



## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093  
IEEE Std 1528-2013

*For*  
Barcode reader, RFID reader, and Magnetic stripe reader with Bluetooth

Contains FCC ID: YRWDATECSBT301  
Model Name: Infinea TAB mini (Linea TAB mini)

Report Number: 15U22277-S3V3  
Issue Date: 5/26/2016

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NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

**Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
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V2	2/26/2016	Section 2: Updated KDB versions and revisions	Coltyce Sanders
V3	5/26/2016	Report revised based on Reviewer's command : 1. Cover Page and Sec.1: Updated FCC ID	Chakrit Thammanavarat

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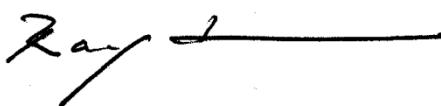
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## 1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	DATECS Ltd.			
Contains FCC ID	YRWDATECSBT301			
Model Name	InfineaTAB mini(LineaTAB mini)			
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 Published RF exposure KDB procedures IEEE Std 1528-2013			
<b>SAR Limits (W/Kg)</b>				
Exposure Category	Peak spatial-average(1g of tissue)			
General population / Uncontrolled exposure	1.6			
<b>The Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)</b>				
<b>RF Exposure Conditions</b>	<b>Equipment Class</b>			
	<b>Licensed</b>	<b>DTS</b>	<b>U-NII</b>	<b>DSS (BT)</b>
Standalone	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.001
Simultaneous TX	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Date Tested	12/1/2015			
Test Results	Pass			

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note:** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

Approved & Released By:	Prepared By:
	
Bobby Bayani Senior Engineer UL Verification Services Inc.	Ray Su Laboratory Engineer UL Verification Services Inc.

## 2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure [KDB](#) procedures:

- 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- 447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01
- 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
- 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- 941225 D07 UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

- April 2014 TCB Workshop “Handset Sleeve & Accessory Guidance”
- Guidance provided in a KDB enquiry to support the testing.

## 3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

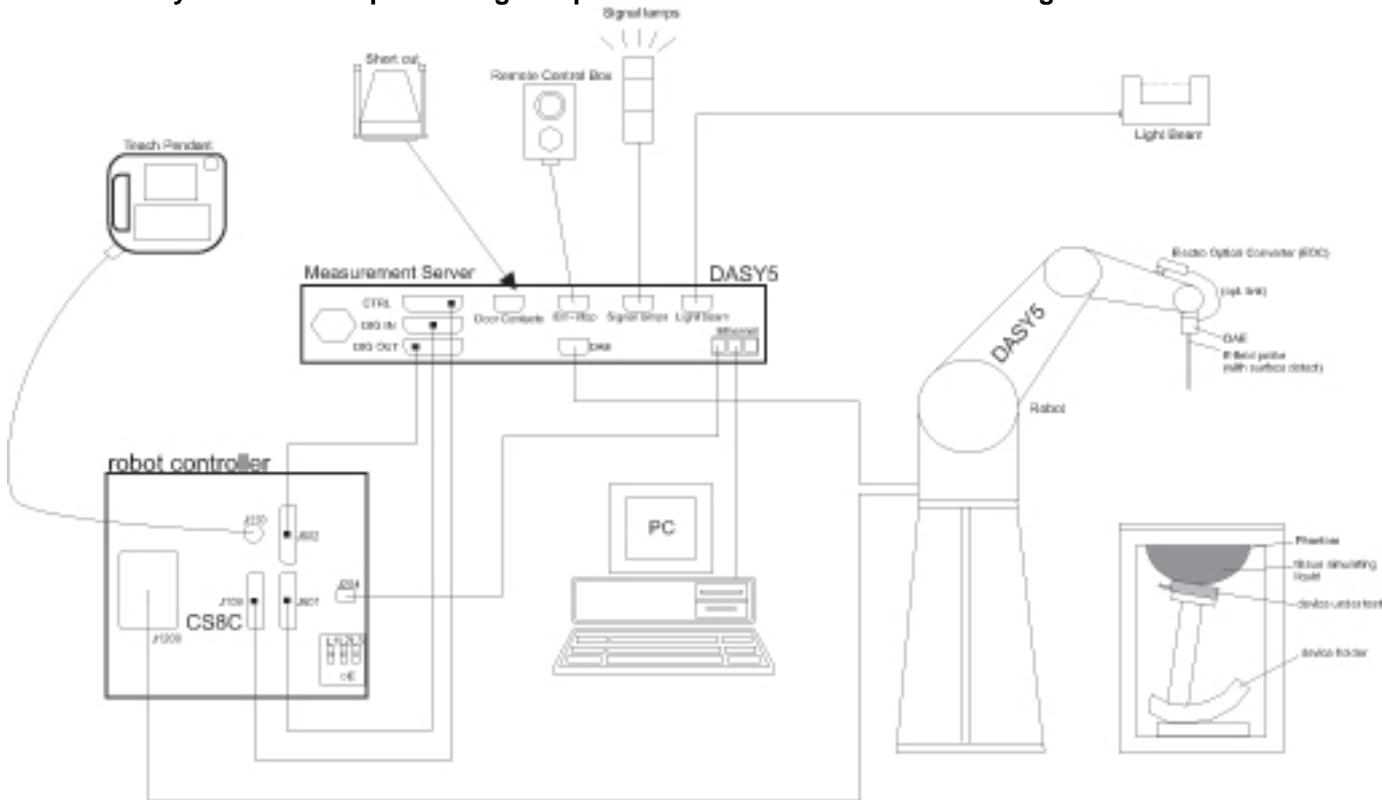
47173 Benicia Street	47266 Benicia Street
SAR Lab A	SAR Lab 1
SAR Lab B	SAR Lab 2
SAR Lab C	SAR Lab 3
SAR Lab D	SAR Lab 4
SAR Lab E	SAR Lab 5
SAR Lab F	
SAR Lab G	
SAR Lab H	

