



## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

**Applicant Name:**  
 LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.  
 1000 Sylvan Avenue  
 Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632  
 United States

**Date of Testing:**  
 04/21/14 - 04/30/14  
**Test Site/Location:**  
 PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA  
**Document Serial No.:**  
 OY1404210809-R2.ZNF

**FCC ID:** ZNFLS885  
**APPLICANT:** LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A., INC.

**DUT Type:** Portable Handset  
**Application Type:** Certification  
**FCC Rule Part(s):** CFR §2.1093  
**Model(s):** LGLS885, LG-LS885, LS885

Equipment Class	Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	SAR		
			1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)
PCE	CDMA/EVDO BC10 (§90S)	817.90 - 823.10 MHz	0.43	0.58	0.54
PCE	CDMA/EVDO BC0 (§22H)	824.70 - 848.31 MHz	0.40	0.67	0.69
PCE	PCS CDMA/EVDO	1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz	0.72	1.27	1.18
PCE	LTE Band 26	814.7 - 848.3 MHz	0.35	0.48	0.48
PCE	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	1851.5 - 1913.5 MHz	0.45	0.86	0.86
PCE	LTE Band 41	2501 - 2685 MHz	0.20	0.32	0.34
DTS	2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	0.60	0.13	0.14
DTS	5.8 GHz WLAN	5745 - 5825 MHz	0.17	0.13	0.13
NII	5.2 GHz WLAN	5180 - 5240 MHz	0.19	0.13	
NII	5.3 GHz WLAN	5260 - 5320 MHz	0.23	0.20	
NII	5.5 GHz WLAN	5500 - 5700 MHz	0.19	0.21	
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	N/A		
<b>Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r02:</b>			1.55		

This revised Test Report (S/N: OY1404210809-R2.ZNF) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in Section 1.7 of this report; for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

  
 Randy Ortanez  
 President



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# 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

## 1.1 Device Overview

Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
CDMA/EVDO BC10 (§90S)	Voice/Data	817.90 - 823.10 MHz
CDMA/EVDO BC0 (§22H)	Voice/Data	824.70 - 848.31 MHz
PCS CDMA/EVDO	Voice/Data	1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz
LTE Band 26	Data	814.7 - 848.3 MHz
LTE Band 25 (PCS)	Data	1851.5 - 1913.5 MHz
LTE Band 41	Data	2501 - 2685 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Data	2412 - 2462 MHz
5.8 GHz WLAN	Data	5745 - 5825 MHz
5.2 GHz WLAN	Data	5180 - 5240 MHz
5.3 GHz WLAN	Data	5260 - 5320 MHz
5.5 GHz WLAN	Data	5500 - 5700 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz

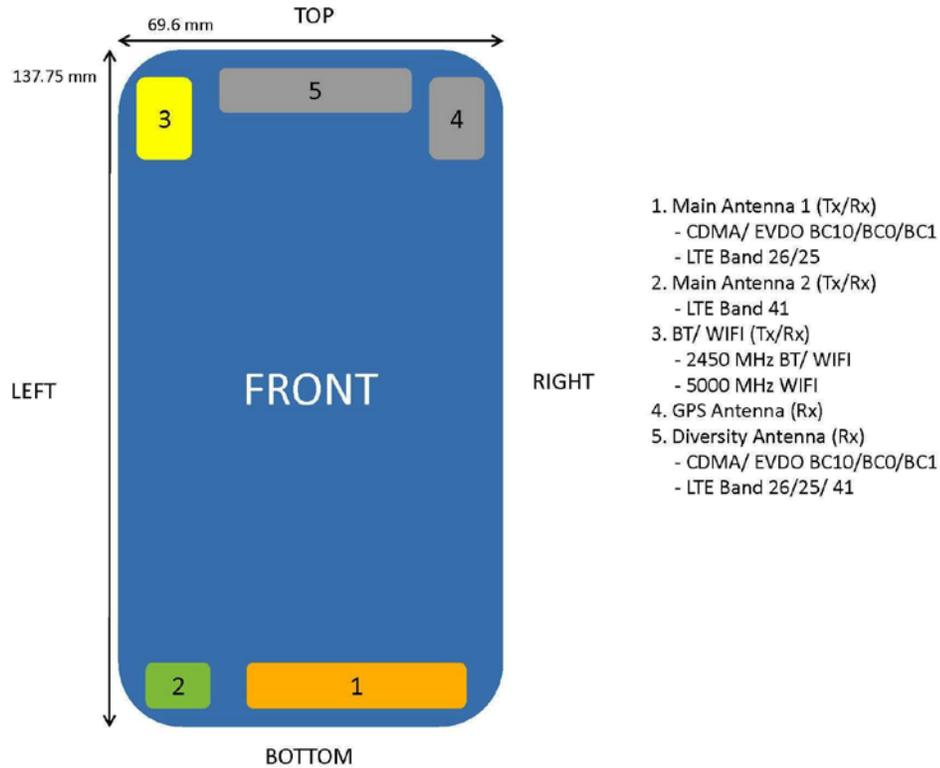
## 1.2 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
CDMA/EVDO BC10 (§90S)	Maximum	25.4
	Nominal	24.9
CDMA/EVDO BC0 (§22H)	Maximum	25.2
	Nominal	24.7
PCS CDMA/EVDO	Maximum	25.0
	Nominal	24.5
Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
LTE Band 26	Maximum	24.2
	Nominal	23.7
LTE Band 25 (PCS)	Maximum	24.2
	Nominal	23.7
LTE Band 41	Maximum	24.2
	Nominal	23.7
Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	17.0
	Nominal	16.0
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	14.0
	Nominal	13.0
IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	12.0
	Nominal	11.0
IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz)	Maximum	14.0
	Nominal	13.0
IEEE 802.11n (5 GHz)	Maximum	11.0
	Nominal	10.0
Bluetooth	Maximum	11.0
	Nominal	9.0
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	8.0
	Nominal	6.0

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### 1.3 DUT Antenna Locations



Note: Exact antenna dimensions and separation distances are shown in the Technical Descriptions.

**Figure 1-1**  
**DUT Antenna Locations**

**Table 1-1**  
**Sides for SAR Testing**

Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
EVDO BC10 (§90S)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
EVDO BC0 (§22H)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
PCS EVDO	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 26	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 25 (PCS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 41	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
5 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note:

1. Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01 guidance, page 2.
2. 5 GHz WIFI Direct GO is supported in the 5 GHz DTS band only. The manufacturer expects 5 GHz DTS Wifi Direct GO may be used similar to wireless router usage. Therefore, 5 GHz DTS Wifi Direct GO was evaluated for SAR similar to wireless router SAR procedures in FCC KDB Publication 941225.

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## 1.4 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D05v01, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 1-2 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



**Figure 1-2**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Paths**

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 3) procedures.

**Table 1-2**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios**

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Wireless Router	Notes
1	1x CDMA voice + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
2	1x CDMA voice + 5 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
3	1x CDMA voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
4	LTE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	
5	LTE + 5 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	
6	LTE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes*	N/A	
7	CDMA/EVDO data + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	
8	CDMA/EVDO data + 5 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	
9	CDMA/EVDO data + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes*	N/A	
10	1x CDMA voice + CDMA/EVDO data	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by HW
11	CDMA/EVDO data + LTE	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by HW
12	1x CDMA voice + LTE	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by HW
13	1x CDMA voice + LTE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by HW
14	1x CDMA voice + LTE + 5 GHz WI-FI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by HW

- 2.4 GHz WIFI supports Hotspot and WIFI-Direct(GO/GC).
- 5 GHz WIFI does not support Hotspot; supports WIFI-Direct (GC; 5.8 GHz only GO).
- CDMA/EVDO, LTE supports Hotspot.
- (\*) = for VOLTE or VOIP applications possibly installed and used by end-user.
- Bluetooth and WiFi can not transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.
- CDMA/EVDO, LTE can not transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip.
- Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct are specified above.

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## 1.5 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

### (A) WIFI/BT

Since hotspot operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using 5 GHz WIFI, only 2.4 GHz WIFI Hotspot SAR tests and combinations are considered for SAR with respect to Wireless Router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v01.

5 GHz WIFI Direct GO is supported in the 5.8 GHz band only. The manufacturer expects 5.8 GHz WIFI Direct GO may be used similar to wireless router usage. Therefore, 5.8 GHz WIFI Direct GO was evaluated for SAR similar to wireless router SAR procedures in FCC KDB Publication 941225.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required;  $[(13/10) * \sqrt{2.441}] = 2.0 < 3.0$ . Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

This device supports 20 MHz and 40 MHz Bandwidths for IEEE 802.11n for 5 GHz WIFI only. IEEE 802.11n was not evaluated for SAR since the average output power of 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power of IEEE 802.11a.

### (B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02.

CDMA 1X Advanced technology was not required for SAR when the maximum output powers for 1x Advanced was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the maximum measured powers for 1x and the measured SAR in any 1x mode exposure conditions was not greater than 1.2 W/kg.

## 1.6 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

## 1.7 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v02r02, D02v02r02, D03v01, D04v01, D05v02r02, D06v01r01 (2G/3G/4G, 1x Advanced, Hotspot)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r01 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r01-D02v01r01 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)

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## 1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples were used with identical hardware to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

Mode/ Band	Head Serial Number	Body-Worn Serial Number	Wireless Router Serial Number
CDMA/EVDO BC10 (§90S)	885-1	885-1	885-1
CDMA/EVDO BC0 (§22H)	885-1	885-1	885-1
PCS CDMA/EVDO	885-1	885-1	885-1
LTE Band 26	885-2	885-2	885-2
LTE Band 25 (PCS)	885-2	885-2	885-2
LTE Band 41	885-2	885-2	885-2
2.4 GHz WLAN	885-3	885-3	885-3
5 GHz WLAN	885-3	885-3	885-3

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## 2

## LTE INFORMATION

LTE Information					
<b>FCC ID</b>	<b>ZNFLS885</b>				
Form Factor	Portable Handset				
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 26 (814.7 - 848.3 MHz)				
	LTE Band 25 (PCS) (1851.5 - 1913.5 MHz)				
	LTE Band 41 (2501 - 2685 MHz)				
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 26: 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz				
	LTE Band 25 (PCS): 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz				
	LTE Band 41: 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz				
Channel Numbers and Frequencies (MHz)	Low	Low-Mid	Mid	Mid-High	High
LTE Band 26: 1.4 MHz	814.7 (26697)		831.5 (26865)		848.3 (27033)
LTE Band 26: 3 MHz	815.5 (26705)		831.5 (26865)		847.5 (27025)
LTE Band 26: 5 MHz	816.5 (26715)		831.5 (26865)		846.5 (27015)
LTE Band 26: 10 MHz	819 (26740)		831.5 (26865)		844 (26990)
LTE Band 25 (PCS): 3 MHz	1851.5 (26055)		1882.5 (26365)		1913.5 (26675)
LTE Band 25 (PCS): 5 MHz	1852.5 (26065)		1882.5 (26365)		1912.5 (26665)
LTE Band 25 (PCS): 10 MHz	1855 (26090)		1882.5 (26365)		1910 (26640)
LTE Band 41: 10 MHz	2501 (39700)	2547 (40160)	2593 (40620)	2639 (41080)	2685 (41540)
LTE Band 41: 15 MHz	2503.5 (39725)	2548.3 (40173)	2593 (40620)	2637.8 (41068)	2682.5 (41515)
LTE Band 41: 20 MHz	2506 (39750)	2549.5 (40185)	2593 (40620)	2636.5 (41055)	2680 (41490)
UE Category	3				
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM				
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3-6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	YES				
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	YES				

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## 3 INTRODUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [22]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

### 3.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 3-1).

Equation 3-1  
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue-simulating material ( $\text{kg/m}^3$ )
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

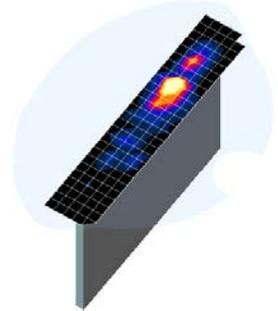
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## 4 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

### 4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 and IEEE 1528-2013:

- The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
- The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
- Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASy manual online for more details):
  - SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
  - After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
  - All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.



**Figure 4-1**  
Sample SAR Area Scan

**Table 4-1**  
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01\*

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) ( $\Delta x_{area}$ , $\Delta y_{area}$ )	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) ( $\Delta x_{zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{zoom}$ )	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm)			Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x,y,z)
			Uniform Grid $\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$	Graded Grid		
				$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)^*$	$\Delta z_{zoom}(n>1)^*$	
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15	≤ 8	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
2-3 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
3-4 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 28
4-5 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 2.5	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 25
5-6 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 22

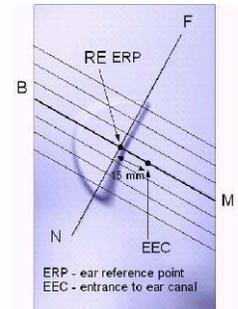
\*Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

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# 5 DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

## 5.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 5-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (see Figure 5-1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].



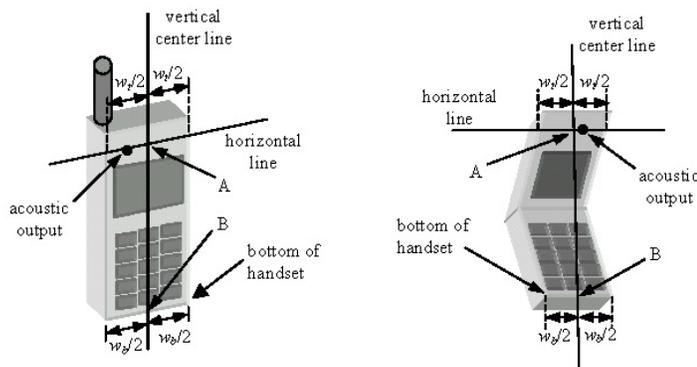
**Figure 5-1**  
Close-Up Side view of ERP

## 5.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Figure 5-3). The acoustic output was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



**Figure 5-2**  
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom



**Figure 5-3**  
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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## 6 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

### 6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ .

### 6.2 Positioning for Cheek

1. The test device was positioned with the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

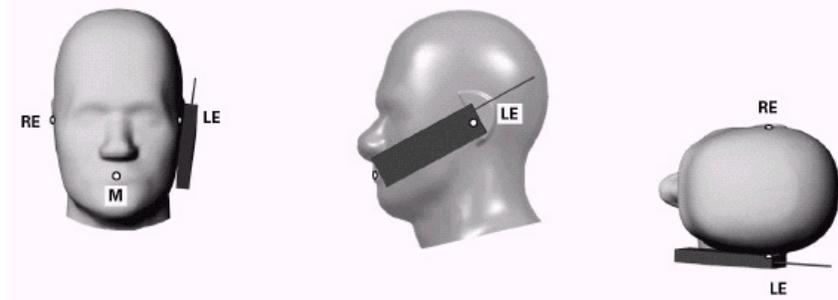


Figure 6-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position

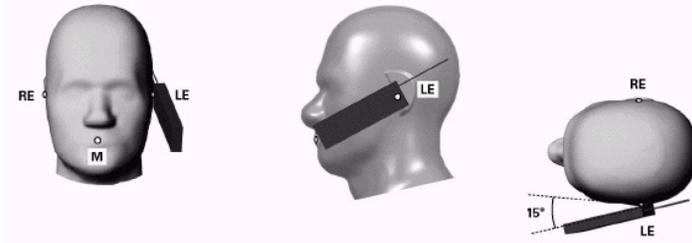
2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the pinna.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the reference plane.
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the device contact with the ear, the device was rotated about the NF line until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 6-2).

### 6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

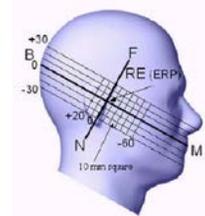
With the test device aligned in the “Cheek Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degrees.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the handset touched the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. In this situation, the tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6-2).

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**Figure 6-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position**

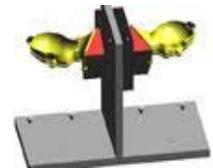


**Figure 6-3 Side view w/ relevant markings**

### 6.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

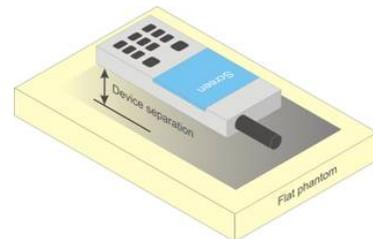
Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones. Per IEEE 1528-2013, a rotated SAM phantom is necessary to allow probe access to such regions. Both SAM heads of the TwinSAM-Chin20 are rotated 20 degrees around the NF line. Each head can be removed from the table for emptying and cleaning.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04\_v01. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR location identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.



### 6.5 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-5). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



**Figure 6-5 Sample Body-Worn Diagram**

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories

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that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

## 6.6 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 44798 D01v05 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 44798 D01v05, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

## 6.7 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ( $L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$ ) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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# 7 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

## 7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

## 7.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Table 7-1  
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6**

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
<b>Peak Spatial Average SAR</b> Head	1.6	8.0
<b>Whole Body SAR</b>	0.08	0.4
<b>Peak Spatial Average SAR</b> Hands, Feet, Ankle, Wrists, etc.	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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## 8 FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

### 8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as *reported* SAR. The highest *reported* SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r02.

### 8.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

### 8.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000

The following procedures were performed according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

#### 8.3.1 Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007. Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. SO55 tests were measured with power control bits in the "All Up" condition.

1. If the mobile station (MS) supports Reverse TCH RC 1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC=1/1) with 9600 bps data rate only.
2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-1, Table 8-1 parameters were applied.
3. If the MS supports the RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH<sub>0</sub> and demodulation of RC 3,4, or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH<sub>0</sub> data rate.
4. Under RC3, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-2, Table 8-2 was applied.

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**Table 8-1  
Parameters for Max. Power for RC1**

Parameter	Units	Value
$I_{or}$	dBm/1.23 MHz	-104
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

**Table 8-2  
Parameters for Max. Power for RC3**

Parameter	Units	Value
$I_{or}$	dBm/1.23 MHz	-86
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

5. FCHs were configured at full rate for maximum SAR with “All Up” power control bits.

### 8.3.2 CDMA2000 1x Advanced

This device additionally supports 1x Advanced. Conducted powers were measured using SO75 with RC8 on the uplink and RC11 on the downlink per KDB Publication 941225 D02v02. Smart blanking was disabled for all measurements. The EUT was configured with forward power control Mode 000 and reverse power control at 400 bps. Conducted powers were measured on an Agilent 8960 Series 10 Wireless Communications Test Set, Model E5515C using the CDMA2000 1x Advanced application, Option E1962B-410.

Based on the maximum output power measured for 1x Advanced, SAR is required for 1x advanced if the maximum output for 1x Advanced is more than 0.25 dB higher than the maximum measured for 1x. Also, if the measured SAR in any 1x mode exposure conditions (head, body etc.) is larger than 1.2 W/kg, the highest of those configurations above 1.2 W/kg for each exposure condition in 1x Advanced has to be repeated. All measured SAR in 1x mode higher than 1.5 W/kg must be repeated for 1x Advanced.

### 8.3.3 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

Head SAR was additionally evaluated using EVDO Rev. A to support compliance for VoIP operations. See Section 8.3.5 for EVDO Rev. A configuration parameters.

### 8.3.4 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled using TDSO / SO32. SAR for multiple code channels (FCH + SCH<sub>n</sub>) is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured with FCH only. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel (FCH + SCH<sub>n</sub>) with FCH at full rate and SCH<sub>0</sub> enabled at 9600 bps using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel with FCH only. When multiple code channels are enabled, the DUT output may shift by more than 0.5 dB and lead to higher SAR drifts and SCH dropouts. Body SAR was measured using TDSO / SO32 with power control bits in the “All Up”

Body SAR in RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate, using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

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### 8.3.5 Handsets with EVDO

For handsets with Ev-Do capabilities, when the maximum average output of each channel in Rev. 0 is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3 (1x RTT), body SAR for EV-DO is not required. Otherwise, SAR for Rev. 0 is measured on the maximum output channel at 153.6 kbps using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3. SAR for Rev. A is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than that measured in Rev. 0 or less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and a Termination Target of 16 slots defined for Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. A Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots would be configured in the downlink for both Rev. 0 and Rev. A.

### 8.3.6 Body SAR Measurements for EVDO Hotspot

Hotspot Body SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0 per KDB Publication 941225 D01 procedures for “1x Ev-Do data Devices”. SAR for Subtype 2 Physical layer configurations is not required for Rev. A when the maximum average output of each RF channels is less than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical layer configurations. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for the RF channels in Rev. 0. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations; and a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots in Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations.

SAR is not required for 1x RTT for Ev-Do devices that also support 1x RTT voice and/or data operations, when the maximum average output of each channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. Otherwise, CDMA “Body-SAR Measurement” procedures for “CDMA 2000 1x Handsets” were applied.

## 8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

### 8.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

### 8.4.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

### 8.4.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

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## 8.4.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r01:

- a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
  - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
  - ii. When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
  - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
- c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is  $< 0.8$  W/kg.
- d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is  $< 1.45$  W/kg.

## 8.4.5 TDD

LTE TDD is tested at the highest duty factor using UL-DL configuration 0 with special subframe configuration 6 and applying the FDD LTE procedures in KDB 941225. SAR testing was performed using the normal cyclic prefix and then scaling up the measured SAR result to the extended cyclic prefix listed in 3GPP TS 36.211 Section 4.

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## 8.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 for more details.

### 8.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

### 8.5.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [24]

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

For 5 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel across the default test channels at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these "required channels" were considered instead of the default channels for SAR testing. 802.11n modes and higher data rates for 802.11a/n were evaluated only if the respective mode was higher than 0.25 dB or more than the 802.11a mode.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg and if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.

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# 9 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

## 9.1 CDMA Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	Rule Part	Frequency	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO75 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. 0 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. A [dBm]
	F-RC		MHz	RC1	RC3	RC11	FCH+SCH	FCH	(RTAP)	(RETAP)
Cellular	564	90S	820.1	25.39	25.34	25.34	25.34	25.32	25.40	25.37
Cellular	1013	22H	824.7	25.15	25.19	25.15	25.12	25.19	25.15	25.08
	384	22H	836.52	25.18	25.20	25.16	25.20	25.14	25.18	25.11
	777	22H	848.31	25.16	25.18	25.12	25.17	25.17	25.18	25.13
PCS	25	24E	1851.25	24.98	24.97	24.95	24.95	24.98	24.95	24.87
	600	24E	1880	24.95	25.00	24.98	24.98	25.00	24.99	24.92
	1175	24E	1908.75	24.98	24.98	24.92	24.99	24.94	25.00	24.99

**General Notes:**

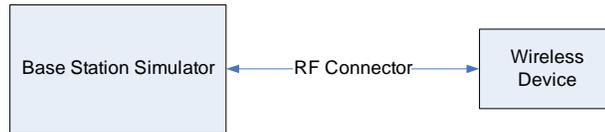
1. RC1 is only applicable for IS-95 compatibility.
2. For FCC Rule Part 90S, Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 4.1.6, only one channel is required since the device operates within the transmission range of 817.90 – 823.10 MHz.

**Per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02:**

1. Head SAR was tested with SO55 RC3. SO55 RC1 was not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB than the SO55 RC3 powers. Head SAR was additionally evaluated with EVDO Rev. A to determine compliance for held-to-ear VOIP operations.
2. Body-Worn SAR was tested with 1x RTT with TDSO / SO32 FCH Only. Ev-Do and TDSO / SO32 FCH+SCH SAR tests were not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the TDSO / SO32 FCH only powers.
3. Hotspot SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. If the average output power of Subtype 2 for Rev. A is less than the Rev. 0 power levels, then Rev. A SAR is not required. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in Rev. 0. SAR is not required for 1x RTT for Ev-Do hotspot devices when the maximum average output of each channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0

**1x Advanced Considerations per KDB Publication 941225 D02v02**

1. CDMA 1X Advanced technology was not required for SAR when the maximum output powers for 1x Advanced was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the maximum measured powers for 1x and the measured SAR in any 1x mode exposure conditions was not greater than 1.2 W/kg. See Section 8.3.2 for 1x Advanced test set up.



**Figure 9-1  
Power Measurement Setup**

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## 9.2 LTE Conducted Powers

### 9.2.1

### LTE Band 26

Table 9-1  
LTE Band 26 Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
819	26740	10	QPSK	1	0	24.04	0	0
819	26740	10	QPSK	1	25	24.14	0	0
819	26740	10	QPSK	1	49	24.11	0	0
819	26740	10	QPSK	25	0	22.95	0-1	1
819	26740	10	QPSK	25	12	22.99	0-1	1
819	26740	10	QPSK	25	25	23.00	0-1	1
819	26740	10	QPSK	50	0	23.02	0-1	1
819	26740	10	16QAM	1	0	22.95	0-1	1
819	26740	10	16QAM	1	25	23.03	0-1	1
819	26740	10	16QAM	1	49	23.04	0-1	1
819	26740	10	16QAM	25	0	21.92	0-2	2
819	26740	10	16QAM	25	12	21.87	0-2	2
819	26740	10	16QAM	25	25	21.96	0-2	2
819	26740	10	16QAM	50	0	21.95	0-2	2
831.5	26865	10	QPSK	1	0	24.10	0	0
831.5	26865	10	QPSK	1	25	24.02	0	0
831.5	26865	10	QPSK	1	49	23.98	0	0
831.5	26865	10	QPSK	25	0	23.08	0-1	1
831.5	26865	10	QPSK	25	12	23.01	0-1	1
831.5	26865	10	QPSK	25	25	23.00	0-1	1
831.5	26865	10	QPSK	50	0	22.99	0-1	1
831.5	26865	10	16QAM	1	0	23.20	0-1	1
831.5	26865	10	16QAM	1	25	23.14	0-1	1
831.5	26865	10	16QAM	1	49	23.15	0-1	1
831.5	26865	10	16QAM	25	0	21.95	0-2	2
831.5	26865	10	16QAM	25	12	21.90	0-2	2
831.5	26865	10	16QAM	25	25	21.95	0-2	2
831.5	26865	10	16QAM	50	0	21.96	0-2	2
844	26990	10	QPSK	1	0	24.10	0	0
844	26990	10	QPSK	1	25	24.09	0	0
844	26990	10	QPSK	1	49	24.15	0	0
844	26990	10	QPSK	25	0	23.03	0-1	1
844	26990	10	QPSK	25	12	23.09	0-1	1
844	26990	10	QPSK	25	25	23.05	0-1	1
844	26990	10	QPSK	50	0	23.07	0-1	1
844	26990	10	16QAM	1	0	23.04	0-1	1
844	26990	10	16QAM	1	25	23.02	0-1	1
844	26990	10	16QAM	1	49	23.01	0-1	1
844	26990	10	16QAM	25	0	22.06	0-2	2
844	26990	10	16QAM	25	12	22.02	0-2	2
844	26990	10	16QAM	25	25	22.03	0-2	2
844	26990	10	16QAM	50	0	21.98	0-2	2

Table 9-2  
LTE Band 26 Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
816.5	26715	5	QPSK	1	0	24.00	0	0
816.5	26715	5	QPSK	1	12	23.94	0	0
816.5	26715	5	QPSK	1	24	24.05	0	0
816.5	26715	5	QPSK	12	0	22.93	0-1	1
816.5	26715	5	QPSK	12	6	22.92	0-1	1
816.5	26715	5	QPSK	12	13	23.07	0-1	1
816.5	26715	5	QPSK	25	0	23.00	0-1	1
816.5	26715	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.82	0-1	1
816.5	26715	5	16-QAM	1	12	22.80	0-1	1
816.5	26715	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.98	0-1	1
816.5	26715	5	16-QAM	12	0	21.82	0-2	2
816.5	26715	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.80	0-2	2
816.5	26715	5	16-QAM	12	13	21.92	0-2	2
816.5	26715	5	16-QAM	25	0	21.84	0-2	2
831.5	26865	5	QPSK	1	0	24.14	0	0
831.5	26865	5	QPSK	1	12	24.07	0	0
831.5	26865	5	QPSK	1	24	24.06	0	0
831.5	26865	5	QPSK	12	0	23.00	0-1	1
831.5	26865	5	QPSK	12	6	23.04	0-1	1
831.5	26865	5	QPSK	12	13	22.98	0-1	1
831.5	26865	5	QPSK	25	0	23.05	0-1	1
831.5	26865	5	16-QAM	1	0	23.06	0-1	1
831.5	26865	5	16-QAM	1	12	23.07	0-1	1
831.5	26865	5	16-QAM	1	24	23.03	0-1	1
831.5	26865	5	16-QAM	12	0	21.91	0-2	2
831.5	26865	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.86	0-2	2
831.5	26865	5	16-QAM	12	13	21.89	0-2	2
831.5	26865	5	16-QAM	25	0	21.97	0-2	2
846.5	27015	5	QPSK	1	0	24.14	0	0
846.5	27015	5	QPSK	1	12	24.12	0	0
846.5	27015	5	QPSK	1	24	24.20	0	0
846.5	27015	5	QPSK	12	0	23.02	0-1	1
846.5	27015	5	QPSK	12	6	23.00	0-1	1
846.5	27015	5	QPSK	12	13	23.03	0-1	1
846.5	27015	5	QPSK	25	0	23.07	0-1	1
846.5	27015	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.94	0-1	1
846.5	27015	5	16-QAM	1	12	23.01	0-1	1
846.5	27015	5	16-QAM	1	24	23.14	0-1	1
846.5	27015	5	16-QAM	12	0	21.95	0-2	2
846.5	27015	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.97	0-2	2
846.5	27015	5	16-QAM	12	13	21.99	0-2	2
846.5	27015	5	16-QAM	25	0	22.01	0-2	2

