RF TEST REPORT

Report No.: 15050015-FCC-R3

Supersede Report No.: N/A

Applicant	Micron Electronics LLC.
Product Name	WCDMA Tracker
Model No.	Prime one
Serial No.	N/A
Test Standard	FCC Part 15.247: 2014, ANSI C63.10: 2013
Test Date	May 07 to June 04, 2015
Issue Date	June 04, 2015
Test Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail
Equipment complied with the specification	☑
Equipment did not comply with the specification	☐

Wiky.Jam	Chris You	
Wiky.Jam Test Engineer	Chris You Checked By	

This test report may be reproduced in full only

Test result presented in this test report is applicable to the tested sample only

Issued by:

SIEMIC (SHENZHEN-CHINA) LABORATORIES

Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2 Wan Ye Long Technology Park

South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao' an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China 518108

Phone: +86 0755 2601 4629801 Email: China@siemic.com.cn

Laboratories Introduction

SIEMIC, headquartered in the heart of Silicon Valley, with superior facilities in US and Asia, is one of the leading independent testing and certification facilities providing customers with one-stop shop services for Compliance Testing and Global Certifications.

In addition to testing and certification, SIEMIC provides initial design reviews and compliance management throughout a project. Our extensive experience with China, Asia Pacific, North America, European, and International compliance requirements, assures the fastest, most cost effective way to attain regulatory compliance for the global markets.

Accreditations for Conformity Assessment

Country/Region	Scope
USA	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Canada	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Taiwan	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Hong Kong	RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Australia	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Korea	EMI, EMS, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety
Japan	EMI, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Singapore	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom
Europe	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety

This page has been left blank intentionally.

CONTENTS

1. Report Revision History

Report No.	Report Version	Description	Issue Date
15050015-FCC-R3	NONE	Original	June 04, 2015

2. Customer information

Applicant Name	Micron Electronics LLC.
Applicant Add	1001 Yamato Road, Suite 400, Boca Raton, FL 33431, USA
Manufacturer	Micron Electronics LLC.
Manufacturer Add	1001 Yamato Road, Suite 400, Boca Raton, FL 33431, USA

3. Test site information

Lab performing tests	SIEMIC (Shenzhen-China) LABORATORIES
Lab Address	Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2 Wan Ye Long Technology Park South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao' an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China 518108
FCC Test Site No.	718246
IC Test Site No.	4842E-1
Test Software	Radiated Emission Program-To Shenzhen v2.0

4. Equipment under Test (EUT) Information

Description of EUT:	WCDMA Tracker
Main Model:	Prime one
Serial Model:	N/A
Date EUT received:	May 06, 2015
Test Date(s):	May 07 to June 04, 2015
Equipment Category：	DTS
Antenna Gain:	GSM850:0 dBi PCS1900: 1.8 dBi UMTS-FDD Band V: 0dBi UMTS-FDD Band II: 1.8dBi Bluetooth: -1dBi WIFI:-1dBi
Type of Modulation:	GSM / GPRS: GMSK EGPRS: GMSK, 8PSK UMTS-FDD: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b/g/n: DSSS, OFDM Bluetooth: GFSK, π /4DQPSK, 8DPSK
RF Operating Frequency (ies):	GSM850 TX: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz; RX: 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz PCS1900 TX: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz; RX: 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz UMTS-FDD Band V TX: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz; RX: 871.4 ~ 891.6 MHz UMTS-FDD Band II TX:1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz; RX: 1932.4 ~ 1987.6 MHz WIFI:802.11b/g/n(20M): 2412-2472 MHz WIFI:802.11n(40M): 2422-2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402-2480 MHz
Max. Output Power:	802.11b: 9.24dBm 802.11g: 9.35dBm

	802.11n(20M): 9.18dBm 802.11n(40M): 9.00dBm
Number of Channels:	GSM 850: 124CH PCS1900: 299CH UMTS-FDD Band V : 102CH UMTS-FDD Band II : 277CH UMTS-FDD Band IV: 202CH WIFI :802.11b/g/n(20M): 13CH WIFI :802.11n(40M): 9CH Bluetooth: 79CH
Port:	USB Port
Input Power:	Battery: Spec: 3.7V 850mAh Charger Max Voltage:4.35V Input DC5v(USB)
Trade Name :	Prime
GPRS/EGPRS Multi-slot class	8/10/12
FCC ID:	ZKQ-ONE

5. Test Summary

The product was tested in accordance with the following specifications.

All testing has been performed according to below product classification:

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.247 (a)(2)	DTS (6 dB&20 dB) CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	Compliance
§15.247(b)(3)	Conducted Maximum Output Power	Compliance
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance
§15.247(d)	Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands	Compliance
§15.207 (a),	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands	Compliance

Measurement Uncertainty

Emissions		
Test Item	**Description**	**Uncertainty**
Band Edge and Radiated Spurious Emissions	Confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2 (for EUTs < 0.5m X 0.5m X 0.5m)	+5.6dB/-4.5dB
-	-	-

6. Measurements, Examination And Derived Results

6.1 Antenna Requirement

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.
The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.
And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Antenna Connector Construction

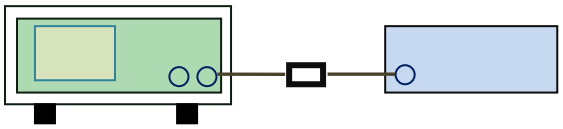
The EUT has 2 antennas:
A permanently attached PIFA antenna for Bluetooth /WIFI, the gain is -1dBi for Bluetooth /WIFI.
A permanently attached PIFA antenna for GSM and UMTS, the gain is 0dBi for GSM850, 0dBi for UMTS-FDD Band V, 1.8dBi for PCS1900, the gain is 1.8dBi for UMTS-FDD Band II

The antenna meets up with the ANTENNA REQUIREMENT.

Result: Compliance.

6.2 DTS (6 dB&20 dB) Channel Bandwidth

Temperature	22°C
Relative Humidity	57%
Atmospheric Pressure	1003mbar
Test date :	June 03, 2015
Tested By :	Wiky.Jam

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§ 15.247(a)(2)	a)	6dB BW≥ 500kHz; 20dB BW≥ 500kHz;	☑
	b)	99% BW: For FCC reference only; required by IC.	☑
Test Setup			
Test Procedure	558074 D01 DTS MEAS Guidance v03r02, 8.1 DTS bandwidth 6dB bandwidth a) Set RBW = 100 kHz. b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 × RBW. c) Detector = Peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Sweep = auto couple. f) Allow the trace to stabilize. g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the freq uencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower fr equencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measure d in the fundamental emission. 20dB bandwidth C63.10 Occupied Bandwidth (OBW=20dB bandwidth) 1. Set RBW = 1%-5% OBW. 2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW. 3. Set the span range between 2 times and 5 times of the OBW. 4. Sweep time=Auto, Detector=PK, Trace=Max hold. 5. Once the reference level is established, the equipment is conditioned with t ypical modulating signals to produce the worst-		

	case (i.e., the widest) bandwidth. Unless otherwise specified for an unlicensed wireless device, measure the bandwidth at the 20 dB levels with respect to the reference level.
Remark	
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

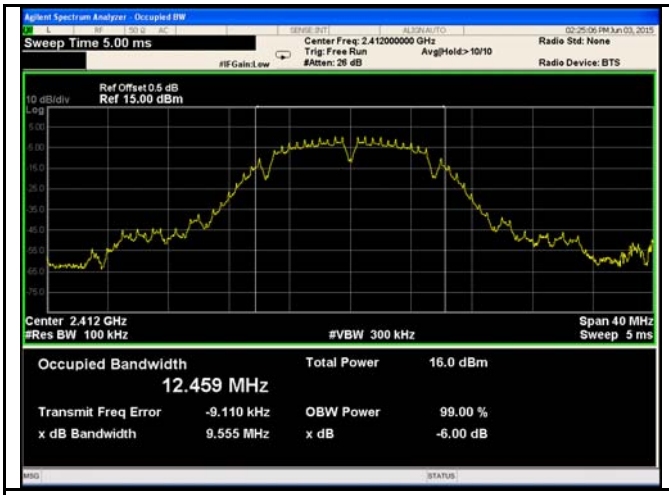
Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Measurement result

Test mode	CH	Freq (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
802.11b	Low	2412	9.555	15.190	≥ 0.5
	Mid	2442	9.556	14.700	≥ 0.5
	High	2472	9.530	14.350	≥ 0.5
802.11g	Low	2412	15.660	18.780	≥ 0.5
	Mid	2442	16.020	18.700	≥ 0.5
	High	2472	15.290	18.770	≥ 0.5
802.11n (20M)	Low	2412	15.990	19.330	≥ 0.5
	Mid	2442	15.920	19.090	≥ 0.5
	High	2472	15.940	19.250	≥ 0.5
802.11n (40M)	Low	2422	35.500	38.030	≥ 0.5
	Mid	2442	35.170	38.130	≥ 0.5
	High	2462	35.700	38.140	≥ 0.5

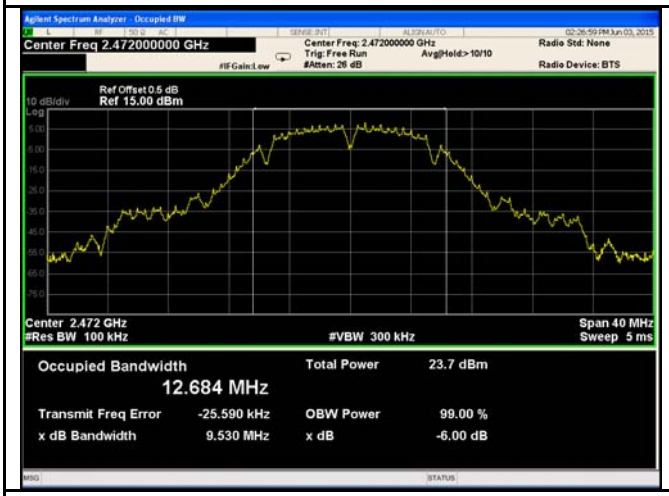
Test Plots

6dB Bandwidth measurement result

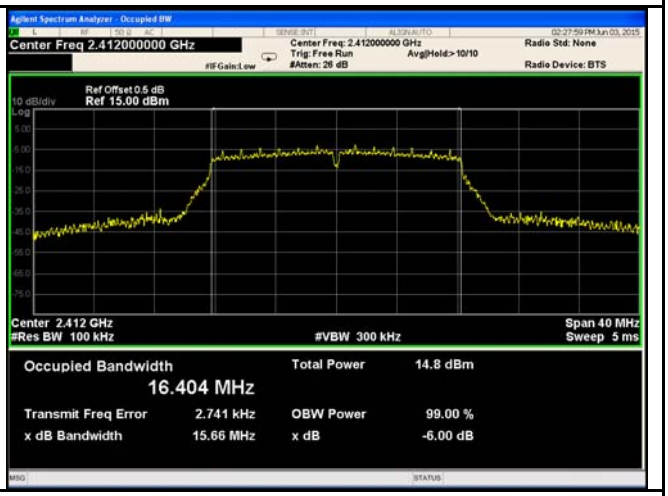


802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412

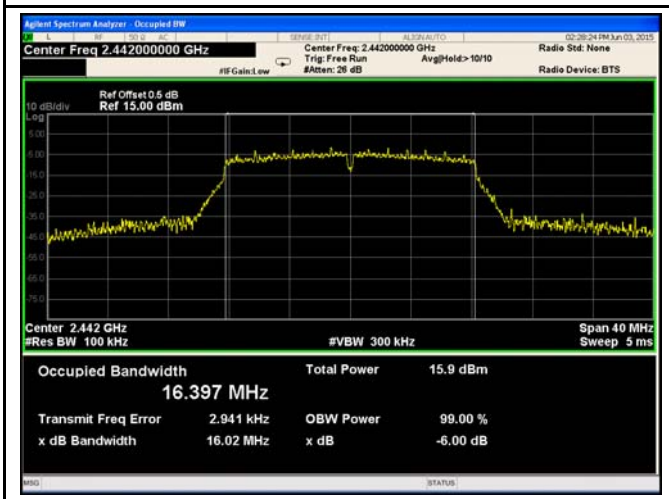
802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2442



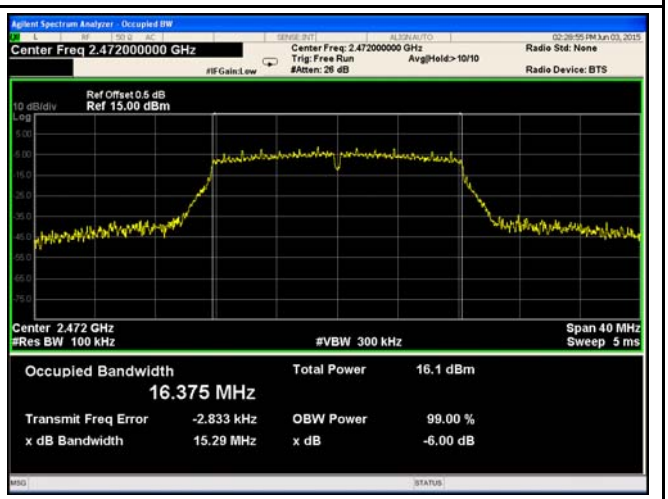
802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - High CH 2472



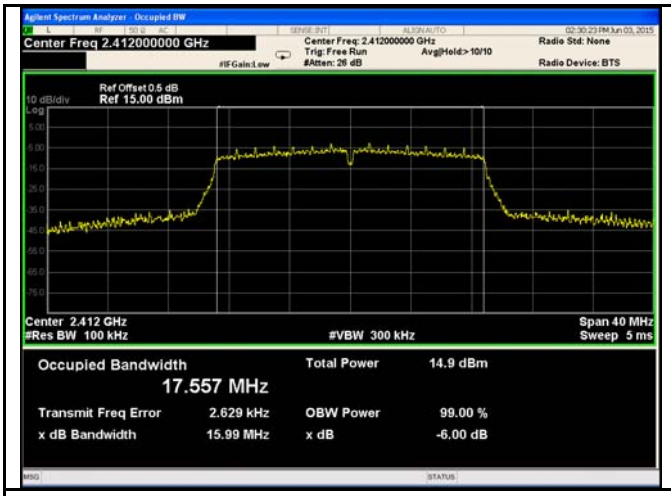
802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412



