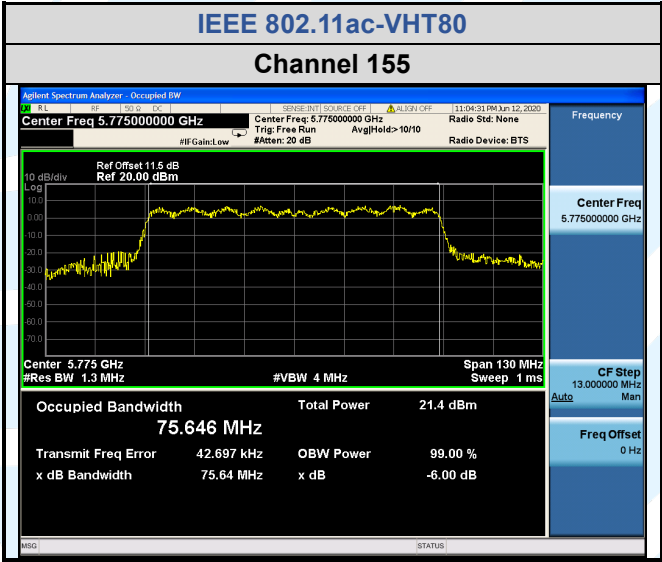
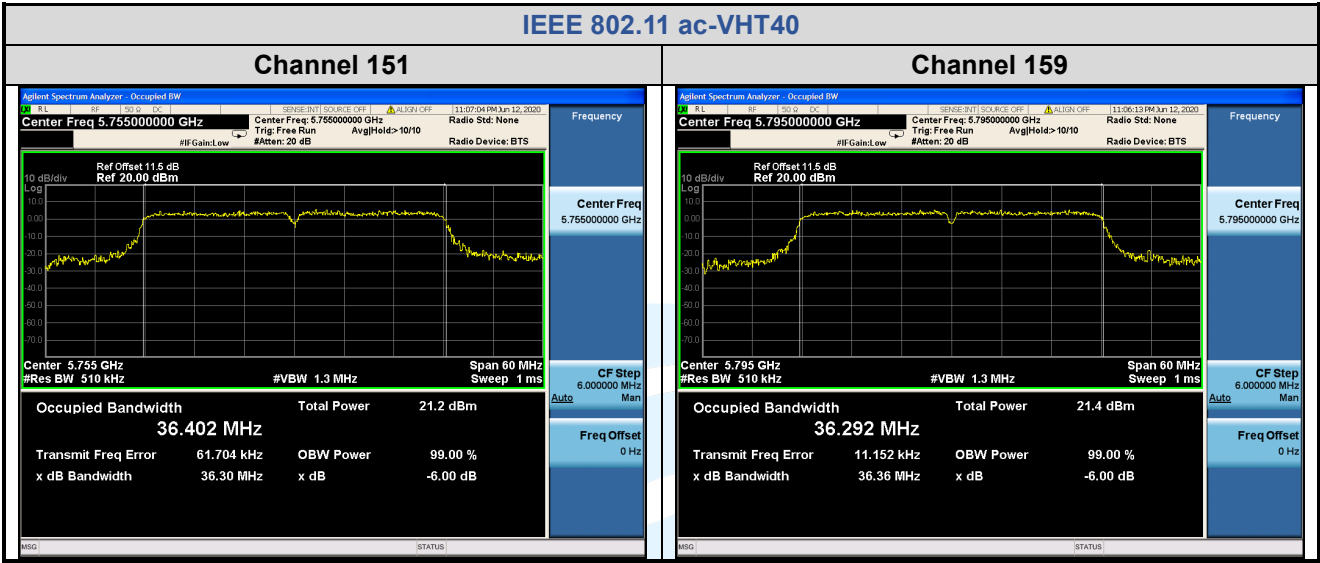




5.5 MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER OR E.I.R.P

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(1)(2)(3)
RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 6.2.1.1/6.2.2.1/6.2.3.1/6.2.4.1

Test Method: KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section E.3.a (Method PM)

Limits: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E

1. For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
 - (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
 - (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
 - (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
 - (iv) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
2. For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
3. For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

Limits: RSS-247 Issue 2

1. Frequency band 5150-5250 MHz

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or $1.76 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement transmitter power control (TPC) in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

For other devices, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or $10 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

2. Frequency band 5250-5350 MHz

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or $1.76 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

Devices, other than devices installed in vehicles, shall comply with the following:

- a) The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band;
- b) The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

Additional requirements

In addition to the above requirements, devices shall comply with the following, where applicable:

- a) Outdoor fixed devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 200 mW shall comply with the following e.i.r.p. at different elevations, where θ is the angle above the local horizontal plane (of the Earth) as shown below:

i. -13 dBW/MHz	for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 8^\circ$
ii. $-13 - 0.716 (\theta - 8)$ dBW/MHz	for $8^\circ \leq \theta < 40^\circ$
iii. $-35.9 - 1.22 (\theta - 40)$ dBW/MHz	for $40^\circ \leq \theta \leq 45^\circ$
iv. -42 dBW/MHz	for $\theta > 45^\circ$

The measurement procedure defined in Annex A of this document shall be used to verify the compliance to the e.i.r.p. at different elevations.

- b) Devices, other than outdoor fixed devices, having an e.i.r.p. greater than 200 mW shall comply with either i. or ii. below:
 - i. devices shall comply with the e.i.r.p. elevation mask in 6.2.2.3(a); or
 - ii. devices shall implement a method to permanently reduce their e.i.r.p. via a firmware feature in the event that the Department requires it. The test report must demonstrate how the device's power table can be updated to meet this firmware requirement. The manufacturer shall provide this firmware to update all systems automatically in compliance with the directions received from the Department.

3. Frequency bands 5470-5600 MHz and 5650-5725 MHz

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

4. Frequency band 5725-5850 MHz

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The output power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the output power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point devices

operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint³ systems, omnidirectional applications and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information.

Test Procedure:

1. Connected the EUT's antenna port to measure device by 10dB attenuator.
2. Method PM is used to perform output power measurement, trigger and gating function of wide band power meter is enabled to measure max output power of Tx on burst.

Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.

Instruments Used: Refer to section 3 for details

Test Mode: Transmitter mode

Test Results: Pass

Test Data:

Directional gain and the maximum output power limit.
RSS-247 Issue 2

Frequency Band	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Limits (dBm)
U-NII-1	4.50	23.00
U-NII-2A	4.50	24.00
U-NII-2C	4.50	24.00
U-NII-3	4.50	30.00

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E

Frequency Band	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Power Limits (dBm)
U-NII-1	4.50	24.00
U-NII-2A	4.50	24.00
U-NII-2C	4.50	24.00
U-NII-3	4.50	30.00

Frequency band 5150-5250 MHz

RSS-247 Issue 2:

For IEEE 802.11a, the minimum 99% emission bandwidth is 16.737 MHz

$10 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(16.737) = 22.24 \text{ dBm} < 23 \text{ dBm}$

So the 22.24dB limit applicable

For IEEE 802.11n-HT20/ ac-VHT20, the minimum 99% emission bandwidth is 17.801MHz

$10 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(17.801) = 22.50 \text{ dBm} < 23 \text{ dBm}$

So the 22.50dB limit applicable

For IEEE 802.11n-HT40/ ac-VHT40/ ac-VHT80, the minimum 99% emission bandwidth is 36.184 MHz

$10 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(36.184) = 25.59 \text{ dBm} > 23 \text{ dBm}$

So the 23 dB limit applicable

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum e.i.r.p (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
IEEE 802.11a	36 (5180)	19.33	22.24	Pass
	44 (5220)	20.07	22.24	Pass
	48 (5240)	20.23	22.24	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	36 (5180)	18.96	22.50	Pass
	44 (5220)	19.75	22.50	Pass
	48 (5240)	19.94	22.50	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	38 (5190)	18.02	23.00	Pass
	46 (5230)	18.66	23.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT20	36 (5180)	19.08	22.50	Pass
	44 (5220)	19.84	22.50	Pass
	48 (5240)	20.04	22.50	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT40	38 (5190)	17.84	23.00	Pass
	46 (5230)	18.49	23.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80	42 (5210)	16.37	23.00	Pass

Remark:

1. Maximum e.i.r.p = Maximum conducted output power + Antenna Gain

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E:

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted output power (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Meas Power	Corr'd Power		
IEEE 802.11a	36 (5180)	14.47	14.83	24.00	Pass
	44 (5220)	15.21	15.57	24.00	Pass
	48 (5240)	15.37	15.73	24.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	36 (5180)	14.24	14.46	24.00	Pass
	44 (5220)	15.03	15.25	24.00	Pass
	48 (5240)	15.22	15.44	24.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	38 (5190)	13.02	13.52	24.00	Pass
	46 (5230)	13.66	14.16	24.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT20	36 (5180)	14.23	14.58	24.00	Pass
	44 (5220)	14.99	15.34	24.00	Pass
	48 (5240)	15.19	15.54	24.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT40	38 (5190)	12.99	13.34	24.00	Pass
	46 (5230)	13.64	13.99	24.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80	42 (5210)	10.89	11.87	24.00	Pass

Remark:

1. Corr'd Power = Meas Power + Duty Cycle Factor

Frequency band 5250-5350 MHz

RSS-247 Issue 2:

For IEEE 802.11 a, the minimum 99% emission bandwidth is 16.705 MHz

$$11 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(16.705) = 22.23 \text{ dBm} < 24\text{dBm}$$

So the 22.23 dB limit applicable

For IEEE 802.11n-HT20/ ac-VHT20, the minimum 99% emission bandwidth is 17.783 MHz

$$11 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(17.783) = 22.50 \text{ dBm} < 24\text{dBm}$$

So the 22.50 dB limit applicable

For IEEE 802.11 n-HT40/ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80, the minimum 99% emission bandwidth is 36.203 MHz

$$11 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(36.203) = 26.59 \text{ dBm} > 24 \text{ dBm (200mW)}$$

So the 24 dB limit applicable

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E:

For IEEE 802.11 a/n/ac, the minimum 26 dB emission bandwidth is 20.59MHz

$$11 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(20.59) = 23.14 \text{ dBm} < 24 \text{ dBm (200mW)}$$

So the 23.14 dB limit applicable

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted output power (dBm)		Limit (dBm)		Pass / Fail
		Meas Power	Corr'd Power	FCC Part 15E	RSS-247	
IEEE 802.11a	52 (5260)	15.03	15.39	23.14	22.23	Pass
	60 (5300)	14.93	15.29	23.14	22.23	Pass
	64 (5320)	14.81	15.17	23.14	22.23	Pass
IEEE 802.11n- HT20	52 (5260)	14.79	15.01	23.14	22.50	Pass
	60 (5300)	14.85	15.07	23.14	22.50	Pass
	64 (5320)	14.74	14.96	23.14	22.50	Pass
IEEE 802.11n- HT40	54 (5270)	13.43	13.93	23.14	24.00	Pass
	62 (5310)	13.37	13.87	23.14	24.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac- VHT20	52 (5260)	14.83	15.18	23.14	22.50	Pass
	60 (5300)	14.79	15.14	23.14	22.50	Pass
	64 (5320)	14.72	15.07	23.14	22.50	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac- VHT40	54 (5270)	13.41	13.76	23.14	24.00	Pass
	62 (5310)	13.37	13.72	23.14	24.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac- VHT80	58 (5290)	10.72	11.70	23.14	24.00	Pass

Remark:

1. Maximum conducted output power = Conducted output power + Duty Cycle Factor

Frequency bands 5470-5725 MHz (RSS-247 Issue 2 Not including 5600-5650 MHz)

RSS-247 Issue 2:

For IEEE 802.11 a, the minimum 99% emission bandwidth is 16.820MHz

$$11 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(16.820) = 22.26 \text{ dBm} < 24 \text{ dBm}$$

So the 23.28 dB limit applicable

For IEEE 802.11n-HT20/ac-VHT20, the minimum 99% emission bandwidth is 17.762 MHz

$$11 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(17.762) = 22.49 \text{ dBm} < 24 \text{ dBm}$$

So the 22.50 dB limit applicable

For IEEE 802.11 n-HT40/ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80, the minimum 99% emission bandwidth is 36.258 MHz

$$11 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(36.258) = 25.59\text{dBm} > 24 \text{ dBm}$$

So the 24 dB limit applicable

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E:

For IEEE 802.11 a/n/ac, the minimum 26 dB emission bandwidth is 21.21 MHz

$$11 \text{ dBm} + 10\log_{10}(21.21) = 23.27 \text{ dBm} < 24 \text{ dBm}$$

So the 23.27 dB limit applicable

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted output power (dBm)		Limit (dBm)		Pass / Fail
		SISO		FCC Part 15E	RSS-247	
		Meas Power	Corr'd Power			
IEEE 802.11a	100 (5500)	10.76	11.12	23.27	22.26	Pass
	116 (5580)	13.79	14.15	23.27	22.26	Pass
	140 (5700)	15.38	15.74	23.27	22.26	Pass
IEEE 802.11n- HT20	100 (5500)	11.61	11.83	23.27	22.49	Pass
	116 (5580)	13.69	13.91	23.27	22.49	Pass
	140 (5700)	15.18	15.40	23.27	22.49	Pass
IEEE 802.11n- HT40	102 (5510)	9.68	10.18	23.27	24.00	Pass
	110 (5550)	12.71	13.21	23.27	24.00	Pass
	134 (5670)	13.87	14.37	23.27	24.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac- VHT20	100 (5500)	11.57	11.92	23.27	22.49	Pass
	116 (5580)	13.66	14.01	23.27	22.49	Pass
	140 (5700)	15.15	15.50	23.27	22.49	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac- VHT40	102 (5510)	9.63	9.98	23.27	24.00	Pass
	110 (5550)	12.65	13.00	23.27	24.00	Pass
	134 (5670)	13.92	14.27	23.27	24.00	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac- VHT80	106 (5530)	8.57	9.55	23.27	24.00	Pass

Remark:

1. Maximum conducted output power = Conducted output power + Duty Cycle Factor

Frequency band 5725-5850 MHz

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum conducted output power (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Pass / Fail
		Meas Power	Corr'd Power		
IEEE 802.11a	149 (5745)	14.93	15.29	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	15.01	15.37	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	14.91	15.27	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	149 (5745)	14.84	15.06	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	14.93	15.15	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	14.78	15.00	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	151 (5755)	14.34	14.84	30	Pass
	159 (5795)	14.41	14.91	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT20	149 (5745)	14.78	15.13	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	14.91	15.26	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	14.84	15.19	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT40	151 (5755)	14.41	14.76	30	Pass
	159 (5795)	14.36	14.71	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80	155 (5775)	11.51	12.49	30	Pass

Remark:

- Maximum conducted output power = Conducted output power + Duty Cycle Factor

5.6 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(1)(2)(3)
RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 6.2.1.1/6.2.2.1/6.2.3.1/6.2.4.1

Test Method: KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section F

Limits: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E

1. For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
 - (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
 - (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
 - (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
 - (iv) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
2. For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
3. For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

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UTTR-RF-RSS247-V1.0

Limits: RSS-247 Issue 2

1. Frequency band 5150-5250 MHz

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or $1.76 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement transmitter power control (TPC) in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

For other devices, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or $10 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

2. Frequency band 5250-5350 MHz

For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or $1.76 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. Devices shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.

Devices, other than devices installed in vehicles, shall comply with the following:

- a) The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band;
- b) The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

Additional requirements

In addition to the above requirements, devices shall comply with the following, where applicable:

- a) Outdoor fixed devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 200 mW shall comply with the following e.i.r.p. at different elevations, where θ is the angle above the local horizontal plane (of the Earth) as shown below:

i. -13 dBW/MHz	for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 8^\circ$
ii. $-13 - 0.716 (\theta - 8)$ dBW/MHz	for $8^\circ \leq \theta < 40^\circ$
iii. $-35.9 - 1.22 (\theta - 40)$ dBW/MHz	for $40^\circ \leq \theta \leq 45^\circ$
iv. -42 dBW/MHz	for $\theta > 45^\circ$

The measurement procedure defined in Annex A of this document shall be used to verify the compliance to the e.i.r.p. at different elevations.

- b) Devices, other than outdoor fixed devices, having an e.i.r.p. greater than 200 mW shall comply with either i. or ii. below:
 - iii. devices shall comply with the e.i.r.p. elevation mask in 6.2.2.3(a); or
 - iv. devices shall implement a method to permanently reduce their e.i.r.p. via a firmware feature in the event that the Department requires it. The test report must demonstrate how the device's power table can be updated to meet this firmware requirement. The manufacturer shall provide this firmware to update all systems automatically in compliance with the directions received from the Department.

3. Frequency bands 5470-5600 MHz and 5650-5725 MHz

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

4. Frequency band 5725-5850 MHz

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The output power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the output power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point devices

operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint³ systems, omnidirectional applications and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information.

Test Procedure:

The output from the transmitter was connected to an attenuator and then to the input of the RF Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum analyzer according to the following Settings:

1. For U-NII-1, U-NII-2A, U-NII-2C band:

Using method SA-2

- Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- Set RBW = 1 MHz, Set VBW $\geq$ 3 RBW, Detector = RMS
- Sweep time = auto, trigger set to "free run".
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
- Record the max value and add 10 log (1/duty cycle)

2. For U-NII-3 band:

- Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- Set RBW = 500 kHz, Set VBW $\geq$ 3 RBW, Detector = RMS
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 500 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.
- Sweep time = auto, trigger set to "free run".
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
- Record the max value and add 10 log (1/duty cycle)

Note: The cable loss and attenuator loss were offset into measure device as an amplitude offset.

Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.3 for details.

Instruments Used: Refer to section 3 for details

Test Mode: Transmitter mode

Test Results: Pass

Test Data:

Directional gain and the maximum output power limit.

RSS-247 Issue 2:

Frequency Band	Antenna Gain (dBi)	PSD Limits (dBm/MHz or dBm/500kHz)
U-NII-1	4.50	10.00
U-NII-2A	4.50	11.00
U-NII-2C	4.50	11.00
U-NII-3	4.50	30.00

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E:

Frequency Band	Antenna Gain (dBi)	PSD Limits (dBm/MHz or dBm/500kHz)
U-NII-1	4.50	11.00
U-NII-2A	4.50	11.00
U-NII-2C	4.50	11.00
U-NII-3	4.50	30.00

Frequency band 5150-5250 MHz
RSS-247 Issue 2

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	e.i.r.p. spectral density (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
IEEE 802.11a	36 (5180)	8.23	10	Pass
	44 (5220)	8.81	10	Pass
	48 (5240)	8.98	10	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	36 (5180)	7.72	10	Pass
	44 (5220)	8.38	10	Pass
	48 (5240)	8.55	10	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	38 (5190)	4.85	10	Pass
	46 (5230)	5.23	10	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT20	36 (5180)	7.83	10	Pass
	44 (5220)	8.65	10	Pass
	48 (5240)	8.62	10	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT40	38 (5190)	4.25	10	Pass
	46 (5230)	4.81	10	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80	42 (5210)	1.12	10	Pass

Remark:

- e.i.r.p. spectral density = Power spectral density + Duty Cycle Factor + Antenna Gain

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Power spectral density (dBm/MHz)		Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Meas PSD	Corr'd PSD		
IEEE 802.11a	36 (5180)	3.367	3.73	11	Pass
	44 (5220)	3.947	4.31	11	Pass
	48 (5240)	4.117	4.48	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	36 (5180)	3.002	3.22	11	Pass
	44 (5220)	3.656	3.88	11	Pass
	48 (5240)	3.833	4.05	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	38 (5190)	-0.155	0.35	11	Pass
	46 (5230)	0.230	0.73	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT20	36 (5180)	2.981	3.33	11	Pass
	44 (5220)	3.800	4.15	11	Pass
	48 (5240)	3.774	4.12	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT40	38 (5190)	-0.600	-0.25	11	Pass
	46 (5230)	-0.047	0.31	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80	42 (5210)	-4.356	-3.38	11	Pass

Remark:

- Power spectral density = Conducted power spectral density + Duty Cycle Factor

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Frequency band 5250-5350 MHz

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Power spectral density (dBm/MHz)		Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Meas PSD	Corr'd PSD		
IEEE 802.11a	52 (5260)	3.738	4.10	11	Pass
	60 (5300)	3.849	4.21	11	Pass
	64 (5320)	3.273	3.64	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	52 (5260)	3.490	3.71	11	Pass
	60 (5300)	3.413	3.63	11	Pass
	64 (5320)	3.287	3.51	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	54 (5270)	-0.307	0.19	11	Pass
	62 (5310)	-0.500	0.00	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT20	52 (5260)	3.420	3.77	11	Pass
	60 (5300)	3.621	3.97	11	Pass
	64 (5320)	3.272	3.62	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT40	54 (5270)	-0.432	-0.08	11	Pass
	62 (5310)	-0.544	-0.19	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80	58 (5290)	-5.044	-4.07	11	Pass

Remark:

1. Power spectral density = Conducted power spectral density + Duty Cycle Factor

Frequency bands 5470-5725 MHz (RSS-247 Issue 2 Not including 5600-5650 MHz)

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Power spectral density (dBm/MHz)		Limit (dBm/MHz)	Pass / Fail
		Meas PSD	Corr'd PSD		
IEEE 802.11a	100 (5500)	-1.098	-0.73	11	Pass
	116 (5580)	3.081	3.44	11	Pass
	140 (5700)	4.767	5.13	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	100 (5500)	-0.444	-0.22	11	Pass
	116 (5580)	2.799	3.02	11	Pass
	140 (5700)	3.973	4.19	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	102 (5510)	-5.620	-5.12	11	Pass
	110 (5550)	-1.543	-1.04	11	Pass
	134 (5670)	-0.079	0.42	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT20	100 (5500)	-0.205	0.14	11	Pass
	116 (5580)	2.635	2.98	11	Pass
	140 (5700)	4.368	4.72	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT40	102 (5510)	-5.578	-5.23	11	Pass
	110 (5550)	-1.031	-0.68	11	Pass
	134 (5670)	-0.147	0.21	11	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80	106 (5530)	-7.183	-6.20	11	Pass

Remark:

1. Power spectral density = Conducted power spectral density + Duty Cycle Factor

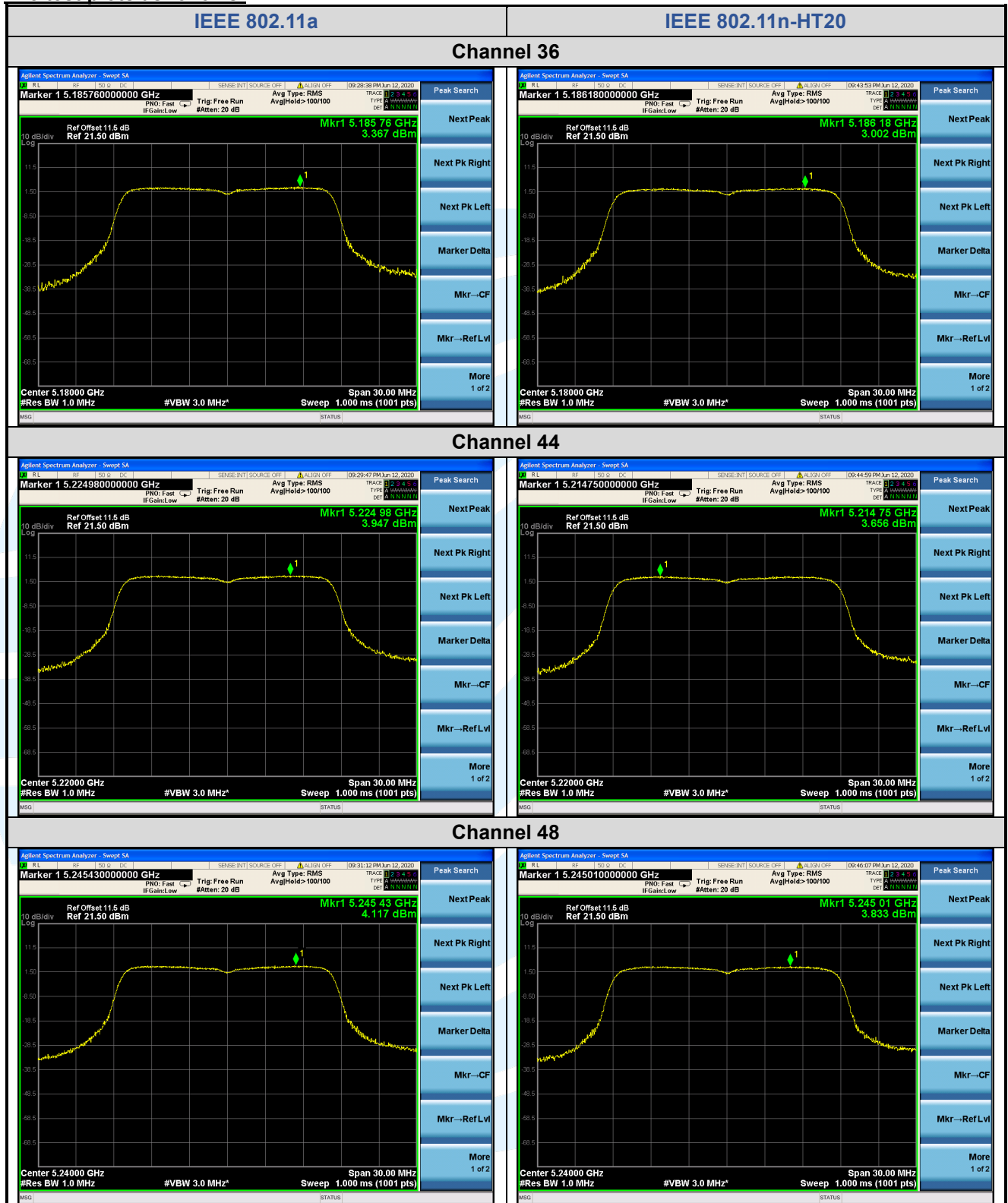
Frequency band 5725-5850 MHz

Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Power spectral density (dBm/500kHz)		Limit (dBm/500KHz)	Pass / Fail
		Meas PSD	Corr'd PSD		
IEEE 802.11a	149 (5745)	1.584	1.95	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	1.698	2.06	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	1.385	1.75	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT20	149 (5745)	1.436	1.66	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	1.047	1.27	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	1.345	1.57	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11n-HT40	151 (5755)	-2.154	-1.65	30	Pass
	159 (5795)	-2.205	-1.70	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT20	149 (5745)	1.240	1.59	30	Pass
	157 (5785)	1.038	1.39	30	Pass
	165 (5825)	1.340	1.69	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT40	151 (5755)	-2.350	-2.00	30	Pass
	159 (5795)	-2.214	-1.86	30	Pass
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80	155 (5775)	-6.225	-5.25	30	Pass

Remark:

1. Power spectral density = Conducted power spectral density + Duty Cycle Factor

The test plots as follows:



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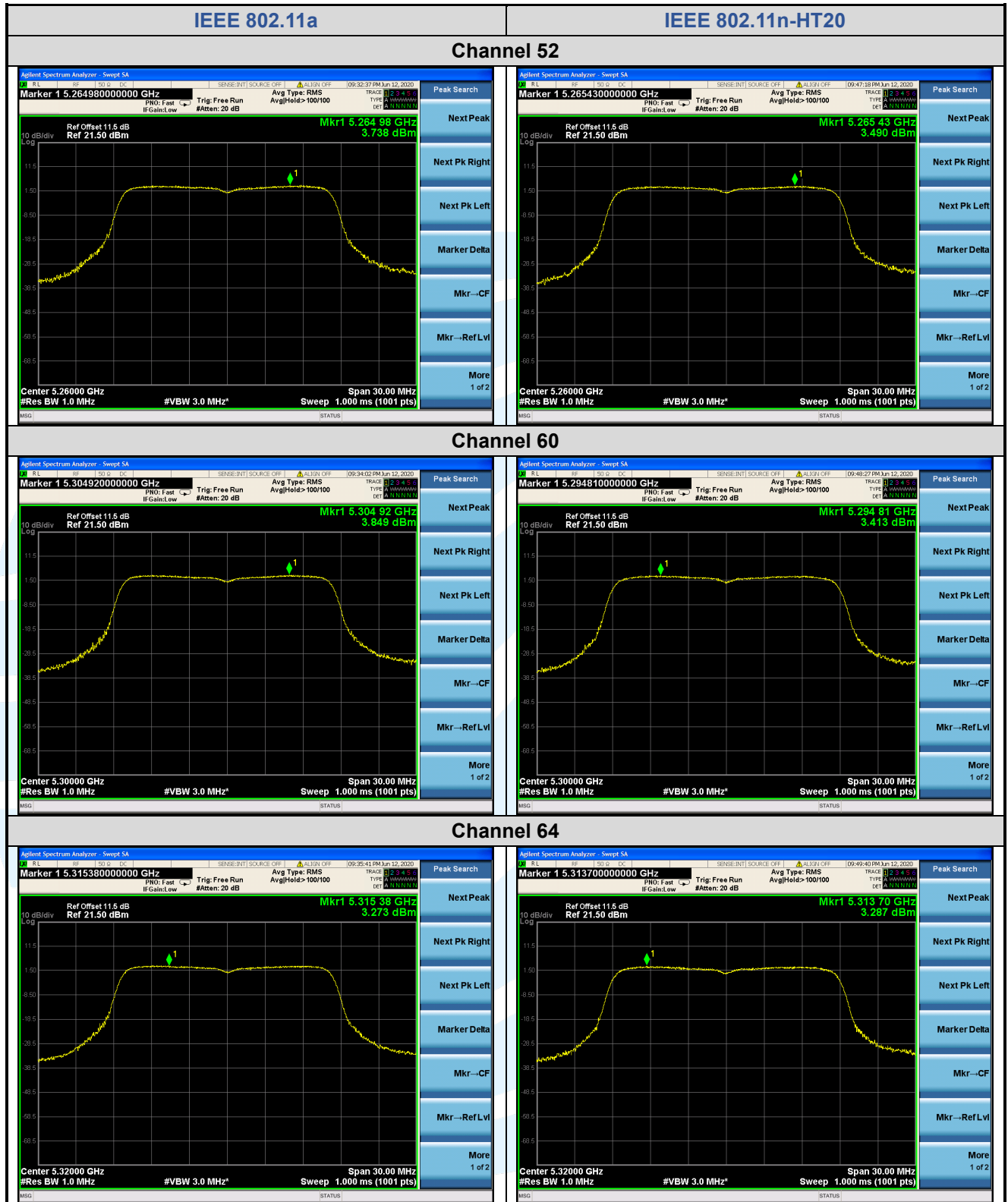
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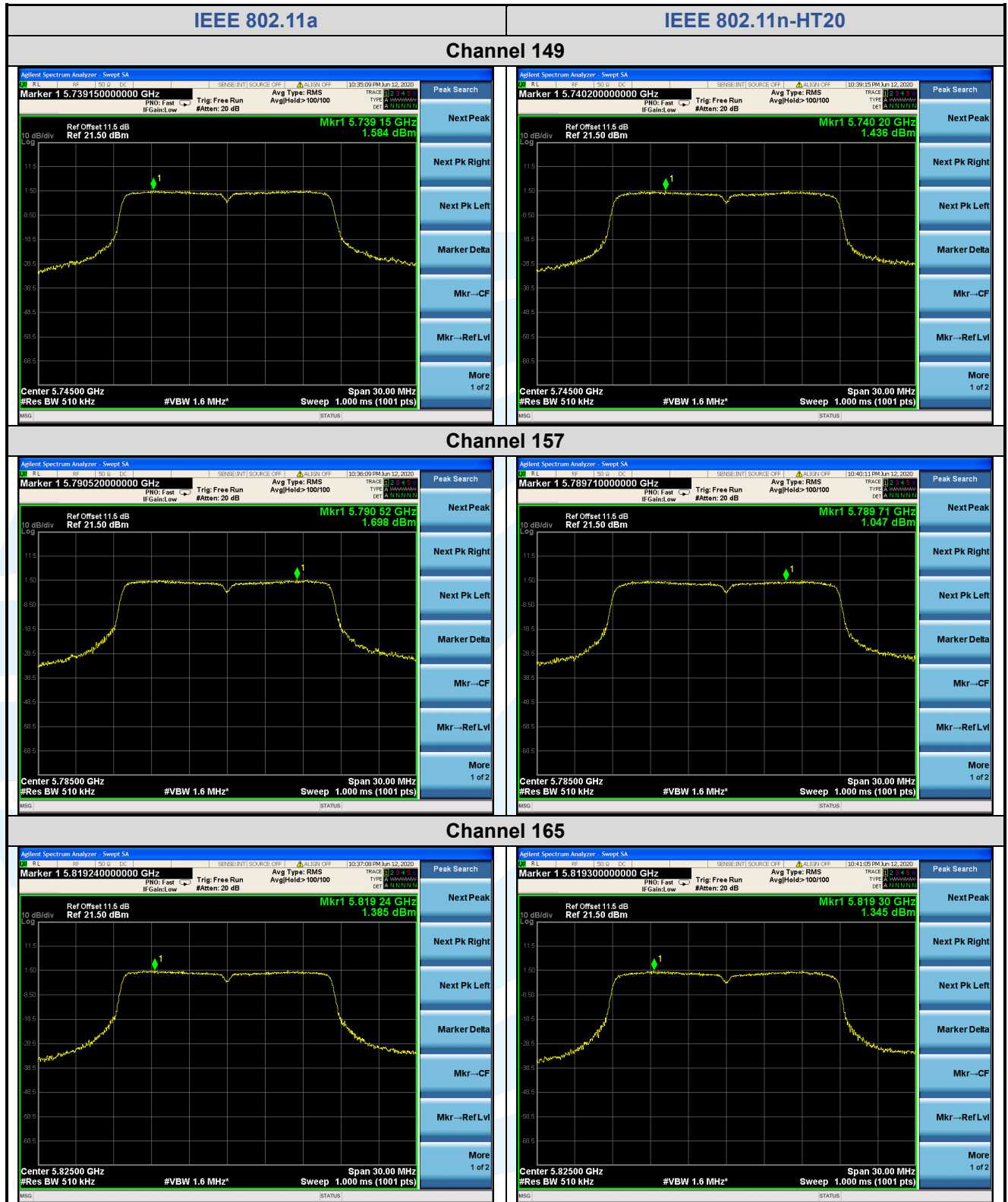
E-mail: info@uttlab.com

