

**FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C****TEST REPORT****Report Number: BATT2012082301E-RF****FCC ID: Z92NI-1300****For**

NETVUE II

Model:

NI-1300, NI-1301, NI-1302

Trade Name: *Prepared for*

NetView Technologies (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
RM 2901, East Tower, Nanshan Software Park (Nanshan Digital Culture Industry Base),
Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, PRC

Prepared by

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. TEST CERTIFICATION	3
2. TEST RESULT SUMMARY	4
3. EUT DESCRIPTION	5
4. TEST METHODOLOGY	6
5. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	8
6. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS	9
FACILITIES.....	9
EQUIPMENT.....	9
LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTING	9
7. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	10
8. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS	11
6 DB BANDWIDTH	11
PEAK POWER.....	18
BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT	23
PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	28
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	35
POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	53
9. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	57



1. TEST CERTIFICATION

Applicant: NetView Technologies (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

RM 2901, East Tower, Nanshan Software Park (Nanshan Digital Culture Industry Base), District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, PRC

Manufacturer: NetView Technologies (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

RM 2901, East Tower, Nanshan Software Park (Nanshan Digital Culture Industry Base), District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, PRC

Equipment Under Test: NETVUE II

Trade Name:

Model: NI-1300, NI-1301, NI-1302

APPLICABLE STANDARDS

Standard	Test Type	Standard	Test Type
§15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth Measurement	§15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density
§15.247(b)(3) §15.247(b)(4)	Peak Power Measurement	§15.247(d) §15.209(a) §15.205	Spurious Emissions ● Conducted Measurement ● Radiated Emissions
§15.247(d)	Band Edges Measurement	§15.207(a)	Power Line Conducted Emissions
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	§15.247 (i) §1.1307 (b)(1) §2.1091	Maximum Permissible exposure (MPE)

Deviation from Applicable Standard

None

The above equipment was tested by *SHENZHEN BATT TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD*. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.205, 15.247.

Tested By: Tim Lin
(*Tim Lin*)

Date: 2012-09-12

Eric Wong
Check By: Eric Wong /Assistant manager

Date: 2012-09-12



2. TEST RESULT SUMMARY

APPLICABLE STANDARDS			
Standard	Test Type	Result	Remark
§15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth Measurement	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
§15.247(b)(3) §15.247(b)(4)	Peak Power Measurement	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
§15.247(d)	Band Edges Measurement	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
§15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
§15.247(d) §15.209(a) §15.205	Spurious Emissions ● Conducted Measurement ● Radiated Emissions	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
§15.207(a)	Power line Conducted Emissions	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
§15.247(i) §1.1307 (b)(1) §2.1091	Maximum Permissible exposure (MPE)	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.

Note: 1. The test result judgment is decided by the limit of test standard
2. The information of measurement uncertainty is available upon the customer's request.

3. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	NETVUE II
Trade Name	NETVIEW
Model Number	NI-1300, NI-1301, NI-1302
Model Difference	All the above models were identical except the model designation for different market and the model NI-1300 was selected to test.
Power Supply	DC 5V POWERED BY SWITCHING AC/DC POWER ADAPTER MODEL: GEO151UB-0520 INPUT: AC 100-240V 50/60Hz 0.55A OUTPUT: DC 5V, 2A
Frequency Range	802.11b mode: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz 802.11g mode: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n-HT20 mode: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz
Transmit Power	802.11b mode: 16.59 dBm (Conducted power) 802.11g mode: 15.26 dBm (Conducted power) 802.11n-HT20 mode: 13.69 dBm (Conducted power)
Modulation Technique	802.11b: DSSS (CCK; DQPSK; DBPSK) 802.11g: OFDM 802.11n-HT20: OFDM
Transmit Data Rate	IEEE 802.11b: 11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps IEEE 802.11g: 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps IEEE 802.11n-HT20: 6.5, 13, 19.5, 26, 39, 52, 58.5, 65 ,150 Mbps
Number of Channels	11 Channels
Antenna Specification	Printed PCB antenna ; Gain: 2.0 dBi (Max)

Note: This submittal(s) (test report) comply with Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.205 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.



4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4: 2003 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209, 15.205 and 15.247.

EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209, 15.205 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.3 of ANSI C63.4: 2003 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.

FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	399.9 – 410	4.5 – 5.15
¹ 0.495 – 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	608 – 614	5.35 – 5.46
2.1735 – 2.1905	16.80425 – 16.80475	960 – 1240	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	25.5 – 25.67	1300 – 1427	8.025 – 8.5
2. 17725 – 4.17775	37.5 – 38.25	1435 – 1626.5	9.0 – 9.2
2. 20725 – 4.20775	73 – 74.6	1645.5 – 1646.5	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	74.8 – 75.2	1660 – 1710	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 – 6.26825	108 – 121.94	1718.8 – 1722.2	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	123 – 138	2200 – 2300	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	149.9 – 150.05	2310 – 2390	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 – 8.366	156.52475 –	2483.5 – 2500	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 – 8.38675	156.52525	2655 – 2900	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 – 8.41475	156.7 – 156.9	3260 – 3267	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	162.0125 – 167.17	3332 – 3339	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	167.72 – 173.2	3345.8 – 3358	36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	240 – 285	3600 – 4400	(²)
13.36 – 13.41	322 – 335.4		

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

Software (RT3x7xQA) used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

IEEE802.11b: Channel 1(2412 MHz), Channel 6(2437 MHz) and Channel 11(2462 MHz) with 1Mbps highest data rate (worst case) are chosen for the final testing.

IEEE802.11g: Channel 1(2412 MHz), Channel 6(2437 MHz) and Channel 11(2462 MHz) with 6Mbps data rate (worst case) are chosen for the final testing.

IEEE802.11n-HT20: Channel 1(2412 MHz), Channel 6(2437 MHz) and Channel 11(2462 MHz) with 6.5 Mbps data rate (worst case) are chosen for the final testing.



5. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.



6. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

FACILITIES

The Test site used by ShenZhen Emtek Co.,Ltd to collect test data is located in Bldg. 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4: 2003 and CISPR Publication 22.

EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTING

Test site at ShenZhen Emtek Co.,Ltd has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on March 18, 2008 and October 28, 2010. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2003.

The Federal Communications Commission has the reports on file and is listed under FCC Registration No.: 709623 and 406365. The test site has been approved by the FCC for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.



7. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

See test photographs for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

REMOTE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
DELL	Notebook	D600	S2-B012	DOC

EXTERNAL I/O CABLE

Cable Description	Length (m)	From/Port	To
Unshielded Detachable Power Cable	1.5	Notebook	LISN
Unshielded Detachable RJ45 Cable	10	EUT	Notebook

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

8. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

6 DB BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

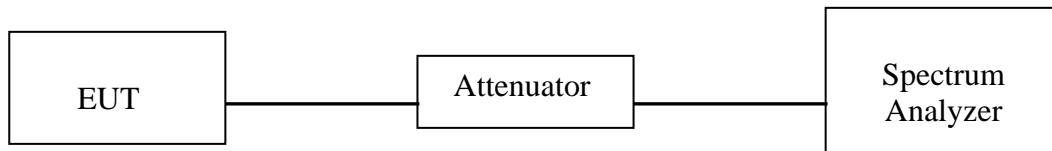
For the direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	100478	2011-09-26	2012-09-25

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance -5.1.1

1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
3. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1-5 % of the emission bandwidth (EBW).
4. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
5. Detector mode = max hold.
6. Sweep = auto couple.
7. Allow the trace to stabilize.
8. Mark the peak frequency and -6dB (upper and lower) frequency.
9. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ° C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Tim Lin on 2012-08-25.

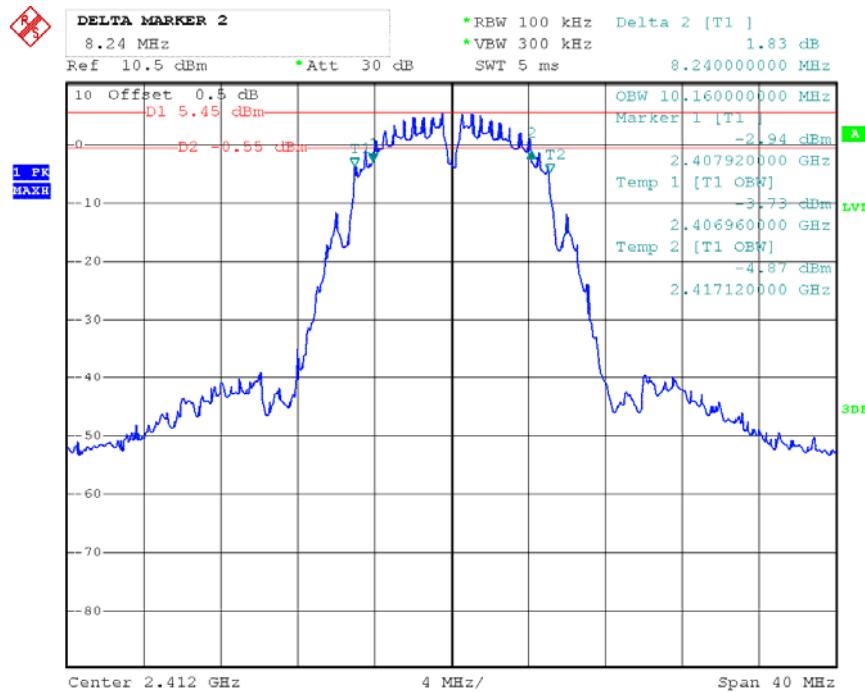
Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass. Please refer to the following table and plots:

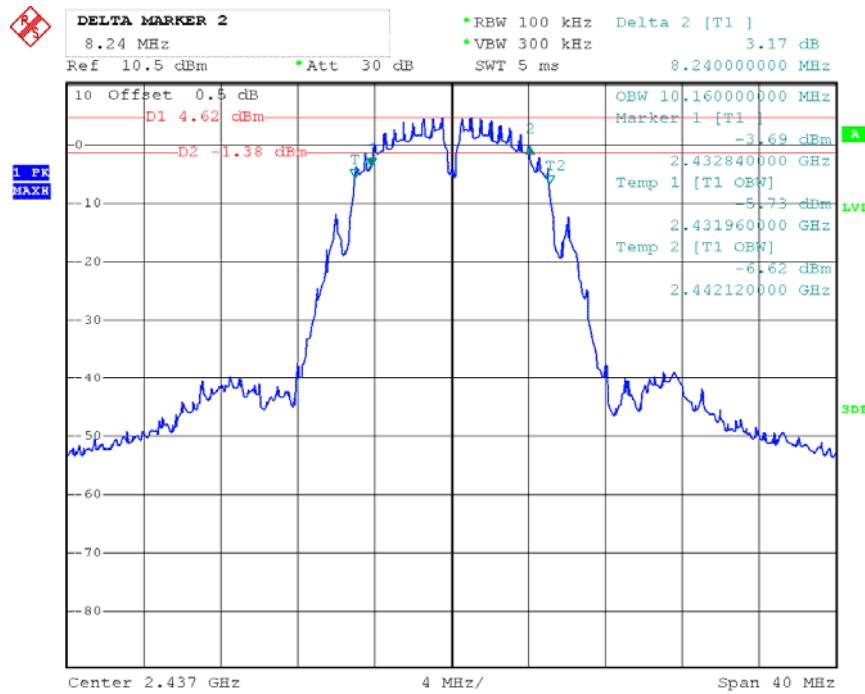
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)
802.11b mode				
Low	2412	1	8.24	≥500
Middle	2437	1	8.24	≥500
High	2462	1	8.24	≥500
802.11g mode				
Low	2412	6	15.68	≥500
Middle	2437	6	15.92	≥500
High	2462	6	16.08	≥500
802.11n-HT20 mode				
Low	2412	6.5	17.36	≥500
Middle	2437	6.5	17.36	≥500
High	2462	6.5	17.36	≥500

Test Plot

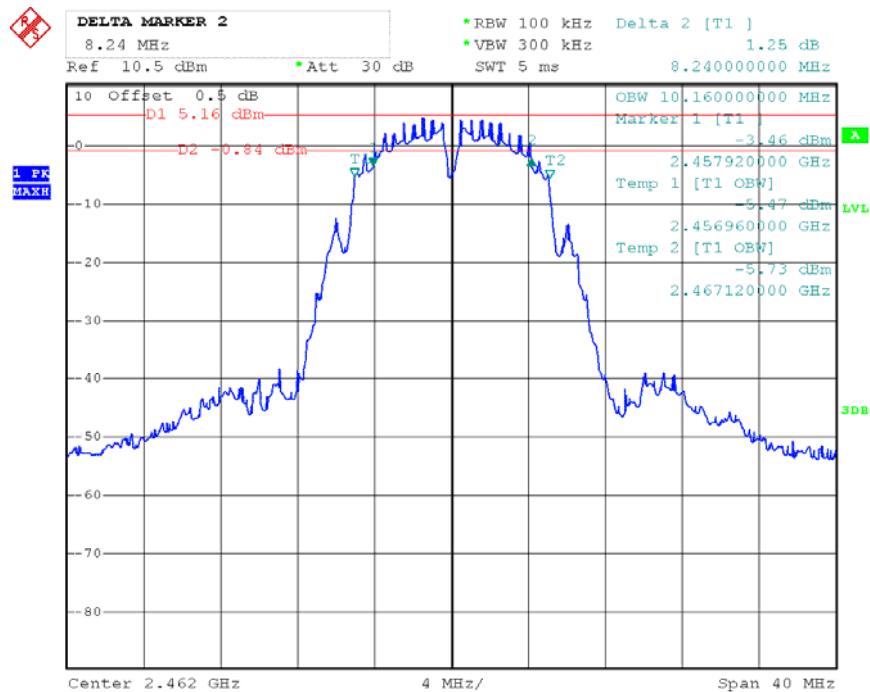
802.11b Low Channel



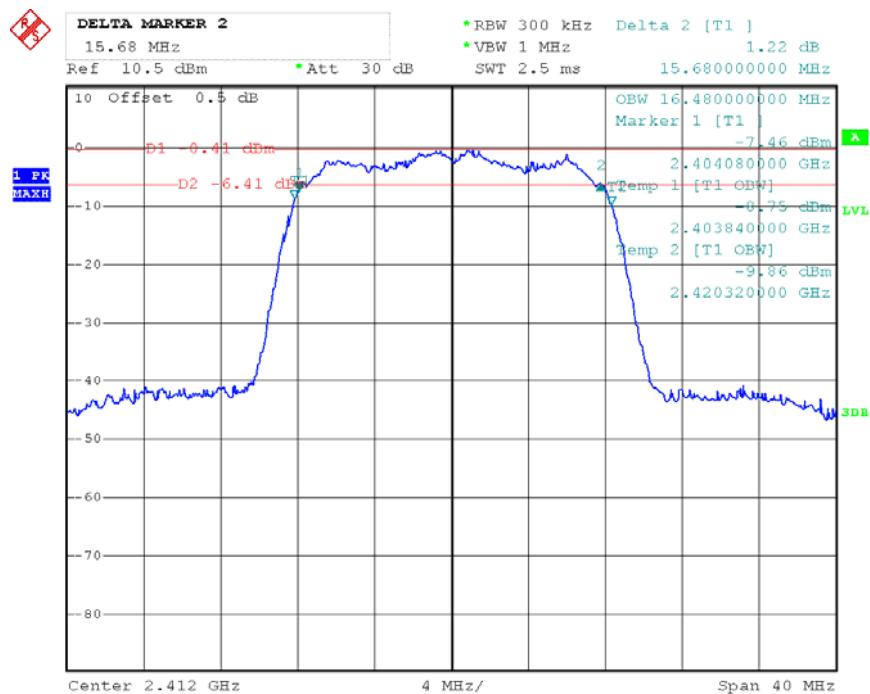
802.11b Middle Channel



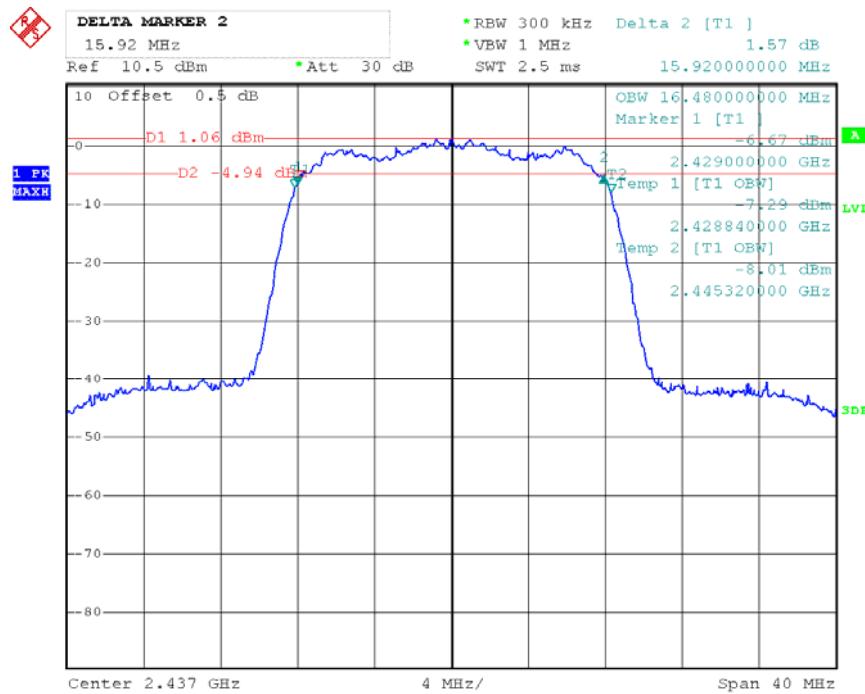
802.11b High Channel



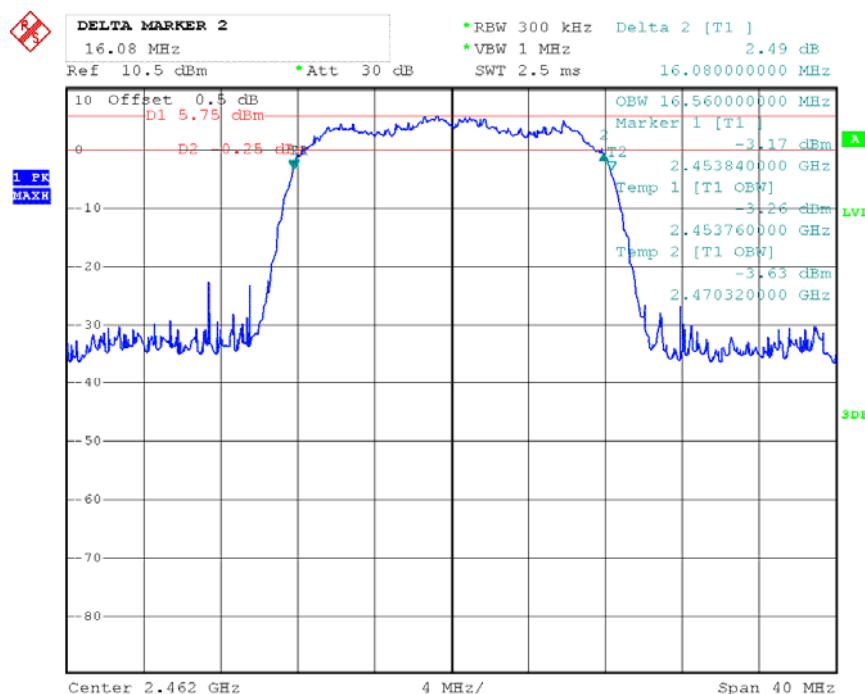
802.11g Low Channel



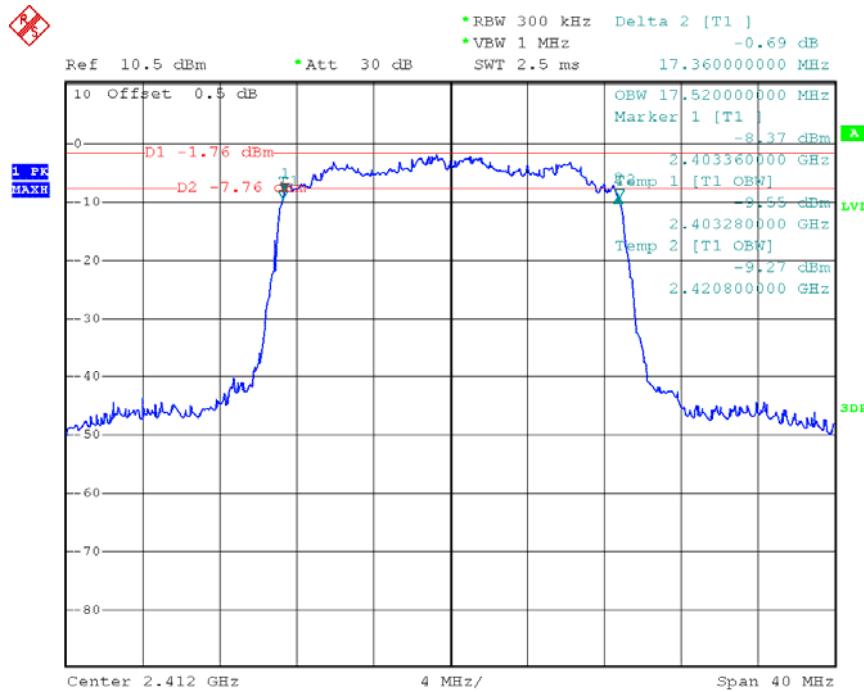
802.11g Middle Channel



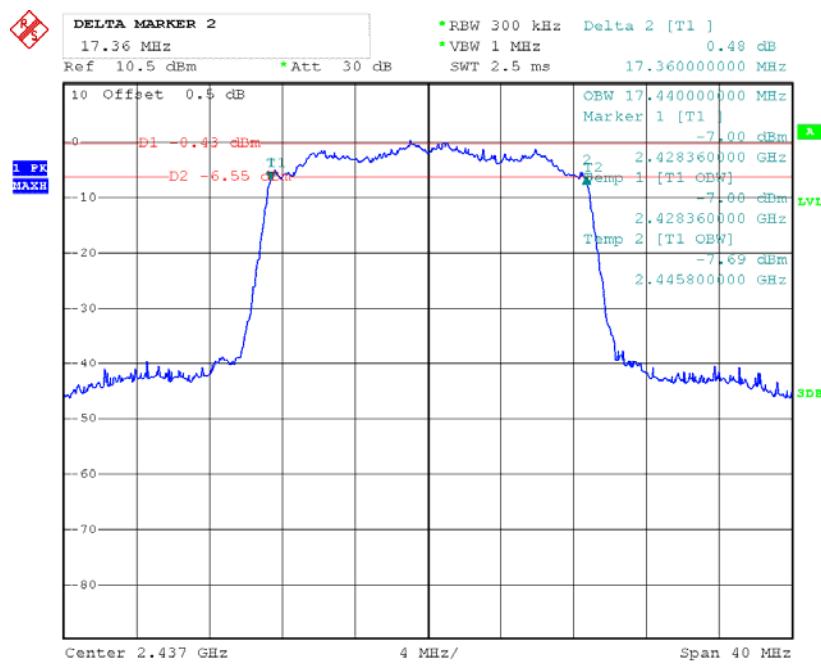
802.11g High Channel



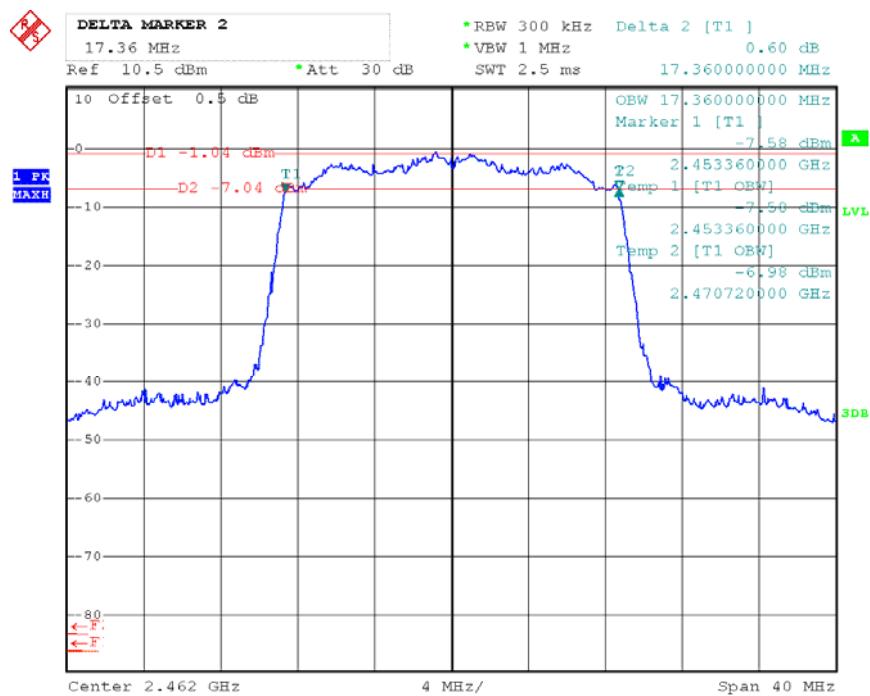
802.11n-HT20 Low Channel



802.11n-HT20 Middle Channel



802.11n-HT20 High Channel



PEAK POWER

LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

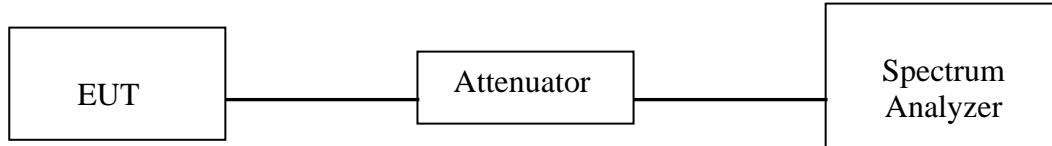
1. According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.
2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	100478	2011-09-26	2012-09-25

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance -5.2.1.2

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to an EMI Test Receiver.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.
4. Set the RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz.
5. Set the span to a value that is 5-30% greater than the EBW.
6. Detector = peak.
7. Sweep time = auto couple.
8. Allow the trace to stabilize.
9. Use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW band edges.
10. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ° C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Tim Lin on 2012-08-25.

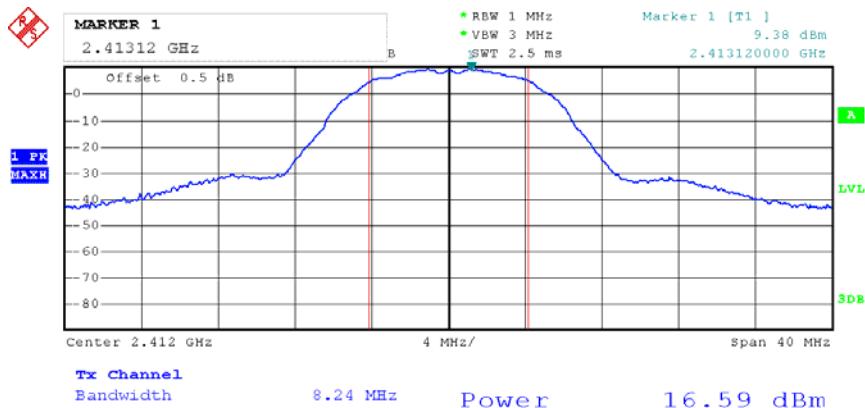
Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass. Please refer to the following table and plots:

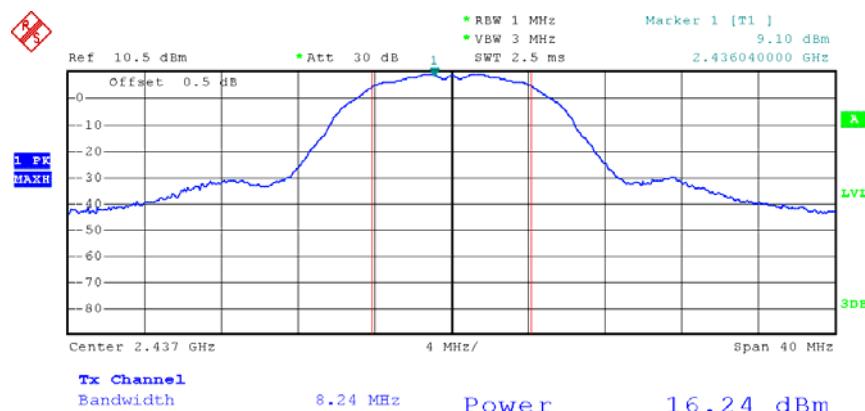
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Reading Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
802.11b					
Low	2412	1	16.59	30	pass
Middle	2437	1	16.24	30	pass
High	2462	1	16.15	30	pass
802.11g					
Low	2412	6	15.26	30	pass
Middle	2437	6	15.19	30	pass
High	2462	6	15.26	30	pass
802.11n-HT20					
Low	2412	6.5	13.69	30	pass
Middle	2437	6.5	13.31	30	pass
High	2462	6.5	13.22	30	pass

Note: the antenna gain is 2.0dBi.

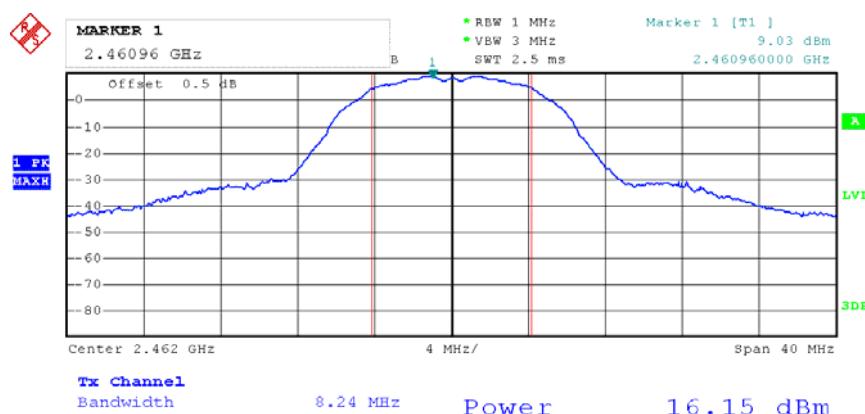
802.11b RF Output Power, Low Channel



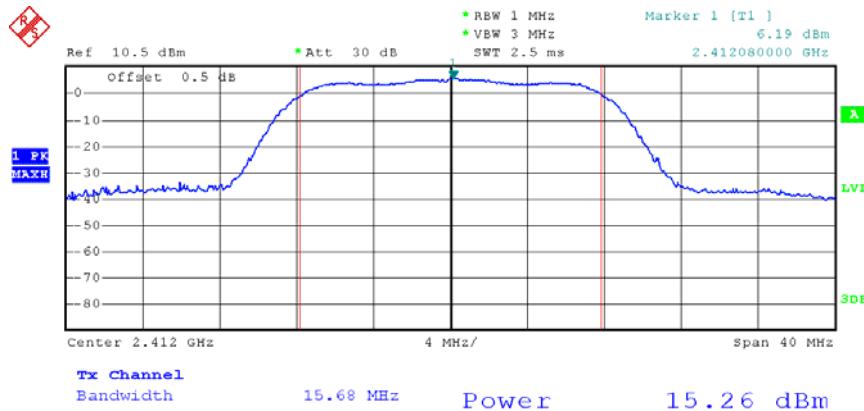
802.11b RF Output Power, Middle Channel



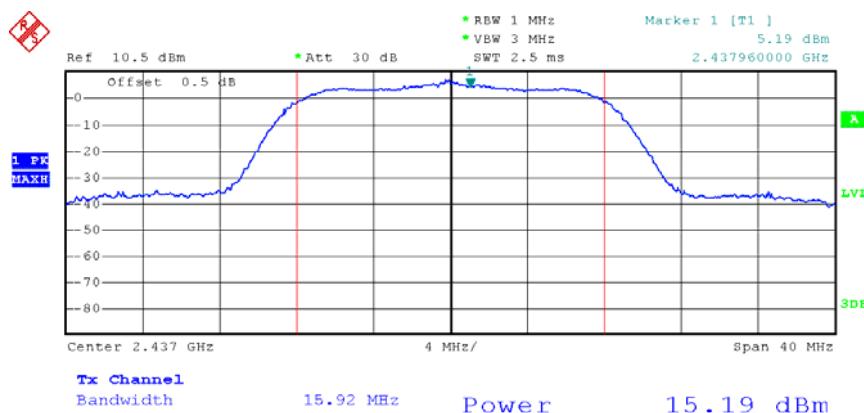
802.11b RF Output Power, High Channel



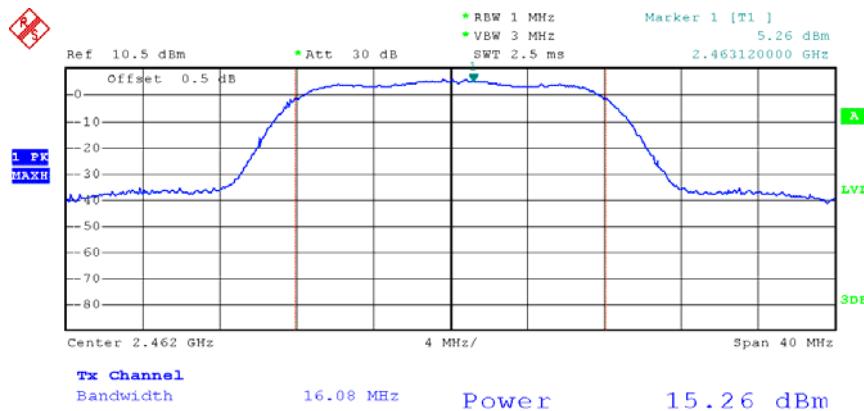
802.11g RF Output Power, Low Channel



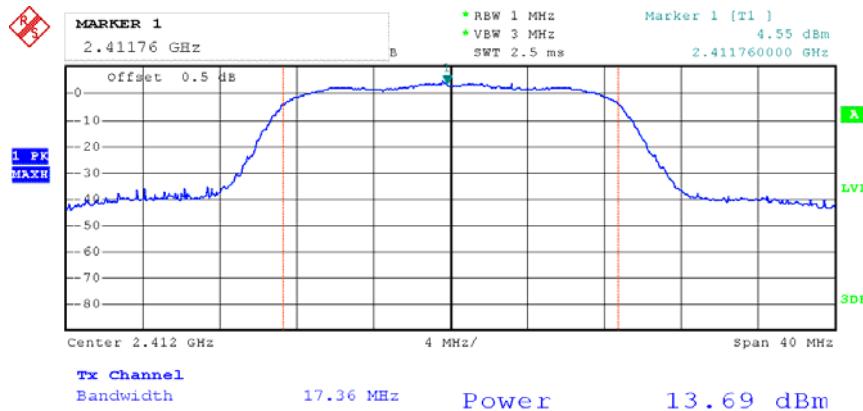
802.11g RF Output Power, Middle Channel



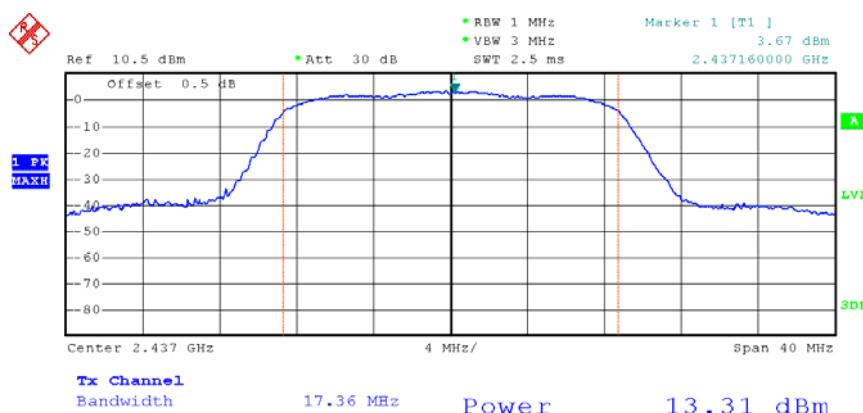
802.11g RF Output Power, High Channel



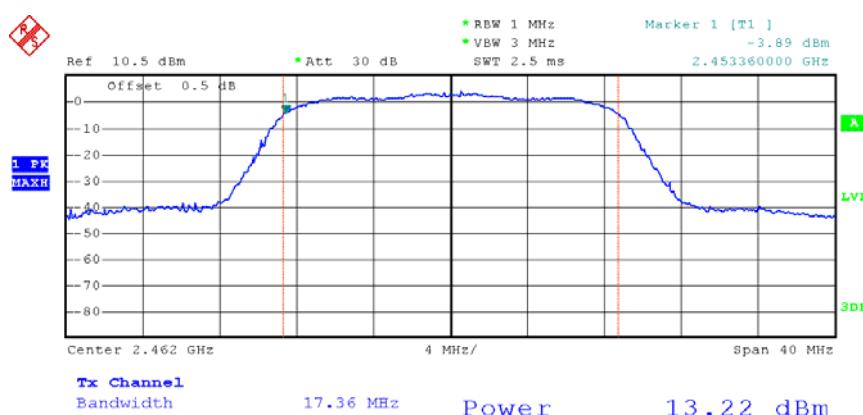
802.11n-HT20 RF Output Power, Low Channel



802.11n-HT20 RF Output Power, Middle Channel



802.11n-HT20 RF Output Power, High Channel



BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

LIMIT

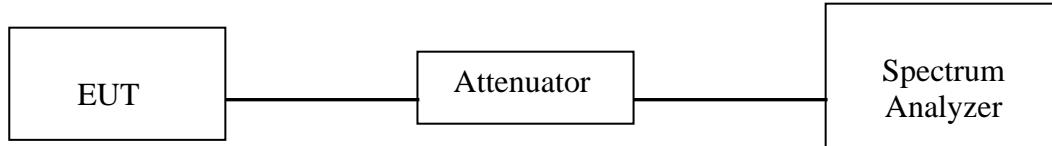
According to §15.247(c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a).

MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	100478	2011-09-26	2012-09-25

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance -5.4.2.2.4

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 ° C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

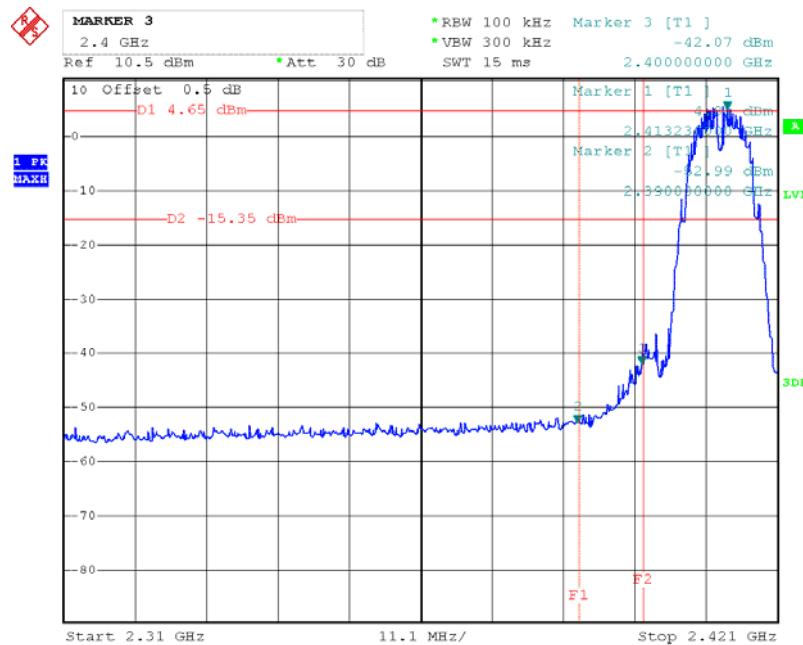
The testing was performed by Tim Lin on 2012-08-25.

Test Mode: Transmitting

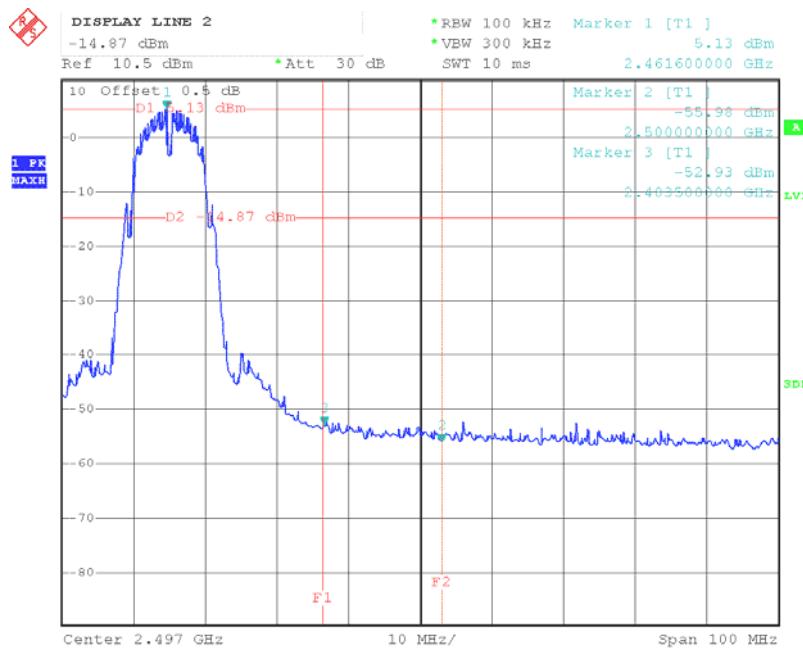
Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to following plots:

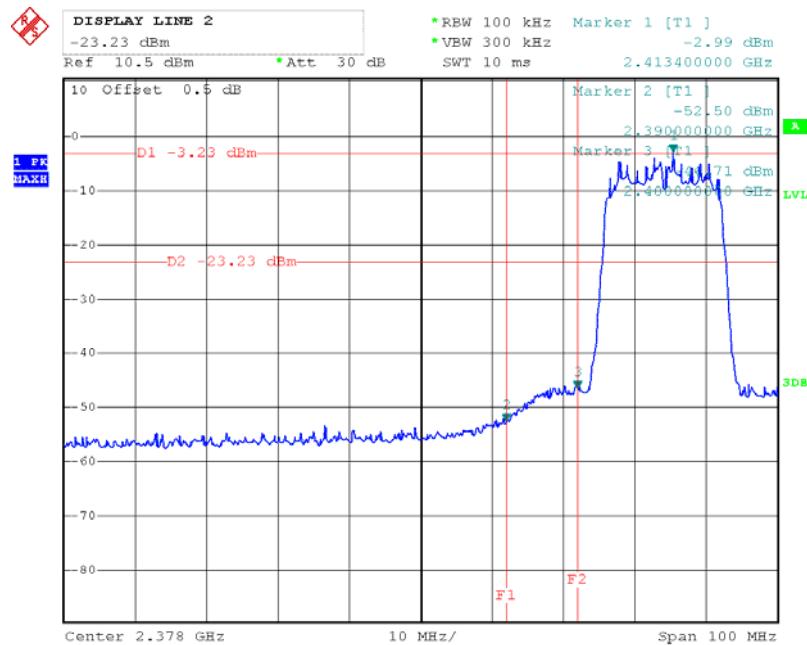
802.11b: Band Edge, Left Side



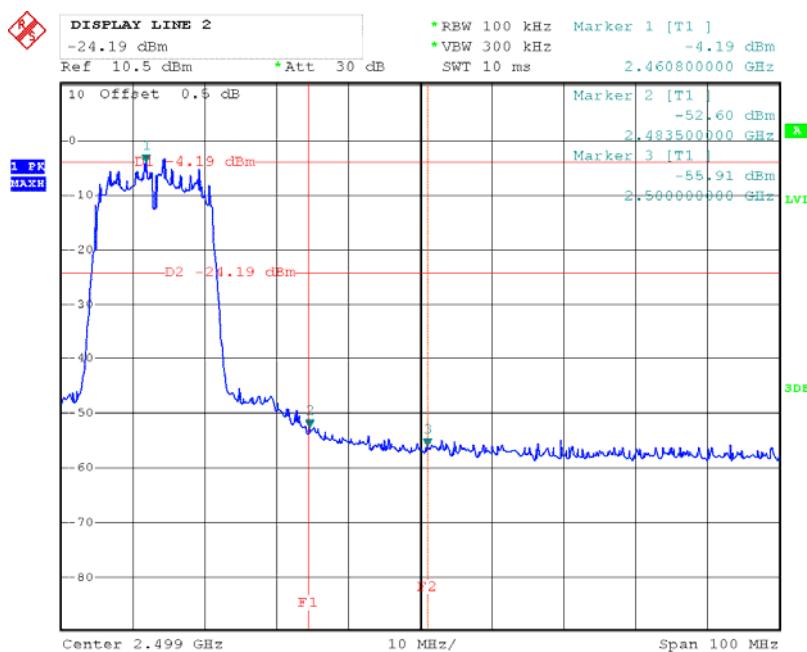
802.11b: Band Edge, Right Side



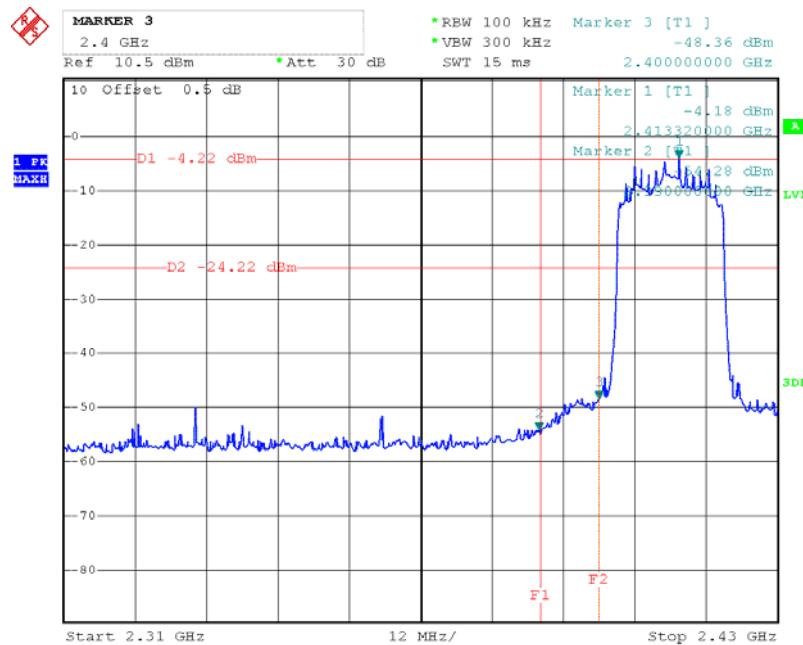
802.11g: Band Edge, Left Side



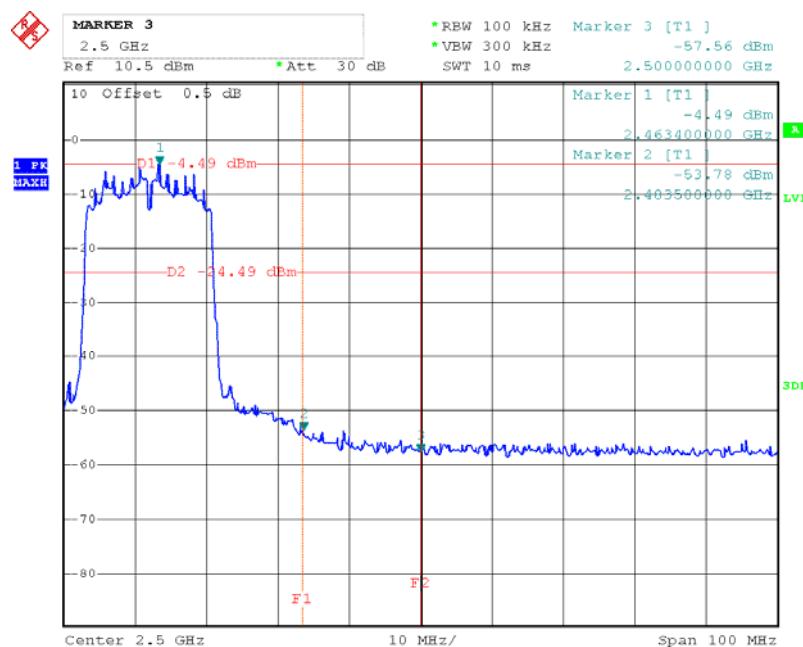
802.11g: Band Edge, Right Side



802.11n-HT20: Band Edge, Left Side



802.11n-HT20: Band Edge, Right Side



PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

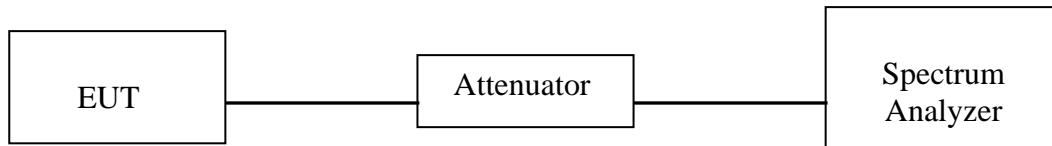
1. For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
2. The direct sequence operating of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping operation turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	100478	2011-09-26	2012-09-25

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance-5.3.1

1. Use the procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW = 100 kHz
3. Set the VBW ≥ 300 kHz
4. Set the span to 5-30% greater than the EBW.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time =auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.
10. Scale the observed power level to an equivalent value in 3 kHz by adjusting(reducing) the measured power by a bandwidth correction factor (BWCF) where $BWCF = 10 \log(3 \text{ kHz}/100 \text{ kHz}) = -15.2 \text{ dB}$).
11. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 ° C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Tim Lin on 2012-08-25.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass. Please refer to following table and plots:

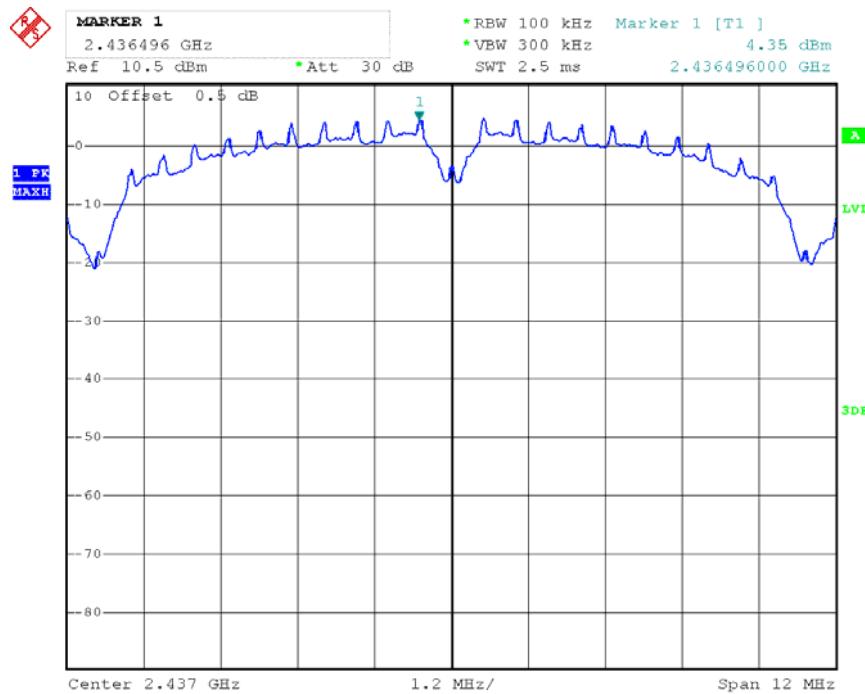
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Reading Level (dBm/100kHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Result
802.11b						
Low	2412	1	5.12	-10.08	8	pass
Middle	2437	1	4.35	-10.85	8	pass
High	2462	1	4.73	-10.47	8	pass
802.11g						
Low	2412	6	-2.91	-18.11	8	pass
Middle	2437	6	-3.87	-19.07	8	pass
High	2462	6	-3.84	-19.04	8	pass
802.11n-HT20						
Low	2412	6.5	-4.47	-19.67	8	pass
Middle	2437	6.5	-4.50	-19.70	8	pass
High	2462	6.5	-4.82	-20.02	8	pass

Test Plot

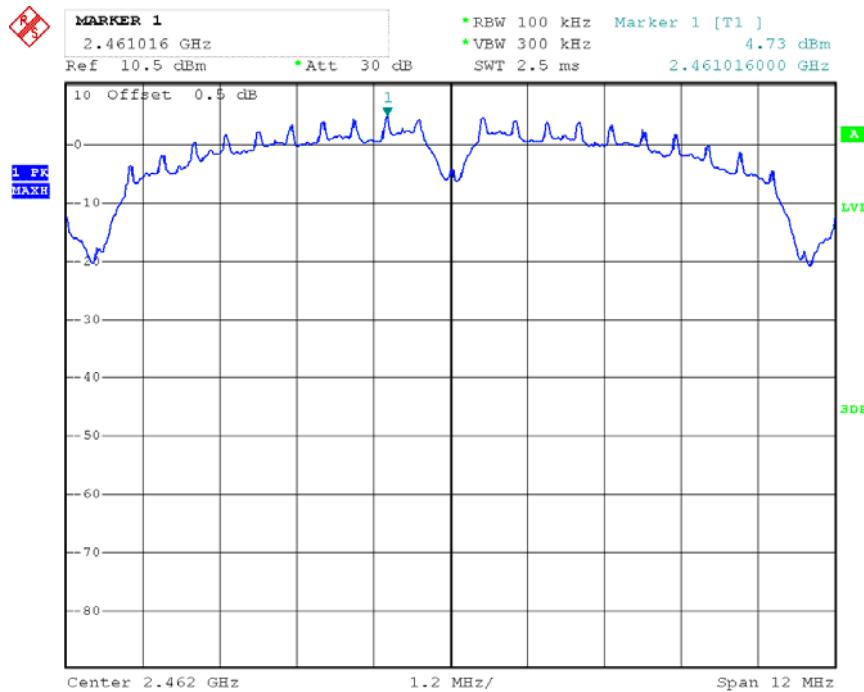
Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Low Channel



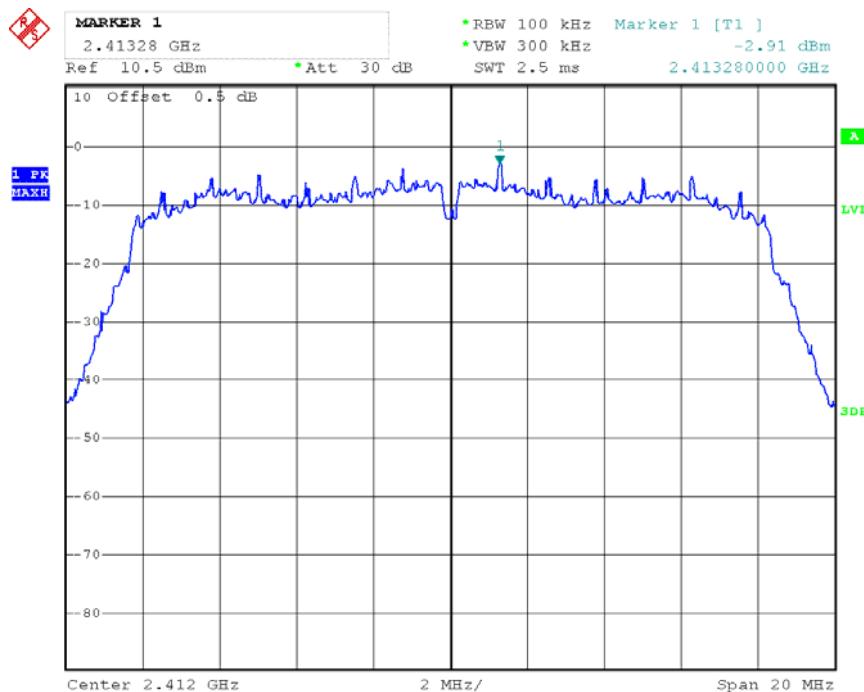
Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Middle Channel



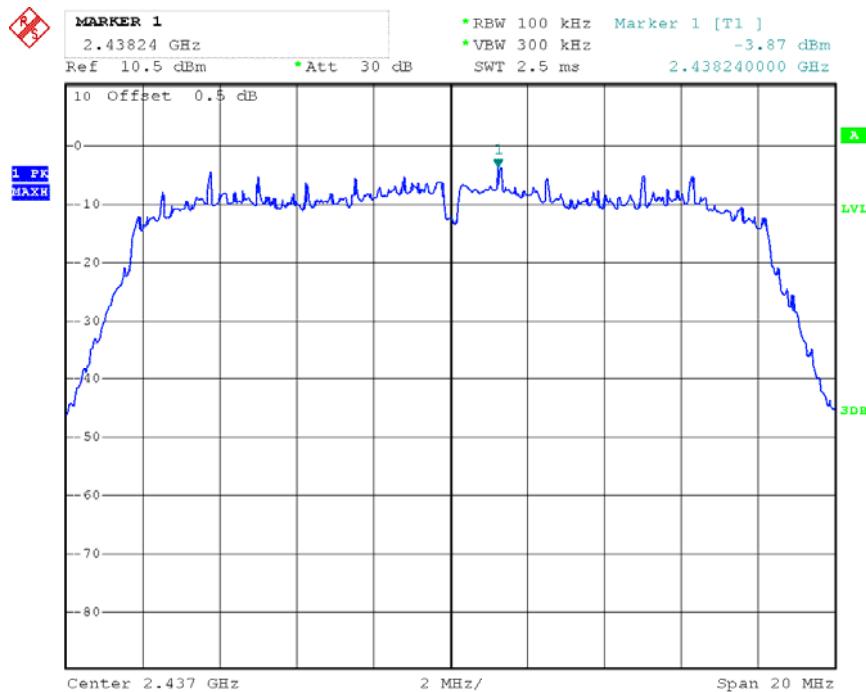
Power Spectral Density, 802.11b High Channel



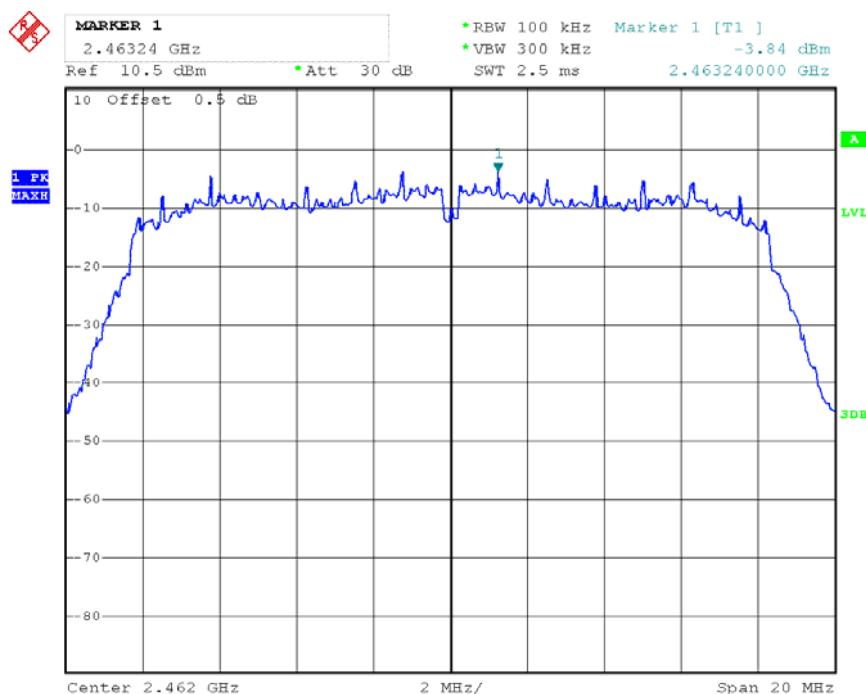
Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Low Channel



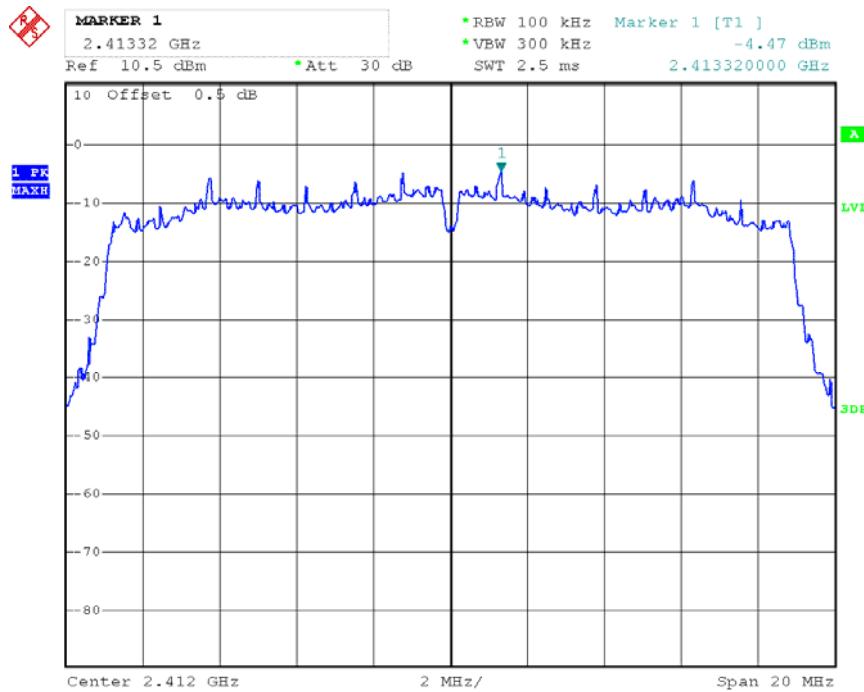
Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Middle Channel



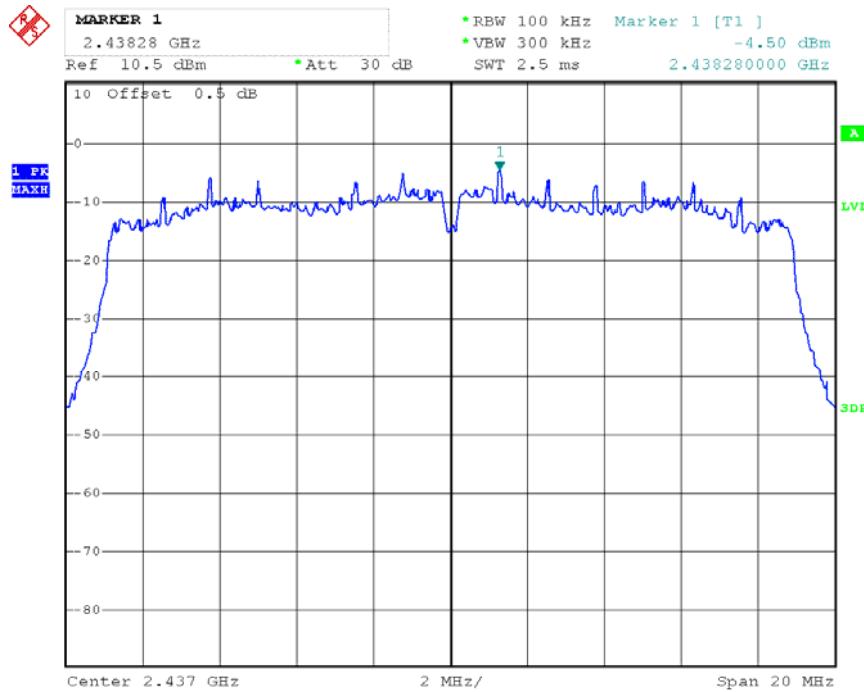
Power Spectral Density, 802.11g High Channel



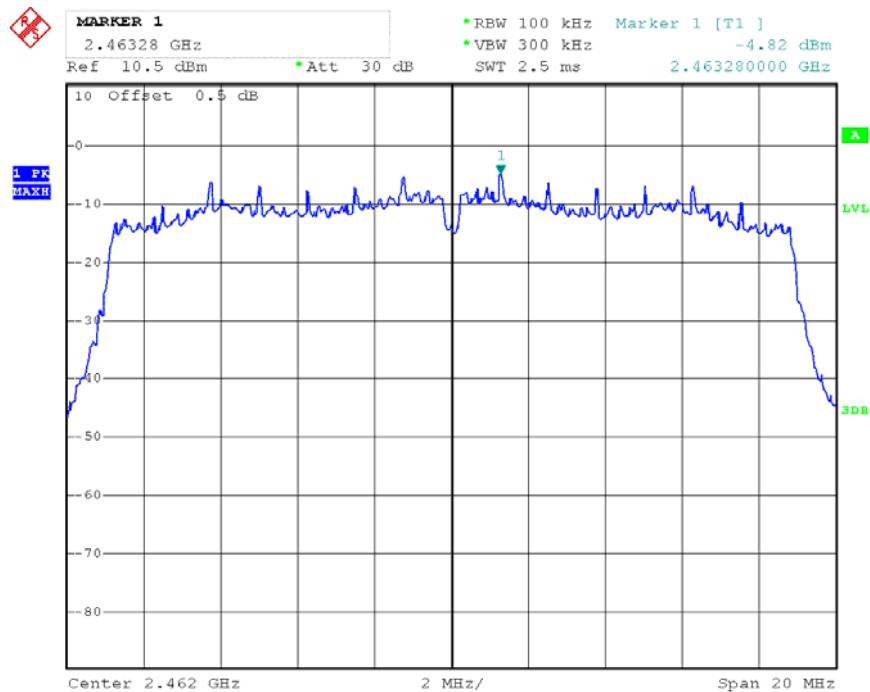
Power Spectral Density, 802.11n-HT20 Low Channel



Power Spectral Density, 802.11n-HT20 Middle Channel



Power Spectral Density, 802.11n-HT20 High Channel



SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

7.6.1 Conducted Measurement

LIMIT

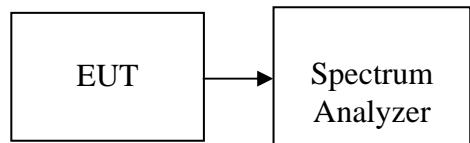
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	100478	2011-09-26	2012-09-25

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 25 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 ° C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Tim Lin on 2012-08-25.

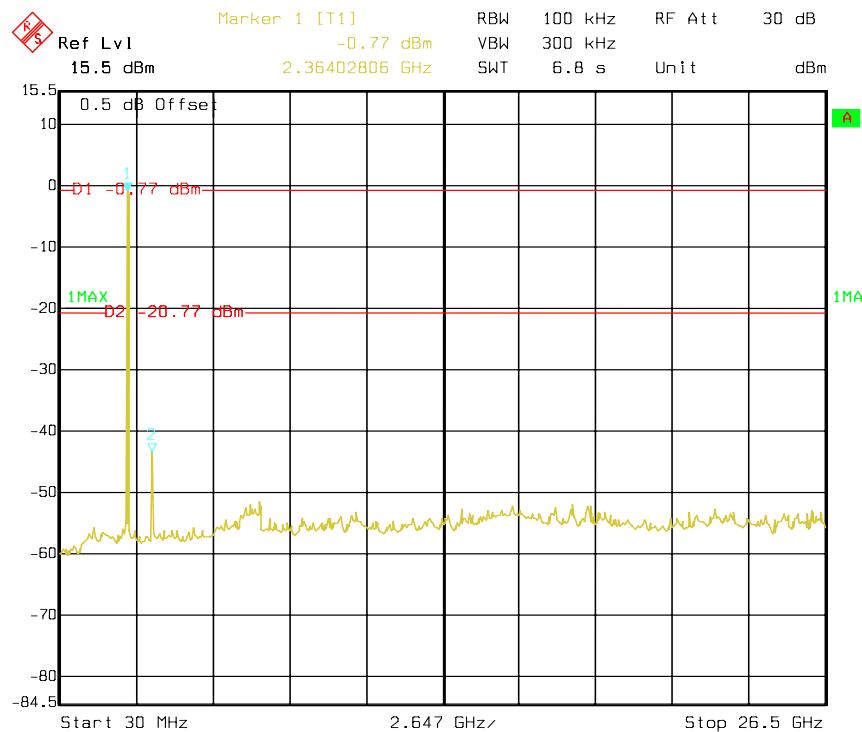
Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass.

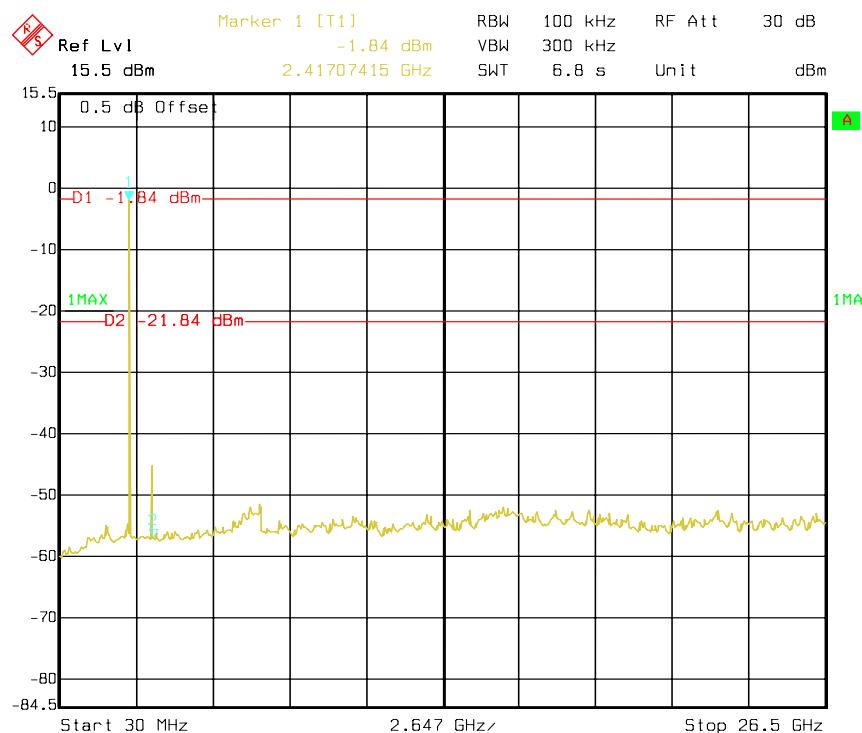
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Please refer to the following plots

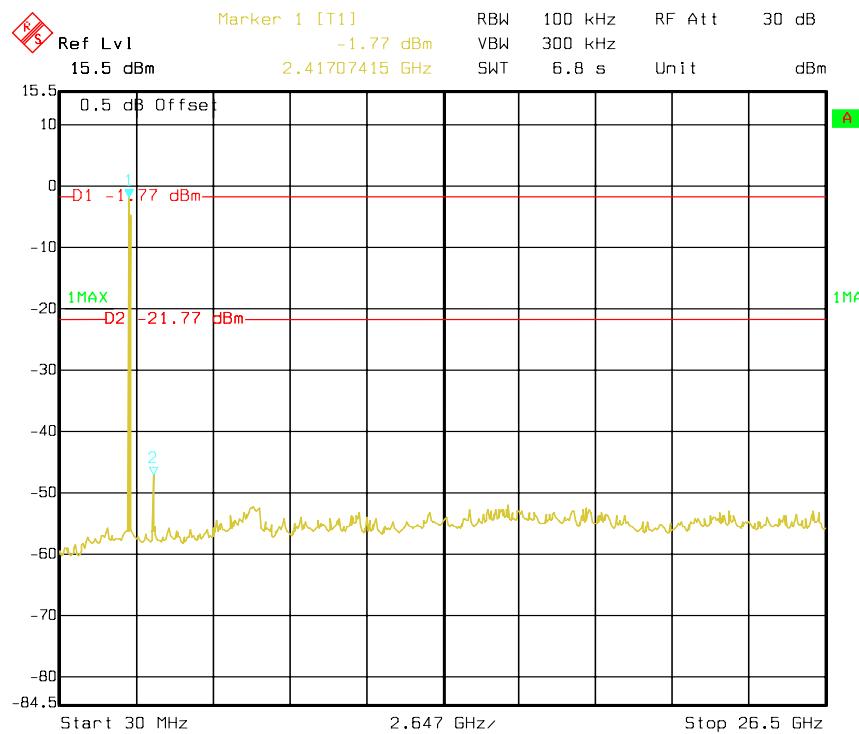
802.11b Low Channel



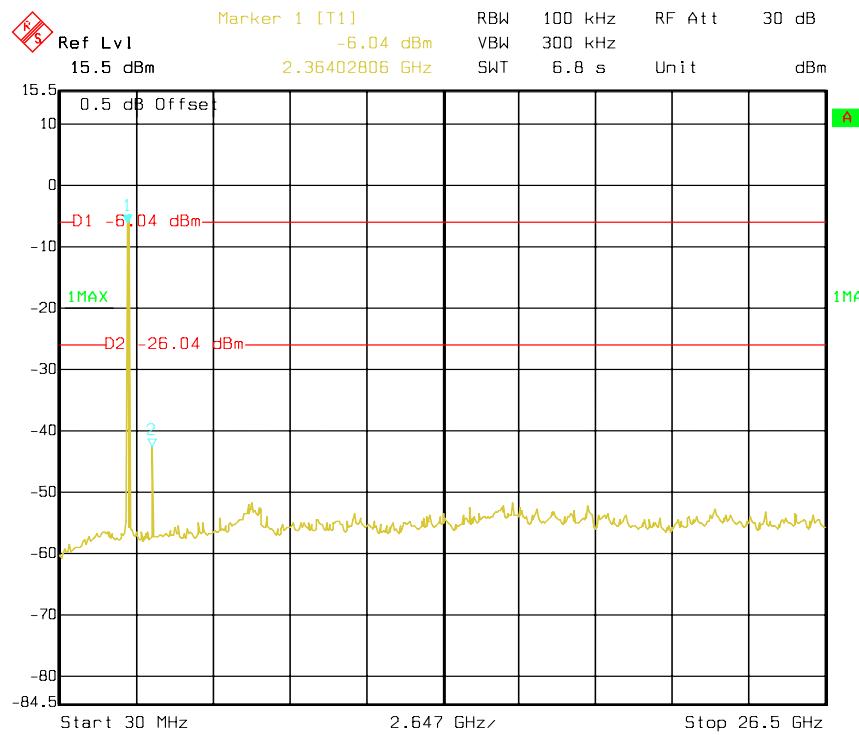
802.11b Middle Channel



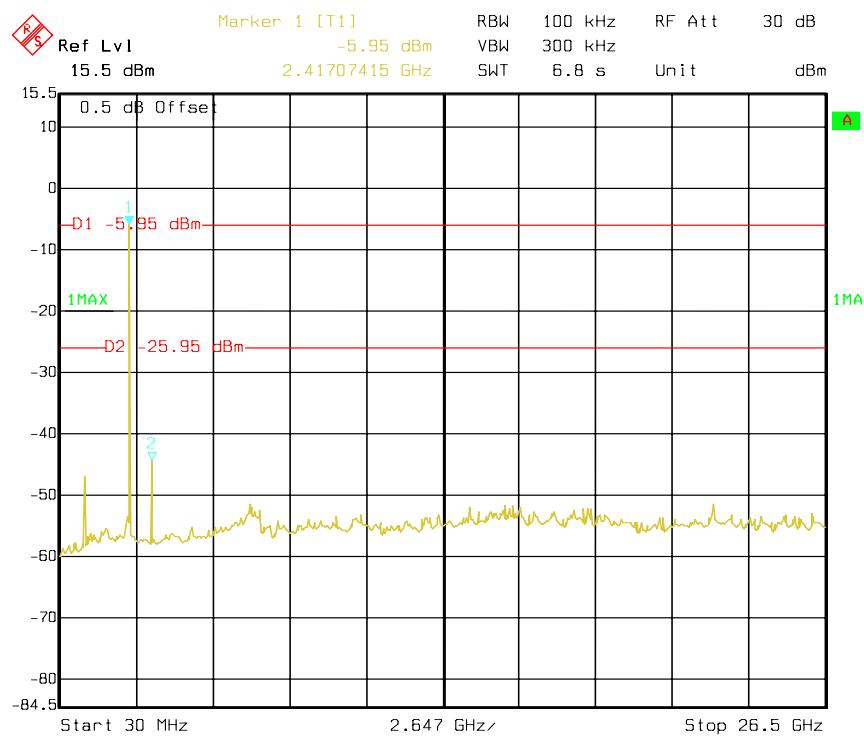
802.11b High Channel



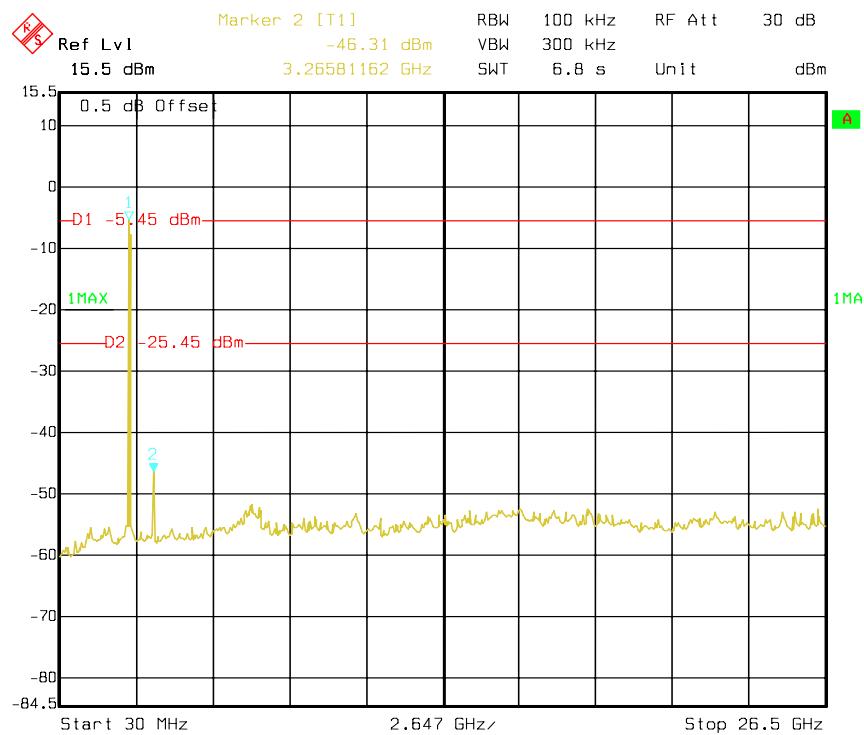
802.11g Low Channel



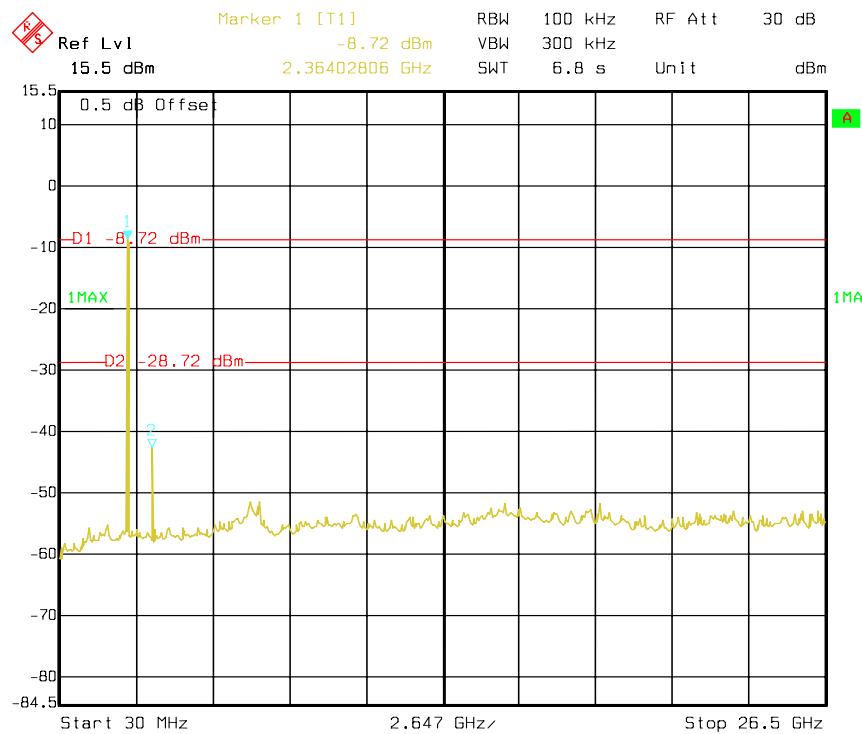
802.11g Middle Channel



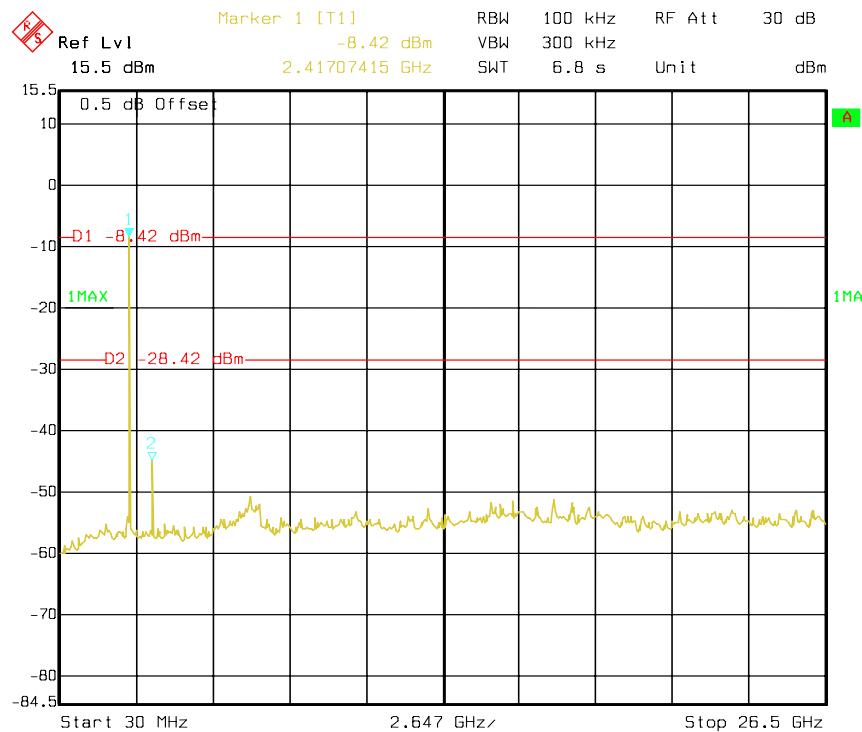
802.11g High Channel



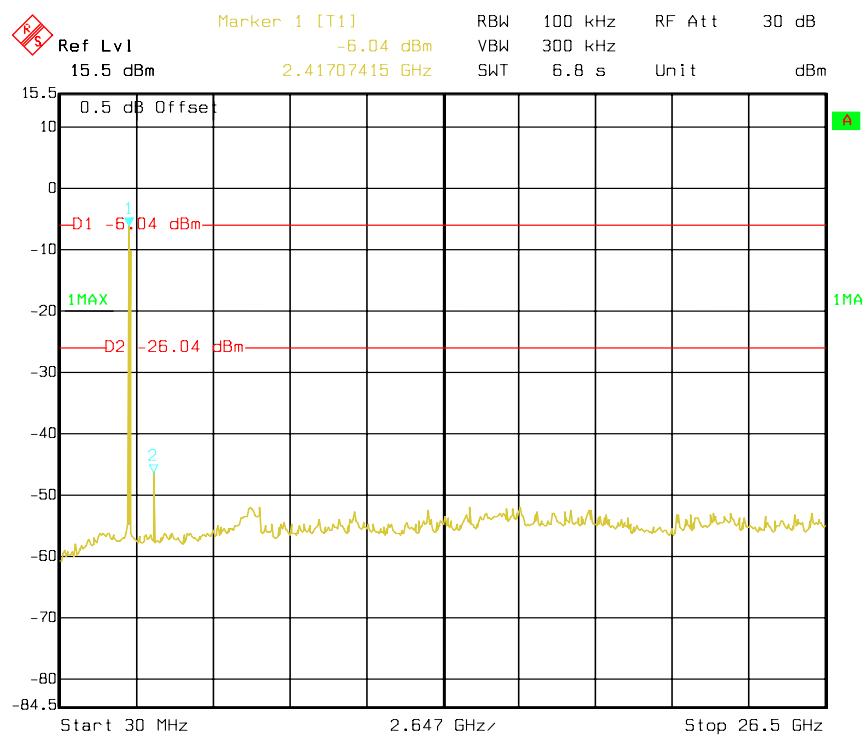
802.11n-HT20 Low Channel



802.11n-HT20 Middle Channel



802.11n-HT20 High Channel



7.6.2 Radiated Emissions

LIMIT

1. Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (mV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

Note: Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

2. In the above emission table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency (Hz)	Field Strength (μ V/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement at Shenzhen Emtek Co.,Ltd is ± 4.0 dB.

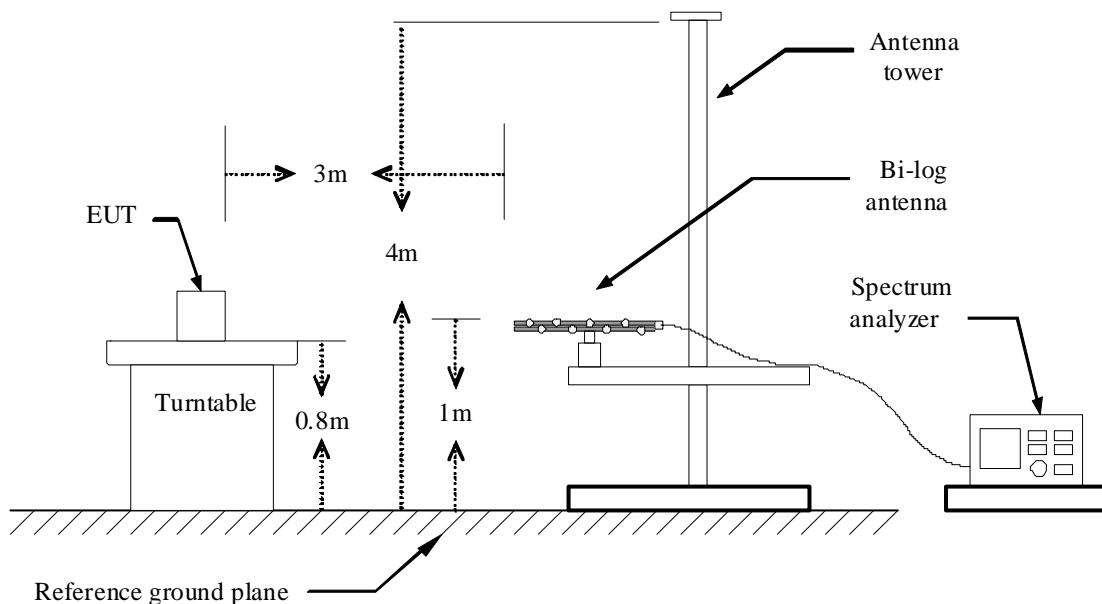
MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	100478	2011-09-26	2012-09-25
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100005	2011-11-03	2012-11-02
HP	Amplifier	8447D	2944A07999	2011-10-09	2012-10-08
HP	Amplifier	8449B	2624A00116	2012-03-03	2013-03-02
Schwardzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA 9120	BBHA9120143	2011-09-02	2012-09-01
Schwardzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170339	2011-10-08	2012-10-07
Schwardzbeck	Bilog Antenna	VULB9163	142	2012-05-12	2013-05-11

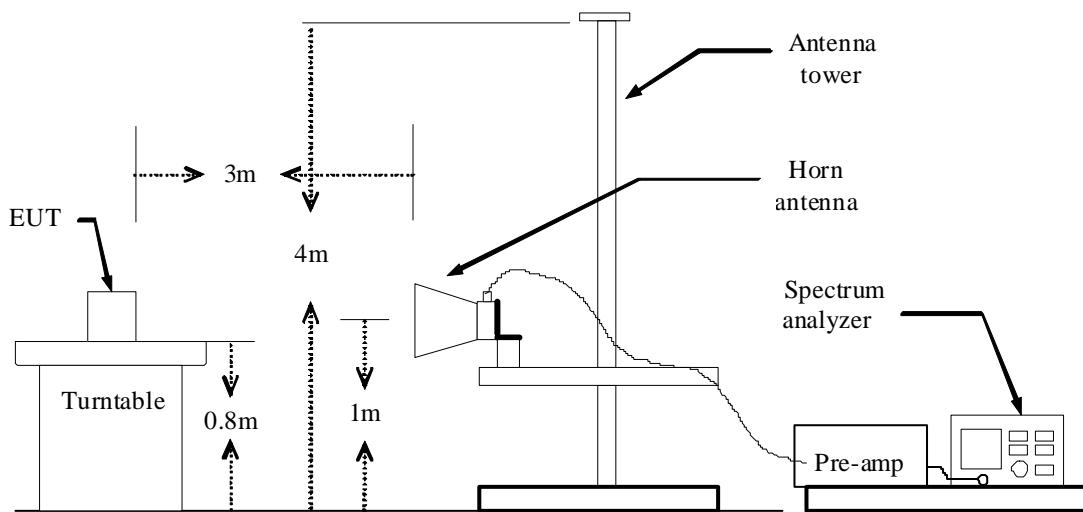
Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

Test Configuration

Below 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters chamber 966 test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.4-2003. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The adapter was connected to a 120 VAC/60 Hz power source.

EMI TEST RECEIVER & SPECTRUM ANALYZER SETUP

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	VBW	Detector
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	120 kHz	300 kHz	QP
1000 MHz – 25 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	PK
1000 MHz – 25 GHz	1 MHz	10 Hz	AV



TEST PROCEDURE

For the radiated emissions test, the adapter was connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1GHz and peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1GHz.

CORRECTED AMPLITUDE & MARGIN CALCULATION

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Amplitude} = \text{S.A. Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

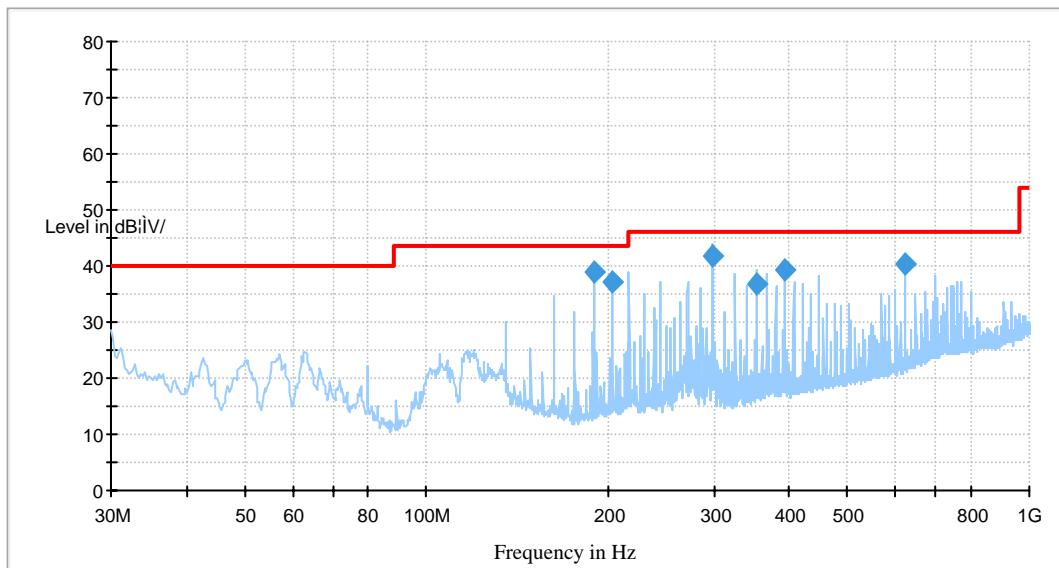
Temperature:	26 ° C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Tim Lin on 2012-08-26.

Test Result: Pass.

Below 1 GHz:

*Test Mode: Transmitting (802.11b- worst case)
 Auto test software (EMC32)*



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave.)	Ant. Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Position (degree)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
298.342000	41.7	QP	102.0	H	290.0	-12.4	46.0	4.3
189.843000	38.8	QP	108.0	H	328.0	-14.8	43.5	4.7
623.990750	40.2	QP	125.0	H	129.0	-5.8	46.0	5.8
203.389250	37.1	QP	125.0	H	118.0	-14.3	43.5	6.4
393.252250	39.1	QP	102.0	H	287.0	-10.1	46.0	6.9
352.584000	36.8	QP	112.0	H	134.0	-11.0	46.0	9.2

Note:

Frequency = Emission frequency in MHz

Correction Factor (dB) = Ant Factor + cable loss - Pre-Amp . Gain

Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m) = S.A. Reading + Correction Factor (dB)

Limit (dB μ V/m) = Limit stated in standard

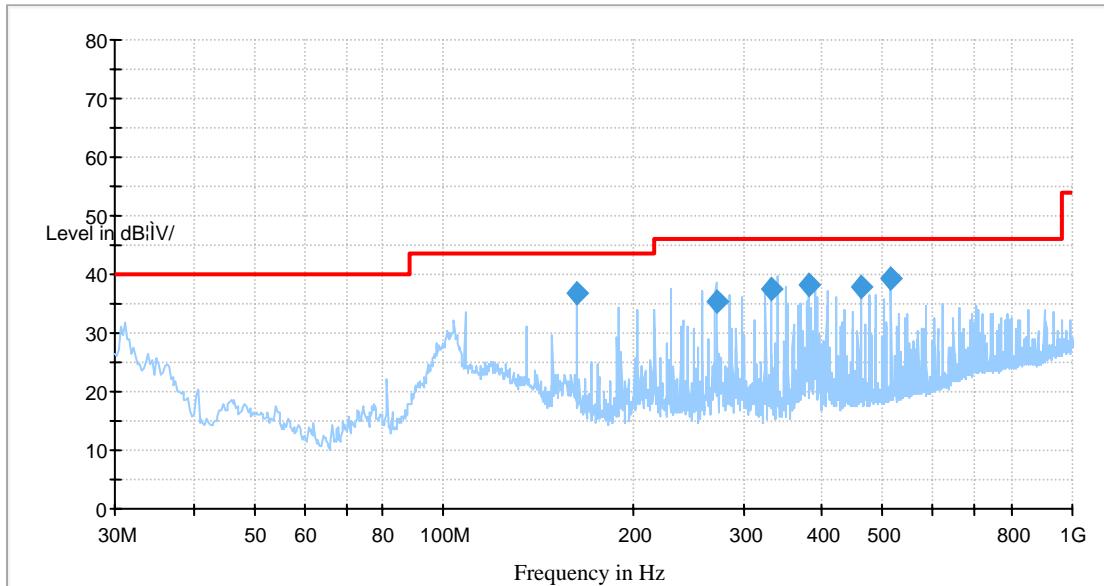
PK = Peak QP = Quasi-peak Ave = Average

Calculation Formula

Margin (dB) = Limit - Corrected Amplitude

Test Mode: Transmitting (802.11g- worst case)

Auto test software (EMC32)



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave.)	Ant. Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Position (degree)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
162.730500	36.9	QP	209.0	H	132.0	-14.5	43.5	6.6
515.485000	39.2	QP	102.0	H	78.0	-9.2	46.0	6.8
379.685000	38.1	QP	102.0	H	78.0	-9.8	46.0	7.9
460.922500	37.9	QP	109.0	H	312.0	-9.4	46.0	8.1
331.427500	37.6	QP	109.0	H	42.0	-10.1	46.0	8.4
271.287500	35.4	QP	109.0	H	78.0	-11.7	46.0	10.6

Note:

Frequency = Emission frequency in MHz

Correction Factor (dB) = Ant Factor + cable loss-Pre-Amp .Gain

Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m) = S.A. Reading + Correction Factor (dB)

Limit (dB μ V/m) = Limit stated in standard

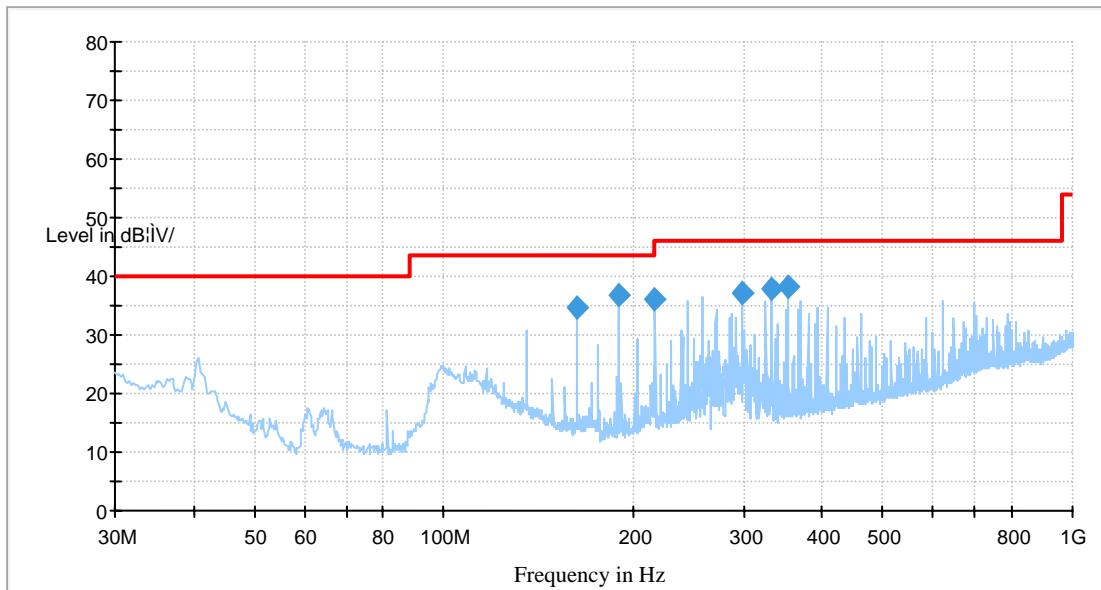
PK = Peak QP = Quasi-peak Ave = Average

Calculation Formula

Margin (dB) = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

Test Mode: Transmitting (802.11n-HT20- worst case)

Auto test software (EMC32)



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave.)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity	Turntable Position (Degree)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
189.848500	36.8	QP	174.0	H	103.0	-14.8	43.5	6.7
352.567500	38.3	QP	109.0	H	86.0	-11.0	46.0	7.7
331.492250	37.9	QP	102.0	H	95.0	-11.6	46.0	8.1
298.325500	37.3	QP	102.0	H	312.0	-12.4	46.0	8.7
162.724500	34.6	QP	249.0	H	312.0	-14.5	43.5	8.9
216.972750	35.9	QP	196.0	H	96.0	-14.0	46.0	10.1

Note:

Frequency = Emission frequency in MHz

Correction Factor (dB) = Ant Factor + cable loss-Pre-Amp .Gain

Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m) = S.A. Reading + Correction Factor (dB)

Limit (dB μ V/m) = Limit stated in standard

PK = Peak QP = Quasi-peak Ave = Average

Calculation Formula

Margin (dB) = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

Above 1 GHz:
802.11b Mode:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Rx Antenna		Cable loss (dB)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	FCC Part 15.247/15.209/15.205	
	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector (PK/QP/AV)	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel: 2412(MHz)									
2653.64	40.31	PK	V	31.38	4.35	27.54	48.50	74.00	25.50
2653.64	26.33	AV	V	31.38	4.35	27.54	34.52	54.00	19.48
2390	28.53	PK	V	30.98	3.84	0.00	63.36	74.00	10.64
2390	14.32	AV	V	30.98	3.84	0.00	49.15	54.00	4.85
4824	44.31	PK	V	33.21	4.73	27.19	55.06	74.00	18.94
4824	30.81	AV	V	33.21	4.73	27.19	41.56	54.00	12.44
7236	44.82	PK	V	38.72	6.56	26.58	63.53	74.00	10.47
7236	31.02	AV	V	38.72	6.56	26.58	49.73	54.00	4.27
Middle Channel: 2437(MHz)									
2653.41	41.22	PK	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	49.41	74.00	24.59
2653.41	27.31	AV	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	35.50	54.00	18.50
4874	43.52	PK	V	33.32	4.76	27.03	54.58	74.00	19.42
4874	32.33	AV	V	33.32	4.76	27.03	43.39	54.00	10.61
7311	43.22	PK	V	38.86	6.70	26.65	62.13	74.00	11.87
7311	31.04	AV	V	38.86	6.70	26.65	49.95	54.00	4.05
High Channel: 2462(MHz)									
2653.82	40.65	PK	V	31.38	4.34	27.54	48.84	74.00	25.16
2653.82	26.87	AV	V	31.38	4.34	27.54	35.06	54.00	18.94
2483.5	27.82	PK	V	31.51	3.80	0.00	63.12	74.00	10.88
2483.5	14.67	AV	V	31.51	3.80	0.00	49.97	54.00	4.03
4924	43.67	PK	V	33.43	4.70	27.17	54.64	74.00	19.36
4924	31.53	AV	V	33.43	4.70	27.17	42.50	54.00	11.50
7386	43.11	PK	V	38.99	6.84	26.73	62.22	74.00	11.78
7386	31.46	AV	V	38.99	6.84	26.73	50.57	54.00	3.43

Note:

Frequency = Emission frequency in MHz

Correction Factor (dB) = Ant Factor + cable loss - Pre-Amp . Gain

Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m) = S.A. Reading + Correction Factor (dB)

Limit (dB μ V/m) = Limit stated in standard

PK = Peak QP = Quasi-peak Ave = Average

Calculation Formula

Margin (dB) = Limit - Corrected Amplitude

802.11g Mode:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Rx Antenna		Cable loss (dB)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	FCC Part 15.247/15.209/15.205	
	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector (PK/QP/AV)	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel: 2412(MHz)									
2390	27.49	PK	V	30.98	3.84	0.00	62.32	74.00	11.68
2390	14.82	AV	V	30.98	3.84	0.00	49.65	54.00	4.35
2653.44	40.52	PK	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	48.71	74.00	25.29
2653.44	26.81	AV	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	35.00	54.00	19.00
4824	43.21	PK	V	33.21	4.73	27.19	53.96	74.00	20.04
4824	31.42	AV	V	33.21	4.73	27.19	42.17	54.00	11.83
7236	42.68	PK	V	38.72	6.56	26.58	61.39	74.00	12.61
7236	30.65	AV	V	38.72	6.56	26.58	49.36	54.00	4.64
Middle Channel: 2437(MHz)									
2653.41	40.71	PK	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	48.90	74.00	25.10
2653.41	26.44	AV	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	34.63	54.00	19.37
4874	43.42	PK	V	33.32	4.76	27.03	54.48	74.00	19.52
4874	31.66	AV	V	33.32	4.76	27.03	42.72	54.00	11.28
7311	42.51	PK	V	38.86	6.70	26.65	61.42	74.00	12.58
7311	29.63	AV	V	38.86	6.70	26.65	48.54	54.00	5.46
High Channel: 2462(MHz)									
2483.5	28.55	PK	V	31.51	3.80	0.00	63.85	74.00	10.15
2483.5	14.58	AV	V	31.51	3.80	0.00	49.88	54.00	4.12
2653.26	40.39	PK	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	48.59	74.00	25.41
2653.26	25.88	AV	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	34.08	54.00	19.92
4924	42.63	PK	V	33.43	4.70	27.17	53.60	74.00	20.40
4924	30.44	AV	V	33.43	4.70	27.17	41.41	54.00	12.59
7386	42.51	PK	V	38.99	6.84	26.73	61.62	74.00	12.38
7386	30.24	AV	V	38.99	6.84	26.73	49.35	54.00	4.65

Note:

Frequency = Emission frequency in MHz

Correction Factor (dB) = Ant Factor + cable loss - Pre-Amp . Gain

Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m) = S.A. Reading + Correction Factor (dB)

Limit (dB μ V/m) = Limit stated in standard

PK = Peak QP = Quasi-peak Ave = Average

Calculation Formula

Margin (dB) = Limit - Corrected Amplitude

802.11n-HT20 Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Rx Antenna		Cable loss (dB)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	FCC Part 15.247/15.209/15.205	
	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector (PK/QP/AV)	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel: 2412(MHz)									
2390	27.63	PK	V	30.98	3.84	0.00	62.46	74.00	11.54
2390	14.94	AV	V	30.98	3.84	0.00	49.77	54.00	4.23
2653.42	41.22	PK	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	49.41	74.00	24.59
2653.42	25.69	AV	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	33.88	54.00	20.12
4824	43.11	PK	V	33.21	4.73	27.19	53.86	74.00	20.14
4824	31.24	AV	V	33.21	4.73	27.19	41.99	54.00	12.01
7236	42.65	PK	V	38.72	6.56	26.58	61.36	74.00	12.64
7236	30.61	AV	V	38.72	6.56	26.58	49.32	54.00	4.68
Middle Channel: 2437(MHz)									
2653.44	41.68	PK	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	49.87	74.00	24.13
2653.44	30.01	AV	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	38.20	54.00	15.80
4874	41.33	PK	V	33.32	4.76	27.03	52.39	74.00	21.61
4874	29.51	AV	V	33.32	4.76	27.03	40.57	54.00	13.43
7311	42.12	PK	V	38.86	6.70	26.65	61.03	74.00	12.97
7311	29.66	AV	V	38.86	6.70	26.65	48.57	54.00	5.43
High Channel: 2462(MHz)									
2483.5	28.04	PK	V	31.51	3.80	0.00	63.34	74.00	10.66
2483.5	15.03	AV	V	31.51	3.80	0.00	50.33	54.00	3.67*
2653.66	41.71	PK	V	31.38	4.35	27.54	49.90	74.00	24.10
2653.33	31.16	AV	V	31.39	4.35	27.54	39.35	54.00	14.65
4924	43.62	PK	V	33.43	4.70	27.17	54.59	74.00	19.41
4924	30.14	AV	V	33.43	4.70	27.17	41.11	54.00	12.89
7386	42.68	PK	V	38.99	6.84	26.73	61.79	74.00	12.21
7386	29.11	AV	V	38.99	6.84	26.73	48.22	54.00	5.78

Note:

Frequency = Emission frequency in MHz

Correction Factor (dB) = Ant Factor + cable loss - Pre-Amp . Gain

Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m) = S.A. Reading + Correction Factor (dB)

Limit (dB μ V/m) = Limit stated in standard

PK = Peak QP = Quasi-peak Ave = Average

Calculation Formula

Margin (dB) = Limit - Corrected Amplitude



POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power Line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power Line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases Linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power Line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, and LISN.

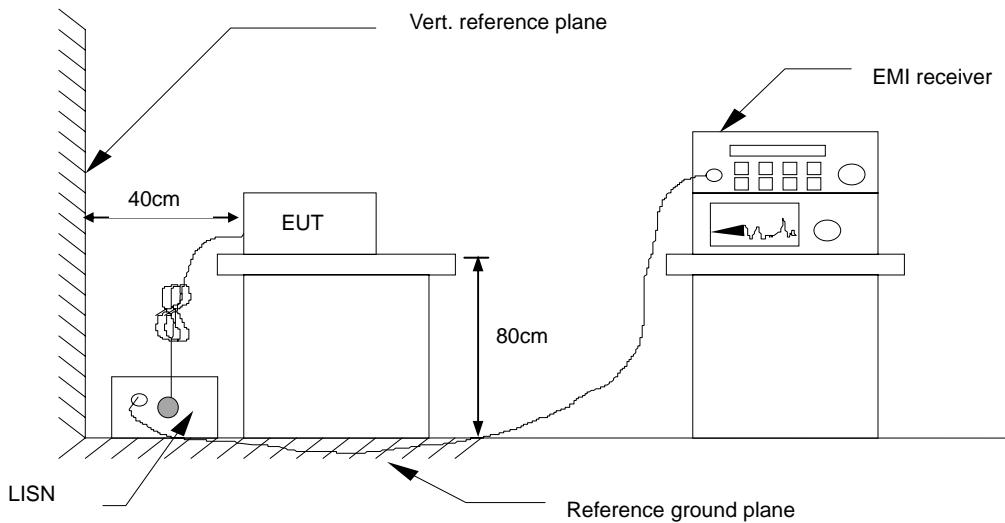
Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of any conducted emissions measurement at Shenzhen Emtek Co.,Ltd is ± 2.4 dB.

MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	L.I.S.N.	ESH2-Z5	834549/006	2011-09-02	2012-09-01
Rohde & Schwarz	L.I.S.N.	ENV216	834548/112	2011-09-02	2012-09-01
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	SCS30	828985/018	2011-09-02	2012-09-01

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

Test Configuration



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
2. Both of LISN (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related item – Photographs of the test configuration.

TEST PROCEDURE

During the conducted emission test, the adapter of laptop was connected to the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

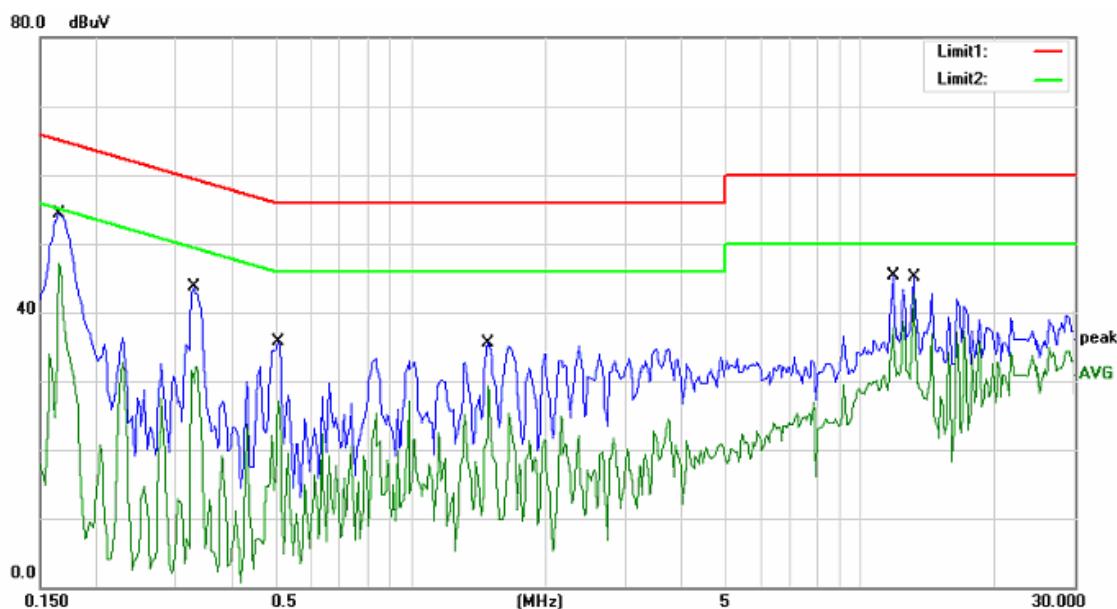
Temperature:	25 ° C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Tim Lin on 2012-08-26.

Test Result: Pass

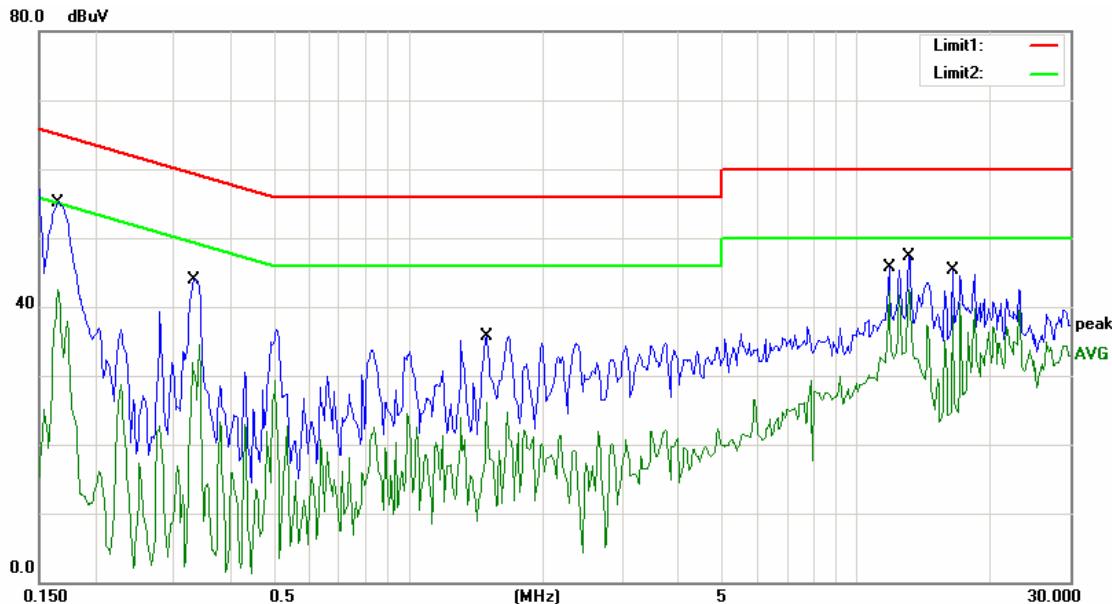
Test Mode: Transmitting

AC 120 V/60 Hz, Line



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Correct Factor(dB)	Result (dB μ V)	Limit (dB μ V)	Margin (dB)	Remark
0.1656	42.87	10.10	52.97	65.17	-12.20	QP
0.1656	30.96	10.10	41.06	55.17	-14.11	AV
0.3296	29.78	10.10	39.88	59.46	-19.58	QP
0.3296	19.65	10.10	29.75	49.46	-19.71	AV
0.5093	22.58	10.10	32.68	56.00	-23.32	QP
0.5093	10.73	10.10	20.83	46.00	-25.17	AV
1.4937	21.35	10.10	31.45	56.00	-24.55	QP
1.4937	12.45	10.10	22.55	46.00	-23.45	AV
11.8179	27.35	10.20	37.55	60.00	-22.45	QP
11.8179	20.01	10.20	30.21	50.00	-19.79	AV
13.1343	32.11	10.20	42.31	60.00	-17.69	QP
13.1343	24.89	10.20	35.09	50.00	-14.91	AV

AC 120 V/ 60 Hz, Neutral



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Correct Factor(dB)	Result (dB μ V)	Limit (dB μ V)	Margin (dB)	Remark
0.1656	43.30	10.10	53.40	65.17	-11.77	QP
0.1656	31.90	10.10	42.00	55.17	-13.17	AV
0.3335	30.92	10.10	41.02	59.36	-18.34	QP
0.3335	22.54	10.10	32.64	49.36	-16.72	AV
1.4976	21.15	10.10	31.25	56.00	-24.75	QP
1.4976	13.56	10.10	23.66	46.00	-22.34	AV
11.8101	30.61	10.20	40.81	60.00	-19.19	QP
11.8101	26.62	10.20	36.82	50.00	-13.18	AV
13.1187	23.35	10.20	33.55	60.00	-26.45	QP
13.1187	13.56	10.20	23.76	50.00	-26.24	AV
16.4039	30.43	10.20	40.63	60.00	-19.37	QP
16.4039	20.38	10.20	30.58	50.00	-19.42	AV

Note:

Frequency = Emission frequency in MHz

Factor (dB) = cable loss + Insertion loss of LISN+ Insertion loss of TRANSIENT LIMITER (The TRANSIENT LIMITER included 10 dB ATTENUATION)

Result (dB μ V) = Uncorrected Analyzer/Receiver reading + cable loss + Insertion loss of LISN+ Insertion loss of TRANSIENT LIMITER

Limit (dB μ V) = Limit stated in standard

Margin dB = Reading in reference to limit

QP = Quasi-peak AVG = Average

Calculation Formula

Margin (dB) = Result (dB μ V) - Limit (dB μ V)



9. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

APPLICABLE STANDARD

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

ANTENNA CONNECTOR CONSTRUCTION

The EUT use one integral antenna arrangement which was soldered on PCB and the maximum antenna gain is 2.0dBi, which fulfill the requirement of the section. Please see EUT photo for details.

Result: Compliant.