802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2442

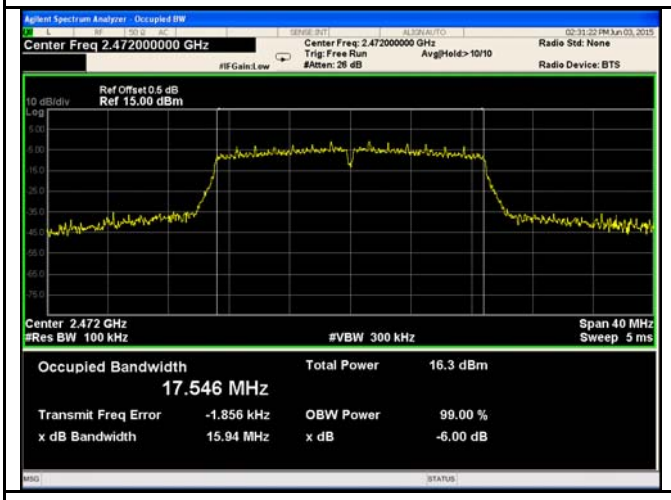


802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - High CH 2472



802.11n20 6dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412

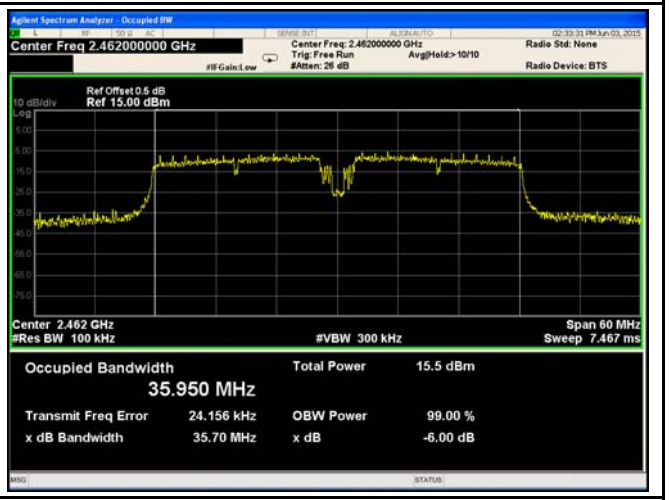
802.11n20 6dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2442



802.11n20 6dB Bandwidth - High CH 2472

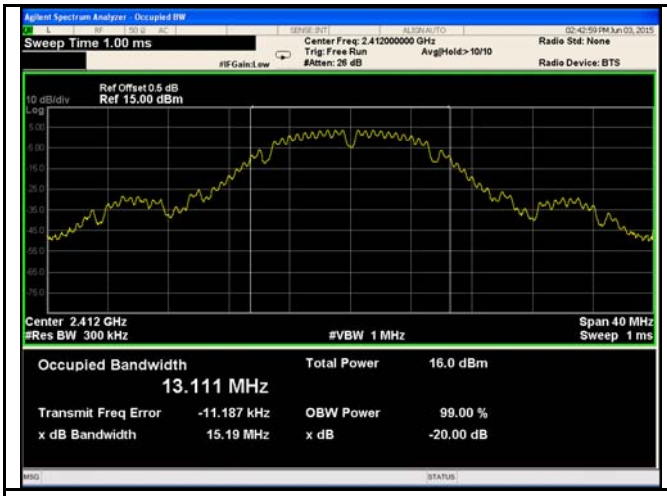
802.11n40 6dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2422

802.11n40 6dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2442



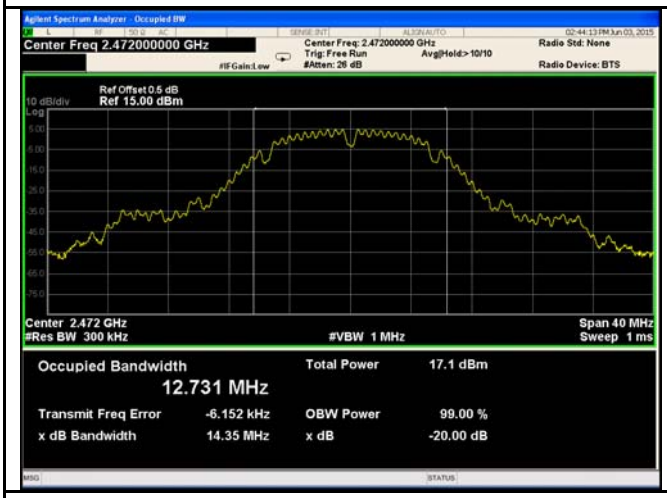
802.11n40 6dB Bandwidth - High CH 2462

20 dB Bandwidth measurement result

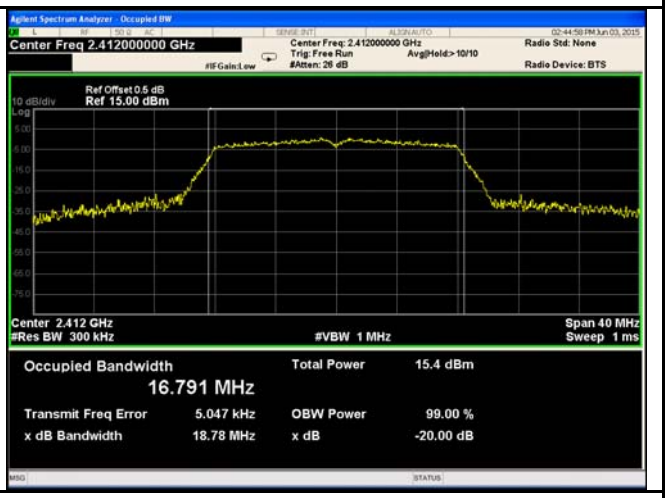


802.11b 20dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412

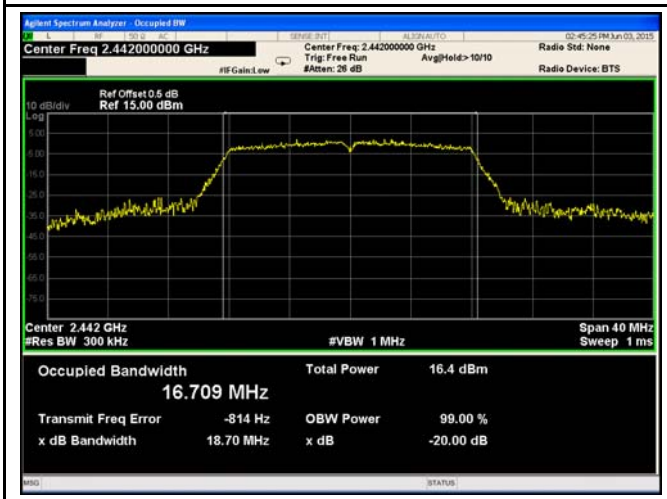
802.11b 20dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2442



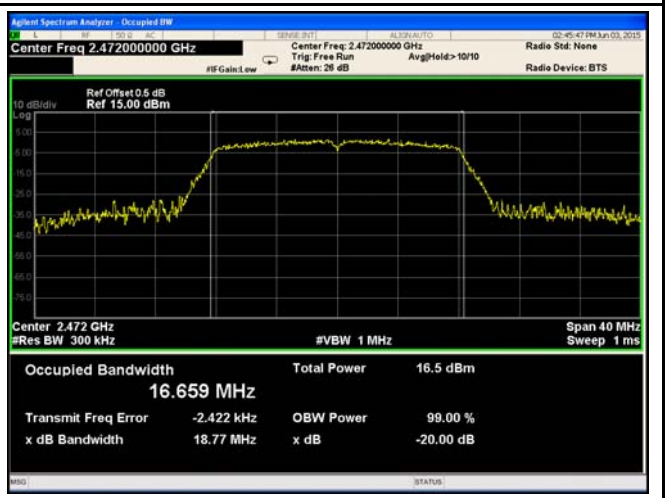
802.11b 20dB Bandwidth - High CH 2472



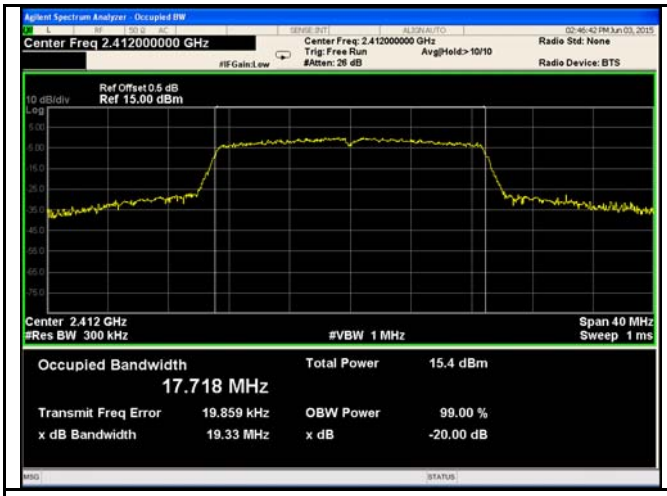
802.11g 20dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412



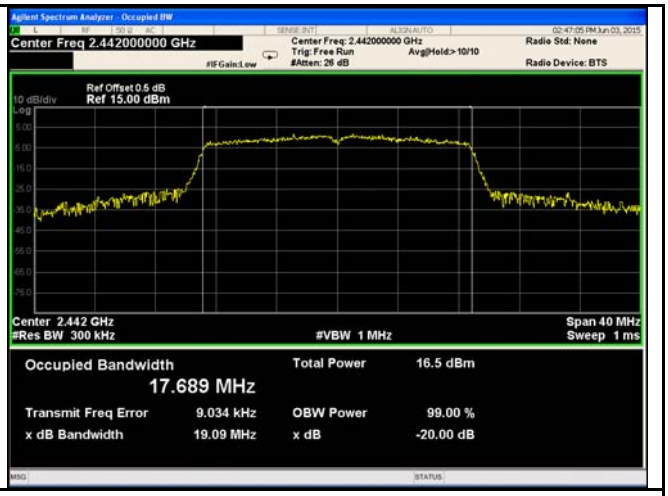
802.11g 20dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2442



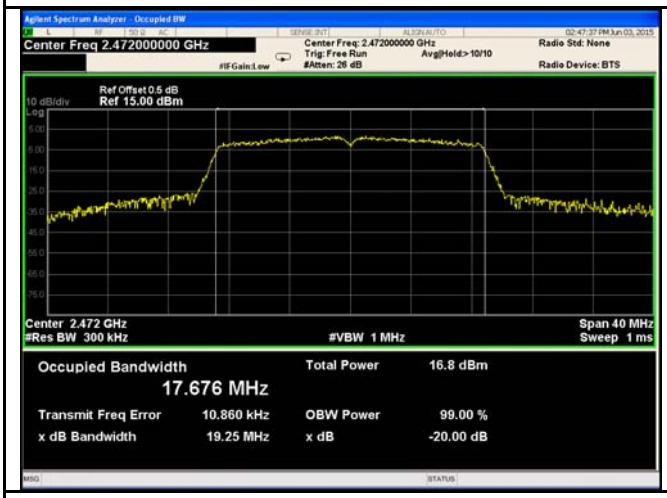
802.11g 20dB Bandwidth - High CH 2472



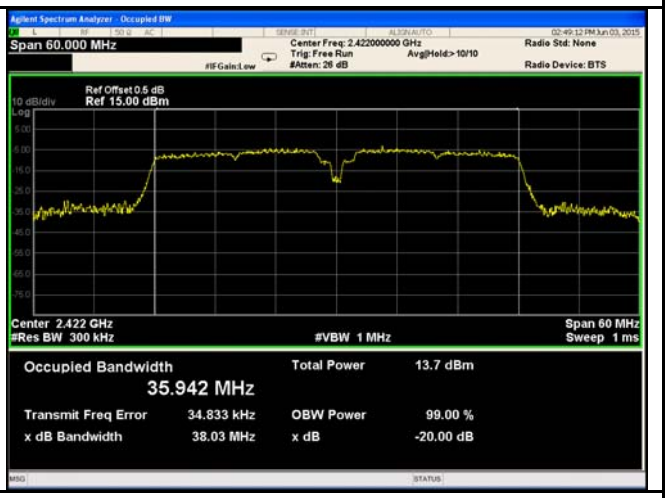
802.11n20 20dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412



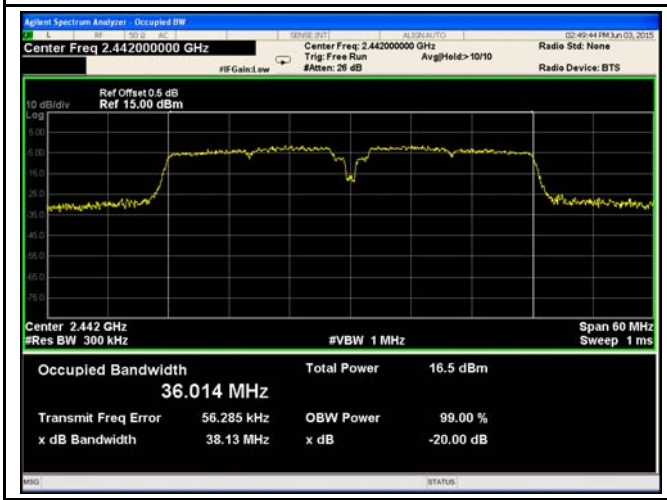
802.11n20 20dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2442



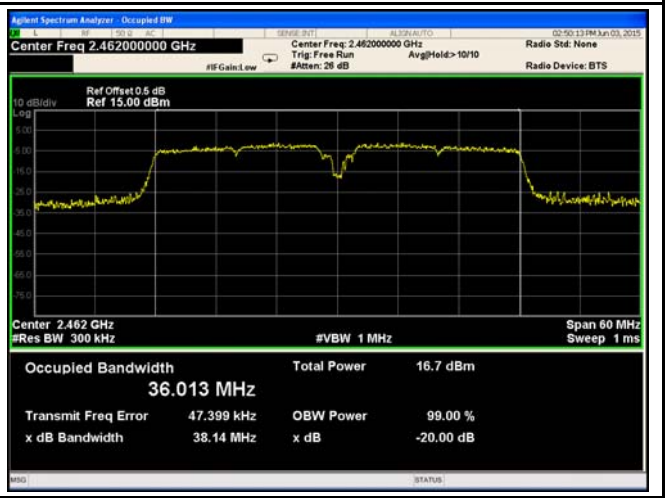
802.11n20 20dB Bandwidth - High CH 2472



802.11n40 20dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2422



802.11n40 20dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2442

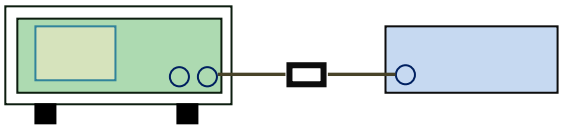


802.11n40 20dB Bandwidth - High CH 2462

6.3 Maximum Output Power

Temperature	23°C
Relative Humidity	58%
Atmospheric Pressure	1004mbar
Test date :	June 04, 2015
Tested By :	Wiky.Jam

