

# TEST REPORT

## DT&C Co., Ltd.

42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si,  
Gyeonggi-do, Korea  
Tel : 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664

Report No : DRTFCC1606-0084  
Pages:(1) / (37) page



### 1. Customer

- Name : GPI KOREA, Inc
- Address : Daebang Triplaon B-dong 201, 158 Haneulmaeul-ro lisandong-Gu, Goyang-Si  
Gyeonggi-Do South Korea

### 2. Use of Report : FCC & IC Original Grant

### 3. Product Name (FCCID, IC): Wireless Microphone Receiver (ZGPRF900R, 9627A-RF900R)

### 4. Date of Test : 2015-06-01 ~ 2016-06-08

### 5. Test Method Used : FCC Part 15 Subpart C 247 RSS-247 Issue 1 (2015-05), RSS-GEN Issue 4 (2014-11)

### 6. Testing Environment : See appended test report

### 7. Test Result : Pass Fail

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This Test Report cannot be reproduced, except in full.

Affirmation	Tested by Name : KwiCheol, Yeom (Signature)	Technical Manager Name : Geunki Son (Signature)
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2016 . 06 . 16 .

DT&C Co., Ltd.

\* If this test report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to [report@dtnc.net](mailto:report@dtnc.net)

## Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1606-0084	Jun. 16, 2016	Initial issue

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## 1. General Information

### 1.1 Testing Laboratory

#### DT&C Co., Ltd.

	Standard	Site number	Address
FCC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	165783	42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935
	<input type="checkbox"/>	804488	42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935
	<input type="checkbox"/>	596748	42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935
	<input type="checkbox"/>	678747	683-3, Yubang-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Kyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-080
IC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5740A-3	42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935
	<input type="checkbox"/>	5740A-2	683-3, Yubang-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Kyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-080
<a href="http://www.dtnc.net">www.dtnc.net</a>			
Telephone	:	+ 82-31-321-2664	
FAX	:	+ 82-31-321-1664	

### 1.2 Details of Applicant

Applicant : GPI KOREA, Inc  
 Address : Daebang Triplaoon B-dong 201, 158 Haneulmaeul-ro lisandong-Gu,  
 Goyang-Si Gyeonggi\_Do South Korea  
 Contact person : Jang Kijin  
 Phone No. : + 82-31-729-6009

### 1.3 Description of EUT

<b>Product</b>	Wireless Microphone Receiver
<b>Model Name</b>	GPWM-900RX2GN, EXPKS900R
<b>Serial Number</b>	Identical prototype
<b>Power Supply</b>	DC 12 V
<b>Hardware version</b>	HWRX-201605
<b>Software version</b>	SWRX-201605
<b>Test Software version</b>	1.16.1
<b>RF Power Setting in TEST SW</b>	1 dBm
<b>Frequency Range</b>	902.50 ~ 927.45 MHz
<b>Modulation Technique</b>	F1D
<b>Number of Channels</b>	500(Channel Spacing 50kHz)
<b>Antenna Type</b>	Tilt Antenna
<b>Antenna Gain</b>	Max. PK 1.268 dBi

### 1.4. Declaration by the manufacturer

- N/A

## 1.5. Test Equipment List

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	16/02/24	17/02/24	MY50200816
DIGITAL MULTIMETER	Agilent	34401A	16/01/05	17/01/05	US36099541
Dynamic Measurement DC Source	Agilent	66332A	15/09/09	16/09/09	MY43000440
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	16/01/05	17/01/05	255571
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMF100A	15/06/29	16/06/29	102341
50W 20dB ATT	SMAJK	SMAJK-50-20	15/10/19	16/10/19	3-50-20
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	16/04/22	17/04/22	120612-2
PreAmplifier	Agilent	8449B	16/02/24	17/02/24	3008A00370
LOOP Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	16/04/22	18/04/22	1513-128
Double-Ridged Guide Antenna	ETS	3117	16/05/03	18/05/03	140394
BiLOG Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9161	14/07/10	16/07/10	4070
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESU	15/07/14	16/07/14	100469
Highpass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX12-935-1000-15000-40SS	15/09/23	16/09/23	7

## 1.6. Summary of Test Results

FCC Part RSS Std.	Parameter	Limit (Using in 2400~ 2483.5 MHz)	Test Condition	Status Note 1
15.247(a) RSS-247(5.1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	>= 25 kHz or >= Two thirds of the 20 dB BW, whichever is greater.	Conducted	C
	Number of Hopping Frequencies	>= 15 hops		C
	20 dB Bandwidth	N/A		C
	Dwell Time	=< 0.4 seconds		C
15.247(b) RSS-247(5.4)	Transmitter Output Power	<b>For FCC</b> =< 1 Watt , if CHs >= 75 Others < 0.125 W <b>For IC</b> if CHs >= 75 =< 1 Watt For Conducted Power =< 4 Watt For e.i.r.p, Others =< 0.125 W For Conducted Power. =< 0.5 Watt For e.i.r.p	Conducted	C
15.247(d) RSS-247(5.5)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	The radiated emission to any 100 kHz of out-band shall be at least 20 dB below the highest in-band spectral density.		C
RSS Gen(6.6)	Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)	N/A		C
15.205 & 209 RSS-247(5.5) RSS-Gen (8.9 & 8.10)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	FCC 15.209 Limits RSS-Gen 8.9	Radiated	C Note2
15.207 RSS-Gen(8.8)	AC Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207 Limits	AC Line Conducted	NA Note4
15.203 RSS-Gen(8.3)	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	C

Note 1 : **C** = Comply   **NC** = Not Comply   **NT** = Not Tested   **NA** = Not Applicable

Note 2 : This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 3 : The sample was tested according to the following specifications :

- ANSI C63.10-2013

Note 4: This device is installed in a car. Therefore the power source is a battery of car.

## 1.7 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in three orthogonal EUT positions(X-axis, Y-axis and Z-axis).

Tested frequency information,

- Hopping Function: Enable

	TX Frequency(MHz)	RX Frequency(MHz)
<b>Hopping Band</b>	902.50 ~ 927.45	902.50 ~ 927.45

- Hopping Function: Disable

	TX Frequency(MHz)	RX Frequency(MHz)
<b>Lowest Channel</b>	902.50	902.50
<b>Middle Channel</b>	915.00	915.00
<b>Highest Channel</b>	927.45	927.45

## 2. Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

### 2.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

### 2.2. Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as defined in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\* Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88MHz, 174-216MHz or 470-806MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.52025	156.52475 ~	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	12.57675 ~	156.52525	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	12.57725	156.7 ~ 156.9	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	13.36 ~ 13.41	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.42 ~ 16.423	167.72 ~ 173.2	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	16.69475 ~	240 ~ 285	2655 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	16.69525	322 ~ 335.4	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	16.80425 ~	399.90 ~ 410	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	16.80475	608 ~ 614	3345.8 ~ 3358		
	25.5 ~ 25.67	960 ~ 1240	3600 ~ 4400		
	37.5 ~ 38.25				
	73 ~ 74.6				
	74.8 ~ 75.2				

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

## 2.3. Test Procedures

### 2.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.  
The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

NOTE :

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.

### 2.3.2. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. The **reference level** of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW=100 kHz, VBW=300 kHz.
3. The conducted spurious emission was tested each ranges were set as below.

**Frequency range: 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz**

RBW= 100kHz, VBW= 300kHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT: 10001

**Frequency range: 30 MHz ~ 10 GHz**

RBW= 100kHz, VBW= 300kHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT: 10001

**LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)**

## 2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : 23 ~ 25 °C  
 Relative humidity : 42 ~ 44 %

### 2.4.1. Radiated Emission

#### 9kHz ~ 10GHz Data

##### ▪ Lowest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F. (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2707.150	V	X	PK	49.94	1.77	N/A	51.71	74.00	22.29
2707.520	V	X	AV	42.08	1.77	N/A	43.85	54.00	10.15
3609.675	H	X	PK	49.57	3.24	N/A	52.81	74.00	21.19
3610.010	H	X	AV	42.26	3.24	N/A	45.50	54.00	8.50

##### ▪ Middle Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F. (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2745.190	V	X	PK	50.25	1.45	N/A	51.70	74.00	22.30
2745.005	V	X	AV	42.40	1.45	N/A	43.85	54.00	10.15
3659.700	H	X	PK	49.37	3.62	N/A	52.99	74.00	21.01
3660.015	H	X	AV	42.08	3.62	N/A	45.70	54.00	8.30

##### ▪ Highest Channel

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	The worst case EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	D.C.F. (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2782.635	V	X	PK	48.86	1.66	N/A	50.52	74.00	23.48
2782.380	V	X	AV	40.05	1.66	N/A	41.71	54.00	12.29
3709.995	H	X	PK	48.50	4.35	N/A	52.85	74.00	21.15
3709.805	H	X	AV	39.65	4.35	N/A	44.00	54.00	10.00

#### Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were reported greater than listed emissions above table.

