



# FCC RF Test Report

**APPLICANT** : Fibocom Wireless Inc.  
**EQUIPMENT** : 5G Module  
**BRAND NAME** : Fibocom  
**MODEL NAME** : FM150-NA  
**FCC ID** : ZMOFM150NA  
**STANDARD** : 47 CFR Part 2, 27(O)  
**CLASSIFICATION** : PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB)

The product was received on Feb. 04, 2021 and completely tested on Feb. 27, 2021. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.26-2015 and shown compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Jason Jia / Supervisor

Approved by: James Huang / Manager



**Sportun International (Kunshan) Inc.**  
No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300  
People's Republic of China



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### APPENDIX A. TEST RESULTS OF CONDUCTED TEST

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## REVISION HISTORY



## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.4	§2.1046	Conducted Output Power	Reporting Only	PASS	-
	§27.50(j)(2)	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (5G NR n77)	EIRP < 1640 Watt		
3.5	§27.50(j)(4)	Peak-to-Average Ratio	<13 dB	PASS	-
3.6	§2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting Only	PASS	-
3.7	§2.1051 §27.53(l)(1)	Conducted Band Edge Measurement (5G NR n77)	$< 43+10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS	-
3.8	§2.1051 §27.53(l)(1)	Conducted Spurious Emission (5G NR n77)	$< 43+10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS	-
3.9	§2.1055 §27.54	Frequency Stability Temperature & Voltage	Within Authorized Band	PASS	-
4.4	§2.1053 §27.53(l)(1)	Radiated Spurious Emission (5G NR n77)	$< 43+10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS	Under limit 44.99 dB at 15180.000 MHz

### Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

### Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.



## 1 General Description

### 1.1 Applicant

**Fibocom Wireless Inc.**

1101, Tower A, Building 6, Shenzhen International Innovation Valley, Dashi 1st Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

### 1.2 Manufacturer

**Fibocom Wireless Inc.**

1101, Tower A, Building 6, Shenzhen International Innovation Valley, Dashi 1st Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

### 1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
<b>Equipment</b>	5G Module
<b>Brand Name</b>	Fibocom
<b>Model Name</b>	FM150-NA
<b>FCC ID</b>	ZMOFM150NA
<b>EUT supports Radios application</b>	WCDMA/LTE/5G NR/GNSS
<b>IMEI Code</b>	Conducted : 867654040329944 Radiation : N/A
<b>HW Version</b>	V1.0.1
<b>SW Version</b>	89601.1000.00.03.04.33
<b>EUT Stage</b>	Identical Prototype

**Remark:**

1. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.
2. This module is limited to installation in fixed applications.



## 1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Standards-related Product Specification	
<b>Tx Frequency</b>	5G NR n77: 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78: 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz
<b>Rx Frequency</b>	5G NR n77: 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78: 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz
<b>Bandwidth</b>	h77: 20/40/50/60/80/90/100MHz h78: 20/30/40/50/60/70/80/90/100MHz
<b>SCS</b>	h77/n78: 30kHz
<b>Type of Modulation</b>	CP-OFDM: QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM DFT-s-OFDM: QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM

WWAN ANTENNA GAIN (dBi)		
Frequency Band	ANT.1: GHT-019A	ANT.2: AN0750-64S01BSM
5G NR n77	<b>3.69</b>	-2.30

**Remark:** Between the two type of antennas, only the worst antenna gain evaluated test is shown in bold.

## 1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

## 1.6 Maximum Conducted Power, Frequency Tolerance, and Emission Designator

5G NR n77		QPSK		16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM	
BW (MHz)	Frequency Range (MHz)	Emission Designator (99%OBW)	Maximum Conducted power (W)	Emission Designator (99%OBW)	Maximum Conducted power (W)
100	3750.0 ~ 3930.0	97M3G7D	0.4571	97M9W7D	0.4355
<b>Frequency Tolerance (ppm)</b>		0.0044			

**Note:** 5G NR n77 overlaps the entire frequency range of 5G NR n78. Therefore, the test results provided in this report covers n77 as well n78.



## 1.7 Testing Location

Sportun International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

<b>Test Firm</b>	Sportun International (Kunshan) Inc.		
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958		
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sportun Site No.</b>	<b>FCC Designation No.</b>	<b>FCC Test Firm Registration No.</b>
	03CH04-KS TH01-KS	CN1257	314309

## 1.8 Test Software

Item	Site	Manufacturer	Name	Version
1.	03CH04-KS	AUDIX	E3	6.2009-8-24a

## 1.9 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- 47 CFR Part 2, 27O
- ANSI C63.26-2015
- FCC KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01
- FCC KDB 412172 D01 Determining ERP and EIRP v01r01

### Remark:

All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.



## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1 Test Mode

Antenna port conducted and radiated test items are performed according to KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01 with maximum output power.

For radiated measurement, pre-scanned in three orthogonal panels, X, Y, Z. The worst cases (Y plane) were recorded in this report.

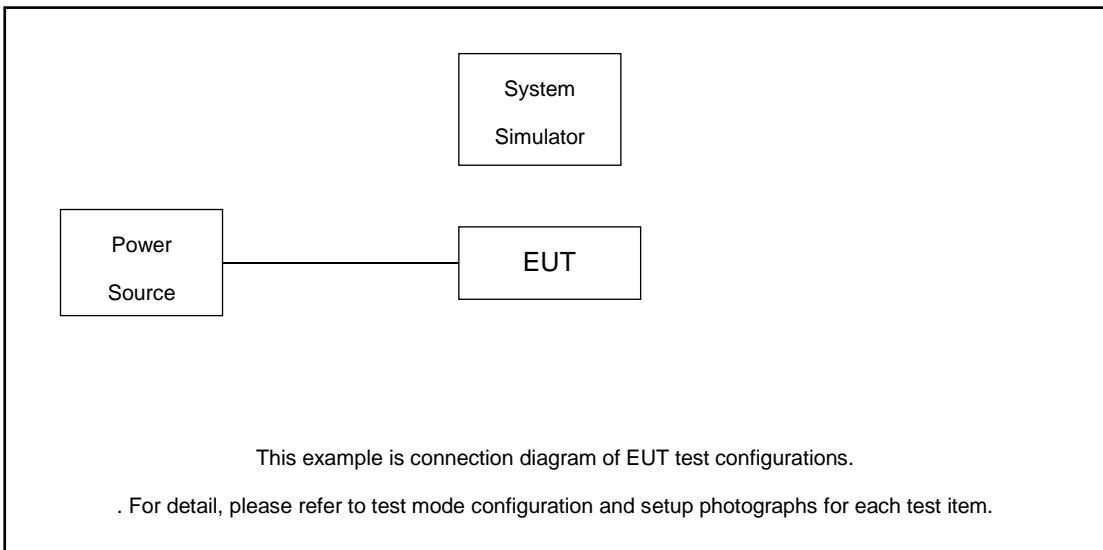
The device is investigated from 30MHz to 10 times of fundamental signal for radiated spurious emission test under different RB size/offset and modulations in exploratory test. Subsequently, only the worst case emissions are reported.



Test Items	5G NR	Bandwidth (MHz)						Modulation						RB #		Test Channel		
		20	40	50	60	80-90	100	PI/2 BPSK	QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	256QAM	1	Full	L	M	H	
Max. Output Power	n77	v	v	v	v	v	v	-	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	
Max. Output Power	n78						v	-	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	
Peak-to-Average Ratio	n77	v				-	-	-	v	v	v	v	v		v		v	
26dB and 99% Bandwidth	n77				-	v	-	v	v				v		v		v	
Conducted Band Edge	n77	v	v	v	v	v	v	-	v	v	v	v	v	v	v		v	
Conducted Spurious Emission	n77	v	v		v	v	v	-	v				v	v	v	v	v	
Frequency Stability	n77				-	v	-	v					v		v		v	
E.R.P / E.I.R.P	n77	v	v	v	v	v	v	-	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	
Radiated Spurious Emission	n77	Worst Case													v			
Note		1. The mark "v" means that this configuration is chosen for testing 2. The mark "-" means that this bandwidth is not supported. 3. The device is investigated from 30MHz to 10 times of fundamental signal for radiated spurious emission test under different RB size/offset and modulations in exploratory test. Subsequently, only the worst case emissions are reported. 4. This module is limited to installation in fixed applications. 5. 5G NR n77 supports HPUE. 5G NR n77 overlaps the entire frequency range of 5G NR n78. Therefore, the test results provided in this report covers n77 as well n78, n78 only verify max BW conducted power.																

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>6. 5G NR supports SA and NSA mode (refer to the Operation Description), according to the maximum power, only show the worst mode in the report.</li><li>7. For modulation of CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM, according to engineering evaluation, we chose the DFT-s-OFDM modulation to perform all tests and show in the report.</li></ul>
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## 2.2 Connection Diagram of Test System



## 2.3 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	DC Power Supply	GW	GPS-3030D	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	LTE Base Station	Anritsu	MT8821C	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
3.	NR Base Station	Anritsu	MT8000A	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
4.	Antenna	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5.	Adapter	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.	Test jig	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 2.4 Measurement Results Explanation Example

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

$Offset = RF\ cable\ loss + attenuator\ factor.$

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 3.24 dB and 10dB attenuator.

Example :



Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + attenuator factor(dB).  
= 3.24 + 10 = 13.24 (dB)

## 2.5 Frequency List of Low/Middle/High Channels

5G NR n77 Channel and Frequency List				
BW [MHz]	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	Lowest	Middle	Highest
100	Channel	650000	656000	662000
	Frequency	3750	3840	3930
90	Channel	649668	656000	662334
	Frequency	3745.02	3840	3935.01
80	Channel	649334	656000	662668
	Frequency	3740.01	3840	3940.02
60	Channel	648668	656000	663334
	Frequency	3730.02	3840	3950.01
50	Channel	648334	656000	663668
	Frequency	3725.01	3840	3955.02
40	Channel	648000	656000	664000
	Frequency	3720	3840	3960
20	Channel	647334	656000	664668
	Frequency	3710.01	3840	3970.02

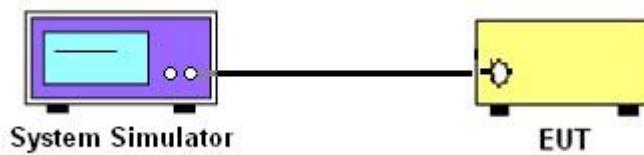
### 3 Conducted Test Items

#### 3.1 Measuring Instruments

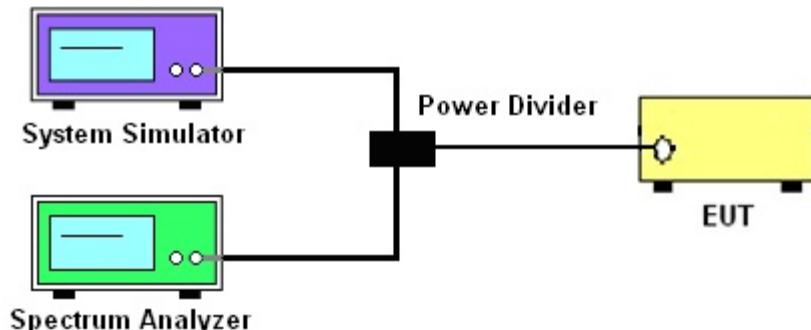
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

#### 3.2 Test Setup

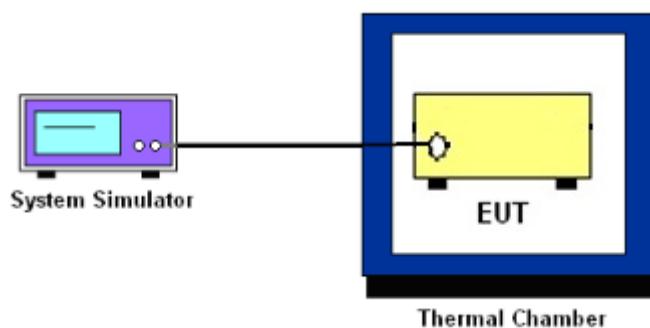
##### 3.2.1 Conducted Output Power



##### 3.2.2 Peak-to-Average Ratio, Occupied Bandwidth ,Conducted Band-Edge and Conducted Spurious Emission



##### 3.2.3 Frequency Stability



#### 3.3 Test Result of Conducted Test

Please refer to Appendix A.



