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May 4, 2011

Prüfbericht / *Test Report* Nr. / *No.* 5010063633-03700-1 (Edition 2)

Applicant:	Kronegger GmbH
Type of equipment:	USB RFID Module
Type designation:	NFC P&P Module 0403-3003
Order No.:	Order of 9.3.2011
Test standards:	FCC Code of Federal Regulations, CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.215 and 15.225 Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications RSS-GEN Issue 3, Sections 7.2.2, 7.2.4 and 7.2.5 and RSS-210 Issue 8, Section A2.6 (Category I Equipment)

Note:

The test data of this report is related only to the individual item which has been tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full extent without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

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1 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General data of EUT	
Type designation[1]:	NFC P&P Module 0403-3003
Parts[2]:	
Serial number(s):	EMV1
Manufacturer:	Kronegger GmbH
Type of equipment:	USB RFID Module
Version:	As received
FCC ID:	
Additional parts/accessories:	

Technical data of EUT	
Application frequency range:	13.11 - 14.01 MHz
Frequency range:	13.56 MHz
Operating frequency:	13.56 MHz
Type of modulation:	ASK
Pulse train:	---
Pulse width:	---
Number of RF-channels:	1
Channel spacing:	---
Designation of emissions[3]:	
Type of antenna:	Integrated on printed board
Size/length of antenna:	109 x 66 mm
Connection of antenna:	☐ detachable ☒ not detachable
Type of power supply:	DC supply over USB
Specifications for power supply:	nominal voltage: 5.00 V minimum voltage: 4.25 V maximum voltage: 5.75 V

[1] Type designation of the system if EUT consists of more than one part.
[2] Type designations of the parts of the system, if applicable.
[3] Also known as "Class of Emission".

2 Administrative Data

Application details	
Applicant (full address):	Kronegger GmbH Parkring 1 8074 Grambach bei Graz Austria
Contact person:	Mr. Thomas Feibel
Order number:	Order of 9.3.2011
Receipt of EUT:	March 14, 2011 April 23, 2011(Tag)
Date(s) of test:	April 4, 2011 – April 27, 2011
Note(s):	

Report details	
Report number:	5010063633-03700-1
Edition:	2
Issue date:	May 4, 2011

3 Identification of the Test Laboratory

Details of the Test Laboratory	
Company name:	TÜV SÜD SENTON GmbH
Address:	Aeussere Fruehlingstrasse 45 D-94315 Straubing Germany
Laboratory accreditation:	DAR-Registration No. DAT-PL-171/94-03
FCC test site registration number	90926
Industry Canada test site registration:	3050A-2
Contact person:	Mr. Johann Roidt
	Phone: +49 9421 5522-0 Fax: +49 9421 5522-99

4 Summary

Summary of test results
The tested sample complies with the requirements set forth in the **Code of Federal Regulations CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.215 and 15.225** of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and the **Radio Standards Specifications** **RSS-GEN Issue 3, Sections 7.2.2, 7.2.4 and 7.2.5 and** **RSS-210 Issue 8, Section , A2.6 (Category I Equipment)** of Industry Canada (IC).

Personnel involved in this report	
Laboratory Manager:	 Mr. Johann Roidt
Responsible for testing:	 Mr. Martin Steindl
Responsible for test report:	Mr. Martin Steindl

5 Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT

Operation Mode(s)
The EUT was configured to read the tag continuously

Configuration(s) of EUT
The EUT was configured as interface device of a laptop PC.

List of ports and cables

Port	*Description*	*Classification*[4]	*Cable type*	*Cable length*
1	AC interface of AC/DC adapter	ac power	Unshielded	0.5 m
2	DC supply of laptop PC	dc power	Shielded	1 m
3	USB interface of EUT	signal/control port	Shielded	1 m

List of devices connected to EUT

Item	*Description*	*Type Designation*	*Serial no. or ID*	*Manufacturer*

List of support devices

Item	*Description*	*Type Designation*	*Serial no. or ID*	*Manufacturer*
1	AC/DC adapter of laptop PC			DELL
2	Laptop PC	DELL dimension		DELL
3	Tag			

[4] Ports shall be classified as ac power, dc power or signal/control port

6 Measurement Procedures

6.1 Bandwidth Measurements

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2 IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.3 ANSI C63.4, annex H.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2
Measurement setup:	☐ Conducted: See below ☒ Radiated: Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)

If antenna is detachable bandwidth measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement) when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure, if applicable. The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable.

If radiated measurements are performed the same test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range.

The analyzer settings are specified by the test description of the appropriate test record(s).

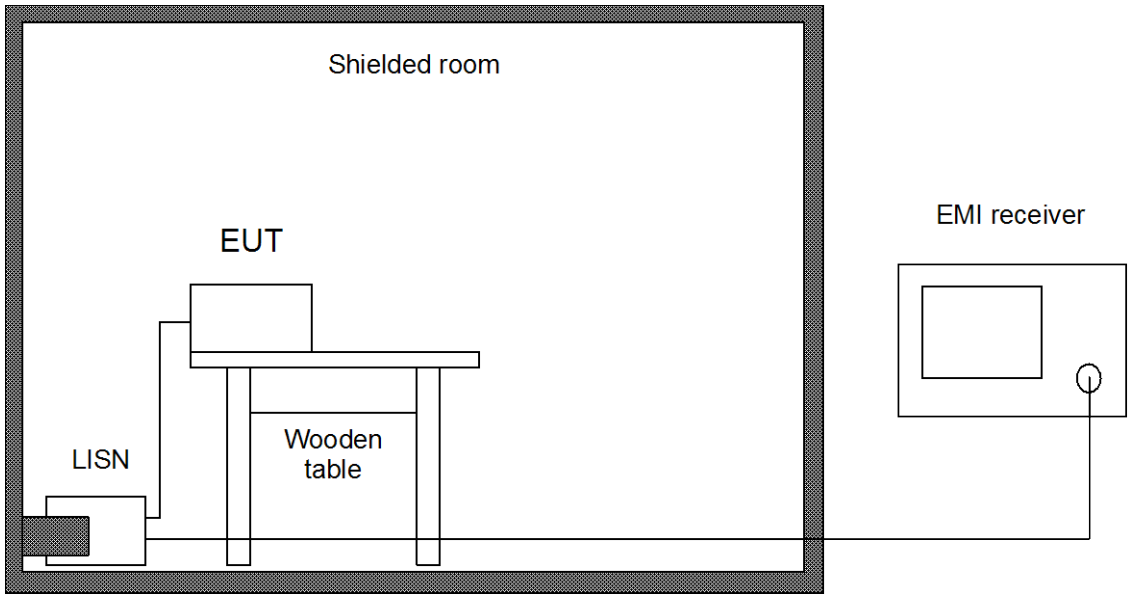
6.2 Conducted AC Powerline Emission

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207 IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 7.2.4
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22

Conducted emission tests in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz are performed using Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). To simplify testing with quasi-peak and average detector the following procedure is used:

First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment under test (EUT) is recorded with detector set to peak using CISPR bandwidth of 10 kHz. After that all emission levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the average limit are retested with detector set to quasi-peak.
If average limit is kept with quasi-peak levels no additional scan with average detector is necessary. In cases of emission levels between quasi-peak and average limit an additional scan with detector set to average is performed.

According to ANSI C63.4, section 13.1.3.1, testing of intentional radiators with detachable antenna shall be performed using a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals. Otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended.
Testing with dummy load may be necessary to distinguish (unintentional) conducted emissions on the supply lines from (intentional) emissions radiated by the antenna and coupling directly to supply lines and/or LISN. Usage of dummy load has to be stated in the appropriate test record(s) and notes should be added to clarify the test setup.



