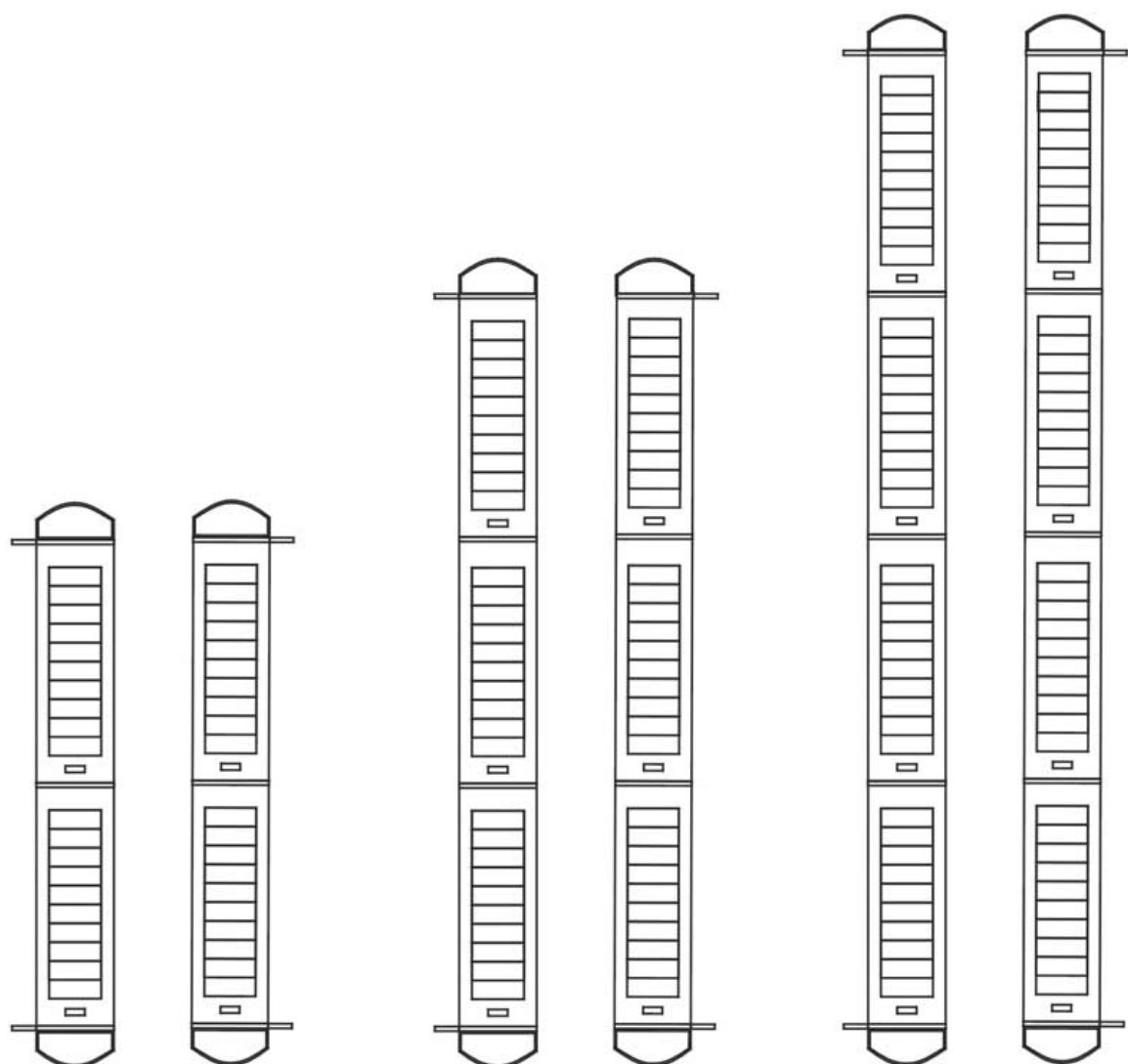


User Manual for Solar-Powered Multi-beam Active Wireless Infrared Light Walls



HB - T 0 0 1 Q 4

HB - T 0 0 1 Q 6

HB - T 0 0 1 Q 8

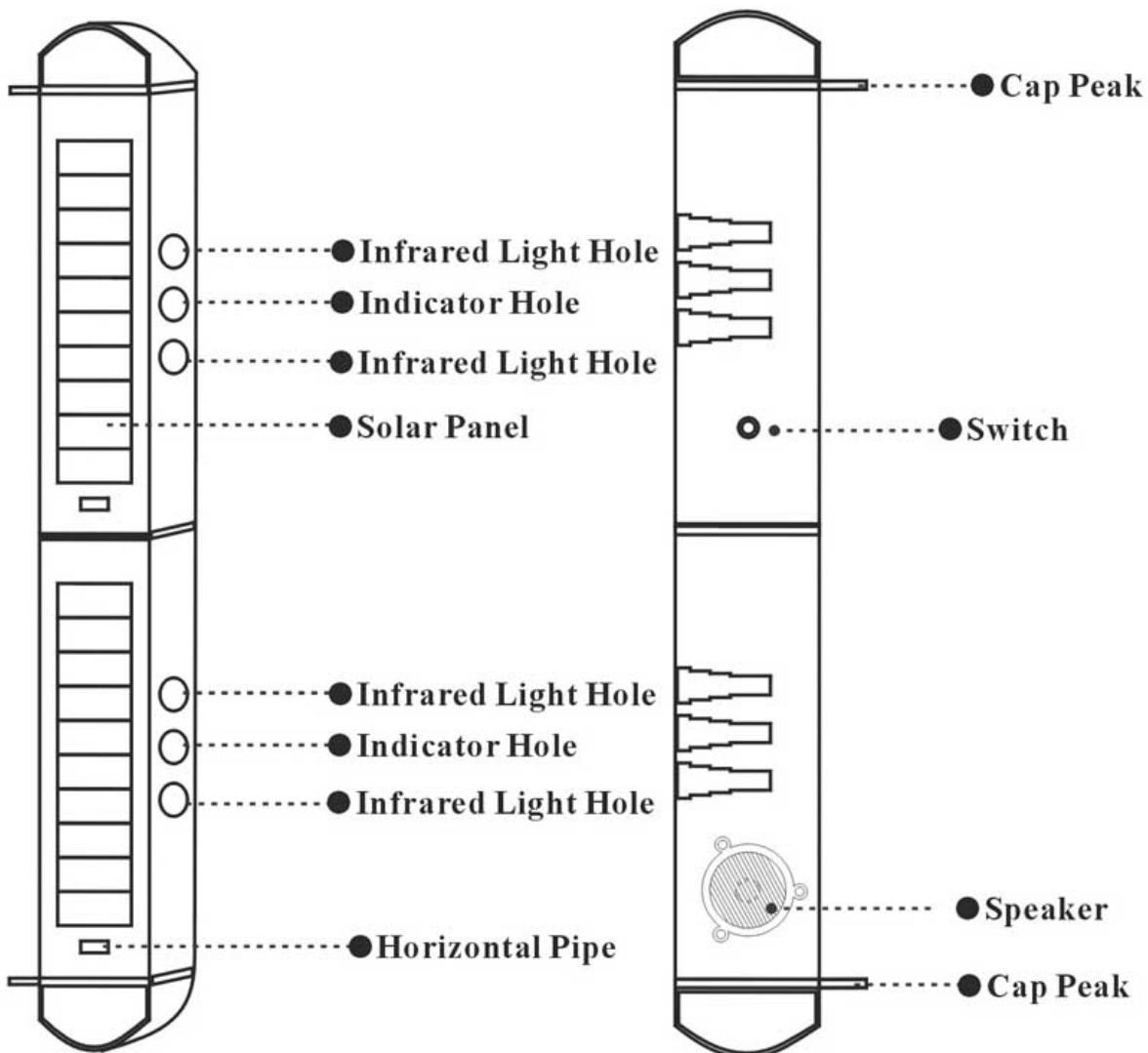
I

Product Overview

The solar-powered active wireless multi-beam light wall is a new-type hi-tech environmentally-friendly product and has obtained national patent. It applies sun's UV rays to supply power and charge for itself, and adopts the wireless signal transmission device to transmit alarm signal instead of power cable and signal line. The multi-beam light wall has a built-in loudspeaker with on-the-spot alarm function. The company has developed 4-beam, 6-beam and 8-beam light walls, which are widely applied in various courtyards and fences.