Requirement(s):

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§15.247(b)(2)	a)	FHSS in 2400-2483.5MHz with ≥ 75 channels: ≤ 1 Watt	☐
	b)	FHSS in 5725-5850MHz: ≤ 1 Watt	☐
	c)	For all other FHSS in the 2400-2483.5MHz band: ≤ 0.125 Watt.	☐
	d)	FHSS in 902-928MHz with ≥ 50 channels: ≤ 1 Watt	☐
	e)	FHSS in 902-928MHz with ≥ 25 & <50 channels: ≤ 0.25 Watt	☐
	f)	DSSS in 902-928MHz, 2400-2483.5MHz, 5725-5850MHz: ≤ 1 Watt	☑
Test Setup		 Spectrum Analyzer EUT	
Test Procedure		558074 D01 DTS MEAS Guidance v03r02, 9.1.2 Integrated band power method Maximum output power measurement procedure - a) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW. - b) Set RBW = 1-5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz. - c) Set VBW ≥ 3 x RBW. - d) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing ≤ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.) - e) Sweep time = auto. - f) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode. - g) If transmit duty cycle < 98 %, use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable	

	triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98 %, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to " free run" . - h) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode. - i) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument' s band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.
Remark	
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Output Power measurement result

Type	Test mode	CH	Freq (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Output power	802.11b	Low	2412	**9.24**	30	Pass
		Mid	2442	8.76	30	Pass
		High	2472	9.22	30	Pass
	802.11g	Low	2412	**9.35**	30	Pass
		Mid	2442	9.35	30	Pass
		High	2472	9.22	30	Pass
	802.11n (20M)	Low	2412	8.58	30	Pass
		Mid	2442	8.91	30	Pass
		High	2472	**9.18**	30	Pass
	802.11n (40M)	Low	2422	8.61	30	Pass
		Mid	2442	8.85	30	Pass
		High	2462	**9.00**	30	Pass

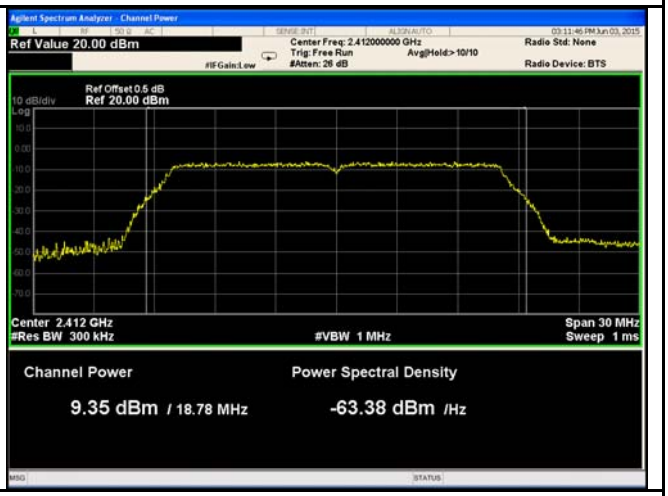
Test Plots

The Average Power

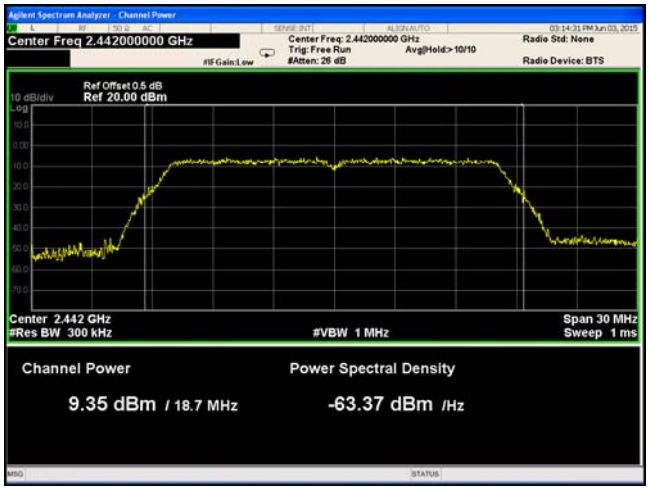
802.11b - AV Output power - Low CH 2412

802.11b - AV Output power - Mid CH 2442

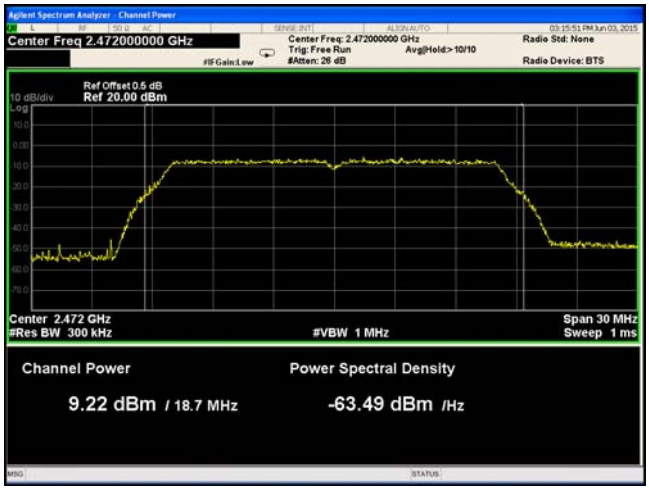
802.11b - AV Output power - High CH 2472



802.11g - AV Output power - Low CH 2412

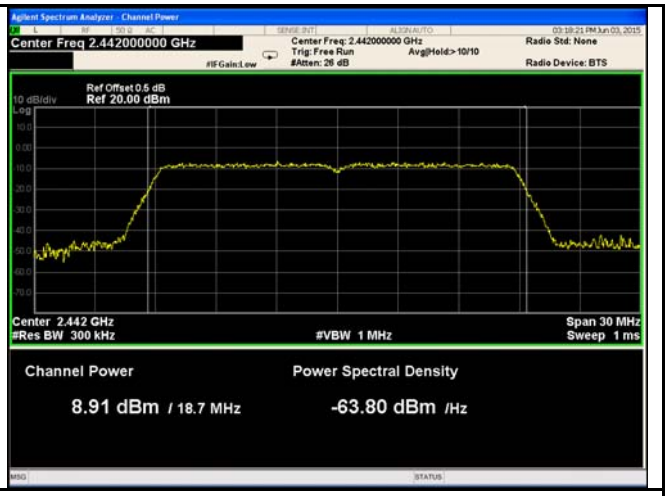


802.11g - AV Output power - Mid CH 2442



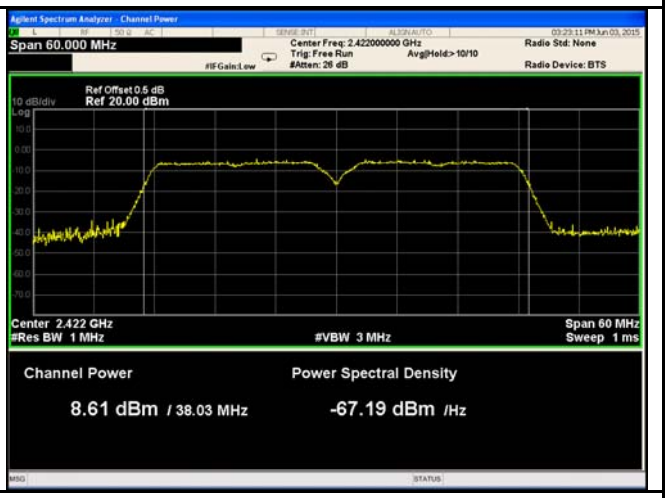
802.11g - AV Output power - High CH 2472

802.11n20 - AV Output power - Low CH 2412



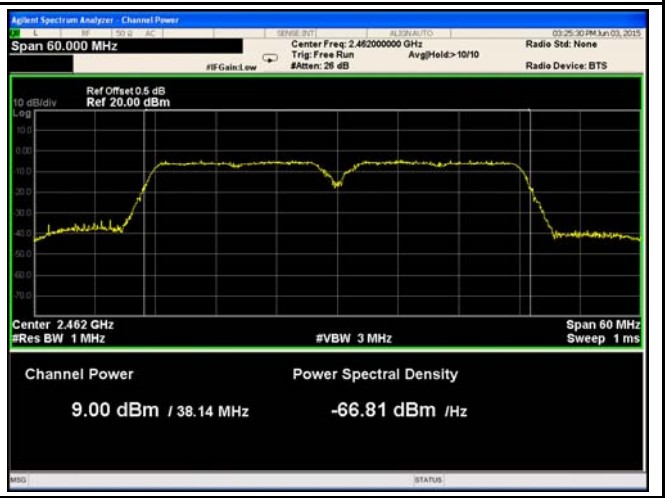
802.11n20 - AV Output power - Mid CH 2442

802.11n20 - AV Output power - High CH 2472



802.11n40 - AV Output power - Low CH 2422

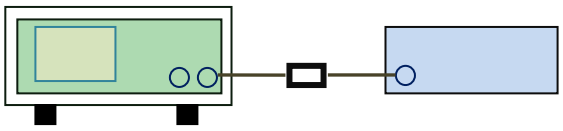
802.11n40 - AV Output power - Mid CH 2442



802.11n40 - AV Output power - High CH 2462

6.4 Power Spectral Density

Temperature	22°C
Relative Humidity	57%
Atmospheric Pressure	1003mbar
Test date :	June 03, 2015
Tested By :	Wiky.Jam

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§15.247(e)	a)	The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.	☑
Test Setup			
Test Procedure	558074 D01 DTS MEAS Guidance v03r02, 10.2 power spectral density method power spectral density measurement procedure - a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency. - b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. - c) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz. - d) Set the VBW ≥ 3 × RBW. - e) Detector = peak. - f) Sweep time = auto couple. - g) Trace mode = max hold. - h) Allow trace to fully stabilize. - i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW. - j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.		
Remark			
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail		

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Power Spectral Density measurement result

Type	Test mode	CH	Freq (MHz)	PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
PSD	802.11b	Low	2412	2.243	8	Pass
		Mid	2442	3.111	8	Pass
		High	2472	4.790	8	Pass
	802.11g	Low	2412	-5.692	8	Pass
		Mid	2442	-4.546	8	Pass
		High	2472	-4.448	8	Pass
	802.11n (20M)	Low	2412	-5.500	8	Pass
		Mid	2442	-3.880	8	Pass
		High	2472	-3.797	8	Pass
	802.11n (40M)	Low	2422	-6.649	8	Pass
		Mid	2442	-3.375	8	Pass
		High	2462	-2.675	8	Pass