Test instruments used:

	Type	*Designation*	*Inv.-no.*	*Serial No. or ID*	*Manufacturer*
☒	Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1059	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1218	830952/025	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Artificial mains network	ESH 2-Z5	1536	842966/004	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Shielded room	No. 1	1451	---	Albatross
☒	Shielded room	No. 4	1454	3FD 100 544	Euroshield

6.3 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205, 15.215(b) and 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2 and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4

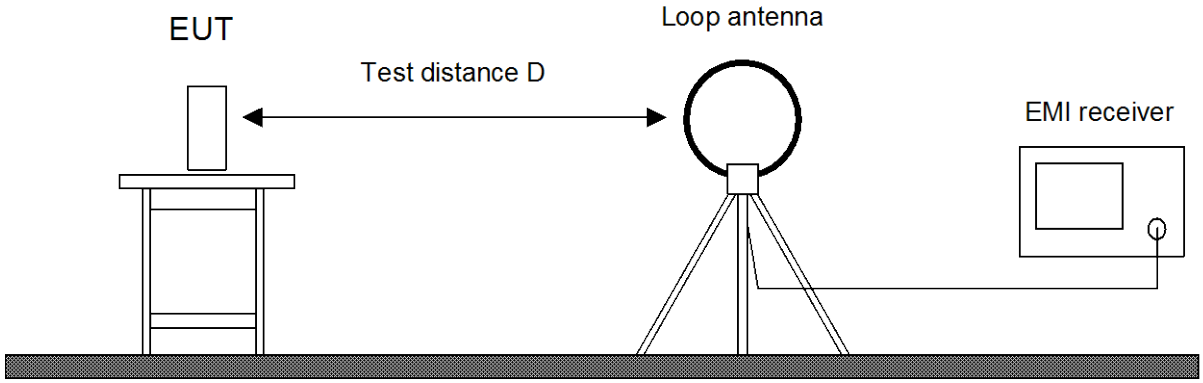
Radiated emission in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or semi anechoic room with the detector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration is also used for recording the spectrum of intentional radiators.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.
If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).

Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.



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Test instruments used:

	Type		*Designation*	*Inv.-no.*	*Serial No. or ID*	*Manufacturer*
☒	Spectrum analyzer		FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver		ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	EMI test receiver		ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Test receiver		ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2	CPA9231A	1651	3393	Schaffner
☒	Loop antenna		HFH2-Z2	1016	882964/1	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	Fully anechoic room		No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
☐	Semi anechoic room		No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
☒	Semi anechoic room		No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.4 Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b) and 15.225(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2(b)(c) and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4

Radiated emission in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz is measured within a semi-anechoic room with groundplane complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites. A linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna") is used. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with quasi-peak detector selected.

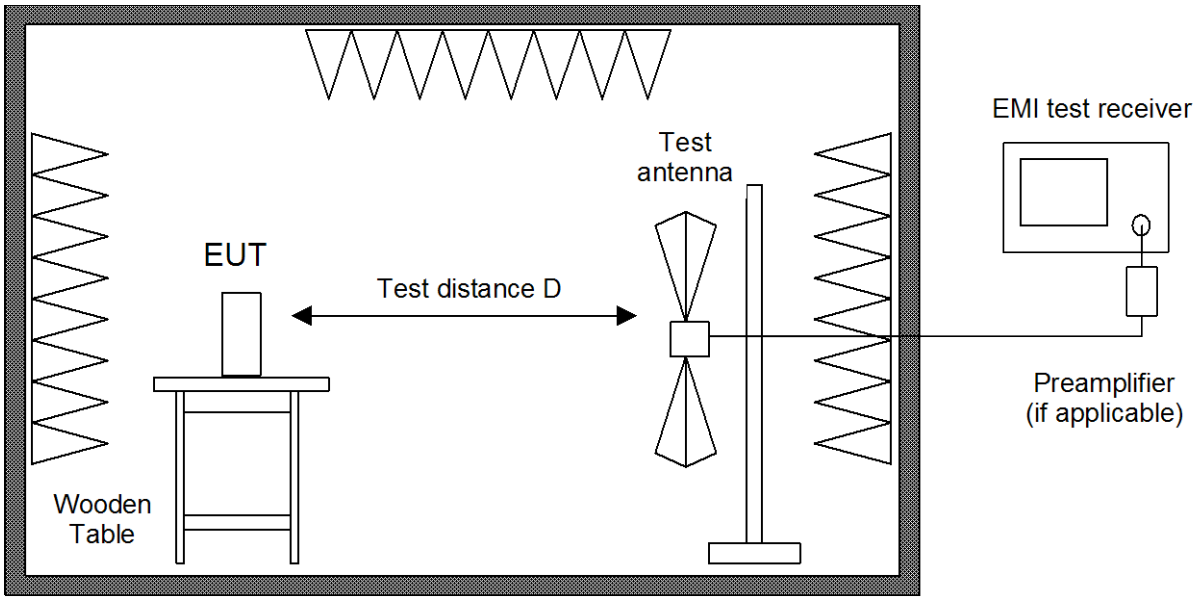
If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in fully anechoic room.

If no prescan in a fully anechoic room is used first a peak scan is performed in four positions to get the whole spectrum of emission caused by EUT with the measuring antenna raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m to find table position, antenna height and antenna polarization for the maximum emission levels.
Data reduction is applied to these results to select those levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the limit using subranges and limited number of maximums. Further maximization is following.
With detector of the test receiver set to quasi-peak final measurements are performed immediately after frequency zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment.
Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

In cases where prescans in a fully anechoic room are taken (e. g. if EUT is operating for a short time only or battery is dircharged quickly) final measurements with quasi-peak detector are performed manually at frequencies indicated by prescan with EUT rotating all around and receiving antenna raising and lowering within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission.
Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected. Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.



Alternate test site (semi anechoic room)

Test instruments used:

	Type		*Designation*	*Inv.-no.*	*Serial No. or ID*	*Manufacturer*
☒	EMI test receiver		ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8	VULB 9163	1802	9163-214	Schwarzbeck
☒	Semi anechoic room		No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

6.5 Carrier Frequency Stability

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(e) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.7 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4

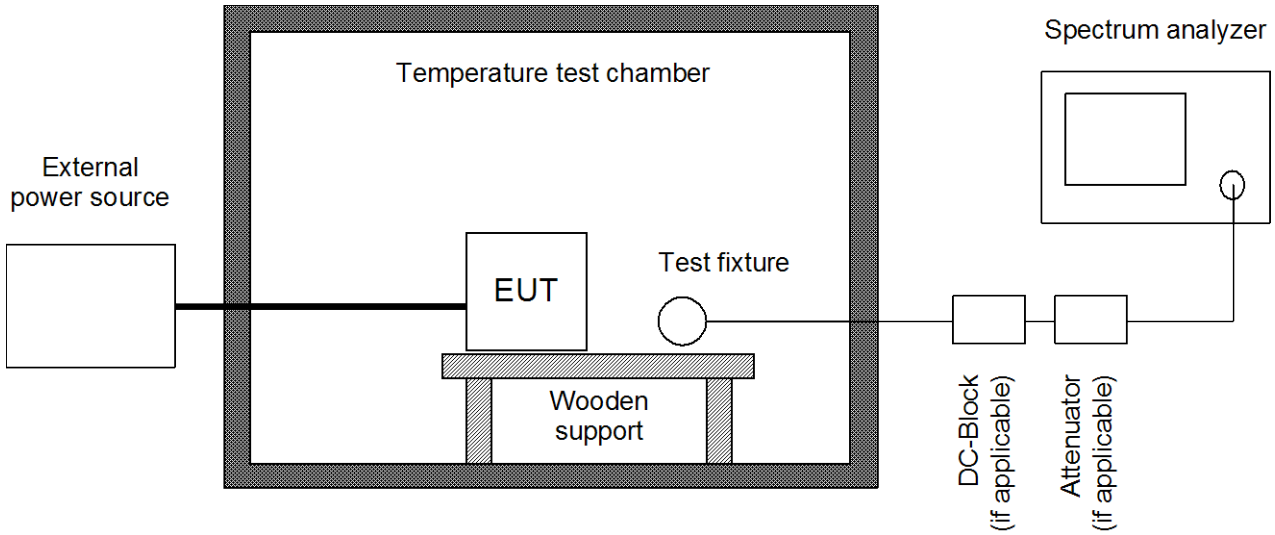
The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal is measured over a temperature variation of -20 °C to +50 °C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 °C.

If the EUT provides an antenna connector the spectrum analyzer is connected to this port. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). In cases where the EUT does not provide an antenna connector a test fixture is used.

For battery operated equipment, the test is performed using a new battery. Alternatively, an external supply voltage can be used and is at least set to:

- the maximum battery voltage as delivered by a new battery or 115% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery nominal voltage
- 85% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer

The EUT is operating providing an unmodulated carrier. The peak detector of the spectrum analyzer is selected and resolution as well as video bandwidth are set to values appropriate to the shape of the spectrum of the EUT. The frequency counter mode of the spectrum analyzer is used to maximize the accuracy of the measured frequency tolerance.
If an unmodulated carrier is not available a significant and stable point on the spectrum is selected and the span is reduced to a value that delivers an accuracy which shall be better than 1% of the maximum frequency tolerance allowed for the carrier signal. This method may be performed as long as the margin to the frequency tolerance allowed is larger than the uncertainty of the measured frequency tolerance.