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by [NVLAP](#), Laboratory Code 200065-0.

## 4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

### 4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## 4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}$ , $\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

### Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

		$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 4$ mm $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\geq 28$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\geq 25$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\geq 22$ mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

\* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the area scan based *1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

### Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

### Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

### 4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

#### Dielectric Property Measurements

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	MY40000980	4/17/2016
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1087	11/10/2016
Shorting block	SPEAG	DAK-3.5 Short	SM DAK 200 BA	N/A
Thermometer	Traceable Calibration Control Co.	4242	140562250	8/24/2016

#### System Check

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3744A01084	5/8/2016
Power Meter	Keysight	N1912A	MY55196004	7/1/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9323A	MY53070007	3/2/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9323A	MY53070005	4/29/2016
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1795093	N/A
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2149	N/A
DC Power Supply	AMETEK	XT 15-4	1319A02778	N/A
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3744A01155	3/18/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U16345	6/15/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U12345	7/31/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2702A76223	9/3/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	1926A27048	8/3/2016
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1795092	N/A
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2141	N/A
DC Power Supply	BK PRECISION	1611	215-02292	N/A
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab B)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3686	8/28/2016
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab B)	SPEAG	DAE4	1360	3/12/2016
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	706	5/11/2016

#### Other

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Power Meter	Agilent	N1911A	MY55196017	7/6/2016
Power Sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY55200002	7/6/2016

### 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

## 6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

### 6.1. DUT Description

The InfineaTAB mini is a small handheld secured payment terminal with barcode reader, RFID reader, Magnetic Stripe reader and Bluetooth. It is compatible with iPad mini, iPad mini with Retina display, iPad Air, iPhone 6 Plus and iPhone 6S Plus.

Device Dimension	Overall (Length x Width x Depth): 103 mm x 88 mm x 23.5 mm
Battery Options	Standard – Lithium-polymer battery, Rating 3.7 Vdc, 1100 mAh

### 6.2. Wireless Technologies

#### INFINEA TAB mini

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	Version 2.1 + EDR Basic Rate	N/A
RFID	13.56 MHz	ASK Type A (100%) or ASK Type B (10%)	N/A

#### Host Device

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz	802.11b 802.11g 802.11n (HT20)	100%
		802.11a 802.11n (HT20) 802.11n (HT40)	100%
	Does this device support bands 5.60 ~ 5.65 GHz? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		
	Does this device support Band gap channel(s)? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	Version 4.2 LE	77.5% (DH5)

### 6.3. Maximum Output Power

#### INFINEA TAB mini

Upper limit (dB):		1.0	Max. RF Output Power (dBm)	
RF Air interface	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up tolerance limit	
	Bluetooth	3.0	4.0	

#### Host Device

All nominal and maximum output power measurements for WLAN are as documented in report 13U15668-13A.

## 7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

Baseline measurements are performed on the worse case positions for all bands on the host device and compared to the results reported in the original granted SAR report.

As per the interim sleeve procedure, the highest SAR configuration among the different wireless modes in each frequency band and any SAR configuration in the original report > 75% of the SAR limit; should be measured separately for head, body-worn accessories and hotspot modes when applicable on the host device. When the measured SAR values of the highest SAR configurations are identical (before rounding up), select the configuration with the highest maximum output power. The SAR results should be scaled with respect to the power level tested in order to determine compliance.

After completing the baseline measurements on the host device, the tests are repeated with the sleeve attached. Section 10 contains the SAR test results obtained with and without the sleeve attached, as well as, the deviation in the results with respect to the results in the original report 13U15668-13A.

## 8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

### 8.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

#### Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

#### IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

#### Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

##### SAR Lab B

Date	Freq. (MHz)	Liquid Parameters			Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit $\pm$ (%)
12/1/2015	Body 2450	e'	52.8600	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	52.86	52.70	0.30	5
		e"	15.0100	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	2.04	1.95	4.86	5
	Body 2410	e'	52.9800	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	52.98	52.76	0.42	5
		e"	14.8600	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.99	1.91	4.39	5
	Body 2475	e'	52.7600	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	52.76	52.67	0.17	5
		e"	14.9800	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	2.06	1.99	3.85	5

## 8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

### System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness:  $2.0 \pm 0.2$  mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be  $\geq 15.0$  cm for SAR measurements  $\leq 3$  GHz and  $\geq 10.0$  cm for measurements  $> 3$  GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.  
For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.  
For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

### Reference Target SAR Values

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

System Dipole	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Freq. (MHz)	Target SAR Values (W/kg)		
				1g/10g	Head	Body
D2450V2	706	5/11/2015	2450	1g	52.6	51.3
				10g	24.6	24.0

### System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

### SAR Lab B

Date Tested	System Dipole		T.S. Liquid		Measured Results		Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	Plot No.
	Type	Serial #			Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W			
12/1/2015	D2450V2	706	Body	1g	5.08	50.8	51.3	-0.97	1,2
				10g	2.33	23.3	24.0	-2.92	

## 9. Conducted Output Power Measurements

Please refer to Sec. 10 for the measured output power results alongside SAR measurement results. Per the interim sleeve procedure, Wi-Fi maximum output power was within 1.5 dB of those reported in the original SAR report.

## 10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

**SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:**

**KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:**

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $2.0 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$
- $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $1.5 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between  $100 \text{ MHz}$  and  $200 \text{ MHz}$
- $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $1.0 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$

**KDB 941225 D07 UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02:**

UMPC mini-tablet devices must be tested for 1-g SAR on all surfaces and side edges with a transmitting antenna located at  $\leq 25 \text{ mm}$  from that surface or edge, at  $5 \text{ mm}$  separation from a flat phantom, for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supported by the device to determine SAR compliance.

## 10.1. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

Technology / Band	Test Position	Mode	Ch. No.	Freq. (MHz)	Original Values		Baseline with Host Device				Host Device + Sleeve		Final 1g SAR Reported (W/kg)*	Plot No.
					Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Highest 1g <u>Reported</u> SAR (W/kg)	Measured Power (dBm)	1g SAR Meas. (W/kg)	Scaled 1g SAR <u>Reported</u> (W/kg)	Scaled Baseline vs Orig. Reported SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR Meas. (W/kg)	Scaled 1g SAR <u>Reported</u> (W/kg)*		
Bluetooth	Edge 3 (0 mm)	GFSK	39	2441.0	12.00	0.267	11.00	0.198	0.249	-6.6%	0.001	0.001	0.001	1

### Note(s):

\*Scaled 1g Reported SAR is calculated based on the following KDB inquiry response:

1. When the reported SAR of the test sample measured without accessory (sleeve) attached is equal to or higher than the reported SAR of the same test configuration in the original equipment certification filing, the measured SAR of the test sample with accessory (sleeve) attached is used as the reported SAR result of the test configuration.
2. When the reported SAR of the test sample measured without accessory (sleeve) attached is lower than the reported SAR of the same test configuration in the original equipment certification filing, adjust the reported SAR of the test sample with accessory (sleeve) attached by the ratio of reported SAR in the original filing to the reported SAR of the test sample without the accessory (sleeve) attached as the SAR result of the test configuration.

## 10.2. Bluetooth (Sleeve)

### Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations & Estimated SAR

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ , for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f_{(\text{GHz})}$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}/x}] \text{ W/kg}$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;  
where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR, and  $x = 18.75$  for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is  $> 50$  mm.

Max. tune-up tolerance limit		Min. test separation distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	SAR test exclusion Result*	Test Configuration	Estimated 1-g SAR (W/kg)
(dBm)	(mW)					
4.0	3	5	2.480	0.9	Front/Rear	0.126

#### **Conclusion:**

\*: The computed value is  $\leq 3$ ; therefore, Bluetooth qualifies for Standalone SAR test exclusion.

## 11. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <1.6 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $>$  1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively) or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq$  1.45 or 3.6 W/kg ( $\sim$  10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is  $\geq$  1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $>$  1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated
						Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	
2400	Bluetooth	Body	Edge 3	No	0.001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 12. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

### Sum of the SAR for Wi-Fi & BT

RF Exposure conditions	Host Device with Sleeve Attached		Sleeve		
	(1) BT		(2) BT	(1) + (2) BT	
	$\Sigma$ 1g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/ No)		$\Sigma$ 1g SAR (mW/g)	SPLSR (Yes/ No)
Worst case standalone	0.001	No	0.126	0.127	No

#### Note(s):

1. DTS Radio cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth Radio.
2. U-NII Radio can transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth Radio.

## Appendices

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

**15U22277-S3V1 SAR\_App A Photos & Ant. Locations**

**15U22277-S3V1 SAR\_App B System Check Plots**

**15U22277-S3V1 SAR\_App C Highest Test Plots**

**15U22277-S3V1 SAR\_App D Tissue Ingredients**

**15U22277-S3V1 SAR\_App E Probe Cal. Certificates**

**15U22277-S3V1 SAR\_App F Dipole Cal. Certificates**

**END OF REPORT**