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**Table 9-3  
LTE Band 26 Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	815.5	26705	3	QPSK	1	0	23.93	0	0
	815.5	26705	3	QPSK	1	7	23.85	0	0
	815.5	26705	3	QPSK	1	14	23.91	0	0
	815.5	26705	3	QPSK	8	0	22.82	0-1	1
	815.5	26705	3	QPSK	8	4	22.82	0-1	1
	815.5	26705	3	QPSK	8	7	22.83	0-1	1
	815.5	26705	3	QPSK	15	0	22.84	0-1	1
	815.5	26705	3	16-QAM	1	0	23.03	0-1	1
	815.5	26705	3	16-QAM	1	7	22.96	0-1	1
	815.5	26705	3	16-QAM	1	14	23.05	0-1	1
	815.5	26705	3	16-QAM	8	0	21.86	0-2	2
	815.5	26705	3	16-QAM	8	4	21.83	0-2	2
	815.5	26705	3	16-QAM	8	7	21.87	0-2	2
	815.5	26705	3	16-QAM	15	0	21.89	0-2	2
	815.5	26705	3	16-QAM	15	0	21.95	0-2	2
Mid	831.5	26865	3	QPSK	1	0	24.07	0	0
	831.5	26865	3	QPSK	1	7	24.05	0	0
	831.5	26865	3	QPSK	1	14	24.01	0	0
	831.5	26865	3	QPSK	8	0	22.93	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	3	QPSK	8	4	22.92	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	3	QPSK	8	7	22.94	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	3	QPSK	15	0	22.90	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	3	16-QAM	1	0	23.20	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	3	16-QAM	1	7	23.18	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	3	16-QAM	1	14	23.14	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	3	16-QAM	8	0	21.99	0-2	2
	831.5	26865	3	16-QAM	8	4	21.96	0-2	2
	831.5	26865	3	16-QAM	8	7	21.97	0-2	2
	831.5	26865	3	16-QAM	15	0	21.95	0-2	2
	831.5	26865	3	16-QAM	15	0	22.06	0-2	2
High	847.5	27025	3	QPSK	1	0	24.03	0	0
	847.5	27025	3	QPSK	1	7	24.02	0	0
	847.5	27025	3	QPSK	1	14	24.13	0	0
	847.5	27025	3	QPSK	8	0	22.98	0-1	1
	847.5	27025	3	QPSK	8	4	22.96	0-1	1
	847.5	27025	3	QPSK	8	7	23.02	0-1	1
	847.5	27025	3	QPSK	15	0	23.02	0-1	1
	847.5	27025	3	16-QAM	1	0	23.10	0-1	1
	847.5	27025	3	16-QAM	1	7	23.06	0-1	1
	847.5	27025	3	16-QAM	1	14	23.13	0-1	1
	847.5	27025	3	16-QAM	8	0	21.89	0-2	2
	847.5	27025	3	16-QAM	8	4	21.90	0-2	2
	847.5	27025	3	16-QAM	8	7	21.92	0-2	2
	847.5	27025	3	16-QAM	15	0	22.06	0-2	2
	847.5	27025	3	16-QAM	15	0	22.06	0-2	2

**Table 9-4  
LTE Band 26 Conducted Powers -1.4 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	814.7	26697	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.92	0	0
	814.7	26697	1.4	QPSK	1	2	23.85	0	0
	814.7	26697	1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.88	0	0
	814.7	26697	1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.81	0	0
	814.7	26697	1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.84	0	0
	814.7	26697	1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.87	0	0
	814.7	26697	1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.86	0-1	1
	814.7	26697	1.4	16-QAM	1	0	22.99	0-1	1
	814.7	26697	1.4	16-QAM	1	2	22.95	0-1	1
	814.7	26697	1.4	16-QAM	1	5	23.00	0-1	1
	814.7	26697	1.4	16-QAM	3	0	22.80	0-1	1
	814.7	26697	1.4	16-QAM	3	2	22.82	0-1	1
	814.7	26697	1.4	16-QAM	3	3	22.80	0-1	1
	814.7	26697	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	21.80	0-2	2
	814.7	26697	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	21.80	0-2	2
Mid	831.5	26865	1.4	QPSK	1	0	24.00	0	0
	831.5	26865	1.4	QPSK	1	2	23.95	0	0
	831.5	26865	1.4	QPSK	1	5	24.02	0	0
	831.5	26865	1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.99	0	0
	831.5	26865	1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.94	0	0
	831.5	26865	1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.98	0	0
	831.5	26865	1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.96	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	1.4	16-QAM	1	0	22.93	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	1.4	16-QAM	1	2	22.85	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	1.4	16-QAM	1	5	22.90	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	1.4	16-QAM	3	0	22.95	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	1.4	16-QAM	3	2	22.96	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	1.4	16-QAM	3	3	23.00	0-1	1
	831.5	26865	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	22.14	0-2	2
	831.5	26865	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	22.14	0-2	2
High	848.3	27033	1.4	QPSK	1	0	24.12	0	0
	848.3	27033	1.4	QPSK	1	2	24.01	0	0
	848.3	27033	1.4	QPSK	1	5	24.13	0	0
	848.3	27033	1.4	QPSK	3	0	24.04	0	0
	848.3	27033	1.4	QPSK	3	2	24.11	0	0
	848.3	27033	1.4	QPSK	3	3	24.15	0	0
	848.3	27033	1.4	QPSK	6	0	23.02	0-1	1
	848.3	27033	1.4	16-QAM	1	0	23.07	0-1	1
	848.3	27033	1.4	16-QAM	1	2	23.07	0-1	1
	848.3	27033	1.4	16-QAM	1	5	23.18	0-1	1
	848.3	27033	1.4	16-QAM	3	0	23.01	0-1	1
	848.3	27033	1.4	16-QAM	3	2	23.00	0-1	1
	848.3	27033	1.4	16-QAM	3	3	22.98	0-1	1
	848.3	27033	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	22.09	0-2	2
	848.3	27033	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	22.09	0-2	2

9.2.2

LTE Band 25 (PCS)

Table 9-5  
LTE Band 25 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	1855	26090	10	QPSK	1	0	24.01	0	0
	1855	26090	10	QPSK	1	25	24.05	0	0
	1855	26090	10	QPSK	1	49	24.05	0	0
	1855	26090	10	QPSK	25	0	23.09	0-1	1
	1855	26090	10	QPSK	25	12	23.10	0-1	1
	1855	26090	10	QPSK	25	25	23.10	0-1	1
	1855	26090	10	QPSK	50	0	23.13	0-1	1
	1855	26090	10	16QAM	1	0	23.19	0-1	1
	1855	26090	10	16QAM	1	25	23.12	0-1	1
	1855	26090	10	16QAM	1	49	23.14	0-1	1
	1855	26090	10	16QAM	25	0	22.16	0-2	2
	1855	26090	10	16QAM	25	12	22.17	0-2	2
	1855	26090	10	16QAM	25	25	22.14	0-2	2
	1855	26090	10	16QAM	50	0	22.13	0-2	2
	Mid	1882.5	26365	10	QPSK	1	0	24.19	0
1882.5		26365	10	QPSK	1	25	24.20	0	0
1882.5		26365	10	QPSK	1	49	24.11	0	0
1882.5		26365	10	QPSK	25	0	23.19	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	10	QPSK	25	12	23.16	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	10	QPSK	25	25	23.18	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	10	QPSK	50	0	23.17	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	10	16QAM	1	0	23.12	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	10	16QAM	1	25	23.12	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	10	16QAM	1	49	23.18	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	10	16QAM	25	0	22.20	0-2	2
1882.5		26365	10	16QAM	25	12	22.14	0-2	2
1882.5		26365	10	16QAM	25	25	22.19	0-2	2
1882.5		26365	10	16QAM	50	0	22.18	0-2	2
High		1910	26640	10	QPSK	1	0	23.87	0
	1910	26640	10	QPSK	1	25	23.99	0	0
	1910	26640	10	QPSK	1	49	24.04	0	0
	1910	26640	10	QPSK	25	0	22.98	0-1	1
	1910	26640	10	QPSK	25	12	22.94	0-1	1
	1910	26640	10	QPSK	25	25	23.05	0-1	1
	1910	26640	10	QPSK	50	0	23.05	0-1	1
	1910	26640	10	16QAM	1	0	23.01	0-1	1
	1910	26640	10	16QAM	1	25	23.13	0-1	1
	1910	26640	10	16QAM	1	49	23.20	0-1	1
	1910	26640	10	16QAM	25	0	22.08	0-2	2
	1910	26640	10	16QAM	25	12	22.12	0-2	2
	1910	26640	10	16QAM	25	25	22.13	0-2	2
	1910	26640	10	16QAM	50	0	22.08	0-2	2

Table 9-6  
LTE Band 25 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	1852.5	26065	5	QPSK	1	0	23.82	0	0
	1852.5	26065	5	QPSK	1	12	23.79	0	0
	1852.5	26065	5	QPSK	1	24	23.85	0	0
	1852.5	26065	5	QPSK	12	0	23.09	0-1	1
	1852.5	26065	5	QPSK	12	6	23.08	0-1	1
	1852.5	26065	5	QPSK	12	13	23.09	0-1	1
	1852.5	26065	5	QPSK	25	0	23.10	0-1	1
	1852.5	26065	5	16-QAM	1	0	23.20	0-1	1
	1852.5	26065	5	16-QAM	1	12	23.12	0-1	1
	1852.5	26065	5	16-QAM	1	24	23.19	0-1	1
	1852.5	26065	5	16-QAM	12	0	22.00	0-2	2
	1852.5	26065	5	16-QAM	12	6	22.04	0-2	2
	1852.5	26065	5	16-QAM	12	13	22.01	0-2	2
	1852.5	26065	5	16-QAM	25	0	22.12	0-2	2
	Mid	1882.5	26365	5	QPSK	1	0	24.19	0
1882.5		26365	5	QPSK	1	12	24.04	0	0
1882.5		26365	5	QPSK	1	24	24.11	0	0
1882.5		26365	5	QPSK	12	0	23.16	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	5	QPSK	12	6	23.14	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	5	QPSK	12	13	23.17	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	5	QPSK	25	0	23.13	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	5	16-QAM	1	0	23.18	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	5	16-QAM	1	12	23.11	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	5	16-QAM	1	24	23.20	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	5	16-QAM	12	0	22.15	0-2	2
1882.5		26365	5	16-QAM	12	6	22.14	0-2	2
1882.5		26365	5	16-QAM	12	13	22.17	0-2	2
1882.5		26365	5	16-QAM	25	0	22.20	0-2	2
High		1912.5	26665	5	QPSK	1	0	23.98	0
	1912.5	26665	5	QPSK	1	12	23.92	0	0
	1912.5	26665	5	QPSK	1	24	24.04	0	0
	1912.5	26665	5	QPSK	12	0	23.05	0-1	1
	1912.5	26665	5	QPSK	12	6	23.04	0-1	1
	1912.5	26665	5	QPSK	12	13	23.18	0-1	1
	1912.5	26665	5	QPSK	25	0	23.06	0-1	1
	1912.5	26665	5	16-QAM	1	0	23.12	0-1	1
	1912.5	26665	5	16-QAM	1	12	23.11	0-1	1
	1912.5	26665	5	16-QAM	1	24	23.17	0-1	1
	1912.5	26665	5	16-QAM	12	0	22.08	0-2	2
	1912.5	26665	5	16-QAM	12	6	22.05	0-2	2
	1912.5	26665	5	16-QAM	12	13	22.15	0-2	2
	1912.5	26665	5	16-QAM	25	0	22.11	0-2	2

**Table 9-7  
LTE Band 25 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	1851.5	26055	3	QPSK	1	0	24.01	0	0
	1851.5	26055	3	QPSK	1	7	23.98	0	0
	1851.5	26055	3	QPSK	1	14	24.06	0	0
	1851.5	26055	3	QPSK	8	0	23.08	0-1	1
	1851.5	26055	3	QPSK	8	4	23.06	0-1	1
	1851.5	26055	3	QPSK	8	7	23.11	0-1	1
	1851.5	26055	3	QPSK	15	0	23.12	0-1	1
	1851.5	26055	3	16-QAM	1	0	23.20	0-1	1
	1851.5	26055	3	16-QAM	1	7	23.19	0-1	1
	1851.5	26055	3	16-QAM	1	14	23.11	0-1	1
	1851.5	26055	3	16-QAM	8	0	22.14	0-2	2
	1851.5	26055	3	16-QAM	8	4	22.11	0-2	2
	1851.5	26055	3	16-QAM	8	7	22.12	0-2	2
	1851.5	26055	3	16-QAM	15	0	22.13	0-2	2
	Mid	1882.5	26365	3	QPSK	1	0	24.17	0
1882.5		26365	3	QPSK	1	7	24.01	0	0
1882.5		26365	3	QPSK	1	14	24.08	0	0
1882.5		26365	3	QPSK	8	0	23.14	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	3	QPSK	8	4	23.12	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	3	QPSK	8	7	23.18	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	3	QPSK	15	0	23.11	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	3	16-QAM	1	0	23.20	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	3	16-QAM	1	7	23.12	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	3	16-QAM	1	14	23.15	0-1	1
1882.5		26365	3	16-QAM	8	0	22.17	0-2	2
1882.5		26365	3	16-QAM	8	4	22.10	0-2	2
1882.5		26365	3	16-QAM	8	7	22.16	0-2	2
1882.5		26365	3	16-QAM	15	0	22.20	0-2	2
High		1913.5	26675	3	QPSK	1	0	24.02	0
	1913.5	26675	3	QPSK	1	7	24.09	0	0
	1913.5	26675	3	QPSK	1	14	24.17	0	0
	1913.5	26675	3	QPSK	8	0	23.17	0-1	1
	1913.5	26675	3	QPSK	8	4	23.17	0-1	1
	1913.5	26675	3	QPSK	8	7	23.16	0-1	1
	1913.5	26675	3	QPSK	15	0	23.16	0-1	1
	1913.5	26675	3	16-QAM	1	0	23.11	0-1	1
	1913.5	26675	3	16-QAM	1	7	23.17	0-1	1
	1913.5	26675	3	16-QAM	1	14	23.19	0-1	1
	1913.5	26675	3	16-QAM	8	0	22.13	0-2	2
	1913.5	26675	3	16-QAM	8	4	22.09	0-2	2
	1913.5	26675	3	16-QAM	8	7	22.10	0-2	2
	1913.5	26675	3	16-QAM	15	0	22.19	0-2	2

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<b>Document S/N:</b> OY1404210809-R2.ZNF	<b>Test Dates:</b> 04/21/14 - 04/30/14	<b>DUT Type:</b> Portable Handset	Page 25 of 52	

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LTE Band 41

Table 9-8  
LTE Band 41 Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	2506	39750	20	QPSK	1	0	24.07	0	0
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	1	50	23.92	0	0
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	1	99	23.86	0	0
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	50	0	22.87	0-1	1
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	50	25	22.99	0-1	1
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	50	50	22.87	0-1	1
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	100	0	22.78	0-1	1
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	1	0	23.00	0-1	1
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	1	50	22.85	0-1	1
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	1	99	22.84	0-1	1
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	50	0	21.88	0-2	2
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	50	25	21.96	0-2	2
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	50	50	21.84	0-2	2
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	100	0	21.82	0-2	2
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	100	0	21.82	0-2	2
Low/Mid	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	1	0	23.87	0	0
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	1	50	23.77	0	0
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	1	99	23.72	0	0
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	50	0	22.81	0-1	1
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	50	25	22.86	0-1	1
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	50	50	22.88	0-1	1
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	100	0	22.82	0-1	1
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	1	0	23.16	0-1	1
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	1	50	23.06	0-1	1
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	1	99	23.02	0-1	1
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	50	0	21.83	0-2	2
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	50	25	21.80	0-2	2
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	50	50	21.76	0-2	2
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	100	0	21.84	0-2	2
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	100	0	21.84	0-2	2
Mid	2593	40620	20	QPSK	1	0	24.16	0	0
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	1	50	24.13	0	0
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	1	99	24.13	0	0
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	50	0	23.12	0-1	1
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	50	25	23.20	0-1	1
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	50	50	23.15	0-1	1
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	100	0	23.15	0-1	1
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	1	0	23.06	0-1	1
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	1	50	23.03	0-1	1
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	1	99	23.05	0-1	1
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	50	0	22.11	0-2	2
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	50	25	22.10	0-2	2
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	50	50	22.13	0-2	2
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	100	0	22.12	0-2	2
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	100	0	22.12	0-2	2
Mid/High	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	1	0	24.04	0	0
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	1	50	23.89	0	0
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	1	99	23.87	0	0
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	50	0	22.99	0-1	1
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	50	25	22.89	0-1	1
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	50	50	22.90	0-1	1
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	100	0	22.85	0-1	1
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	1	0	22.97	0-1	1
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	1	50	22.81	0-1	1
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	1	99	22.74	0-1	1
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	50	0	21.98	0-2	2
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	50	25	21.90	0-2	2
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	50	50	21.90	0-2	2
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	100	0	21.87	0-2	2
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	100	0	21.87	0-2	2
High	2680	41490	20	QPSK	1	0	24.12	0	0
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	1	50	24.13	0	0
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	1	99	24.02	0	0
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	50	0	23.11	0-1	1
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	50	25	23.04	0-1	1
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	50	50	22.91	0-1	1
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	100	0	23.04	0-1	1
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	1	0	23.20	0-1	1
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	1	50	23.16	0-1	1
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	1	99	23.11	0-1	1
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	50	0	22.05	0-2	2
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	50	25	22.08	0-2	2
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	50	50	22.10	0-2	2
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	100	0	22.12	0-2	2
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	100	0	22.12	0-2	2

**Table 9-9  
LTE Band 41 Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth**

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
Low	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	1	0	23.88	0	0
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	1	36	23.72	0	0
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	1	74	23.96	0	0
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	36	0	22.79	0-1	1
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	36	18	23.00	0-1	1
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	36	37	22.75	0-1	1
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	75	0	22.97	0-1	1
	2503.5	39725	15	16-QAM	1	0	23.00	0-1	1
	2503.5	39725	15	16-QAM	1	36	22.81	0-1	1
	2503.5	39725	15	16-QAM	1	74	22.87	0-1	1
	2503.5	39725	15	16-QAM	36	0	21.79	0-2	2
	2503.5	39725	15	16-QAM	36	18	22.13	0-2	2
	2503.5	39725	15	16-QAM	36	37	21.72	0-2	2
	2503.5	39725	15	16-QAM	75	0	21.87	0-2	2
	2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	1	0	23.67	0	0
2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	1	36	23.87	0	0	
2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	1	74	23.78	0	0	
2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	36	0	22.87	0-1	1	
2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	36	18	22.82	0-1	1	
2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	36	37	22.89	0-1	1	
2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	75	0	22.87	0-1	1	
2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	1	0	23.16	0-1	1	
2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	1	36	23.14	0-1	1	
2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	1	74	22.88	0-1	1	
2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	36	0	21.90	0-2	2	
2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	36	18	21.63	0-2	2	
2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	36	37	21.82	0-2	2	
2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	75	0	21.67	0-2	2	
Mid	2593	40620	15	QPSK	1	0	24.15	0	0
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	1	36	24.17	0	0
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	1	74	23.97	0	0
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	36	0	22.92	0-1	1
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	36	18	23.09	0-1	1
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	36	37	22.95	0-1	1
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	75	0	23.15	0-1	1
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	1	0	23.12	0-1	1
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	1	36	22.99	0-1	1
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	1	74	23.16	0-1	1
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	36	0	22.13	0-2	2
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	36	18	22.09	0-2	2
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	36	37	21.99	0-2	2
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	75	0	22.17	0-2	2
	2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	1	0	24.05	0	0
2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	1	36	23.89	0	0	
2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	1	74	24.01	0	0	
2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	36	0	23.06	0-1	1	
2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	36	18	22.81	0-1	1	
2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	36	37	22.86	0-1	1	
2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	75	0	22.83	0-1	1	
2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	1	0	22.86	0-1	1	
2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	1	36	22.77	0-1	1	
2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	1	74	22.81	0-1	1	
2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	36	0	21.89	0-2	2	
2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	36	18	21.71	0-2	2	
2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	36	37	21.73	0-2	2	
2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	75	0	21.67	0-2	2	
High	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	1	0	23.92	0	0
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	1	36	24.11	0	0
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	1	74	23.99	0	0
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	36	0	22.95	0-1	1
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	36	18	22.98	0-1	1
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	36	37	22.79	0-1	1
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	75	0	22.92	0-1	1
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	1	0	23.17	0-1	1
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	1	36	23.12	0-1	1
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	1	74	23.03	0-1	1
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	36	0	22.04	0-2	2
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	36	18	22.17	0-2	2
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	36	37	22.03	0-2	2
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	75	0	22.04	0-2	2

**Table 9-10  
LTE Band 41 Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth**

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]	
2501	39700	10	QPSK	1	0	24.09	0	0	
					25	23.82	0	0	
					49	23.95	0	0	
			QPSK	25	0	22.95	0-1	1	
					12	22.91	0-1	1	
					25	22.96	0-1	1	
			QPSK	50	0	22.70	0-1	1	
					1	0	22.95	0-1	1
					25	22.79	0-1	1	
			16QAM	1	49	22.79	0-1	1	
					25	0	21.84	0-2	2
					12	21.92	0-2	2	
			16QAM	25	25	21.86	0-2	2	
					25	0	21.83	0-2	2
					50	0	21.83	0-2	2
2547	40160	10	QPSK	1	0	23.91	0	0	
					25	23.85	0	0	
					49	23.79	0	0	
			QPSK	25	0	22.90	0-1	1	
					12	22.81	0-1	1	
					25	22.92	0-1	1	
			QPSK	50	0	22.85	0-1	1	
					1	0	23.05	0-1	1
					25	23.16	0-1	1	
			16-QAM	1	49	22.95	0-1	1	
					25	0	21.88	0-2	2
					12	21.73	0-2	2	
			16-QAM	25	25	21.80	0-2	2	
					25	0	21.87	0-2	2
					50	0	21.87	0-2	2
2593	40620	10	QPSK	1	0	24.12	0	0	
					25	24.20	0	0	
					49	24.13	0	0	
			QPSK	25	0	23.15	0-1	1	
					12	23.14	0-1	1	
					25	23.14	0-1	1	
			QPSK	50	0	23.14	0-1	1	
					1	0	23.04	0-1	1
					25	23.10	0-1	1	
			16-QAM	1	49	22.95	0-1	1	
					25	0	22.07	0-2	2
					12	22.02	0-2	2	
			16-QAM	25	25	22.15	0-2	2	
					25	0	22.07	0-2	2
					50	0	22.07	0-2	2
2639	41080	10	QPSK	1	0	23.94	0	0	
					25	23.81	0	0	
					49	23.83	0	0	
			QPSK	25	0	23.04	0-1	1	
					12	22.90	0-1	1	
					25	22.83	0-1	1	
			QPSK	50	0	22.84	0-1	1	
					1	0	23.01	0-1	1
					25	22.79	0-1	1	
			16-QAM	1	49	22.70	0-1	1	
					25	0	21.96	0-2	2
					12	21.98	0-2	2	
			16-QAM	25	25	22.00	0-2	2	
					25	0	21.95	0-2	2
					50	0	21.95	0-2	2
2685	41540	10	QPSK	1	0	24.11	0	0	
					25	24.17	0	0	
					49	24.12	0	0	
			QPSK	25	0	23.12	0-1	1	
					12	22.97	0-1	1	
					25	22.86	0-1	1	
			QPSK	50	0	23.10	0-1	1	
					1	0	23.16	0-1	1
					25	23.10	0-1	1	
			16-QAM	1	49	23.06	0-1	1	
					25	0	22.05	0-2	2
					12	22.18	0-2	2	
			16-QAM	25	25	22.19	0-2	2	
					25	0	22.11	0-2	2
					50	0	22.11	0-2	2

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### 9.3 WLAN Conducted Powers

**Table 9-11  
IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11b (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]			
			Data Rate [Mbps]			
			1	2	5.5	11
802.11b	2412	1*	16.05	16.03	16.22	16.18
802.11b	2437	6*	<b>16.46</b>	16.58	16.39	16.52
802.11b	2462	11*	15.93	16.22	16.24	16.15

**Table 9-12  
IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11g (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11g	2412	1	13.08	13.02	13.02	13.06	12.99	13.03	12.93	12.92
802.11g	2437	6	13.51	13.41	13.52	13.46	13.44	13.45	13.44	13.38
802.11g	2462	11	13.10	13.12	13.16	13.21	13.12	13.10	12.93	13.09

**Table 9-13  
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11n (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6.5	13	20	26	39	52	58	65
802.11n	2412	1	11.31	11.25	11.33	11.26	11.19	11.23	11.23	11.25
802.11n	2437	6	11.68	11.62	11.71	11.71	11.70	11.74	11.70	11.69
802.11n	2462	11	11.37	11.44	11.35	11.32	11.30	11.42	11.35	11.34

**Table 9-14  
IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power**

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11a Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11a	5180	36*	13.30	13.38	13.23	13.38	13.25	13.11	13.28	13.18
802.11a	5200	40	<b>13.39</b>	13.51	13.43	13.33	13.50	13.34	13.53	13.35
802.11a	5220	44	13.22	13.24	13.35	13.20	13.21	13.23	13.22	13.33
802.11a	5240	48*	13.20	13.25	13.09	13.35	13.17	13.08	13.13	13.30
802.11a	5260	52*	<b>13.19</b>	13.11	13.08	13.09	13.11	13.09	13.12	13.24
802.11a	5280	56	13.05	13.19	12.98	13.06	13.04	13.20	13.12	12.90
802.11a	5300	60	13.04	13.11	13.18	13.16	12.99	13.10	13.10	13.07
802.11a	5320	64*	13.04	13.08	12.96	13.09	13.12	13.16	13.10	12.90
802.11a	5500	100	13.03	13.21	13.24	13.17	13.25	13.19	13.20	13.19
802.11a	5520	104*	13.03	13.04	12.89	12.90	13.04	13.08	12.99	13.19
802.11a	5540	108	12.99	12.88	12.95	12.90	13.00	12.97	13.04	13.12
802.11a	5560	112	12.96	13.03	12.91	13.04	13.10	13.12	12.96	13.03
802.11a	5580	116*	12.79	12.86	12.87	12.78	12.93	12.81	12.66	12.94
802.11a	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5660	132	13.72	13.68	13.79	13.74	13.64	13.71	13.65	13.88
802.11a	5680	136*	<b>13.73</b>	13.74	13.74	13.60	13.80	13.78	13.69	13.62
802.11a	5700	140	13.58	13.67	13.60	13.66	13.66	13.61	13.45	13.58
802.11a	5745	149*	13.69	13.89	13.86	13.84	13.81	13.84	13.83	13.75
802.11a	5765	153	13.65	13.57	13.69	13.62	13.57	13.59	13.60	13.75
802.11a	5785	157*	<b>13.70</b>	13.77	13.77	13.79	13.55	13.72	13.79	13.70
802.11a	5805	161	13.31	13.28	13.25	13.29	13.25	13.22	13.28	13.32
802.11a	5825	165*	13.16	13.33	13.19	13.23	13.24	13.11	13.34	13.25

Per FCC KDB Publication 443999 and RSS-210 A9.2(3), transmission on channels which overlap the 5600-5650 MHz is prohibited as a client. This device does not transmit any beacons or initiate any transmissions in 5.3 and 5.5 GHz Band.

(\*) – indicates default channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these “required channels” are considered for SAR testing instead of the default channels.

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**Table 9-15  
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 20 MHz Bandwidth**

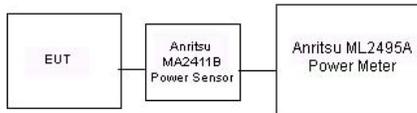
Mode	Freq	Channel	20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
	[MHz]		6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65
802.11n	5180	36	10.68	10.80	10.60	10.64	10.65	10.74	10.70	10.62
802.11n	5200	40	10.55	10.50	10.66	10.63	10.41	10.45	10.54	10.46
802.11n	5220	44	10.59	10.45	10.45	10.47	10.59	10.55	10.59	10.61
802.11n	5240	48	10.52	10.50	10.57	10.44	10.55	10.60	10.50	10.49
802.11n	5260	52	10.51	10.43	10.54	10.53	10.58	10.63	10.61	10.64
802.11n	5280	56	10.51	10.44	10.61	10.38	10.52	10.48	10.58	10.41
802.11n	5300	60	10.45	10.34	10.49	10.57	10.39	10.41	10.48	10.53
802.11n	5320	64	10.38	10.50	10.27	10.44	10.38	10.41	10.48	10.27
802.11n	5500	100	10.81	10.90	10.93	10.69	10.82	10.68	10.70	10.81
802.11n	5520	104	10.81	10.84	10.91	10.79	10.87	10.74	10.86	10.92
802.11n	5540	108	10.73	10.67	10.75	10.69	10.70	10.63	10.78	10.61
802.11n	5560	112	10.73	10.84	10.80	10.81	10.76	10.63	10.65	10.87
802.11n	5580	116	10.63	10.50	10.59	10.66	10.71	10.67	10.67	10.50
802.11n	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5660	132	10.42	10.54	10.46	10.44	10.35	10.36	10.48	10.33
802.11n	5680	136	10.31	10.41	10.44	10.41	10.18	10.30	10.32	10.31
802.11n	5700	140	10.29	10.19	10.27	10.16	10.22	10.33	10.33	10.18
802.11n	5745	149	10.03	9.90	10.13	9.97	10.14	10.16	10.01	10.05
802.11n	5765	153	10.10	10.14	9.97	10.07	10.07	10.05	10.16	9.98
802.11n	5785	157	10.03	10.02	10.02	10.16	9.95	9.99	9.91	9.95
802.11n	5805	161	9.96	9.87	9.92	10.09	10.02	9.90	10.00	10.07
802.11n	5825	165	9.89	10.01	9.88	9.76	9.76	9.83	9.83	10.01

**Table 9-16  
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 40 MHz Bandwidth**

Mode	Freq	Channel	40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
	[MHz]		13.5	27	40.5	54	81	108	121.5	135
802.11n	5190	38	10.53	10.44	10.47	10.57	10.46	10.58	10.47	10.51
802.11n	5230	46	10.43	10.37	10.45	10.44	10.40	10.42	10.50	10.38
802.11n	5270	54	10.46	10.46	10.41	10.55	10.53	10.37	10.51	10.48
802.11n	5310	62	10.34	10.41	10.32	10.36	10.44	10.38	10.25	10.41
802.11n	5510	102	9.92	9.84	10.00	9.83	10.01	9.93	9.93	9.92
802.11n	5550	110	9.73	9.72	9.79	9.68	9.68	9.71	9.67	9.67
802.11n	5590	118	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5630	126	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5670	134	9.30	9.33	9.37	9.24	9.27	9.34	9.30	9.29
802.11n	5755	151	10.00	10.04	10.10	9.94	10.00	9.98	9.98	9.98
802.11n	5795	159	9.89	9.95	9.83	9.91	9.92	9.85	9.89	9.88

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012/April 2013 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- For 5 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11a were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.