### 3.4 Conducted Output Power and EIRP

#### 3.4.1 Description of the Conducted Output Power Measurement and EIRP Measurement

A system simulator was used to establish communication with the EUT. Its parameters were set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power. The measured power in the radio frequency on the transmitter output terminals shall be reported.

(1) The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 3700-3980 MHz band and located in any county with population density of 100 or fewer persons per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, is limited to an equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) of 3280 Watts/MHz. This limit applies to the aggregate power of all antenna elements in any given sector of a base station.

(2) The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 3700-3980 MHz band and situated in any geographic location other than that described in paragraph (j)(1) of this section is limited to an EIRP of 1640 Watts/MHz. This limit applies to the aggregate power of all antenna elements in any given sector of a base station.

(3) Mobile and portable stations are limited to 1 Watt EIRP. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

According to KDB 412172 D01 Power Approach,

$EIRP = P_T + G_T - L_C$ ,  $ERP = EIRP - 2.15$ , where

$P_T$  = transmitter output power in dBm

$G_T$  = gain of the transmitting antenna in dBi

$L_C$  = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna in dB

#### 3.4.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.26 Section 5.2
2. The transmitter output port was connected to the system simulator.
3. Set EUT at maximum power through the system simulator.
4. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different modulation.
5. Measure and record the power level from the system simulator.



## 3.5 Peak-to-Average Ratio

### 3.5.1 Description of the PAR Measurement

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument's resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

### 3.5.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.26 Section 5.2.6 (PAPR).
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum and system simulator via a power divider.
3. Set EUT in maximum power output.
4. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Detector = Peak, Trace mode = max hold, Set span  $\geq 2 \times$  OBW in spectrum analyzer.
5. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Detector = power averaging, Trace mode = max hold, Set span  $\geq 2 \times$  OBW in spectrum analyzer.
6. Add  $[10 \log (1/\text{duty cycle})]$  to the measured maximum power level to compute the average power during continuous transmission.
7.  $\text{PAPR (dB)} = P_{\text{Pk}} (\text{dBm}) - P_{\text{Avg}} (\text{dBm})$

where

PAPR peak-to-average power ratio, in dB

$P_{\text{Pk}}$  measured peak power level, in dBm

$P_{\text{Avg}}$  measured average power level, in dBm

8. Record the deviation as Peak to Average Ratio.



## 3.6 Occupied Bandwidth

### 3.6.1 Description of Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

The occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5% of the total mean transmitted power.

The 26 dB emission bandwidth is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated 26 dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth equal to approximately 1.0% of the emission bandwidth.

### 3.6.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.26 Section 5.4
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be between two and five times the anticipated OBW.
4. The nominal resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW.
5. Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.
6. Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace. (this is the reference value)
7. Determine the “-26 dB down amplitude” as equal to (Reference Value – X).
8. Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-X dB down amplitude” determined in step 6. If a marker is below this “-X dB down amplitude” value it shall be placed as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers.
9. Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer and report the measured bandwidth.



## 3.7 Conducted Band Edge

### 3.7.1 Description of Conducted Band Edge Measurement

27.53(l)(1)

For base station operations in the 3700-3980 MHz band, the conducted power of any emission outside the licensee's authorized bandwidth shall not exceed -13 dBm/MHz. Compliance with this paragraph (l)(1) is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

### 3.7.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.26 section 5.7
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The band edges of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured.
4. Set RBW  $\geq 1\%$  EBW in the 1MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the band edge.
5. Beyond the 1 MHz band from the band edge, RBW=1MHz was used.
6. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
7. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
8. Checked that all the results comply with the emission limit line.

Example:

The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$  dB below the transmitter power  $P$  (Watts)  
 $= P(W) - [43 + 10\log(P)]$  (dB)  
 $= [30 + 10\log(P)]$  (dBm) -  $[43 + 10\log(P)]$  (dB) = -13dBm.



## 3.8 Conducted Spurious Emission

### 3.8.1 Description of Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

It is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer and scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.

### 3.8.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.26 section 5.7
2. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator.  
The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
4. The middle channel for the highest RF power within the transmitting frequency was measured.
5. The conducted spurious emission for the whole frequency range was taken.
6. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz.
7. Set spectrum analyzer with RMS detector.
8. Taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
9. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
10. The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$  dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)  
 $= P(W) - [43 + 10\log(P)]$  (dB)  
 $= [30 + 10\log(P)]$  (dBm) -  $[43 + 10\log(P)]$  (dB)  
 $= -13$  dBm.



## 3.9 Frequency Stability

### 3.9.1 Description of Frequency Stability Measurement

The frequency stability shall be measured by variation of ambient temperature and variation of primary supply voltage to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within  $\pm 0.00025\%$  ( $\pm 2.5\text{ppm}$ ) of the center frequency.

### 3.9.2 Test Procedures for Temperature Variation

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.26 section 5.6.4
2. The EUT was set up in the thermal chamber and connected with the system simulator.
3. With power OFF, the temperature was decreased to  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  and the EUT was stabilized before testing. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was recorded within one minute.
4. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$  step up to  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The EUT was stabilized at each step for at least half an hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was recorded within one minute.

### 3.9.3 Test Procedures for Voltage Variation

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.26 section 5.6.5
2. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at  $20\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$  and connected with the system simulator.
3. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
4. For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce the primary ac or dc supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
5. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

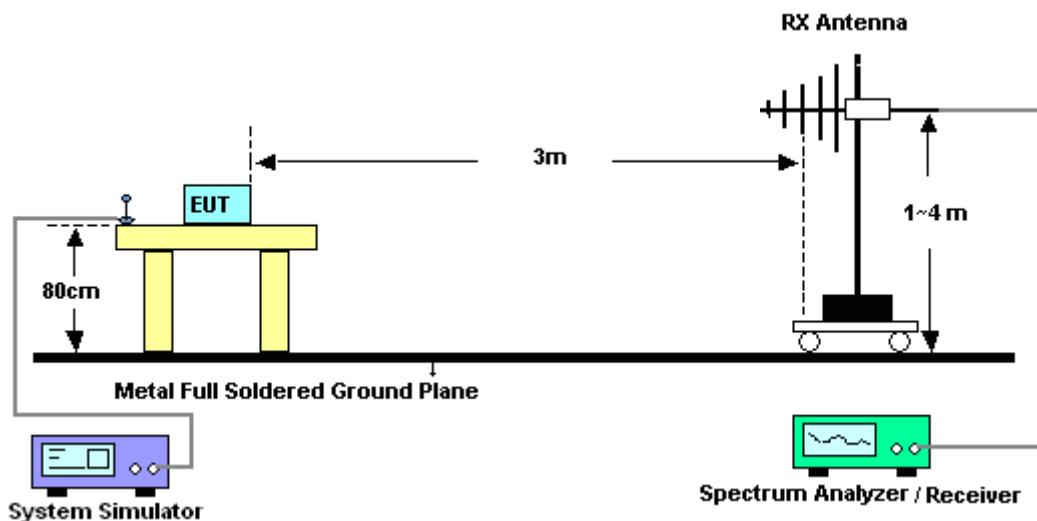
## 4 Radiated Test Items

### 4.1 Measuring Instruments

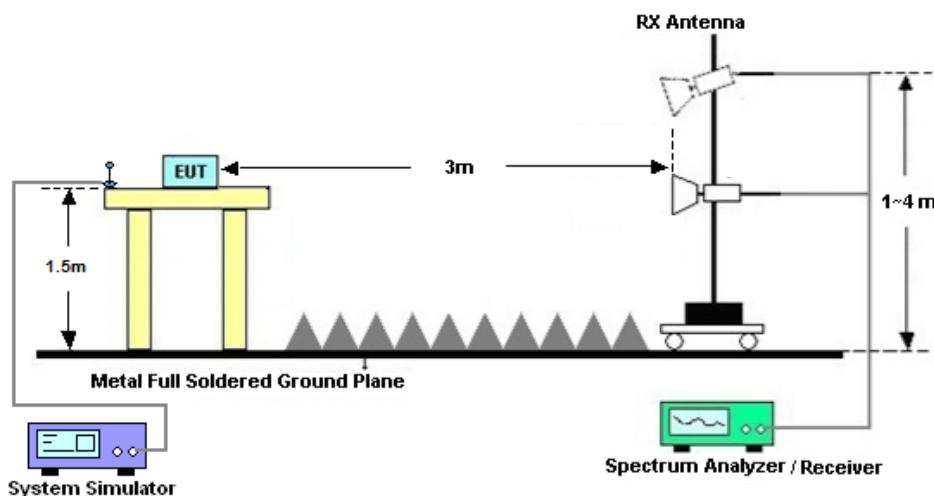
See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

### 4.2 Test Setup

#### 4.2.1 For radiated test from 30MHz to 1GHz



#### 4.2.2 For radiated test above 1GHz



### 4.3 Test Result of Radiated Test

Please refer to Appendix B.



## 4.4 Radiated Spurious Emission

### 4.4.1 Description of Radiated Spurious Emission

The radiated spurious emission was measured by substitution method according to ANSI C63.26.

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.

The spectrum is scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

### 4.4.2 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows ANSI C63.26 Section 5.5
2. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter height for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter height for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna mounted on the antenna tower.
4. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest spurious emission.
5. The height of the receiving antenna is varied between 1m to 4m to search the maximum spurious emission for both horizontal and vertical polarizations.
6. During the measurement, the system simulator parameters were set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power.
7. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, taking the record of maximum spurious emission.
8. A horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.
9. Tune the output power of signal generator to the same emission level with EUT maximum spurious emission.
10. EIRP (dBm) = S.G. Power – Tx Cable Loss + Tx Antenna Gain
11. ERP (dBm) = EIRP - 2.15
12. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

The limit line is derived from  $43 + 10\log(P)$  dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)

$$= P(W) - [43 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$$

$$= [30 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dBm)} - [43 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$$

$$= -13 \text{ dBm.}$$



## 5 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101040	10Hz~40GHz	Nov. 01, 2020	Feb. 25, 2021~Feb. 27, 2021	Oct. 31, 2021	Conducted (TH01-KS)
Temperature & humidity chamber	Hongzhan	LP-150U	H2014011440	-40~+150°C 20%~95%RH	Jul. 03, 2020	Feb. 25, 2021~Feb. 27, 2021	Jul. 02, 2021	Conducted (TH01-KS)
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY55150244	10Hz~44G, MAX 30dB	Apr. 15, 2020	Feb. 19, 2021	Apr. 14, 2021	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
Bilog Antenna	TeseQ	CBL6111D	49922	30MHz~1GHz	Jun. 08, 2020	Feb. 19, 2021	Jun. 07, 2021	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	1356	1GHz~18GHz	Apr. 20, 2020	Feb. 19, 2021	Apr. 19, 2021	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
SHF-EHF Horn	Com-power	AH-840	101115	18GHz~40GHz	Jan. 06, 2021	Feb. 19, 2021	Jan. 05, 2022	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
Amplifier	SONOMA	310N	187289	9KHz~1GHz	Jan. 06, 2021	Feb. 19, 2021	Jan. 05, 2022	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
Amplifier	MITEQ	EM18G40G GA	060728	18~40GHz	Jan. 07, 2021	Feb. 19, 2021	Jan. 06, 2022	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
high gain Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-7D-00 101800-30-1 0P	2025788	1Ghz-18Ghz	Jan. 06, 2021	Feb. 19, 2021	Jan. 05, 2022	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
Amplifier	Keysight	83017A	MY57280106	500MHz~26.5GHz	Oct. 14, 2020	Feb. 19, 2021	Oct. 13, 2021	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61601	F104090004	N/A	NCR	Feb. 19, 2021	NCR	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
Turn Table	ChamPro	EM 1000-T	060762-T	0~360 degree	NCR	Feb. 19, 2021	NCR	Radiation (03CH04-KS)
Antenna Mast	ChamPro	EM 1000-A	060762-A	1 m~4 m	NCR	Feb. 19, 2021	NCR	Radiation (03CH04-KS)

NCR: No Calibration Required



## 6 Uncertainty of Evaluation

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI 63.26-2015. All the measurement uncertainty value were shown with a coverage K=2 to indicate 95% level of confidence. The measurement data show herein meets or exceeds the CISPR measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and can be compared directly to specified limit to determine compliance.

### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

<b>Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U = 2Uc(y))</b>	<b>3.3dB</b>
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)

<b>Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U = 2Uc(y))</b>	<b>2.8dB</b>
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)

<b>Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U = 2Uc(y))</b>	<b>2.8dB</b>
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## Appendix A. Test Results of Conducted Test

### Conducted Output Power(Average power and EIRP)

#### 5G NR n77 SA

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Gain	EIRP	EIRP	EIRP
Channel				650000	656000	662000		L	M	H
Frequency (MHz)				3750	3840	3930				
100	QPSK	1	1	26.53	26.56	26.60	3.69	1.0520	1.0593	1.0691
100	QPSK	1	137	26.01	26.03	26.09	3.69	0.9333	0.9376	0.9506
100	QPSK	1	271	25.95	25.88	25.83	3.69	0.9204	0.9057	0.8954
100	QPSK	135	0	25.72	25.75	25.82	3.69	0.8730	0.8790	0.8933
100	QPSK	135	69	26.12	26.03	26.11	3.69	0.9572	0.9376	0.9550
100	QPSK	135	138	25.35	25.15	25.22	3.69	0.8017	0.7656	0.7780
100	QPSK	270	0	25.56	25.87	25.77	3.69	0.8414	0.9036	0.8831
100	16QAM	1	1	26.39	26.35	26.37	3.69	1.0186	1.0093	1.0139
100	64QAM	1	1	23.90	23.82	23.77	3.69	0.5741	0.5636	0.5572
100	256QAM	1	1	21.98	21.78	21.83	3.69	0.3690	0.3524	0.3565
Channel				649668	656000	662334	Gain	EIRP	EIRP	EIRP
Frequency (MHz)				3745.02	3840	3935.01				
90	QPSK	1	1	26.49	26.45	26.43	3.69	1.0423	1.0328	1.0280
90	16QAM	1	1	26.15	26.18	26.20	3.69	0.9638	0.9705	0.9750
Channel				649334	656000	662668	Gain	EIRP	EIRP	EIRP
Frequency (MHz)				3740.01	3840	3940.02				
80	QPSK	1	1	26.41	26.35	26.39	3.69	1.0233	1.0093	1.0186
80	16QAM	1	1	26.17	26.14	26.11	3.69	0.9683	0.9616	0.9550
Channel				648668	656000	663334	Gain	EIRP	EIRP	EIRP
Frequency (MHz)				3730.02	3840	3950.01				
60	QPSK	1	1	26.44	26.33	26.44	3.69	1.0304	1.0046	1.0304
60	16QAM	1	1	26.12	26.16	26.18	3.69	0.9572	0.9661	0.9705
Channel				648334	656000	663668	Gain	EIRP	EIRP	EIRP
Frequency (MHz)				3725.01	3840	3955.02				
50	QPSK	1	1	26.45	26.47	26.50	3.69	1.0328	1.0375	1.0447
50	16QAM	1	1	26.19	26.22	26.23	3.69	0.9727	0.9795	0.9817
Channel				648000	656000	664000	Gain	EIRP	EIRP	EIRP
Frequency (MHz)				3720	3840	3960				
40	QPSK	1	1	26.42	26.44	26.39	3.69	1.0257	1.0304	1.0186
40	16QAM	1	1	26.25	26.19	26.25	3.69	0.9863	0.9727	0.9863
Channel				647334	656000	664668	Gain	EIRP	EIRP	EIRP
Frequency (MHz)				3710.01	3840	3970.02				
20	QPSK	1	1	26.46	26.49	26.40	3.69	1.0351	1.0423	1.0209
20	16QAM	1	1	26.13	26.17	26.20	3.69	0.9594	0.9683	0.9750



## 5G NR n78 SA (only verify Max BW conducted power)

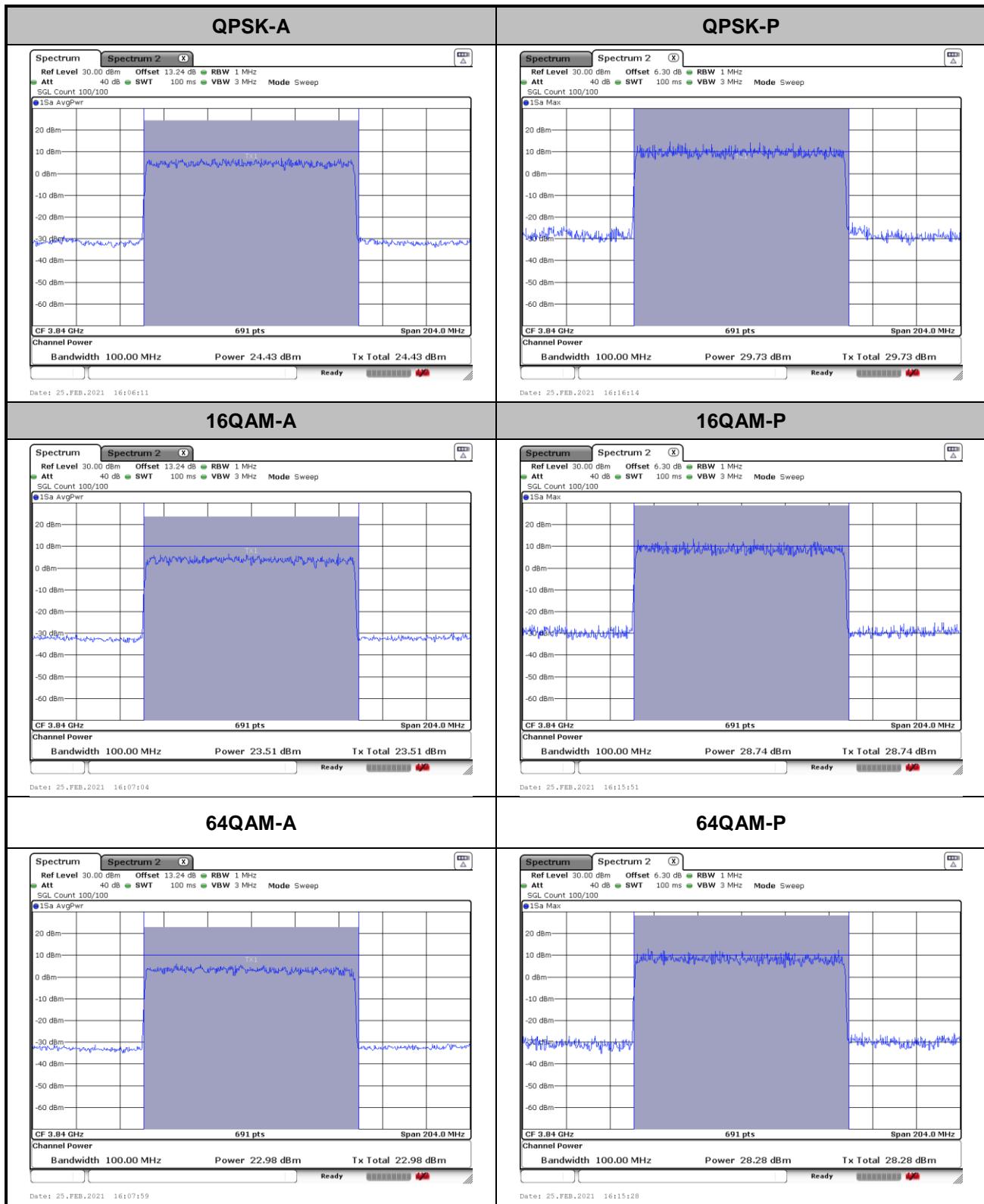
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				650000		
Frequency (MHz)				3750		
100	QPSK	1	1		21.71	
100	QPSK	1	271		21.02	
100	QPSK	135	67		21.22	
100	QPSK	1	0		20.37	
100	QPSK	1	272		20.02	
100	QPSK	270	0		20.19	
100	16QAM	1	1		20.44	
100	64QAM	1	1		18.79	
100	256QAM	1	1		16.66	

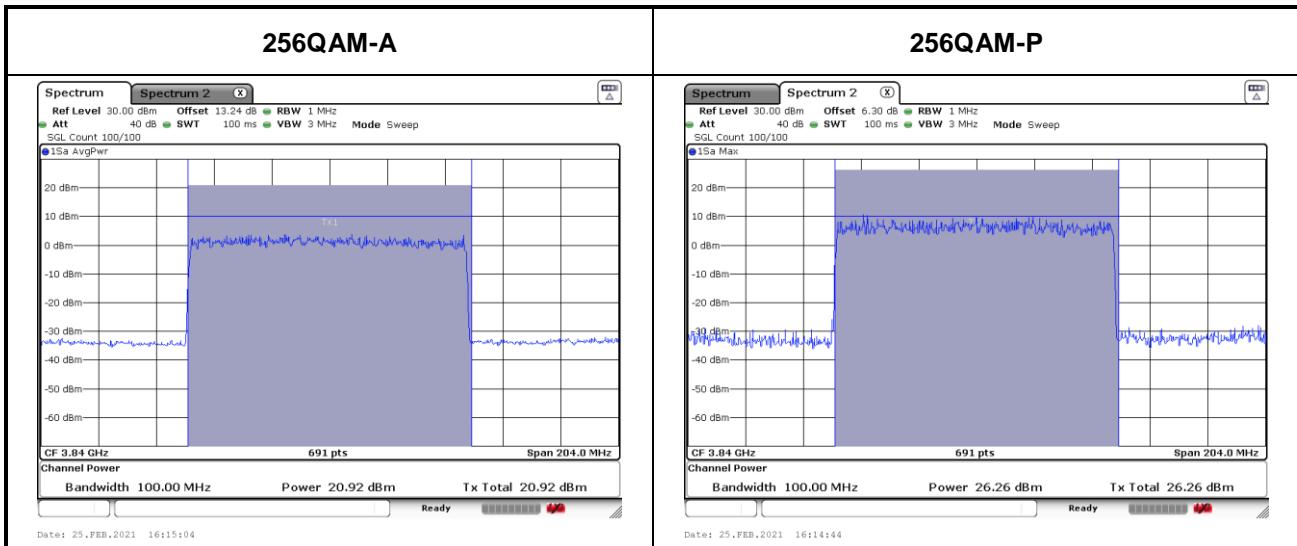


## 5G NR n77 SA

### Peak-to-Average Ratio

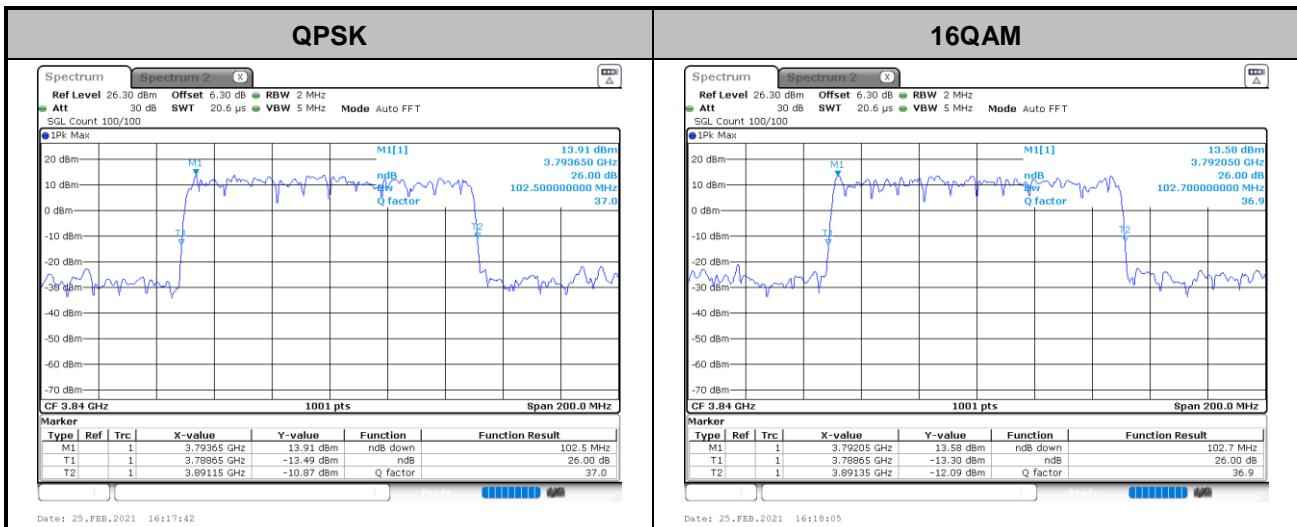
Mode	FR1 n77 / 20MHz / DFT-S OFDM				
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM	64QAM	256QAM	Limit: 13dB
RB Size	Full RB	Full RB	Full RB	Full RB	Result
Middle CH	5.30	5.23	5.30	5.34	PASS





