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SAR EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:

LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc. 1000 Sylvan Avenue Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632 United States Date of Testing: 11/21/16 - 11/28/16 Test Site/Location: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA Document Serial No.: 0Y1612011858-R1.ZNF

FCC ID: ZNFL63BL

APPLICANT: LG ELECTRONICS MOBILECOMM U.S.A., INC.

DUT Type: Portable Handset Application Type: Certification
FCC Rule Part(s): CFR §2.1093
Model: LGL63BL

Additional Model(s): LG-L63BL, L63BL, LG-M327, LGM327, M327

Equipment	Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	SAR			
Class	Baild & Wode	TXTTEQUETOY	1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body- Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)	10 gm Phablet (W/kg)
PCE	GSWGPRS/EDGE 850	824.20 - 848.80 MHz	0.44	0.62	0.58	N/A
PCE	GSWGPRS/EDGE 1900	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz	0.42	0.56	0.56	N/A
PCE	UMTS 850	826.40 - 846.60 MHz	0.42	0.51	0.51	N/A
PCE	UMTS 1750	1712.4 - 1752.6 MHz	0.32	0.78	0.78	N/A
PCE	UMTS 1900	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz	0.42	0.49	0.49	N/A
PCE	LTE Band 12	699.7 - 715.3 MHz	0.38	0.45	0.49	N/A
PCE	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	824.7 - 848.3 MHz	0.54	0.59	0.59	N/A
PCE	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz	0.31	0.60	0.60	N/A
PCE	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1850.7 - 1909.3 MHz	0.44	0.50	0.54	N/A
DTS	2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	1.09	0.70	0.70	N/A
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz		N/	Ά	
Simultaneous	SAR per KDB 690783 D01v0)1r03:	1.53	1.48	1.48	N/A

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 0Y1612011858-R1.ZNF) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in Section 1.7 of this report; for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.









The SAR Tick is an initiative of the Mobile Manufacturers Forum (MMF). While a product may be considered eligible, use of the SAR Tick logo requires an agreement with the MMF. Further details can be obtained by emailing: sartick@mmfai.info.

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

1.1 Device Overview

Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
GSWGPRS/EDGE 850	Voice/Data	824.20 - 848.80 MHz
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Voice/Data	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz
UMTS 850	Voice/Data	826.40 - 846.60 MHz
UMTS 1750	Voice/Data	1712.4 - 1752.6 MHz
UMTS 1900	Voice/Data	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz
LTE Band 12	Voice/Data	699.7 - 715.3 MHz
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Voice/Data	824.7 - 848.3 MHz
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Voice/Data	1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Voice/Data	1850.7 - 1909.3 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Voice/Data	2412 - 2462 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz

1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

This device uses a fixed level power reduction mechanism for WLAN operations during voice or VoIP held to ear scenarios. Per FCC Guidance, the held-to-ear exposure conditions were evaluated at reduced power according to the head SAR positions described in IEEE 1528-2013. Detailed descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the operational description. Additional test procedure information and data verifying the WLAN power reduction mechanism is included in Appendix G.

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

A. Maximum Output Powers

Mode / Band		Voice (dBm)	Burst Average GMSK (dBm)		Burst Average 8-PSK (dBm)					
		1 TX Slot	1 TX Slots	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots	1 TX Slots	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Maximum	33.2	33.2	31.7	30.2	28.2	26.7	26.7	25.2	24.7
	Nominal	32.7	32.7	31.2	29.7	27.7	26.2	26.2	24.7	24.2
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Maximum	30.2	30.2	28.7	27.2	25.2	25.2	25.2	24.2	23.2
	Nominal	29.7	29.7	28.2	26.7	24.7	24.7	24.7	23.7	22.7

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				e (dBm)
Mode / Band	3GPP	3GPP	3GPP	
	WCDMA	HSDPA	HSUPA	
LINATE Donal E (OFO NALLE)	Maximum	23.7	23.7	23.7
UMTS Band 5 (850 MHz)	Nominal	23.2	23.2	23.2
LINATE Dand 4 (1750 MILE)	Maximum	23.7	23.7	23.7
UMTS Band 4 (1750 MHz)	Nominal	23.2	23.2	23.2
LINATE Date of 2 (1000 NALLE)	Maximum	23.7	23.7	23.7
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz)	Nominal	23.2	23.2	23.2

Mode / Band	Modulated Average (dBm)	
LTE Band 12	Maximum	24.2
LIE Ballu 12	Nominal	23.7
1.T.C. 1.5.(C. II)	Maximum	24.2
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Nominal	23.7
LTE David 4 (ANAIC)	Maximum	23.7
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Nominal	23.2
LTE D. 12 (DCC)	Maximum	23.7
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Nominal	23.2

Mode / Band	Modulated Average (dBm)			
		Ch. 1	Ch. 2-10	Ch. 11
IEEE 002 11b /2 4 CU-)	Maximum	18.0	19.0	18.0
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Nominal	17.0	18.0	17.0
IEEE 903 11~ (3.4 CH2)	Maximum	15.5	16.5	15.5
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Nominal	14.5	15.5	14.5
LEEE 003 11 m /3 4 CU-)	Maximum	14.5	15.5	14.5
IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Nominal	13.5	14.5	13.5

Mode / Ban	d	Modulated Average (dBm)
Bluetooth	Maximum	9.5
(1 Mbps)	Nominal	8.5
Bluetooth	Maximum	9.0
(2 Mbps)	Nominal	8.0
Bluetooth	Maximum	8.0
(3 Mbps)	Nominal	7.0
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	1.0
BluetOOth LE	Nominal	0.0

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B. Reduced Output Powers

Mode / Band	Modulated Average (dBm)			
	Ch. 1	Ch. 2-10	Ch. 11	
IFFF 902 11b (2.4 CH-)	Maximum	14.5	15.5	14.5
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz) Nominal		13.5	14.5	13.5
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	14.5	15.5	14.5
1EEE 802.11g (2.4 GHZ)	Nominal	13.5	14.5	13.5

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 x 5 cm. A diagram showing the location of the device antennas can be found in Appendix F. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is > 160 mm and <200 mm, it is considered a "phablet.".

Table 1-1
Device Edges/Sides for SAR Testing

Device Euges/oldes for OAR Testing							
Mode	Back	Front	Тор	Bottom	Right	Left	
GPRS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
GPRS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
UMTS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
UMTS 1750	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
UMTS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
LTE Band 12	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for wireless router SAR or phablet SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 Section III and FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device are included in the filing.

1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 1-1 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.

Path 1	1	Path 2
GSM GPRS/EDGE UMTS LTE		BT/WIFI
L		'

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Figure 1-1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 procedures.

> Table 1-2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head	Body-Worn Accessory		Phablet	Notes
1	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
2	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	
3	UMTS + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
4	UMTS + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	
5	LTE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6	LTE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	
7	GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	Yes	*-Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
8	GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes*	N/A	Yes	*-Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.

- 1. 2.4 GHz WLAN, and 2.4 GHz Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.
- 4. Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct are included in the above table.
- This device supports VOLTE.
- This device supports VOWIFI.

1.6 **Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations**

(A) WIFI/BT

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel\ (mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Dist\ (mm)}*\sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, body-worn Bluetooth SAR was not required; [(9/10)* √2.480] = 1.4< 3.0. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 10g SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel\ (mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Dist\ (mm)}*\sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 7.5$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, phablet Bluetooth SAR was not required; [(9/5)*√2.480] = 2.8< 7.5. Per KDB

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Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160mm and less than 200mm. Phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. Phablet SAR was not evaluated for 2.4 GHz WLAN operations since wireless router 1g SAR was < 1.2 W/kg.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v03r01.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160mm and less than 200mm. Therefore, phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. Phablet SAR was not evaluated for licensed technologies since wireless router 1g SAR was < 1.2 W/kg for these modes.

1.7 **Guidance Applied**

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01, D05v02r04, D06v02r01 (2G/3G/4G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, D02v01r02 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 (Phablet Procedures)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS Testing Considerations)

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1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples with identical hardware were used to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

	Head Serial Number	Body-Worn Serial Number	Hotspot Serial Number
GSWGPRS/EDGE 850	08161	08211	08211
GSMGPRS/EDGE 1900	08211	08161	08161
UMTS 850	08211	08161	08161
UMTS 1750	08161	08211	08211
UMTS 1900	08161	08161	08161
LTE Band 12	08187	08187	08187
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	08138	08187	08187
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	08138	08138	08138
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	08138	08187	08187
2.4 GHz WLAN	10407	10407	10407

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2 LTE INFORMATION

	LTE Information				
FCC ID	ZNFL63BL				
Form Factor		Portable Handset			
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 12 (699.7 - 715.3 MHz)				
	LTE Band 5 (Cell) (824.7 - 848.3 MHz)				
	LTE Ba	nd 4 (AWS) (1710.7 - 1754	I.3 MHz)		
	LTE Ba	ind 2 (PCS) (1850.7 - 1909	.3 MHz)		
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 12: 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz				
		(Cell): 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 I			
		4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10			
	LTE Band 2 (PCS): 1.4	MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10	MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz		
Channel Numbers and Frequencies (MHz)	Low	Mid	High		
LTE Band 12: 1.4 MHz	699.7 (23017)	707.5 (23095)	715.3 (23173)		
LTE Band 12: 3 MHz	700.5 (23025)	707.5 (23095)	714.5 (23165)		
LTE Band 12: 5 MHz	701.5 (23035)	707.5 (23095)	713.5 (23155)		
LTE Band 12: 10 MHz	704 (23060)	707.5 (23095)	711 (23130)		
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 1.4 MHz	824.7 (20407)	836.5 (20525)	848.3 (20643)		
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 3 MHz	825.5 (20415)	836.5 (20525)	847.5 (20635)		
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 5 MHz	826.5 (20425)	836.5 (20525)	846.5 (20625)		
LTE Band 5 (Cell): 10 MHz	829 (20450)	836.5 (20525)	844 (20600)		
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 1.4 MHz	1710.7 (19957)	1732.5 (20175)	1754.3 (20393)		
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 3 MHz	1711.5 (19965)	1732.5 (20175)	1753.5 (20385)		
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 5 MHz	1712.5 (19975)	1732.5 (20175)	1752.5 (20375)		
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 10 MHz	1715 (20000)	1732.5 (20175)	1750 (20350)		
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 15 MHz	1717.5 (20000)	1732.5 (20175)	1747.5 (20325)		
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 20 MHz	1720 (20050)	1732.5 (20175)	1745 (20300)		
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 1.4 MHz	1850.7 (18607)	1880 (18900)	1909.3 (19193)		
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 3 MHz	1851.5 (18615)	` '			
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 5 MHz	` '	1880 (18900)	1908.5 (19185)		
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 10 MHz	1852.5 (18625)	1880 (18900)	1907.5 (19175)		
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 15 MHz	1855 (18650) 1857.5 (18675)	1880 (18900)	1905 (19150)		
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 13 MHz	, ,	1880 (18900)	1902.5 (19125)		
	1860 (18700)	1880 (18900)	1900 (19100)		
UE Category Modulations Supported in UL		QPSK, 16QAM			
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101		QI SIN, TOQAINI			
section 6.2.3~6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be		YES			
provided)					
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	YES				
LTE Release 10 Additional Information	This device does not support full CA features on 3GPP Release 10. All uplink communications are identical to the Release 8 Specifications. The following LTE Release 10 Features are not supported: Carrier Aggregation, Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, elCIC, WIFI Offloading, MDH, eMBMS, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.				

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3

INTRODUCTION

The FCC and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [22]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

3.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 3-1).

Equation 3-1 SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m) ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)

E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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4 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

- The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
- The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.

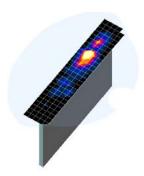


Figure 4-1 Sample SAR Area Scan

- 3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

Table 4-1
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

	Maximum Area Scan	nesolation (min)		Minimum Zoom Scan		
Frequency	Resolution (mm) (Δx _{area} , Δy _{area})	Resolution (mm) (Δx _{zoom} , Δy _{zoom})	Uniform Grid	G	raded Grid	Volume (mm) (x,y,z)
			Δz _{zoom} (n)	Δz _{zoom} (1)*	Δz _{zoom} (n>1)*	
≤ 2 GHz	≤15	≤8	≤5	≤4	$\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
2-3 GHz	≤12	≤5	≤5	≤4	$\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥30
3-4 GHz	≤12	≤5	≤4	≤3	$\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 28
4-5 GHz	≤ 10	≤4	≤3	≤ 2.5	$\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 25
5-6 GHz	≤ 10	≤4	≤2	≤2	$\leq 1.5*\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥22

^{*}Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

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5 **DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS**

5.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 5-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (see Figure 5-1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

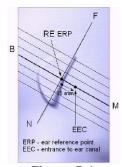


Figure 5-1 Close-Up Side view of ERP

5.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Figure 5-3). The acoustic output was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 5-2 Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

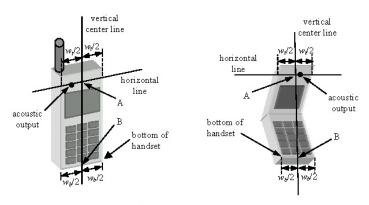


Figure 5-3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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6 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS

6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

6.2 Positioning for Cheek

1. The test device was positioned with the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Figure 6-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position

- The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the pinna.
- 3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the reference plane.
- 4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical was respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the device contact with the ear, the device was rotated about the NF line until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 6-2).

6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the "Cheek Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15degrees.
- 2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the handset touched the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. In this situation, the tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6-2).

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Figure 6-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15^o
Tilt Position

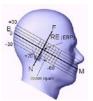


Figure 6-3
Side view w/ relevant markings

6.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones. Per IEEE 1528-2013, a rotated SAM phantom is necessary to allow probe access to such regions. Both SAM heads of the TwinSAM-Chin20 are rotated 20 degrees around the NF line. Each head can be removed from the table for emptying and cleaning.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR location identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

6.5 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for

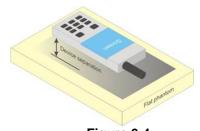


Figure 6-4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

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Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.6 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

6.7 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

6.8 Phablet Configurations

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 150 mm or an overall diagonal dimension > 160 mm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the phablets procedures outlined in KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance. A device marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. In addition to the normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures required for handsets, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna <=25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with the phantom, for 10-g SAR. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

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7 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 7-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS					
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)			
Peak Spatial Average SAR _{Head}	1.6	8.0			
Whole Body SAR	0.08	0.4			
Peak Spatial Average SAR Hands, Feet, Ankle, Wrists, etc.	4.0	20			

- The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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8 FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements for licensed transmitters are performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, when SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as *reported* SAR. The highest *reported* SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01, certain transmission modes within a frequency band and wireless mode evaluated for SAR are defined as primary modes. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. When the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is \leq 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode, scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode, is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurements are not required for the secondary mode. These criteria are referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, SAR measurements are additionally required for the secondary mode.

8.3 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 "3G SAR Measurement Procedures."

The device is placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test are evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device is tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviates by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements are repeated.

8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

8.4.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

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8.4.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

8.4.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCH_n, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

8.4.4 SAR Measurements with Rel 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

8.4.5 SAR Measurements with Rel 6 HSUPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing.

8.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes are tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04 publication. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 or Anritsu MT8820C simulators are used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.5.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.5.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

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8.5.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.5.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04:

- a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
- c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
- d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to ½ dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is <1.45 W/kg.

