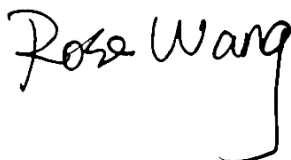


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Bullitt Group
EQUIPMENT : Rugged Smart Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola
MODEL NAME : XT2083-8
FCC ID : ZL5MDFL
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was received on Feb. 25, 2021 and testing was started from Mar. 08, 2021 and completed on Apr. 13, 2021. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Rose Wang / Supervisor



Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA112011	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Apr. 20, 2021

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Bullitt Group, Rugged Smart Phone, XT2083-8**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.41	1.28	1.28	1.59
		GSM1900	0.16	1.38	1.38	
	WCDMA	WCDMA II	0.24	1.36	1.36	
		WCDMA IV	0.11	1.29	1.19	
		WCDMA V	0.26	1.18	1.18	
	LTE	LTE Band 2	0.19	1.39	1.29	
		LTE Band 5	0.35	1.34	1.34	
		LTE Band 7	0.44	1.31	1.31	
		LTE Band 66/Band 4	0.11	1.20	1.20	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.16	0.54	0.54	1.59
NII		5GHz WLAN	1.08	1.10	1.10	1.39
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.25	0.12	0.12	1.51

Highest 10g SAR Summary				
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	2.85	3.63
		GSM1900	3.12	
	WCDMA	WCDMA II	3.06	
		WCDMA IV	3.22	
		WCDMA V	2.75	
	LTE	LTE Band 2	3.39	
		LTE Band 5	2.40	
		LTE Band 7	2.94	
		LTE Band 66/Band 4	3.25	
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	2.52	3.63

Date of Testing: 2021/03/08~2021/04/13

Remark: This device supports LTE B4 and B66. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B4 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B66, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B66.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory		
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.	
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958	
Test Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
Company Name	Bullitt Group
Address	One Valpy Valpy Street, Reading, United Kingdom, RG1 1AR

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Rugged Smart Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2083-8
FCC ID	ZL5MDFL
IMEI Code	IMEI 1: 356261340006731 IMEI 2: 356261340006749
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Remark: 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN. - This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation. - This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation and Bluetooth supports tethering applications. - This device 2.4GHz WLAN/5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). - This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12. - There are two different types of EUT. Sample1 is dual SIM card and sample 2 is single SIM card, the others are the same. So we chose dual SIM card sample to perform all tests. - For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests. - The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body at the front or back faces of the device. When front or back body worn condition is detected, GSM850/1900, WCDMA band II/IV/V, LTE band 2/4/5/7/66 reduced power will be active for WWAN Bands and WLAN 5.2GHz/ 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at the four edges of the device)	



9. P-sensor can detect handheld state, GSM1900, WCDMA band II/IV, and LTE band 2/4/7/66 for front/back/bottom sides of product specific 10g SAR condition reduced powers will be active.
10. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated to limit the maximum power of GSM850/1900, WCDMA band II/IV/V, LTE band 2/4/5/7/66 for WWAN Bands and WLAN5.2GHz for WLAN.
11. For P-sensor reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power for GSM1900, WCDMA II, LTE band 2/4/66, so for front/back P-sensor SAR can represent conservatively for front/back hotspot SAR.

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

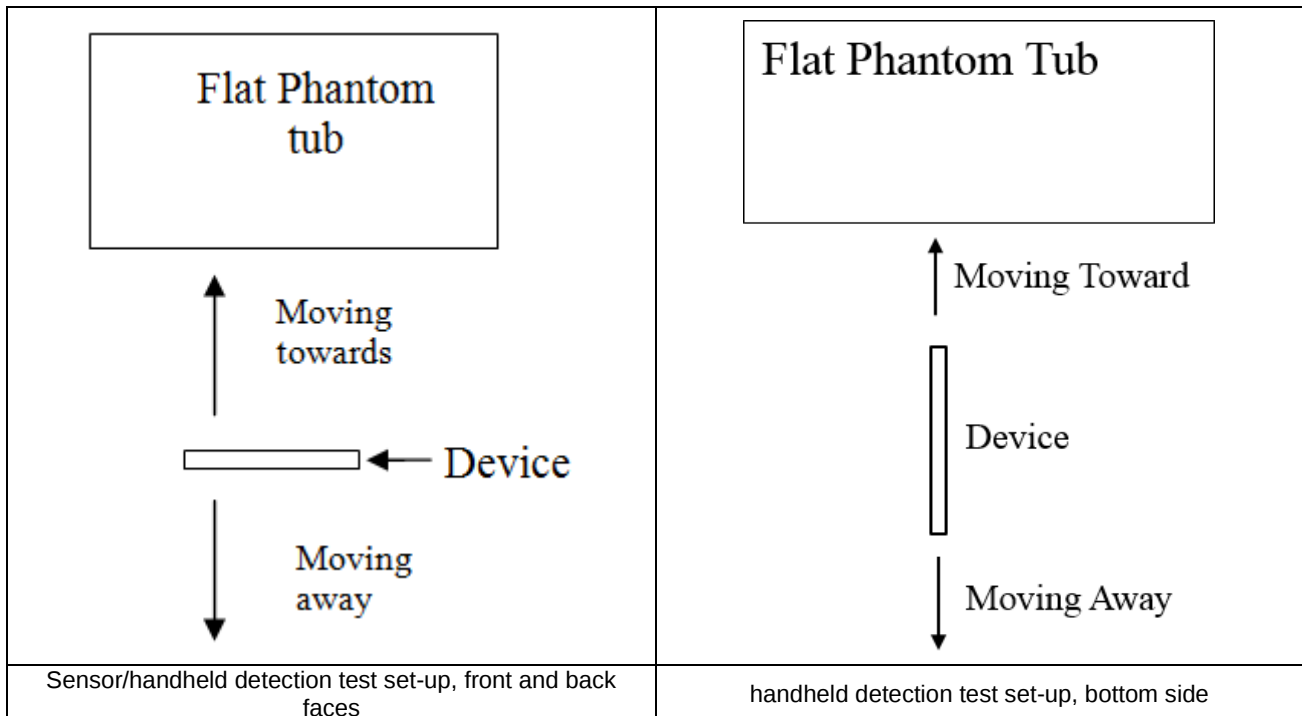
Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05								
FCC ID	ZL5MDFL							
Equipment Name	Rugged Smart Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 66:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R10, Cat5							
CA Support	Not supported							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3							
	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)							
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes 1. The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body at the front or back faces of the device. When front or back body worn condition is detected, LTE band 2/4/5/7/66 reduced power will be active. 2. P-sensor can detect handheld state; LTE band 2/4/7/66 for front/back/bottom sides of product specific 10g SAR condition reduced powers will be active. 3. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated to limit the maximum power of LTE band 2/4/5/7/66.							

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829	20475	830.5	20500	832
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844	20575	842.5	20550	840
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 25 MHz		Bandwidth 30 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510	20875	2512.5	20900	2515
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560	21325	2557.5	21300	2555
LTE Band 66												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	131979	1710.7	131987	1711.5	131997	1712.5	132022	1715	132047	1717.5	132072	1720
M	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745
H	132665	1779.3	132657	1778.5	132647	1777.5	132622	1775	132597	1772.5	132572	1770

5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

5.1 Proximity sensor triggering distances(Per KDB616217§6.2)

- Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed.
- In the preliminary triggering distance testing, the tissue-equivalent medium for different frequency bands were used for verification; no other frequency bands tissue-equivalent medium was found to result in shortest triggering distance than that for 1900MHz, and the tissue-equivalent medium for 1900MHz was used for formal proximity sensor triggering testing.
- Capacitive proximity sensor placed coincident with antenna elements at the bottom end of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back or bottom surface of the device. There is no need to do sensor coverage testing for the proximity sensor is designed to support sufficient detection range and sensitivity to cover regions of the sensors in all applicable directions since the proximity sensor entirely covers the antenna.
- The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body at the front or back faces of the device. When front or back body worn condition is detected, GSM850/1900, WCDMA band II/IV/V, LTE band 2/4/5/7/66 reduced power will be active for WWAN Bands and WLAN 5.2GHz/ 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at the four edges of the device)
- P-sensor can detect handheld state, GSM1900, WCDMA band II/IV, and LTE band 2/4/7/66 for front/back/bottom sides of product specific 10g SAR condition reduced powers will be active.
- For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed for body worn:
Front: [22 mm](#)
Back: [31 mm](#)
- For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed for handheld:
Front: [12 mm](#)
Back: [21 mm](#)
Bottom side: [12 mm](#)



<P-Sensor>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)				
Position	Front		Back	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	23	34	32	43

<Handheld>

Position	Front		Back		Bottom Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	13	22	22	33	13	27

6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

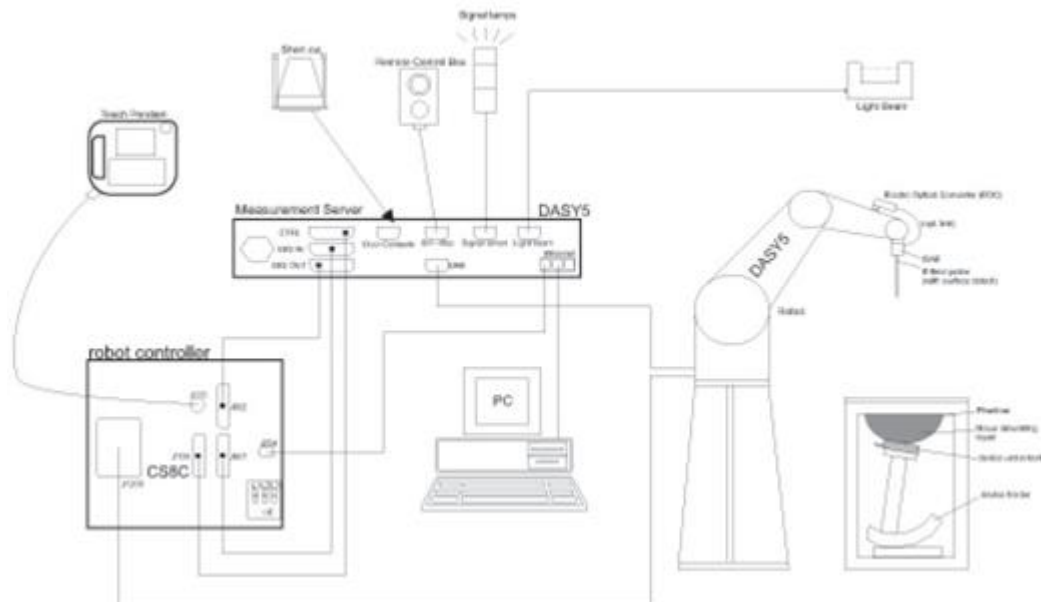
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

8.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

8.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm *	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	2019/3/27	2021/3/25
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	2020/5/7	2021/5/6
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2019/3/27	2022/3/25
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/24
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/23
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2021/11/25
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2019/9/24	2022/9/23
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	2020/7/7	2021/7/6
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	2020/8/25	2021/8/24
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1650	2021/2/3	2022/2/2
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3293	2020/9/23	2021/9/22
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3935	2020/5/27	2021/5/26
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7630	2021/2/10	2022/2/9
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1753	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1503	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P41 Ax	2022	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262149988	2020/6/30	2021/6/29
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	2020/5/19	2021/5/18
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2020/8/1	2021/7/31
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1071	2020/10/27	2021/10/26
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2020/8/14	2021/8/13
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2020/8/13	2021/8/12
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2020/8/13	2021/8/12
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101641	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332088	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2020/8/14	2021/8/13
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	

Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

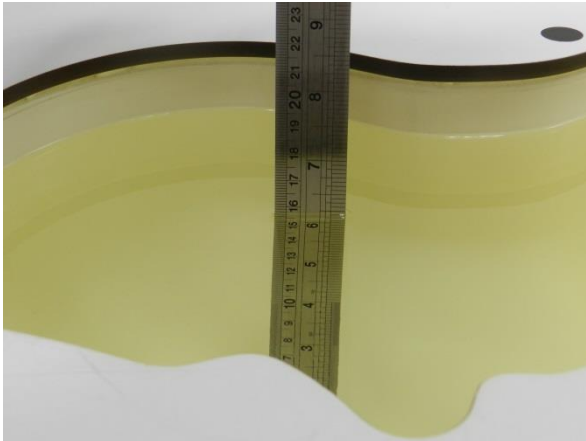


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

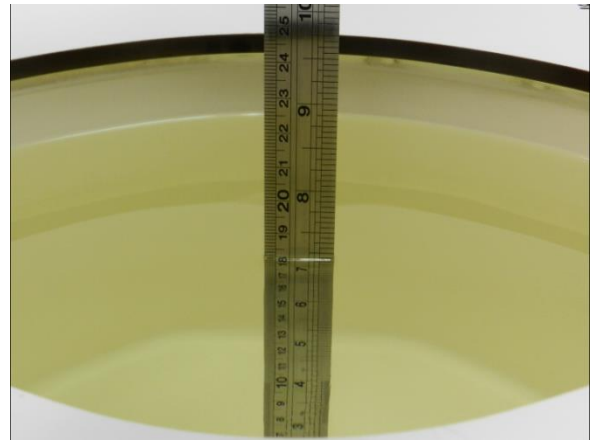


Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.6	0.931	41.368	0.90	41.50	3.44	-0.32	±5	2021/3/8
1750	Head	22.7	1.351	40.006	1.37	40.10	-1.39	-0.23	±5	2021/3/9
1900	Head	22.9	1.432	39.772	1.40	40.00	2.29	-0.57	±5	2021/3/11
2450	Head	22.9	1.767	39.366	1.80	39.20	-1.83	0.42	±5	2021/3/31
2600	Head	22.8	1.880	39.161	1.96	39.00	-4.08	0.41	±5	2021/3/15
5250	Head	22.5	4.649	36.233	4.71	35.95	-1.30	0.79	±5	2021/4/1
5600	Head	22.7	4.995	35.613	5.07	35.50	-1.48	0.32	±5	2021/4/3
5750	Head	22.6	5.226	35.309	5.22	35.4	0.11	-0.12	±5	2021/4/5
835	Head	22.6	0.934	41.469	0.90	41.50	3.78	-0.07	±5	2021/3/20
1750	Head	22.7	1.353	40.078	1.37	40.10	-1.24	-0.05	±5	2021/3/20
1900	Head	22.8	1.433	39.849	1.40	40.00	2.36	-0.38	±5	2021/3/12
2600	Head	22.6	1.880	39.166	1.96	39.00	-4.08	0.43	±5	2021/3/19
835	Head	22.7	0.916	42.124	0.90	41.50	1.78	1.50	±5	2021/4/13
1750	Head	22.7	1.363	40.514	1.37	40.10	-0.51	1.03	±5	2021/4/13
1900	Head	22.7	1.428	40.201	1.40	40.00	2.00	0.50	±5	2021/4/13
2450	Head	22.6	1.877	38.793	1.80	39.20	4.28	-1.04	±5	2021/4/13
2600	Head	22.8	2.056	38.183	1.96	39.00	4.90	-2.09	±5	2021/4/13
5250	Head	22.8	4.595	36.402	4.71	35.95	-2.44	1.26	±5	2021/4/13
5600	Head	22.8	4.985	35.825	5.07	35.50	-1.68	0.92	±5	2021/4/13
5750	Head	22.8	5.161	35.569	5.22	35.4	-1.13	0.62	±5	2021/4/13

11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/3/8	835	Head	250	4d151	3293	1303	2.39	9.30	9.56	2.80
2021/3/9	1750	Head	250	1090	3293	1303	8.95	36.40	35.8	-1.65
2021/3/11	1900	Head	250	5d170	3293	1303	10.20	39.00	40.8	4.62
2021/3/31	2450	Head	250	908	3935	1279	12.60	52.80	50.4	-4.55
2021/3/15	2600	Head	250	1061	3293	1303	13.50	56.60	54	-4.59
2021/4/1	5250	Head	100	1113	3935	1279	7.70	80.50	77	-4.35
2021/4/3	5600	Head	100	1113	3935	1279	8.44	83.40	84.4	1.20
2021/4/5	5750	Head	100	1113	3935	1279	7.59	80.00	75.9	-5.12
2021/3/20	835	Head	250	4d151	3293	1303	2.33	9.30	9.32	0.22
2021/3/20	1750	Head	250	1090	3293	1303	8.72	36.40	34.88	-4.18
2021/3/12	1900	Head	250	5d170	3293	1303	10.10	39.00	40.4	3.59
2021/3/19	2600	Head	250	1061	3293	1303	13.80	56.60	55.2	-2.47
2021/4/13	835	Head	250	4d258	7630	1650	2.45	9.44	9.8	3.81
2021/4/13	1750	Head	250	1090	7630	1650	8.93	36.40	35.72	-1.87
2021/4/13	1900	Head	250	5d170	7630	1650	10.30	39.00	41.2	5.64
2021/4/13	2450	Head	250	908	7630	1650	12.60	52.80	50.4	-4.55
2021/4/13	2600	Head	250	1061	7630	1650	14.10	56.60	56.4	-0.35
2021/4/13	5250	Head	100	1113	7630	1650	7.77	80.50	77.7	-3.48
2021/4/13	5600	Head	100	1113	7630	1650	7.93	83.40	79.3	-4.92
2021/4/13	5750	Head	100	1113	7630	1650	7.61	80.00	76.1	-4.87

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/3/8	835	Head	250	4d151	3293	1303	1.59	6.16	6.36	3.25
2021/3/9	1750	Head	250	1090	3293	1303	4.98	19.20	19.92	3.75
2021/3/11	1900	Head	250	5d170	3293	1303	5.55	20.30	22.2	9.36
2021/3/31	2450	Head	250	908	3935	1279	5.87	24.20	23.48	-2.98
2021/3/15	2600	Head	250	1061	3293	1303	6.36	25.10	25.44	1.35
2021/4/1	5250	Head	100	1113	3935	1279	2.27	23.10	22.7	-1.73
2021/4/3	5600	Head	100	1113	3935	1279	2.35	23.80	23.5	-1.26
2021/4/5	5750	Head	100	1113	3935	1279	2.19	22.80	21.9	-3.95
2021/3/20	835	Head	250	4d151	3293	1303	1.58	6.16	6.32	2.60
2021/3/20	1750	Head	250	1090	3293	1303	4.81	19.20	19.24	0.21
2021/3/12	1900	Head	250	5d170	3293	1303	5.22	20.30	20.88	2.86
2021/3/19	2600	Head	250	1061	3293	1303	6.38	25.10	25.52	1.67
2021/4/13	835	Head	250	4d258	7630	1650	1.62	6.13	6.48	5.71
2021/4/13	1750	Head	250	1090	7630	1650	4.86	19.20	19.44	1.25
2021/4/13	1900	Head	250	5d170	7630	1650	5.28	20.30	21.12	4.04
2021/4/13	2450	Head	250	908	7630	1650	5.71	24.20	22.84	-5.62
2021/4/13	2600	Head	250	1061	7630	1650	6.11	25.10	24.44	-2.63
2021/4/13	5250	Head	100	1113	7630	1650	2.26	23.10	22.6	-2.16
2021/4/13	5600	Head	100	1113	7630	1650	2.31	23.80	23.1	-2.94
2021/4/13	5750	Head	100	1113	7630	1650	2.18	22.80	21.8	-4.39

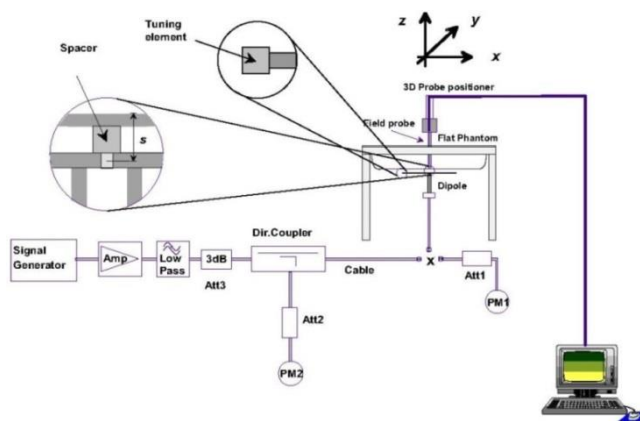


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

12. RF Exposure Positions

12.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

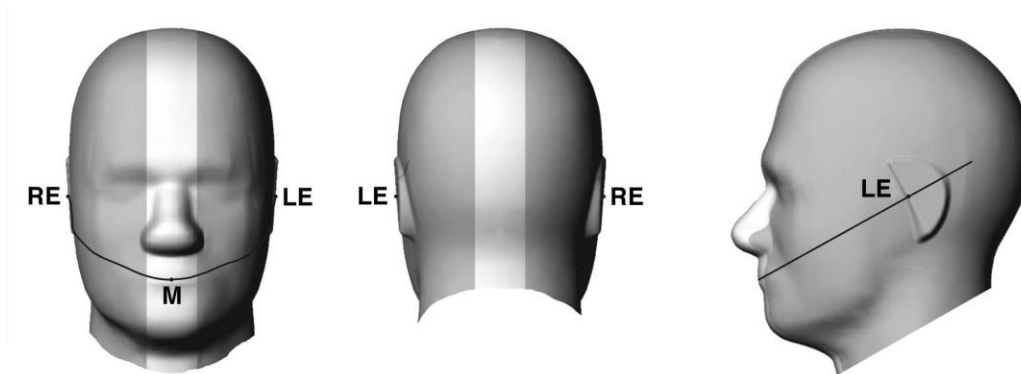


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

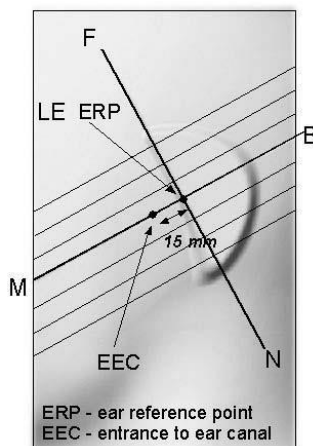


Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

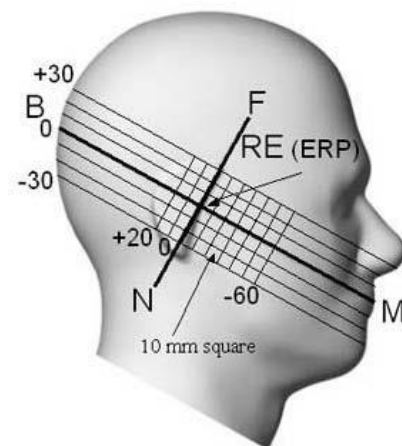


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

12.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the handset. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

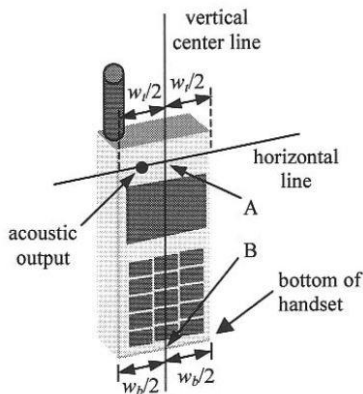


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

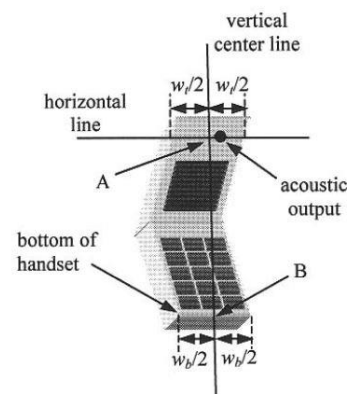


Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

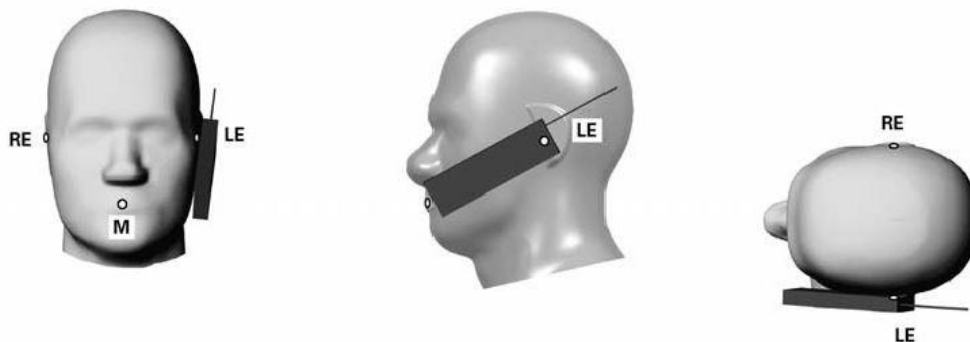


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

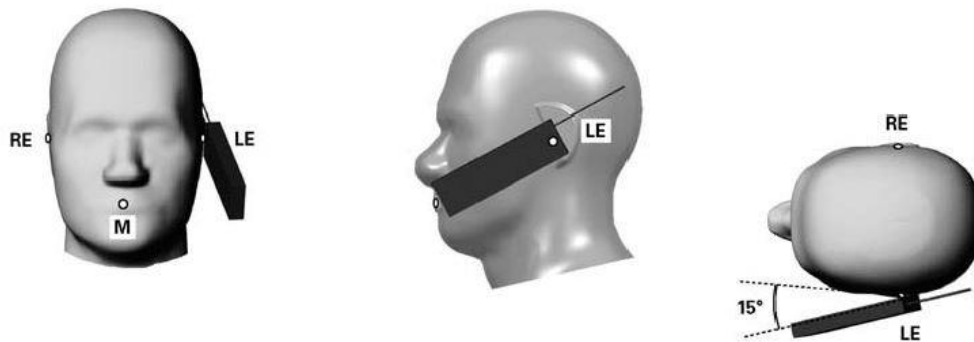


Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

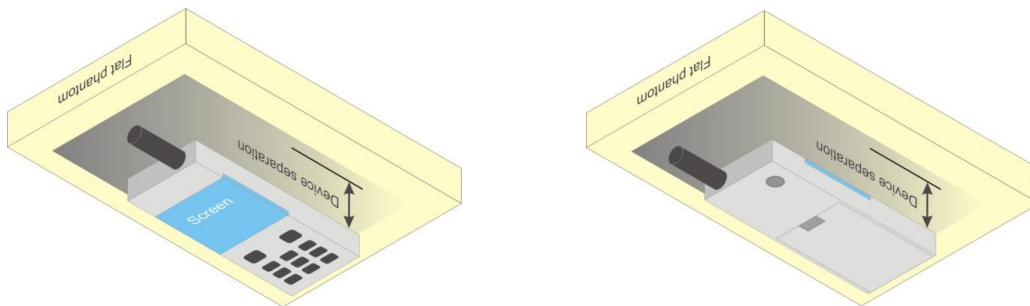


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.⁶ The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

12.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 2Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$. Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPCCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.							

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

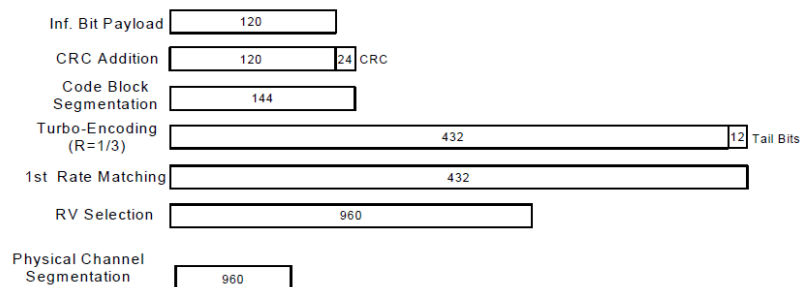


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

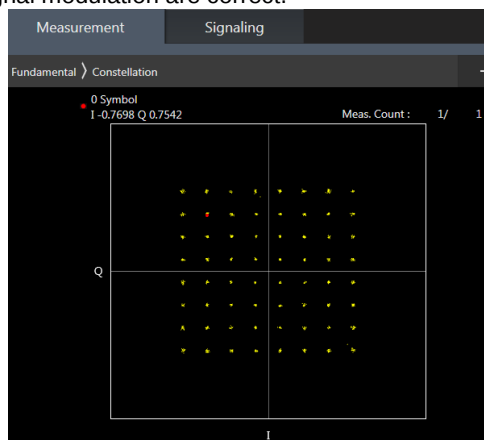
<WCDMA Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

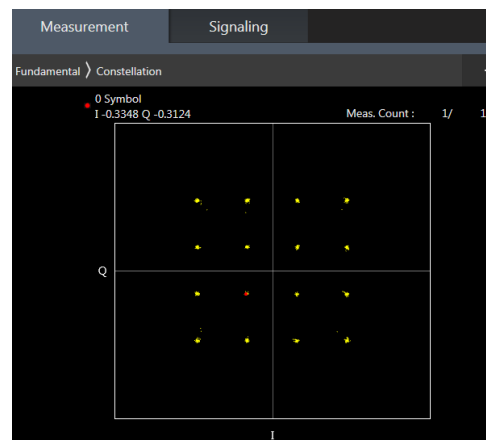
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE B4 SAR test was covered by B66; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM

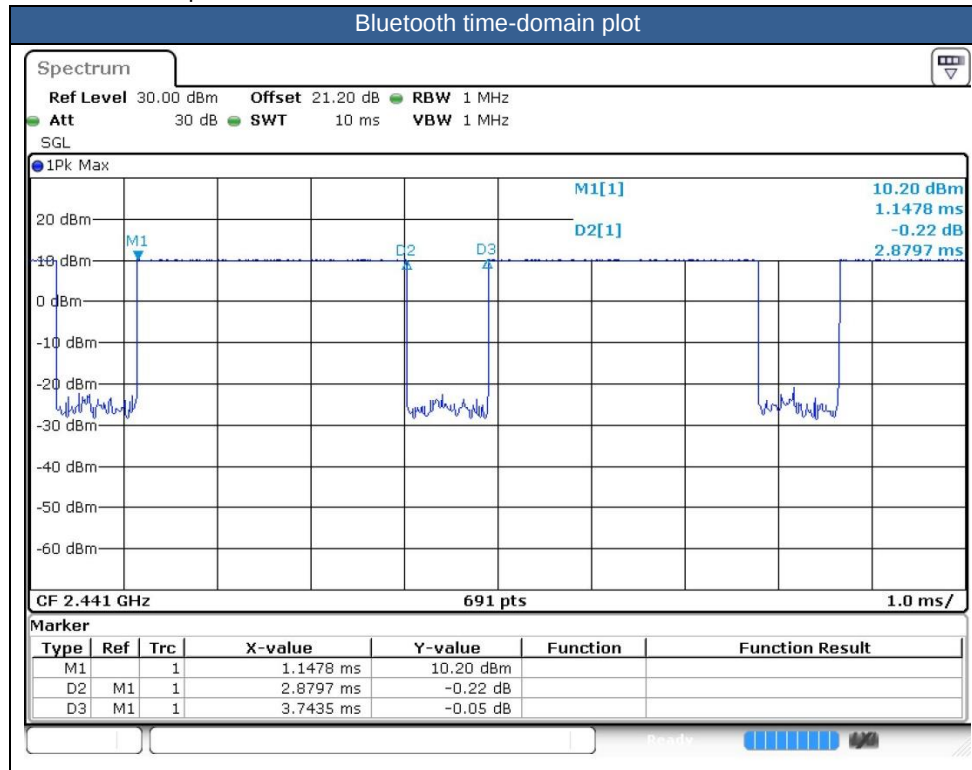
<WLAN Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.¹⁸ The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.93 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation





14. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of BT/WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset. When headset SAR is less than or equal than without headset SAR, no need to verify the remaining channels for headset SAR.
5. The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body at the front or back faces of the device. When front or back body worn condition is detected, GSM850/1900, WCDMA band II/IV/V, LTE band 2/4/5/7/66 reduced power will be active for WWAN Bands and WLAN 5.2GHz/ 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at the four edges of the device)
6. P-sensor can detect handheld state, GSM1900, WCDMA band II/IV, and LTE band 2/4/7/66 for front/back/bottom sides of product specific 10g SAR condition reduced powers will be active.
7. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated to limit the maximum power of GSM850/1900, WCDMA band II/IV/V, LTE band 2/4/5/7/66 for WWAN Bands and WLAN5.2GHz for WLAN.
8. For P-sensor reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power for GSM1900, WCDMA II, LTE band 2/4/66, so for front/back P-sensor SAR can represent conservatively for front/back hotspot SAR.
9. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power (for handheld on state, the maximum full power means reduced power), including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
 - a. For this device SAR for WWAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2W/kg of GSM850/1900, WCDMA Band II/IV/V, LTE Band 2/4/5/7/66 and WLAN 5.2GHz. Therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
 - b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
 - c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
10. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed for body worn:

Front: [22 mm](#)
Back: [31 mm](#)
11. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed for handheld:

Front: [12 mm](#)
Back: [21 mm](#)
Bottom side: [12 mm](#)
12. Based on WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, so Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation chose the worst position of WLAN 2.4GHz to perform Bluetooth SAR test, and used this Bluetooth SAR value conservatively represent other position do co-located analysis with WWAN.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 2Tx slots for GSM850/ GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4/B5 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE B4 SAR test was covered by LTE B66; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Full	251	848.8	31.22	32.50	1.343	0.03	0.287	0.385
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	Full	251	848.8	31.22	32.50	1.343	0.01	0.197	0.265
01	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Full	251	848.8	31.22	32.50	1.343	0.06	0.308	0.414
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	Full	251	848.8	31.22	32.50	1.343	-0.05	0.184	0.247
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Full	661	1880	28.98	30.00	1.265	0.02	0.107	0.135
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	Full	661	1880	28.98	30.00	1.265	-0.05	0.073	0.092
02	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Full	661	1880	28.98	30.00	1.265	0.08	0.127	0.161
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	Full	661	1880	28.98	30.00	1.265	0.06	0.091	0.115

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Full	9400	1880	23.67	24.00	1.079	0.09	0.182	0.196
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Full	9400	1880	23.67	24.00	1.079	-0.03	0.125	0.135
03	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Full	9400	1880	23.67	24.00	1.079	0.01	0.219	0.236
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Full	9400	1880	23.67	24.00	1.079	0.01	0.151	0.163
04	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Full	1413	1732.6	23.84	24.00	1.038	0.04	0.105	0.109
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Full	1413	1732.6	23.84	24.00	1.038	0.03	0.054	0.056
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Full	1413	1732.6	23.84	24.00	1.038	0.01	0.077	0.080
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Full	1413	1732.6	23.84	24.00	1.038	-0.03	0.062	0.064
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Full	4233	846.6	23.41	24.00	1.146	0.03	0.210	0.241
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Full	4233	846.6	23.41	24.00	1.146	-0.05	0.133	0.152
05	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Full	4233	846.6	23.41	24.00	1.146	-0.03	0.224	0.257
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Full	4233	846.6	23.41	24.00	1.146	0.01	0.124	0.142



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	Full	19100	1900	23.67	24.00	1.079	0.03	0.141	0.152
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	Full	19100	1900	22.56	23.00	1.107	-0.02	0.081	0.090
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	Full	19100	1900	23.67	24.00	1.079	0.08	0.098	0.106
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	Full	19100	1900	22.56	23.00	1.107	-0.01	0.056	0.062
06	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	Full	19100	1900	23.67	24.00	1.079	0.04	0.173	0.187
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	Full	19100	1900	22.56	23.00	1.107	0.05	0.101	0.112
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	Full	19100	1900	23.67	24.00	1.079	0.01	0.127	0.137
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	Full	19100	1900	22.56	23.00	1.107	0.05	0.075	0.083
07	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.00	1.112	0.01	0.311	0.346
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Cheek	Full	20525	836.5	22.38	23.00	1.153	0.03	0.179	0.206
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.00	1.112	-0.03	0.206	0.229
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Tilted	Full	20525	836.5	22.38	23.00	1.153	0.01	0.121	0.140
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.00	1.112	-0.05	0.301	0.335
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Cheek	Full	20525	836.5	22.38	23.00	1.153	-0.01	0.169	0.195
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.00	1.112	0.05	0.179	0.199
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Tilted	Full	20525	836.5	22.38	23.00	1.153	0.01	0.103	0.119
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	Full	21100	2535	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.05	0.173	0.182
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Right Cheek	Full	21100	2535	22.84	23.00	1.038	-0.03	0.150	0.156
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	Full	21100	2535	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.01	0.107	0.113
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Right Tilted	Full	21100	2535	22.84	23.00	1.038	0.05	0.092	0.095
08	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	Full	21100	2535	23.78	24.00	1.052	-0.12	0.414	0.436
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Left Cheek	Full	21100	2535	22.84	23.00	1.038	0.02	0.351	0.364
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	Full	21100	2535	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.01	0.179	0.188
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Left Tilted	Full	21100	2535	22.84	23.00	1.038	-0.05	0.153	0.159
09	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Cheek	Full	132322	1745	23.74	24.00	1.062	0.07	0.105	0.111
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Right Cheek	Full	132322	1745	22.47	23.00	1.130	0.01	0.061	0.069
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Tilted	Full	132322	1745	23.74	24.00	1.062	0.05	0.053	0.056
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Right Tilted	Full	132322	1745	22.47	23.00	1.130	-0.03	0.001	0.001
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Left Cheek	Full	132322	1745	23.74	24.00	1.062	0.05	0.082	0.087
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Left Cheek	Full	132322	1745	22.47	23.00	1.130	0.01	0.047	0.053
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Left Tilted	Full	132322	1745	23.74	24.00	1.062	-0.05	0.070	0.074
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Left Tilted	Full	132322	1745	22.47	23.00	1.130	0.01	0.002	0.002



<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	0.03	0.352	0.428
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	0.01	0.407	0.495
10	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	0.03	0.950	1.156
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	1	2412	17.10	18.00	1.230	98.83	1.012	-0.03	0.915	1.139
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	0.05	0.624	0.759

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	Full	39	2441	11.00	12.00	1.259	76.93	1.300	0.03	0.110	0.180
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	39	2441	11.00	12.00	1.259	76.93	1.300	0.05	0.101	0.165
11	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	39	2441	11.00	12.00	1.259	76.93	1.300	0.04	0.150	0.245
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	39	2441	11.00	12.00	1.259	76.93	1.300	0.09	0.128	0.209

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.03	0.700	0.919
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	Full	60	5300	17.87	19.00	1.298	98.27	1.018	0.01	0.605	0.800
12	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.15	0.810	1.063
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	60	5300	17.87	19.00	1.298	98.27	1.018	-0.03	0.776	1.026
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.04	0.705	0.925
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	60	5300	17.87	19.00	1.298	98.27	1.018	-0.08	0.577	0.763
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.02	0.662	0.869
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	60	5300	17.87	19.00	1.298	98.27	1.018	0.01	0.656	0.867
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right cheek	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	-0.03	0.572	0.761
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.02	0.672	0.894
13	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	124	5620	17.78	19.00	1.324	98.27	1.018	0.03	0.799	1.077
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left cheek	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.04	0.621	0.827
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left cheek	Full	124	5620	17.78	19.00	1.324	98.27	1.018	0.02	0.618	0.833
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.06	0.610	0.812
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	124	5620	17.78	19.00	1.324	98.27	1.018	0.11	0.608	0.820
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right cheek	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	0.03	0.228	0.330
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	-0.02	0.236	0.341
14	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left cheek	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	-0.08	0.249	0.360
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	0.01	0.223	0.322



15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
15	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.03	0.656	0.783
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.23	30.00	1.194	-0.18	1.070	1.278
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	189	836.4	29.12	30.00	1.225	0.05	0.911	1.116
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	128	824.2	29.15	30.00	1.216	-0.05	0.709	0.862
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.01	0.264	0.315
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.23	30.00	1.194	-0.05	0.302	0.361
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.03	0.485	0.579
16	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	25.61	26.50	1.227	-0.03	0.461	0.566
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	25.61	26.50	1.227	0.01	0.987	1.211
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	25.51	26.50	1.256	0.02	1.100	1.382
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	25.58	26.50	1.236	0.03	0.983	1.215
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	24.39	25.00	1.151	0.05	0.099	0.114
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	24.39	25.00	1.151	-0.01	0.035	0.040
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	24.39	25.00	1.151	0.02	0.787	0.906
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	24.38	25.00	1.153	0.08	0.933	1.076
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	24.22	25.00	1.197	-0.03	0.690	0.826

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
17	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	19.24	19.50	1.062	-0.07	0.589	0.625
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	19.24	19.50	1.062	0.17	1.010	1.072
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.20	19.50	1.072	-0.05	1.270	1.361
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	19.16	19.50	1.081	0.12	0.998	1.079
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	18.29	18.50	1.050	0.07	0.126	0.132
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	18.29	18.50	1.050	-0.14	0.045	0.047
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	18.29	18.50	1.050	0.05	1.050	1.102
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	18.24	18.50	1.062	-0.04	1.210	1.285
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	18.25	18.50	1.059	0.05	0.931	0.986
18	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.21	17.50	1.069	0.05	0.426	0.455
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.21	17.50	1.069	0.06	1.071	1.145
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	17.19	17.50	1.074	0.07	1.110	1.192
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.16	17.50	1.081	-0.15	0.990	1.071
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.21	17.50	1.069	-0.1	0.040	0.043
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.21	17.50	1.069	0.17	0.039	0.042
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.21	17.50	1.069	0.03	1.200	1.283
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	17.19	17.50	1.074	0.01	1.200	1.289
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.16	17.50	1.081	0.08	1.120	1.211
19	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Reduced	4233	846.6	23.31	23.50	1.045	0.06	0.466	0.487
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	4233	846.6	23.31	23.50	1.045	0.03	1.050	1.097
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	4132	826.4	23.11	23.50	1.094	0.03	0.807	0.883
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	4182	836.4	23.29	23.50	1.050	0.04	1.120	1.175
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	4233	846.6	23.31	23.50	1.045	-0.11	0.287	0.300
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	4233	846.6	23.31	23.50	1.045	-0.05	0.345	0.360
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	4233	846.6	23.31	23.50	1.045	0.1	0.431	0.450



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.70	20.00	1.072	0.05	0.506	0.542
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.48	20.00	1.127	0.03	0.466	0.525
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.70	20.00	1.072	-0.18	0.898	0.962
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	19.41	20.00	1.146	-0.13	1.130	1.294
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	19.42	20.00	1.143	0.04	0.968	1.106
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.48	20.00	1.127	0.17	0.933	1.052
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	19.29	20.00	1.178	0.14	1.050	1.236
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	19.40	20.00	1.148	-0.14	1.120	1.286
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.58	20.00	1.102	-0.17	0.943	1.039
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	18.14	18.50	1.086	-0.17	0.119	0.129
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.92	18.50	1.143	0.02	0.123	0.141
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	18.14	18.50	1.086	0.03	0.041	0.045
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.92	18.50	1.143	0.02	0.034	0.039
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	18.14	18.50	1.086	0.12	1.059	1.151
20	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	18.01	18.50	1.119	0.09	1.240	1.388
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	17.98	18.50	1.127	0.09	1.170	1.319
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.92	18.50	1.143	0.1	1.010	1.154
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	17.70	18.50	1.202	-0.16	1.120	1.347
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	17.84	18.50	1.164	-0.12	0.998	1.162
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	18.01	18.50	1.119	-0.11	1.020	1.142
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.15	0.623	0.709
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.32	23.00	1.169	0.11	0.561	0.656
21	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.13	1.180	1.342
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.32	23.00	1.169	0.02	0.767	0.897
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.02	0.789	0.940
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.07	0.397	0.452
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.32	23.00	1.169	0.08	0.240	0.281
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-0.13	0.427	0.486
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.32	23.00	1.169	0.05	0.259	0.303
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.03	0.492	0.560
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.32	23.00	1.169	-0.12	0.304	0.356



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	0.1	0.932	0.960
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	20.28	20.50	1.052	-0.02	0.760	0.799
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	20.36	20.50	1.033	0.17	0.820	0.847
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.07	0.810	0.846
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	20.01	20.50	1.119	0.06	0.860	0.963
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	20.22	20.50	1.067	-0.06	0.790	0.843
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.26	20.50	1.057	0.06	0.810	0.856
22	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	-0.02	1.270	1.309
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	20.28	20.50	1.052	0.17	0.994	1.046
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	20.36	20.50	1.033	0.02	1.130	1.167
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.02	1.130	1.181
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	20.01	20.50	1.119	0.04	0.980	1.097
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	20.22	20.50	1.067	0.11	1.130	1.205
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.26	20.50	1.057	0.08	1.130	1.194
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	0.03	0.421	0.434
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.03	0.374	0.391
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	-0.12	0.088	0.091
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.01	0.082	0.086
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	-0.07	1.100	1.133
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	20.28	20.50	1.052	-0.08	0.836	0.879
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	20.36	20.50	1.033	0.04	0.992	1.024
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.04	0.927	0.968
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	20.01	20.50	1.119	0.03	0.830	0.929
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	20.22	20.50	1.067	0.18	0.933	0.995
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.26	20.50	1.057	0.05	0.917	0.969
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Front	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	17.85	18.00	1.035	0.04	0.419	0.434
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	17.39	18.00	1.151	0.04	0.385	0.443
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	17.85	18.00	1.035	0.02	1.090	1.128
23	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	5mm	Reduced	132072	1720	17.65	18.00	1.084	-0.08	1.110	1.203
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	5mm	Reduced	132572	1770	17.62	18.00	1.091	-0.18	1.070	1.168
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	17.39	18.00	1.151	-0.04	0.917	1.055
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	Reduced	132072	1720	17.29	18.00	1.178	-0.17	1.010	1.189
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	Reduced	132572	1770	17.30	18.00	1.175	-0.06	0.987	1.160
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	17.34	18.00	1.164	0.04	0.968	1.127
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	16.76	17.00	1.057	0.16	0.045	0.048
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	16.32	17.00	1.169	0.16	0.037	0.043
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	16.76	17.00	1.057	0.06	0.032	0.034
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	16.32	17.00	1.169	0.04	0.028	0.033
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	16.76	17.00	1.057	0.1	1.050	1.110
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132072	1720	16.56	17.00	1.107	0.06	1.030	1.140
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132572	1770	16.52	17.00	1.117	-0.04	1.050	1.173
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	16.32	17.00	1.169	0.15	0.901	1.054
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132072	1720	16.23	17.00	1.194	0.05	0.934	1.115
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132572	1770	16.24	17.00	1.191	0.02	0.818	0.974
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	16.25	17.00	1.189	0.08	0.802	0.953