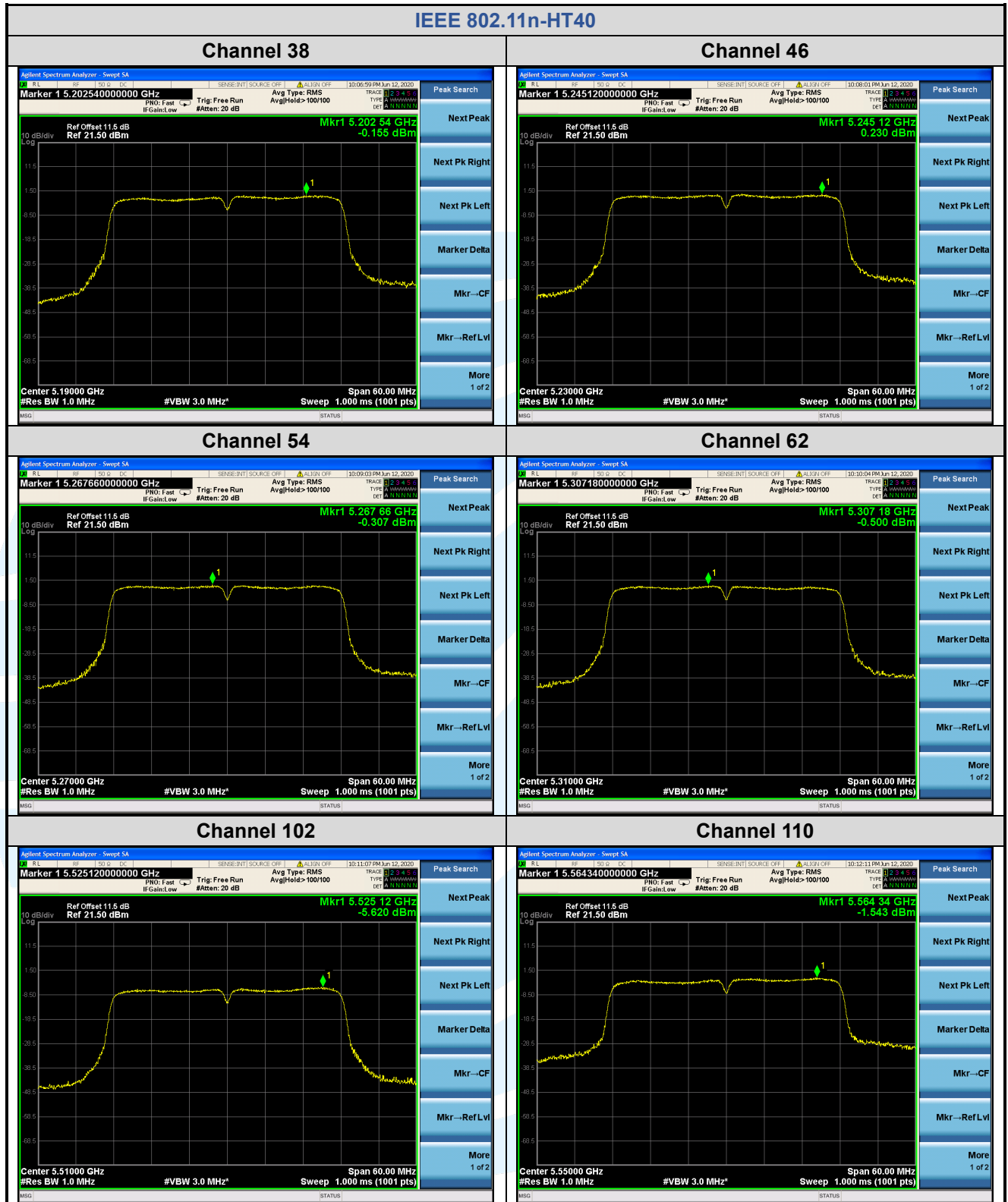
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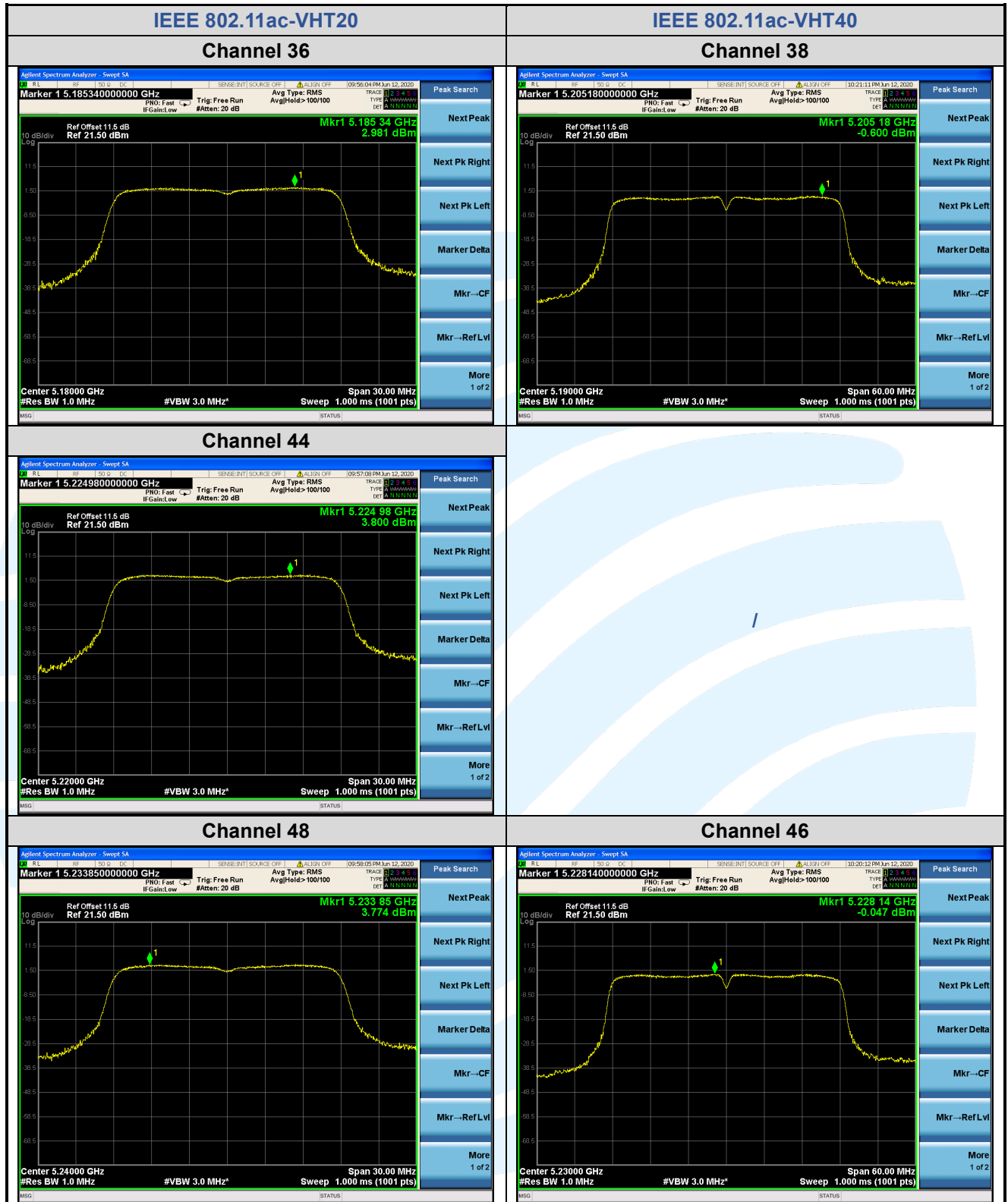


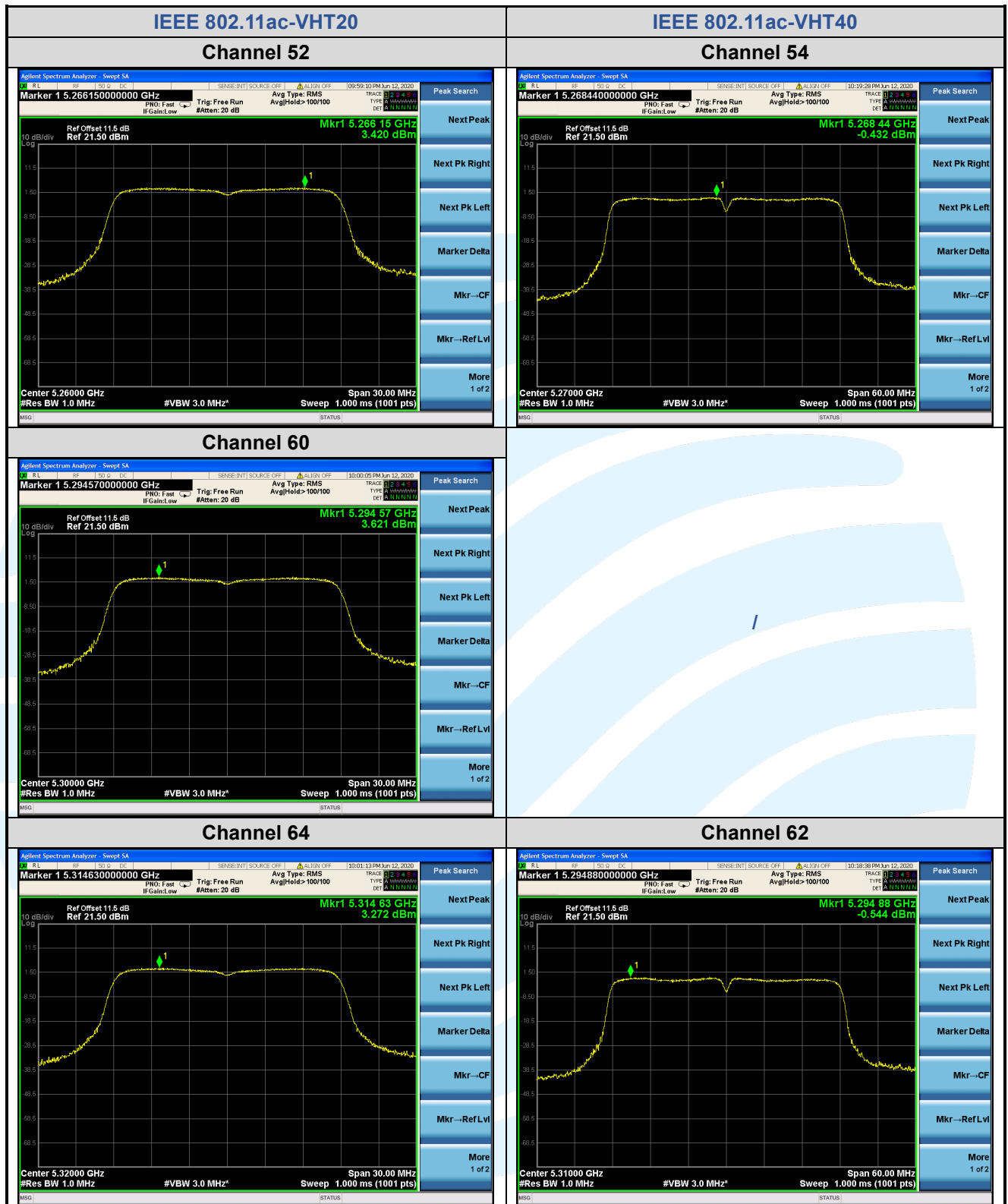




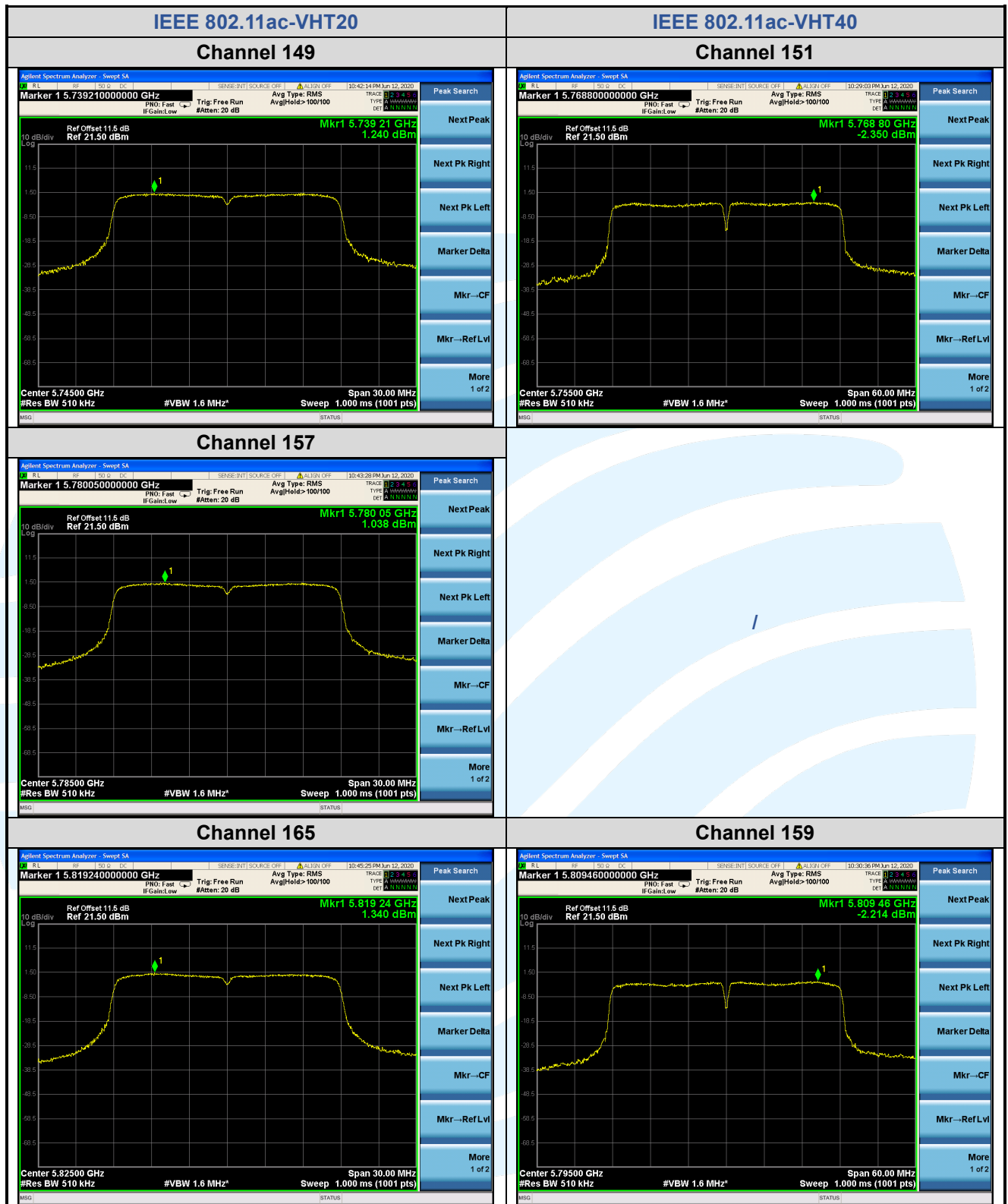


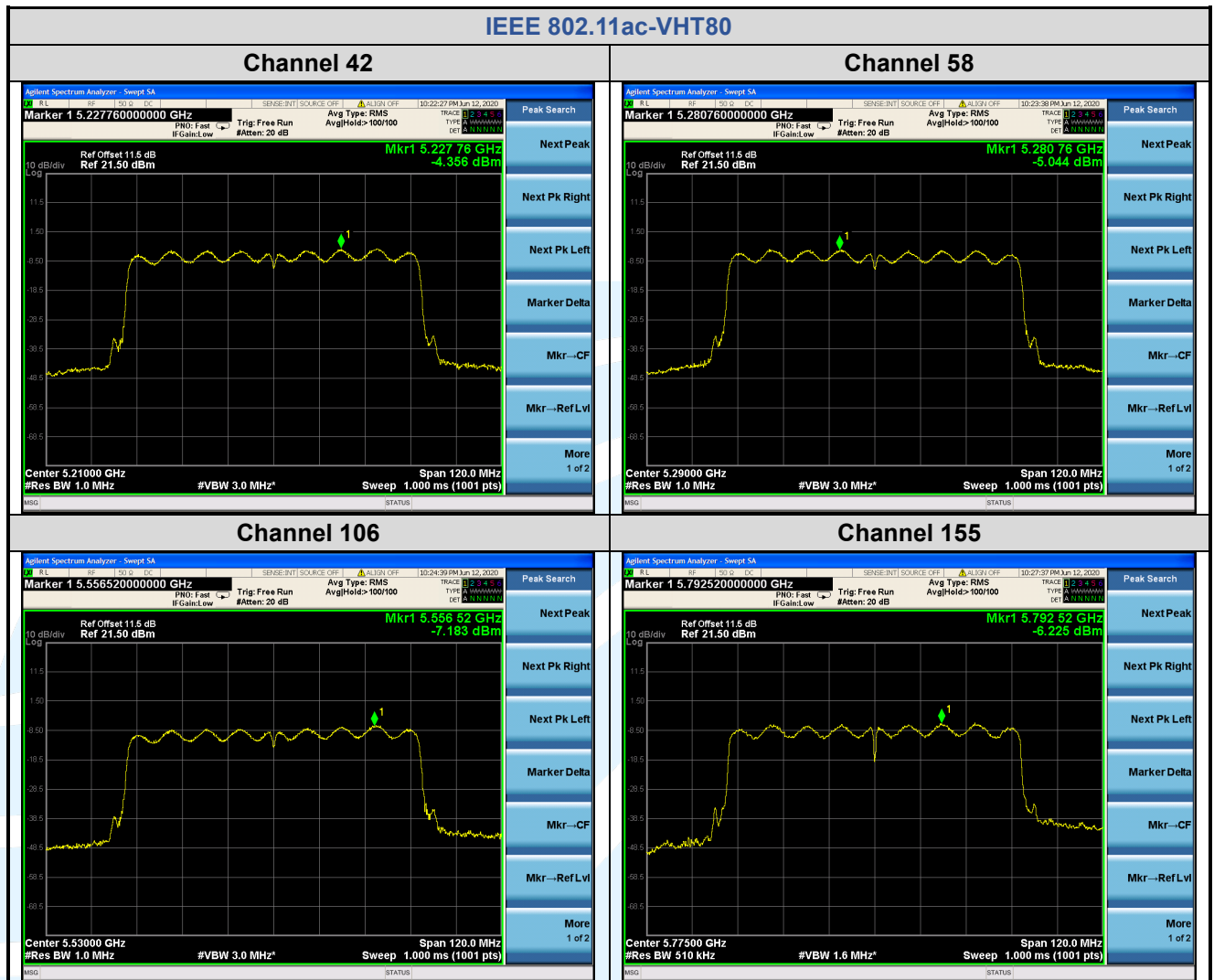












5.7 RADIATED EMISSIONS AND BAND EDGE MEASUREMENT

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(1)(2)(3)(4)(6)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.209/205
RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 6.2.1.2/6.2.2.2/6.2.3.2/6.2.4.2

Test Method: KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section G.3, G.4, G.5, and G.6

Receiver Setup:

Frequency	RBW
0.009 MHz-0.150 MHz	200/300 kHz
0.150 MHz -30 MHz	9/10 kHz
30 MHz-1 GHz	100/120 kHz
Above 1 GHz	1 MHz

Limits:

1. Limits of Radiated Emission and Band edge Measurement

Radiated emissions that fall in the restricted bands must comply with the general emissions limits in 15.209(a) as below table. Other emissions shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the desired power.

Frequency	Field strength (microvolt/meter)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 MHz-0.490 MHz	2400/F(kHz)	--	--	300
0.490 MHz-1.705 MHz	24000/F(kHz)	--	--	30
1.705 MHz-30 MHz	30	--	--	30
30 MHz-88 MHz	100	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
88 MHz-216 MHz	150	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
216 MHz-960 MHz	200	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
960MHz-1GHz	500	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
Above 1 GHz	500	54.0	Average	3

Remark:

- The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
- Emission level (dB μ V/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
- For frequencies above 1000 MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.

2. Limits of Unwanted Emission Out of the Restricted Bands

Applicable To	Limit	
789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v01r04	Field Strength at 3 m	
	PK: 74 (dBμV/m)	AV: 54 (dBμV/m)
Applicable To	EIRP Limit	Equivalent Field Strength at 3 m
RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 6.2.1.2	PK: -27 (dBm/MHz)	PK: 74 (dBμV/m)
RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 6.2.2.2	PK: -27 (dBm/MHz)	PK: 74 (dBμV/m)
RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 6.2.3.2	PK: -27 (dBm/MHz)	PK: 68.2 (dBμV/m)
RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 6.2.4.2	27 dBm/MHz at frequencies from the band edges decreasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges;	PK: 68.2 (dBμV/m)
	15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges;	
	10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz above or below the band edges;	
	-27 dBm/MHz at frequencies more than 75 MHz above or below the band edges.	

Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.1 for details.

Test Procedures:

- The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for below 1 GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1 GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detected function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Remark:

- The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
- The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1 GHz.
- The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for RMS Average (Duty cycle < 98 %) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz, then the measurement results was added to a correction factor (10 log(1/duty cycle)).
- The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz (Duty cycle ≥ 98 %) or ≥ 1/T(duty cycle is < 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

Equipment Used: Refer to section 3 for details.

Test Result: Pass

The measurement data as follows:

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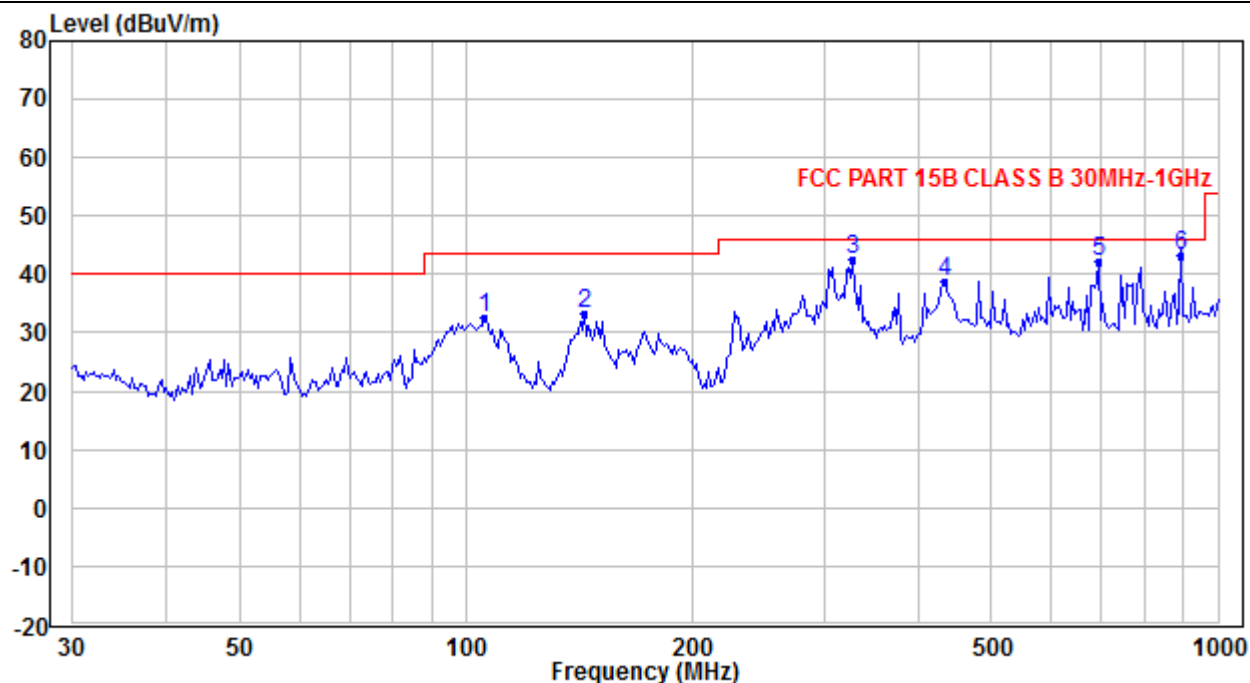
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Radiated Emission Test Data (9 KHz ~ 30 MHz):

The amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value is not required to be report.

Radiated Emission Test Data (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz Worst Case):
Worst-Case Configuration
Horizontal


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	105.537	44.91	-12.26	32.65	43.50	-10.85	QP
2	143.776	44.93	-11.82	33.11	43.50	-10.39	QP
3	327.155	47.97	-5.32	42.65	46.00	-3.35	QP
4	433.340	41.73	-2.92	38.81	46.00	-7.19	QP
5	693.910	39.34	2.76	42.10	46.00	-3.90	QP
6	893.656	38.90	4.46	43.36	46.00	-2.64	QP

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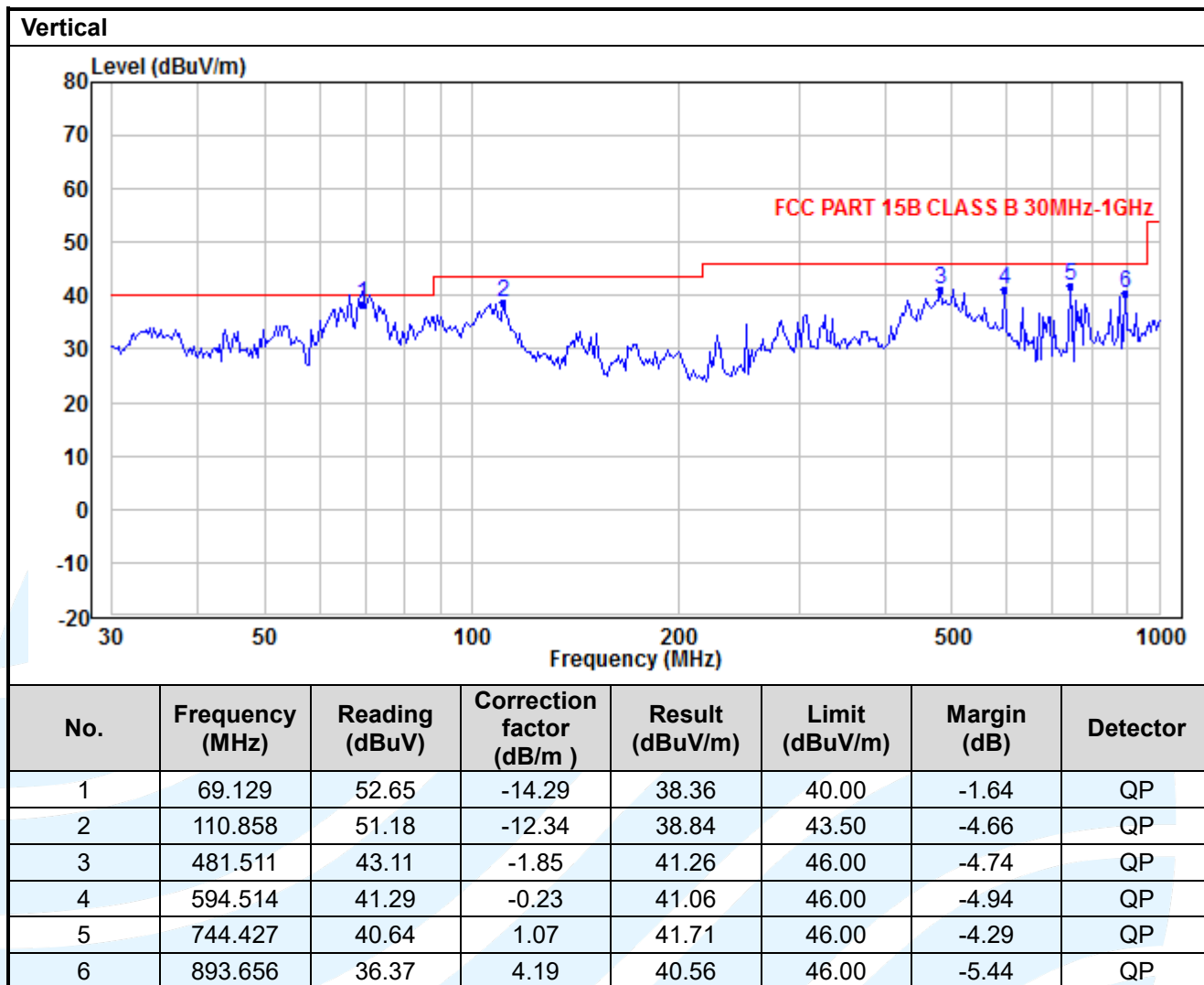
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Radiated Emission Test Data (Above 1GHz):
IEEE 802.11a_Channel 36

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10360.00	43.05	9.42	52.47	74.00	-21.53	Peak	Horizontal
2	10360.00	31.60	9.42	41.02	54.00	-12.98	Average	Horizontal
3	15540.00	41.56	11.85	53.41	74.00	-20.59	Peak	Horizontal
4	15540.00	28.75	11.85	40.60	54.00	-13.40	Average	Horizontal
5	10360.00	45.39	9.25	54.64	74.00	-19.36	Peak	Vertical
6	10360.00	31.59	9.25	40.84	54.00	-13.16	Average	Vertical
7	15540.00	41.02	11.69	52.71	74.00	-21.29	Peak	Vertical
8	15540.00	28.77	11.69	40.46	54.00	-13.54	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 44

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10440.00	43.61	9.56	53.17	74.00	-20.83	Peak	Horizontal
2	10440.00	31.67	9.56	41.23	54.00	-12.77	Average	Horizontal
3	15660.00	40.74	12.03	52.77	74.00	-21.23	Peak	Horizontal
4	15660.00	29.10	12.03	41.13	54.00	-12.87	Average	Horizontal
5	10440.00	43.93	9.37	53.30	74.00	-20.70	Peak	Vertical
6	10440.00	31.48	9.37	40.85	54.00	-13.15	Average	Vertical
7	15660.00	41.49	11.95	53.44	74.00	-20.56	Peak	Vertical
8	15660.00	29.16	11.95	41.11	54.00	-12.89	Average	Vertical

MIMO IEEE 802.11a_Channel 48

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10480.00	42.97	9.62	52.59	74.00	-21.41	Peak	Horizontal
2	10480.00	30.99	9.62	40.61	54.00	-13.39	Average	Horizontal
3	15720.00	41.48	12.09	53.57	74.00	-20.43	Peak	Horizontal
4	15720.00	28.82	12.09	40.91	54.00	-13.09	Average	Horizontal
5	10480.00	44.71	9.42	54.13	74.00	-19.87	Peak	Vertical
6	10480.00	30.70	9.42	40.12	54.00	-13.88	Average	Vertical
7	15720.00	42.12	12.07	54.19	74.00	-19.81	Peak	Vertical
8	15720.00	29.05	12.07	41.12	54.00	-12.88	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 52

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10520.00	43.45	9.65	53.10	74.00	-20.90	Peak	Horizontal
2	10520.00	30.84	9.65	40.49	54.00	-13.51	Average	Horizontal
3	15780.00	41.58	12.15	53.73	74.00	-20.27	Peak	Horizontal
4	15780.00	28.71	12.15	40.86	54.00	-13.14	Average	Horizontal
5	10520.00	42.76	9.45	52.21	74.00	-21.79	Peak	Vertical
6	10520.00	30.59	9.45	40.04	54.00	-13.96	Average	Vertical
7	15780.00	41.21	12.17	53.38	74.00	-20.62	Peak	Vertical
8	15780.00	28.90	12.17	41.07	54.00	-12.93	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 60

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10600.00	42.90	9.69	52.59	74.00	-21.41	Peak	Horizontal
2	10600.00	30.72	9.69	40.41	54.00	-13.59	Average	Horizontal
3	15900.00	40.24	12.27	52.51	74.00	-21.49	Peak	Horizontal
4	15900.00	27.87	12.27	40.14	54.00	-13.86	Average	Horizontal
5	10600.00	44.09	9.49	53.58	74.00	-20.42	Peak	Vertical
6	10600.00	30.77	9.49	40.26	54.00	-13.74	Average	Vertical
7	15900.00	40.26	12.39	52.65	74.00	-21.35	Peak	Vertical
8	15900.00	27.96	12.39	40.35	54.00	-13.65	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 64

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10640.00	42.09	9.71	51.80	74.00	-22.20	Peak	Horizontal
2	10640.00	30.83	9.71	40.54	54.00	-13.46	Average	Horizontal
3	15960.00	40.42	12.40	52.82	74.00	-21.18	Peak	Horizontal
4	15960.00	27.62	12.40	40.02	54.00	-13.98	Average	Horizontal
5	10640.00	44.27	9.51	53.78	74.00	-20.22	Peak	Vertical
6	10640.00	30.70	9.51	40.21	54.00	-13.79	Average	Vertical
7	15960.00	40.17	12.56	52.73	74.00	-21.27	Peak	Vertical
8	15960.00	27.90	12.56	40.46	54.00	-13.54	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 100

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11000.00	44.33	9.30	53.63	74.00	-20.37	Peak	Horizontal
2	11000.00	31.40	9.30	40.70	54.00	-13.30	Average	Horizontal
3	16500.00	40.45	13.15	53.60	74.00	-20.40	Peak	Horizontal
4	16500.00	28.41	13.15	41.56	54.00	-12.44	Average	Horizontal
5	11000.00	44.27	9.10	53.37	74.00	-20.63	Peak	Vertical
6	11000.00	31.55	9.10	40.65	54.00	-13.35	Average	Vertical
7	16500.00	42.04	13.05	55.09	74.00	-18.91	Peak	Vertical
8	16500.00	28.52	13.05	41.57	54.00	-12.43	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 116

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11160.00	44.41	9.20	53.61	74.00	-20.39	Peak	Horizontal
2	11160.00	30.60	9.20	39.80	54.00	-14.20	Average	Horizontal
3	16740.00	39.95	13.14	53.09	74.00	-20.91	Peak	Horizontal
4	16740.00	27.79	13.14	40.90	54.00	-13.10	Average	Horizontal
5	11160.00	43.51	9.00	52.51	74.00	-21.49	Peak	Vertical
6	11160.00	30.43	9.00	39.43	54.00	-14.57	Average	Vertical
7	16740.00	39.87	12.99	52.86	74.00	-21.14	Peak	Vertical
8	16740.00	27.91	12.99	40.90	54.00	-13.10	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 140

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11400.00	43.85	9.42	53.27	74.00	-20.73	Peak	Horizontal
2	11400.00	30.91	9.42	40.33	54.00	-13.67	Average	Horizontal
3	17100.00	40.31	13.30	53.61	74.00	-20.39	Peak	Horizontal
4	17100.00	28.33	13.30	41.63	54.00	-12.37	Average	Horizontal
5	11400.00	44.45	9.22	53.67	74.00	-20.33	Peak	Vertical
6	11400.00	31.39	9.22	40.61	54.00	-13.39	Average	Vertical
7	17100.00	40.82	13.18	54.00	74.00	-20.00	Peak	Vertical
8	17100.00	28.15	13.18	41.33	54.00	-12.67	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 149

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11490.00	42.94	9.46	52.40	74.00	-21.60	Peak	Horizontal
2	11490.00	29.95	9.46	39.41	54.00	-14.59	Average	Horizontal
3	17235.00	39.64	13.69	53.33	74.00	-20.67	Peak	Horizontal
4	17235.00	27.77	13.69	41.46	54.00	-12.54	Average	Horizontal
5	11490.00	42.11	9.26	51.37	74.00	-22.63	Peak	Vertical
6	11490.00	30.15	9.26	39.41	54.00	-14.59	Average	Vertical
7	17235.00	40.08	13.68	53.76	74.00	-20.24	Peak	Vertical
8	17235.00	27.62	13.68	41.30	54.00	-12.70	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 157

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11570.00	43.11	9.55	52.66	74.00	-21.34	Peak	Horizontal
2	11570.00	30.31	9.55	39.86	54.00	-14.14	Average	Horizontal
3	17355.00	40.85	14.06	54.91	74.00	-19.09	Peak	Horizontal
4	17355.00	27.99	14.06	42.05	54.00	-11.95	Average	Horizontal
5	11570.00	42.67	9.40	52.07	74.00	-21.93	Peak	Vertical
6	11570.00	30.57	9.40	39.97	54.00	-14.03	Average	Vertical
7	17355.00	40.34	14.15	54.49	74.00	-19.51	Peak	Vertical
8	17355.00	27.95	14.15	42.10	54.00	-11.90	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11a_Channel 165

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11650.00	43.34	9.56	52.90	74.00	-21.10	Peak	Horizontal
2	11650.00	30.72	9.56	40.37	54.00	-13.63	Average	Horizontal
3	17475.00	39.95	14.32	54.27	74.00	-19.73	Peak	Horizontal
4	17475.00	27.67	14.32	41.99	54.00	-12.01	Average	Horizontal
5	11650.00	43.02	9.54	52.56	74.00	-21.44	Peak	Vertical
6	11650.00	30.81	9.54	40.35	54.00	-13.65	Average	Vertical
7	17475.00	39.60	14.50	54.10	74.00	-19.90	Peak	Vertical
8	17475.00	27.62	14.50	42.12	54.00	-11.88	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 36

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10360.00	43.31	9.42	52.73	74.00	-21.27	Peak	Horizontal
2	10360.00	31.75	9.42	41.17	54.00	-12.83	Average	Horizontal
3	15540.00	41.03	11.85	52.88	74.00	-21.12	Peak	Horizontal
4	15540.00	28.53	11.85	40.38	54.00	-13.62	Average	Horizontal
5	10360.00	44.24	9.25	53.49	74.00	-20.51	Peak	Vertical
6	10360.00	31.97	9.25	41.22	54.00	-12.78	Average	Vertical
7	15540.00	41.11	11.69	52.80	74.00	-21.20	Peak	Vertical
8	15540.00	28.93	11.69	40.62	54.00	-13.38	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 44