II

Name of Components

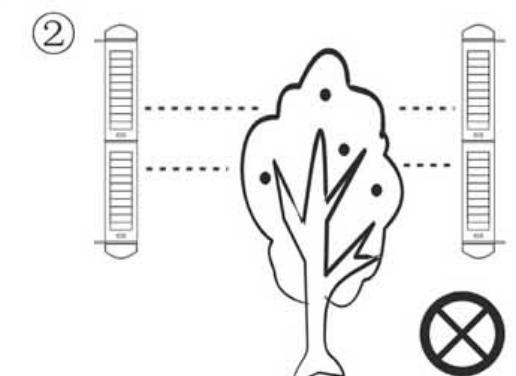


III

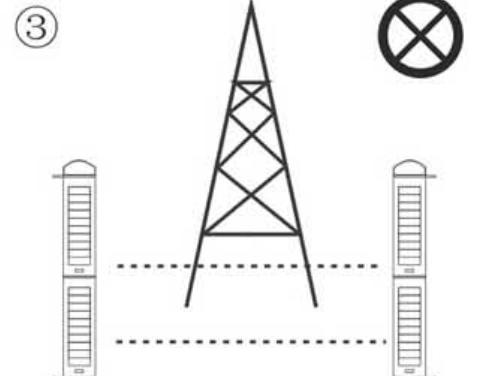
Installation Precautions



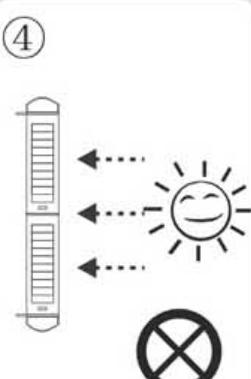
Note 1: Never install gratings at an inclined angle.



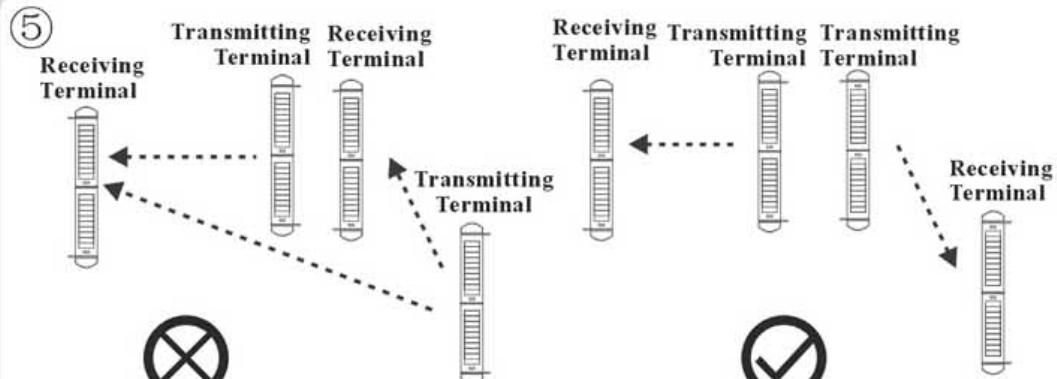
Note 2: Make sure that there is no obstacle between two light walls.



Note 3: The high-voltage tower and the signal tower may influence wireless transmission distance.



Note 4: Keep the Infrared light hole exposed to direct sunlight.



Note 5: Multiple detectors shall be installed for long-distance alarm in accordance with the installation instructions shown in the above-mentioned figure to avoid mutual interference among beams.

