



## FCC PART 15.247

### TEST REPORT

For

### Xoopar Limited

Room 1608-09, Jin Wei Building, 4051 Jiabin Road, Luohu Area, Shenzhen, China

**FCC ID: YOAXBOY31009**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> GRAND XOOPEAR BOY 8 inch Wireless Speaker
<b>Report Number:</b> <u>RSZ171030011-00C</u>	
<b>Report Date:</b> <u>2017-11-20</u>	
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## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<b>GENERAL INFORMATION.....</b>	<b>4</b>
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT).....	4
OBJECTIVE .....	4
RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S).....	4
TEST METHODOLOGY .....	4
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY .....	5
TEST FACILITY .....	5
<b>SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION.....</b>	<b>6</b>
DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONFIGURATION .....	6
EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS .....	6
EUT EXERCISE SOFTWARE .....	6
DUTY CYCLE .....	7
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS .....	7
EXTERNAL I/O CABLE.....	7
BLOCK DIAGRAM OF TEST SETUP .....	8
<b>SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>TEST EQUIPMENT LIST .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>FCC §15.247 (i) &amp; §1.1307 (b) (1) &amp; §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE).....</b>	<b>11</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	11
RESULT .....	11
<b>FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT.....</b>	<b>12</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	12
ANTENNA CONNECTOR CONSTRUCTION .....	12
<b>FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS .....</b>	<b>13</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	13
EUT SETUP .....	13
EMI TEST RECEIVER SETUP.....	13
TEST PROCEDURE .....	13
CORRECTED FACTOR & MARGIN CALCULATION .....	14
TEST RESULTS SUMMARY .....	14
TEST DATA .....	14
<b>FCC §15.209, §15.205 &amp; §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.....</b>	<b>17</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	17
EUT SETUP .....	17
EMI TEST RECEIVER & SPECTRUM ANALYZER SETUP .....	18
TEST PROCEDURE .....	18
CORRECTED AMPLITUDE & MARGIN CALCULATION .....	18
TEST RESULTS SUMMARY .....	18
TEST DATA .....	19
<b>FCC §15.247(a) (2) – 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH.....</b>	<b>24</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	24
TEST PROCEDURE .....	24
TEST DATA .....	24

<b>FCC §15.247(b) (3) - MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER.....</b>	<b>27</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	27
TEST PROCEDURE .....	27
TEST DATA .....	27
<b>FCC §15.247(d) – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE.....</b>	<b>28</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	28
TEST PROCEDURE .....	28
TEST DATA .....	28
<b>FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY .....</b>	<b>30</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	30
TEST PROCEDURE .....	30
TEST DATA .....	30

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *Xoopar Limited*'s product, model number: *XBOY31009* (*FCC ID: YOAXBOY31009*) or the "EUT" in this report was a *GRAND XOOPAR BOY 8 inch Wireless Speaker*, which was measured approximately: 18.0 cm (L) x 16.5 cm (W) x 20.0 cm (H), rated with input voltage: DC 7.4 V from battery or DC 5V from adapter.

\* All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1702364 (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2017-10-30.

### Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Xoopar Limited* in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

### Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

FCC Part 15.247 DSS submissions with FCC ID: *YOAXBOY31009*.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

## Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5%
RF Output Power with Power meter	±0.5dB
RF conducted test with spectrum	±1.5dB
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions	±1.95dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.88dB
Temperature	±3 °C
Humidity	±6%
Supply voltages	±0.4%

## Test Facility

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) has been accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by CNAS (Lab code: L2408). And accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by NVLAP (Lab code: 200707-0), the FCC Designation No. CN5001 under the KDB 974614 D01.

The Federal Communications Commission has the reports on file and is listed under FCC Registration No.: 382179. The test site has been approved by the FCC for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) was registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number 3062B.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

For BLE mode, 40 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	20	2442
1	2404	21	2444
2	2406	22	2446
3	2408	23	2448
4	2410	24	2450
5	2412	25	2452
6	2414	26	2454
7	2416	27	2456
8	2418	28	2458
9	2420	29	2460
10	2422	30	2462
11	2424	31	2464
12	2426	32	2466
13	2428	33	2468
14	2430	34	2470
15	2432	35	2472
16	2434	36	2474
17	2436	37	2476
18	2438	38	2478
19	2440	39	2480

EUT was tested with Channel 0, 19 and 39.

### Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

### EUT Exercise Software

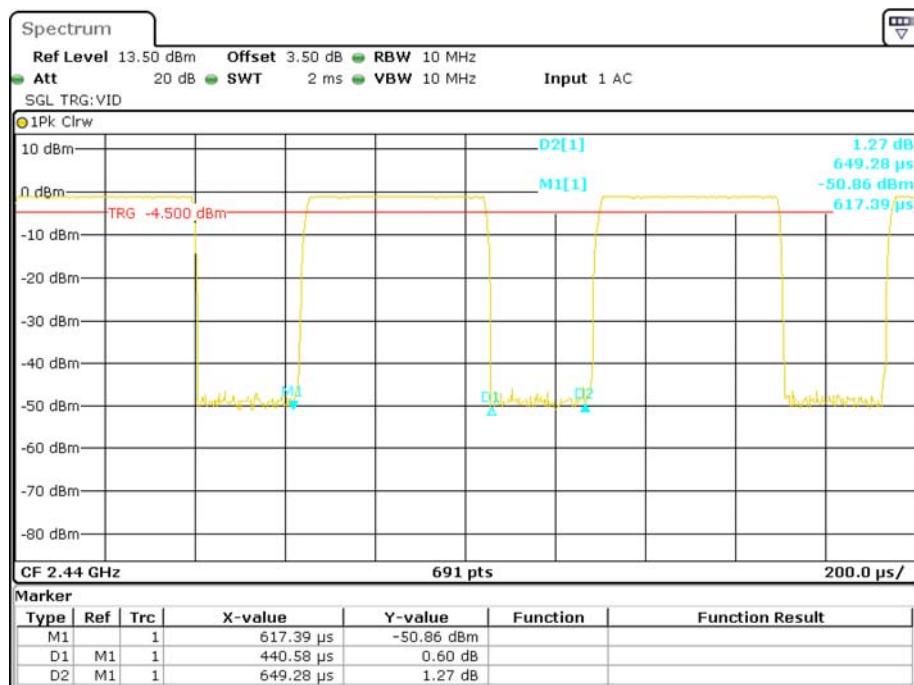
Software “Bluetest3” was used for BLE testing.

The device was tested with the worst case was performed as below:

Mode	Data rate	Power level		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
BLE	/	Default	Default	Default

## Duty cycle

### BLE Mode



Date: 6.NOV.2017 21:46:19

Band	Duty Cycle (%)	T( $\mu$ s)	1/T(kHz)	VBW Setting	10log(1/ Duty Cycle)
BLE	68	441	2.27	3kHz	1.67

## Support Equipment List and Details

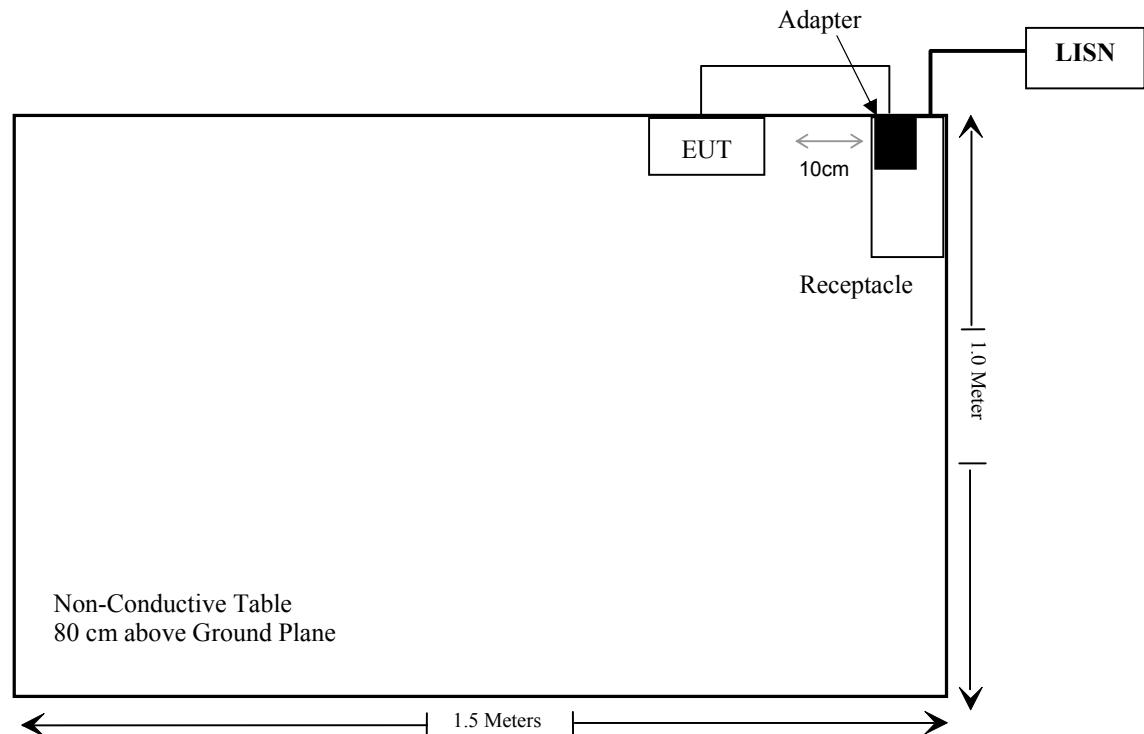
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
N/A	Adapter	MDY-03-EB	N/A

## External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Un-Shielding Detachable DC Cable	1.2	EUT	Adapter

**Block Diagram of Test Setup**

For conducted emission



**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1), §2.1091	MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)	Compliance
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.207 (a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions	Compliance
§15.247 (a)(2)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliance
§15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliance
§15.247(d)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliance
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance

## TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
<b>Conducted Emissions Test</b>					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS30	100176	2017-08-04	2018-08-04
Rohde & Schwarz	LISN	ENV216	3560.6650.12-101613-Yb	2016-12-07	2017-12-07
Rohde & Schwarz	Transient Limiter	ESH3Z2	DE25985	2017-05-21	2017-11-19
Rohde & Schwarz	CE Test software	EMC 32	V8.53.0	NCR	NCR
N/A	Conducted Emission Cable	N/A	UF A210B-1-0720-504504	2017-05-12	2017-11-12
<b>Radiated Emission Test</b>					
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2014-12-29	2017-12-28
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	8386001028	2017-04-24	2018-04-24
Mini	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	2017-05-21	2018-05-21
HP	Amplifier	HP8447E	1937A01046	2017-05-21	2017-11-19
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-2	2014-12-17	2017-12-16
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	101120	2016-12-07	2017-12-07
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	UFA210A-1-4724-30050U	MFR64369 223410-001	2017-05-21	2017-11-19
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	104PEA	218124002	2017-05-21	2017-11-19
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	1	2017-05-21	2017-11-19
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	2	2017-05-22	2017-11-22
Ducommun Technologies	Horn Antenna	ARH-4223-02	1007726-04	2014-12-29	2017-12-28
Ducommun Technologies	Pre-amplifier	ALN-22093530-01	991373-01	2017-08-03	2018-08-03
Sinoscite	Band Reject Filter	BSF2402-2480MN-0898-001	N/A	NCR	NCR
<b>RF Conducted Test</b>					
Agilent	P-Series Power Meter	N1912A	MY5000448	2016-12-05	2017-12-05
Agilent	Wideband Power Sensor	N1921A	MY54210016	2016-12-05	2017-12-05
WEINSCHL	3 dB Attenuator	N/A	N/A	2017-05-21	2017-11-19
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR	1316.3003K03-101746-zn	2017-08-17	2018-08-17
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	3	2017-05-22	2017-11-22

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## FCC §15.247 (i) & §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

### Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247 (i) and subpart 1.1307 (b)(1), 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (Minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

### Result

#### Calculated Formulary:

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Turn up Power		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
	(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)			
2402-2480	2	1.58	0	1	20	0.0003	1

Note: To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

### Result: Compliance

## **FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has an internal antenna arrangement, which was permanently attached and the antenna gain is 2 dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

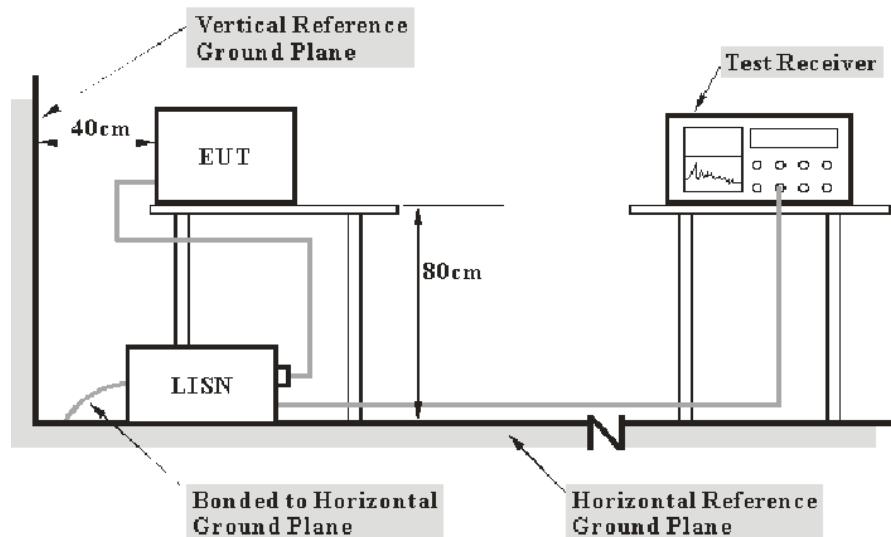
**Result:** Compliance.

## FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207

### EUT Setup



**Note:** 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.  
 2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

### EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

### Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the outlet of the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Corrected factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Correction Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss} + \text{Transient Limiter Attenuation}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207,

Refer to CISPR16-4-2:2011 and CISPR 16-4-1:2009, the measured level complies with the limit if

$$L_m + U_{(Lm)} \leq L_{\text{lim}} + U_{\text{cisp}}$$

In BACL,  $U_{(Lm)}$  is less than  $U_{\text{cisp}}$ , if  $L_m$  is less than  $L_{\text{lim}}$ , it implies that the EUT complies with the limit.

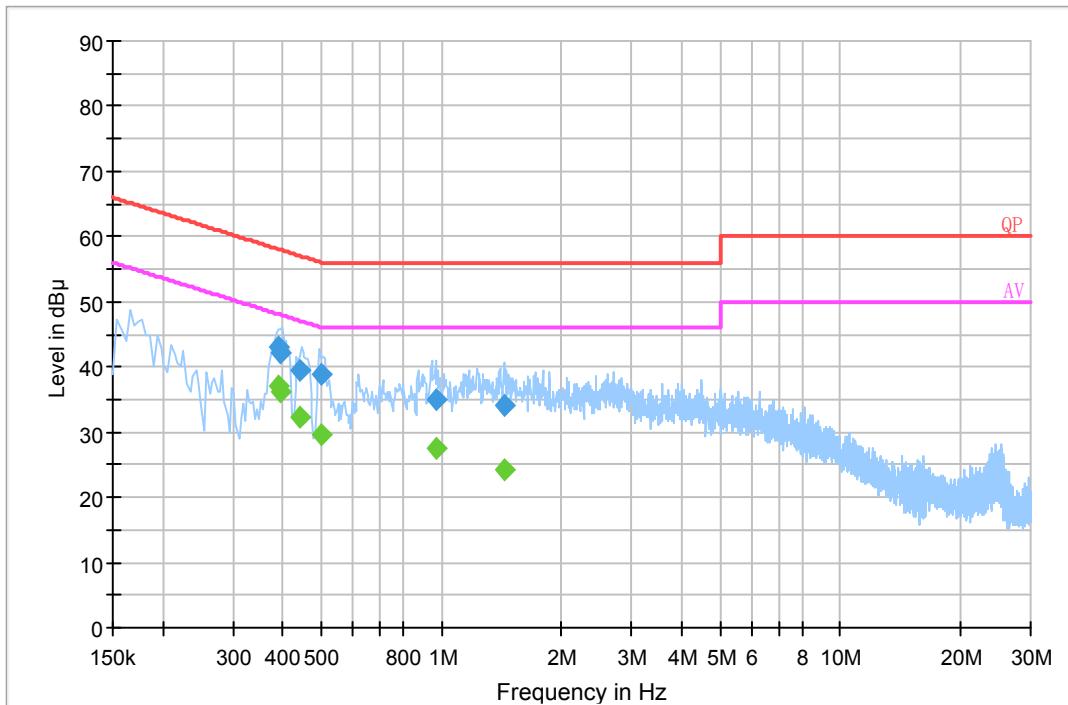
## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

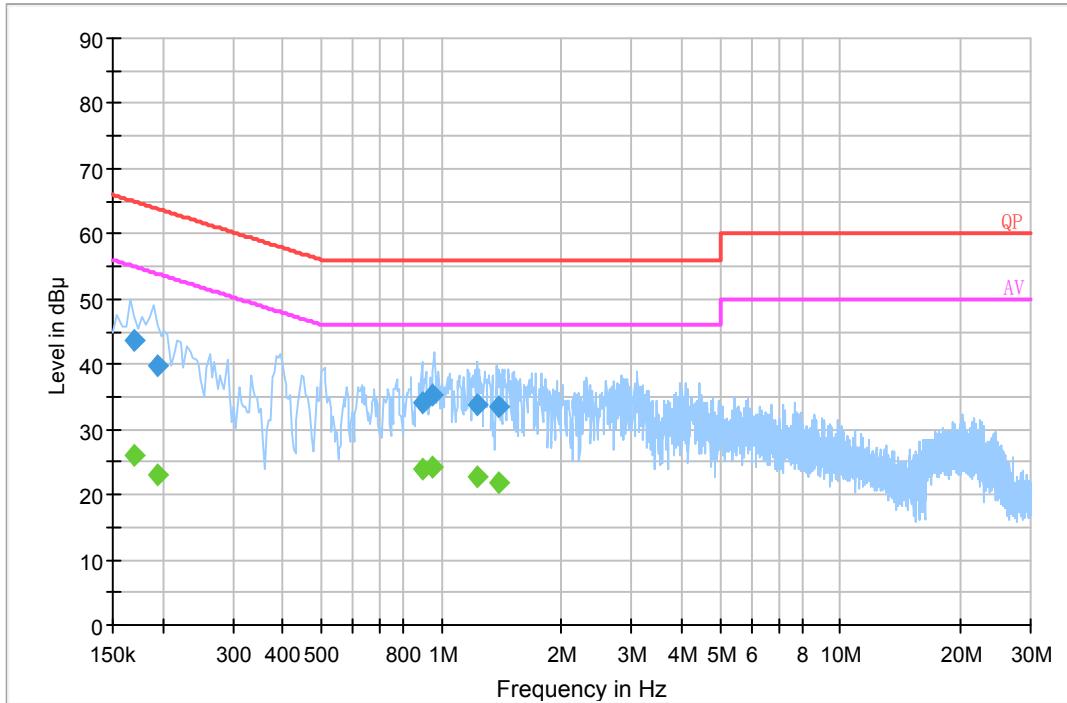
<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Kobe Li on 2017-11-09.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

**BLE Mode:****AC 120V/60 Hz, Line**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	Margin (dB)	Detector (PK/Ave./QP)
0.391790	43.0	20.2	58.0	15.0	QP
0.396030	42.3	20.2	57.9	15.6	QP
0.443310	39.6	20.2	57.0	17.4	QP
0.501410	38.9	20.2	56.0	17.1	QP
0.971510	34.9	20.1	56.0	21.1	QP
1.436490	34.0	20.1	56.0	22.0	QP
0.391790	37.1	20.2	48.0	10.9	Ave.
0.396030	36.2	20.2	47.9	11.7	Ave.
0.443310	32.3	20.2	47.0	14.7	Ave.
0.501410	29.6	20.2	46.0	16.4	Ave.
0.971510	27.6	20.1	46.0	18.4	Ave.
1.436490	24.3	20.1	46.0	21.7	Ave.

**AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	Margin (dB)	Detector (PK/Ave./QP)
0.169500	43.7	20.2	65.0	21.3	QP
0.194500	39.7	20.2	63.8	24.1	QP
0.896590	34.1	20.1	56.0	21.9	QP
0.951570	35.4	20.1	56.0	20.6	QP
1.235550	33.7	20.1	56.0	22.3	QP
1.398670	33.6	20.1	56.0	22.4	QP
0.169500	26.1	20.2	55.0	28.9	Ave.
0.194500	23.0	20.2	53.8	30.8	Ave.
0.896590	24.1	20.1	46.0	21.9	Ave.
0.951570	24.4	20.1	46.0	21.6	Ave.
1.235550	22.8	20.1	46.0	23.2	Ave.
1.398670	21.7	20.1	46.0	24.3	Ave.

**Note:**

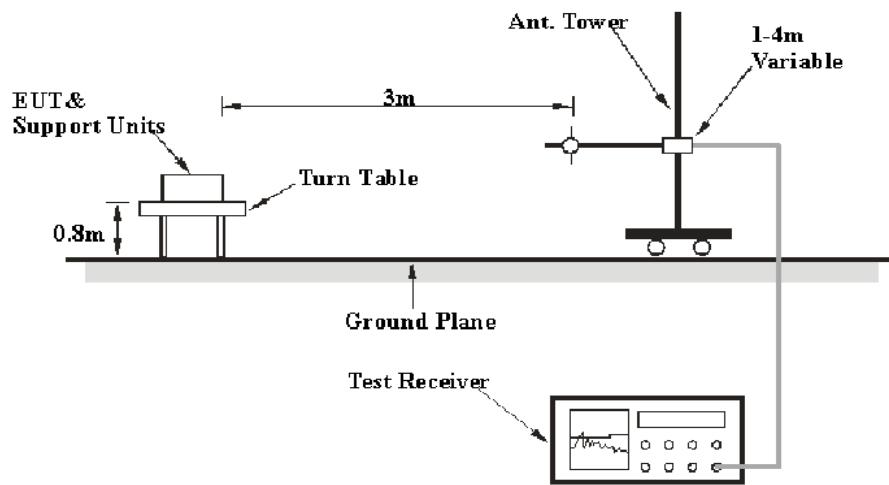
- 1) Correction Factor = LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor) + Cable Loss + Transient Limiter Attenuation
- 2) Corrected Amplitude = Reading + Correction Factor
- 3) Margin = Limit - Corrected Amplitude

**FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS****Applicable Standard**

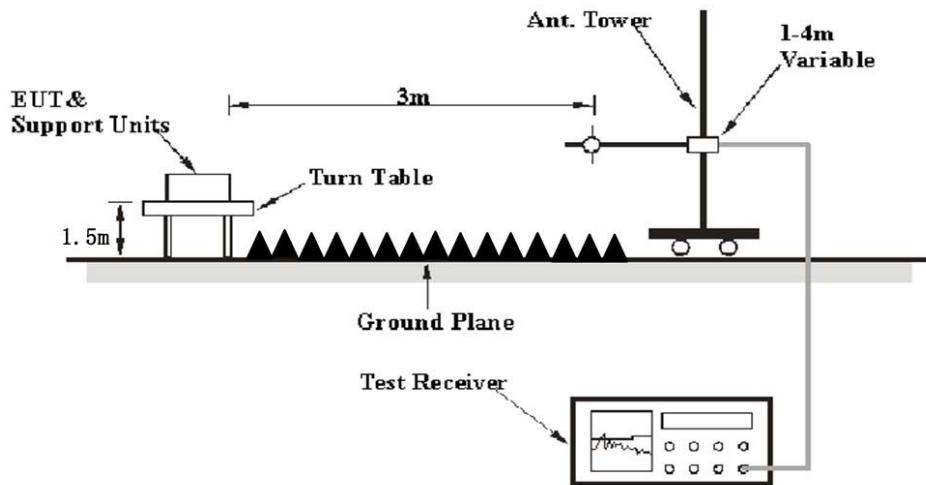
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

**EUT Setup**

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

## EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
	1MHz	10 Hz <sup>Note 1</sup>	/	Ave.
	1MHz	>1/T <sup>Note 2</sup>	/	Ave.

Note 1: when duty cycle is no less than 98%

Note 2: when duty cycle is less than 98%

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

## Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Amplitude} = \text{Meter Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247.

Refer to CISPR16-4-2:2011 and CISPR 16-4-1:2009, the measured level complies with the limit if

$$L_m + U_{(Lm)} \leq L_{\text{lim}} + U_{\text{cisp}}$$

In BACL,  $U_{(Lm)}$  is less than  $U_{\text{cisp}}$ , if  $L_m$  is less than  $L_{\text{lim}}$ , it implies that the EUT complies with the limit.

## Test Data

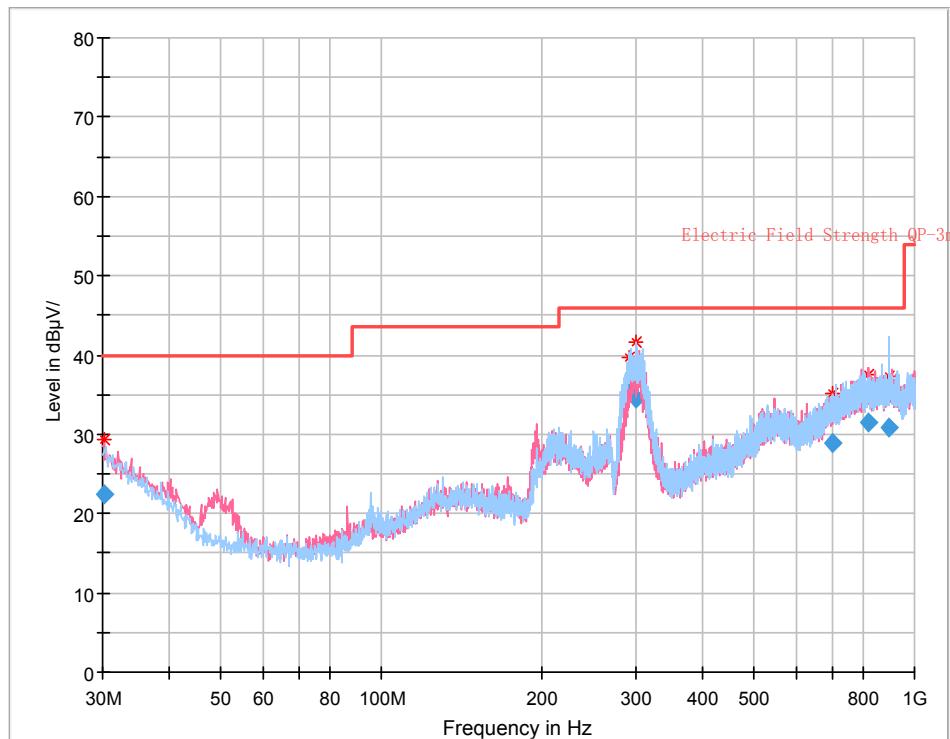
### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kobe Li on 2017-11-03 and 2017-11-06.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

### 30 MHz~1 GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna height (cm)	Antenna Polarity	Turntable position (degree)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
30.297501	22.44	329.0	V	245.0	0.1	40.00	17.56
292.255125	35.30	152.0	H	50.0	-3.0	46.00	10.70
301.177500	34.45	183.0	H	97.0	-2.9	46.00	11.55
702.313875	28.90	210.0	V	79.0	6.7	46.00	17.10
819.793000	31.38	400.0	V	0.0	9.0	46.00	14.62
897.705250	30.94	136.0	H	116.0	9.7	46.00	15.06

**1 GHz-25 GHz:****BLE Mode:**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	FCC Part 15.247/205/209	
	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	(PK/QP/Ave.)		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
<b>Low Channel (2402 MHz)</b>									
2402.00	61.73	PK	11	2.0	H	33.92	95.65	/	/
2402.00	55.45	Ave.	11	2.0	H	33.92	89.37	/	/
2402.00	56.42	PK	335	1.7	V	33.92	90.34	/	/
2402.00	51.49	Ave.	335	1.7	V	33.92	85.41	/	/
2372.36	27.37	PK	63	1.4	H	33.92	61.29	74	12.71
2372.36	13.74	Ave.	63	1.4	H	33.92	47.66	54	6.34
2355.34	26.84	PK	312	2.1	H	33.92	60.76	74	13.24
2355.34	13.53	Ave.	312	2.1	H	33.92	47.45	54	6.55
2488.98	26.11	PK	334	2.3	H	34.08	60.19	74	13.81
2488.98	13.10	Ave.	334	2.3	H	34.08	47.18	54	6.82
4804.00	49.85	PK	232	2.4	H	5.84	55.69	74	18.31
4804.00	35.03	Ave.	232	2.4	H	5.84	40.87	54	13.13
<b>Middle Channel (2440 MHz)</b>									
2440.00	63.56	PK	115	1.9	H	33.92	97.48	/	/
2440.00	58.19	Ave.	115	1.9	H	33.92	92.11	/	/
2440.00	59.12	PK	254	1.2	V	33.92	93.04	/	/
2440.00	53.63	Ave.	254	1.2	V	33.92	87.55	/	/
2375.28	27.25	PK	237	1.5	H	33.92	61.17	74	12.83
2375.28	13.78	Ave.	237	1.5	H	33.92	47.70	54	6.30
2382.46	27.28	PK	231	2.4	H	33.92	61.20	74	12.80
2382.46	13.79	Ave.	231	2.4	H	33.92	47.71	54	6.29
2489.66	27.40	PK	180	1.4	H	34.08	61.48	74	12.52
2489.66	13.28	Ave.	180	1.4	H	34.08	47.36	54	6.64
4880.00	50.15	PK	237	2.1	H	6.21	56.36	74	17.64
4880.00	35.53	Ave.	237	2.1	H	6.21	41.74	54	12.26

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	FCC Part 15.247/205/209	
	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	(PK/QP/Ave.)		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)			Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
<b>High Channel (2480 MHz)</b>									
2480.00	64.88	PK	321	1.0	H	34.08	98.96	/	/
2480.00	59.43	Ave.	321	1.0	H	34.08	93.51	/	/
2480.00	59.52	PK	293	1.2	V	34.08	93.60	/	/
2480.00	54.12	Ave.	293	1.2	V	34.08	88.20	/	/
2361.46	26.82	PK	232	1.3	H	33.92	60.74	74	13.26
2361.46	13.71	Ave.	232	1.3	H	33.92	47.63	54	6.37
2483.12	27.40	PK	170	2.2	H	34.08	61.48	74	12.52
2483.12	14.05	Ave.	170	2.2	H	34.08	48.13	54	5.87
2483.58	27.12	PK	115	2.4	H	34.08	61.20	74	12.80
2483.58	14.02	Ave.	115	2.4	H	34.08	48.10	54	5.90
4960.00	50.28	PK	97	1.0	H	7.82	58.10	74	15.90
4960.00	35.72	Ave.	97	1.0	H	7.82	43.54	54	10.46

**Note:**

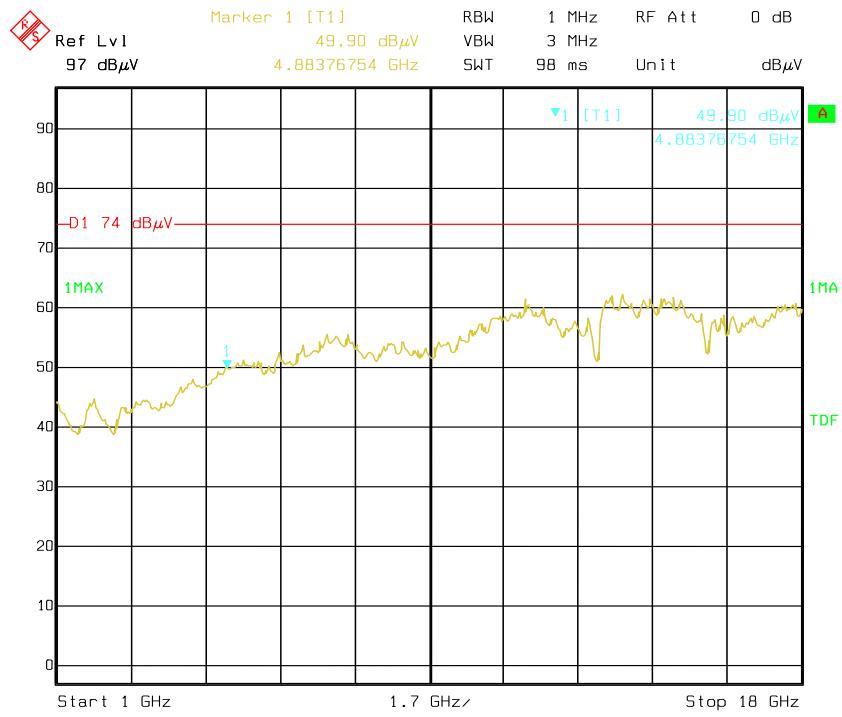
Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor

Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading

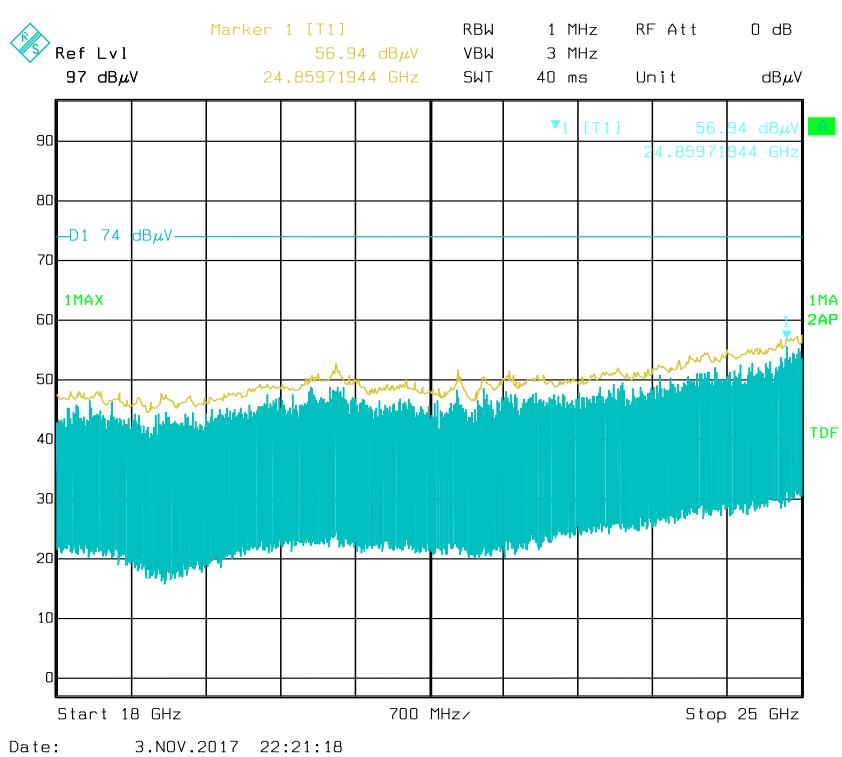
Margin = Limit - Corrected. Amplitude

The other spurious emission which is 20dB to the limit was not recorded.

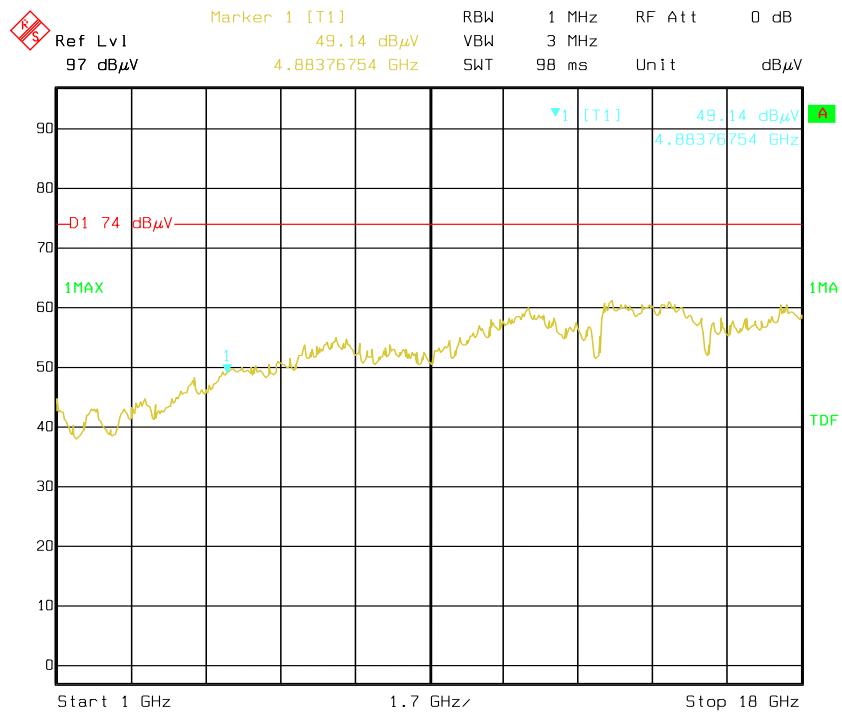
## Middle channel- H (1-18 GHz)



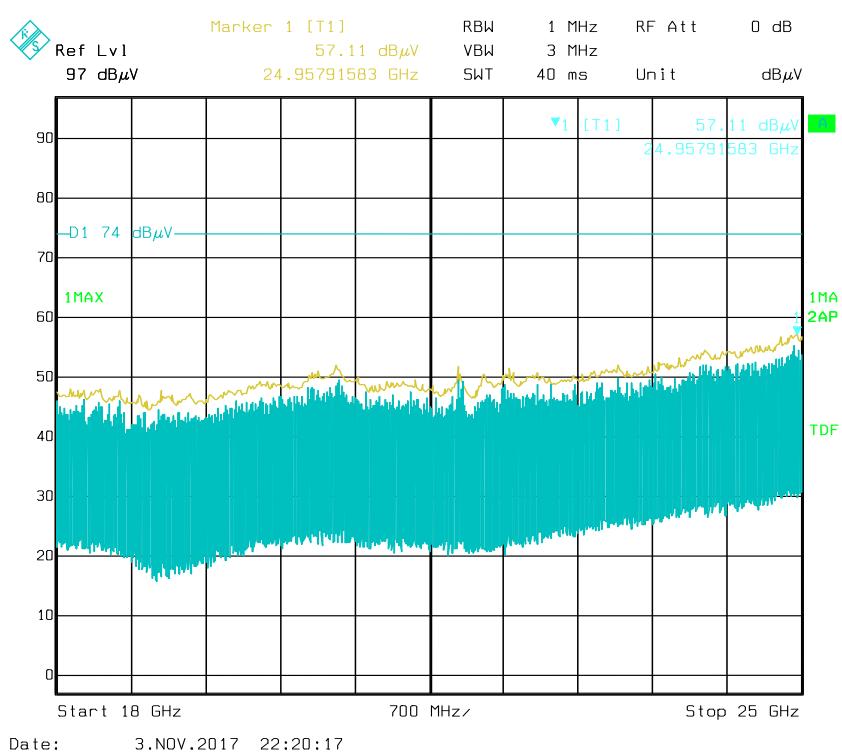
## Middle channel-H (18-25 GHz)



## Middle channel-V (1-18 GHz)



## Middle channel-V (18-25 GHz)



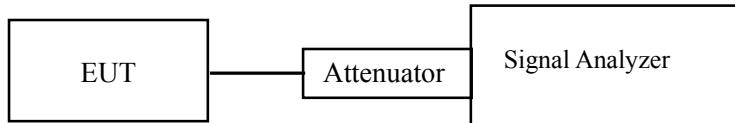
## FCC §15.247(a) (2) – 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

### Applicable Standard

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kobe Li on 2017-11-06.

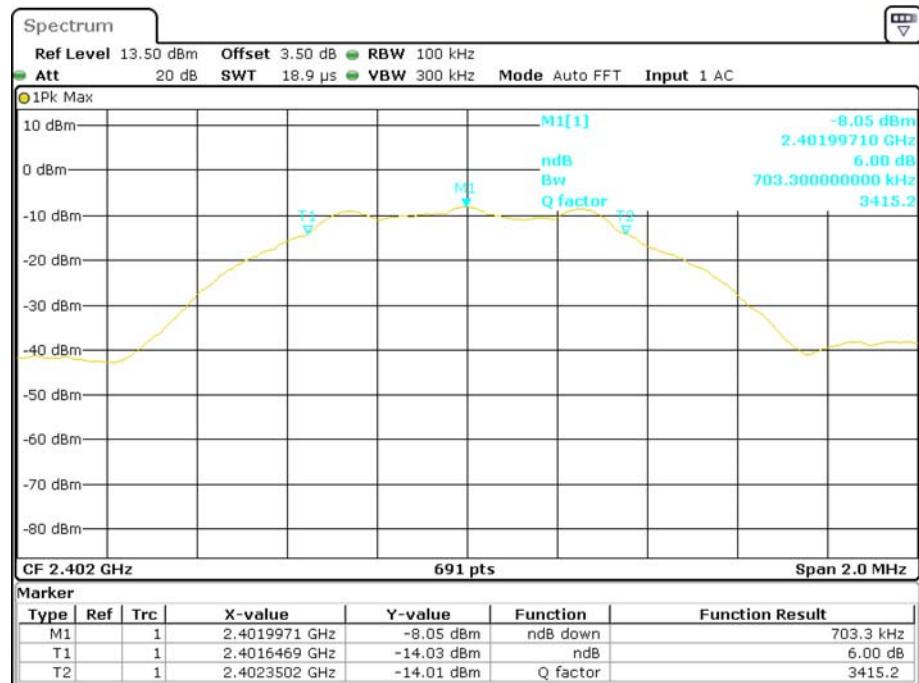
**Test Result:** Pass.

Please refer to the following table and plots.

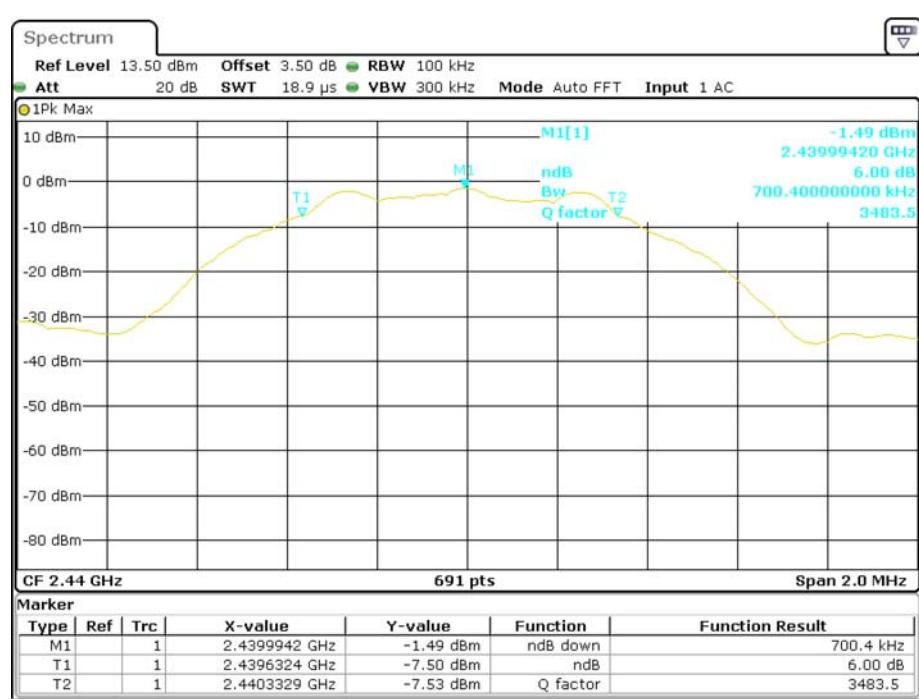
*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

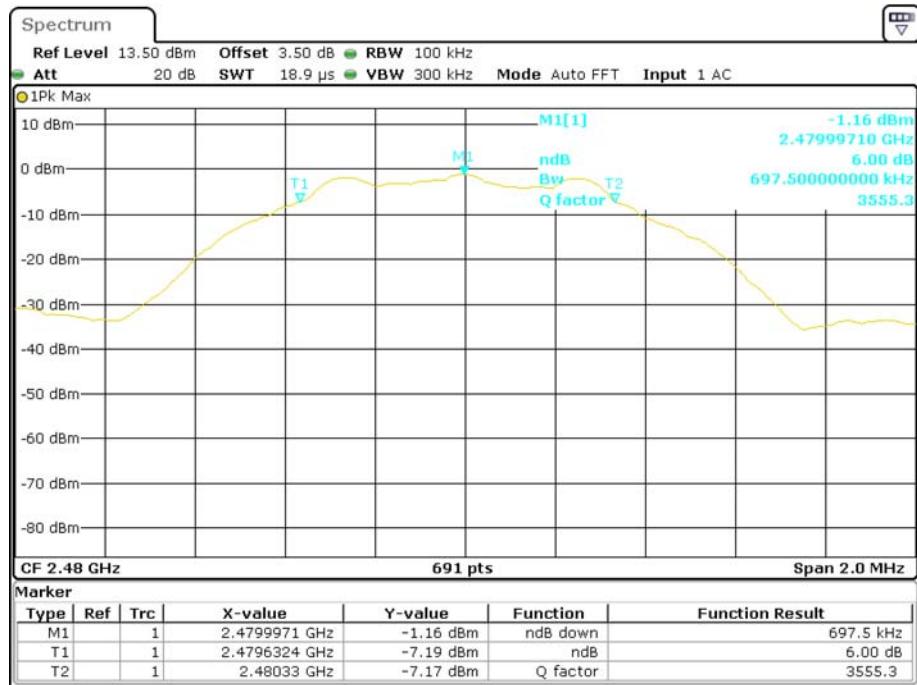
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth(MHz)	Limit (kHz)
BLE mode			
Low	2402	0.703	≥500
Middle	2440	0.700	≥500
High	2480	0.698	≥500

## BLE Low Channel



## BLE Middle Channel



**BLE High Channel**

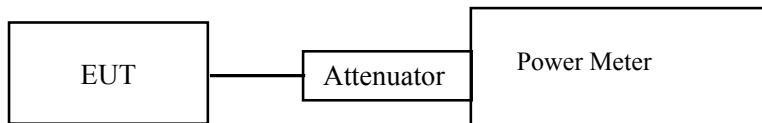
## FCC §15.247(b) (3) - MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kobe Li on 2017-11-06.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

#### BLE mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2402	-7.64	30	Pass
Middle	2440	-1.22	30	Pass
High	2480	-0.94	30	Pass

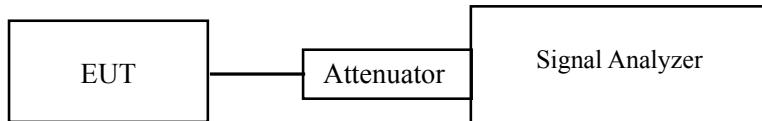
## FCC §15.247(d) – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

### Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

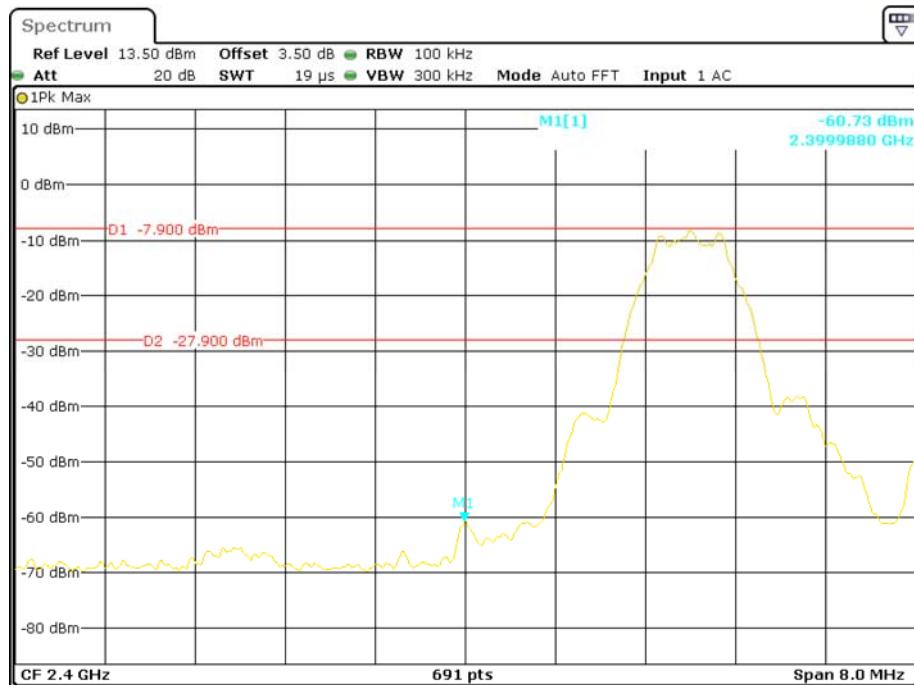
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kobe Li on 2017-11-06.

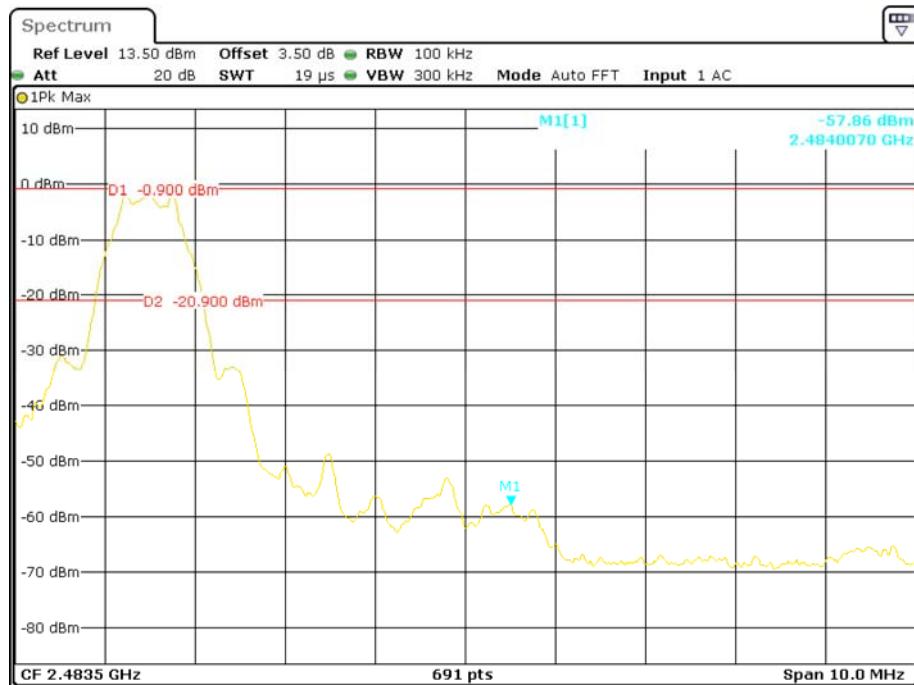
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

**Test Result:** Compliance

Please refer to the following plots.

**BLE: Band Edge, Left Side**

Date: 6.NOV.2017 21:34:15

**BLE: Band Edge, Right Side**

Date: 6.NOV.2017 21:32:44

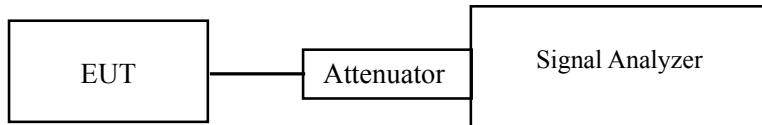
## FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### Test Procedure

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW to:  $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{ kHz}$ .
3. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

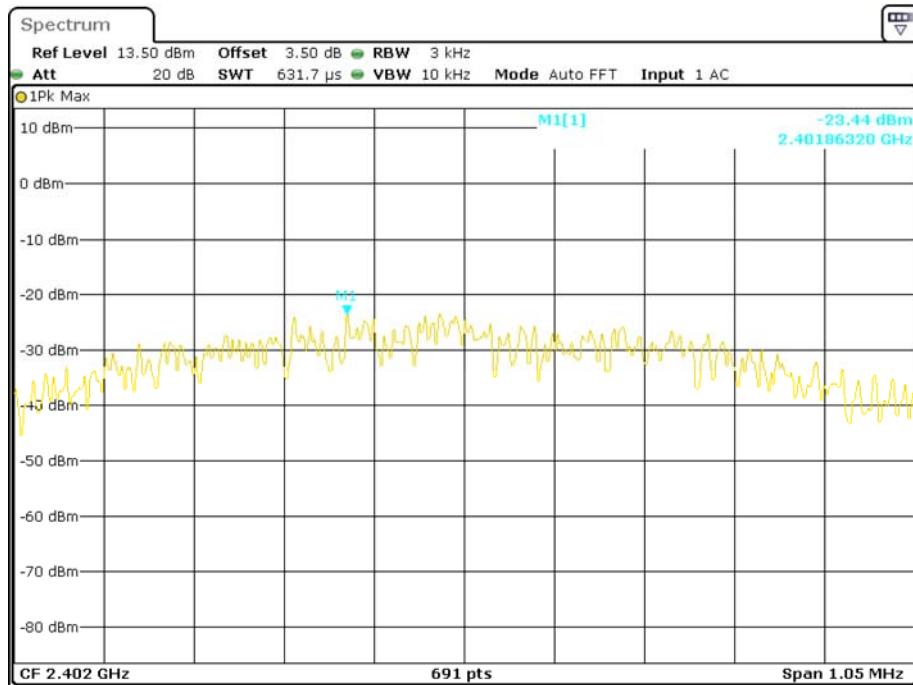
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kobe Li on 2017-11-06

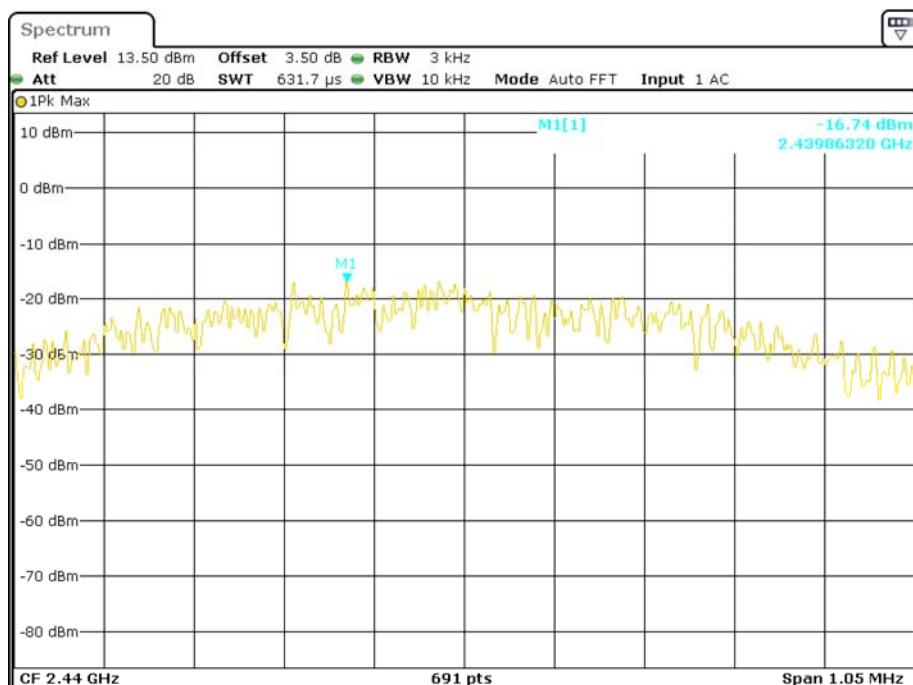
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass

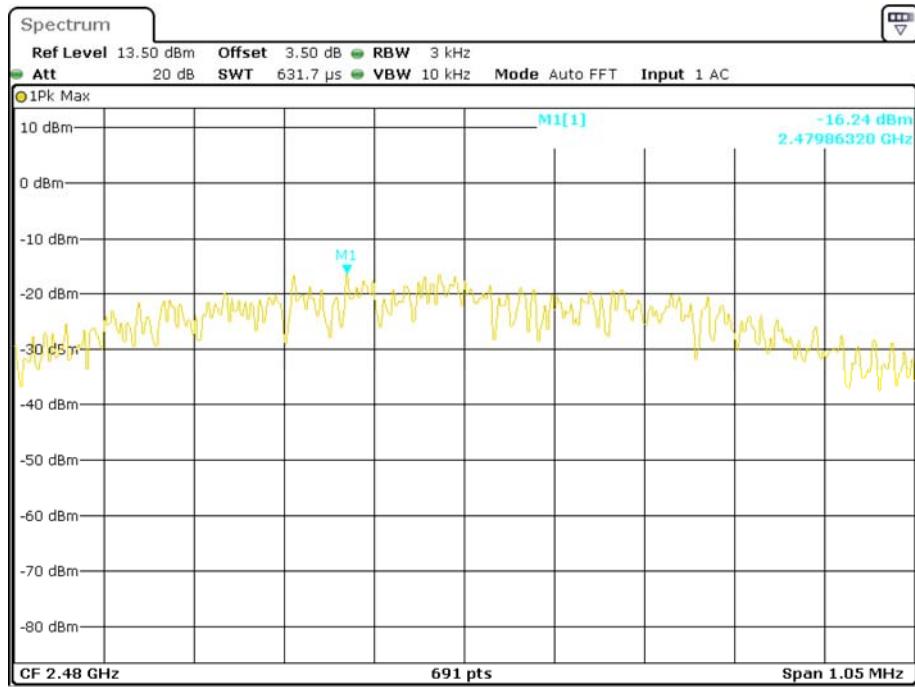
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
BLE mode			
Low	2402	-23.44	≤8
Middle	2440	-16.74	≤8
High	2480	-16.24	≤8

**Power Spectral Density, BLE Low Channel**

Date: 6.NOV.2017 21:43:00

**Power Spectral Density, BLE Middle Channel**

Date: 6.NOV.2017 21:42:20

**Power Spectral Density, BLE High Channel**

Date: 6.NOV.2017 21:41:44

**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***