FCC SAR

TEST REPORT

of

Mobile Phone

Model Name: Q970
Trade Name: G-TIDE
Report No.: SZ10090090S01
FCC ID.: YROQ970

prepared for

Z.T.S. International Industrial Co. Ltd
12 BC Jinrun Building, chegongmiao, Shennan Road , Futian District ,
Shenzhen Guangdong China

prepared by

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory
Morlab Laboratory
3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Xili,
Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China
Tel: +86 755 86130398
Fax: +86 755 86130218

CTIA Authorized Test Lab
LAB CODE 20081223-00

Contents

Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	Oct. 26, 2010	First edition

1. General Information

1.1. Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the information specified in section 3.3. Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the identification. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publications of extracts from the test report requires the prior written approval of Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory. The test report shall be invalid without all the signatures of testing the Project Manager, the Deputy Project Manager and the Test Lab Manager. Any objections must be raised to Morlab within 30 days since the date when the report is received. It will not be taken into consideration beyond this limit.

1.2. Organization item

Report No.:	SZ10090090S01
Date of Issue:	Oct. 26, 2010
Date of Tests:	Sep. 17, 2010 –Sep. 17, 2010
Responsible for Accreditation:	Shu Luan
Project Manager:	*Li Lei*
Deputy Project Manager:	Samuel Peng

1.3. Conclusion

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory has verified that all tests as listed in the section 10 of this report have been performed successfully with the tested equipment.

Samuel Peng
Tested by
(Responsible for the Test Report)

Li Lei
Reviewed by
(Verification of the Test Report)

Shu Luan
Approved by
(Responsible Test Lab Manager)

2. Testing Laboratory

2.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Company Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Department:	Morlab Laboratory
Address:	3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China
Responsible Test Lab Manager:	Mr. Shu Luan
Telephone:	+86 755 86130268
Facsimile:	+86 755 86130218

2.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory
Address:	3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

2.3. Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory:	No. CNAS L3572

2.4. List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Type	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	PC	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Rohde&Schwarz (CMU200, SN:105894)	2010-9-26	1year
3	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2010-9-24	1year
4	Synthetizer	Rohde&Schwarz (SML_03, SN:101868)	2010-9-24	1year
5	Amplifier	Nucl udes (ALB216, SN:10800)	2010-9-24	1year
6	Power Meter	Rohde&Schwarz (NRVD, SN:101066)	2010-9-24	1year
7	Probe	Antennessa (SN:SN_3708_EP80)	2010-9-24	1year
8	Phantom	Antennessa (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2010-9-24	1year
9	Liquid	Antennessa (Last Calibration:2010 08 21)	2010-8-21	1year

3. Technical Information

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

3.1. Identification of Applicant

Company Name:	Z.T.S. International Industrial Co. Ltd
Address:	12 BC Jinrun Building, chegongmiao, Shennan Road , Futian District , Shenzhen Guangdong China

3.2. Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name:	Z.T.S. International Industrial Co. Ltd
Address:	12 BC Jinrun Building, chegongmiao, Shennan Road , Futian District , Shenzhen Guangdong China

3.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Brand Name:	G-TIDE
Type Name:	G-TIDE
Marking Name:	Q970
Hardware Version:	(n.a)
Software Version:	(n.a)
Frequency Bands:	GSM 850MHz (channel 128:824.20MHz,channel 190:836.6MHz, channel 251:848.8MHz) PCS 1900MHz (channel 512:1850.2MHz,channel 661:1880.00MHz, channel 810:1909.80MHz)
Modulation Mode:	GSM / GPRS : GMSK
Multislot Class	GPRS: Multislot Class 10: EDGE:(n.a)
GPRS operation mode:	Class B
Antenna type:	Fixed Internal Antenna
Development Stage:	Identical prototype
Battery Model:	Q970
Battery specification:	680mAh 3.7V

3.3.1. Photographs of the EUT

Please see for photographs of the EUT.

3.3.2. Identification of all used EUTs

The EUT Identity consists of numerical and letter characters (see the table below), the first five numerical characters indicates the Type of the EUT defined by Morlab, the next letter character indicates the test sample, and the following two numerical characters indicates the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	(n.a)	(n.a)

3.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	**47 CFR § 2. 1093**	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
2	**FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)**	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields
3	**ANSI C95.1-1999**	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300 GHz
4	**IEEE 1528-2003**	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techuiques.

3.5. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.6. Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20 ... 25 °C		
Relative Humidity:	30 ... 75 %		
Air Pressure:	980 ... 1020 hPa		
Details of Power Supply:	220V/50Hz AC		
Extreme Temperature:	Low Temperature (LT)	=	-10°C
	High Temperature (HT)	=	55°C
Extreme Voltage of the EUT:	Normal Voltage (NV)	=	3.70V
	Low Voltage (LV)	=	3.60V
	High Voltage (HV)	=	4.20V
Test frequency:	GSM 850MHz		
	PCS 1900MHz		
Operation mode:	Call established		
Power Level:	GSM 850 MHz Maximum output power(level 5)		
	PCS 1900 MHz Maximum output power(level 0)		

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.
The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM 850 MHz, or to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900 MHz, The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.
The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.
The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)
SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity, δ T is the temperature rise and δ t the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

5. SAR Measurement Setup

5.1. The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.

The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

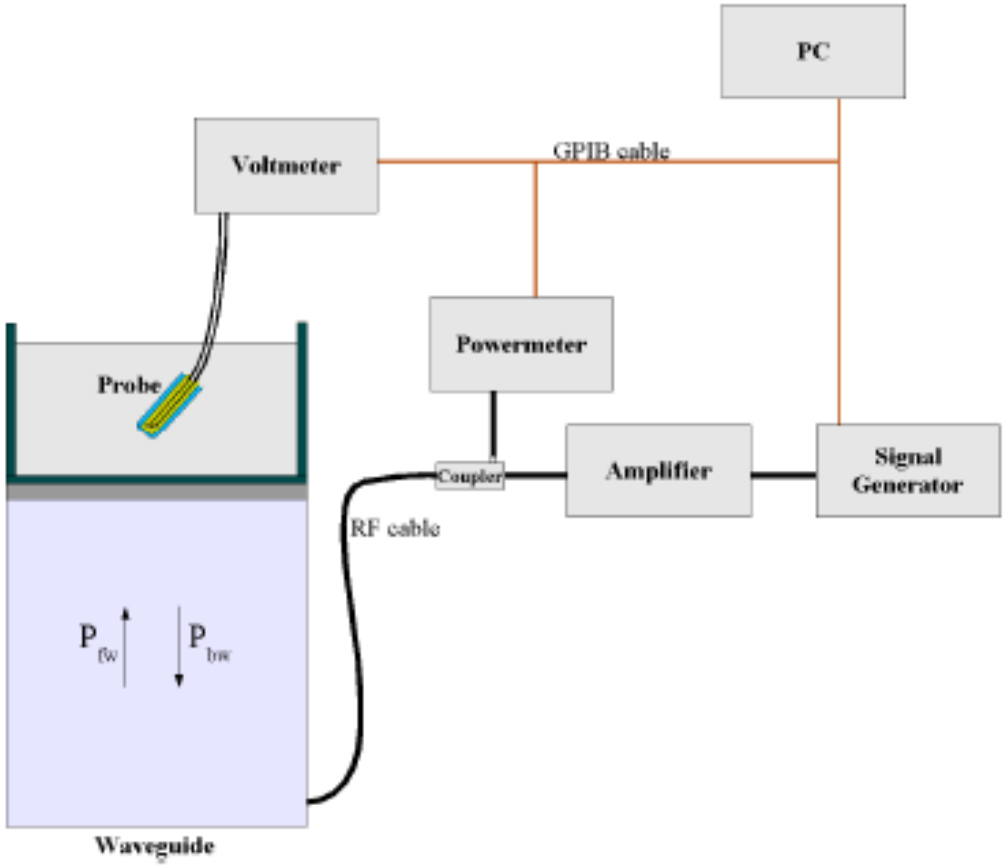
5.2. Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE5 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm
  (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: ＜0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: ＜0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: ＜0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4\,(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :
Pfw = Forward Power
Pbw = Backward Power
a and b = Waveguide dimensions
ı = Skin depth
Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO
After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N) (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) (N=1,2,3)

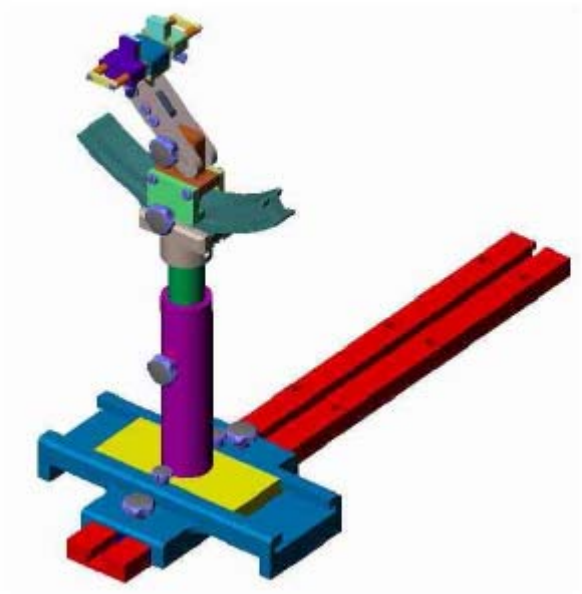
where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

5.3. Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

5.4. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of GSM 850MHz PCS 1900MHz, which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 20litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 25 litres for a horizontal bath phantom. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR).

Table 6.1 gives the recipes for one liter of head tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 850MHz and 1900 MHz.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency Band 835MHz	Frequency Band 1900MHz
Tissue Type	Head	Head
Water	41.45	55.36
Salt(NaCl)	1.45	0.35
Sugar	56.0	30.45
HEC	1.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.1	0.0
Triton	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	13.84
Acticide SPX	0.0	0.0
Dielectric Constant	42.45	41.00
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91	1.38

Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.			
/	**Frequency**	**Permittivity ε**	**Conductivity σ (S/m)**
Target value	835 MHZ	41.5	0.90
Validation value (Sep. 17)	835 MHZ	40.490002	0.926225
Target value	1900 MHZ	40	1.40

Validation value (Sep. 17)	1900 MHZ	38.930000	1.321229

7. Uncertainty Assessment

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

7.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	V i
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R				1.02	1.02	
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R				1.63	1.63	
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	
Output power Power Drift - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	4.04	R		1	1	2.33	2.33	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									

Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R		0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R		0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.23	10.70	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			k				21.91	20.86	

7.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	V i
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R				1.02	1.02	
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R				1.63	1.63	
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max.	E.5.2	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	

SAR Evaluation									
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N		1	1	0.58	0.58	N-1
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	4.04	R		1	1	2.33	2.33	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R		0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R		0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.08	9.47	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			k				19.65	18.47	

8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

8.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

Equipments :

name	Type and specification
Signal generator	E4433B
Directional coupler	450MHz-3GHz
Amplifier	3W 502(10-2500MHz)
Reference dipole	835MHz:SN 36/08 DIPC 99 1800MHz:SN 36/08 DIPF 101

8.2. Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by Satimo, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Frequency	835MHz	1900MHz
Target value (1g)	9.805 W/Kg	39.32 W/Kg
250 mW input power	2.472 W/Kg	9.846 W/Kg
Test value (1g)	9.888 W/Kg	39.384 W/Kg

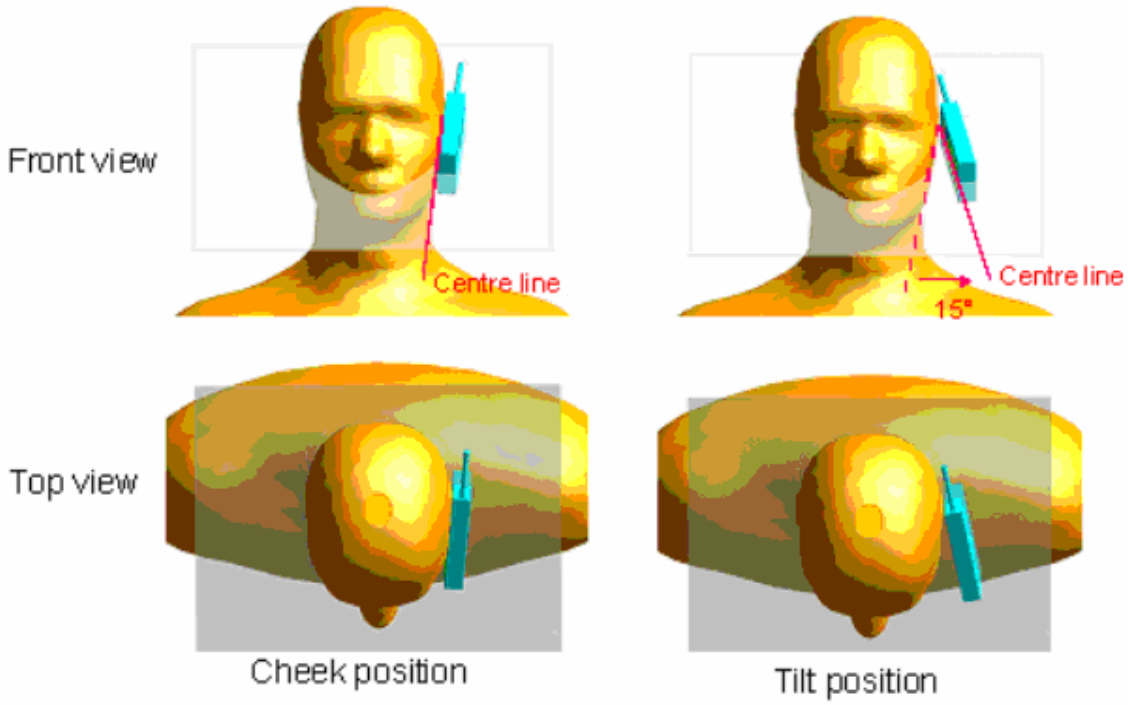
Note: System checks the specific test data please see page 52-57.

9. Operational Conditions During Test

9.1. Informations on the testing

The mobile phone antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The mobile phone is set to transmit at its highest output peak power level.

The mobile phone is test in the “cheek” and “tilted” positions on the left and right sides of the phantom. The mobile phone is placed with the vertical centre line of the body of the mobile phone and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the earpiece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Description of the “cheek” position:
The mobile phone is well placed in the reference plane and the earpiece is in contact with the ear. Then the mobile phone is moved until any point on the front side get in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Description of the “tilted” position:
The mobile phone is well placed in the “cheek” position as described above. Then the mobile phone is moved outward away from the month by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear lost.

Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

9.2. Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

9.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

10. Test Results List

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 850MHz Band)
SAR Values (GSM 850MHz Band), Measured against the head.

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.		
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1 g Average	
	1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (W/kg)	
	1 g Average (W/kg)	Power level (dBm)
Right head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	0.148	32.84
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.092	32.84
Left head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	0.129	32.84
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.089	32.84

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 1900MHz Band)
SAR Values (GSM 1900MHz Band), Measured against the head.

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.		
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1 g Average	
	1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (W/kg)	
	1 g Average (W/kg)	Power level (dBm)
Right head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	0.219	29.42
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.225	29.42
Left head, Touch cheek, Channel Middle	0.167	29.42
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Channel Middle	0.200	29.42

1. Per KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 1.6W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is ≤ 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.

Annex A Accreditation Certificate

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE

(No. CNAS L3572)

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment has accredited

Morlab Laboratory Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Xili,Nanshan District,

Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing and/or calibration.

The scope of accreditation is detailed in the attached schedule bearing the same accreditation number as above. The schedule forms an integral part of this certificate.

Date of Issue: 2008-07-01

Date of Expiry: 2011-06-30

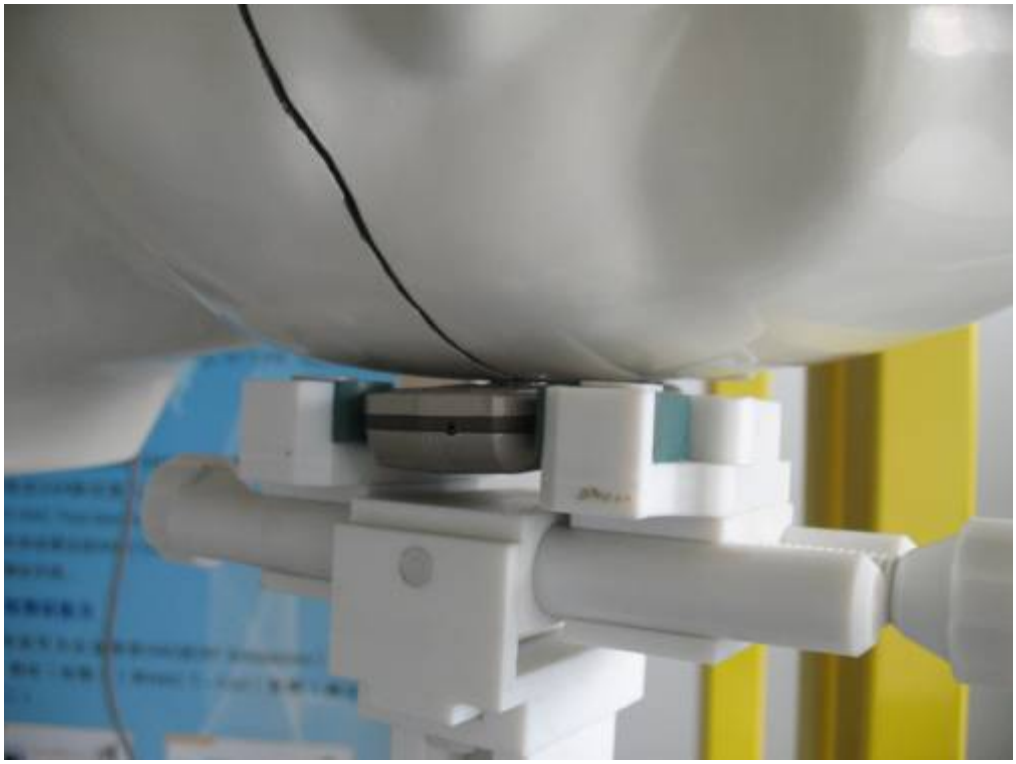
Date of Initial Accreditation: 2008-07-01

Signed on behalf of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

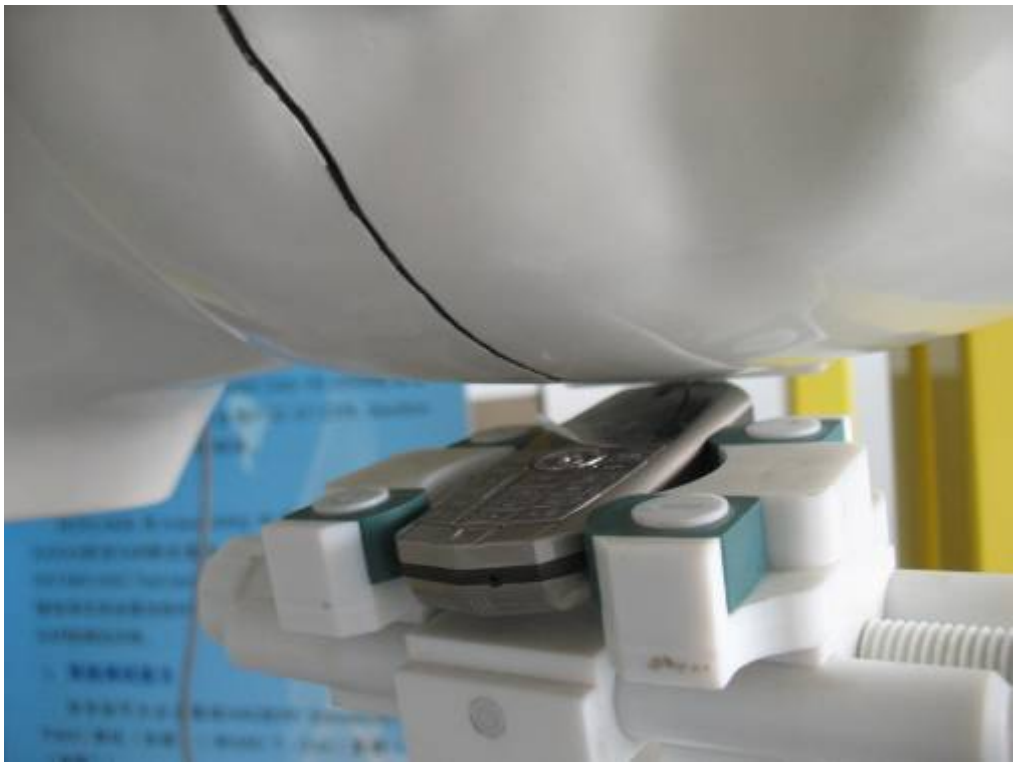
China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment(CNAS) is authorized by Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNCA) to operate the national accreditation systems for conformity assessment. CNAS is the signatory to International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (ILAC MRA), and the signatory to Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (APLAC MRA).

Annex B Photographs of the EUT

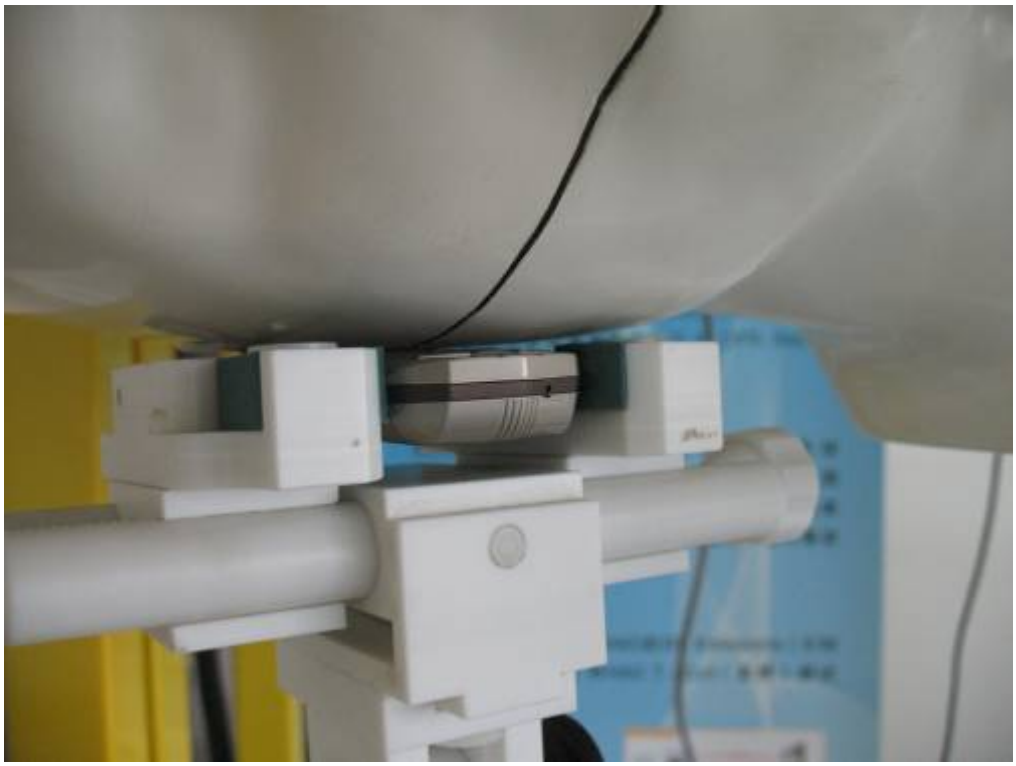
1 EUT Left Head Touch Cheek Position



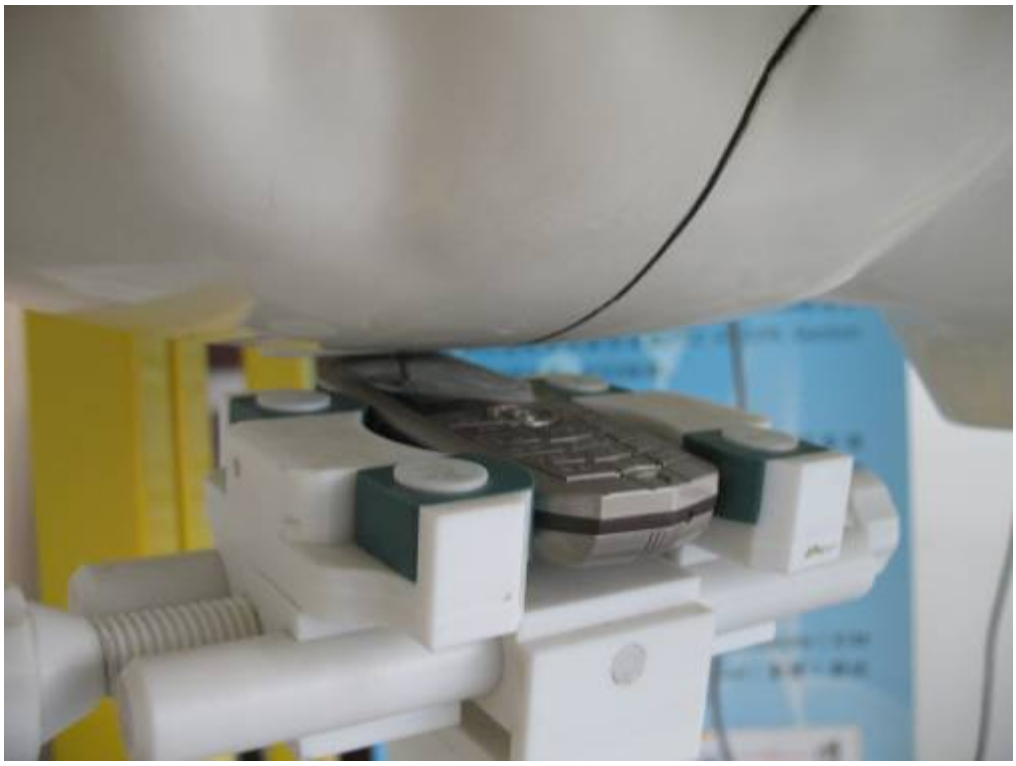
2 EUT Left Head Tilt15 Position



3 EUT Right Head Touch Cheek Position



4 EUT Right Head Tilt15 Position



Liquid Level Photo

Annex C Graph Test Results

	BAND	PARAMETERS
TYPE	**GSM850**	Measurement 1: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 2: Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 3: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 4: Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
	GSM1900	Measurement 5: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 6: Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 7: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode Measurement 8: Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 36 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

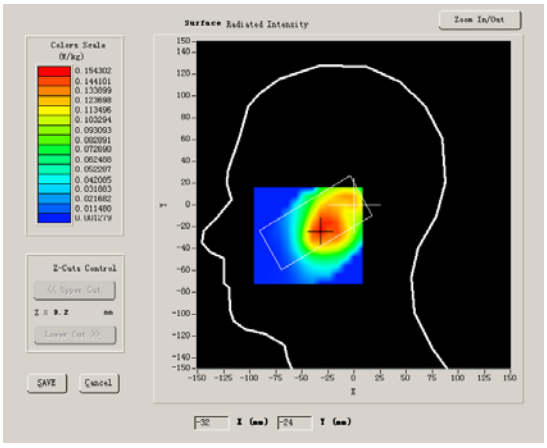
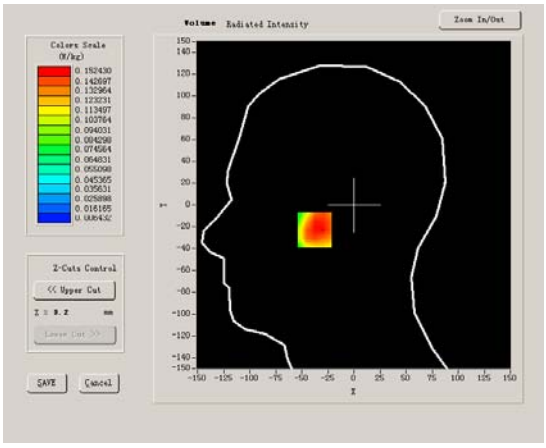
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998
Relative permittivity	19.120001

Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power Drift (%)	-0.330000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor：	1:8

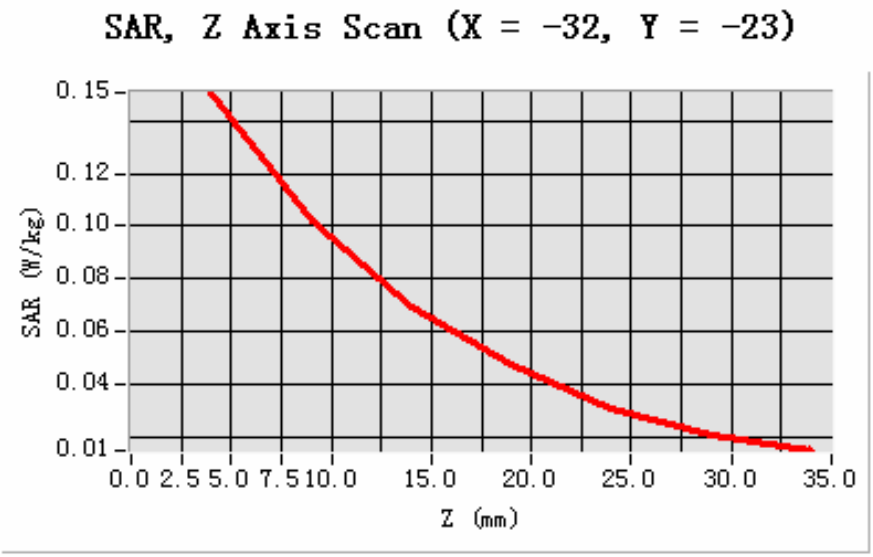
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

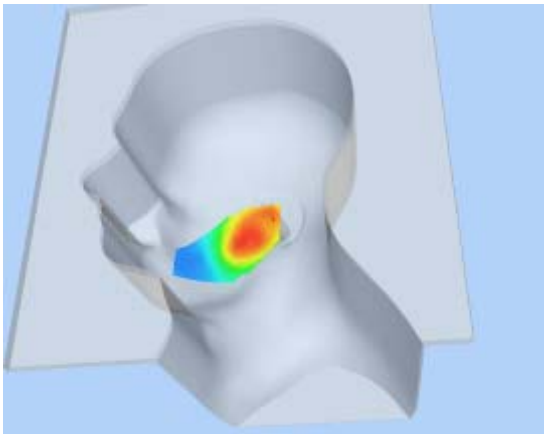
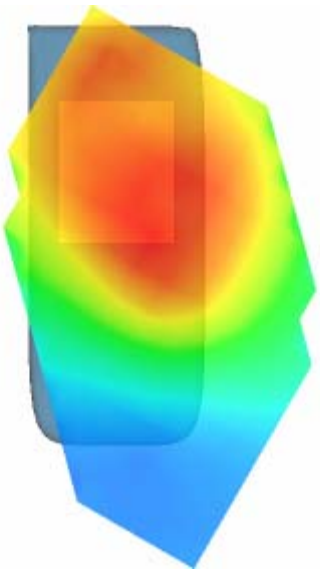
Maximum location: X=-32.00, Y=-23.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.097929
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.147758

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1508	0.1023	0.0690	0.0477	0.0306	0.0204



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 26 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

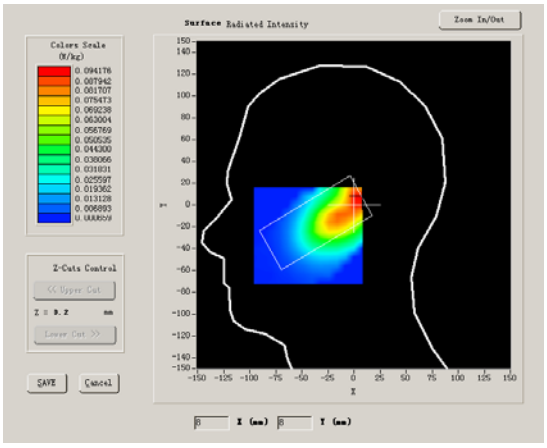
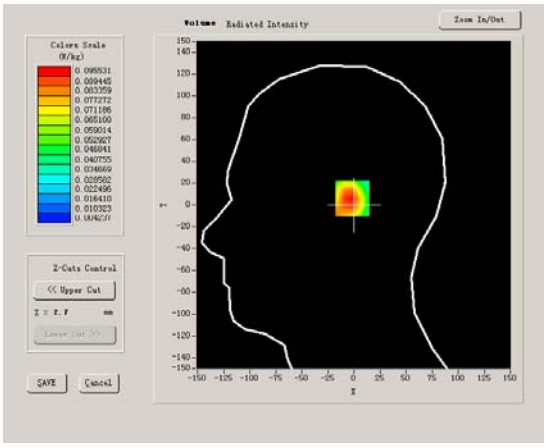
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998
Relative permittivity	19.120001

Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power Drift (%)	-1.720000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor：	1:8

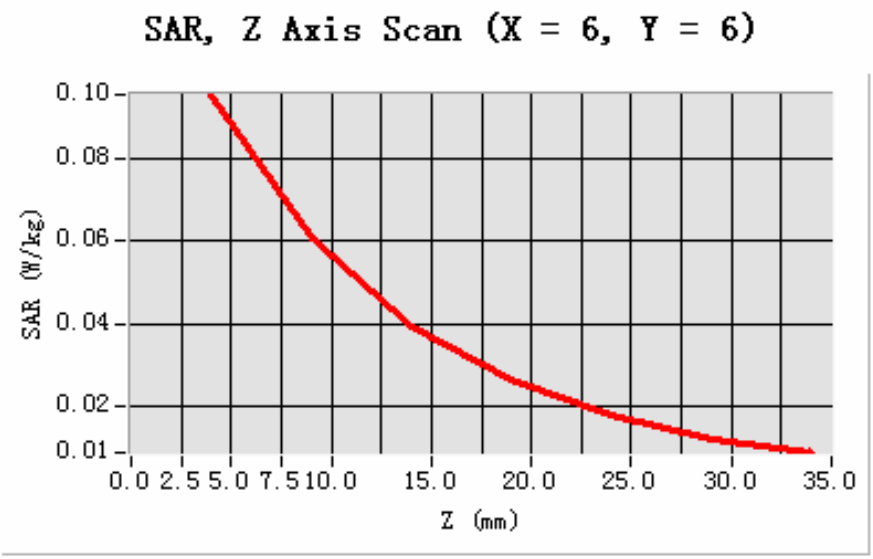
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

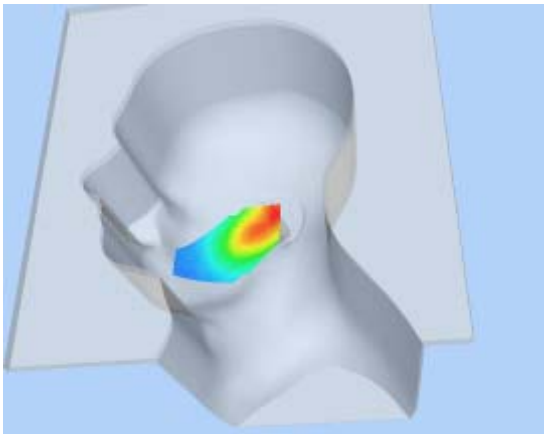
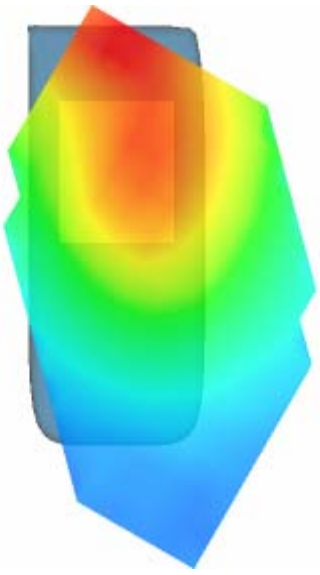
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=6.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.056968
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.092426

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0955	0.0605	0.0392	0.0264	0.0178	0.0120



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 32 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

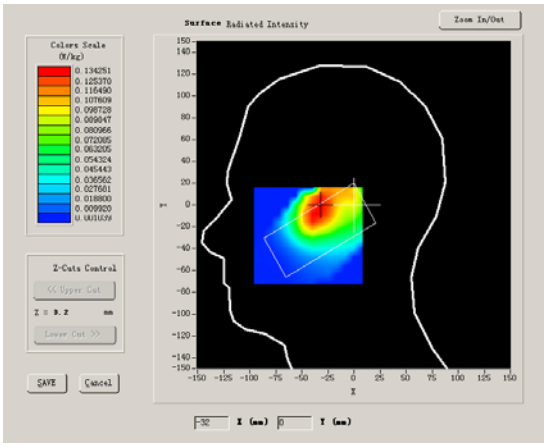
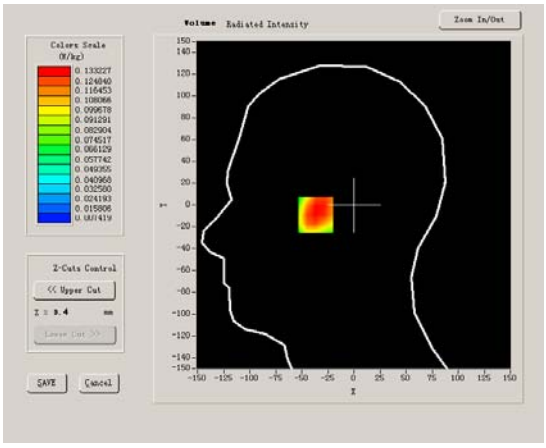
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998
Relative permittivity	19.120001

Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power Drift (%)	0.710000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor：	1:8

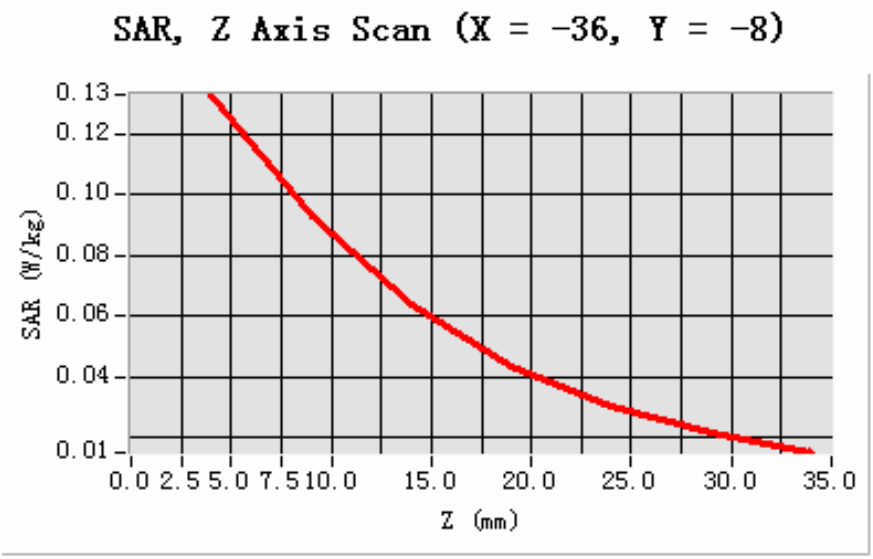
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

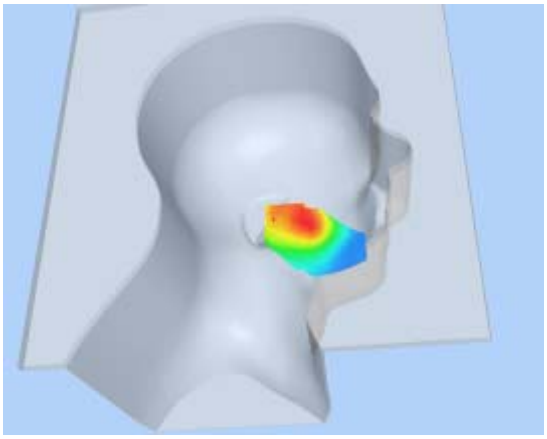
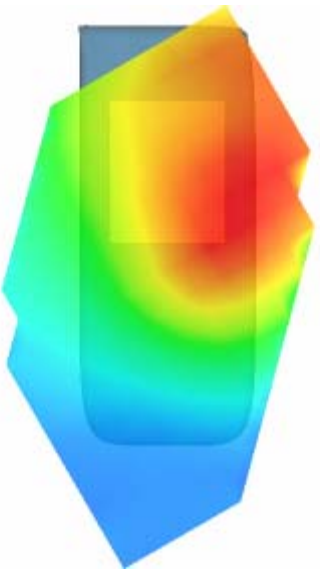
Maximum location: X=-36.00, Y=-8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.086053
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.129033

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1329	0.0928	0.0636	0.0434	0.0302	0.0218



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 24 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

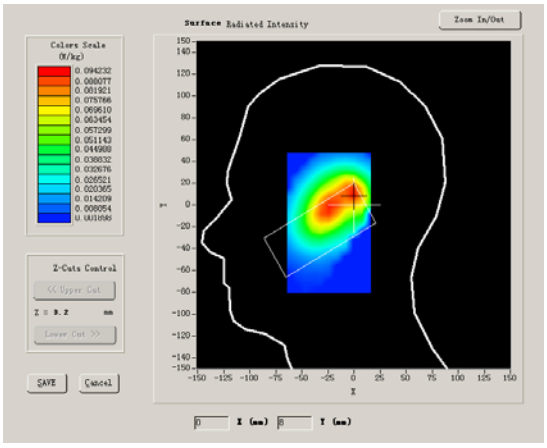
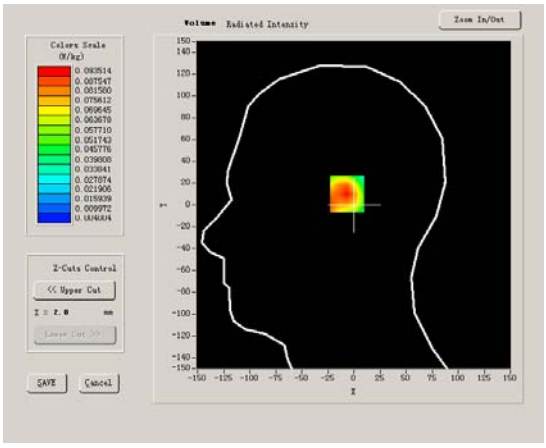
Phantom File	zinf3.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998
Relative permittivity	19.120001

Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power Drift (%)	-1.390000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.3°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor：	1:8

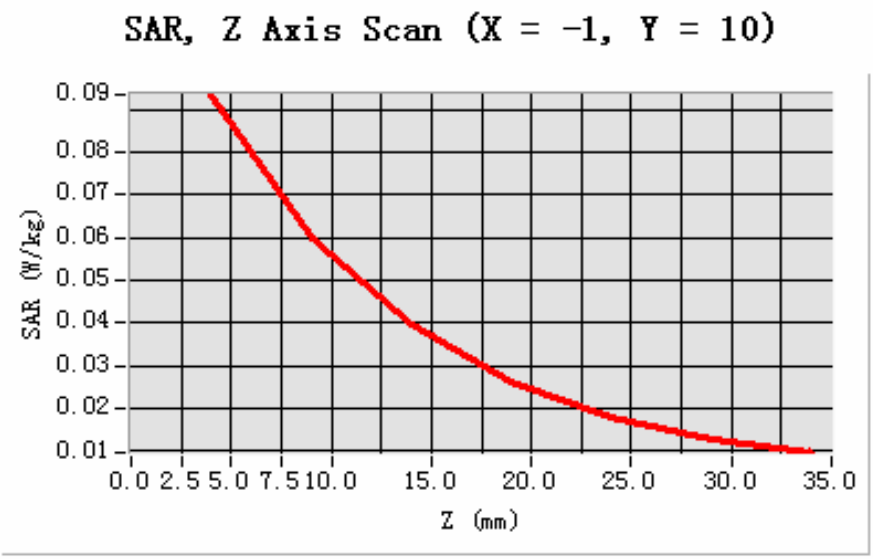
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

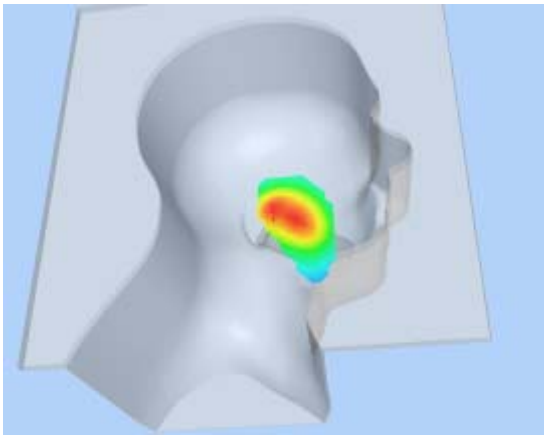
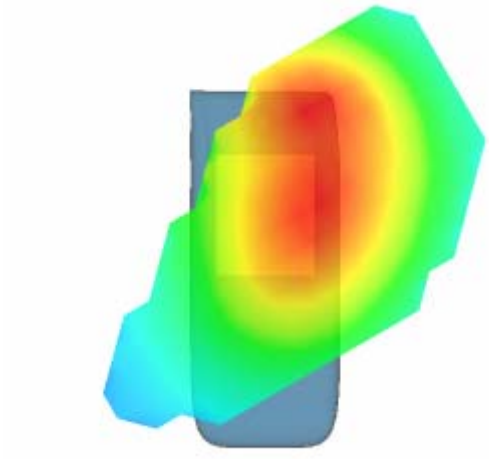
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=10.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.056326
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.089114

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0935	0.0599	0.0395	0.0262	0.0176	0.0125



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 29 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

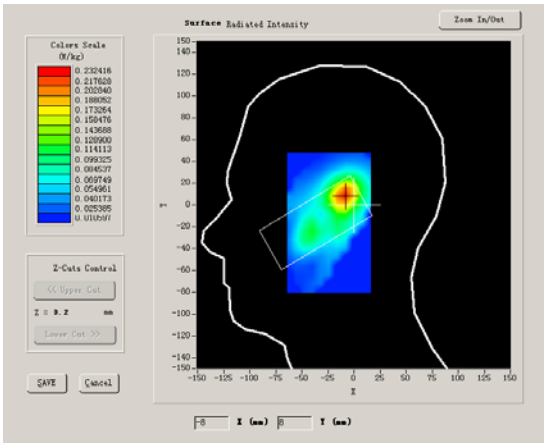
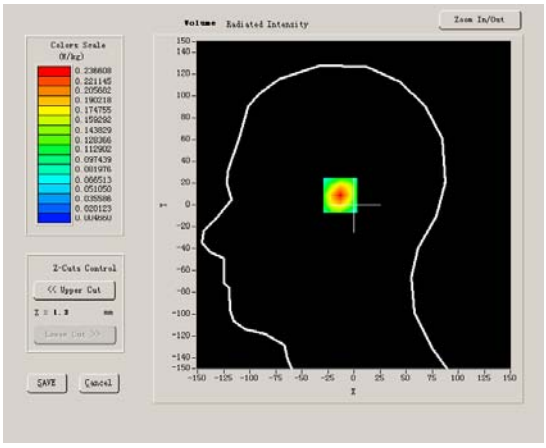
Phantom File	zinf3.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000

Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power Drift (%)	-0.100000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor：	1:8

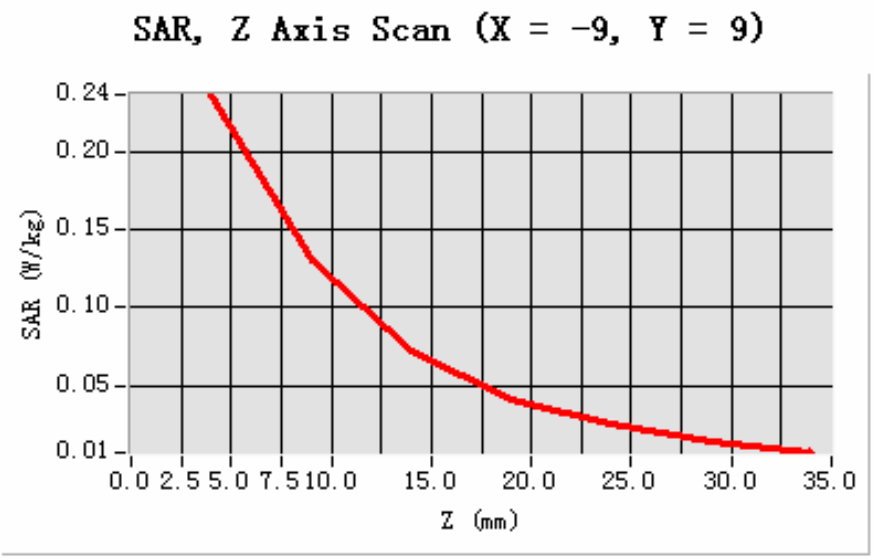
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

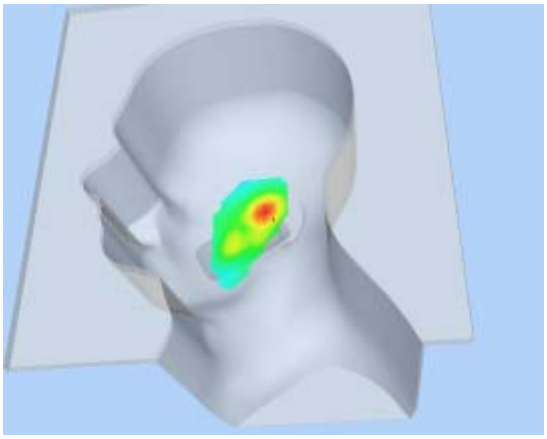
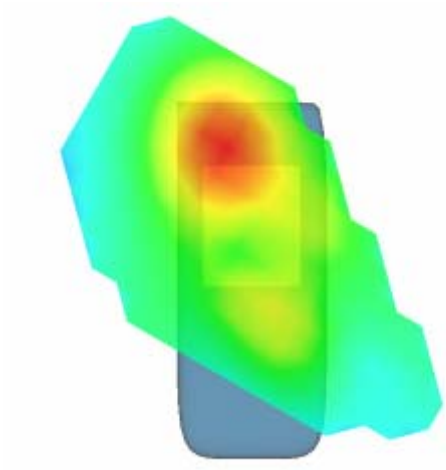
Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.115142
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.218989

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2366	0.1307	0.0720	0.0410	0.0247	0.0135



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 28 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

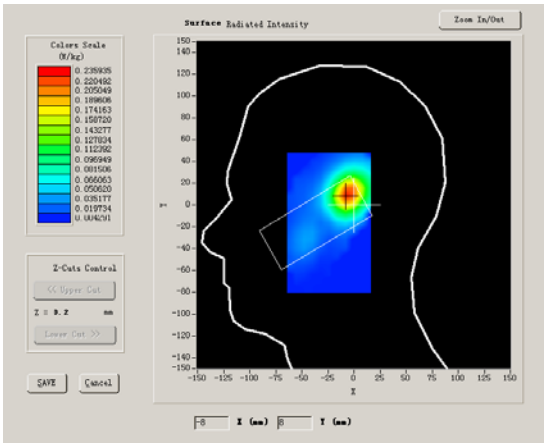
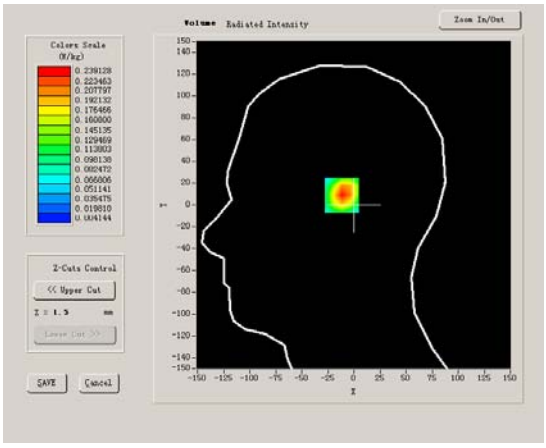
Phantom File	zinf3.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000

Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power Drift (%)	-1.090000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor：	1:8

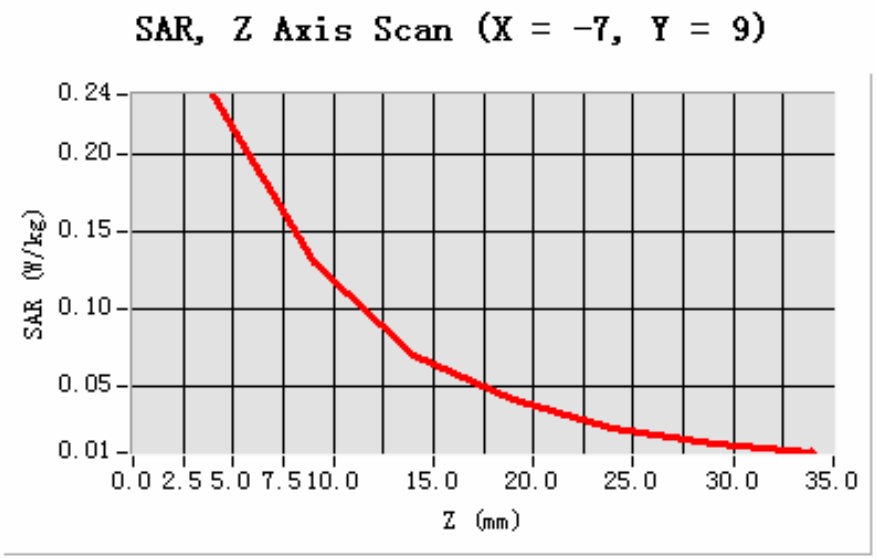
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

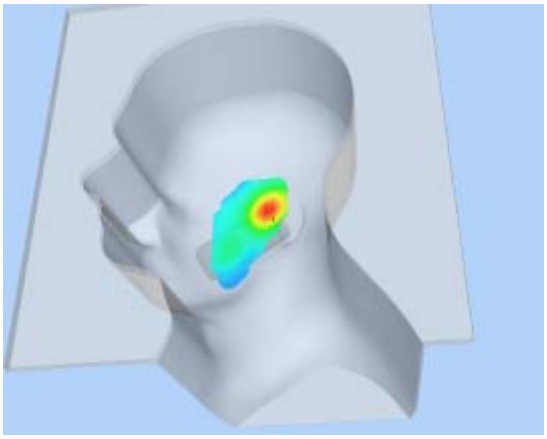
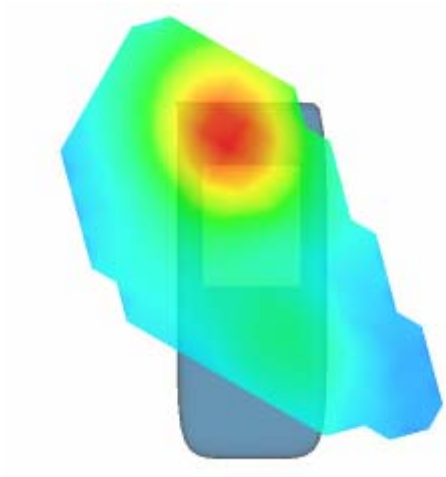
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.117197
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.224750

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2391	0.1311	0.0707	0.0418	0.0232	0.0134



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 26 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

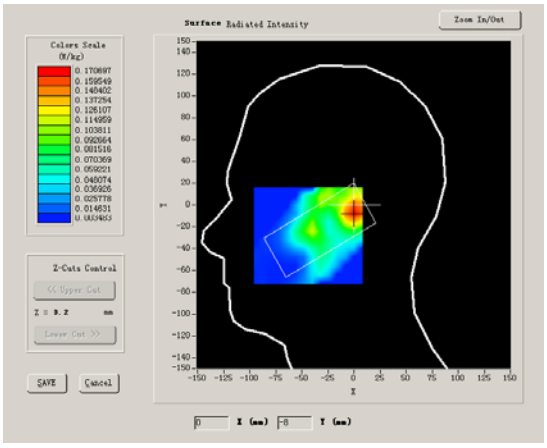
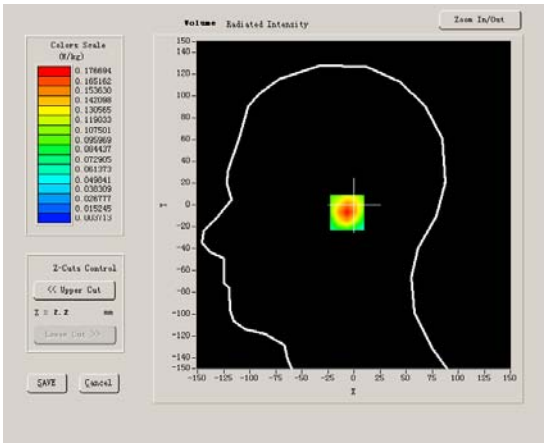
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000

Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power Drift (%)	0.770000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor：	1:8

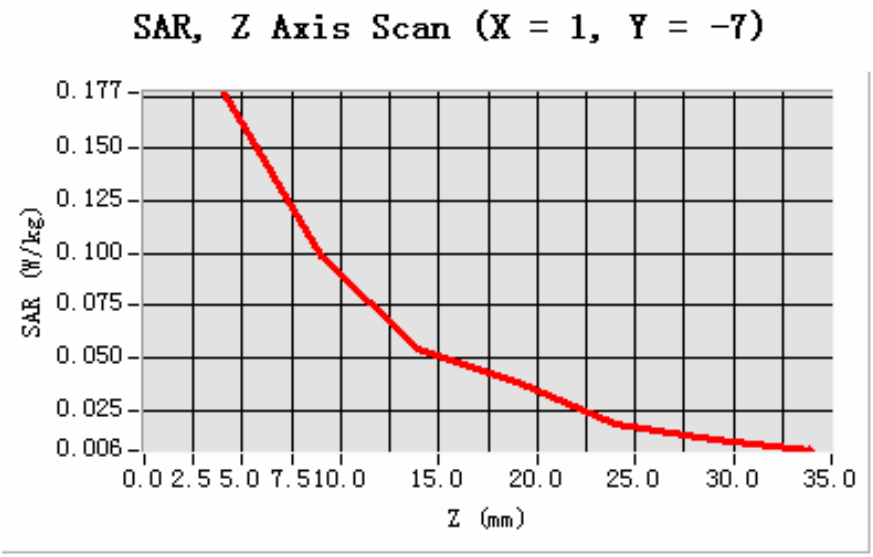
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

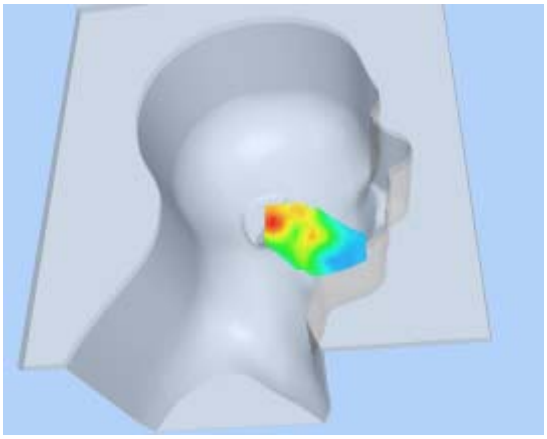
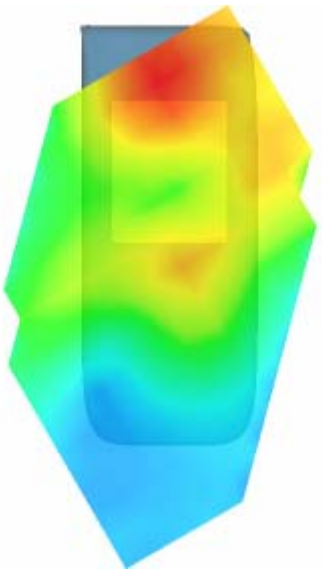
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.089223
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.166870

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1767	0.0984	0.0541	0.0386	0.0187	0.0108



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 8

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 23 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

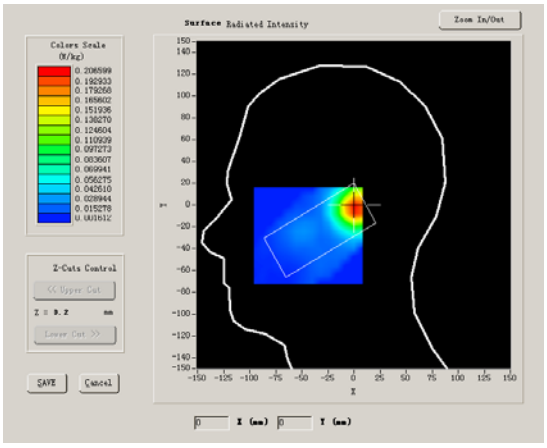
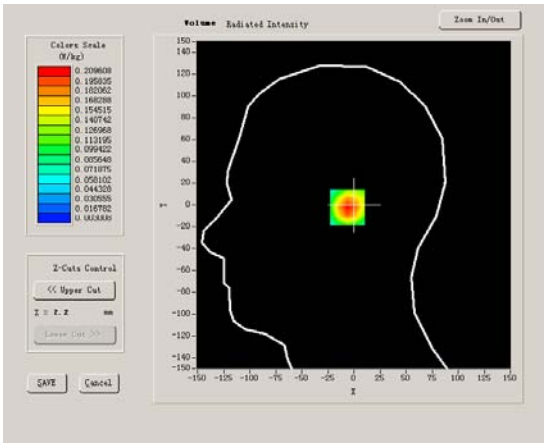
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000

Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power Drift (%)	0.390000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor：	1:8

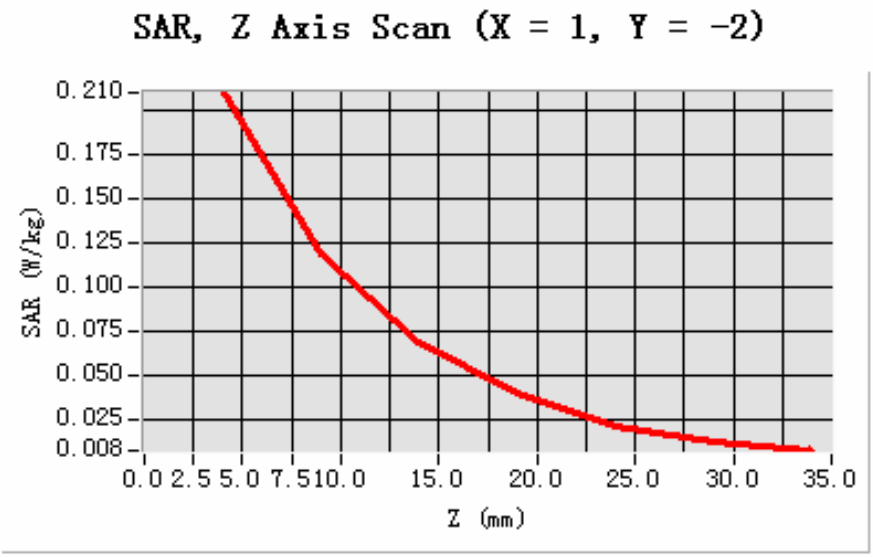
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

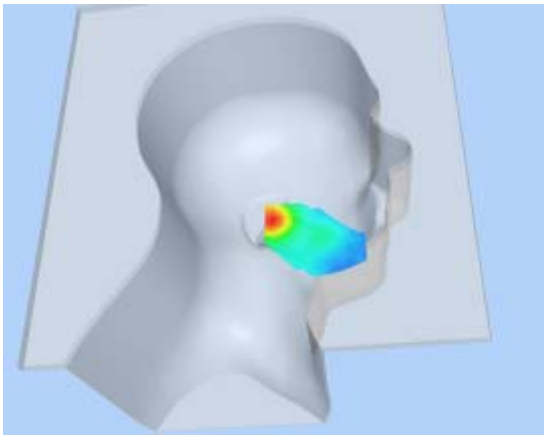
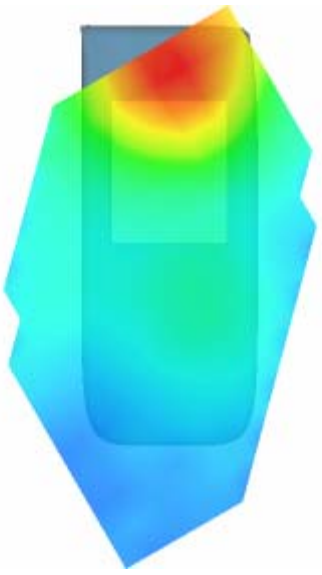
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.109627
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.199655

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2096	0.1187	0.0688	0.0403	0.0223	0.0132



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

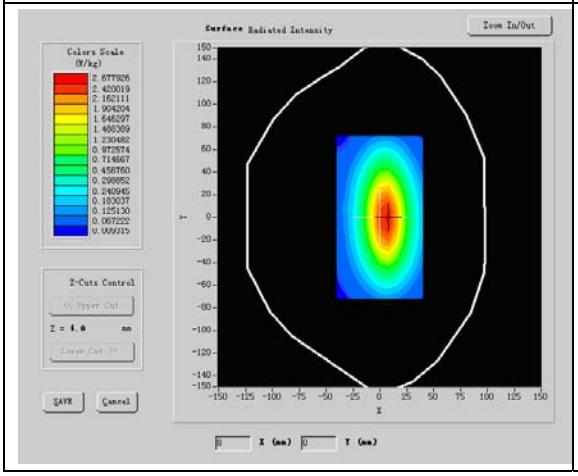
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.490002
Relative permittivity	15.070000

Conductivity (S/m)	0.926225
Power Drift (%)	-0.050000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.5°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor：	1:1

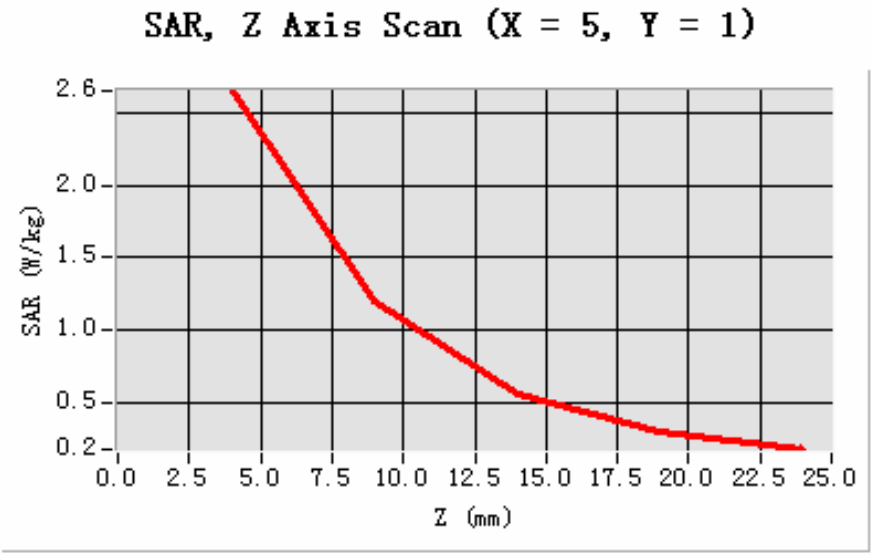
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

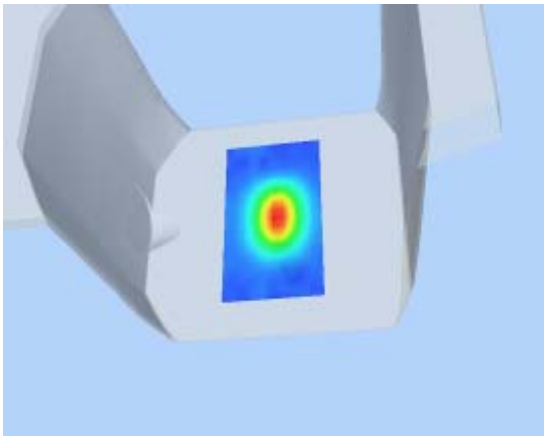
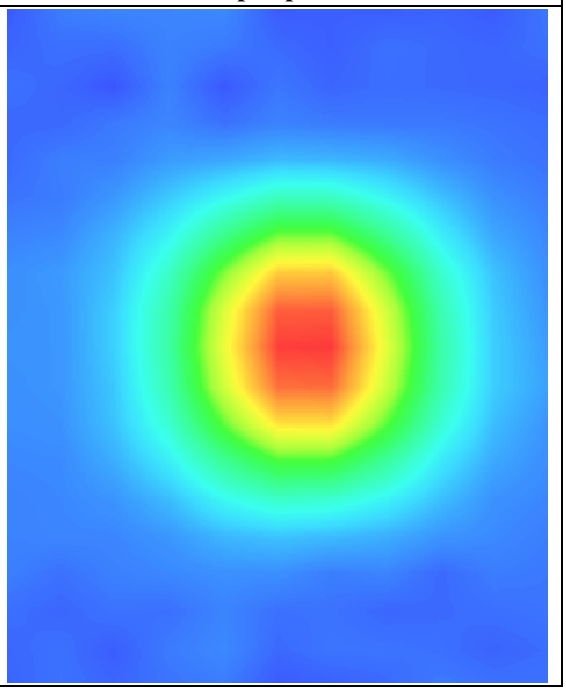
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.537723
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.472354

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.6486	1.2069	0.5583	0.3002



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 17/9/2010

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

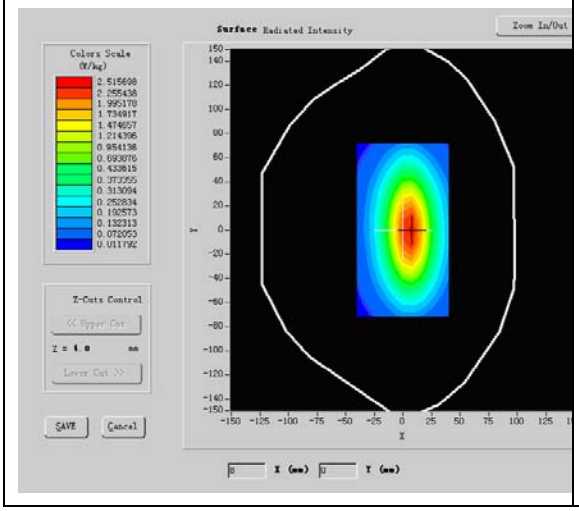
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	1800MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR:

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.930000
Relative permittivity	15.070000

Conductivity (S/m)	1.321229
Power Drift (%)	-0.140000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor：	1:1

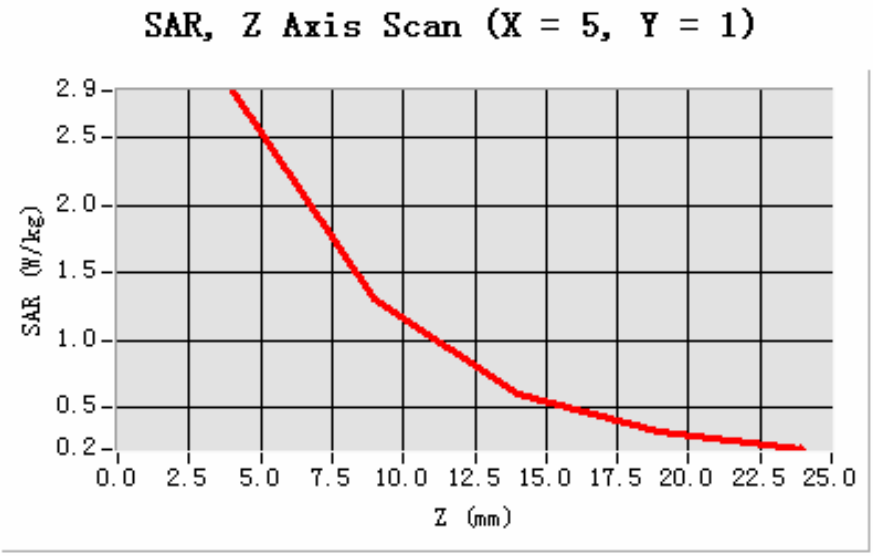
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.537735
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.846224

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.8536	1.3061	0.6041	0.3211



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position