Other Precautions

- ① Before installation, remove the plastic film on the solar panel of the active infrared light wall.
- ② Never install this light wall in door access systems, passages, areas prone to trigger an alarm, or areas which could trigger an alarm more than 50 times per 24 hours.
- ③ This multi-beam light wall is a solar-powered wireless product, so it shall not be installed, tested or operated indoors or in any dark place with a sunlight intensity of less than 2200lux.
- ④ This product can trigger an alarm less than 50 times under normal sunlight conditions. Never try to test maximum alarm times indoors, otherwise, it may cause batteries subject to low voltage problem, which may impede normal operation of this product, and even cause damage to this product.
- ⑤ Before first operating this product, please follow the technical guide provided by the supplier. Special Statement: Any loss resulting from failure or damage caused by improper use or failure to observe precautions or instruction manual shall be borne by users.

IV Operating Phenomena

①Short press the ON/OFF button at the rear of the transmitting terminal <F> and the receiving terminal <S> N times (N=3-10) , and after about 3 seconds, there are 3-8 beeps respectively from the transmitting terminal<F> and the receiving terminal <S> of the multi-beamlight wall, and at the same time, the indicator lamp of the multi-beam light wall will flash 3 times, which signifies the multi-beam light wall is normally powered on. When the “ON/OFF” key is pressed, it means the light wall is turned on if there is a “Beep” sound prompt. (Light wall loudspeaker can provide 4 alarm sound effects, which can be set through ON/OFF button. N represents number of times ON/OFF button is pressed. If N =3-6, different sound effects will be provided; if N=7-10, sound is default to MUTE)

②Once normal prompt is given out at start-up, the indicator lamp at the transmitting terminal <F> is continuously on for 30 seconds and then goes out, and the receiving terminal <S> will light up for a long time. Keep the transmitting terminal <F> aligned with the receiving terminal <S>. If the indicator lamp at the receiving terminal <S> flashes for 30 seconds and then goes out, it signifies the multi-beam light wall is normally operating.

③After the indicator lamp at the receiving terminal <S> normally goes out, Block up three infrared holes of the light wall with thick materials , let the receiving terminal <S> transmit wireless alarm signals, the indicator lamp at the receiving terminal will light up for about 5 seconds, and then the indicator lamp at the receiving terminal will flash for 30 seconds, which signifies the multi-beam light wall is operating again. Repeat the above-mentioned steps.

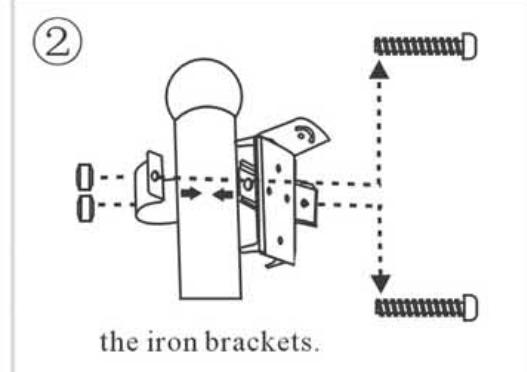
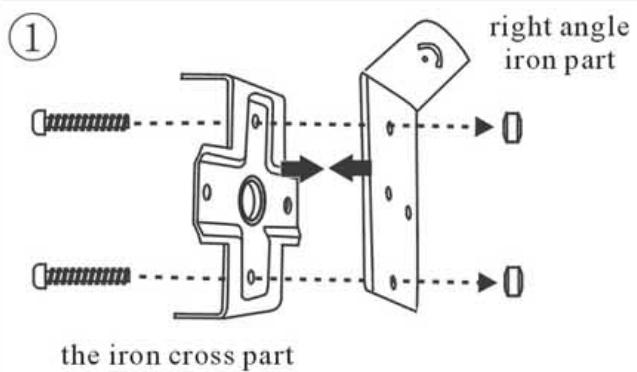
④Press the ON/OFF button at the rear of the transmitting terminal <F> and the receiving terminal <S> N times(N=3-10), and after about 3 seconds, there are long beeps lasting for about 10 seconds respectively from the transmitting terminal<F> and the receiving terminal <S> of the multi-beam light wall, and at the same time, the indicator lamps at the transmitting terminal <F> and the receiving terminal <S>will light up, and later beeps stop and indicator lamps go out, which signifies the multi-beam light wall is normally powered off. When the “ON/OFF” key is pressed again, it means the light wall is turned off if there are two “Beep, Beep” sound prompts.