2. Above listed point data is the worst case data.

3. Sample Calculation.

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCF} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,

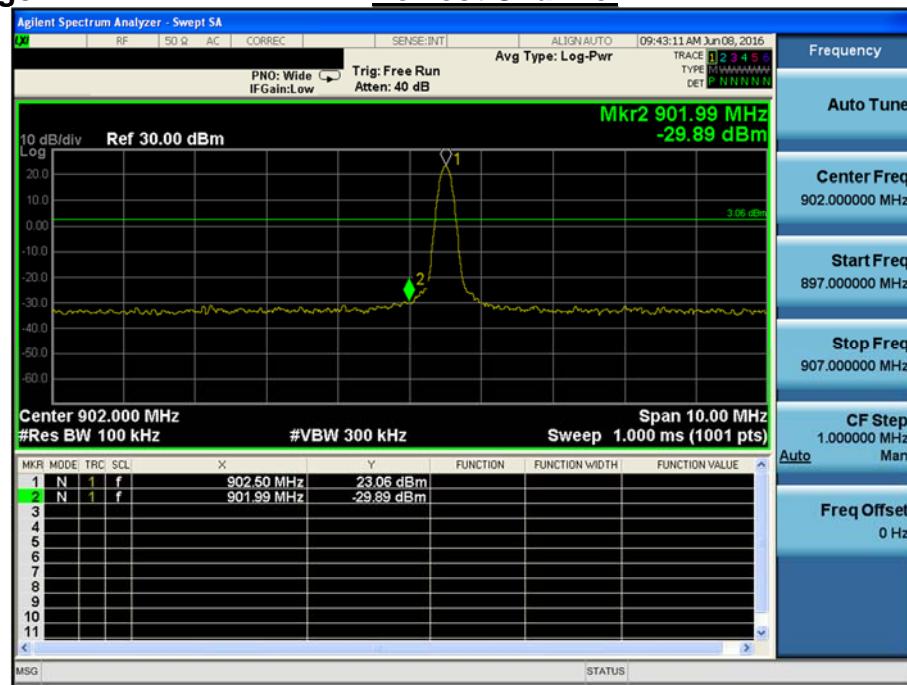
DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor

4. EUT had its hopping function disabled at the highest, middle and the lowest available channels.

## 2.4.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions

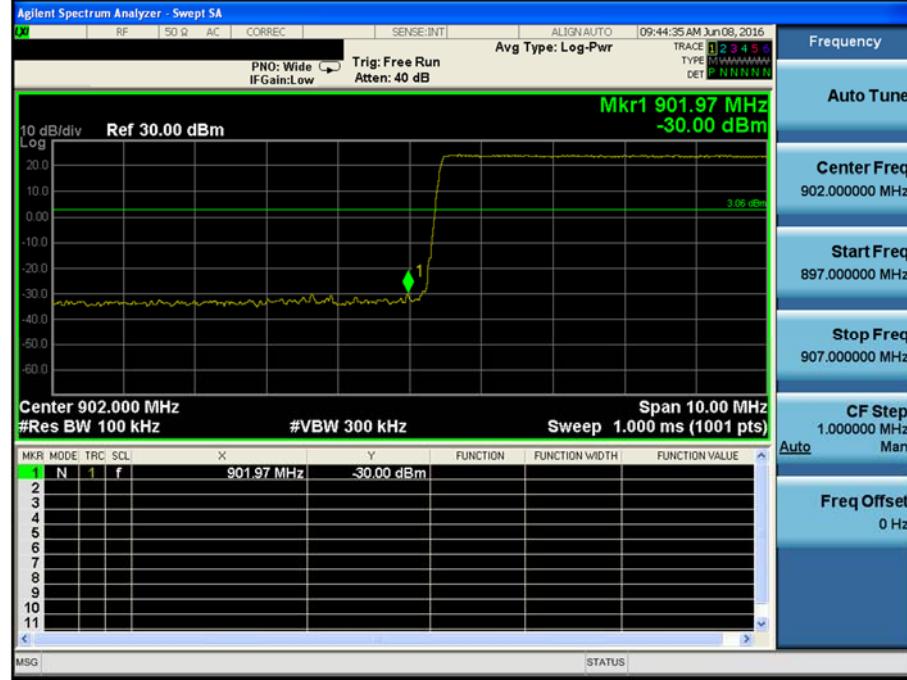
### Low Band-edge

### Lowest Channel



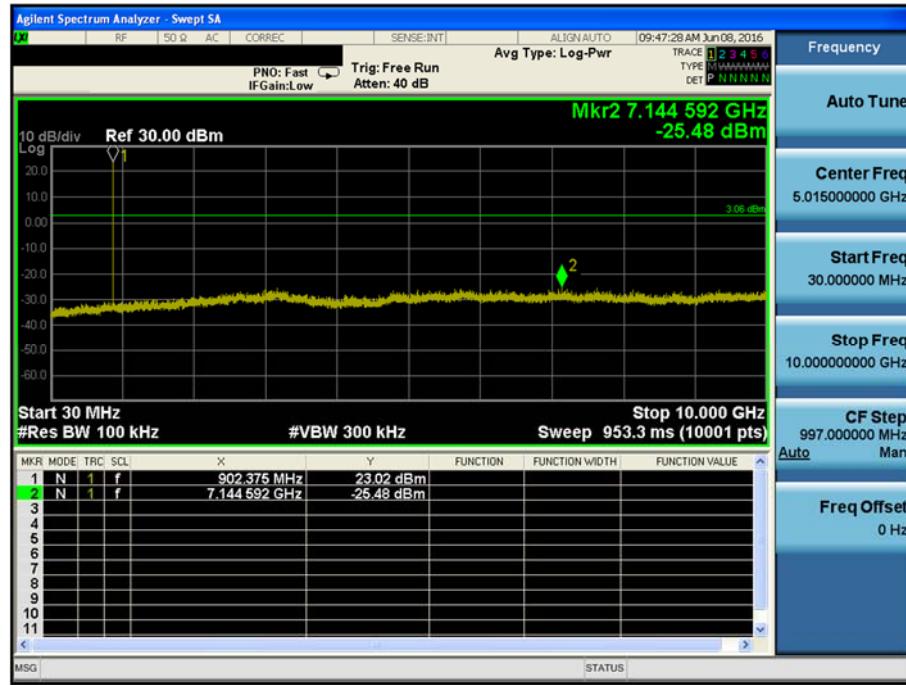
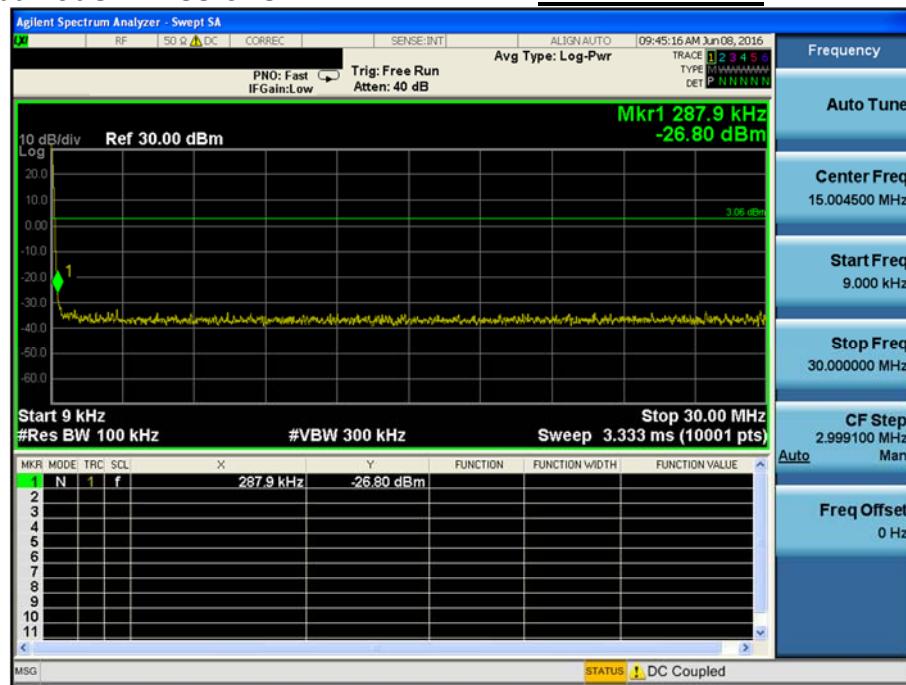
### Low Band-edge

### Hopping mode



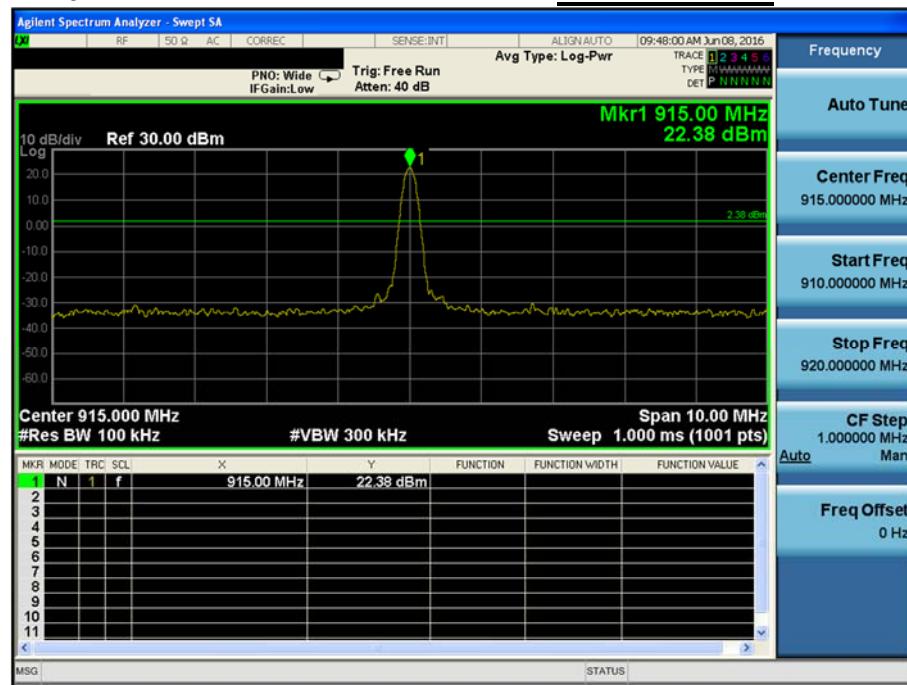
## Conducted Spurious Emissions

## Lowest Channel



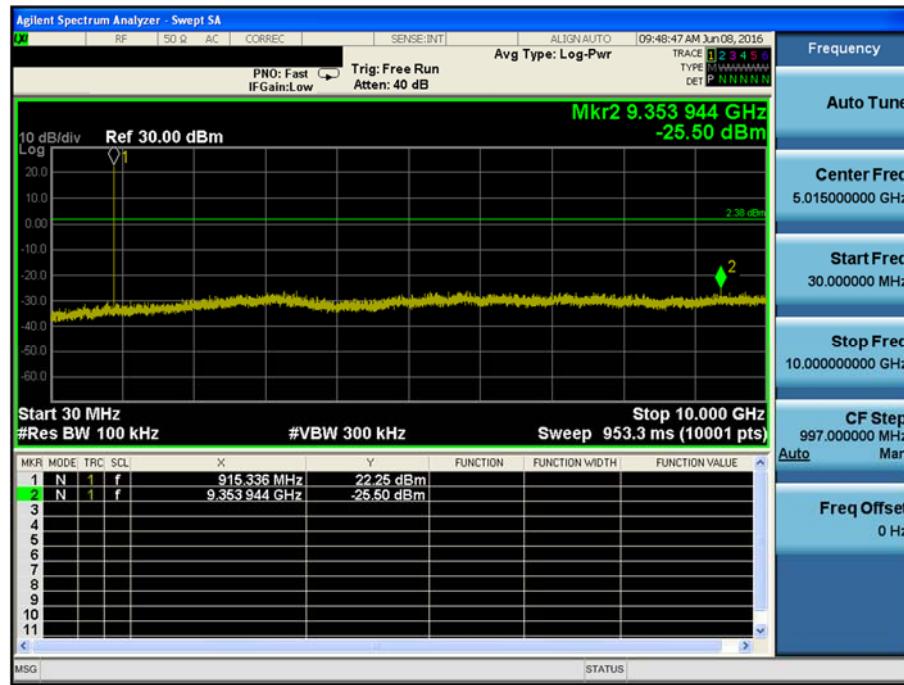
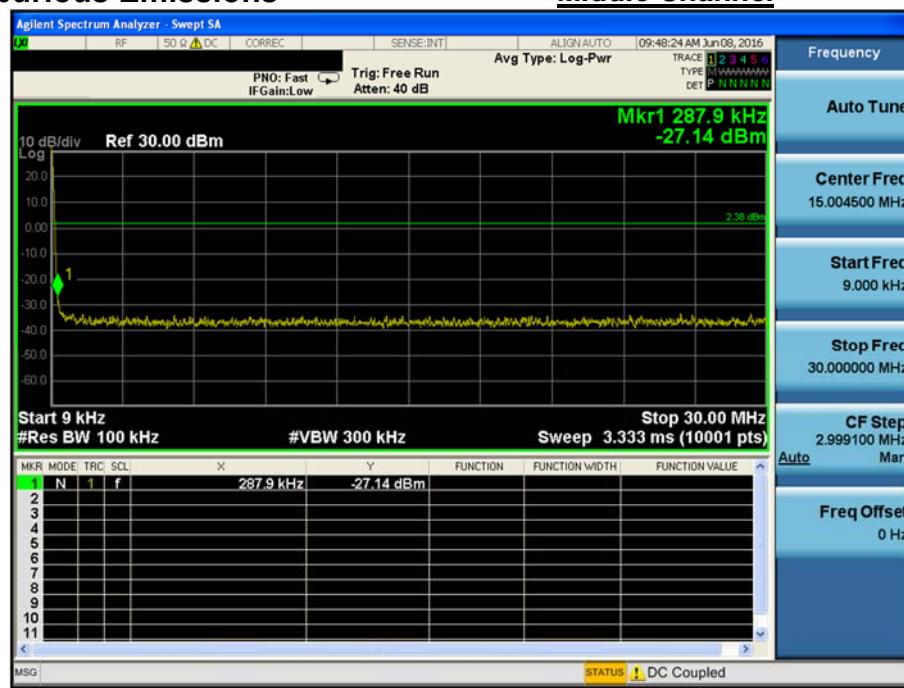
## Reference for limit