<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	-0.05	0.412	0.501
24	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	-0.01	0.447	0.544
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	0.01	0.283	0.344
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	0.05	0.337	0.410

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
25	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	39	2441	11.00	12.00	1.259	76.93	1.300	-0.03	0.072	0.118

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	-0.15	0.215	0.295
26	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	0.02	0.800	1.098
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	0.03	0.034	0.047
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	0.02	0.185	0.254
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	0.04	0.612	0.840
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	-0.03	0.152	0.220
27	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	-0.02	0.354	0.512
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Side	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	0.02	0.086	0.124
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	0.01	0.098	0.142
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	-0.03	0.343	0.496

15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Accessory	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	251	848.8	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.03	0.656	0.783
28	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	251	848.8	29.23	30.00	1.194	-0.18	1.070	1.278
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Headset	-	Reduced	251	848.8	29.23	30.00	1.194	0.05	1.010	1.206
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	189	836.4	29.12	30.00	1.225	0.05	0.911	1.116
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	128	824.2	29.15	30.00	1.216	-0.05	0.709	0.862
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	22mm	-	-	Full	251	848.8	31.22	32.50	1.343	-0.02	0.053	0.071
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	31mm	-	-	Full	251	848.8	31.22	32.50	1.343	0.04	0.071	0.095
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	With lanyard	Reduced	251	848.8	29.23	30.00	1.194	-0.12	0.965	1.152
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	661	1880	25.61	26.50	1.227	-0.03	0.461	0.566
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	661	1880	25.61	26.50	1.227	0.01	0.987	1.211
29	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	512	1850.2	25.51	26.50	1.256	0.02	1.100	1.382
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Headset	-	Reduced	512	1850.2	25.51	26.50	1.256	0.01	0.987	1.240
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	810	1909.8	25.58	26.50	1.236	0.03	0.983	1.215
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	22mm	-	-	Full	661	1880	28.98	30.00	1.265	0.03	0.031	0.039
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	31mm	-	-	Full	512	1850.2	28.85	30.00	1.303	0.05	0.049	0.064
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	With lanyard	Reduced	512	1850.2	25.51	26.50	1.256	0.06	0.892	1.120

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Accessory	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	9400	1880	19.24	19.50	1.062	-0.07	0.589	0.625
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	9400	1880	19.24	19.50	1.062	0.17	1.010	1.072
30	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.20	19.50	1.072	-0.05	1.270	1.361
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Headset	-	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.20	19.50	1.072	0.01	1.120	1.200
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	19.16	19.50	1.081	0.12	0.998	1.079
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	22mm	-	-	Full	9400	1880	23.67	24.00	1.079	-0.05	0.152	0.164
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	31mm	-	-	Full	9262	1852.4	23.53	24.00	1.114	0.01	0.223	0.248
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	With lanyard	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.20	19.50	1.072	-0.11	1.150	1.232
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.21	17.50	1.069	0.05	0.426	0.455
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.21	17.50	1.069	0.06	1.071	1.145
31	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	1312	1712.4	17.19	17.50	1.074	0.07	1.110	1.192
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.16	17.50	1.081	-0.15	0.990	1.071
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	22mm	-	-	Full	1413	1732.6	23.84	24.00	1.038	-0.09	0.175	0.182
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	31mm	-	-	Full	1312	1712.4	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.04	0.312	0.334
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	With lanyard	Reduced	1312	1712.4	17.19	17.50	1.074	-0.11	0.985	1.058
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	4233	846.6	23.31	23.50	1.045	0.06	0.466	0.487
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	4233	846.6	23.31	23.50	1.045	0.03	1.050	1.097
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	4132	826.4	23.11	23.50	1.094	0.03	0.807	0.883
32	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	4182	836.4	23.29	23.50	1.050	0.04	1.120	1.175
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	22mm	-	-	Full	4233	846.6	23.41	24.00	1.146	-0.03	0.080	0.092
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	31mm	-	-	Full	4182	836.4	23.38	24.00	1.153	0.04	0.112	0.129
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	With lanyard	Reduced	4182	836.4	23.29	23.50	1.050	-0.11	1.080	1.134



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Accessory	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.70	20.00	1.072	0.05	0.506	0.542
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.48	20.00	1.127	0.03	0.466	0.525
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.70	20.00	1.072	-0.18	0.898	0.962
33	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	18700	1860	19.41	20.00	1.146	-0.13	1.130	1.294
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Headset	-	Reduced	18700	1860	19.41	20.00	1.146	-0.16	1.070	1.226
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	18900	1880	19.42	20.00	1.143	0.04	0.968	1.106
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.48	20.00	1.127	0.17	0.933	1.052
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	18700	1860	19.29	20.00	1.178	0.14	1.050	1.236
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	18900	1880	19.40	20.00	1.148	-0.14	1.120	1.286
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.58	20.00	1.102	-0.17	0.943	1.039
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	22mm	-	-	Full	19100	1900	23.67	24.00	1.079	-0.02	0.182	0.196
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	31mm	-	-	Full	18700	1860	23.54	24.00	1.112	0.04	0.202	0.225
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	With lanyard	Reduced	18700	1860	19.41	20.00	1.146	0.03	1.050	1.203
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.15	0.623	0.709
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.32	23.00	1.169	0.11	0.561	0.656
34	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.13	1.180	1.342
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Headset	-	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-0.18	1.120	1.274
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.32	23.00	1.169	0.02	0.767	0.897
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.02	0.789	0.940
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	22mm	-	-	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.00	1.112	-0.06	0.066	0.073
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	31mm	-	-	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.00	1.112	0.02	0.072	0.080
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	With lanyard	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-0.03	1.110	1.263
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	0.1	0.932	0.960
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	20850	2510	20.28	20.50	1.052	-0.02	0.760	0.799
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21350	2560	20.36	20.50	1.033	0.17	0.820	0.847
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21100	2535	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.07	0.810	0.846
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	20850	2510	20.01	20.50	1.119	0.06	0.860	0.963
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21350	2560	20.22	20.50	1.067	-0.06	0.790	0.843
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21100	2535	20.26	20.50	1.057	0.06	0.810	0.856
35	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	-0.02	1.270	1.309
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Headset	-	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	0.06	0.994	1.024
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	20850	2510	20.28	20.50	1.052	0.17	0.994	1.046
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21350	2560	20.36	20.50	1.033	0.02	1.130	1.167
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21100	2535	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.02	1.130	1.181
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	20850	2510	20.01	20.50	1.119	0.04	0.980	1.097
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21350	2560	20.22	20.50	1.067	0.11	1.130	1.205
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	21100	2535	20.26	20.50	1.057	0.08	1.130	1.194
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	22mm	-	-	Full	20850	2510	23.58	24.00	1.102	-0.02	0.034	0.037
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	31mm	-	-	Full	21100	2535	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.02	0.152	0.160
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	-	With lanyard	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	-0.03	1.220	1.257
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	132322	1745	17.85	18.00	1.035	0.04	0.419	0.434
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	5mm	-	-	Reduced	132322	1745	17.39	18.00	1.151	0.04	0.385	0.443
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	132322	1745	17.85	18.00	1.035	0.02	1.090	1.128
36	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	132072	1720	17.65	18.00	1.084	-0.08	1.110	1.203
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	5mm	Headset	-	Reduced	132072	1720	17.65	18.00	1.084	0.04	1.070	1.160
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	132572	1770	17.62	18.00	1.091	-0.18	1.070	1.168
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	132322	1745	17.39	18.00	1.151	-0.04	0.917	1.055
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	132072	1720	17.29	18.00	1.178	-0.17	1.010	1.189
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	132572	1770	17.30	18.00	1.175	-0.06	0.987	1.160
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	-	-	Reduced	132322	1745	17.34	18.00	1.164	0.04	0.968	1.127
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Front	22mm	-	-	Full	132322	1745	23.74	24.00	1.062	0.03	0.193	0.205
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	31mm	-	-	Full	132072	1720	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.11	0.345	0.382
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	5mm	-	With lanyard	Reduced	132072	1720	17.65	18.00	1.084	-0.03	0.951	1.031

<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Accessory	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	-	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	-0.05	0.412	0.501
37	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	-0.01	0.447	0.544
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	With lanyard	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	0.03	0.442	0.538

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Accessory	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	5mm	-	Full	39	2441	11.00	12.00	1.259	76.93	1.300	0.02	0.044	0.072
38	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	39	2441	11.00	12.00	1.259	76.93	1.300	-0.03	0.072	0.118

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Accessory	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	-0.15	0.215	0.295
39	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	0.02	0.800	1.098
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	22mm	-	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.11	0.125	0.164
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	31mm	-	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.03	0.112	0.147
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	With lanyard	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	0.02	0.723	0.992
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	122	5610	15.10	16.00	1.230	93.05	1.075	0.03	0.276	0.365
40	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	122	5610	15.10	16.00	1.230	93.05	1.075	0.04	0.778	1.029
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	138	5690	14.78	16.00	1.324	93.05	1.075	0.02	0.614	0.874
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	22mm	-	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.01	0.063	0.084
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	31mm	-	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.04	0.061	0.081
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	With lanyard	Reduced	122	5610	15.10	16.00	1.230	93.05	1.075	-0.13	0.754	0.997
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	-0.03	0.152	0.220
41	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	-0.02	0.354	0.512
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	With lanyard	Full	155	5775	12.21	13.50	1.345	93.05	1.075	0.12	0.291	0.421

15.4 Product Specific SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	Full	251	848.8	31.22	32.50	1.343	-0.09	1.890	2.538
42	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	Full	189	836.4	30.74	32.50	1.500	0.09	1.900	2.849
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	Full	128	824.2	30.75	32.50	1.496	0.01	1.530	2.289
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Full	251	848.8	31.22	32.50	1.343	0.09	1.610	2.162
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Full	189	836.4	30.74	32.50	1.500	-0.15	1.740	2.609
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Full	128	824.2	30.75	32.50	1.496	0.03	1.850	2.768
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Reduced	661	1880	27.12	28.00	1.225	0.02	1.720	2.106
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	26.99	28.00	1.262	-0.03	1.890	2.385
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	27.03	28.00	1.250	-0.15	1.660	2.075
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	661	1880	27.12	28.00	1.225	0.13	2.330	2.853
43	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	26.99	28.00	1.262	0.09	2.470	3.117
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	27.03	28.00	1.250	0.01	2.140	2.676
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	21mm	Full	512	1850.2	28.85	30.00	1.303	0.05	0.215	0.280
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	12mm	Full	512	1850.2	28.85	30.00	1.303	0.03	0.951	1.239

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	21.73	22.00	1.064	-0.13	2.030	2.160
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	21.64	22.00	1.086	0.01	2.350	2.553
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	21.64	22.00	1.086	-0.08	1.940	2.108
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	21.73	22.00	1.064	0.04	2.730	2.905
44	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	21.64	22.00	1.086	0.08	2.820	3.064
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	21.64	22.00	1.086	0.07	2.670	2.901
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	21mm	Full	9262	1852.4	23.53	24.00	1.114	0.03	0.272	0.303
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	12mm	Full	9262	1852.4	23.53	24.00	1.114	0.01	0.762	0.849
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	21.68	22.00	1.076	0.18	1.460	1.572
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	21.68	22.00	1.076	0.14	2.960	3.186
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	21.66	22.00	1.081	-0.02	2.780	3.006
45	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	1513	1752.6	21.64	22.00	1.086	-0.07	2.960	3.216
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	21.68	22.00	1.076	0.13	2.620	2.820
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	21.66	22.00	1.081	0.02	2.460	2.660
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1513	1752.6	21.64	22.00	1.086	0.16	2.640	2.868
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	12mm	Full	1413	1732.6	23.84	24.00	1.038	0.08	0.322	0.334
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	21mm	Full	1513	1752.6	23.71	24.00	1.069	0.05	0.295	0.315
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	12mm	Full	1513	1752.6	23.71	24.00	1.069	0.04	0.962	1.028
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Full	4233	846.6	23.41	24.00	1.146	-0.12	1.990	2.280
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Full	4132	826.4	23.19	24.00	1.205	0.13	2.190	2.639
46	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Full	4182	836.4	23.38	24.00	1.153	0.1	2.380	2.745



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	22.26	22.50	1.057	-0.05	2.120	2.240
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.17	2.400	2.625
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.02	2.160	2.379
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	22.00	22.50	1.122	0.09	1.580	1.773
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	21.80	22.50	1.175	-0.11	1.810	2.127
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.02	1.670	1.922
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	22.04	22.50	1.112	0.06	1.620	1.801
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	22.26	22.50	1.057	-0.09	3.090	3.266
47	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.07	3.100	3.391
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	22.08	22.50	1.102	-0.05	2.990	3.294
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	22.00	22.50	1.122	-0.06	2.170	2.435
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	21.80	22.50	1.175	-0.02	2.290	2.691
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.08	2.220	2.555
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	22.04	22.50	1.112	0.15	2.220	2.468
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	21mm	Full	18700	1860	23.54	24.00	1.112	-0.12	0.312	0.347
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	12mm	Full	18700	1860	23.54	24.00	1.112	0.08	0.781	0.868
48	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Full	20525	836.5	23.54	24.00	1.112	0.05	2.160	2.401
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	25	Back	0mm	Full	20525	836.5	22.38	23.00	1.153	0.03	1.400	1.615
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Full	20525	836.5	22.33	23.00	1.167	-0.12	1.370	1.599
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	21.27	21.50	1.054	0.05	1.33	1.402
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	21.25	21.50	1.059	0.16	1.03	1.091
49	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	21.27	21.50	1.054	0.08	2.79	2.942
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	21.13	21.50	1.089	0.05	2.05	2.232
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	21.21	21.50	1.069	-0.09	2.7	2.886
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	21.25	21.50	1.059	0.02	2.12	2.246
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	21.06	21.50	1.107	0.03	1.97	2.180
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	21.24	21.50	1.062	0.08	2.2	2.336
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	21.22	21.50	1.067	0.19	2.12	2.261
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	21.27	21.50	1.054	0.14	1.59	1.676
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	21.25	21.50	1.059	0.05	1.14	1.208
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	12mm	Full	21100	2535	23.78	24.00	1.052	-0.03	0.125	0.131
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	21mm	Full	21100	2535	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.01	0.145	0.153
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	12mm	Full	21100	2535	23.78	24.00	1.052	0.03	0.166	0.175
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Front	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	22.34	22.50	1.038	-0.02	1.28	1.328
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Front	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.04	1.27	1.399
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	22.34	22.50	1.038	-0.18	2.74	2.843
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	0mm	Reduced	132072	1720	22.16	22.50	1.081	0.05	2.34	2.531
50	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	0mm	Reduced	132572	1770	22.10	22.50	1.096	0.04	2.96	3.246
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	22.08	22.50	1.102	-0.13	2.4	2.644
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	0mm	Reduced	132072	1720	21.92	22.50	1.143	0.03	2.24	2.560
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Back	0mm	Reduced	132572	1770	21.97	22.50	1.130	0.17	2.62	2.960
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	21.96	22.50	1.132	-0.04	2.47	2.797
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	22.34	22.50	1.038	0.18	2.28	2.366
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132072	1720	22.16	22.50	1.081	0.07	2.15	2.325
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132572	1770	22.10	22.50	1.096	-0.09	2.44	2.675
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.02	2.07	2.280
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132072	1720	21.92	22.50	1.143	0.04	2.04	2.331
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	50	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132572	1770	21.97	22.50	1.130	-0.05	2.35	2.655
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	21.96	22.50	1.132	-0.01	2.17	2.457
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Front	12mm	Full	132322	1745	23.74	24.00	1.062	0.02	0.219	0.233
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	21mm	Full	132572	1770	23.52	24.00	1.117	0.01	0.272	0.304
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	Bottom Side	12mm	Full	132572	1770	23.52	24.00	1.117	0.08	0.726	0.811