**Figure 9-2  
Power Measurement Setup**

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# 10 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## 10.1 Tissue Verification

**Table 10-1  
Measured Tissue Properties**

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (C°)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon$	TARGET Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon$	% dev $\sigma$	% dev $\epsilon$
04/21/2014	835H	23.8	820	0.886	40.076	0.899	41.578	-1.45%	-3.61%
			835	0.900	39.901	0.900	41.500	0.00%	-3.85%
			850	0.913	39.670	0.916	41.500	-0.33%	-4.41%
04/28/2014	1900H	22.4	1850	1.379	40.146	1.400	40.000	-1.50%	0.37%
			1880	1.414	40.039	1.400	40.000	1.00%	0.10%
			1910	1.443	39.922	1.400	40.000	3.07%	-0.20%
04/30/2014	2450H-2600H	23.7	2401	1.680	39.585	1.756	39.287	-4.33%	0.76%
			2450	1.729	39.407	1.800	39.200	-3.94%	0.53%
			2499	1.781	39.250	1.853	39.138	-3.89%	0.29%
			2500	1.783	39.246	1.855	39.136	-3.88%	0.28%
			2550	1.839	39.051	1.909	39.073	-3.67%	-0.06%
			2600	1.892	38.886	1.964	39.009	-3.67%	-0.32%
04/28/2014	5200H-5800H	22.3	5200	4.720	37.532	4.655	35.986	1.40%	4.30%
			5260	4.807	37.470	4.717	35.917	1.91%	4.32%
			5300	4.827	37.388	4.758	35.871	1.45%	4.23%
			5600	5.147	36.987	5.065	35.529	1.62%	4.10%
			5680	5.225	36.892	5.147	35.437	1.52%	4.11%
			5785	5.339	36.756	5.255	35.317	1.60%	4.07%
			5800	5.362	36.723	5.270	35.300	1.75%	4.03%
04/21/2014	835B	22.0	820	0.997	54.298	0.969	55.258	2.89%	-1.74%
			835	1.012	54.122	0.970	55.200	4.33%	-1.95%
			850	1.026	53.952	0.988	55.154	3.85%	-2.18%
04/24/2014	1900B	22.7	1850	1.489	52.786	1.520	53.300	-2.04%	-0.96%
			1880	1.520	52.699	1.520	53.300	0.00%	-1.13%
			1910	1.557	52.586	1.520	53.300	2.43%	-1.34%
04/28/2014	1900B	23.1	1850	1.488	51.619	1.520	53.300	-2.11%	-3.15%
			1880	1.522	51.517	1.520	53.300	0.13%	-3.35%
			1910	1.557	51.378	1.520	53.300	2.43%	-3.61%
04/21/2014	2450B-2600B	22.8	2401	1.968	51.220	1.903	52.765	3.42%	-2.93%
			2450	2.032	50.970	1.950	52.700	4.21%	-3.28%
			2499	2.100	50.831	2.019	52.638	4.01%	-3.43%
			2500	2.103	50.823	2.021	52.636	4.06%	-3.44%
			2550	2.170	50.620	2.092	52.573	3.73%	-3.71%
			2600	2.236	50.413	2.163	52.509	3.37%	-3.99%
04/29/2014	5200B-5800B	22.9	5200	5.157	47.534	5.299	49.014	-2.68%	-3.02%
			5260	5.251	47.256	5.369	48.933	-2.20%	-3.43%
			5300	5.342	46.954	5.416	48.879	-1.37%	-3.94%
			5600	5.992	46.098	5.766	48.471	3.92%	-4.90%
			5680	6.109	46.214	5.860	48.363	4.25%	-4.44%
			5785	6.233	46.487	5.982	48.220	4.20%	-3.59%
			5800	6.248	46.494	6.000	48.200	4.13%	-3.54%

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

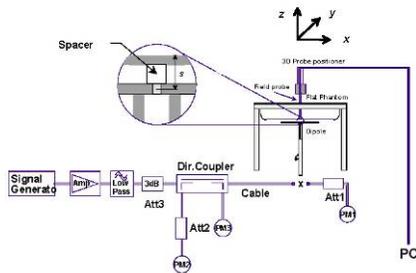
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## 10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to  $\pm 10\%$  of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in Appendix E.

**Table 10-2**  
**System Verification Results**

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation <sub>1g</sub> (%)
E	835	HEAD	04/21/2014	23.8	22.5	0.100	4d132	3914	0.985	9.200	9.850	7.07%
G	1900	HEAD	04/28/2014	23.9	22.4	0.100	5d149	3258	3.760	40.400	37.600	-6.93%
D	2450	HEAD	04/30/2014	24.0	23.7	0.100	797	3022	4.980	51.800	49.800	-3.86%
D	2600	HEAD	04/30/2014	24.0	23.7	0.100	1071	3022	5.480	56.600	54.800	-3.18%
E	5200	HEAD	04/28/2014	23.9	22.3	0.100	1057	3914	7.450	78.000	74.500	-4.49%
E	5300	HEAD	04/28/2014	24.0	22.3	0.100	1057	3914	8.170	83.000	81.700	-1.57%
E	5600	HEAD	04/28/2014	23.9	22.4	0.100	1057	3914	7.850	83.500	78.500	-5.99%
E	5800	HEAD	04/28/2014	23.9	22.3	0.100	1057	3914	7.440	79.300	74.400	-6.18%
D	835	BODY	04/21/2014	23.3	22.0	0.100	4d132	3022	0.998	9.310	9.980	7.20%
H	1900	BODY	04/24/2014	23.8	22.9	0.100	5d149	3589	4.010	40.500	40.100	-0.99%
H	1900	BODY	04/28/2014	23.4	23.1	0.100	5d149	3589	3.970	40.500	39.700	-1.98%
G	2450	BODY	04/21/2014	24.3	23.0	0.100	797	3258	4.900	49.400	49.000	-0.81%
G	2600	BODY	04/21/2014	24.3	23.0	0.100	1071	3258	5.790	55.700	57.900	3.95%
A	5200	BODY	04/29/2014	23.7	22.3	0.100	1007	3920	7.420	72.600	74.200	2.20%
A	5300	BODY	04/29/2014	23.7	22.3	0.100	1007	3920	7.640	74.700	76.400	2.28%
A	5600	BODY	04/29/2014	23.7	22.3	0.100	1007	3920	8.090	77.300	80.900	4.66%
A	5800	BODY	04/29/2014	23.7	22.3	0.100	1007	3920	7.340	72.900	73.400	0.69%



**Figure 10-1**  
**System Verification Setup Diagram**



**Figure 10-2**  
**System Verification Setup Photo**

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# 11 SAR DATA SUMMARY

## 11.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

**Table 11-1  
CDMA BC10 (§90S) Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	RC3 / SO55	25.4	25.34	0.01	Right	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.425	1.014	0.431	A1
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	RC3 / SO55	25.4	25.34	0.11	Right	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.278	1.014	0.282	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	RC3 / SO55	25.4	25.34	0.05	Left	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.237	1.014	0.240	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	RC3 / SO55	25.4	25.34	-0.08	Left	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.183	1.014	0.186	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	EVDO Rev. A	25.4	25.37	0.03	Right	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.251	1.007	0.253	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	EVDO Rev. A	25.4	25.37	0.12	Right	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.111	1.007	0.112	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	EVDO Rev. A	25.4	25.37	0.10	Left	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.174	1.007	0.175	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	EVDO Rev. A	25.4	25.37	0.05	Left	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.156	1.007	0.157	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

**Table 11-2  
CDMA BC0 (§22H) Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	RC3 / SO55	25.2	25.20	-0.01	Right	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.396	1.000	0.396	A2
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	RC3 / SO55	25.2	25.20	0.05	Right	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.266	1.000	0.266	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	RC3 / SO55	25.2	25.20	0.00	Left	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.351	1.000	0.351	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	RC3 / SO55	25.2	25.20	0.04	Left	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.264	1.000	0.264	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	EVDO Rev. A	25.2	25.11	0.15	Right	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.227	1.021	0.232	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	EVDO Rev. A	25.2	25.11	0.01	Right	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.102	1.021	0.104	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	EVDO Rev. A	25.2	25.11	0.00	Left	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.151	1.021	0.154	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	EVDO Rev. A	25.2	25.11	0.10	Left	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.128	1.021	0.131	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

**Table 11-3  
PCS CDMA Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	25.0	25.00	-0.01	Right	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.724	1.000	0.724	A3
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	25.0	25.00	0.09	Right	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.287	1.000	0.287	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	25.0	25.00	0.10	Left	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.379	1.000	0.379	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	RC3 / SO55	25.0	25.00	0.02	Left	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.357	1.000	0.357	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	25.0	24.92	0.07	Right	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.644	1.019	0.656	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	25.0	24.92	0.06	Right	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.283	1.019	0.288	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	25.0	24.92	0.13	Left	Cheek	885-1	1:1	0.400	1.019	0.408	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. A	25.0	24.92	-0.03	Left	Tilt	885-1	1:1	0.362	1.019	0.369	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

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**Table 11-4  
LTE Band 26 Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	0.00	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	885-2	1:1	0.347	1.012	0.351	A4
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	-0.06	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	25	12	885-2	1:1	0.263	1.026	0.270	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	0.07	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	885-2	1:1	0.203	1.012	0.205	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	0.08	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	25	12	885-2	1:1	0.167	1.026	0.171	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	0.07	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	49	885-2	1:1	0.285	1.012	0.288	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	0.09	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	25	12	885-2	1:1	0.219	1.026	0.225	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	0.09	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	49	885-2	1:1	0.196	1.012	0.198	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	0.02	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	25	12	885-2	1:1	0.148	1.026	0.152	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

**Table 11-5  
LTE Band 25 (PCS) Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	0.03	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	25	885-2	1:1	0.450	1.000	0.450	A5
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	-0.06	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	25	0	885-2	1:1	0.342	1.002	0.343	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	0.03	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	25	885-2	1:1	0.175	1.000	0.175	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	0.06	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	25	0	885-2	1:1	0.137	1.002	0.137	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	0.07	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	25	885-2	1:1	0.288	1.000	0.288	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	0.08	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	25	0	885-2	1:1	0.220	1.002	0.220	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	0.11	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	25	885-2	1:1	0.245	1.000	0.245	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	-0.02	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	25	0	885-2	1:1	0.185	1.002	0.185	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

**Table 11-6  
LTE Band 41 Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																				
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor (Cond. Power)	Scaling Factor (CP Duty)	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	24.2	24.16	0.01	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	885-2	1:1.59	0.145	1.009	1.010	0.147	
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	23.2	23.20	0.01	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	885-2	1:1.59	0.098	1.000	1.010	0.099	
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	24.2	24.16	0.07	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	885-2	1:1.59	0.120	1.009	1.010	0.122	
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	23.2	23.20	0.04	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	50	25	885-2	1:1.59	0.097	1.000	1.010	0.098	
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	24.2	24.16	0.15	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	885-2	1:1.59	0.192	1.009	1.010	0.196	A6
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	23.2	23.20	0.02	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	885-2	1:1.59	0.163	1.000	1.010	0.165	
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	24.2	24.16	0.00	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	885-2	1:1.59	0.060	1.009	1.010	0.062	
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	23.2	23.20	0.13	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	50	25	885-2	1:1.59	0.048	1.000	1.010	0.048	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

**Table 11-7  
DTS Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.46	0.13	Right	Cheek	885-3	1	1:1	0.534	1.132	0.604	A7	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.46	0.05	Right	Tilt	885-3	1	1:1	0.324	1.132	0.367		
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.46	0.07	Left	Cheek	885-3	1	1:1	0.254	1.132	0.288		
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.46	0.00	Left	Tilt	885-3	1	1:1	0.302	1.132	0.342		
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.70	0.08	Right	Cheek	885-3	6	1:1	0.154	1.072	0.165	A8	
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.70	-0.07	Right	Tilt	885-3	6	1:1	0.126	1.072	0.135		
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.70	-0.09	Left	Cheek	885-3	6	1:1	0.048	1.072	0.051		
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.70	0.00	Left	Tilt	885-3	6	1:1	0.051	1.072	0.055		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

**Table 11-8  
NII Head SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.39	-0.05	Right	Cheek	885-3	6	1:1	0.162	1.151	0.186	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.39	0.17	Right	Tilt	885-3	6	1:1	0.111	1.151	0.128	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.39	0.06	Left	Cheek	885-3	6	1:1	0.043	1.151	0.049	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.39	-0.09	Left	Tilt	885-3	6	1:1	0.044	1.151	0.051	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.19	0.07	Right	Cheek	885-3	6	1:1	0.194	1.205	0.234	A9
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.19	0.09	Right	Tilt	885-3	6	1:1	0.132	1.205	0.159	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.19	-0.05	Left	Cheek	885-3	6	1:1	0.067	1.205	0.081	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.19	0.06	Left	Tilt	885-3	6	1:1	0.054	1.205	0.065	
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.73	-0.12	Right	Cheek	885-3	6	1:1	0.181	1.064	0.193	
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.73	0.08	Right	Tilt	885-3	6	1:1	0.125	1.064	0.133	
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.73	-0.03	Left	Cheek	885-3	6	1:1	0.062	1.064	0.066	
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.73	-0.05	Left	Tilt	885-3	6	1:1	0.046	1.064	0.049	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

**11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data**

**Table 11-9  
Body-Worn SAR Data**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Accessories	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (\$90S)	TDSO / SO32	25.4	25.32	0.00	10 mm	N/A	885-1	1:1	back	0.567	1.019	0.578	A10
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (\$22H)	TDSO / SO32	25.2	25.14	-0.03	10 mm	N/A	885-1	1:1	back	0.664	1.014	0.673	A12
1851.25	25	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	25.0	24.98	-0.14	10 mm	N/A	885-1	1:1	back	0.682	1.005	0.685	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	25.0	25.00	-0.04	10 mm	N/A	885-1	1:1	back	0.992	1.000	0.992	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	25.0	24.94	0.00	10 mm	N/A	885-1	1:1	back	1.210	1.014	1.227	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	RC11/SO75	25.0	24.92	-0.04	10 mm	N/A	885-1	1:1	back	1.240	1.019	1.264	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	RC11/SO75	25.0	24.92	0.02	10 mm	Headphones	885-1	1:1	back	1.180	1.019	1.202	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	RC11/SO75	25.0	24.92	-0.05	10 mm	N/A	885-1	1:1	back	1.250	1.019	1.274	A14
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Note: Variability is highlighted in blue.

**Table 11-10  
LTE Body-Worn SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																				
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor (Cond Power)	Scaling Factor (CP Duty)	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)			(W/kg)		
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	-0.06	0	885-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.470	1.012	N/A	0.476	A16
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	0.04	1	885-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	back	1:1	0.350	1.026	N/A	0.359	
1855.00	26090	Low	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.05	-0.06	0	885-2	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.574	1.035	N/A	0.594	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	-0.09	0	885-2	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.816	1.000	N/A	0.816	
1910.00	26640	High	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.04	0.06	0	885-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.829	1.038	N/A	0.861	A17
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	-0.08	1	885-2	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.651	1.002	N/A	0.652	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.17	-0.13	1	885-2	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.657	1.007	N/A	0.662	
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	24.2	24.16	0.07	0	885-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1.59	0.316	1.009	1.010	0.322	A18
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	23.2	23.20	-0.07	1	885-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1.59	0.245	1.000	1.010	0.247	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram												

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**Table 11-11  
DTS Body-Worn SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.46	0.00	10 mm	885-3	1	back	1:1	0.113	1.132	0.128	A20
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.70	0.06	10 mm	885-3	6	back	1:1	0.125	1.072	0.134	A22
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

**Table 11-12  
NII Body-Worn SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.39	0.08	10 mm	885-3	6	back	1:1	0.111	1.151	0.128	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.19	0.07	10 mm	885-3	6	back	1:1	0.162	1.205	0.195	
5680	136	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.73	-0.10	10 mm	885-3	6	back	1:1	0.196	1.064	0.209	A23
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

**11.3 Standalone Wireless Router SAR Data**

**Table 11-13  
CDMA Hotspot SAR Data**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (\$90S)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.4	25.40	-0.01	10 mm	885-1	1:1	back	0.543	1.000	0.543	A11
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (\$90S)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.4	25.40	-0.01	10 mm	885-1	1:1	front	0.382	1.000	0.382	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (\$90S)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.4	25.40	-0.08	10 mm	885-1	1:1	bottom	0.184	1.000	0.184	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (\$90S)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.4	25.40	-0.09	10 mm	885-1	1:1	right	0.435	1.000	0.435	
820.10	564	CDMA BC10 (\$90S)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.4	25.40	0.08	10 mm	885-1	1:1	left	0.270	1.000	0.270	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (\$22H)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.2	25.18	-0.01	10 mm	885-1	1:1	back	0.690	1.005	0.693	A13
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (\$22H)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.2	25.18	0.00	10 mm	885-1	1:1	front	0.538	1.005	0.541	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (\$22H)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.2	25.18	0.03	10 mm	885-1	1:1	bottom	0.286	1.005	0.287	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (\$22H)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.2	25.18	0.00	10 mm	885-1	1:1	right	0.559	1.005	0.562	
836.52	384	CDMA BC0 (\$22H)	EVDO Rev. 0	25.2	25.18	-0.06	10 mm	885-1	1:1	left	0.421	1.005	0.423	
1851.25	25	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	25.0	24.95	-0.09	10 mm	885-1	1:1	back	0.665	1.012	0.673	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	25.0	24.99	-0.10	10 mm	885-1	1:1	back	0.991	1.002	0.993	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	25.0	25.00	-0.05	10 mm	885-1	1:1	back	1.180	1.000	1.180	A15
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	25.0	24.99	-0.02	10 mm	885-1	1:1	front	0.637	1.002	0.638	
1851.25	25	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	25.0	24.95	0.04	10 mm	885-1	1:1	bottom	0.723	1.012	0.732	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	25.0	24.99	0.01	10 mm	885-1	1:1	bottom	0.942	1.002	0.944	
1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	25.0	25.00	0.03	10 mm	885-1	1:1	bottom	1.110	1.000	1.110	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	25.0	24.99	0.02	10 mm	885-1	1:1	right	0.377	1.002	0.378	
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO Rev. 0	25.0	24.99	0.02	10 mm	885-1	1:1	left	0.256	1.002	0.257	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

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**Table 11-14  
LTE Band 26 Hotspot SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)				
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	-0.06	0	885-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.470	1.012	0.476	A16
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	0.04	1	885-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	back	1:1	0.350	1.026	0.359	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	-0.01	0	885-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	front	1:1	0.391	1.012	0.396	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	0.02	1	885-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	front	1:1	0.304	1.026	0.312	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	0.02	0	885-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.265	1.012	0.268	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	0.03	1	885-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.186	1.026	0.191	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	-0.05	0	885-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	right	1:1	0.468	1.012	0.474	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	-0.02	1	885-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	right	1:1	0.341	1.026	0.350	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	24.2	24.15	0.00	0	885-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	left	1:1	0.321	1.012	0.325	
844.00	26990	High	LTE Band 26	10	23.2	23.09	0.01	1	885-2	QPSK	25	12	10 mm	left	1:1	0.260	1.026	0.267	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT										Body									
Spatial Peak										1.6 W/kg (mW/g)									
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										averaged over 1 gram									

**Table 11-15  
LTE Band 25 (PCS) Hotspot SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)				
1855.00	26090	Low	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.05	-0.06	0	885-2	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.574	1.035	0.594	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	-0.09	0	885-2	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.816	1.000	0.816	
1910.00	26640	High	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.04	0.06	0	885-2	QPSK	1	49	10 mm	back	1:1	0.829	1.038	0.861	A17
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	-0.08	1	885-2	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.651	1.002	0.652	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.17	-0.13	1	885-2	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.657	1.007	0.662	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	0.05	0	885-2	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	front	1:1	0.545	1.000	0.545	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	-0.01	1	885-2	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.425	1.002	0.426	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	-0.07	0	885-2	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.774	1.000	0.774	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	0.03	1	885-2	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.615	1.002	0.616	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	0.02	0	885-2	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	right	1:1	0.263	1.000	0.263	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	0.01	1	885-2	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	right	1:1	0.206	1.002	0.206	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	24.2	24.20	0.04	0	885-2	QPSK	1	25	10 mm	left	1:1	0.196	1.000	0.196	
1882.50	26365	Mid	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	10	23.2	23.19	-0.03	1	885-2	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.151	1.002	0.151	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT										Body									
Spatial Peak										1.6 W/kg (mW/g)									
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										averaged over 1 gram									

**Table 11-16  
LTE Band 41 Hotspot SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor (Cond. Power)	Scaling Factor (CP Duty)	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)				
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	24.2	24.16	0.07	0	885-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1.59	0.316	1.009	1.010	0.322
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	23.2	23.20	-0.07	1	885-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1.59	0.245	1.000	1.010	0.247
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	24.2	24.16	0.09	0	885-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1.59	0.200	1.009	1.010	0.204
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	23.2	23.20	-0.05	1	885-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	front	1:1.59	0.159	1.000	1.010	0.161
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	24.2	24.16	0.05	0	885-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1.59	0.336	1.009	1.010	0.342
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	23.2	23.20	0.06	1	885-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	bottom	1:1.59	0.263	1.000	1.010	0.266
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	24.2	24.16	0.00	0	885-2	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1.59	0.240	1.009	1.010	0.244
2593.00	40620	Mid	LTE Band 41	20	23.2	23.20	0.02	1	885-2	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	left	1:1.59	0.194	1.000	1.010	0.196
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT										Body									
Spatial Peak										1.6 W/kg (mW/g)									
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										averaged over 1 gram									

**Table 11-17  
WLAN Hotspot/ WIFI Direct G.O. SAR**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.46	0.00	10 mm	885-3	1	back	1:1	0.113	1.132	0.128	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.46	-0.02	10 mm	885-3	1	front	1:1	0.120	1.132	0.136	A21
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.46	-0.03	10 mm	885-3	1	top	1:1	0.097	1.132	0.110	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.46	0.08	10 mm	885-3	1	left	1:1	0.114	1.132	0.129	
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.70	0.06	10 mm	885-3	6	back	1:1	0.125	1.072	0.134	A22
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.70	0.00	10 mm	885-3	6	front	1:1	0.027	1.072	0.029	
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.70	-0.06	10 mm	885-3	6	top	1:1	0.049	1.072	0.053	
5785	157	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.0	13.70	-0.06	10 mm	885-3	6	left	1:1	0.124	1.072	0.133	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

### 11.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, SAR was not evaluated with a headset connected to the device. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset. Since the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connect to the handset, is >1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for PCS RC11/SO75 was repeated with a headset connect to the handset. Please see Table 11-9 for more details.
8. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01, variability SAR tests were performed since the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 13 for variability analysis.
9. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 6.7 for more details).

CDMA/ EVDO Notes:

1. Head SAR for CDMA2000 mode was tested under RC3/SO55 per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v02.
2. Body-Worn SAR was tested with 1x RTT with TDSO / SO32 FCH Only. EVDO and TDSO / SO32 FCH+SCH SAR tests were not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the TDSO / SO32 FCH only powers, per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v02.
3. CDMA Wireless Router SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0 according to KDB 941225 D01 procedures for data devices. Since the average output power of Subtype 2 for Rev. A is less than the Rev. 0 power levels, EVDO Rev. A SAR is not required. SAR is not required for 1x RTT for Ev-Do hotspot devices when the maximum average output of each channel is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0.
4. Head SAR was additionally evaluated using EVDO Rev. A to determine compliance for VoIP operations.

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- Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.
- CDMA 1X Advanced technology was required for SAR since the reported SAR in a 1x mode exposure conditions was greater than 1.2 W/kg.

**LTE Notes:**

- LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r01. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.4.4.
- MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
- A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI)
- TDD LTE was tested using UL-DL configuration 0 with 6 UL subframes and 2 S subframes using normal cyclic prefix only and special subframe configuration 6. Due to equipment setup issues with extended cyclic prefix as a result of test samples configured for normal cyclic prefix, SAR tests were performed at maximum output power and worst-case transmission duty factor in normal cyclic prefix. Results were then scaled to the duty factor required for extended cyclic prefix listed in 3GPP TS 36.211 Section 4. The cyclic prefix scaling factor for LTE Band 41 was calculated by dividing the extended cyclic prefix duty factor by the normal cyclic prefix duty factor. Per 3GPP 36.211 Section 4, the duty factor for special subframe configuration 6 using normal cyclic prefix is 0.629. The duty factor for special subframe configuration 6 using extended cyclic prefix is 0.633.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) LTE Band 41 SAR measured at the highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.6$  W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). If the reported (scaled) LTE Band 25 or LTE Band 26 SAR measured at the highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

**WLAN Notes:**

- Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 5 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- When Hotspot is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled. Therefore no 5 GHz WIFI Wireless Router SAR Data was required.
- 5 GHz Wifi Direct GO is supported in the 5.8 GHz band only. The manufacturer expects 5.8 GHz Wifi Direct GO may be used similar to wireless router usage. Therefore, 5.8 GHz Wifi Direct GO was evaluated for SAR similar to wireless router SAR procedures in FCC KDB Publication 941225.
- WIFI transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.
- Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is  $< 1.6$  W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is  $< 0.8$  W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels was not required.
- The applicant expects that WIFI direct may be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn voice call.

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## 12 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

### 12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11a/b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

### 12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 IV.C.1.iii and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is  $\leq 1.6$  W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 4.3.2 2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

**Table 12-1  
Estimated SAR**

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2441	11.00	10	<b>0.271</b>

Note: Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

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## 12.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

**Table 12-2**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)**

Simult Tx	Configuration	CDMA BC10 (\$90S) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	EVDO BC10 (\$90S) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.431	0.604	1.035	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.253	0.604	0.857
	Right Tilt	0.282	0.367	0.649		Right Tilt	0.112	0.367	0.479
	Left Cheek	0.240	0.288	0.528		Left Cheek	0.175	0.288	0.463
	Left Tilt	0.186	0.342	0.528		Left Tilt	0.157	0.342	0.499
Simult Tx	Configuration	CDMA BC0 (\$22H) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	EVDO BC0 (\$22H) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.396	0.604	1.000	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.232	0.604	0.836
	Right Tilt	0.266	0.367	0.633		Right Tilt	0.104	0.367	0.471
	Left Cheek	0.351	0.288	0.639		Left Cheek	0.154	0.288	0.442
	Left Tilt	0.264	0.342	0.606		Left Tilt	0.131	0.342	0.473
Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS EVDO SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.724	0.604	1.328	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.656	0.604	1.260
	Right Tilt	0.287	0.367	0.654		Right Tilt	0.288	0.367	0.655
	Left Cheek	0.379	0.288	0.667		Left Cheek	0.408	0.288	0.696
	Left Tilt	0.357	0.342	0.699		Left Tilt	0.369	0.342	0.711
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 26 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 25 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.351	0.604	0.955	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.450	0.604	1.054
	Right Tilt	0.205	0.367	0.572		Right Tilt	0.175	0.367	0.542
	Left Cheek	0.288	0.288	0.576		Left Cheek	0.288	0.288	0.576
	Left Tilt	0.198	0.342	0.540		Left Tilt	0.245	0.342	0.587
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 41 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.147	0.604	0.751					
	Right Tilt	0.122	0.367	0.489					
	Left Cheek	0.196	0.288	0.484					
	Left Tilt	0.062	0.342	0.404					

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**Table 12-3  
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)**

Simult Tx	Configuration	CDMA BC10 (\$90S) SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	EVDO BC10 (\$90S) SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.431	0.234	0.665	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.253	0.234	0.487
	Right Tilt	0.282	0.159	0.441		Right Tilt	0.112	0.159	0.271
	Left Cheek	0.240	0.081	0.321		Left Cheek	0.175	0.081	0.256
	Left Tilt	0.186	0.065	0.251		Left Tilt	0.157	0.065	0.222
Simult Tx	Configuration	CDMA BC0 (\$22H) SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	EVDO BC0 (\$22H) SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.396	0.234	0.630	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.232	0.234	0.466
	Right Tilt	0.266	0.159	0.425		Right Tilt	0.104	0.159	0.263
	Left Cheek	0.351	0.081	0.432		Left Cheek	0.154	0.081	0.235
	Left Tilt	0.264	0.065	0.329		Left Tilt	0.131	0.065	0.196
Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS EVDO SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.724	0.234	0.958	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.656	0.234	0.890
	Right Tilt	0.287	0.159	0.446		Right Tilt	0.288	0.159	0.447
	Left Cheek	0.379	0.081	0.460		Left Cheek	0.408	0.081	0.489
	Left Tilt	0.357	0.065	0.422		Left Tilt	0.369	0.065	0.434
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 26 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 25 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.351	0.234	0.585	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.450	0.234	0.684
	Right Tilt	0.205	0.159	0.364		Right Tilt	0.175	0.159	0.334
	Left Cheek	0.288	0.081	0.369		Left Cheek	0.288	0.081	0.369
	Left Tilt	0.198	0.065	0.263		Left Tilt	0.245	0.065	0.310
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 41 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.147	0.234	0.381					
	Right Tilt	0.122	0.159	0.281					
	Left Cheek	0.196	0.081	0.277					
	Left Tilt	0.062	0.065	0.127					

The manufacturer expects that this device may be used during a held to ear voice call while simultaneously operating with WIFI direct. Therefore, the worst case 5 GHz WIFI reported SAR for each head configuration was considered for simultaneous SAR exclusion via summation of standalone SAR, regardless of whether the WIFI channel has WIFI Direct capability, for simplicity to determine compliance. Please note that the actual simultaneous transmission SAR will not exceed the summed levels indicated.