8.6 **SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters**

The normal network operating configurations of 802.11 transmitters are not suitable for SAR measurements. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for more details.

8.6.1 **General Device Setup**

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

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8.6.2 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured. When 10-g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

8.6.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed. When 10-g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

8.6.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

When the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

8.6.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order IEEE 802.11 mode. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels

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having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements (See Section 8.6.4). When 10-g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

8.6.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required. When 10-g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

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9 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

9.1 **GSM Conducted Powers**

		M	aximum E	Burst-Aver	aged Out	put Powe	r				
		Voice		GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	
	128	33.18	33.18	31.64	29.76	28.18	26.50	26.49	25.03	24.35	
GSM 850	190	33.17	33.05	31.60	29.71	28.20	26.58	26.31	25.15	24.21	
	251	33.10	33.12	31.59	29.75	28.13	26.58	26.37	25.10	24.29	
	512	30.12	30.20	28.67	27.00	25.16	24.97	24.83	24.16	23.03	
GSM 1900	661	30.19	30.19	28.70	26.90	25.20	24.99	24.86	24.11	22.99	
	810	30.20	30.17	28.63	26.99	25.03	25.01	24.94	24.20	22.94	

		Calculate	ed Maxim	um Fram	e-Average	ed Output	Power			
		Voice		GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)			EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
	128	24.15	24.15	25.62	25.50	25.17	17.47	20.47	20.77	21.34
GSM 850	190	24.14	24.02	25.58	25.45	25.19	17.55	20.29	20.89	21.20
	251	24.07	24.09	25.57	25.49	25.12	17.55	20.35	20.84	21.28
	512	21.09	21.17	22.65	22.74	22.15	15.94	18.81	19.90	20.02
GSM 1900	661	21.16	21.16	22.68	22.64	22.19	15.96	18.84	19.85	19.98
	810	21.17	21.14	22.61	22.73	22.02	15.98	18.92	19.94	19.93
				1						
GSM 850	Frame	23.67	23.67	25.18	25.44	24.69	17.17	20.18	20.44	21.19
GSM 1900	Avg.Targets:	20.67	20.67	22.18	22.44	21.69	15.67	18.68	19.44	19.69

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Note:

- 1. Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 2. GPRS/EDGE (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
- 3. EDGE (8-PSK) output powers were measured with MCS7 on the base station simulator. MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since investigation has shown that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation. It has been shown that MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.

GSM Class: B

GPRS Multislot class: 12 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots) EDGE Multislot class: 12 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots)

DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 9-1
Power Measurement Setup

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9.2 UMTS Conducted Powers

3GPP Release	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band [dBm]		AWS Band [dBm]			PCS Band [dBm]			3GPP MPR [dB]	
Version		Subtest	4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538	WII IX [GD]
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.60	23.66	23.68	23.70	23.68	23.67	23.63	23.68	23.68	-
99	WCDIMA	12.2 kbps AMR	23.61	23.58	23.68	23.57	23.60	23.69	23.64	23.67	23.63	-
6		Subtest 1	23.51	23.48	23.55	23.55	23.48	23.44	23.46	23.54	23.58	0
6	HSDPA	Subtest 2	23.50	23.45	23.49	23.55	23.50	23.53	23.55	23.50	23.49	0
6	ПЭРРА	Subtest 3	23.10	22.97	22.98	22.92	22.98	23.01	23.15	23.05	23.08	0.5
6		Subtest 4	23.12	23.05	22.97	22.99	22.87	23.05	23.04	23.00	23.05	0.5
6		Subtest 1	23.15	23.68	22.97	22.78	23.00	22.89	23.26	22.70	22.85	0
6		Subtest 2	21.85	22.14	22.19	21.90	22.17	22.12	21.85	22.04	21.96	2
6	HSUPA	Subtest 3	22.65	22.91	22.61	21.90	23.00	23.04	22.33	22.85	21.94	1
6		Subtest 4	21.99	22.18	22.10	21.87	22.08	22.19	22.18	22.06	21.90	2
6		Subtest 5	23.64	23.70	23.65	23.61	23.68	23.70	23.70	23.64	23.66	0

This device does not support DC-HSDPA.

It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSPA subtests may be up to 1 dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0 dB according to the chipset implementation in this model.



Figure 9-2
Power Measurement Setup

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9.3 LTE Conducted Powers

9.3.1 LTE Band 12

Table 9-1
LTE Band 12 Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

			LTE Band 12 10 MHz Bandwidth		
			Mid Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23095 (707.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]	2011 [40]	
	1	0	24.18		0
	1	25	24.05	0	0
	1	49	24.10		0
QPSK	25	0	23.11		1
	25	12	23.06	0-1	1
	25	25	23.05	0-1	1
	50	0	23.06		1
	1	0	23.10		1
	1	25	23.09	0-1	1
	1	49	23.00		1
16QAM	25	0	22.20		2
	25	12	22.05	0-2	2
	25	25	22.08	0-2	2
	50	0	22.11		2

Note: LTE Band 12 at 10 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

Table 9-2
LTE Band 12 Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 12	<u> </u>		
				5 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23035 (701.5 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23155 (713.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.04	24.06	24.01		0
	1	12	24.02	24.08	24.00	0	0
	1	24	23.98	24.06	24.03		0
QPSK	12	0	22.96	23.04	23.06		1
	12	6	22.91	23.07	23.08	0-1	1
	12	13	22.94	23.00	23.03	0-1	1
	25	0	23.14	23.01	23.12		1
	1	0	22.96	23.00	23.06		1
	1	12	23.02	23.01	23.08	0-1	1
	1	24	23.06	23.12	23.04]	1
16QAM	12	0	22.12	22.11	22.12		2
	12	6	22.13	22.12	22.16	0-2	2
	12	13	22.11	22.12	22.08] 0-2	2
	25	0	22.01	22.15	22.12	<u> </u>	2

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Table 9-3 LTE Band 12 Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

			IL Band 12 Con	ducted Powers	- 5 WITTE Dalluv	ridiii	
				LTE Band 12			
			Low Channel	3 MHz Bandwidth Mid Channel	High Channel	1	
					-		MPR [dB]
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23025	23095	23165	MPR Allowed per	
			(700.5 MHz)	(707.5 MHz)	(714.5 MHz)	3GPP [dB]	
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.01	24.05	24.15		0
	1	7	23.95	24.01	24.15	0	0
	1	14	24.06	24.08	24.14		0
QPSK	8	0	23.04	22.99	23.11		1
	8	4	23.02	22.97	23.15	0-1	1
	8	7	22.89	22.89	23.12	0-1	1
	15	0	23.02	23.03	23.12		1
	1	0	23.12	23.09	23.01		1
	1	7	23.12	22.90	23.06	0-1	1
	1	14	23.12	23.04	23.14		1
16QAM	8	0	22.09	22.12	22.01		2
	8	4	22.07	22.13	22.03	0-2	2
	8	7	22.17	22.19	22.13] 0-2	2
	15	0	22.12	22.11	21.94		2

Table 9-4 LTE Band 12 Conducted Powers -1.4 MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 12			
				1.4 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	23017 (699.7 MHz)	23095 (707.5 MHz)	23173 (715.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.91	24.06	23.94		0
	1	2	24.02	24.03	23.93		0
	1	5	24.06	23.99	23.99	0	0
QPSK	3	0	24.02	23.98	23.97] "	0
	3	2	23.94	23.94	23.91		0
	3	3	23.92	23.95	23.99		0
	6	0	22.76	23.03	22.93	0-1	1
	1	0	22.93	23.04	22.92		1
	1	2	23.14	22.92	22.99	1	1
	1	5	23.20	22.99	22.98	1	1
16QAM	3	0	23.06	23.11	22.98	0-1	1
	3	2	23.17	22.91	22.97]	1
	3	3	22.94	22.90	23.01		1
	6	0	21.95	22.11	22.03	0-2	2

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9.3.2 LTE Band 5 (Cell)

Table 9-5
LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

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			LTE Band 5 (Cell) 10 MHz Bandwidth						
			Mid Channel						
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20525 (836.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]				
			Conducted Power [dBm]						
	1	0	24.19		0				
	1	25	23.99	0	0				
	1	49	23.94		0				
QPSK	25	0	23.05		1				
	25	12	22.89	0-1	1				
	25	25	22.99	0-1	1				
	50	0	22.97		1				
	1	0	22.89		1				
	1	25	22.96	0-1	1				
	1	49	23.00		1				
16QAM	25	0	22.15		2				
	25	12	22.06	0-2	2				
	25	25	22.13	0-2	2				
	50	0	22.06		2				

Note: LTE Band 5 (Cell) at 10 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

Table 9-6
LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

				onadoted i owe			
				LTE Band 5 (Cell)			
				5 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20425 (826.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20625 (846.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.04	24.14	23.94		0
	1	12	24.06	24.03	23.95	0	0
	1	24	24.02	23.96	24.01]	0
QPSK	12	0	23.05	22.99	22.99	0-1	1
	12	6	23.15	23.14	23.02		1
	12	13	23.11	22.99	23.12		1
	25	0	23.05	23.06	23.11		1
	1	0	23.09	23.17	22.92		1
	1	12	23.02	23.14	23.12	0-1	1
	1	24	22.92	23.02	23.03		1
16QAM	12	0	22.14	22.01	21.96		2
	12	6	22.16	22.05	22.12	0.2	2
	12	13	21.91	22.06	22.05	0-2	2
ı	25	0	22.02	21.94	22.06		2

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Table 9-7 LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

			Dana 3 (Cen) C	onducted Powe	13 - 3 WILL Dall	awiatii	
				LTE Band 5 (Cell) 3 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20415 (825.5 MHz)	20525 (836.5 MHz)	20635 (847.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.91	23.94	24.03		0
	1	7	23.81	23.98	24.12	0	0
	1	14	24.04	23.91	24.05		0
QPSK	8	0	23.06	23.05	23.10		1
	8	4	23.04	23.14	23.00	0-1	1
	8	7	23.15	23.15	23.12		1
	15	0	22.94	23.14	23.03		1
	1	0	23.05	23.06	23.04		1
	1	7	22.96	22.92	23.15	0-1	1
	1	14	22.92	22.90	22.91		1
16QAM	8	0	22.15	22.10	22.02		2
	8	4	22.12	22.15	22.01	0-2	2
	8	7	22.11	22.12	21.96] 0-2	2
	15	0	22.19	22.05	22.11		2

Table 9-8 LTE Band 5 (Cell) Conducted Powers -1.4 MHz Bandwidth

			(ondaotod i Ono.			
				LTE Band 5 (Cell)			
	1		1	1.4 MHz Bandwidth		1	
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20407	20525	20643	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]
	112 0120	1.2 001	(824.7 MHz)	(836.5 MHz)	(848.3 MHz)	3GPP [dB]	[]
			O	Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	24.05	23.89	23.90		0
	1	2	23.90	23.87	23.93		0
	1	5	24.09	23.90	24.05	0	0
QPSK	3	0	24.07	23.96	24.11		0
	3	2	23.94	24.01	23.82		0
	3	3	23.99	23.88	23.90		0
	6	0	23.07	23.01	23.06	0-1	1
	1	0	23.06	23.12	23.11		1
	1	2	23.10	23.10	23.02		1
	1	5	23.08	23.18	23.00	0.4	1
16QAM	3	0	23.00	23.17	23.09	0-1	1
	3	2	23.05	23.17	23.04		1
	3	3	23.11	23.02	22.92		1
	6	0	22.11	22.11	22.11	0-2	2

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LTE Band 4 (AWS) 9.3.3

Table 9-9 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

			LTE Band 4 (AWS) 20 MHzBandwidth		
			Mid Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			Conducted Power [dBm]	0011 [05]	
	1	0	23.63		0
	1	50	23.61	0	0
	1	99	23.56		0
QPSK	50	0	22.58		1
	50	25	22.55	0-1	1
	50	50	22.51	0-1	1
	100	0	22.38		1
	1	0	22.44		1
	1	50	22.40	0-1	1
	1	99	22.49		1
16QAM	50	0	21.44		2
	50	25	21.70	0-2	2
	50	50	21.66	0-2	2
	100	0	21.63		2

Note: LTE Band 4 (AWS) at 20 MHz bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB Publication 941225 D05v02, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

Table 9-10 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 4 (AWS) 15 MHzBandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20025 (1717.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20325 (1747.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.42	23.47	23.59		0
	1	36	23.57	23.46	23.55	0	0
	1	74	23.55	23.60	23.54	1	0
QPSK	36	0	22.47	22.44	22.45	0-1	1
	36	18	22.52	22.50	22.46		1
	36	37	22.54	22.55	22.51		1
	75	0	22.66	22.45	22.58		1
	1	0	22.69	22.46	22.68		1
	1	36	22.63	22.48	22.65	0-1	1
	1	74	22.49	22.44	22.44		1
16QAM	36	0	21.38	21.57	21.55		2
	36	18	21.68	21.52	21.50	0-2	2
	36	37	21.62	21.57	21.44		2
	75	0	21.57	21.55	21.44		2

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Table 9-11 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

			Janu + (AVVO) C	onducted Powe	13 - 10 WILL Dai	lawiatii	
				LTE Band 4 (AWS)			
			Law Channal	10 MHzBandwidth	High Channal	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	-	
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	20000	20175	20350	MPR Allowed per	MPR [dB]
			(1715.0 MHz)	(1732.5 MHz)	(1750.0 MHz)	3GPP [dB]	• •
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]		MPR [dB] 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	1	0	23.57	23.60	23.44		0
	1	25	23.48	23.48	23.49	0	0
	1	49	23.64	23.45	23.49		0
QPSK	25	0	22.70	22.42	22.51		1
	25	12	22.58	22.48	22.52	0.1	1
	25	25	22.55	22.55	22.65	0-1	1
	50	0	22.65	22.64	22.64		1
	1	0	22.60	22.65	22.63		1
	1	25	22.62	22.45	22.64	0-1	1
	1	49	22.65	22.47	22.45		1
16QAM	25	0	21.51	21.44	21.49		2
	25	12	21.69	21.65	21.48		2
	25	25	21.60	21.64	21.45	0-2	2
	50	0	21.68	21.58	21.44] [2

Table 9-12 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHzBandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19975 (1712.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20375 (1752.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	23.48	23.44	23.57		0
	1	12	23.56	23.57	23.65	0	0
	1	24	23.56	23.44	23.54		0
QPSK	12	0	22.43	22.55	22.56		1
	12	6	22.66	22.54	22.45	0-1	1
	12	13	22.65	22.44	22.67	0-1	1
	25	0	22.44	22.46	22.66		1
	1	0	22.46	22.58	22.47		1
	1	12	22.56	22.59	22.66	0-1	1
	1	24	22.48	22.67	22.60		1
16QAM	12	0	21.66	21.65	21.50		2
	12	6	21.55	21.65	21.55	1	2
	12	13	21.69	21.67	21.40	0-2	2
	25	0	21.50	21.59	21.56		2

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Table 9-13 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