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
51	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	36	5180	17.93	19.00	1.281	98.27	1.018	0.01	1.470	1.916
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	36	5180	17.93	19.00	1.281	98.27	1.018	0.05	1.120	1.460
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.06	0.591	0.776
52	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.01	1.920	2.520
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	60	5300	17.87	19.00	1.298	98.27	1.018	0.06	1.600	2.115
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Side	0mm	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	-0.03	0.073	0.096
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.05	0.253	0.332
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.01	1.370	1.798
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.05	0.488	0.650
53	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.01	1.240	1.650
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Side	0mm	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.06	0.063	0.084
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.01	0.208	0.277
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	116	5580	17.84	19.00	1.307	98.27	1.018	0.09	1.140	1.517

15.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

<1g>

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	0.03	0.950	1	1.156
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	6	2437	17.20	18.00	1.202	98.83	1.012	-0.14	0.911	1.043	1.108
1st	WLAN5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.15	0.810	1	1.063
2nd	WLAN5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	64	5320	17.90	19.00	1.290	98.27	1.018	0.15	0.785	1.032	1.031
1st	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	17.19	17.50	1.074	-	-	0.01	1.200	1	1.289
2nd	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	17.19	17.50	1.074	-	-	0.01	1.120	1.071	1.203
1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.20	19.50	1.072	-	-	-0.05	1.270	1	1.361
2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.20	19.50	1.072	-	-	0.03	1.210	1.050	1.297
1st	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-	-	0.13	1.180	1	1.342
2nd	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-	-	0.01	1.090	1.083	1.240
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	-	-	-0.02	1.270	1	1.309
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	20.37	20.50	1.030	-	-	-0.06	1.150	1.104	1.185
1st	WLAN5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	0.02	0.800	1	1.098
2nd	WLAN5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	14.94	16.00	1.276	93.05	1.075	-0.03	0.785	1.019	1.077

<10g>

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Full	4182	836.4	23.38	24.00	1.153	0.1	2.380	1	2.745
2nd	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Full	4182	836.4	23.38	24.00	1.153	-0.03	2.250	1.058	2.595
1st	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.07	3.100	1	3.391
2nd	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	22.11	22.50	1.094	-0.09	3.050	1.016	3.337
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	21.27	21.50	1.054	0.08	2.790	1	2.942
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	21.27	21.50	1.054	-0.01	2.630	1.061	2.773
1st	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	132572	1770	22.10	22.50	1.096	0.04	2.960	1	3.246
2nd	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	99	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	132572	1770	22.10	22.50	1.096	-0.04	2.810	1.053	3.081

General Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45\text{W/kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured* SAR.
- All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR
1.	WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	WWAN + WLAN 5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

General Note:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
4. This device 2.4GHz WLAN/ 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WLAN Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WLAN Direct (GC only).
5. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment though they have independent antenna.
6. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
7. According to the EUT character, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously.
8. Chose the worst zoom scan SAR of WLAN correspondingly for co-located with WWAN analysis.
9. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\min. \text{ separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 16.5.

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed	Summed	Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.385	0.428	0.919	0.180	0.81	1.30	0.57
		Right Tilted	0.265	0.495	1.077	0.165	0.76	1.34	0.43
		Left Cheek	0.414	1.156	0.925	0.245	1.57	1.34	0.66
		Left Tilted	0.247	0.759	0.869	0.209	1.01	1.12	0.46
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.135	0.428	0.919	0.180	0.56	1.05	0.32
		Right Tilted	0.092	0.495	1.077	0.165	0.59	1.17	0.26
		Left Cheek	0.161	1.156	0.925	0.245	1.32	1.09	0.41
		Left Tilted	0.115	0.759	0.869	0.209	0.87	0.98	0.32
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.196	0.428	0.919	0.180	0.62	1.12	0.38
		Right Tilted	0.135	0.495	1.077	0.165	0.63	1.21	0.30
		Left Cheek	0.236	1.156	0.925	0.245	1.39	1.16	0.48
		Left Tilted	0.163	0.759	0.869	0.209	0.92	1.03	0.37
	WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.109	0.428	0.919	0.180	0.54	1.03	0.29
		Right Tilted	0.056	0.495	1.077	0.165	0.55	1.13	0.22
		Left Cheek	0.080	1.156	0.925	0.245	1.24	1.01	0.33
		Left Tilted	0.064	0.759	0.869	0.209	0.82	0.93	0.27
	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.241	0.428	0.919	0.180	0.67	1.16	0.42
		Right Tilted	0.152	0.495	1.077	0.165	0.65	1.23	0.32
		Left Cheek	0.257	1.156	0.925	0.245	1.41	1.18	0.50
		Left Tilted	0.142	0.759	0.869	0.209	0.90	1.01	0.35
LTE	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.152	0.428	0.919	0.180	0.58	1.07	0.33
		Right Tilted	0.106	0.495	1.077	0.165	0.60	1.18	0.27
		Left Cheek	0.187	1.156	0.925	0.245	1.34	1.11	0.43
		Left Tilted	0.137	0.759	0.869	0.209	0.90	1.01	0.35
	LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.346	0.428	0.919	0.180	0.77	1.27	0.53
		Right Tilted	0.229	0.495	1.077	0.165	0.72	1.31	0.39
		Left Cheek	0.335	1.156	0.925	0.245	1.49	1.26	0.58
		Left Tilted	0.199	0.759	0.869	0.209	0.96	1.07	0.41
	LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.182	0.428	0.919	0.180	0.61	1.10	0.36
		Right Tilted	0.113	0.495	1.077	0.165	0.61	1.19	0.28
		Left Cheek	0.436	1.156	0.925	0.245	1.59	1.36	0.68
		Left Tilted	0.188	0.759	0.869	0.209	0.95	1.06	0.40
	LTE Band 66	Right Cheek	0.111	0.428	0.919	0.180	0.54	1.03	0.29
		Right Tilted	0.056	0.495	1.077	0.165	0.55	1.13	0.22
		Left Cheek	0.087	1.156	0.925	0.245	1.24	1.01	0.33
		Left Tilted	0.074	0.759	0.869	0.209	0.83	0.94	0.28



16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Case No	SPLSR	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Case No	SPLSR	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth							
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)							
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.783	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.28			1.15			0.86
		Back	1.278	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.82	#01	0.02	2.38	#02	0.02	1.40
		Left side	0.315		0.124	0.118	0.32			0.44			0.43
		Right side	0.361	0.344	0.254	0.118	0.71			0.62			0.48
		Top side		0.410	0.840	0.118	0.41			0.84			0.12
		Bottom side	0.579			0.118	0.58			0.58			0.70
	GSM1900	Front	0.566	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.07			0.93			0.64
		Back	1.382	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.93	#03	0.02	2.48	#04	0.02	1.50
		Left side	0.114		0.124	0.118	0.11			0.24			0.23
		Right side	0.040	0.344	0.254	0.118	0.38			0.29			0.16
		Top side		0.410	0.840	0.118	0.41			0.84			0.12
		Bottom side	1.076			0.118	1.08			1.08			1.19
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Front	0.625	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.13			0.99			0.70
		Back	1.361	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.91	#05	0.02	2.46	#06	0.02	1.48
		Left side	0.132		0.124	0.118	0.13			0.26			0.25
		Right side	0.047	0.344	0.254	0.118	0.39			0.30			0.17
		Top side		0.410	0.840	0.118	0.41			0.84			0.12
		Bottom side	1.285			0.118	1.29			1.29			1.40
	WCDMA IV	Front	0.455	0.501	0.365	0.072	0.96			0.82			0.53
		Back	1.192	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.74	#07	0.01	2.29	#08	0.02	1.31
		Left side	0.043		0.124	0.118	0.04			0.17			0.16
		Right side	0.042	0.344	0.254	0.118	0.39			0.30			0.16
		Top side		0.410	0.840	0.118	0.41			0.84			0.12
		Bottom side	1.289			0.118	1.29			1.29			1.41
	WCDMA V	Front	0.487	0.501	0.365	0.072	0.99			0.85			0.56
		Back	1.175	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.72	#09	0.01	2.27	#10	0.02	1.29
		Left side	0.300		0.124	0.118	0.30			0.42			0.42
		Right side	0.360	0.344	0.254	0.118	0.70			0.61			0.48
		Top side		0.410	0.840	0.118	0.41			0.84			0.12
		Bottom side	0.450			0.118	0.45			0.45			0.57
LTE	LTE Band 2	Front	0.542	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.04			0.91			0.61
		Back	1.294	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.84	#11	0.02	2.39	#12	0.02	1.41
		Left side	0.141		0.124	0.118	0.14			0.27			0.26
		Right side	0.045	0.344	0.254	0.118	0.39			0.30			0.16
		Top side		0.410	0.840	0.118	0.41			0.84			0.12
		Bottom side	1.388			0.118	1.39			1.39			1.51
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.709	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.21			1.07			0.78
		Back	1.342	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.89	#13	0.02	2.44	#14	0.02	1.46
		Left side	0.452		0.124	0.118	0.45			0.58			0.57
		Right side	0.486	0.344	0.254	0.118	0.83			0.74			0.60
		Top side		0.410	0.840	0.118	0.41			0.84			0.12
		Bottom side	0.560			0.118	0.56			0.56			0.68
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.963	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.46			1.33			1.04
		Back	1.309	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.85	#15	0.02	2.41	#16	0.02	1.43
		Left side	0.434		0.124	0.118	0.43			0.56			0.55
		Right side	0.091	0.344	0.254	0.118	0.44			0.35			0.21
		Top side		0.410	0.840	0.118	0.41			0.84			0.12
		Bottom side	1.133			0.118	1.13			1.13			1.25
LTE Band 66	Front	0.443	0.501	0.365	0.072	0.94			0.81			0.52	
	Back	1.203	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.75	#17	0.01	2.30	#18	0.02	1.32	

	Left side	0.048		0.124	0.118	0.05			0.17			0.17
	Right side	0.034	0.344	0.254	0.118	0.38			0.29			0.15
	Top side		0.410	0.840	0.118	0.41			0.84			0.12
	Bottom side	1.173			0.118	1.17			1.17			1.29

16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1 WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	3 5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	4 Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Case No	SPLSR	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Case No	SPLSR	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.783	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.28			1.15			0.86
		Back	1.278	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.82	#01	0.02	2.38	#02	0.02	1.40
	GSM1900	Front	0.566	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.07			0.93			0.64
		Back	1.382	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.93	#03	0.02	2.48	#04	0.02	1.50
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Front	0.625	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.13			0.99			0.70
		Back	1.361	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.91	#05	0.02	2.46	#06	0.02	1.48
	WCDMA IV	Front	0.455	0.501	0.365	0.072	0.96			0.82			0.53
		Back	1.192	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.74	#07	0.01	2.29	#08	0.02	1.31
	WCDMA V	Front	0.487	0.501	0.365	0.072	0.99			0.85			0.56
		Back	1.175	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.72	#09	0.01	2.27	#10	0.02	1.29
LTE	LTE Band 2	Front	0.542	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.04			0.91			0.61
		Back	1.294	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.84	#11	0.02	2.39	#12	0.02	1.41
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.709	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.21			1.07			0.78
		Back	1.342	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.89	#13	0.02	2.44	#14	0.02	1.46
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.963	0.501	0.365	0.072	1.46			1.33			1.04
		Back	1.309	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.85	#15	0.02	2.41	#16	0.02	1.43
	LTE Band 66	Front	0.443	0.501	0.365	0.072	0.94			0.81			0.52
		Back	1.203	0.544	1.098	0.118	1.75	#17	0.01	2.30	#18	0.02	1.32

Note:

1. For front/back, always chose higher SAR between 5mm SAR and sensor off distance SAR to do co-located analysis.
2. For front/back and front/back with headset, always chose higher SAR to do co-located analysis.

16.4 Product specific 10g SAR Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	3	1+3 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	Case No	SPLSR
			WWAN 10g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 10g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	2.849	0.776	3.63		
		Back	2.768	2.520	5.29	#01	0.08
		Left side		0.096	0.10		
		Right side		0.332	0.33		
		Top side		1.798	1.80		
		Bottom side			0.00		
	GSM1900	Front		0.776	0.78		
		Back	2.385	2.520	4.91	#02	0.07
		Left side		0.096	0.10		
		Right side		0.332	0.33		
		Top side		1.798	1.80		
		Bottom side	3.117		3.12		
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Front		0.776	0.78		
		Back	2.553	2.520	5.07	#03	0.07
		Left side		0.096	0.10		
		Right side		0.332	0.33		
		Top side		1.798	1.80		
		Bottom side	3.064		3.06		
	WCDMA IV	Front	1.572	0.776	2.35		
		Back	3.216	2.520	5.74	#04	0.08
		Left side		0.096	0.10		
		Right side		0.332	0.33		
		Top side		1.798	1.80		
		Bottom side	2.868		2.87		
	WCDMA V	Front		0.776	0.78		
		Back	2.745	2.520	5.27	#05	0.07
		Left side		0.096	0.10		
		Right side		0.332	0.33		
		Top side		1.798	1.80		
		Bottom side			0.00		
LTE	LTE Band 2	Front		0.776	0.78		
		Back	2.625	2.520	5.15	#06	0.07
		Left side		0.096	0.10		
		Right side		0.332	0.33		
		Top side		1.798	1.80		
		Bottom side	3.391		3.39		
	LTE Band 5	Front		0.776	0.78		
		Back	2.401	2.520	4.92	#07	0.07
		Left side		0.096	0.10		
		Right side		0.332	0.33		
		Top side		1.798	1.80		
		Bottom side			0.00		
	LTE Band 7	Front	1.402	0.776	2.18		
		Back	2.942	2.520	5.46	#08	0.08
		Left side		0.096	0.10		
		Right side		0.332	0.33		
		Top side		1.798	1.80		
		Bottom side	1.676		1.68		
	LTE Band 66	Front	1.399	0.776	2.18		
		Back	3.246	2.520	5.77	#09	0.09
		Left side		0.096	0.10		



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA112011

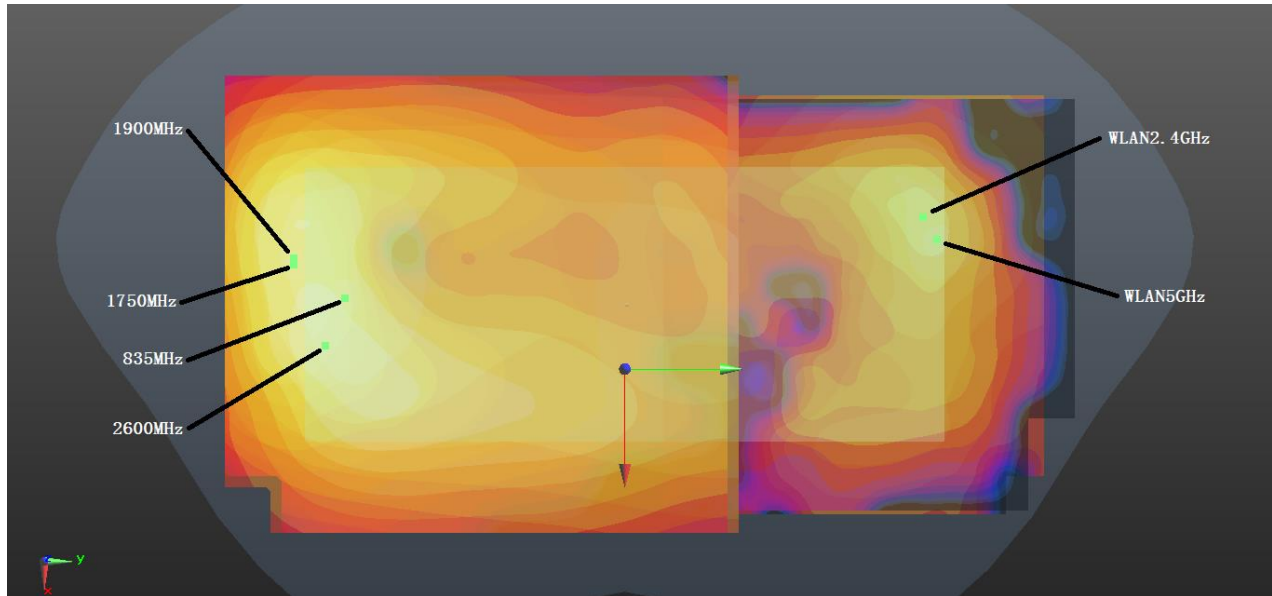
		Right side		0.332	0.33		
		Top side		1.798	1.80		
		Bottom side	2.675		2.68		

Note: For Front/Back/Bottom side, always chose higher SAR between 0mm 10g SAR and sensor off distance SAR to do co-located analysis.

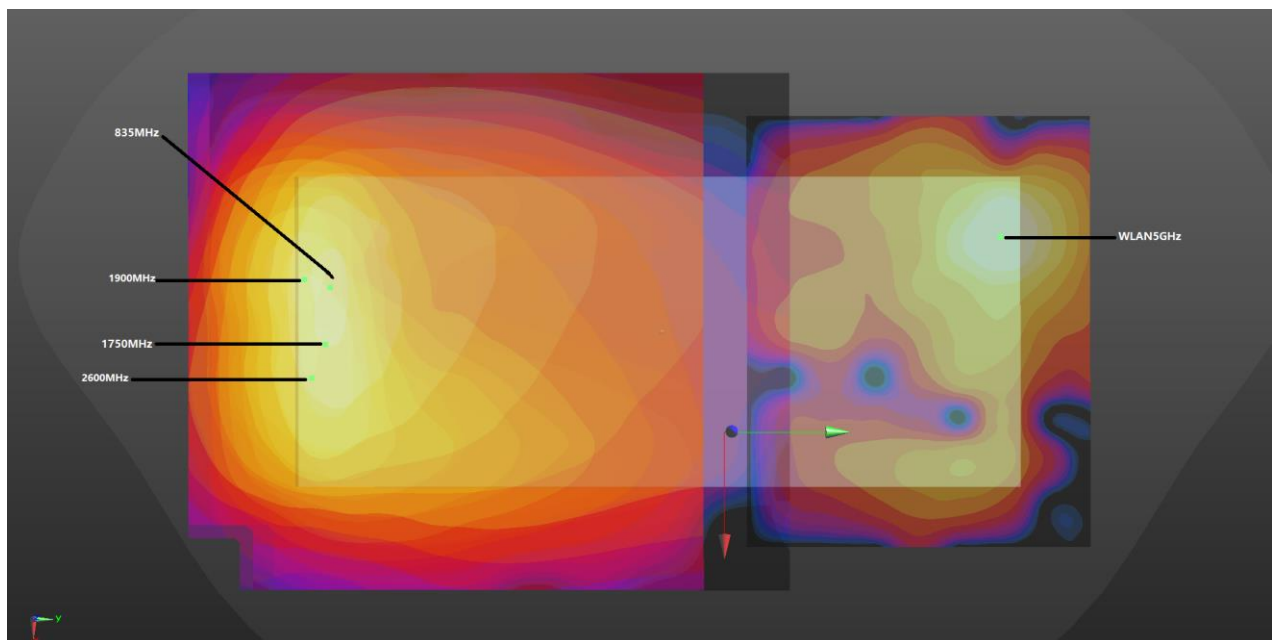
16.5 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where $(x1, y1, z1)$ and $(x2, y2, z2)$ are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.
2. $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



Back for WWAN+2.4GHz/5GHz WLAN_5mm



Back for WWAN+5GHz WLAN_0mm

Back 5mm for Hotspot/Body-worn											
Case 01	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	GSM850	Back	1.278	5	X	Y	Z	153.8	1.82	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.544	5	-27.6	74.2	0.24				
Case 02	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	GSM850	Back	1.278	5	X	Y	Z	157.3	2.38	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.098	5	-21.2	78.4	0.27				
Case 03	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	GSM1900	Back	1.382	5	X	Y	Z	160.1	1.93	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.544	5	-27.6	74.2	0.24				
Case 04	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	GSM1900	Back	1.382	5	X	Y	Z	163.9	2.48	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.098	5	-21.2	78.4	0.27				
Case 05	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA II	Back	1.361	5	X	Y	Z	157.2	1.91	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.544	5	-27.6	74.2	0.24				
Case 06	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA II	Back	1.361	5	X	Y	Z	161.0	2.46	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.098	5	-21.2	78.4	0.27				
Case 07	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA IV	Back	1.192	5	X	Y	Z	155.9	1.74	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.544	5	-27.6	74.2	0.24				
Case 08	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA IV	Back	1.192	5	X	Y	Z	159.6	2.29	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.098	5	-21.2	78.4	0.27				
Case 09	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA V	Back	1.175	5	X	Y	Z	152.3	1.72	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.544	5	-27.6	74.2	0.24				
Case 10	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA V	Back	1.175	5	X	Y	Z	155.8	2.27	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.098	5	-21.2	78.4	0.27				

Case 11	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 2	Back	1.294	5	-15.2	-85.4	-0.03	160.1	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.544	5	-27.6	74.2	0.24				
Case 12	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 2	Back	1.294	5	-15.2	-85.4	-0.03	163.9	2.39	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.098	5	-21.2	78.4	0.27				
Case 13	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 5	Back	1.342	5	-6.3	-78.3	-0.02	154.0	1.89	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.544	5	-27.6	74.2	0.24				
Case 14	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 5	Back	1.342	5	-6.3	-78.3	-0.02	157.4	2.44	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.098	5	-21.2	78.4	0.27				
Case 15	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 7	Back	1.309	5	9.8	-79.6	-0.02	158.3	1.85	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.544	5	-27.6	74.2	0.24				
Case 16	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 7	Back	1.309	5	9.8	-79.6	-0.02	161.0	2.41	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.098	5	-21.2	78.4	0.27				
Case 17	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 66	Back	1.203	5	-10.5	-83.8	-0.01	158.9	1.75	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.544	5	-27.6	74.2	0.24				
Case 18	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 66	Back	1.203	5	-10.5	-83.8	-0.01	162.6	2.30	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.098	5	-21.2	78.4	0.27				

Back 0mm for Product specific 10g											
Case 01	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	GSM850	Back	2.768	0	X	Y	Z	158.5	5.29	0.08	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.52	0	-22	79	0.49				
Case 02	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	GSM1900	Back	2.385	0	X	Y	Z	162.3	4.91	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.52	0	-22	79	0.49				
Case 03	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA II	Back	2.553	0	X	Y	Z	160.7	5.07	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.52	0	-22	79	0.49				
Case 04	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA IV	Back	3.216	0	X	Y	Z	162.6	5.74	0.08	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.52	0	-22	79	0.49				
Case 05	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA V	Back	2.745	0	X	Y	Z	161.2	5.27	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.52	0	-22	79	0.49				
Case 06	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	LTE Band 2	Back	2.625	0	X	Y	Z	163.9	5.15	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.52	0	-22	79	0.49				
Case 07	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	LTE Band 5	Back	2.401	0	X	Y	Z	157.0	4.92	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.52	0	-22	79	0.49				
Case 08	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	LTE Band 7	Back	2.942	0	X	Y	Z	161.8	5.46	0.08	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.52	0	-22	79	0.49				
Case 09	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	LTE Band 66	Back	3.246	0	X	Y	Z	161.0	5.77	0.09	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.52	0	-22	79	0.49				

Test Engineer : Nick Hu, Jiaying Chang, Yuankai Kong

17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

18. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [13] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

-----THE END-----



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_835MHz**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d151**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.931$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.368$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3293; ConvF(6.43, 6.43, 6.43); Calibrated: 2020.9.23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2020.7.7
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.77 W/kg

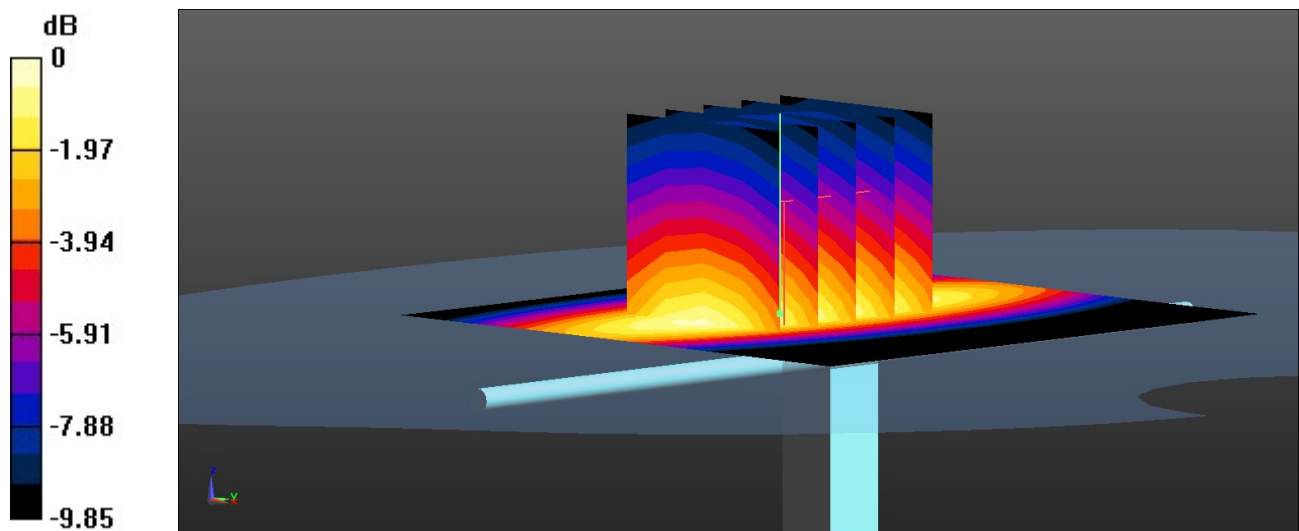
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



0 dB = 2.79 W/kg = 4.46 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.006$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3293; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 2020.9.23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2020.7.7
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.4 W/kg

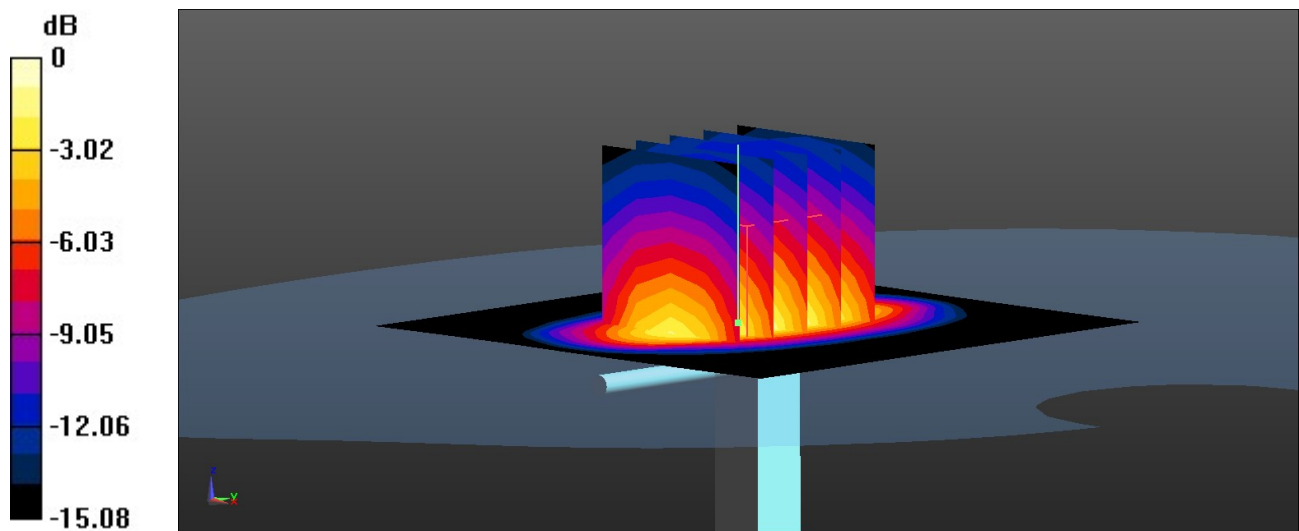
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.1 W/kg



0 dB = 11.1 W/kg = 10.45 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.432$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.772$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3293; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2020.9.23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2020.7.7
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.8 W/kg