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## 12.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

**Table 12-4**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)**

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	0.578	0.128	0.706
Back Side	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	0.673	0.128	0.801
Back Side	PCS CDMA	1.274	0.128	1.402
Back Side	LTE Band 26	0.476	0.128	0.604
Back Side	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	0.861	0.128	0.989
Back Side	LTE Band 41	0.322	0.128	0.450

**Table 12-5**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)**

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	0.578	0.209	0.787
Back Side	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	0.673	0.209	0.882
Back Side	PCS CDMA	1.274	0.209	1.483
Back Side	LTE Band 26	0.476	0.209	0.685
Back Side	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	0.861	0.209	1.070
Back Side	LTE Band 41	0.322	0.209	0.531

The manufacturer expects that this device may be used during a body-worn voice call while simultaneously operating with WIFI direct. Therefore, the worst case 5 GHz WIFI reported SAR for each body-worn configuration was considered for simultaneous SAR exclusion via summation of standalone SAR, regardless of whether the WIFI channel has WIFI Direct capability, for simplicity to determine compliance. Please note that the actual simultaneous transmission SAR will not exceed the summed levels indicated.

**Table 12-6**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)**

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	CDMA BC10 (§90S)	0.578	0.271	0.849
Back Side	CDMA BC0 (§22H)	0.673	0.271	0.944
Back Side	PCS CDMA	1.274	0.271	1.545
Back Side	LTE Band 26	0.476	0.271	0.747
Back Side	LTE Band 25 (PCS)	0.861	0.271	1.132
Back Side	LTE Band 41	0.322	0.271	0.593

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

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## 12.5 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the devices edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR (“-”).

**Table 12-7**  
**Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (2.4 GHz Hotspot at 1.0 cm)**

Simult Tx	Configuration	EVDO BC10 (\$90S) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	EVDO BC0 (\$22H) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.543	0.128	0.671	Body SAR	Back	0.693	0.128	0.821
	Front	0.382	0.136	0.518		Front	0.541	0.136	0.677
	Top	-	0.110	0.110		Top	-	0.110	0.110
	Bottom	0.184	-	0.184		Bottom	0.287	-	0.287
	Right	0.435	-	0.435		Right	0.562	-	0.562
	Left	0.270	0.129	0.399		Left	0.423	0.129	0.552
Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS EVDO SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 26 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	1.180	0.128	1.308	Body SAR	Back	0.476	0.128	0.604
	Front	0.638	0.136	0.774		Front	0.396	0.136	0.532
	Top	-	0.110	0.110		Top	-	0.110	0.110
	Bottom	1.110	-	1.110		Bottom	0.268	-	0.268
	Right	0.378	-	0.378		Right	0.474	-	0.474
	Left	0.257	0.129	0.386		Left	0.325	0.129	0.454
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 25 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 41 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.861	0.128	0.989	Body SAR	Back	0.322	0.128	0.450
	Front	0.545	0.136	0.681		Front	0.204	0.136	0.340
	Top	-	0.110	0.110		Top	-	0.110	0.110
	Bottom	0.774	-	0.774		Bottom	0.342	-	0.342
	Right	0.263	-	0.263		Right	-	-	0.000
	Left	0.196	0.129	0.325		Left	0.244	0.129	0.373

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**Table 12-8  
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (5.8 GHz WIFI Direct GO at 1.0 cm)**

Simult Tx	Configuration	EVDO BC10 (\$90S) SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	EVDO BC0 (\$22H) SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.543	0.134	0.677	Body SAR	Back	0.693	0.134	0.827
	Front	0.382	0.029	0.411		Front	0.541	0.029	0.570
	Top	-	0.053	0.053		Top	-	0.053	0.053
	Bottom	0.184	-	0.184		Bottom	0.287	-	0.287
	Right	0.435	-	0.435		Right	0.562	-	0.562
	Left	0.270	0.133	0.403		Left	0.423	0.133	0.556
Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS EVDO SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 26 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	1.180	0.134	1.314	Body SAR	Back	0.476	0.134	0.610
	Front	0.638	0.029	0.667		Front	0.396	0.029	0.425
	Top	-	0.053	0.053		Top	-	0.053	0.053
	Bottom	1.110	-	1.110		Bottom	0.268	-	0.268
	Right	0.378	-	0.378		Right	0.474	-	0.474
	Left	0.257	0.133	0.390		Left	0.325	0.133	0.458
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 25 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 41 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.861	0.134	0.995	Body SAR	Back	0.322	0.134	0.456
	Front	0.545	0.029	0.574		Front	0.204	0.029	0.233
	Top	-	0.053	0.053		Top	-	0.053	0.053
	Bottom	0.774	-	0.774		Bottom	0.342	-	0.342
	Right	0.263	-	0.263		Right	-	-	0.000
	Left	0.196	0.133	0.329		Left	0.244	0.133	0.377

## 12.6 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

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## 13 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

### 13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg

**Table 13-1  
Body SAR Measurement Variability Results**

BODY VARIABILITY RESULTS														
Band	FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Accessories	Side	Spacing	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio
	MHz	Ch.						(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1900	1908.75	1175	PCS CDMA	RC11/ SO75	N/A	back	10 mm	1.240	1.250	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

### 13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was  $< 1.5$  W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2003 was not required.

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# 14 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	1833460
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	7/23/2013	Annual	7/23/2014	US37390350
Agilent	8594A	(9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	N/A	N/A	N/A	3051A00187
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	7/22/2013	Annual	7/22/2014	5d149
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	1/21/2014	Annual	1/21/2015	797
SPEAG	D2600V2	2600 MHz SAR Dipole	11/15/2013	Annual	11/15/2014	1071
Narda	4014C-6	4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
SPEAG	D5GHZV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	9/23/2013	Annual	9/23/2014	1007
SPEAG	D5GHZV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	1/27/2014	Annual	1/27/2015	1057
MCL	BW-N6W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	1/22/2014	Annual	1/22/2015	4d132
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	433971
Narda	4772-3	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	9406
Narda	BW-S3W2	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	120
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	8/21/2013	Annual	8/21/2014	1322
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/19/2013	Annual	11/19/2014	1333
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	12/12/2013	Annual	12/12/2014	649
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/22/2014	Annual	1/22/2015	1272
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/26/2014	Annual	2/26/2015	665
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	5/14/2013	Annual	5/14/2014	1070
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	11/13/2013	Annual	11/13/2014	1091
Fisher Scientific	15-077-960	Digital Thermometer	11/6/2012	Biennial	11/6/2014	122640025
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	101695
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	3/31/2014	Annual	3/31/2015	MY42082659
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	4/1/2014	Annual	4/1/2015	MY47270002
VWR	23226-658	Long Stem Thermometer	5/16/2012	Biennial	5/16/2014	122295544
MiniCircuits	VLF-6000+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R8979500903
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	6/6/2013	Annual	6/6/2014	111427
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	10/4/2013	Annual	10/4/2014	108798
Agilent	N9020A	MXA Signal Analyzer	10/29/2013	Annual	10/29/2014	US46470561
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32	Peak Power Sensor	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	836019/013
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1226
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/31/2013	Annual	10/31/2014	1039008
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	5605
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	11/14/2013	Annual	11/14/2014	1126066
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Analyzer	6/28/2013	Annual	6/28/2014	6201240328
Tektronix	RSA6114A	Real Time Spectrum Analyzer	4/16/2014	Annual	4/16/2015	B010177
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	8/22/2013	Annual	8/22/2014	3022
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	10/23/2013	Annual	10/23/2014	3914
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	12/18/2013	Annual	12/18/2014	3920
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	1/29/2014	Annual	1/29/2015	3589
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	2/25/2014	Annual	2/25/2015	3258
Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	Signal Generator	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	832026
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV5	Single Channel Power Meter	10/31/2013	Annual	10/31/2014	835360/0079
COMTECH	AR85729-5/5759B	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M3W1A00-1002
COMTECH	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M1S5A00-009
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	10/29/2013	Annual	10/29/2014	US39170122
Agilent	85047A	S-Parameter Test Set	N/A	N/A	N/A	2904A00579
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench	3/18/2014	Biennial	3/18/2016	N/A
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench 5/16", 8" lbs	3/18/2014	Biennial	3/18/2016	N/A
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	8650319
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	12/18/2013	Annual	12/18/2014	1344555
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	12/18/2013	Annual	12/18/2014	1344556
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	8/8/2013	Biennial	8/8/2015	130477877
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	10/18/2012	Biennial	10/18/2014	GB43193563
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	3/18/2014	Annual	3/18/2015	GB46110872

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

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# 15 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for frequencies less than 3000 MHz:

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k	
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c <sub>i</sub> 1gm	c <sub>i</sub> 10 gms	1gm u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	10gms u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	v <sub>i</sub>	
<b>Measurement System</b>										
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	∞	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞	
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞	
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞	
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞	
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞	
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞	
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞	
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞	
<b>Test Sample Related</b>										
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287	
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞	
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞	
<b>Phantom &amp; Tissue Parameters</b>										
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6	
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞	
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6	
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)</b>							RSS	12.1	11.7	299
<b>Expanded Uncertainty</b> (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.2	23.5	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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Applicable for frequencies up to 6 GHz:

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k	
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c <sub>i</sub> 1gm	c <sub>i</sub> 10 gms	1gm u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	10gms u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	v <sub>i</sub>	
<b>Measurement System</b>										
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞	
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞	
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞	
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞	
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞	
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞	
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞	
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞	
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞	
<b>Test Sample Related</b>										
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287	
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞	
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞	
<b>Phantom &amp; Tissue Parameters</b>										
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6	
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞	
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6	
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)</b>							RSS	12.4	12.0	299
<b>Expanded Uncertainty</b> (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.7	24.0	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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## 16 CONCLUSION

### 16.1 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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## APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-1**

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA, Frequency: 820.1 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 820.1 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.886 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.075$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: Cell. CDMA (§90S), Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch**

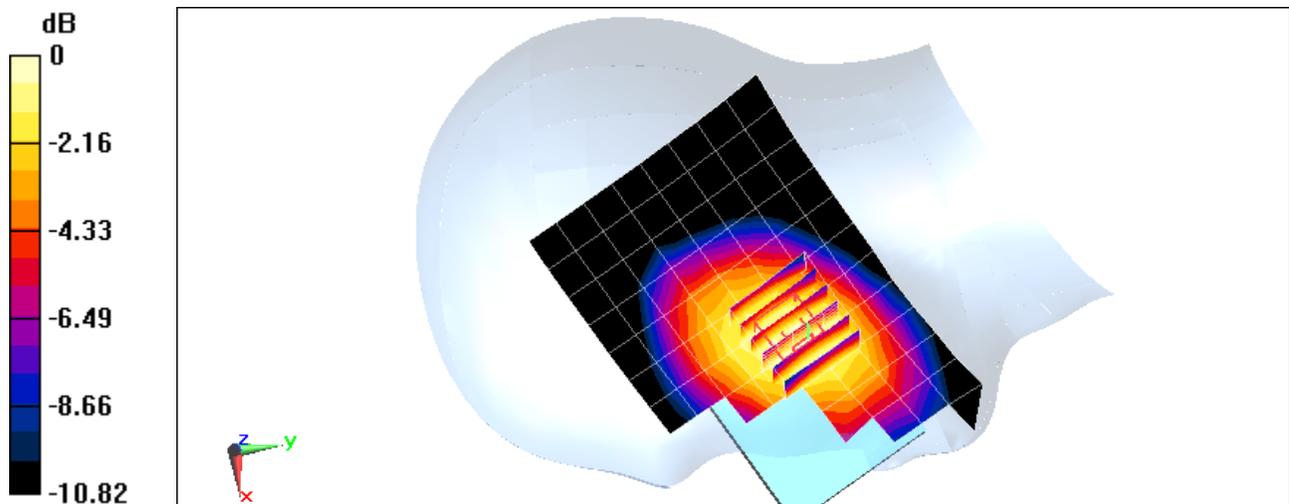
**Area Scan (9x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.342 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.528 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.425 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.441 W/kg = -3.56 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-1**

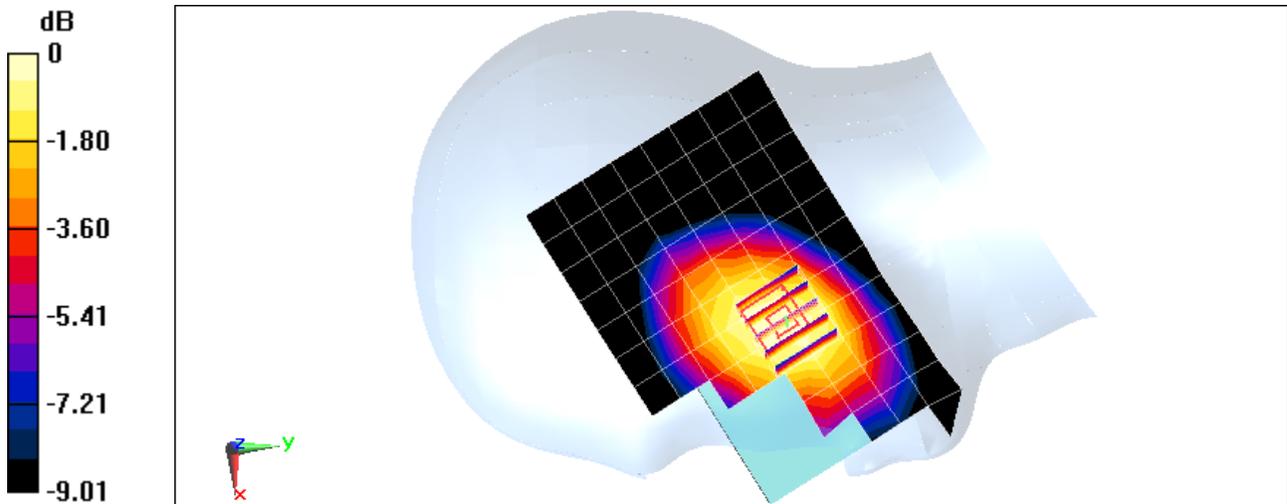
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 835 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):  
 $f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.901 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.878$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;  
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013  
Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648  
Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: Cell. CDMA (§22H), Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch**

**Area Scan (9x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 21.325 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.492 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.396 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.413 W/kg = -3.84 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-1**

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 1900 Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.414 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.039$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;  
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014  
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686  
Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: PCS CDMA, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch**

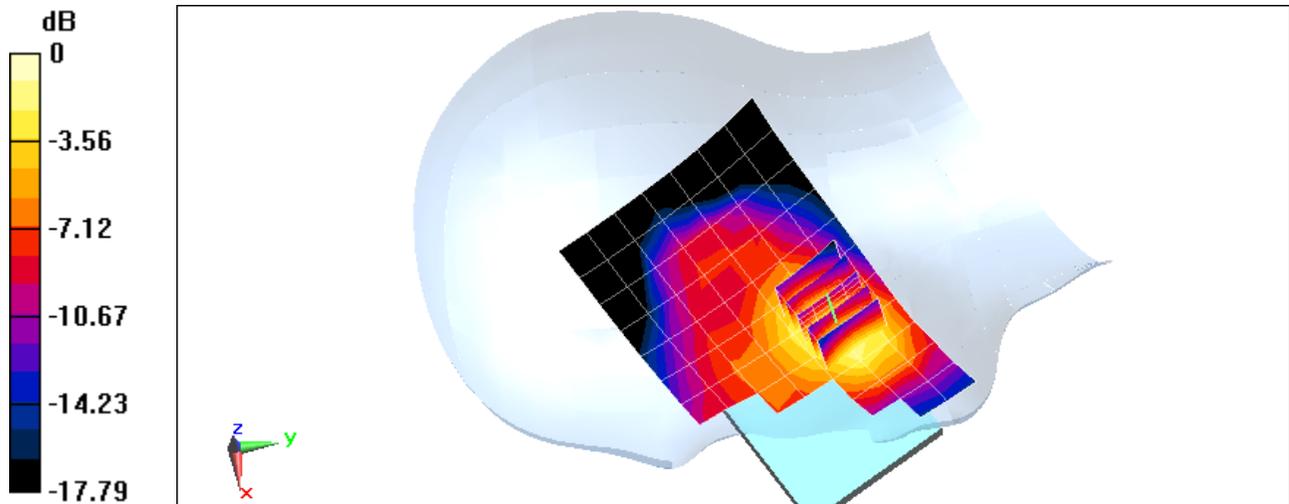
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.925 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.724 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.795 W/kg = -1.00 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 26; Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 844 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.908 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.762$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 26 (Cell.), Right Head, Cheek, High.ch,  
10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset**

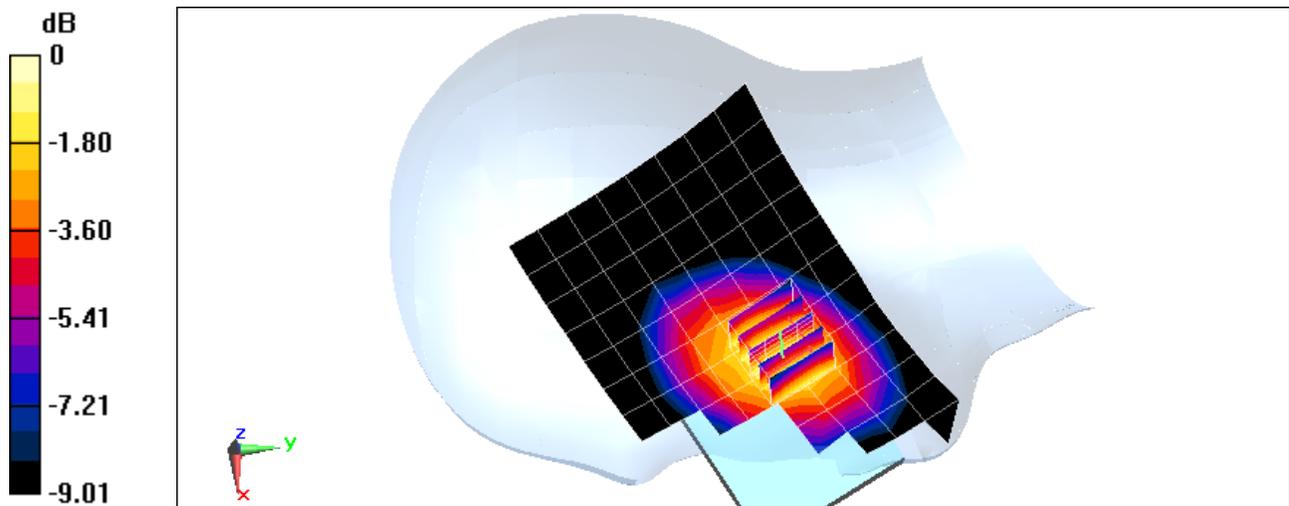
**Area Scan (9x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.571 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.437 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.363 W/kg = -4.40 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 25 (PCS); Frequency: 1882.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1882.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.416$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.029$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 25 (PCS), Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch,  
10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 25 RB Offset**

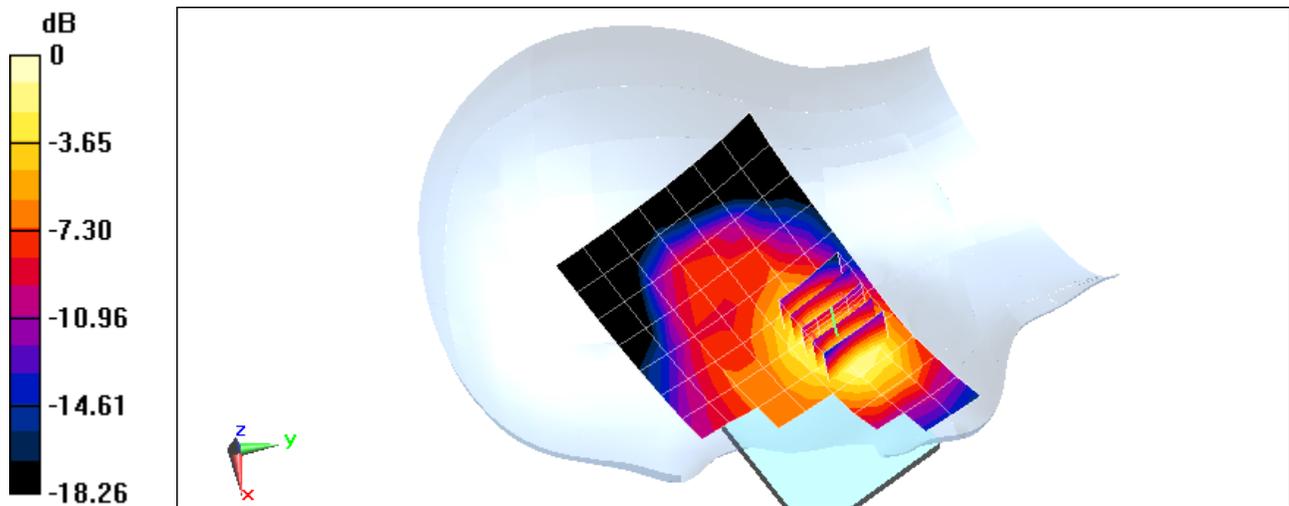
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.767 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.700 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.450 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.492 W/kg = -3.08 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 41; Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: 2800 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2593 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.885 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.909$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 04-30-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 41, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, QPSK,  
20 MHz Bandwidth, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset**

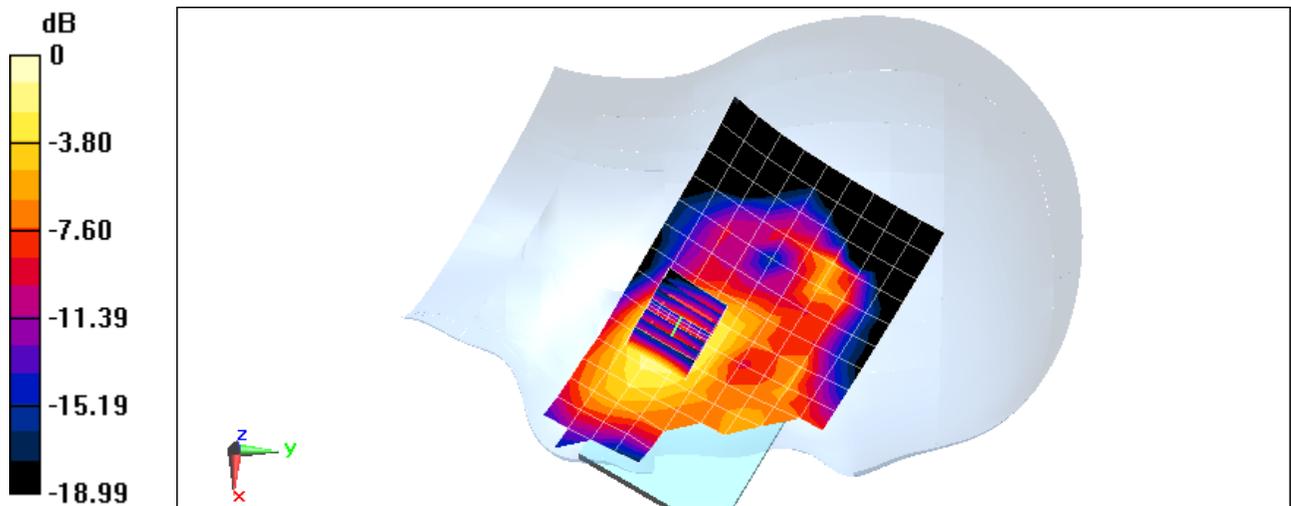
**Area Scan (10x16x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.553 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.327 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.192 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.236 W/kg = -6.27 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-3**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.716 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.454$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 04-30-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Cheek, Ch 06, 1 Mbps**

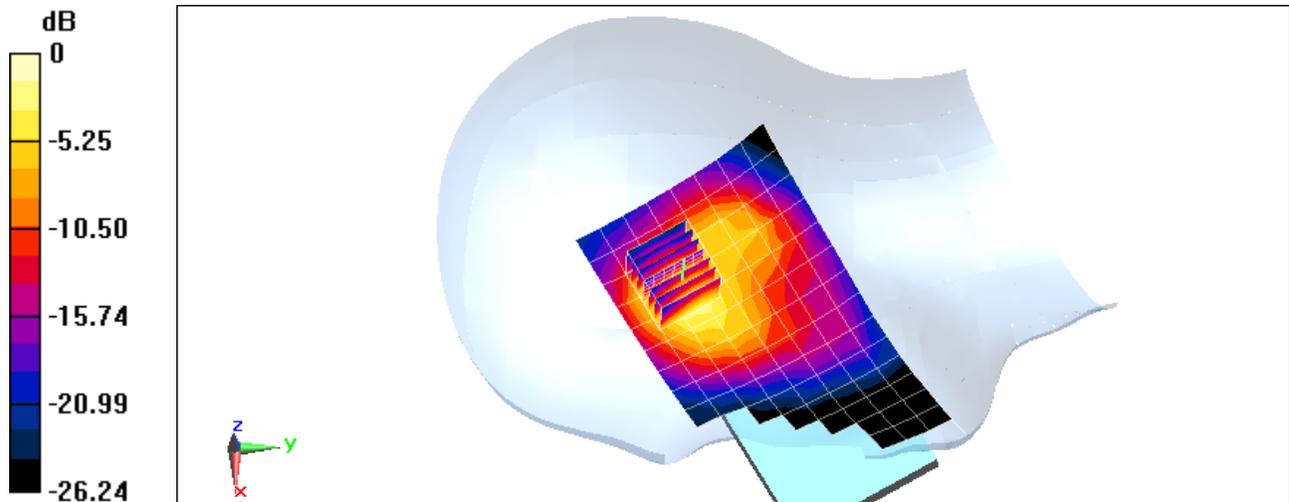
**Area Scan (9x16x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.922 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.534 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.677 W/kg = -1.69 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-3**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 5 GHz Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.339 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.756$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;  
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz, Right Head, Cheek, Ch 157, 6 Mbps**

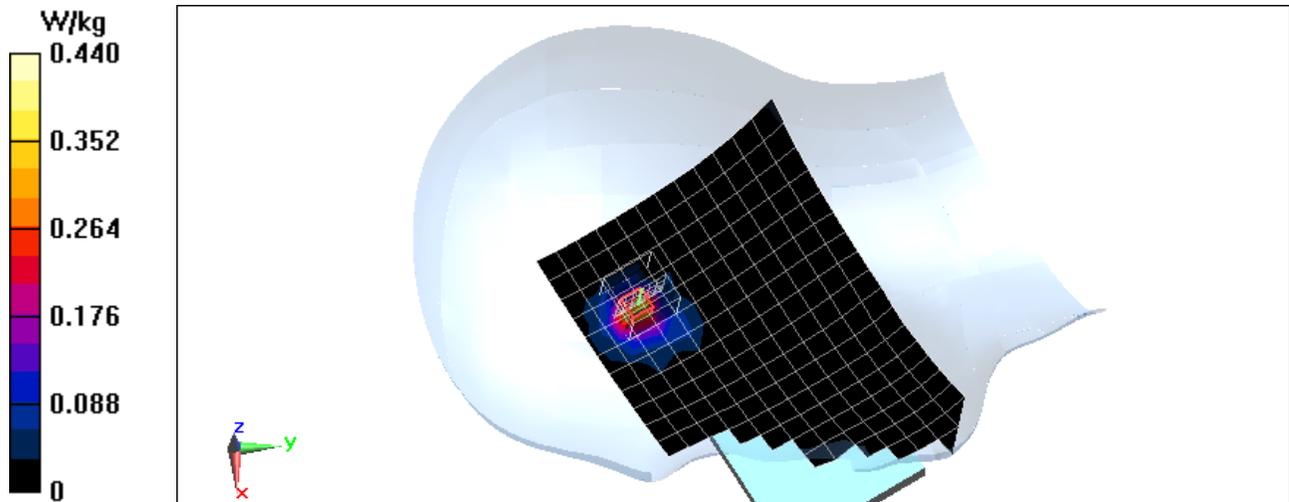
**Area Scan (13x22x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 5.403 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.794 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.154 W/kg**



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-3**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 5 GHz Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.807 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;  
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.3 GHz, Right Head, Cheek, Ch 52, 6 Mbps**