**26dB Bandwidth**

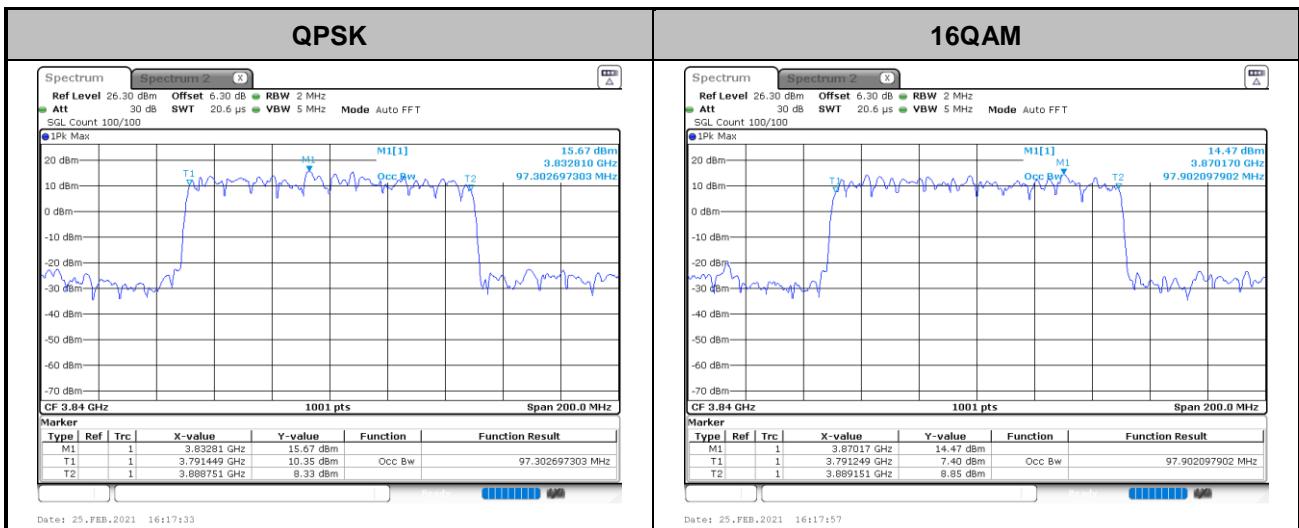
Mode	FR1 n77 : 26dB BW(MHz) / DFT-S OFDM							
BW	100M							
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM						
Middle CH	102.5	102.7						





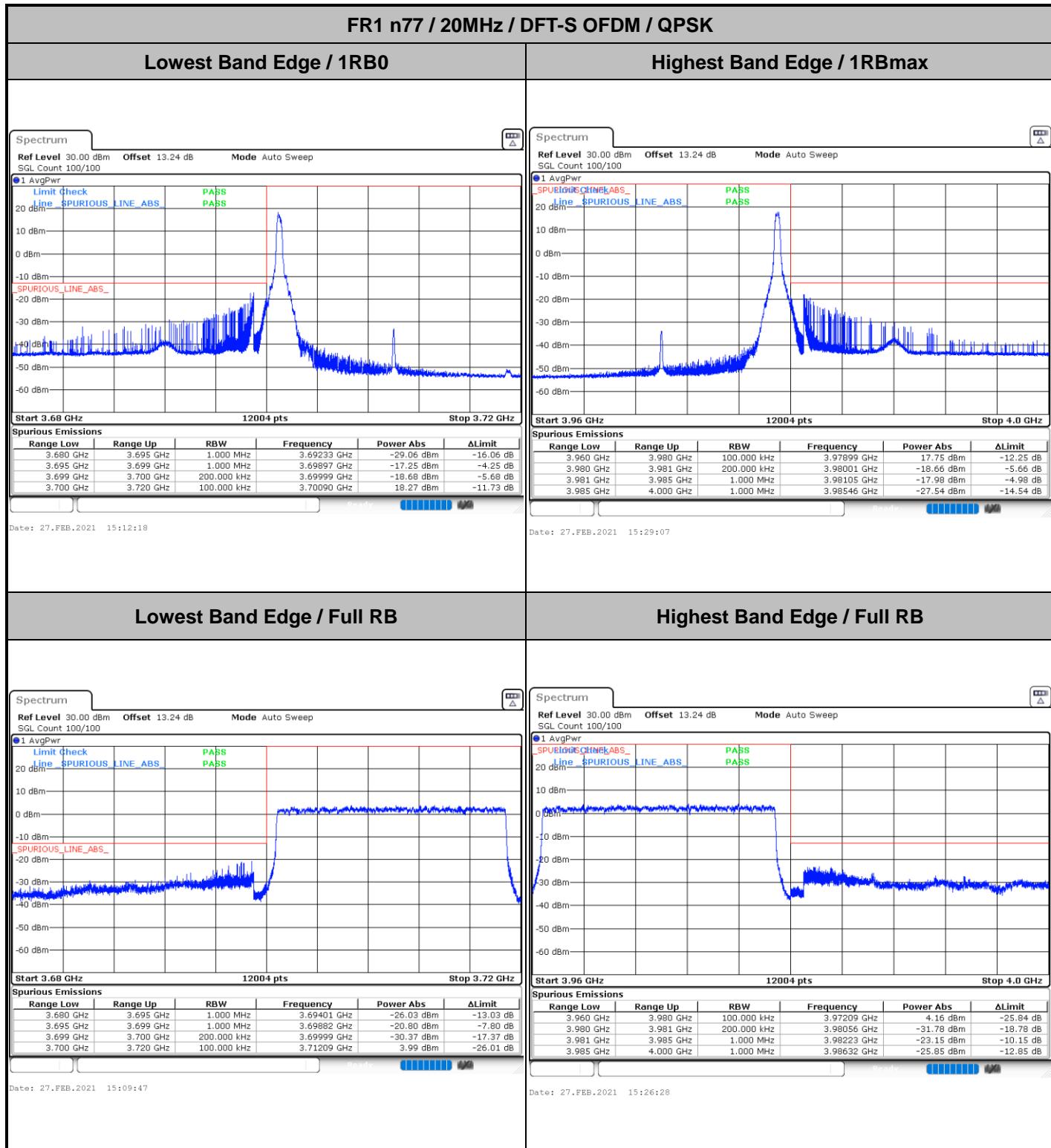
## Occupied Bandwidth

Mode	FR1 n77 : OB BW(MHz) / DFT-S OFDM						
BW	100M						
Mod.	QPSK	16QAM					
Middle CH	97.30	97.90					





## Conducted Band Edge

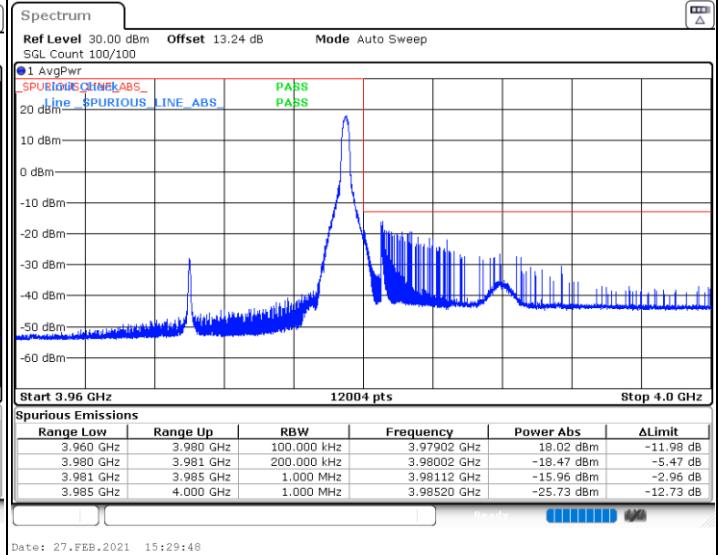
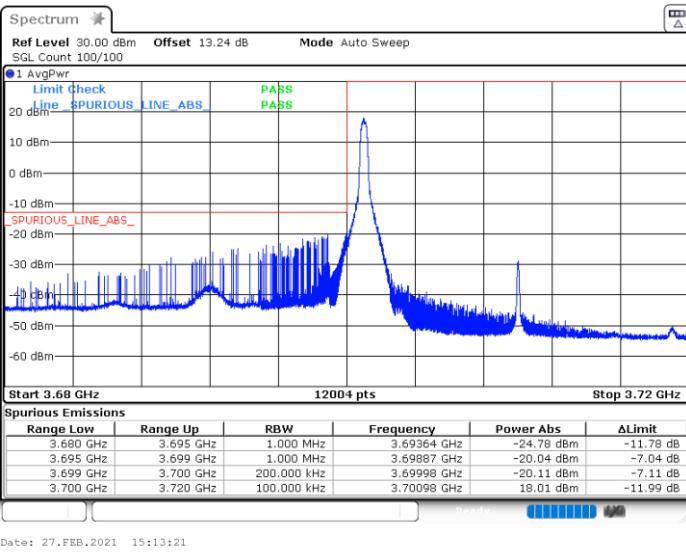




## FR1 n77 / 20MHz / DFT-S OFDM / 16QAM

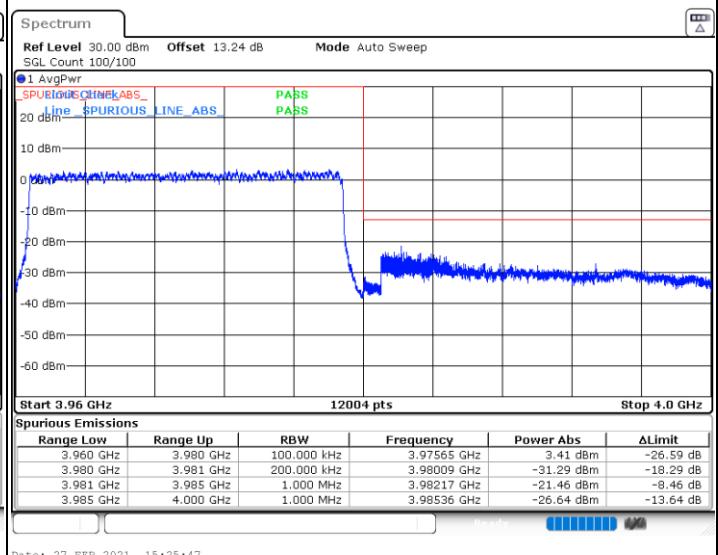
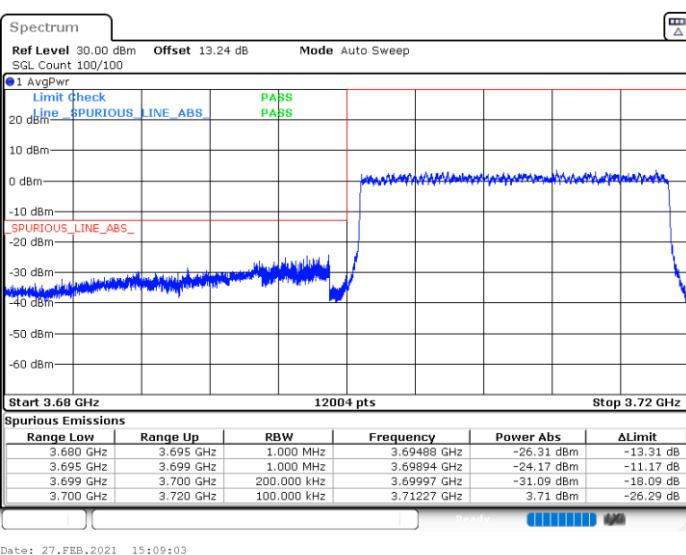
## Lowest Band Edge / 1RB0

## Highest Band Edge / 1RBmax



## Lowest Band Edge / Full RB

## Highest Band Edge / Full RB

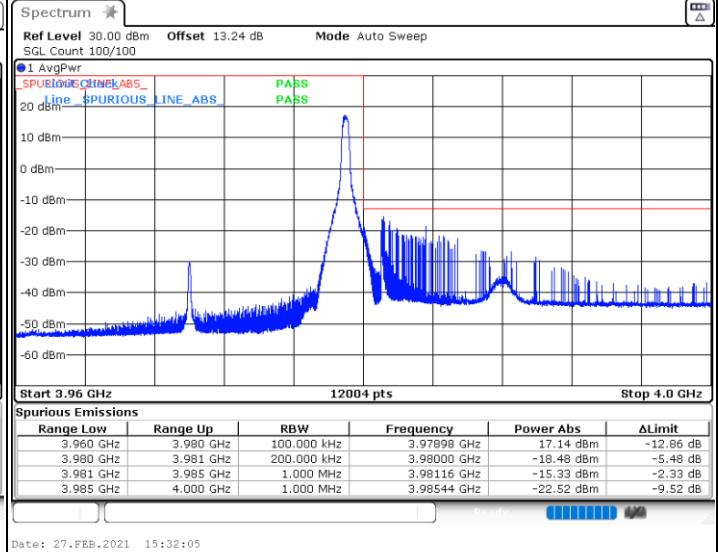
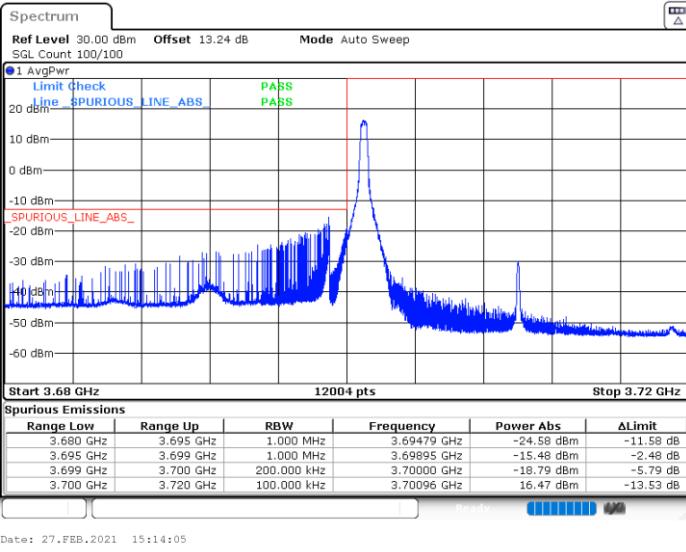




## FR1 n77 / 20MHz / DFT-S OFDM / 64QAM

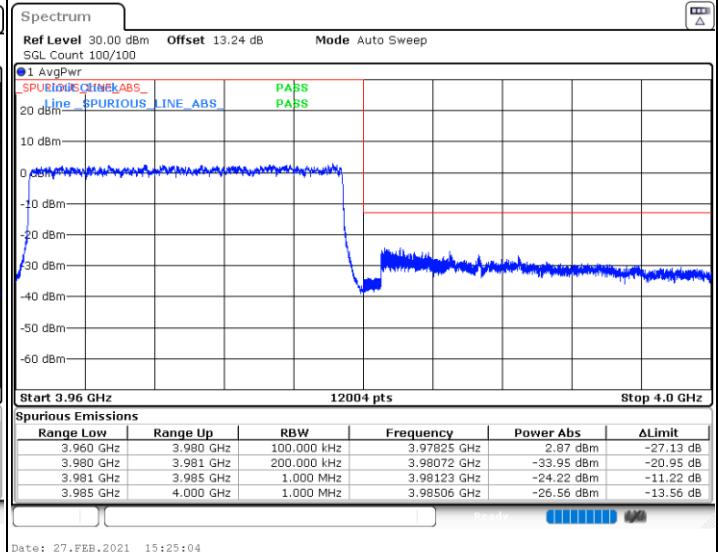
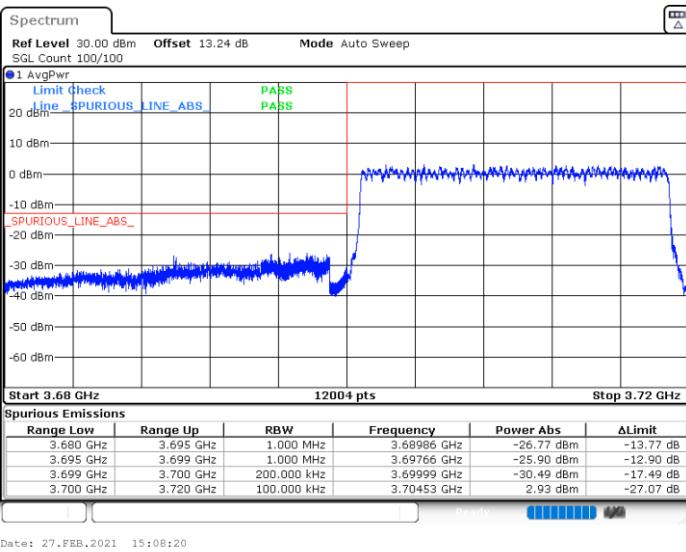
## Lowest Band Edge / 1RB0

## Highest Band Edge / 1RBmax



## Lowest Band Edge / Full RB

## Highest Band Edge / Full RB

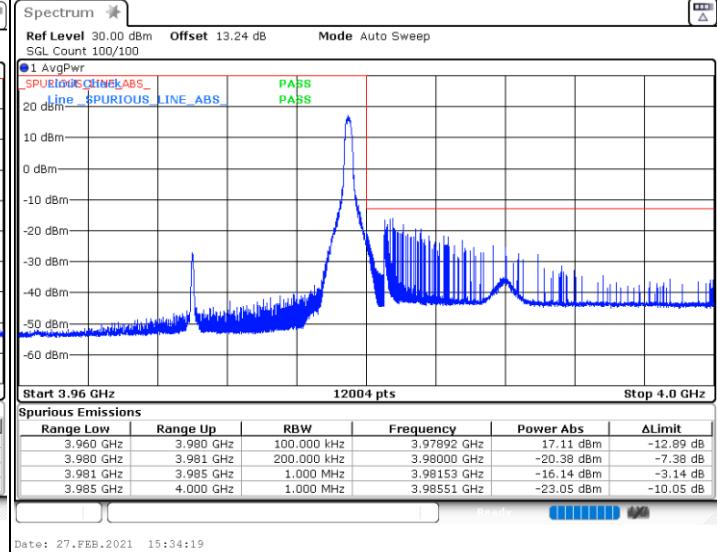
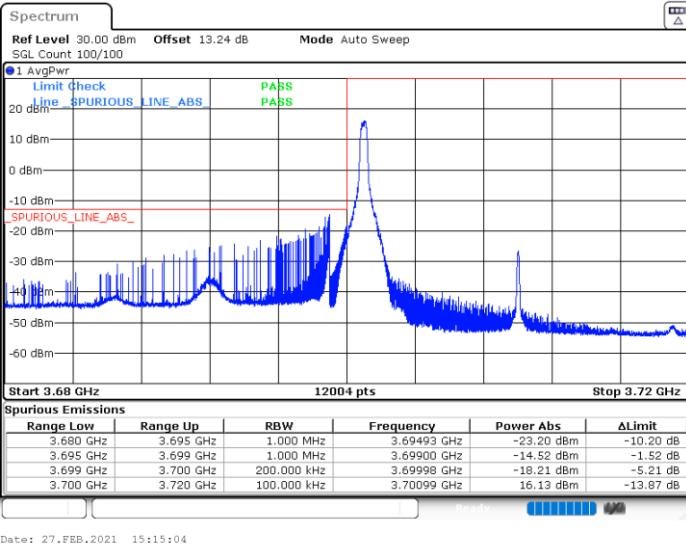




## FR1 n77 / 20MHz / DFT-S OFDM / 256QAM

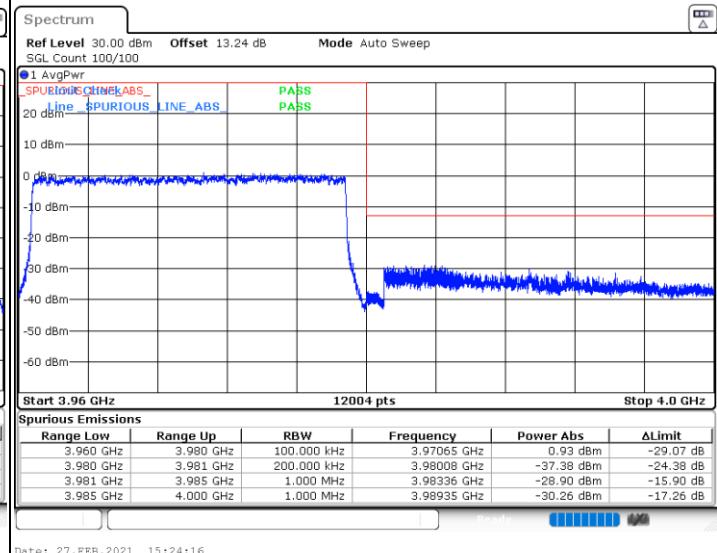
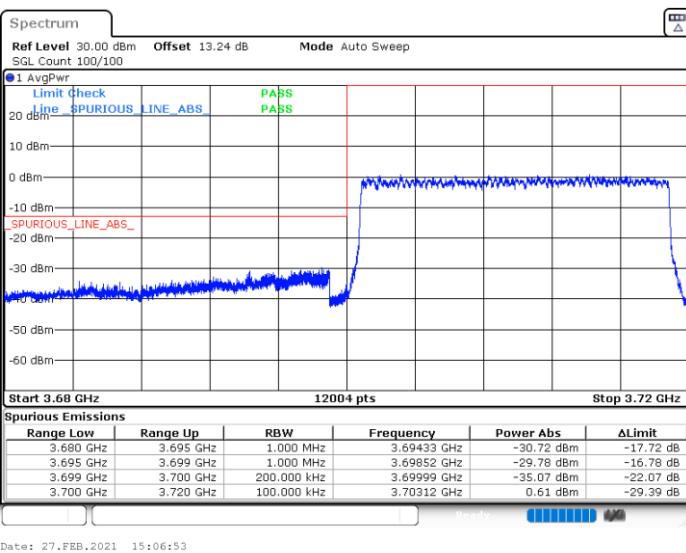
## Lowest Band Edge / 1RB0

## Highest Band Edge / 1RBmax



## Lowest Band Edge / Full RB

## Highest Band Edge / Full RB

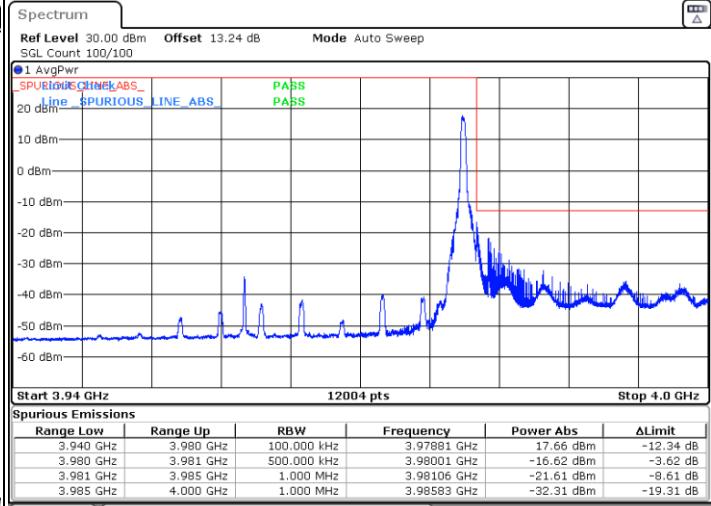
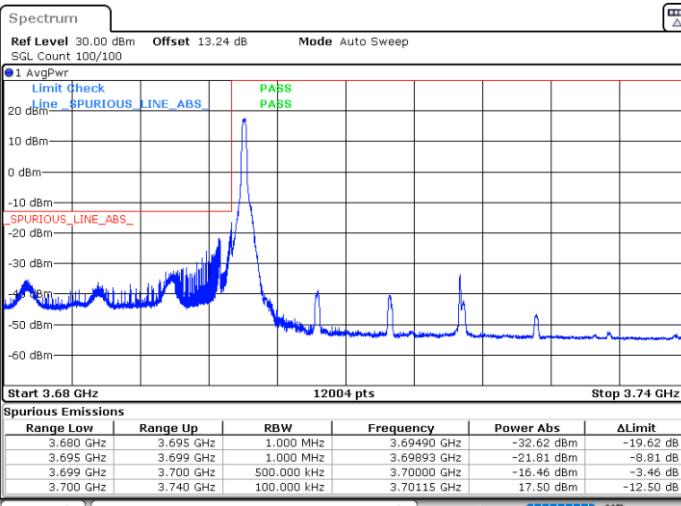




## FR1 n77 / 40MHz / DFT-S OFDM / QPSK

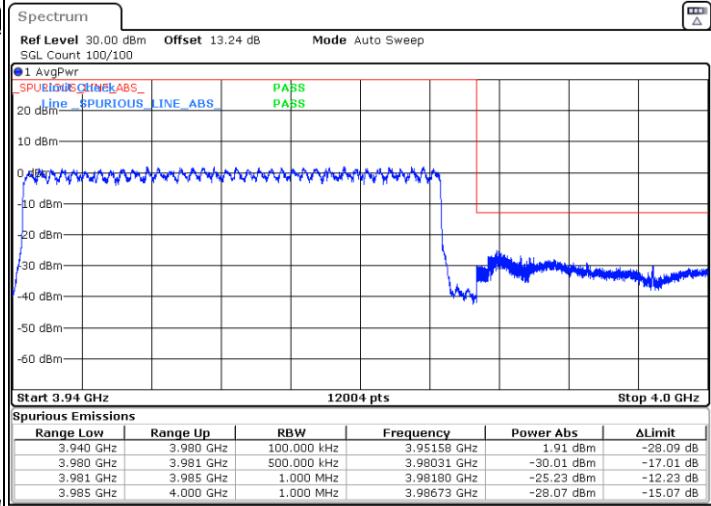
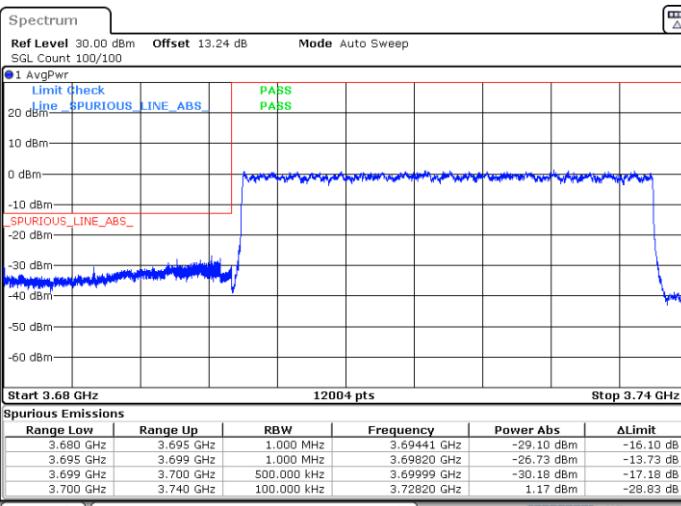
## Lowest Band Edge / 1RB0

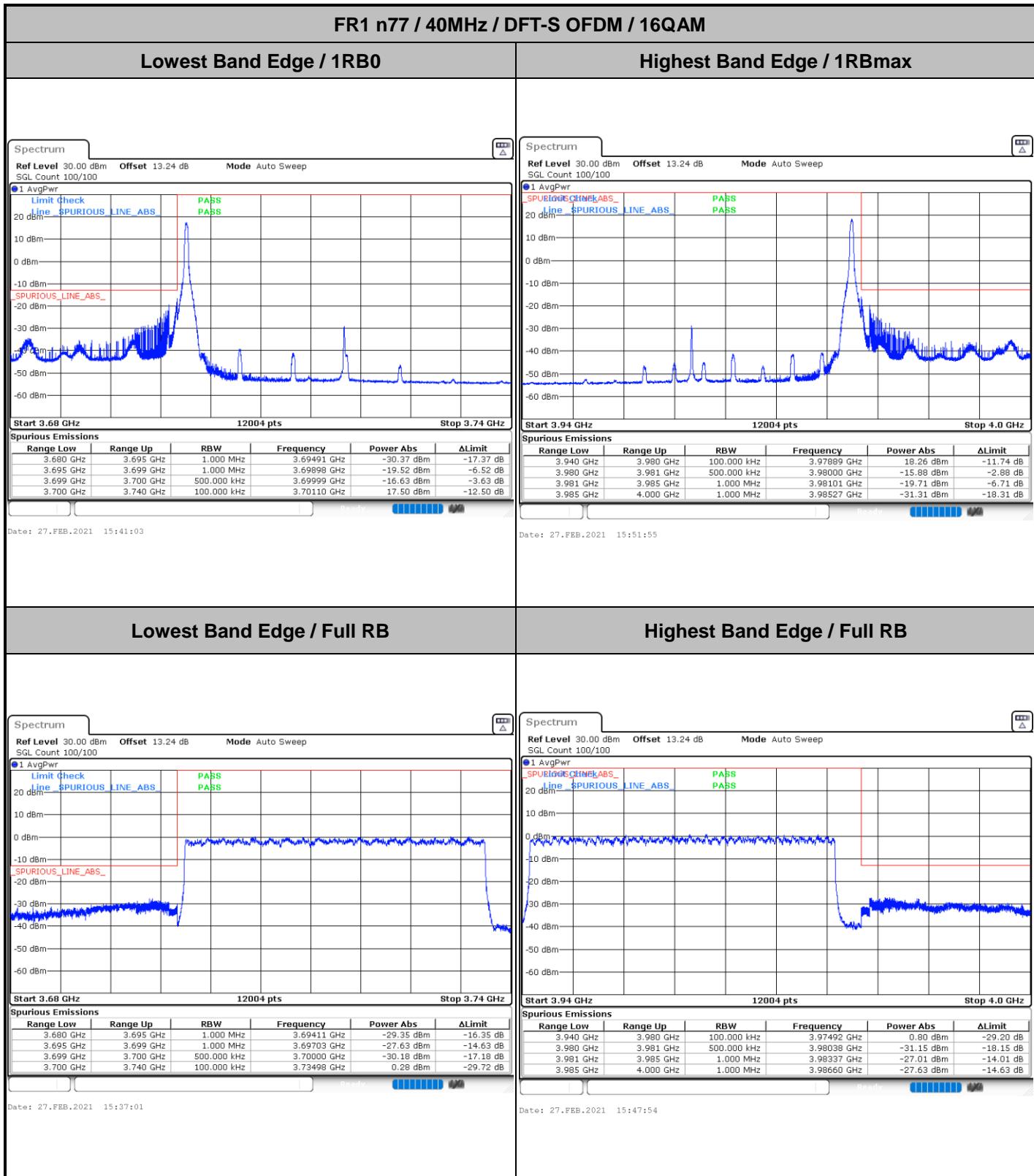
## Highest Band Edge / 1RBmax



## Lowest Band Edge / Full RB

## Highest Band Edge / Full RB



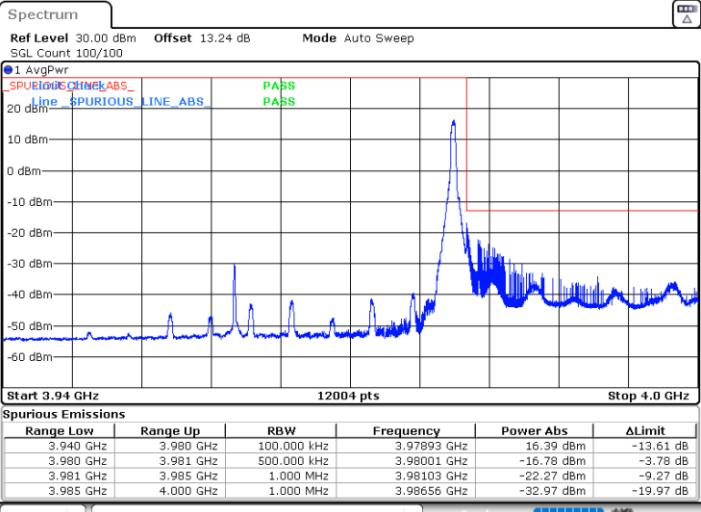
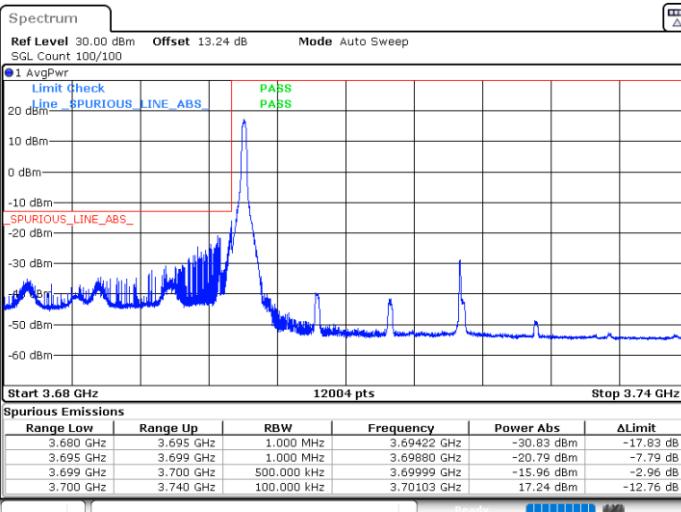




FR1 n77 / 40MHz / DFT-S OFDM / 64QAM

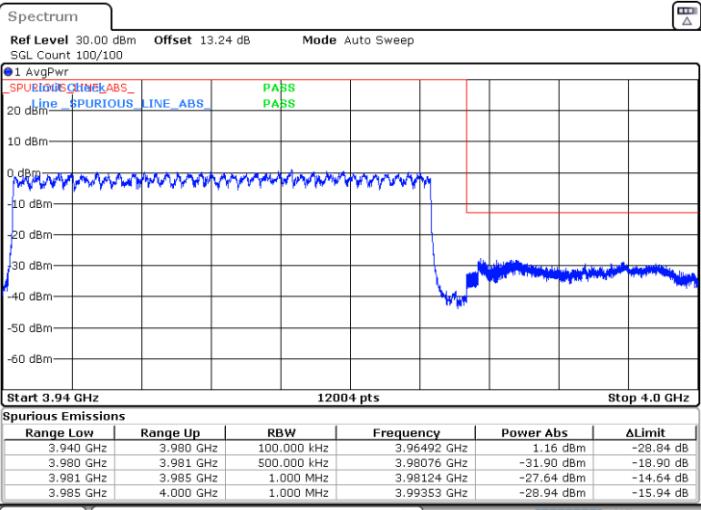
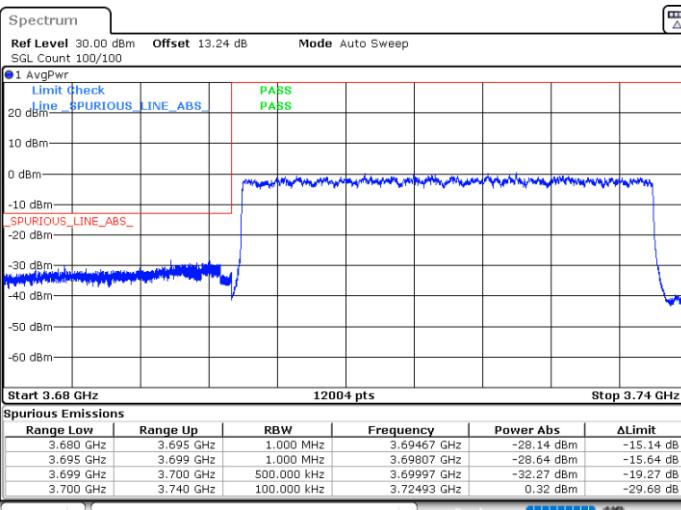
## Lowest Band Edge / 1RB0

## Highest Band Edge / 1RBmax



## Lowest Band Edge / Full RB

## **Highest Band Edge / Full RB**

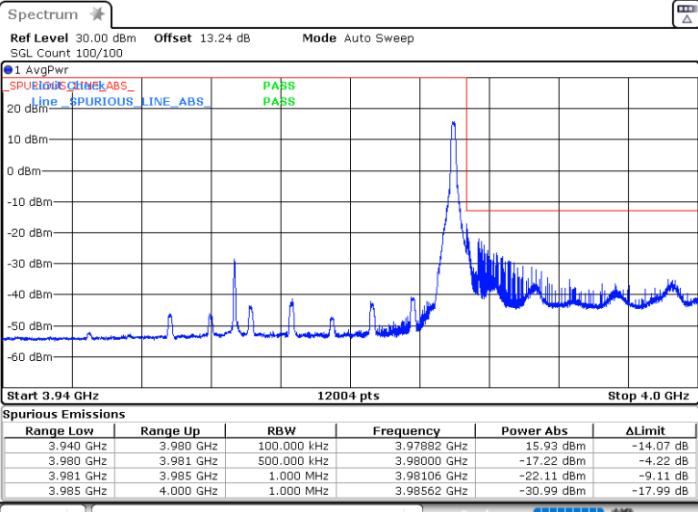
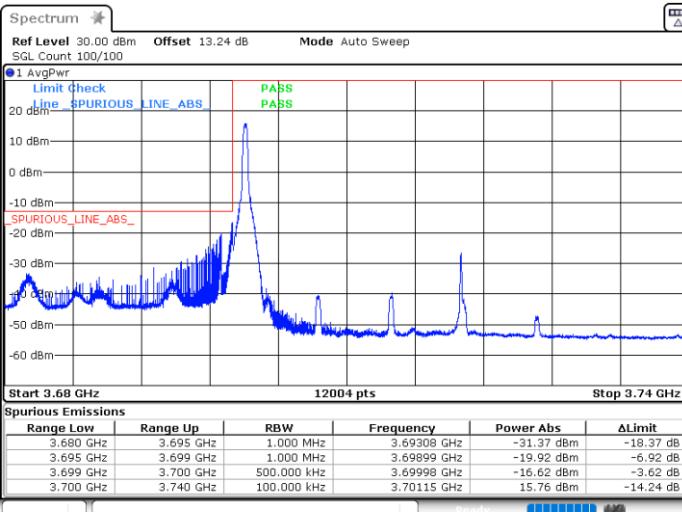




## FR1 n77 / 40MHz / DFT-S OFDM / 256QAM

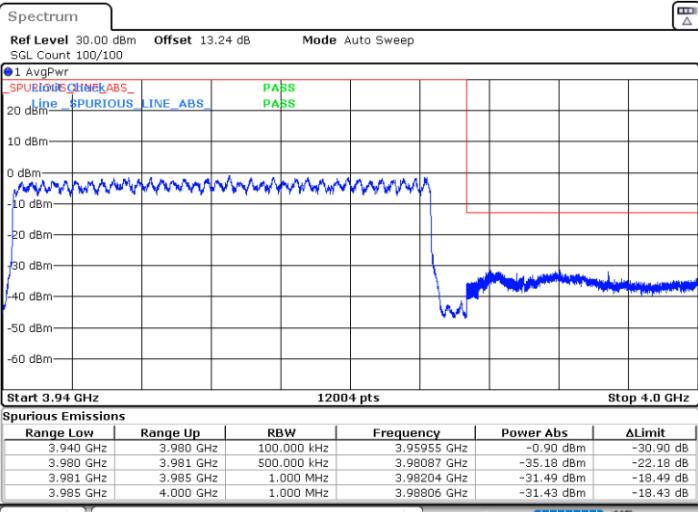
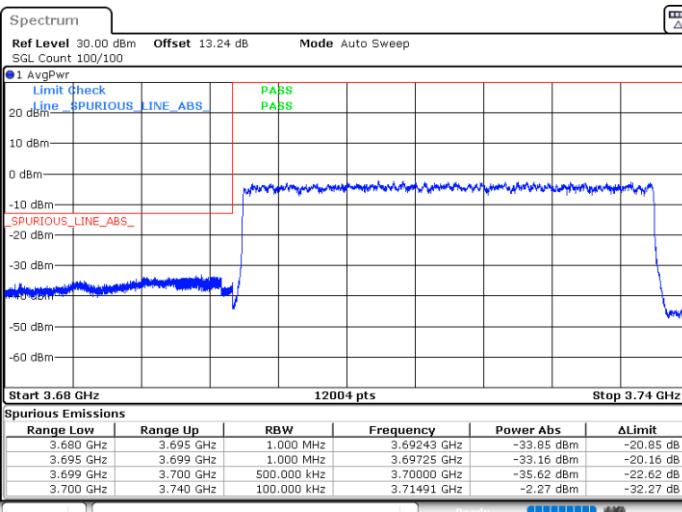
## Lowest Band Edge / 1RB0

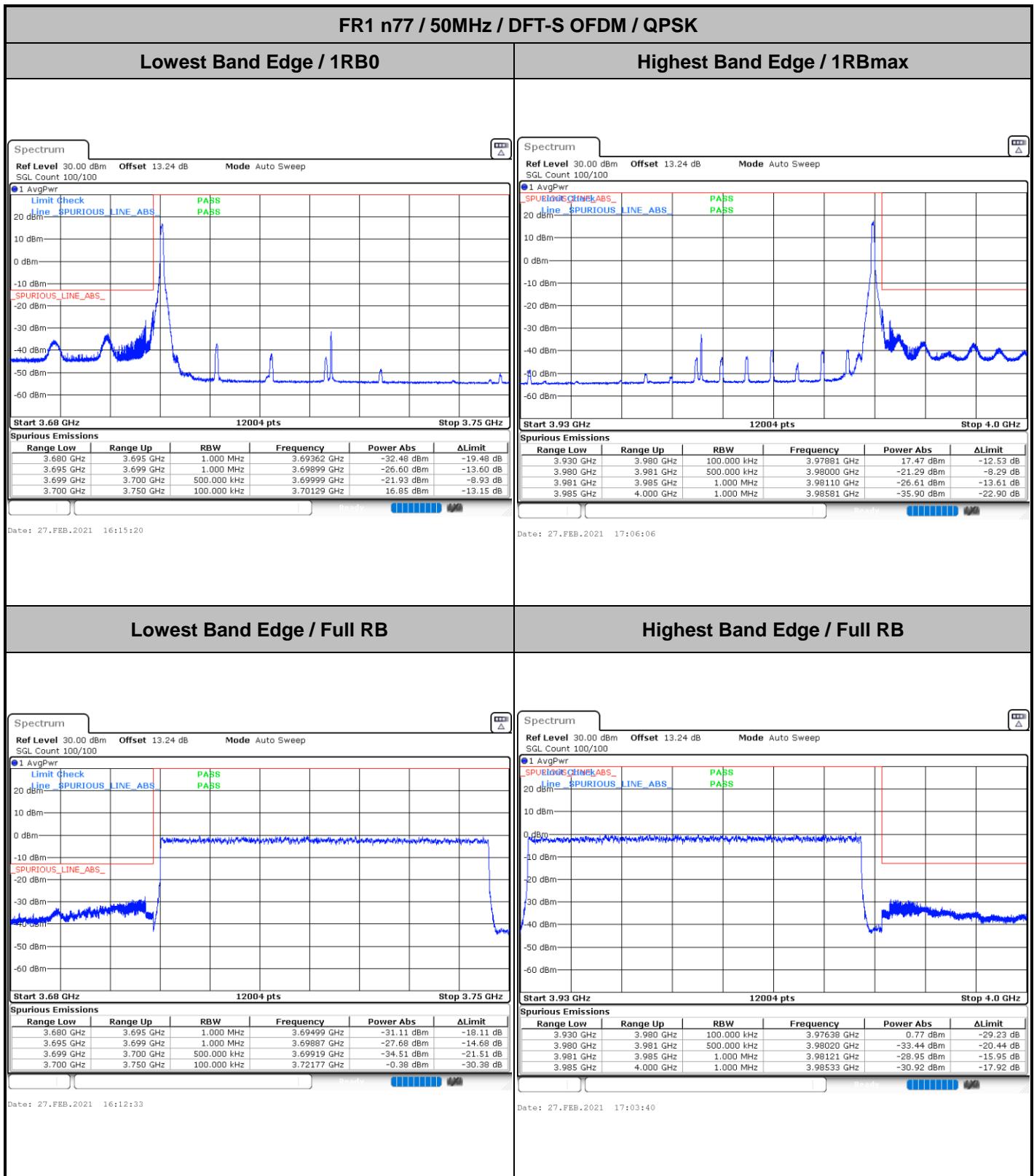
## Highest Band Edge / 1RBmax

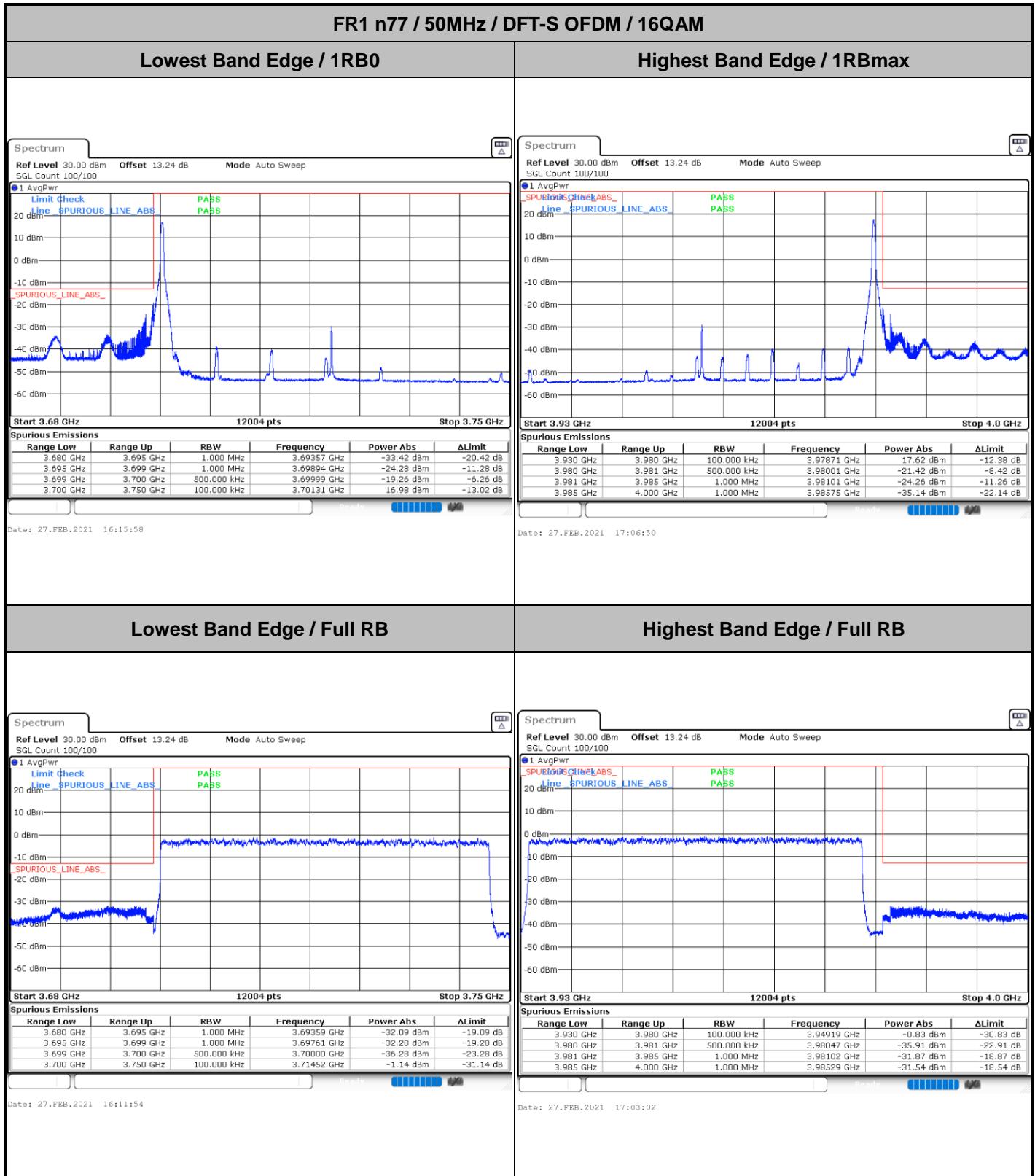


## Lowest Band Edge / Full RB

## Highest Band Edge / Full RB



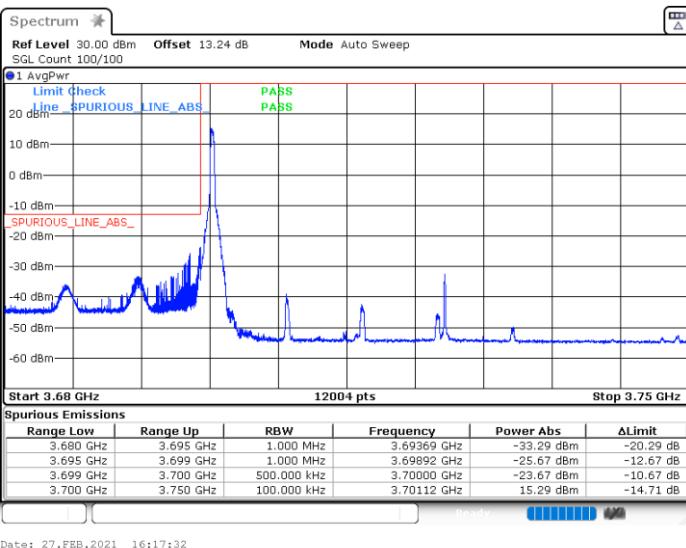




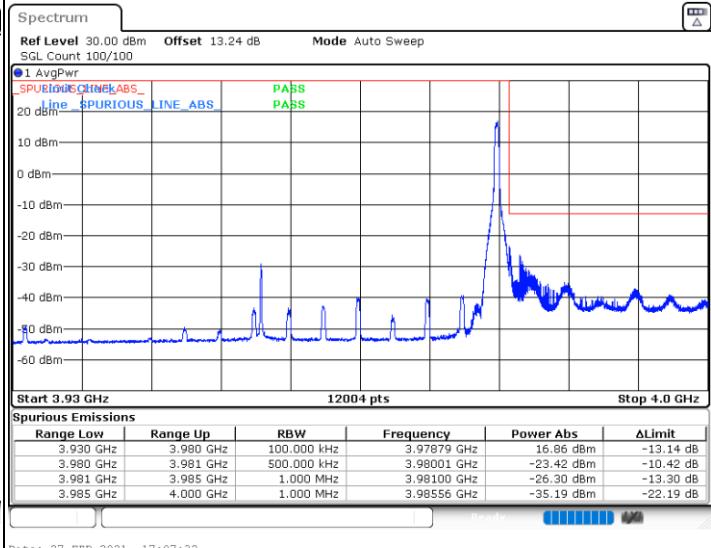


FR1 n77 / 50MHz / DFT-S OFDM / 64QAM

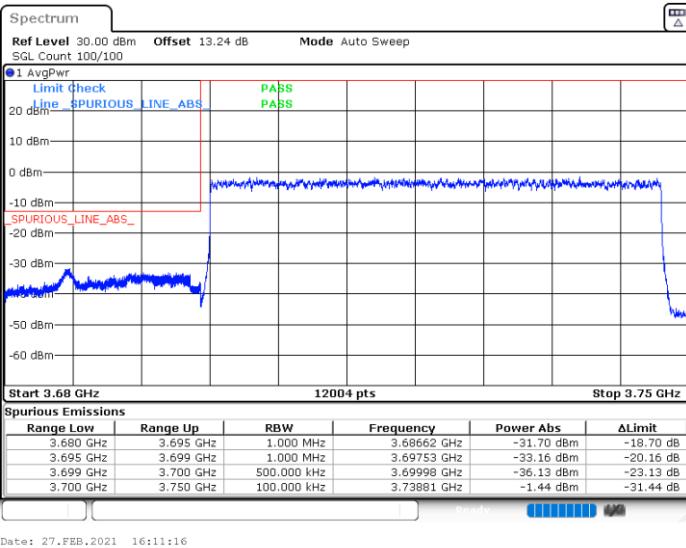
## Lowest Band Edge / 1RB0



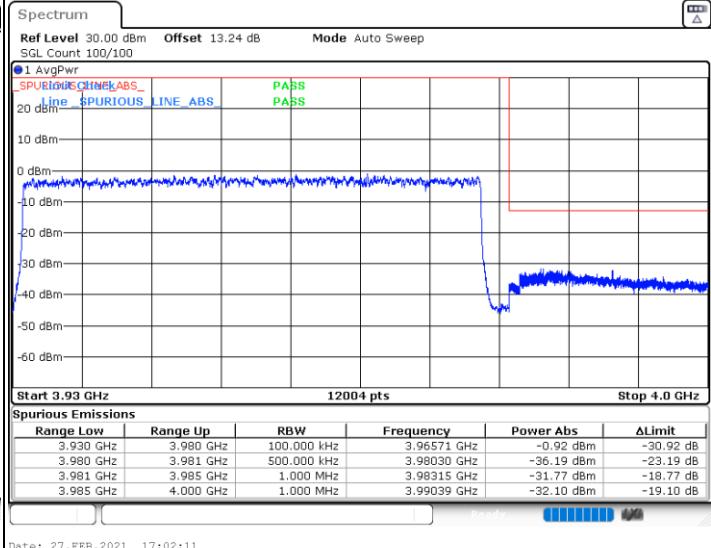
## Highest Band Edge / 1RBmax



## Lowest Band Edge / Full RB



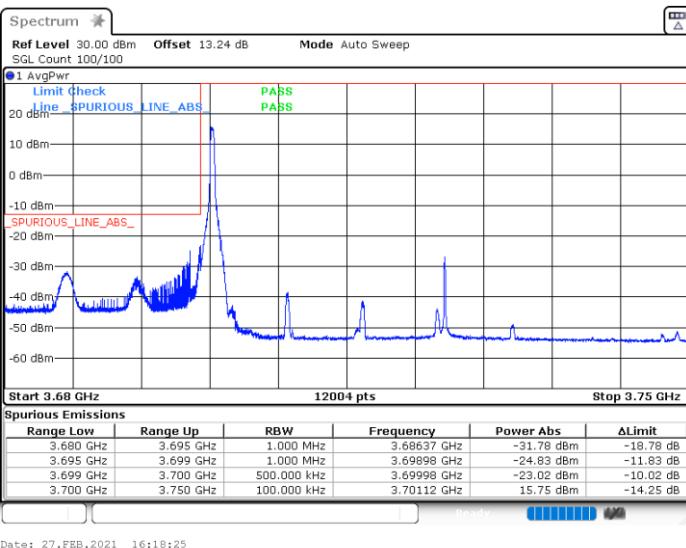
## Highest Band Edge / Full RB



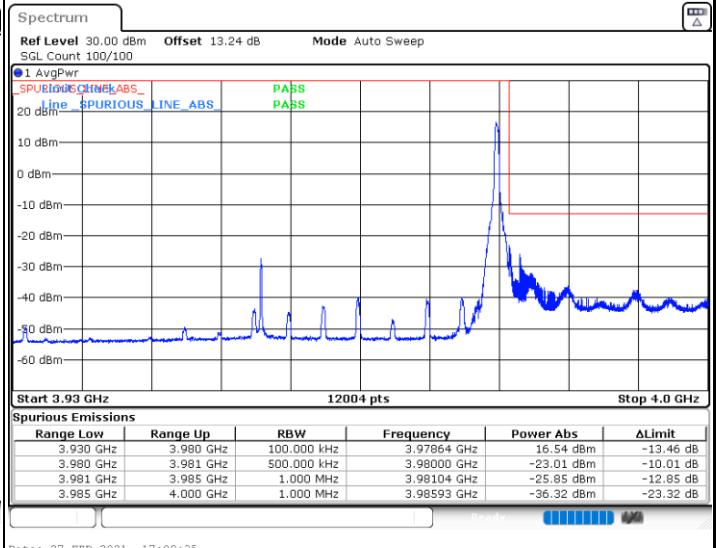


FR1 n77 / 50MHz / DFT-S OFDM / 256QAM

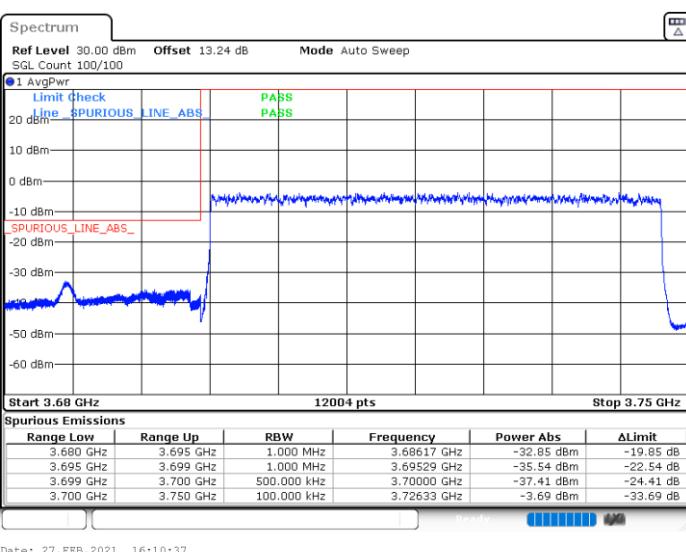
## Lowest Band Edge / 1RB0



## Highest Band Edge / 1RBmax



## Lowest Band Edge / Full RB



## Highest Band Edge / Full RB