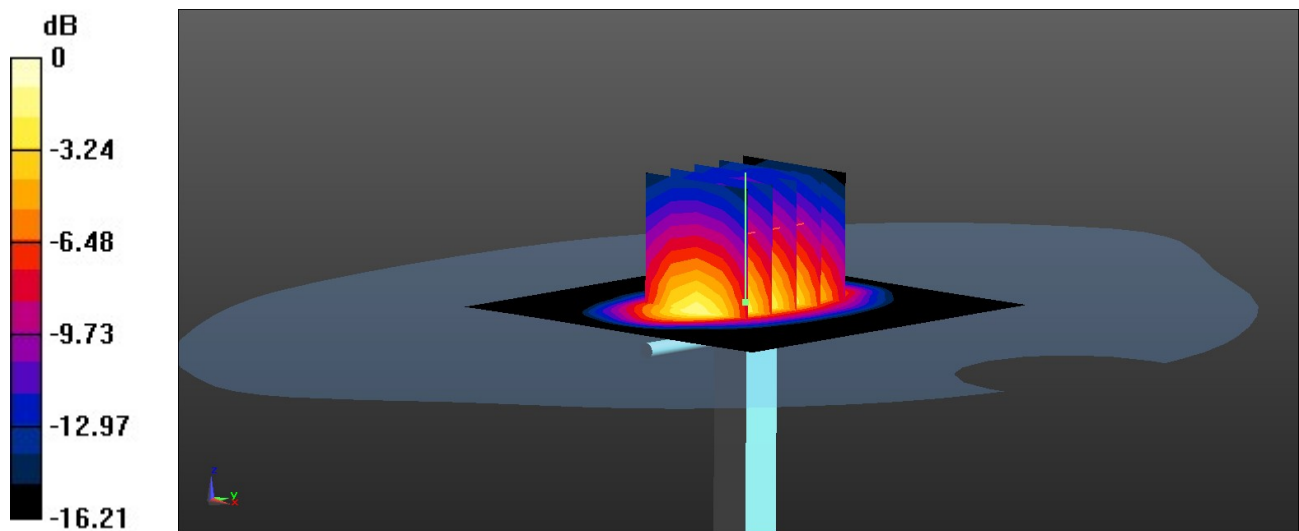
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg



0 dB = 12.7 W/kg = 11.04 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.767$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.366$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2020.8.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.1 W/kg

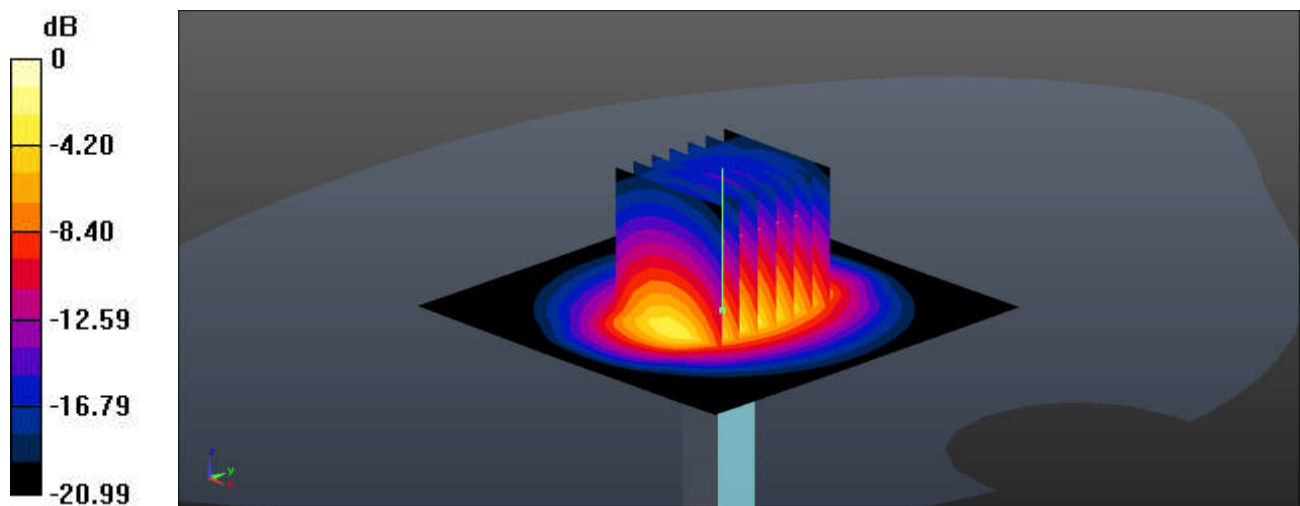
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg



0 dB = 18.8 W/kg = 12.74 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz**DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.161$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3293; ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2020.9.23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2020.7.7
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.8 W/kg

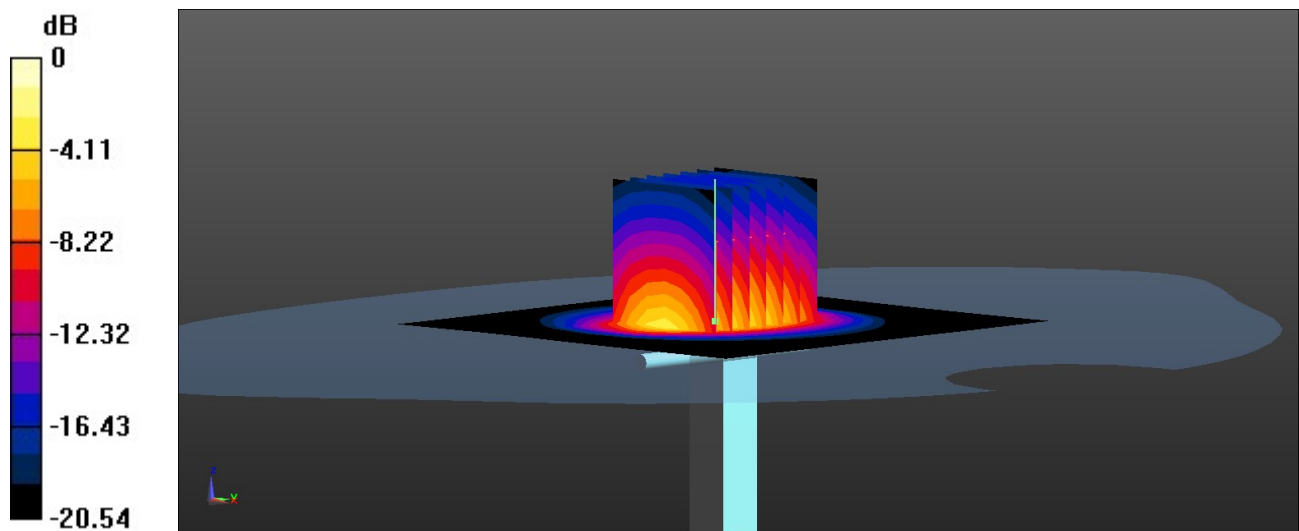
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.36 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg



0 dB = 17.9 W/kg = 12.53 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5250MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.649$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.233$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2020.8.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.5 W/kg

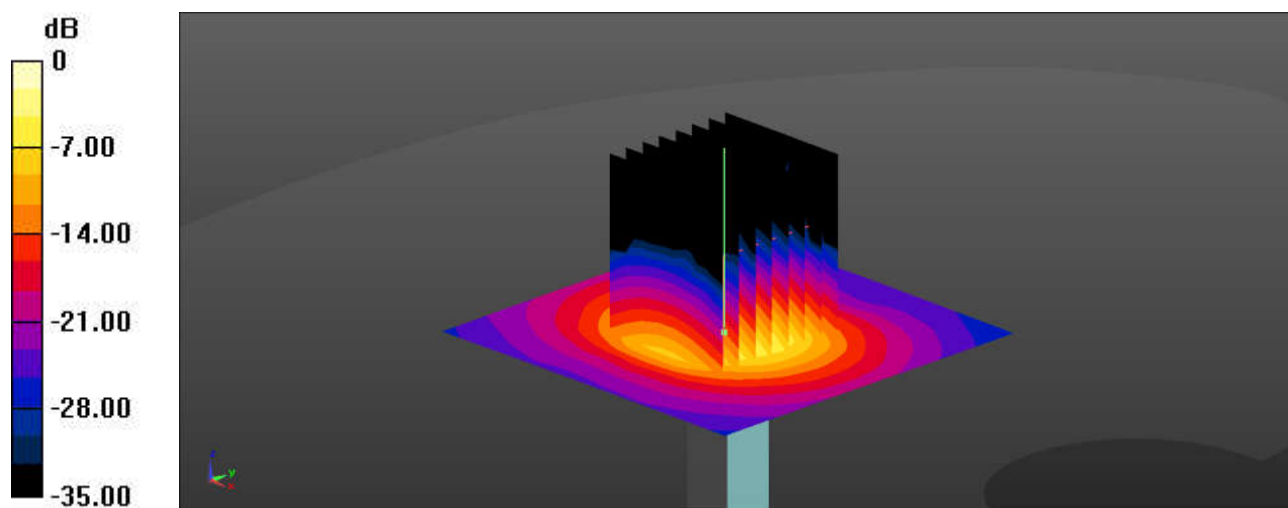
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 45.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5600MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.995$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.613$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2020.8.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.3 W/kg

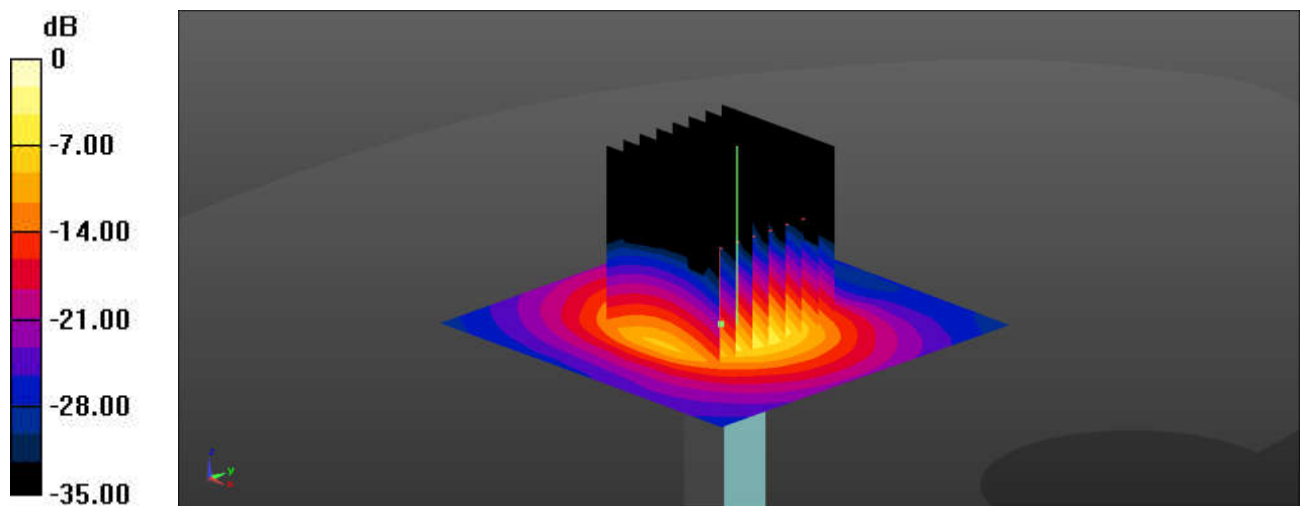
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 47.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



0 dB = 21.4 W/kg = 13.30 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5750MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.226$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.309$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2020.8.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.4 W/kg

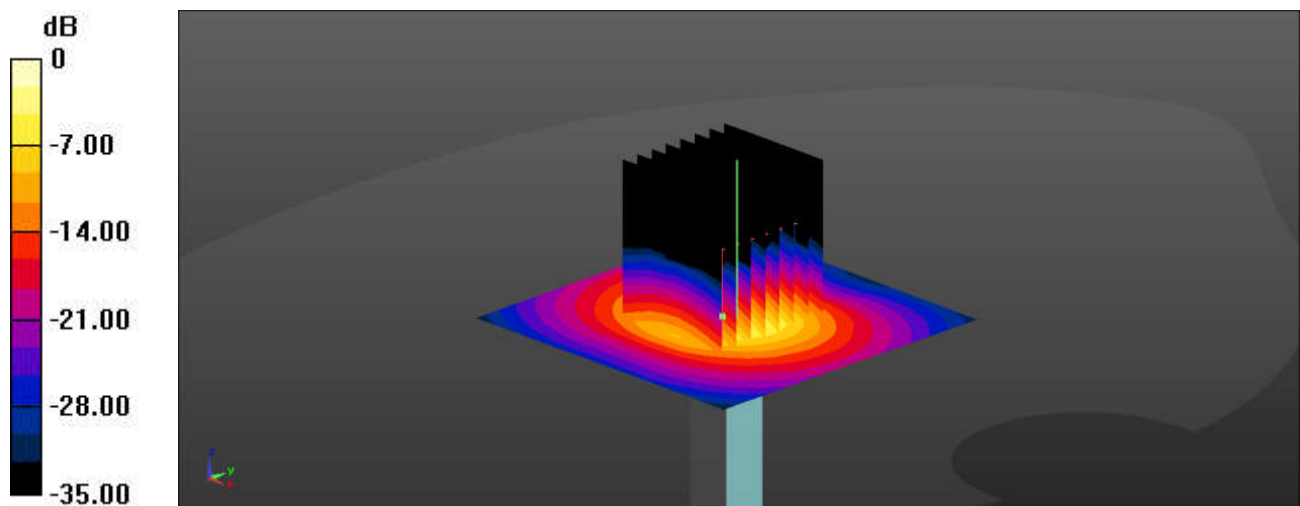
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 40.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg



0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_835MHz**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d151**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.934$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.469$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3293; ConvF(6.43, 6.43, 6.43); Calibrated: 2020.9.23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2020.7.7
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.69 W/kg

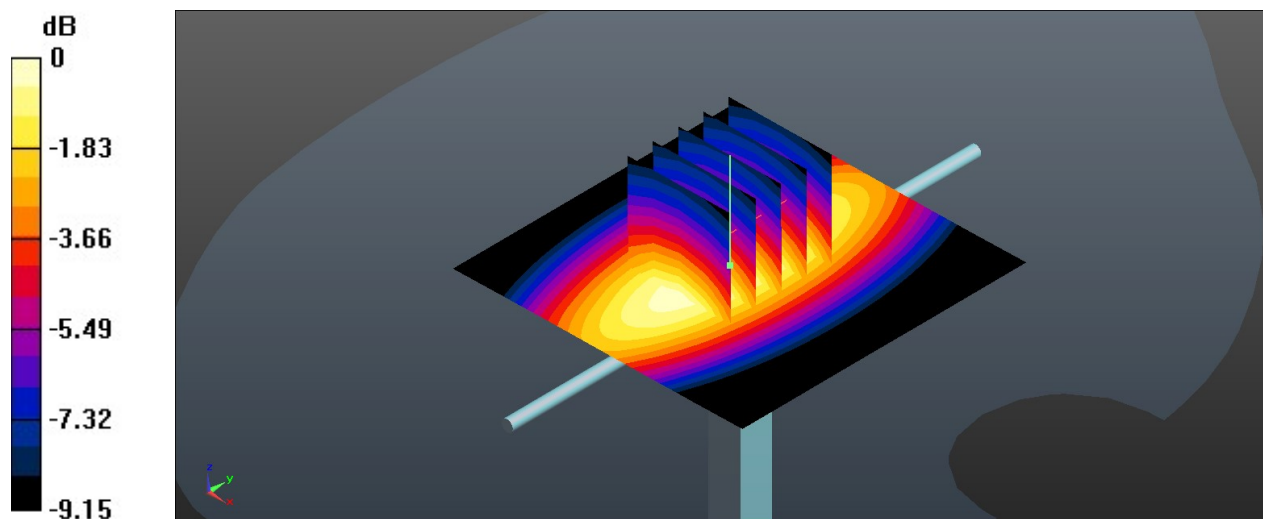
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 52.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 W/kg