			Balla + (AVVO)	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	73 - 3 WILL Dall	awiatii	
				3 MHzBandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19965 (1711.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20385 (1753.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.47	23.37	23.34		0
	1	7	23.48	23.39	23.38	0	0
	1	14	23.46	23.38	23.40		0
QPSK	8	0	22.52	22.42	22.48		1
	8	4	22.55	22.40	22.59	0-1	1
	8	7	22.51	22.49	22.52		1
	15	0	22.61	22.52	22.51		1
	1	0	22.57	22.57	22.49		1
	1	7	22.57	22.67	22.53	0-1	1
	1	14	22.49	22.63	22.51	1	1
16QAM	8	0	21.63	21.60	21.68		2
	8	4	21.62	21.57	21.48	1	2
	8	7	21.60	21.59	21.63	0-2	2
	15	0	21.67	21.62	21.60]	2

Table 9-14 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers -1.4 MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 4 (AWS) 1.4 MHzBandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	19957 (1710.7 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20393 (1754.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm	1]		
	1	0	23.38	23.40	23.37		0
	1	2	23.32	23.35	23.42	0	0
	1	5	23.38	23.39	23.51		0
QPSK	3	0	23.34	23.37	23.44		0
	3	2	23.38	23.42	23.46		0
	3	3	23.34	23.44	23.39		0
	6	0	22.39	22.52	22.62	0-1	1
	1	0	22.62	22.50	22.60		1
	1	2	22.51	22.54	22.64		1
	1	5	22.54	22.57	22.68	1	1
16QAM	3	0	22.49	22.46	22.57	0-1	1
	3	2	22.38	22.49	22.49]	1
	3	3	22.38	22.54	22.50		1
	6	0	21.49	21.62	21.60	0-2	2

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LTE Band 2 (PCS) 9.3.4

Table 9-15 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 2 (PCS) 20 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18700 (1860.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19100 (1900.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.44	23.70	23.55		0
	1	50	23.39	23.55	23.61	0 0-1	0
	1	99	23.38	23.65	23.66		0
QPSK	50	0	22.61	22.30	22.26		1
	50	25	22.68	22.69	22.58		1
	50	50	22.50	22.59	22.68		1
	100	0	22.41	22.56	22.51] [1
	1	0	22.29	22.35	22.68		1
	1	50	22.38	22.54	22.61	0-1	1
	1	99	22.24	22.58	22.34		1
16QAM	50	0	21.65	21.64	21.64		2
	50	25	21.59	21.68	21.25] ,,	2
	50	50	21.50	21.25	21.33	0-2	2
	100	0	21.30	21.29	21.40] [2

Table 9-16 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 2 (PCS) 15 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18675 (1857.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19125 (1902.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.47	23.38	23.57		0
	1	36	23.65	23.49	23.42	0	0
	1	74	23.54	23.44	23.39		0
QPSK	36	0	22.68	22.62	22.48		1
	36	18	22.66	22.63	22.54	0-1	1
	36	37	22.65	22.54	22.62		1
	75	0	22.57	22.51	22.63	1	1
	1	0	22.54	22.45	22.58		1
	1	36	22.66	22.34	22.64	0-1	1
	1	74	22.57	22.49	22.54]	1
16QAM	36	0	21.66	21.43	21.38		2
	36	18	21.69	21.40	21.42		2
	36	37	21.64	21.42	21.40	0-2	2
	75	0	21.62	21.61	21.43] [2

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Table 9-17 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 2 (PCS) 10 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18650 (1855.0 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19150 (1905.0 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.52	23.49	23.54		0
	1	25	23.49	23.48	23.68	0	0
	1	49	23.42	23.39	23.64		0
QPSK	25	0	22.54	22.66	22.68		1
	25	12	22.65	22.67	22.68	0-1	1
	25	25	22.60	22.58	22.62		1
	50	0	22.48	22.54	22.68		1
	1	0	22.51	22.57	22.57		1
	1	25	22.45	22.54	22.59	0-1	1
	1	49	22.66	22.65	22.48		1
16QAM	25	0	21.65	21.68	21.49		2
	25	12	21.66	21.57	21.48	0-2	2
	25	25	21.69	21.66	21.69] 0-2	2
	50	0	21.62	21.62	21.57	1	2

Table 9-18 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

			, ,	LTE Band 2 (PCS) 5 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18625 (1852.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19175 (1907.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.48	23.65	23.54		0
[1	12	23.49	23.57	23.52	0	0
QPSK	1	24	23.38	23.54	23.62		0
	12	0	22.52	22.62	22.51	0-1	1
	12	6	22.68	22.65	22.40		1
	12	13	22.62	22.68	22.42		1
	25	0	22.67	22.48	22.45		1
	1	0	22.58	22.56	22.53		1
	1	12	22.66	22.50	22.54	0-1	1
	1	24	22.68	22.55	22.41		1
16QAM	12	0	21.59	21.53	21.51		2
Ī	12	6	21.57	21.54	21.43		2
	12	13	21.65	21.62	21.44	0-2	2
	25	0	21.51	21.60	21.34		2

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Table 9-19 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

			<u> </u>	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	o o mile Bank		
		1	Low Channel	3 MHz Bandwidth Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18615 (1851.5 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19185 (1908.5 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.67	23.65	23.61		0
	1	7	23.68	23.69	23.62	0	0
	1	14	23.69	23.52	23.68		0
QPSK	8	0	22.61	22.64	22.62	0-1	1
	8	4	22.60	22.64	22.58		1
	8	7	22.60	22.68	22.54		1
	15	0	22.61	22.65	22.65		1
	1	0	22.67	22.68	22.69		1
	1	7	22.61	22.65	22.57	0-1	1
	1	14	22.69	22.64	22.61	1	1
16QAM	8	0	21.54	21.62	21.68		2
	8	4	21.62	21.58	21.65	1	2
	8	7	21.65	21.55	21.58	0-2	2
	15	0	21.67	21.66	21.54	1	2

Table 9-20 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers -1.4 MHz Bandwidth

				LTE Band 2 (PCS) 1.4 MHz Bandwidth			
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	18607 (1850.7 MHz)	18900 (1880.0 MHz)	19193 (1909.3 MHz)	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
			(Conducted Power [dBm]		
	1	0	23.67	23.63	23.66		0
	1	2	23.58	23.44	23.62	0	0
	1	5	23.67	23.50	23.67		0
QPSK	3	0	23.56	23.60	23.69		0
	3	2	23.65	23.65	23.28		0
	3	3	23.67	23.61	23.64		0
	6	0	22.60	22.62	22.62	0-1	1
	1	0	22.67	22.69	22.61		1
	1	2	22.64	22.63	22.64] [1
	1	5	22.60	22.69	22.63	0-1	1
16QAM	3	0	22.63	22.69	22.54	J U-1	1
ŀ	3	2	22.67	22.57	22.61		1
	3	3	22.61	22.63	22.68		1
	6	0	21.69	21.57	21.62	0-2	2

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WLAN Conducted Powers 9.4

Table 9-21 2.4 GHz WLAN Maximum Average RF Power

Freq [MHz]	Channel	2.4GHz Conducted Power [dBm] IEEE Transmission Mode		
		802.11b	802.11g	
2412	1	17.99	15.34	
2417	2	18.99	16.25	
2437	6	18.96	16.03	
2457	10	18.98	16.22	
2462	11	17.98	15.25	

Table 9-22 2.4 GHz WLAN Reduced Average RF Power

		2.4GHz Conducted Power [dBm] IEEE Transmission Mode				
Freq [MHz]	Channel					
		802.11b	802.11g	802.11n		
2412	1	14.15	14.22	14.29		
2417	2	15.16	15.16	15.13		
2437	6	15.06	15.13	15.17		
2457	10	15.11	15.19	15.22		
2462	11	14.05	14.07	14.15		

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

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10.1 Tissue Verification

Table 10-1
Measured Tissue Properties

Calibrated for	Calibrated for Measured Measured TARGET TARGET								
Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (°C)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Dielectric Constant, ε	Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Dielectric Constant, ε	% dev σ	%devε
			700	0.864	42.228	0.889	42.201	-2.81%	0.06%
11/23/2016	750H	21.5	710	0.873	42.099	0.890	42.149	-1.91%	-0.12%
11/23/2010	73011	21.5	740	0.901	41.671	0.893	41.994	0.90%	-0.77%
			755	0.915	41.454	0.894	41.916	2.35%	-1.10%
			820	0.882	40.809	0.899	41.578	-1.89%	-1.85%
11/22/2016	835H	21.1	835	0.896	40.608	0.900	41.500	-0.44%	-2.15%
			850	0.911	40.427	0.916	41.500	-0.55%	-2.59%
			1710	1.343	38.691	1.348	40.142	-0.37%	-3.61%
11/22/2016	1750H	22.0	1750	1.386	38.491	1.371	40.079	1.09%	-3.96%
			1790	1.421	38.287	1.394	40.016	1.94%	-4.32%
			1850	1.393	38.904	1.400	40.000	-0.50%	-2.74%
11/21/2016	1900H	20.9	1880	1.424	38.773	1.400	40.000	1.71%	-3.07%
			1910	1.455	38.643	1.400	40.000	3.93%	-3.39%
			2400	1.799	38.806	1.756	39.289	2.45%	-1.23%
11/28/2016	2450H	23.0	2450	1.851	38.646	1.800	39.200	2.83%	-1.41%
			2500	1.905	38.431	1.855	39.136	2.70%	-1.80%
		3 20.5	700	0.912	55.848	0.959	55.726	-4.90%	0.22%
11/01/0016	750D		710	0.921	55.774	0.960	55.687	-4.06%	0.16%
11/21/2016	750B		740	0.948	55.499	0.963	55.570	-1.56%	-0.13%
			755	0.963	55.320	0.964	55.512	-0.10%	-0.35%
		820	0.964	53.879	0.969	55.258	-0.52%	-2.50%	
11/21/2016	835B	5B 20.4	835	0.978	53.718	0.970	55.200	0.82%	-2.68%
			850	0.992	53.545	0.988	55.154	0.40%	-2.92%
			820	0.974	53.490	0.969	55.258	0.52%	-3.20%
11/28/2016	835B	20.8	835	0.988	53.327	0.970	55.200	1.86%	-3.39%
			850	1.003	53.162	0.988	55.154	1.52%	-3.61%
			1710	1.480	51.378	1.463	53.537	1.16%	-4.03%
11/22/2016	/2016 1750B 2	21.7	1750	1.525	51.240	1.488	53.432	2.49%	-4.10%
			1790	1.563	51.045	1.514	53.326	3.24%	-4.28%
		B 20.0	1850	1.461	53.722	1.520	53.300	-3.88%	0.79%
11/21/2016	1900B		1880	1.495	53.634	1.520	53.300	-1.64%	0.63%
			1910	1.530	53.512	1.520	53.300	0.66%	0.40%
			2400	1.923	51.632	1.902	52.767	1.10%	-2.15%
11/21/2016	2450B	23.0	2450	1.988	51.444	1.950	52.700	1.95%	-2.38%
			2500	2.054	51.246	2.021	52.636	1.63%	-2.64%

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

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10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to ±10% of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in Appendix E.

Table 10-2 System Verification Results

					System							
						iystem Vei RGET & M)				
SAR System #	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation _{1g}
К	750	HEAD	11/23/2016	22.9	21.6	0.200	1054	7409	1.540	8.220	7.700	-6.33%
D	835	HEAD	11/22/2016	22.2	21.1	0.200	4d047	3213	1.910	9.130	9.550	4.60%
Α	1750	HEAD	11/22/2016	22.1	22.0	0.100	1150	3022	3.490	36.100	34.900	-3.32%
I	1900	HEAD	11/21/2016	20.2	20.4	0.100	5d149	3288	4.120	40.100	41.200	2.74%
D	2450	HEAD	11/28/2016	21.8	22.7	0.100	981	3213	5.230	52.800	52.300	-0.95%
К	750	BODY	11/21/2016	22.1	21.0	0.200	1054	7409	1.750	8.560	8.750	2.22%
Н	835	BODY	11/21/2016	20.8	20.4	0.200	4d047	3319	2.010	9.570	10.050	5.02%
Н	835	BODY	11/28/2016	23.1	21.5	0.200	4d047	3319	1.950	9.570	9.750	1.88%
С	1750	BODY	11/22/2016	23.3	21.7	0.100	1150	7410	3.840	36.500	38.400	5.21%
G	1900	BODY	11/21/2016	21.3	20.1	0.100	5d149	3287	3.710	39.900	37.100	-7.02%
Е	2450	BODY	11/21/2016	22.9	22.1	0.100	797	7406	4.830	50.700	48.300	-4.73%

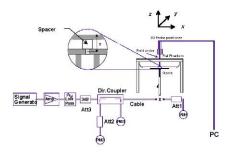


Figure 10-1 **System Verification Setup Diagram**



Figure 10-2 **System Verification Setup Photo**

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11 SAR DATA SUMMARY

11.1 **Standalone Head SAR Data**

Table 11-1 GSM 850 Head SAR

						MEAS	JREMEN	T RESUL	TS						
FREQUI	ENCY	Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	Side	Test	Device Serial	# of Time	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.			Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Position	Number	Slots		(W/kg)	3	(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.17	-0.01	Right	Cheek	08161	1	1:8.3	0.334	1.007	0.336	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.17	-0.04	Right	Tilt	08161	1	1:8.3	0.203	1.007	0.204	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.17	-0.04	Left	Cheek	08161	1	1:8.3	0.312	1.007	0.314	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.17	0.00	Left	Tilt	08161	1	1:8.3	0.194	1.007	0.195	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	-0.05	Right	Cheek	08161	3	1:2.76	0.390	1.119	0.436	A1
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	-0.02	Right	Tilt	08161	3	1:2.76	0.221	1.119	0.247	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	0.04	Left	Cheek	08161	3	1:2.76	0.361	1.119	0.404	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	-0.05	Left	Tilt	08161	3	1:2.76	0.225	1.119	0.252	
		ANSI / IEI	EE C95.1 1992 -		Т						Hea				
		Uncontrolle	Spatial Pea d Exposure/Ge		tion						1.6 W/kg averaged ov				

Table 11-2 GSM 1900 Head SAR

						MEAS	JREMEN	T RESUL	TS						
FREQUE	ENCY	Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	Side	Test	Device Serial	# of Time	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.			Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Position	Number	Slots		(W/kg)	3	(W/kg)	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.19	0.11	Right	Cheek	08211	1	1:8.3	0.257	1.002	0.258	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.19	0.00	Right	Tilt	08211	1	1:8.3	0.162	1.002	0.162	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.19	0.06	Left	Cheek	08211	1	1:8.3	0.352	1.002	0.353	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.19	0.05	Left	0.188							
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	27.2	26.90	-0.03	Right	Cheek	08211	3	1:2.76	0.282	1.072	0.302	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	27.2	26.90	0.11	Right	Tilt	08211	3	1:2.76	0.180	1.072	0.193	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	27.2	26.90	-0.10	Left	Cheek	08211	3	1:2.76	0.392	1.072	0.420	A2
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	27.2	26.90	0.12	Left	Tilt	08211	3	1:2.76	0.187	1.072	0.200	
			EE C95.1 1992 - Spatial Pea d Exposure/Ge	ak							Hea 1.6 W/kg averaged ov	(mW/g)			

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Table 11-3 UMTS 850 Head SAR

							50 110 4							
					M	EASURE	MENT RE	SULTS						
FREQUI	ENCY	Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	Side	Test	De vice Serial	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.			Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Position	Number		(W/kg)	g	(W/kg)	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	0.01	Right	Cheek	08211	1:1	0.416	1.009	0.420	A3
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	0.03	Right	Tilt	08211	1:1	0.280	1.009	0.283	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	-0.02	Left	Cheek	08211	1:1	0.329	1.009	0.332	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	0.08	Left	Tilt	08211	1:1	0.231	1.009	0.233	
		ANSI / IEI	EE C95.1 1992 -	SAFETY LIMI	Т						Head			
			Spatial Pea								W/kg (mW/g)			
		Uncontrolle	d Exposure/Ge	neral Populat	ion					averaç	ged over 1 gran	<u>n</u>		