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10440.00	44.59	9.56	54.15	74.00	-19.85	Peak	Horizontal
2	10440.00	31.82	9.56	41.38	54.00	-12.62	Average	Horizontal
3	15660.00	40.85	12.03	52.88	74.00	-21.12	Peak	Horizontal
4	15660.00	28.79	12.03	40.82	54.00	-13.18	Average	Horizontal
5	10440.00	46.21	9.37	55.58	74.00	-18.42	Peak	Vertical
6	10440.00	32.00	9.37	41.37	54.00	-12.63	Average	Vertical
7	15660.00	41.50	11.95	53.45	74.00	-20.55	Peak	Vertical
8	15660.00	29.26	11.95	41.21	54.00	-12.79	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 48

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10480.00	45.05	9.62	54.67	74.00	-19.33	Peak	Horizontal
2	10480.00	31.12	9.62	40.74	54.00	-13.26	Average	Horizontal
3	15720.00	41.17	12.09	53.26	74.00	-20.74	Peak	Horizontal
4	15720.00	28.55	12.09	40.64	54.00	-13.36	Average	Horizontal
5	10480.00	43.95	9.42	53.37	74.00	-20.63	Peak	Vertical
6	10480.00	31.24	9.42	40.66	54.00	-13.34	Average	Vertical
7	15720.00	41.53	12.07	53.60	74.00	-20.40	Peak	Vertical
8	15720.00	28.95	12.07	41.02	54.00	-12.98	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 52

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10520.00	42.84	9.45	52.29	74.00	-21.71	Peak	Horizontal
2	10520.00	30.63	9.45	40.08	54.00	-13.92	Average	Horizontal
3	15780.00	41.02	12.17	53.19	74.00	-20.81	Peak	Horizontal
4	15780.00	28.95	12.17	41.12	54.00	-12.88	Average	Horizontal
5	10520.00	44.18	9.65	53.83	74.00	-20.17	Peak	Vertical
6	10520.00	31.01	9.65	40.66	54.00	-13.34	Average	Vertical
7	15780.00	41.06	12.15	53.21	74.00	-20.79	Peak	Vertical
8	15780.00	28.33	12.15	40.48	54.00	-13.52	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 60

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10600.00	43.49	9.69	53.18	74.00	-20.82	Peak	Horizontal
2	10600.00	30.85	9.69	40.54	54.00	-13.46	Average	Horizontal
3	15900.00	39.85	12.27	52.12	74.00	-21.88	Peak	Horizontal
4	15900.00	27.57	12.27	39.84	54.00	-14.16	Average	Horizontal
5	10600.00	44.34	9.49	53.83	74.00	-20.17	Peak	Vertical
6	10600.00	30.85	9.49	40.34	54.00	-13.66	Average	Vertical
7	15900.00	40.45	12.39	52.84	74.00	-21.16	Peak	Vertical
8	15900.00	28.01	12.39	40.40	54.00	-13.60	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 64

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10640.00	44.30	9.71	54.01	74.00	-19.99	Peak	Horizontal
2	10640.00	30.75	9.71	40.46	54.00	-13.54	Average	Horizontal
3	15960.00	41.69	12.40	54.09	74.00	-19.91	Peak	Horizontal
4	15960.00	27.62	12.40	40.02	54.00	-13.98	Average	Horizontal
5	10640.00	43.30	9.51	52.81	74.00	-21.19	Peak	Vertical
6	10640.00	31.16	9.51	40.67	54.00	-13.33	Average	Vertical
7	15960.00	40.50	12.56	53.06	74.00	-20.94	Peak	Vertical
8	15960.00	27.96	12.56	40.52	54.00	-13.48	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 100

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11000.00	43.93	9.30	53.23	74.00	-20.77	Peak	Horizontal
2	11000.00	30.75	9.30	40.05	54.00	-13.95	Average	Horizontal
3	16500.00	40.10	13.15	53.25	74.00	-20.75	Peak	Horizontal
4	16500.00	27.96	13.15	41.11	54.00	-12.89	Average	Horizontal
5	11000.00	42.42	9.10	51.52	74.00	-22.48	Peak	Vertical
6	11000.00	30.23	9.10	39.33	54.00	-14.67	Average	Vertical
7	16500.00	40.83	13.05	53.88	74.00	-20.12	Peak	Vertical
8	16500.00	28.13	13.05	41.18	54.00	-12.82	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 116

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11160.00	43.93	9.30	53.23	74.00	-20.77	Peak	Horizontal
2	11160.00	30.75	9.30	40.05	54.00	-13.95	Average	Horizontal
3	16740.00	40.10	13.15	53.25	74.00	-20.75	Peak	Horizontal
4	16740.00	27.96	13.15	41.11	54.00	-12.89	Average	Horizontal
5	11160.00	42.42	9.10	51.52	74.00	-22.48	Peak	Vertical
6	11160.00	30.23	9.10	39.33	54.00	-14.67	Average	Vertical
7	16740.00	40.83	13.05	53.88	74.00	-20.12	Peak	Vertical
8	16740.00	28.13	13.05	41.18	54.00	-12.82	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 140

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11400.00	43.30	9.42	52.72	74.00	-21.28	Peak	Horizontal
2	11400.00	30.18	9.42	39.60	54.00	-14.40	Average	Horizontal
3	17100.00	56.94	13.30	70.24	74.00	-3.76	Peak	Horizontal
4	17100.00	34.55	13.30	47.85	54.00	-6.15	Average	Horizontal
5	11400.00	43.17	9.22	52.39	74.00	-21.61	Peak	Vertical
6	11400.00	29.91	9.22	39.13	54.00	-14.87	Average	Vertical
7	17100.00	40.21	13.18	53.39	74.00	-20.61	Peak	Vertical
8	17100.00	27.63	13.18	40.81	54.00	-13.19	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 149

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11490.00	29.30	9.26	38.56	74.00	-35.44	Peak	Horizontal
2	11490.00	41.15	9.26	50.41	54.00	-3.59	Average	Horizontal
3	17235.00	27.50	13.68	41.18	74.00	-32.82	Peak	Horizontal
4	17235.00	39.79	13.68	53.47	54.00	-0.53	Average	Horizontal
5	11490.00	41.42	9.26	50.68	74.00	-23.32	Peak	Vertical
6	11490.00	29.30	9.26	38.56	54.00	-15.44	Average	Vertical
7	17235.00	39.41	13.68	53.09	74.00	-20.91	Peak	Vertical
8	17235.00	27.50	13.68	41.18	54.00	-12.82	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 157

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11570.00	41.46	9.55	51.01	74.00	-22.99	Peak	Horizontal
2	11570.00	29.02	9.55	38.57	54.00	-15.43	Average	Horizontal
3	17355.00	38.68	14.06	52.74	74.00	-21.26	Peak	Horizontal
4	17355.00	27.26	14.06	41.32	54.00	-12.68	Average	Horizontal
5	11570.00	41.23	9.40	50.63	74.00	-23.37	Peak	Vertical
6	11570.00	29.23	9.40	38.63	54.00	-15.37	Average	Vertical
7	17355.00	40.15	14.15	54.30	74.00	-19.70	Peak	Vertical
8	17355.00	27.78	14.15	41.93	54.00	-12.07	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT20_Channel 165

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11650.00	41.46	9.65	51.11	74.00	-22.89	Peak	Horizontal
2	11650.00	29.70	9.65	39.35	54.00	-14.65	Average	Horizontal
3	17475.00	38.70	14.32	53.02	74.00	-20.98	Peak	Horizontal
4	17475.00	26.73	14.32	41.05	54.00	-12.95	Average	Horizontal
5	11650.00	41.67	9.54	51.21	74.00	-22.79	Peak	Vertical
6	11650.00	29.65	9.54	39.19	54.00	-14.81	Average	Vertical
7	17475.00	38.94	14.50	53.44	74.00	-20.56	Peak	Vertical
8	17475.00	27.19	14.50	41.69	54.00	-12.31	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT40_Channel 38

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10380.00	43.15	9.46	52.61	74.00	-21.39	Peak	Horizontal
2	10380.00	30.92	9.46	40.38	54.00	-13.62	Average	Horizontal
3	15570.00	39.49	11.91	51.40	74.00	-22.60	Peak	Horizontal
4	15570.00	27.61	11.91	39.52	54.00	-14.48	Average	Horizontal
5	10380.00	43.25	9.28	52.53	74.00	-21.47	Peak	Vertical
6	10380.00	30.63	9.28	39.91	54.00	-14.09	Average	Vertical
7	15570.00	40.05	11.77	51.82	74.00	-22.18	Peak	Vertical
8	15570.00	28.14	11.77	39.91	54.00	-14.09	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT40_Channel 46

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10460.00	42.81	9.58	52.39	74.00	-21.61	Peak	Horizontal
2	10460.00	30.90	9.58	40.48	54.00	-13.52	Average	Horizontal
3	15690.00	40.36	12.06	52.42	74.00	-21.58	Peak	Horizontal
4	15690.00	28.22	12.06	40.28	54.00	-13.72	Average	Horizontal
5	10460.00	42.88	9.39	52.27	74.00	-21.73	Peak	Vertical
6	10460.00	30.44	9.39	39.83	54.00	-14.17	Average	Vertical
7	15690.00	40.56	12.02	52.58	74.00	-21.42	Peak	Vertical
8	15690.00	28.57	12.02	40.59	54.00	-13.41	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT40_Channel 54

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10540.00	41.99	9.67	51.66	74.00	-22.34	Peak	Horizontal
2	10540.00	30.02	9.67	39.69	54.00	-14.31	Average	Horizontal
3	15810.00	39.26	12.18	51.44	74.00	-22.56	Peak	Horizontal
4	15810.00	27.14	12.18	39.32	54.00	-14.68	Average	Horizontal
5	10540.00	41.48	9.47	50.95	74.00	-23.05	Peak	Vertical
6	10540.00	29.64	9.47	39.11	54.00	-14.89	Average	Vertical
7	15810.00	40.81	12.22	53.03	74.00	-20.97	Peak	Vertical
8	15810.00	27.91	12.22	40.13	54.00	-13.87	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT40_Channel 62

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10620.00	40.93	9.69	50.62	74.00	-23.38	Peak	Horizontal
2	10620.00	29.88	9.69	39.57	54.00	-14.43	Average	Horizontal
3	15930.00	40.72	12.34	53.06	74.00	-20.94	Peak	Horizontal
4	15930.00	27.18	12.34	39.52	54.00	-14.48	Average	Horizontal
5	10620.00	41.01	9.49	50.50	74.00	-23.50	Peak	Vertical
6	10620.00	29.70	9.49	39.19	54.00	-14.81	Average	Vertical
7	15930.00	40.32	12.48	52.80	74.00	-21.20	Peak	Vertical
8	15930.00	27.51	12.48	39.99	54.00	-14.01	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT40_Channel 102

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11020.00	42.51	9.27	51.78	74.00	-22.22	Peak	Horizontal
2	11020.00	30.78	9.27	40.05	54.00	-13.95	Average	Horizontal
3	16530.00	40.54	13.15	53.69	74.00	-20.31	Peak	Horizontal
4	16530.00	27.96	13.15	41.11	54.00	-12.89	Average	Horizontal
5	11020.00	42.06	9.07	51.13	74.00	-22.87	Peak	Vertical
6	11020.00	30.48	9.07	39.55	54.00	-14.45	Average	Vertical
7	16530.00	40.93	13.05	53.98	74.00	-20.02	Peak	Vertical
8	16530.00	28.13	13.05	41.18	54.00	-12.82	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT40_Channel 110

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11100.00	41.93	9.30	51.23	74.00	-22.77	Peak	Horizontal
2	11100.00	30.45	9.30	39.75	54.00	-14.25	Average	Horizontal
3	16650.00	40.50	13.15	53.65	74.00	-20.35	Peak	Horizontal
4	16650.00	27.84	13.15	40.99	54.00	-13.01	Average	Horizontal
5	11100.00	41.90	9.10	51.00	74.00	-23.00	Peak	Vertical
6	11100.00	30.23	9.10	39.33	54.00	-14.67	Average	Vertical
7	16650.00	41.27	13.05	54.32	74.00	-19.68	Peak	Vertical
8	16650.00	28.18	13.05	41.23	54.00	-12.77	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT40_Channel 134

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11340.00	41.57	9.36	50.93	74.00	-23.07	Peak	Horizontal
2	11340.00	29.72	9.36	39.08	54.00	-14.92	Average	Horizontal
3	17010.00	39.20	13.16	52.36	74.00	-21.64	Peak	Horizontal
4	17010.00	27.29	13.16	40.45	54.00	-13.55	Average	Horizontal
5	11340.00	41.33	9.16	50.49	74.00	-23.51	Peak	Vertical
6	11340.00	29.39	9.16	38.55	54.00	-15.45	Average	Vertical
7	17010.00	39.60	12.97	52.57	74.00	-21.43	Peak	Vertical
8	17010.00	27.40	12.97	40.37	54.00	-13.63	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT40_Channel 151

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11510.00	41.85	9.48	51.33	74.00	-22.67	Peak	Horizontal
2	11510.00	29.93	9.48	39.41	54.00	-14.59	Average	Horizontal
3	17265.00	38.98	13.79	52.77	74.00	-21.23	Peak	Horizontal
4	17265.00	27.17	13.79	40.96	54.00	-13.04	Average	Horizontal
5	11510.00	41.47	9.29	50.76	74.00	-23.24	Peak	Vertical
6	11510.00	29.75	9.29	39.04	54.00	-14.96	Average	Vertical
7	17265.00	39.48	13.81	53.29	74.00	-20.71	Peak	Vertical
8	17265.00	27.24	13.81	41.05	54.00	-12.95	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11n-HT40_Channel 159

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11590.00	41.56	9.58	51.14	74.00	-22.86	Peak	Horizontal
2	11590.00	29.63	9.58	39.21	54.00	-14.79	Average	Horizontal
3	17385.00	38.58	14.16	52.74	74.00	-21.26	Peak	Horizontal
4	17385.00	27.23	14.16	41.39	54.00	-12.61	Average	Horizontal
5	11590.00	41.02	9.43	50.45	74.00	-23.55	Peak	Vertical
6	11590.00	29.25	9.43	38.68	54.00	-15.32	Average	Vertical
7	17385.00	39.62	14.26	53.88	74.00	-20.12	Peak	Vertical
8	17385.00	27.48	14.26	41.74	54.00	-12.26	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80_Channel 42

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10460.00	43.04	9.52	52.56	74.00	-21.44	Peak	Horizontal
2	10460.00	31.04	9.52	40.56	54.00	-13.44	Average	Horizontal
3	15690.00	40.11	12.00	52.11	74.00	-21.89	Peak	Horizontal
4	15690.00	28.22	12.00	40.22	54.00	-13.78	Average	Horizontal
5	10460.00	42.54	9.34	51.88	74.00	-22.12	Peak	Vertical
6	10460.00	30.91	9.34	40.25	54.00	-13.75	Average	Vertical
7	15690.00	40.81	11.90	52.71	74.00	-21.29	Peak	Vertical
8	15690.00	28.31	11.90	40.21	54.00	-13.79	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80_Channel 58

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	10580.00	42.60	9.69	52.29	74.00	-21.71	Peak	Horizontal
2	10580.00	29.91	9.69	39.60	54.00	-14.40	Average	Horizontal
3	15870.00	39.59	12.24	51.83	74.00	-22.17	Peak	Horizontal
4	15870.00	27.40	12.24	39.64	54.00	-14.36	Average	Horizontal
5	10580.00	41.42	9.49	50.91	74.00	-23.09	Peak	Vertical
6	10580.00	29.72	9.49	39.21	54.00	-14.79	Average	Vertical
7	15870.00	40.05	12.34	52.39	74.00	-21.61	Peak	Vertical
8	15870.00	27.49	12.34	39.83	54.00	-14.17	Average	Vertical

IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80_Channel 106

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11060.00	42.89	9.01	51.90	74.00	-22.10	Peak	Horizontal
2	11060.00	30.74	9.01	39.75	54.00	-14.25	Average	Horizontal
3	16590.00	39.70	13.03	52.73	74.00	-21.27	Peak	Horizontal
4	16590.00	26.84	13.03	39.87	54.00	-14.13	Average	Horizontal
5	11060.00	42.86	9.21	52.07	74.00	-21.93	Peak	Vertical
6	11060.00	30.74	9.21	39.95	54.00	-14.05	Average	Vertical
7	16590.00	40.57	13.15	53.72	74.00	-20.28	Peak	Vertical
8	16590.00	27.17	13.15	40.32	54.00	-13.68	Average	Vertical

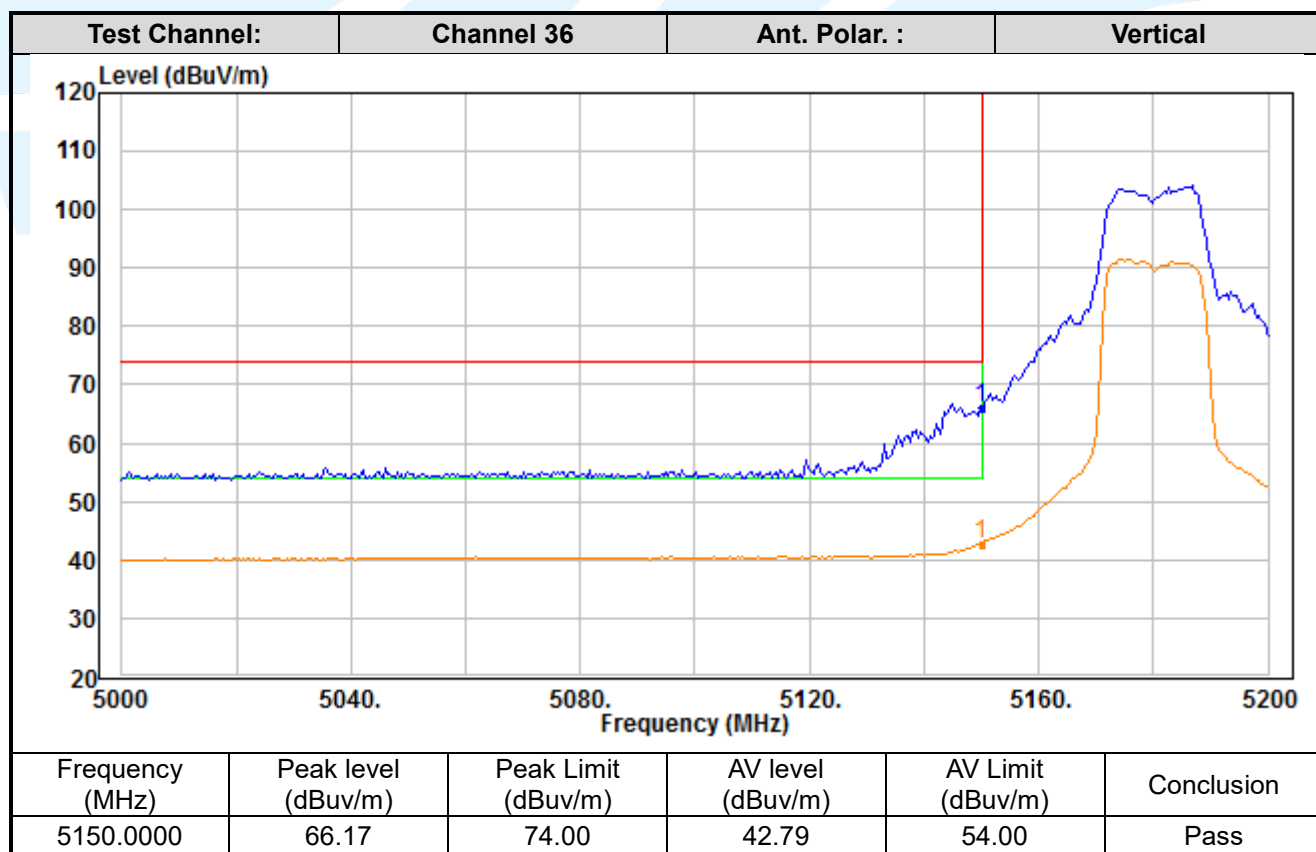
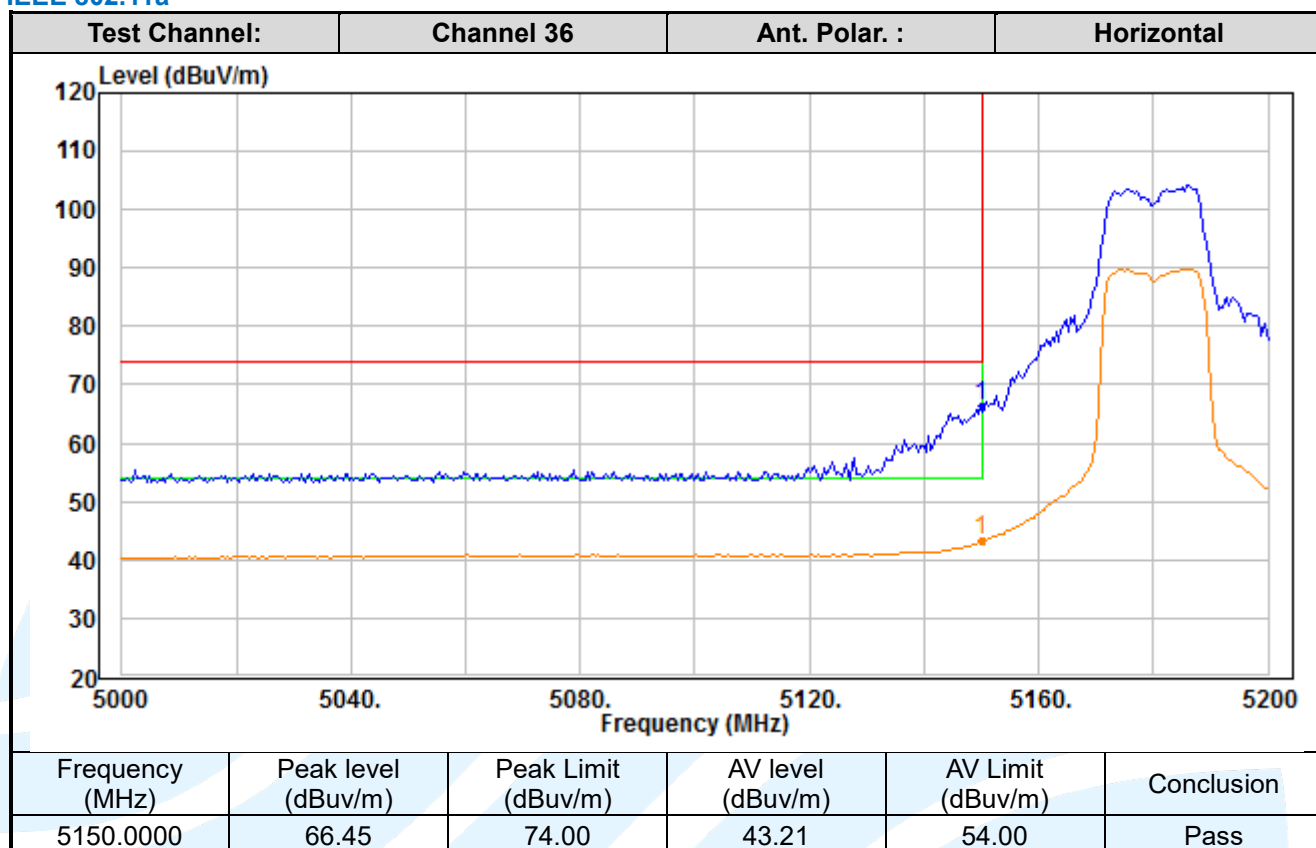
IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80_Channel 155								
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Polaxis
1	11550.00	40.93	9.53	50.46	74.00	-23.54	Peak	Horizontal
2	11550.00	29.60	9.53	39.13	54.00	-14.87	Average	Horizontal
3	17325.00	39.14	13.97	53.11	74.00	-20.89	Peak	Horizontal
4	17325.00	27.05	13.97	41.02	54.00	-12.98	Average	Horizontal
5	11550.00	40.79	9.36	50.15	74.00	-23.85	Peak	Vertical
6	11550.00	29.39	9.36	38.75	54.00	-15.25	Average	Vertical
7	17325.00	39.48	14.03	53.51	74.00	-20.49	Peak	Vertical
8	17325.00	26.76	14.03	40.79	54.00	-13.21	Average	Vertical

Remark:

1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain, the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.
2. Result = Reading + Correct Factor.
3. Margin = Result – Limit

Band Edge Measurements (Radiated)

IEEE 802.11a



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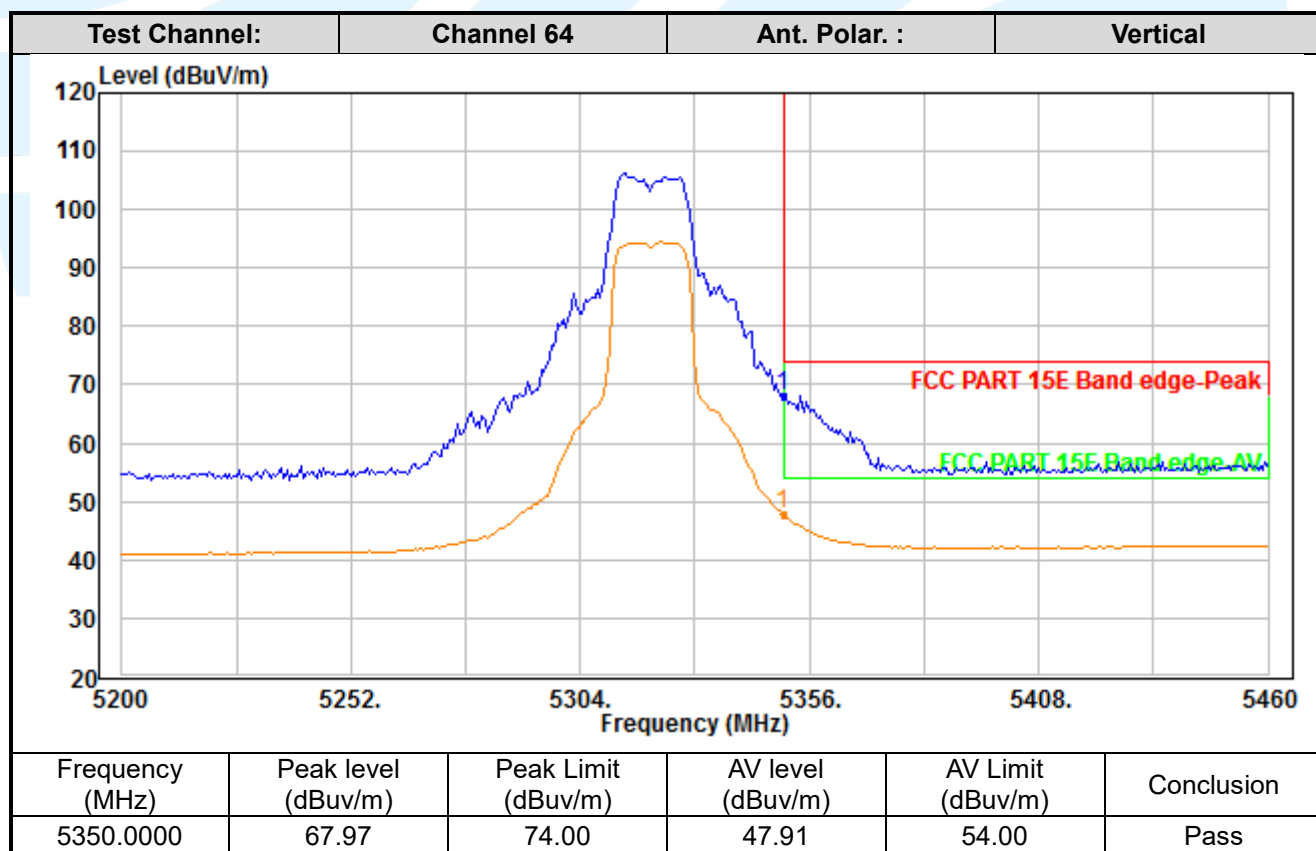
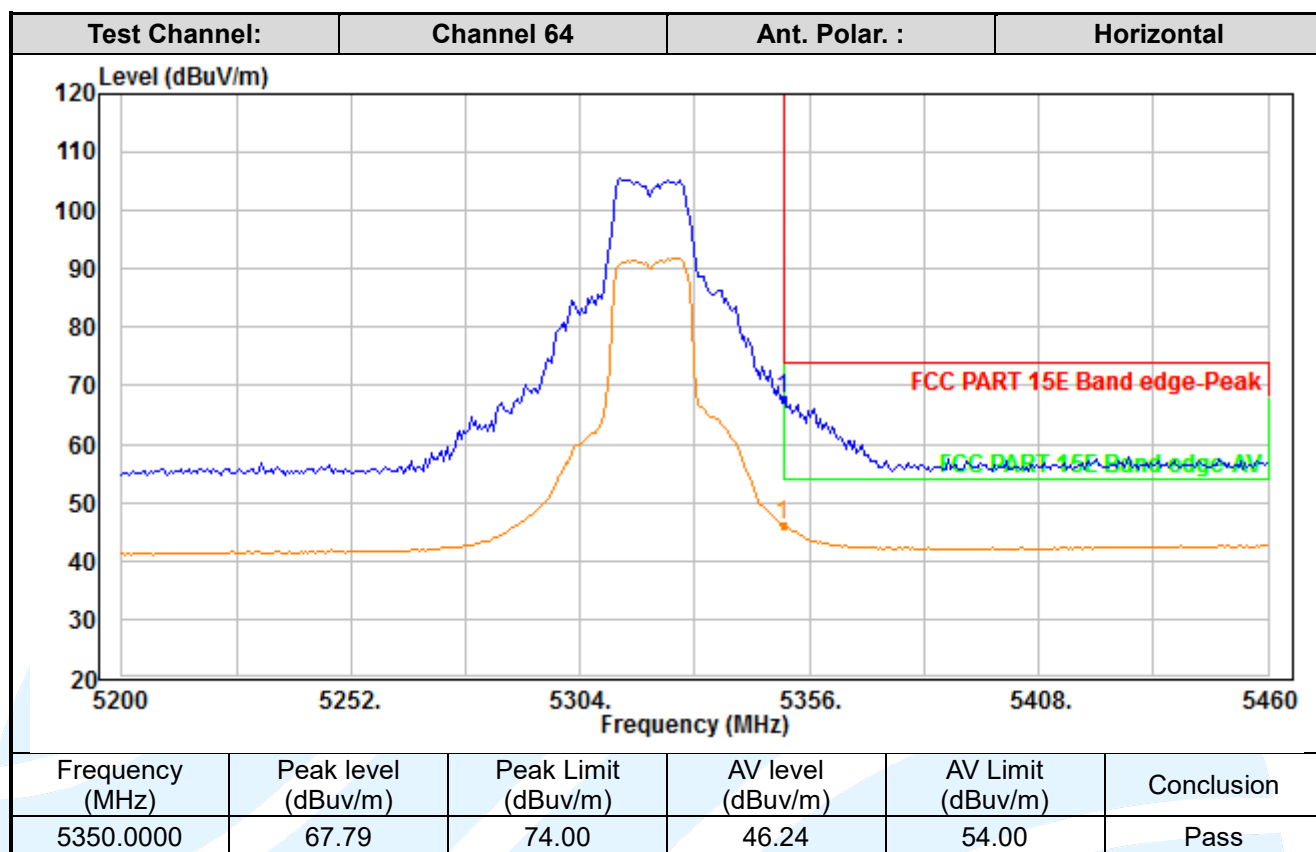
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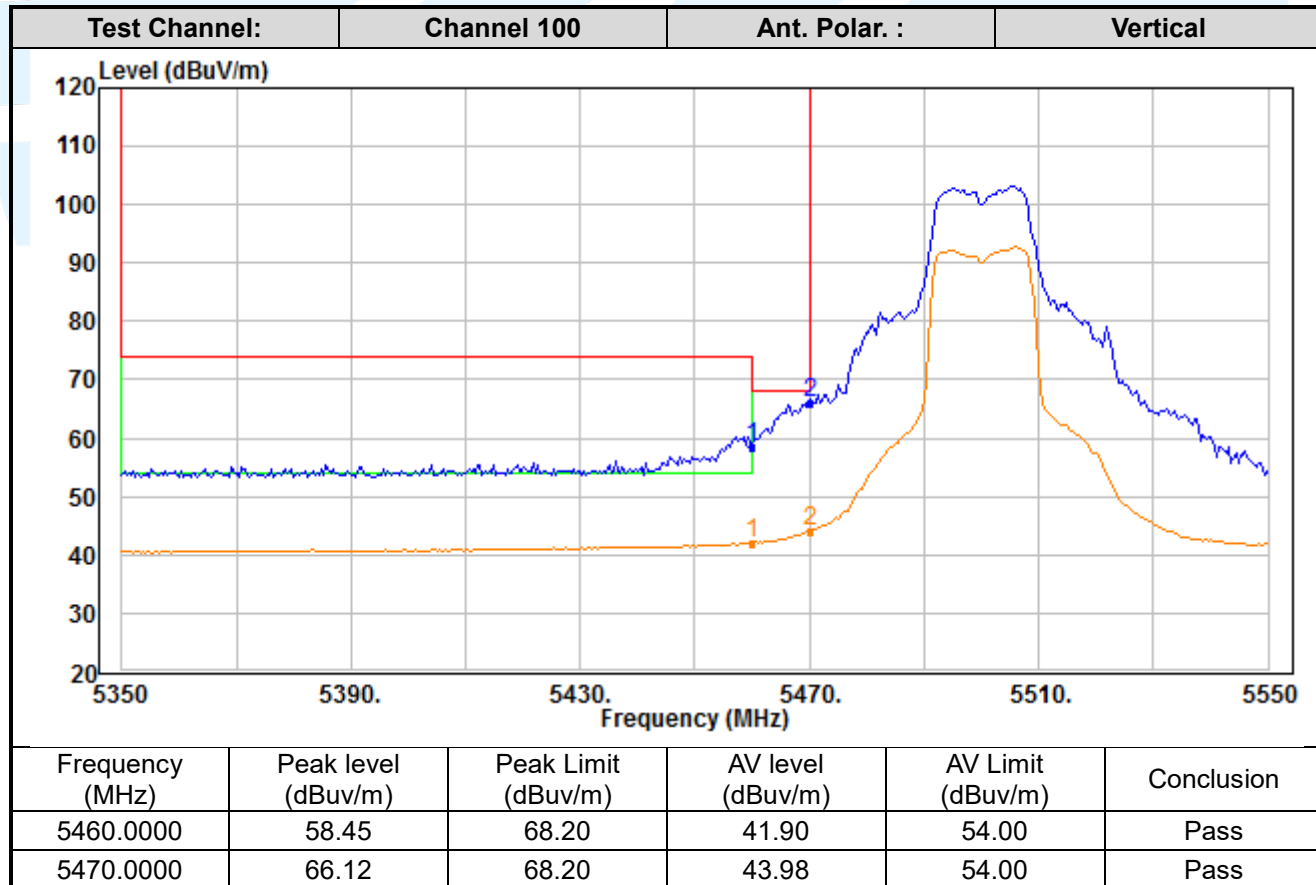
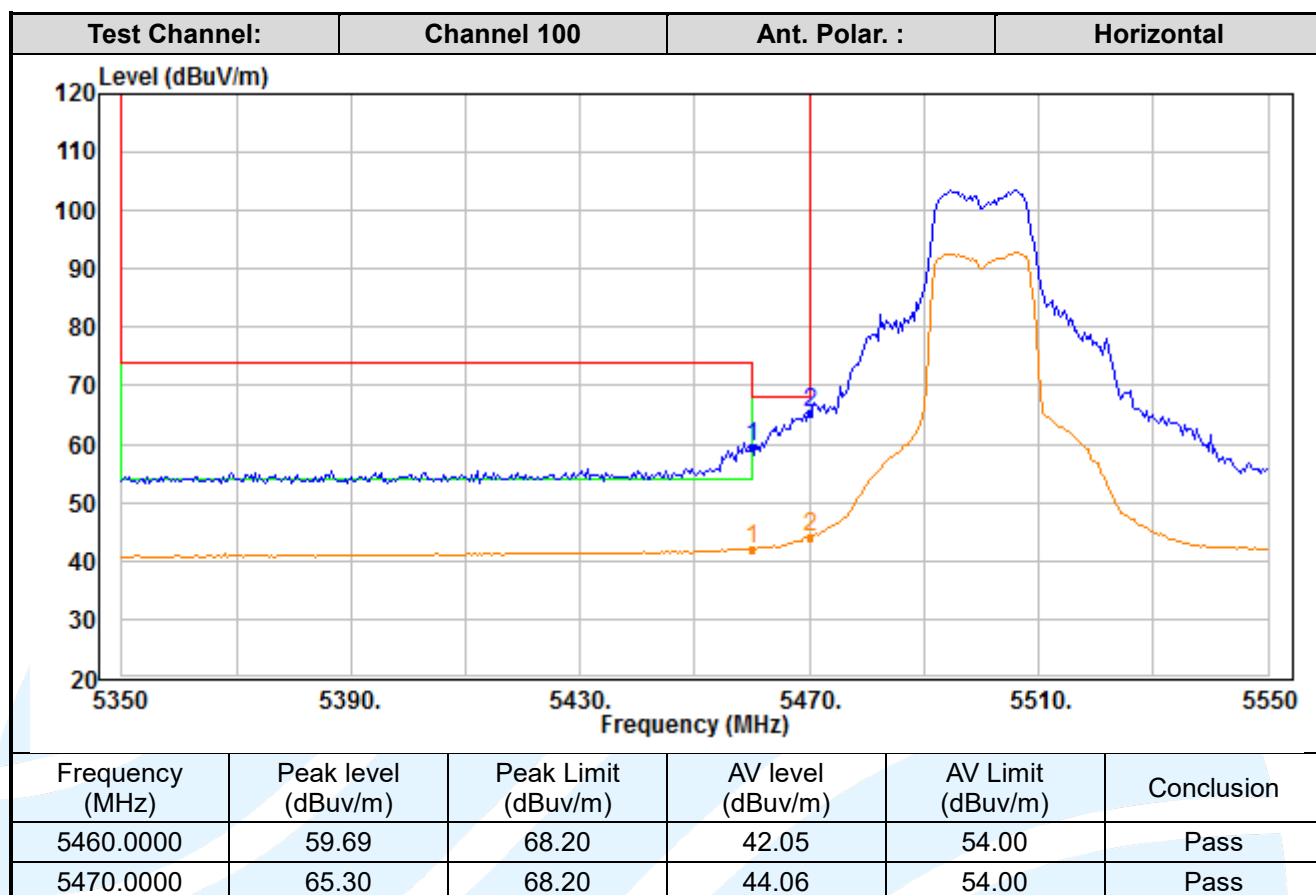
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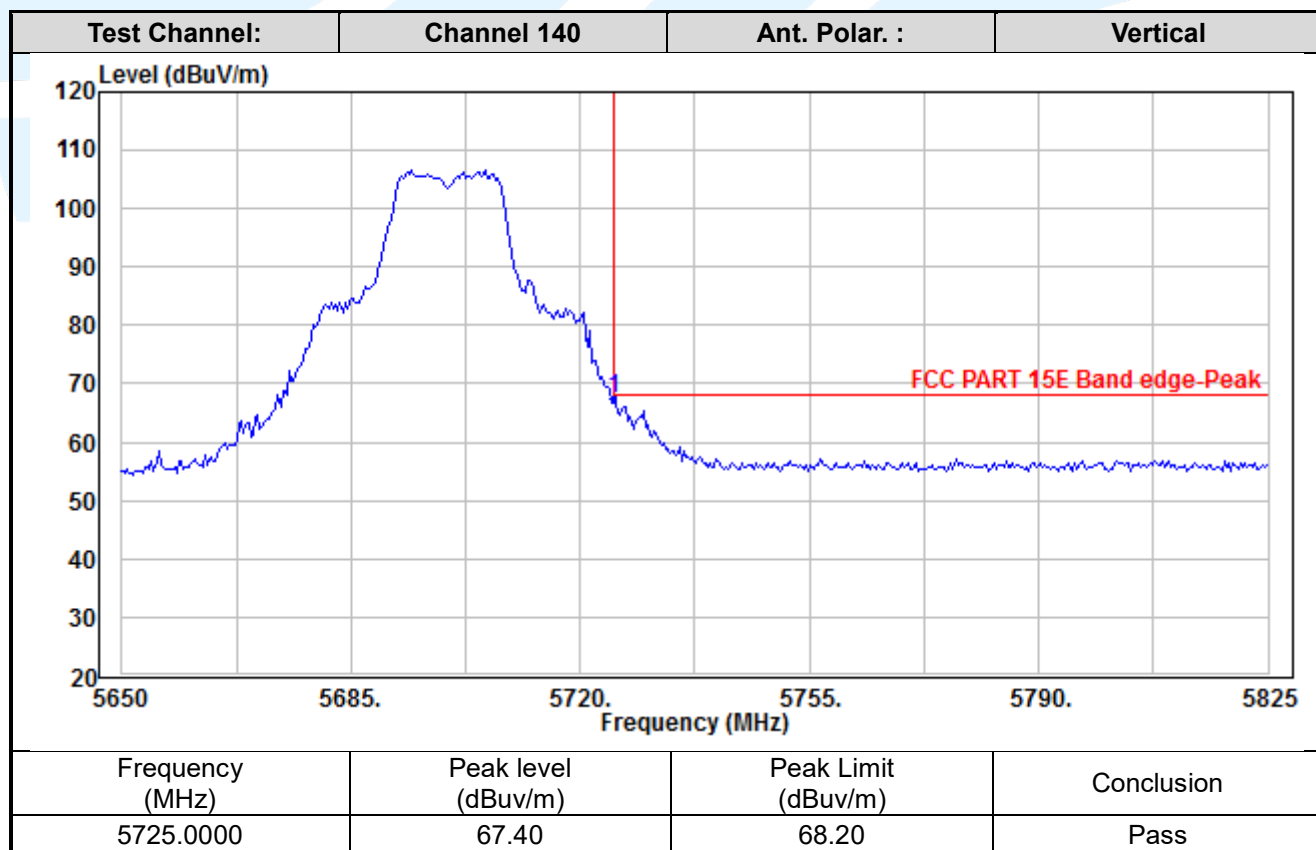
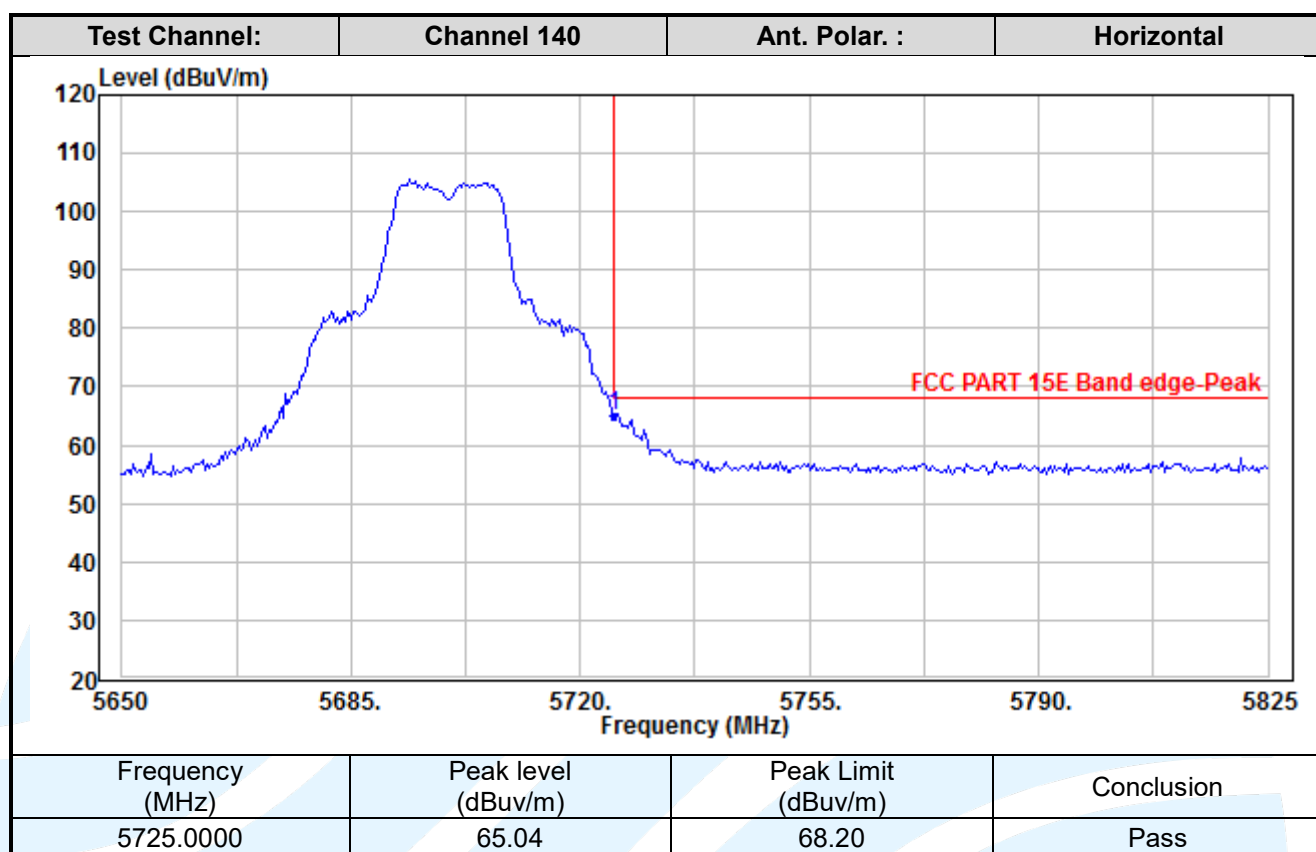
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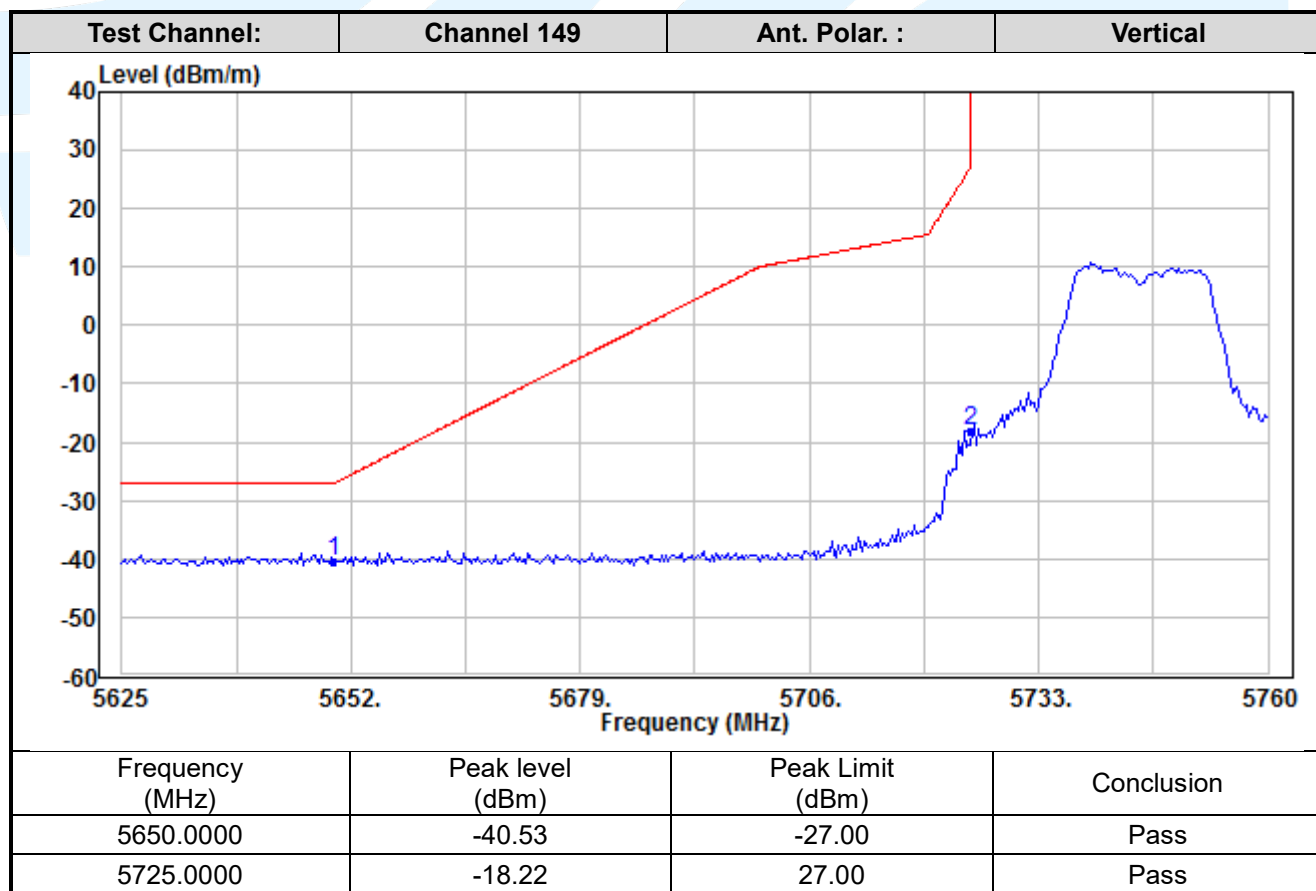
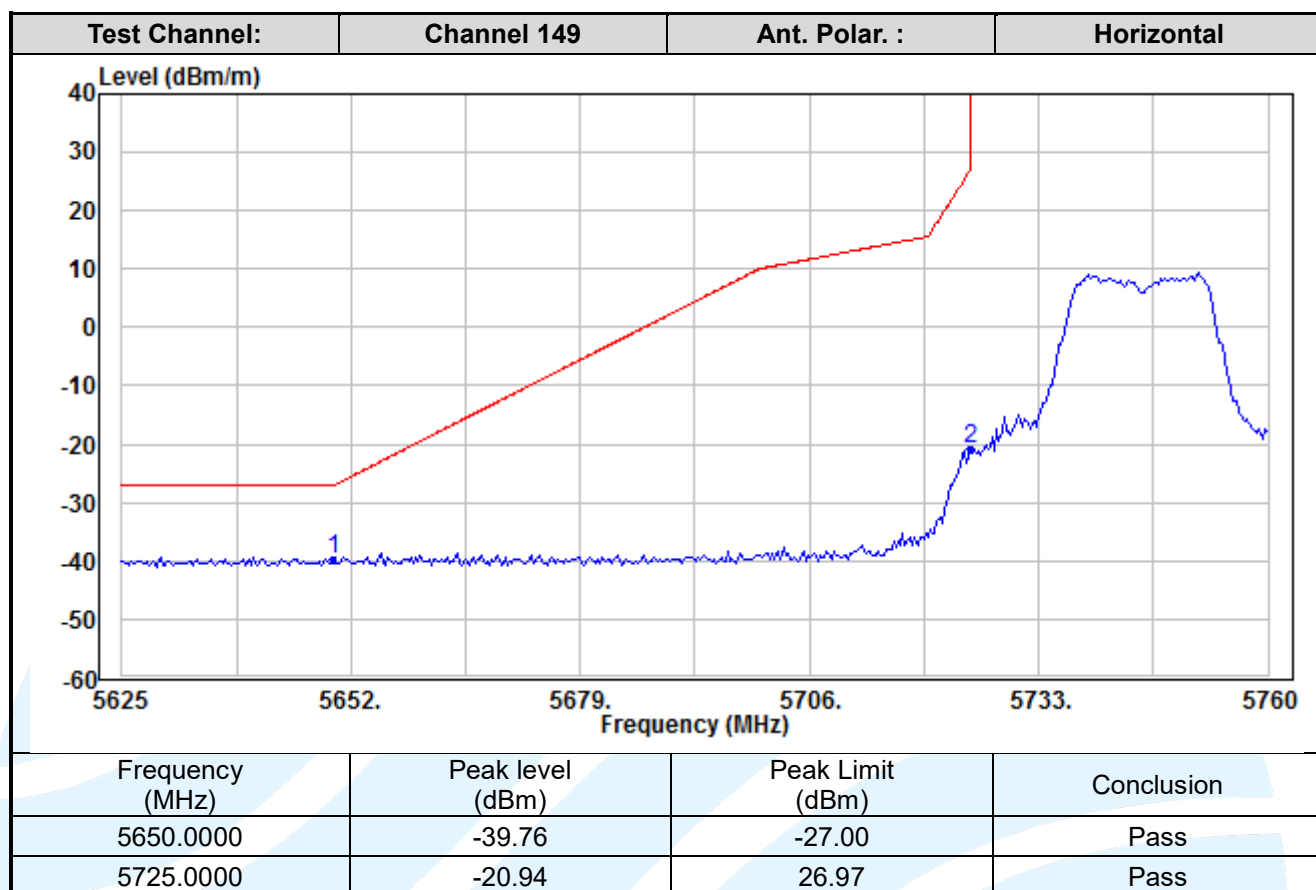
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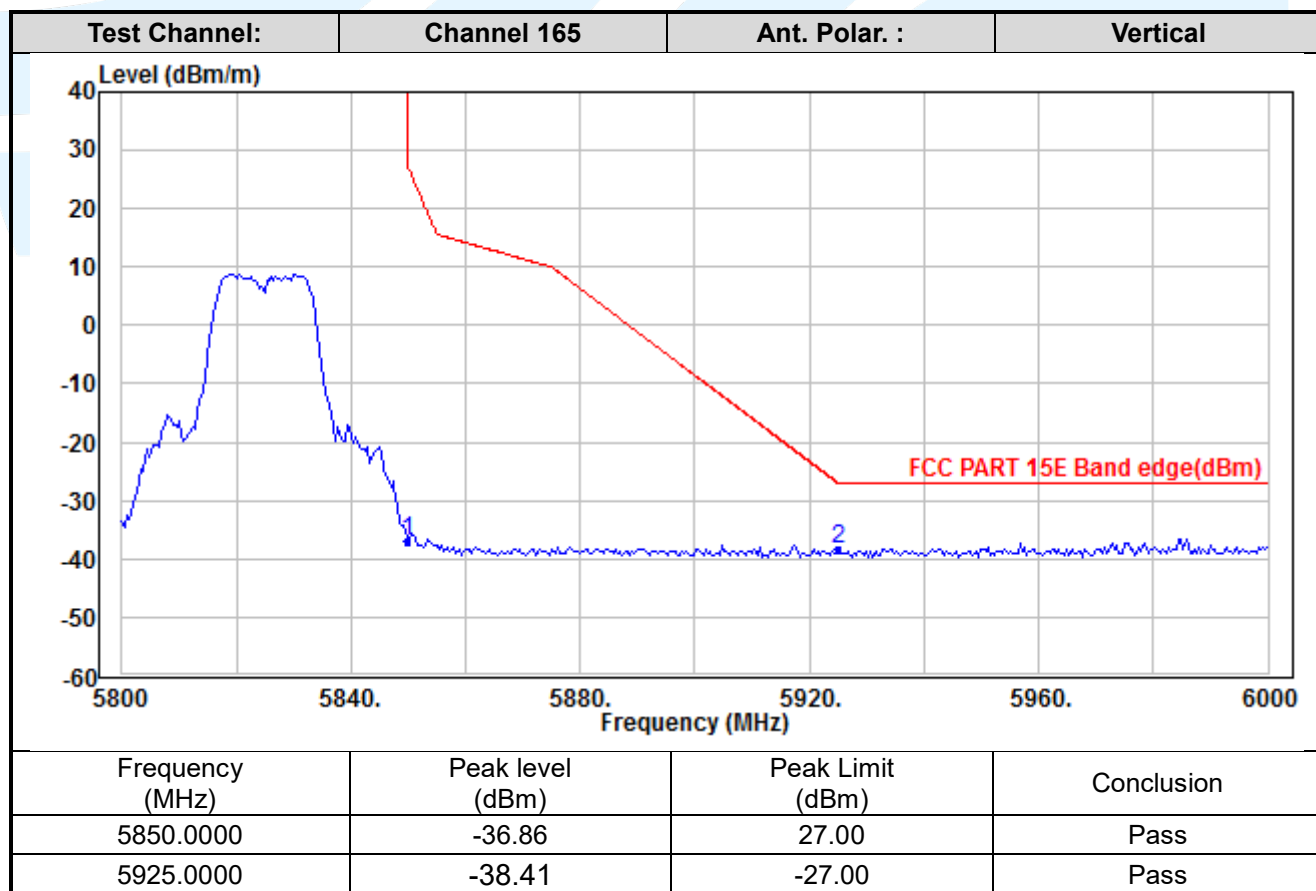
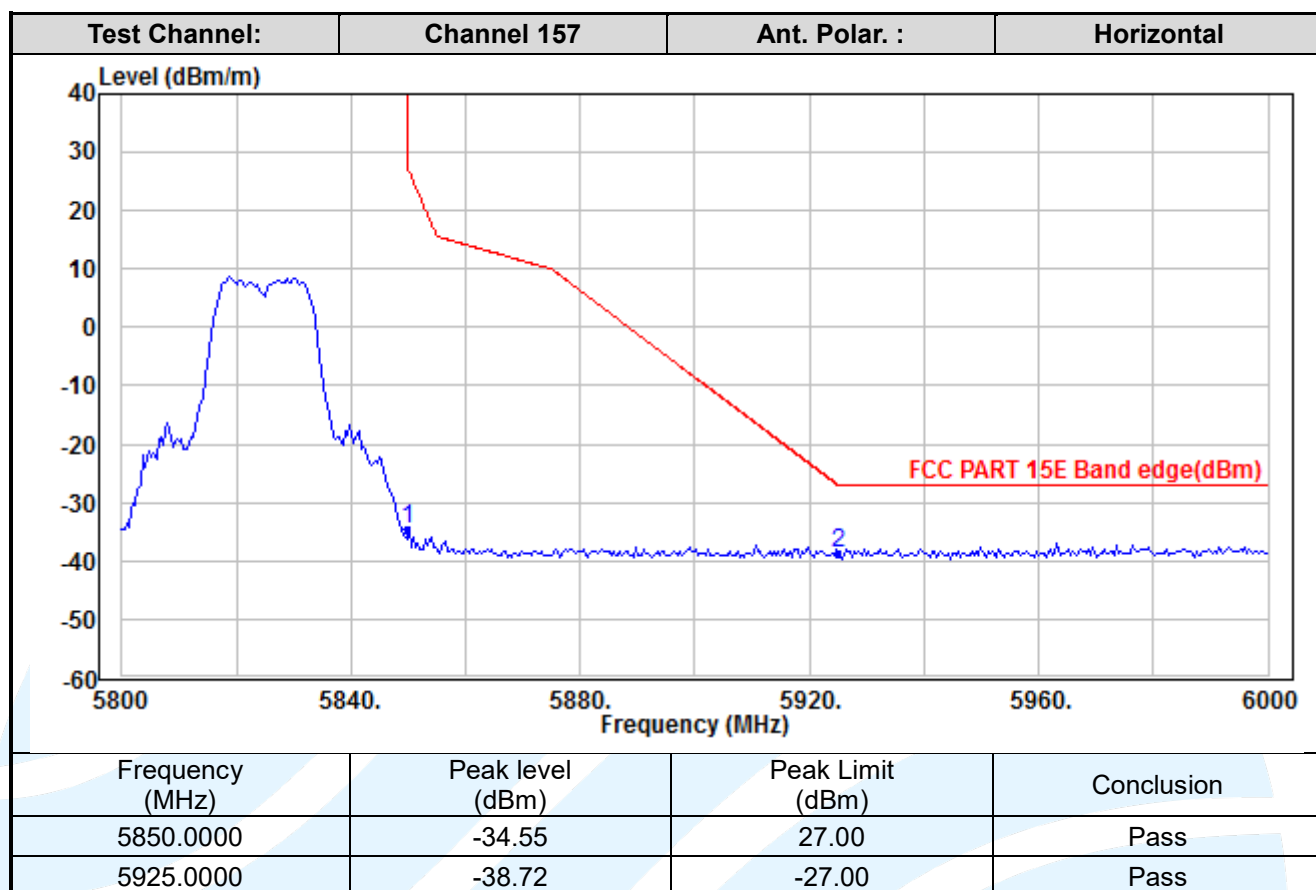
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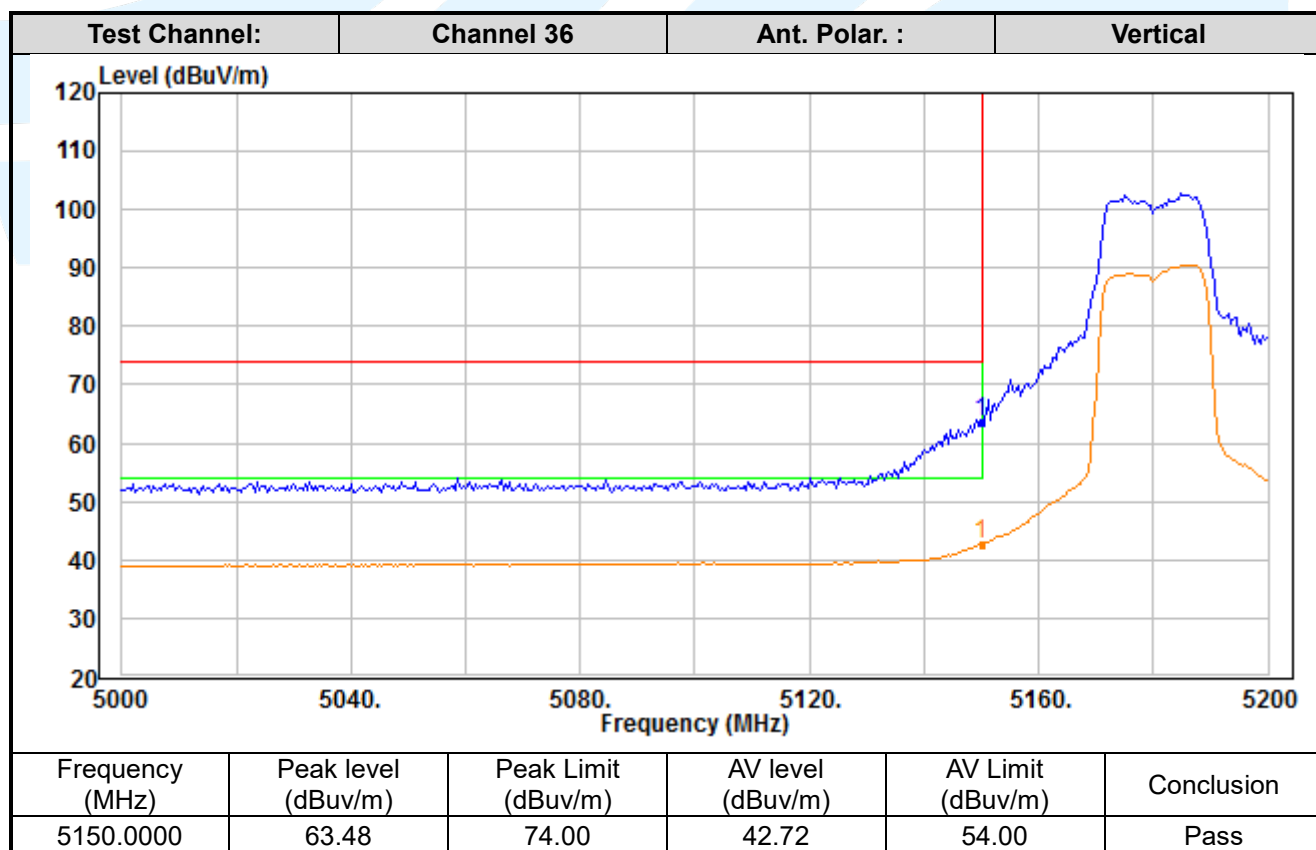
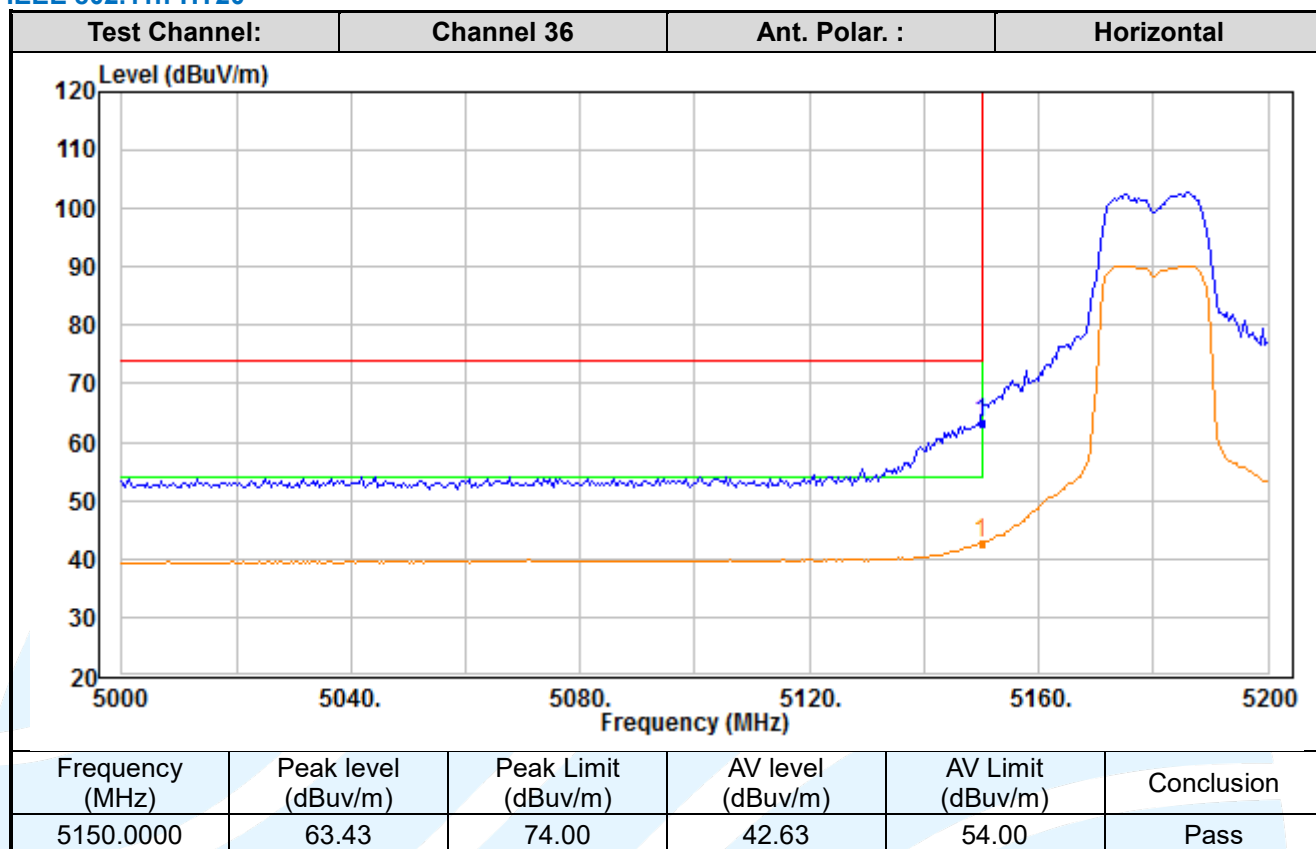
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IEEE 802.11n-HT20



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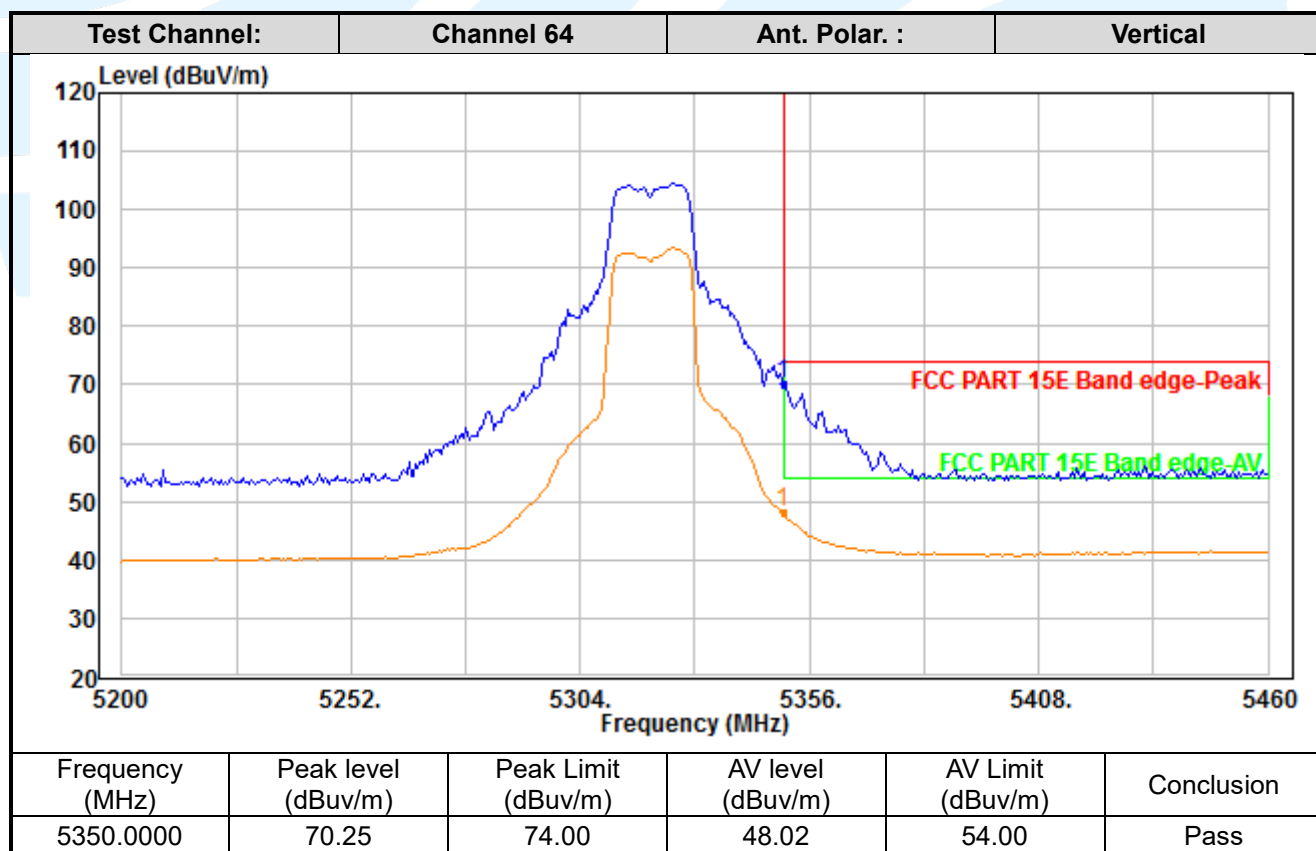
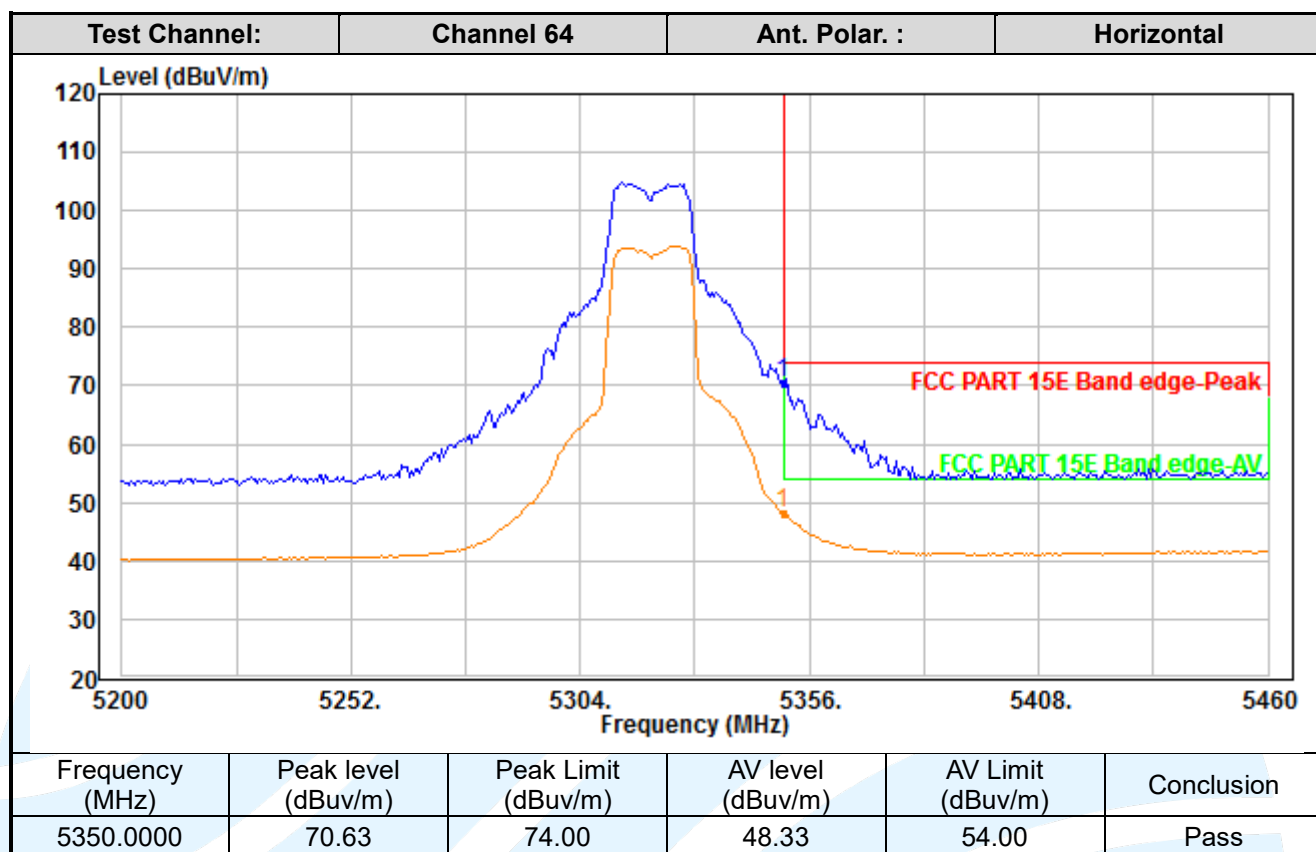
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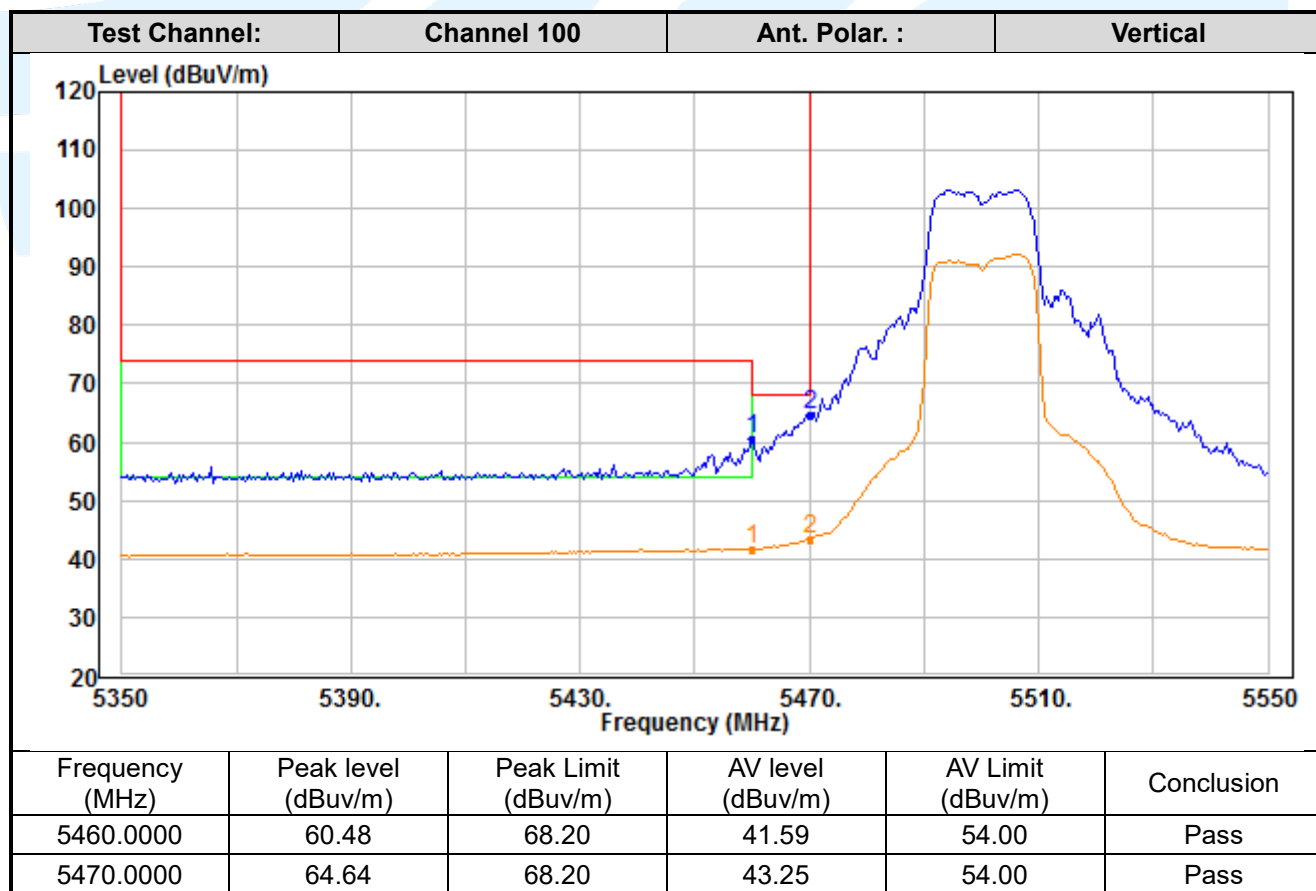
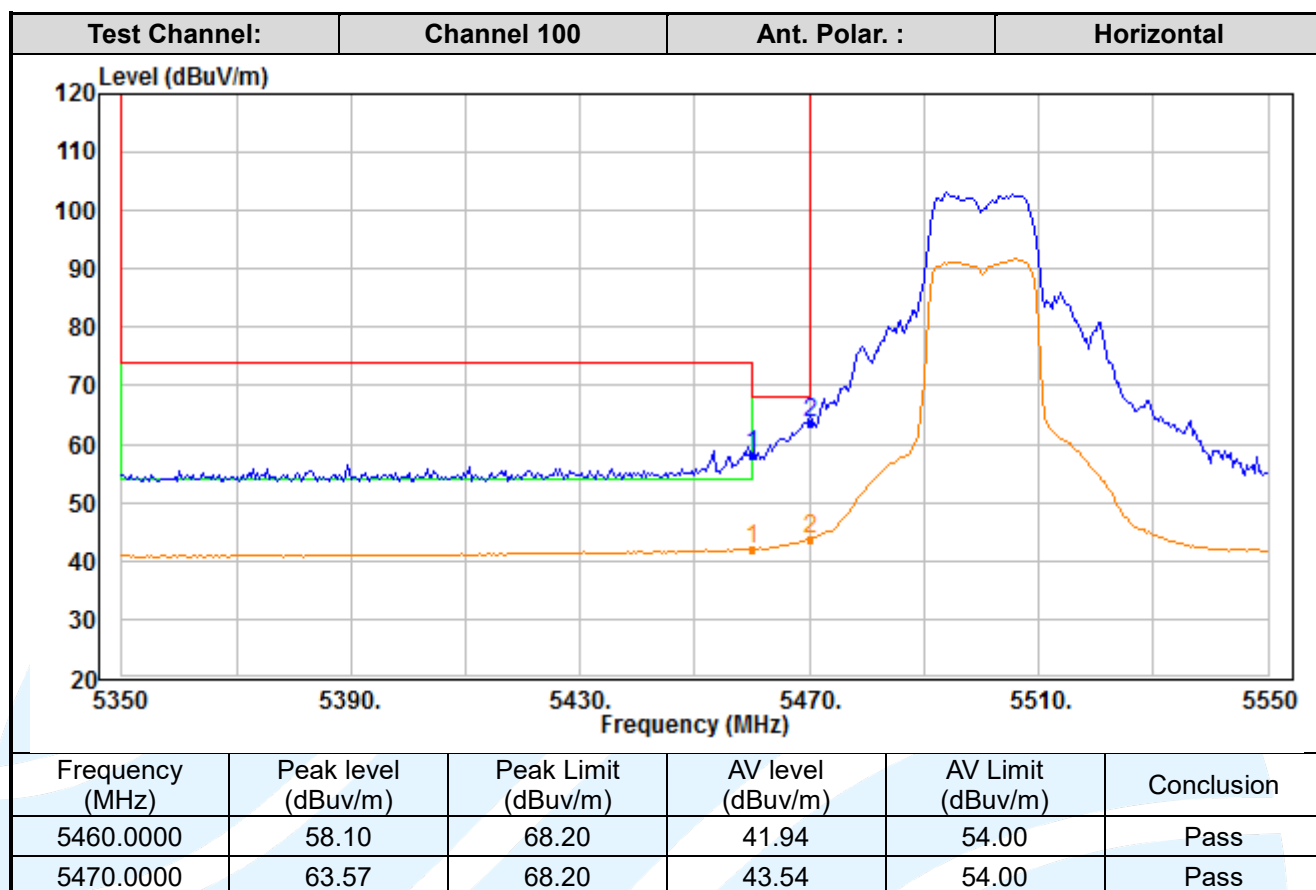
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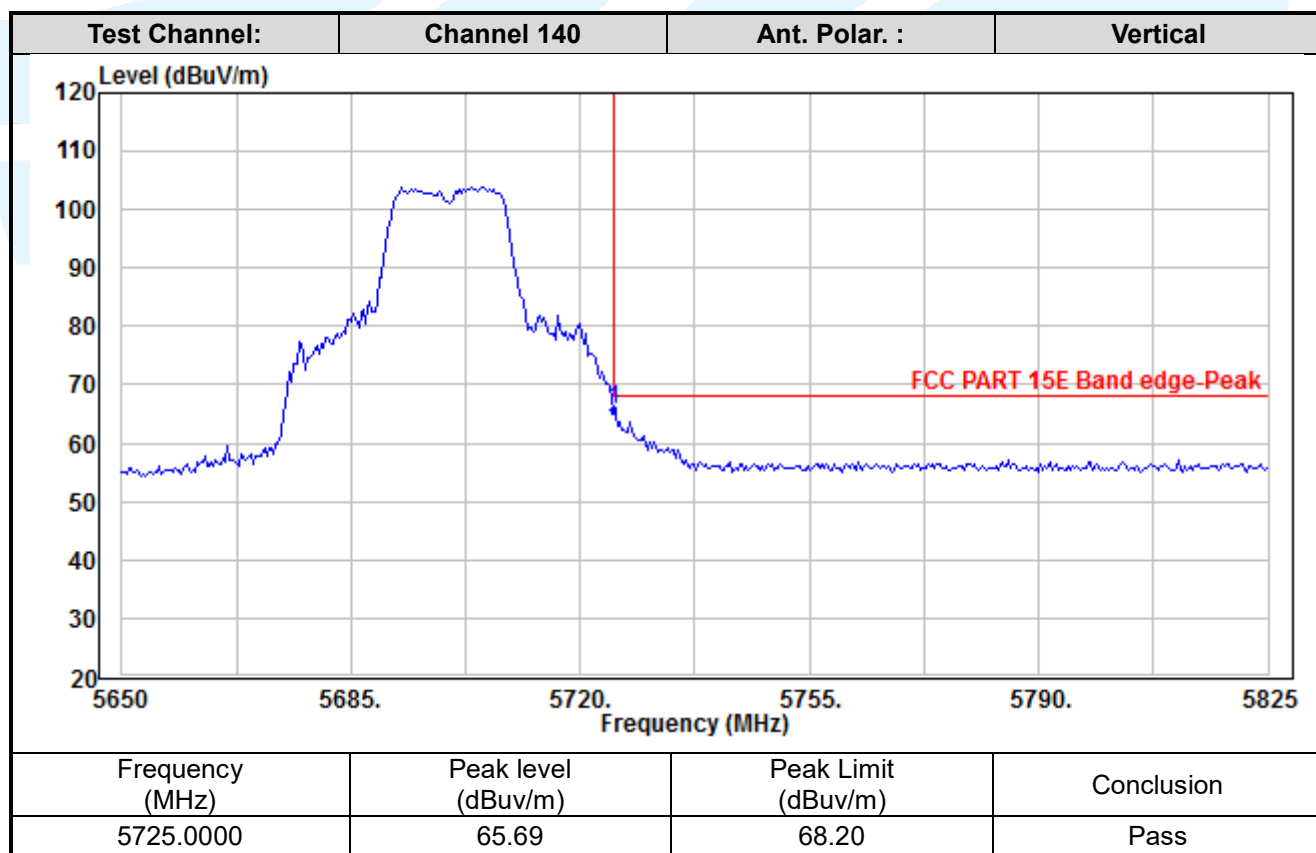
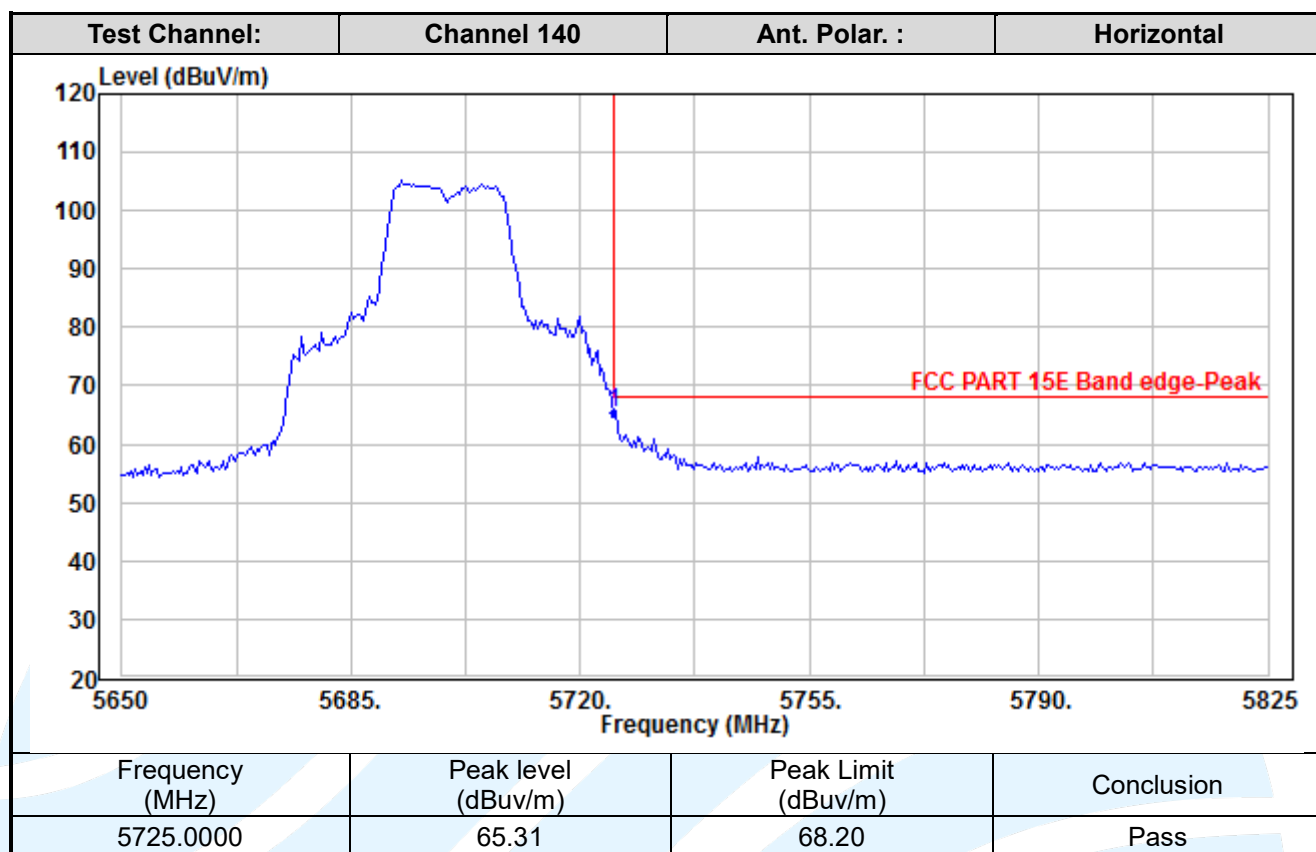
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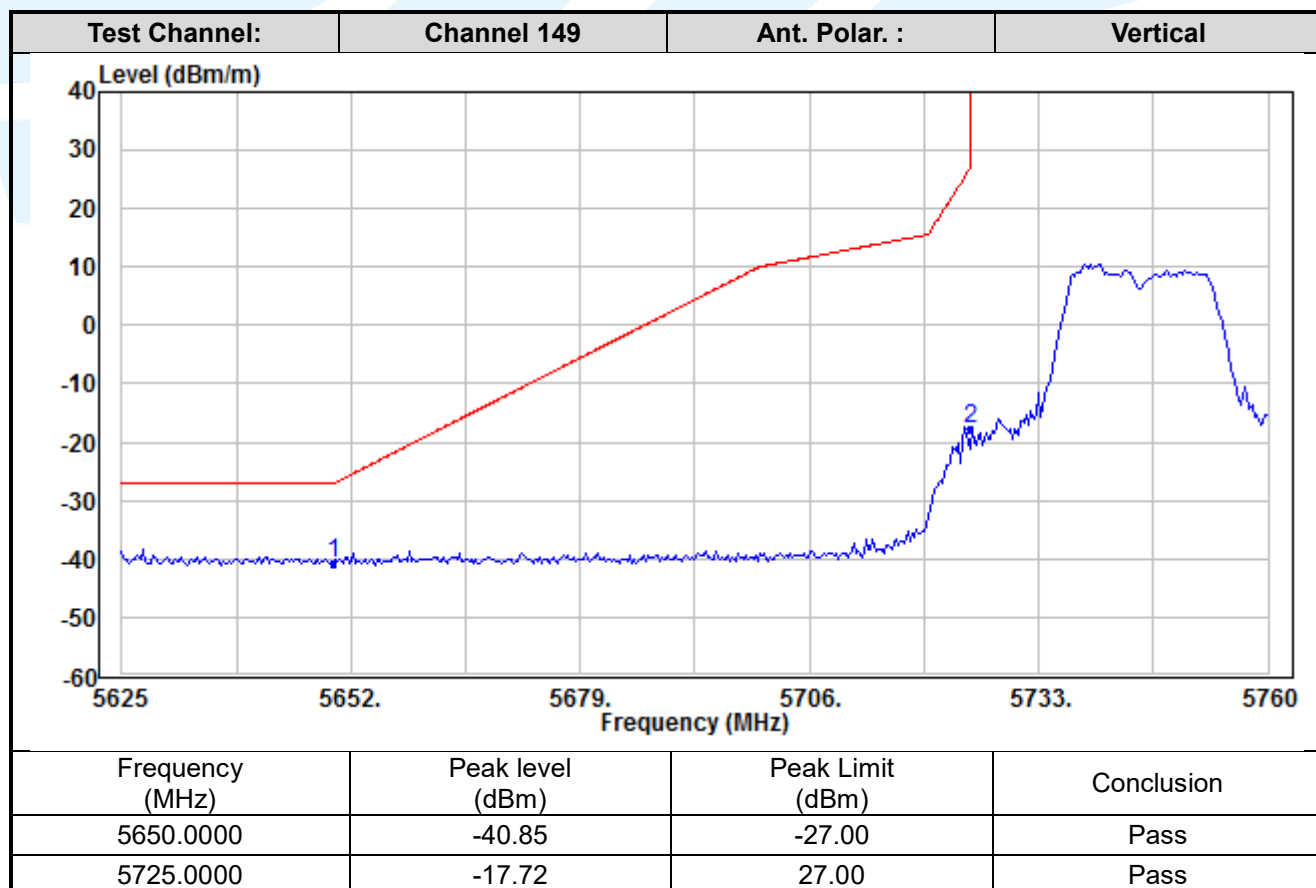
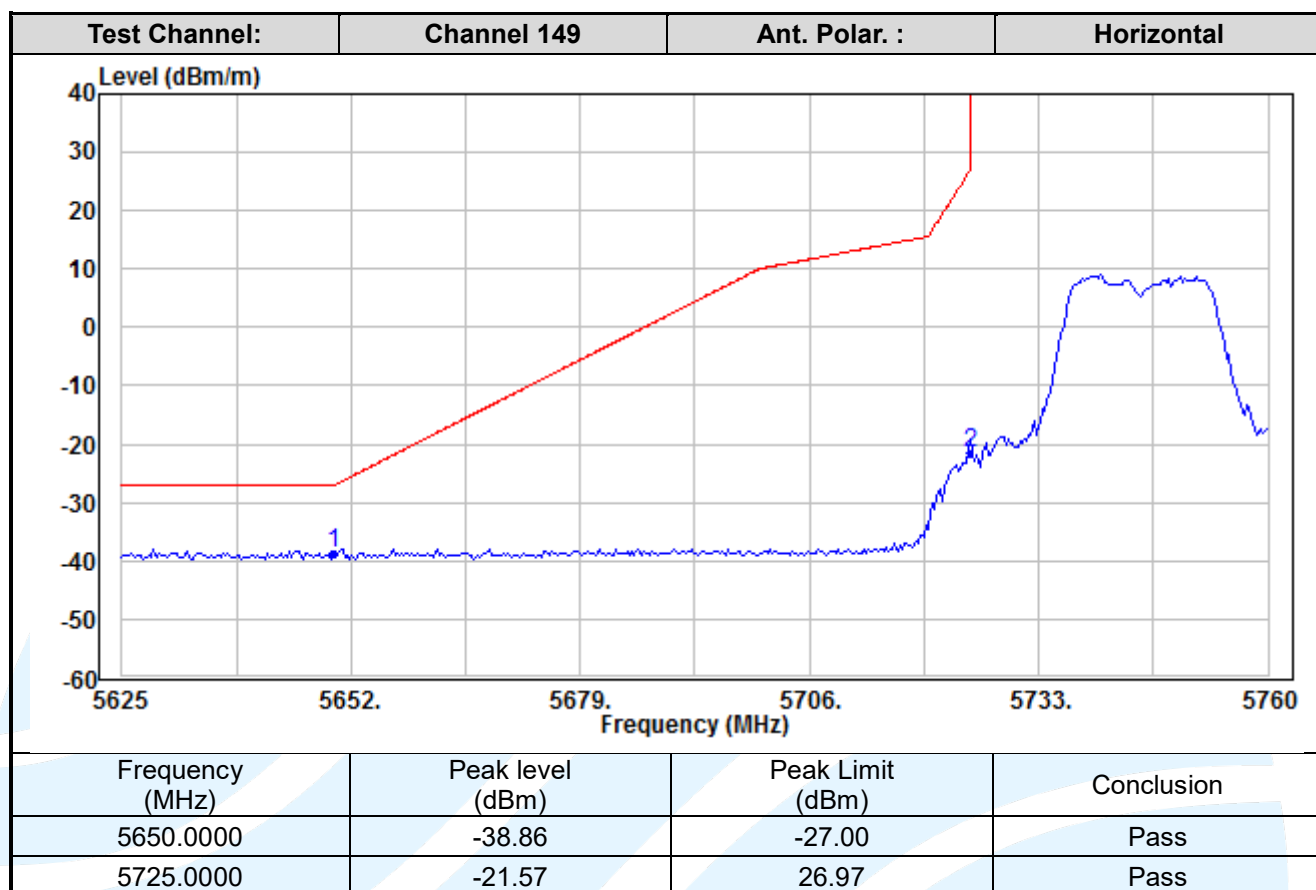
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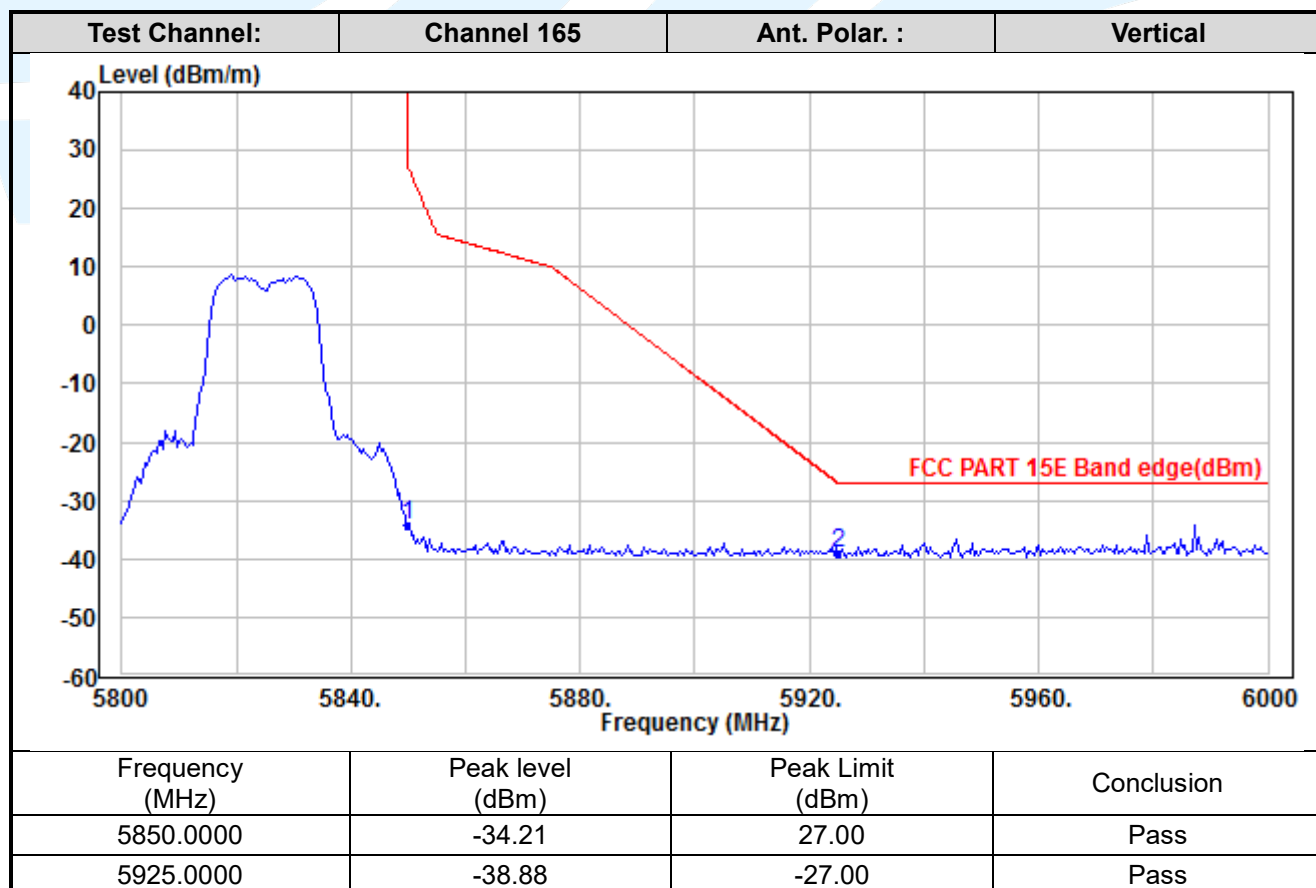
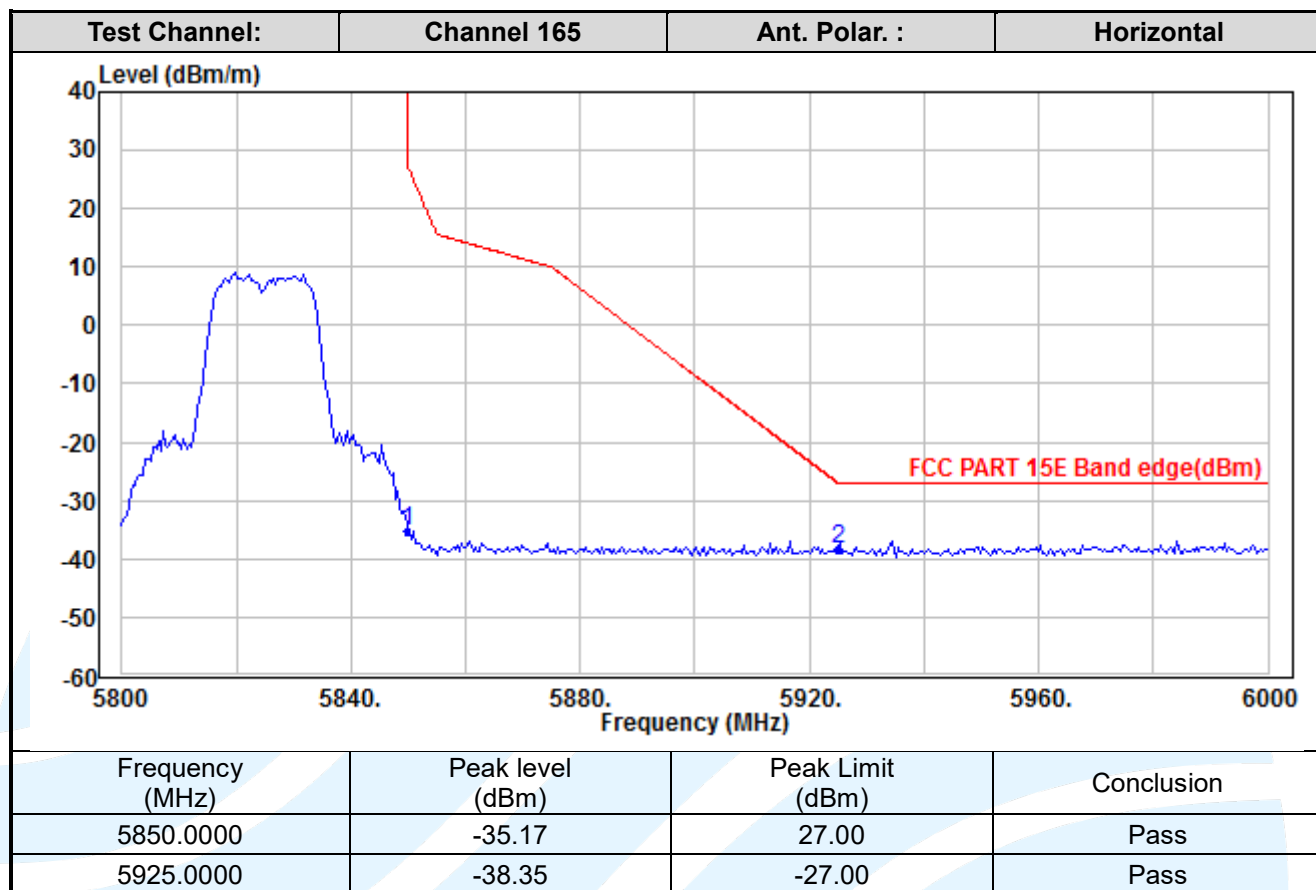
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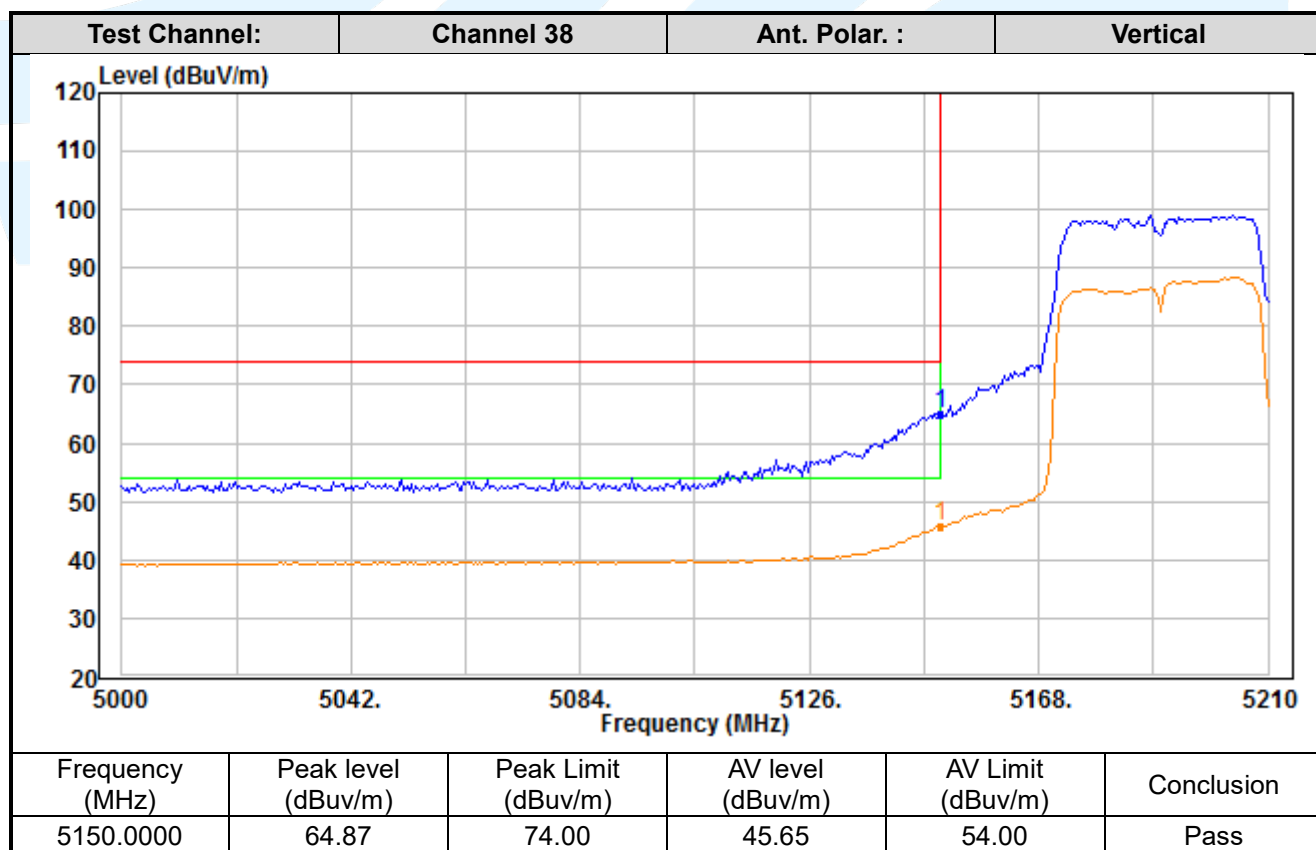
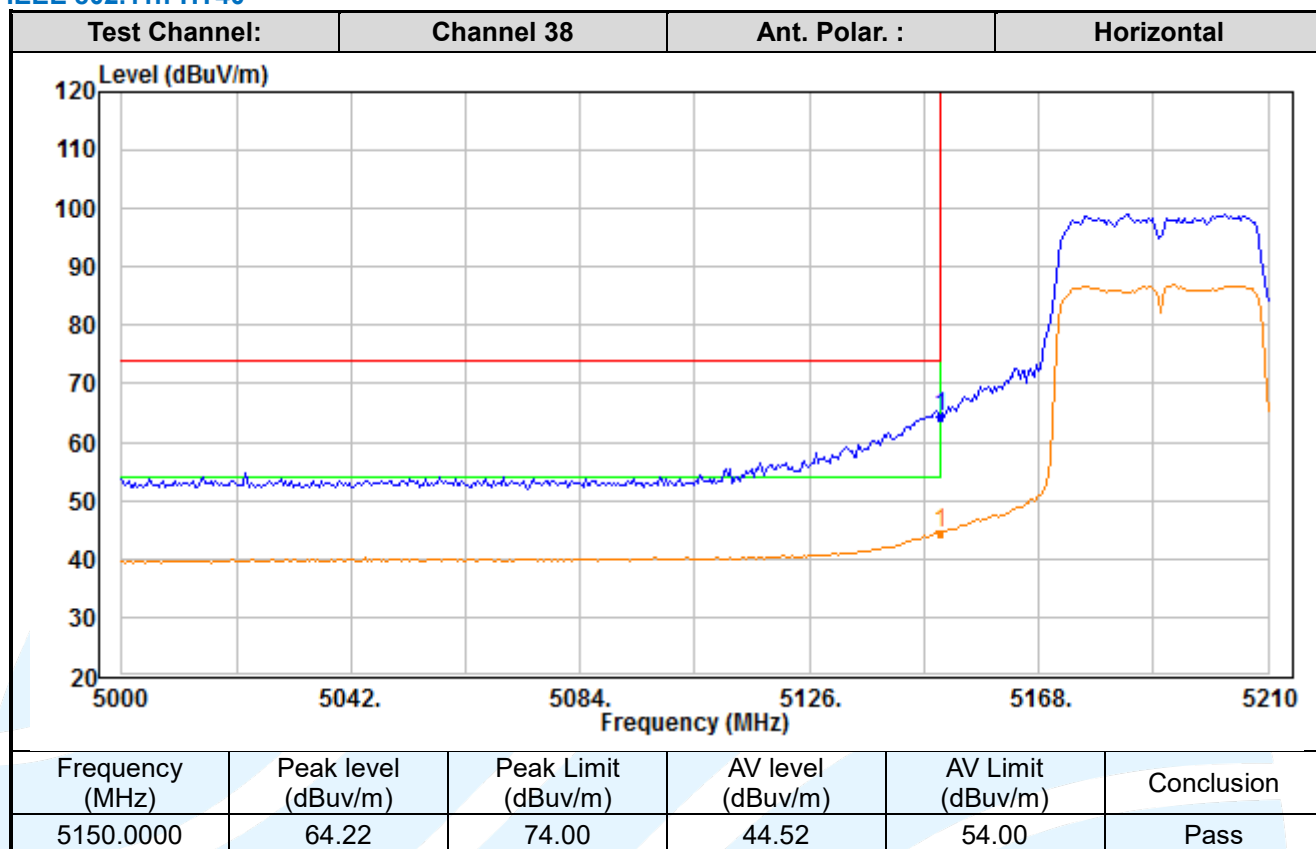
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IEEE 802.11n-HT40



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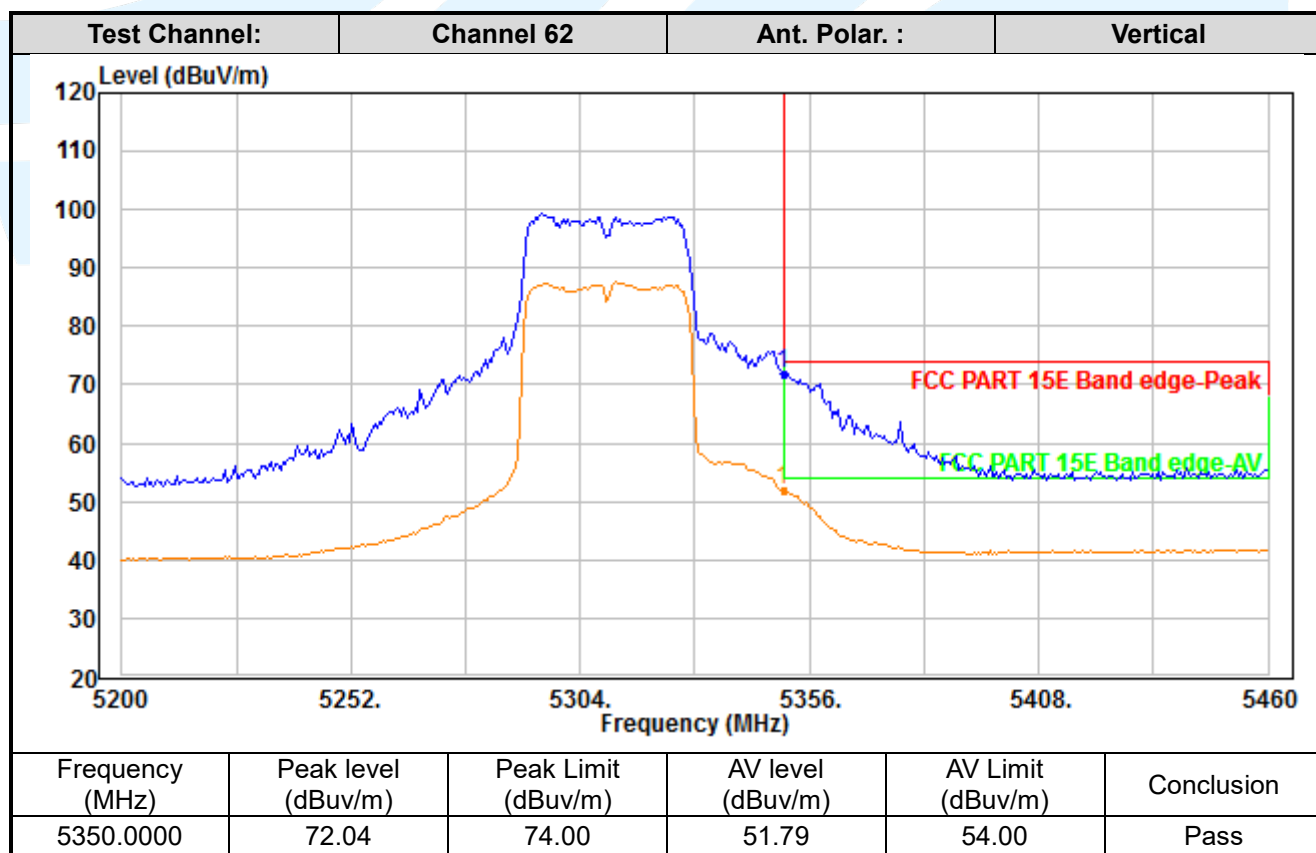
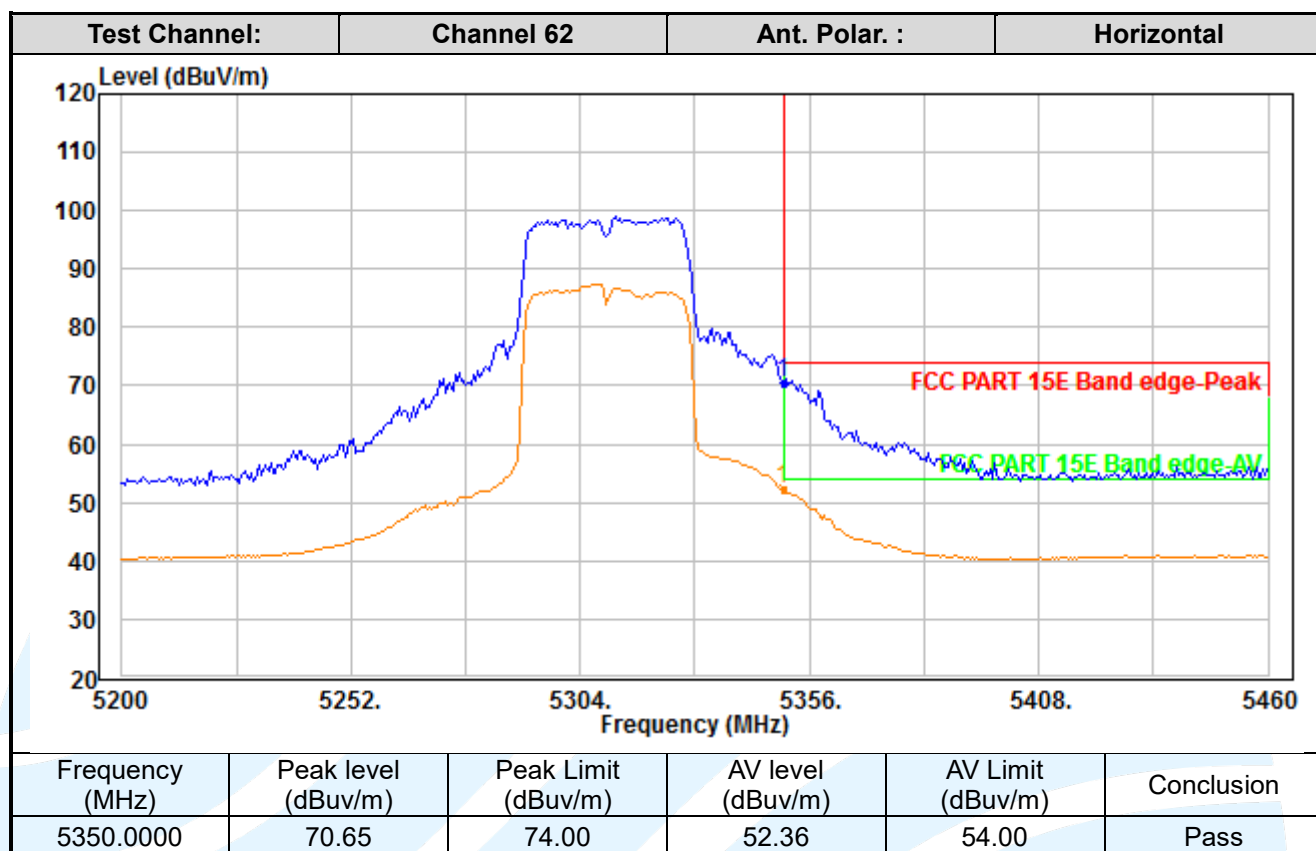
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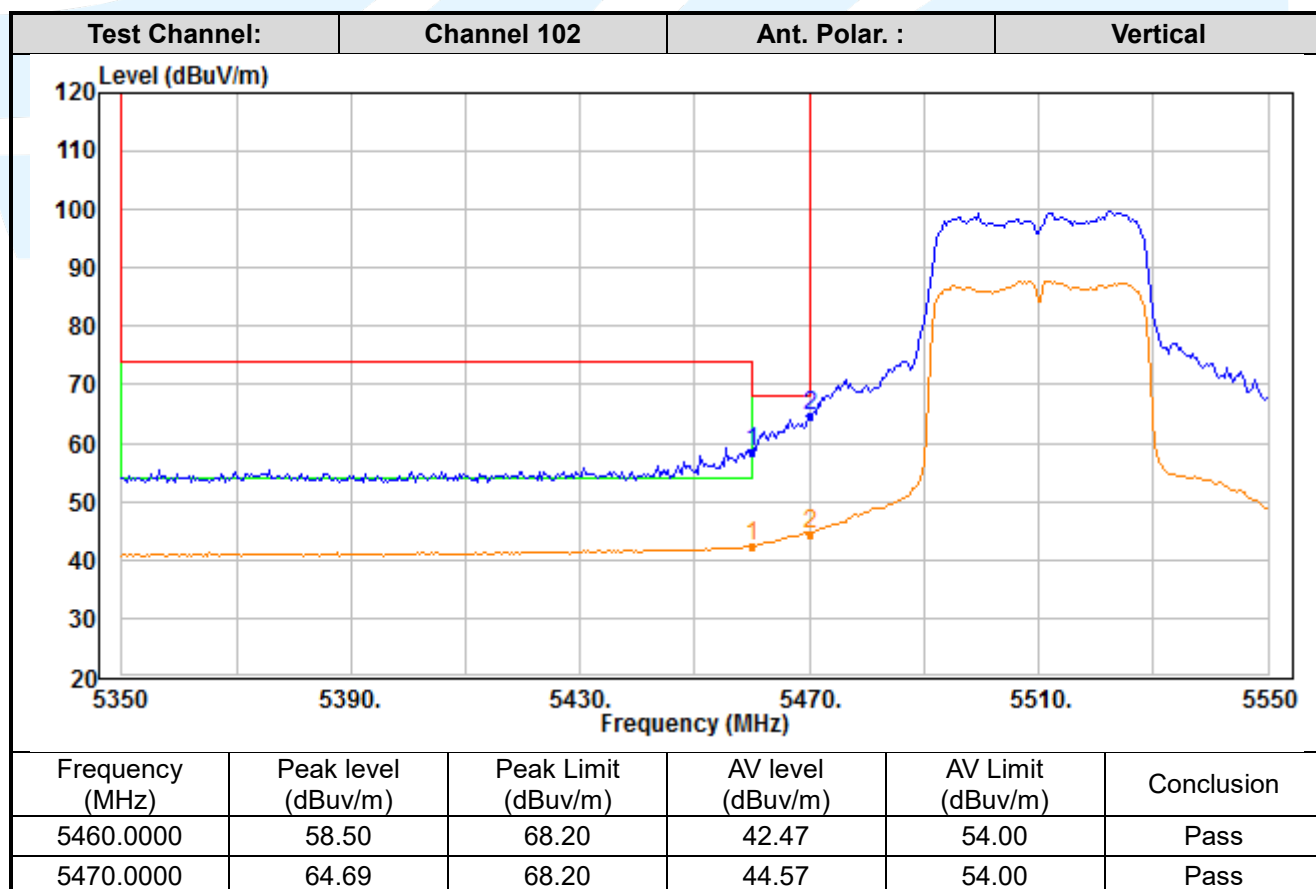
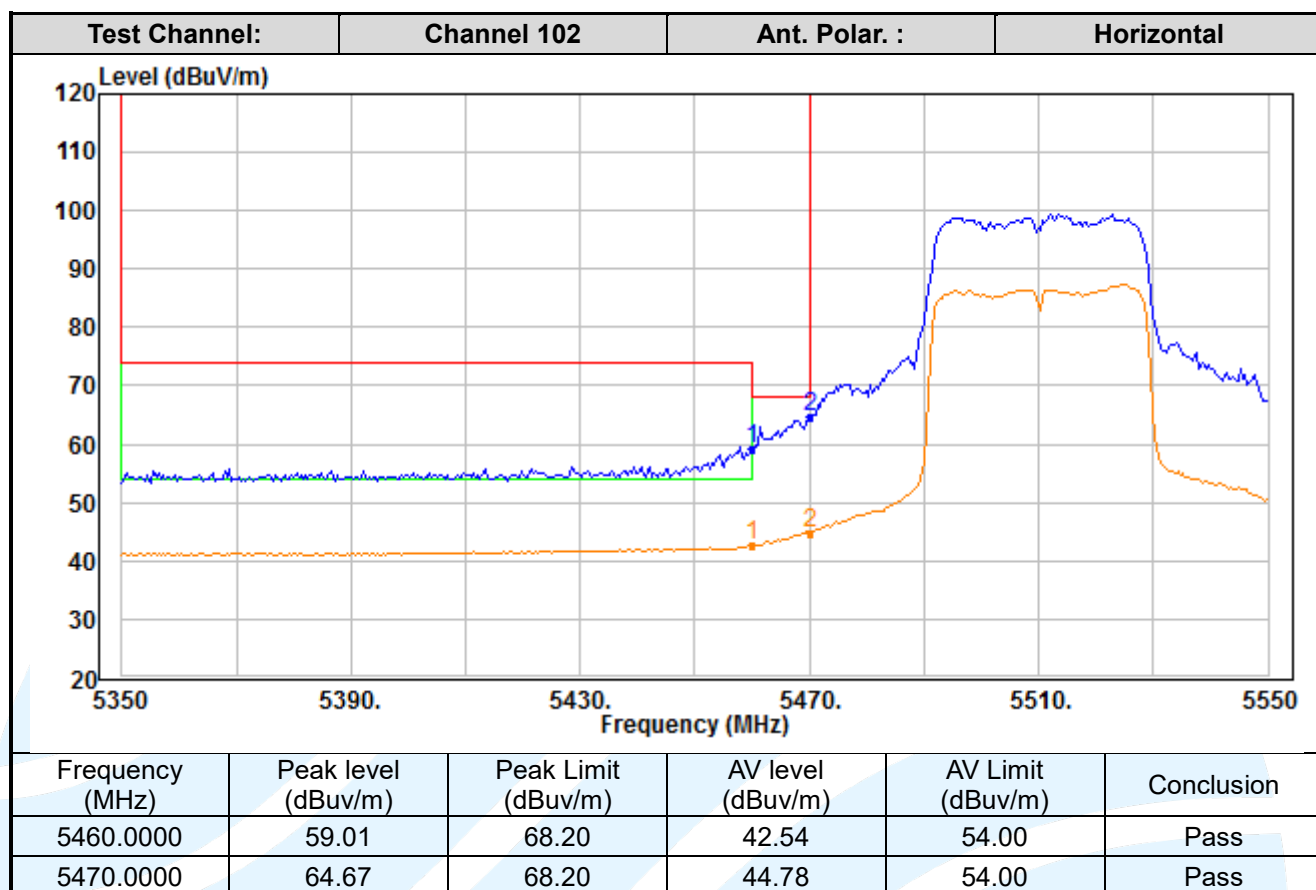
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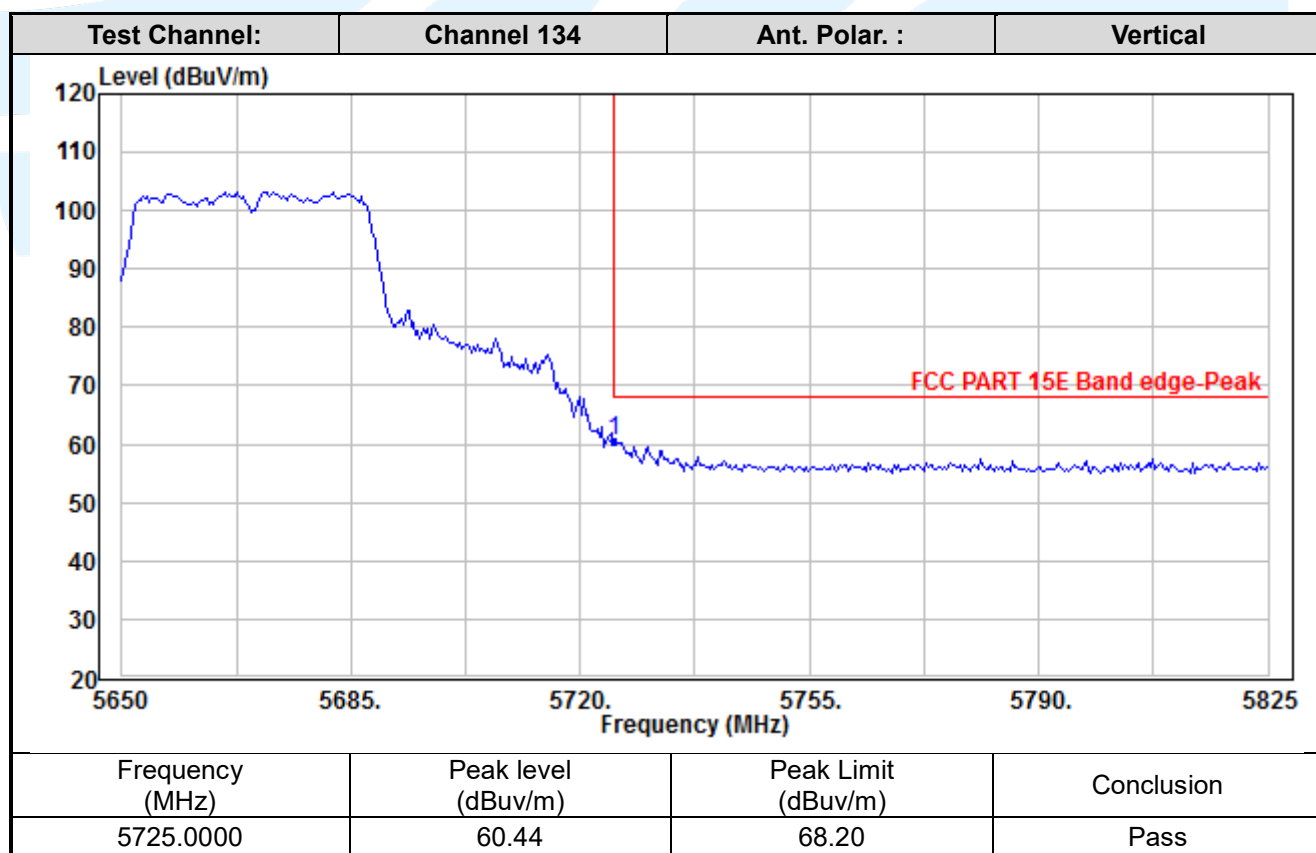
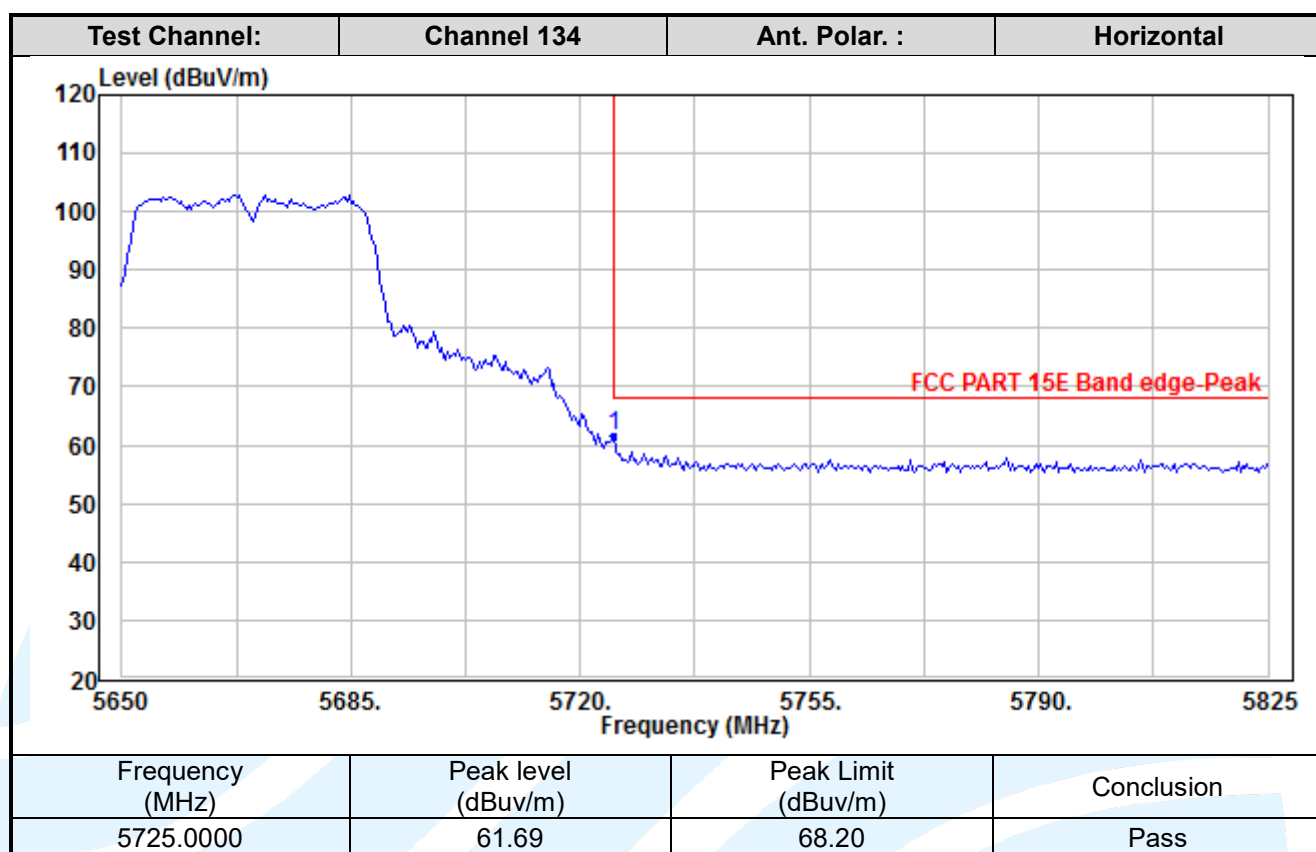
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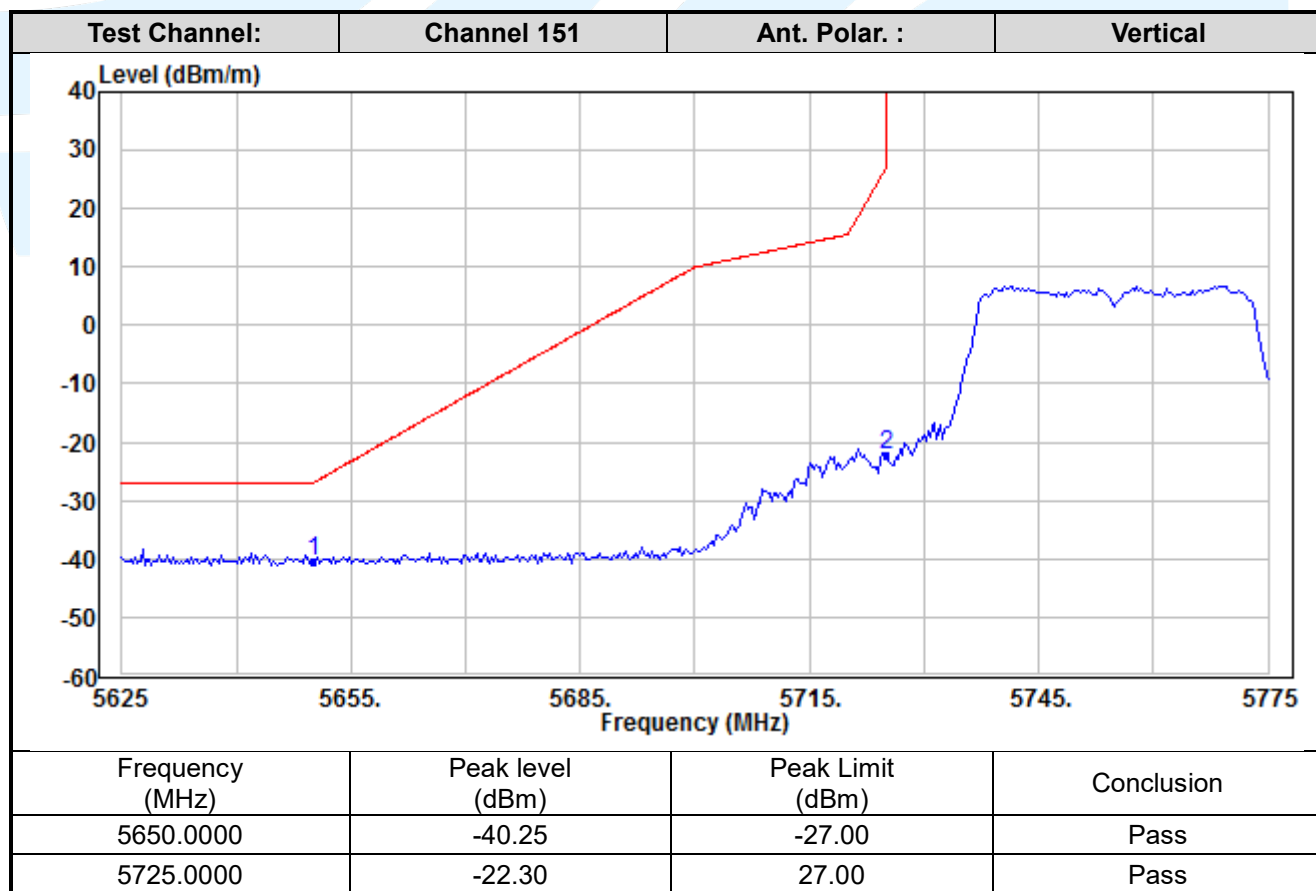
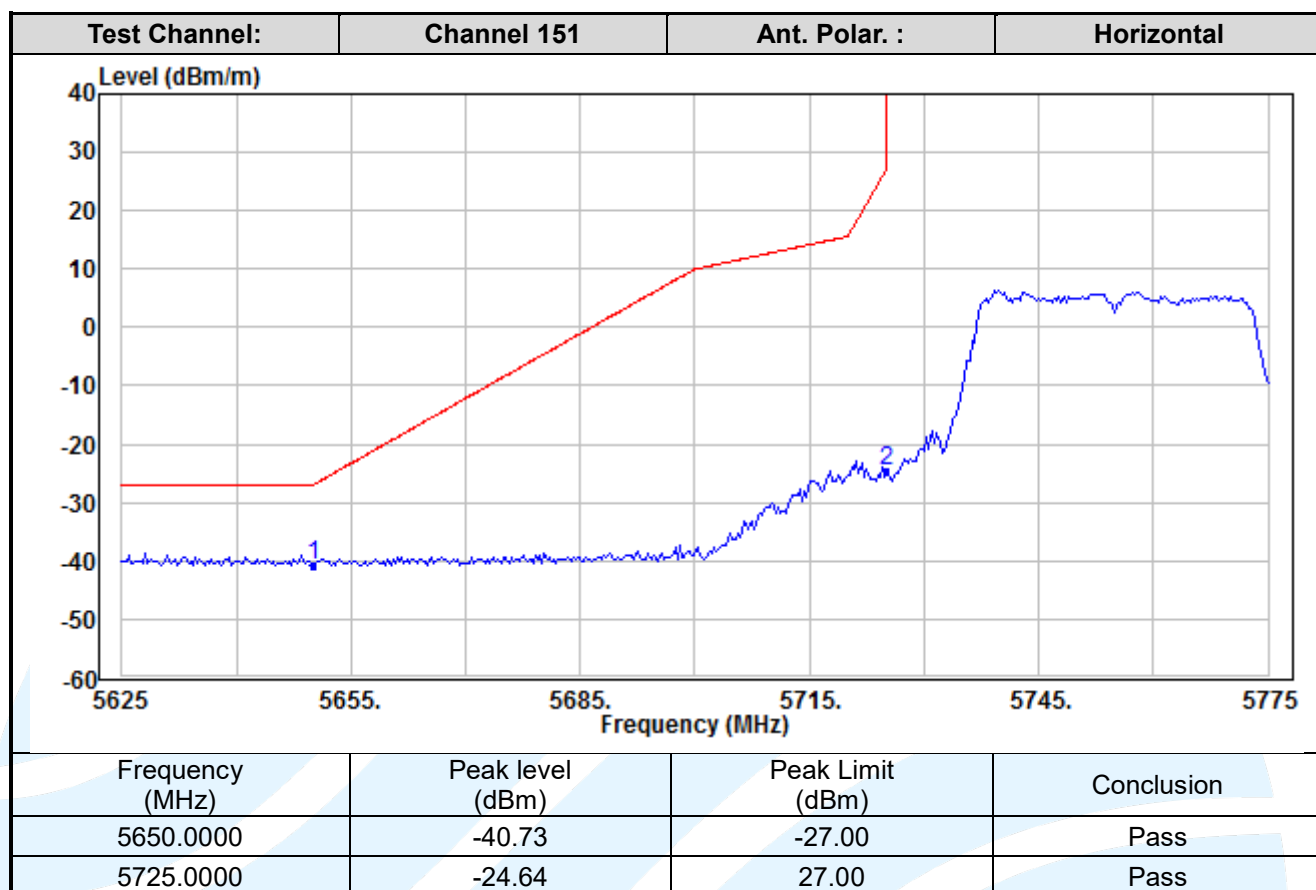
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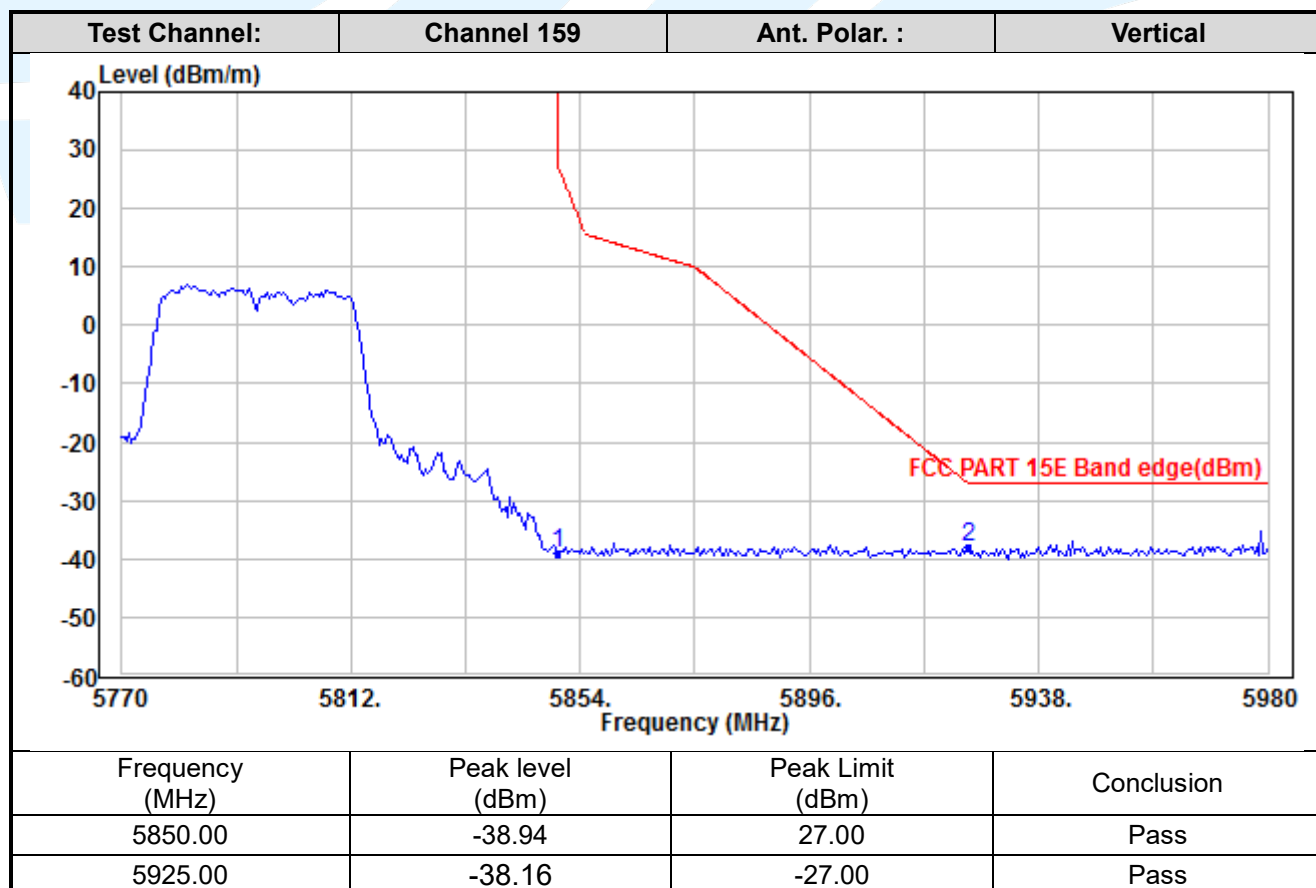
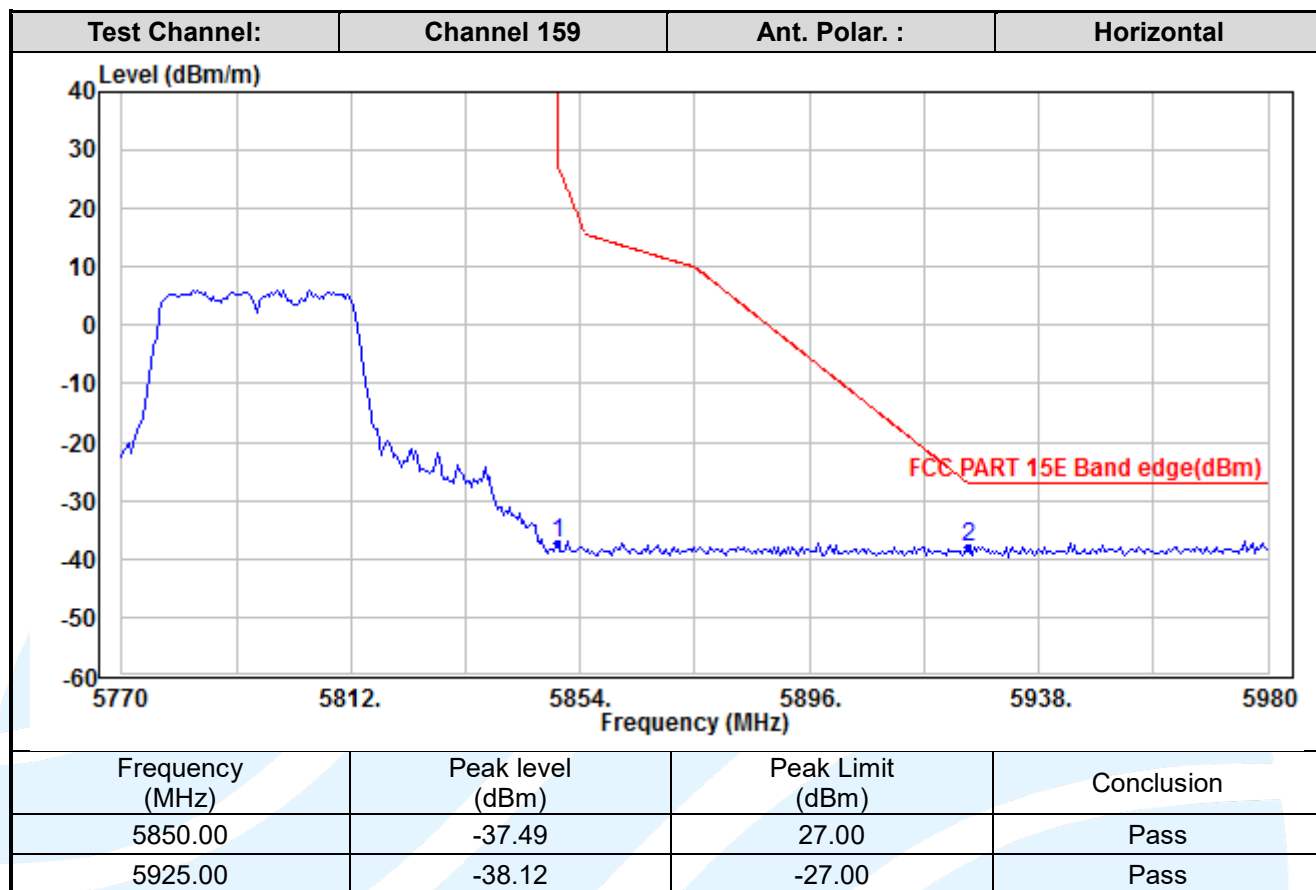
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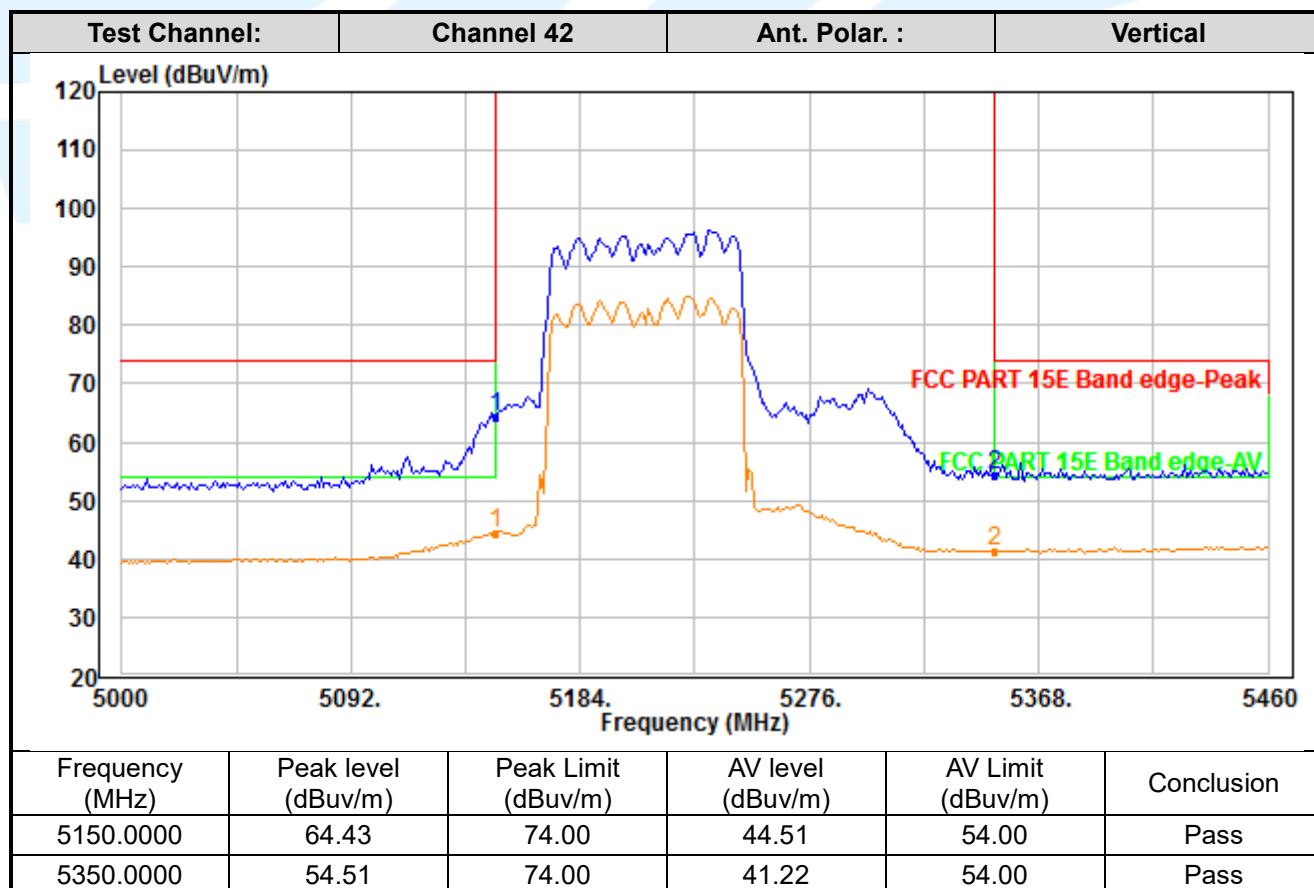
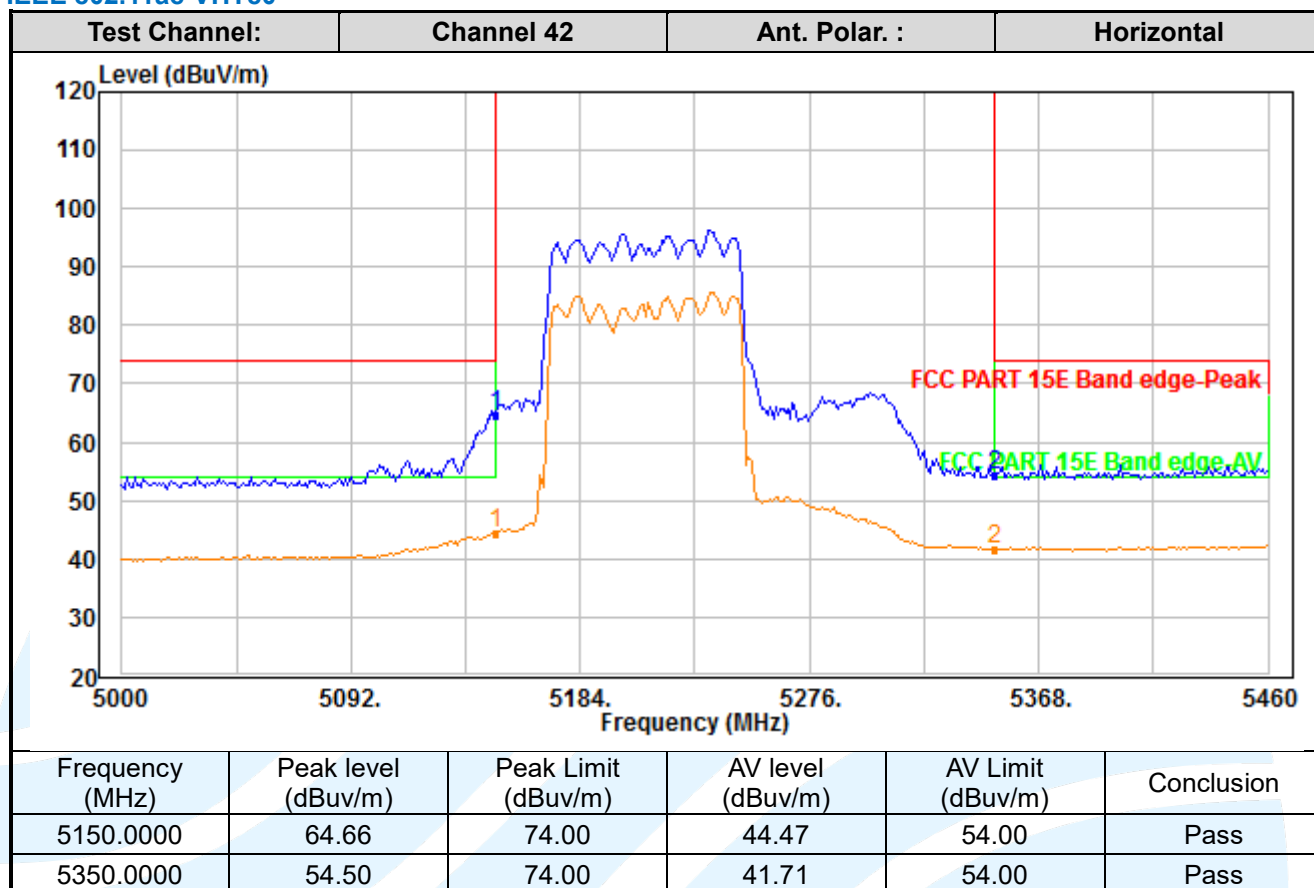
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IEEE 802.11ac-VHT80



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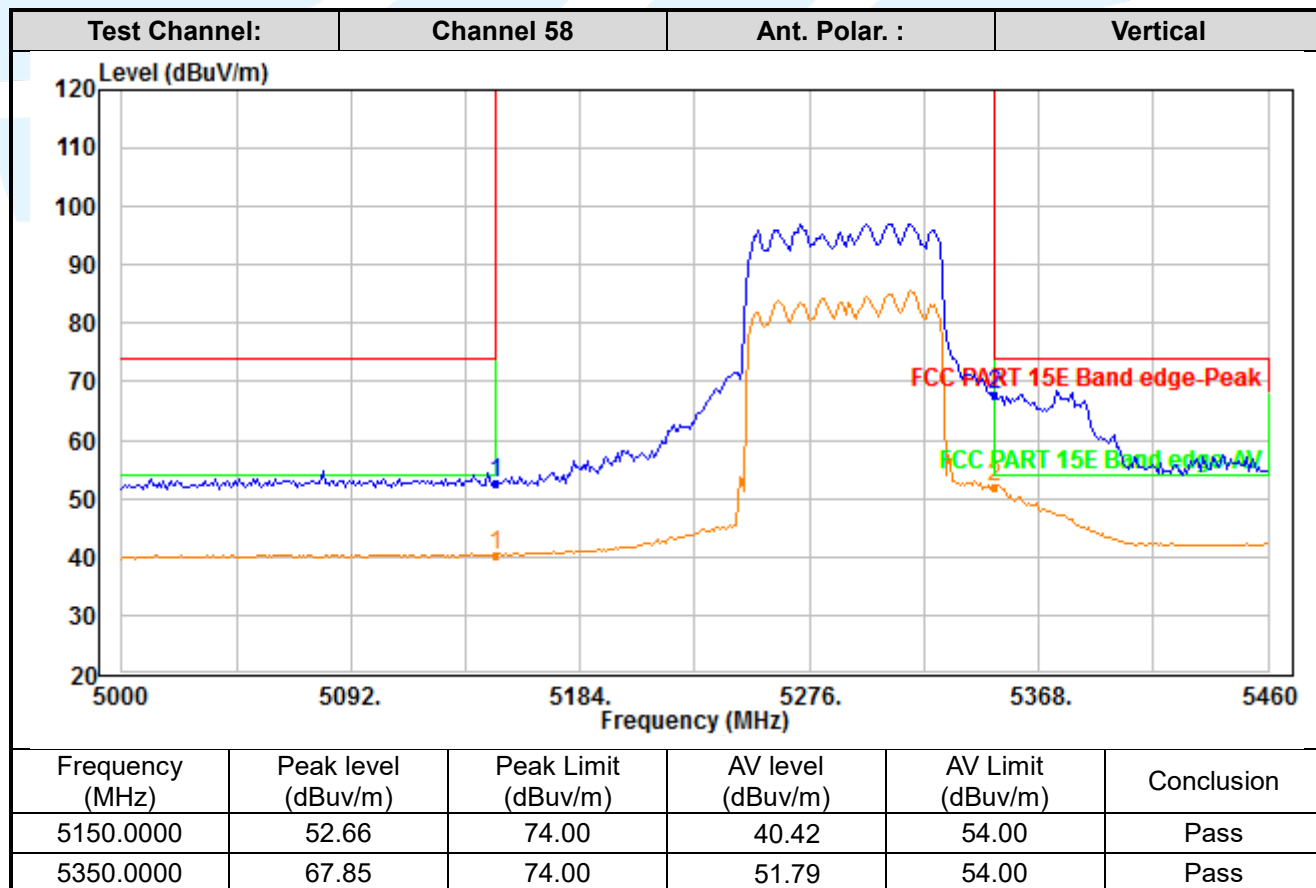
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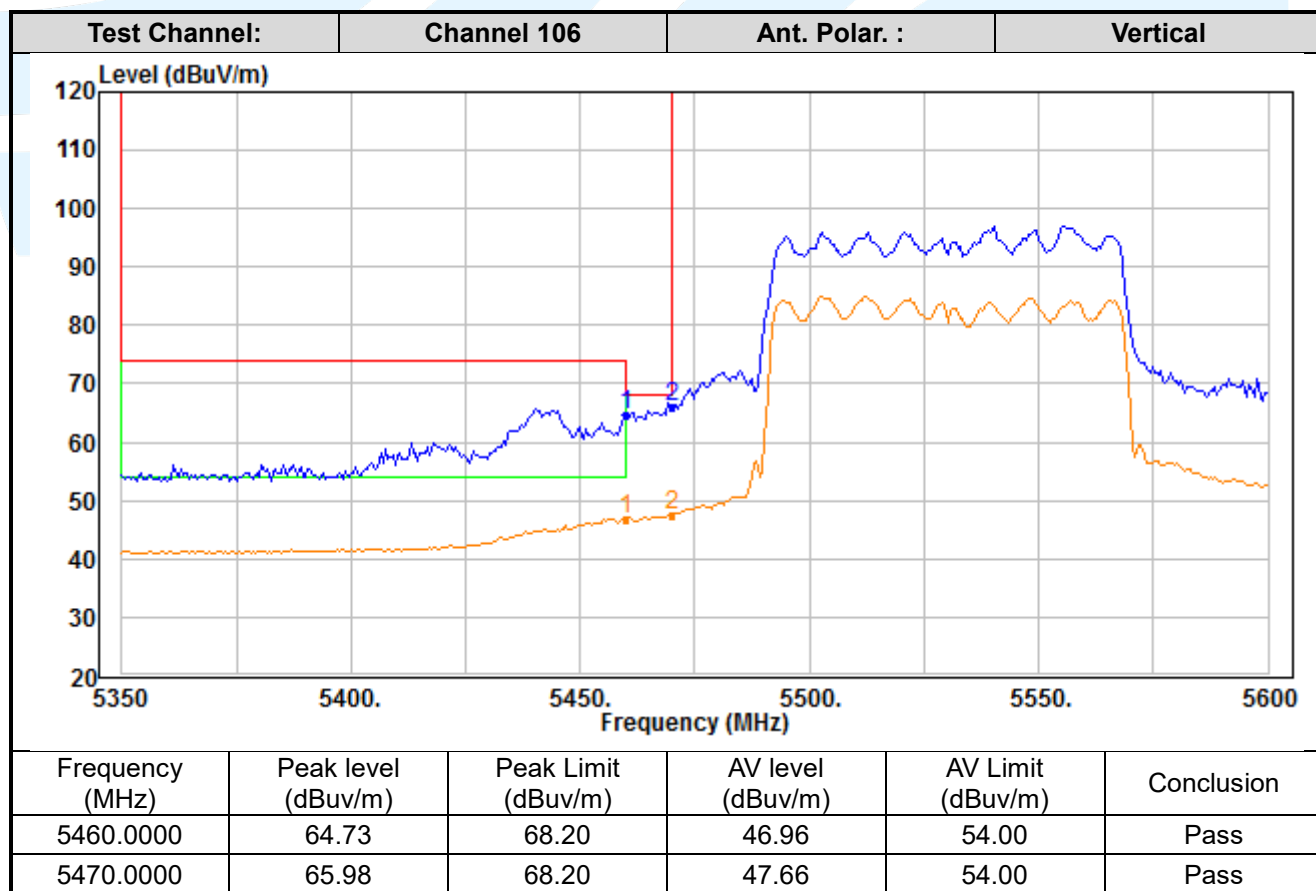
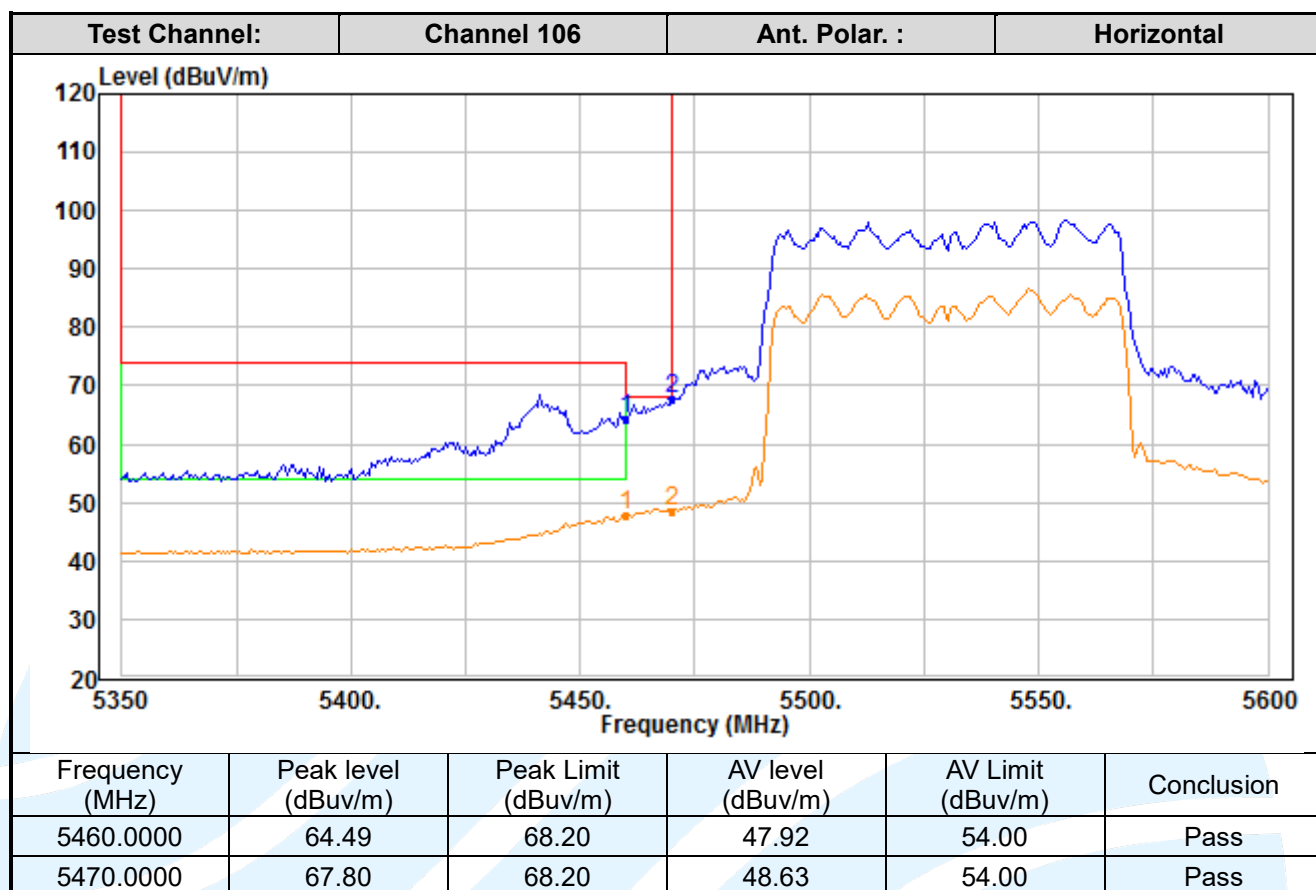
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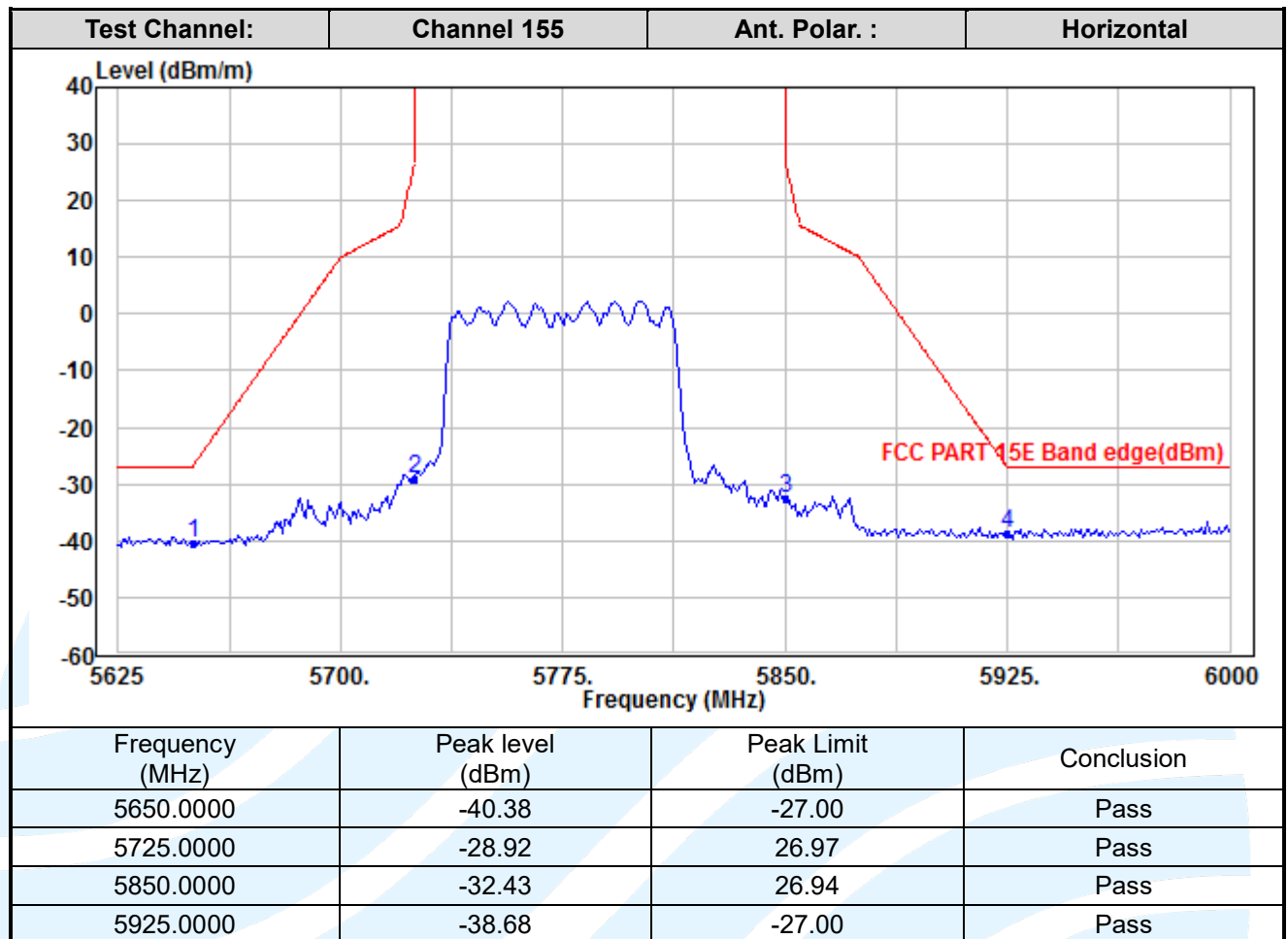
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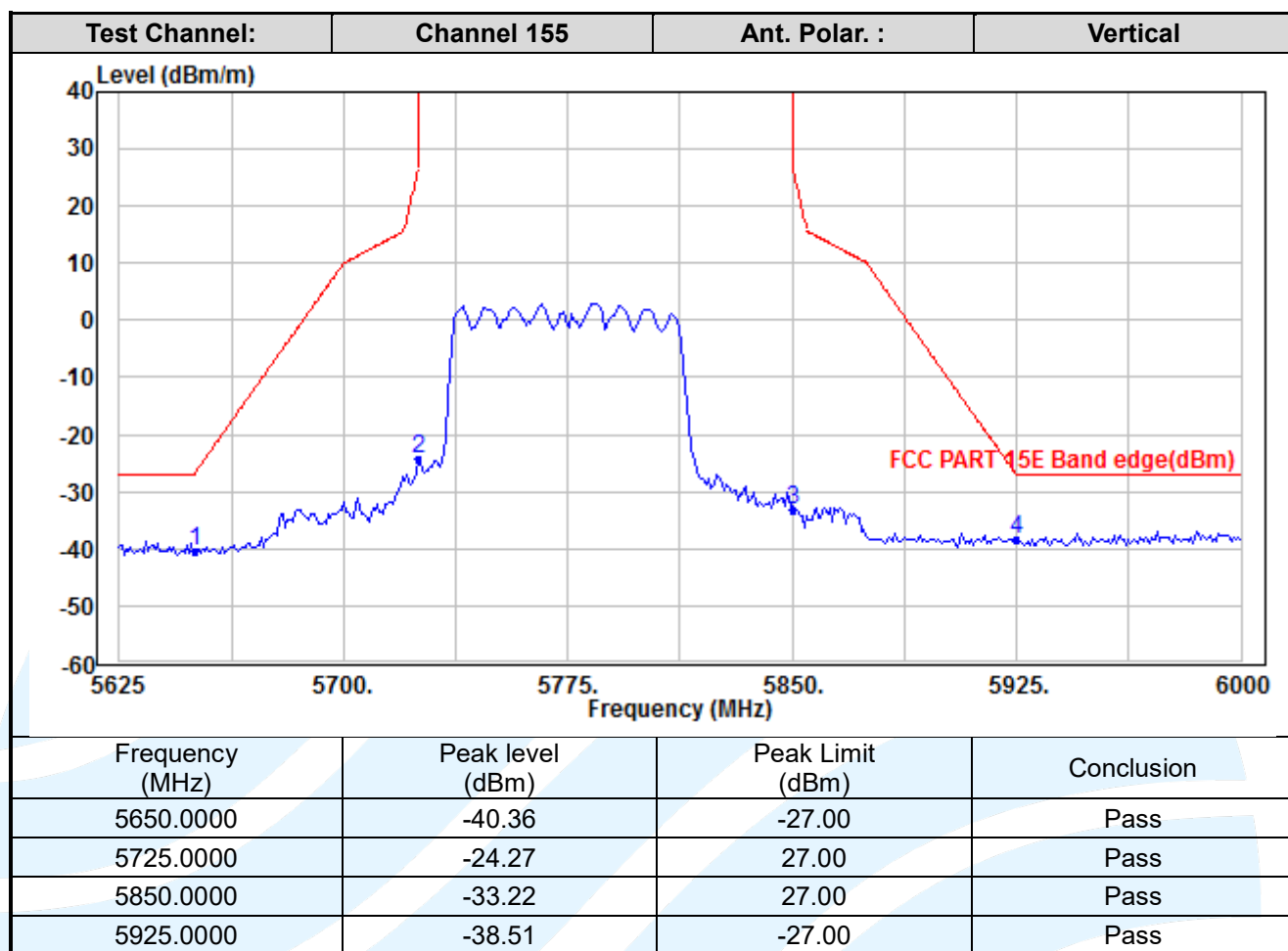
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5.8 DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (h)
RSS-247 Issue 2 Section 6.3

Test Method: KDB 905462 D03 Client Without DFS New Rules v01r02

EUT Operating Mode:

DFS Operational mode	Operating Frequency Range	
	5250 MHz to 5350 MHz	5470 MHz to 5725 MHz
Slave without radar Interference detection function	✓	✓

Applicability:

The following table from KDB905462 and the lists of the applicable requirements for the DFS testing.

Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel:

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client Without Radar Detection	Client With Radar Detection
Non-Occupancy Period	✓	Not required	Yes
DFS Detection Threshold	✓	Not required	Yes
Channel Availability Check Time	✓	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	✓	Not required	Yes

Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation:

Requirement	Operational Mode	
	Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	Client Without Radar Detection
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required
Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	Client Without Radar Detection
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.		

DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar Detection:

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

DFS Radar Signal Parameter Values:

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds (See Note 1.)
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. (See Notes 1 and 2.)
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. (See Note 3.)

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

DFS Radar Signal Parameter:

Radar Type 0 was used in the evaluation of the Client device for the purpose of measuring the Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time

Table 1-Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1.	See Note 1.
1	1	Test A Test B	$\text{Roundup} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{1}{360} \right) \\ \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{\text{PRI}_{\mu\text{sec}}} \right) \end{array} \right\}$	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a

Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 μsec, with a minimum increment of 1 μsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B.

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The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of short pulse radar types 1-4

Table 2-Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

Table 3-Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

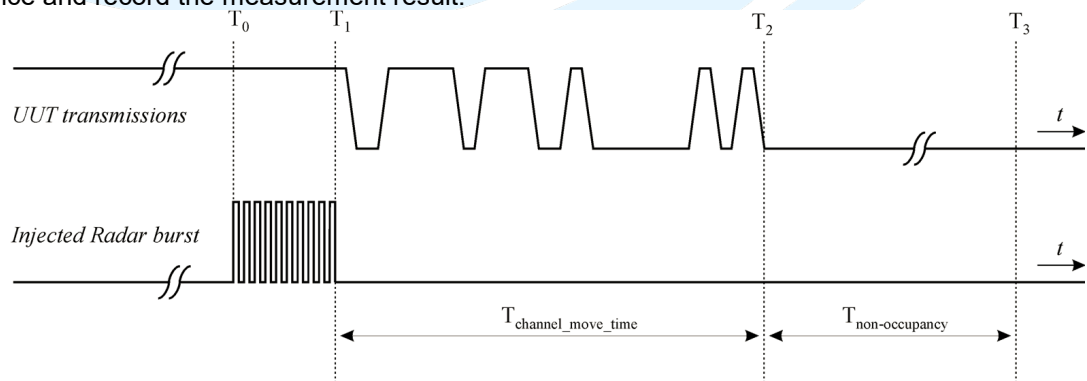
In-Service Monitoring: Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period

Limit of In-Service Monitoring:

Reference to DFS Radar Signal Parameter Values.

Test Procedures:

- One frequency will be chosen from the Operating Channels of the EUT within the 5250-5350 MHz or 5470-5725 MHz bands. For 802.11 devices, the test frequency must contain control signals. This can be verified by disabling channel loading and monitoring the spectrum analyzer. If no control signals are detected, another frequency must be selected within the emission bandwidth where control signals are detected.
- In case the EUT is a Master Device, a U-NII device operating as a Client Device will be used and it is assumed that the Client will associate with the EUT (Master). For radiated tests, the emissions of the Radar Waveform generator will be directed towards the Master Device. If the Master Device has antenna gain, the main beam of the antenna will be directed toward the radar emitter. Vertical polarization is used for testing.
- The TCP protocol unicast data stream was generated by the iperf software command line with at least 17% activity ratio over any 100ms period.
- Timing plots are reported with calculations demonstrating a minimum channel loading of approximately 17% or greater. For example, channel loading can be estimated by setting the spectrum analyzer for zero span and approximate the Time On/ (Time On + Off Time).
- At time T₀ the Radar Waveform generator sends a Burst of pulses for one of the Short Pulse Radar Types 1-4 at DFS Detection Threshold levels on the Operating Channel. An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the DFS Detection Threshold, accounting for equipment variations/errors.
- Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the EUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Measure and record the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time if radar detection occurs.
- When operating as a Master Device, monitor the EUT for more than 30 minutes following instant T₂ to verify that the EUT does not resume any transmissions on this Channel. Perform this test once and record the measurement result.



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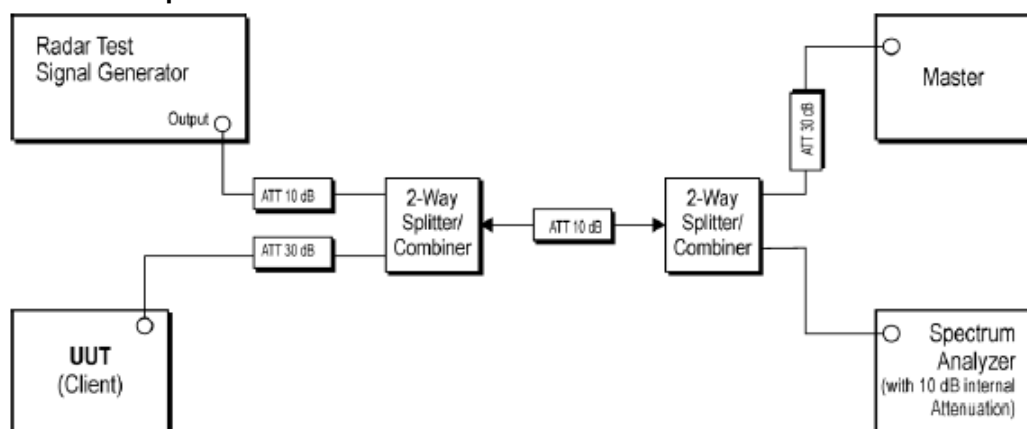
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Figure 17: Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time and Non-Occupancy Period
Conducted test setup



Setup for Client with injection at the Master

Equipment Used: Refer to section 3 for details.

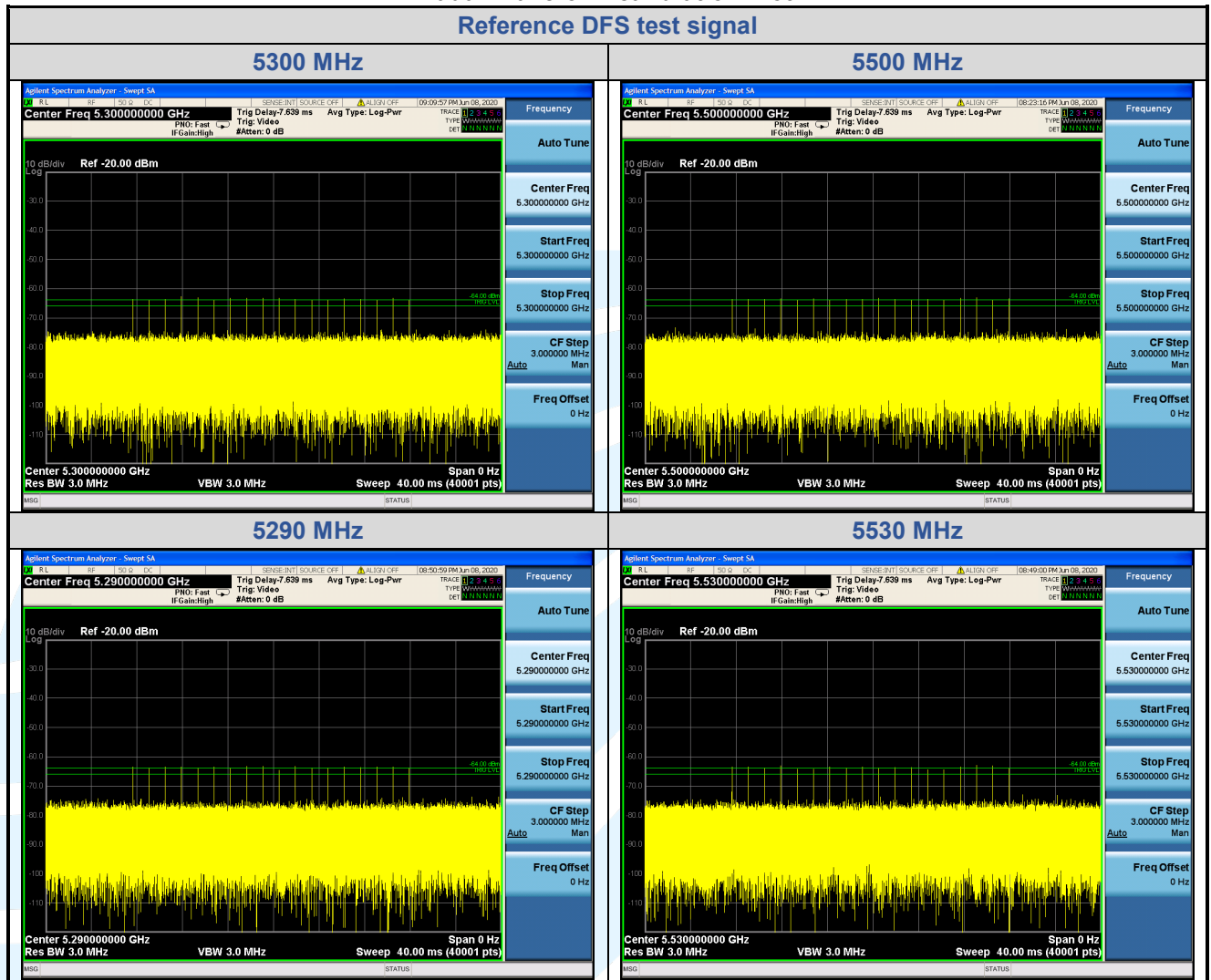
Test Result: Result of Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period for Client Beacon Test

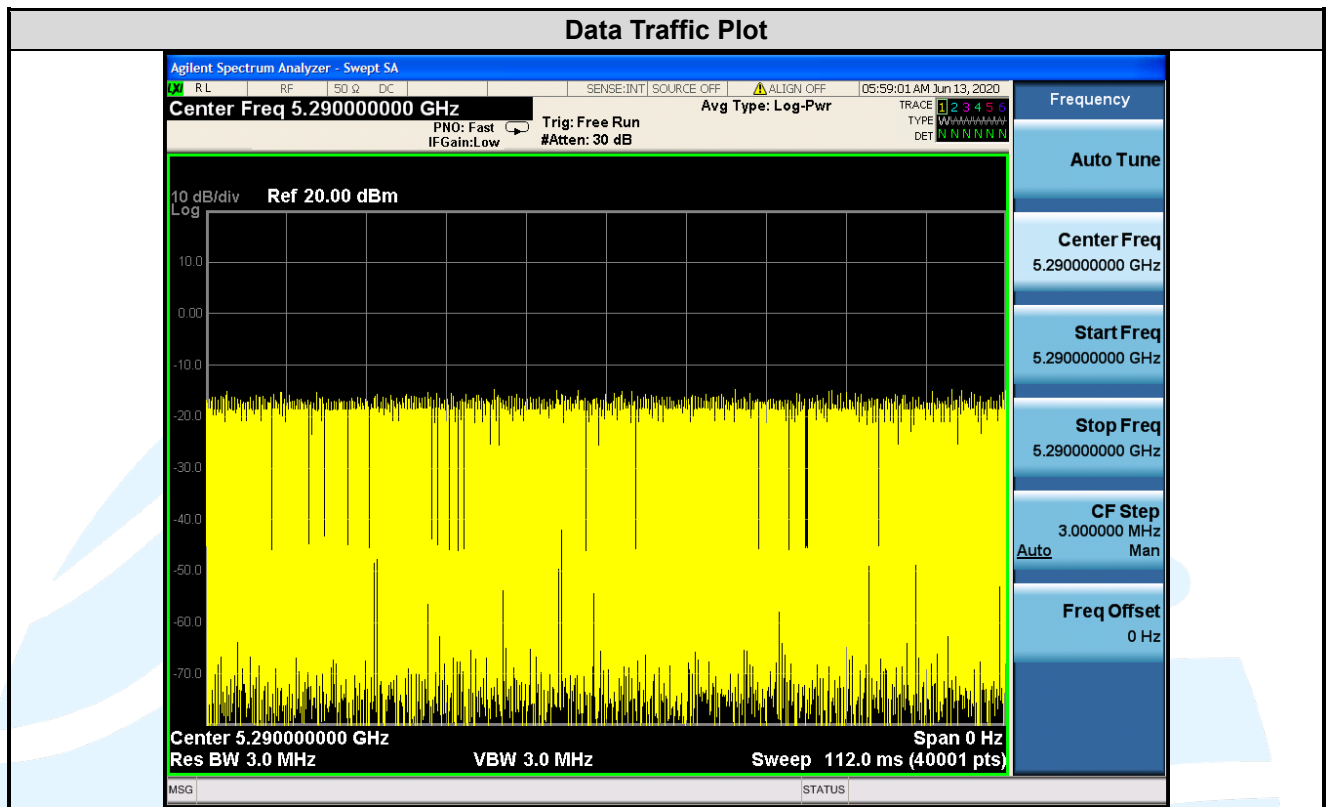
The measurement data as follows:

BW / Channel	Test Item	Test Result	Limit	Pass/Fail
20 MHz / 5300 MHz	Channel Move Time	0.5418 s	< 10s	Pass
	Channel Closing Transmission Time	7.2 ms	< 200+60ms	Pass
	Non-Occupancy Period	No transmission	30 minutes	Pass
20 MHz / 5500 MHz	Channel Move Time	0.5442 s	< 10s	Pass
	Channel Closing Transmission Time	5.2 ms	< 200+60ms	Pass
	Non-Occupancy Period	No transmission	30 minutes	Pass
80 MHz / 5290 MHz	Channel Move Time	0.5857 s	< 10s	Pass
	Channel Closing Transmission Time	11.2 ms	< 200+60ms	Pass
	Non-Occupancy Period	No transmission	30 minutes	Pass
80 MHz / 5530 MHz	Channel Move Time	0.5178 s	< 10s	Pass
	Channel Closing Transmission Time	5.2 ms	< 200+60ms	Pass
	Non-Occupancy Period	No transmission	30 minutes	Pass

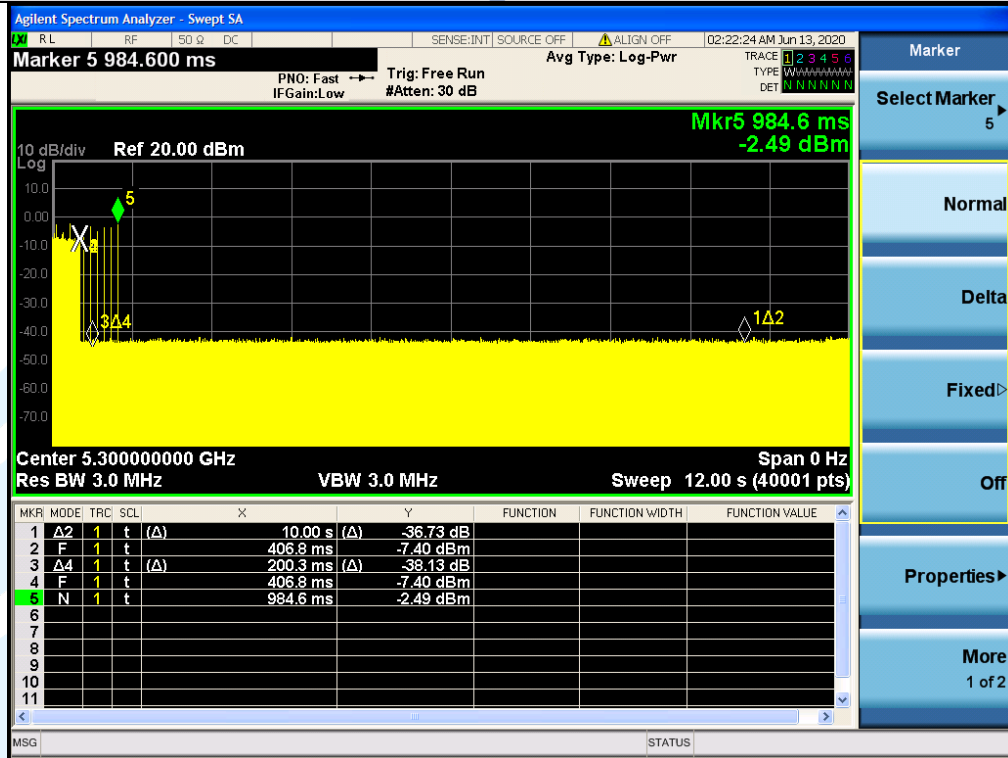
Radars Waveform calibration Plot

Reference DFS test signal





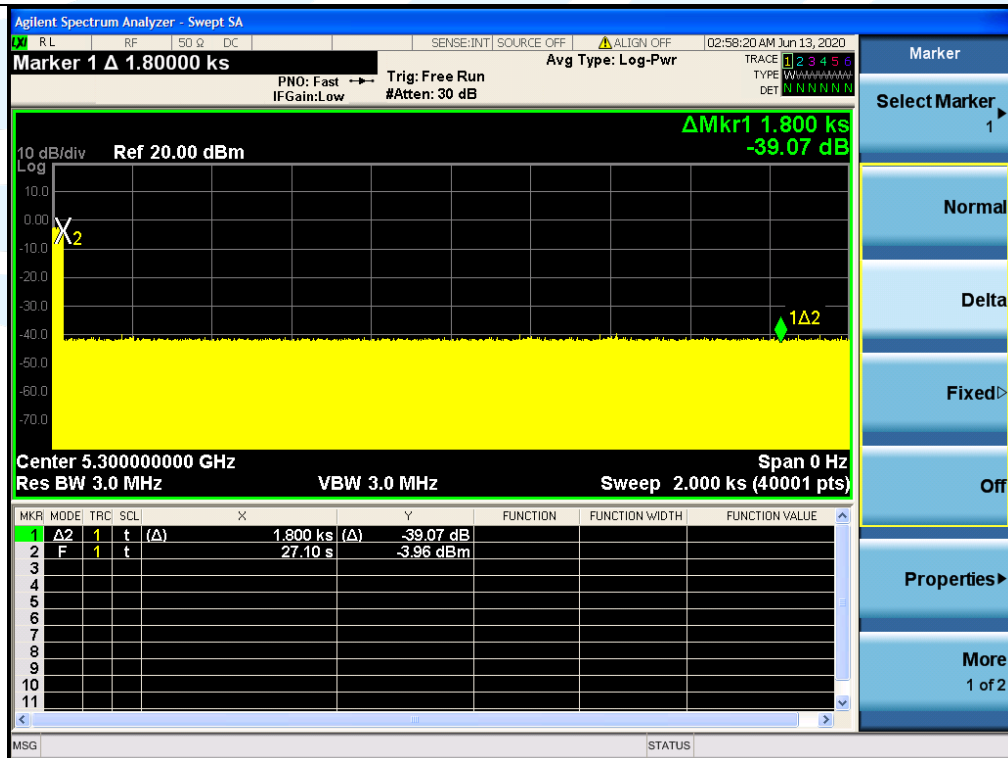
Channel Move Time & Channel Closing Transmission Time 802.11a_5300 MHz



Note:

- 1) Mark1 Time:406.8 ms, Mark2 Time:10406.8ms, Ontime Points: 18
- 2) Dwell = S/B = 12000ms/30000 = 0.4 ms, C = N x Dwell = 18 x 0.4 = 7.2 ms
- 3) CMT = 0.9486 s – 0.4068 s = 0.5418 s

Non-Occupancy Period_802.11a_CH60_5300 MHz



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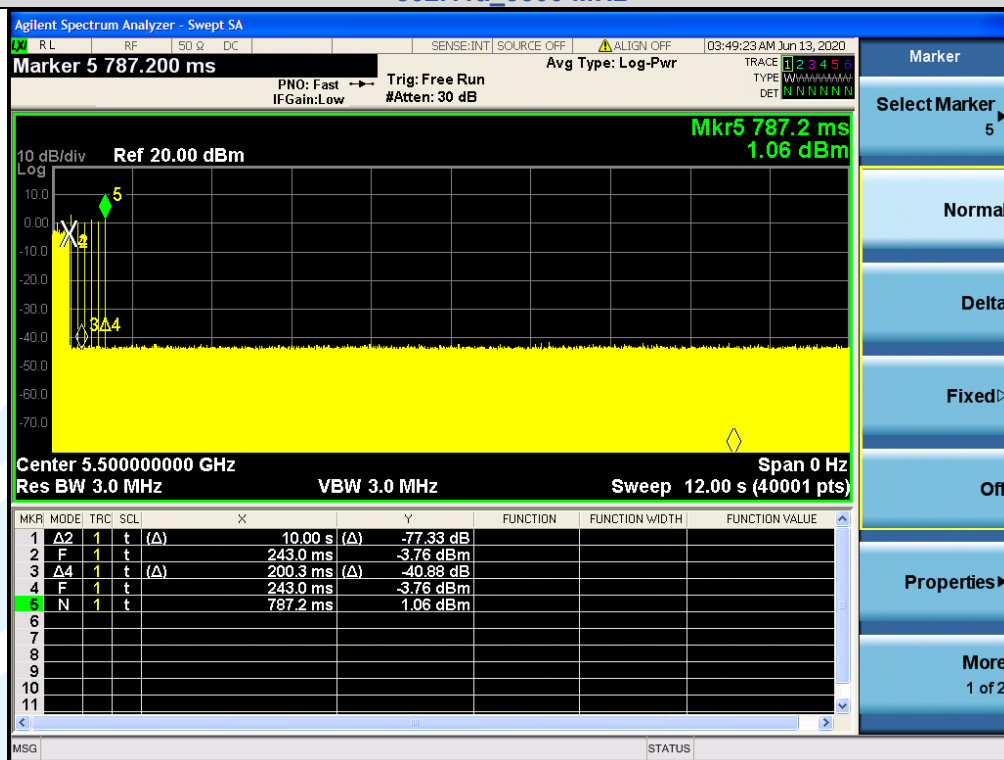
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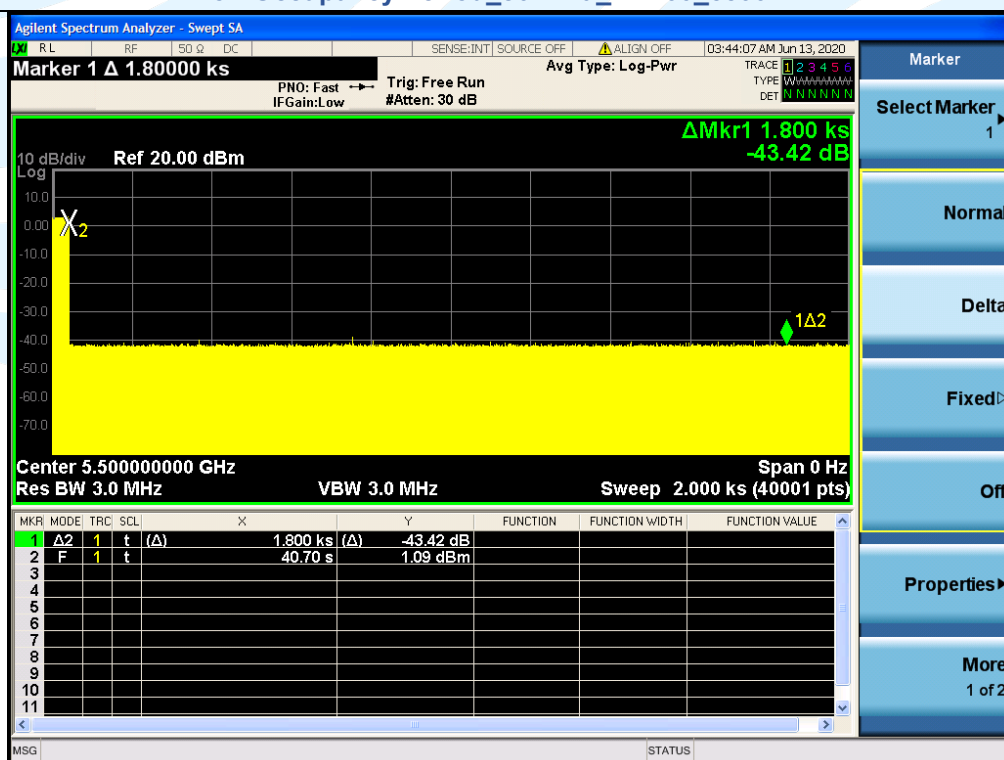
Channel Move Time & Channel Closing Transmission Time 802.11a_5500 MHz



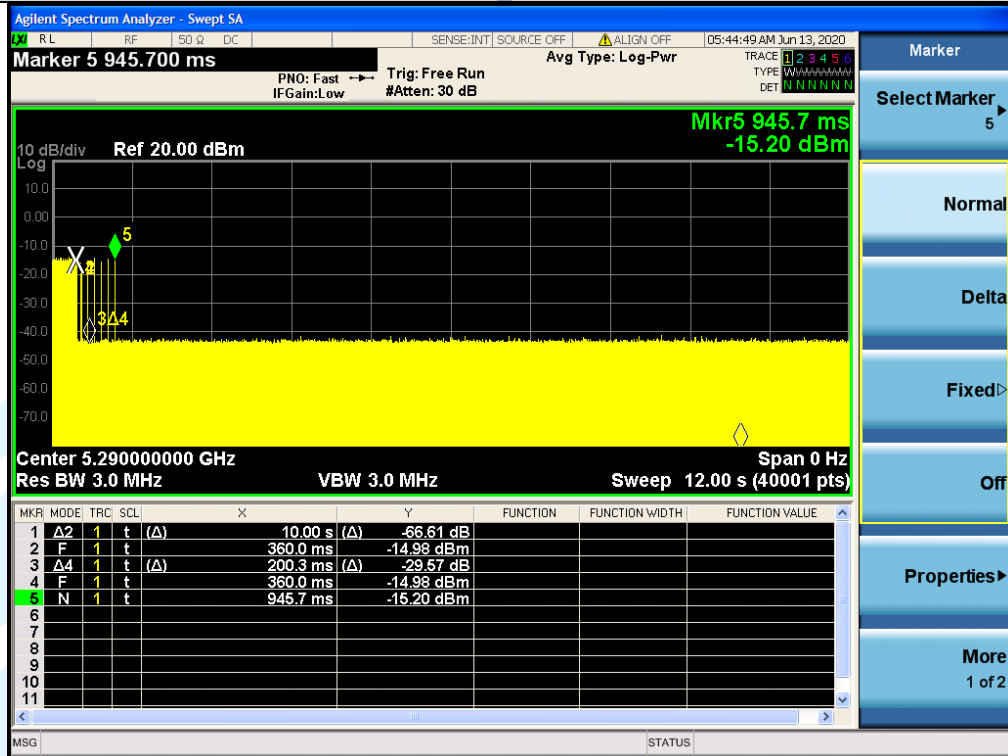
Note:

- 1) Mark1 Time: 243.0 ms, Mark2 Time: 10243 ms, Ontime Points: 13
- 2) Dwell = S/B = 12000ms/30000 = 0.4 ms, C = N x Dwell = 13x 0.4 = 5.2 ms
- 3) CMT = 0.7872 s – 0.2430 s = 0.5442 s

Non-Occupancy Period_802.11a_CH100_5500 MHz



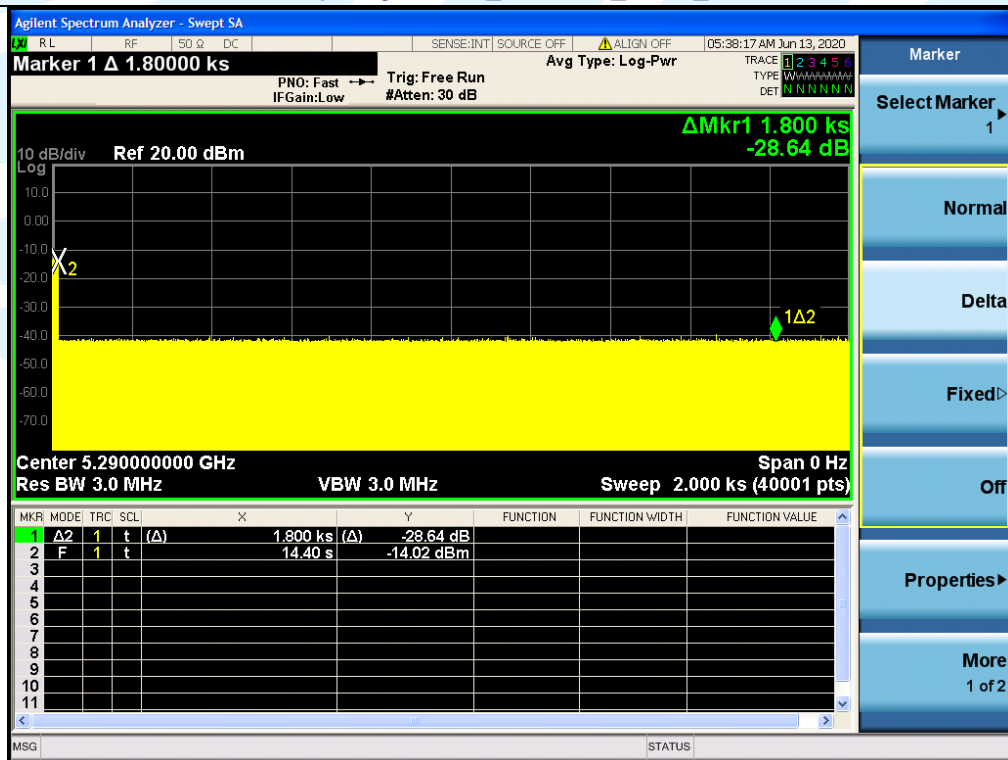
Channel Move Time & Channel Closing Transmission Time 802.11ac_5290 MHz



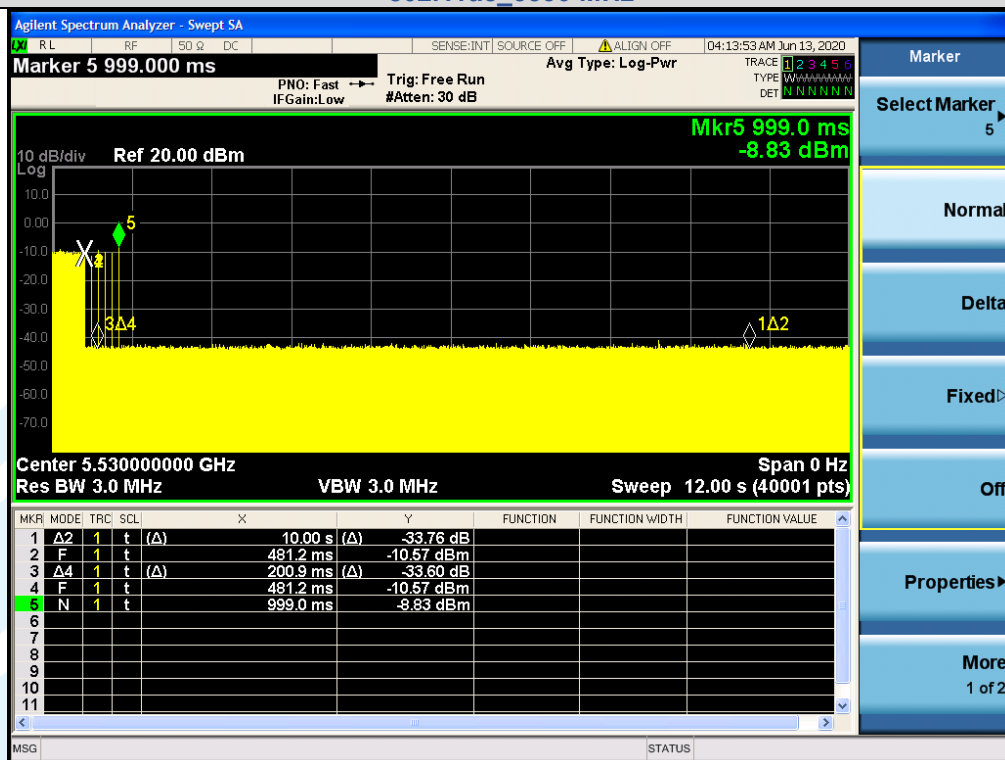
Note:

- 1) Mark1 Time: 360.0 ms, Mark2 Time: 10360ms, Ontime Points: 28
- 2) Dwell = S/B = 12000ms/30000 = 0.4 ms, C = N x Dwell = 28 x 0.4 = 11.2 ms
- 3) CMT = 0.9457 s – 0.3600 s = 0.5857 s

Non-Occupancy Period_802.11ac_CH58_5290 MHz



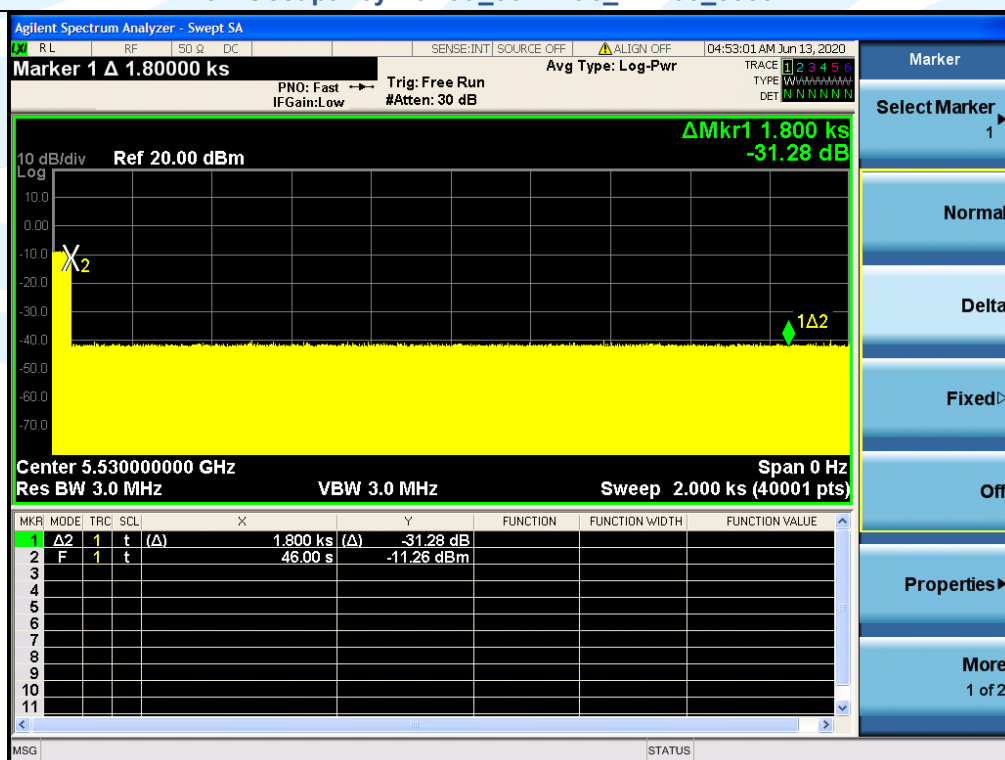
Channel Move Time & Channel Closing Transmission Time 802.11ac_5530 MHz



Note:

- 1) Mark1 Time: 481.2 ms, Mark2 Time: 10481.2 ms, Ontime Points: 13
- 2) Dwell = S/B = 12000ms/30000 = 0.4 ms, C = N x Dwell = 13 x 0.4 = 5.2 ms
- 3) CMT = 0.9990s – 0.4812 s = 0.5178 s

Non-Occupancy Period_802.11ac_CH106_5530 MHz



5.9 AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

Test Requirement: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(6)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207
RSS-Gen Issue 5, Section 8.8

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013, Section 6.2.

Limits:

Frequency range (MHz)	Limits (dB(μV))	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0,15 to 0,50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0,50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

Remark:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 to 0.50 MHz.

Test Setup: Refer to section 4.5.2 for details.

Test Procedures:

Test frequency range :150KHz-30MHz

- 1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.
- 2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a 50Ω/50μH + 5Ω linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.
- 3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane,
- 4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0.4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0.8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0.8 m from the LISN 2.
- 5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10 on conducted measurement.

Equipment Used: Refer to section 3 for details.

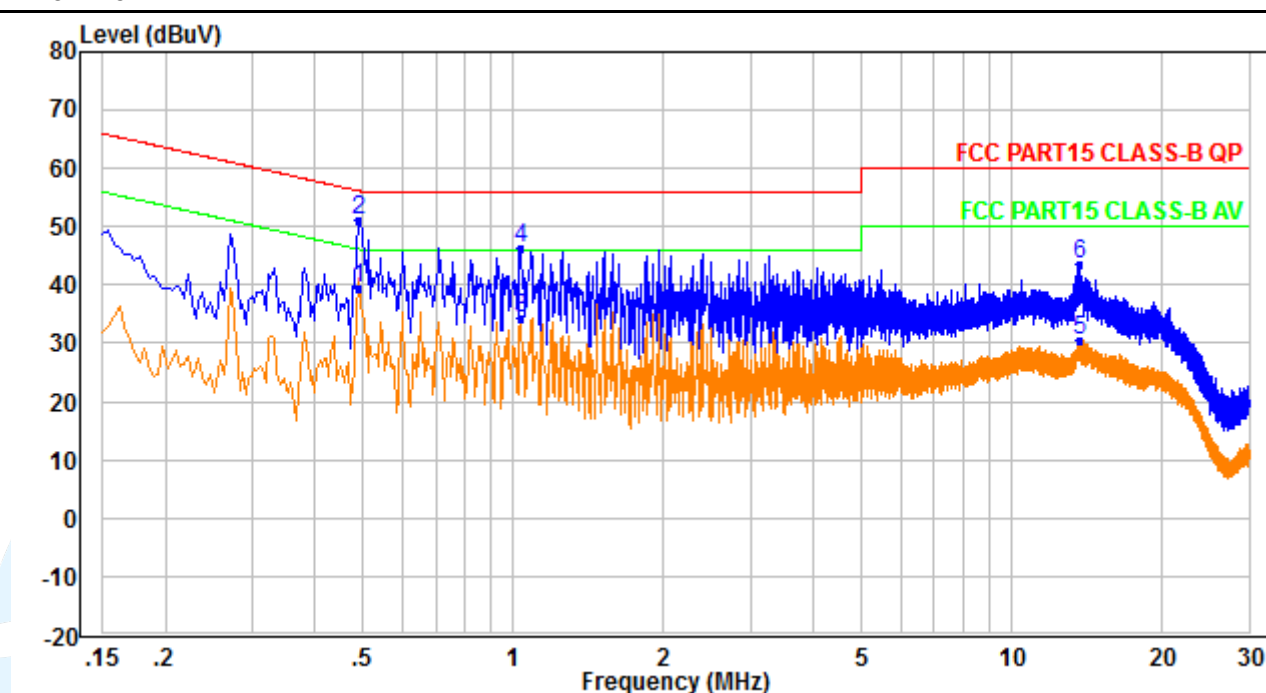
Test Result: Pass

The measurement data as follows:

Quasi Peak and Average:

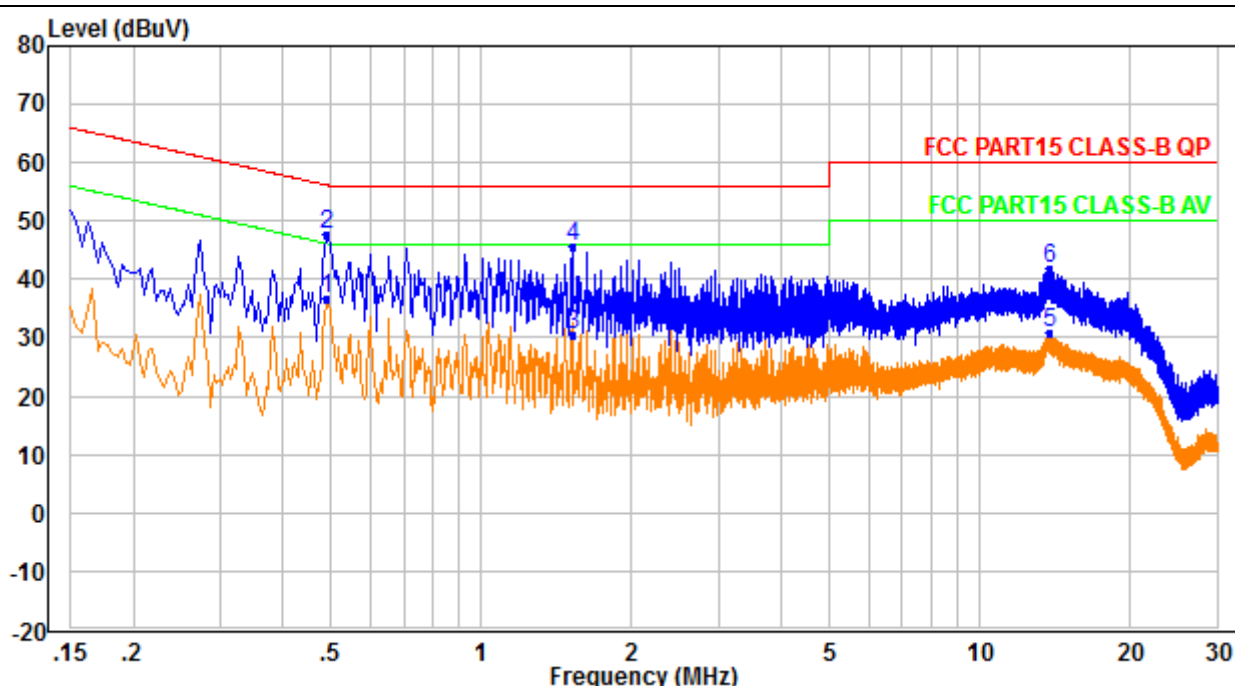
Mode: WIFI Link

Live Line



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.490	30.01	9.40	39.41	46.17	-6.76	Average
2	0.490	41.65	9.40	51.05	56.17	-5.12	QP
3	1.034	24.71	9.51	34.22	46.00	-11.78	Average
4	1.034	36.76	9.51	46.27	56.00	-9.73	QP
5	13.689	20.40	9.98	30.38	50.00	-19.62	Average
6	13.689	33.45	9.98	43.43	60.00	-16.57	QP

Neutral Line



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction factor (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.490	27.12	9.42	36.54	46.17	-9.63	Average
2	0.490	38.18	9.42	47.60	56.17	-8.57	QP
3	1.522	21.02	9.60	30.62	46.00	-15.38	Average
4	1.522	36.03	9.60	45.63	56.00	-10.37	QP
5	13.857	20.81	9.99	30.80	50.00	-19.20	Average
6	13.857	31.87	9.99	41.86	60.00	-18.14	QP

Remark:

1. Correct Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss + Pulse Limiter Factor, the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.
2. Result = Reading + Correct Factor.
3. Margin = Result - Limit
4. An initial pre-scan was performed on the Phase and neutral lines with peak detector. Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission were detected.
5. All possible modes of operation were investigated, and testing at two nominal voltages of 240V/50Hz and 120V/60Hz, only the worst case emissions reported.

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APPENDIX 1 PHOTOS OF TEST SETUP

See test photos attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

APPENDIX 2 PHOTOS OF EUT CONSTRUCTIONAL DETAILS

Refer to Appendix 2 for EUT external and internal photos.

*** End of Report ***

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