

Client TA

Certificate No: D2450V2-SN712\_Jul10

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object D2450V2 - SN: 712

Calibration Procedure(s) TMC-XZ-01-027  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: July 15, 2010

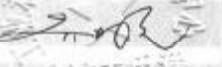
Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity<70%.

## Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRV-D	101253	18-Jun-10 (TMC, No.JZ10-248)	Jun-11
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100333	18-Jun-10 (TMC, No. JZ10-248)	Jun-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN 3149	25-Sep-09(SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep09)	Sep-10
DAE4	SN 777	09-Jul-10(TMC, No.DAE4-777_Jul10)	Jul-11
RF generator E4438C	MY45092879	17-Jun-10(TMC, No.JZ10-302)	Jun-11
Network Analyzer 8753E	US38433212	02-Aug-09(TMC, No.JZ09-056)	Aug-10

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Xiao Li	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: July 15, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V5.0
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	2mm Oval Phantom EL14	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	40.0 $\pm$ 6 %	1.78 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature during test</b>	(21.9 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	53.7 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.22 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6%	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature during test</b>	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	52.6 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.18 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	24.8 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.8\Omega + 2.0 \text{ j}\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.3\Omega + 5.1 \text{ j}\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.155 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 05, 2002

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 2010-7-15 9:15:30

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN: 712

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1800 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.78$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.0$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149; ConvF(5.18, 5.18, 5.18); Calibrated: 25.09.09
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibration: 09.07.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

### Pin=250mW; d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

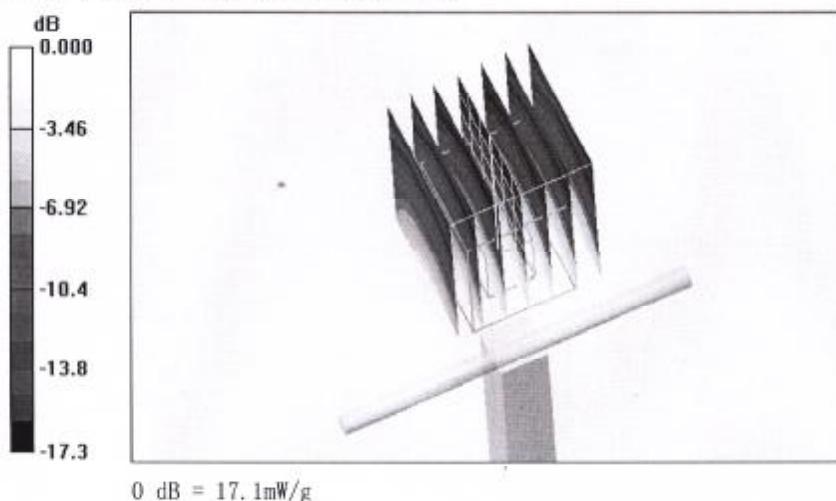
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.057 dB

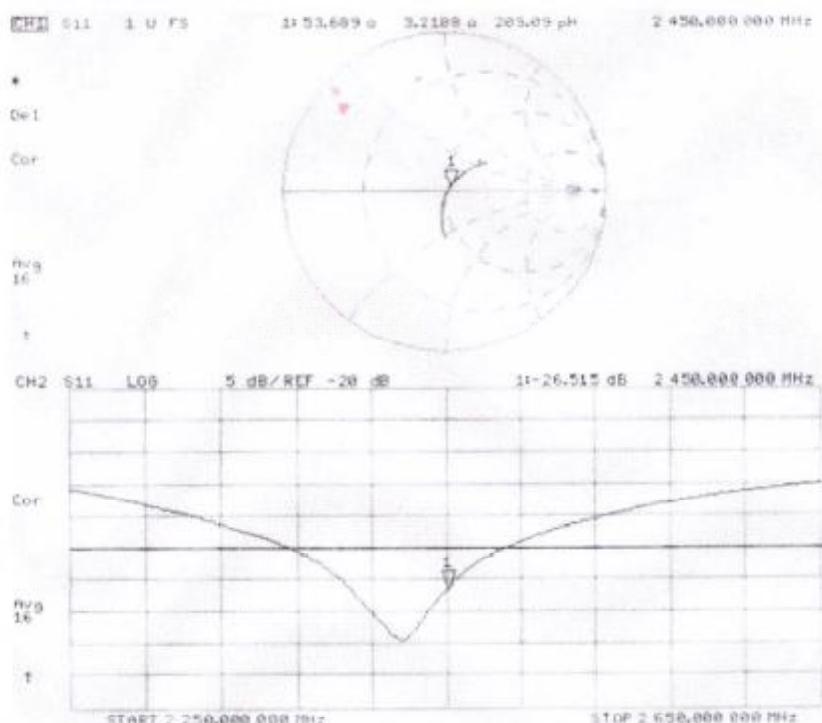
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 mW/g



**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 2010-7-15 10:37:31

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN: 712

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1800MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.02$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 25.09.09
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibration: 09.07.10
- Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

### Pin=250mW; d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

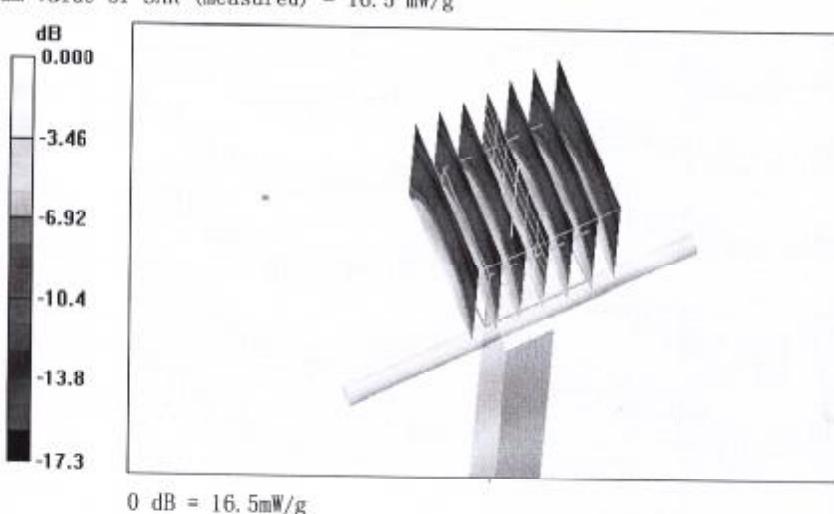
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.5 mW/g



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