Table 11-4 UMTS 1750 Head SAR

					0.1	<u> </u>	00 1100	iu SAN						
					М	EASURE	MENT RE	ESULTS						
FREQUE	NCY	Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	Side	Test	De vice Serial	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.		661 1166	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]	0.00	Position	Number	Duty Gyolo	(W/kg)	Country Fuctor	(W/kg)	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.01	Right	Cheek	08161	1:1	0.172	1.005	0.173	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.08	Right	Tilt	08161	1:1	0.110	1.005	0.111	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	-0.03	Left	Cheek	08161	1:1	0.320	1.005	0.322	A4
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.11	Left	Tilt	08161	1:1	0.169	1.005	0.170	
		ANSI / IEI	EE C95.1 1992 -	SAFETY LIMI	Т						Head			
			Spatial Pea	ak						1.6	W/kg (mW/g)			
		Uncontrolle	d Exposure/Ge	neral Popula	tion					averaç	ged over 1 gran	n		

Table 11-5 UMTS 1900 Head SAR

					Oil	// I S 19	OU LICE	IU OAIN						
					М	EASURE	MENT RE	SULTS						
FREQUE	ENCY	Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	Side	Test	De vice Serial	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.			Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Position	Number		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.14	Right	Cheek	08161	1:1	0.273	1.005	0.274	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.00	Right	Tilt	08161	1:1	0.154	1.005	0.155	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.04	Left	Cheek	08161	1:1	0.413	1.005	0.415	A5
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.03	Left	Tilt	08161	1:1	0.172	1.005	0.173	
			EE C95.1 1992 - Spatial Pea d Exposure/Ge	ak							Head W/kg (mW/g) led over 1 gran			

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Table 11-6 LTE Band 12 Head SAR

								MEA	SUREM	ENT RES	ULTS								
FF	REQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	MPR [dB]	Side	Test	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial	Duty	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	CI	h.		[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]			Position				Number	Cycle	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.2	24.18	0.01	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	08187	1:1	0.375	1.005	0.377	A6
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	23.2	23.11	0.00	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	25	0	08187	1:1	0.296	1.021	0.302	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.2	24.18	-0.21	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	08187	1:1	0.203	1.005	0.204	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	23.2	23.11	-0.19	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	25	0	08187	1:1	0.177	1.021	0.181	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.2	24.18	0.17	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	08187	1:1	0.285	1.005	0.286	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	23.2	23.11	0.08	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	25	0	08187	1:1	0.234	1.021	0.239	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.2	24.18	-0.13	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	08187	1:1	0.184	1.005	0.185	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	23.2	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	25	0	08187	1:1	0.153	1.021	0.156			
				Spatial Pe										Head 1.6 W/kg (m veraged over	ıW/g)				

Table 11-7 LTE Band 5 (Cell) Head SAR

								MEA		ENT RES									
FF	REQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	De vice Serial	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
M Hz	CI	۱.		[MHZ]	Power [dBm]	Power (abm)	Drift (aB)			Position				Number	Cycle	(W/kg)	_	(W/kg)	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	0.00	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.538	1.002	0.539	A7
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	23.05	0.05	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	25	0	08138	1:1	0.459	1.035	0.475	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	-0.12	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.335	1.002	0.336	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	23.05	-0.05	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	25	0	08138	1:1	0.284	1.035	0.294	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	0.00	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.432	1.002	0.433	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	23.05	-0.08	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	25	0	08138	1:1	0.383	1.035	0.396	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	0.11	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.276	1.002	0.277	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	25	0	08138	1:1	0.246	1.035	0.255			
			ANSI / IEEE (Head 1.6 W/kg (m eraged over									

Table 11-8 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR

									(····	Houd	•,							
								MEA	SUREM	ENT RES	ULTS								
FF	REQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	De vice Serial	Duty	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	CI	h.		[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift (dB)			Position				Number	Cycle	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	ш
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.7	23.63	0.04	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.208	1.016	0.211	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.7	22.58	-0.01	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	08138	1:1	0.161	1.028	0.166	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.7	23.63	-0.16	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.185	1.016	0.188	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.7	22.58	-0.08	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	50	0	08138	1:1	0.139	1.028	0.143	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.7	23.63	-0.01	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.307	1.016	0.312	A8
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.7	22.58	0.02	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	08138	1:1	0.242	1.028	0.249	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.7	23.63	0.02	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.185	1.016	0.188	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.7	22.58	-0.09	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	50	0	08138	1:1	0.149	1.028	0.153	
				Spatial Pe						•				Head 1.6 W/kg (m eraged over	ıW/g)		,	,	

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Table 11-9 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Head SAR

									(-	/	ouu	<u> </u>							
								MEA	SUREM	ENT RES	ULTS								
FR	REQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	MPR [dB]	Side	Test	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	De vice Serial	Duty	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
M Hz	CI	h.		[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]			Position				Number	Cycle	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	1
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.7	23.70	0.07	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.298	1.000	0.298	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.7	22.69	-0.03	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	08138	1:1	0.232	1.002	0.232	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.7	23.70	0.06	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	0.192	1.000	0.192					
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.7	22.69	0.09	1	0 Right Tilt QPSK 1 0 08138 1:1 0.1 Right Tilt QPSK 50 25 08138 1:1 0.1									0.137	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.7	23.70	0.08	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.436	1.000	0.436	A9
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.7	22.69	0.00	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	25	08138	1:1	0.362	1.002	0.363	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.7	23.70	0.05	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	08138	1:1	0.206	1.000	0.206	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.7	22.69	-0.03	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	0.175	1.002	0.175					
				Spatial Pea										Head 1.6 W/kg (m veraged over	nW/g)				

Table 11-10 DTS Head SAR

							1	MEASUF	REMENT	RESULT	s							
FREQUE	ENCY	Mode	Service	Bandwidth	Maxim um Allowed	Conducted	Power	Side	Test	Device Serial		Duty Cycle	Peak SAR of Area Scan	SAR (1g)		Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.			[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Position	Number	(Mbps)	(%)	W/kg	(W/kg)	(Power)	(Duty Cycle)	(W/kg)	
2417								Right	Cheek	10407	1	99.9	0.500	0.435	1.081	1.001	0.471	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.5	15.16	0.05	Right	Tilt	10407	1	99.9	0.444	·	1.081	1.001	-	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.5	15.16	0.01	Left	Cheek	10407	1	99.9	1.010	1.081	1.001	1.093	A10	
2457								Left	Cheek	10407	1	99.9	1.207	0.950	1.094	1.001	1.040	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.5	15.16	0.07	Left	Tilt	10407	1	99.9	1.026	0.822	1.081	1.001	0.889	
2457	10	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.5	15.11	0.01	Left	Tilt	10407	1	99.9	0.925	0.742	1.094	1.001	0.813	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	15.5	15.16	0.02	Left	Cheek	10407	1	99.9	1.136	1.000	1.081	1.001	1.082	
		ANSI / IEEE	C95.1 1992	- SAFETY LI	IMIT								Hea	ıd				
			Spatial Pe	ak									1.6 W/kg	(mW/g)				
		Uncontrolled	Exposure/Ge	eneral Popu	ılation								averaged ov	er 1 gram				

Note: Blue entry represents variability measurement

11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data

Table 11-11 GSM/UMTS Body-Worn SAR Data

						13 00	uy-vv	סווו טא	IN Da	ıa					
					МІ	EASURE	MENT R	ESULTS							
FREQUE	NCY	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	Spacing	Device Serial		Duty	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.			Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Number	Slots	Cycle		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.2	33.17	-0.07	10 mm	08211	1	1:8.3	back	0.615	1.007	0.619	A11
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	-0.02	10 mm	08211	3	1:2.76	back	0.514	1.119	0.575	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.2	30.19	-0.06	10 mm	08161	1	1:8.3	back	0.346	1.002	0.347	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	26.90	-0.02	10 mm	08161	3	1:2.76	back	0.518	1.072	0.555	A13		
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	0.00	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	back	0.507	1.009	0.512	A14
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.07	10 mm	08211	N/A	1:1	back	0.776	1.005	0.780	A15
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.01	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	back	0.489	1.005	0.491	A16
		ANSI / IEE	E C95.1 1992 - SA	FETY LIMIT							В	ody			
			Spatial Peak								1.6 W/k	g (mW/g)			
		Uncontrolled	Exposure/Gener	al Population	ı						averaged	over 1 gram			

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Table 11-12 LTE Body-Worn SAR

									Juy-vv	OIII O	Λι \								
								MEASU	REMENT	RESULTS	3								
FF	REQUENCY	,	Mode	Bandwidth	Maxim um Allowed	Conducted	Power	MPR [dB]	Device Serial	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	(h.		[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Number				.,		Cycle	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.2	24.18	0.19	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.446	1.005	0.448	A17
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	23.2	23.11	-0.07	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.349	1.021	0.356	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	-0.05	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.588	1.002	0.589	A19
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	-0.04	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.456	1.035	0.472			
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.7	23.63	0.03	0	08138	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.591	1.016	0.600	A20
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.7	22.58	-0.12	1	08138	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.449	1.028	0.462	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.7	23.70	0.20	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.502	1.000	0.502	A21
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.7	1	08187	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.421	1.002	0.422			
			ANSI / IEEE	C95.1 1992 -	SAFETY LIMI	T	•			•				Во	dy		•		
				Spatial Pea	ık									1.6 W/kg	(mW/g)				
			Uncontrolled E	xposure/Ge	neral Populat	tion							а	veraged o	ver 1 gram	n			

Table 11-13 DTS Body-Worn SAR

							М	EASURE	MENT	RESUL	гѕ							
FREG	JENCY	Mode	Service	Bandwidth	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power Drift	Spacing	Device Serial	Data Rate	Side	Duty Cycle	Peak SAR of Area Scan	SAR (1g)		Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.			[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	[dB]		Number	(Mbps)		(%)	W/kg	(W/kg)	(Power)	(Duty Cycle)	(W/kg)	
2417	2	802.11b	18.99	0.01	10 mm	10407	1	back	99.9	0.999	0.695	1.002	1.001	0.697	A23			
		ANSI	/ IEEE C95	.1 1992 - SA	FETY LIMIT								В	Body				
			Sp	atial Peak									1.6 W/k	kg (mW/g)				
		Uncontro	olled Expo	osure/Gener	al Population	1							averaged	over 1 gram				

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11.3 Standalone Hotspot SAR Data

Table 11-14 GPRS/UMTS Hotspot SAR Data

					GPK3/C	7111 5	iiota	יאכ יאני	\ Date	<u>, </u>					
					M	EASURE	MENT F	RESULTS							
FREQUE	NCY	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	Spacing		# of GPRS	Duty	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.			Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Number	Slots	Cycle		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	-0.02	10 mm	08211	3	1:2.76	back	0.514	1.119	0.575	A12
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	0.00	10 mm	08211	3	1:2.76	front	0.337	1.119	0.377	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	-0.20	10 mm	08211	3	1:2.76	bottom	0.368	1.119	0.412	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	0.00	10 mm	08211	3	1:2.76	right	0.394	1.119	0.441	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	30.2	29.71	-0.13	10 mm	08211	3	1:2.76	left	0.215	1.119	0.241	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	27.2	26.90	-0.02	10 mm	08161	3	1:2.76	back	0.518	1.072	0.555	A13
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	27.2	26.90	0.04	10 mm	08161	3	1:2.76	front	0.437	1.072	0.468	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	27.2	26.90	0.02	10 mm	08161	3	1:2.76	bottom	0.195	1.072	0.209	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	27.2	26.90	0.10	10 mm	08161	3	1:2.76	left	0.501	1.072	0.537	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	0.00	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	back	0.507	1.009	0.512	A14
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	-0.14	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	front	0.403	1.009	0.407	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	-0.08	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.407	1.009	0.411	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	-0.01	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	right	0.468	1.009	0.472	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.7	23.66	-0.01	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	left	0.317	1.009	0.320	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.07	10 mm	08211	N/A	1:1	back	0.776	1.005	0.780	A15
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.07	10 mm	08211	N/A	1:1	front	0.517	1.005	0.520	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	-0.09	10 mm	08211	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.386	1.005	0.388	
1732.40	1412	UMTS 1750	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.03	10 mm	08211	N/A	1:1	left	0.461	1.005	0.463	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.01	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	back	0.489	1.005	0.491	A16
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.68	0.02	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	front	0.465	1.005	0.467	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.68	-0.13	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.180	1.005	0.181	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.7	23.68	-0.02	10 mm	08161	N/A	1:1	left	0.462	1.005	0.464	
		ANSI / IEEI	E C95.1 1992 - SA	FETY LIMIT								ody	_		
		Unaanteellad	Spatial Peak	ral Danulas'								g (mW/g)			
		Uncontrolled	Exposure/Gener	ral Population	1						averaged	over 1 gram			

Table 11-15 LTE Band 12 Hotspot SAR

								. – a	~	otopo									
								MEAS	UREMENT	RESULTS	S								
FR	EQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	MPR [dB]	Device Serial	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	С	h.		[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Num ber							(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.2	24.18	0.19	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.446	1.005	0.448	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	23.2	23.11	-0.07	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.349	1.021	0.356	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.2	24.18	-0.05	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.387	1.005	0.389	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	23.2	23.11	0.05	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.301	1.021	0.307	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.2	24.18	0.05	0.05 0 08187 QPSK 1 0 10 mm bottom 1:1 0.224 1.005 0.225											
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	23.2	23.11	-0.07	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.189	1.021	0.193	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.2	24.18	-0.10	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	right	1:1	0.492	1.005	0.494	A18
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	23.2	23.11	-0.09	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	right	1:1	0.392	1.021	0.400	
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	24.18	-0.21	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.289	1.005	0.290		
707.50	23095	Mid	LTE Band 12	10	0.09	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.239	1.021	0.244			
			ANSI / IEEE C95.	1 1992 - SAF	ETY LIMIT									Body					
			Spa	atial Peak									1.6 V	V/kg (mW	//g)				
		ı	Uncontrolled Expo	sure/Genera	I Population								average	ed over 1	gram				ļ

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Table 11-16 LTE Band 5 (Cell) Hotspot SAR

								MEAS	UREMENT	RESULTS	3								
FR	EQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	CI	h.		[2]	Power [dBm]	Tower [abin]	Dr int [ub]		TAGIII DOI							(W/kg)		(W/kg)	<u>. </u>
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	-0.05	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.588	1.002	0.589	A19
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	23.05	-0.04	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.456	1.035	0.472	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	-0.01	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.443	1.002	0.444	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	23.05	-0.09	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.333	1.035	0.345	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	0.00	0 08187 QPSK 1 0 10 mm bottom 1:1 0.4								0.453	1.002	0.454	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	23.05	0.02	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.359	1.035	0.372	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	0.10	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	right	1:1	0.515	1.002	0.516	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	23.05	0.01	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	right	1:1	0.413	1.035	0.427	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	24.2	24.19	0.02	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.318	1.002	0.319	
836.50	20525	Mid	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	10	23.2	0.00	1	08187	QPSK	25	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.258	1.035	0.267		
			ANSI / IEEE C95.	1 1992 - SAF	ETY LIMIT									Body					
			Spa	tial Peak									1.6 V	//kg (mW	//g)				
		ı	Incontrolled Expo	sure/Genera	I Population								average	ed over 1	gram				