## Middle Channel

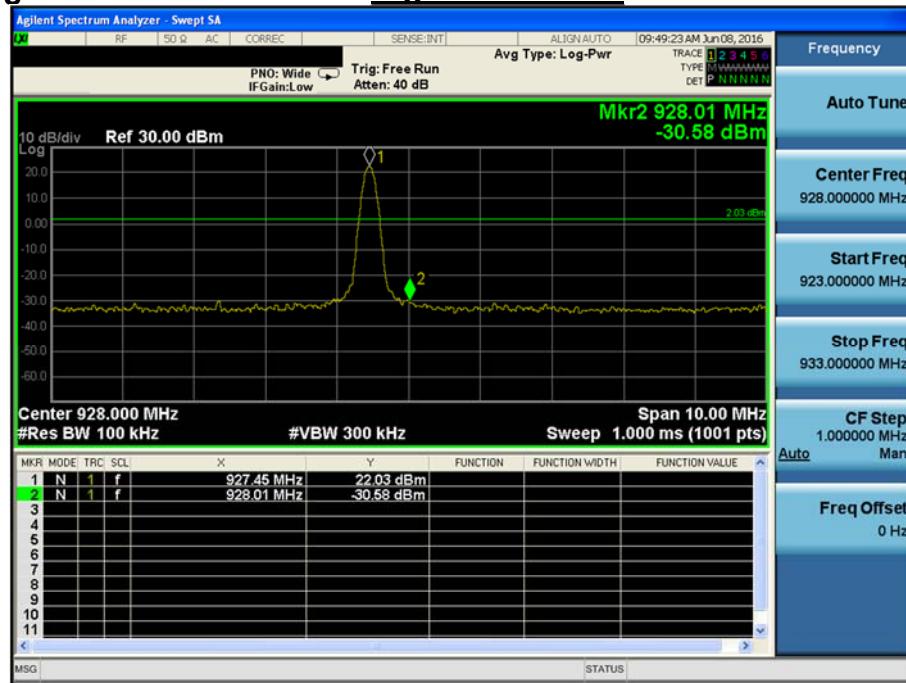


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

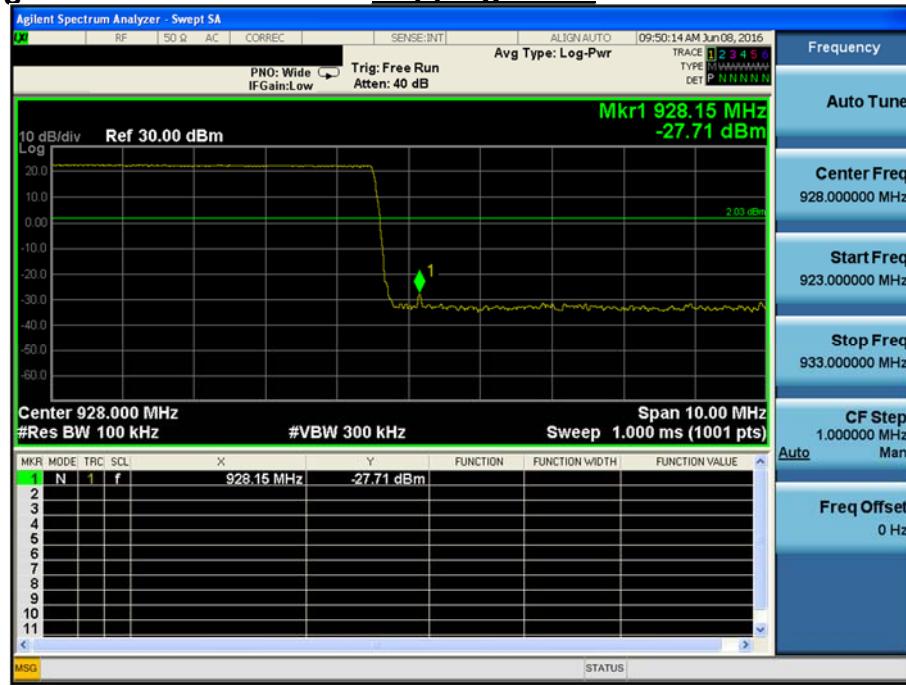
## Middle Channel



## High Band-edge

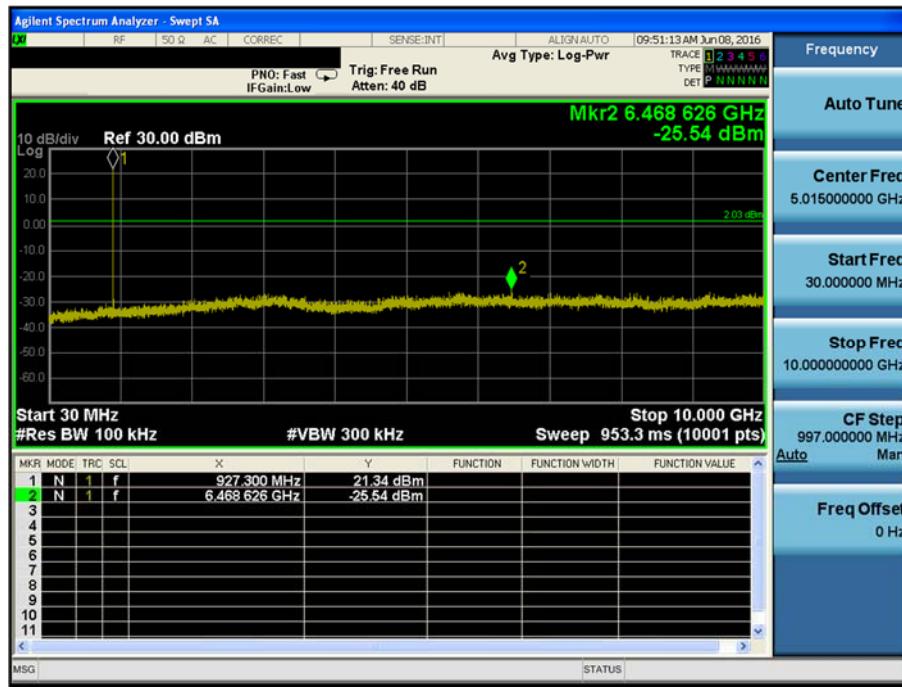
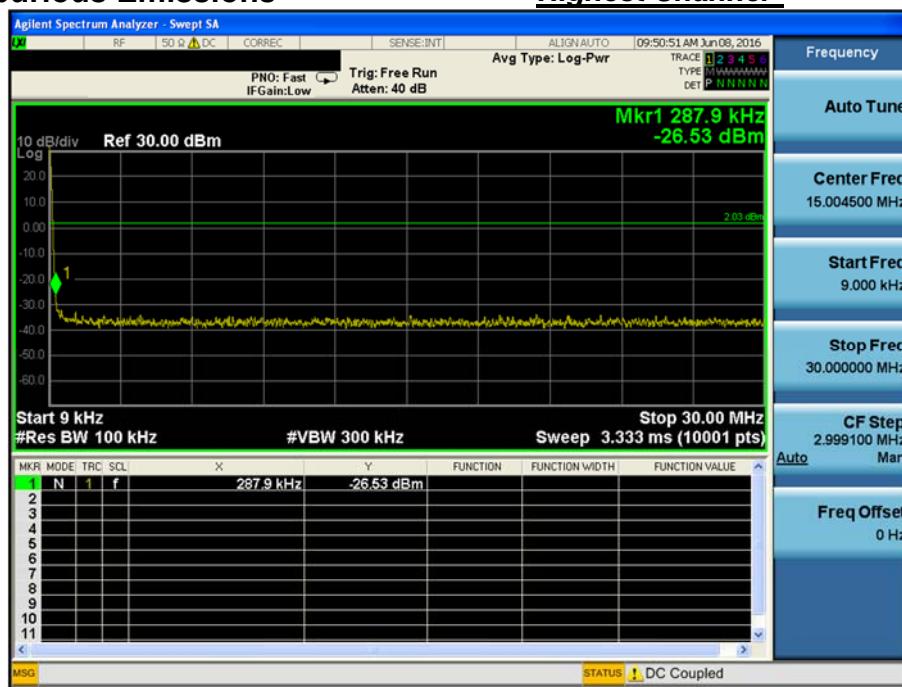
*Highest Channel*

## High Band-edge

*Hopping mode*

## Conducted Spurious Emissions

## Highest Channel



### 3. Carrier Frequency Separation

#### 3.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 3.2. Limit

The EUT shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

#### 3.3 Test Procedure:

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW = 1% of the span

Sweep = auto

VBW =  $\geq$  RBW

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

#### 3.4 Test Results:

Hopping Mode	Peak of center channel (MHz)	Peak of adjacent Channel (MHz)	Test Result (kHz)
Enable	914.9899	915.0399	50.0



## 4. Number of Hopping Frequencies

### 4.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

### 4.2. Limit

Limit:  $\geq 50$  hops

### 4.3 Test Procedure:

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = 3 MHz (Start Frequency = 902 MHz / Stop Frequency = 905 MHz)  
 (Start Frequency = 905 MHz / Stop Frequency = 908 MHz)  
 (Start Frequency = 908 MHz / Stop Frequency = 911 MHz)  
 (Start Frequency = 911 MHz / Stop Frequency = 914 MHz)  
 (Start Frequency = 914 MHz / Stop Frequency = 917 MHz)  
 (Start Frequency = 917 MHz / Stop Frequency = 920 MHz)  
 (Start Frequency = 920 MHz / Stop Frequency = 923 MHz)  
 (Start Frequency = 923 MHz / Stop Frequency = 926 MHz)  
 (Start Frequency = 926 MHz / Stop Frequency = 929 MHz)

RBW = 1% of the span or more Sweep = auto

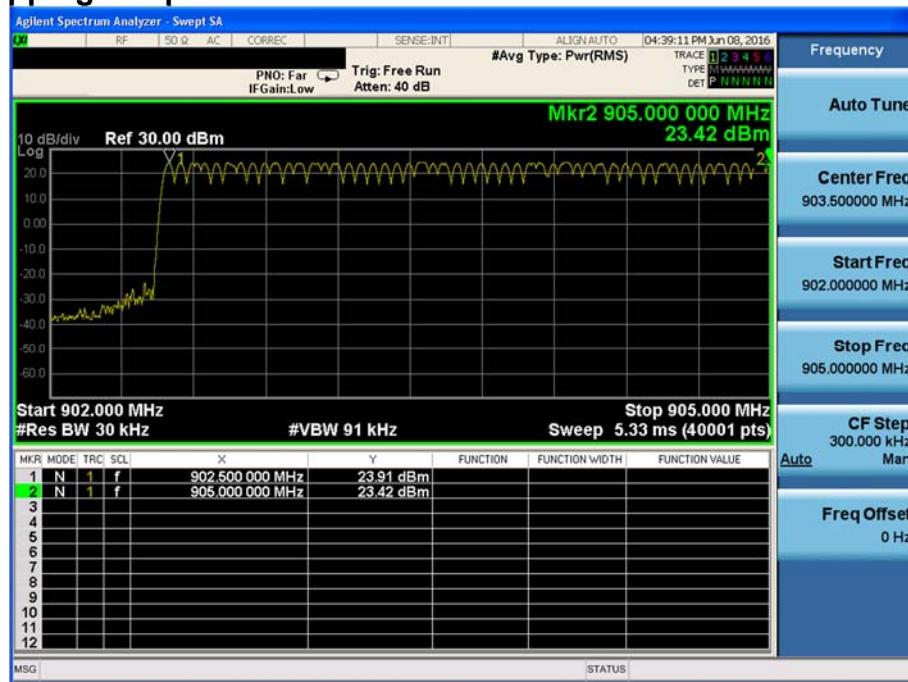
VBW =  $\geq$  RBW Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

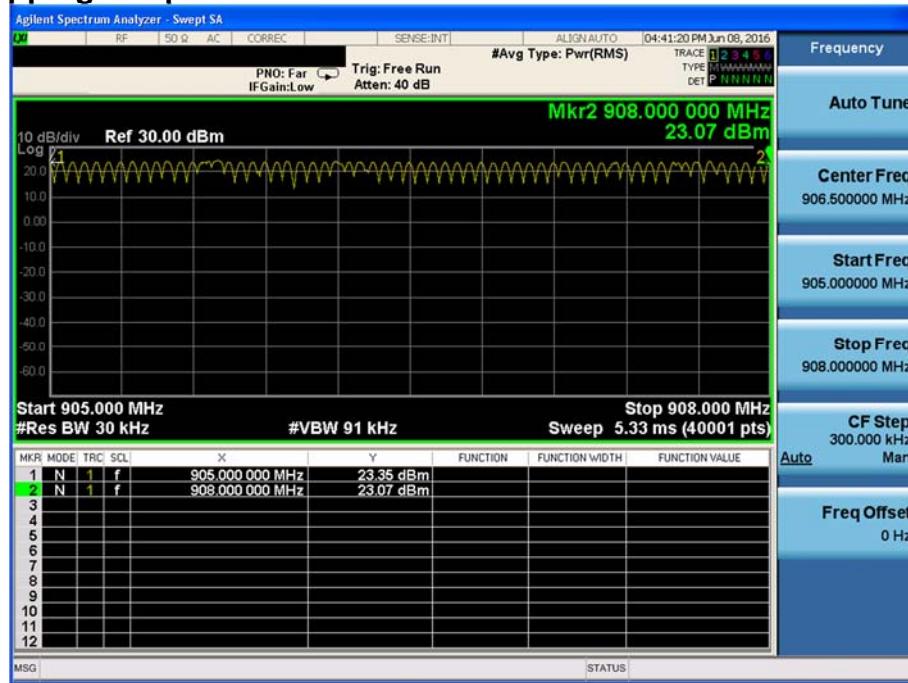
### 4.4 Test Results:

Hopping mode	Test Result (Total Hops)
Enable	500

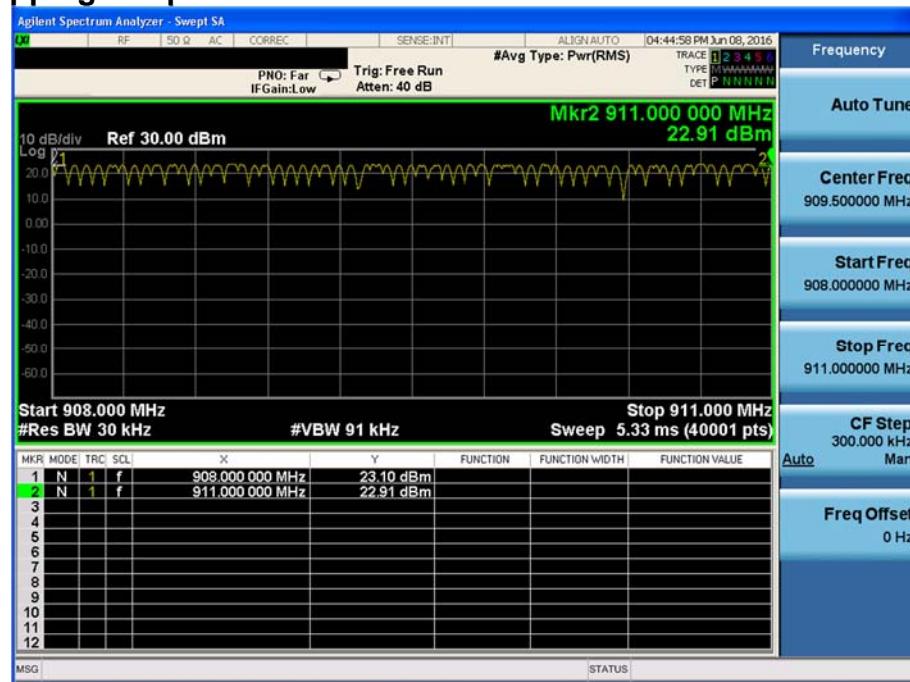
## Number of Hopping Frequencies 1



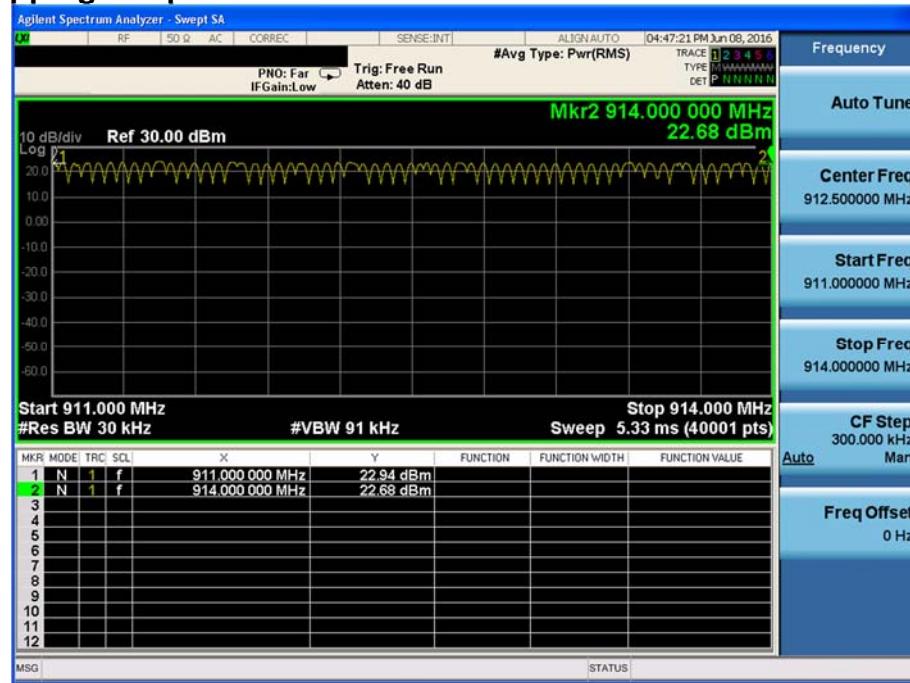
## Number of Hopping Frequencies 2



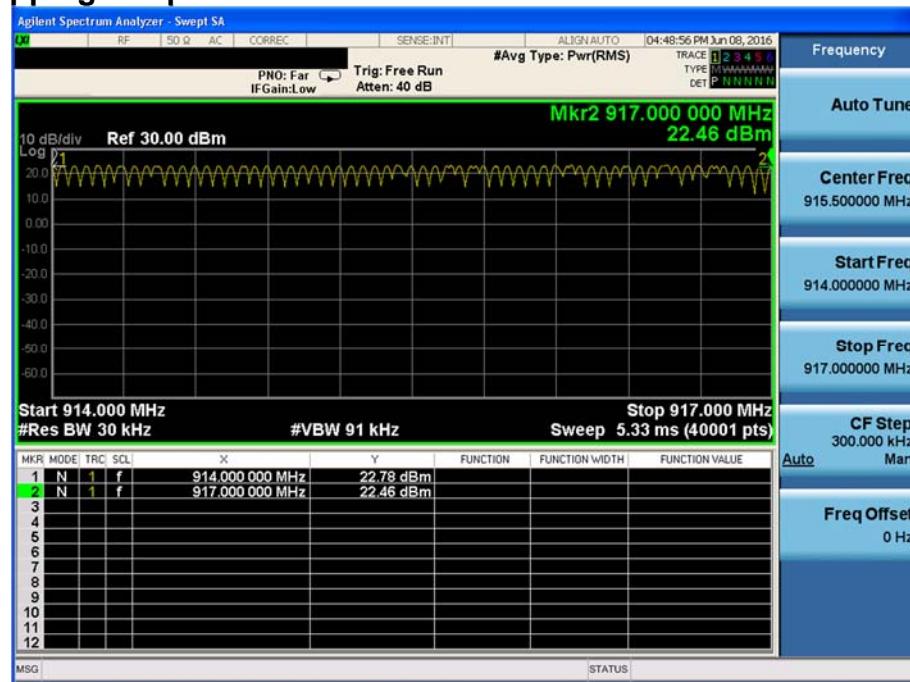
## Number of Hopping Frequencies 3



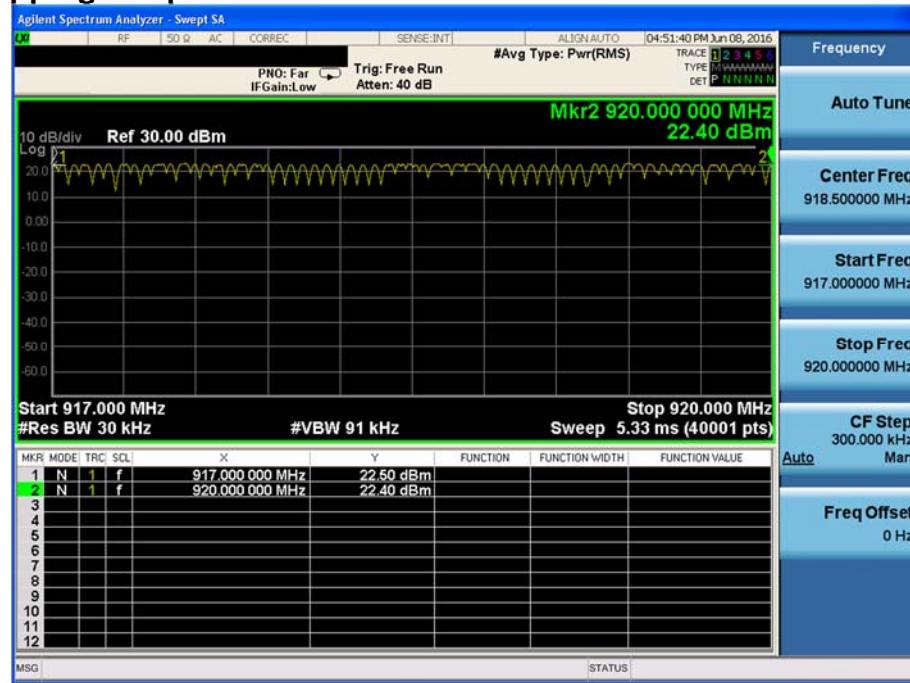
## Number of Hopping Frequencies 4



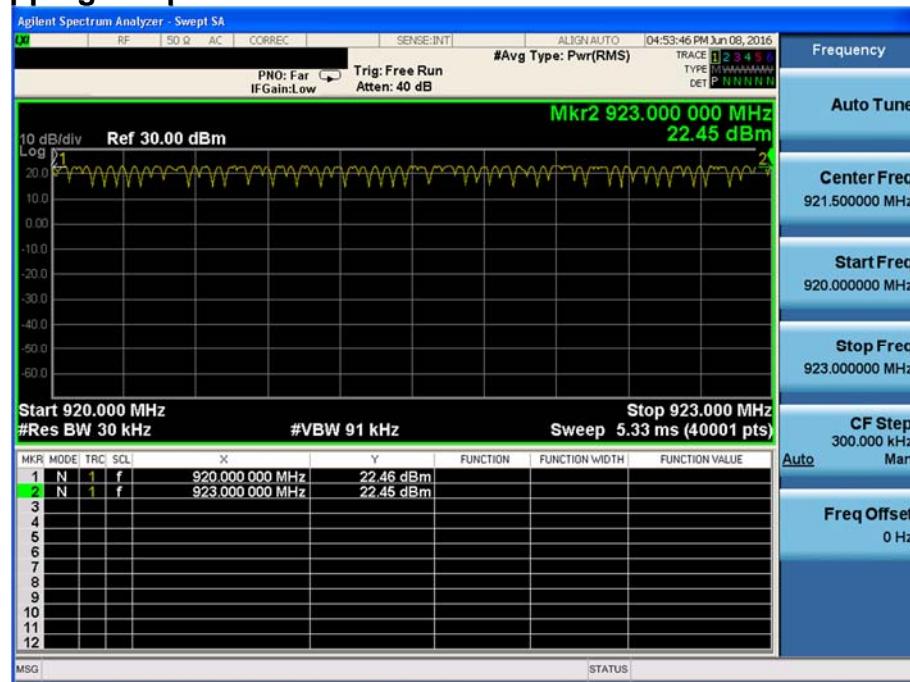
## Number of Hopping Frequencies 5



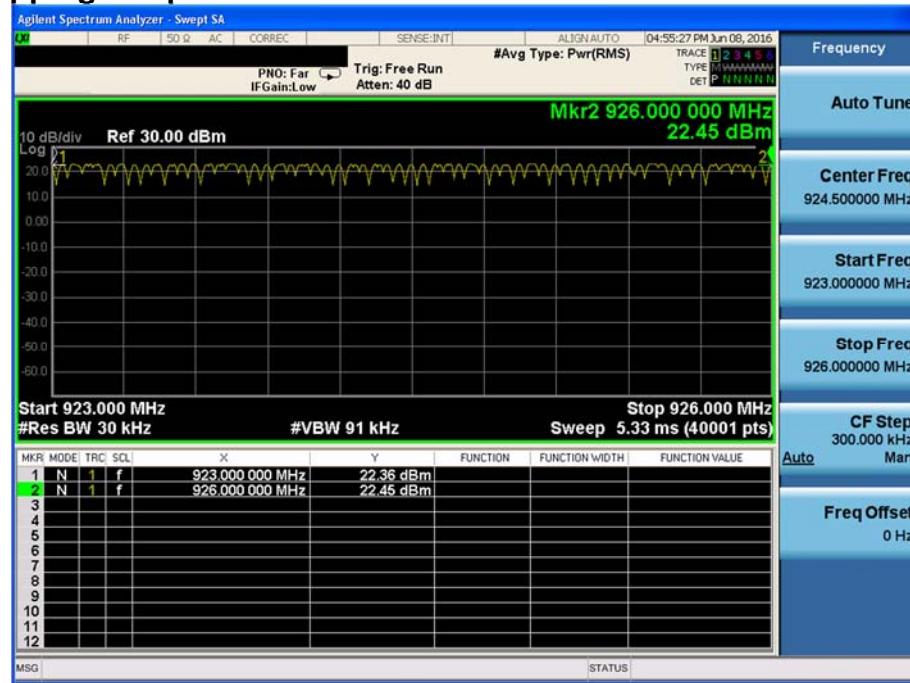
## Number of Hopping Frequencies 6



## Number of Hopping Frequencies 7



## Number of Hopping Frequencies 8



## Number of Hopping Frequencies 9



## 5. 20 dBc BW

### 5.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

### 5.2. Limit

Limit: < 250kHz for applying the hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy

### 5.3. Test Procedure

The bandwidth at 20 dB below the highest in band spectral density was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function disabled at the highest, middle and the lowest available channels.

After the trace being stable, Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20dB down one side of the emission. Reset the marker-delta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is ( as close as possible to ) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = the highest, middle and the lowest channels

Span = 20 kHz

RBW = 1 kHz

Sweep = auto

VBW =  $\geq$  RBW

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

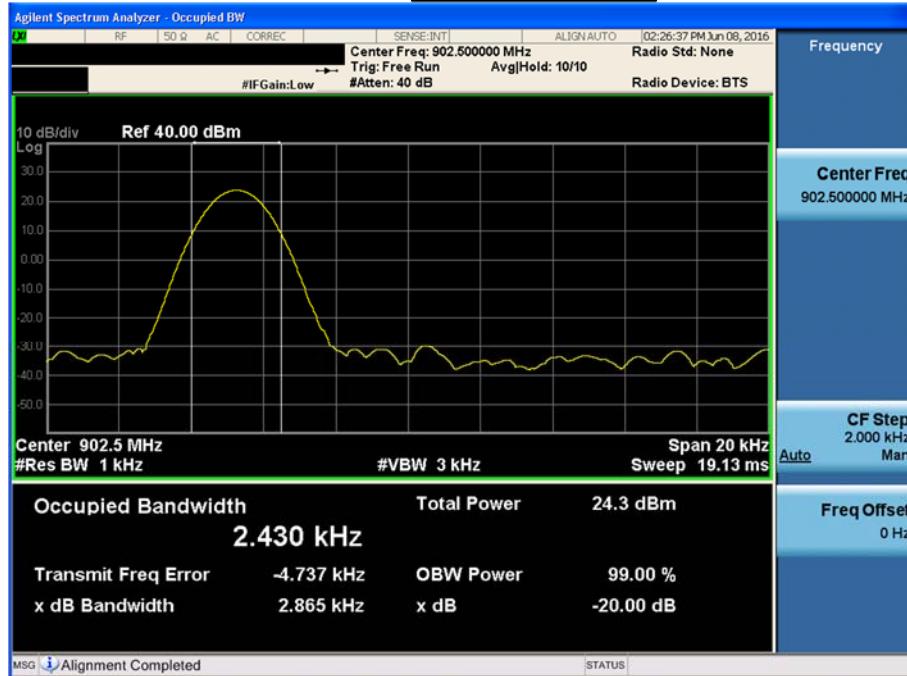
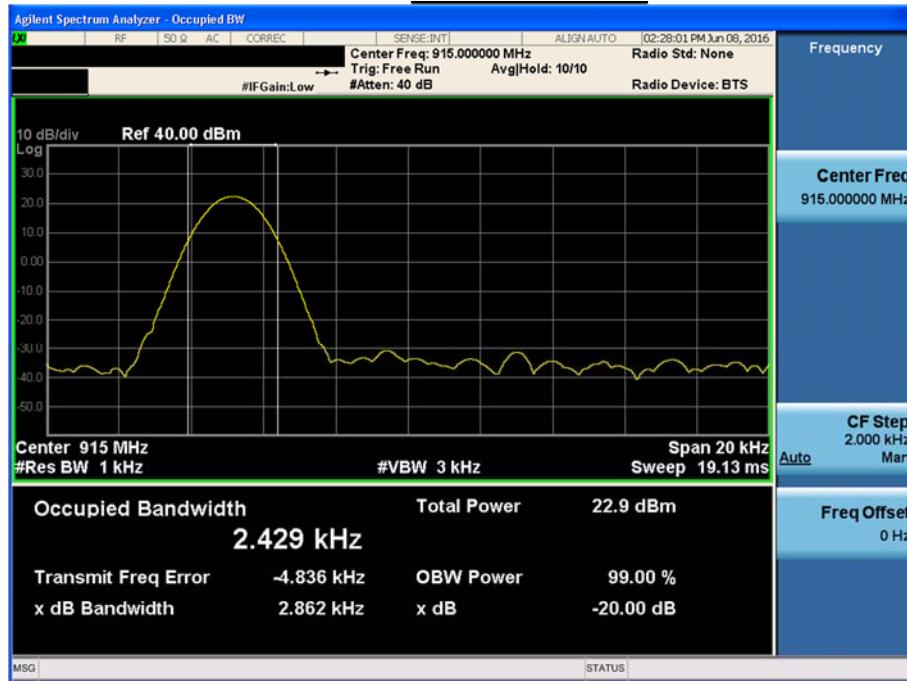
### 5.4. Test Results

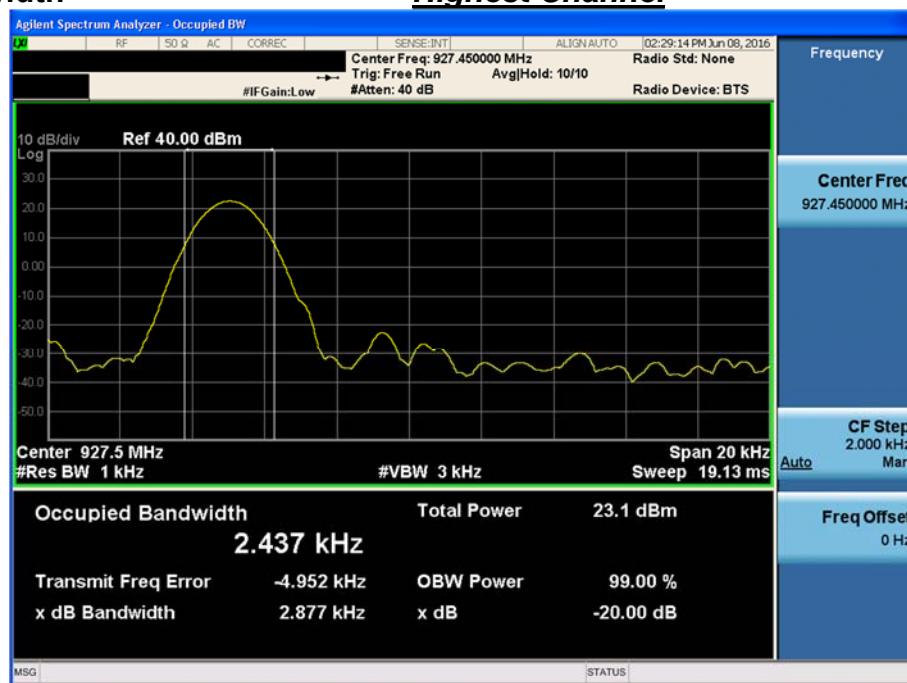
Ambient temperature : 24 ~ 25 °C

Relative humidity : 42 ~45 %

Frequency (MHz)	Tested Channel	20dBc BW (kHz)
902.50	Lowest	2.87
915.00	Middle	2.86
927.45	Highest	2.88

