

FCC ID: ZE9-ST-LFAWC

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where:}$

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is $<$ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

BT

| Modulation | Channel Freq. (GHz) | Conducted power (dBm) | Conducted power (mW) | Tune-up power (dBm) | Max tune-up power (dBm) | Max tune-up power (mW) | Distance (mm) | Result calculation | SAR Exclusion threshold | SAR test exclusion |
|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| GFSK(1M bps) | 2.402 | -1.18 | 0.76 | -1±1 | 0.00 | 1.00 | <5 | 0.30997 | 3.00 | YES |
| GFSK(2M bps) | 2.440 | -1.81 | 0.66 | -1±1 | 0.00 | 1.00 | <5 | 0.31241 | 3.00 | YES |

Conclusion:

For the max result : $0.31241 < 3$, the SAR testing is not required.