Table 11-17 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Hotspot SAR

	E.E Bailo								(2 22 2	,	P • •	<u> </u>							
								MEAS	UREMENT	RESULTS	3								
FRE	QUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power	MPR [dB]	Device Serial	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	CI	١.		[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Drift [dB]		Num ber							(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.7	23.63	0.03	0	08138	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.591	1.016	0.600	A20
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.7	22.58	-0.12	1	08138	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.449	1.028	0.462	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.7	23.63	-0.01	0	08138	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.451	1.016	0.458	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.7	22.58	-0.07	1	08138	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.334	1.028	0.343	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.7	23.63	-0.16	0	08138	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.285	1.016	0.290	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	22.7	22.58	0.14	1	08138	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.219	1.028	0.225	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	20	23.7	23.63	-0.17	0	08138	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.294	1.016	0.299	
1732.50	732.50 20175 Mid LTE Band 4 (AWS) 20 22.7 22.58 0.09						0.09	1	08138	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.247	1.028	0.254	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body												
	Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)												
	Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population											average	ed over 1	gram					

Table 11-18 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Hotspot SAR

	615 L								(FC3	<i>)</i> HUIS	pot .	JAIN							
								MEAS	UREMENT	RESULTS	3								
FR	EQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	С	h.		[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm]	Driit [UB]		Num ber							(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.7	23.70	0.20	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1	0.502	1.000	0.502	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.7	22.69	-0.03	1	08187	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	back	1:1	0.421	1.002	0.422	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.7	23.70	0.14	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1	0.435	1.000	0.435	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.7	22.69	-0.16	1	08187	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	front	1:1	0.361	1.002	0.362	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.7	23.70	0.05	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.172	1.000	0.172	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	22.7	22.69	0.01	1	08187	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	bottom	1:1	0.135	1.002	0.135	
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	20	23.7	23.70	-0.04	0	08187	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1	0.539	1.000	0.539	A22
1880.00	880.00 18900 Mid LTE Band 2 (PCS) 20 22.7 22.69 -0.15						-0.15	1	08187	QPSK	50	25	10 mm	left	1:1	0.416	1.002	0.417	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body												
	Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)												
	Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							averaged over 1 gram											

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Table 11-19 WLAN Hotspot SAR

	WEAR Hotspot SAR																	
	MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQU	ENCY	Mode	Service	Bandwidth	Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Power Drift	Spacing	Device Serial	Data Rate	Side	Duty Cycle	Peak SAR of Area Scan	SAR (1g)		Scaling Factor	Reported SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz Ch.				[MHz]	Power [dBm]	Power [dBm] [dB]			Number	(Mbps)		(%)	W/kg	(W/kg)	(Power)	(Duty Cycle)	(W/kg)	1
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	19.0	18.99	0.01	10 mm	10407	1	back	99.9	0.999	0.695	1.002	1.001	0.697	A23
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	19.0	18.99	0.20	10 mm	10407	1	front	99.9	0.750	-	1.002	1.001	-	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	19.0	18.99	0.14	10 mm	10407	1	top	99.9	0.830	0.570	1.002	1.001	0.572	
2417	2	802.11b	DSSS	22	19.0	18.99	0.06	10 mm	10407	1	right	99.9	0.537	-	1.002	1.001	-	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT							Body										
	Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)											
	Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							averaged over 1 gram										

11.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
- 3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- 5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- 7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported body-worn SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
- 8. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than or equal to 0.8 W/kg. Repeated SAR measurements are highlighted in the tables above for clarity. Please see Section 13 for variability analysis.
- 9. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 6.7 for more details).
- 10. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is > 160 mm and < 200 mm. Therefore, phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

GSM Test Notes:

- 1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
- Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October 2013
 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all
 GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power
 was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or
 more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

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 GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worm exposure conditions to address possible VoIP scenarios.

UMTS Notes:

- UMTS mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. AMR and HSPA SAR was not required per the 3G Test Reduction Procedure in KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

- 1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r04. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.5.4.
- 2. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
- 3. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

WLAN Notes:

- For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR. See Section 8.6.3 for more information. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
- 3. When 10-g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.
- 4. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Procedures used to measure the duty factor are identical to that in the associated EMC test reports.

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12 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to devices with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/kg. The different test positions in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR.

When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 b), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR=
$$\frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} * \frac{\text{(Max Power of channel, mW)}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Table 12-1
Estimated SAR

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2480	9.50	10	0.189

Note: Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

SAR testing was not required for phablet exposure conditions per FCC KDB 648474 D04v01r03. Therefore, no further analysis was required to determine that possible simultaneous scenarios would not exceed the SAR limit.

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12.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

(*) For test positions that were not required to be evaluated for WLAN SAR per FCC KDB Publication 248227, the worst case WLAN SAR result for the applicable exposure condition was used for simultaneous transmission analysis.

Table 12-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.336	0.471	0.807		Right Cheek	0.436	0.471	0.907
Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.204	1.093*	1.297	Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.247	1.093*	1.340
Tieau SAIN	Left Cheek	0.314	1.093	1.407	Tieau SAIN	Left Cheek	0.404	1.093	1.497
	Left Tilt	0.195	0.889	1.084		Left Tilt	0.252	0.889	1.141
Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.258	0.471	0.729		Right Cheek	0.302	0.471	0.773
Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.162	1.093*	1.255	Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.193	1.093*	1.286
Tieau SAIN	Left Cheek	0.353	1.093	1.446	Tieau SAIN	Left Cheek	0.420	1.093	1.513
	Left Tilt	0.188	0.889	1.077		Left Tilt	0.200	0.889	1.089
Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1750 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.420	0.471	0.891		Right Cheek	0.173	0.471	0.644
Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.283	1.093*	1.376	Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.111	1.093*	1.204
nead SAR	Left Cheek	0.332	1.093	1.425	nead SAR	Left Cheek	0.322	1.093	1.415
	Left Tilt	0.233	0.889	1.122		Left Tilt	0.170	0.889	1.059
Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 12 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.274	0.471	0.745		Right Cheek	0.377	0.471	0.848
Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.155	1.093*	1.248	Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.204	1.093*	1.297
rioda Ortic	Left Cheek	0.415	1.093	1.508	11000 07111	Left Cheek	0.286	1.093	1.379
	Left Tilt	0.173	0.889	1.062		Left Tilt	0.185	0.889	1.074
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 5 (Cell) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.539	0.471	1.010		Right Cheek	0.211	0.471	0.682
Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.336	1.093*	1.429	Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.188	1.093*	1.281
Head SAR	Left Cheek	0.433	1.093	1.526		Left Cheek	0.312	1.093	1.405
	Left Tilt	0.277	0.889	1.166		Left Tilt	0.188	0.889	1.077

Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.298	0.471	0.769
Head SAR	Right Tilt	0.192	1.093*	1.285
neau SAR	Left Cheek	0.436	1.093	1.529
	Left Tilt	0.206	0.889	1.095

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Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis 12.4

Table 12-3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	GSM/GPRS 850	0.619	0.697	1.316
	GSM/GPRS 1900	0.555	0.697	1.252
	UMTS 850	0.512	0.697	1.209
	UMTS 1750	0.780	0.697	1.477
Body-Worn	UMTS 1900	0.491	0.697	1.188
	LTE Band 12	0.448	0.697	1.145
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	0.589	0.697	1.286
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	0.600	0.697	1.297
	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	0.502	0.697	1.199

Table 12-4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	GSM/GPRS 850	0.619	0.189	0.808
	GSM/GPRS 1900	0.555	0.189	0.744
	UMTS 850	0.512	0.189	0.701
	UMTS 1750	0.780	0.189	0.969
Body-Worn	UMTS 1900	0.491	0.189	0.680
	LTE Band 12	0.448	0.189	0.637
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	0.589	0.189	0.778
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	0.600	0.189	0.789
	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	0.502	0.189	0.691

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Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis 12.5

Table 12-5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
	GPRS 850	0.575	0.697	1.272
	GPRS 1900	0.555	0.697	1.252
	UMTS 850	0.512	0.697	1.209
	UMTS 1750	0.780	0.697	1.477
Hotspot SAR	UMTS 1900	0.491	0.697	1.188
	LTE Band 12	0.494	0.697	1.191
	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	0.589	0.697	1.286
	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	0.600	0.697	1.297
	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	0.539	0.697	1.236

12.6 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

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13 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg
- 5) When 10-g SAR measurement is considered, a factor of 2.5 is applied to the thresholds above.

Table 13-1 Head SAR Measurement Variability Results

	HEAD VARIABILITY RESULTS													
Band	FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Side			Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR (1g)	Ratio
	MHz	Ch.					((W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2450	2417.00	2	802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth	DSSS	Left	Cheek	1	1.010	1.000	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population			Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was <1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands, Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04. the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

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14 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	8594A	(9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	N/A	N/A	N/A	3051A00187
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	3/2/2016	Annual	3/2/2017	JP38020182
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	3/3/2016	Annual	3/3/2017	US39170122
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Vector Network Analyzer	8/19/2016	Annual	8/19/2017	MY40003841
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	10/26/2016	Annual	10/26/2017	US39170118
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	3/2/2016	Annual	3/2/2017	MY47270002
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	12/24/2014	Biennial	12/24/2016	GB44400860
Agilent	E5515C	8960 Series 10 Wireless Communications Test Set	10/5/2016	Annual	10/5/2017	GB42230325
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	3/2/2016	Annual	3/2/2017	MY45470194
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	2/27/2016	Annual	2/27/2017	MY47420651
Agilent	N9020A	MXA Signal Analyzer	10/28/2016	Annual	10/28/2017	US46470561
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	433971
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	10/27/2016	Annual	10/27/2017	1349503
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	10/27/2016	Annual	10/27/2017	1349509
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	12/7/2015	Annual	12/7/2016	1207364
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	12/7/2015	Annual	12/7/2016	1339018
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/16/2015	Biennial	10/16/2017	941001
Anritsu	ML2496A	Power Meter	3/5/2016	Annual	3/5/2017	1351001
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Analyzer	12/4/2015	Annual	12/4/2016	6201300731
COMTECH	AR85729-5/5759B	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M3W1A00-1002
Control Company	4040	Digital Thermometer	3/15/2015	Biennial	3/15/2017	150194929
Control Company	4352	Ultra Long Stem Thermometer	3/8/2016	Biennial	3/8/2018	160261728
Control Company	4353	Long Stem Thermometer	1/22/2015	Biennial	1/22/2017	150053081
Keysight	772D	Dual Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	MY52180215
MCL	BW-N6W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R8979500903
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1226
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mitutoyo	CD-6"CSX	Digital Caliper	3/2/2016	Biennial	3/2/2018	13264162
Narda	BW-S3W2	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	120
Pasternack	NC-100	Torque Wrench	5/21/2015	Biennial	5/21/2017	N/A
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A	CBT	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	3/25/2016	Annual	3/25/2017	128633
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench 5/16", 8" lbs	3/2/2016	Biennial	3/2/2018	N/A
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	9/1/2016	Biennial	9/1/2018	21053
SPEAG	D1750V2	1750 MHz SAR Dipole	7/14/2016	Annual	7/14/2017	1150
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	7/15/2016	Annual	7/15/2017	5d149
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	7/25/2016	Annual	7/25/2017	981
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	9/13/2016	Annual	9/13/2017	797
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz Dipole	3/16/2016	Annual	3/16/2017	1054
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	7/13/2016	Annual	7/13/2017	4d047
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/15/2016	Annual	1/15/2017	1466
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/18/2016	Annual	2/18/2017	1272
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	3/14/2016	Annual	3/14/2017	1368
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/14/2016	Annual	4/14/2017	1407
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/11/2016	Annual	5/11/2017	859
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	7/12/2016	Annual	7/12/2017	1322
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	8/22/2016	Annual	8/22/2017	1364
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/14/2016	Annual	9/14/2017	1408
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	9/13/2016	Annual	9/13/2017	1091
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	7/19/2016	Annual	7/19/2017	3022
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	2/19/2016	Annual	2/19/2017	3213
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/18/2016	Annual	3/18/2017	3319
CDEAC	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	8/24/2016	Annual	8/24/2017	3288
SPEAG	E33DV3					1
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	9/19/2016	Annual	9/19/2017	3287
		SAR Probe SAR Probe	9/19/2016 4/19/2016	Annual Annual	9/19/2017 4/19/2017	3287 7406
SPEAG	ES3DV3					

Note:

- CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.
- All equipment was used within its calibration period.

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а	С	d	e=	f	g	h =	i =	k
			f(d,k)			c x f/e	c x g/e	
	Tol.	Prob.		Ci	Ci	1gm	10gms	
Uncertainty Component	(± %)	Dist.	Div.	1gm	10 gms	u _i	ui	v _i
	(= ///			. 5		(± %)	(± %)	''
Measurement System		•		•	•	,,		
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	1.3	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	× ×
Linearity	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	8
System Detection Limits	0.25	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.1	8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	8
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	8
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	6.7	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	3.9	3.9	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	œ
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.7	N	1	1.0	1.0	2.7	2.7	35
Device Holder Uncertainty	1.67	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	œ
SAR Scaling	0.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	7.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	4.4	4.4	× ×
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	4.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	4.1	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	3.4	R	1.73	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	×
Liquid Permittivity - Temperature Unceritainty	0.6	R	1.73	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	× ×
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)		RSS			1	11.5	11.3	60
Expanded Uncertainty		k=2				23.0	22.6	
(95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)						_5.0		

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16 CONCLUSION

16.1 **Measurement Conclusion**

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08161

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76 Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.898 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 40.589; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 2/18/2016

Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1687 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 850, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 3 Tx slots

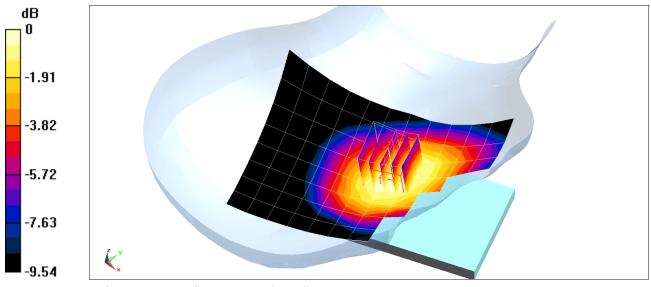
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.497 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.390 W/kg



0 dB = 0.423 W/kg = -3.74 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08211

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76 Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.424 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 38.773; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

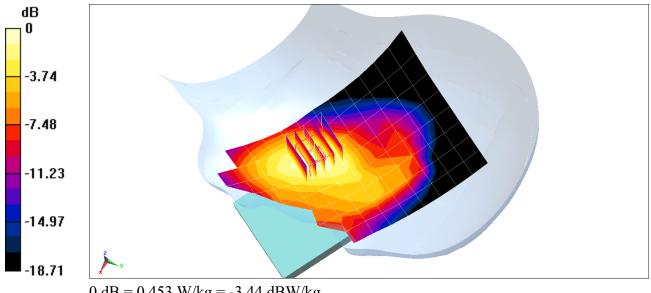
Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 20.2°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.44, 5.44, 5.44); Calibrated: 8/24/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 8/22/2016 Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch, 3 Tx slots

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.598 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.392 W/kg



0 dB = 0.453 W/kg = -3.44 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08211