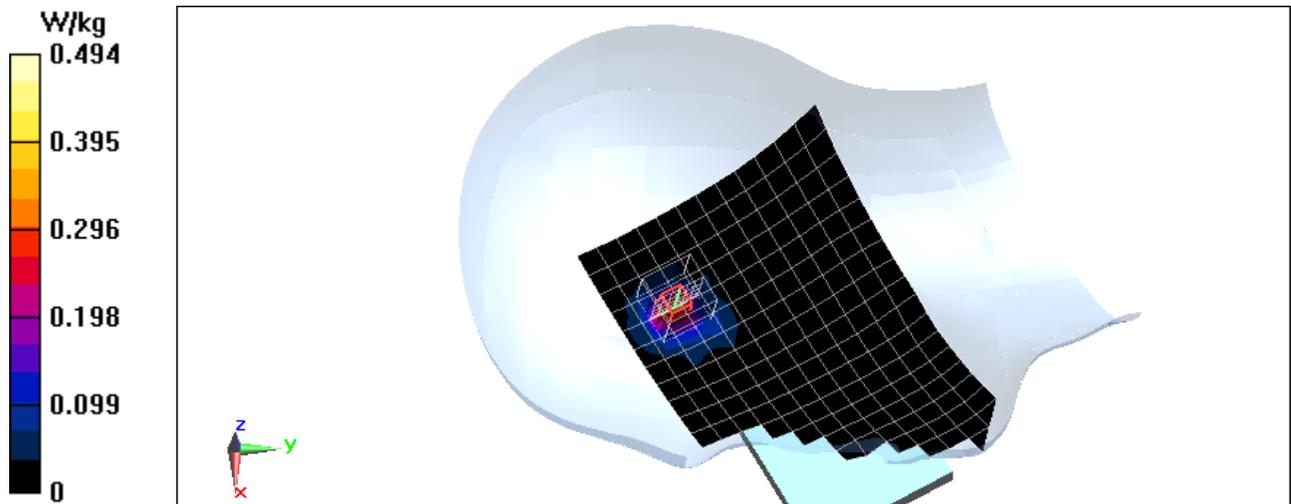
**Area Scan (13x22x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 6.525 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.930 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.194 W/kg**



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-1**

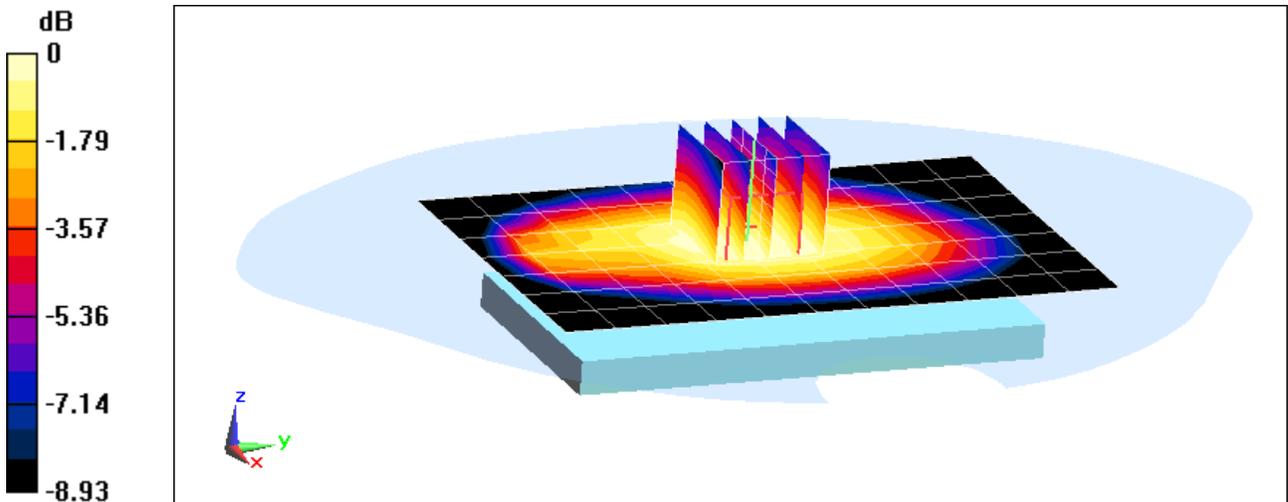
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 820.1 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 835 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):  
 $f = 820.1 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.997 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.297$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;  
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013  
Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687  
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: Cell. CDMA (§90S), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**

**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 24.664 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.691 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.567 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.594 W/kg = -2.26 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-1**

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 820.1 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 820.1 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.997 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.297$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: Cell. EVDO (§90S), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**

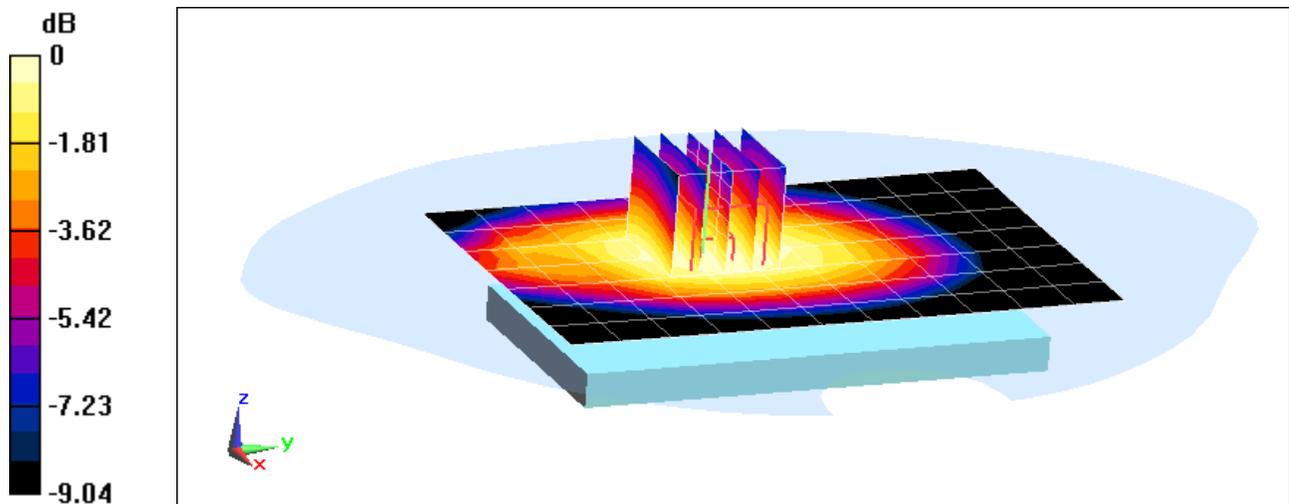
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.162 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.663 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.543 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.570 W/kg = -2.44 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-1**

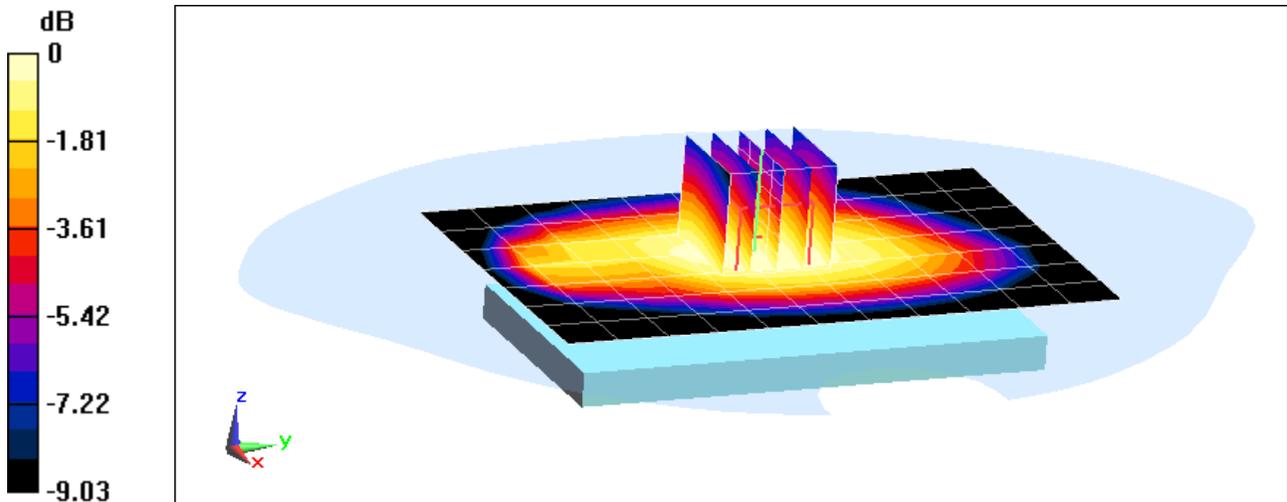
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 835 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):  
 $f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.013 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.105$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;  
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013  
Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687  
Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: Cell. CDMA (§22H), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**

**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 26.639 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.813 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.664 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.696 W/kg = -1.57 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-1**

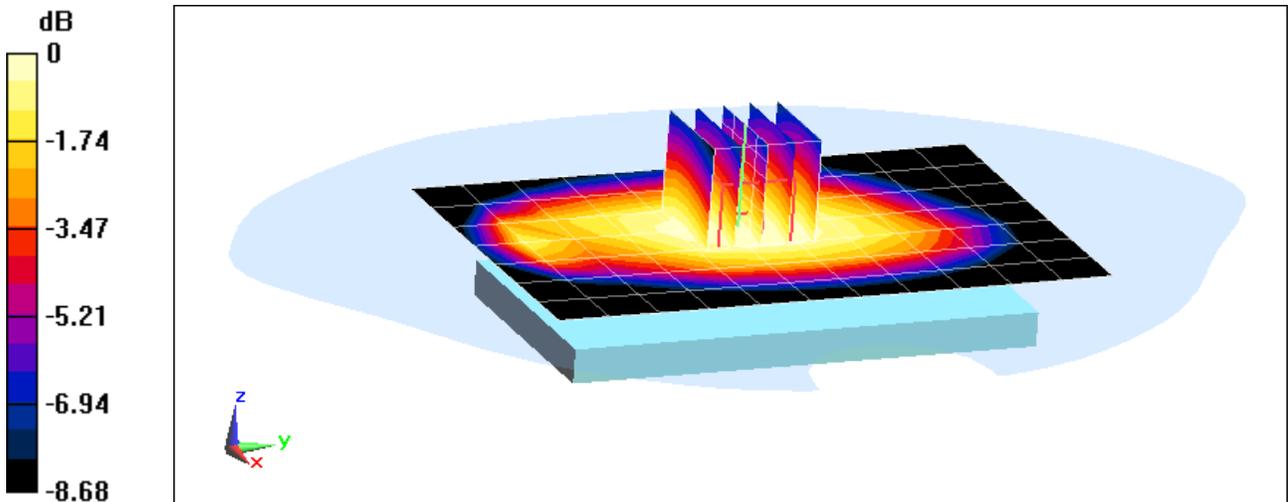
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 835 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):  
 $f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.013 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.105$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;  
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013  
Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687  
Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: Cell. EVDO (§22H), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch**

**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 27.167 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.842 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.690 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.722 W/kg = -1.41 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-1**

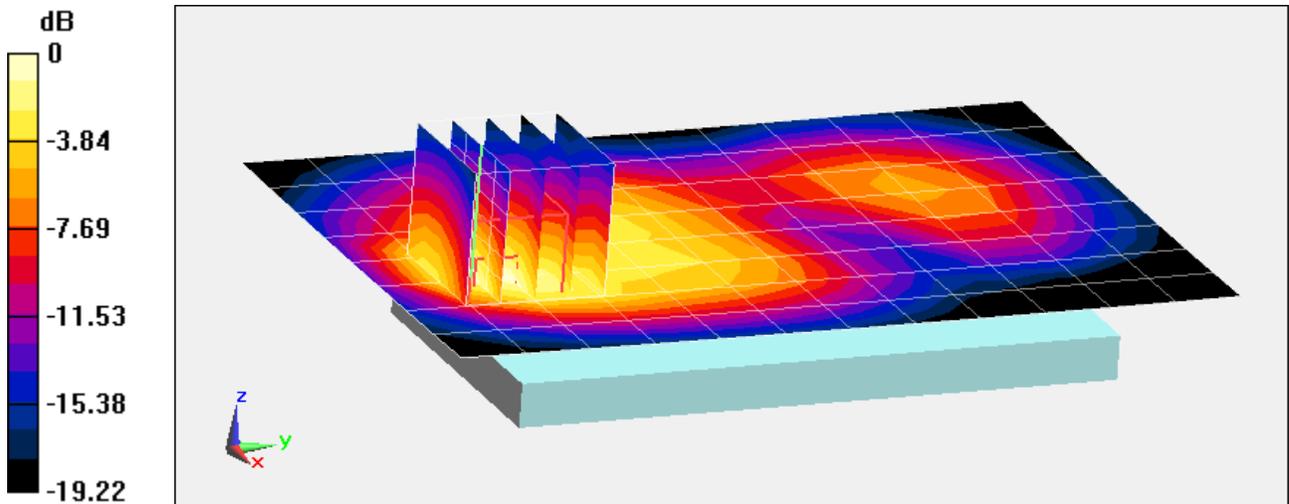
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 1900 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):  
 $f = 1908.75 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.556 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.384$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(6.54, 6.54, 6.54); Calibrated: 1/29/2014;  
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/22/2014  
Phantom: ELI left; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1202  
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: PCS RC11/ SO75, Body SAR, Back side, High.ch**

**Area Scan (9x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 29.499 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.51 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.25 W/kg**



0 dB = 1.38 W/kg = 1.40 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-1**

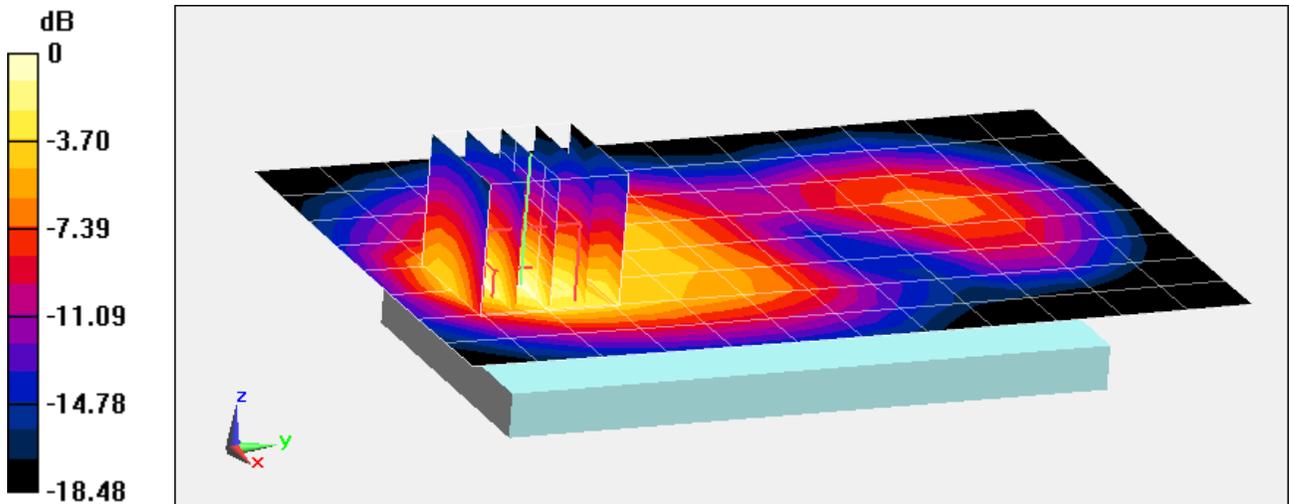
Communication System: UID 0, CDMA; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 1900 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):  
 $f = 1908.75 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.555 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.591$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-24-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(6.54, 6.54, 6.54); Calibrated: 1/29/2014;  
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/22/2014  
Phantom: ELI left; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1202  
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Back side, High.ch**

**Area Scan (9x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 28.817 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.34 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.18 W/kg**



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 26; Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 844 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.02 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.02$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 26, Body SAR, Back side, High.ch,  
10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset**

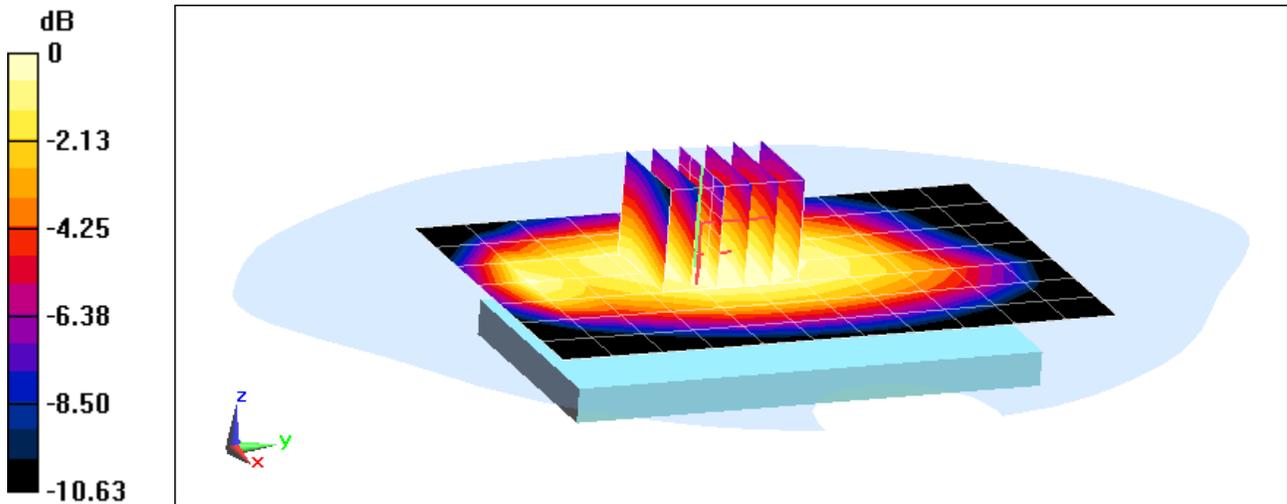
**Area Scan (8x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.433 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.578 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.470 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.492 W/kg = -3.08 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 25 (PCS); Frequency: 1910 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 1900 Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 1910 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.557 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.586$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-24-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(6.54, 6.54, 6.54); Calibrated: 1/29/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/22/2014

Phantom: ELI left; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1202

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 25 (PCS), Body SAR, Back side, High.ch,  
10 MHz Bandwidth QPSK, 1 RB, 49 RB Offset**

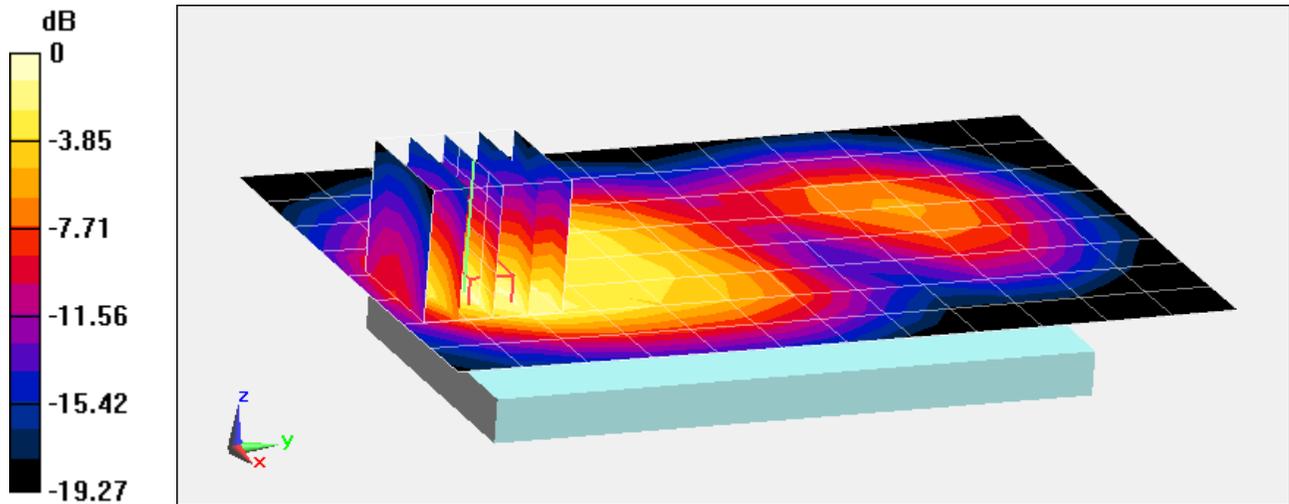
**Area Scan (9x13x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.953 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.829 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.941 W/kg = -0.26 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 41; Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: 2600 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2593 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.227 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.442$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 eo

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(3.91, 3.91, 3.91); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 41, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch,  
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset**

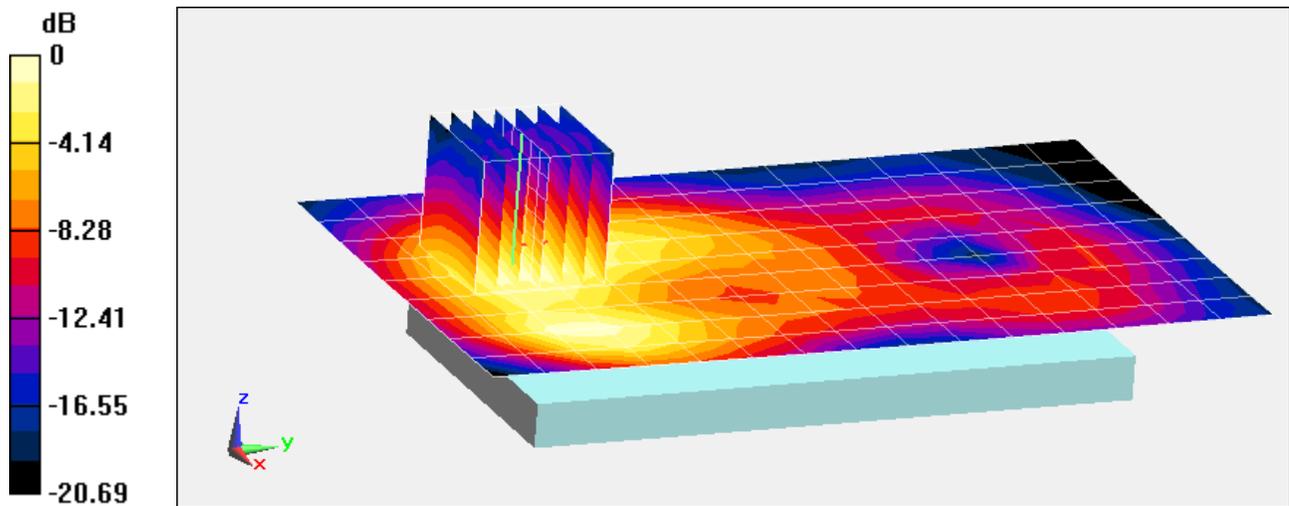
**Area Scan (10x16x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.304 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.624 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.316 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.392 W/kg = -4.07 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-2**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 41; Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: 2600 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2593 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.227 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.442$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(3.91, 3.91, 3.91); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 41, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch,  
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset**

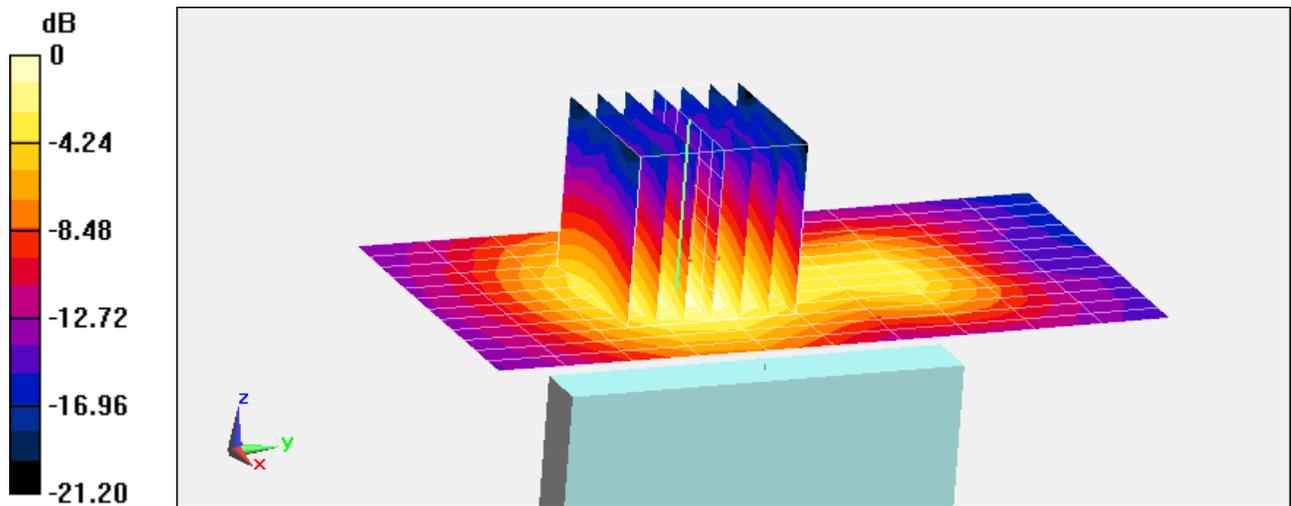
**Area Scan (13x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=12mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.961 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.678 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.336 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.423 W/kg = -3.74 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-3**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.015 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.036$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 06, 1 Mbps, Back Side**

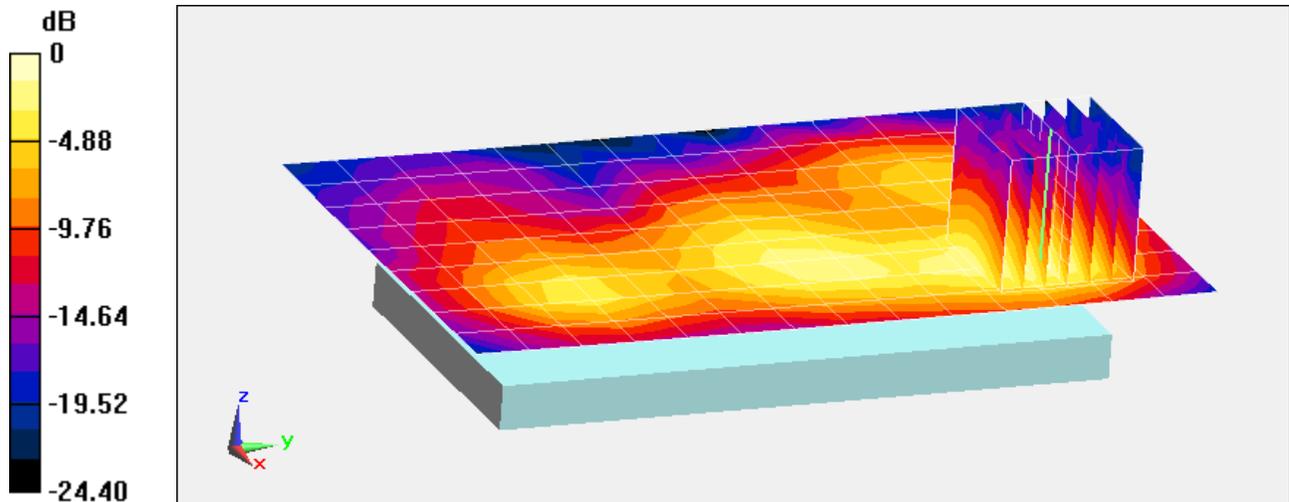
**Area Scan (10x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.666 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.239 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.113 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.146 W/kg = -8.36 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-3**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 2450 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.015 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.036$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;  
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 06, 1 Mbps, Front Side**

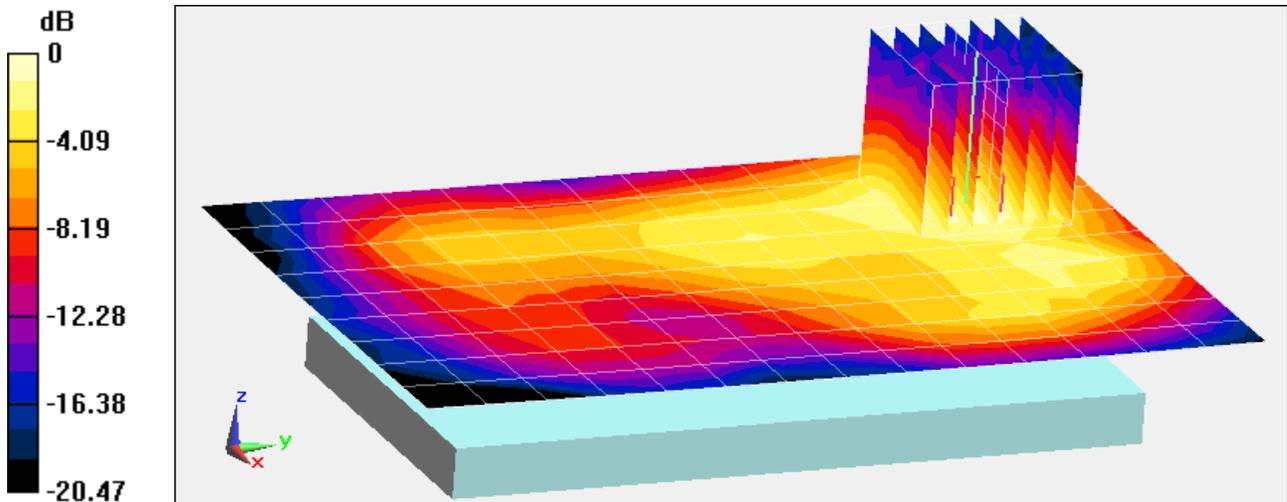
**Area Scan (10x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.974 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.231 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.120 W/kg**