0 dB = 2.69 W/kg = 4.30 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.353$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.078$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3293; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 2020.9.23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2020.7.7
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 W/kg

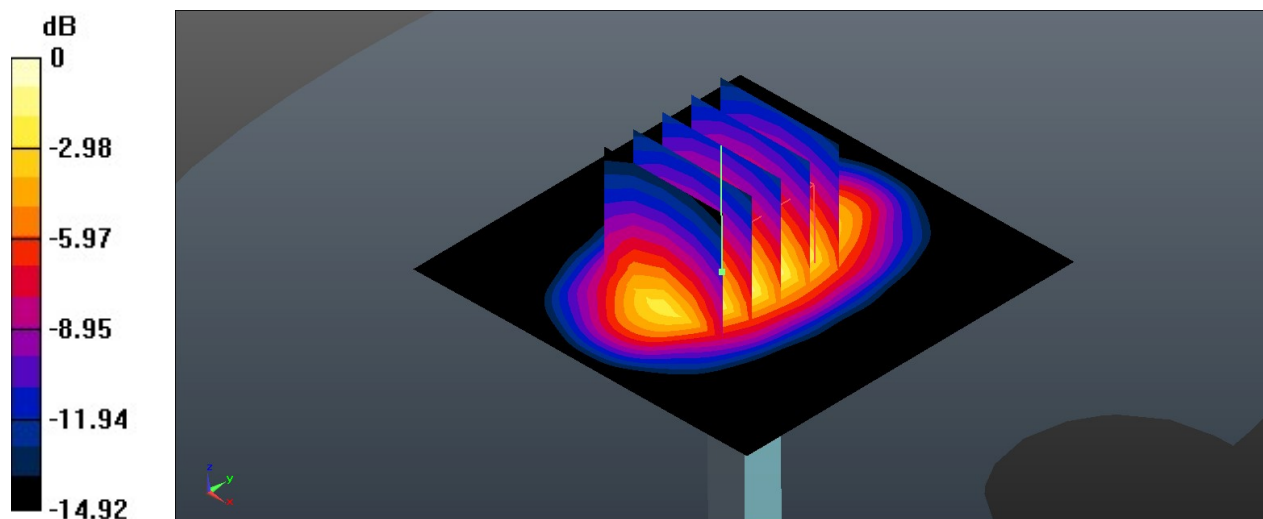
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.81 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.5 W/kg



0 dB = 10.5 W/kg = 10.22 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.433$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.849$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3293; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2020.9.23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2020.7.7
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 W/kg

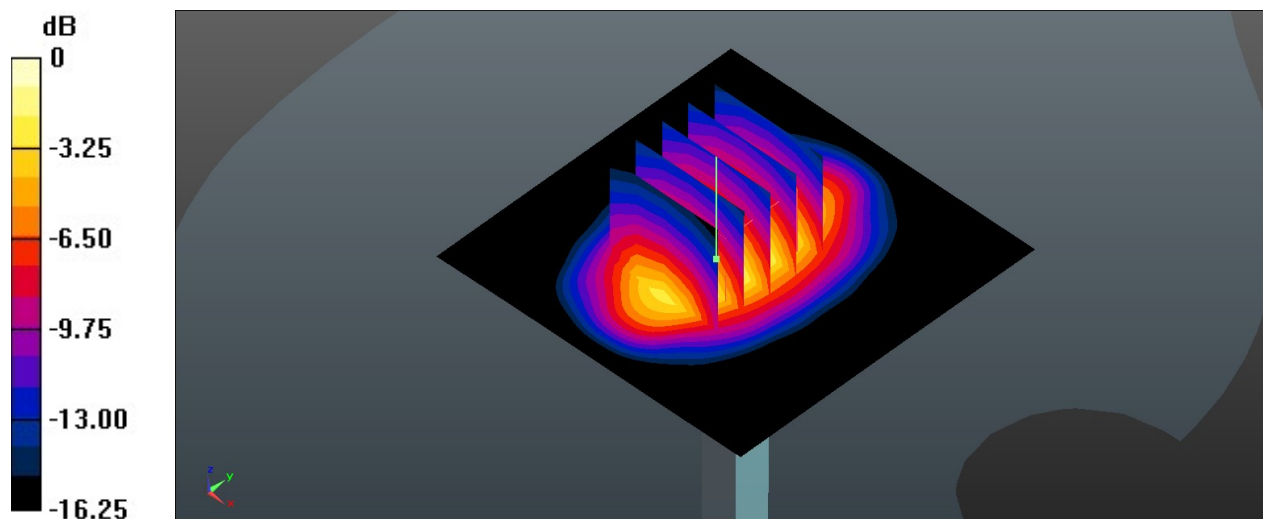
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 W/kg



0 dB = 12.1 W/kg = 10.83 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz**DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.166$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3293; ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2020.9.23
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2020.7.7
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.3 W/kg

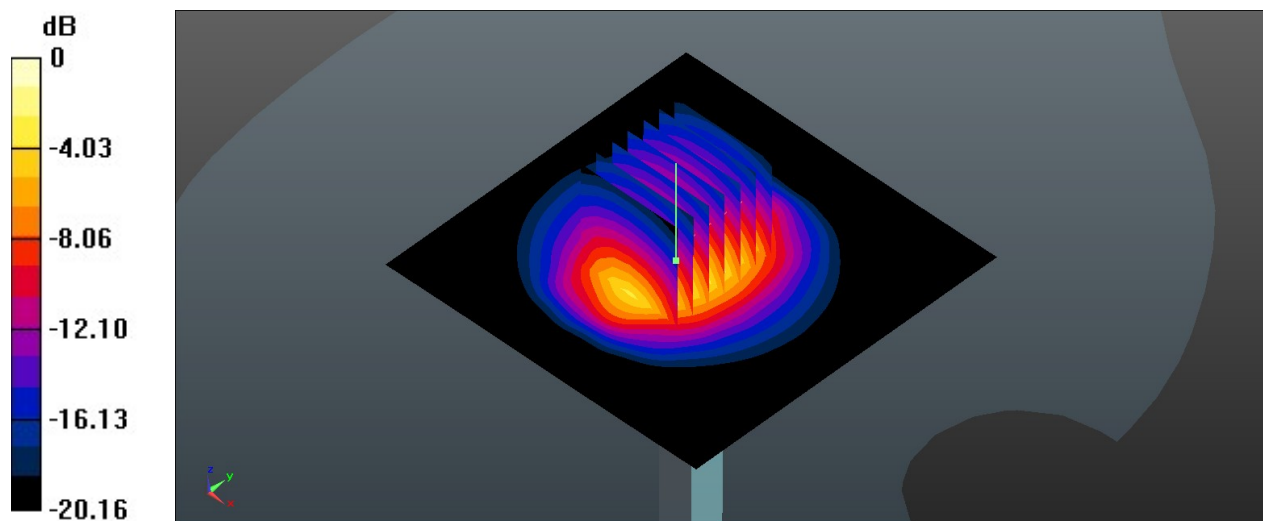
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.2 W/kg



0 dB = 17.2 W/kg = 12.36 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_835MHz**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d258**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.916 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.124$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4-SN7630; ConvF(10.24, 10.24, 10.24); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: Twin-SAM1 V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.10 W/kg

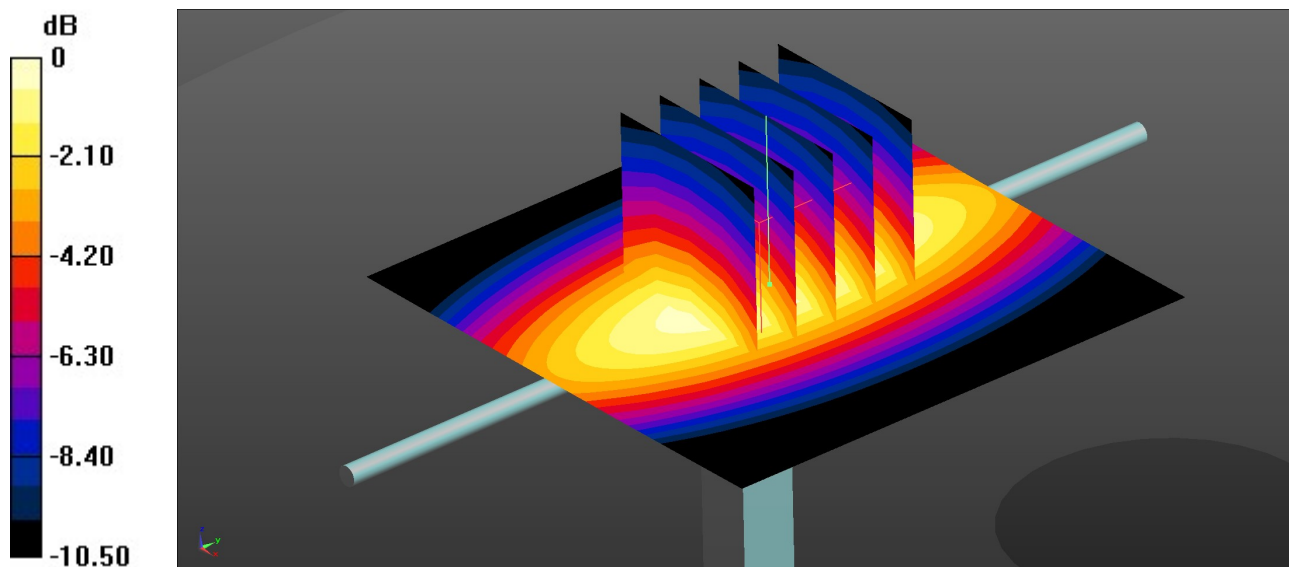
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.08 W/kg

 $0 \text{ dB} = 3.08 \text{ W/kg} = 4.89 \text{ dBW/kg}$

System Check_Head_1750MHz**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.363$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.514$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4-SN7630; ConvF(8.86, 8.86, 8.86); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: Twin-SAM1 V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.7 W/kg

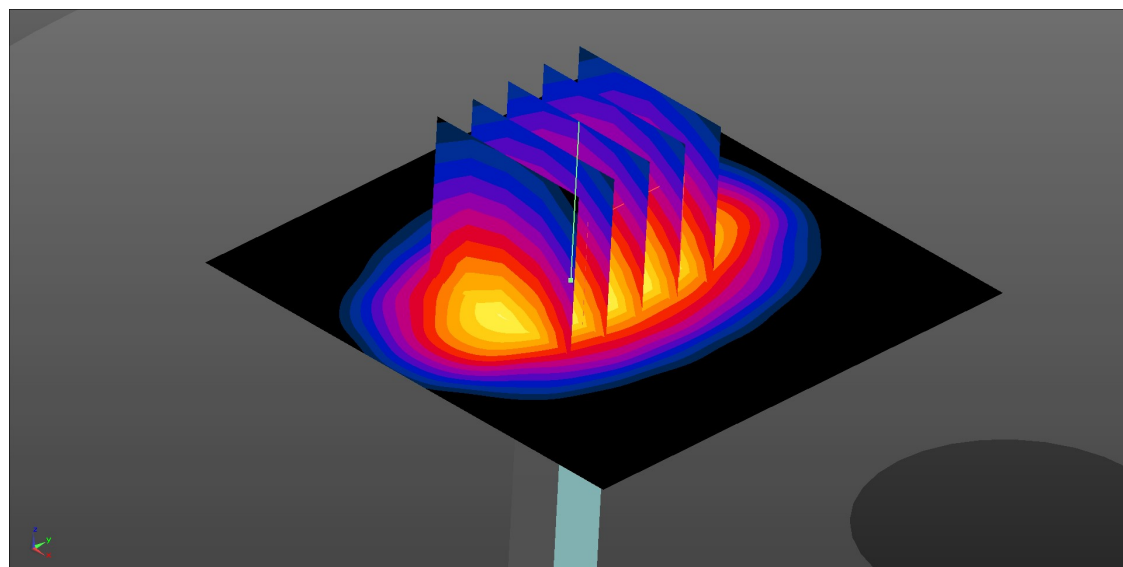
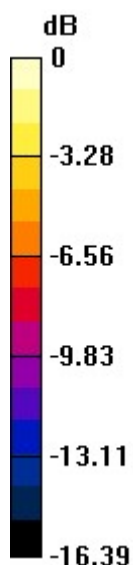
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.86 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



0 dB = 12.3 W/kg = 10.90 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.428$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.201$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4-SN7630; ConvF(8.56, 8.56, 8.56); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1650; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: Twin-SAM1 V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.8 W/kg

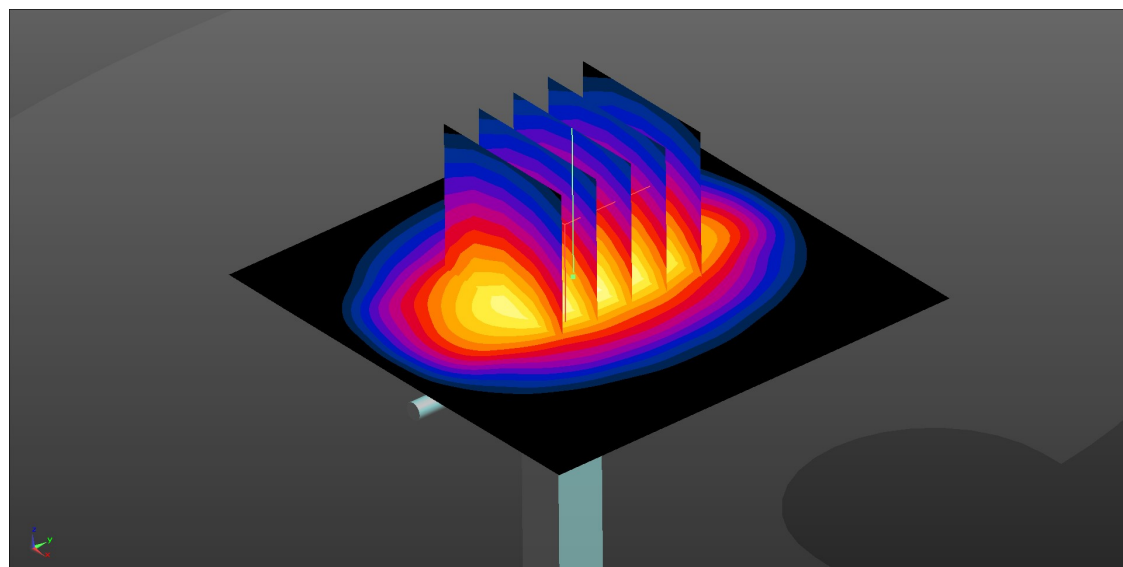
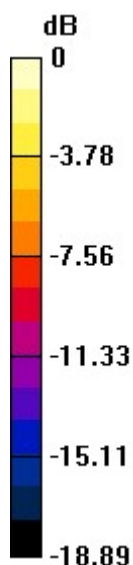
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 W/kg



0 dB = 16.3 W/kg = 12.12 dBW/kg