Test instruments used:

	Type	*Designation*	*Inv.-no.*	*Serial No. or ID*	*Manufacturer*
☐	Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
☒	EMI test receiver	ESPI7	1711	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	DC-block	7006	1636	A2798	Weinschel
☐	Attenuator	4776-10	1638	9412	Narda
☐	Attenuator	4776-20	1639	9503	Narda
☐	Test probe	TP 01	1628	001	Senton
☐	Multimeter	21 III	1653	76530546	Fluke
☐	Multimeter	21 III	1654	76381229	Fluke
☐	Multimeter	Fluke 77 III	1975	92370108	Fluke
☐	Multimeter	Fluke 77 IV	1976	93090238	Fluke
☐	Multimeter	Fluke 177	2025	96720024	Fluke
☐	Multimeter	Fluke 177	2026	96720025	Fluke
☒	DC power supply	NGSM 32/10	1267	203	Rohde & Schwarz
☐	Isolating transformer	RT 5A	1127	10387	Grundig
☐	Isolating transformer	RT 5A	1128	10416	Grundig
☒	Temperature test chamber	HT 4010	1271	07065550	Heraeus

7 Photographs Taken During Testing

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Test setup for conducted AC powerline emission measurement

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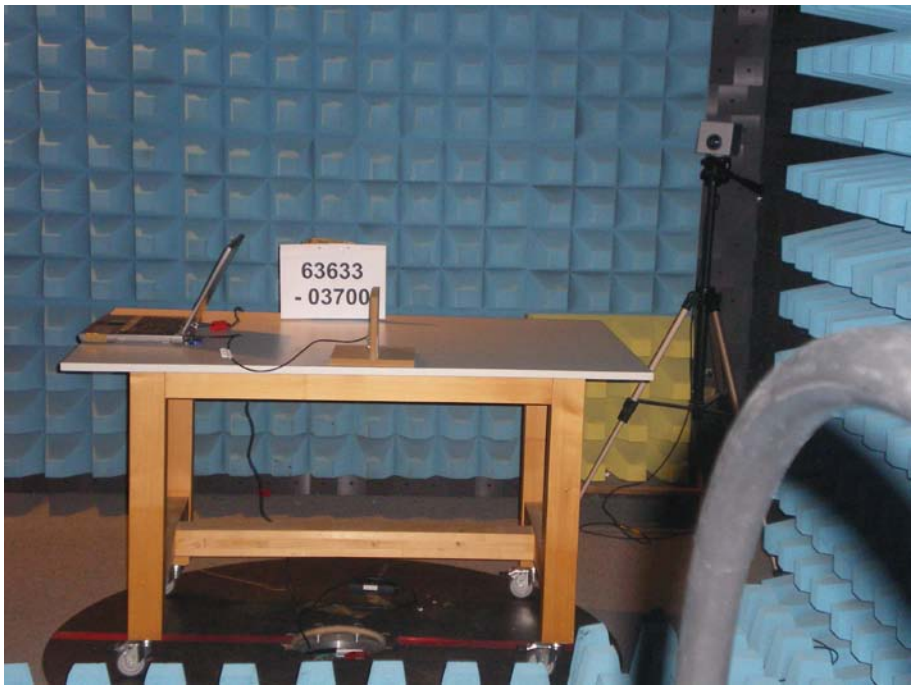
Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz – 30 MHz



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Test setup for radiated emission measurement (alternate test site)

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Test setup for radiated emission measurement (alternate test site) - continued -

8 Test Results

FCC CFR 47 Parts 2 and 15			
Section(s)	*Test*	*Page*	*Result*
2.1046(a)	Conducted output power	---	Not applicable
2.202(a)	Occupied bandwidth	24	Recorded
15.215(c)	Bandwidth of the emission	28	Test passed
2.201, 2.202	Class of emission	31	Calculated
15.35(c)	Pulse train measurement for pulsed operation	---	Not applicable
15.205(a) 15.205(d)(7)	Restricted bands of operation	---[5]	Test passed
15.207	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz	32	Test passed
15.225(a)-(d)	Spectrum Mask	35	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.215(b) 15.225(a)(d)	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 30 MHz	37	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.225(d)	Radiated emission 30 MHz to 1 GHz	39	Test passed
15.225(e)	Carrier frequency stability	41	Test passed

[5] See "Spectrum Mask" for the 13.36 to 13.41 MHz band. For all other restricted bands see "Radiated Emission".

IC RSS-GEN Issue 3			
Section(s)	*Test*	*Page*	*Result*
4.8	Transmitter output power (conducted)	---	Not applicable
4.6.1	Occupied Bandwidth	24	Recorded
8	Designation of emissions	31	Calculated
4.5	Pulsed operation	---	Not applicable
2.2(a)	Restricted bands and unwanted emission frequencies	---[6]	Test passed
7.2.2(b)(c) 7.2.5	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	37	Test passed
2.2(b)(c) 7.2.5	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz	39	Test passed
7.2.2	Transmitter AC power lines conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz	32	Test passed
5.5	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	44	Exempted from SAR and RF evaluation

IC RSS-210 Issue 8			
Section(s)	*Test*	*Page*	*Result*
A2.6	Spectrum Mask	35	Test passed
A2.6	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	37	Test passed
A2.6	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz	39	Test passed
A2.6	Carrier frequency stability	41	Test passed

[6] See "Spectrum Mask" and "Unwanted emissions".

8.1 Occupied Bandwidth

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) ANSI C63.4, annex H.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Description:	The occupied bandwidth according to CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a), is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth, i.e. below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power radiated by a given emission. The occupied bandwidth according to ANSI C63.4, annex H.6; is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:

Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz

The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.

Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)

Comment:	
Date of test:	April 7, 2011
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

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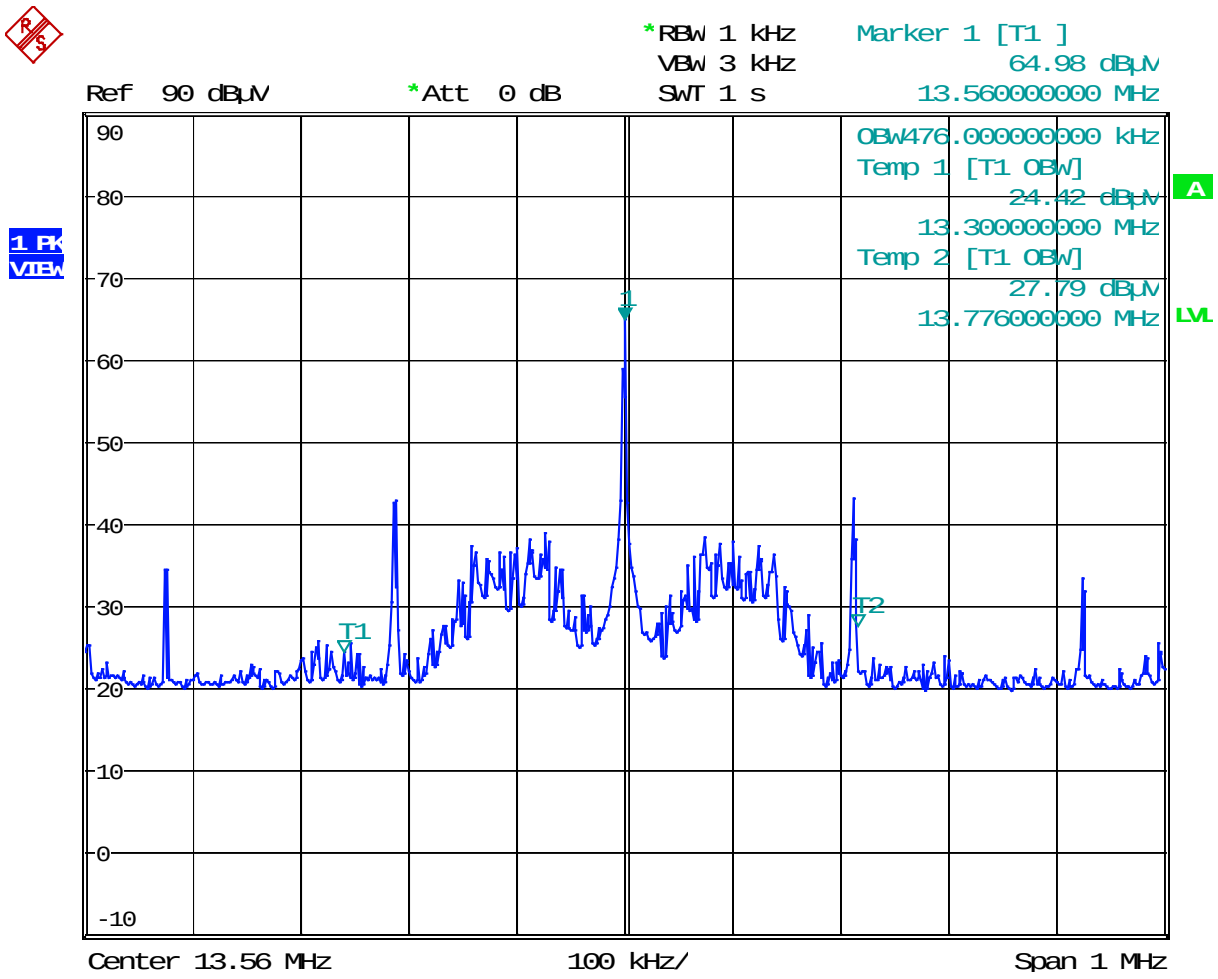
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



