

# **TEST REPORT**

**Applicant:** Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address: Samsung R5, Maetan dong 129, Samsung ro

Youngtong gu, Suwon city 443 742, Korea

**Equipment Type:** Notebook PC

Model Name: NP750XGL (refer to section 2.3)

Brand Name: Samsung

FCC ID: ZCANP750XGL

**ISED Number:** 25314-NP750XGL

47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

Test Standard: RSS-Gen Issue 5 RSS-247 Issue 3

(refer to section 3.1)

Sample Arrival Date: Oct. 23, 2023

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#### **ISSUED BY:**

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

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# **Revision History**

 Version
 Issue Date

 Rev. 01
 Nov. 27, 2023

 Rev. 02
 Jan. 15, 2024

Revisions

<u>Initial Issue</u>

1. Removed Conducted Emission and

Radiated test data

2. Updated EUT name and hardware

version

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# 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.		
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,		
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100		

# 1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.	
	☑ Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi	
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China	
Location	☐ 1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park,	
	No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district,	
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China	
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a	
	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.	
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform	
Accreditation Certificate	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of	
	test site are 11524A and Conformity Assessment Body Identifier are	
	CN0030.	



# **2 PRODUCT INFORMATION**

# 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.		
Address	Samsung R5, Maetan dong 129, Samsung ro Youngtong gu, Suwon		
Address	city 443 742, Korea		

## 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.			
Address	Samsung R5, Maetan dong 129, Samsung ro Youngtong gu, Suwon			
Address	city 443 742, Korea			

# 2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Notebook PC		
Model Name Under Test	NP750XGL		
	NP750XGK, NP754XGK, NP751XGK, NP750XGQ, NP751XGQ,		
Series Model Name	NP754XGQ, NP750XGP, NP751XGL, NP751XGP, NP754XGL,		
	NP754XGP		
Description of Model	Only differences are model names for trading purpose.		
name differentiation	(this information provided by the applicant)		
Serial Number	HQ8899YW90002NJ, HQ8899YW900008J		
Hardware Version	REV1.0		
Software Version	Windows 11		
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A		
Weight (Approx.)	N/A		

#### Antenna Information:

	Model Name	Antenna Manufact urer		Antenna Gain (dBi)				
Antenna Port			Antenna Type	2.4 GHz	5.15-	5.25-	5.47-	5.725-
Antenna i ort					5.25	5.35	5.725	5.85
					GHz	GHz	GHz	GHz
Main Antenna	AYP6Y-200082	AWAN	PIFA	1.80	1.70	1.70	2.80	1.30
Auxiliary Antenna	AYP6Y-200082	AVVAIN	PIFA	1.70	1.30	1.20	0.80	1.00
Main Antenna	F001C7713190001		PIFA	1.30	1.61	2.04	1.69	1.55
Auxiliary Antenna	F001C7713190001 Innowave		PIFA	1.71	1.91	1.91	2.20	2.20
Note: The report only shown the antenna which matches the antenna with the highest antenna gain.								



# 2.4 Technical Information

	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)
Network and Wireless	2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ax(HE20/40)
connectivity	5G WIFI 802.11a, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac(VHT20/40/80/160),
	802.11ax(HE20/40/80/160), U-NII-1/2A/2C/3

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

e requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:					
		802.11b/g/n/ax(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz			
		f <sub>c</sub> = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where			
		- f <sub>c</sub> = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,			
_	<b>D</b>	- N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11.			
Frequenc	y Range	802.11n/ax(40 MHz): 2.422 GHz - 2.452 GHz			
		f <sub>c</sub> = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where			
		- f <sub>c</sub> = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,			
		- N = "Channel Number" with the range from 3 to 9.			
Modulatio	n Type	DSSS, OFDM, OFDMA			
		☐ Mobile			
Product T	уре	□ Portable     □			
		☐ Fix Location			
Antenna S	System (eg.,	Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) for 802.11b/g			
MIMO, Sr	mart Antenna)	Multi Input Multi Output (MIMO) for 802.11n/ax			
Categoriz	ation as	Categorization as Correlated for 802.11b/g			
Correlated	d or Completely	Categorization as Uncorrelated for 802.11n/ax			
Uncorrela	ted				
	SISO-Main				
Antenna	Antenna	PIFA Antenna			
Туре	SISO-Aux.	THAAIIGIIIA			
	Antenna				
	SISO-Main	1.80 dBi			
Antenna	Antenna	1.00 dbi			
Gain	SISO-Aux.	1.71 dBi			
	Antenna	1.7 1 4.01			
	For power spectral density(PSD)	Correlated:			
		4.77 dBi			
		Formulas: Directional gain = 10 log[ $(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + +$			
		$10^{GN/20})^2$ /NANT] dBi			
Total	measurement	Uncorrelated:			
directio	s	1.76 dBi			
nal gain	5	Formulas: Directional gain = 10 log[ $(10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + +$			
94		10 <sup>GN/10</sup> )/NANT] dBi			
	For power	Correlated:			
	measurement s	4.77 dBi			
		Formulas: Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + +$			
		10 <sup>GN/20</sup> ) <sup>2</sup> /NANT] dBi			



		Uncorrelated:
		1.76 dBi
		Formulas: Directional gain = 10 log[ $(10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + +$
		$10^{GN/10}$ )/NANT] dBi
		Correlated:
	For	4.77 dBi
	Conducted	Formulas: Directional gain = 10 log[ $(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + +$
	Out-of-Band	$10^{GN/20})^2$ /NANT] dBi
	and Spurious	Uncorrelated:
	Measurement	1.76 dBi
	s	Formulas: Directional gain = 10 log[ $(10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + +$
		$10^{GN/10}$ )/NANT] dBi
About the Product		Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (HT20/40) and 802.11ax
		(HE20/40) was tested in this report.

Mode	Antenna				
Mode	SISO-Main Antenna	SISO-Aux. Antenna	MIMO		
802.11b	$\sqrt{}$	$\checkmark$			
802.11g	$\sqrt{}$	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$		
802.11n20	√	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$		
802.11n40	√	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$		
802.11ax20	√	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$		
802.11ax40	√	V	V		
Note: All the configurations were tested, but only the worst data was shown in this report.					



Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)(Single RF path)
	DBPSK	1
DSSS (802.11b)	DQPSK	2
	CCK	5.5/11
	BPSK	6/9
OFDM (902.44%)	QPSK	12/18
OFDM (802.11g)	16QAM	24/36
	64QAM	48/54
	BPSK	6.5/7.2
OFDM	QPSK	13/19.5/14.4/21.7
(802.11n-20 MHz)	16QAM	26/39/28.9/43.3
	64QAM	52/58.5/65/57.8/65/72.2
	BPSK	13.5/15
OFDM	QPSK	27/40.5/30/45
(802.11n-40 MHz)	16QAM	54/81/60/90
	64QAM	108/121.5/135/120/150
	BPSK	4
	QPSK	16/24/17/26
OFDMA	16QAM	33/49/34/52
(802.11ax-20 MHz)	64QAM	65/73/81/69/77/86
	256QAM	98/108/103/115
	1024QAM	122/135/129/143
	BPSK	8/9
	QPSK	33/49/34/52
OFDMA	16QAM	65/98/69/103
(802.11ax-40 MHz)	64QAM	130/146/163/138/155/172
	256QAM	195/217/207/229
	1024QAM	244/271/258/287

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.



Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Cha	nnel
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5	1/2/6/10/11	3/4/6/8/9
Output Power	/ax20/ax40	/4/8 Mbps	1/2/0/10/11	
Occupied Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5	1/2/6/10/11	3/4/6/8/9
Occupied Baridwidth	/ax20/ax40	/4/8 Mbps	1/2/0/10/11	3/4/0/0/9
Conducted Spurious	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5	1/2/6/10/11	2/4/6/9/0
Emission	/ax20/ax40	/4/8 Mbps	1/2/0/10/11	3/4/6/8/9
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5	1/2/6/10/11	3/4/6/8/9
Conducted Emission	/ax20/ax40	/4/8 Mbps	1/2/0/10/11	3/4/6/6/9
Radiated Spurious	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5	1/2/6/10/11	3/4/6/8/9
Emission	/ax20/ax40	/4/8 Mbps	1/2/0/10/11	3/4/0/0/9
Dand Edge	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5	1/0/6/10/11	2/4/6/9/0
Band Edge	/ax20/ax40	/4/8 Mbps	1/2/6/10/11	3/4/6/8/9
Power spectral	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5	1/0/6/10/11	3/4/6/8/9
density (PSD)	/ax20/ax40	/4/8 Mbps	/4/8 Mbps 1/2/6/10/11	

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.3 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.



# 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

### 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title	
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment	
2	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus	
		Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping	
3	RSS-247 Issue 3	Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN)	
		Devices	
4	KDB Publication	Emissions Testing of Transmitters with Multiple Outputs in the Same	
4	662911 D01v02r01	Band (e.g., MIMO, Smart Antenna, etc)	
5	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of	
5 ANSI C63. 10-2013		Unlicensed Wireless Devices	
		GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON	
6	KDB Publication 558074	DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING	
0	D01v05r02	SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES	
		OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES	

### 3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	ISED Part No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (f)	N/A	Pass <sup>Note 1</sup>
2	Output Power	15.247 (b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (d)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247 (a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized- band band-edge)	15.247 (d)	RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	ANNEX A.5	N/A Note 3
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.6	N/A Note 3
8	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.7	N/A Note 3
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247 (e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (b)	ANNEX A.8	Pass
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	RSS-Gen, 7.3	N/A	N/A Note 2

Note <sup>1</sup>: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note <sup>2</sup>: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable. Note <sup>3</sup>: Based on the client requirement, this case is not tested in this report



# 4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

### 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	46% to 68%		
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa		
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+21.6°C to +25.8°C	
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	15.4V	

# 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY46471071	2023.07.25	2024.07.24
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50330200	2023.05.16	2024.05.15
Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2063XA	MY58000251	2023.07.12	2024.07.11

### 4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1

# 4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.8°C
Humidity	4%

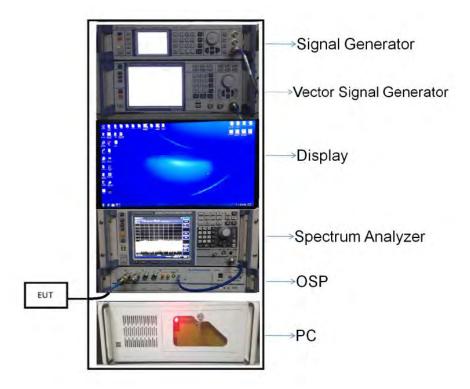


# 4.5 Description of Test Setup

#### 4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

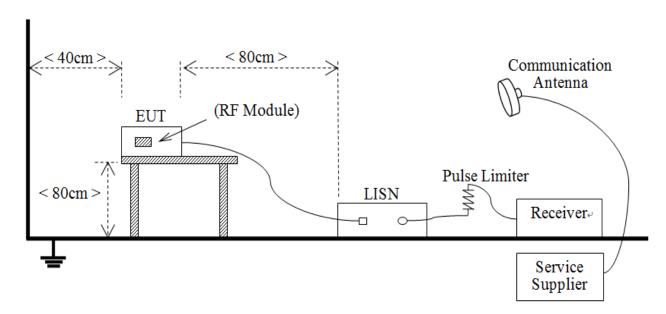
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

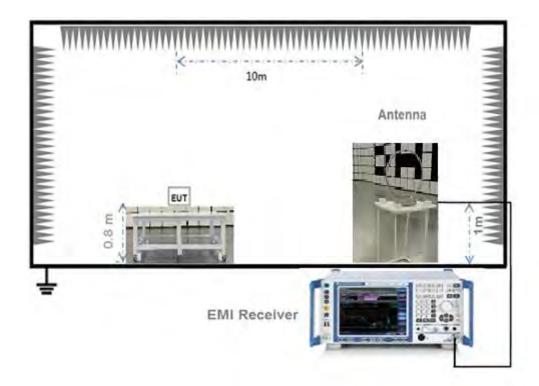


# 4.5.2For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

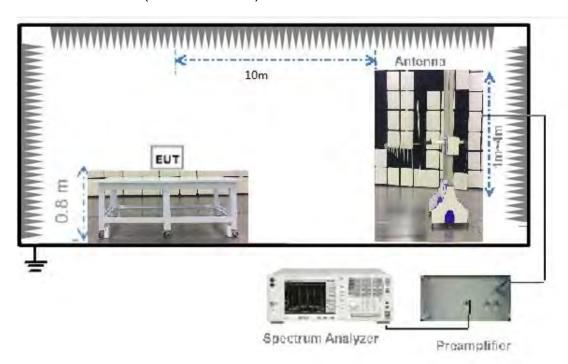
# 4.5.3For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

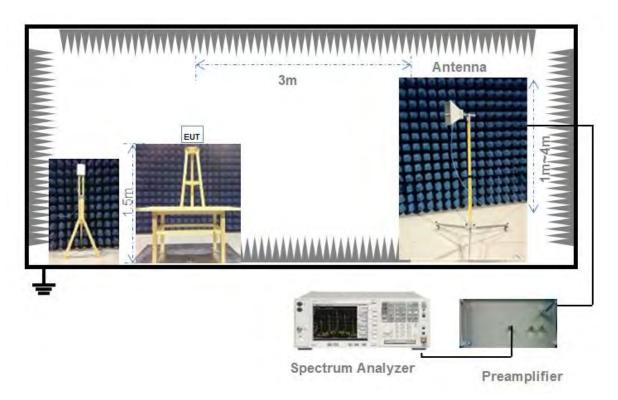


# 4.5.4For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

# 4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



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# 4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

#### 4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

#### 4.6.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8$$

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)



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### 5 TEST ITEMS

# 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203; RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the	An embedded-in antenna design is used.
product.	

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

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# 5.2 Output Power

#### 5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

#### 5.2.2Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

#### Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

#### Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed

using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a

factor of five.

b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output si gnal as

described in Section 6.0.

- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding  $10\log (1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle to the measurement r esult.



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#### Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T ≤ 16.7 microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



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# 5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

#### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

### 5.3.2Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### 5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



# 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

#### 5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.4.2Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.



Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

### **Emission level measurement**

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

Add: Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China



# 5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm$  2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

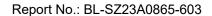
Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission)  $\pm$  0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission  $\pm$  0.5 MHz.





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Standard method(The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



## 5.6 Conducted Emission

#### 5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50\mu\text{H}/50\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)	
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

#### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

#### 5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



# 5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

#### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### Note:

- 1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

#### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.



#### General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

#### Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

#### Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be



longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

#### Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.



NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

#### Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

#### Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.



Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



# 5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

#### 5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

#### 5.8.2Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

#### 5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



# 5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

#### 5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

#### 5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



# ANNEX A TEST RESULT

# **A.1 Output Power**

Note: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report. **Duty Cycle** 

<del></del>			
Test Mode	On Time (ms)	On+Off time (ms)	Duty Cycle
802.11b	8.347	8.435	98.96%
802.11g	2.085	2.174	95.91%
802.11n-20 MHz	7.925	8.015	98.88%
802.11n-40 MHz	7.933	8.023	98.88%
802.11ax-20 MHz	7.933	8.023	98.88%
802.11ax-40 MHz	7.933	8.031	98.78%

### Peak Power Test Data

### SISO-Main Antenna

#### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Chamilei	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	19.04	80.17			Pass
CH6	18.94	78.34	30	1000	Pass
CH11	20.45	110.92	•		Pass

### 802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict				
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict				
CH1	18.82	76.21	30						Pass
CH2	20.99	125.60			Pass				
CH6	20.98	125.31		30 1000	Pass				
CH10	20.96	124.74					Pass		
CH11	18.86	76.91			Pass				

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict		
CH1	18.53	71.29	30	30 1000			Pass
CH2	21.05	127.35					
CH6	20.88	122.46			1000	Pass	
CH10	21.10	128.82			Pass		
CH11	18.54	71.45			Pass		



### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict				
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict				
CH3	16.17	41.40	30						Pass
CH4	19.49	88.92				Pass			
CH6	19.34	85.90		30 1000	Pass				
CH8	19.48	88.72					Pass		
CH9	15.67	36.90			Pass				

# 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict				
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict				
CH1	18.43	69.66	30						Pass
CH2	21.07	127.94			Pass				
CH6	20.91	123.31		30 1000	Pass				
CH10	20.93	123.88							Pass
CH11	18.55	71.61			Pass				

## 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) Mode:

	,								
Channel	Measured Output Peak Power Limit		Verdict						
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict				
CH3	15.59	36.22	30	30 1000					Pass
CH4	20.82	120.78						Pass	
CH6	19.91	97.95			Pass				
CH8	20.57	114.02					Pass		
CH9	15.84	38.37			Pass				



### SISO-Aux. Antenna

#### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Out	Measured Output Peak Power		nit	Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	18.68	73.79			Pass
CH6	20.17	103.99	30	1000	Pass
CH11	20.60	114.82			Pass

# 802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict		
CH1	18.80	75.86	30	30 100			Pass
CH2	20.67	116.68					
CH6	20.70	117.49			1000	Pass	
CH10	20.76	119.12			Pass		
CH11	18.98	79.07				Pass	

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict				
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict				
CH1	18.88	77.27	30	30 1000					Pass
CH2	20.62	115.35							Pass
CH6	20.68	116.95			1000	Pass			
CH10	20.67	116.68					Pass		
CH11	19.04	80.17			Pass				

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		\/ardiat		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict		
CH3	15.50	35.48	30 1000				Pass
CH4	19.94	98.63					Pass
CH6	20.00	100.00		Pass			
CH8	19.64	92.04					
CH9	15.82	38.19			Pass		



## 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	18.77	75.34			Pass
CH2	20.83	121.06			Pass
CH6	20.68	116.95	30	1000	Pass
CH10	20.79	119.95			Pass
CH11	18.76	75.16			Pass

## 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		\/ordiot
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
CH3	15.41	34.75	30	1000	Pass
CH4	19.83	96.16			Pass
CH6	19.53	89.74			Pass
CH8	19.77	94.84			Pass
CH9	15.43	34.91			Pass



### MIMO-Main Antenna

## 802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vardiat
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
CH1	14.05	25.41			Pass
CH2	16.58	45.50			Pass
CH6	17.06	50.82	30	1000	Pass
CH10	16.59	45.60			Pass
CH11	14.18	26.18			Pass

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	15.72	37.33			Pass
CH2	17.19	52.36			Pass
CH6	17.10	51.29	30	1000	Pass
CH10	17.00	50.12			Pass
CH11	15.72	37.33			Pass

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		\/ardiat		
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict		
CH3	13.10	20.42	30				Pass
CH4	14.61	28.91		1000	Pass		
CH6	14.86	30.62			Pass		
CH8	14.82	30.34			Pass		
CH9	14.20	26.30			Pass		

## 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		\/ordiot
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
CH1	14.38	27.42	30	1000	Pass
CH2	16.99	50.00			Pass
CH6	16.76	47.42			Pass
CH10	16.93	49.32			Pass
CH11	13.91	24.60			Pass

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Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH3	14.25	26.61			Pass
CH4	17.12	51.52			Pass
CH6	14.82	30.34	30	1000	Pass
CH8	14.80	30.20			Pass
CH9	13.68	23.33			Pass



### MIMO-Aux. Antenna

# 802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Out	Measured Output Peak Power Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	14.19	26.24				Pass
CH2	16.69	46.67			Pass	
CH6	16.90	48.98	30	1000	Pass	
CH10	16.69	46.67			Pass	
CH11	13.87	24.38			Pass	

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	15.98	39.63			Pass
CH2	16.58	45.50			Pass
CH6	16.86	48.53	30	1000	Pass
CH10	16.76	47.42			Pass
CH11	15.80	38.02			Pass

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		\/ordint
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
CH3	13.15	20.65			Pass
CH4	14.47	27.99			Pass
CH6	14.53	28.38	30	1000	Pass
CH8	14.26	26.67			Pass
CH9	14.11	25.76			Pass

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	14.18	26.18			Pass
CH2	16.57	45.39			Pass
CH6	16.64	46.13	30	1000	Pass
CH10	16.77	47.53			Pass
CH11	13.74	23.66			Pass

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Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH3	13.73	23.60			Pass
CH4	14.62	28.97			Pass
CH6	14.70	29.51	30	1000	Pass
CH8	14.44	27.80			Pass
CH9	13.99	25.06			Pass



### **MIMO**

# 802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	17.13	51.65			Pass
CH2	19.65	92.16			Pass
CH6	19.99	99.79	30	1000	Pass
CH10	19.65	92.27			Pass
CH11	17.04	50.56			Pass

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	18.86	76.95			Pass
CH2	19.91	97.86			Pass
CH6	19.99	99.81	30	1000	Pass
CH10	19.89	97.54			Pass
CH11	18.77	75.34			Pass

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
CH3	16.14	41.07			Pass
CH4	17.55	56.90			Pass
CH6	17.71	59.00	30	1000	Pass
CH8	17.56	57.01			Pass
CH9	17.17	52.07			Pass

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	17.29	53.60			Pass
CH2	19.80	95.40			Pass
CH6	19.71	93.56	30	1000	Pass
CH10	19.86	96.85			Pass
CH11	16.84	48.26			Pass

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Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH3	17.01	50.21			Pass
CH4	19.06	80.50			Pass
CH6	17.77	59.85	30	1000	Pass
CH8	17.63	58.00			Pass
CH9	16.85	48.40			Pass



# Average Power Test Data

# SISO-Main Antenna

### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	16.79	47.75			Pass
CH6	16.72	46.99	30	1000	Pass
CH11	16.86	48.53			Pass

### 802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	14.64	29.11			Pass
CH2	16.94	49.43			Pass
CH6	16.81	47.97	30	1000	Pass
CH10	16.92	49.20			Pass
CH11	14.72	29.65			Pass

#### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	14.47	27.99			Pass
CH2	16.91	49.09			Pass
CH6	16.84	48.31	30	1000	Pass
CH10	16.93	49.32			Pass
CH11	14.63	29.04			Pass

# 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Chamal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH3	11.79	15.10			Pass	
CH4	15.24	33.42		30 1000	Pass	
CH6	15.20	33.11	30		Pass	
CH8	15.20	33.11				Pass
CH9	11.84	15.28			Pass	



# 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict		
CH1	14.45	27.86					Pass
CH2	16.84	48.31			Pass		
CH6	16.67	46.45	30	1000	Pass		
CH10	16.84	48.31				Pass	
CH11	14.46	27.93			Pass		

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH3	11.64	14.59			Pass	
CH4	15.92	39.08			Pass	
CH6	15.81	38.11	30	1000	Pass	
CH8	15.85	38.46				Pass
CH9	11.53	14.22			Pass	



### SISO-Aux. Antenna

#### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Outp	ut Average Power	Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
CH1	16.51	44.77			Pass
CH6	16.56	45.29	30	1000	Pass
CH11	16.61	45.81			Pass

# 802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict		
CH1	14.72	29.65				Pass	
CH2	16.68	46.56			Pass		
CH6	16.61	45.81	30	1000	Pass		
CH10	16.70	46.77	•				Pass
CH11	14.75	29.85			Pass		

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	14.82	30.34			Pass	
CH2	16.55	45.19			Pass	
CH6	16.74	47.21	30	1000	Pass	
CH10	16.68	46.56				Pass
CH11	14.85	30.55			Pass	

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH3	11.72	14.86			Pass	
CH4	15.31	33.96			Pass	
CH6	15.41	34.75	30	1000	Pass	
CH8	15.39	34.59	1			Pass
CH9	11.68	14.72			Pass	



# 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	14.64	29.11	1		Pass	
CH2	16.39	43.55			Pass	
CH6	16.63	46.03	30	1000	Pass	
CH10	16.47	44.36			Pass	
CH11	14.72	29.65			Pass	

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH3	11.50	14.13			Pass	
CH4	15.53	35.73		30 1000	Pass	
CH6	15.65	36.73	30		Pass	
CH8	15.59	36.22				Pass
CH9	11.49	14.09			Pass	



### MIMO-Main Antenna

# 802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	10.22	10.52				Pass
CH2	12.95	19.72			Pass	
CH6	12.95	19.72	30	1000	Pass	
CH10	12.89	19.45			Pass	
CH11	10.23	10.54			Pass	

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	11.55	14.29			Pass	
CH2	12.89	19.45			Pass	
CH6	12.96	19.77	30	1000	Pass	
CH10	12.92	19.59				Pass
CH11	11.67	14.69			Pass	

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		\/ordint	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict	
CH3	8.89	7.74				Pass
CH4	10.81	12.05			Pass	
CH6	10.73	11.83	30	1000	Pass	
CH8	10.70	11.75			Pass	
CH9	9.95	9.89			Pass	

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict		
CH1	10.30	10.72					Pass
CH2	12.95	19.72		30 1000	Pass		
CH6	12.75	18.84	30		Pass		
CH10	12.92	19.59				Pass	
CH11	9.88	9.73			Pass		

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Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH3	9.91	9.79			Pass	
CH4	11.90	15.49		30 1000	Pass	
CH6	10.95	12.45	30		Pass	
CH8	11.89	15.45				Pass
CH9	9.56	9.04			Pass	



### MIMO-Aux. Antenna

# 802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	10.47	11.14				Pass
CH2	12.73	18.75			Pass	
CH6	12.92	19.59	30	1000	Pass	
CH10	12.80	19.05				Pass
CH11	9.94	9.86			Pass	

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	11.93	15.60			Pass	
CH2	12.56	18.03			Pass	
CH6	12.87	19.36	30	1000	Pass	
CH10	12.68	18.54				Pass
CH11	11.95	15.67			Pass	

# 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH3	8.91	7.78			Pass	
CH4	10.24	10.57			Pass	
CH6	10.63	11.56	30	1000	Pass	
CH8	10.30	10.72				Pass
CH9	9.94	9.86			Pass	

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict				
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict				
CH1	10.21	10.50							Pass
CH2	12.51	17.82		30 1000	Pass				
CH6	12.65	18.41	30		Pass				
CH10	12.57	18.07				Pass			
CH11	9.68	9.29			Pass				

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Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict		
CH3	9.58	9.08			Pass		
CH4	10.49	11.19			Pass		
CH6	10.88	12.25	30	1000	Pass		
CH8	10.51	11.25					Pass
CH9	9.65	9.23			Pass		



### **MIMO**

# 802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	13.36	21.66			Pass	
CH2	15.85	38.47			Pass	
CH6	15.95	39.31	30	1000	Pass	
CH10	15.86	38.51				Pass
CH11	13.10	20.41			Pass	

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	Measured Output Average Power		nit	Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	14.75	29.88			Pass	
CH2	15.74	37.48		30 1000	Pass	
CH6	15.93	39.13	30		Pass	
CH10	15.81	38.12				Pass
CH11	14.82	30.36			Pass	

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Chamal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		\/ordint	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict	
CH3	11.91	15.52				Pass
CH4	13.54	22.62			Pass	
CH6	13.69	23.39	30	1000	Pass	
CH8	13.51	22.46				Pass
CH9	12.96	19.75			Pass	

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH1	13.27	21.21			Pass	
CH2	15.75	37.55			Pass	
CH6	15.71	37.24	30	1000	Pass	
CH10	15.76	37.66				Pass
CH11	12.79	19.02			Pass	

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Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict	
Chaine	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
CH3	12.76	18.87			Pass	
CH4	14.26	26.68			Pass	
CH6	13.93	24.69	30	1000	Pass	
CH8	14.26	26.70				Pass
CH9	12.62	18.26			Pass	



# E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISED)

### SISO-Main Antenna

### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict
CH1	20.84	121.34			Pass
CH6	20.74	118.58	36	4	Pass
CH11	22.25	167.88			Pass

### 802.11g Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH1	20.62	115.35			Pass	
CH2	22.79	190.11			Pass	
CH6	22.78	189.67	36	4	Pass	
CH10	22.76	188.80				Pass
CH11	20.66	116.41			Pass	

#### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH1	20.33	107.89			Pass	
CH2	22.85	192.75			Pass	
CH6	22.68	185.35	36	4	Pass	
CH10	22.90	194.98				Pass
CH11	20.34	108.14			Pass	

# 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Chamal	E.I.R.P		Limit		\/ardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	Verdict
CH3	17.97	62.66			Pass
CH4	21.29	134.59			Pass
CH6	21.14	130.02	36 4	4	Pass
CH8	21.28	134.28			Pass
CH9	17.47	55.85			Pass



# 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH1	20.23	105.44			Pass	
CH2	22.87	193.64			Pass	
CH6	22.71	186.64	36	4	Pass	
CH10	22.73	187.50				Pass
CH11	20.35	108.39			Pass	

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH3	17.39	54.83				Pass
CH4	22.62	182.81			Pass	
CH6	21.71	148.25	36	4	Pass	
CH8	22.37	172.58				Pass
CH9	17.64	58.08			Pass	



### SISO-Aux. Antenna

#### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
Chame	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict
CH1	20.39	109.40			Pass
CH6	21.88	154.17	36	4	Pass
CH11	22.31	170.22			Pass

# 802.11g Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict		
CH1	20.51	112.46			Pass		
CH2	22.38	172.98			Pass		
CH6	22.41	174.18	36	4	Pass		
CH10	22.47	176.60					Pass
CH11	20.69	117.22			Pass		

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH1	20.59	114.55			Pass	
CH2	22.33	171.00			Pass	
CH6	22.39	173.38	36	4	Pass	
CH10	22.38	172.98				Pass
CH11	20.75	118.85			Pass	

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH3	17.21	52.60			Pass	
CH4	21.65	146.22			Pass	
CH6	21.71	148.25	36	4	Pass	
CH8	21.35	136.46				Pass
CH9	17.53	56.62			Pass	



# 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict		
CH1	20.48	111.69					Pass
CH2	22.54	179.47			Pass		
CH6	22.39	173.38	36	4	Pass		
CH10	22.50	177.83				Pass	
CH11	20.47	111.43			Pass		

Chamal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH3	17.12	51.52				Pass
CH4	21.54	142.56			Pass	
CH6	21.24	133.05	36	4	Pass	
CH8	21.48	140.60				Pass
CH9	17.14	51.76			Pass	



### MIMO-Main Antenna

# 802.11g Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH1	15.85	38.46			Pass	
CH2	18.38	68.87			Pass	
CH6	18.86	76.91	36	4	Pass	
CH10	18.39	69.02				Pass
CH11	15.98	39.63			Pass	

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict		
CH1	17.52	56.49					Pass
CH2	18.99	79.25			Pass		
CH6	18.90	77.62	36	4	Pass		
CH10	18.80	75.86				Pass	
CH11	17.52	56.49			Pass		

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH3	14.90	30.90			Pass	
CH4	16.41	43.75			Pass	
CH6	16.66	46.34	36	4	Pass	
CH8	16.62	45.92				Pass
CH9	16.00	39.81			Pass	

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict			
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict			
CH1	16.18	41.50						Pass
CH2	18.79	75.68			Pass			
CH6	18.56	71.78	36	4	Pass			
CH10	18.73	74.64				Pass		
CH11	15.71	37.24			Pass			



Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH3	16.05	40.27				Pass
CH4	18.92	77.98			Pass	
CH6	16.62	45.92	36	4	Pass	
CH8	16.60	45.71				Pass
CH9	15.48	35.32			Pass	



### MIMO-Aux. Antenna

# 802.11g Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict		
CH1	15.90	38.90					Pass
CH2	18.40	69.18			Pass		
CH6	18.61	72.61	36	4	Pass		
CH10	18.40	69.18				Pass	
CH11	15.58	36.14			Pass		

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict			
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict			
CH1	17.69	58.75						Pass
CH2	18.29	67.45				Pass		
CH6	18.57	71.94	36	4	Pass			
CH10	18.47	70.31				Pass		
CH11	17.51	56.36			Pass			

#### 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict	
CH3	14.86	30.62			Pass	
CH4	16.18	41.50			Pass	
CH6	16.24	42.07	36	4	Pass	
CH8	15.97	39.54				Pass
CH9	15.82	38.19			Pass	

Charring	E.I.R.P		Limit		Vordist			
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	Verdict			
CH1	15.89	38.82						Pass
CH2	18.28	67.30			Pass			
CH6	18.35	68.39	36	4	Pass			
CH10	18.48	70.47				Pass		
CH11	15.45	35.08			Pass			



Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict		
CH3	15.44	34.99				Pass	
CH4	16.33	42.95			Pass		
CH6	16.41	43.75	36	4	Pass		
CH8	16.15	41.21					Pass
CH9	15.70	37.15			Pass		



### **MIMO**

# 802.11g Mode:

Channel	E.I	.R.P	Lir	nit	Verdict
Chaine	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict
CH1	18.89	77.36			Pass
CH2	21.40	138.05			Pass
CH6	21.75	149.52	36	4	Pass
CH10	21.41	138.21			Pass
CH11	18.79	75.77			Pass

### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	E.I	.R.P	Lir	nit	Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict
CH1	20.62	115.24			Pass
CH2	21.66	146.70			Pass
CH6	21.75	149.57	36	4	Pass
CH10	21.65	146.16			Pass
CH11	20.53	112.86			Pass

# 802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	E.I	.R.P	Lir	nit	Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict
CH3	17.89	61.52			Pass
CH4	19.31	85.25			Pass
CH6	19.47	88.42	36	4	Pass
CH8	19.32	85.46			Pass
CH9	18.92	78.01			Pass

Channal	E.I	.R.P	Lir	nit	Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict
CH1	19.05	80.31			Pass
CH2	21.55	142.98			Pass
CH6	21.47	140.17	36	4	Pass
CH10	21.62	145.11			Pass
CH11	18.59	72.31			Pass



Channel	E.I	.R.P	Lir	nit	Verdict
Chaine	dBm	mW	dBm	W	verdict
CH3	18.77	75.27			Pass
CH4	20.83	120.94			Pass
CH6	19.53	89.67	36	4	Pass
CH8	19.39	86.92			Pass
CH9	18.60	72.47			Pass



# A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

Note: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report. <u>Test Data</u>

# SISO-Main Antenna

#### 802.11b Mode:

Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	9.150000	13.444000	≥500
Middle	9.150000	13.465000	≥500
High	9.100000	13.424000	≥500

#### 802.11g Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	15.200000	17.170000	≥500
Middle	15.150000	17.227000	≥500
High	15.200000	17.231000	≥500

#### 802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	15.150000	18.128000	≥500
Middle	15.150000	18.188000	≥500
High	15.150000	18.190000	≥500

#### 802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Charan	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	35.150000	36.079000	≥500
Middle	35.050000	36.057000	≥500
High	33.900000	36.078000	≥500

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	15.500000	19.023000	≥500
Middle	17.250000	19.070000	≥500
High	17.450000	19.041000	≥500



# 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	34.050000	37.576000	≥500
Middle	35.200000	37.464000	≥500
High	35.200000	37.452000	≥500

# SISO-Aux. Antenna

#### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	8.150000	13.289000	≥500
Middle	9.100000	13.439000	≥500
High	9.100000	13.379000	≥500

# 802.11g Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	15.200000	17.181000	≥500
Middle	15.200000	17.122000	≥500
High	15.200000	17.143000	≥500

### 802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	15.050000	18.160000	≥500
Middle	15.200000	18.154000	≥500
High	15.150000	18.195000	≥500

#### 802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	33.850000	36.081000	≥500
Middle	35.100000	36.060000	≥500
High	35.150000	36.050000	≥500

# 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	17.750000	19.007000	≥500
Middle	17.450000	19.050000	≥500
High	17.350000	19.054000	≥500

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Report No.: BL-SZ23A0865-603



Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	35.250000	37.464000	≥500
Middle	34.200000	37.550000	≥500
High	35.650000	37.524000	≥500



**Test Plots** 

SISO-Main Antenna

6 dB Bandwidth

#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



#### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



# 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL





#### 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL





#### 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) HIGH CHANNEL



#### 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL



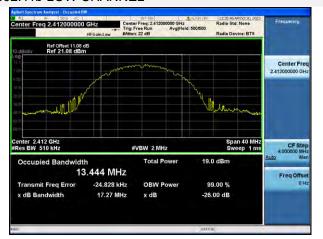
#### 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) HIGH CHANNEL





#### 99% Bandwidth

#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL





#### 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL

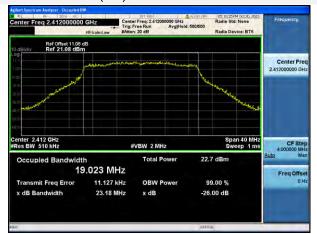


#### 802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL





#### 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) LOW CHANNEL



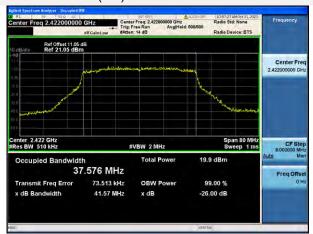
#### 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL



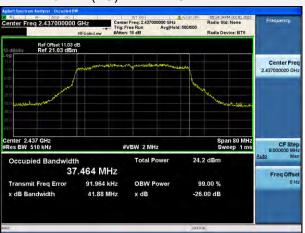
#### 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) HIGH CHANNEL



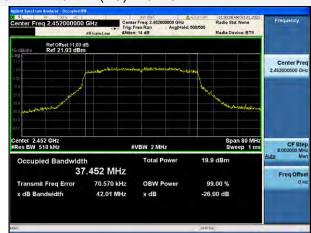
#### 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) HIGH CHANNEL





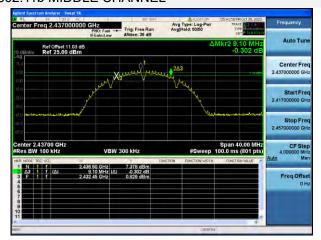
### SISO-Aux. Antenna

### 6 dB Bandwidth

#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



# 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL





#### 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL





#### 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL



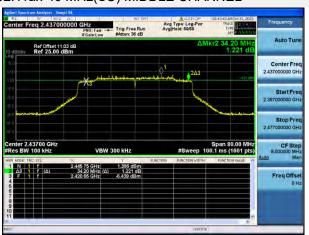
#### 802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) HIGH CHANNEL



#### 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) LOW CHANNEL



### 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL



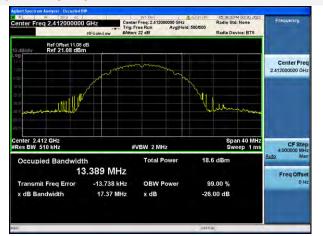
### 802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) HIGH CHANNEL



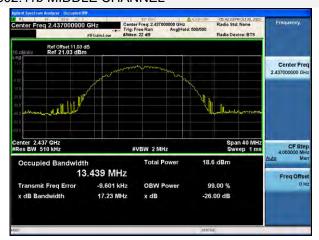


#### 99% Bandwidth

#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



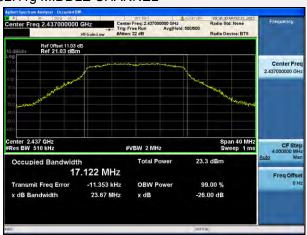
#### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL





#### 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL

