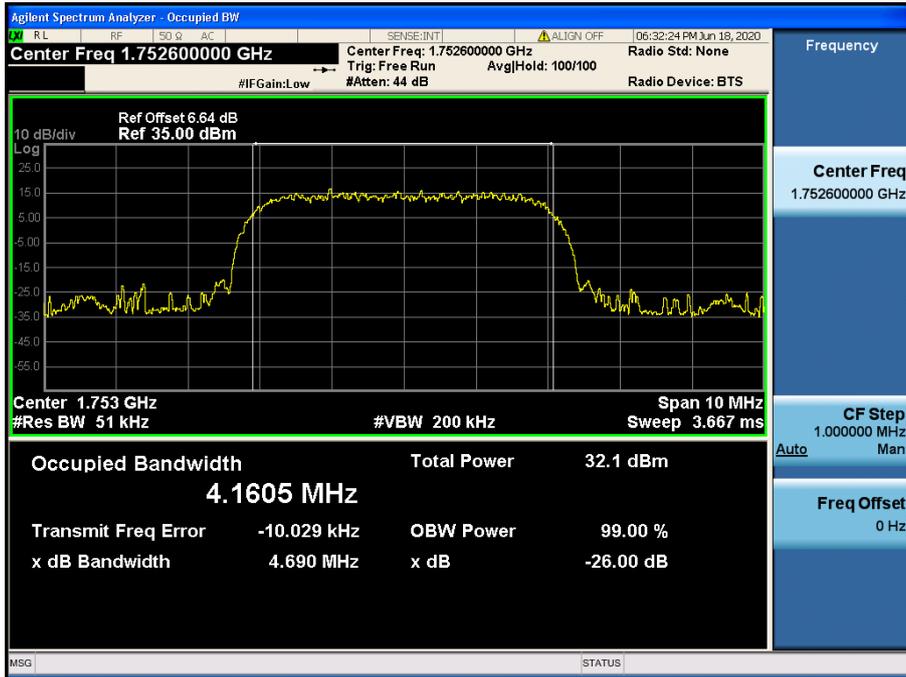
WCDMA1700 & Channel: 1 312



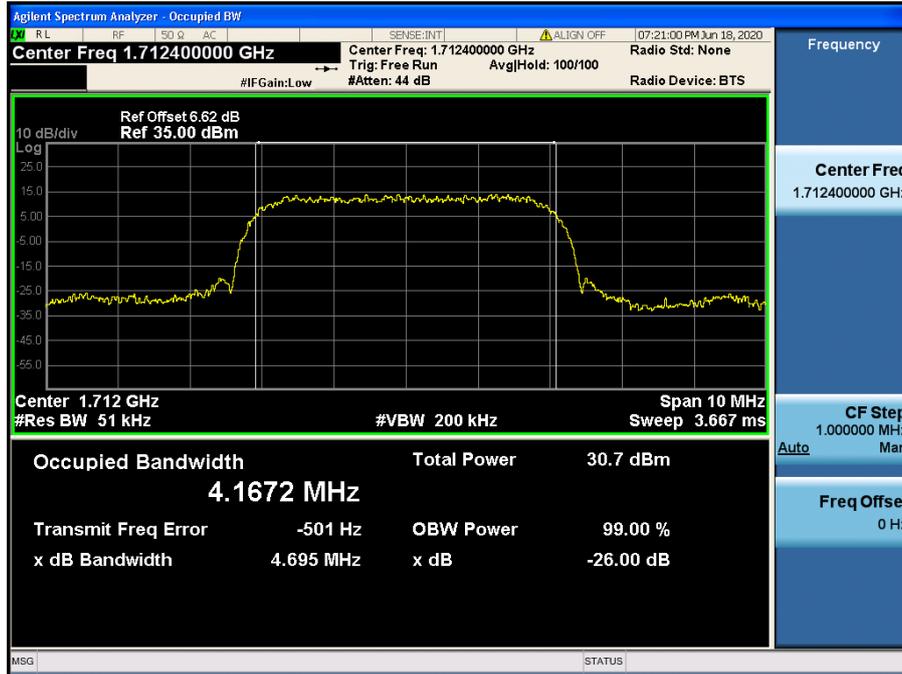
WCDMA1700 & Channel: 1 412



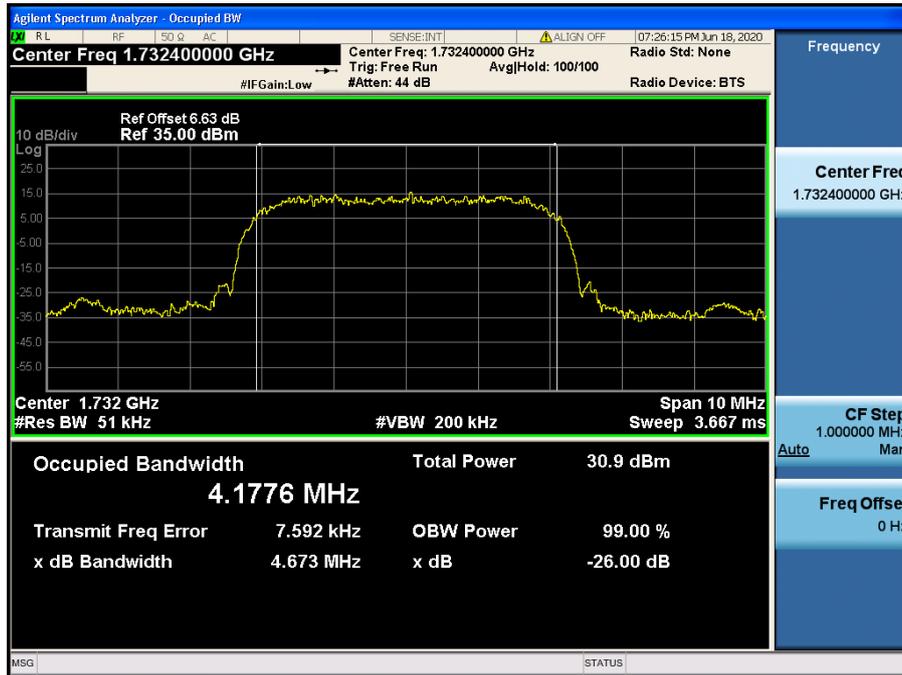
WCDMA1700 & Channel: 1 513



HSUPA1700 & Channel: 1 312



HSUPA1700 & Channel: 1 412



HSUPA1700 & Channel: 1 513