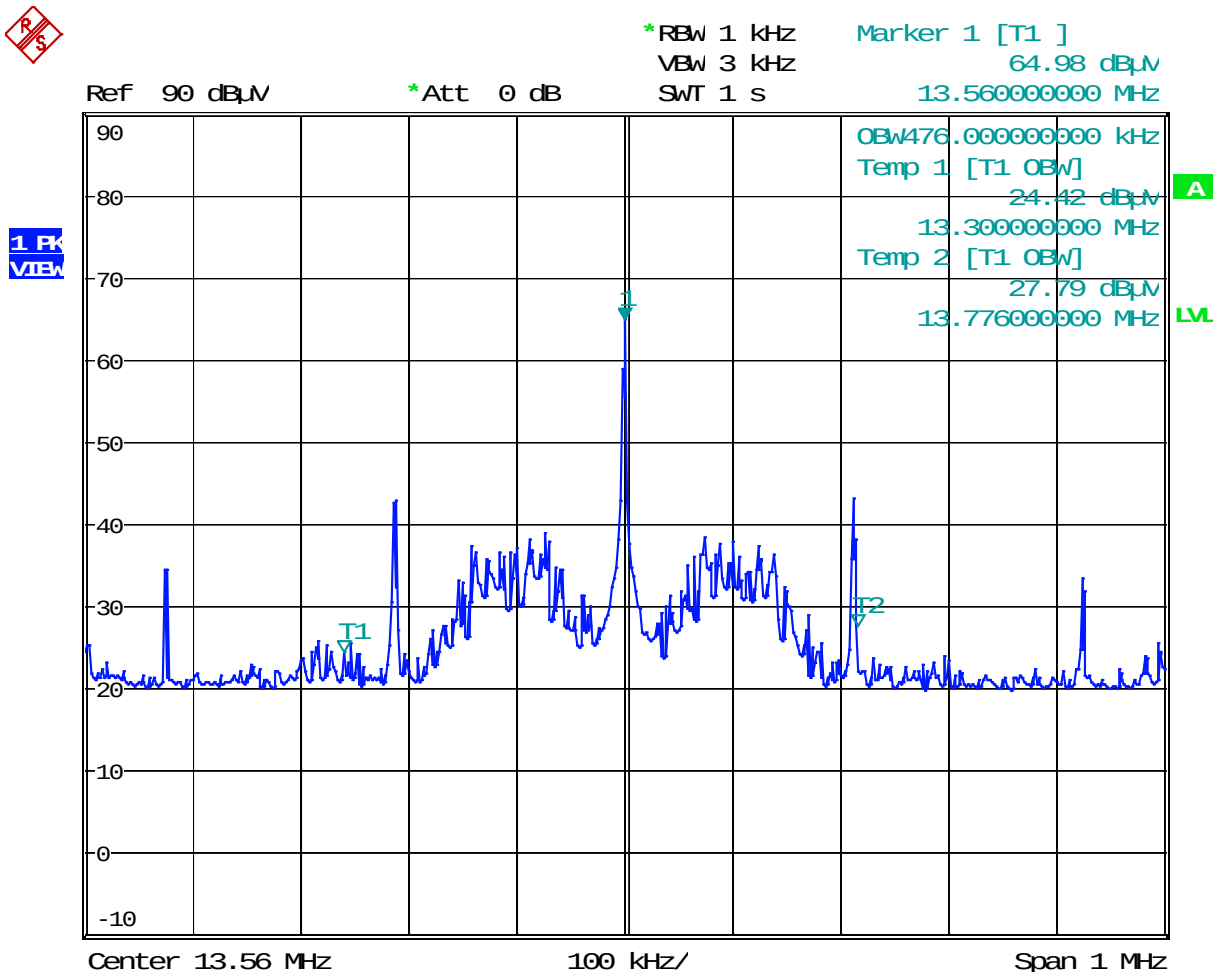
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):	**476 kHz**

Occupied Bandwidth (continued)

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.6.1
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.6.1
Description:	If not specified in the applicable RSS the occupied bandwidth is measuredas the 99% emission bandwidth. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is also recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)

Comment:	
Date of test:	April 7, 2011
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Date: 7.APR.2011 14:00:19

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):	**476 kHz**

8.2 Bandwidth of the Emission

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c)
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Description:	The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 20 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. For intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits the requirement to contain the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:

Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz

The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.

Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)

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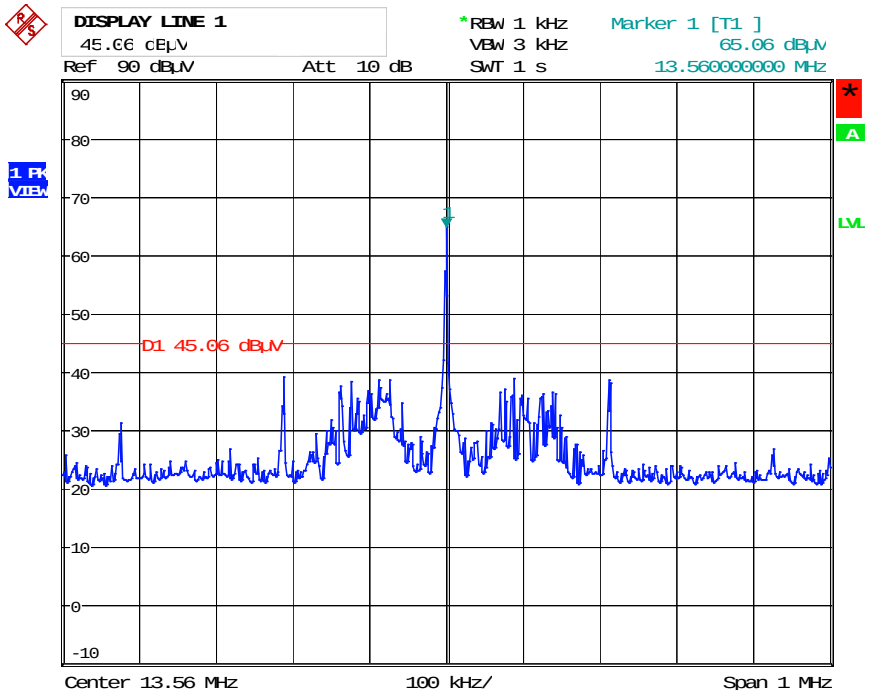
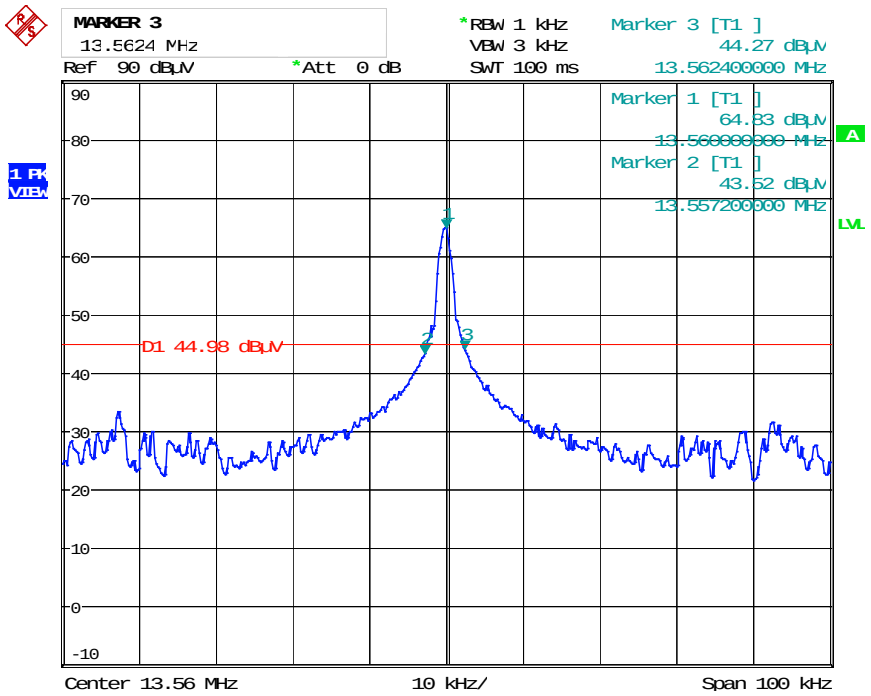
eMail: senton@tuev-sued.de