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.898 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 40.589; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 2/18/2016

Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1687 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 850, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

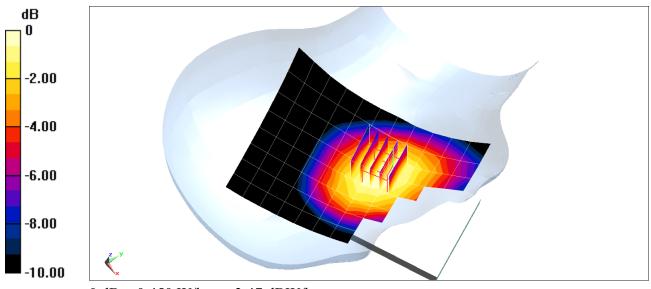
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.544 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.416 W/kg



0 dB = 0.450 W/kg = -3.47 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08161

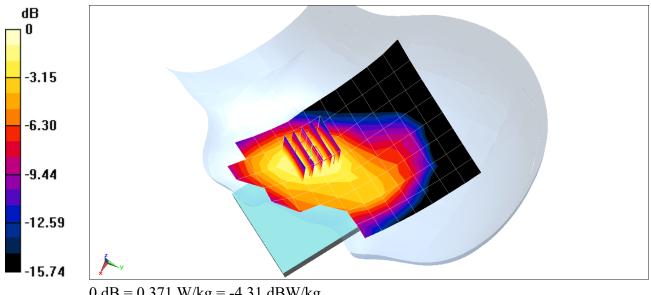
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.4 \text{ MHz}; \sigma = 1.367 \text{ S/m}; \epsilon_r = 38.579; \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15); Calibrated: 7/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 1/15/2016 Phantom: SAM Main; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP 1114 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1750, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.08 V/m: Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.476 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.320 W/kg



DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08161

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.424 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 38.773; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 20.2°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.44, 5.44, 5.44); Calibrated: 8/24/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 8/22/2016

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

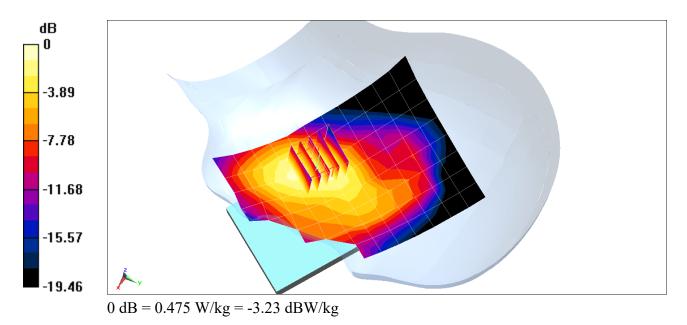
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.632 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.413 W/kg



DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08187

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 12; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.871 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 42.131; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-23-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.6°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7409; ConvF(10.73, 10.73, 10.73); Calibrated: 5/17/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/11/2016

Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP: 1375

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 12, Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch 10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

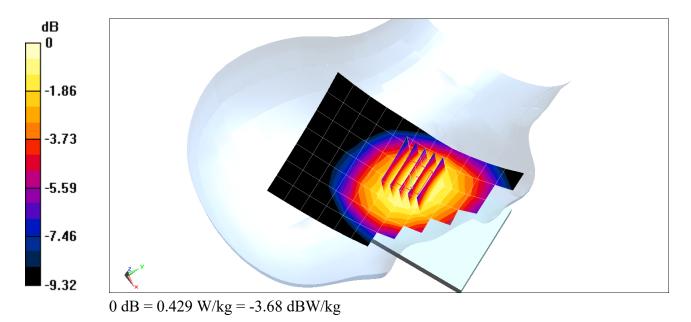
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.454 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.375 W/kg



DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08138

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (Cell.); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.898 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 40.59; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 2/18/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1687
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 5 (Cell.), Right Head, Cheek, Mid.ch 10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

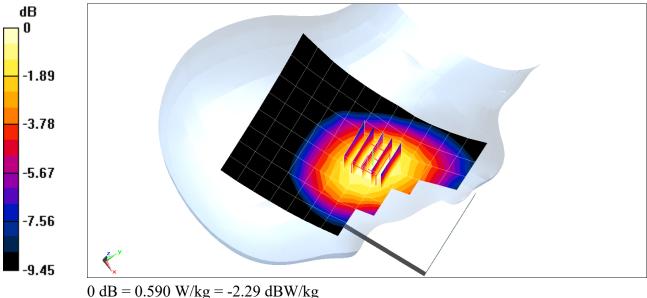
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.679 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.538 W/kg



DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08138

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.367 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 38.579; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15); Calibrated: 7/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 1/15/2016
Phantom: SAM Main; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP 1114
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch 20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

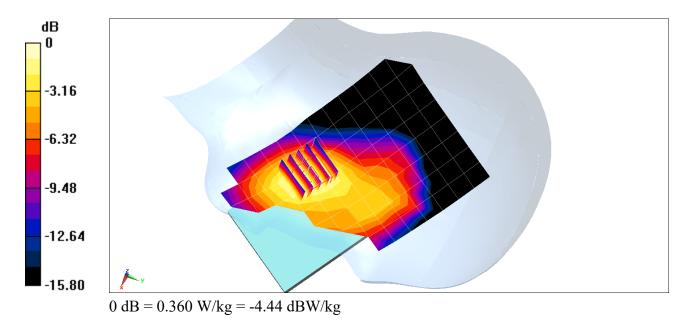
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.464 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.307 W/kg



DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08138

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 2 (PCS); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.424 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 38.773; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 20.2°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.44, 5.44, 5.44); Calibrated: 8/24/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 8/22/2016
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch 20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

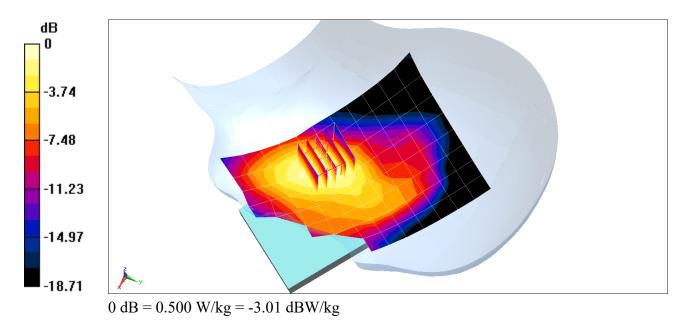
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.660 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.436 W/kg



DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 10407

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2417 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2417 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.817 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 38.752; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-28-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 2/18/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0 Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1646
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth, Left Head, Cheek, Ch 2, 1 Mbps

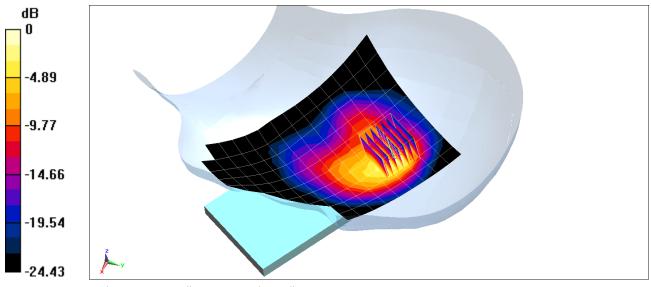
Area Scan (11x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg



0 dB = 1.33 W/kg = 1.24 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08211

Communication System: UID 0, GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.309; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-28-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 3/18/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016

Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GSM 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

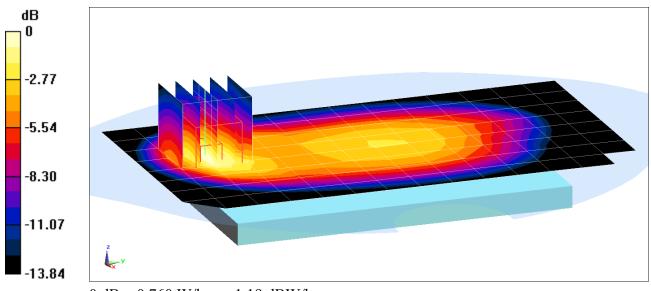
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.615 W/kg



0 dB = 0.760 W/kg = -1.19 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08211

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76 Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.309; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-28-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016

Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

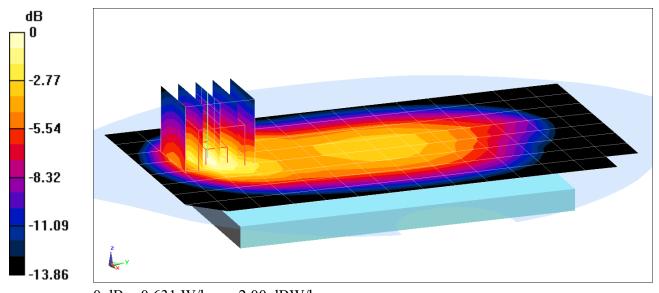
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.882 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.514 W/kg



0 dB = 0.631 W/kg = -2.00 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08161

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76 Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.495 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.634; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.3°C; Tissue Temp: 20.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.94, 4.94, 4.94); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016 Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

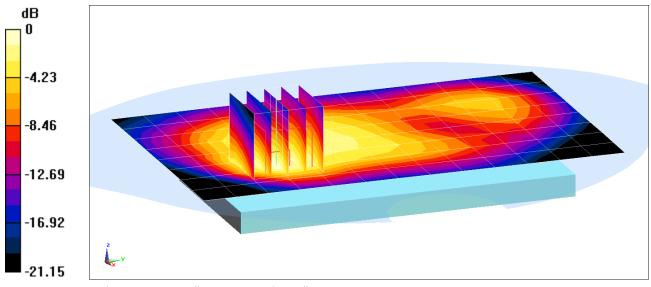
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.966 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.518 W/kg



0 dB = 0.653 W/kg = -1.85 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08161

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.979 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.7; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 20.8°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016

Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

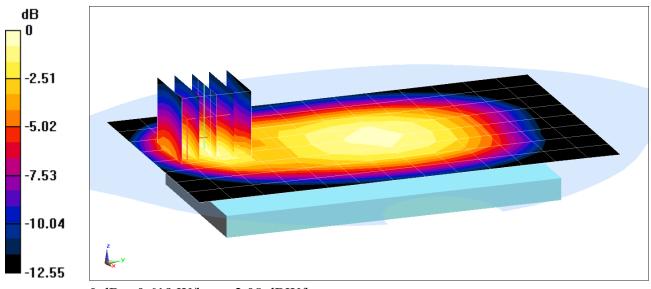
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.853 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.507 W/kg



0 dB = 0.619 W/kg = -2.08 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08211

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.4 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.505 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 51.301; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 21.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7410; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 7/25/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 7/12/2016
Phantom: Main TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP-1406
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1750, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

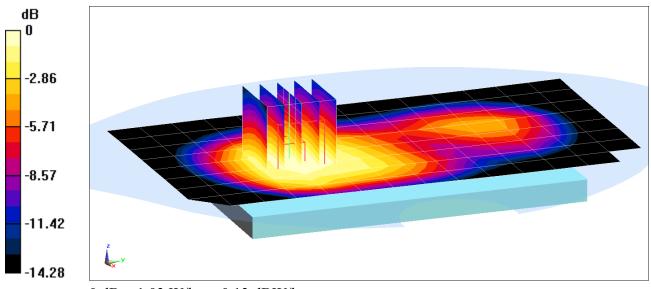
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.776 W/kg



0 dB = 1.03 W/kg = 0.13 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08161

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.495 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.634; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.3°C; Tissue Temp: 20.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.94, 4.94, 4.94); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016 Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

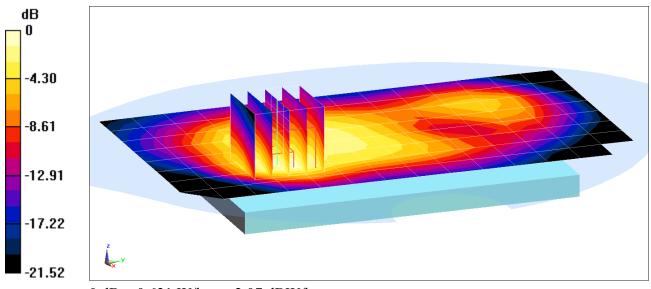
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.907 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.489 W/kg



0 dB = 0.621 W/kg = -2.07 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08187

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 12; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 55.792; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.0°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7409; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 5/17/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/11/2016
Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:7535
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 12, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch 10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

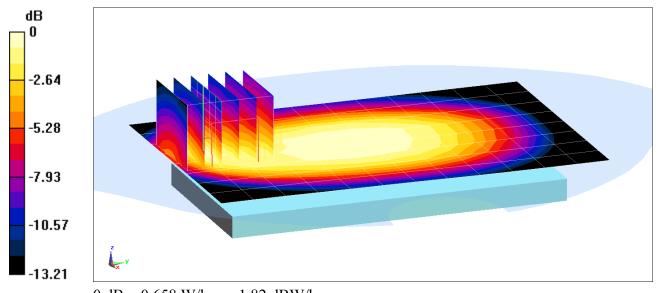
Area Scan (9x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.788 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.446 W/kg



0 dB = 0.658 W/kg = -1.82 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08187

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 12; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 55.792; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.0°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7409; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 5/17/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/11/2016
Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:7535
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 12, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch 10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

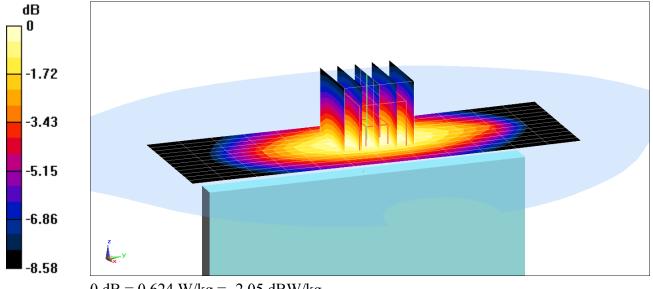
Area Scan (13x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.703 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.492 W/kg



DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08187

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.979 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.701; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 20.8°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 3/18/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 5 (Cell.), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch 10 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

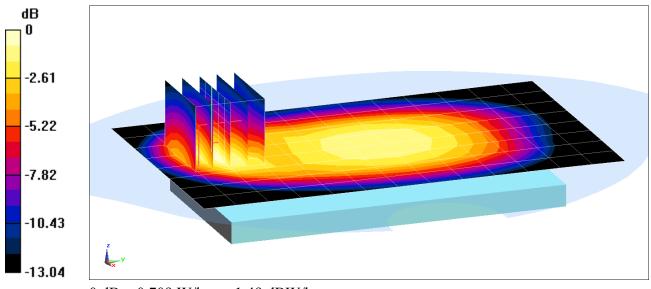
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.995 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.588 W/kg



0 dB = 0.709 W/kg = -1.49 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08138

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 4 (AWS); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.505 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 51.3; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 21.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7410; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 7/25/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 7/12/2016
Phantom: Main TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP-1406
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch 20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

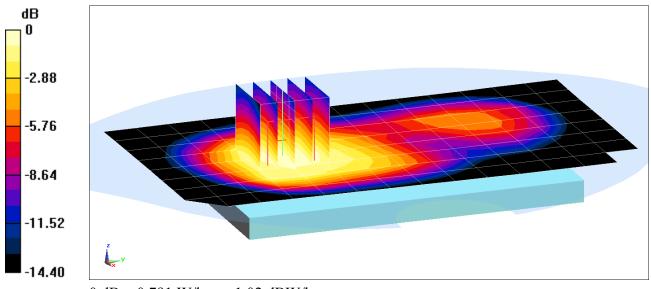
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.898 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.591 W/kg