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

**20dBc Bandwidth****Lowest Channel****20dBc Bandwidth****Middle Channel**

**20dBc Bandwidth****Highest Channel**

## 6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

### 6.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

### 6.2. Limit

Limit: < 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period

### 6.3. Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

RBW = 100kHz

VBW =  $\geq$  RBW

Span = zero

Detector function = peak

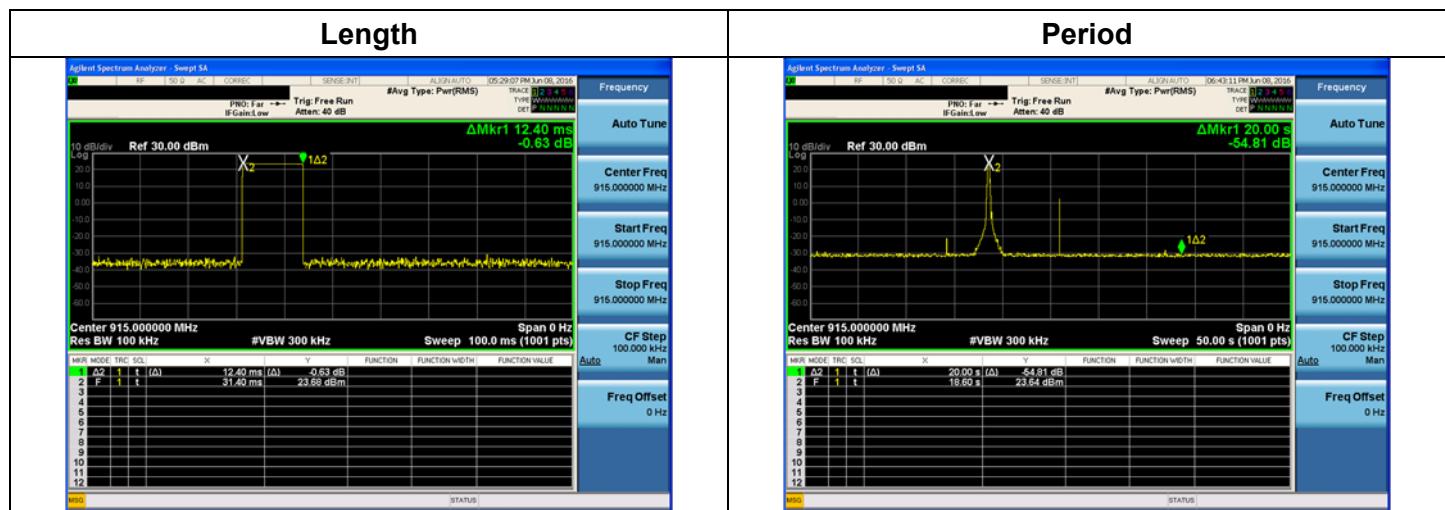
Trace max hold

### 6.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : 24 ~ 25 °C

Relative humidity : 42 ~ 43 %

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Length (ms)	Number	Dwell Time (ms)
915.00	12.4	1	12.4



## 7. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement

### 7.1. Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

### 7.2. Limit

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

1. §15.247(b)(2), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels,

### 7.3. Test Procedure

1. The RF power output was measured with a Spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.

2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using ;

RBW  $\geq$  20dB BW

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

### 7.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : 24 ~ 25 °C

Relative humidity : 42 ~ 43 %

Tested Channel	Peak Output Power		Average Power	
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW
Lowest	23.860	243.220	5.73	3.740
Middle	23.760	237.684	5.63	3.655
Highest	22.030	159.588	3.90	2.454

Note 1: See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

Note 2: Average Power = Peak Output Power – Duty Cycle Correction Factor

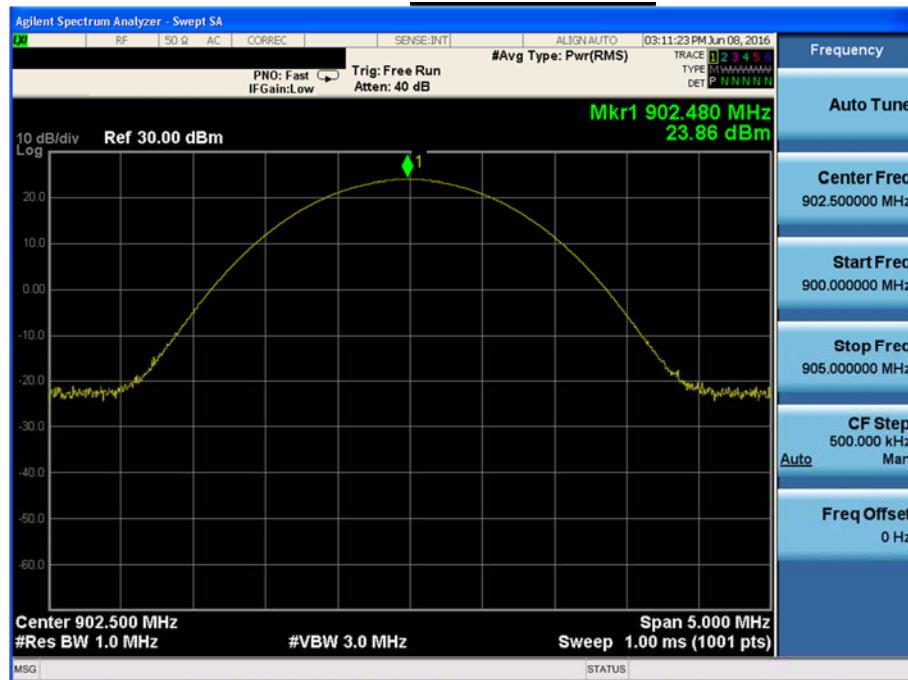
\* Duty Cycle Correction Factor

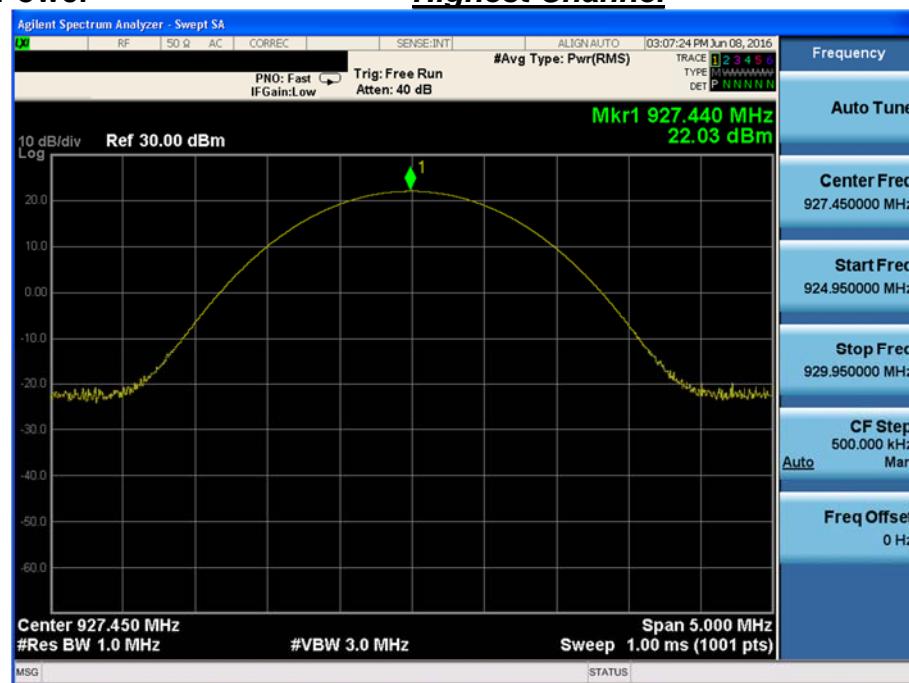
- Pulse on time: 12.4ms

- Total on time: 12.4ms x 1pulses= 12.4ms

Duty Cycle Correction Factor =  $20 \times \log(12.4 \text{ ms} / 100 \text{ ms}) = -18.13 \text{ dB}$

\*See clause 6.4 for actual measured spectrum plots.

**Peak Output Power****Lowest Channel****Peak Output Power****Middle Channel**

**Peak Output Power****Highest Channel**

## 8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

### 8.1. Test Setup

N/A

### 8.2. Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network(LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

### 8.3. Test Procedures

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

### 8.4. Test Results

N/A

## 9. Antenna Requirement

### 9.1 Procedure

Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that either its antenna is permanently attached, or that it employs a unique antenna connector, for every antenna proposed for use with the EUT.

### 9.2 Conclusion

: **Comply**

**The antenna is dipole antenna, the antenna connector adheres to the antenna permanently with the glue.**

**Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203**

#### Minimum Standard:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions.

## 10. Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

### 10.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

### 10.2 Limit

Limit : Not Applicable

### 10.3 Test Procedure

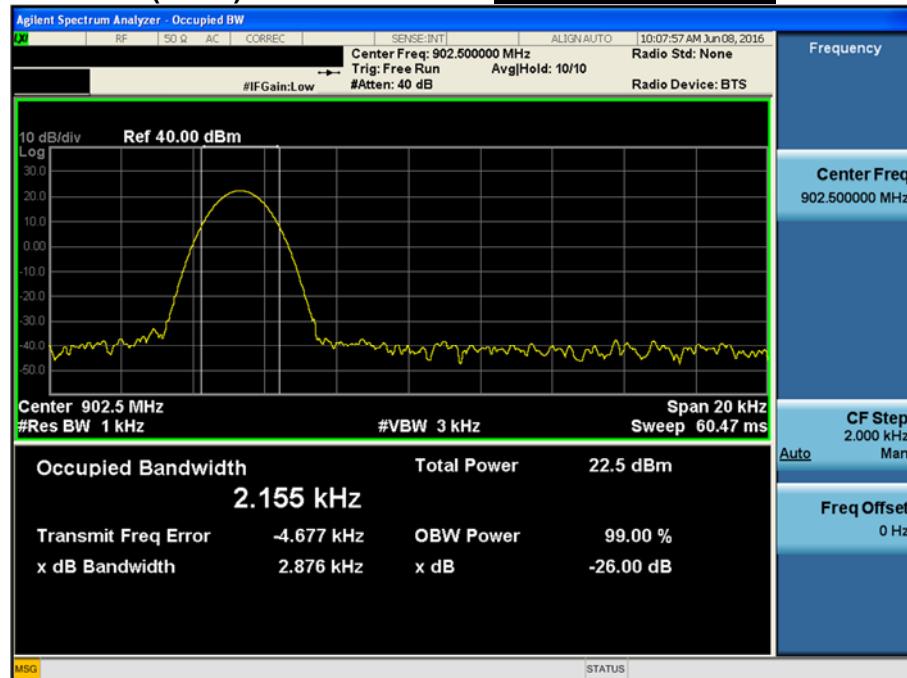
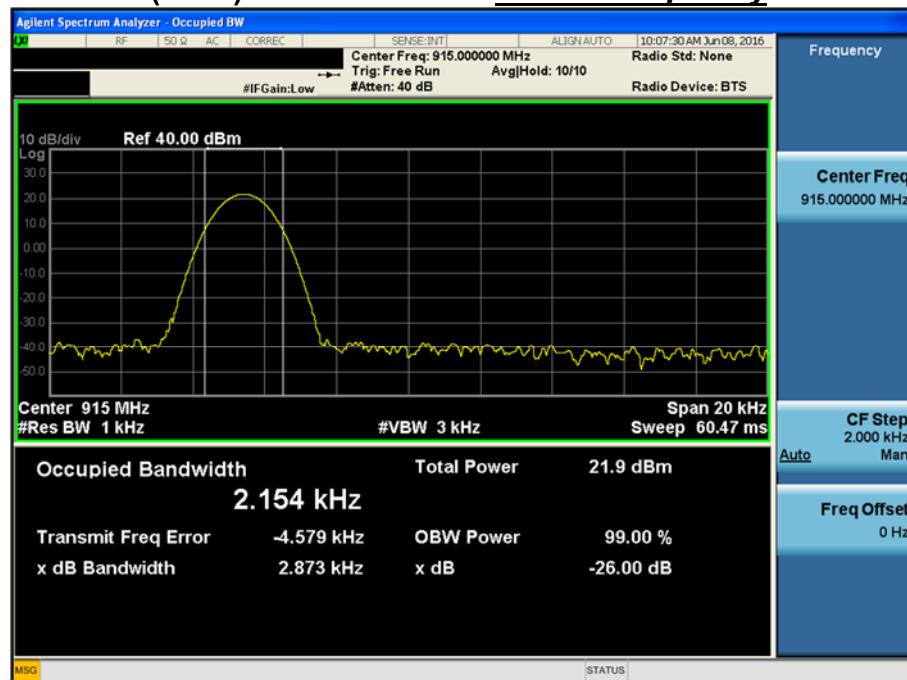
The 99 % power bandwidth was measured with a calibrated spectrum analyzer.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately  $3 \times$  RBW.

Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

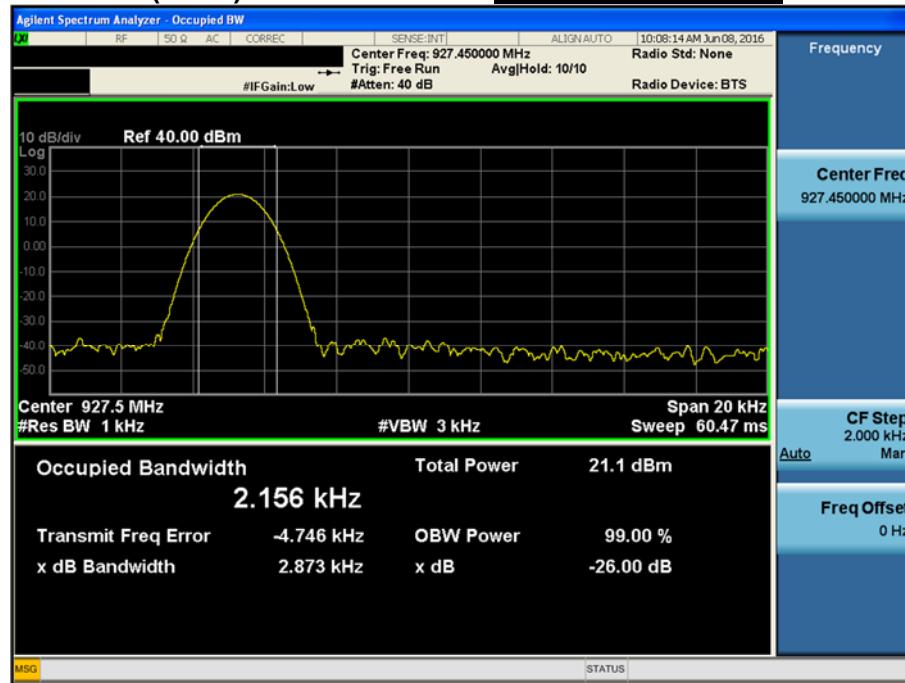
### 10.4 Test Results

Tested Channel	Test Results (kHz)
Lowest	2.16
Middle	2.15
Highest	2.16

**Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)****Lowest Frequency****Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)****Middle Frequency**

## Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

## Highest Frequency

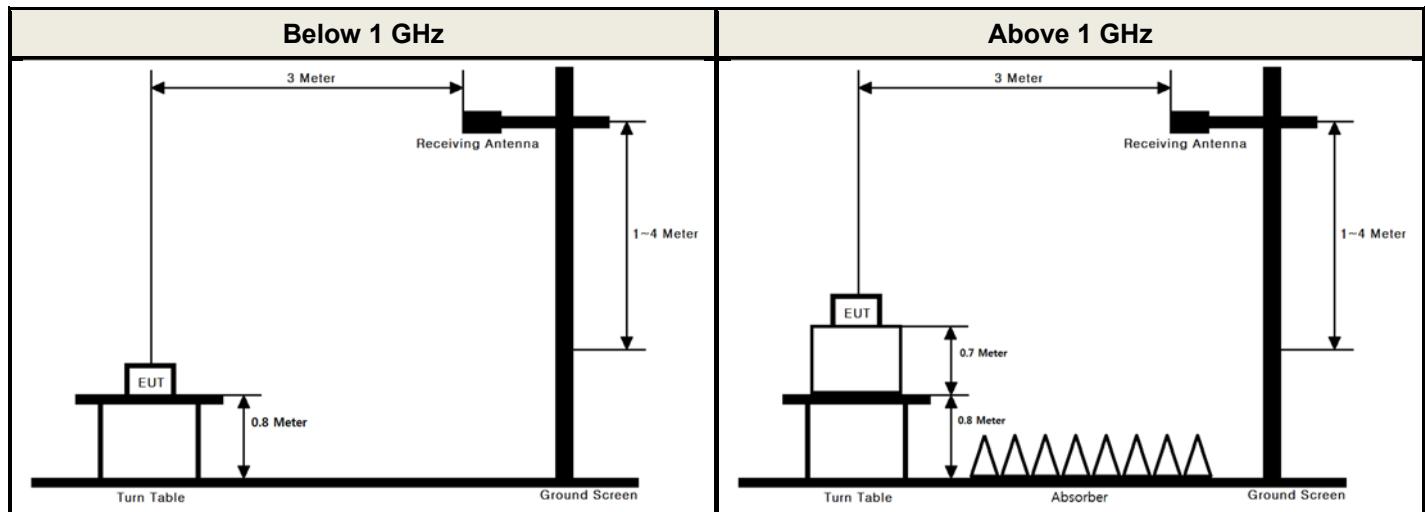


## APPENDIX I

### Test set up Diagrams

#### ▪Radiated Measurement

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9kHz to 10GHz Emissions.



#### ▪Conducted Measurement