Comment:	
Date of test:	April 7, 2011
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2



Date: 7.APR.2011 13:50:45



Date: 7.APR.2011 14:02:03

Permitted frequency band:	**13.11 - 14.01 MHz**	
20 dB bandwidth:	**5.2 kHz**	
Carrier frequency stability: Maximum frequency tolerances:	☒ **specified** **+0.50 kHz** **-0.18 kHz**	☐ **not specified**
Bandwidth of the emission:	**5.3 kHz**	**within permitted frequency band[7]:** ☒ **yes** ☐ **no**

Test Result:	Test passed

[7] If a frequency stability is not specified, it is recommended that the fundamental emission is kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

8.3 Designation of Emissions

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, sections 2.201 and 2.202 IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 8
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / TRC-43

Type of modulation:	Amplitude Modulation

B_n = Necessary Bandwidth	B_n = 2BK
B = Modulation rate	B = 2.5 kHz
K = Overall numerical factor	K = 1
Calculation:	$B_n = 2 \cdot (2.5\ kHz) \cdot 1 = 5.0\ kHz$

Designation of Emissions:	**5K00A1D**

8.4 Conducted Powerline Emission Measurement 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.4		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)	
		Quasi-peak	Average
	0.15 - 0.5 0.5 - 5 5 - 30	66 to 56 56 60	56 to 46 46 50
Measurement procedure:	Conducted AC Powerline Emission (6.2)		

Comment:	
Date of test:	April 5, 2011
Test site:	Shielded room, cabin no. 4

Test Result:	Test passed

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SENTON

Tested on:	L1

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Reading Value (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Final Value (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
0.165	Quasi-Peak	49.8	0.0	49.8	65.2	15.4
0.165	Average	39.8	0.0	39.8	55.2	15.4
0.220	Quasi-Peak	44.1	0.0	44.1	62.8	18.7
0.220	Average	37.0	0.0	37.0	52.8	15.8
0.275	Average	35.0	0.0	35.0	51.0	16.0
0.330	Average	34.6	0.0	34.6	49.5	14.9
0.385	Quasi-Peak	40.0	0.0	40.0	58.2	18.2
0.390	Average	33.1	0.0	33.1	48.1	15.0
0.495	Quasi-Peak	36.8	0.0	36.8	56.1	19.3
0.495	Average	33.7	0.0	33.7	46.1	12.4
0.550	Average	35.2	0.0	35.2	46.0	10.8
0.660	Quasi-Peak	37.5	0.0	37.5	56.0	18.5
0.715	Average	36.4	0.0	36.4	46.0	9.6
0.720	Quasi-Peak	38.6	0.0	38.6	56.0	17.4
0.825	Average	34.3	0.0	34.3	46.0	11.7
0.995	Quasi-Peak	40.6	0.0	40.6	56.0	15.4
1.160	Quasi-Peak	41.1	0.0	41.1	56.0	14.9
1.160	Average	36.3	0.0	36.3	46.0	9.7
1.325	Average	37.4	0.0	37.4	46.0	8.6
1.435	Quasi-Peak	41.9	0.0	41.9	56.0	14.1
1.765	Average	38.5	0.0	38.5	46.0	7.5
1.880	Quasi-Peak	41.8	0.0	41.8	56.0	14.2
1.930	Average	38.6	0.0	38.6	46.0	7.4
2.045	Quasi-Peak	40.9	0.0	40.9	56.0	15.1
2.369	Average	30.3	0.0	30.3	46.0	15.7
2.875	Quasi-Peak	38.4	0.0	38.4	56.0	17.6
3.530	Average	33.0	0.0	33.0	46.0	13.0
3.535	Quasi-Peak	45.0	0.0	45.0	56.0	11.0
3.700	Quasi-Peak	42.1	0.0	42.1	56.0	13.9
3.860	Average	29.0	0.0	29.0	46.0	17.0
10.085	Average	32.9	0.0	32.9	50.0	17.1
10.747	Average	29.3	0.0	29.3	50.0	20.7
13.560	Quasi-Peak	50.5	0.0	50.5	60.0	9.5
13.560	Average	49.8	0.0	49.8	50.0	**0.2**

Tested on:	N

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Reading Value (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Final Value (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
0.165	Quasi-Peak	49.0	0.0	49.0	65.2	16.2
0.165	Average	38.4	0.0	38.4	55.2	16.8
0.220	Average	34.6	0.0	34.6	52.8	18.2
0.275	Average	36.7	0.0	36.7	51.0	14.3
0.325	Average	25.3	0.0	25.3	49.6	24.3
0.385	Quasi-Peak	40.4	0.0	40.4	58.2	17.8
0.385	Average	36.9	0.0	36.9	48.2	11.3
0.495	Quasi-Peak	37.2	0.0	37.2	56.1	18.9
0.495	Average	33.6	0.0	33.6	46.1	12.5
0.550	Quasi-Peak	39.1	0.0	39.1	56.0	16.9
0.550	Average	36.1	0.0	36.1	46.0	9.9
0.715	Quasi-Peak	40.7	0.0	40.7	56.0	15.3
0.715	Average	37.2	0.0	37.2	46.0	8.8
0.990	Quasi-Peak	41.5	0.0	41.5	56.0	14.5
0.990	Average	37.7	0.0	37.7	46.0	8.3
1.155	Quasi-Peak	42.1	0.0	42.1	56.0	13.9
1.155	Average	39.0	0.0	39.0	46.0	7.0
1.320	Quasi-Peak	42.7	0.0	42.7	56.0	13.3
1.320	Average	39.4	0.0	39.4	46.0	6.6
1.710	Quasi-Peak	41.9	0.0	41.9	56.0	14.1
1.760	Average	40.5	0.0	40.5	46.0	5.5
1.930	Quasi-Peak	42.5	0.0	42.5	56.0	13.5
1.980	Average	37.8	0.0	37.8	46.0	8.2
2.365	Average	32.6	0.0	32.6	46.0	13.4
3.300	Average	32.2	0.0	32.2	46.0	13.8
3.525	Quasi-Peak	43.0	0.0	43.0	56.0	13.0
3.685	Average	30.6	0.0	30.6	46.0	15.4
3.745	Quasi-Peak	37.8	0.0	37.8	56.0	18.2
13.560	Quasi-Peak	51.3	0.0	51.3	60.0	8.7
13.560	Average	49.9	0.0	49.9	50.0	**0.1**

Sample calculation of final values:

Final Value (dBµV) = Reading Value (dBµV) + Correction Factor (dB)

8.5 Spectrum Mask

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4			
Description:	Compliance with the spectrum mask is tested using a spectrum analyzer with resolution bandwidth set to a 1 kHz for the band 13.553 to 13.567 MHz and to 10 kHz outside this band. The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.			
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance d (meters)
	1.705 - 13.110	30	29.5	30
	13.110 - 13.410	106	40.5	30
	13.410 - 13.553	334	50.5	30
	13.553 - 13.567	15848	84.0	30
	13.567 - 13.710	334	50.5	30
	13.710 - 14.010	106	40.5	30
	14.010 - 30.000	30	29.5	30
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)			

Comment:	
Date of test:	April 7, 2011
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters
Extrapolation Factor:	40 dB/decade

