APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	Network Media Player				
Frequency band (Operating)	⋈ 802.11g/n HT20: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz802.11n HT40: 2.422GHz ~ 2.452GHz☐ Others				
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation)☐ Mobile (>20cm separation)☐ Others				
Exposure classification	 Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²) 				
Antenna Specification	 Master Wave Technology CO., LTD / 98242MRSX000 Dipole Antenna / Gain: 2 dBi, (Numeric gain: 1.58) Dail Fong Electronics CO., LTD / P/N: AN-DF073007 Dipole Antenna / 2.4GHz Gain: 2 dBi, (Numeric gain: 1.58) 				
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11g : 11.95 dBm (15.668mW) IEEE 802.11n HT20 : 10.87 dBm (12.218mW) IEEE 802.11n HT40 : 10.94 dBm (12.417mW)				
Evaluation applied	MPE Evaluation*SAR EvaluationN/A				
Remark: The maximum output power is 11.95dBm (15.668mW) at 2412MHz (with 1.58numeric antenna gain.)					

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TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{377}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{377 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$

Where P = Power in mW

G = *Numeric* antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

IEEE 802.11g mode:

ĺ	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
Ī	1	2412	15.668	1.58	20	0.0049	1

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IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
1	2412	12.218	1.58	20	0.0038	1

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode:

	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
ĺ	9	2452	12.417	1.58	20	0.0039	1