

# Probe ET3DV6

## SN:1711

Manufactured: August 7, 2002  
Calibrated: September 22, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1711

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|                                                           | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 1.88     | 1.85     | 2.05     | ± 10.1 %  |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 100.1    | 100.6    | 99.2     |           |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 | 0.00    | 267.4    | ±3.5 %                    |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 280.5    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 275.0    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1711

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 450                  | 43.5                               | 0.87                            | 7.37    | 7.37    | 7.37    | 0.25               | 2.86                    | ± 13.3 %    |
| 750                  | 41.9                               | 0.89                            | 6.76    | 6.76    | 6.76    | 0.56               | 1.96                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 900                  | 41.5                               | 0.97                            | 6.31    | 6.31    | 6.31    | 0.30               | 3.00                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1750                 | 40.1                               | 1.37                            | 5.25    | 5.25    | 5.25    | 0.69               | 2.19                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1810                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 5.21    | 5.21    | 5.21    | 0.80               | 2.02                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1950                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 5.04    | 5.04    | 5.04    | 0.80               | 2.02                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2150                 | 39.7                               | 1.53                            | 4.83    | 4.83    | 4.83    | 0.80               | 1.92                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 4.45    | 4.45    | 4.45    | 0.80               | 1.63                    | ± 12.0 %    |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1711

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 450                  | 56.7                               | 0.94                            | 7.52    | 7.52    | 7.52    | 0.19               | 2.15                    | ± 13.3 %    |
| 750                  | 55.5                               | 0.96                            | 6.26    | 6.26    | 6.26    | 0.28               | 2.85                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 900                  | 55.0                               | 1.05                            | 6.05    | 6.05    | 6.05    | 0.32               | 3.00                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1750                 | 53.4                               | 1.49                            | 4.74    | 4.74    | 4.74    | 0.80               | 2.46                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1810                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 4.63    | 4.63    | 4.63    | 0.80               | 2.44                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1950                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 4.67    | 4.67    | 4.67    | 0.80               | 2.35                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2150                 | 53.1                               | 1.66                            | 4.46    | 4.46    | 4.46    | 0.80               | 1.99                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2450                 | 52.7                               | 1.95                            | 4.08    | 4.08    | 4.08    | 0.68               | 1.24                    | ± 12.0 %    |

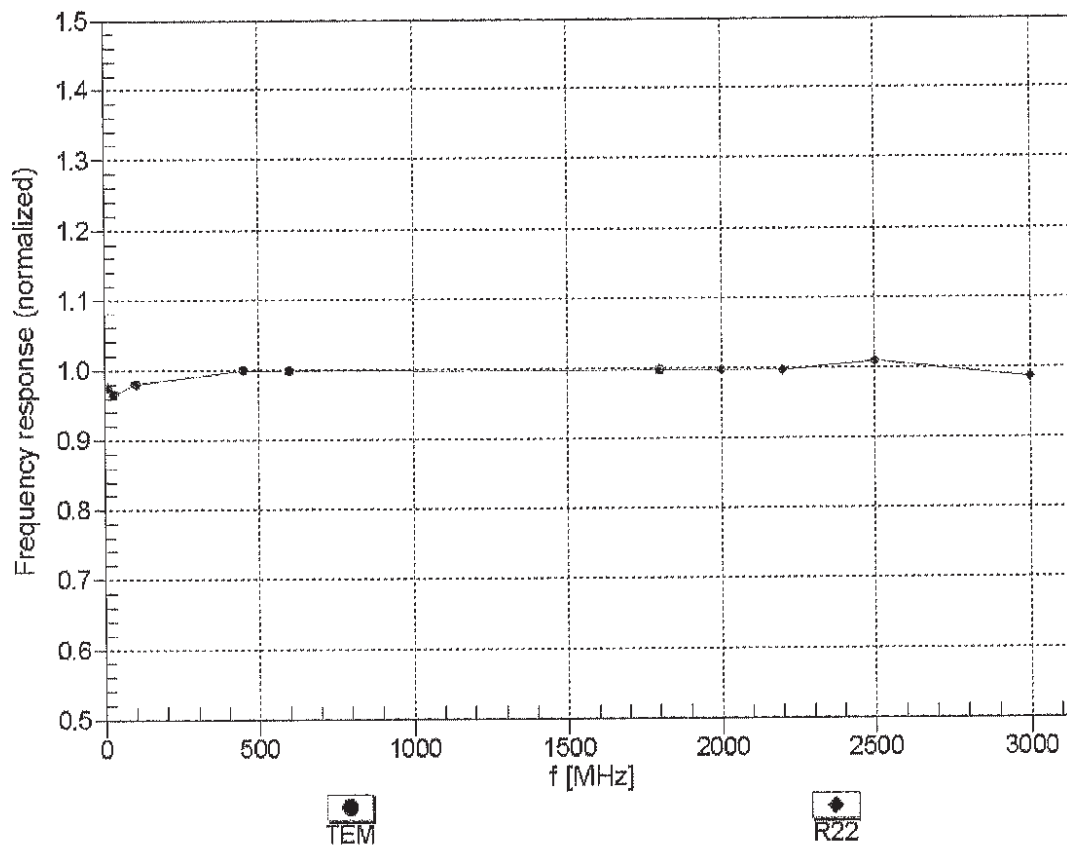
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

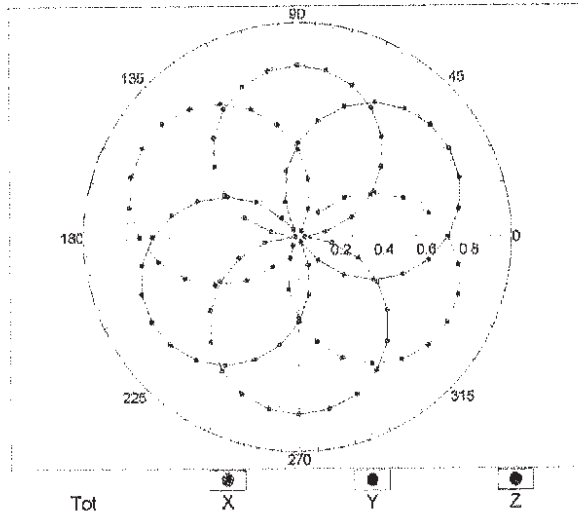
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



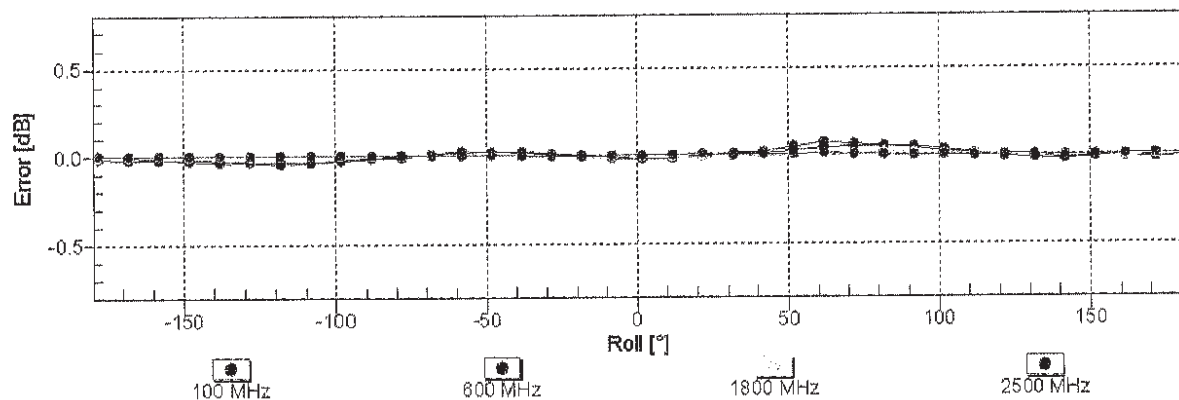
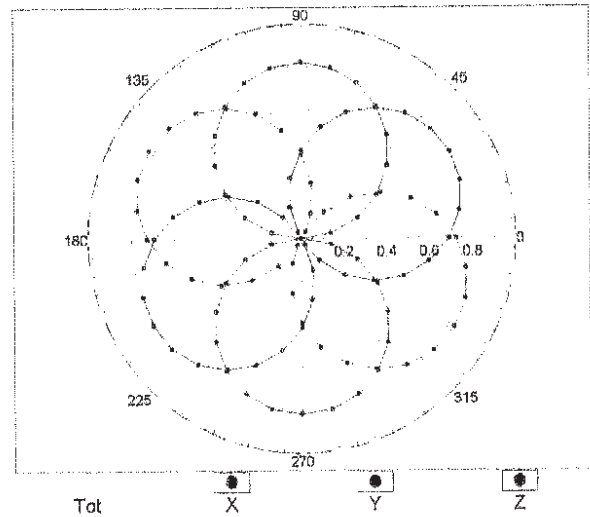
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