Test Result:	Test passed

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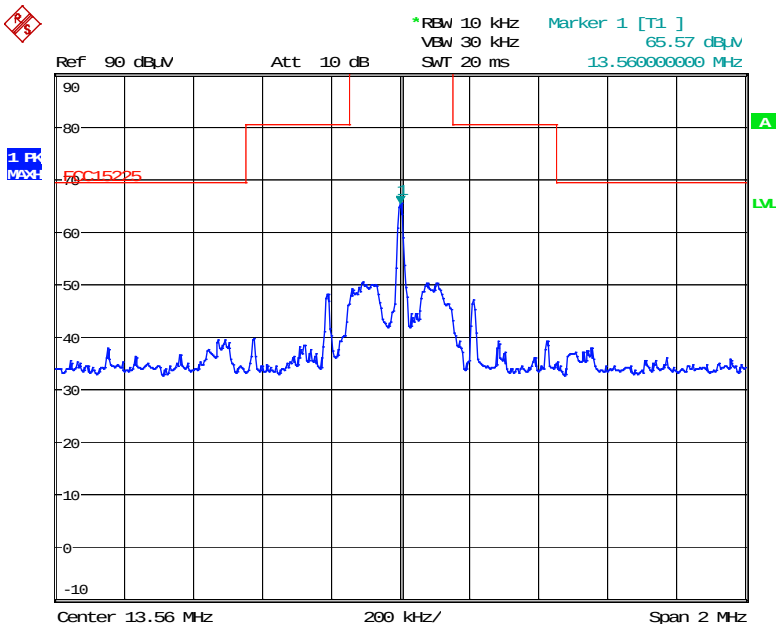

Date: 7.APR.2011 13:45:03

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8.6 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205 and 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2(b)(c) and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4

Limit:

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance d (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	67.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	87.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	30
1.705 - 13.110	30	29.5	30
13.110 - 13.410	106	40.5	30
13.410 - 13.553	334	50.5	30
13.553 - 13.567	15848	84.0	30
13.567 - 13.710	334	50.5	30
13.710 - 14.010	106	40.5	30
14.010 - 30.000	30	29.5	30

Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.

Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)

Comment:	
Date of test:	April 5, 2011
Test site:	Alternate test side

Test Result:	Test passed

Extrapolation factor: -40 dB/decade

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Distance d1 (m)	Distance d (m)	Reading Value (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Extrapolation Factor (dB)	Pulse Train Correction (dB)	Final Value (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
13.56000	Quasi-Peak	10	30	29.7	20.0	-19.1		30.6	84.0	**53.4**

Sample calculation of final values:

Extrapolation Factor (dB) = (Log(d) - Log(d_1)) · Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)

Final Value (dBµV/m) = Reading Value d_1 (dBµV) + Correction Factor (dB/m) + Extrapolation Factor (dB) + Pulse Train Correction (dB)

Note: Extrapolation factor (dB) and final value (dBµV/m) are relating to distance d.

8.7 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b) and 15.225(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2(b)(c) and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)
	30 - 88	100	40.0
	88 - 216	150	43.5
	216 - 960	200	46.0
	Above 960	500	54.0
	Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.		
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site (6.4)		

Comment:	
Date of test:	April 5, 2011
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8
Test distance:	3 meters

Test Result:	Test passed

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Pulse Train Correction (dB)	Final Value (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
31.800	vertical	Quasi-Peak	17.0	14.6		31.6	40.0	8.4
33.460	vertical	Quasi-Peak	17.0	14.5		31.5	40.0	8.5
40.700	vertical	Quasi-Peak	17.5	14.4		31.9	40.0	8.1
61.160	vertical	Quasi-Peak	19.9	12.5		32.4	40.0	7.6
62.910	vertical	Quasi-Peak	21.3	12.0		33.3	40.0	6.7
67.820	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	29.1	10.9		40.0	40.0	**0.0**
132.680	vertical	Quasi-Peak	23.5	10.1		33.6	43.5	9.9
156.250	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	24.0	9.9		33.9	43.5	9.6
168.050	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	23.8	10.3		34.1	43.5	9.4
386.440	vertical	Quasi-Peak	16.5	16.7		33.2	46.0	12.8
399.570	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	18.3	17.0		35.3	46.0	10.7
839.980	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	13.4	23.5		36.9	46.0	9.1
960.010	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	29.1	24.7		53.8	54.0	0.2

Sample calculation of final values:

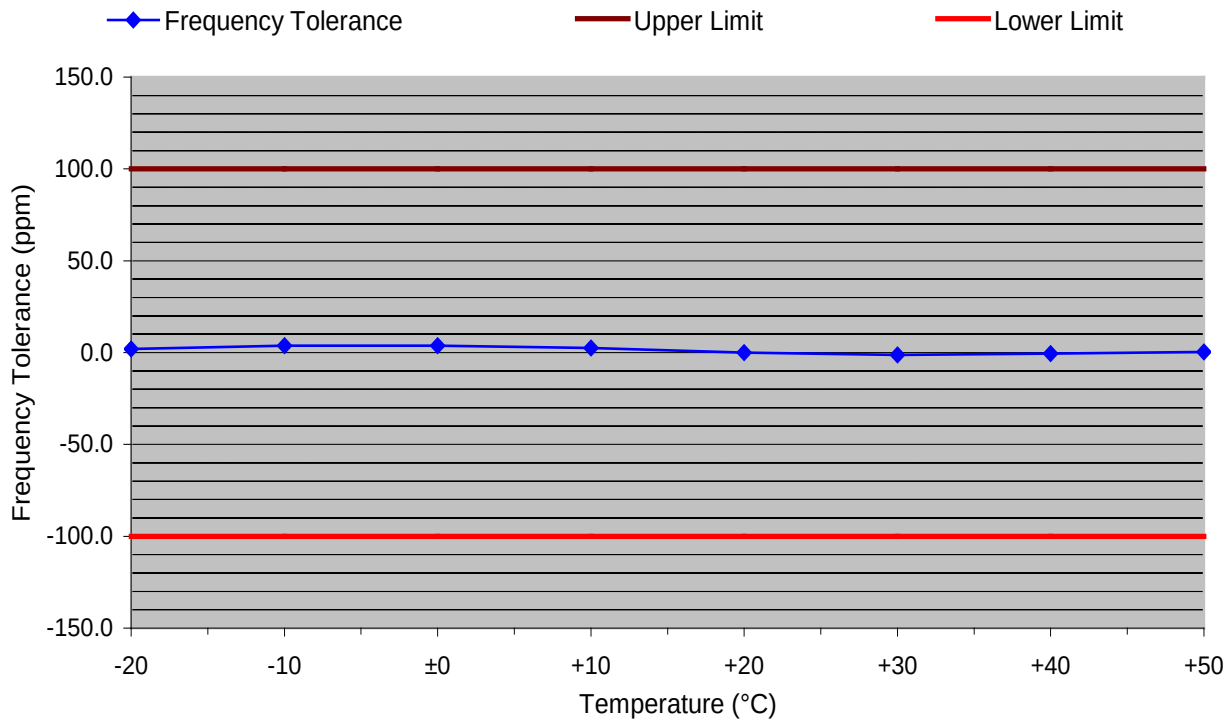
Final Value (dBµV/m) = Reading Value (dBµV) + Correction Factor (dB/m) + Pulse Train Correction (dB)

8.8 Carrier Frequency Stability

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(e) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.7 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Limit:	The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within ±0.01 % (±100 ppm) of the carrier frequency under nominal conditions.
Temperature range: Voltage range:	-20°C to +50°C (at normal supply voltage) 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage (at a temperature of +20°C)
Measurement procedure:	Carrier Frequency Stability (6.5)

Comment:	
Date of test:	April 4, 2011

8.8.1 Carrier Frequency Stability vs. Temperature

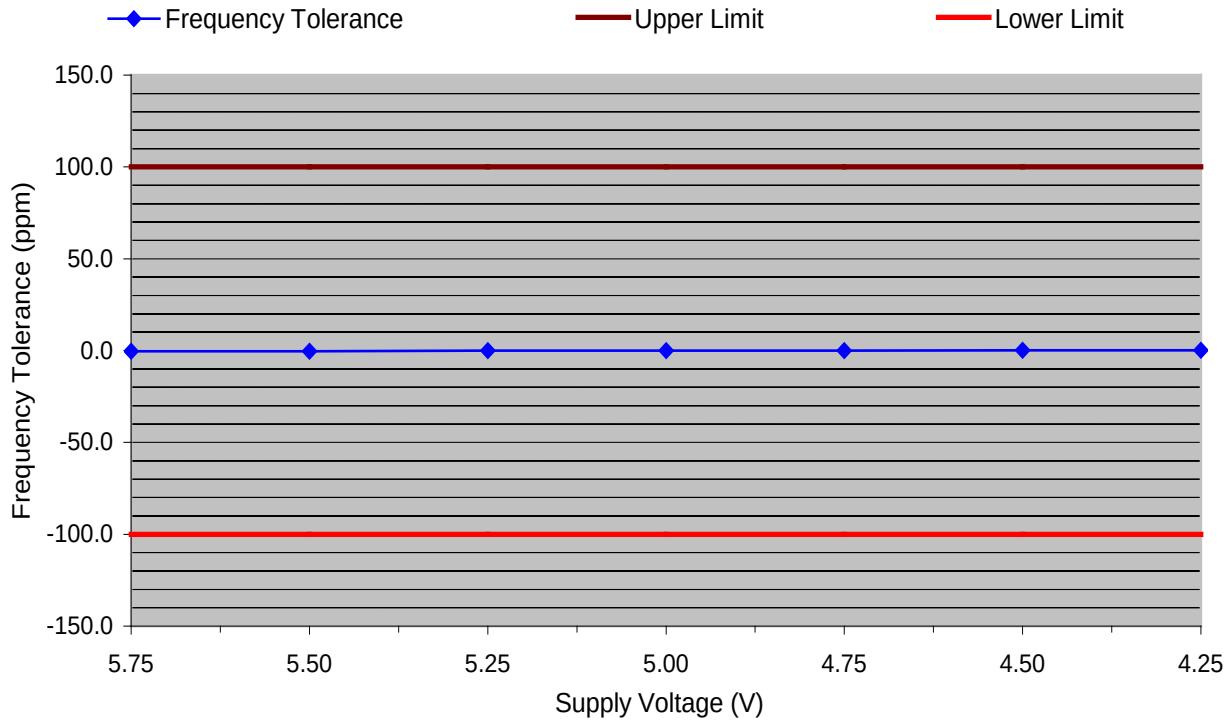


Supply voltage: 5 V Nominal frequency: 13.559821 MHz

Temperature (°C)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Upper Limit (ppm)	Lower Limit (ppm)	Margin (ppm)
-20	13.559848	27	2.0	+100.0	-100.0	98.0
-10	13.559871	50	3.7	+100.0	-100.0	**96.3**
±0	13.559871	50	3.7	+100.0	-100.0	**96.3**
+10	13.559854	33	2.4	+100.0	-100.0	97.6
+20	13.559821	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
+30	13.559803	-18	-1.3	+100.0	-100.0	98.7
+40	13.559813	-8	-0.6	+100.0	-100.0	99.4
+50	13.559825	4	0.3	+100.0	-100.0	99.7

Test Result:	Test passed

8.8.2 Carrier Frequency Stability vs. Supply Voltage



Temperature: +20 °C
Nominal frequency: 13.559828 MHz
Battery End Point: Not applicable

Supply Voltage (V)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Upper Limit (ppm)	Lower Limit (ppm)	Margin (ppm)
5.75	13.559823	-5	-0.4	+100.0	-100.0	**99.6**
5.50	13.559824	-4	-0.3	+100.0	-100.0	99.7
5.25	13.559827	-1	-0.1	+100.0	-100.0	99.9
5.00	13.559828	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
4.75	13.559829	1	0.1	+100.0	-100.0	99.9
4.50	13.559830	2	0.1	+100.0	-100.0	99.9
4.25	13.559830	2	0.1	+100.0	-100.0	99.9

Test Result:	Test passed

8.9 Exposure of Humans to RF Fields

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 5.5
Guide:	IC RSS-102 Issue 4, section 2.5

Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	Applicable	Declared by applicant	Measured	Exemption
The antenna is				
☐ detachable				
The conducted output power (CP in watts) is measured at the antenna connector: CP = **..... W**			☐	
The effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP in watts) is calculated using				
☐ the numerical antenna gain: G = **.....**		☐		
$EIRP = G \cdot CP \Rightarrow EIRP$ = **..... W**				
☐ the field strength[8] in V/m: FS = **..... V/m**			☐	
$EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30} \Rightarrow EIRP$ = **..... W**				
with:				
Distance between the antennas in m: D = **..... m**			☐	
☒ not detachable				
A field strength measurement is used to determine the effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP in watts) given by[8]: $EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30} \Rightarrow EIRP$ = **1.08 µW**				
with:				
Field strength in V/m: FS = **1.899 mV/m**			☒	
Distance between the two antennas in m: D = **3 m**			☒	
Selection of output power				
The output power TP is the higher of the conducted or effective isotropic radiated power (e.i.r.p.): TP = **1.08 µW**				

[8] The conversion formula is valid only for properly matched antennas. In other cases the transmitter output power may have to be measured by a terminated measurement when applying the exemption clauses.
If an open area test site is used for field strength measurement, the effect due to the metal ground reflecting plane should be subtracted from the maximum field strength value in order to reference it to free space, before calculating TP.

Exposure of Humans to RF Fields (continued)	Applicable	Declared by applicant	Measured	Exemption
Separation distance between the user and the transmitting device is				
☐ less than or equal to 20 cm ☒ greater than 20 cm		☒		
Transmitting device is				
☐ in the vicinity of the human head ☐ body-worn		☒		
SAR evaluation				
SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and the device is less than or equal to 20 cm.				
☐ The device operates from 3 kHz up to 1 GHz inclusively and with output power (i.e. the higher of the conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power) that is less than or equal to 200 mW for general public use and 1000 mW for controlled use.				☐
☐;				
☐ The device operates above 1 GHz and up to 2.2 GHz inclusively and with output power (i.e. the higher of the conducted or radiated (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power) that is less than or equal to 100 W for general public use and 500 W for controlled use.				☐
☐ The device operates above 2.2 GHz and up to 3 GHz inclusively and with output power (i.e. the higher of the conducted or radiated (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power) that is less than or equal to 20 mW for general public use and 100 mW for controlled use.				☐
☐ The device operates above 3 GHz and up to 6 GHz inclusively and with output power (i.e. the higher of the conducted or radiated (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power) that is less than or equal to 10 mW for general public use and 50 mW for controlled use.				☐
☐ SAR evaluation is documented in test report no.				
RF exposure evaluation				
RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and the device is greater than 20 cm.				
☒ The device operates below 1.5 GHz and the maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 2.5 W.				☒
☐ The device operates at or above 1.5 GHz and the maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W.				☐
☐ RF exposure evaluation is documented in test report no.				

9 Referenced Regulations

All tests were performed with reference to the following regulations and standards:

☒	CFR 47 Part 2	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2010
☒	CFR 47 Part 15	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2010
☒	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	December 11, 2003 (published on January 30, 2004)
☐	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	June 7, 2009 (published on September 15, 2009)
☒	RSS-Gen	Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 3 containing General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equimpment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☒	RSS-210	Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 Issue 8 for Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☐	RSS-310	Radio Standards Specification RSS-310 Issue 3 for Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category II Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
☒	RSS-102	Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 4: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), published by Industry Canada	March 2010
☐	ICES-003	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 4 for Digital Apparatus, published by Industry Canada	February 7, 2004
☒	CISPR 22	Third Edition of the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), Pub. 22, “Information Technology Equipment – Radio Disturbance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement”	1997

☐	CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22	Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10 Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	2002
☐	CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	2010
☒	TRC-43	Notes Regarding Designation of Emissions (Including Necessary Bandwidth and Classification), Class of Station and Nature of Service, published by Industry Canada	October, 2008

10 Test Equipment List with Calibration Data

Type	*Inv.-No.*	*Type Designation*	*Serial Number*	*Manufacturer*	*Calibration Organization*	*Last Calibration*	*Next Calibration*
EMI test receiver	1028	ESHS10	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	10/2010	04/2012
EMI test receiver	1711	ESPI7	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	04/2011	10/2012
EMI test receiver	2044	ESU8	100232	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	12/2010	06/2012
Spectrum analyser	1666	FSP30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2009	05/2011
V-network	1059	ESH3-Z5	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2010	11/2012
Loop antenna	1016	HFH2-Z2	882964/0001	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	09/2009	09/2011
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	1802	VULB 9163	9163-214	Schwarzbeck	Schwarzbeck	11/2009	05/2011
DC power supplì	1267	NGSM 32/10	203	Rohde & Schwarz	Senton	*	*