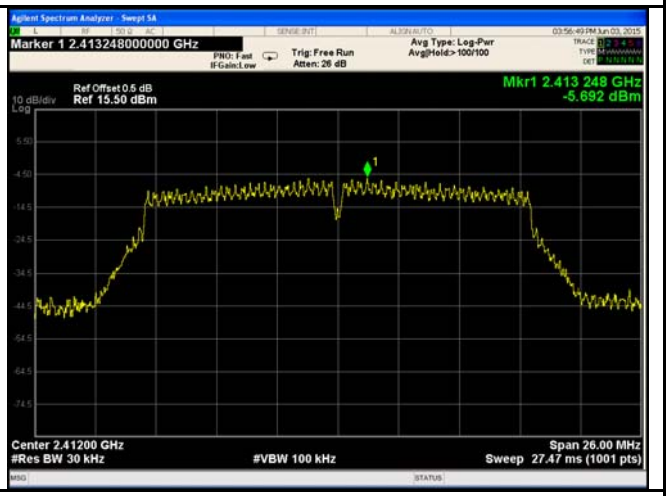
Test Plots

Power Spectral Density measurement result

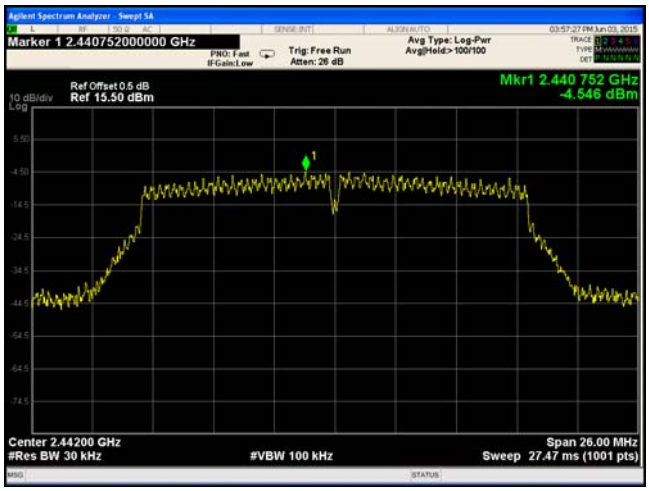
PSD - Low CH 2412 - 802.11b

PSD - Mid CH 2442 – 802.11b

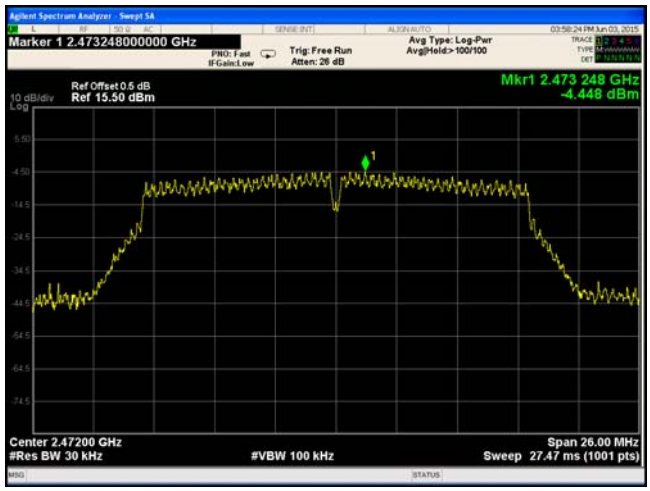
PSD - High CH 2472 - 802.11b



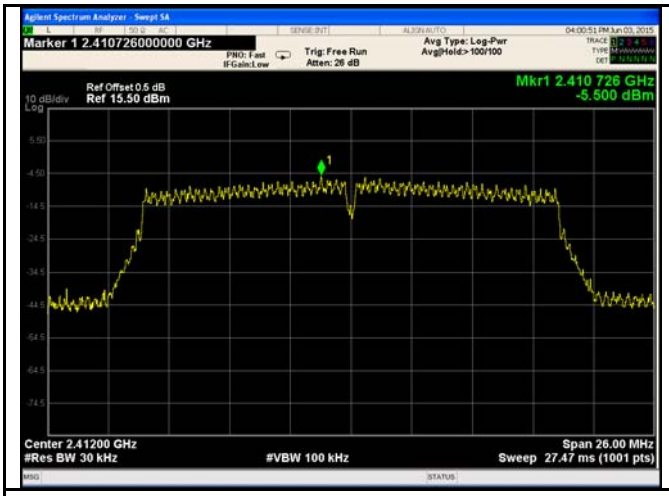
PSD - Low CH 2412 -802.11g



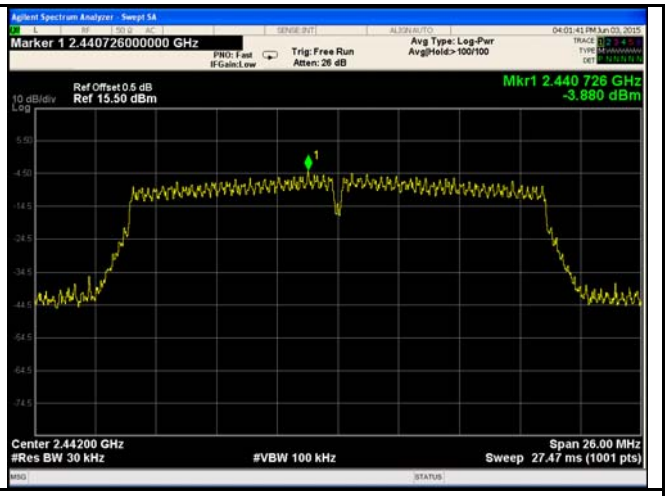
PSD - Mid CH 2442 – 802.11g



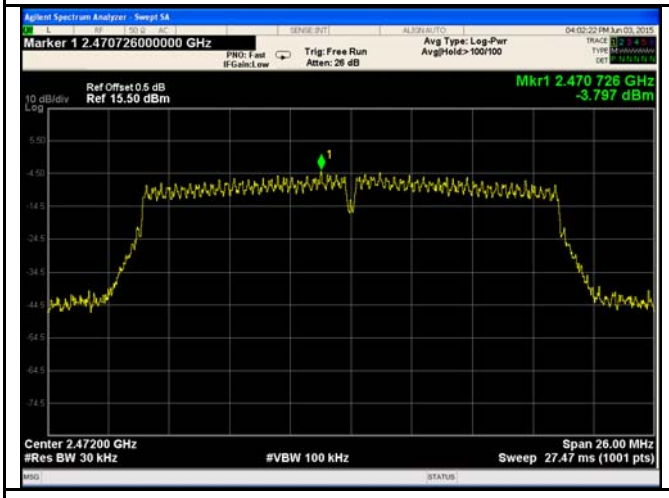
PSD - High CH 2472 - 802.11g



PSD - Low CH 2412 - 802.11n20



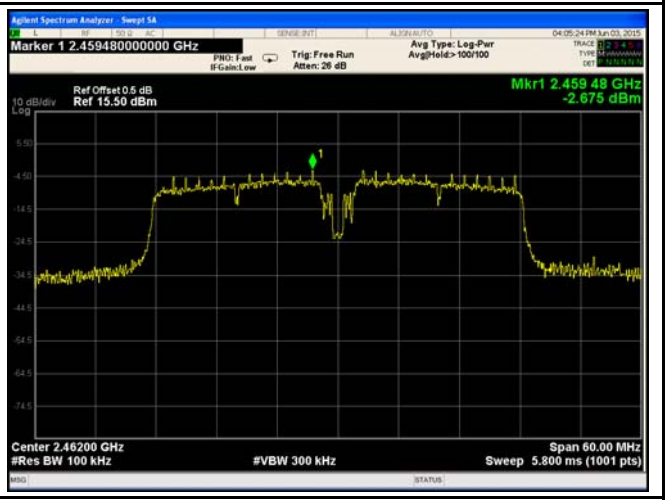
PSD - Mid CH 2442 – 802.11n20



PSD - High CH 2472 - 802.11n20

PSD - Low CH 2422 - 802.11n40

PSD - Mid CH 2442 – 802.11n40

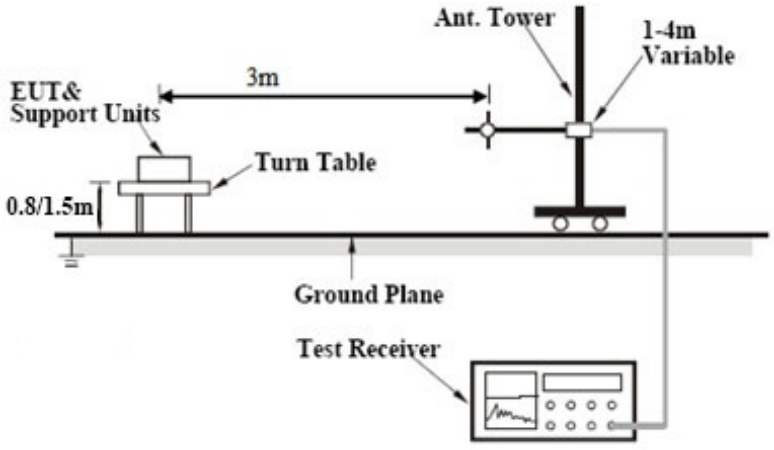


PSD - High CH 2462 - 802.11n40

6.5 Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands

Temperature	22°C
Relative Humidity	57%
Atmospheric Pressure	1029mbar
Test date :	May 29-June 04, 2015
Tested By :	Wiky.Jam

Requirement(s):

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§15.247(d)	a)	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.	☑
Test Setup			
Test Procedure	Radiated Method Only - 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator. - 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Put it on the Rotated table and turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.		

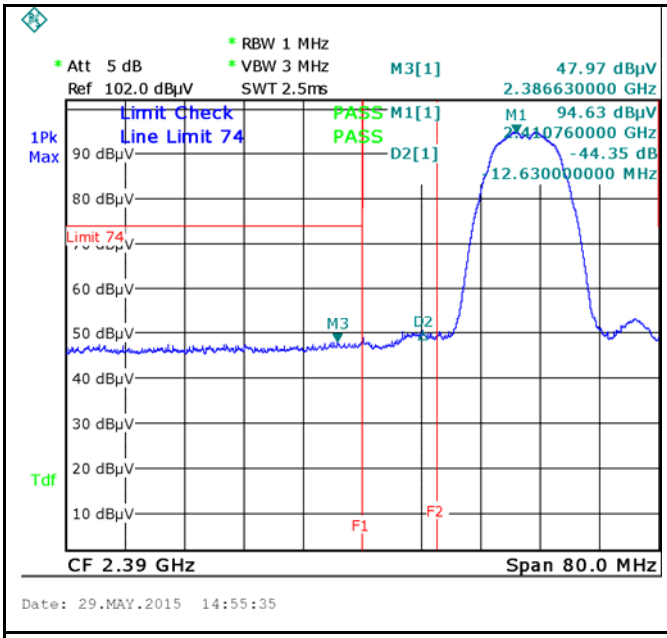
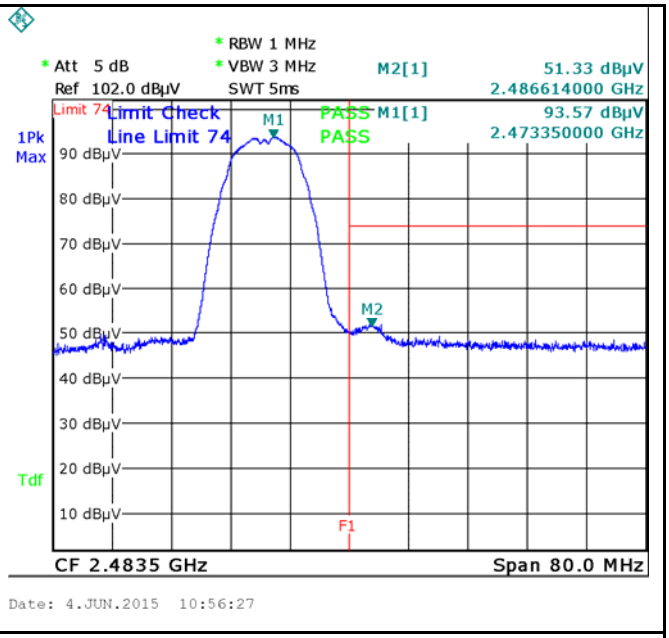
	- 3. First, set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, check the emission of EUT, if pass then set Spectrum Analyzer as below: a. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasiy Peak detection at frequency below 1GHz. b. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz with Peak detection for Peak measurement at frequency above 1GHz. c. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 10Hz with Peak detection for Average Measurement as below at frequency above 1GHz. - 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency. - 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
Remark	
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

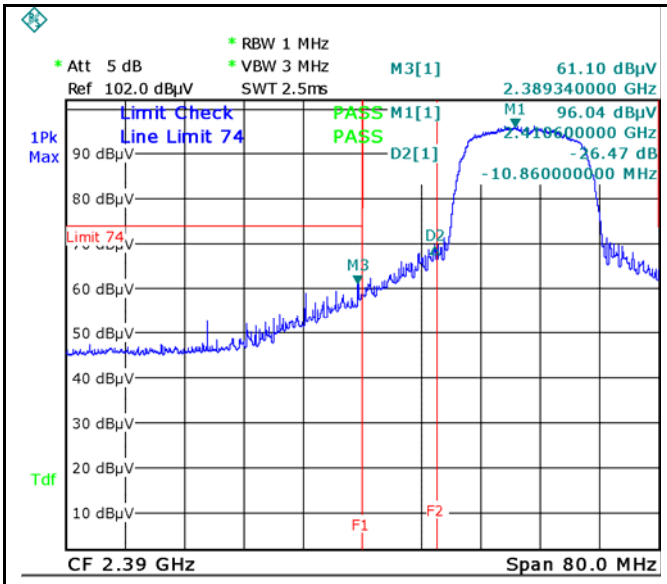
Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Test Plots

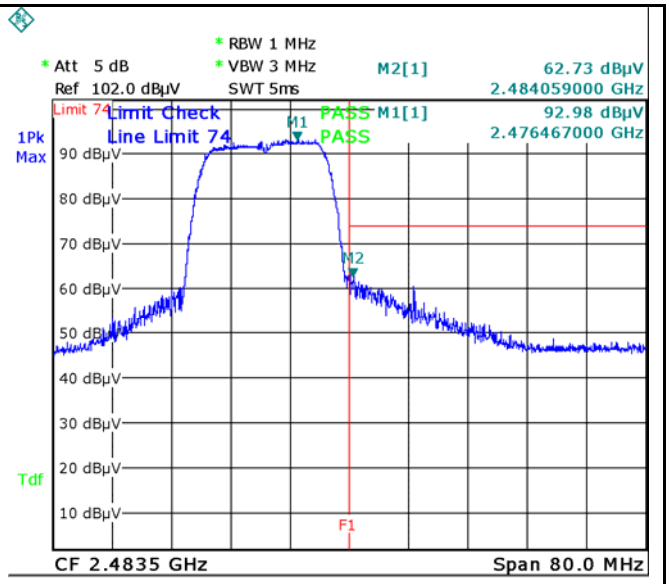
Band Edge measurement result

	
Band Edge, Left Side (Peak) - 802.11b **Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz**	Band Edge, Right Side (Peak) - 802.11b **Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz**
Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)	Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)
Band Edge, Left Side (Average) - 802.11b	Band Edge, Right Side (Average) - 802.11b



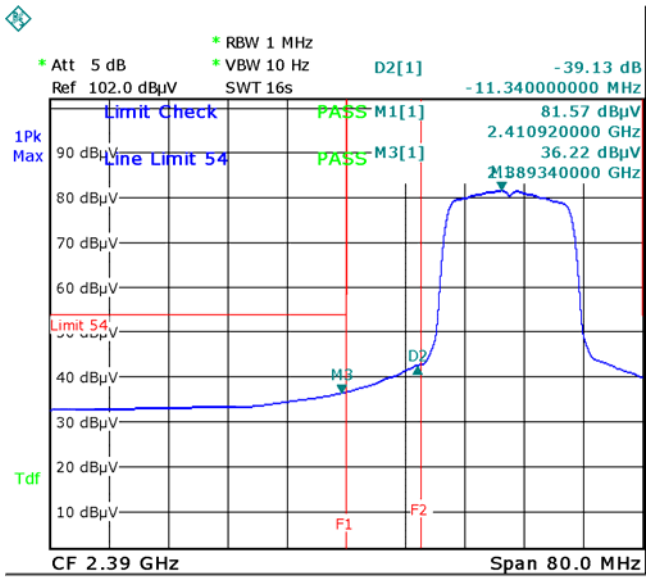
Band Edge, Left Side (Peak) - 802.11g

Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz



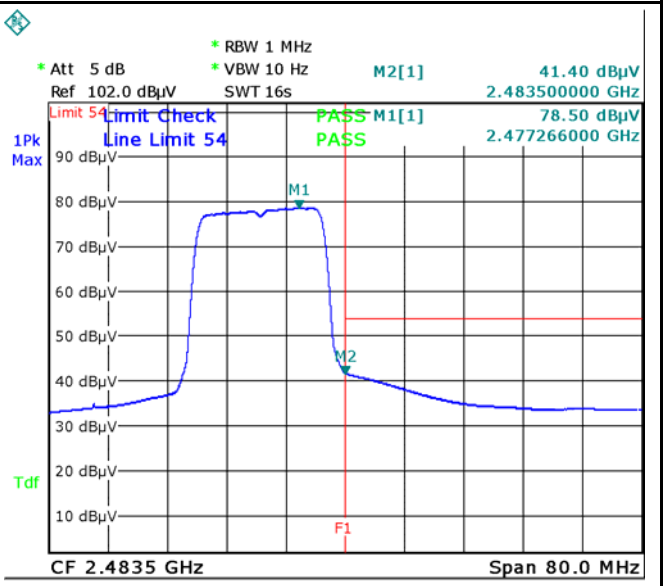
Band Edge, Right Side (Peak) - 802.11g

Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz



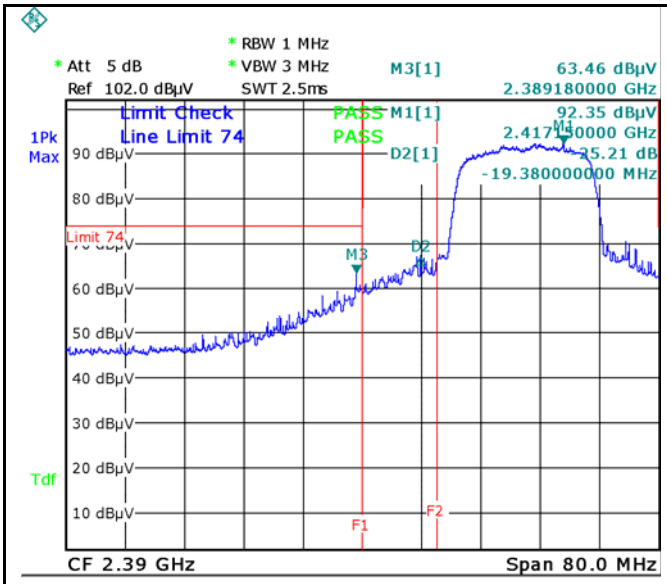
Band Edge, Left Side (Average) - 802.11g

Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz



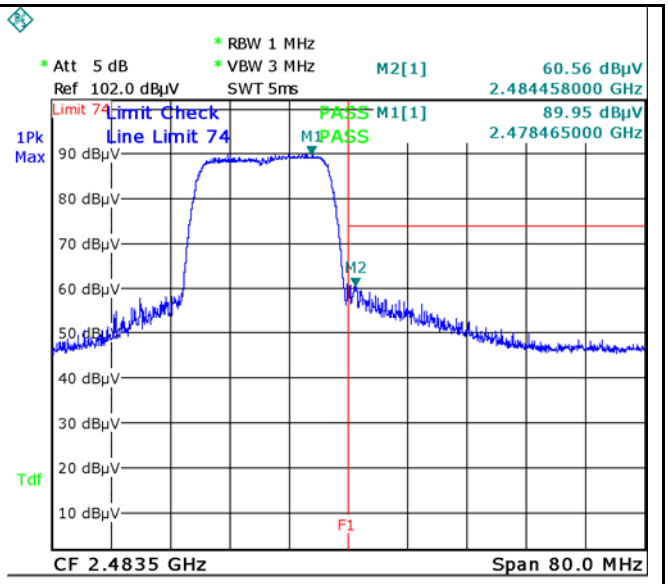
Band Edge, Right Side (Average) - 802.11g

Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz



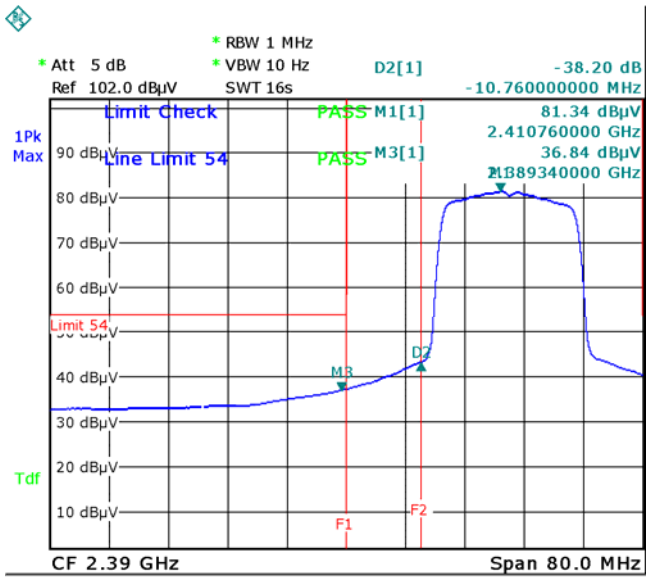
Band Edge, Left Side (Peak) - 802.11n20

Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz



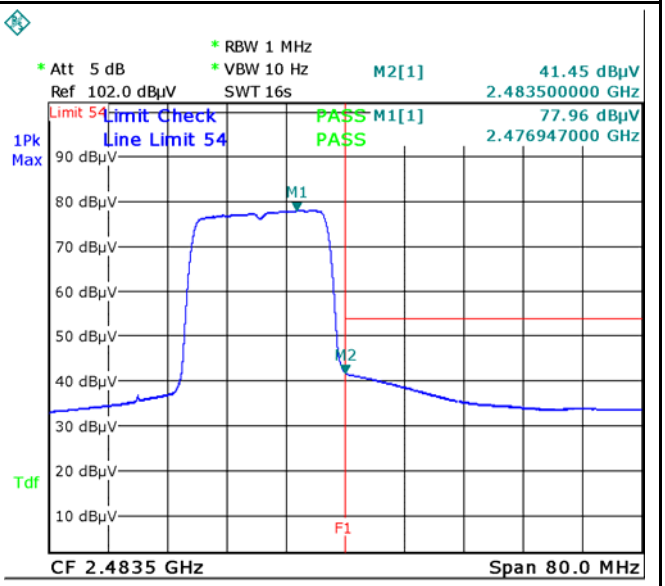
Band Edge, Right Side (Peak) - 802.11n20

Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz



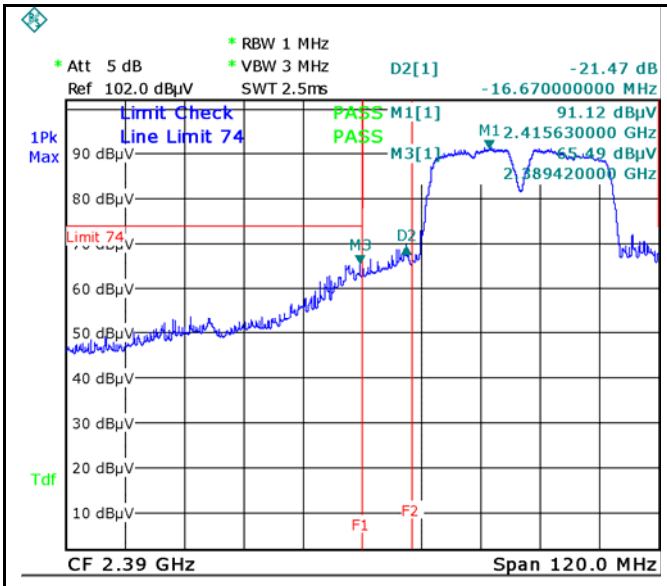
Band Edge, Left Side (Average) - 802.11n20

Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz



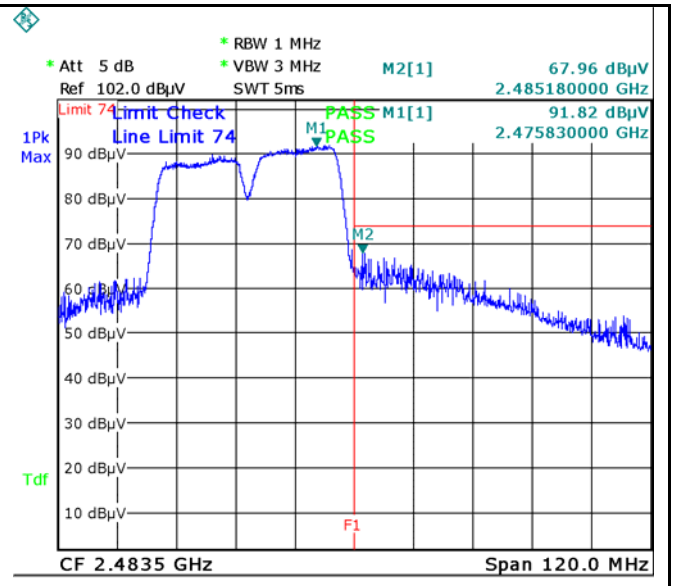
Band Edge, Right Side (Average) - 802.11n20

Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz



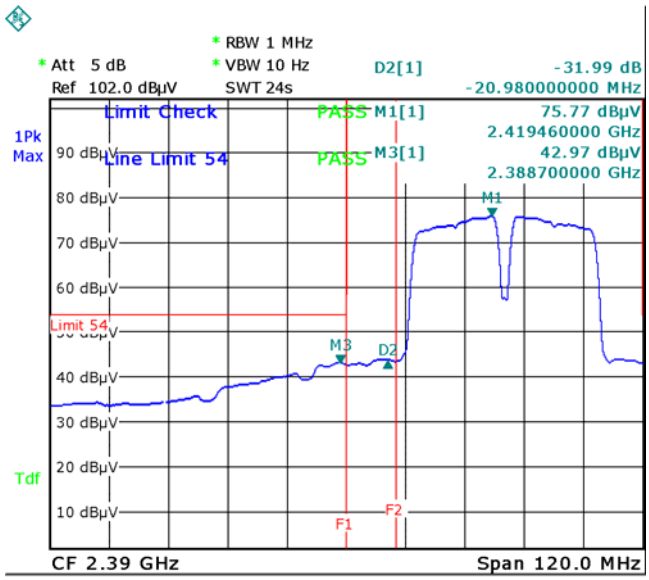
Band Edge, Left Side (Peak) - 802.11n40

Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz



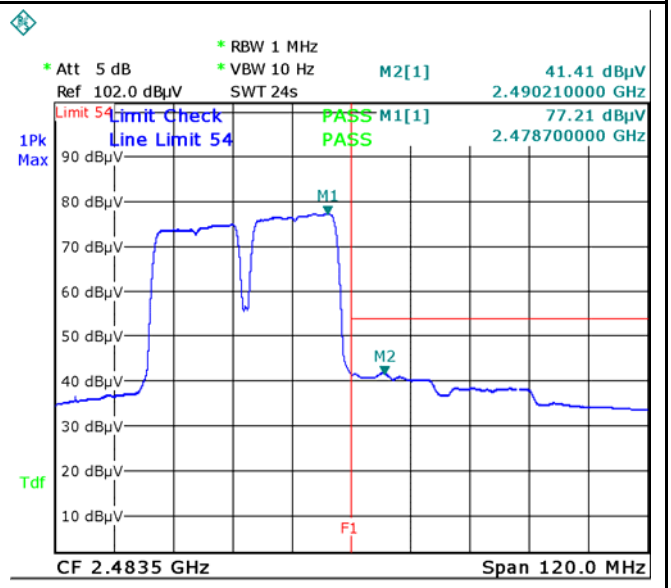
Band Edge, Right Side (Peak) - 802.11n40

Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz



Band Edge, Left Side (Average) - 802.11n40

Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz



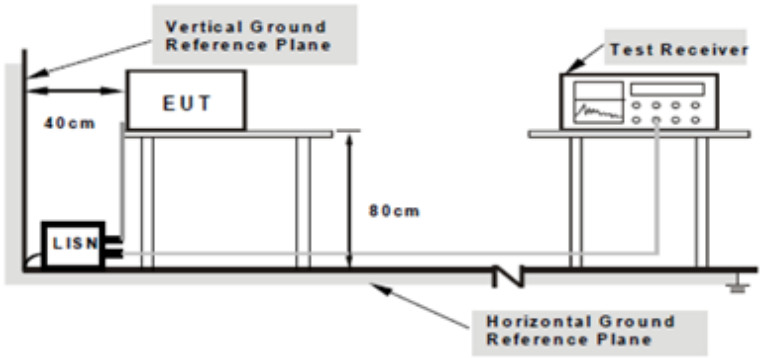
Band Edge, Right Side (Average) - 802.11n40

Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz

6.6 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

Temperature	22°C
Relative Humidity	57%
Atmospheric Pressure	1029mbar
Test date :	May 29, 2015
Tested By :	Wiky.Jam

Requirement(s):

<table>
<tr><th>Spec</th><th>Item</th><th>Requirement</th><th>Applicable</th></tr>
<tr><td>47CFR§15.207,</td><td>a)</td><td>For Low-power radio-frequency devices that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 [mu] H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.
<table>
<tr><th rowspan="2">Frequency ranges (MHz)</th><th colspan="2">Limit (dBμV)</th></tr>
<tr><th>QP</th><th>Average</th></tr>
<tr><td>0.15 ~ 0.5</td><td>66 – 56</td><td>56 – 46</td></tr>
<tr><td>0.5 ~ 5</td><td>56</td><td>46</td></tr>
<tr><td>5 ~ 30</td><td>60</td><td>50</td></tr>
</table>
</td><td>☑</td></tr>
<tr><td>Test Setup</td><td colspan="3"> 

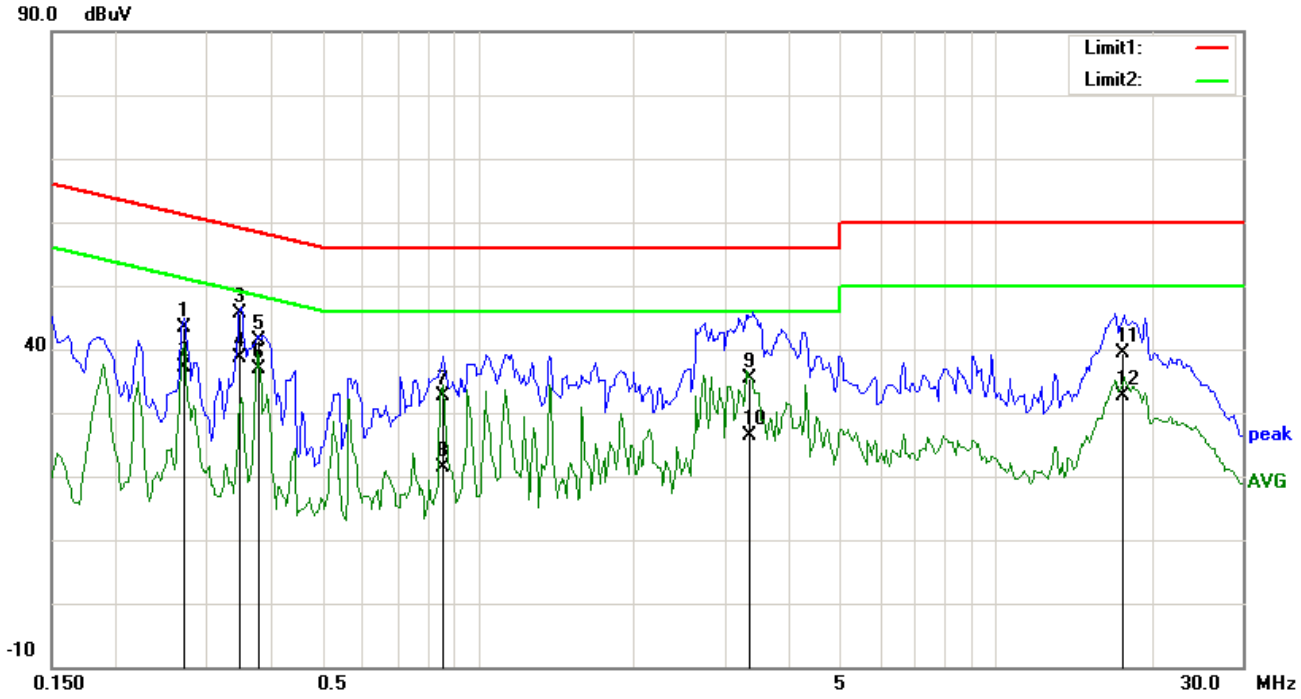
Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.
2.Both of LISNs (AMN) are 80cm from EUT and at least 80cm from other units and other metal planes support units.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Procedure</td><td colspan="3">1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a 50W/50mH EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss</td></tr>
</table>

	coaxial cable. 4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another main supply. 5. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. 6. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line (for AC mains) or Earth line (for DC power) over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver. 7. High peaks, relative to the limit line, The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 10 kHz. 8. Step 7 was then repeated for the LIVE line (for AC mains) or DC line (for DC power).
Remark	
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode

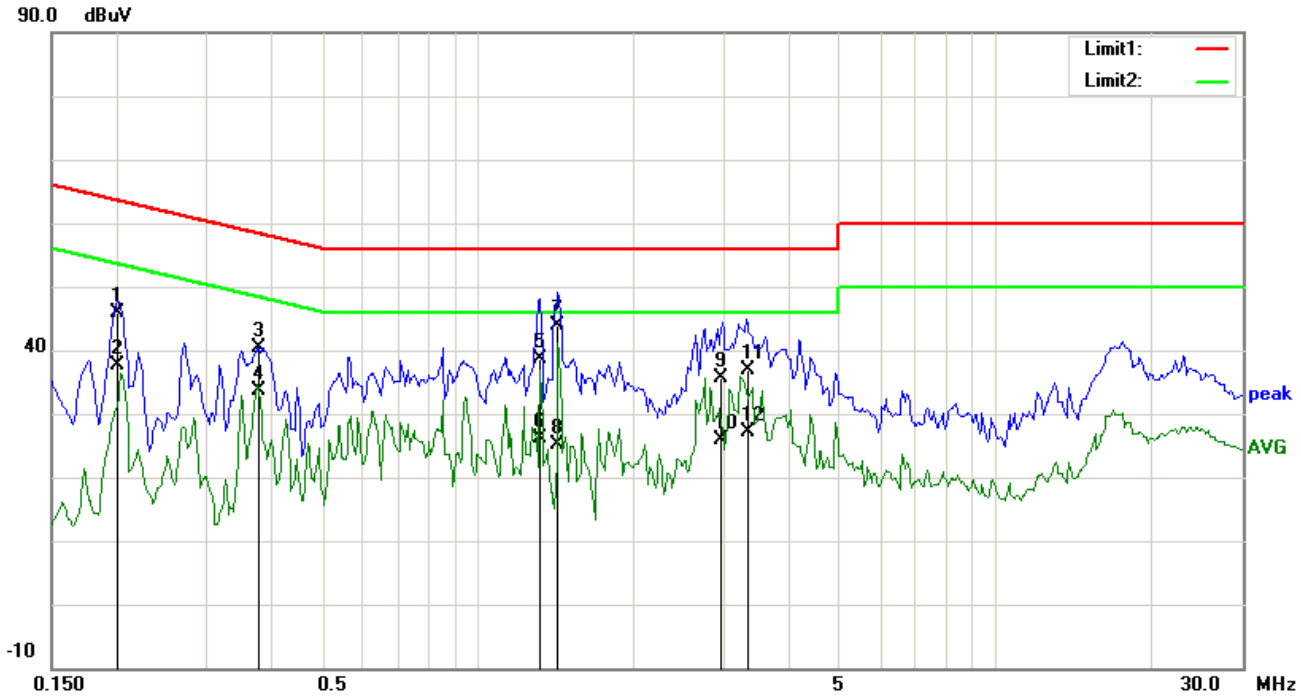


Test Data

Phase Line Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Comment)
1	L1	0.2711	30.75	QP	12.75	43.50	61.08	-17.58	
2	L1	0.2711	24.30	AVG	12.75	37.05	51.08	-14.03	
3	L1	0.3465	33.07	QP	12.47	45.54	59.05	-13.51	
4	L1	0.3465	26.28	AVG	12.47	38.75	49.05	-10.30	
5	L1	0.3771	29.04	QP	12.36	41.40	58.34	-16.94	
6	L1	0.3771	24.59	AVG	12.36	36.95	48.34	-11.39	
7	L1	0.8573	21.15	QP	11.54	32.69	56.00	-23.31	
8	L1	0.8573	9.83	AVG	11.54	21.37	46.00	-24.63	
9	L1	3.3458	23.96	QP	11.40	35.36	56.00	-20.64	
10	L1	3.3458	15.02	AVG	11.40	26.42	46.00	-19.58	
11	L1	17.6328	24.77	QP	14.65	39.42	60.00	-20.58	
12	L1	17.6328	18.03	AVG	14.65	32.68	50.00	-17.32	

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode



Test Data

Phase Neutral Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz

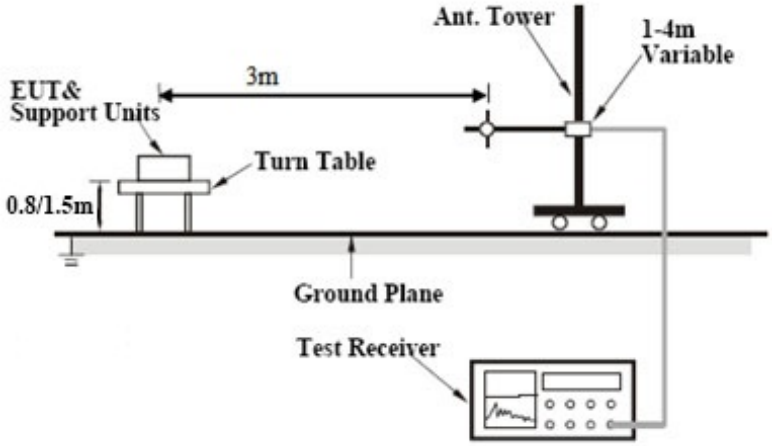
No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Comment)
1	N	0.2008	32.81	QP	13.01	45.82	63.58	-17.76	
2	N	0.2008	24.66	AVG	13.01	37.67	53.58	-15.91	
3	N	0.3771	27.93	QP	12.36	40.29	58.34	-18.05	
4	N	0.3771	21.17	AVG	12.36	33.53	48.34	-14.81	
5	N	1.3180	27.27	QP	11.44	38.71	56.00	-17.29	
6	N	1.3180	14.79	AVG	11.44	26.23	46.00	-19.77	
7	N	1.4312	32.47	QP	11.45	43.92	56.00	-12.08	
8	N	1.4312	13.73	AVG	11.45	25.18	46.00	-20.82	
9	N	2.9463	24.05	QP	11.64	35.69	56.00	-20.31	
10	N	2.9463	14.16	AVG	11.64	25.80	46.00	-20.20	
11	N	3.3320	25.27	QP	11.69	36.96	56.00	-19.04	
12	N	3.3320	15.35	AVG	11.69	27.04	46.00	-18.96	

6.7 Radiated Spurious Emissions

Temperature	22°C
Relative Humidity	57%
Atmospheric Pressure	1029mbar
Test date :	May 29, 2015
Tested By :	Wiky.Jam

Requirement(s):

<table>
<tr><th>Spec</th><th>Item</th><th>Requirement</th><th>Applicable</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">47CFR§15.
247(d),</td><td>a)</td><td>Except higher limit as specified elsewhere in other section, the emissions from the low-power radio-frequency devices shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table and the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. The tighter limit applies at the band edges
<table>
<tr><th>Frequency range (MHz)</th><th>Field Strength (μV/m)</th></tr>
<tr><td>30 – 88</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>88 – 216</td><td>150</td></tr>
<tr><td>216 960</td><td>200</td></tr>
<tr><td>Above 960</td><td>500</td></tr>
</table></td><td>☑</td></tr>
<tr><td>b)</td><td>For non-restricted band, In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB or 30dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, determined by the measurement method on output power to be used. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required
☒ 20 dB down ☐ 30 dB down</td><td>☑</td></tr>
<tr><td>c)</td><td>or restricted band, emission must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209</td><td>☑</td></tr>
</table>

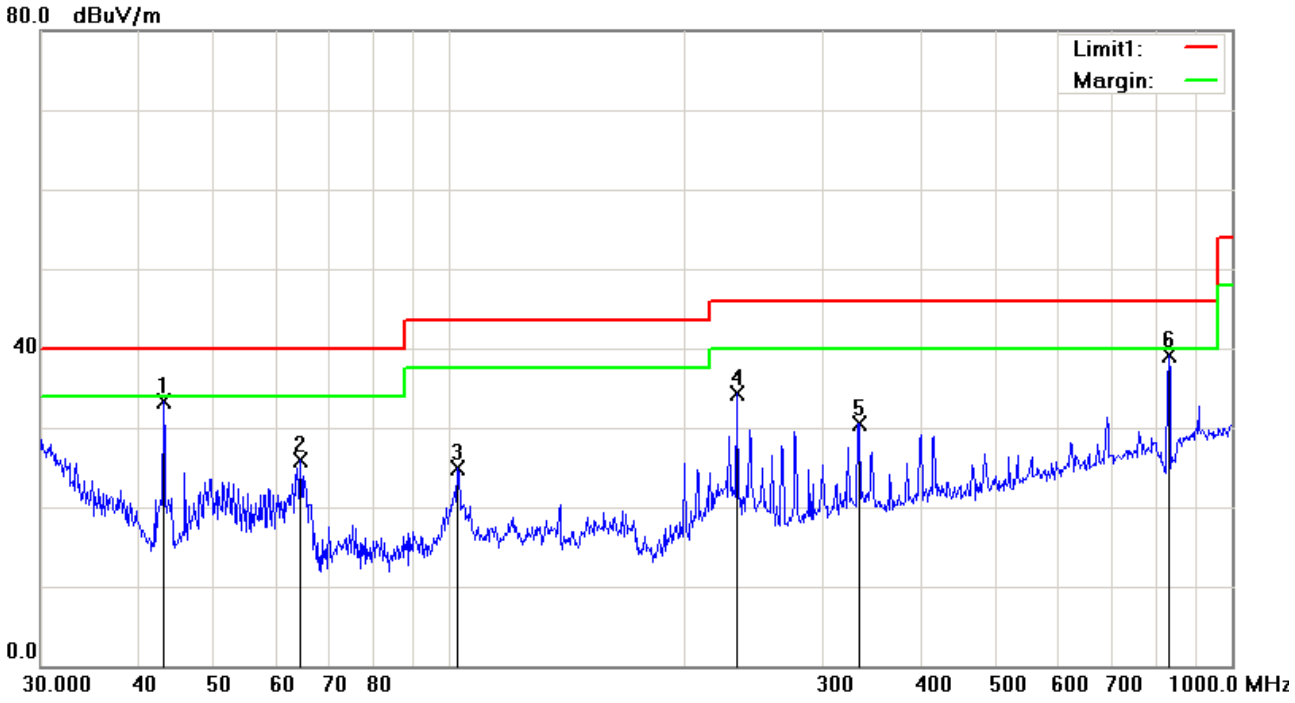
Test Setup	
Procedure	1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. 2. The test was carried out at the selected frequency points obtained from the EUT characterization. Maximization of the emissions, was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner: a. Vertical or horizontal polarization (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen. b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission. c. Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission. 3. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasiy Peak detection at frequency below 1GHz. 4. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz with Peak detection for Peak measurement at frequency above 1GHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 10Hz with Peak detection for Average Measurement as below at frequency above 1GHz. 5. Steps 2 and 3 were repeated for the next frequency point, until all selected frequency points were measured.
Remark	Different RF configuration has been evaluated but not much difference was found. The data presented here is the worst case data with EUT under 802.11n – HT20-2442MHz mode.
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode

(Below 1GHz)

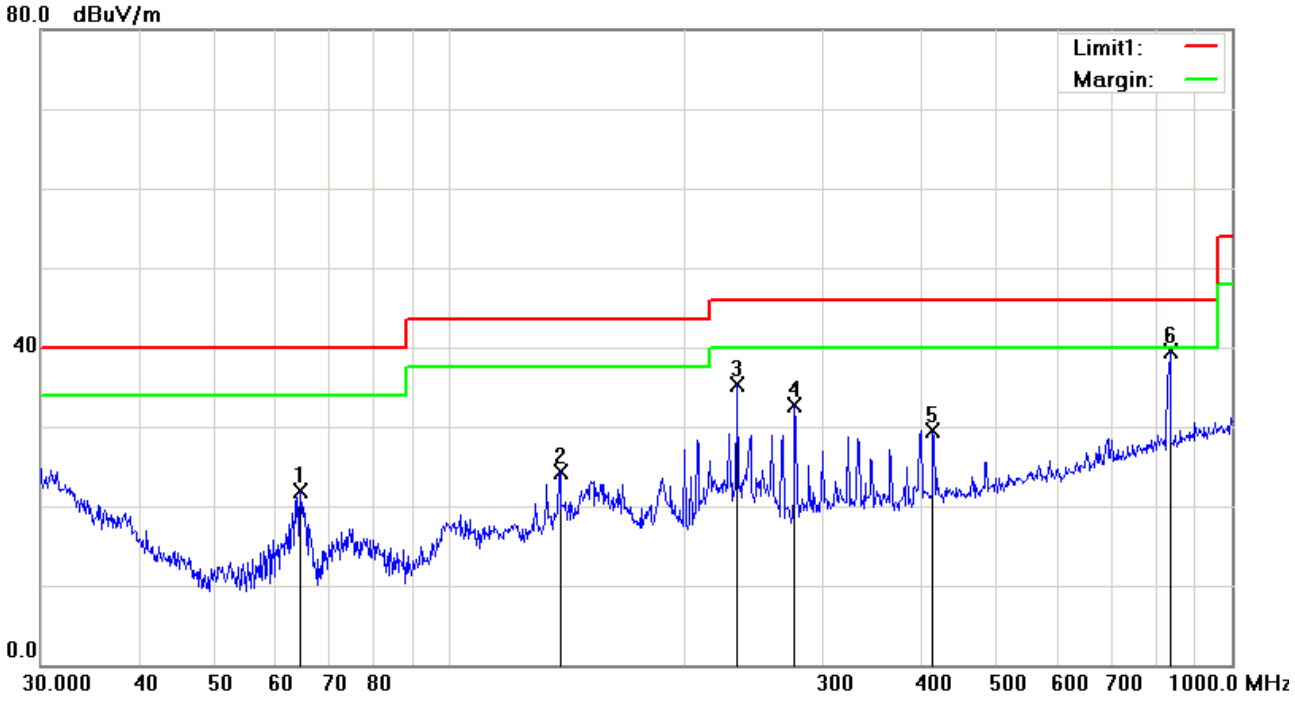


Test Data

Vertical Polarity Plot @3m

No	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Height	Degree	Comment
1	V	43.0505	42.98	peak	-9.63	33.35	40.00	-6.65	100	224	
2	V	64.4331	39.94	peak	-14.01	25.93	40.00	-14.07	100	32	
3	V	102.3597	35.32	peak	-10.38	24.94	43.50	-18.56	100	187	
4	V	232.5318	43.43	peak	-9.04	34.39	46.00	-11.61	100	209	
5	V	333.6867	36.52	peak	-5.93	30.59	46.00	-15.41	100	21	
6	V	830.4002	35.56	peak	3.57	39.13	46.00	-6.87	100	47	

(Below 1GHz)



Test Data

Vertical Polarity Plot @3m

No	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Height	Degree	Comment
1	H	64.4331	35.90	peak	-14.01	21.89	40.00	-18.11	100	146	
2	H	138.3873	32.73	peak	-8.45	24.28	43.50	-19.22	100	146	
3	H	233.3487	44.34	peak	-9.04	35.30	46.00	-10.70	100	97	
4	H	276.1236	40.69	peak	-7.99	32.70	46.00	-13.30	100	240	
5	H	414.7223	33.39	peak	-3.94	29.45	46.00	-16.55	100	255	
6	H	833.3171	35.93	peak	3.61	39.54	46.00	-6.46	100	221	

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode

Low Channel (2412 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824	38.42	AV	V	34	6.86	31.72	47.56	54	-6.44
4824	37.63	AV	H	33.8	6.86	31.72	46.57	54	-7.43
4824	49.24	PK	V	34	6.86	31.72	58.38	74	-15.62
4824	48.52	PK	H	33.8	6.86	31.72	57.46	74	-16.54

Middle Channel (2442 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
4884	39.14	AV	V	33.6	6.82	31.82	47.74	54	-6.26
4884	37.25	AV	H	33.8	6.82	31.82	46.05	54	-7.95
4884	50.12	PK	V	33.6	6.82	31.82	58.72	74	-15.28
4884	49.37	PK	H	33.8	6.82	31.82	58.17	74	-15.83

High Channel (2472 MHz)

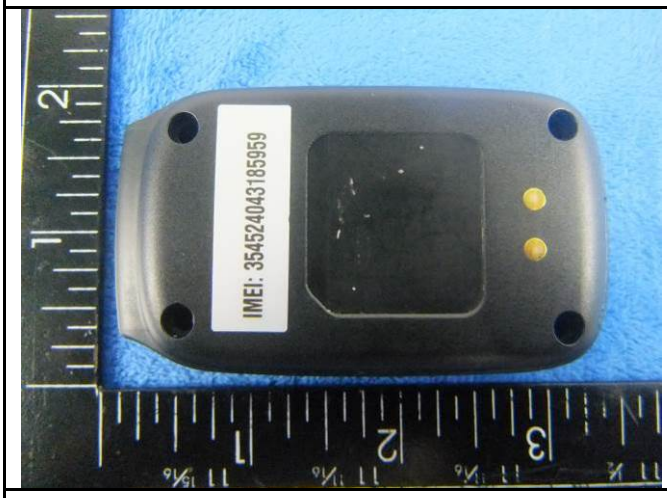
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
4944	40.74	AV	V	34.6	6.76	31.92	50.18	54	-3.82
4944	38.42	AV	H	34.7	6.76	31.92	47.96	54	-6.04
4944	50.72	PK	V	34.6	6.76	31.92	60.16	74	-13.84
4944	48.42	PK	H	34.7	6.76	31.92	57.96	74	-16.04

Annex A. TEST INSTRUMENT

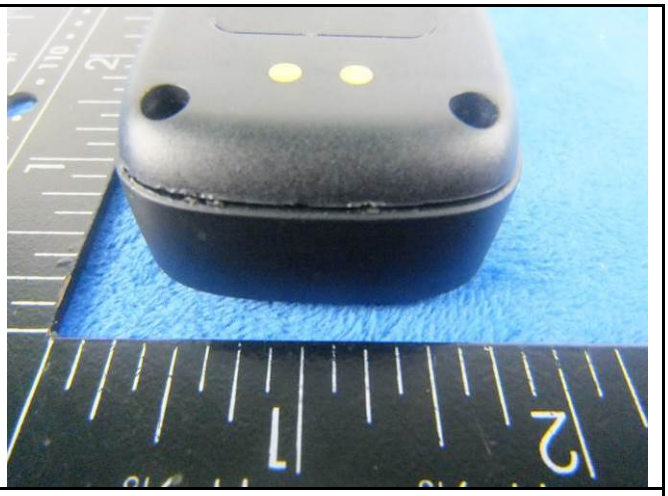
Instrument	Model	Serial #	Cal Date	Cal Due	In use
AC Line Conducted					
EMI test receiver	ESCS30	8471241027	09/18/2014	09/17/2015	☑
Line Impedance	LI-125A	191106	09/26/2014	09/25/2015	☑
Line Impedance	LI-125A	191107	09/26/2014	09/25/2015	☑
LISN	ISN T800	34373	09/26/2014	09/25/2015	☑
Double Ridge Horn Antenna (1 ~18GHz)	AH-118	71283	09/25/2014	09/24/2015	☑
Transient Limiter	LIT-153	531118	09/02/2014	09/01/2015	☑
RF conducted test					
Agilent ESA-E SERIES	E4407B	MY45108319	09/18/2014	09/17/2015	☑
Power Splitter	1#	1#	09/02/2014	09/01/2015	☑
DC Power Supply	E3640A	MY40004013	09/18/2014	09/17/2015	☑
Radiated Emissions					
EMI test receiver	ESL6	100262	09/18/2014	09/17/2015	☑
Positioning Controller	UC3000	MF780208282	11/20/2014	11/19/2015	☑
OPT 010 AMPLIFIER (0.1-1300MHz)	8447E	2727A02430	09/02/2014	09/01/2015	☑
Microwave Preamplifier (1 ~ 26.5GHz)	8449B	3008A02402	03/25/2015	03/24/2016	☑
Bilog Antenna (30MHz~6GHz)	JB6	A110712	09/22/2014	09/21/2015	☑
Double Ridge Horn Antenna (1 ~18GHz)	AH-118	71283	09/25/2014	09/24/2015	☑
Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	121393	09/26/2014	09/25/2015	☑

Annex B. EUT and Test Setup Photographs

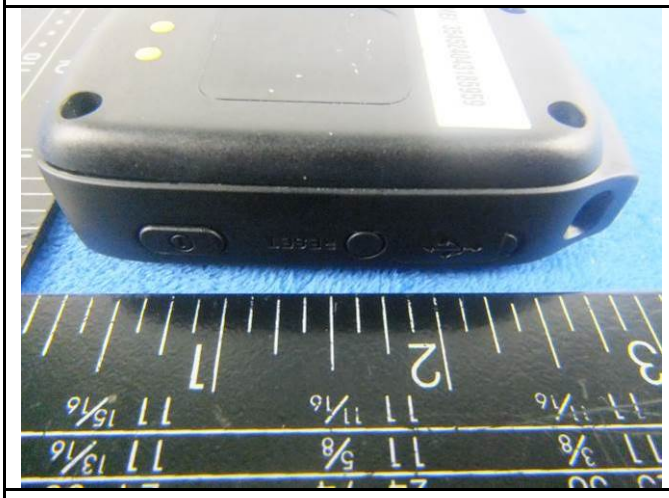
Annex B.i. Photograph: EUT External Photo

	
Whole Package - Top View	EUT - Front View
	
EUT - Rear View	

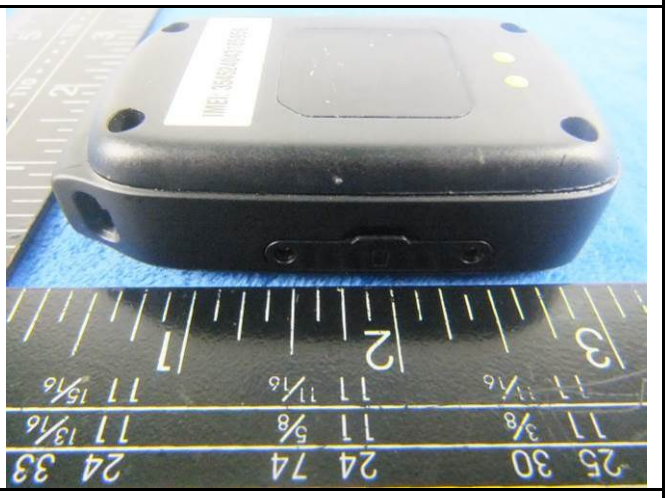
EUT - Top View



EUT - Bottom View

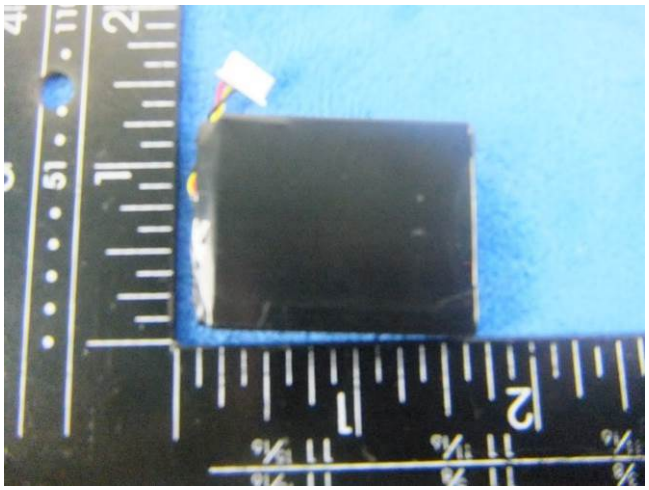
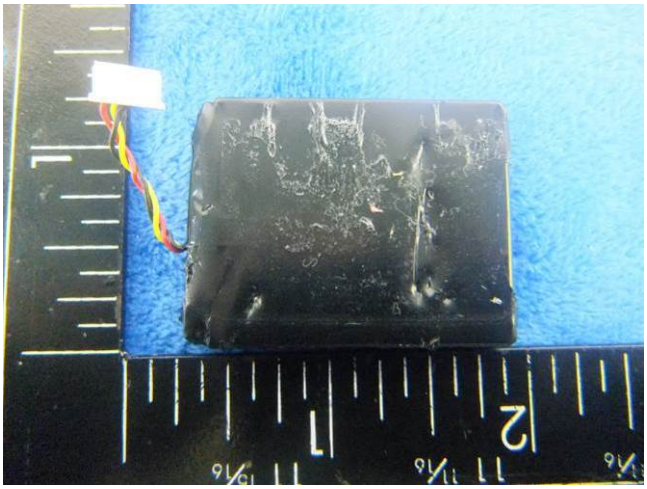