Other Precautions

- ①In normal operation state, when the “ON/OFF” key is pressed twice, a turn-off signal will be sent after an alarm signal is transmitted.
- ②If the receiving terminal fails to receive the infrared light pulse emitted by the transmitting terminal, the indicator lamp at the receiving terminal will light up continuously for 30 minutes, and then go out. Once the receiving terminal has received the infrared light pulse emitted by the tran smitting terminal, the indicator lamp at the receiving terminal will light up intermittently, and then flash, which signifies the multi-beam light wall is normally operating.
- ③After the multi-beam light wall is normally powered on, if no natural light or light with an intensity of more than 2200LX is reflected onto the multi-beam light wall every 100 hours, the multi-beam light wall will be automatically powered off.
- ④For the finished multi-beam light wall, the transmitting terminal has been well paired with the receiving terminal. Any unauthorized pairing of the transmitting terminal and the receiving terminal is impermissible. If any special circumstance occurs, please contact the manufacturer or distributor immediately.
- ⑤Never put the multi-beam light wall in any dark place or cover the solar panel with any materials at power-on, otherwise, the multi-beam light wall may not be normally powered on.
- ⑥Press the ON/OFF button of the multi-beam light wall to confirm if the multi-beam light wall is under power on or power off mode. If a beep prompt is given out, it means the multi-beam light wall is under power on mode, otherwise, it is under power off mode.

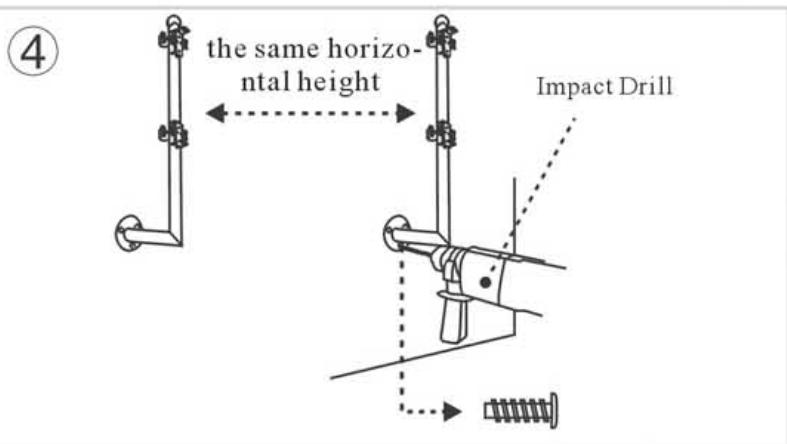
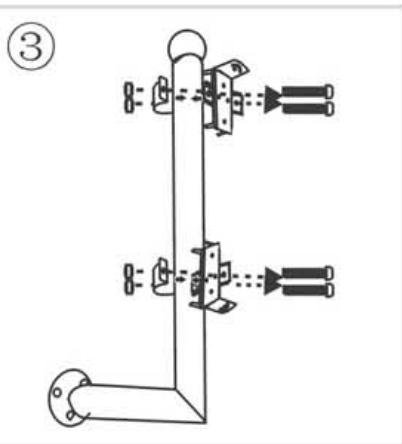
V

Installation Method



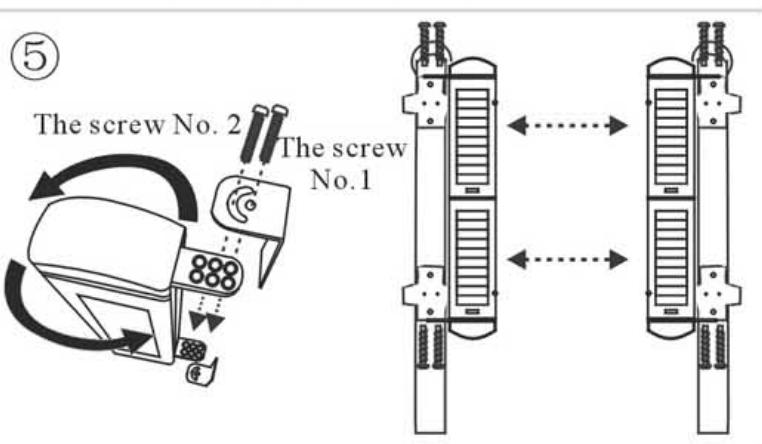
①Fasten the iron cross part and right angle iron part with screws, and ensure installation direction of screws is correct.

②Fasten the arc-shaped iron holder and the iron cross holder in iron brackets.



③Fasten the other set of iron parts in the iron bracket in the same way as mentioned above according to height of light walls.

④Determine a suitable installation height, make holes in wall with a percussion drill, and then fasten iron brackets in wall with metal screws. Try to keep two brackets respectively for transmitting terminal and the receiving terminal of the light wall in the same horizontal height.



⑤Get the light wall prepared for installation, tighten screw No. 1, and adjust the light wall to ensure the transmitting terminal <F> and the receiving terminal <S> are located in the same vertical and horizontal planes. If any deviation occurs during calibration, move the light wall left or right. Determine suitable position for screw holes, calibrate the light wall, and finally tighten screw No. 2. For more calibration precautions, please refer to Part VI in User Manual.

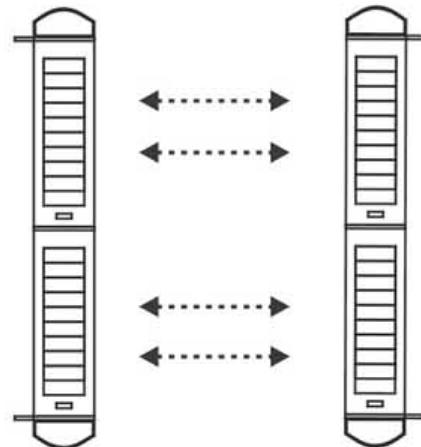
Note: The installation procedures of 6-beam light wall are the same as those of 8-beam light wall.

VI

Calibration Method

Calibration Precautions

- ① Make sure that the power switch of the multi-beam light wall is turned on.
- ② Make sure that the multi-beam light wall is normally operating.
- ③ Fasten the light wall in iron brackets with screws through screw holes in the cap peak. Fasten and tighten screw No. 1, and move the light wall left or right according to calibration requirements, keep the transmitting terminal <F> aligned with the receiving terminal <S>, and finally tighten screw No. 2.

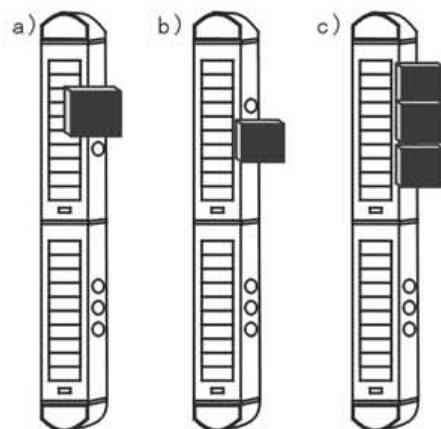


Test Method for Verifying if Multi-beam Light Walls are Well Mounted

- ① Verify if the multi-beam light wall is normally operating by confirming if the indicator lamp of the multi-beam light wall normally flashes.

② Hole Block-up

- a) The multi-beam light wall does not alarm when blocking up two infrared light holes at the upper end of the multi-beam light wall.
- b) The multi-beam light wall does not alarm when blocking up two infrared light holes at the lower end of the multi-beam light wall.
- c) The multi-beam light wall alarms when blocking up three infrared light holes.



- ③ Three light holes constitutes a complete group. The above-mentioned calibration verification method is applicable to any group of light holes, including 6-beam light wall and 8-beam light wall.

Alarm Modes

- ① Infrared light holes are not completely blocked up (Fingers do not completely block up two infrared light holes respectively at active infrared detectors when the transmitting terminal is aligned with the receiving terminal).
- ② The multi-beam light wall does not alarm if the intruding object moves under free fall.
- ③ The infrared light holes of the multi-beam light wall are completely blocked up for more than 1s by thick materials.

Note: 1. If the host can receive alarm information when the multi-beam light wall correctly alarms more than 3 times, that means the multi-beam light wall is well installed.

2. The above-mentioned alarm modes are applicable to HB-T001S8 multi-beam infrared light wall as well.



VII

Check for Abnormality

Failure Symptoms	Failure Reasons	Failure Recovery Methods
The multi-beam light wall does not alarm, but the alarm lamp lights up	<p>①The light holes of the multi-beam light wall are not completely blocked up.</p> <p>②The host is not armed.</p> <p>③The antenna of the host is not retracted, and wireless distance does not conform to product specifications.</p> <p>④The multi-beam light wall does not automatically learn code with the host.</p>	<p>Completely block up infrared light holes with thick materials</p> <p>Arm the host by remote control, and then trigger an alarm</p> <p>Retract the antenna</p> <p>Keep the multi-beam light wall automatically learn code with the host</p>
The alarm lamp of multi-beam light wall does not light up	<p>①The multi-beam light wall has been not calibrated for a long time, and battery protection works.</p> <p>②The battery voltage of multi-beam light wall is too low, so that the multi-beam light wall automatically runs in battery protection mode.</p> <p>③If the alarm lamp does not light up, but the multi-beam light wall can alarm, it means the lamp does not work.</p>	<p>Calibrate the multi-beam light wall again</p> <p>Charge the multi-beam light wall in a sunny place. Return batteries to the manufacturer if batteries fail to work.</p> <p>Return the alarm lamp to the manufacturer</p>
The multi-beam light wall does not normally work when powered on	<p>①Inappropriately powered on</p> <p>②Not keep the transmitting terminal of the light wall aligned with the receiving terminal of the light wall.</p>	<p>Check if the active infrared light wall works normally when powered on</p> <p>Keep the transmitting terminal of the light wall aligned with the receiving terminal of the light wall.</p>
The multi-beam light wall gives out a prompt sound lasting for 2 seconds when powered on	<p>①The battery voltage of multi-beam light wall is too low</p> <p>②When powered on, the light wall shall be kept in a shady place or the solar panel of the light wall shall be covered with something.</p>	<p>Charge the light wall in a sunny place.</p> <p>Make sure the solar panel of the light wall is kept in a sunny place when turning on the light wall.</p>
The multi-beam light wall does not give out a sound prompt when powered on	<p>①Any operation error occurs when pressing the ON/OFF button</p> <p>②The multi-beam light wall is kept in a dark place or the solar panel is covered with any materials when powered on.</p> <p>③The multi-beam light wall does not work.</p>	<p>Press the ON/OFF button in a proper way</p> <p>Keep the multi-beam light wall in a sunny place when powered on</p> <p>Return the multi-beam light wall to the manufacturer</p>

VIII

Technical Parameters

Parameter Items	Product Name Technical Parameters
Infrared Distance	100m
Wireless Transmitting Distance	100m
Wireless Transmitting Frequency	FM:433MHz
Maximum alarm times in 24 hours	For HB-T001Q4: doorbell ringing times=50; alarm times per minute=3 For HB-T001Q6: doorbell ringing times=50; alarm times per minute=3 For HB-T001Q8: doorbell ringing times=50; alarm times per minute=3
Battery Capacity	500mAH (Transmitting Terminal), 1000mAH (Receiving Terminal)
Working environment temperature range	-30°C ~70°C
Number of infrared beams	4 beams, 6beams, 8beams
Operating Voltage	3.3V
Battery Type	LiFePO4 Battery
Static Operating Current	For HB-T001Q4: transmitting terminal≤0.5mA, receiving terminal≤0.3mA For HB-T001Q6: transmitting terminal≤0.75mA, receiving terminal≤0.75mA For HB-T001Q8: transmitting terminal≤1mA, receiving terminal≤1mA
Infrared light frequency	secondary modulation & encoding based on 38KHZ
Infrared light wavelength	940nm±20nm
Solar electric panel output current	For HB-T001Q4: ≥1mA at a sunlight intensity of 1800LX For HB-T001Q6: ≥1mA at a sunlight intensity of 1800LX For HB-T001Q8: ≥1mA at a sunlight intensity of 1800LX (Note: The outdoor sunlight intensity in cloudy or rainy days is about 2000LX)

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
 (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and
 (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Warning

Warning: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment

FCC Statement

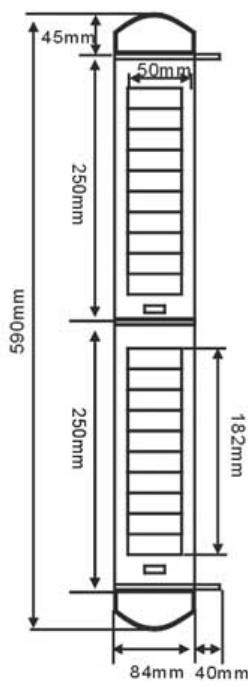
NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications..

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

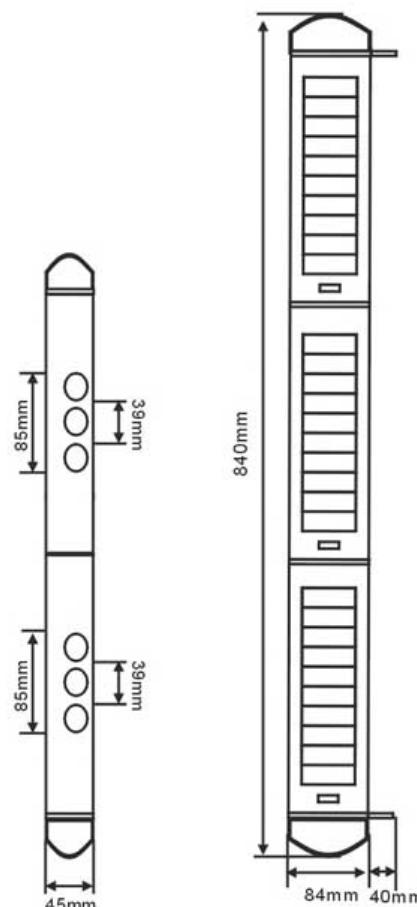
1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
2. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
3. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

IX

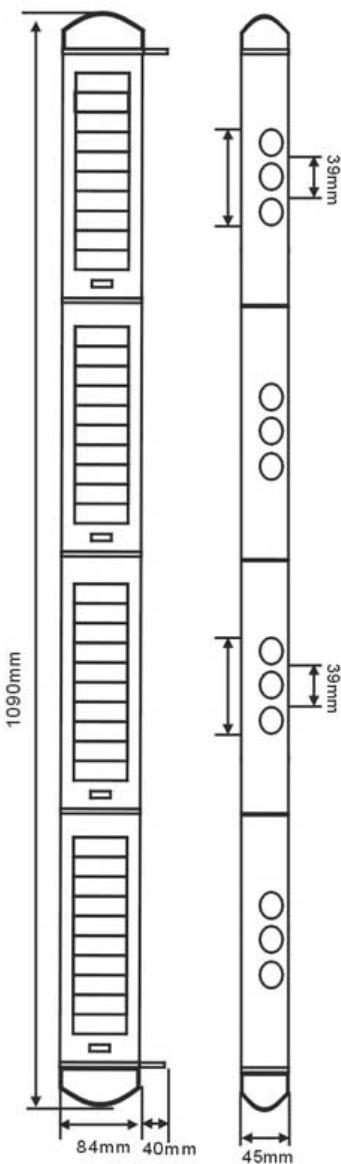
Product Dimension



HB-T001Q4



HB-T001Q6



HB-T001Q8