0 dB = 0.150 W/kg = -8.24 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-3**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: "3-3

Medium: 5 GHz Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.233 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.487$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-29-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4, 4, 4); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz, Body SAR, Ch 157, 6 Mbps, Back Side**

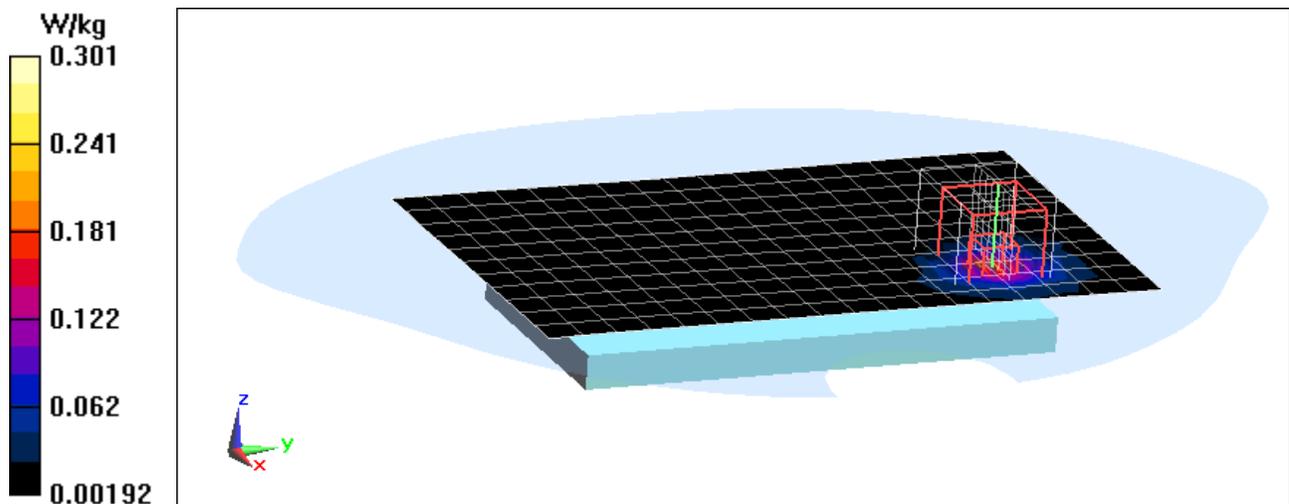
**Area Scan (12x19x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

**Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 4.516 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.573 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.125 W/kg**



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: ZNFLS885; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 885-3**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5680 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.109 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.214$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-29-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(3.62, 3.62, 3.62); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.6 GHz, Body SAR, Ch 136, 6 Mbps, Back Side**

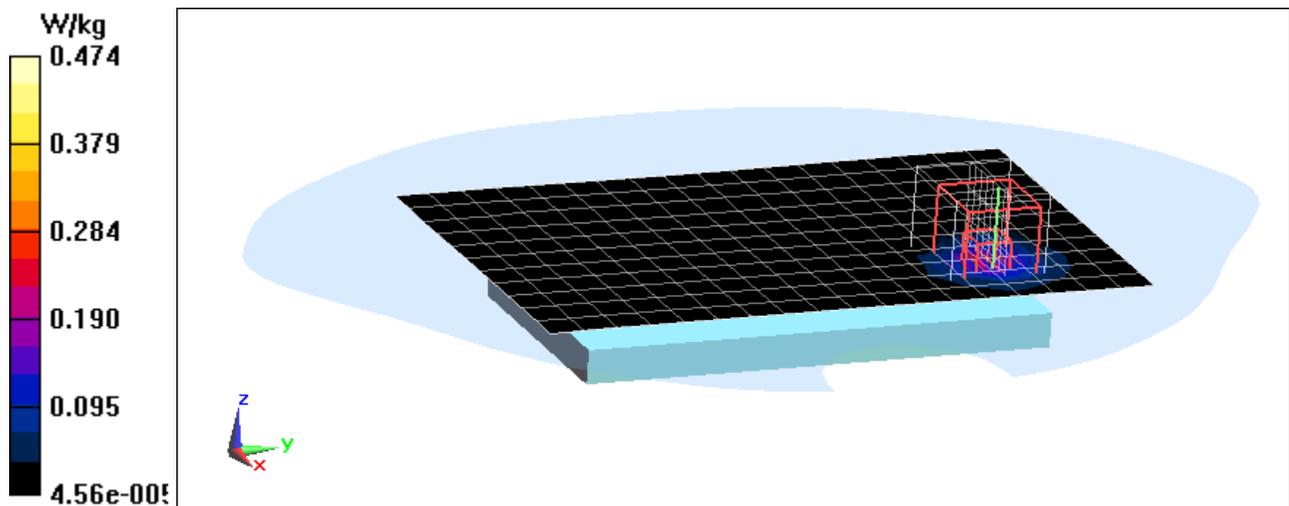
**Area Scan (12x19x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

**Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 5.890 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.947 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.196 W/kg**



## APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d132**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.901$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(9.34, 9.34, 9.34); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 835 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

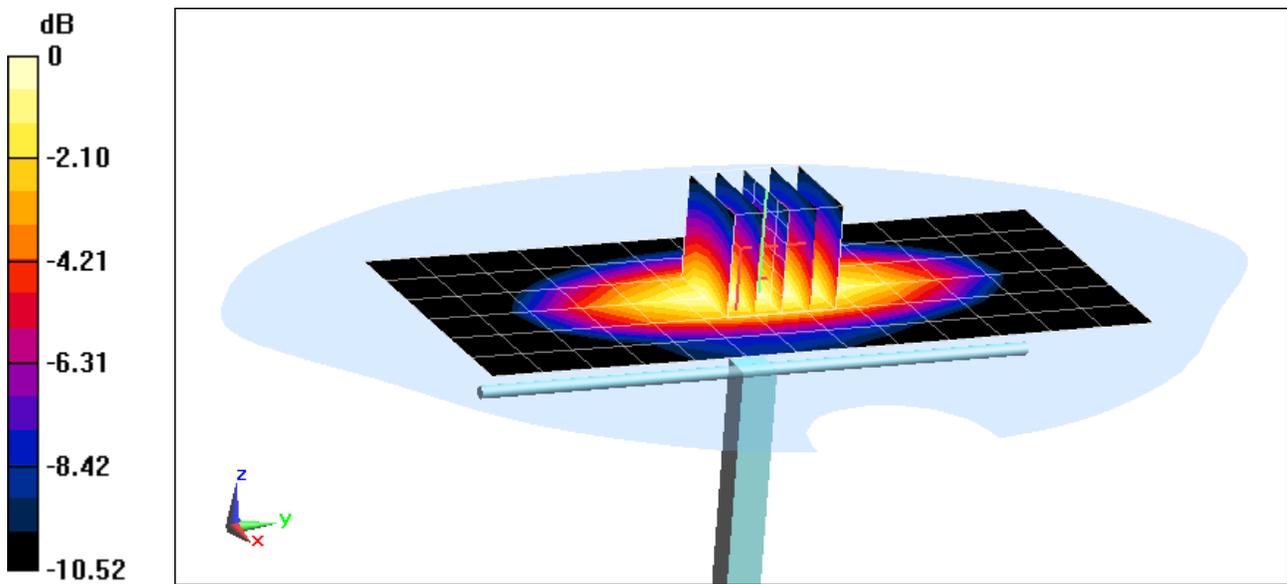
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.985 W/kg**

Deviation = 7.07%



0 dB = 1.06 W/kg = 0.25 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.433 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.961$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 1900 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

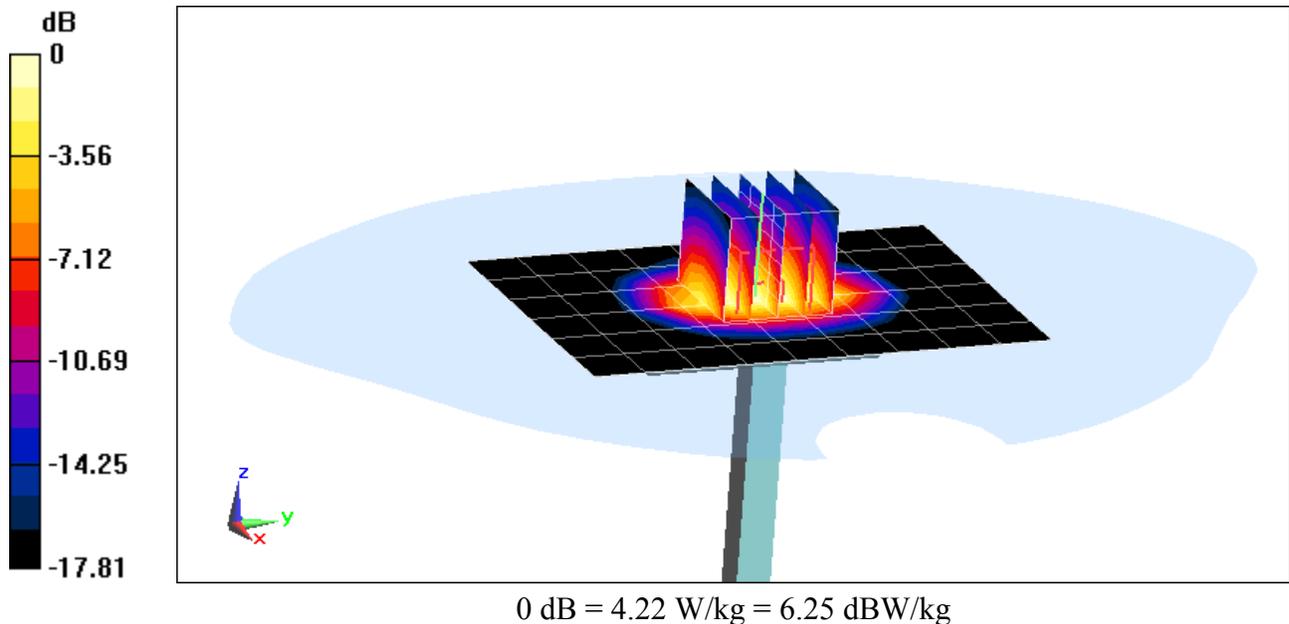
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.03 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.76 W/kg**

Deviation = -6.93%



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 2450 Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.729 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.407$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-30-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;  
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 2450 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (8x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

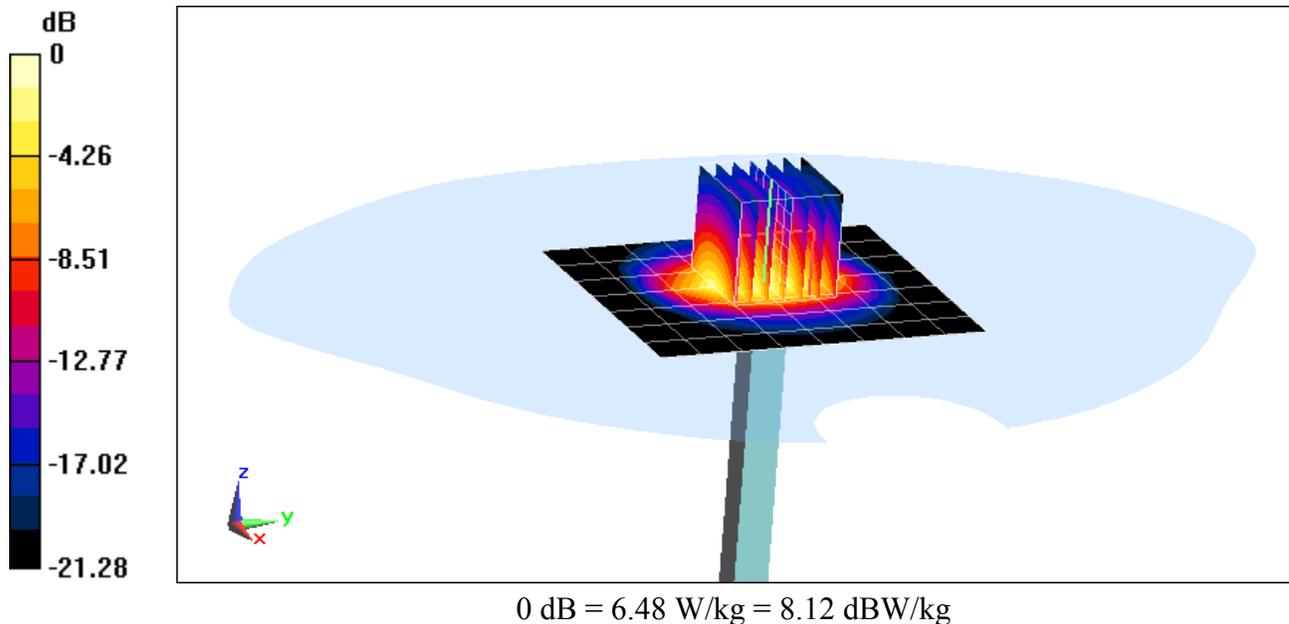
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.85 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.98 W/kg**

Deviation = -3.86%



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1071**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2600 Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.892 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.886$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-30-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 2600 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (8x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

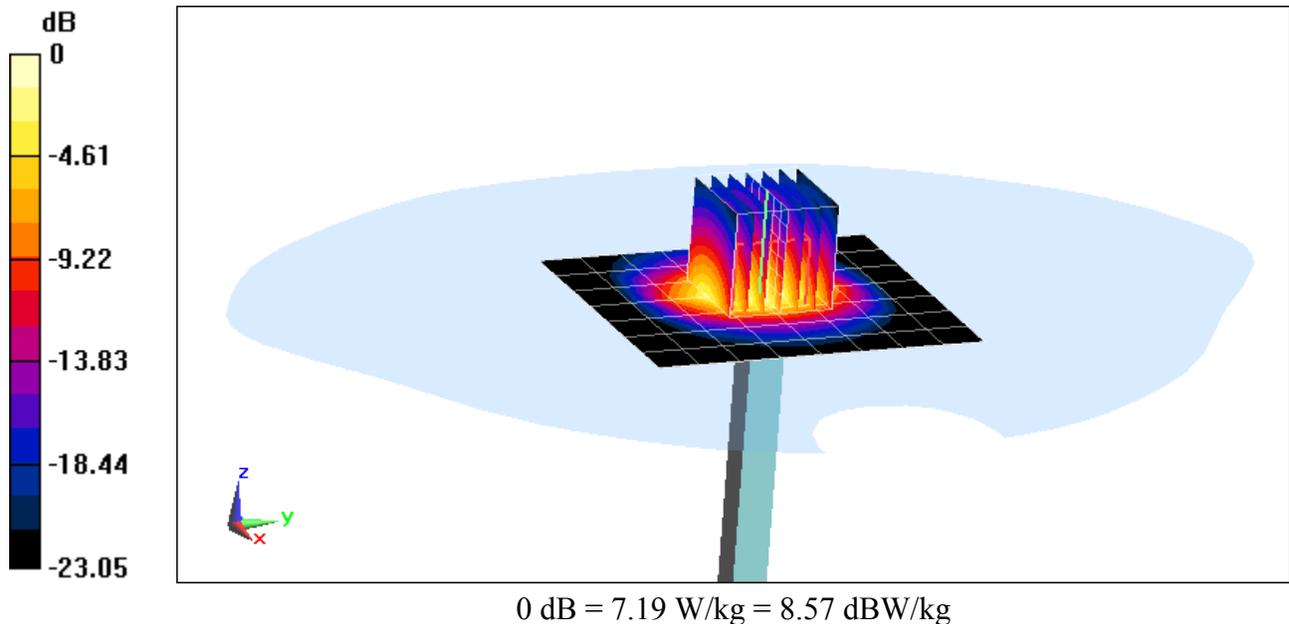
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.48 W/kg**

Deviation = -3.18%



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.72 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.532$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 5200 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

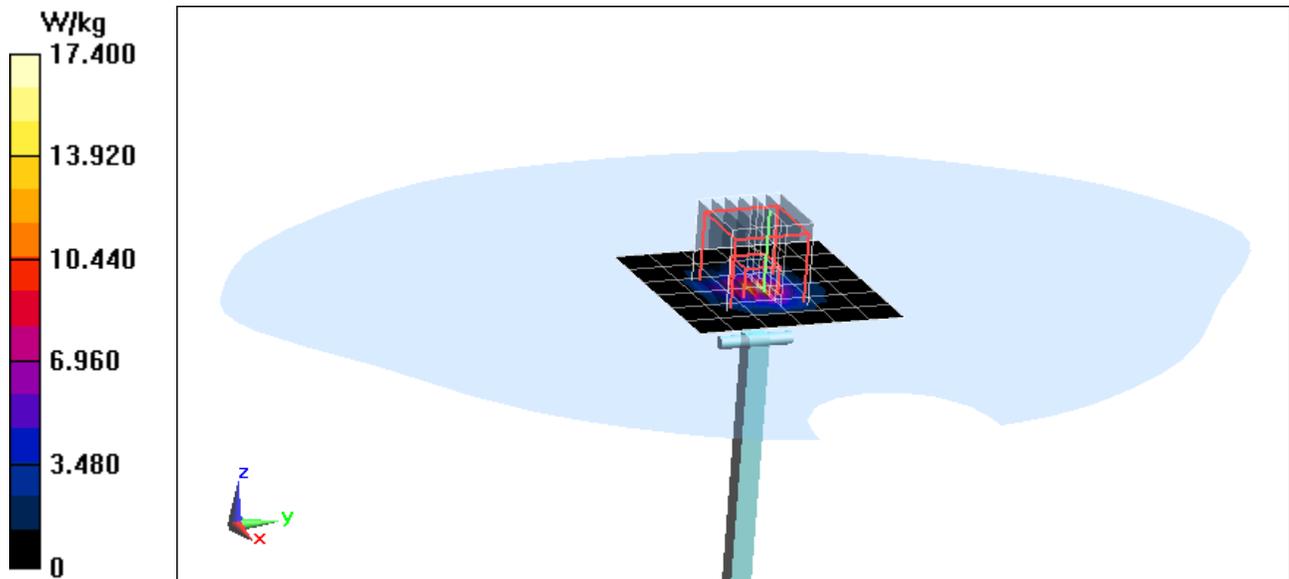
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.45 W/kg**

Deviation = -4.49%



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 5300 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.827 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.388$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 5300 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

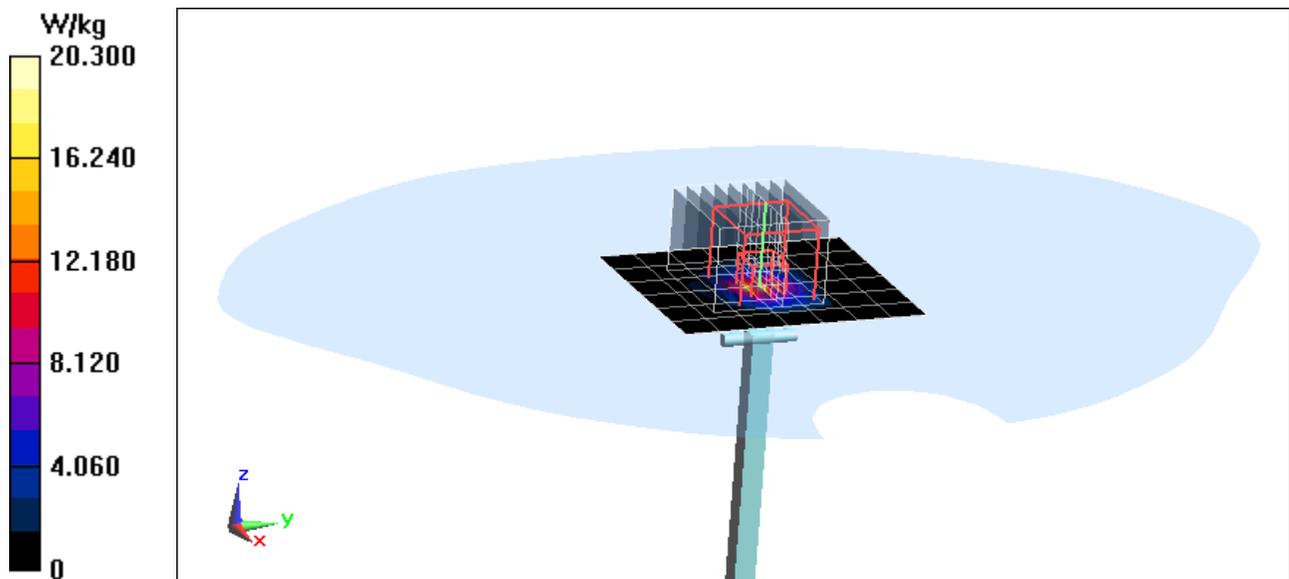
**Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.17 W/kg**

Deviation = -1.57%



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 5600 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.147 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.987$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.37, 4.37, 4.37); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 5600 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

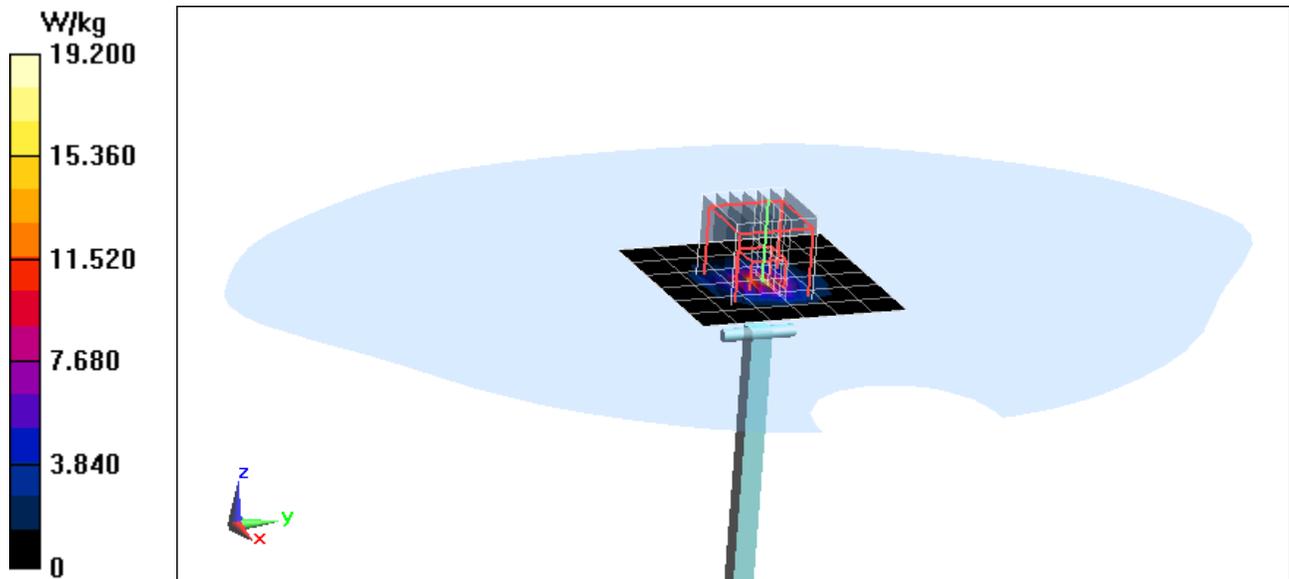
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg**

Deviation = -5.99%



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.362 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.723$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 5800 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

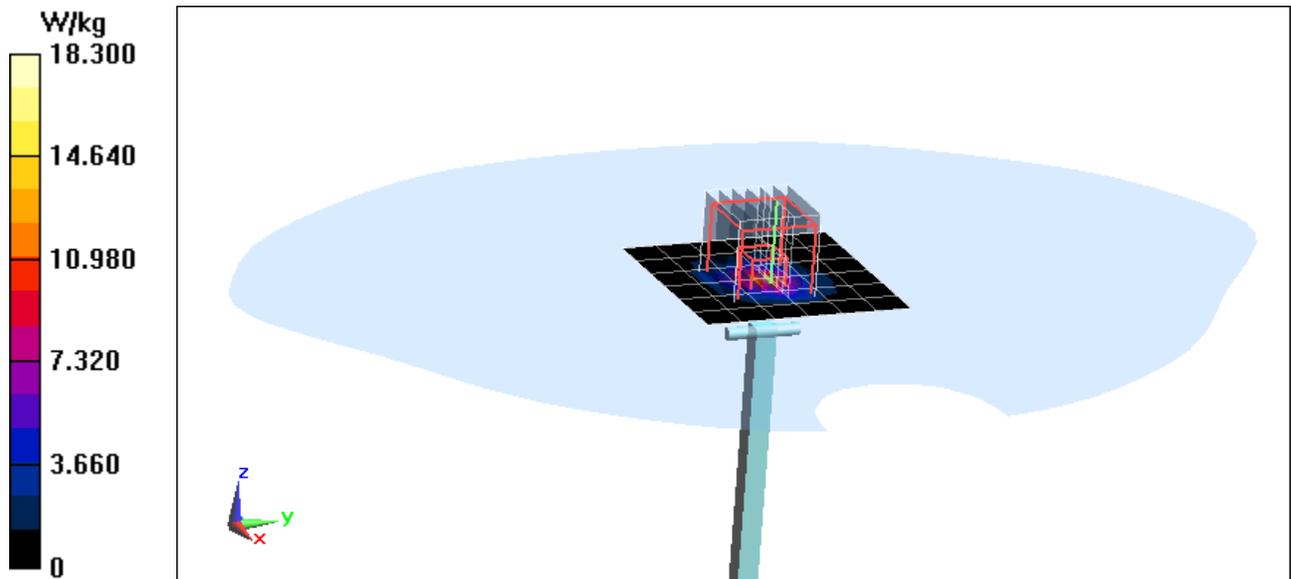
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.44 W/kg**

Deviation = -6.18%



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d132**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.012 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.122$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 835 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

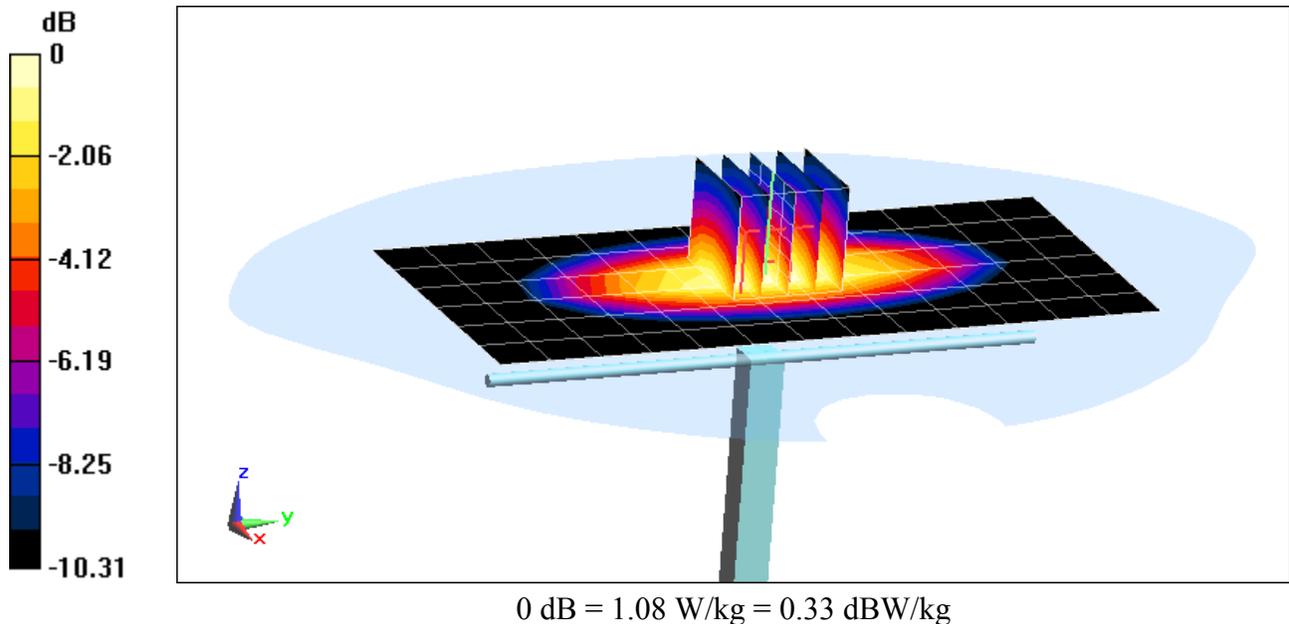
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.998 W/kg**

Deviation = 7.20%



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body, Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.545 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.424$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(6.54, 6.54, 6.54); Calibrated: 1/29/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/22/2014

Phantom: ELI left; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1202

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 1900 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

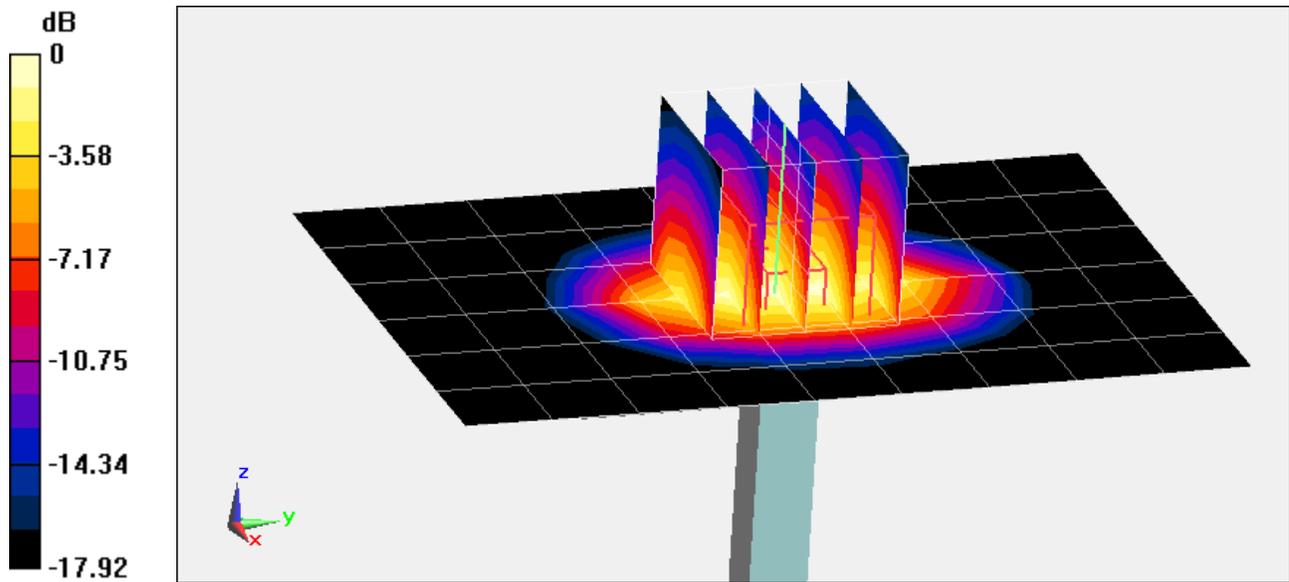
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.35 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.97 W/kg**

Deviation = -1.98%



0 dB = 4.44 W/kg = 6.47 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.032 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.97$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 2450 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (8x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

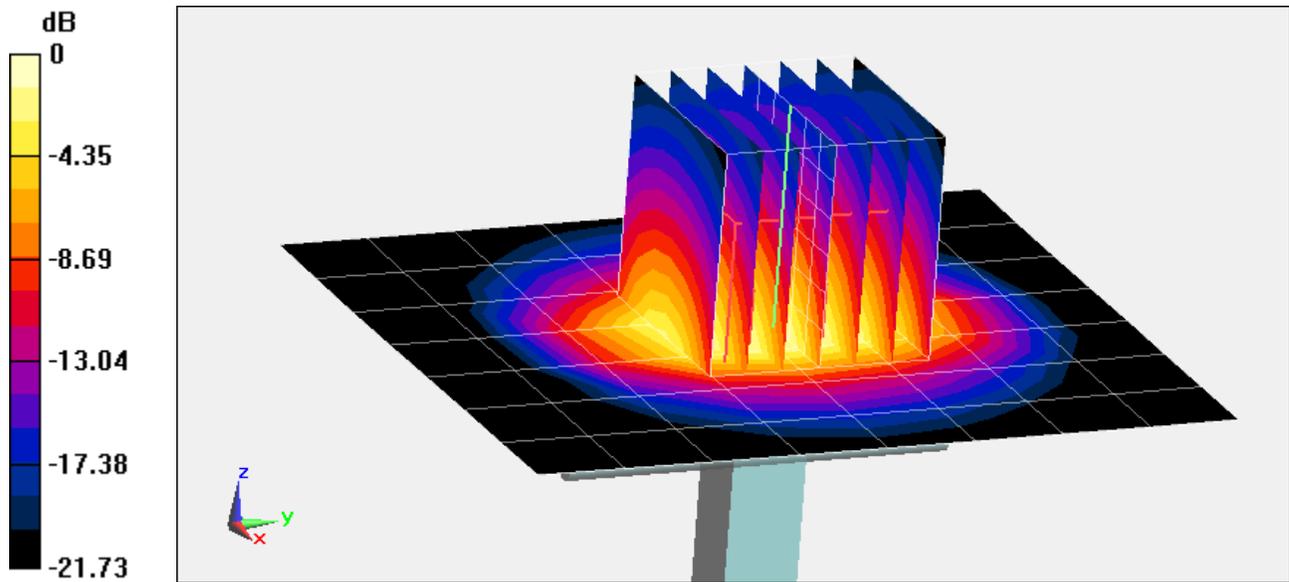
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.9 W/kg**

Deviation = -0.81%



0 dB = 6.49 W/kg = 8.12 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1071**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 2600 Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.236 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.413$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-21-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(3.91, 3.91, 3.91); Calibrated: 2/25/2014;  
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/26/2014

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP-1158

Measurement SW: DASYS2, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 2600 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (8x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

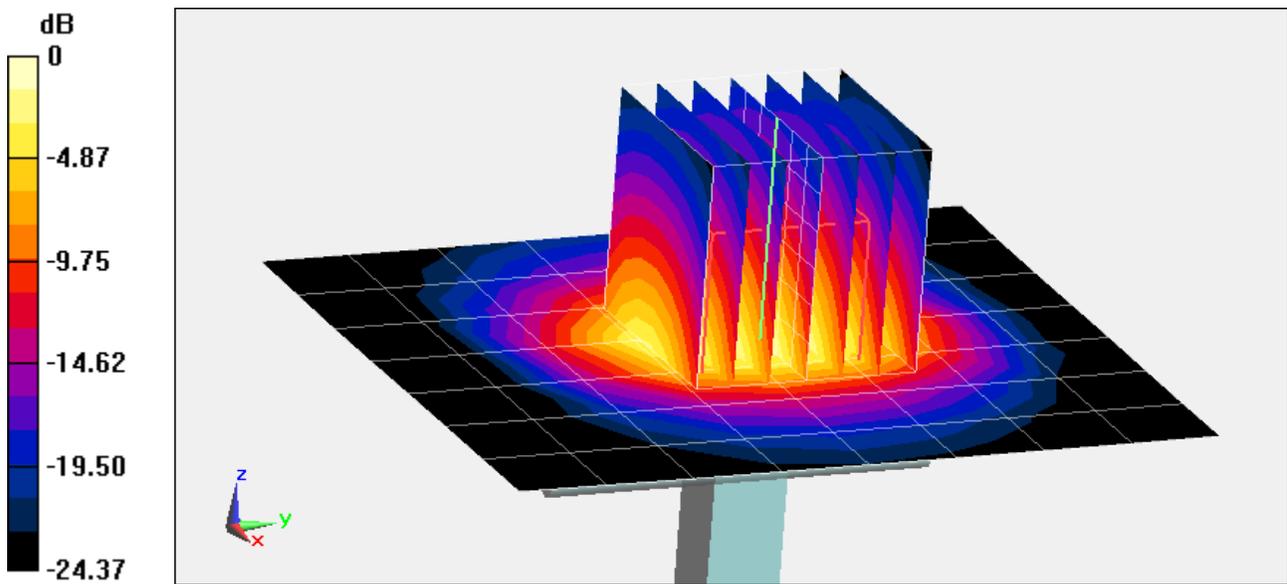
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.79 W/kg**

Deviation = 3.95%



0 dB = 7.63 W/kg = 8.83 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 5 GHz Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.157 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.534$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-29-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;  
Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 5200 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

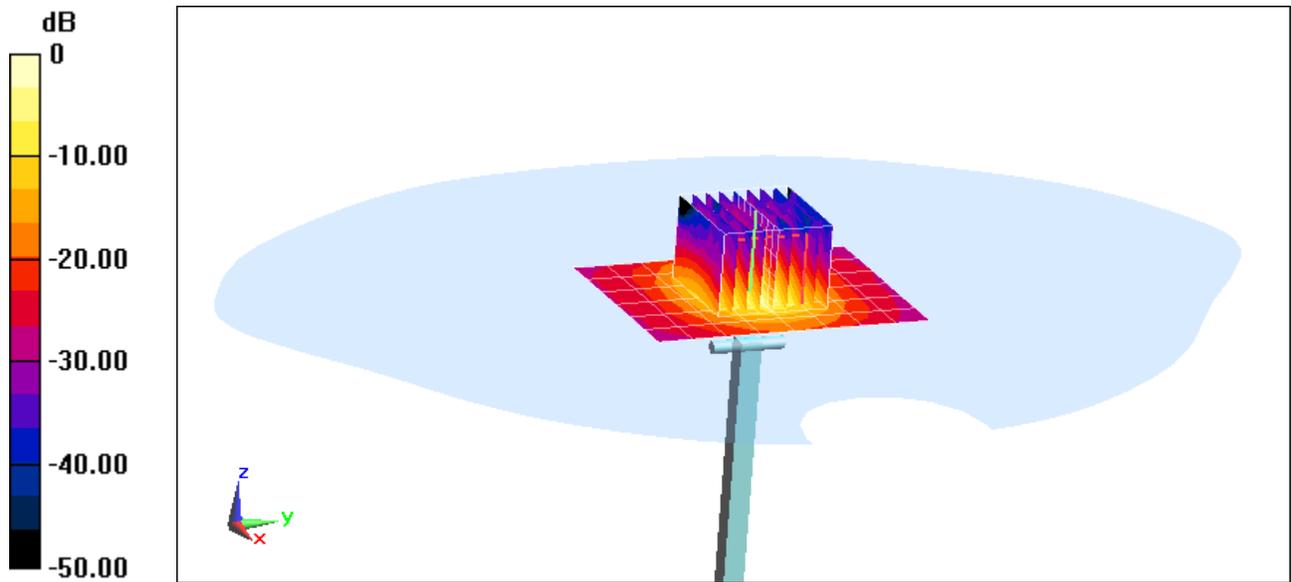
**Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.42 W/kg**

Deviation = 2.20%



0 dB = 18.8 W/kg = 12.74 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 5300 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.342 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.954$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-29-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 5300 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

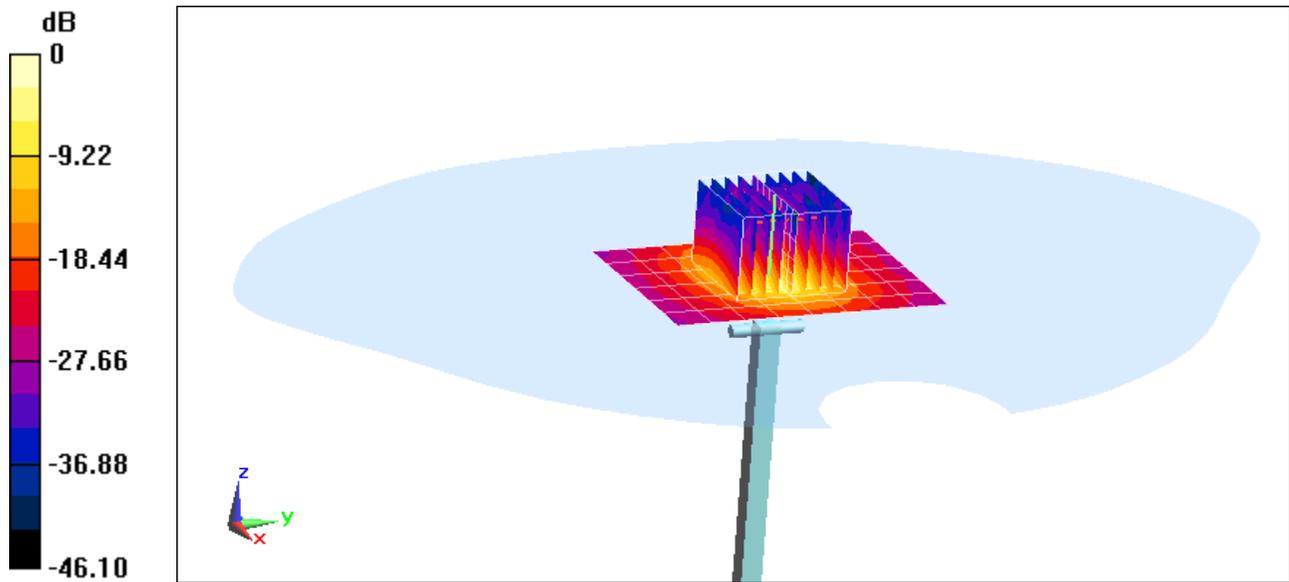
**Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.64 W/kg**

Deviation = 2.28%



0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.97 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 5600 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.992 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.098$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-29-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(3.62, 3.62, 3.62); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 5600 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

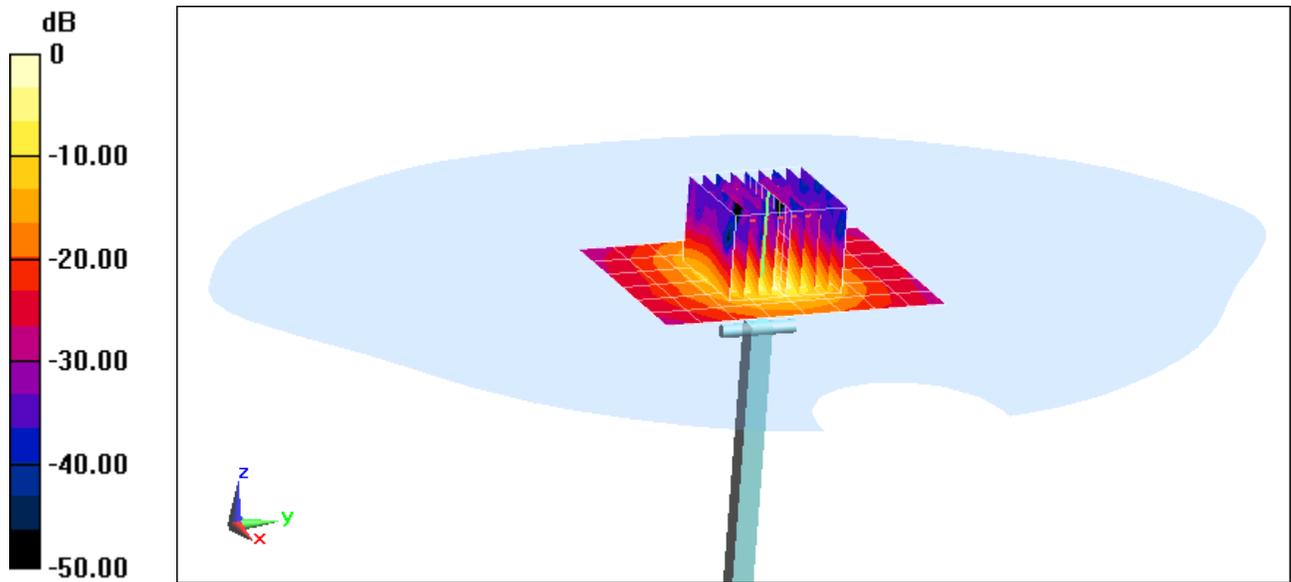
**Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.09 W/kg**

Deviation = 4.66%



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg

# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

**DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body, Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.248 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.494$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 04-29-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4, 4, 4); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## 5800 MHz System Verification

**Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

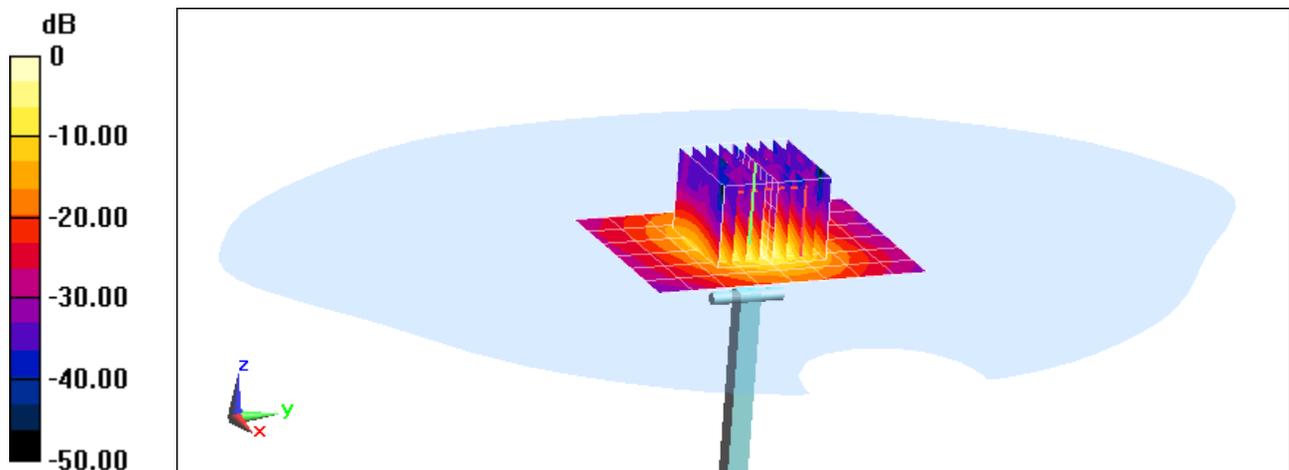
**Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.34 W/kg**

Deviation = 0.69%



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg

## APPENDIX C: PROBE CALIBRATION



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d132\_Jan14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d132**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **January 22, 2014**

CC  
2/15/14 ✓

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Jeton Kastrati</b>	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: January 22, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.7
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	15 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.6 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>9.20 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.54 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>6.02 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.6 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>9.31 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>6.08 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 $\Omega$ - 1.4 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 32.9 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.0 $\Omega$ - 2.9 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.4 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.389 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 22, 2011

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 22.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d132**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, $d=15$ mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

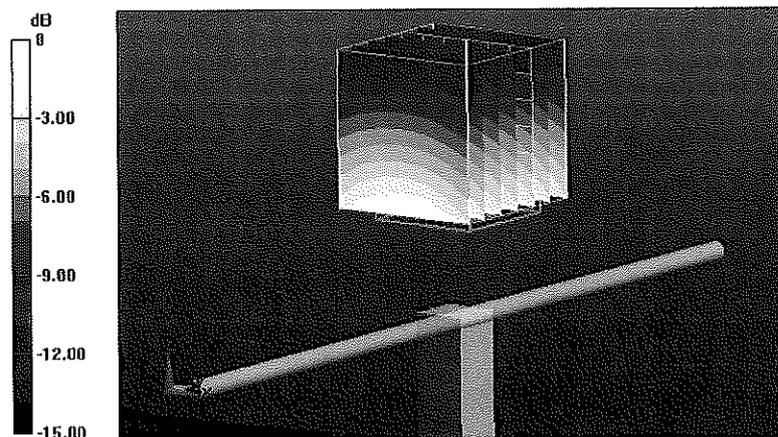
Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 58.681 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.56 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.77 W/kg



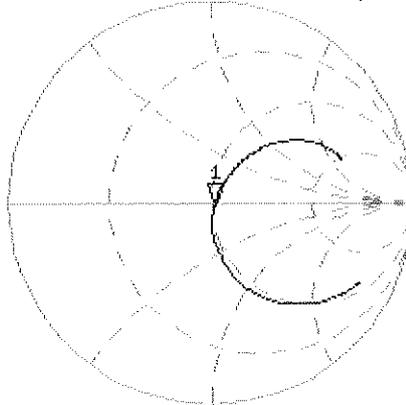
0 dB = 2.77 W/kg = 4.42 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

22 Jan 2014 12:03:00

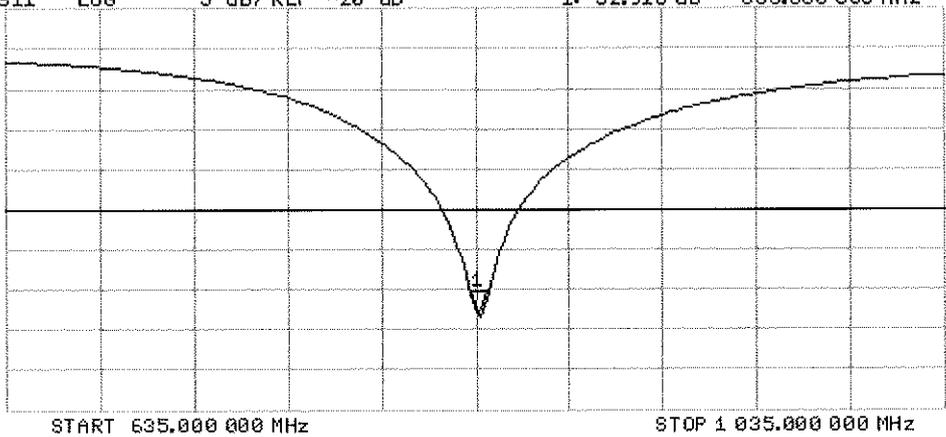
[CH1] S11 1 U FS 1: 51.861  $\Omega$  -1.3574  $\Omega$  140.42 pF 835.000 000 MHz

\*  
Del  
CA  
Avg  
16  
H1d



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -32.916 dB 835.000 000 MHz

CA  
Avg  
16  
H1d



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 20.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d132**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.007$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

### **Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

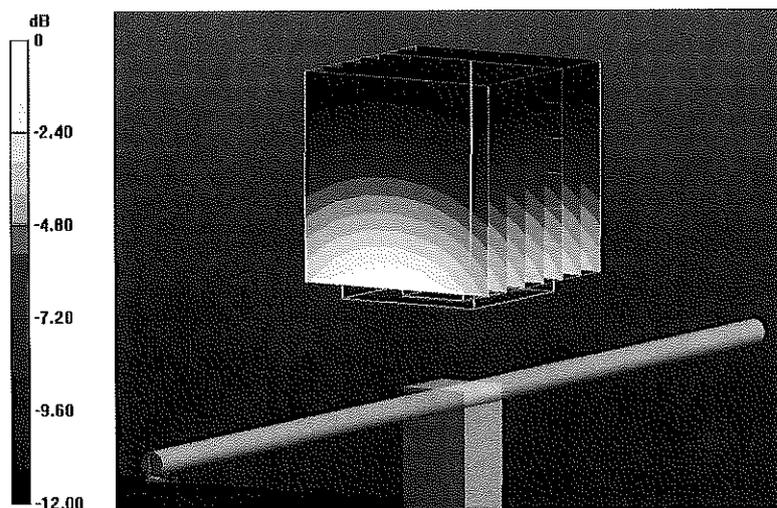
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.687 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



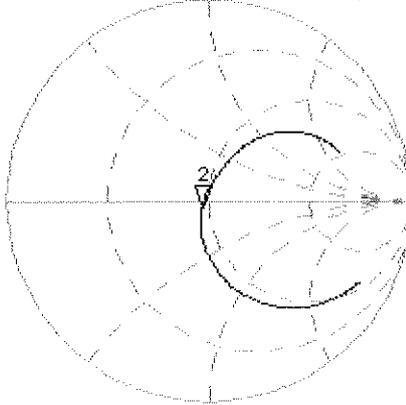
0 dB = 2.79 W/kg = 4.46 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

20 Jan 2014 10:35:09

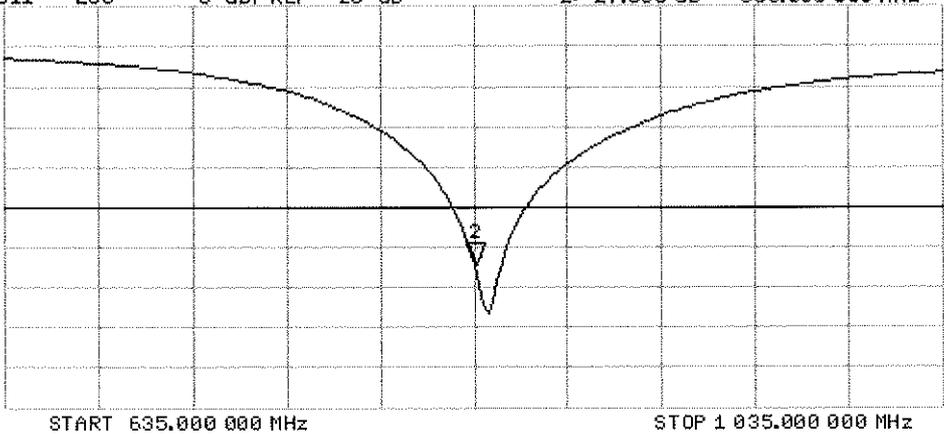
CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 46.990  $\Omega$  -2.8711  $\Omega$  66.388 pF 835.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1  
CA  
Avg  
16  
H1d



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 21-27.356 dB 835.000 000 MHz

CA  
Avg  
16  
H1d





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d149\_Jul13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d149**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **July 22, 2013**

*✓  
KOK  
8/19/13*

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	<b>Name</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Signature</b>
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrali	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 22, 2013

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.7
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.9 $\pm$ 6 %	1.36 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>40.4 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.3 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	53.4 $\pm$ 6 %	1.49 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>40.5 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.6 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9 $\Omega$ + 6.0 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.8 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 $\Omega$ + 6.4 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.196 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 11, 2011

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 22.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d149**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.36$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

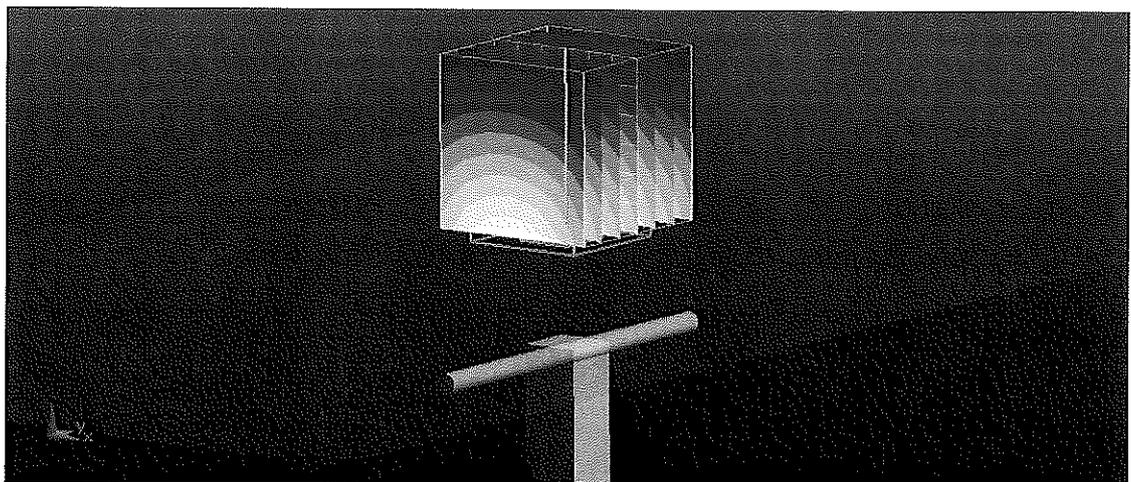
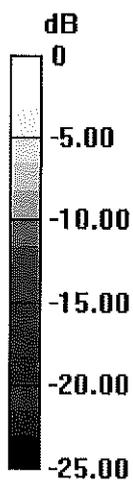
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.173 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg



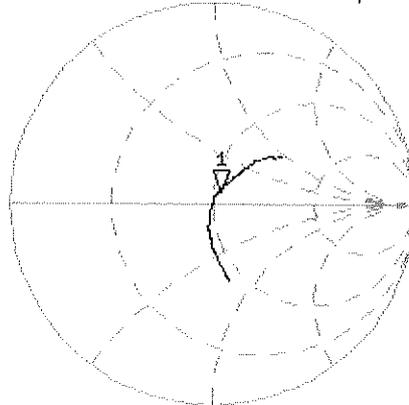
0 dB = 12.4 W/kg = 10.93 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

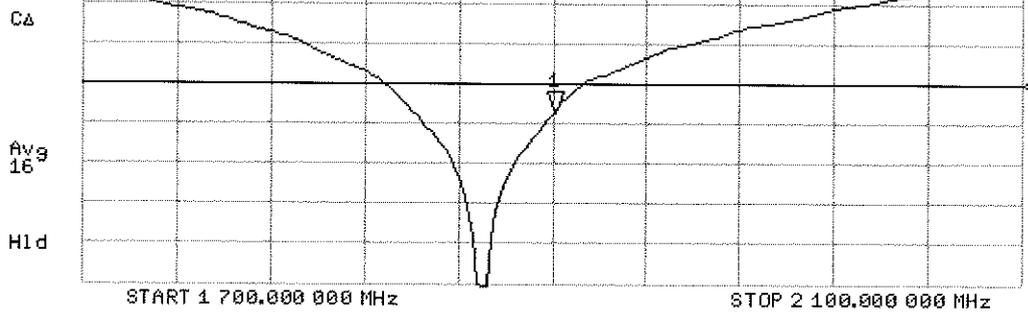
22 Jul 2013 11:59:34

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 52.941  $\Omega$  6.0059  $\Omega$  503.09  $\rho H$  1 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1  
CA  
Avg  
16  
H1d



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-23.758 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d149**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

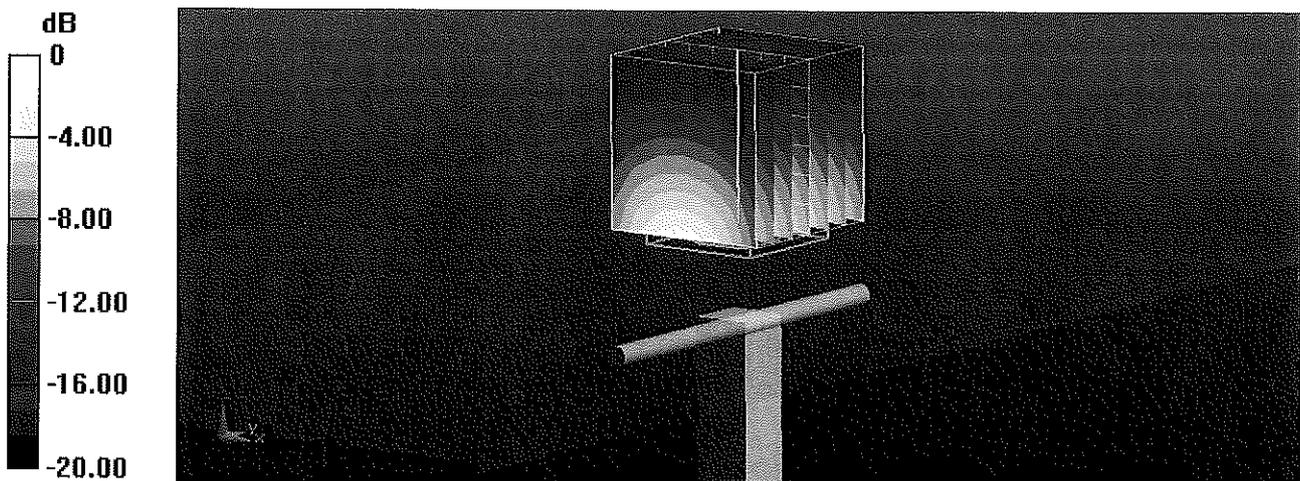
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.173 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg



0 dB = 12.6 W/kg = 11.00 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

22 Jul 2013 11:32:14

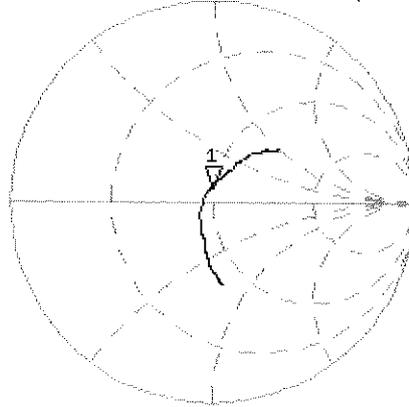
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 48.525  $\Omega$  6.3906  $\Omega$  535.32  $\mu$ H 1 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1

CA

Avg  
16

H1d

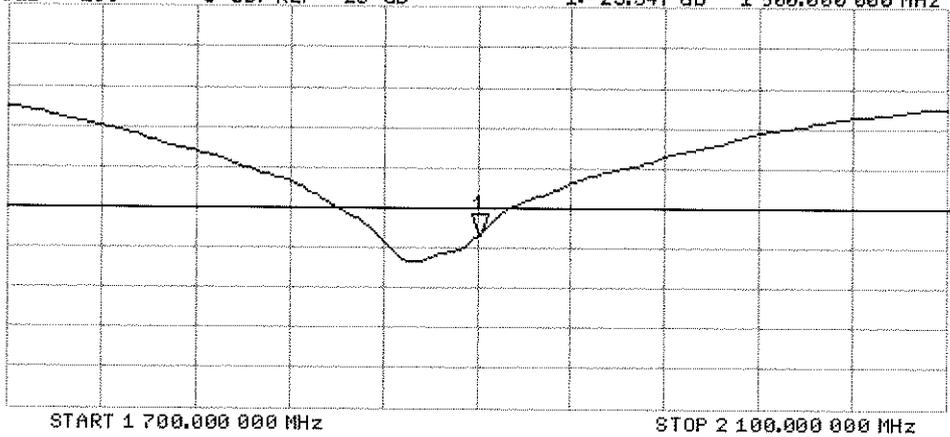


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-23.547 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16

H1d





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-797\_Jan14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 797**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **January 21, 2014**

*CC ✓  
2/5/14*

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Israe El-Naouq</b>	Function <b>Laboratory Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	<b>Katja Pokovic</b>	<b>Technical Manager</b>	

Issued: January 21, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.7
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.7 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>51.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>24.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.3 ± 6 %	2.04 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>49.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.86 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.5 \Omega + 3.2 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.7 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.0 \Omega + 4.9 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.2 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.151 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 24, 2006

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 797**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.86$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

### **Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

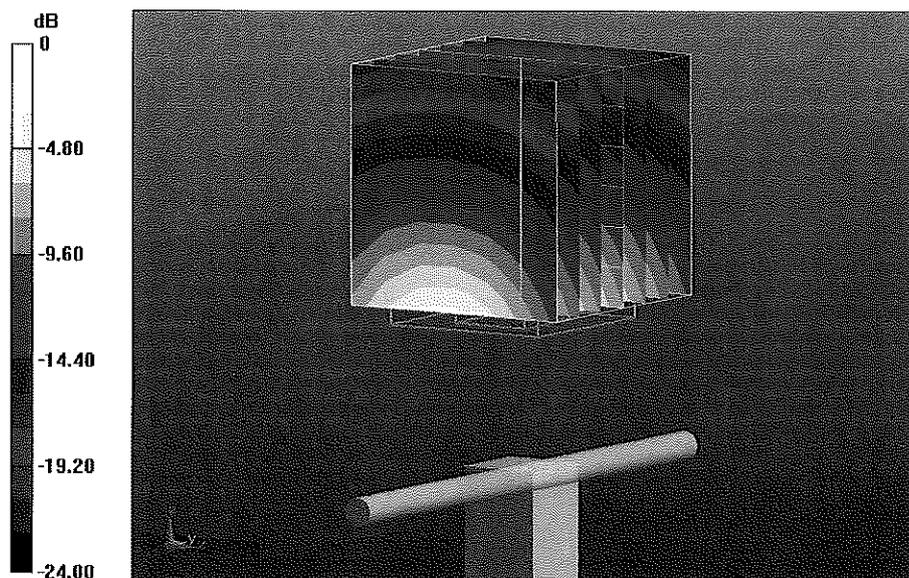
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.151 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg



0 dB = 16.9 W/kg = 12.28 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

21 Jan 2014 11:31:52

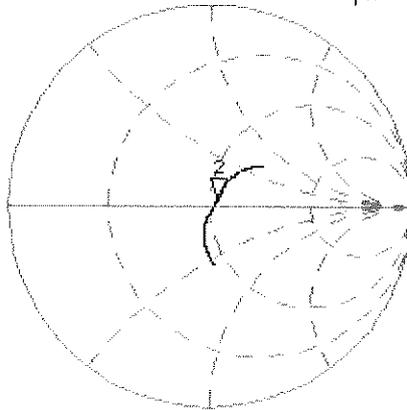
CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 53.512  $\Delta$  3.2285  $\Delta$  209.73 pH 2 450.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1

CA

Avg  
16

H1d

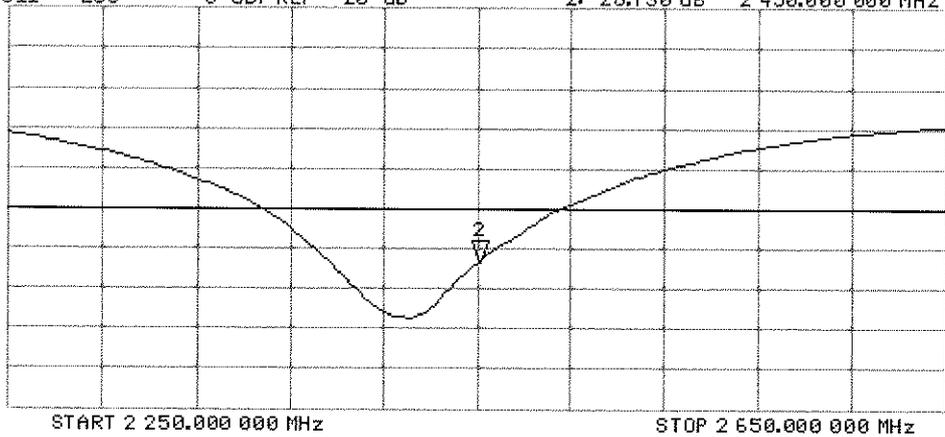


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2:-26.730 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16

H1d



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 797**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.04$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

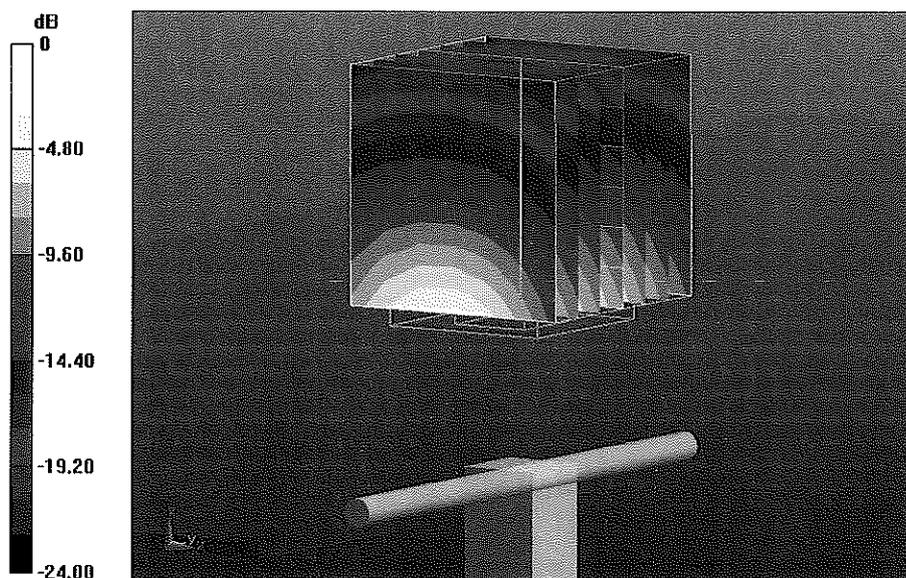
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.709 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.86 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



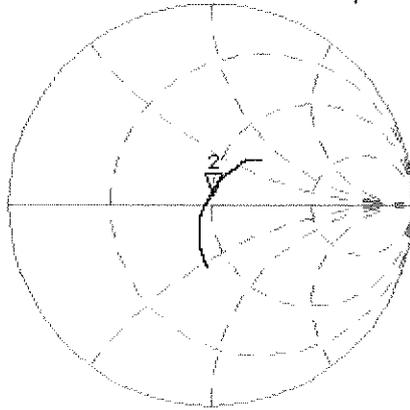
0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 12.25 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

21 Jan 2014 11:31:29

CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 49.994  $\Omega$  4.9258  $\Omega$  319.98  $\mu\text{H}$  2 450.000 000 MHz

\*  
De l  
CA



Avg  
16

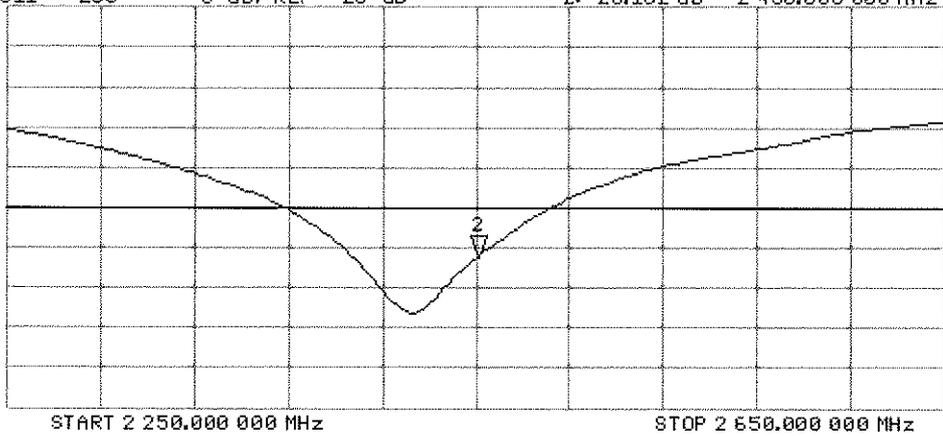
H1 d

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2:-26.162 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16

H1 d





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D2600V2-1071\_Nov13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2600V2 - SN: 1071**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **November 15, 2013**

VCC  
1/12/14

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:	Name Israe El-Naouq	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 15, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.1 $\pm$ 6 %	2.01 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>56.6 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>25.3 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	51.7 $\pm$ 6 %	2.20 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>55.7 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>24.8 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.1 $\Omega$ - 4.7 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.4 $\Omega$ - 3.8 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.2 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 17, 2013

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.11.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1071**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.01$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

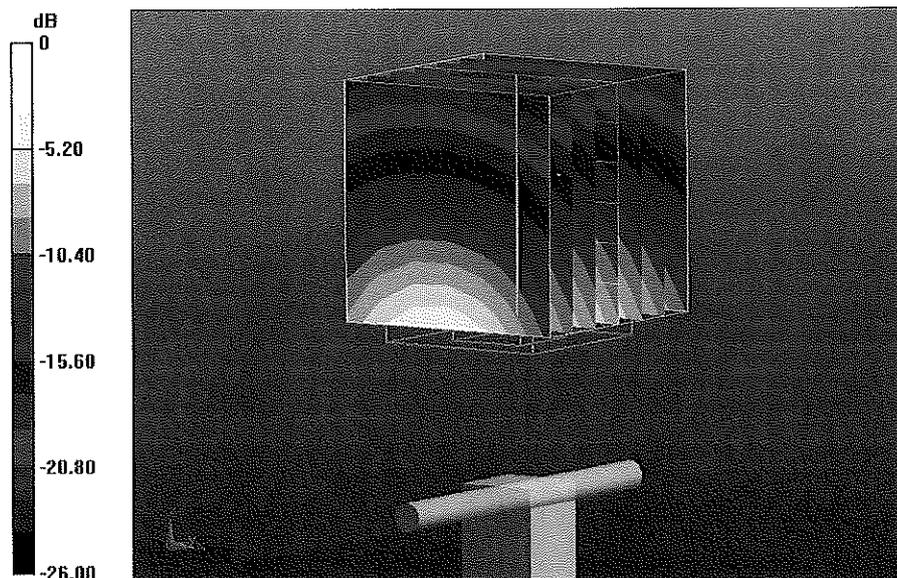
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.749 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



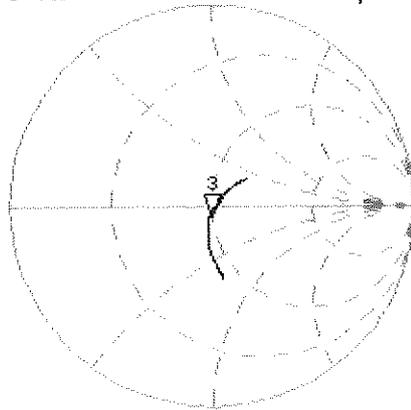
0 dB = 18.5 W/kg = 12.67 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

15 Nov 2013 14:17:24

CH1 S11 1 U FS 3: 49.098  $\Delta$  -4.6816  $\Delta$  13.075 pF 2 600.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1  
CA



Avg  
16

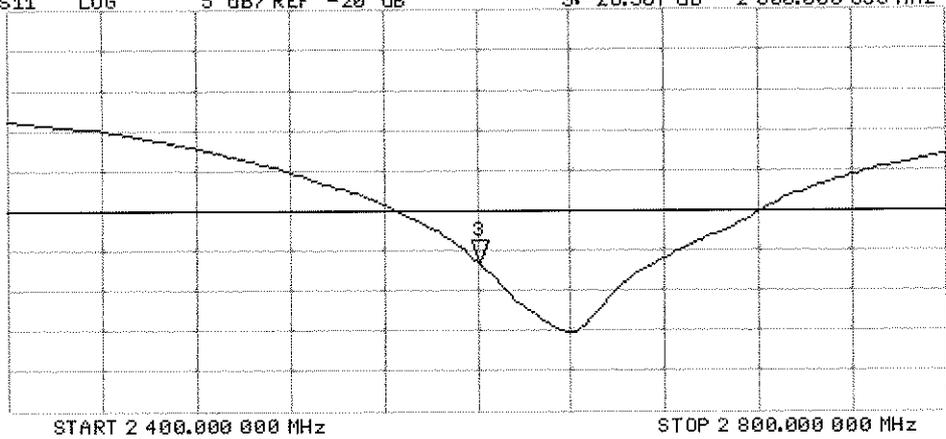
H1d

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 3: -26.367 dB 2 600.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16

H1d



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 15.11.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1071**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.2$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

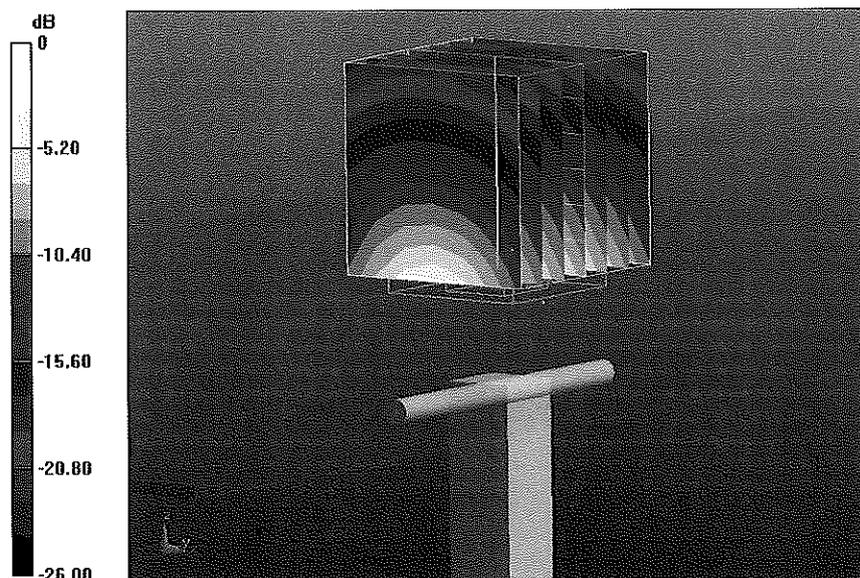
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.915 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg



0 dB = 18.7 W/kg = 12.72 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

15 Nov 2013 14:33:25

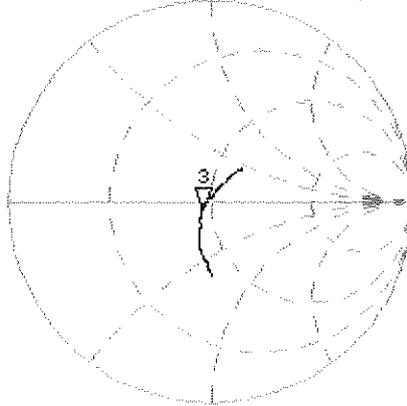
[CH1] S11 1 U FS 3: 45.449  $\Omega$  -3.7500  $\Omega$  16.324  $\mu\text{F}$  2 500.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1

CA

Avg  
16

H1d

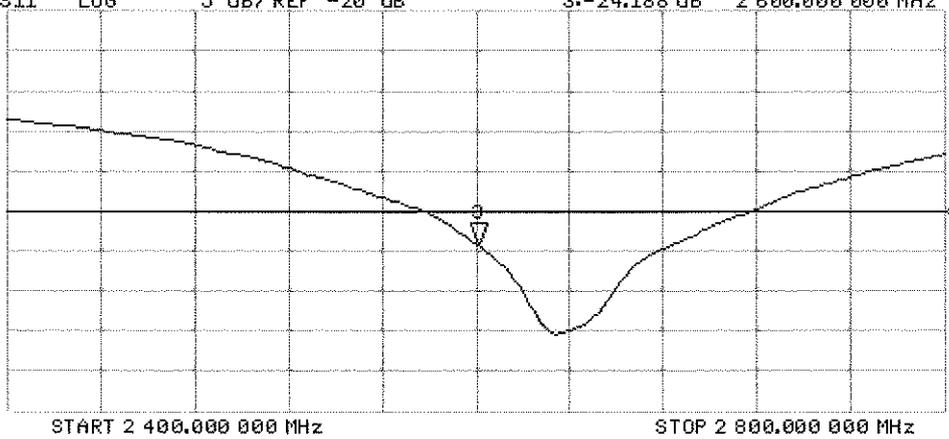


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 3: -24.188 dB 2 500.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16

H1d





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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1057\_Jan14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1057**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz**

Calibration date: **January 27, 2014**

CC  
2/5/14 ✓

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-13 (No. EX3-3503_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by: **Israe El-Naouq**      Name: **Israe El-Naouq**      Function: **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Kalja Pokovic**      Name: **Kalja Pokovic**      Technical Manager

Signature: *Israe El-Naouq*

Signature: *Kalja Pokovic*

Issued: January 27, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"
- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.7
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
<b>Frequency</b>	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.0 ± 6 %	4.45 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.85 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>78.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>83.0 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.74 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>84.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>24.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	4.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>83.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	5.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.00 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>79.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.3 ± 6 %	5.44 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>75.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.2 ± 6 %	5.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.79 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>77.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.8 ± 6 %	5.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.96 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>79.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.6 ± 6 %	5.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>80.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.3 ± 6 %	6.23 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.48 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>74.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>20.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	43.1 $\Omega$ - 4.6 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.5 $\Omega$ - 1.3 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.1 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 $\Omega$ - 2.5 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 $\Omega$ - 5.7 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 $\Omega$ - 3.1 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.5 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.4 $\Omega$ - 7.7 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.2 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.6 $\Omega$ - 3.0 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 30.3 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.8 $\Omega$ - 3.9 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.4 $\Omega$ - 2.5 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 $\Omega$ - 0.7 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 32.5 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.186 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 27, 2006

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 27.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1057**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.45$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.54$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.74$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.86$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.07$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.52, 5.52, 5.52); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.497 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.444 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.807 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

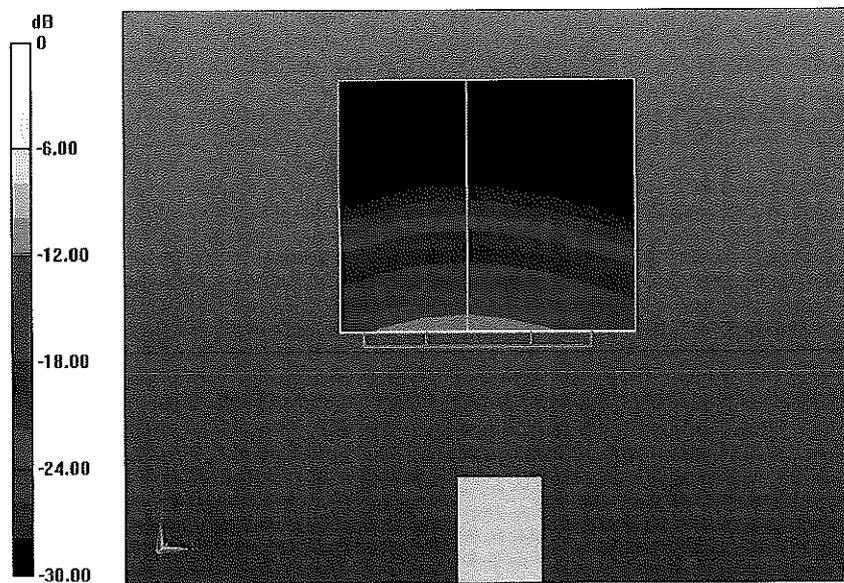
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 63.194 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg**

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 60.646 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg



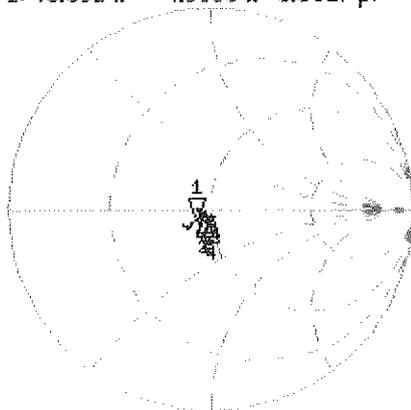
0 dB = 19.9 W/kg = 12.99 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

27 Jan 2014 17:12:04

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 43.092  $\Omega$  -4.5938  $\Omega$  6.5627 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1  
Cor  
Avg  
16  
H1d

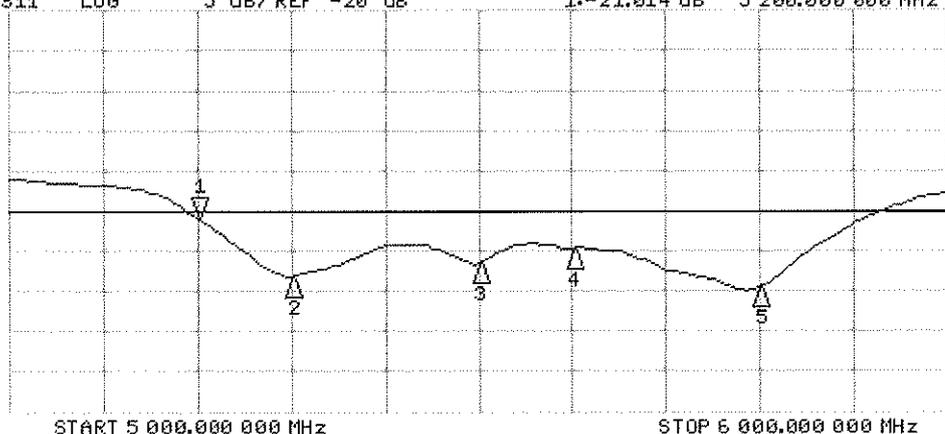


CH1 Markers

- 2: 46.475  $\Omega$   
-1.3496  $\Omega$   
5.30000 GHz
- 3: 46.150  $\Omega$   
-2.5078  $\Omega$   
5.50000 GHz
- 4: 48.900  $\Omega$   
-5.6932  $\Omega$   
5.60000 GHz
- 5: 48.734  $\Omega$   
-3.0762  $\Omega$   
5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -21.014 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

De1  
Cor  
Avg  
16  
H1d



CH2 Markers

- 2: -20.145 dB  
5.30000 GHz
- 3: -26.415 dB  
5.50000 GHz
- 4: -24.640 dB  
5.60000 GHz
- 5: -29.464 dB  
5.80000 GHz

## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1057**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.44$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.57$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.84$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.98$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.23$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.809 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.585 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.364 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 57.864 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

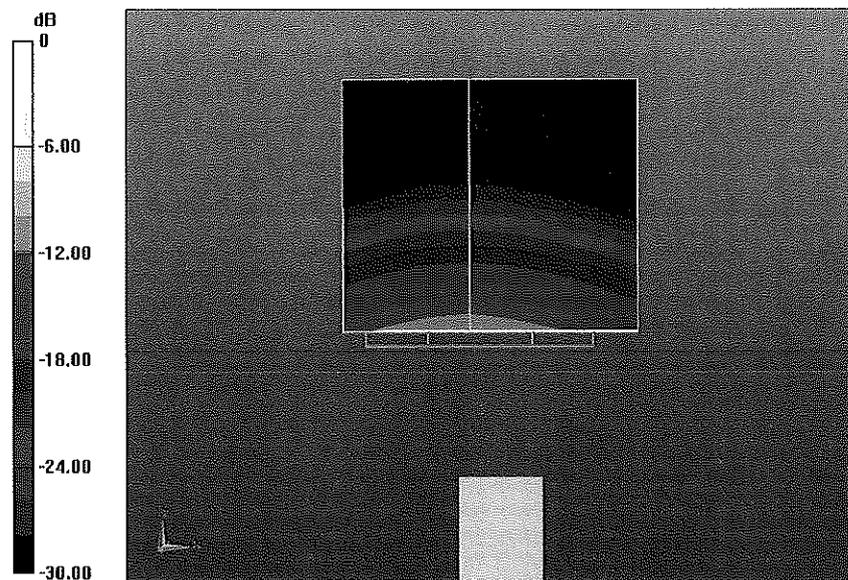
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 54.817 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg



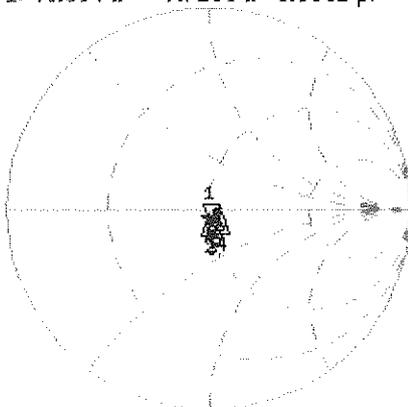
0 dB = 18.8 W/kg = 12.74 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

24 Jan 2014 15:50:22

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 49.354  $\Omega$  -7.7188  $\Omega$  3.9652 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

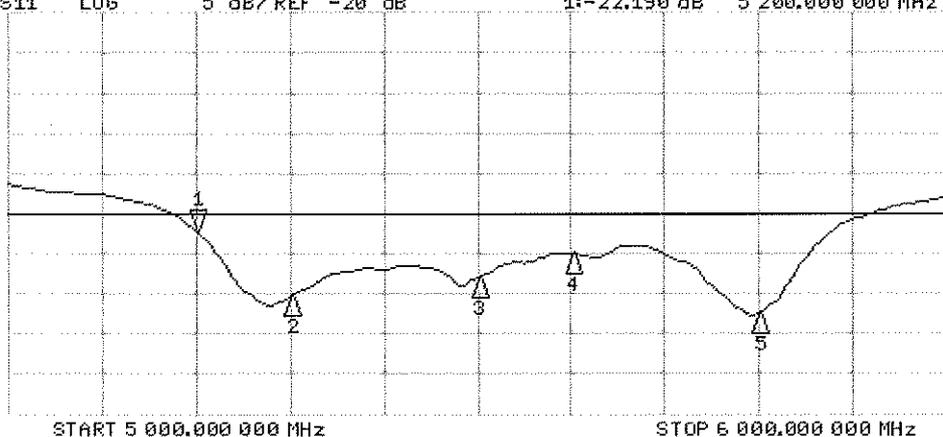
\*  
De1  
Cor  
Avg  
16  
H1d



CH1 Markers  
2: 49.559  $\Omega$   
-3.0176  $\Omega$   
5.30000 GHz  
3: 50.793  $\Omega$   
-3.9160  $\Omega$   
5.50000 GHz  
4: 55.393  $\Omega$   
-2.5176  $\Omega$   
5.60000 GHz  
5: 52.320  $\Omega$   
-716.80 m $\Omega$   
5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 L06 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -22.190 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Cor  
Avg  
16  
H1d



CH2 Markers  
2: -30.277 dB  
5.30000 GHz  
3: -28.039 dB  
5.50000 GHz  
4: -24.950 dB  
5.60000 GHz  
5: -32.401 dB  
5.80000 GHz