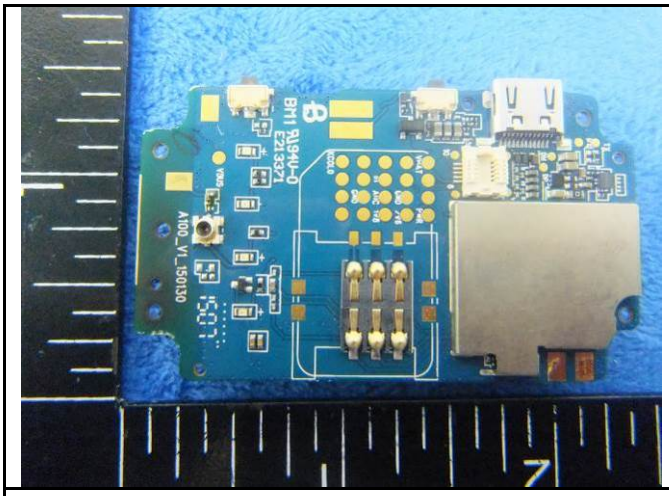
EUT - Left View



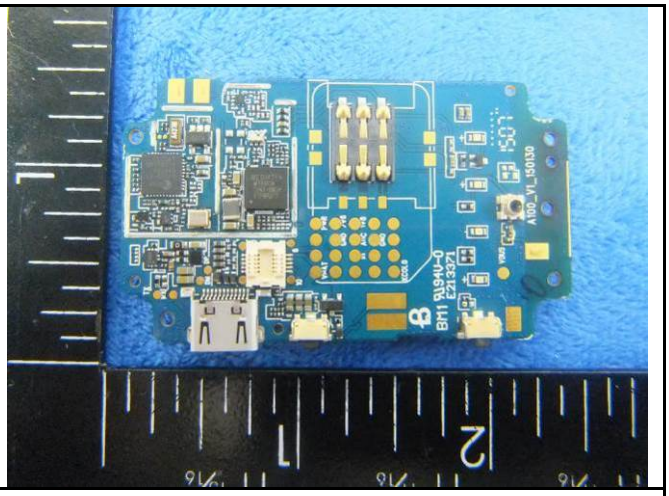
EUT - Right View

Annex B.ii. Photograph: EUT Internal Photo

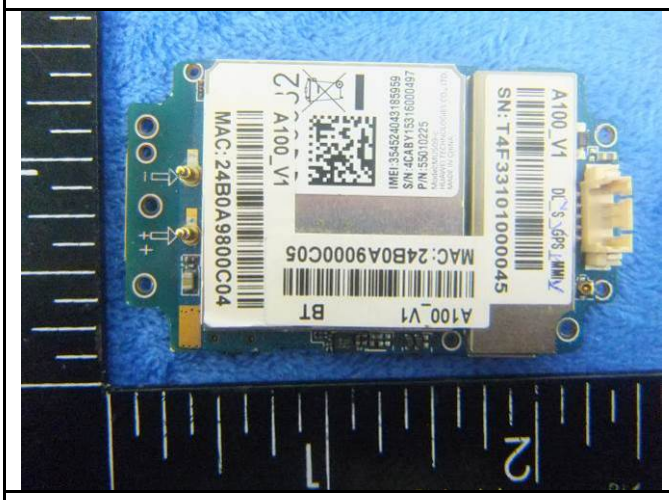
	
Cover Off - Top View 1	Battery - Top View
	
Battery - Bottom View	



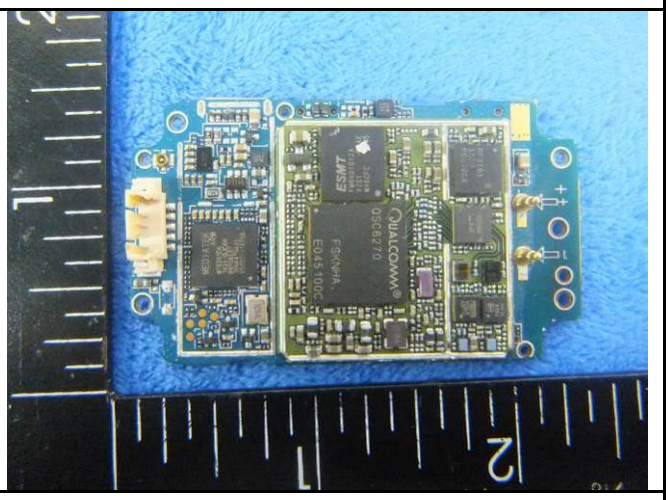
Mainborad With Shielding - Front View



Mainborad Without Shielding - Front View

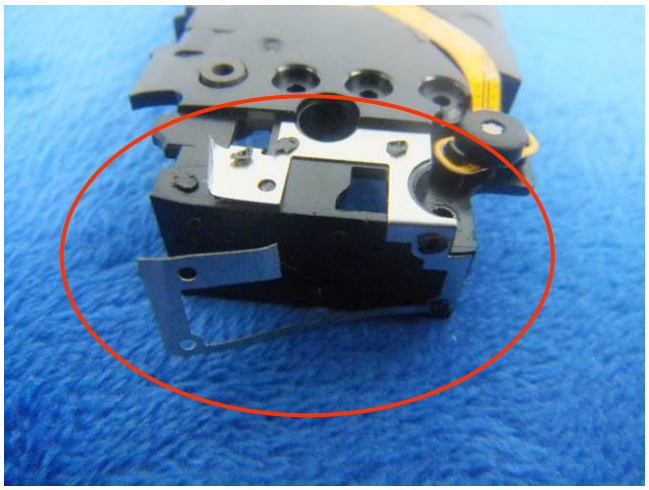


Mainborad With Shielding - rear View



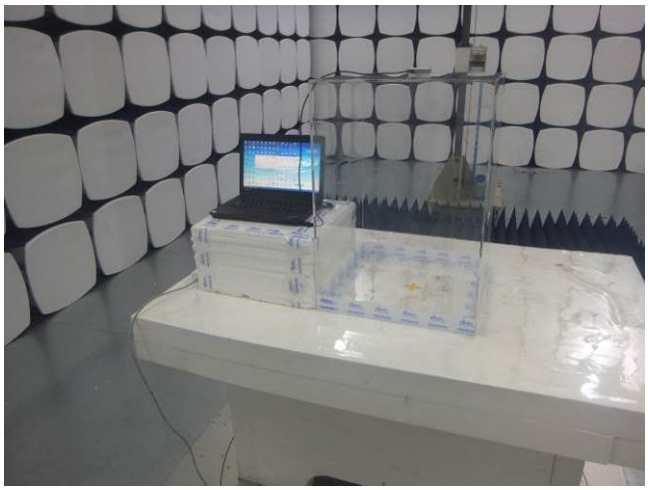
Mainborad Without Shielding - rear View

WIFI/BT/BLE - Antenna View



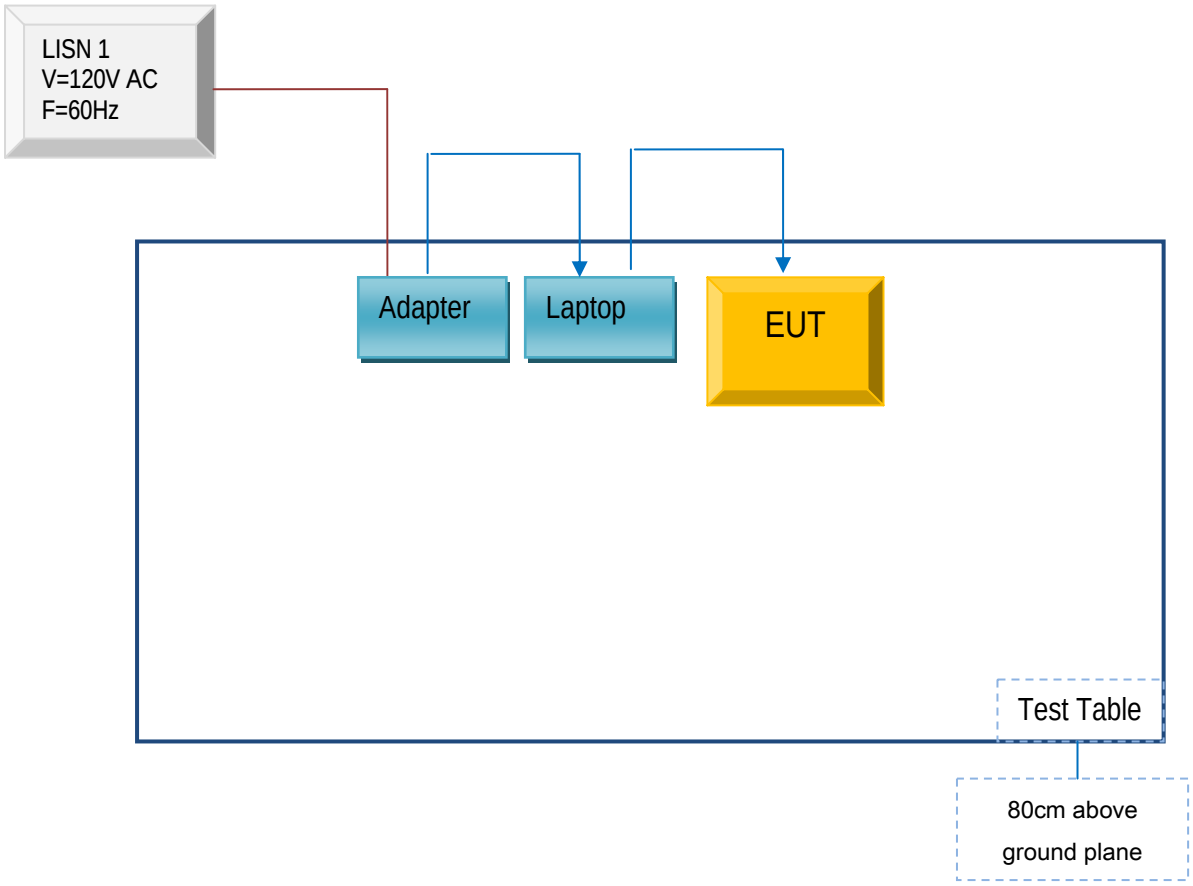
GSM/PCS/UMTS-FDD Antenna View

Annex B.iii. Photograph: Test Setup Photo

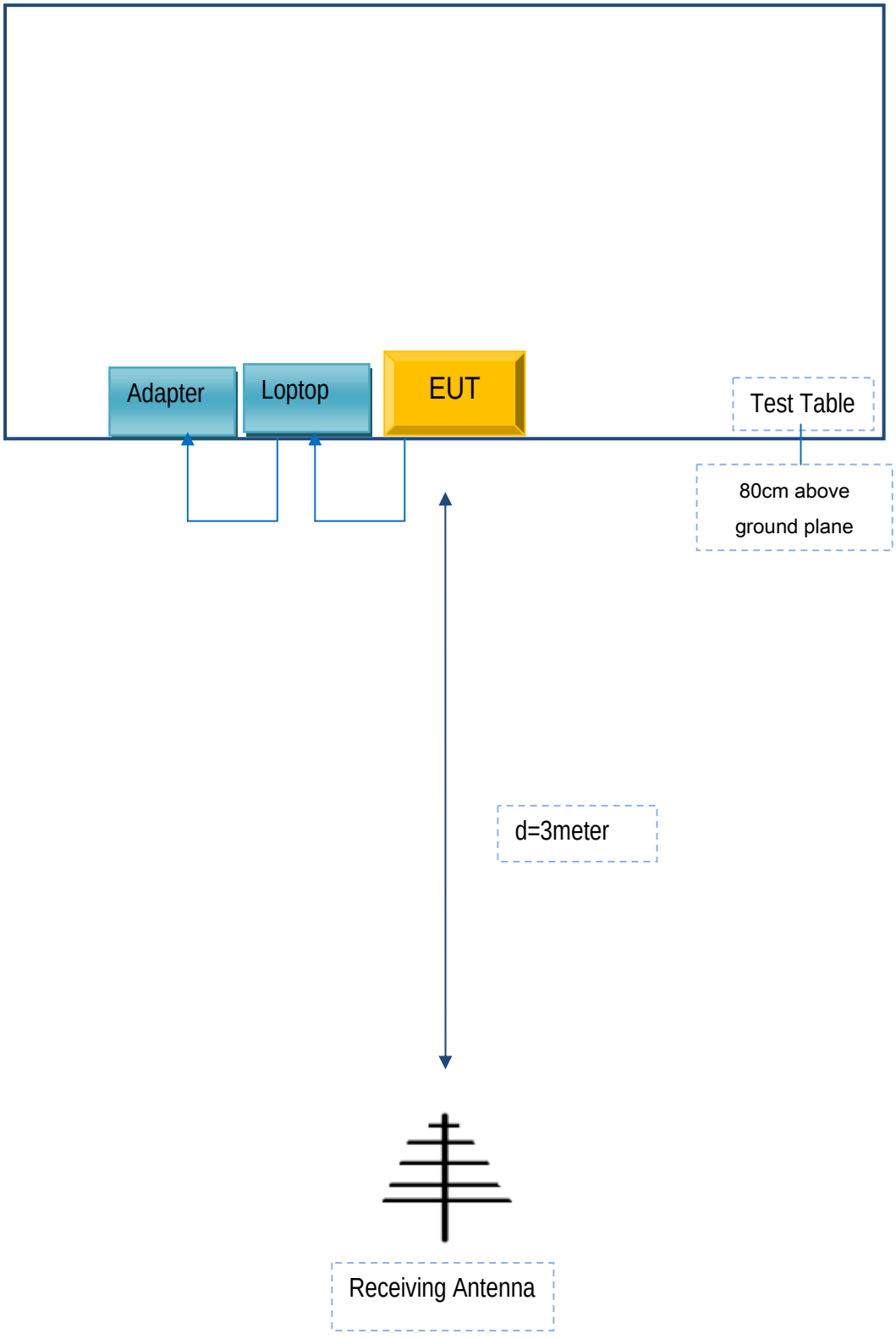
	
Conducted Emissions Test Setup Front View	Conducted Emissions Test Setup Side View
	
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup Below 1GHz	Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup Above 1GHz

Annex C. TEST SETUP AND SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT

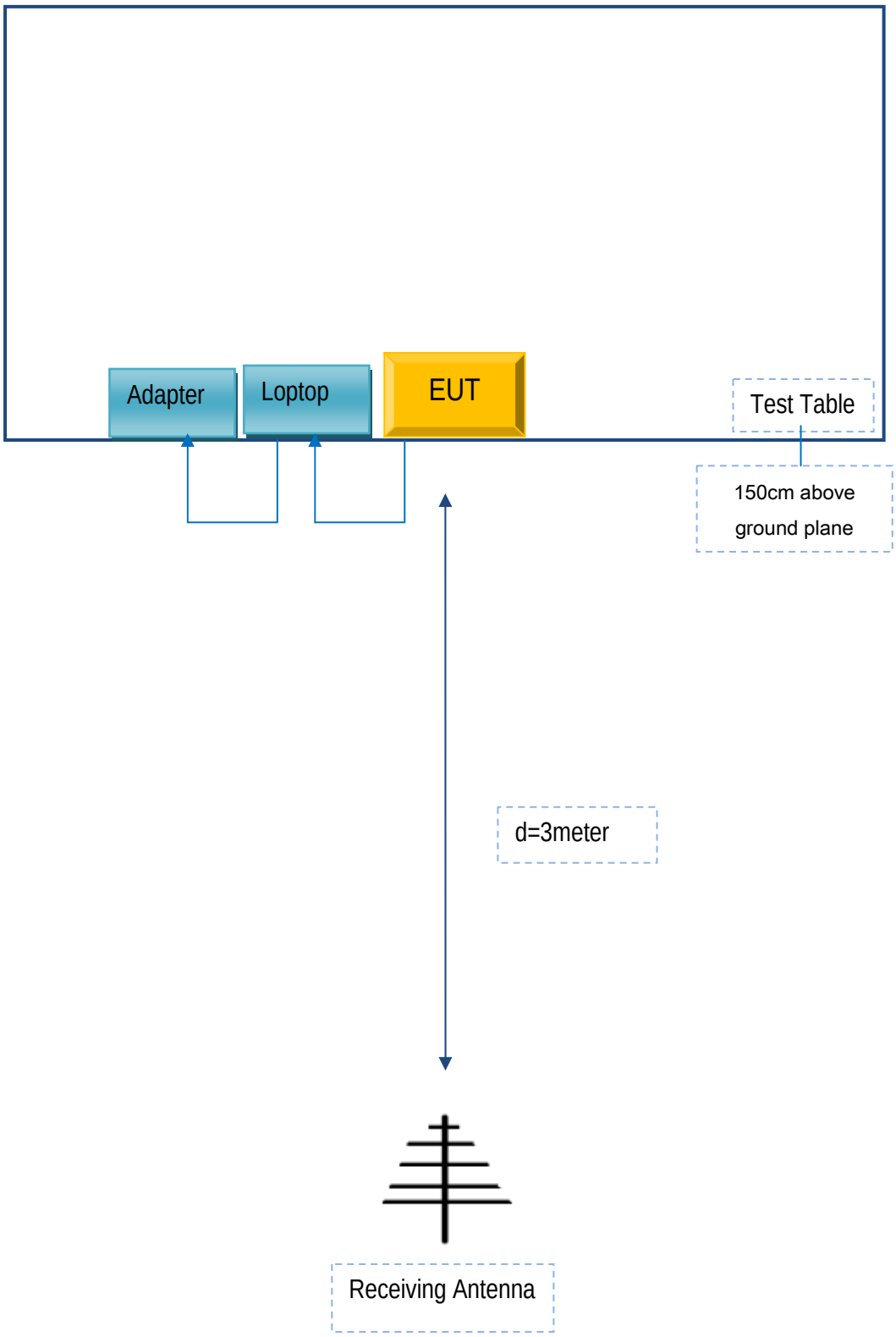
Block Configuration Diagram for Conducted Emissions



Block Configuration Diagram for Radiated Emissions （Below 1GHz）.



Block Configuration Diagram for Radiated Emissions （Above 1GHz）.



Annex C. il. SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The following is a description of supporting equipment and details of cables used with the EUT.

Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Annex D. User Manual / Block Diagram / Schematics / Partlist

Please see attachment

Annex E. DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY

N/A