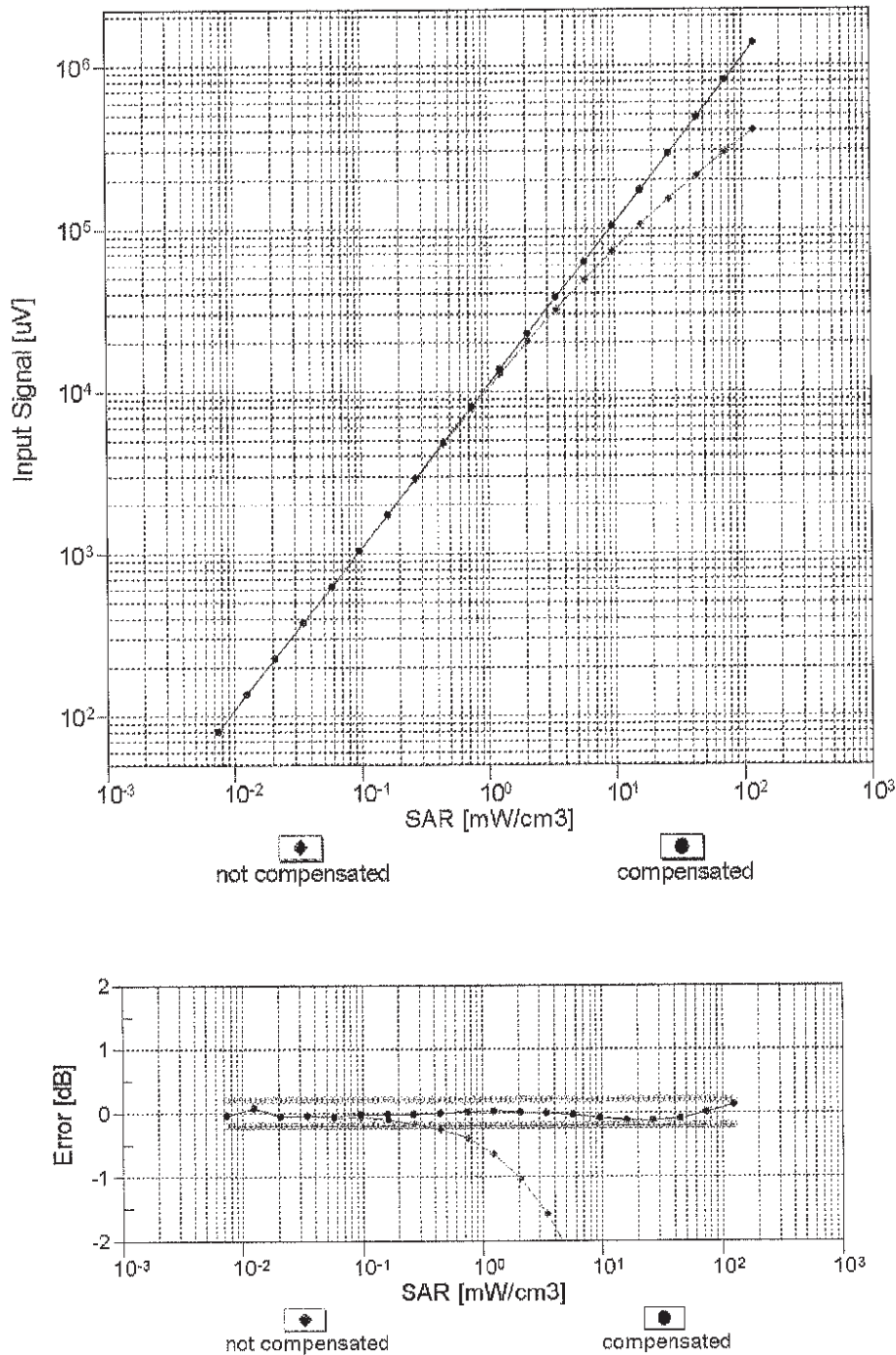


f=1800 MHz,R22



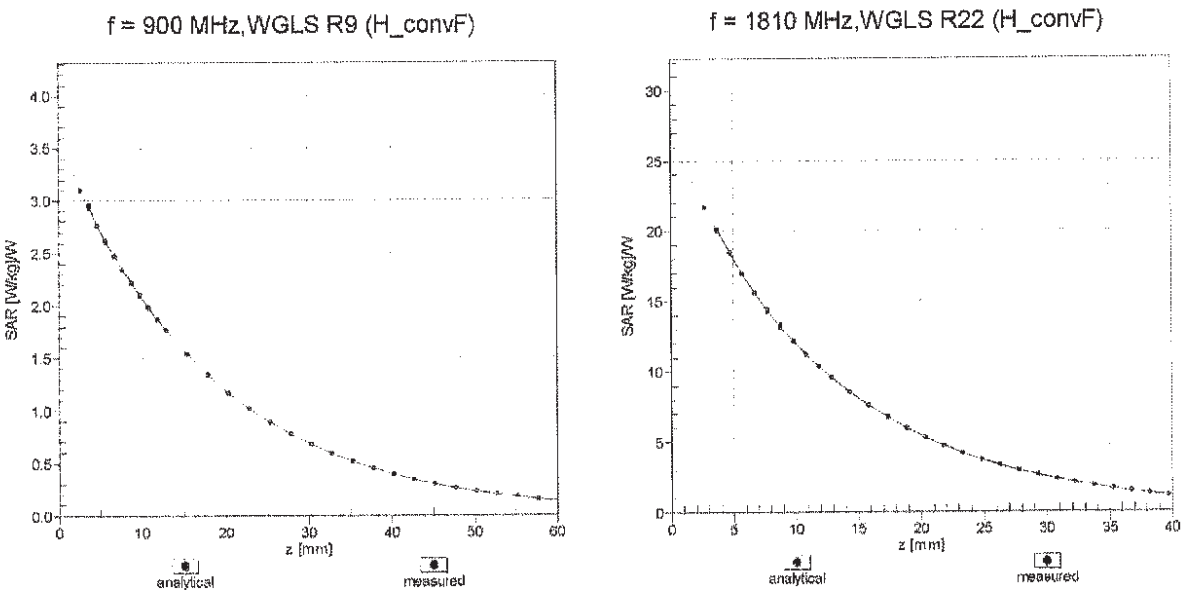
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)  
(TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

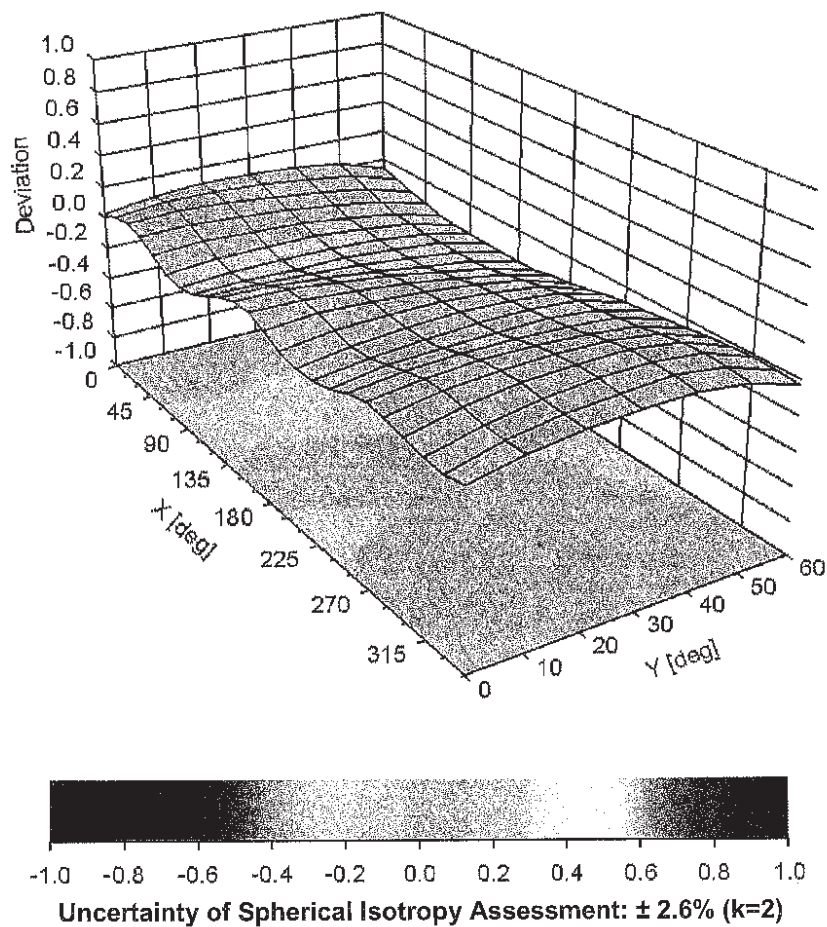


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1711

### Other Probe Parameters

|                                               |            |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | -108.2     |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | enabled    |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337 mm     |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10 mm      |
| Tip Length                                    | 10 mm      |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 6.8 mm     |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 2.7 mm     |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 2.7 mm     |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 2.7 mm     |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 4 mm       |

EF00826

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**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Eurofins**

Certificate No: **EX3-3893\_Sep14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3893**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**  
**Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **September 24, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID              | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB41293874      | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)         | Apr-15                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087      | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5054 (3c)  | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 3013        | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)    | Dec-14                 |
| DAE4                       | SN: 660         | 13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)    | Dec-14                 |
| Secondary Standards        | ID              | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator HP 8648C      | US3642U01700    | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)  | In house check: Apr-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585      | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

|                |                               |                                          |                                                                                                    |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br><b>Jeton Kastreti</b> | Function<br><b>Laboratory Technician</b> | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | Name<br><b>Katja Pokovic</b>  | Function<br><b>Technical Manager</b>     | Signature<br> |

Issued: September 24, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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### Glossary:

|                          |                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid                                                                                                                                |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space                                                                                                                               |
| ConvF                    | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>                                                                                                              |
| DCP                      | diode compression point                                                                                                                                 |
| CF                       | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal                                                                                                            |
| A, B, C, D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters                                                                                                           |
| Polarization $\phi$      | $\phi$ rotation around probe axis                                                                                                                       |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),<br>i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle          | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system                                                                  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>; A, B, C, D** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3893

Manufactured: October 9, 2012  
Calibrated: September 24, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3893

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|                                                           | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2)     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 0.56     | 0.42     | 0.33     | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 97.9     | 101.7    | 96.5     |               |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 | 0.00    | 128.8    | $\pm 3.3 \%$              |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 129.5    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 143.2    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3893

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 7.50    | 7.50    | 7.50    | 0.28               | 0.97                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 5200                 | 36.0                               | 4.66                            | 5.42    | 5.42    | 5.42    | 0.30               | 1.80                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5500                 | 35.6                               | 4.96                            | 5.05    | 5.05    | 5.05    | 0.35               | 1.80                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5800                 | 35.3                               | 5.27                            | 4.78    | 4.78    | 4.78    | 0.40               | 1.80                    | ± 13.1 %    |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm 100$  MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm 50$  MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm 10$ , 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm 1\%$  for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm 2\%$  for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3893

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 2600                 | 52.5                               | 2.16                            | 7.52    | 7.52    | 7.52    | 0.80               | 0.50                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 5200                 | 49.0                               | 5.30                            | 4.64    | 4.64    | 4.64    | 0.40               | 1.90                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5500                 | 48.6                               | 5.65                            | 4.25    | 4.25    | 4.25    | 0.40               | 1.90                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5800                 | 48.2                               | 6.00                            | 4.32    | 4.32    | 4.32    | 0.45               | 1.90                    | ± 13.1 %    |

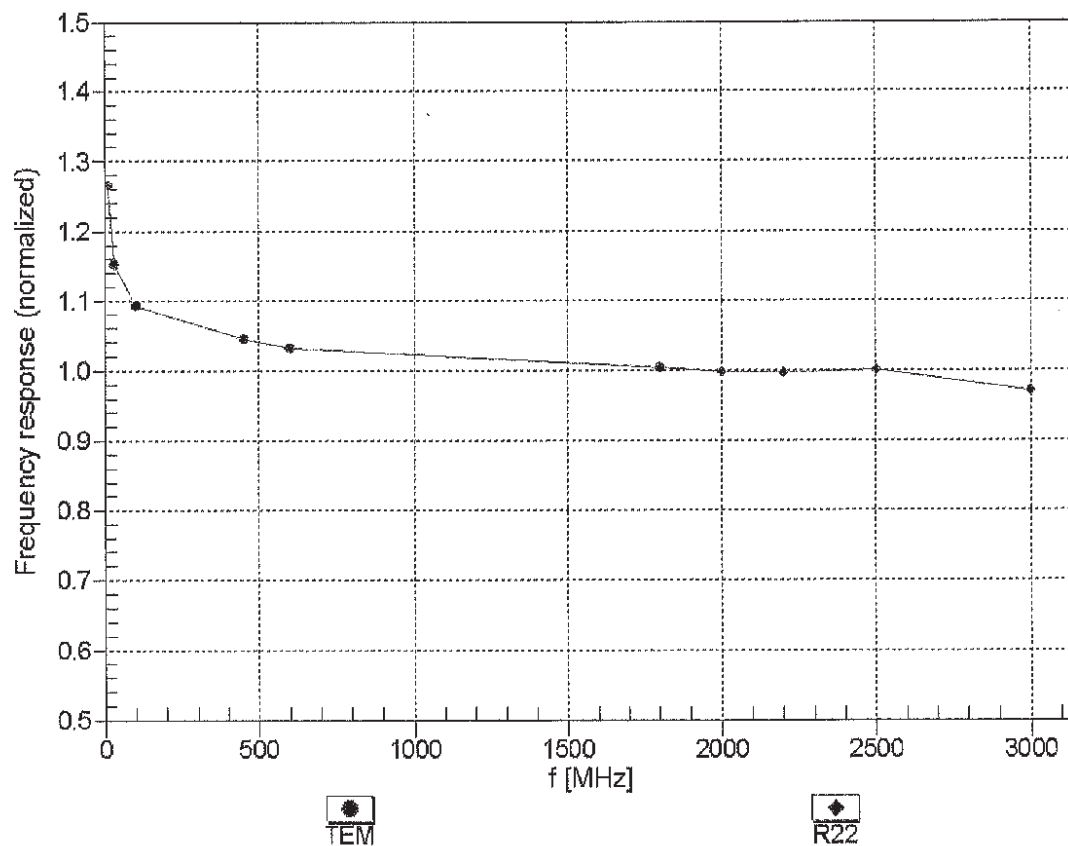
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

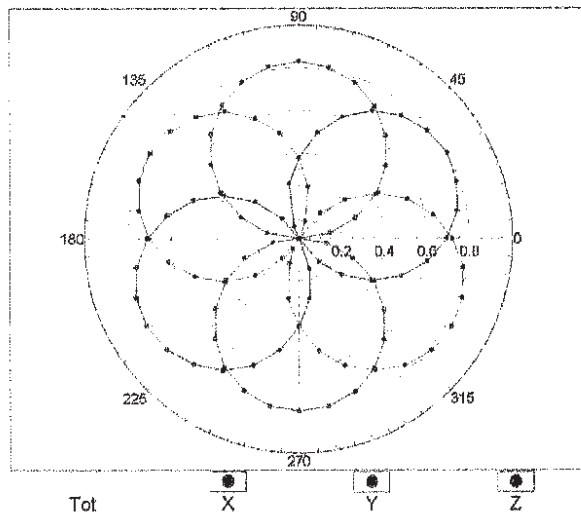
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



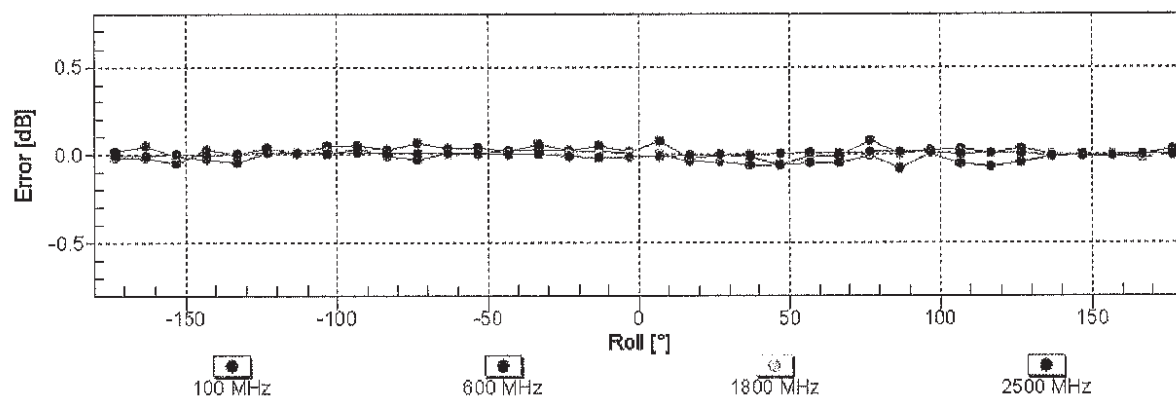
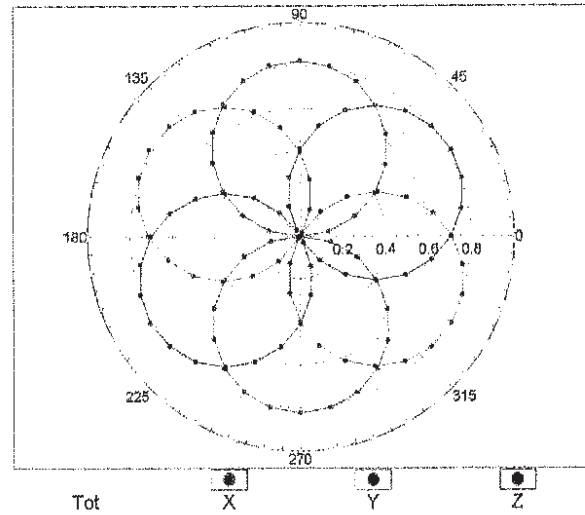
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

$f=600$  MHz, TEM

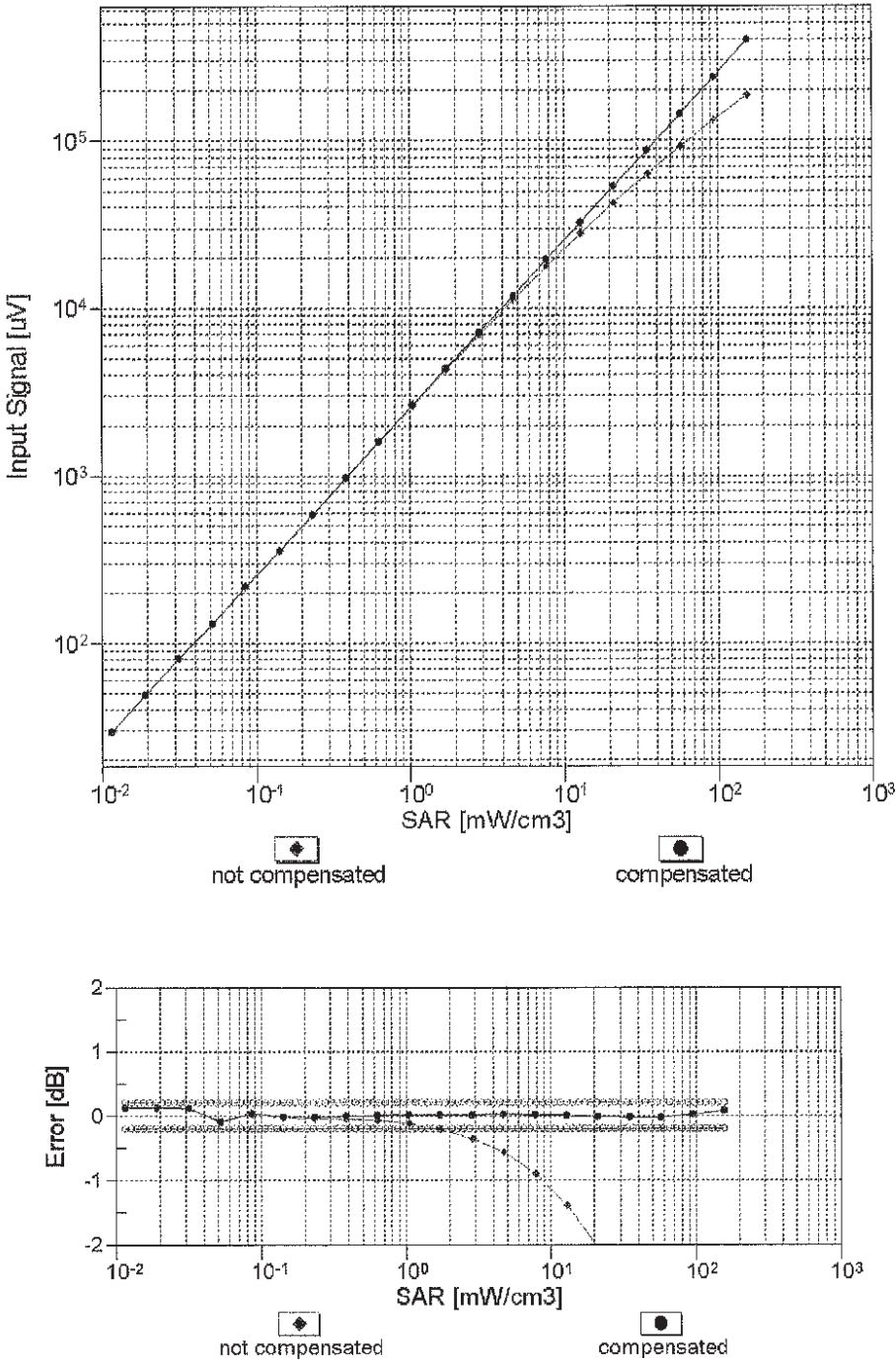


$f=1800$  MHz, R22



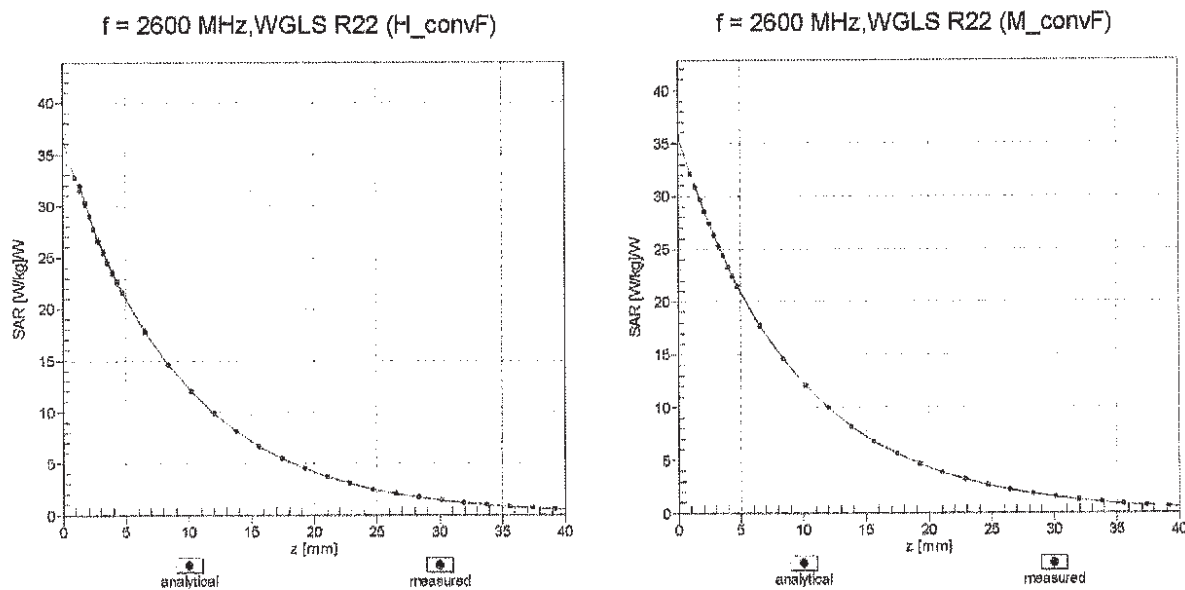
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)  
(TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)



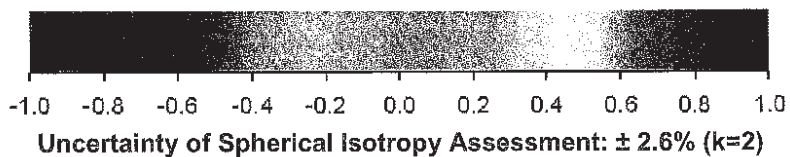
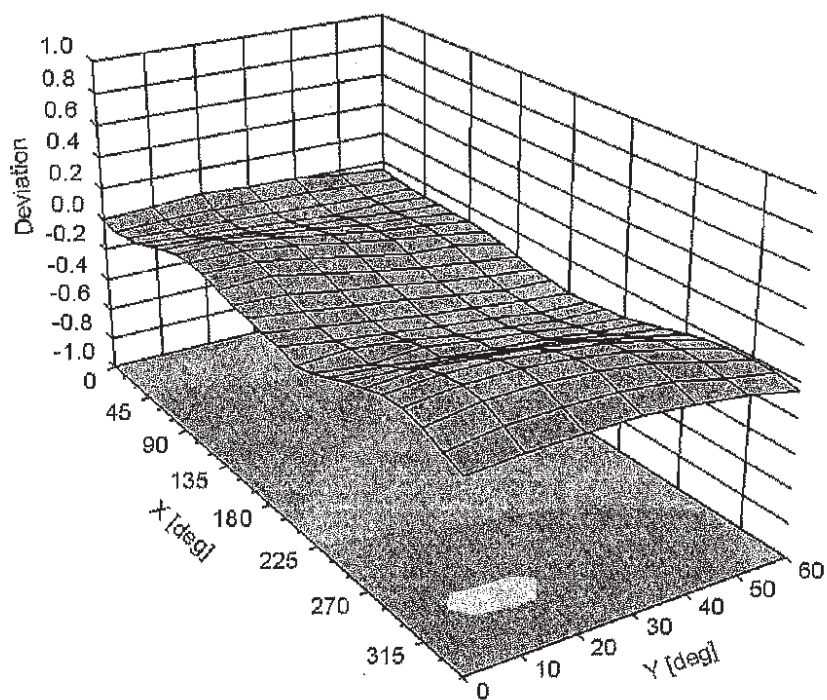
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ),  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3893

### Other Probe Parameters

|                                               |            |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | -23.2      |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disabled   |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337 mm     |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10 mm      |
| Tip Length                                    | 9 mm       |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 2.5 mm     |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4 mm     |



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Eurofins**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-722\_Sep12**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 722**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **September 13, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)         | Oct-12                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)         | Oct-12                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)         | Apr-13                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)         | Apr-13                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3205           | 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)    | Dec-12                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)    | Jun-13                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100005             | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-12 |

Calibrated by: **Jeton Kastrati** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: September 13, 2012

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                        |             |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                  | V52.8.2     |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 10 mm                  | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz   |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 39.2           | 1.80 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 39.9 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.84 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                | 250 mW input power | 13.2 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>52.5 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 6.14 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.5 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 52.7           | 1.95 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 51.0 $\pm$ 6 % | 2.01 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Body TSL

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                | 250 mW input power | 12.9 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>50.5 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 6.03 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>23.8 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $52.3 \Omega + 7.6 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 22.2 dB                   |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $48.8 \Omega + 8.4 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 21.3 dB                   |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.152 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG            |
| Manufactured on | October 16, 2002 |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 13.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 722**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.84$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

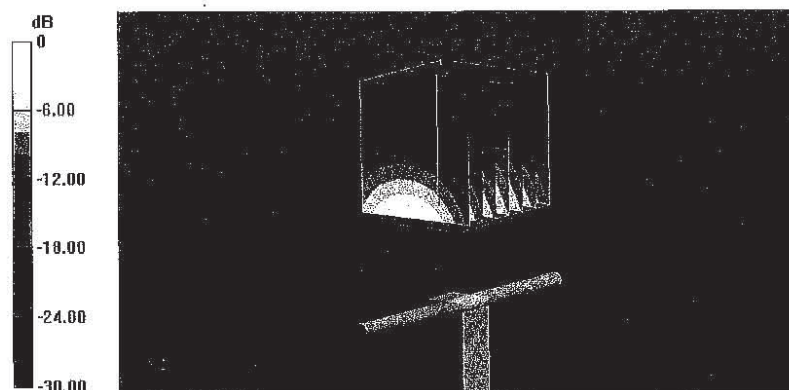
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.454 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.064 mW/g

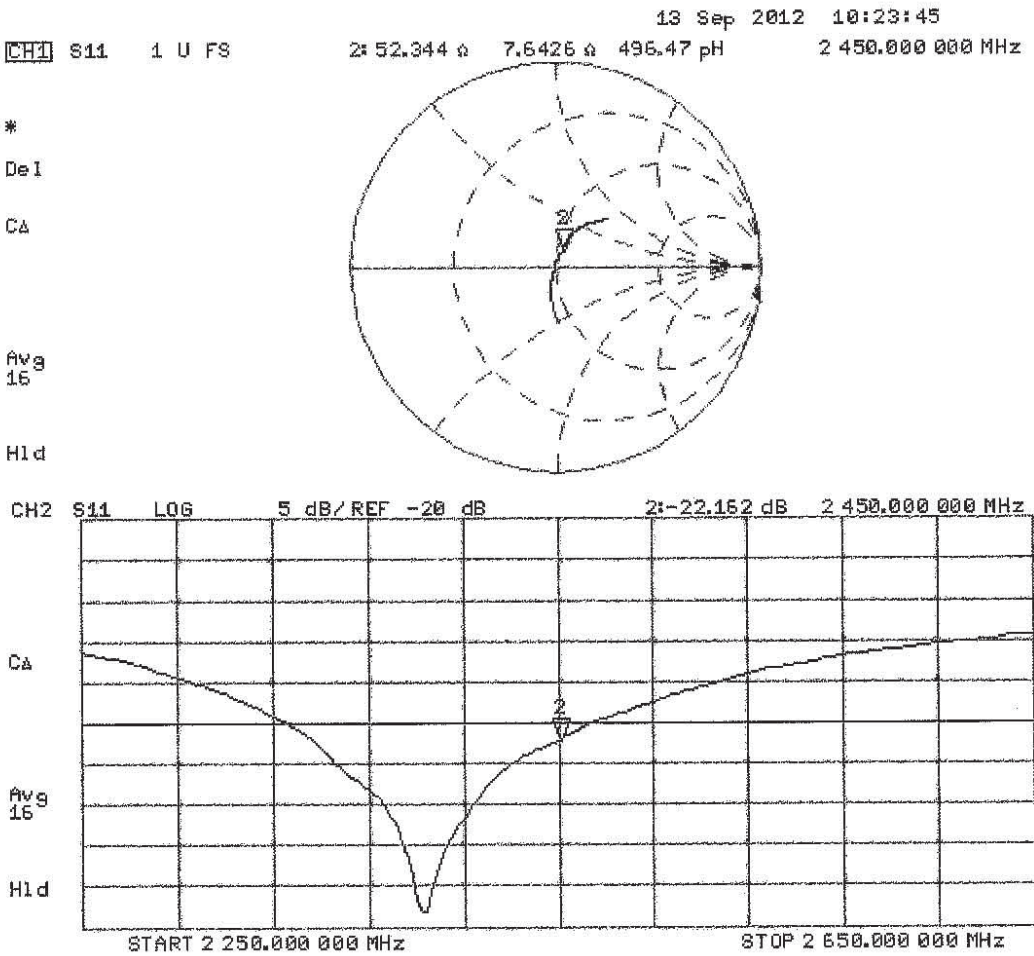
**SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.14 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.6 W/kg



0 dB = 16.6 W/kg = 24.40 dB W/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 13.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 722**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.01$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

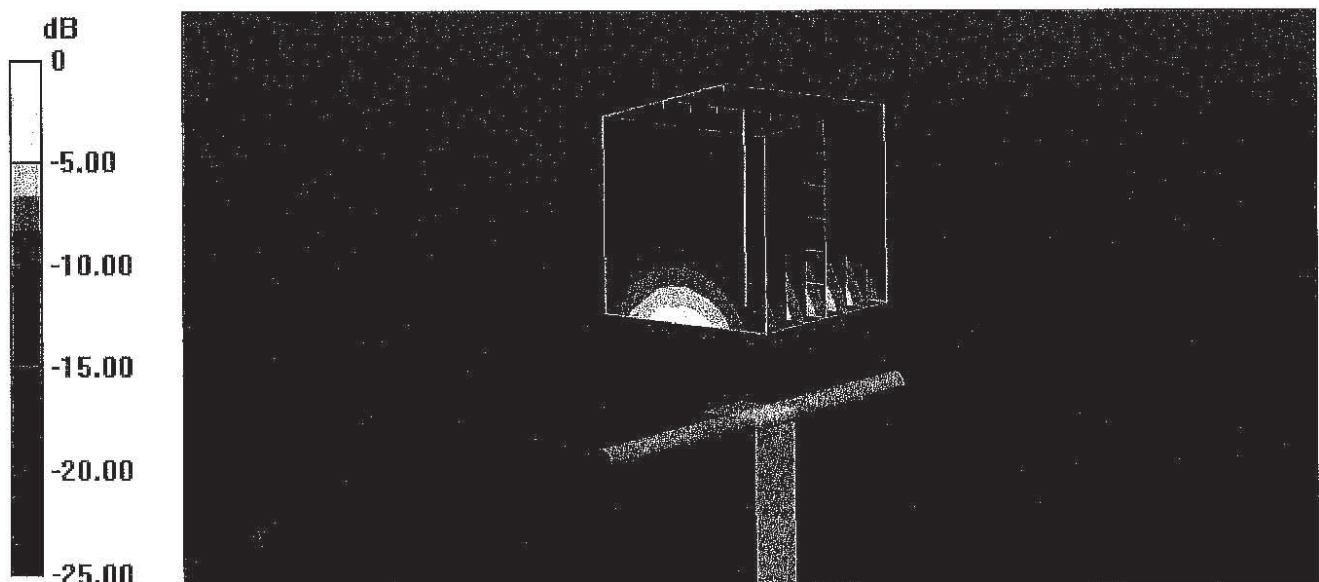
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.538 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.530 mW/g

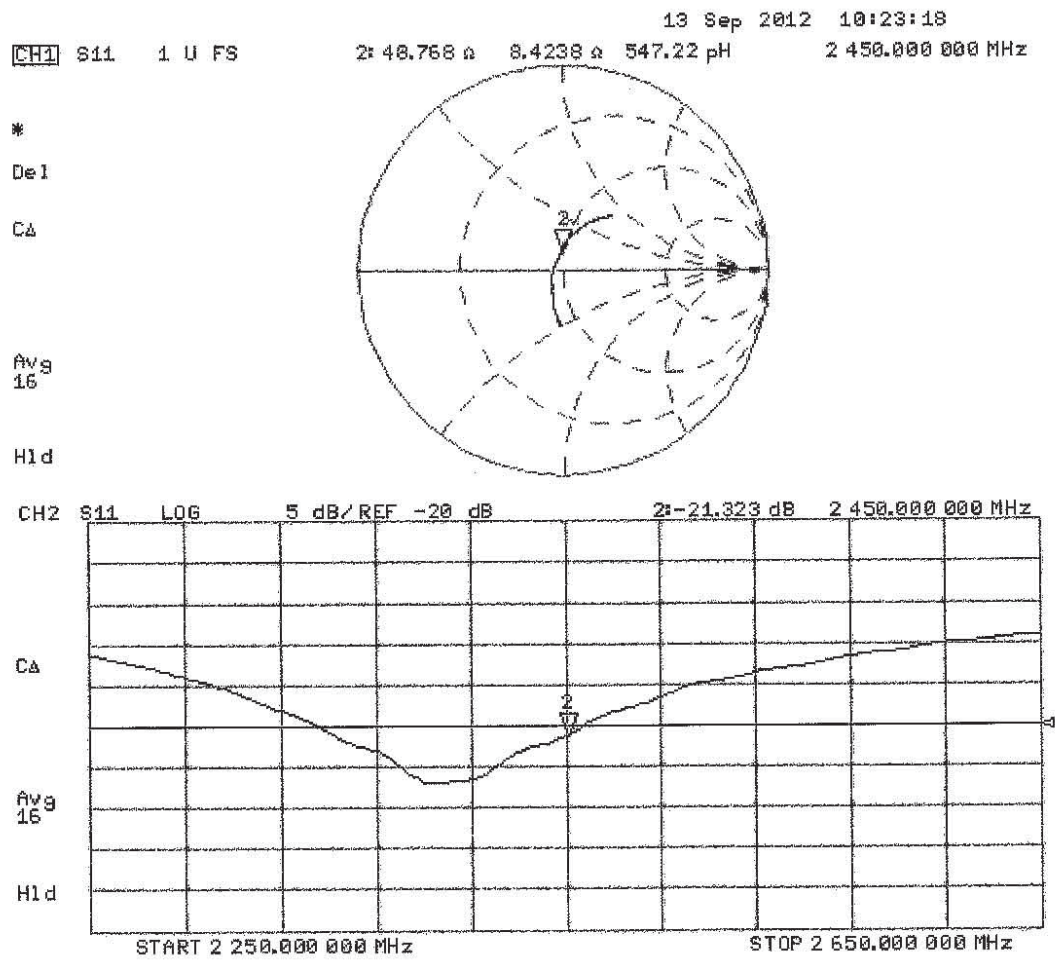
**SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 24.51 dB W/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Client **Eurofins**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1140\_Nov12**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1140**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v1**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz**

Calibration date: **November 13, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)         | Oct-13                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)         | Oct-13                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)         | Apr-13                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)         | Apr-13                 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4      | SN: 3503           | 30-Dec-11 (No. EX3-3503_Dec11)    | Dec-12                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)    | Jun-13                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100005             | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | In house check: Oct-13 |

Calibrated by: **Leif Klysner** Name **Leif Klysner** Function **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Name **Katja Pokovic** Function **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: November 13, 2012

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                                                                      |                                  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                                                                | V52.8.3                          |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation                                               |                                  |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0                                            |                                  |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 10 mm                                                                | with Spacer                      |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm                                         | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 5200 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz<br>5500 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz<br>5800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz |                                  |

## Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 36.0           | 4.66 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 34.8 $\pm$ 6 % | 4.53 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                | 100 mW input power | 7.99 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>79.3 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                  | 100 mW input power | 2.28 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>22.6 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 35.6           | 4.96 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 34.4 $\pm$ 6 % | 4.83 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                | 100 mW input power | 8.46 W/kg                                        |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>83.9 W / kg <math>\pm</math> 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                  | 100 mW input power | 2.40 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>23.7 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 35.3         | 5.27 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.0 ± 6 %   | 5.15 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

|                                                             |                    |                                 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured                                                | 100 mW input power | 7.83 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>77.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                               |                    |                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured                                                  | 100 mW input power | 2.23 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>22.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

### Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 49.0         | 5.30 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.8 ± 6 %   | 5.35 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

|                                                             |                    |                                 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b> | Condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured                                                | 100 mW input power | 7.42 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>73.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                               |                    |                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured                                                  | 100 mW input power | 2.08 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>20.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

### Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 48.6         | 5.65 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.3 ± 6 %   | 5.73 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

|                                                             |                    |                                 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b> | Condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured                                                | 100 mW input power | 7.97 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>79.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                               |                    |                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured                                                  | 100 mW input power | 2.22 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>21.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 48.2         | 6.00 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 45.9 ± 6 %   | 6.13 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ----         | ----             |

## SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

|                                                             |                    |                                 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b> | Condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured                                                | 100 mW input power | 7.43 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>73.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                               |                    |                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                 |
| SAR measured                                                  | 100 mW input power | 2.07 W/kg                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>20.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.6 $\Omega$ - 7.5 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 22.2 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.3 $\Omega$ - 0.6 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 29.8 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.6 $\Omega$ - 1.8 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.8 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.6 $\Omega$ - 6.9 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 22.9 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 54.2 $\Omega$ + 0.6 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.7 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 57.4 $\Omega$ - 1.2 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.1 dB                      |

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.202 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

|                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG        |
| Manufactured on | May 07, 2012 |

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1140**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.53$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.83$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.15$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.376 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 62.330 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

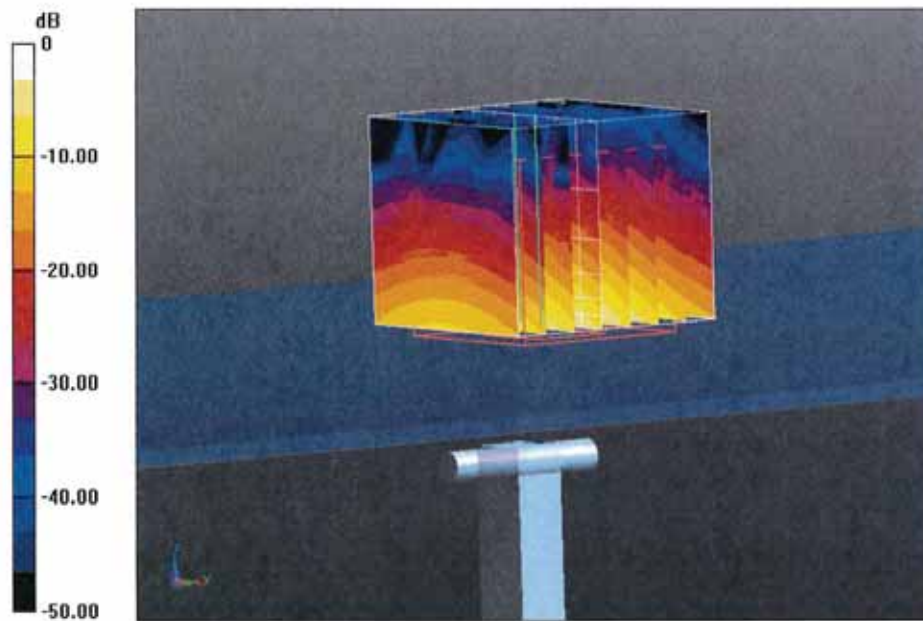
**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.000 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

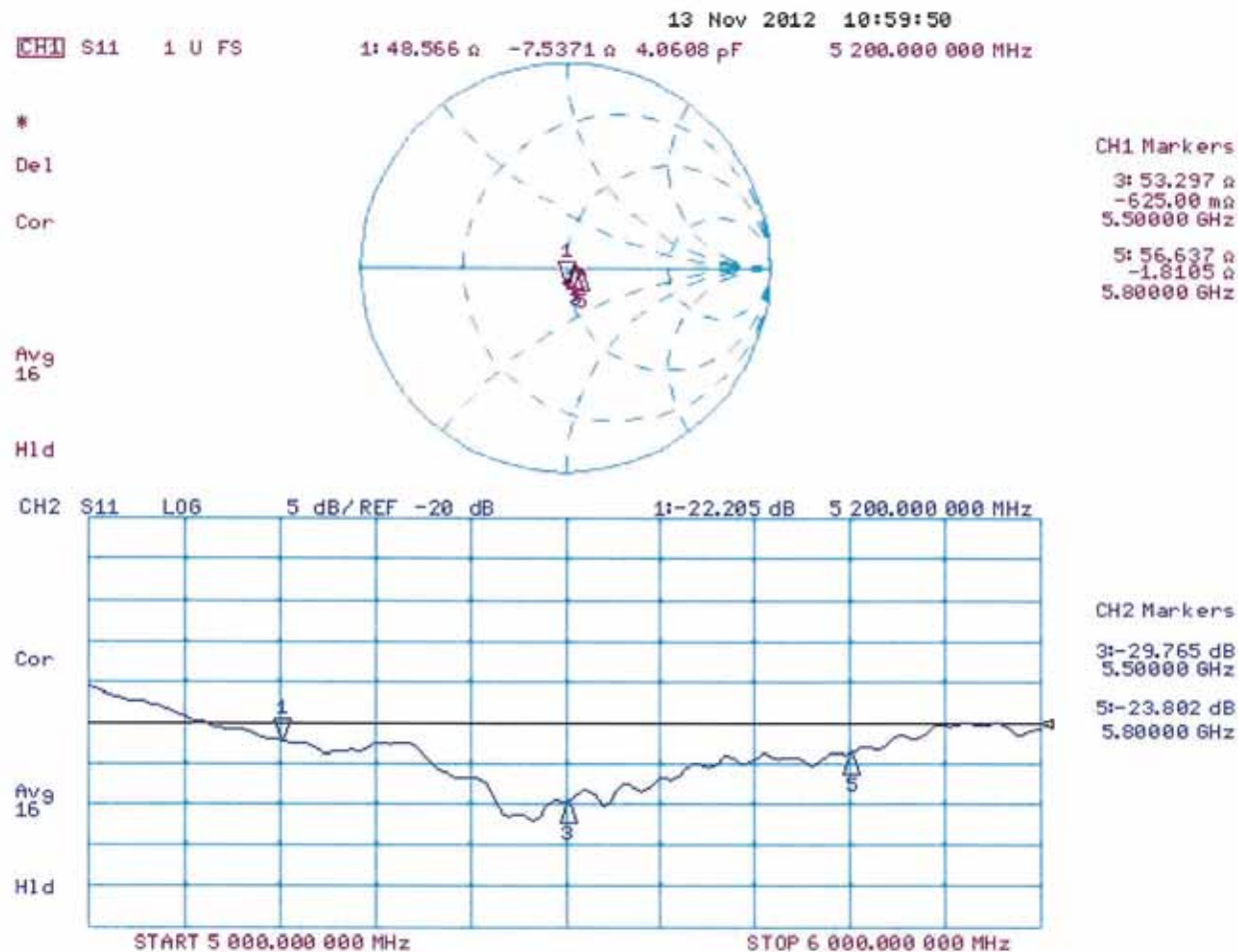
**SAR(1 g) = 7.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



0 dB = 18.6 W/kg = 12.70 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1140

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.35$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.73$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.13$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 45.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

### **Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.434 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg

### **Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.004 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

### **Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:**

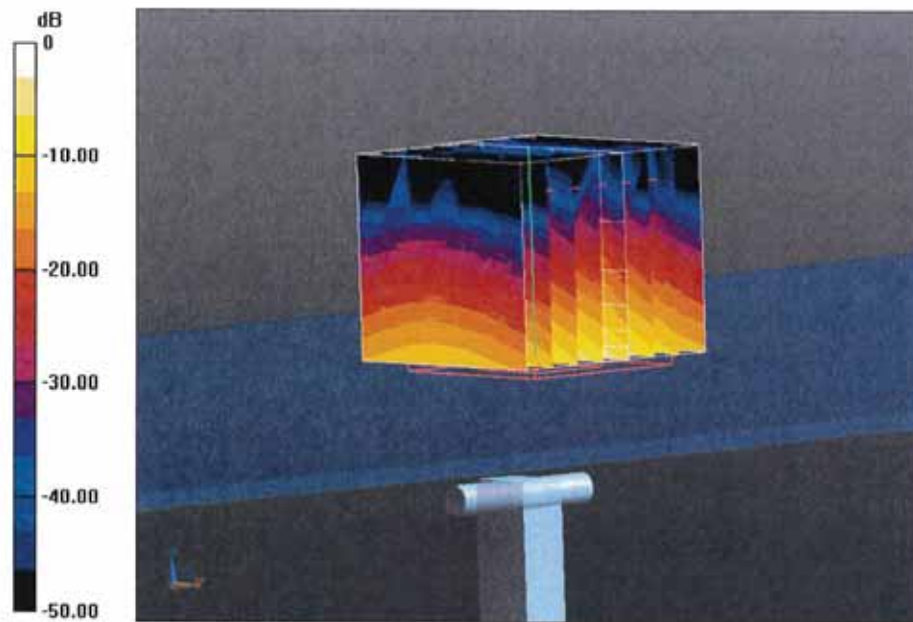
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 54.978 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.8 W/kg

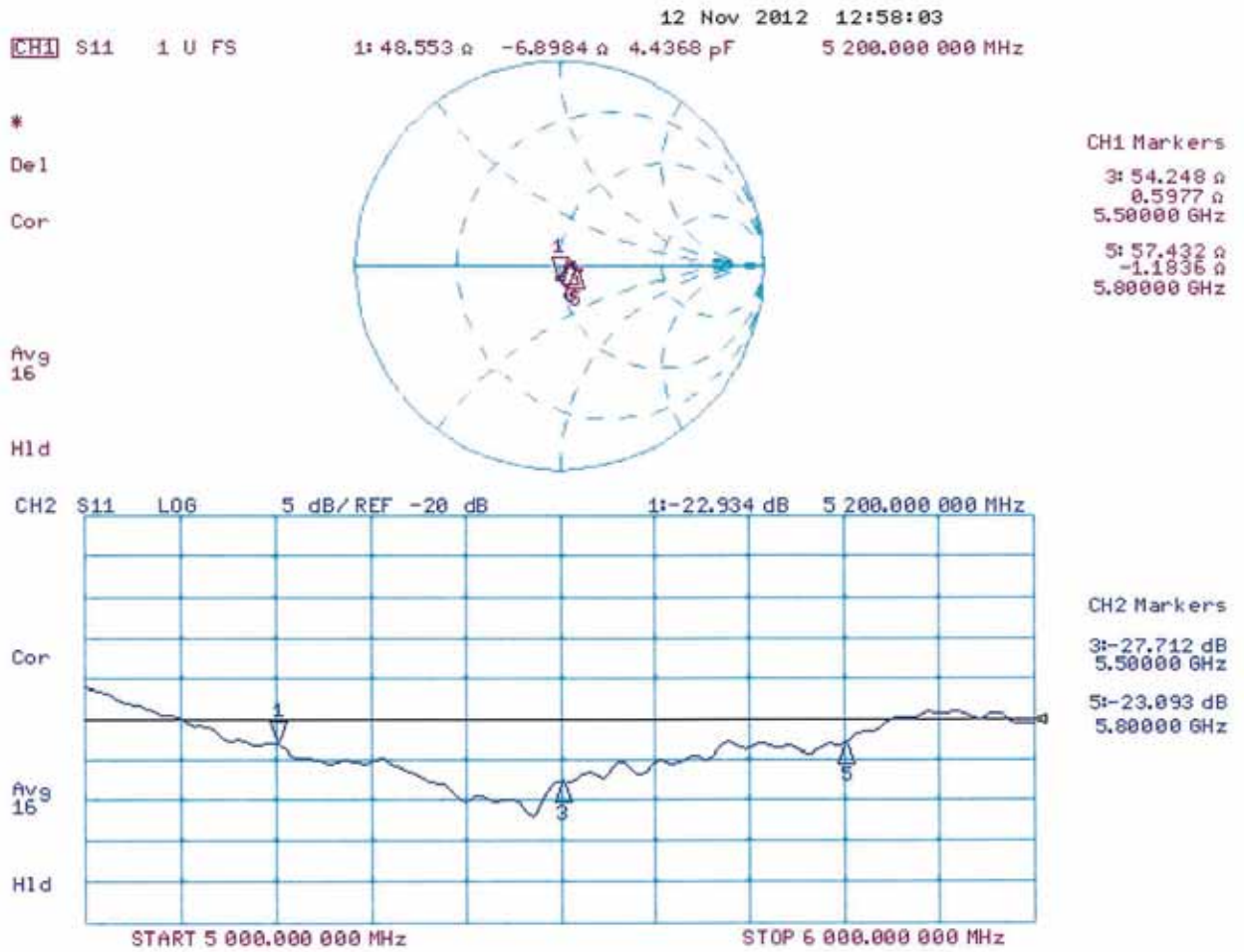
**SAR(1 g) = 7.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.07 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg



0 dB = 18.7 W/kg = 12.72 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



## ANNEX B System Validation Reports

Test Laboratory: Eurofins Product Service GmbH

## System Performance Check - SAM Phantom - ET3DV6 - HSL - 2450 MHz\_21\_05\_2015

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 722**

Communication System: UID 0 - n/a, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.874$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.675$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1711; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 9/22/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 2.7, 32.7$
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/17/2014
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1217
- DASYS2 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4.0mm (ET-Probe)/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.7 W/kg

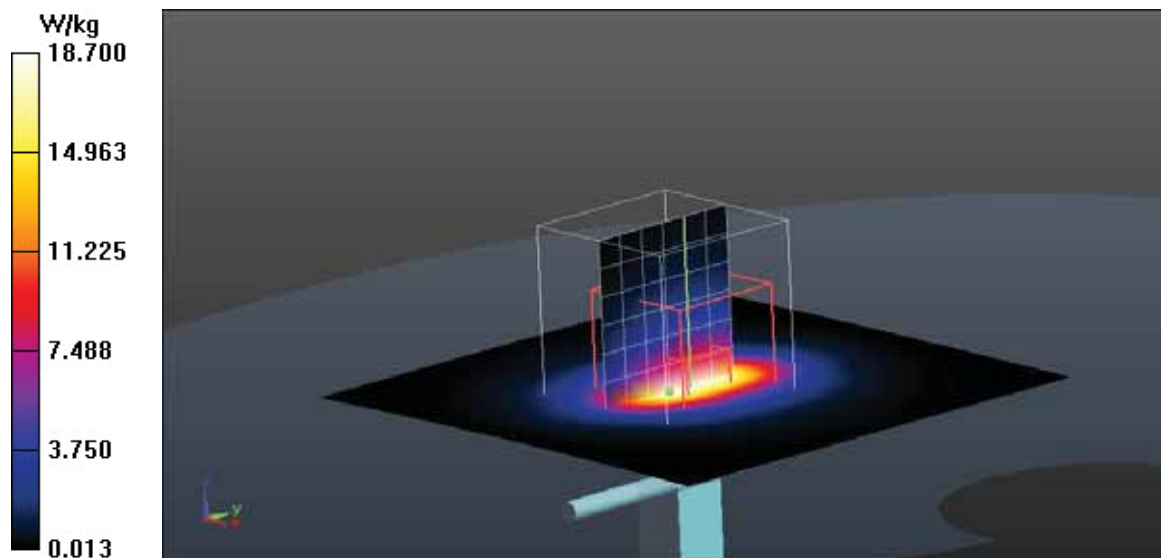
**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4.0mm (ET-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 96.176 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.41 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Eurofins Product Service GmbH

## System Performance Check - SAM Phantom - ET3DV6 - HSL - 2450 MHz\_22\_05\_2015

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 722**

Communication System: UID 0 - n/a, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.874$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.675$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1711; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 9/22/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 2.7, 32.7$
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/17/2014
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1217
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

### System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4.0mm

**(ET-Probe)/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.7 W/kg

### System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4.0mm

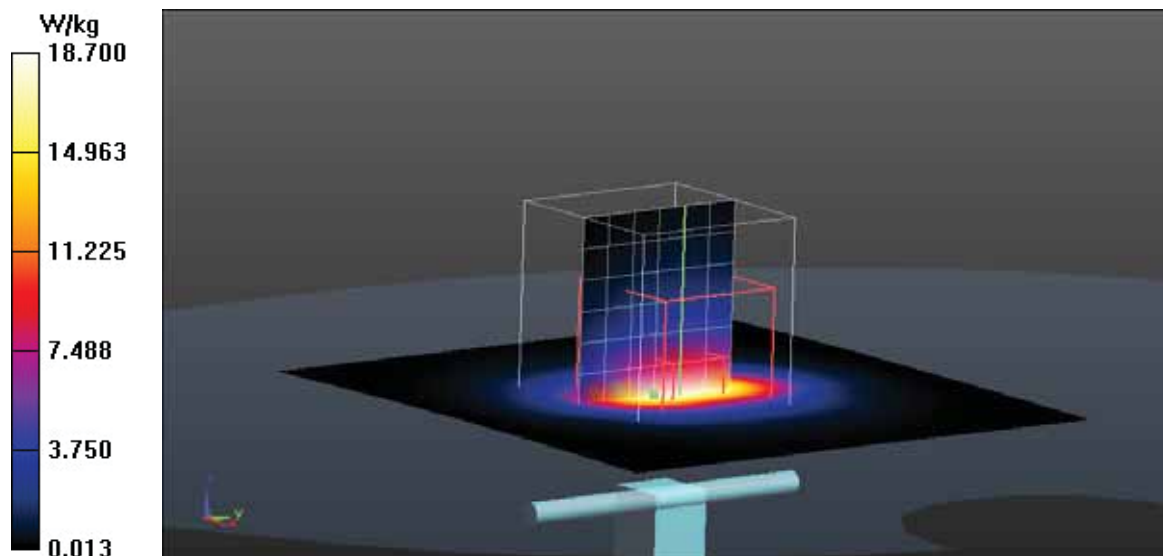
**(ET-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 96.178 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Eurofins Product Service GmbH

## SystemPerformanceCheck-HSL 5200\_22\_05\_2015

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:xxx**

Communication System: UID 0 - n/a, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.433$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.84$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

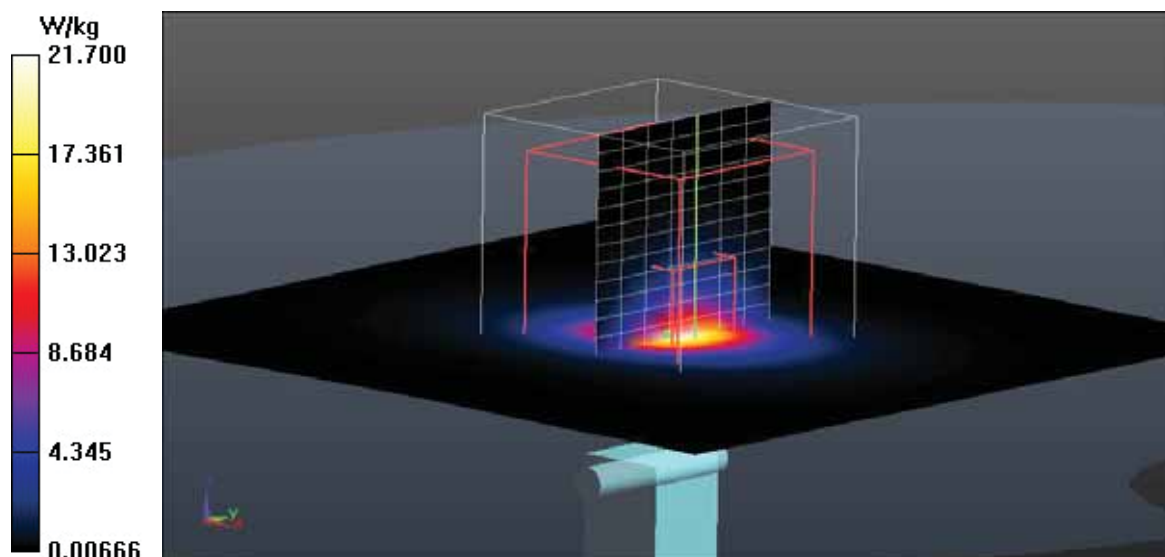
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3893; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 9/24/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/17/2014
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1217
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (uniform grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.6 W/kg

**System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (uniform grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x2mm, uniform), dist=1.4mm (8x8x13)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm  
Reference Value = 72.175 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.79 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Eurofins Product Service GmbH

## SystemPerformanceCheck-HSL 5200\_26\_05\_2015

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:xxx**

Communication System: UID 0 - n/a, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.433$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.84$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

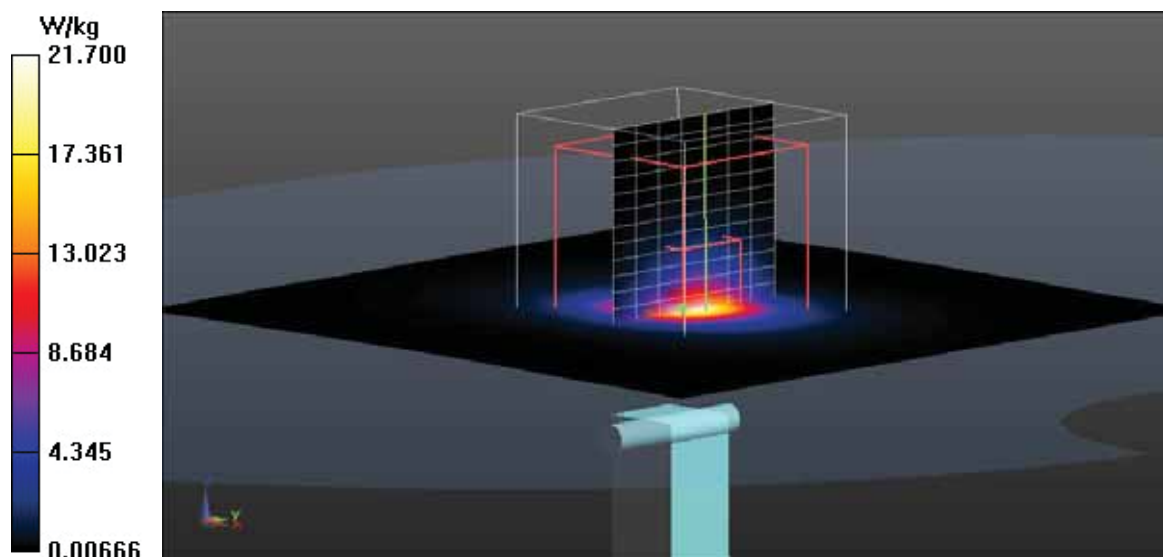
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3893; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 9/24/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = 1.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/17/2014
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1217
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (uniform grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.9 W/kg

**System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (uniform grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x2mm, uniform), dist=1.4mm (8x8x13)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm  
Reference Value = 72.180 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg



**ANNEX C SAR Measurement Reports**

Test Laboratory: Eurofins Product Service GmbH

## Bluetooth 2402 MHz DH5 flat bottom 10mm

**DUT: Wireless camera; Type: OrbitX ST; Serial: -**

Communication System: UID 0 - n/a, BT 2.4GHz DH5; Frequency: 2402 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2402$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.802$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.84$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1711; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 9/22/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = -1.3, 32.7$
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/17/2014
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1217
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Area Scan (41x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0725 W/kg

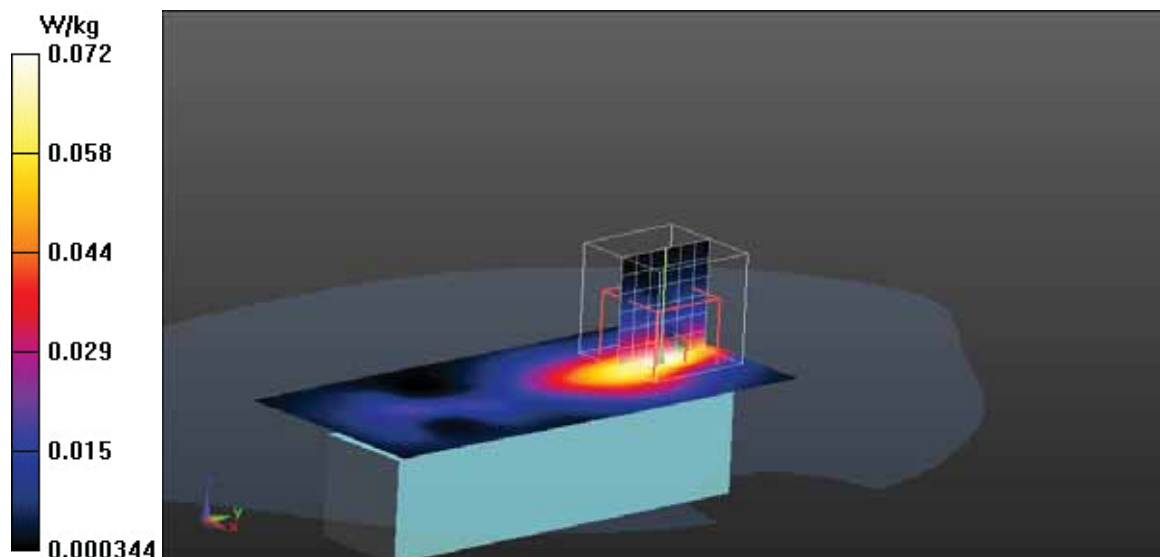
**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.561 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.170 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.064 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0721 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Eurofins Product Service GmbH

## IEEE 802\_11b Ch 6 1Mbps flat bottom 10mm

**DUT: Wireless camera; Type: OrbitX ST; Serial: -**

Communication System: UID 0 - n/a, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1Mbps); Frequency: 2437 MHz  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.851$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.69$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1711; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 9/22/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = -1.3, 32.7$
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/17/2014
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1217
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Area Scan (41x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.109 W/kg

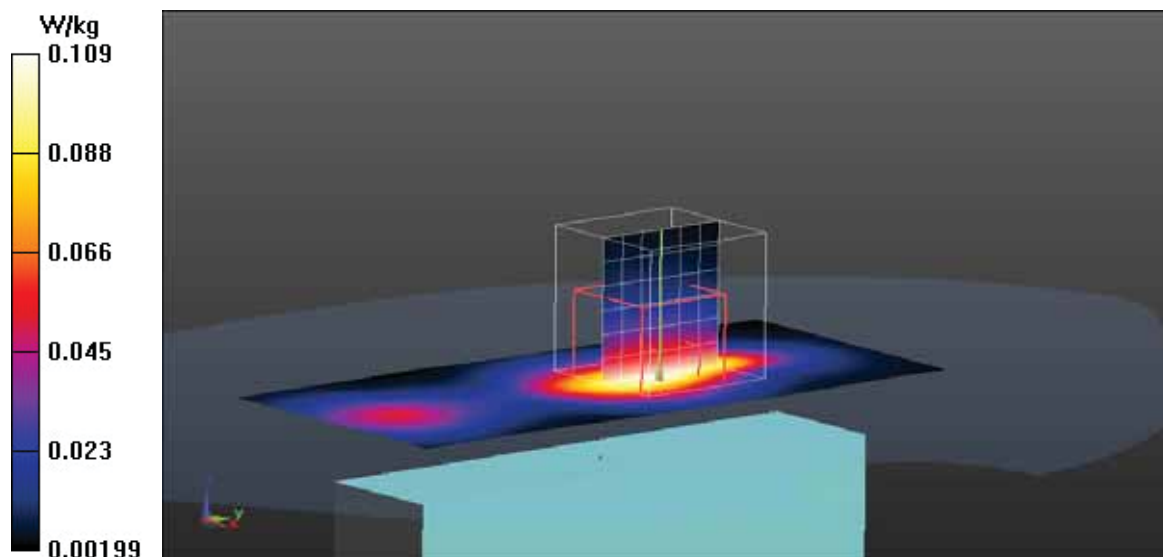
**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.237 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.205 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.093 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Eurofins Product Service GmbH

## IEEE 802\_11gn Ch 6 MCS3 flat bottom 10mm

**DUT: Wireless camera; Type: OrbitX ST; Serial: -**

Communication System: UID 0 - n/a, IEEE 802.11n WiFi 2.4 GHz (BPSK, 26Mbps, MCS3); Frequency: 2437 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.851$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.69$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1711; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 9/22/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = -1.3, 32.7$
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/17/2014
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1217
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Area Scan (41x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0449 W/kg

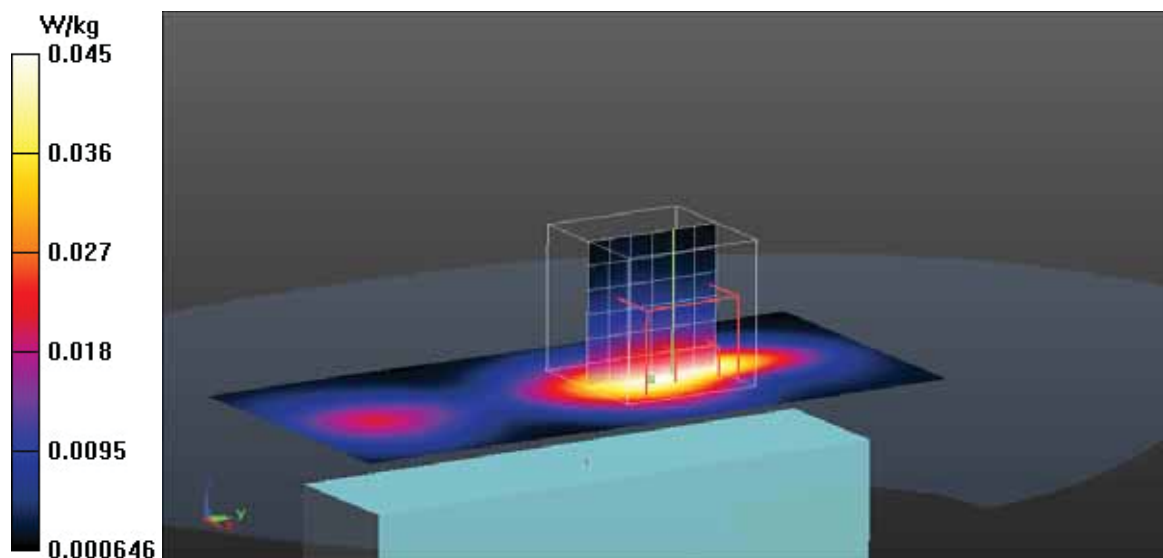
**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.367 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.040 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0430 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Eurofins Product Service GmbH

## IEEE 802\_11a Ch 48 6Mbps flat bottom 10mm

**DUT: Wireless camera; Type: OrbitX ST; Serial: -**

Communication System: UID 0 - n/a, IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6Mbps); Frequency: 5240 MHz  
Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5240$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.5$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.697$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3893; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 9/24/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = -3.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/17/2014
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1217
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Area Scan (61x141x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.186 W/kg

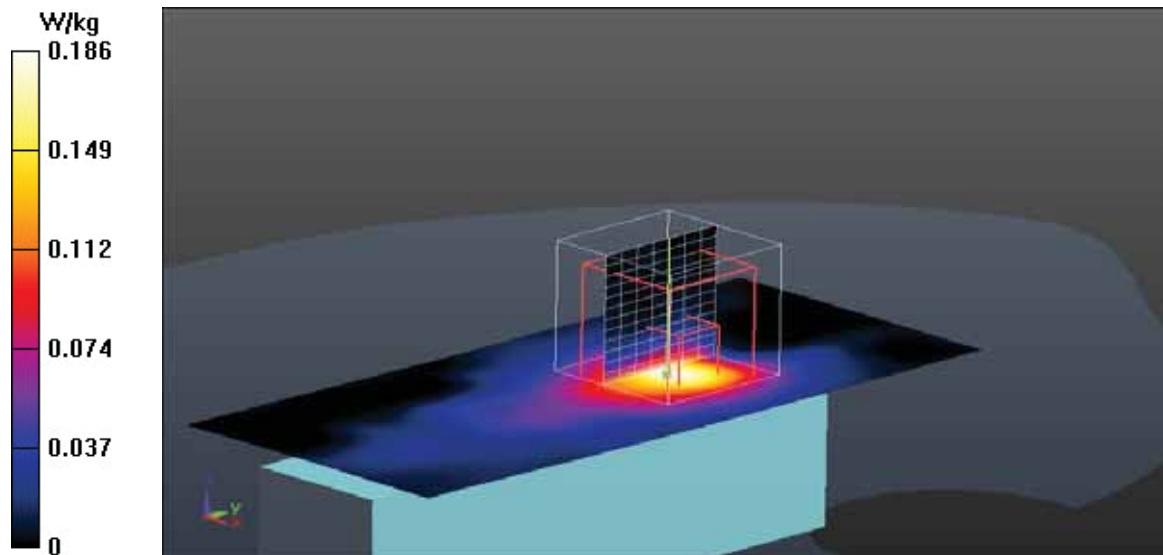
**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Zoom Scan (8x8x13)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 2.716 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.302 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.080 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Eurofins Product Service GmbH

## IEEE 802\_11an Ch 48 MCS2 flat Bottom 10mm

**DUT: Wireless camera; Type: OrbitX ST; Serial: -**

Communication System: UID 0 - n/a, WLAN 2.4G / 5G FCC; Frequency: 5240 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5240$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.5$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.697$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3893; ConvF(5.42, 5.42, 5.42); Calibrated: 9/24/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection),  $z = -3.0, 25.0$
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn522; Calibrated: 9/17/2014
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1217
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Area Scan (61x141x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.108 W/kg

**Configuration/Flat Bottom 10mm/Zoom Scan (8x8x13)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 1.675 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.162 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.040 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0990 W/kg