0 dB = 0.791 W/kg = -1.02 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08187

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 2 (PCS); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.495 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.634; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.3°C; Tissue Temp: 20.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.94, 4.94, 4.94); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016 Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch 20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

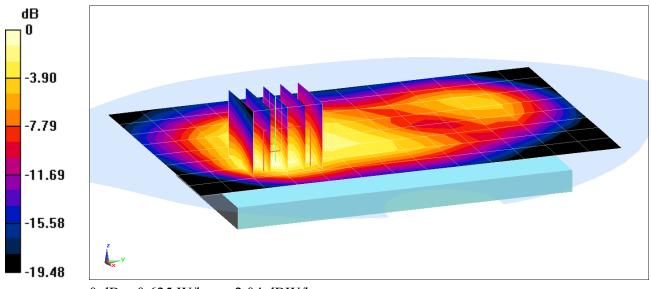
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.919 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.502 W/kg



0 dB = 0.625 W/kg = -2.04 dBW/kg

DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 08187

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 2 (PCS); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.495 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.634; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.3°C; Tissue Temp: 20.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.94, 4.94, 4.94); Calibrated: 9/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch 20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

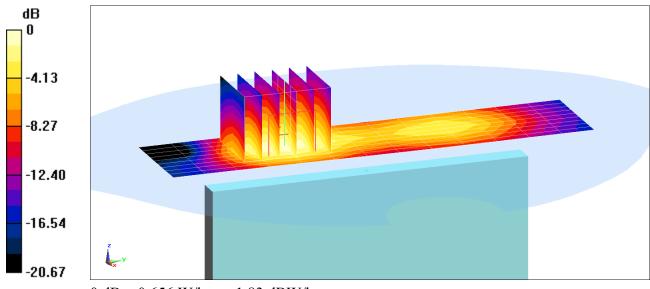
Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.880 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.539 W/kg



DUT: ZNFL63BL; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 10407

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2417 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2417 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.945 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 51.568; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7406; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 4/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 4/14/2016
Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, 22 MHz Bandwidth, Body SAR, Ch 2, 1 Mbps, Back Side

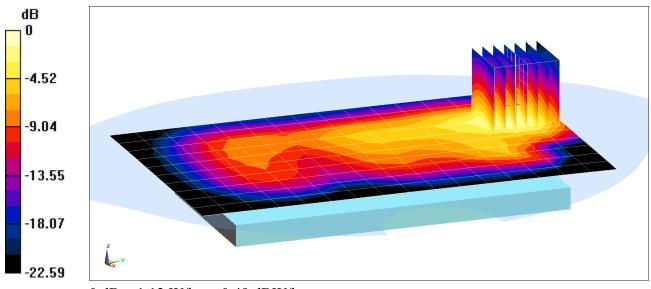
Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.695 W/kg



0 dB = 1.12 W/kg = 0.49 dBW/kg

APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1054

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 750 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 750 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 41.526; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-23-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.6°C

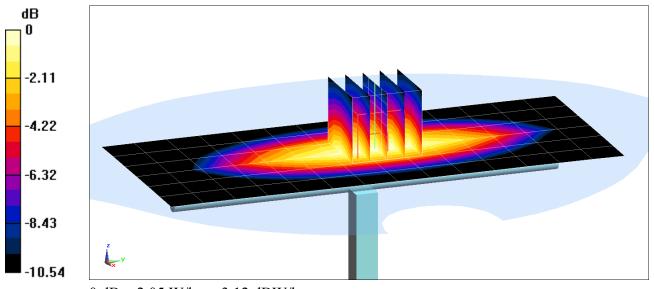
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7409; ConvF(10.73, 10.73, 10.73); Calibrated: 5/17/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/11/2016
Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP: 1375
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

750 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.28 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.54 W/kgDeviation(1 g) = -6.33%



0 dB = 2.05 W/kg = 3.12 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.896 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 40.608; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.1°C

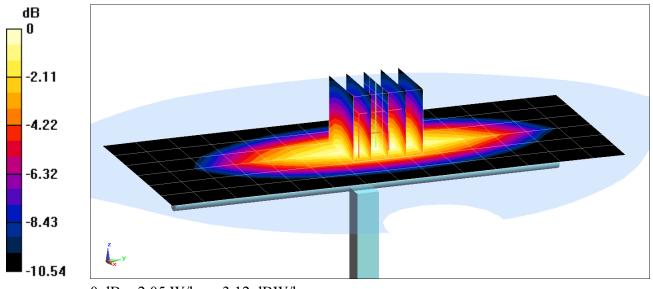
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 2/18/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1687
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.83 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.91 W/kgDeviation(1 g) = 4.60%



0 dB = 2.05 W/kg = 3.12 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1150

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1750 Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.386 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 38.491; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

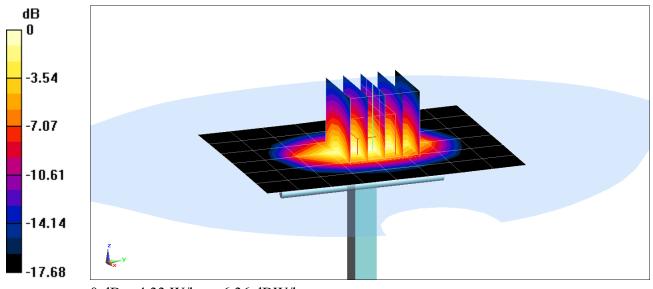
Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15); Calibrated: 7/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1466; Calibrated: 1/15/2016
Phantom: SAM Main; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP 1114
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1750 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.27 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 3.49 W/kgDeviation(1 g) = -3.32%



0 dB = 4.33 W/kg = 6.36 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.445 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 38.686; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 20.2°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

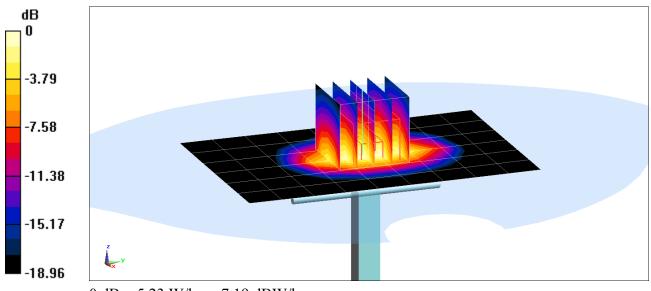
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.44, 5.44, 5.44); Calibrated: 8/24/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 8/22/2016
Phantom: SAM Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.76 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 4.12 W/kgDeviation(1 g) = 2.74%



0 dB = 5.23 W/kg = 7.19 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 981

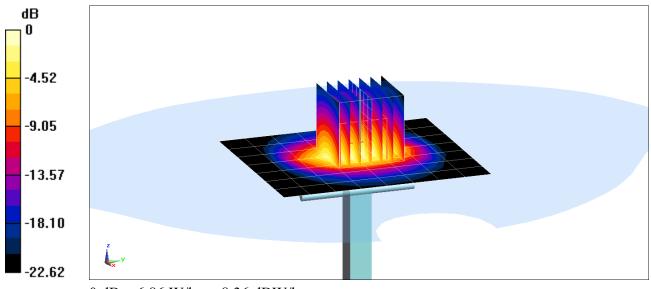
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.851 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 38.646; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-28-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3213; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 2/18/2016
Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0 Front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1646
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mmZoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.23 W/kg Deviation(1 g) = -0.95%



0 dB = 6.86 W/kg = 8.36 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1054

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 750 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 750 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.958 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 55.38; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 21.0°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7409; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 5/17/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/11/2016
Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:7535
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

750 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

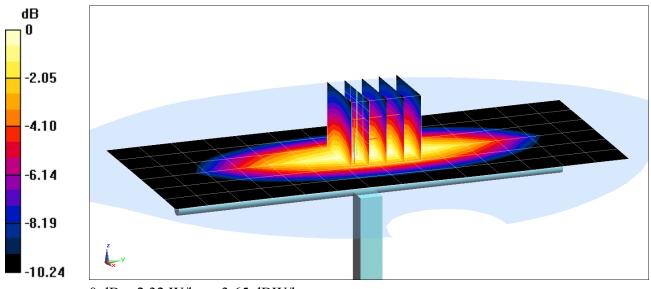
Area Scan (7x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.75 W/kg

Deviation(1 g) = 2.22%



0 dB = 2.32 W/kg = 3.65 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 0.978 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.718; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 20.8°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 3/18/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 3/14/2016

Phantom: SAM with CRP (Left); Type: SAM; Serial: 1715

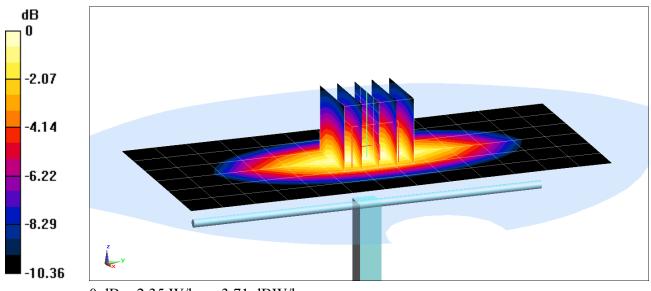
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification at 23.0 dBm (200 mW)

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.96 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 2.01 W/kgDeviation(1 g) = 5.02%



0 dB = 2.35 W/kg = 3.71 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1150

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1750 Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.525 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 51.24; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-22-2016; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 21.7°C

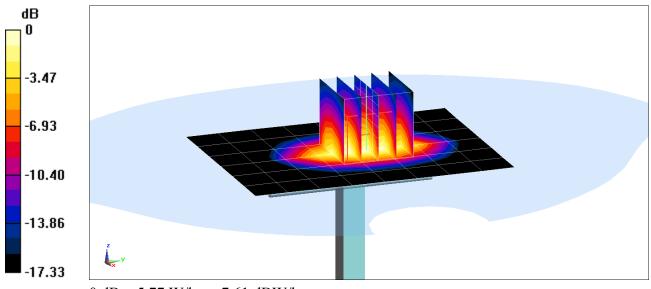
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7410; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 7/25/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 7/12/2016
Phantom: Main TWIN SAM; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP-1406
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1750 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.77 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 3.84 W/kgDeviation(1 g) = 5.21%



0 dB = 5.77 W/kg = 7.61 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.518 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 53.553; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 21.3°C; Tissue Temp: 20.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.94, 4.94, 4.94); Calibrated: 9/19/2016;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 9/14/2016 Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

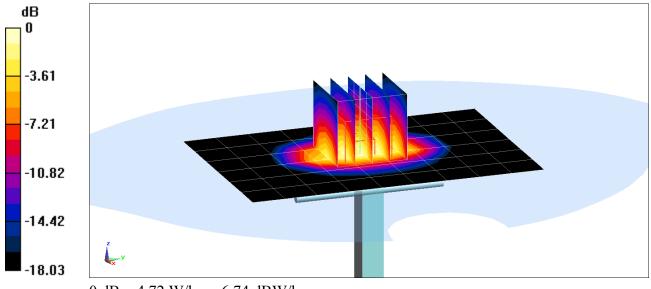
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.72 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 3.71 W/kgDeviation(1 g) = -7.02%



0 dB = 4.72 W/kg = 6.74 dBW/kg

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}; \ \sigma = 1.988 \text{ S/m}; \ \epsilon_r = 51.444; \ \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-21-2016; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

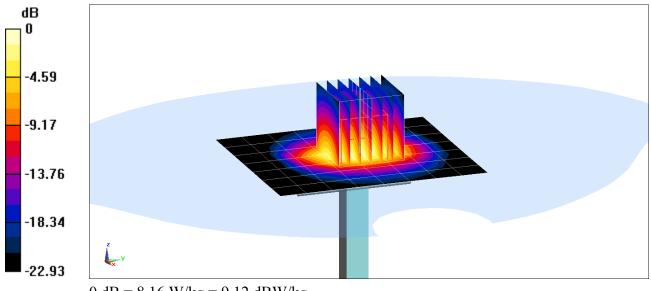
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7406; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 4/19/2016; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 4/14/2016
Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification at 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.3 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 4.83 W/kgDeviation(1 g) = -4.73%



0 dB = 8.16 W/kg = 9.12 dBW/kg

APPENDIX C: PROBE CALIBRATION

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: EX3-7409_May16

C

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7409

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

BN 05/23/16

Calibration date:

May 17, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	lD -	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285/02284)	In house check: Jun-16
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285)	In house check: Jun-16
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02284)	In house check: Jun-16
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Jun-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Name

Function

Michael Weber

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Calibrated by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: May 18, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-7409_May16

Page 1 of 12

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL. tissue simulatina liquid

NORMx,y,z

sensitivity in free space

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, v, z

DCP CF

diode compression point crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal

A, B, C, D

modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
 IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close
- proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx.v.z; Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell: f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx.v.z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters; Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy); in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7409_May16 Page 2 of 12

Probe EX3DV4

SN:7409

Manufactured: November 24, 2015

Calibrated:

May 17, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4-- SN:7409

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7409

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.39	0.34	0.39	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	106.3	102.2	99.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^t (k=2)
0	CW	х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	141.2	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		127.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		131.8	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	X	0.39	53.8	5.5	10.00	42.5	±1.2 %
		Y	0.55	54.7	5.9		41.8	
		Z	0.85	58.7	9.1		41.6	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	3.55	75.3	22.2	1.87	149.7	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.32	72.6	21.0		139.7	
		Z	2.84	68.8	19.0	_	144.7	
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.98	66.6	19.3	5.67	113.6	±0.9 %
		Υ	6.17	66.7	19.4		107.1	
		Z	6.13	66.1	18.8	ļ <u>.</u>	110.9	
10103- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.59	66.2	21.1	9.29	123.5	±1.4 %
		Y	7.27	67.9	22.1		121.1	
		Z	7.01	66.4	21.1		119.9	
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.72	66.1	19.2	5.80	111.4	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.34	67.6	20.0		149.2	
		Z	6.02	65.9	19.0		109.0	
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.27	66.1	21.2	9.28	116.8	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.89	67.6	22.1		114.7	
		Z	6.69	66.0	21.0		116.4	4.0.04
10154- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.37	65.9	19.1	5.75	107.3	±1.2 %
_		Υ	5.98	67.2	19.9	ļ	143.3	
		Z	6.01	66.7	19.4		149.2	- 1 0 01
10160- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.76	66.2	19.2	5.82	109.5	±1.2 %
		Υ	6.43	67.6	20.0		148.3	
		Z	6.05	65.6	18.7	5.70	107.5	.000
10169- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.24	65.6	19.3	5.73	127.4	±0.9 %
		Y	4.54	66.4	19.8		120.4	
	175 700 (00 5044 4 00 0044)	Z	4.62	65.9	19.3	0.04	123.8	.4.4.04
10172- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.91	68.0	22.7	9.21	126.7	±1.4 %
	-:	Y	5.24	68.8	23.3		124.0	
40475	1.TE EDD (00 PDM 4.00 40 M)	Z	5.35	68.1	22.5	E 70	125.0	1000
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.27	65.8	19.4	5.72	128.9	±0.9 %
		Y	4.52	66.2	19.7		121.2	
		Z	4.63	65.9	19.3		125.2	