* No calibration required - devices checked by calibrated equipment before use

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SENTON

11 Revision History

Revision History			
Edition	*Date*	*Issued by*	*Modifications*
1	04.05.11	M. Steindl (cj)	First Edition
2	07.07.11	J. Roidt	Supplementary spectrum plot added

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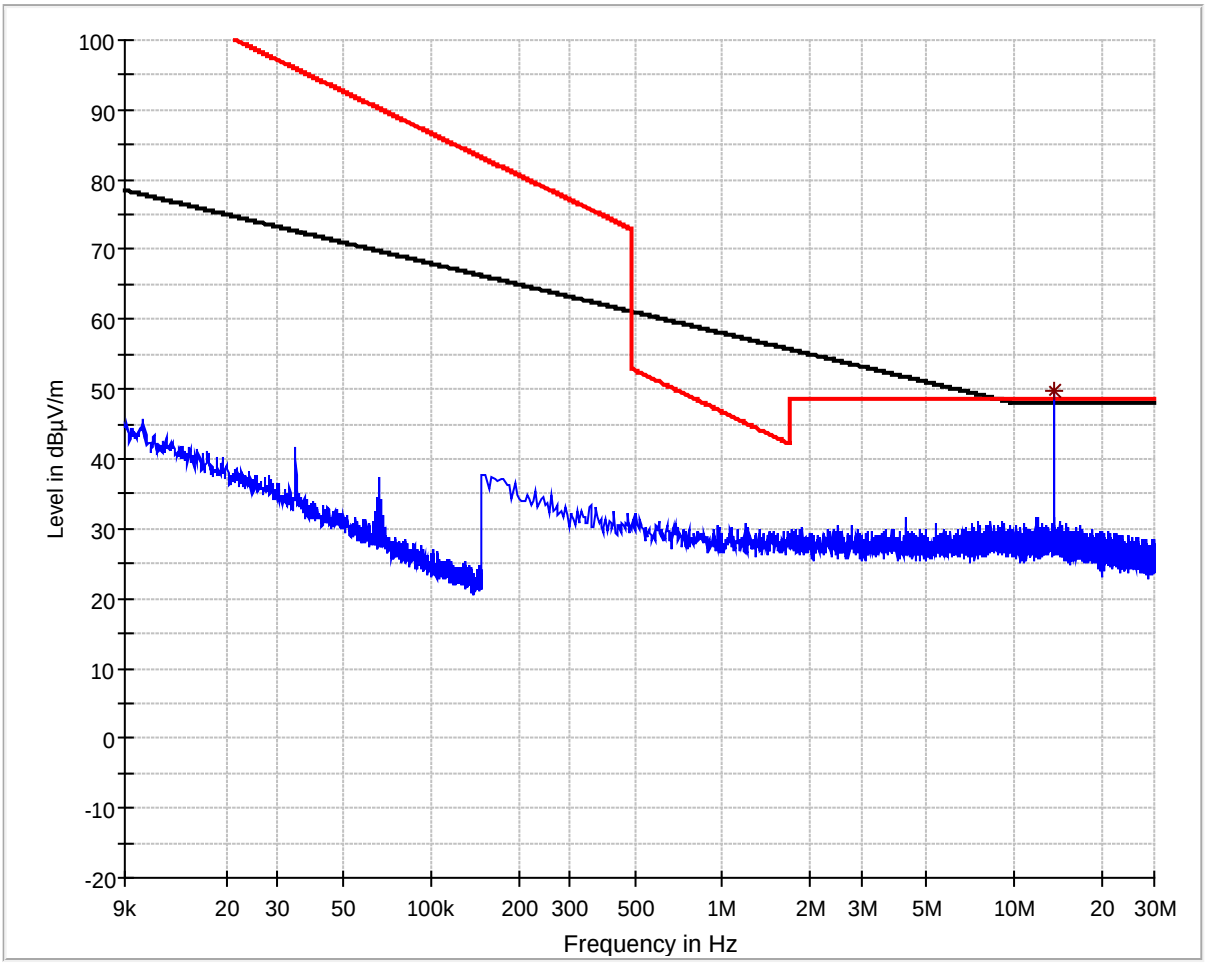
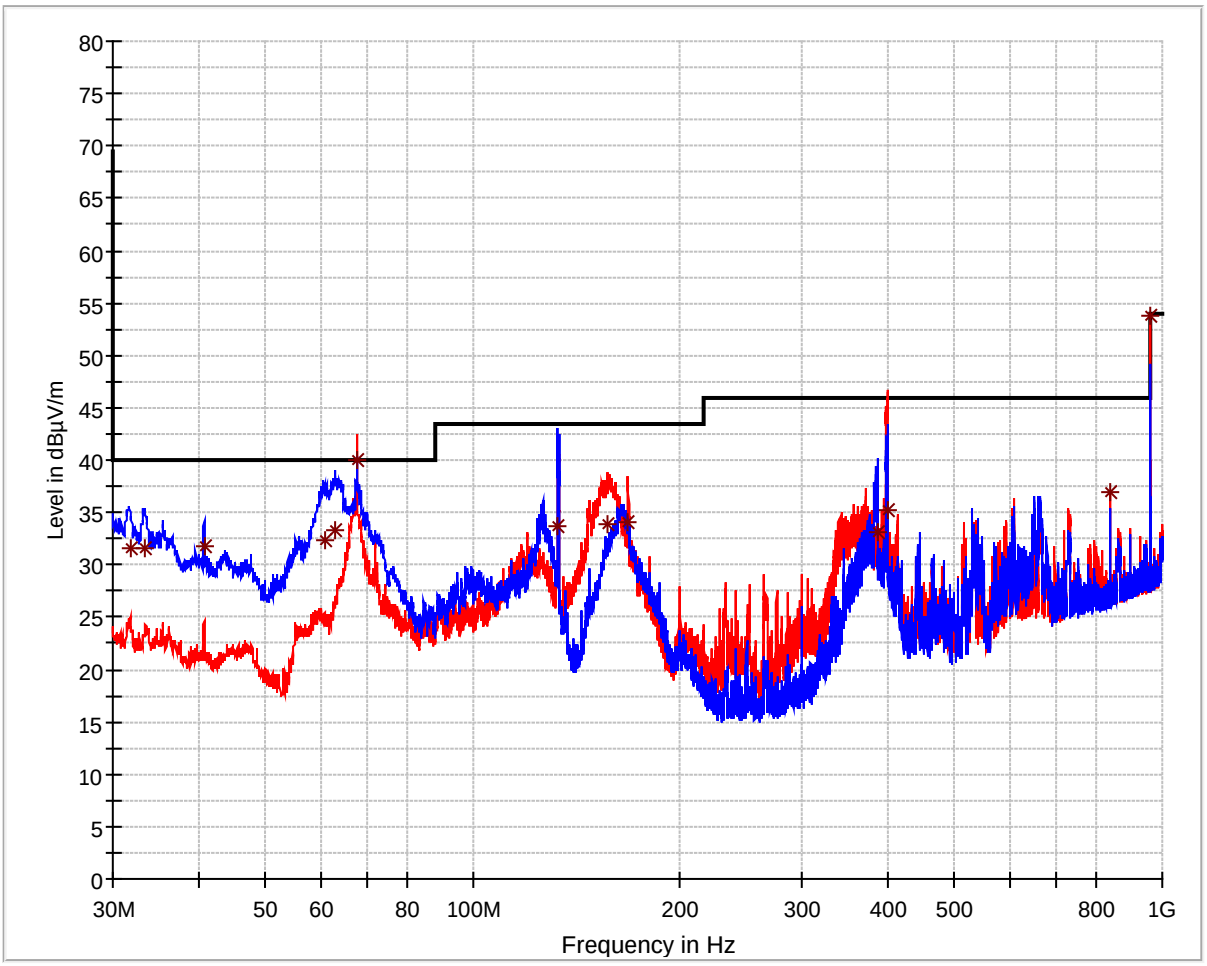
Annex A Charts taken during testing



EN 300 330 tx mag.LimitLine
Preview Result 1-PK+
FCC 15.209 mag (10 m).LimitLine
Final Result 1-QPK


Level in dBµV/m
Frequency in Hz
80
75
70
65
60
55
50
45
40
35
30
25
20
15
10
5
0
30M
50
60
80
100M
200
300
400
500
800
1G
FCC 15.209.LimitLine
Preview Result 1V-PK+
Preview Result 1H-PK+
Final Result 1-QPK