EX3DV4-SN:7409 May 17, 2016

10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	4.26	65.7	19.4	5.72	125.9	±0.9 %
		Υ	4.47	66.0	19.5		120.6	
		Z	4.60	65.7	19.2		123.0	
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	4.89	67.9	22.6	9.21	125.9	±1.7 %
		Y	5.26	69.0	23.4		123.8	
		Ζ	5.32	67.8	22.3		124.3	
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.04	66.8	21.7	9.24	149.2	±1.4 %
		Y	6.64	68.1	22.6		148.9	
<u>-</u>		Z	6.48	66.5	21.4		147.5	
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.27	66.1	21.2	9.30	119.1	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.88	67.4	22.0		115.9	
		Z	6.73	66.1	21.1		117.6	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.71	66.0	19.2	5.81	110.7	±0.9 %
		Y	6.41	67.8	20.2		149.8	
		Z	5.98	65.7	18.9		107.9	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.23	66.3	19.4	6.06	112.8	±0.9 %
		Υ	6.51	66.6	19.5		107.4	
		Z	6.49	66.1	19.0		109.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 6 and 7).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7409

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

					-			
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.73	10.73	10.73	0.62	0.83	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.04	10.04	10.04	0.45	0.93	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.22	7.22	7.22	0.25	0.92	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.30	0.93	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.77	6.77	6.77	0.32	0.83	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConyF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-7409_May16

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7409

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.46	9.46	9.46	0.52	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.33	9.33	9.33	0.34	1.04	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.72	7.72	7.72	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.47	7.47	7.47	0.43	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.22	7,22	7.22	0.36	0.85	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.83	6.83	6.83	0.39	0.86	± 12.0 %

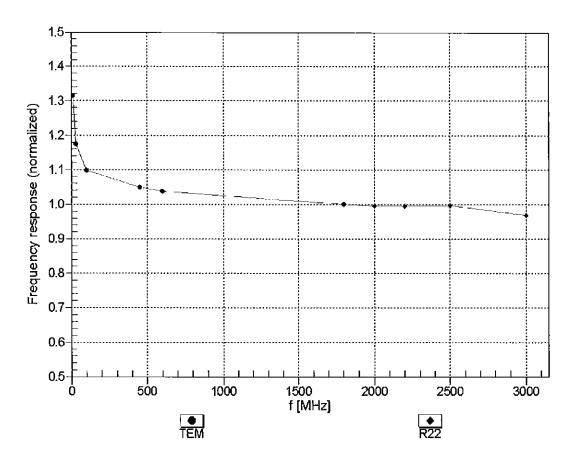
 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target lissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

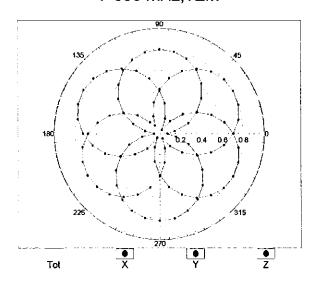


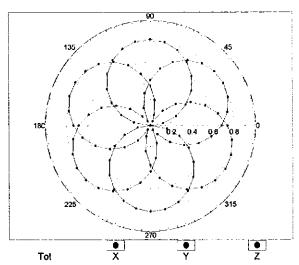
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

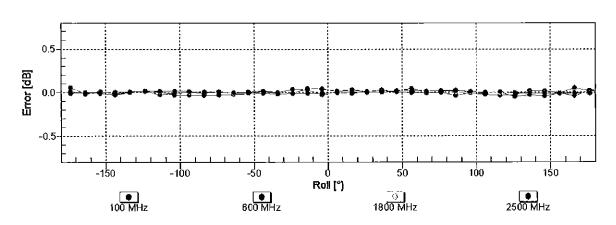
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22



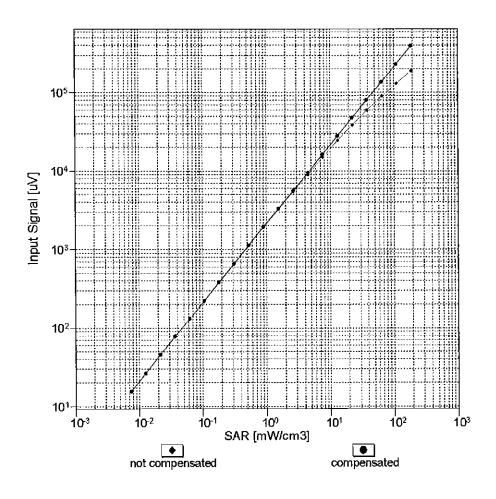


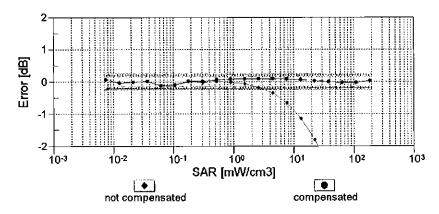


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

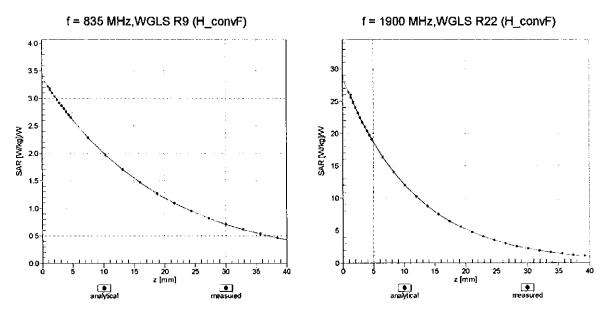
(TEM cell, f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





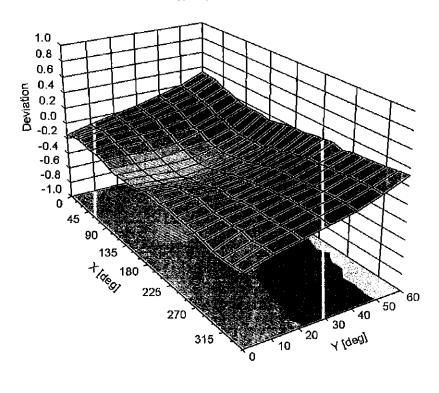
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

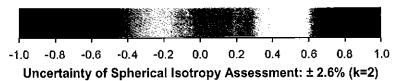
Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz





EX3DV4- SN:7409

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7409

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	36.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ES3-3213_Feb16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3213

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

03/01/2016

Calibration date:

February 19, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager

Issued: February 20, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3213_Feb16

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulatina liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx, v, z diode compression point

CF

crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

A, B, C, D Polarization o

o rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
 IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close
- b) proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 0$ ($f \le 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 wavequide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx.v.z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3213

Calibrated:

Manufactured: October 14, 2008
Calibrated: February 19, 2016 February 19, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ES3DV3-SN:3213

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3213

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	1.50	1.38	1.34	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	99.8	101.9	99.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

ŲID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [±] (k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	195.2	±3.5 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		214.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		215.1	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Х	5.06	68.1	14.5	10.00	42.1	±0.9 %
		Υ	11.23	76.3	17.0		39.8	
		Z	6.02	70.0	14.9		39.7	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	3.09	69.2	18.8	1.87	137.2	±0.7 %
		Y	3.15	70.3	19.6		133.1	
		Z	2.82	67.6	18.0		132.3	
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.22	66.6	19.2	5.67	125.7	±1.7 %
		Υ	6.51	68.0	20.1		146.0	
10100	1.75 TDD (00 5DM 4000) DD 00	Z	6.41	67.3	19.6		143.7	.0.0.04
10103- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	10.84	76.7	26.6	9.29	143.8	±3.3 %
		Υ	10.81	77.3	27.2		137.5	
- (0.100	1.75 500 (00 50) (00 60)	Z	10.28	75.3	25.8		136.3	
10108- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.44	67.4	19.8	5.80	148.4	±1.7 %
		Y	6.38	67.6	20.0		142.8	
		Z	6.32	67.1	19.5		141.5	
10151- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	10.08	75.4	26.1	9.28	137.0	±3.3 %
	-	Υ	10.08	76.2	26.8		131.6	
10151	1.55 500 (00 501)	Z	9.63	74.3	25.4		130.7	
10154- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.09	66.7	19.5	5.75	144.2	±1.4 %
		Υ	6.07	67.1	19.8		139.5	
		Z	5.98	66.4	19.3		137.4	
10160- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.59	67.5	19.8	5.82	149.8	±1.7 %
		Υ	6.51	67.6	20.1		146.2	
10100		Z	6.44	67.0	19.5		145.3	
10169- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.13	67.0	19.8	5.73	146.8	±1.4 %
		Y	5.10	67.4	20.2		144.4	
40470	LTT TOD (OO EDW) 4 DD COAN	Z	4.99	66.5	19.5	0.04	141.2	.0.0.01
10172- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.31	76.6	26.9	9.21	125.5	±3.3 %
		Y	10.61	84.9	31.4		149.4	
40475	LTT TDD (OO FDMA 4 DD 46 : "	Z	8.76	78.4	27.8	F 70	143.6	. 4 4 5/
10175- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.05	66.6	19.6	5.72	144.9	±1.4 %
		Υ	5.06	67.2	20.1		142.1	
		Z	4.99	66.5	19.5		140.5	

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10181- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.12	66.9	19.8	5.72	145.1	±1.4 %
		Υ	5.09	67.3	20.2		143.7	
		Z	5.00	66.6	19.5		140.2	
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	8.18	76.1	26.7	9.21	124.8	±3.3 %
		Υ	10.45	84.4	31.2		148.6	
		Z	8.75	78.3	27.7		143.4	
10252- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.24	74.1	25.5	9.24	126.6	±2.7 %
		Υ	9.21	74.8	26.2		122.2	
		Z	9.78	76.0	26.5		147.7	
10267- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	9.92	75.0	25.9	9.30	133.4	±3.3 %
		Υ	9.95	75.8	26.6		128.8	
		Ζ	9.55	74.0	25.3		127.2	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.43	67.3	19.8	5.81	146.2	±1.4 %
		Y	6.42	67.7	20.1		141.6	
		Z	6.28	66.9	19.5		140.2	
10311- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.70	66.9	19.5	6.06	128.1	±1.7 %
		Y	6.97	68.2	20.4		147.3	
		Z	6.91	67.7	20.0		146.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 6 and 7).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3213

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

					•			
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ⁶	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.55	1.36	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.18	6.18	6.18	0.58	1.33	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.23	5.23	5.23	0.80	1.14	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.60	1.30	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.59	1.41	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.58	4.58	4.58	0.75	1.30	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.38	4.38	4.38	0.71	1.38	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3213

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	5.98	5.98	5.98	0.60	1.31	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.00	6.00	6.00	0.36	1.70	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.94	4.94	4.94	0.48	1.57	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.52	1.55	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.74	1.34	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.41	4.41	4.41	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	4.21	4.21	4.21	0.90	1.05	± 12.0 %

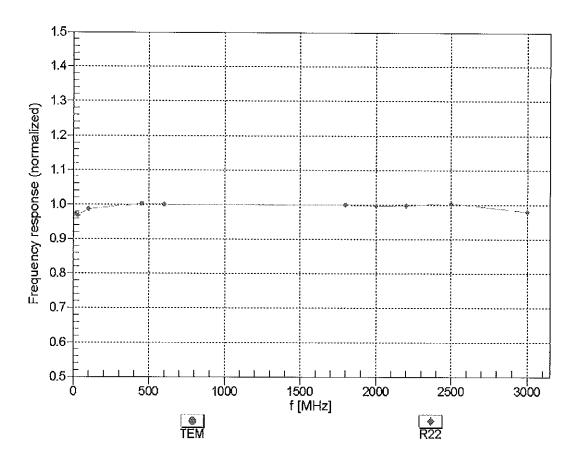
^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

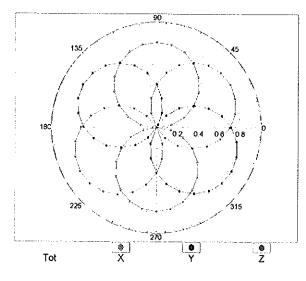


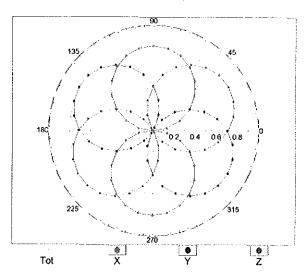
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

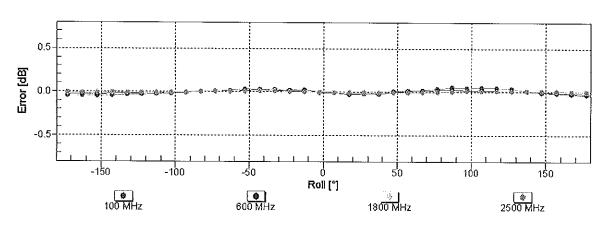
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

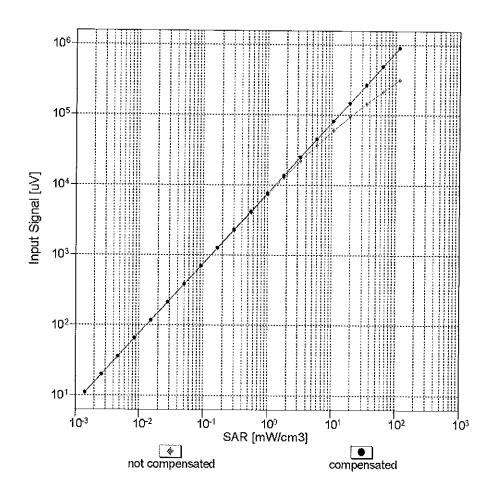


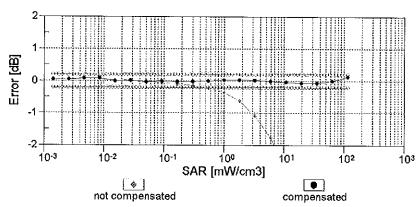




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: \pm 0.5% (k=2)

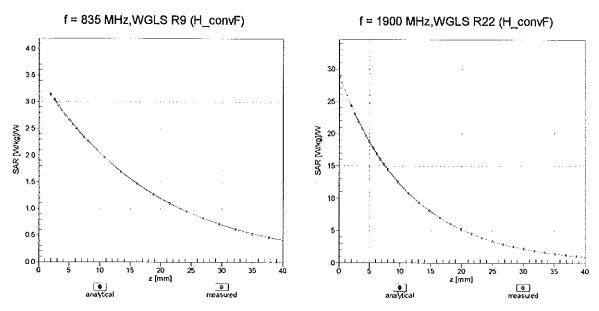
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





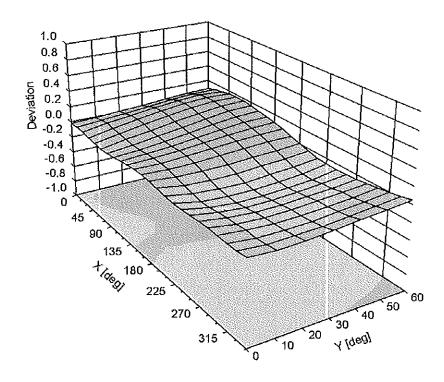
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

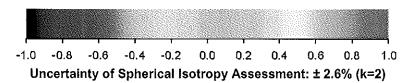
Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz





DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3213

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular		
Connector Angle (°)	97.2		
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled		
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled		
Probe Overali Length	337 mm		
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm		
Tip Length	10 mm		
Tip Diameter	4 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm		
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm		
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm		