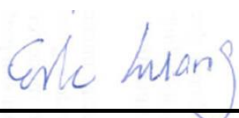


# FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : CT Asia  
EQUIPMENT : Tablet PC  
BRAND NAME : BLU  
MODEL NAME : Life View 8.0  
FCC ID : YHLBLULIFEVIEW8  
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)  
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992  
IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.**  
**No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P.R.C.**



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## Revision History

| REPORT NO. | VERSION | DESCRIPTION             | ISSUED DATE   |
|------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------|
| FA472201   | Rev. 01 | Initial issue of report | Jan. 04, 2015 |
|            |         |                         |               |
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|            |         |                         |               |



## **1. Statement of Compliance**

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **CT Asia, Tablet PC, Life View 8.0**, are as follows.

| Equipment Class  | Frequency Band   | Operating Mode | Highest SAR Summary                |                                    |                                            |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
|                  |                  |                | Head<br>1g SAR (W/kg)<br>(Gap 0cm) | Body<br>1g SAR (W/kg)<br>(Gap 0cm) | Simultaneous<br>Transmission SAR<br>(W/kg) |
| PCB              | GSM850           | Voice/Data     | 0.10                               | 0.21                               | 1.59                                       |
|                  | GSM1900          | Voice/Data     | 0.25                               | 0.68                               |                                            |
|                  | WCDMA Band V     | Voice/Data     | 0.11                               | 0.15                               |                                            |
|                  | WCDMA Band II    | Voice/Data     | <b>0.44</b>                        | <b>1.15</b>                        |                                            |
| DTS              | WLAN 2.4GHz Band | Data           | 0.17                               | 0.46                               | 1.59                                       |
| DSS              | Bluetooth        | Data           |                                    |                                    | 1.32                                       |
| Date of Testing: |                  |                | 11/08/2014 ~ 11/20/2014            |                                    |                                            |

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

## 2. Administration Data

| Testing Laboratory |                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Test Site          | SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.                                                                             |
| Test Site Location | No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P.R.C.<br>TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158<br>FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958 |

| Applicant    |                                                                                   |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Company Name | CT Asia                                                                           |
| Address      | Unit 01, 15/F, Seaview Centre, 139-141 Hoi bun road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hongkong |

| Manufacturer |                                                         |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Company Name | Ragetek Technology                                      |
| Address      | D10/D11, No.3188, Xiupu Road, PuDong District, Shanghai |

## 3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

## **4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)**

### **4.1 General Information**

| Product Feature & Specification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Equipment Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Tablet PC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Brand Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | BLU                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Model Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Life View 8.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| FCC ID                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | YHLBLULIFEVIEW8                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| IMEI Code                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 356414060002246                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Wireless Technology and Frequency Range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz<br>GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz<br>WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz<br>WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz<br>WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz<br>Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz                       |
| Mode                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GSM/GPRS/EGPRS</li> <li>• RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps</li> <li>• HSDPA</li> <li>• HSUPA</li> <li>• HSPA+ (Downlink Only)</li> <li>• 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40</li> <li>• Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0-LE</li> </ul> |
| HW Version                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | V2.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| SW Version                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | BLU_L810a_V04_GENERIC                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.                                                                                  |
| EUT Stage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Production Unit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Remark:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, WCDMA (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).</li> <li>2. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class12.</li> <li>3. This device does not support DTM function.</li> </ol> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## 4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

| Mode                    | Burst average power(dBm) |          |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
|                         | GSM 850                  | GSM 1900 |
| GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)   | 32.50                    | 29.50    |
| GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)  | 32.50                    | 29.50    |
| GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) | 29.50                    | 26.50    |
| GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) | 28.50                    | 25.50    |
| GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) | 27.50                    | 24.50    |
| EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)  | 28.00                    | 27.00    |
| EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) | 27.00                    | 26.00    |
| EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) | 24.50                    | 23.50    |
| EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) | 23.50                    | 22.50    |

| Mode            | Average power(dBm) |               |
|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|
|                 | WCDMA Band V       | WCDMA Band II |
| AMR 12.2Kbps    | 23.00              | 23.00         |
| RMC 12.2Kbps    | 23.00              | 23.00         |
| HSDPA Subtest-1 | 22.00              | 22.00         |
| HSDPA Subtest-2 | 22.00              | 22.00         |
| HSDPA Subtest-3 | 21.50              | 21.50         |
| HSDPA Subtest-4 | 21.50              | 21.50         |
| HSUPA Subtest-1 | 19.00              | 19.50         |
| HSUPA Subtest-2 | 19.00              | 19.50         |
| HSUPA Subtest-3 | 20.00              | 20.50         |
| HSUPA Subtest-4 | 18.50              | 19.00         |
| HSUPA Subtest-5 | 20.50              | 21.00         |

| Mode               |              | Maximum Average Power (dBm) |      |      |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|------|------|
|                    |              | CH1                         | CH6  | CH11 |
| 2.4GHz             | 802.11b      | 17.5                        | 17.5 | 17.5 |
|                    | 802.11g      | 14                          | 15   | 14   |
|                    | 802.11n-HT20 | 14                          | 15   | 14   |
|                    | 802.11n-HT40 | 12.5                        |      |      |
| Bluetooth v3.0+EDR |              | 5.5                         |      |      |
| Bluetooth v4.0 LE  |              | -3                          |      |      |

## **5. RF Exposure Limits**

### **5.1 Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### **5.2 Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)**

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4        | 8.0          | 20.0                           |

**Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)**

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08       | 1.6          | 4.0                            |

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



## **6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)**

### **6.1 Introduction**

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### **6.2 SAR Definition**

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

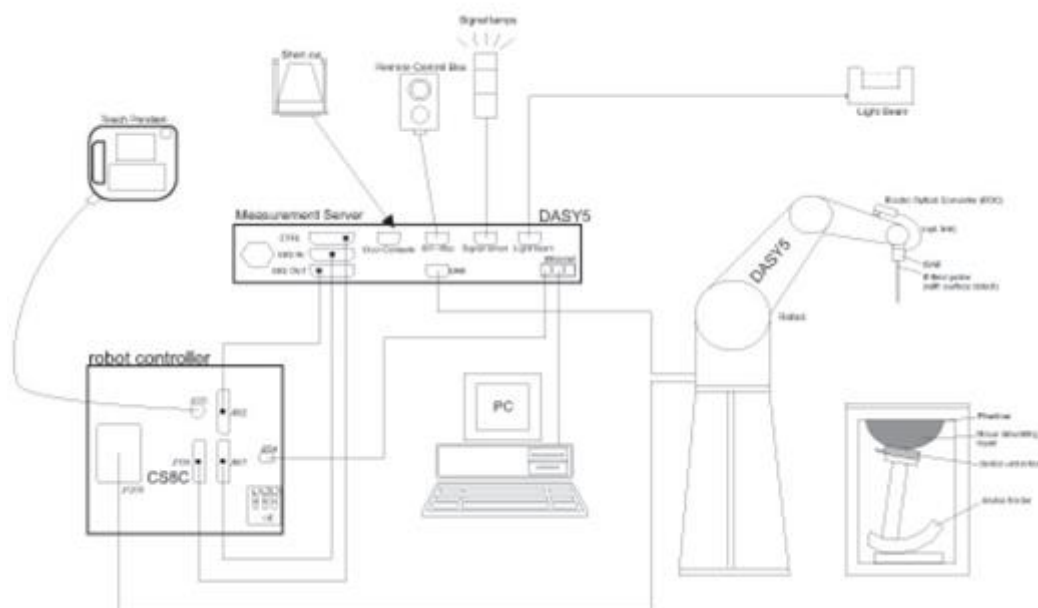
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## **7. System Description and Setup**

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## **8. Measurement Procedures**

The measurement procedures are as follows:

### <Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### **8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

## **8.2 Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## **8.3 Area Scan**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

|                                                                                                        | $\leq 3$ GHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | $> 3$ GHz                                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface | $5 \pm 1$ mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm     |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location              | $30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | $20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$                                 |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$                            | $\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm<br>$2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                | $3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm<br>$4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm |
|                                                                                                        | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. |                                                        |

### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                           |                                                                                             | $\leq 3$ GHz                                           | $> 3$ GHz                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                           |                                                                                             | $\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm<br>$2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* | $3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*<br>$4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*                              |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$ |                                                                                             | $\leq 5$ mm                                            | $3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm<br>$4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm<br>$5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | graded grid                               | $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface | $\leq 4$ mm                                            | $3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm<br>$4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm<br>$5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                           | $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points                                   | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$           |                                                                                     |
| Minimum zoom scan volume                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | x, y, z                                   |                                                                                             | $\geq 30$ mm                                           | $3 - 4$ GHz: $\geq 28$ mm<br>$4 - 5$ GHz: $\geq 25$ mm<br>$5 - 6$ GHz: $\geq 22$ mm |
| Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.                                                                                                                                                           |                                           |                                                                                             |                                                        |                                                                                     |
| * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz. |                                           |                                                                                             |                                                        |                                                                                     |

### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

## 9. Test Equipment List

| Manufacturer  | Name of Equipment               | Type/Model    | Serial Number | Calibration   |               |
|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|               |                                 |               |               | Last Cal.     | Due Date      |
| SPEAG         | 835MHz System Validation Kit    | D835V2        | 499           | Mar. 24, 2014 | Mar. 23, 2015 |
| SPEAG         | 1900MHz System Validation Kit   | D1900V2       | 5d041         | Mar. 21, 2014 | Mar. 20, 2015 |
| SPEAG         | 2450MHz System Validation Kit   | D2450V2       | 736           | Aug. 21, 2014 | Aug. 20, 2015 |
| SPEAG         | Data Acquisition Electronics    | DAE4          | 1210          | May 19, 2014  | May 18, 2015  |
| SPEAG         | Dosimetric E-Field Probe        | EX3DV4        | 3857          | May 23, 2014  | May 22, 2015  |
| SPEAG         | SAM Twin Phantom                | QD 000 P40 CB | TP-1477       | NCR           | NCR           |
| SPEAG         | SAM Twin Phantom                | QD 000 P40 CB | TP-1479       | NCR           | NCR           |
| SPEAG         | ELI4 Phantom                    | QD OVA 001 BB | TP-1079       | NCR           | NCR           |
| SPEAG         | Phone Positioner                | N/A           | N/A           | NCR           | NCR           |
| Agilent       | Wireless Communication Test Set | E5515C        | MY52102706    | May 03, 2014  | May 02, 2015  |
| Agilent       | Wireless Communication Test Set | E5515C        | MY50266977    | May 06, 2014  | May 05, 2015  |
| Agilent       | ENA Series Network Analyzer     | E5071C        | MY46111157    | May 04, 2014  | May 03, 2015  |
| Agilent       | Dielectric Probe Kit            | 85070E        | MY44300475    | NCR           | NCR           |
| Agilent       | Signal Generator                | N5181A        | MY50145381    | Jan. 04, 2014 | Jan. 03, 2015 |
| Anritsu       | Power Sensor                    | MA2411B       | 0917070       | Feb. 27, 2014 | Feb. 26, 2015 |
| Anritsu       | Power Meter                     | ML2495A       | 1005002       | Feb. 27, 2014 | Feb. 26, 2015 |
| ARRA          | Power Divider                   | A3200-2       | N/A           | NA            | NA            |
| R&S           | Spectrum Analyzer               | FSP7          | 101045        | Dec. 30, 2013 | Dec. 29, 2014 |
| Agilent       | Dual Directional Coupler        | 778D          | 50422         | Note1         |               |
| Woken         | Attenuator 1                    | WK0602-XX     | N/A           | Note1         |               |
| PE            | Attenuator 2                    | PE7005-10     | N/A           | Note1         |               |
| PE            | Attenuator 3                    | PE7005- 3     | N/A           | Note1         |               |
| AR            | Power Amplifier                 | 5S1G4M2       | 0328767       | Note1         |               |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier                 | ZVE-3W        | 162601250     | Note1         |               |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier                 | ZHL-42W+      | 13440021344   | Note1         |               |

**General Note:**

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
2. The dipole calibration report can refer to Appendix C.

## 10. System Verification

### 10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Frequency (MHz)  | Water (%) | Sugar (%) | Cellulose (%) | Salt (%) | Preventol (%) | DGBE (%) | Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) | Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| For Head         |           |           |               |          |               |          |                           |                               |
| 835              | 40.3      | 57.9      | 0.2           | 1.4      | 0.2           | 0        | 0.90                      | 41.5                          |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 55.2      | 0         | 0             | 0.3      | 0             | 44.5     | 1.40                      | 40.0                          |
| 2450             | 55.0      | 0         | 0             | 0        | 0             | 45.0     | 1.80                      | 39.2                          |
| For Body         |           |           |               |          |               |          |                           |                               |
| 835              | 50.8      | 48.2      | 0             | 0.9      | 0.1           | 0        | 0.97                      | 55.2                          |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 70.2      | 0         | 0             | 0.4      | 0             | 29.4     | 1.52                      | 53.3                          |
| 2450             | 68.6      | 0         | 0             | 0        | 0             | 31.4     | 1.95                      | 52.7                          |

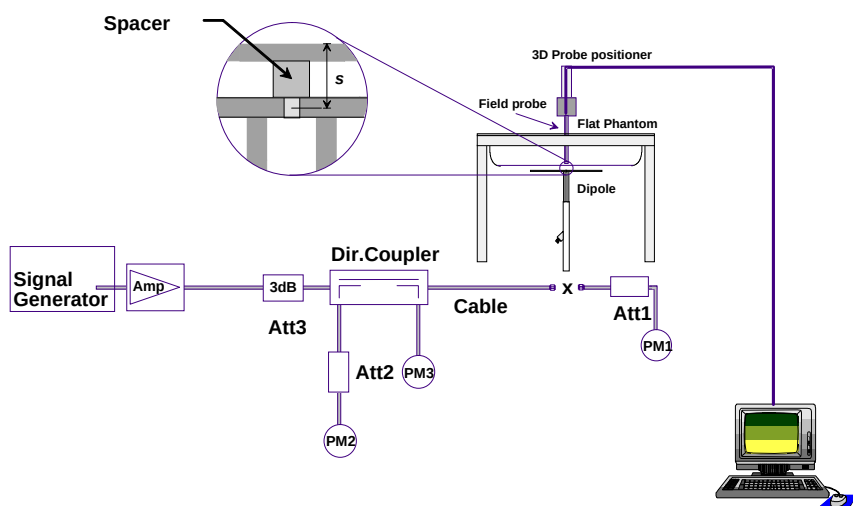
### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

| Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Liquid Temp. (°C) | Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) | Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) | Conductivity Target ( $\sigma$ ) | Permittivity Target ( $\epsilon_r$ ) | Delta ( $\sigma$ ) (%) | Delta ( $\epsilon_r$ ) (%) | Limit (%) | Date       |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| 835             | Head        | 22.7              | 0.906                     | 42.285                        | 0.90                             | 41.50                                | 0.67                   | 1.89                       | ±5        | 2014/11/8  |
| 1900            | Head        | 22.7              | 1.392                     | 41.807                        | 1.40                             | 40.00                                | -0.57                  | 4.52                       | ±5        | 2014/11/9  |
| 2450            | Head        | 22.6              | 1.822                     | 39.194                        | 1.80                             | 39.20                                | 1.22                   | -0.02                      | ±5        | 2014/11/20 |
| 835             | Body        | 22.7              | 0.980                     | 54.447                        | 0.97                             | 55.20                                | 1.03                   | -1.36                      | ±5        | 2014/11/9  |
| 1900            | Body        | 22.7              | 1.555                     | 53.699                        | 1.52                             | 53.30                                | 2.30                   | 0.75                       | ±5        | 2014/11/8  |
| 2450            | Body        | 22.8              | 1.939                     | 50.920                        | 1.95                             | 52.70                                | -0.56                  | -3.38                      | ±5        | 2014/11/19 |

## 10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

| Date       | Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Input Power (mW) | Dipole S/N | Probe S/N | DAE S/N | Measured SAR (W/kg) | Targeted SAR (W/kg) | Normalized SAR (W/kg) | Deviation (%) |
|------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 2014/11/8  | 835             | Head        | 250              | 499        | 3857      | 1210    | 2.29                | 9.13                | 9.16                  | 0.33          |
| 2014/11/9  | 1900            | Head        | 250              | 5d041      | 3857      | 1210    | 10.10               | 41.00               | 40.4                  | -1.46         |
| 2014/11/20 | 2450            | Head        | 250              | 736        | 3857      | 1210    | 12.00               | 51.80               | 48                    | -7.34         |
| 2014/11/9  | 835             | Body        | 250              | 499        | 3857      | 1210    | 2.35                | 9.46                | 9.4                   | -0.63         |
| 2014/11/8  | 1900            | Body        | 250              | 5d041      | 3857      | 1210    | 10.40               | 41.00               | 41.6                  | 1.46          |
| 2014/11/19 | 2450            | Body        | 250              | 736        | 3857      | 1210    | 12.40               | 50.60               | 49.6                  | -1.98         |



**Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup**



**Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo**



## 11. RF Exposure Positions

### 11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2. The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

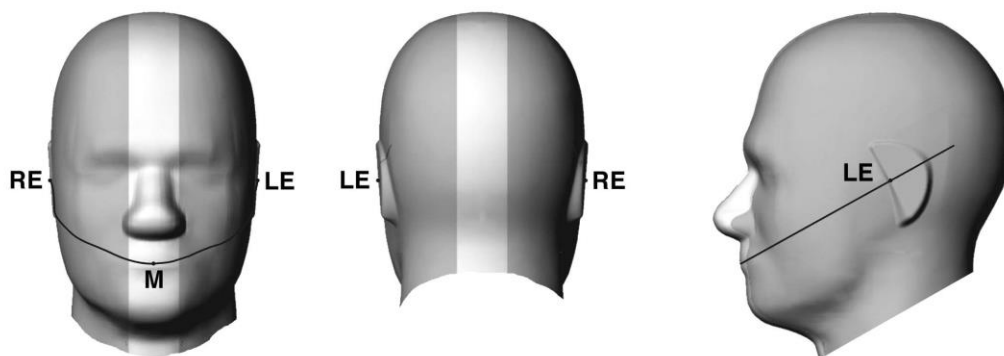


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

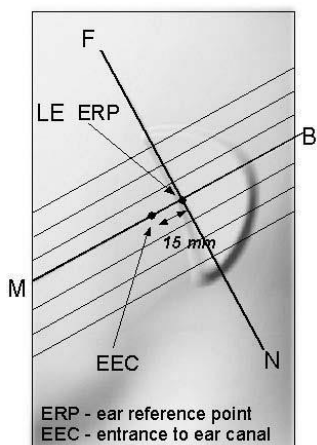


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

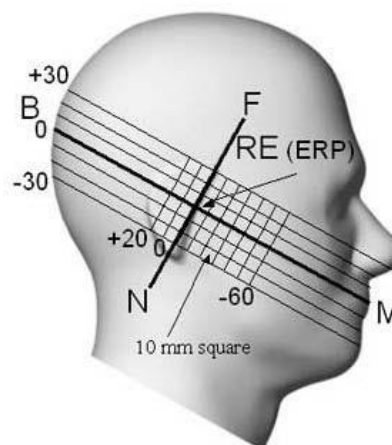


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

## 11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

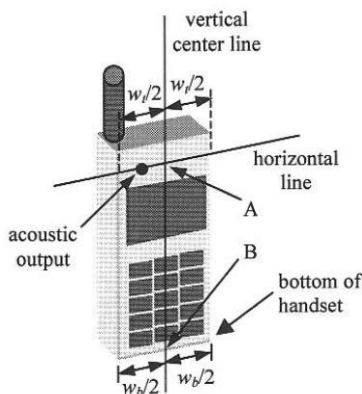


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

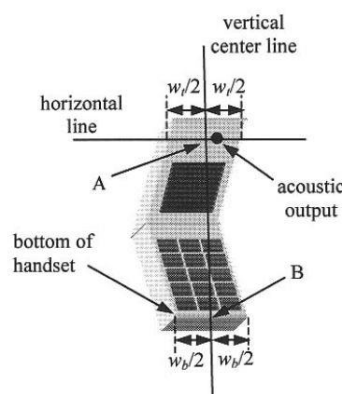


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

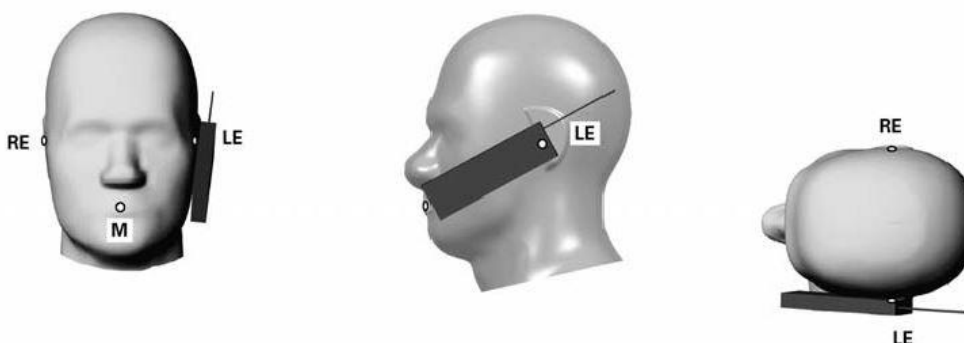
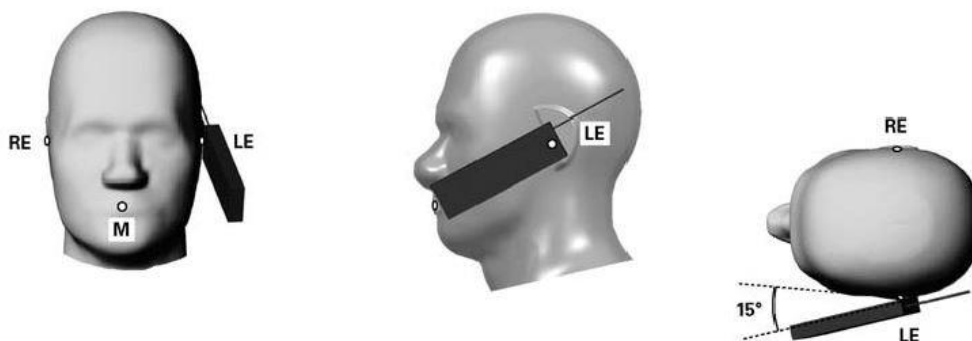


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

### **11.3 Definition of the tilt position**

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point



**Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.**

### **11.4 SAR Testing for Tablet**

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v05r02 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

## 12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

### <GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

| Band GSM850                    | Burst Average Power (dBm) |       |       | Tune-up Limit (dBm) | Frame-Average Power (dBm) |       |       | Tune-up Limit (dBm) |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| TX Channel                     | 128                       | 189   | 251   |                     | 128                       | 189   | 251   |                     |
| Frequency (MHz)                | 824.2                     | 836.4 | 848.8 |                     | 824.2                     | 836.4 | 848.8 |                     |
| GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)          | 31.81                     | 31.75 | 31.68 | 32.50               | 22.81                     | 22.75 | 22.68 | 23.50               |
| GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1   | 31.75                     | 31.68 | 31.60 | 32.50               | 22.75                     | 22.68 | 22.60 | 23.50               |
| GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1  | 28.83                     | 28.77 | 28.73 | 29.50               | 22.83                     | 22.77 | 22.73 | 23.50               |
| GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1  | 27.90                     | 27.84 | 27.80 | 28.50               | 23.64                     | 23.58 | 23.54 | 24.24               |
| GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1  | 26.86                     | 26.77 | 26.68 | 27.50               | 23.86                     | 23.77 | 23.68 | 24.50               |
| EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5  | 27.35                     | 27.38 | 27.35 | 28.00               | 18.35                     | 18.38 | 18.35 | 19.00               |
| EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5 | 26.29                     | 26.28 | 26.15 | 27.00               | 20.29                     | 20.28 | 20.15 | 21.00               |
| EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5 | 24.07                     | 24.06 | 23.93 | 24.50               | 19.81                     | 19.80 | 19.67 | 20.24               |
| EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5 | 22.81                     | 22.90 | 22.70 | 23.50               | 19.81                     | 19.90 | 19.70 | 20.50               |

**Remark:** The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

| Band GSM1900                   | Burst Average Power (dBm) |       |        | Tune-up Limit (dBm) | Frame-Average Power (dBm) |       |        | Tune-up Limit (dBm) |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|
| TX Channel                     | 512                       | 661   | 810    |                     | 512                       | 661   | 810    |                     |
| Frequency (MHz)                | 1850.2                    | 1880  | 1909.8 |                     | 1850.2                    | 1880  | 1909.8 |                     |
| GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)          | 29.01                     | 29.04 | 29.11  | 29.50               | 20.01                     | 20.04 | 20.11  | 20.50               |
| GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1   | 28.98                     | 28.99 | 29.09  | 29.50               | 19.98                     | 19.99 | 20.09  | 20.50               |
| GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1  | 25.72                     | 25.77 | 25.88  | 26.50               | 19.72                     | 19.77 | 19.88  | 20.50               |
| GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1  | 24.75                     | 24.80 | 24.90  | 25.50               | 20.49                     | 20.54 | 20.64  | 21.24               |
| GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1  | 23.65                     | 23.67 | 23.78  | 24.50               | 20.65                     | 20.67 | 20.78  | 21.50               |
| EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5  | 26.48                     | 26.50 | 26.58  | 27.00               | 17.48                     | 17.50 | 17.58  | 18.00               |
| EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5 | 25.39                     | 25.29 | 25.37  | 26.00               | 19.39                     | 19.29 | 19.37  | 20.00               |
| EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5 | 23.22                     | 23.18 | 23.19  | 23.50               | 18.96                     | 18.92 | 18.93  | 19.24               |
| EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5 | 22.00                     | 21.90 | 22.00  | 22.50               | 19.00                     | 18.90 | 19.00  | 19.50               |

**Remark:** The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

### HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

**Table C.10.1.4:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH**

| Sub-test | $\beta_c$         | $\beta_d$         | $\beta_d$<br>(SF) | $\beta_c/\beta_d$ | $\beta_{hs}$<br>(Note 1,<br>Note 2) | CM (dB)<br>(Note 3) | MPR (dB)<br>(Note 3) |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1        | 2/15              | 15/15             | 64                | 2/15              | 4/15                                | 0.0                 | 0.0                  |
| 2        | 12/15<br>(Note 4) | 15/15<br>(Note 4) | 64                | 12/15<br>(Note 4) | 24/15                               | 1.0                 | 0.0                  |
| 3        | 15/15             | 8/15              | 64                | 15/8              | 30/15                               | 1.5                 | 0.5                  |
| 4        | 15/15             | 4/15              | 64                | 15/4              | 30/15                               | 1.5                 | 0.5                  |

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

### Setup Configuration

**HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \* :
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

**Table C.11.1.3:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH**

| Sub-test | $\beta_c$         | $\beta_d$         | $\beta_d$ (SF) | $\beta_c/\beta_d$ | $\beta_{HS}$ (Note 1) | $\beta_{ec}$ | $\beta_{ed}$ (Note 5)<br>(Note 6)            | $\beta_{ed}$ (SF) | $\beta_{ed}$ (Codes) | CM (dB)<br>(Note 2) | MPR (dB)<br>(Note 2) | AG Index<br>(Note 6) | E-TFCI |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------|
| 1        | 11/15<br>(Note 3) | 15/15<br>(Note 3) | 64             | 11/15<br>(Note 3) | 22/15                 | 209/25       | 1309/225                                     | 4                 | 1                    | 1.0                 | 0.0                  | 20                   | 75     |
| 2        | 6/15              | 15/15             | 64             | 6/15              | 12/15                 | 12/15        | 94/75                                        | 4                 | 1                    | 3.0                 | 2.0                  | 12                   | 67     |
| 3        | 15/15             | 9/15              | 64             | 15/9              | 30/15                 | 30/15        | $\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$<br>$\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$ | 4<br>4            | 2                    | 2.0                 | 1.0                  | 15                   | 92     |
| 4        | 2/15              | 15/15             | 64             | 2/15              | 4/15                  | 2/15         | 56/75                                        | 4                 | 1                    | 3.0                 | 2.0                  | 17                   | 71     |
| 5        | 15/15<br>(Note 4) | 15/15<br>(Note 4) | 64             | 15/15<br>(Note 4) | 30/15                 | 24/15        | 134/15                                       | 4                 | 1                    | 1.0                 | 0.0                  | 21                   | 81     |

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

**Setup Configuration**



**<WCDMA Conducted Power>**
**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

| Band            |             |                 | WCDMA Band V |       |       | Tune-up<br>Limit<br>(dBm) | WCDMA Band II |       |        | Tune-up<br>Limit<br>(dBm) |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|-------|-------|---------------------------|---------------|-------|--------|---------------------------|
| TX Channel      |             |                 | 4132         | 4182  | 4233  |                           | 9262          | 9400  | 9538   |                           |
| Rx Channel      |             |                 | 4357         | 4407  | 4458  |                           | 9662          | 9800  | 9938   |                           |
| Frequency (MHz) |             |                 | 826.4        | 836.4 | 846.6 |                           | 1852.4        | 1880  | 1907.6 |                           |
| MPR<br>(dB)     | 3GPP Rel 99 | AMR 12.2Kbps    | 22.21        | 22.09 | 22.25 | 23.00                     | 22.73         | 22.55 | 22.59  | 23.00                     |
|                 | 3GPP Rel 99 | RMC 12.2Kbps    | 22.23        | 22.10 | 22.27 | 23.00                     | 22.75         | 22.58 | 22.61  | 23.00                     |
| 0               | 3GPP Rel 6  | HSDPA Subtest-1 | 21.25        | 21.09 | 21.30 | 22.00                     | 21.75         | 21.61 | 21.62  | 22.00                     |
| 0               | 3GPP Rel 6  | HSDPA Subtest-2 | 21.18        | 21.13 | 21.31 | 22.00                     | 21.77         | 21.60 | 21.66  | 22.00                     |
| 0.5             | 3GPP Rel 6  | HSDPA Subtest-3 | 20.78        | 20.66 | 20.85 | 21.50                     | 21.27         | 21.14 | 21.17  | 21.50                     |
| 0.5             | 3GPP Rel 6  | HSDPA Subtest-4 | 20.76        | 20.67 | 20.82 | 21.50                     | 21.26         | 21.12 | 21.17  | 21.50                     |
| 0               | 3GPP Rel 6  | HSUPA Subtest-1 | 18.44        | 18.55 | 18.62 | 19.00                     | 19.17         | 19.27 | 19.27  | 19.50                     |
| 2               | 3GPP Rel 6  | HSUPA Subtest-2 | 18.47        | 18.55 | 18.67 | 19.00                     | 19.21         | 19.27 | 19.27  | 19.50                     |
| 1               | 3GPP Rel 6  | HSUPA Subtest-3 | 19.46        | 19.56 | 19.65 | 20.00                     | 20.18         | 20.21 | 20.26  | 20.50                     |
| 2               | 3GPP Rel 6  | HSUPA Subtest-4 | 17.93        | 17.99 | 18.18 | 18.50                     | 18.66         | 18.79 | 18.76  | 19.00                     |
| 0               | 3GPP Rel 6  | HSUPA Subtest-5 | 19.90        | 19.96 | 20.10 | 20.50                     | 20.62         | 20.69 | 20.74  | 21.00                     |

**<WLAN Conducted Power>**
**General Note:**

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n HT20/HT40 were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

**<2.4GHz WLAN >**

| WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm) |                    |                    |                     |       |         |        | Tune up<br>Limit<br>(dBm) |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|---------|--------|---------------------------|
| Power vs. Channel                       |                    |                    | Power vs. Data Rate |       |         |        |                           |
| Channel                                 | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Data Rate<br>1Mbps | Channel             | 2Mbps | 5.5Mbps | 11Mbps |                           |
| CH 01                                   | 2412               | 16.97              | CH 1                | 16.91 | 16.93   | 16.95  | 17.5                      |
| CH 06                                   | 2437               | 16.83              |                     |       |         |        |                           |
| CH 11                                   | 2462               | 16.86              |                     |       |         |        |                           |

| WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm) |                    |                    |                     |       |        |        |        |        |        |        | Tune up<br>Limit<br>(dBm) |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------------|
| Power vs. Channel                       |                    |                    | Power vs. Data Rate |       |        |        |        |        |        |        |                           |
| Channel                                 | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Data Rate<br>6Mbps | Channel             | 9Mbps | 12Mbps | 18Mbps | 24Mbps | 36Mbps | 48Mbps | 54Mbps |                           |
| CH 01                                   | 2412               | 13.31              | CH 6                | 14.44 | 14.40  | 14.45  | 14.44  | 14.42  | 14.43  | 14.41  | 14                        |
| CH 06                                   | 2437               | 14.46              |                     |       |        |        |        |        |        |        | 15                        |
| CH 11                                   | 2462               | 13.62              |                     |       |        |        |        |        |        |        | 14                        |

| WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n HT20 Average Power (dBm) |                    |              |                     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Tune up<br>Limit<br>(dBm) |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|
| Power vs. Channel                            |                    |              | Power vs. MCS Index |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                           |
| Channel                                      | Frequency<br>(MHz) | MCS<br>Index | Channel             | MCS1  | MCS2  | MCS3  | MCS4  | MCS5  | MCS6  | MCS7  |                           |
|                                              |                    | MCS0         |                     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                           |
| CH 01                                        | 2412               | 13.46        | CH 6                | 14.49 | 14.50 | 14.48 | 14.52 | 14.50 | 14.49 | 14.52 | 14                        |
| CH 06                                        | 2437               | 14.53        |                     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | 15                        |
| CH 11                                        | 2462               | 13.72        |                     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | 14                        |

| WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm) |                    |              |                     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Tune up<br>Limit<br>(dBm) |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|
| Power vs. Channel                            |                    |              | Power vs. MCS Index |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                           |
| Channel                                      | Frequency<br>(MHz) | MCS<br>Index | Channel             | MCS1  | MCS2  | MCS3  | MCS4  | MCS5  | MCS6  | MCS7  |                           |
|                                              |                    | MCS0         |                     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                           |
| CH 3                                         | 2422               | 11.89        | CH 6                | 12.04 | 12.06 | 12.07 | 12.09 | 12.08 | 12.06 | 12.07 | 12.5                      |
| CH 6                                         | 2437               | 12.10        |                     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                           |
| CH 9                                         | 2452               | 11.97        |                     |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                           |



### **13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied**

| Mode Band        | Average power(dBm) |                   |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|                  | Bluetooth v3.0+EDR | Bluetooth v4.0 LE |
| 2.4GHz Bluetooth | 5.5                | -3                |

**Note:**

- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances*  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:  

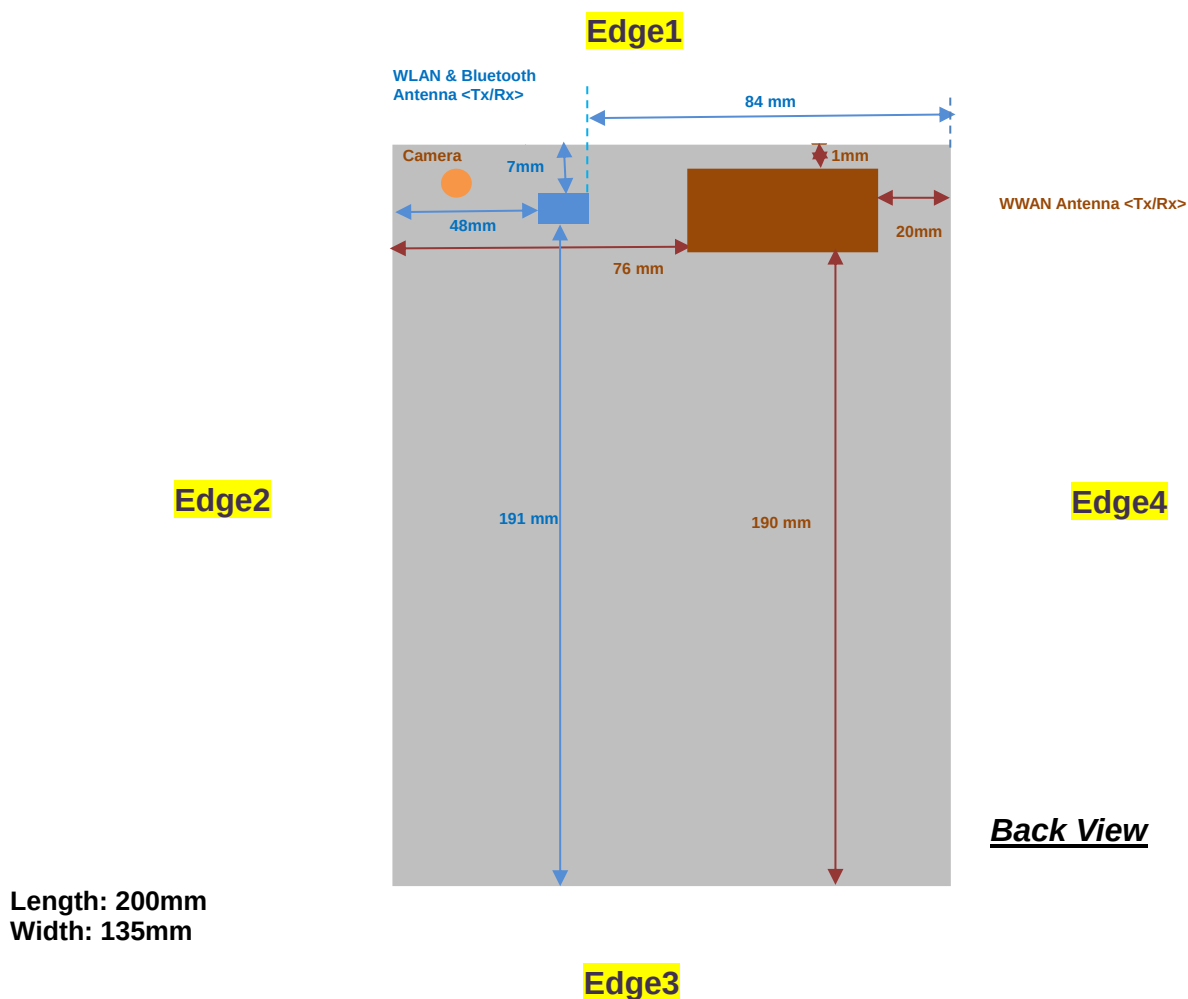
$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR
  - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
  - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
  - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

| Bluetooth Max Power (dBm) | Separation Distance (mm) | Frequency (GHz) | exclusion thresholds |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 5.5                       | < 5                      | 2.48            | 1.3                  |

**Note:**

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.3 which is  $\leq 3$ , SAR testing is not required.

## 14. Antenna Location



**SAR test exclusion table distance is  $\leq 50$ mm**

| Exposure Position | Wireless Interface               | GPRS850<br>4 Tx slots | GPRS1900<br>4 Tx slots | WCDMA<br>Band V | WCDMA<br>Band II | 802.11b |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|
| Bottom Face       | Tune-up Maximum power (dBm)      | 24.5                  | 21.5                   | 23              | 23               | 17.5    |
|                   | Tune-up Maximum rated power (mW) | 282                   | 141                    | 200             | 200              | 56      |
|                   | Antenna to user (mm)             | 5                     |                        |                 |                  | 5       |
| Edge 1            | SAR exclusion threshold          | 52                    | 39                     | 37              | 55               | 18      |
|                   | SAR testing required?            | Yes                   | Yes                    | Yes             | Yes              | Yes     |
|                   | Antenna to user (mm)             | 5                     |                        |                 |                  | 7       |
| Edge 2            | SAR exclusion threshold          | 52                    | 39                     | 37              | 55               | 13      |
|                   | SAR testing required?            | Yes                   | Yes                    | Yes             | Yes              | Yes     |
|                   | Antenna to user (mm)             | 5                     |                        |                 |                  | 48      |
| Edge 4            | SAR exclusion threshold          |                       |                        |                 |                  | 2       |
|                   | SAR testing required?            |                       |                        |                 |                  | No      |
|                   | Antenna to user (mm)             | 20                    |                        |                 |                  |         |
| Edge 4            | SAR exclusion threshold          | 13                    | 10                     | 9               | 14               |         |
|                   | SAR testing required?            | Yes                   | Yes                    | Yes             | Yes              |         |
|                   | Antenna to user (mm)             | 20                    |                        |                 |                  |         |

**SAR test exclusion table distance is  $> 50$ mm**

| Exposure Position | Wireless Interface               | GPRS850<br>4 Tx slots | GPRS1900<br>4 Tx slots | WCDMA<br>Band V | WCDMA<br>Band II | 802.11b |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|
| Bottom Face       | Tune-up Maximum power (dBm)      | 24.5                  | 21.5                   | 23              | 23               | 17.5    |
|                   | Tune-up Maximum rated power (mW) | 282                   | 141                    | 200             | 200              | 56      |
|                   | Antenna to user (mm)             | 76                    |                        |                 |                  |         |
| Edge2             | SAR exclusion threshold (mW)     | 310                   | 369                    | 310             | 369              |         |
|                   | SAR testing required?            | No                    | No                     | No              | No               |         |
|                   | Antenna to user (mm)             | 190                   |                        |                 |                  | 191     |
| Edge 3            | SAR exclusion threshold (mW)     | 954                   | 1509                   | 953             | 1509             | 1506    |
|                   | SAR testing required?            | No                    | No                     | No              | No               | No      |
|                   | Antenna to user (mm)             |                       |                        |                 |                  | 84      |
| Edge 4            | SAR exclusion threshold (mW)     |                       |                        |                 |                  | 436     |
|                   | SAR testing required?            |                       |                        |                 |                  | No      |
|                   | Antenna to user (mm)             |                       |                        |                 |                  |         |

**General Note:**

- The below table, when the distance is  $< 50$  mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is  $> 50$  mm exclusion threshold is "mW"
- Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is  $< 5$ mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:
 
$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR
  - $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
  - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
  - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances  $> 50$  mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
  - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)  $\cdot$  ( f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)  $\cdot$  10] mW at  $> 1500$  MHz and  $\leq 6$  GHz

## 15. SAR Test Results

### General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - $\leq 0.6$  W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\leq 0.4$  W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Body exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.
6. According to the setup photo radius dimension for WWAN (X=2.40mm, Y=9.87mm, Z=1.84mm), for X>Z and Y>Z, that complied curved test condition. Per KDB 616217 D04v01r01, SAR at the curved surface is necessary.
7. According to the setup photo radius dimension for WLAN (X=3.86mm, Y=6.15mm, Z=2.67mm), for X>Z and Y>Z, that complied curved test condition. Per KDB 616217 D04v01r01, SAR at the curved surface is necessary.
8. For SAR testing of the curved region of the device, the device was placed directly against the phantom at the point where the distance between the antenna and device exterior is a minimum.

**15.1 Head SAR****<GSM SAR>**

| Plot No. | Band    | Mode              | Test Position | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|---------|-------------------|---------------|-----|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 01       | GSM850  | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek   | 128 | 824.2       | 26.86               | 27.50               | 1.159                  | 0.18             | 0.084                  | 0.097                  |
|          | GSM850  | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Tilted  | 128 | 824.2       | 26.86               | 27.50               | 1.159                  | 0.19             | 0.084                  | 0.097                  |
|          | GSM850  | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Cheek    | 128 | 824.2       | 26.86               | 27.50               | 1.159                  | 0.17             | 0.076                  | 0.088                  |
|          | GSM850  | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Tilted   | 128 | 824.2       | 26.86               | 27.50               | 1.159                  | 0.13             | 0.057                  | 0.066                  |
| 02       | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek   | 810 | 1909.8      | 23.78               | 24.50               | 1.180                  | 0.024            | 0.215                  | 0.254                  |
|          | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Tilted  | 810 | 1909.8      | 23.78               | 24.50               | 1.180                  | 0.11             | 0.210                  | 0.248                  |
|          | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Cheek    | 810 | 1909.8      | 23.78               | 24.50               | 1.180                  | 0.01             | 0.071                  | 0.084                  |
|          | GSM1900 | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Tilted   | 810 | 1909.8      | 23.78               | 24.50               | 1.180                  | 0.01             | 0.073                  | 0.086                  |

**<WCDMA SAR>**

| Plot No. | Band     | Mode      | Test Position | Ch.  | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|----------|-----------|---------------|------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 03       | WCDMA V  | RMC 12.2K | Right Cheek   | 4233 | 846.6       | 22.27               | 23.00               | 1.183                  | 0.14             | 0.090                  | 0.106                  |
|          | WCDMA V  | RMC 12.2K | Right Tilted  | 4233 | 846.6       | 22.27               | 23.00               | 1.183                  | 0.09             | 0.067                  | 0.079                  |
|          | WCDMA V  | RMC 12.2K | Left Cheek    | 4233 | 846.6       | 22.27               | 23.00               | 1.183                  | 0.14             | 0.060                  | 0.071                  |
|          | WCDMA V  | RMC 12.2K | Left Tilted   | 4233 | 846.6       | 22.27               | 23.00               | 1.183                  | 0.16             | 0.017                  | 0.020                  |
| 04       | WCDMA II | RMC 12.2K | Right Cheek   | 9262 | 1852.4      | 22.75               | 23.00               | 1.059                  | 0.19             | 0.419                  | 0.444                  |
|          | WCDMA II | RMC 12.3K | Right Tilted  | 9262 | 1852.4      | 22.75               | 23.00               | 1.059                  | 0.05             | 0.417                  | 0.442                  |
|          | WCDMA II | RMC 12.4K | Left Cheek    | 9262 | 1852.4      | 22.75               | 23.00               | 1.059                  | 0.0041           | 0.141                  | 0.149                  |
|          | WCDMA II | RMC 12.5K | Left Tilted   | 9262 | 1852.4      | 22.75               | 23.00               | 1.059                  | 0.02             | 0.153                  | 0.162                  |

**<DTS WLAN SAR>**

| Plot No. | Band      | Mode    | Test Position | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Data Rate (bps) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|-----------|---------|---------------|-----|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
|          | WLAN 2.4G | 802.11b | Right Cheek   | 1   | 2412        | 1M              | 16.97               | 17.50               | 1.130                  | 0.12             | 0.082                  | 0.093                  |
|          | WLAN 2.4G | 802.11b | Right Tilted  | 1   | 2412        | 1M              | 16.97               | 17.50               | 1.130                  | 0.024            | 0.080                  | 0.090                  |
| 05       | WLAN 2.4G | 802.11b | Left Cheek    | 1   | 2412        | 1M              | 16.97               | 17.50               | 1.130                  | 0.17             | 0.146                  | 0.165                  |
|          | WLAN 2.4G | 802.11b | Left Tilted   | 1   | 2412        | 1M              | 16.97               | 17.50               | 1.130                  | 0.022            | 0.103                  | 0.116                  |

## 15.2 Body SAR

### <GSM SAR>

| Plot No.  | Band           | Mode                     | Test Position         | Gap (cm) | Ch.        | Freq. (MHz)   | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------|------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>06</b> | <b>GSM850</b>  | <b>GPRS (4 Tx slots)</b> | <b>Bottom Face</b>    | <b>0</b> | <b>128</b> | <b>824.2</b>  | <b>26.86</b>        | <b>27.50</b>        | <b>1.159</b>           | <b>0.05</b>      | <b>0.183</b>           | <b>0.212</b>           |
|           | GSM850         | GPRS (4 Tx slots)        | Edge1                 | 0        | 128        | 824.2         | 26.86               | 27.50               | 1.159                  | 0.15             | 0.069                  | 0.080                  |
|           | GSM850         | GPRS (4 Tx slots)        | Edge4                 | 0        | 128        | 824.2         | 26.86               | 27.50               | 1.159                  | 0.16             | 0.041                  | 0.048                  |
|           | GSM850         | GPRS (4 Tx slots)        | Bottom Face Tilted 8° | 0        | 128        | 824.2         | 26.86               | 27.50               | 1.159                  | -0.08            | 0.076                  | 0.088                  |
| <b>07</b> | <b>GSM1900</b> | <b>GPRS (4 Tx slots)</b> | <b>Bottom Face</b>    | <b>0</b> | <b>810</b> | <b>1909.8</b> | <b>23.78</b>        | <b>24.50</b>        | <b>1.180</b>           | <b>0.1</b>       | <b>0.575</b>           | <b>0.679</b>           |
|           | GSM1900        | GPRS (4 Tx slots)        | Edge1                 | 0        | 810        | 1909.8        | 23.78               | 24.50               | 1.180                  | 0.17             | 0.063                  | 0.074                  |
|           | GSM1900        | GPRS (4 Tx slots)        | Edge4                 | 0        | 810        | 1909.8        | 23.78               | 24.50               | 1.180                  | 0.13             | 0.032                  | 0.038                  |
|           | GSM1900        | GPRS (4 Tx slots)        | Bottom Face Tilted 8° | 0        | 810        | 1909.8        | 23.78               | 24.50               | 1.180                  | -0.02            | 0.545                  | 0.643                  |

### <WCDMA SAR>

| Plot No.  | Band            | Mode             | Test Position                | Gap (cm) | Ch.         | Freq. (MHz)   | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>08</b> | <b>WCDMA V</b>  | <b>RMC 12.2K</b> | <b>Bottom Face</b>           | <b>0</b> | <b>4233</b> | <b>846.6</b>  | <b>22.27</b>        | <b>23.00</b>        | <b>1.183</b>           | <b>0.12</b>      | <b>0.126</b>           | <b>0.149</b>           |
|           | WCDMA V         | RMC 12.2K        | Edge1                        | 0        | 4233        | 846.6         | 22.27               | 23.00               | 1.183                  | 0.17             | 0.050                  | 0.059                  |
|           | WCDMA V         | RMC 12.2K        | Edge4                        | 0        | 4233        | 846.6         | 22.27               | 23.00               | 1.183                  | 0.0086           | 0.030                  | 0.035                  |
|           | WCDMA V         | RMC 12.2K        | Bottom Face Tilted 8°        | 0        | 4233        | 846.6         | 22.27               | 23.00               | 1.183                  | 0.02             | 0.051                  | 0.060                  |
|           | WCDMA II        | RMC 12.2K        | Bottom Face                  | 0        | 9262        | 1852.4        | 22.75               | 23.00               | 1.059                  | 0.16             | 0.849                  | 0.899                  |
|           | WCDMA II        | RMC 12.2K        | Bottom Face                  | 0        | 9400        | 1880          | 22.58               | 23.00               | 1.102                  | 0.12             | 0.976                  | 1.075                  |
|           | WCDMA II        | RMC 12.2K        | Bottom Face                  | 0        | 9538        | 1907.6        | 22.61               | 23.00               | 1.094                  | -0.14            | 1.030                  | 1.127                  |
|           | WCDMA II        | RMC 12.2K        | Edge1                        | 0        | 9262        | 1852.4        | 22.75               | 23.00               | 1.059                  | -0.0045          | 0.889                  | 0.942                  |
|           | WCDMA II        | RMC 12.2K        | Edge1                        | 0        | 9400        | 1880          | 22.58               | 23.00               | 1.102                  | -0.17            | 0.734                  | 0.809                  |
|           | WCDMA II        | RMC 12.2K        | Edge1                        | 0        | 9538        | 1907.6        | 22.61               | 23.00               | 1.094                  | 0.14             | 0.906                  | 0.991                  |
|           | WCDMA II        | RMC 12.2K        | Edge4                        | 0        | 9262        | 1852.4        | 22.75               | 23.00               | 1.059                  | 0.17             | 0.062                  | 0.066                  |
|           | WCDMA II        | RMC 12.2K        | Bottom Face Tilted 8°        | 0        | 9262        | 1852.4        | 22.75               | 23.00               | 1.059                  | 0.01             | 0.968                  | 1.025                  |
|           | WCDMA II        | RMC 12.2K        | Bottom Face Tilted 8°        | 0        | 9400        | 1880          | 22.58               | 23.00               | 1.102                  | 0.05             | 0.959                  | 1.056                  |
| <b>09</b> | <b>WCDMA II</b> | <b>RMC 12.2K</b> | <b>Bottom Face Tilted 8°</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>9538</b> | <b>1907.6</b> | <b>22.61</b>        | <b>23.00</b>        | <b>1.094</b>           | <b>0.08</b>      | <b>1.050</b>           | <b>1.149</b>           |

### <DTS WLAN SAR>

| Plot No.  | Band             | Mode           | Test Position          | Gap (cm) | Ch.      | Freq. (MHz) | Data Rate (bps) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------|----------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>10</b> | <b>WLAN 2.4G</b> | <b>802.11b</b> | <b>Bottom Face</b>     | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>2412</b> | <b>1M</b>       | <b>16.97</b>        | <b>17.50</b>        | <b>1.130</b>           | <b>-0.15</b>     | <b>0.408</b>           | <b>0.461</b>           |
|           | WLAN 2.4G        | 802.11b        | Edge1                  | 0        | 1        | 2412        | 1M              | 16.97               | 17.50               | 1.130                  | -0.13            | 0.096                  | 0.108                  |
|           | WLAN 2.4G        | 802.11b        | Bottom Face Tilted 15° | 0        | 1        | 2412        | 1M              | 16.97               | 17.50               | 1.130                  | -0.01            | 0.238                  | 0.269                  |

**15.3 Repeated SAR Measurement**

| No. | Band     | Mode      | Test Position        | Gap (cm) | Ch.  | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Ratio | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-----|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------|------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| 1st | WCDMA II | RMC 12.2K | Bottom Face Tilted 8 | 0        | 9538 | 1907.6      | 22.61               | 23.00               | 1.094                  | 0.08             | 1.050                  | 1     | 1.149                  |
| 2nd | WCDMA II | RMC 12.2K | Bottom Face Tilted 8 | 0        | 9538 | 1907.6      | 22.61               | 23.00               | 1.094                  | 0.03             | 1.040                  | 1.010 | 1.138                  |

**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$ W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is  $\leq 1.2$  and the measured SAR  $< 1.45$ W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

## 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

| NO. | Simultaneous Transmission Configurations | Tablet |      | Note                |
|-----|------------------------------------------|--------|------|---------------------|
|     |                                          | Head   | Body |                     |
| 1.  | GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)            | Yes    | -    | -                   |
| 2.  | WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)          | Yes    | -    | -                   |
| 3.  | GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)             | Yes    | -    | -                   |
| 4.  | WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)          | Yes    | -    | -                   |
| 5.  | GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)       | Yes    | Yes  | 2.4GHz Hotspot      |
| 6.  | WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)           | Yes    | Yes  | 2.4GHz Hotspot      |
| 7.  | GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)        | Yes    | Yes  | Bluetooth Tethering |
| 8.  | WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)            | Yes    | Yes  | Bluetooth Tethering |

### General Note:

- This device supported VoIP in GPRS, WCDMA (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- EUT will choose each of GSM and WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not transmit simultaneously at any moment.
- The Reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- The Reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - Scalar SAR summation  $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$ .
  - $\text{SPLSR} = (\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$ , where  $(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2, z_2)$  are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - If  $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR  $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$ .
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
  - $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$ ; where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR, and  $x = 18.75$  for 10-g SAR.
  - When the minimum separation distance is  $< 5\text{mm}$ , the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
  - $0.4 \text{ W/kg}$  for 1-g SAR and  $1.0 \text{ W/kg}$  for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is  $> 50 \text{ mm}$ .
  - Bluetooth estimated SAR is conservatively determined by 5mm separation, for all applicable exposure positions.

| Bluetooth Max Power | Exposure Position    | All Positions |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| 5.5 dBm             | Estimated SAR (W/kg) | 0.168 W/kg    |



## 16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

### <WWAN + WLAN>

| WWAN Band |         | Exposure Position | WWAN SAR (W/kg) | WLAN DTS SAR (W/kg) | Summed SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR | Case No |
|-----------|---------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------|---------|
| GSM       | GSM850  | Right Cheek       | 0.097           | 0.093               | 0.19              |       |         |
|           |         | Right Tilted      | 0.097           | 0.09                | 0.19              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Cheek        | 0.088           | 0.165               | 0.25              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Tilted       | 0.066           | 0.116               | 0.18              |       |         |
|           | GSM1900 | Right Cheek       | 0.254           | 0.093               | 0.35              |       |         |
|           |         | Right Tilted      | 0.248           | 0.09                | 0.34              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Cheek        | 0.084           | 0.165               | 0.25              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Tilted       | 0.086           | 0.116               | 0.20              |       |         |
| WCDMA     | Band V  | Right Cheek       | 0.106           | 0.093               | 0.20              |       |         |
|           |         | Right Tilted      | 0.079           | 0.09                | 0.17              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Cheek        | 0.071           | 0.165               | 0.24              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Tilted       | 0.02            | 0.116               | 0.14              |       |         |
|           | Band II | Right Cheek       | 0.444           | 0.093               | 0.54              |       |         |
|           |         | Right Tilted      | 0.442           | 0.09                | 0.53              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Cheek        | 0.149           | 0.165               | 0.31              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Tilted       | 0.162           | 0.116               | 0.28              |       |         |

### <WWAN + Bluetooth>

| WWAN Band |         | Exposure Position | WWAN SAR (W/kg) | Bluetooth DSS Estimated SAR (W/kg) | Summed SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR | Case No |
|-----------|---------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---------|
| GSM       | GSM850  | Right Cheek       | 0.097           | 0.168                              | 0.27              |       |         |
|           |         | Right Tilted      | 0.097           | 0.168                              | 0.27              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Cheek        | 0.088           | 0.168                              | 0.26              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Tilted       | 0.066           | 0.168                              | 0.23              |       |         |
|           | GSM1900 | Right Cheek       | 0.254           | 0.168                              | 0.42              |       |         |
|           |         | Right Tilted      | 0.248           | 0.168                              | 0.42              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Cheek        | 0.084           | 0.168                              | 0.25              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Tilted       | 0.086           | 0.168                              | 0.25              |       |         |
| WCDMA     | Band V  | Right Cheek       | 0.106           | 0.168                              | 0.27              |       |         |
|           |         | Right Tilted      | 0.079           | 0.168                              | 0.25              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Cheek        | 0.071           | 0.168                              | 0.24              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Tilted       | 0.02            | 0.168                              | 0.19              |       |         |
|           | Band II | Right Cheek       | 0.444           | 0.168                              | 0.61              |       |         |
|           |         | Right Tilted      | 0.442           | 0.168                              | 0.61              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Cheek        | 0.149           | 0.168                              | 0.32              |       |         |
|           |         | Left Tilted       | 0.162           | 0.168                              | 0.33              |       |         |

## 16.2 Tablet Body Exposure Conditions

< WWAN + WLAN >

| WWAN Band |         | Exposure Position     | WWAN<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) | WLAN DTS<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) | Summed<br>SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR | Case No |
|-----------|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------|---------|
| GSM       | GSM850  | Bottom Face           | 0.212                 | 0.461                     | 0.67                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge1                 | 0.08                  | 0.108                     | 0.19                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge4                 | 0.048                 |                           | 0.05                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 8  | 0.088                 |                           | 0.09                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 15 |                       | 0.269                     | 0.27                 |       |         |
|           | GSM1900 | Bottom Face           | 0.679                 | 0.461                     | 1.14                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge1                 | 0.074                 | 0.108                     | 0.18                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge4                 | 0.038                 |                           | 0.04                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 8  | 0.643                 |                           | 0.64                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 15 |                       | 0.269                     | 0.27                 |       |         |
| WCDMA     | Band V  | Bottom Face           | 0.149                 | 0.461                     | 0.61                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge1                 | 0.059                 | 0.108                     | 0.17                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge4                 | 0.035                 |                           | 0.04                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 8  | 0.06                  |                           | 0.06                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 15 |                       | 0.269                     | 0.27                 |       |         |
|           | Band II | Bottom Face           | 1.127                 | 0.461                     | 1.59                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge1                 | 0.991                 | 0.108                     | 1.10                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge4                 | 0.066                 |                           | 0.07                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 8  | 1.149                 |                           | 1.15                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 15 |                       | 0.269                     | 0.27                 |       |         |

**< WWAN + Bluetooth >**

| WWAN Band |         | Exposure Position    | WWAN<br>SAR<br>(W/kg) | Bluetooth DSS<br>Estimated<br>SAR (W/kg) | Summed<br>SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR | Case No |
|-----------|---------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------|-------|---------|
| GSM       | GSM850  | Bottom Face          | 0.212                 | 0.168                                    | 0.38                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge1                | 0.08                  | 0.168                                    | 0.25                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge4                | 0.048                 | 0.168                                    | 0.22                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 8 | 0.088                 | 0.168                                    | 0.26                 |       |         |
|           | GSM1900 | Bottom Face          | 0.679                 | 0.168                                    | 0.85                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge1                | 0.074                 | 0.168                                    | 0.24                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge4                | 0.038                 | 0.168                                    | 0.21                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 8 | 0.643                 | 0.168                                    | 0.81                 |       |         |
| WCDMA     | Band V  | Bottom Face          | 0.149                 | 0.168                                    | 0.32                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge1                | 0.059                 | 0.168                                    | 0.23                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge4                | 0.035                 | 0.168                                    | 0.20                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 8 | 0.06                  | 0.168                                    | 0.23                 |       |         |
|           | Band II | Bottom Face          | 1.127                 | 0.168                                    | 1.30                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge1                | 0.991                 | 0.168                                    | 1.16                 |       |         |
|           |         | Edge4                | 0.066                 | 0.168                                    | 0.23                 |       |         |
|           |         | Bottom Face Tilted 8 | 1.149                 | 0.168                                    | <b>1.32</b>          |       |         |

**Test Engineer : Fulu Hu**

## **17. Uncertainty Assessment**

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

| Uncertainty Distributions          | Normal      | Rectangular  | Triangular   | U-Shape      |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup> | $1/k^{(b)}$ | $1/\sqrt{3}$ | $1/\sqrt{6}$ | $1/\sqrt{2}$ |

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b)  $k$  is the coverage factor

**Table 17.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution**

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

| Error Description                    | Uncertainty Value (±%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | Ci (1g) | Ci (10g) | Standard Uncertainty (1g) | Standard Uncertainty (10g) |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Measurement System</b>            |                        |                          |         |         |          |                           |                            |
| Probe Calibration                    | 6.0                    | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 6.0 %                   | ± 6.0 %                    |
| Axial Isotropy                       | 4.7                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 0.7     | 0.7      | ± 1.9 %                   | ± 1.9 %                    |
| Hemispherical Isotropy               | 9.6                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 0.7     | 0.7      | ± 3.9 %                   | ± 3.9 %                    |
| Boundary Effects                     | 1.0                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 0.6 %                   | ± 0.6 %                    |
| Linearity                            | 4.7                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 2.7 %                   | ± 2.7 %                    |
| System Detection Limits              | 1.0                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 0.6 %                   | ± 0.6 %                    |
| Readout Electronics                  | 0.3                    | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 0.3 %                   | ± 0.3 %                    |
| Response Time                        | 0.8                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 0.5 %                   | ± 0.5 %                    |
| Integration Time                     | 2.6                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 1.5 %                   | ± 1.5 %                    |
| RF Ambient Noise                     | 3.0                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 1.7 %                   | ± 1.7 %                    |
| RF Ambient Reflections               | 3.0                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 1.7 %                   | ± 1.7 %                    |
| Probe Positioner                     | 0.4                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 0.2 %                   | ± 0.2 %                    |
| Probe Positioning                    | 2.9                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 1.7 %                   | ± 1.7 %                    |
| Max. SAR Eval.                       | 1.0                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 0.6 %                   | ± 0.6 %                    |
| <b>Test Sample Related</b>           |                        |                          |         |         |          |                           |                            |
| Device Positioning                   | 2.9                    | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 2.9 %                   | ± 2.9 %                    |
| Device Holder                        | 3.6                    | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 3.6 %                   | ± 3.6 %                    |
| Power Drift                          | 5.0                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 2.9 %                   | ± 2.9 %                    |
| <b>Phantom and Setup</b>             |                        |                          |         |         |          |                           |                            |
| Phantom Uncertainty                  | 4.0                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 2.3 %                   | ± 2.3 %                    |
| Liquid Conductivity (Target)         | 5.0                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 0.64    | 0.43     | ± 1.8 %                   | ± 1.2 %                    |
| Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)          | 2.5                    | Normal                   | 1       | 0.64    | 0.43     | ± 1.6 %                   | ± 1.1 %                    |
| Liquid Permittivity (Target)         | 5.0                    | Rectangular              | √3      | 0.6     | 0.49     | ± 1.7 %                   | ± 1.4 %                    |
| Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)          | 2.5                    | Normal                   | 1       | 0.6     | 0.49     | ± 1.5 %                   | ± 1.2 %                    |
| <b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b> |                        |                          |         |         |          | ± 11.0 %                  | ± 10.8 %                   |
| <b>Coverage Factor for 95 %</b>      |                        |                          |         |         |          | K=2                       |                            |
| <b>Expanded Uncertainty</b>          |                        |                          |         |         |          | ± 22.0 %                  | ± 21.5 %                   |

**Table 17.2 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz**

## **18. References**

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters”, May 2007
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Feb 2014
- [7] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2014
- [8] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r01, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers”, May 2013
- [9] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, “SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz”, Feb 2014.
- [10] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” May 2013.



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## ***Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check***

The plots are shown as follows.

**System Check\_Head\_835MHz\_141108****DUT: D835V2 - SN:499**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_835\_141108 Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.906$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.285$ ;

$\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.895 mW/g

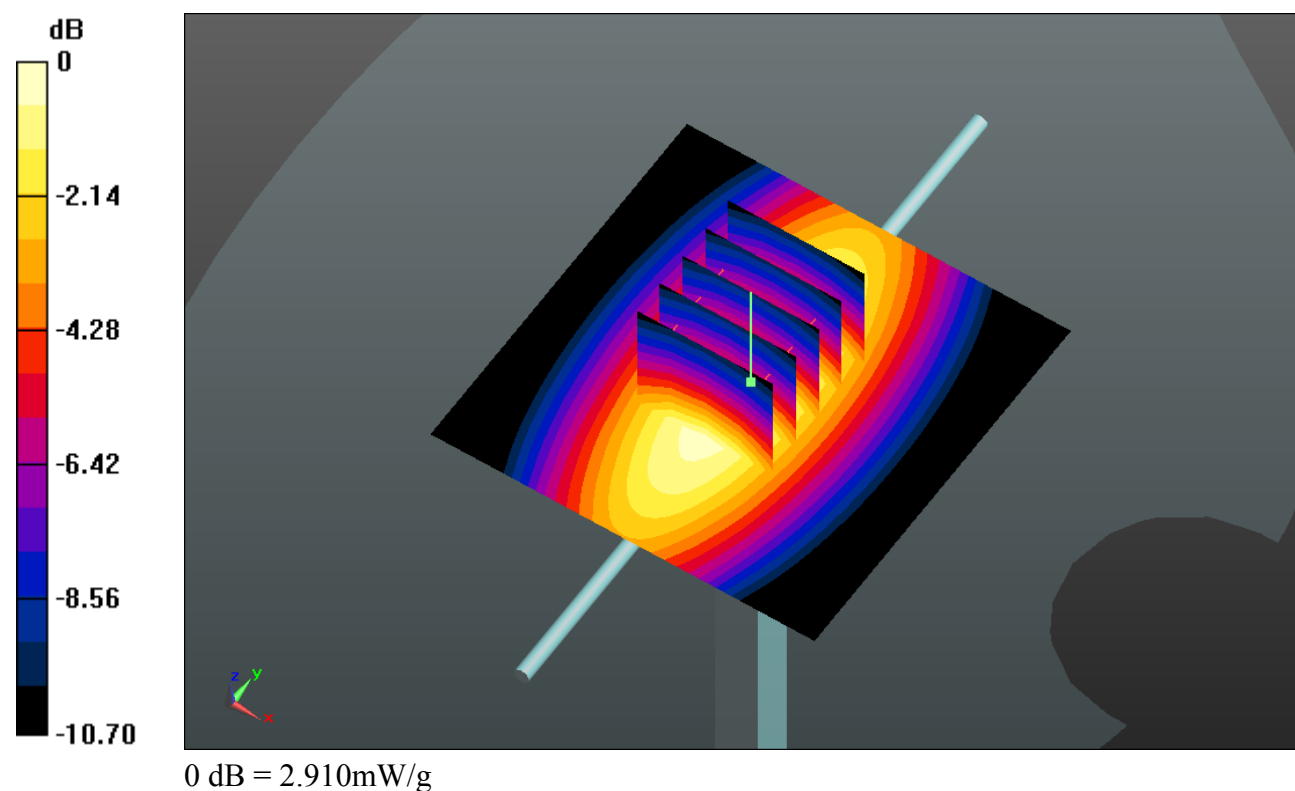
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.242 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.400 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.906 mW/g





**System Check\_Head\_1900MHz\_141109****DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1900\_141109 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.392$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

41.807;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.276 mW/g

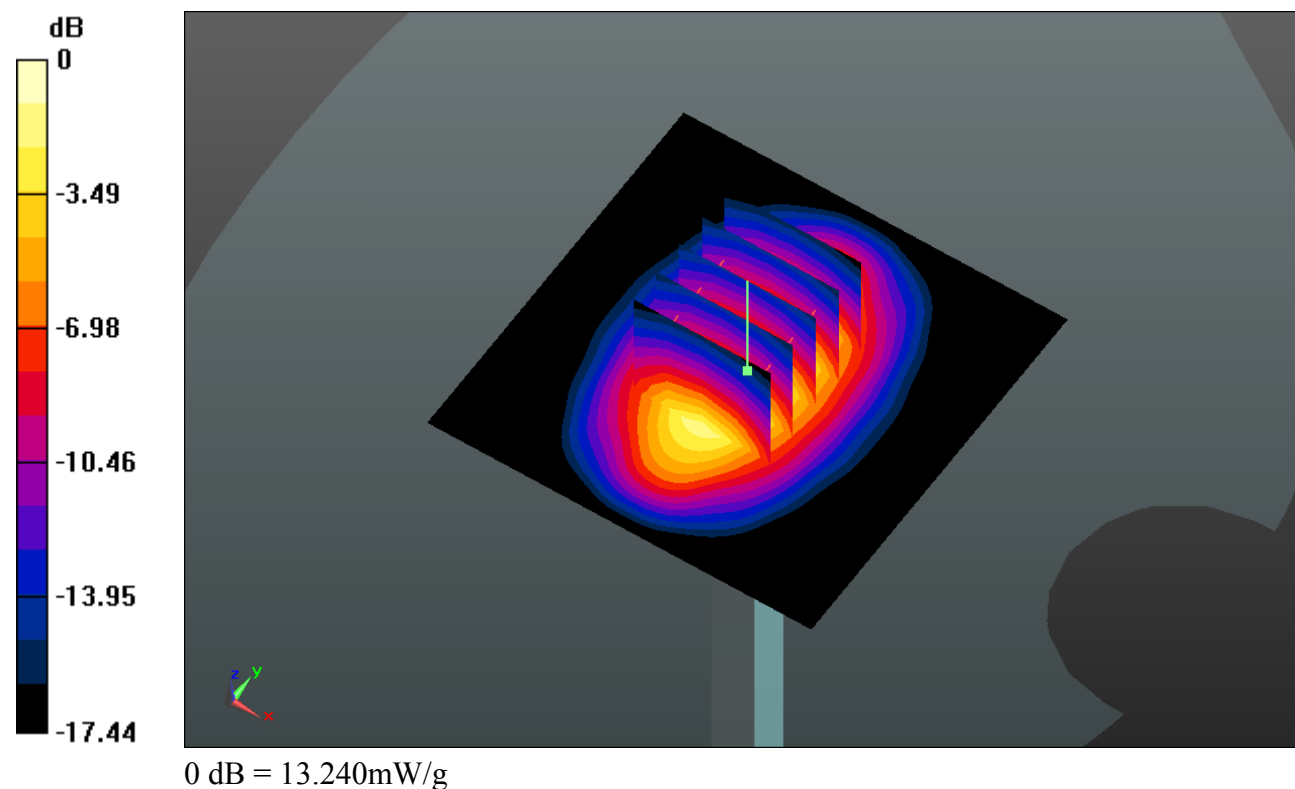
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.766 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.696 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.85 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.242 mW/g



**System Check\_Head\_2450MHz\_141120****DUT: D2450V2 - SN:736**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450\_141120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.822$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

39.194;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.980 mW/g

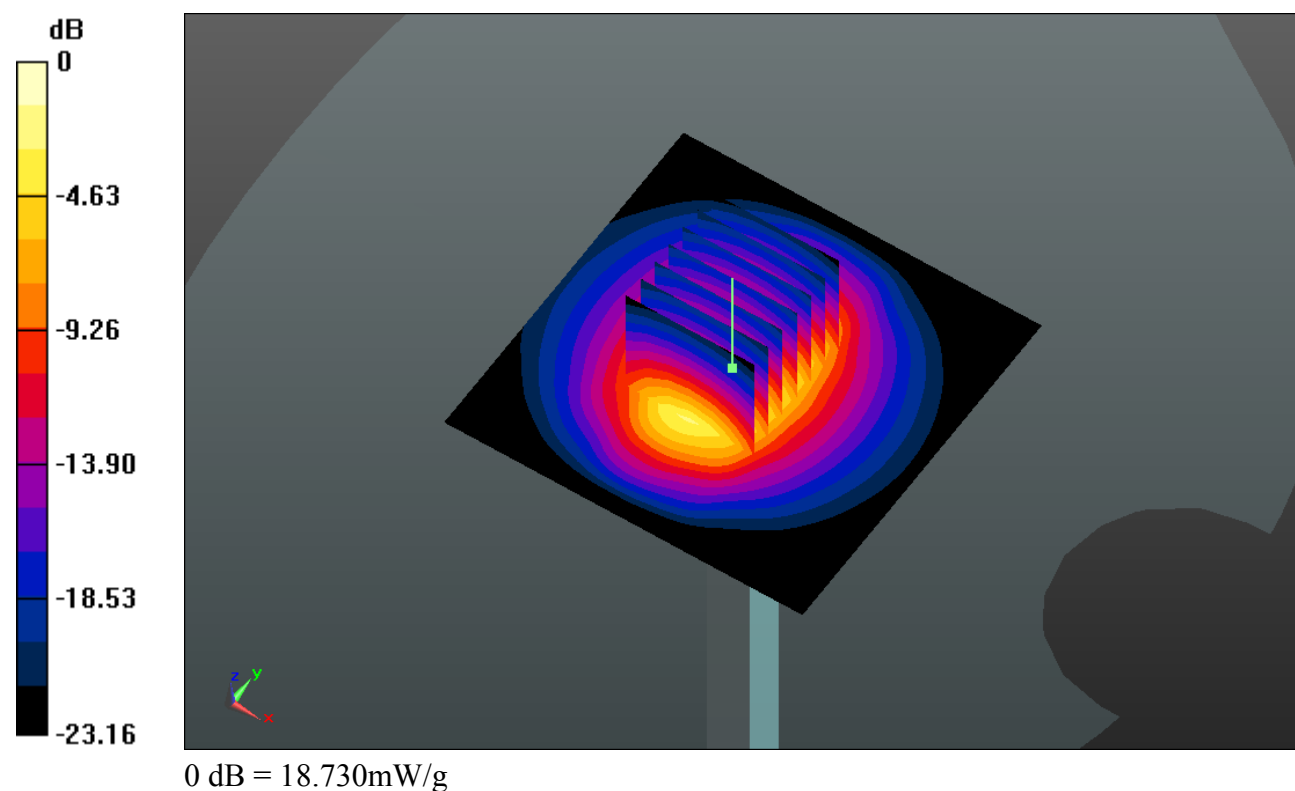
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.160 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.839 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.733 mW/g



**System Check\_Body\_835MHz\_141109****DUT: D835V2 - SN:499**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_835\_141109 Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.98$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.447$ ;

$\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1079
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.932 mW/g

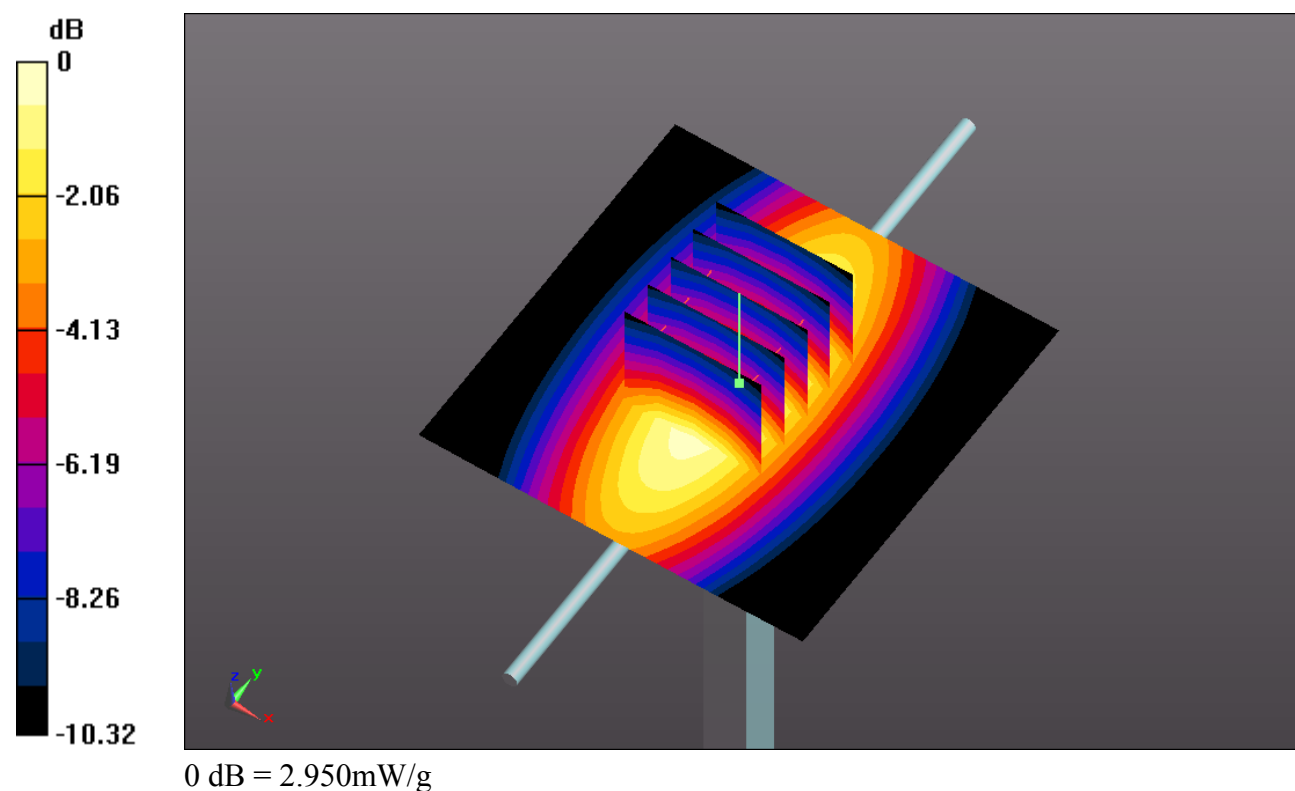
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.653 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.429 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.952 mW/g



**System Check\_Body\_1900MHz\_141108****DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_141108 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.555$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

$53.699$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature :  $23.6$  °C ; Liquid Temperature :  $22.7$  °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1079
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $14.810$  mW/g

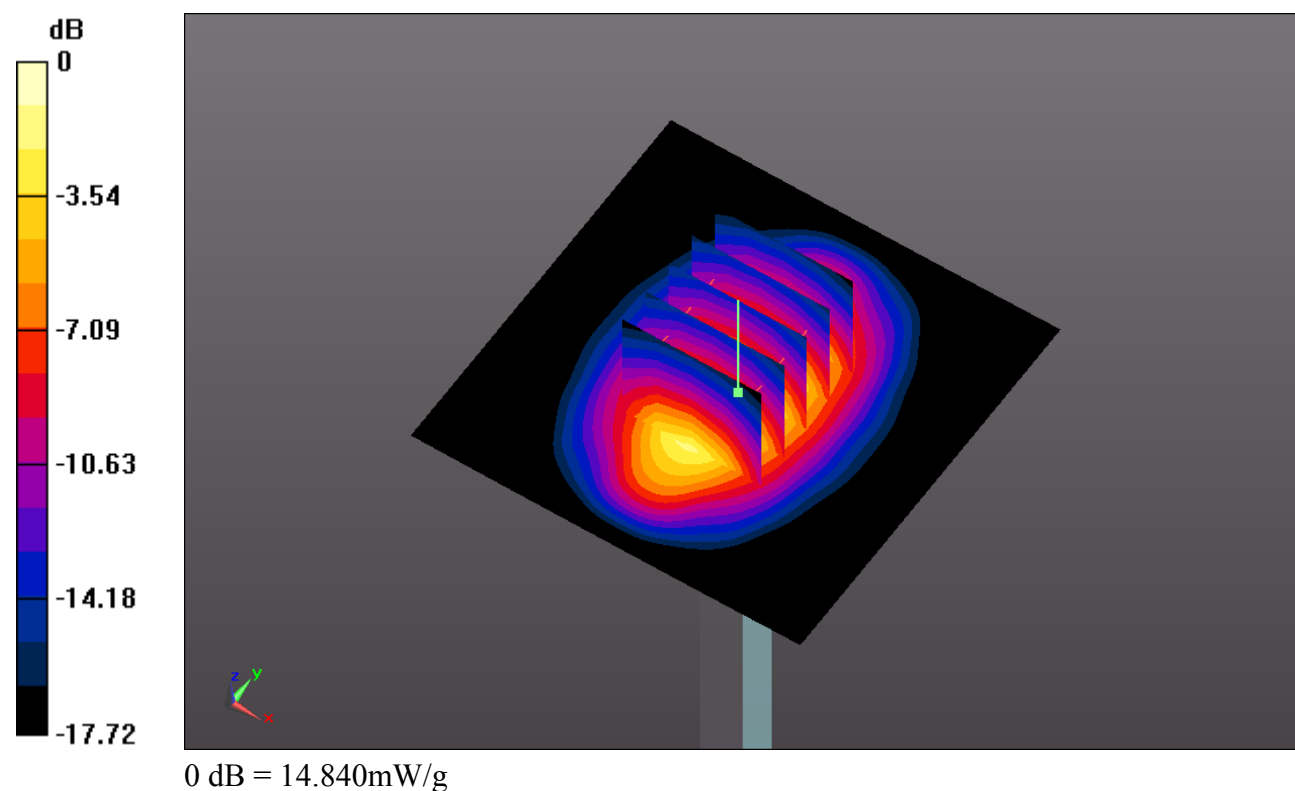
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =  $86.658$  V/m; Power Drift =  $-0.10$  dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $18.541$  W/kg

**SAR(1 g) =  $10.4$  mW/g; SAR(10 g) =  $5.41$  mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $14.844$  mW/g



**System Check\_Body\_2450MHz\_141119****DUT: D2450V2 - SN:736**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2450\_141119 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.939$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

50.92;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1079
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.067 mW/g

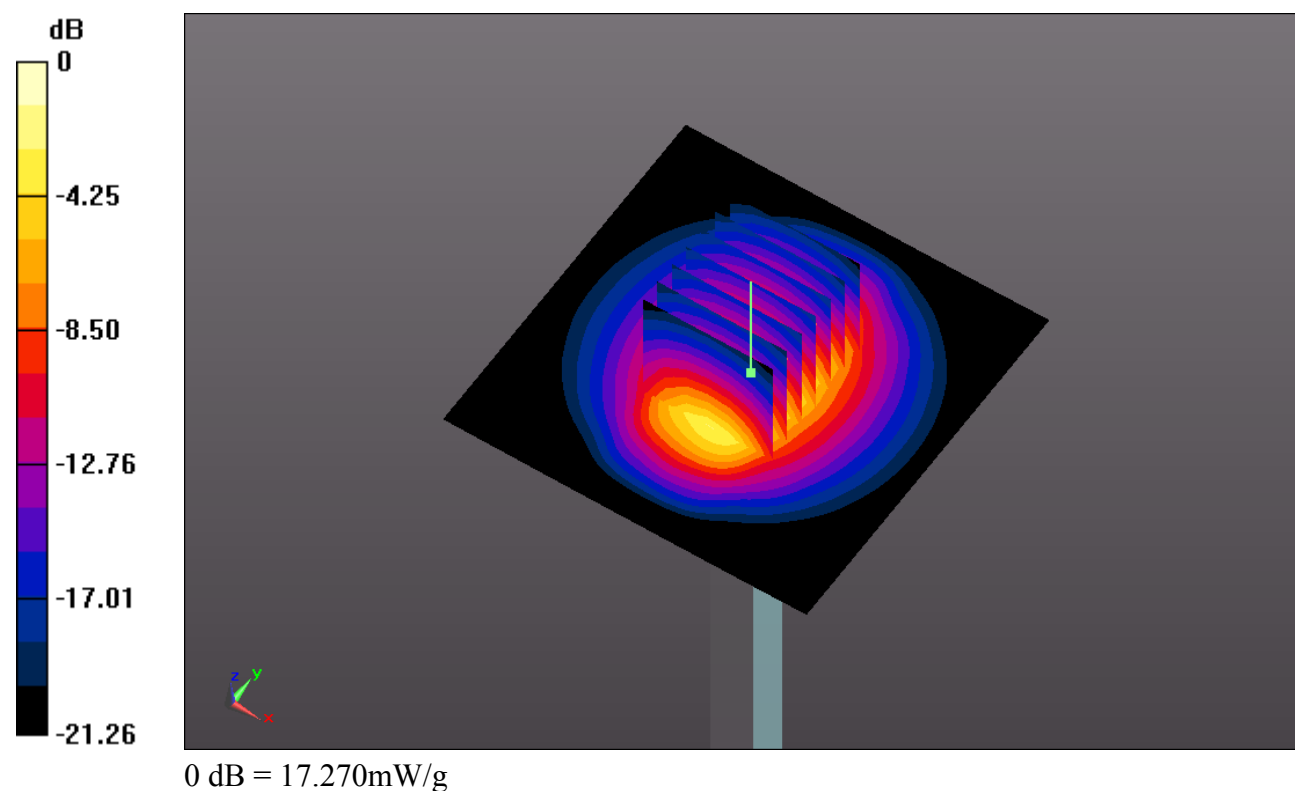
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.632 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.015 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.272 mW/g





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***Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement***

The plots are shown as follows.

**01\_GSM850\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Right Cheek\_Ch128**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08  
Medium: HSL\_835\_141108 Medium parameters used:  $f = 824.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.896$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

42.414;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch128/Area Scan (101x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.139 mW/g

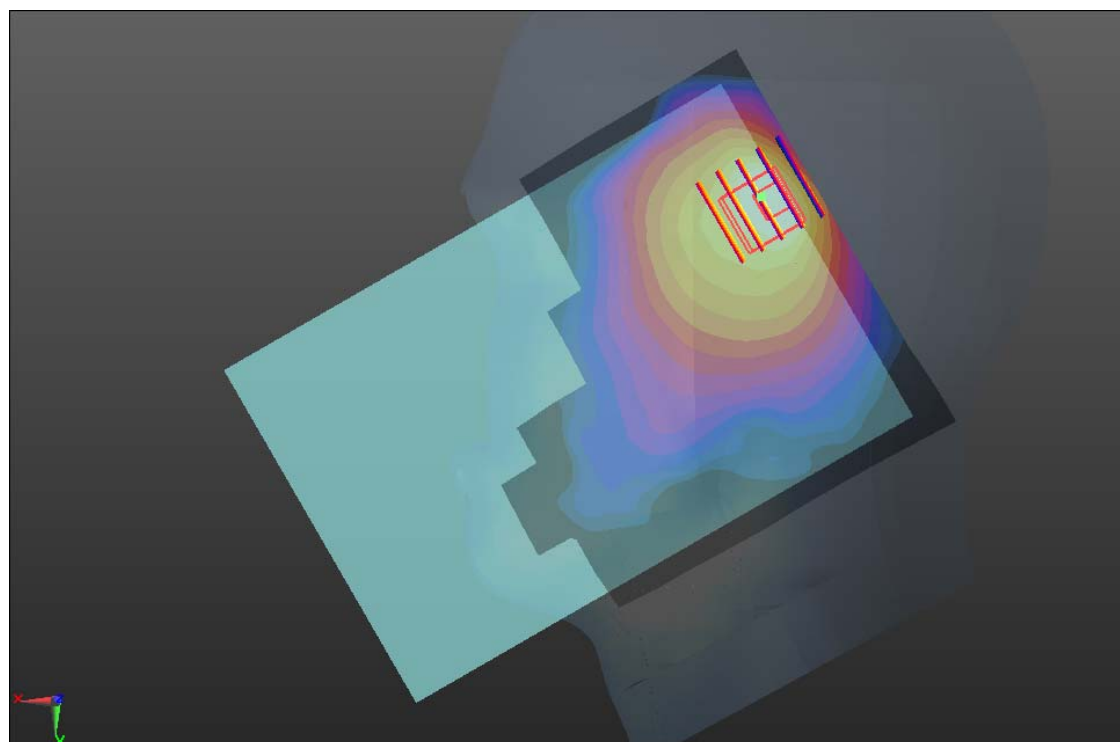
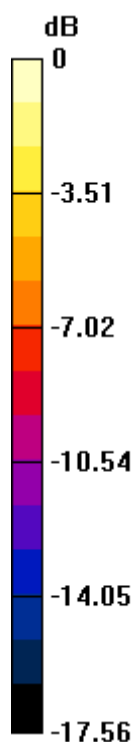
**Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.937 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.188 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.084 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.111 mW/g



0 dB = 0.110mW/g

**02\_GSM1900\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Right Cheek\_Ch810**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08  
Medium: HSL\_1900\_141109 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1909.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.403$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

41.747;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch810/Area Scan (101x161x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.283 mW/g

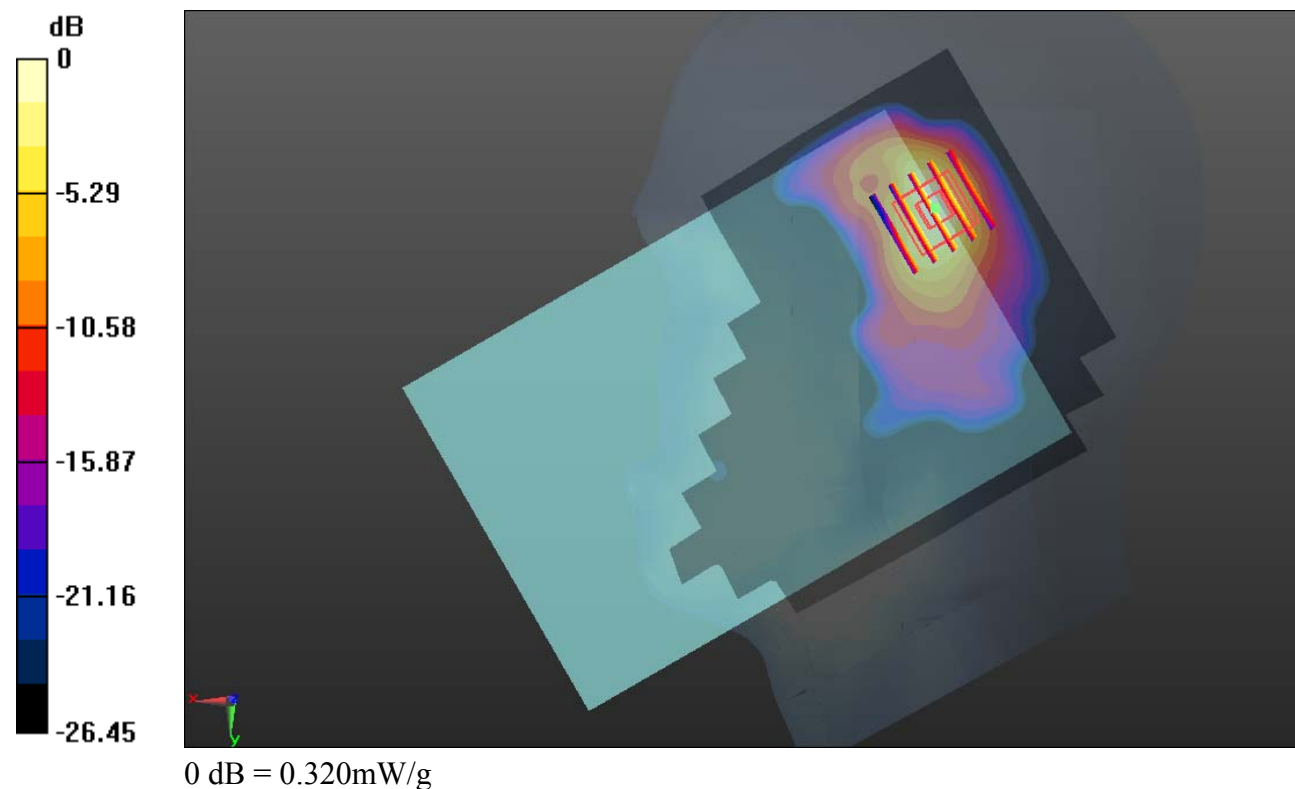
**Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.770 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.416 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.215 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.321 mW/g





**03\_WCDMA V\_RMC12.2k\_Right Cheek\_Ch4233**

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_835\_141108 Medium parameters used:  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.917$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.131$ ;

$\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch4233/Area Scan (101x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.159 mW/g

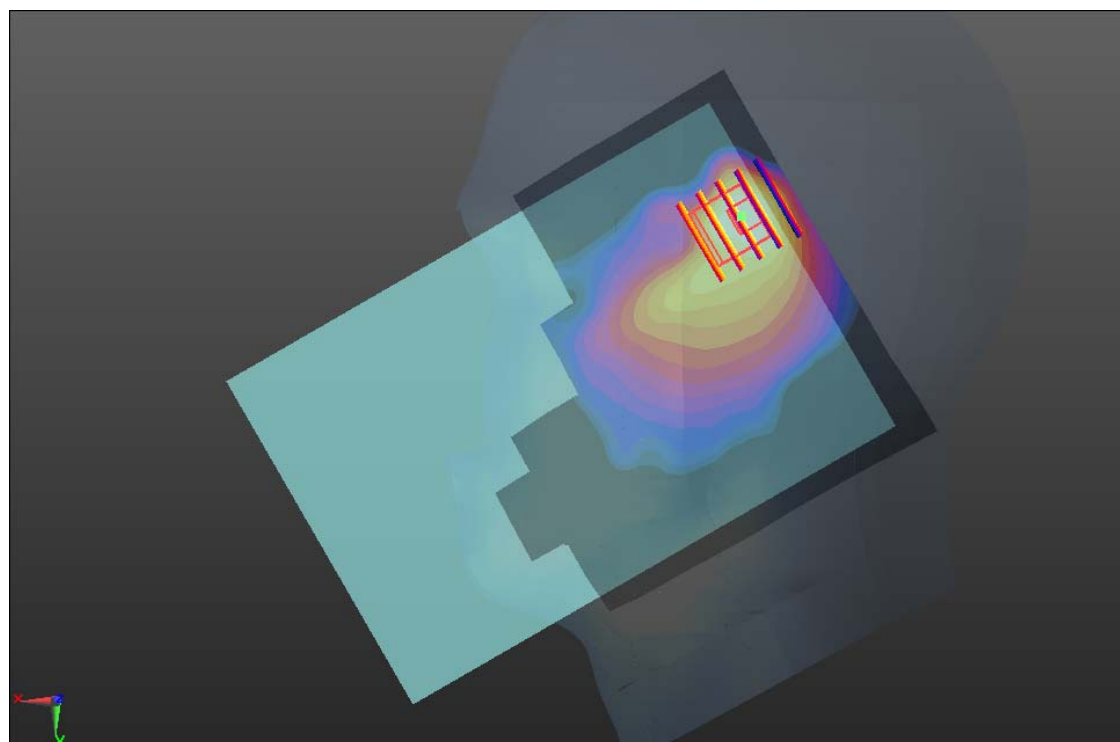
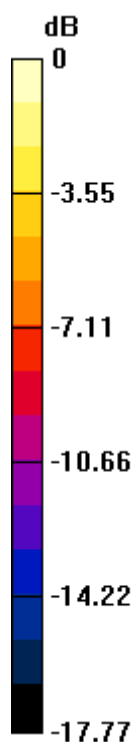
**Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.168 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.181 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.090 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.119 mW/g



0 dB = 0.120mW/g

**04\_WCDMA II\_RMC12.2k\_Right Cheek\_Ch9262**

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1900\_141109 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.34$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

41.976;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch9262/Area Scan (101x151x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.632 mW/g

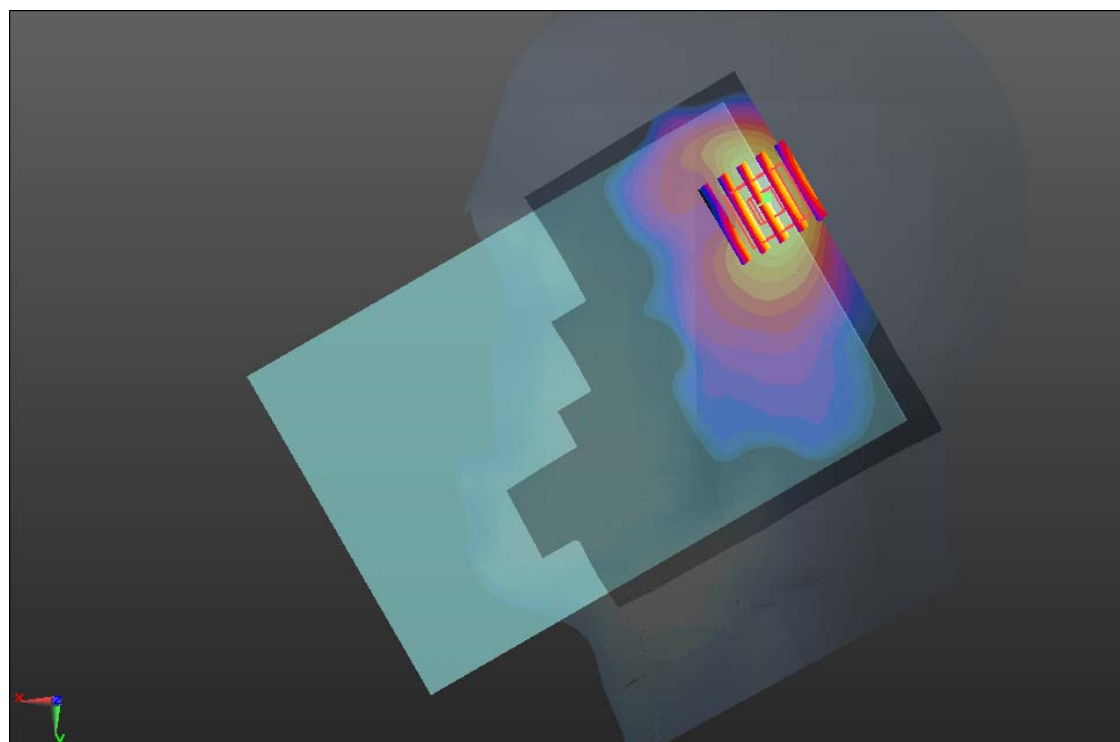
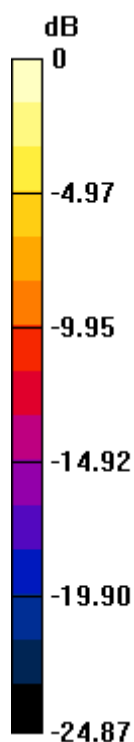
**Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.451 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.809 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.419 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.612 mW/g



0 dB = 0.610mW/g

**05\_WLAN2.4G\_802.11b\_1m\_Left Cheek\_Ch1**

Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450\_141120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.777$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

$39.338$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature :  $23.5$  °C; Liquid Temperature :  $22.6$  °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch1/Area Scan (131x191x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=12$ mm,  $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $0.261$  mW/g

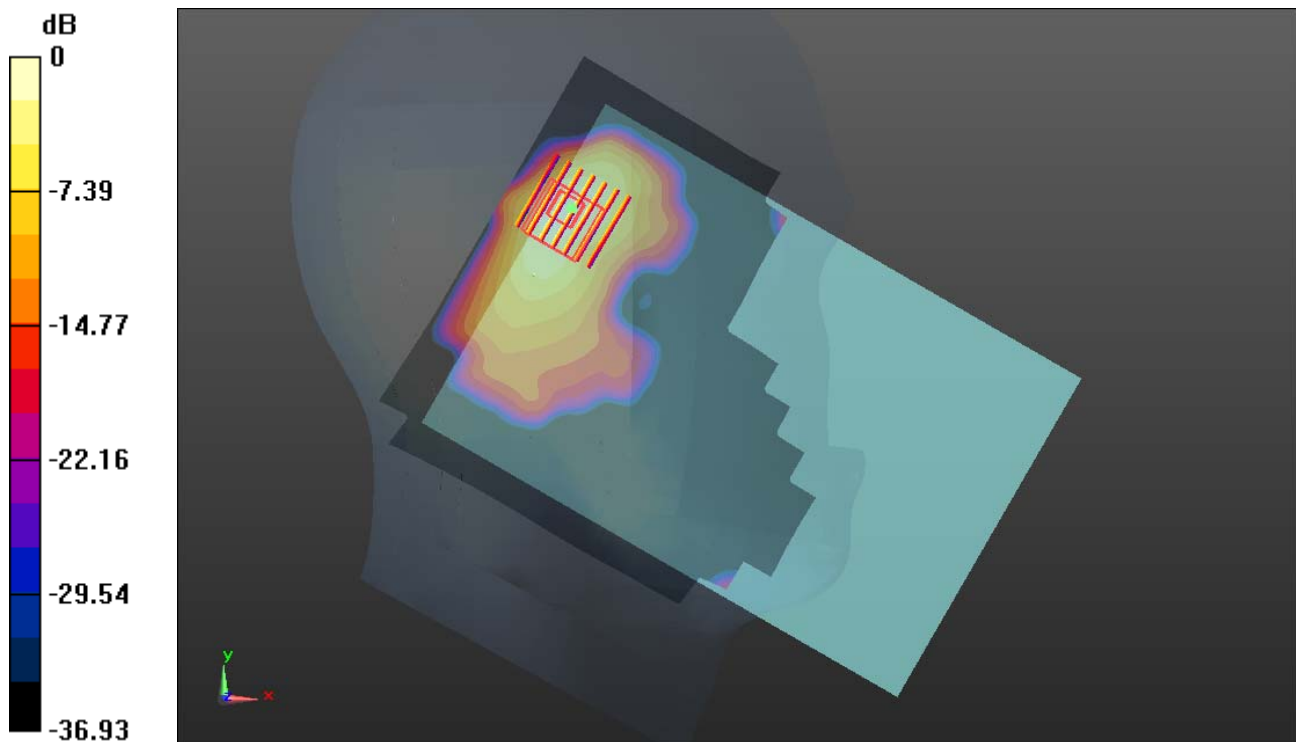
**Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value =  $6.345$  V/m; Power Drift =  $0.17$  dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $0.429$  W/kg

**SAR(1 g) =  $0.146$  mW/g; SAR(10 g) =  $0.058$  mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.263$  mW/g



0 dB =  $0.260$  mW/g

**06\_GSM850\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Bottom 0cm\_Ch128**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08  
Medium: MSL\_835\_141109 Medium parameters used:  $f = 824.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.969$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

54.547;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1079
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch128/Area Scan (111x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.338 mW/g

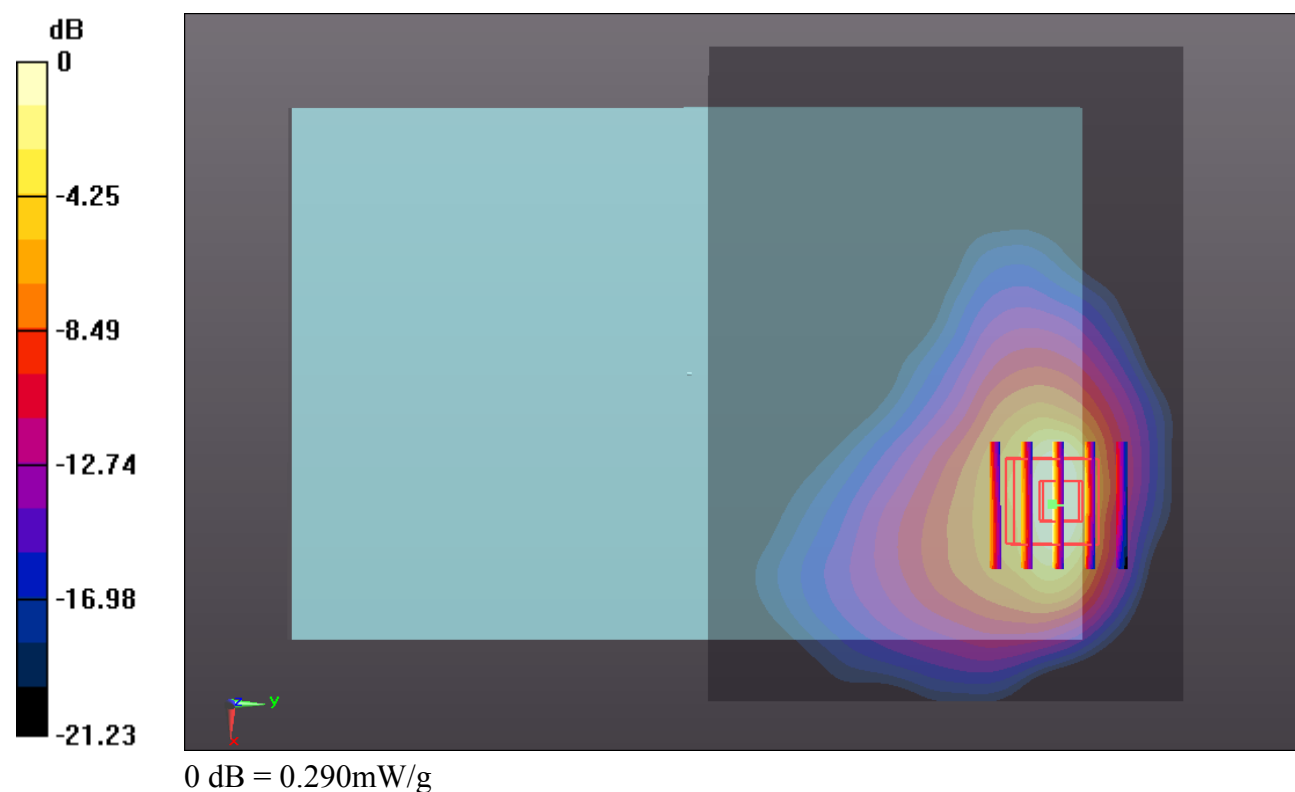
**Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.419 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.183 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.292 mW/g



**07\_GSM1900\_GPRS (4 Tx slots)\_Bottom 0cm\_Ch810**

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08  
Medium: MSL\_1900\_141108 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1909.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.563$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

53.587;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1079
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch810/Area Scan (111x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.998 mW/g

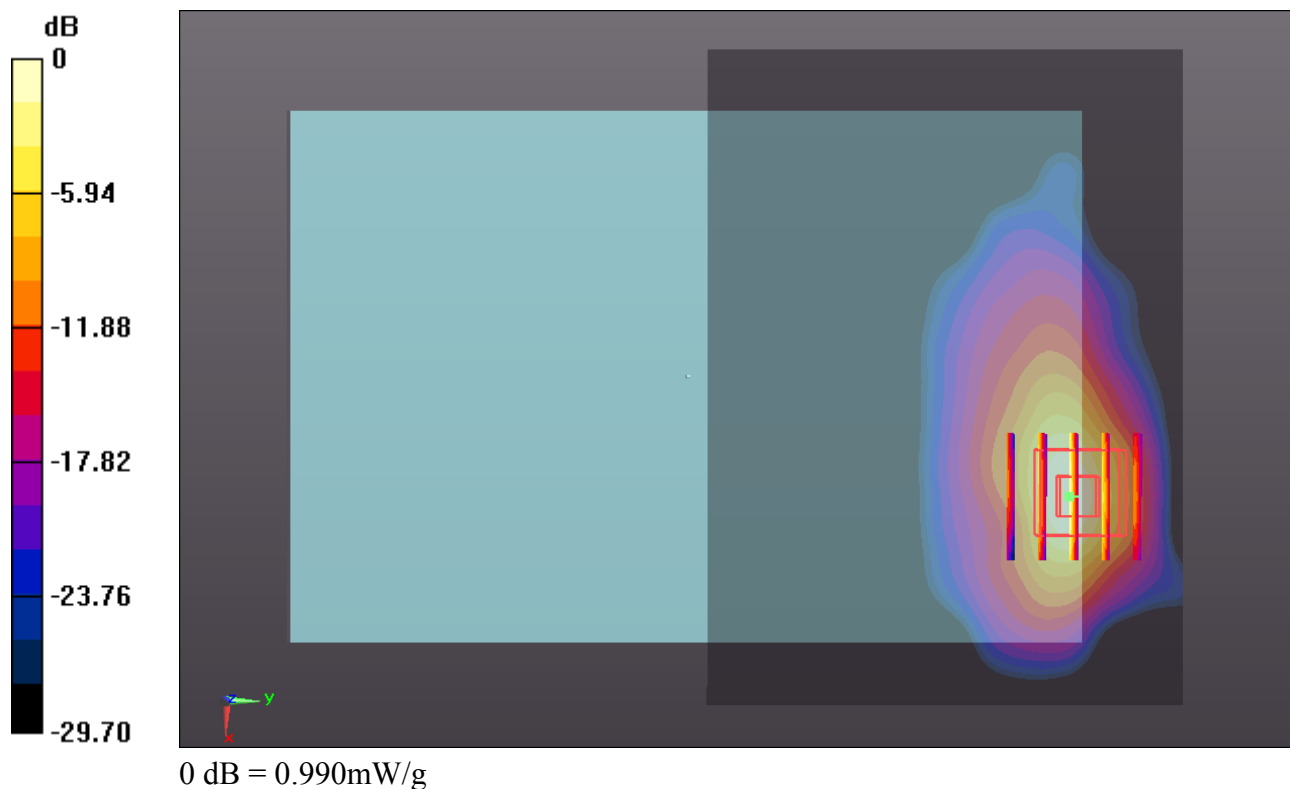
**Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.288 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.575 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.243 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.993 mW/g



**08\_WCDMA V\_RMC12.2k\_Bottom 0cm\_Ch4233**

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_835\_141109 Medium parameters used:  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.992$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.322$ ;

$\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1079
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch4233/Area Scan (111x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.234 mW/g

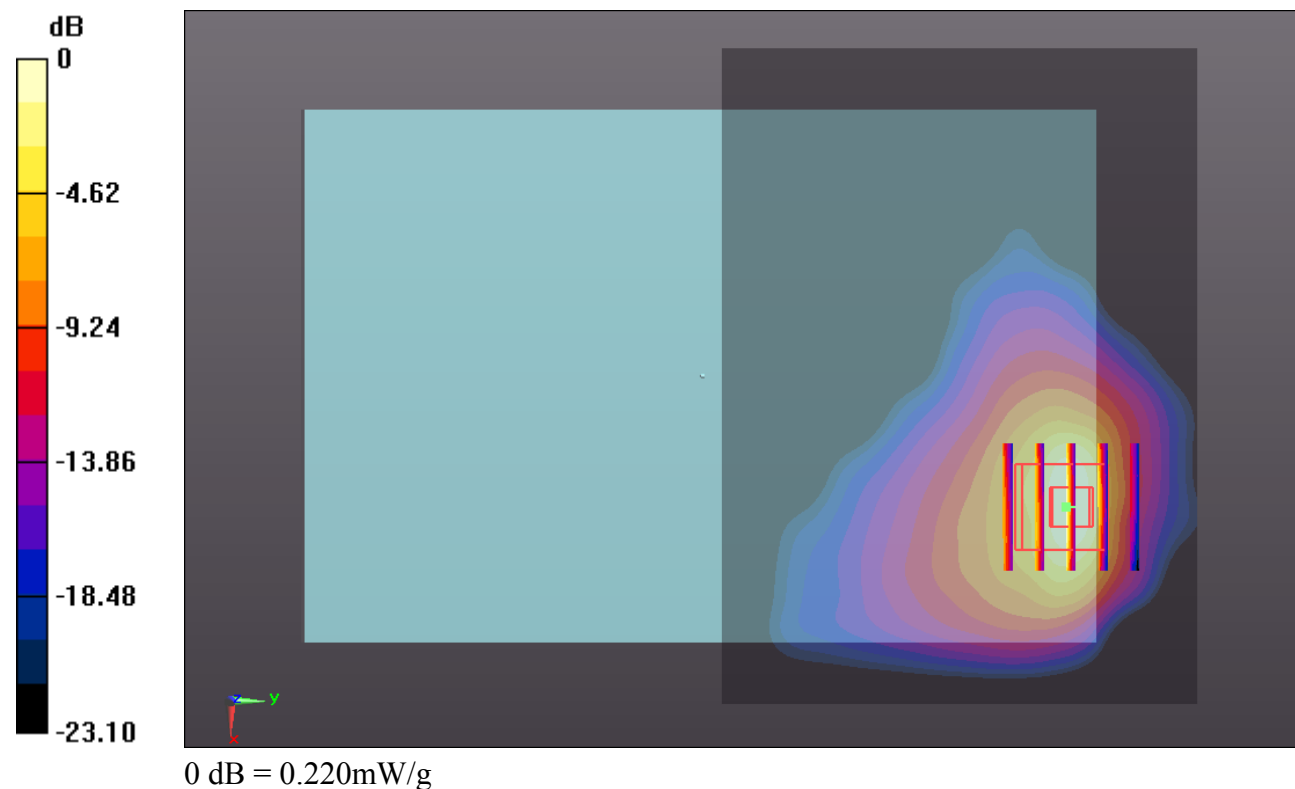
**Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.305 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.126 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 mW/g



**09\_WCDMA II\_RMC12.2K\_Bottom Face Tilted 8 0cm\_Ch9538**

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_141108 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1907.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.561$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

53.585;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1079
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch9538/Area Scan (111x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.019 mW/g

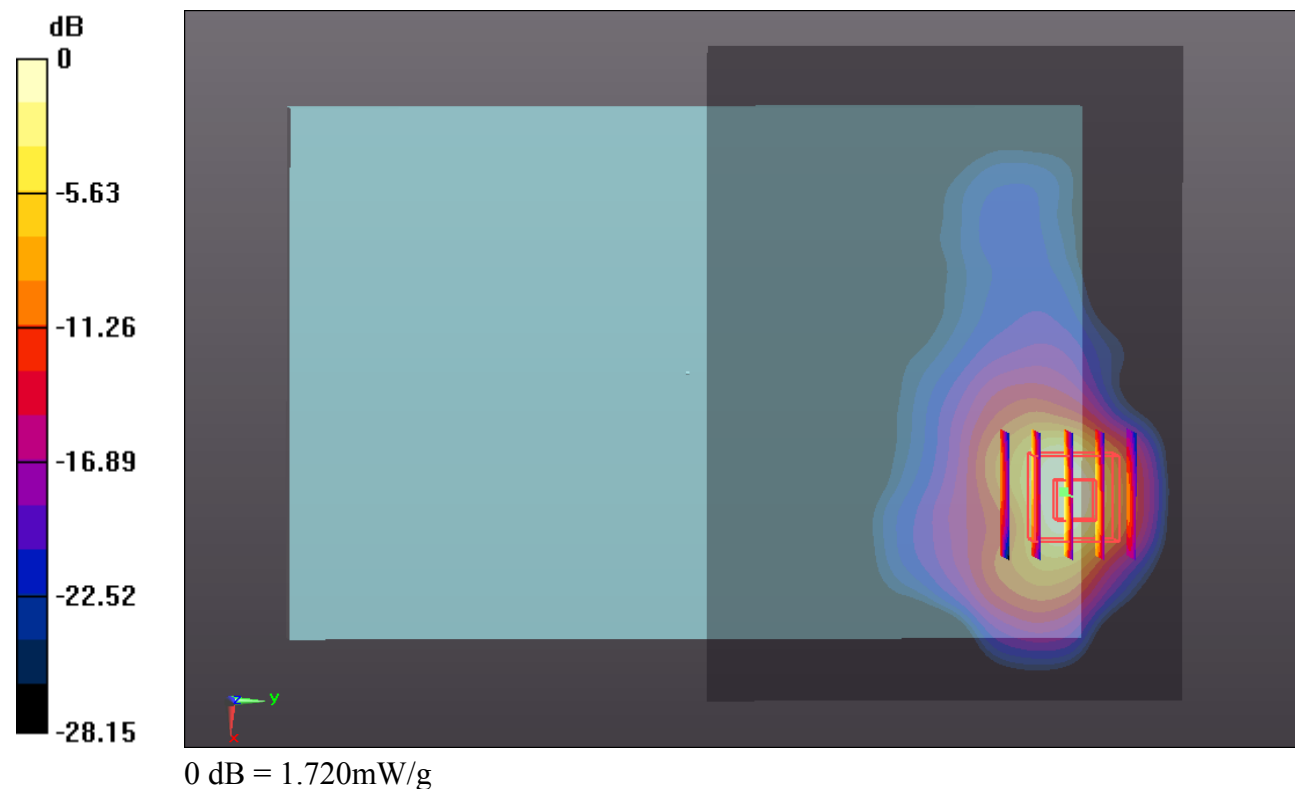
**Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.466 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.418 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.719 mW/g



**10\_WLAN2.4G\_802.11b\_1M\_Bottom Face 0cm\_Ch1**

Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2450\_141119 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.883$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$

$51.092$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature :  $23.5$  °C; Liquid Temperature :  $22.8$  °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1079
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

**Ch1/Area Scan (141x101x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=12$ mm,  $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $0.807$  mW/g

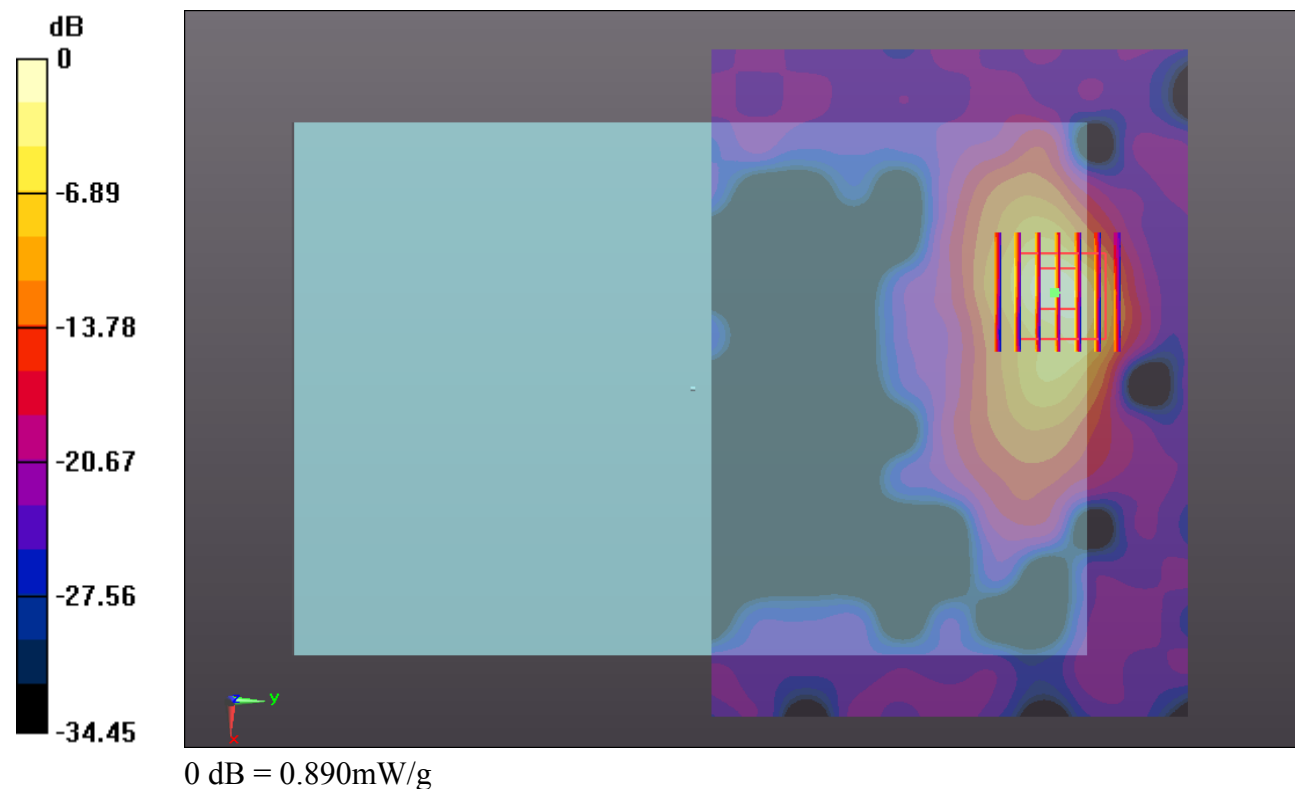
**Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value =  $1.095$  V/m; Power Drift =  $-0.15$  dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $1.493$  W/kg

**SAR(1 g) =  $0.408$  mW/g; SAR(10 g) =  $0.138$  mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.885$  mW/g







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**Appendix C.     DASY Calibration Certificate**

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-499\_Mar14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 499**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **March 24, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)         | Oct-14                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)         | Oct-14                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)         | Oct-14                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)         | Apr-14                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.3 / 06327 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3205           | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)    | Dec-14                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)    | Apr-14                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100005             | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

|                |                               |                                          |                                                                                                    |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br><b>Israe El-Naouq</b> | Function<br><b>Laboratory Technician</b> | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | <b>Katja Pokovic</b>          | <b>Technical Manager</b>                 |               |

issued: March 24, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5                  | V52.8.7     |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz    |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 41.5           | 0.90 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 40.5 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.94 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ---                  |

## SAR result with Head TSL

|                                                       |                    |                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                          | 250 mW input power | 2.37 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>9.13 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                         |                    |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 1.53 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>5.94 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 55.2           | 0.97 mho/m           |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 55.0 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.01 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Body TSL

|                                                       |                    |                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                          | 250 mW input power | 2.44 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>9.46 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                         |                    |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 1.58 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>6.17 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.7 $\Omega$ - 2.8 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 28.5 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.2 $\Omega$ - 5.6 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.8 dB                      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.391 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |
| Manufactured on | July 10, 2003 |



## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.03.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 499**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.94$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

### **Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

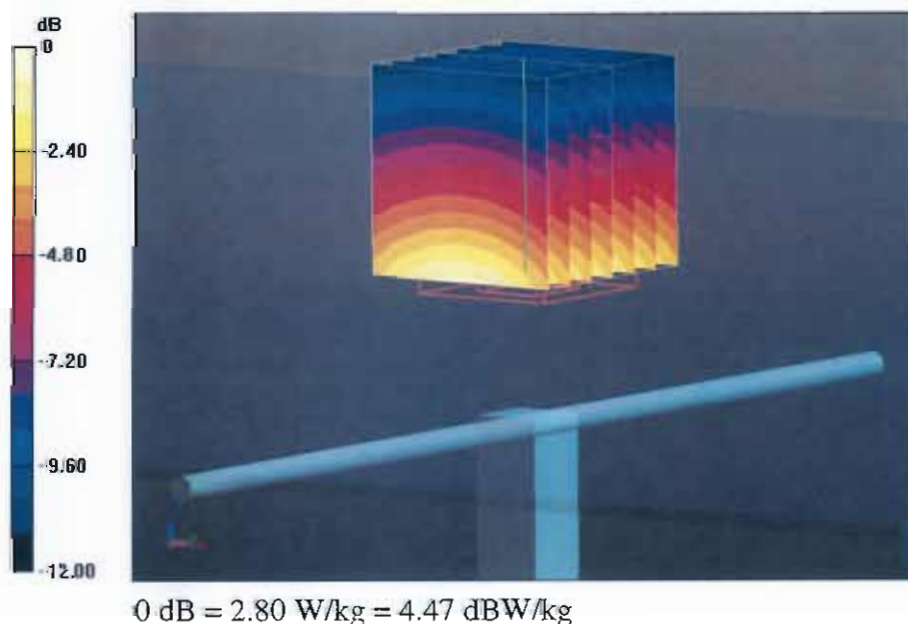
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.333 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

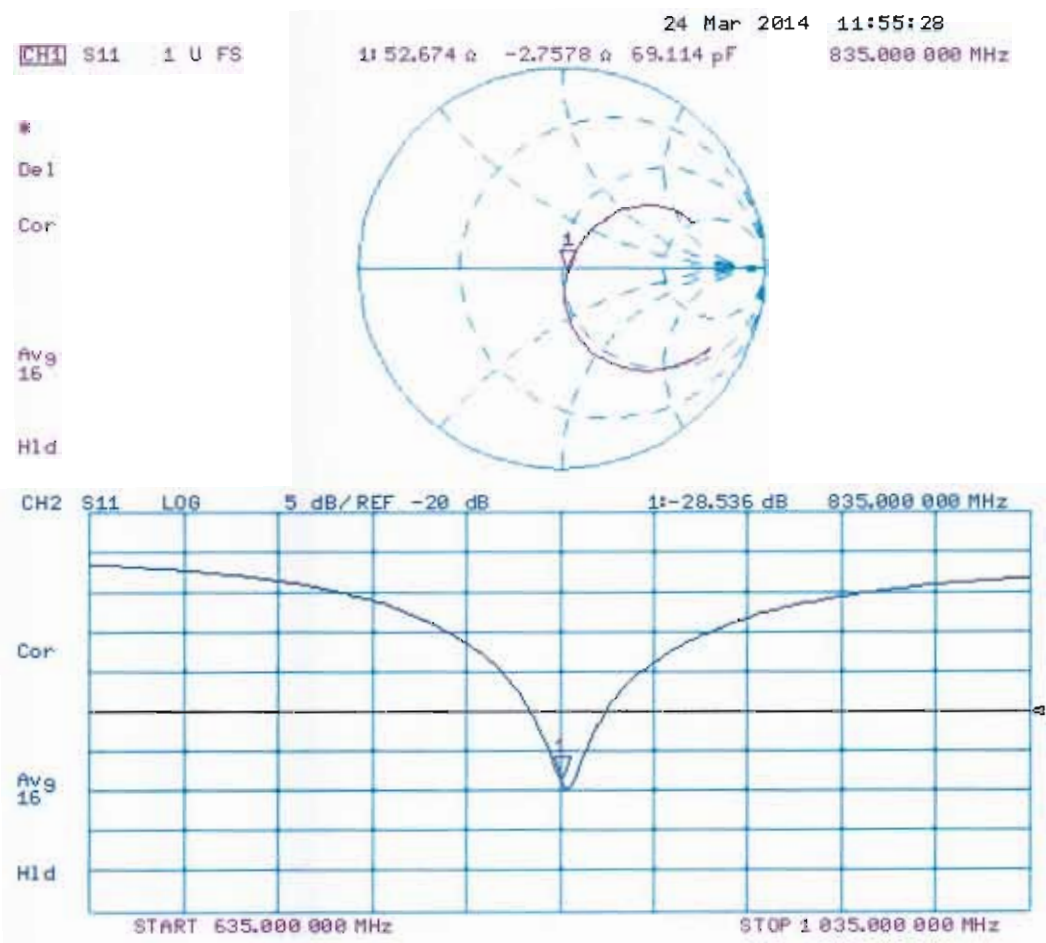
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.03.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 499**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

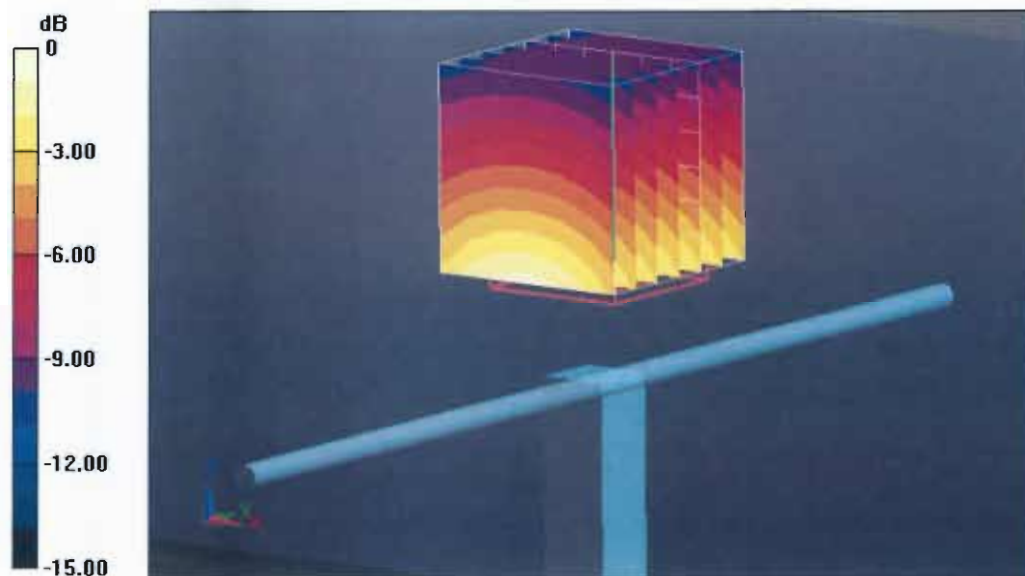
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.909 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg**

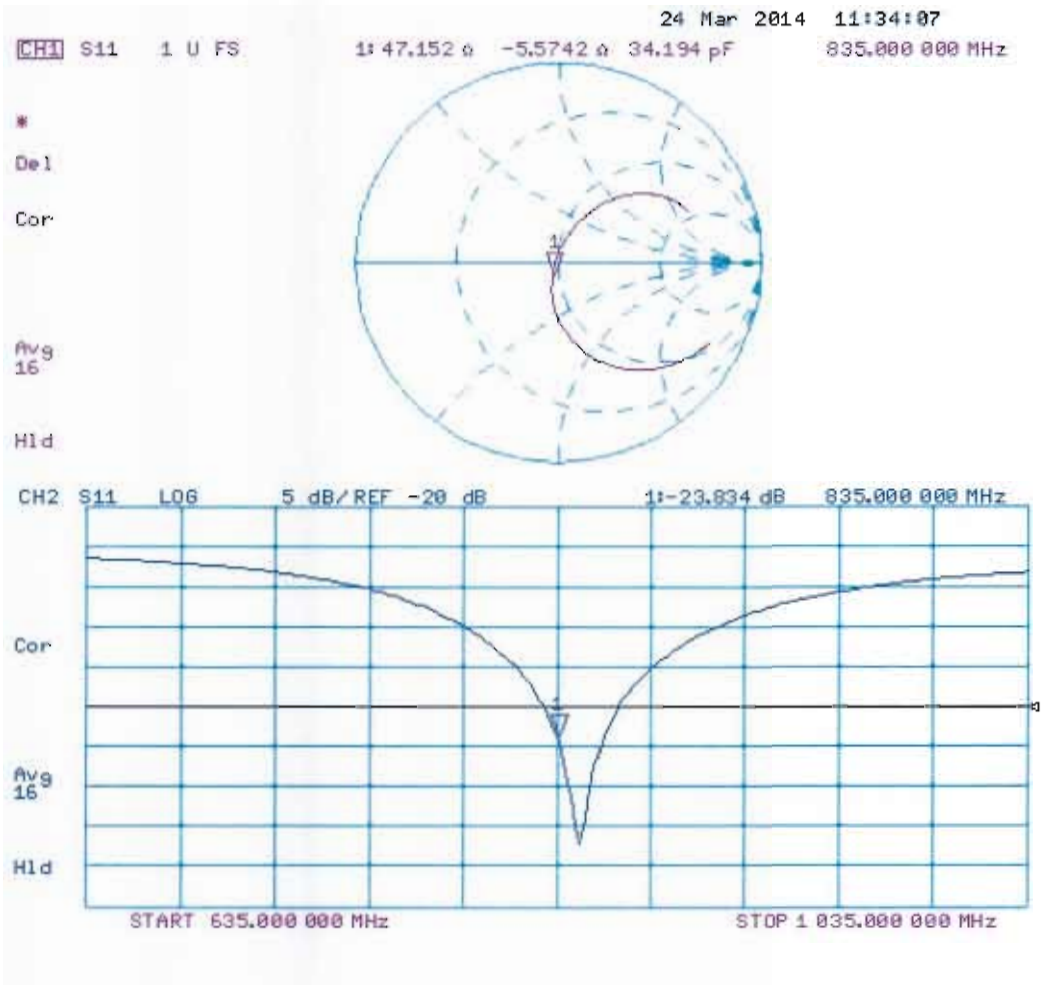
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 W/kg



0 dB = 2.86 W/kg = 4.56 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d041\_Mar14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d041**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **March 21, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)         | Oct-14                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)         | Oct-14                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)         | Oct-14                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)         | Apr-14                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.3 / 06327 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3205           | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)    | Dec-14                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)    | Apr-14                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID #               | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100005             | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: March 21, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5                  | V52.8.7     |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz   |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 40.0           | 1.40 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 38.8 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.37 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                          | 250 mW input power | 10.2 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 41.0 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                              |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 5.32 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 21.4 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2) |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 53.3           | 1.52 mho/m           |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 52.5 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.50 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                          | 250 mW input power | 10.2 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 41.0 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                              |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 5.40 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 21.7 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2) |

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $53.9 \Omega + 6.6 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 22.6 dB                   |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $49.2 \Omega + 6.4 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.8 dB                   |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.201 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |
| Manufactured on | July 04, 2003 |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.03.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d041**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.37$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

### **Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

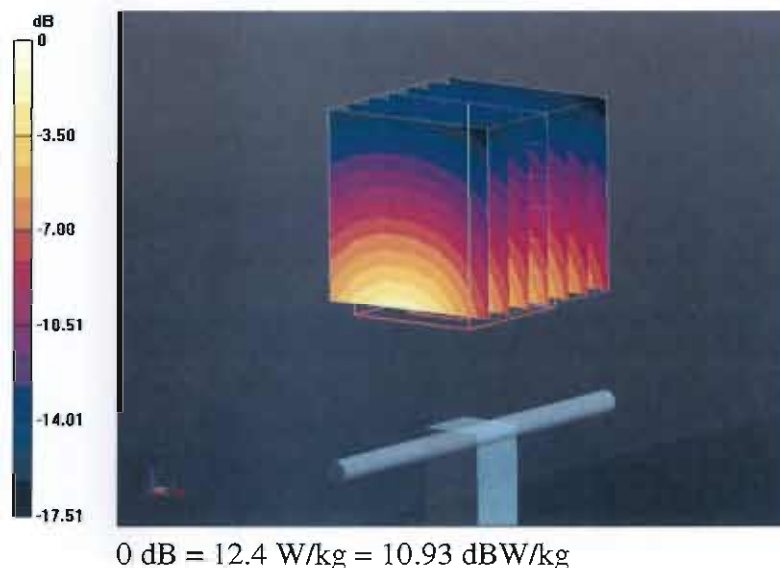
Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 98.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

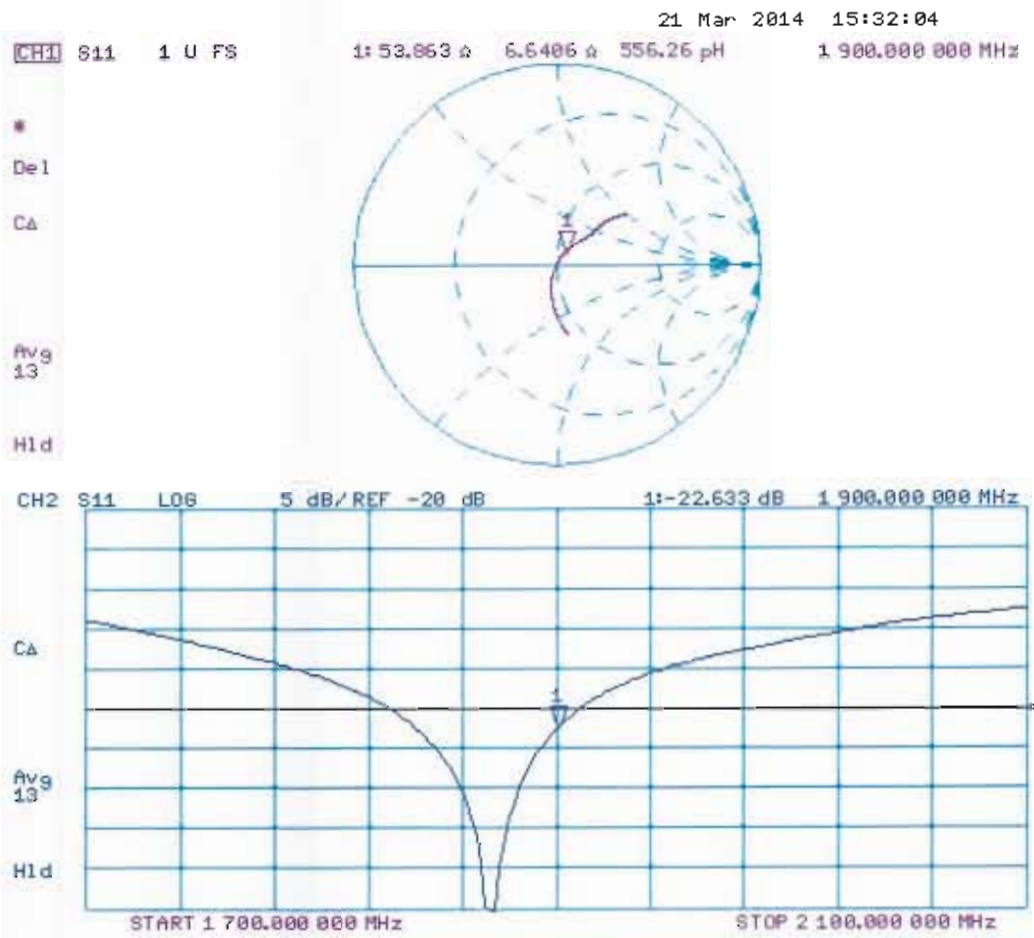
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.03.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d041**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/**Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.439 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.4 W/kg**

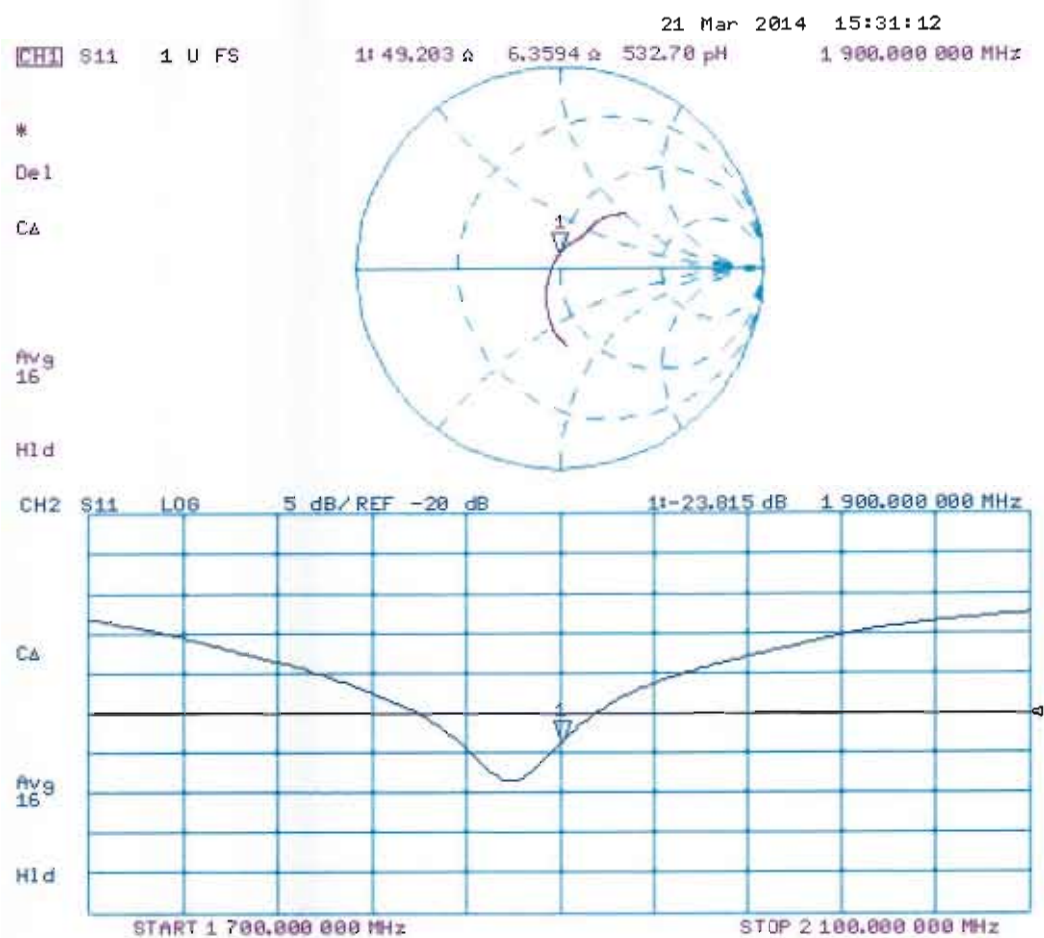
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg



0 dB = 12.9 W/kg = 11.11 dBW/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-736\_Aug14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 736**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **August 21, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)     | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)      | Oct-14                |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)      | Oct-14                |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)      | Oct-14                |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5058 (20k)     | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)      | Apr-15                |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)      | Apr-15                |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3205           | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) | Dec-14                |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) | Aug-15                |

| Secondary Standards       | ID #             | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| RF generator R&S SMT-06   | 100005           | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: August 21, 2014

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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### Glossary:

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                        |             |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5                  | V52.8.8     |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| Frequency                    | 2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz   |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 39.2           | 1.80 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 38.0 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.82 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL

|                                                             |                    |                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                | 250 mW input power | 13.1 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>51.8 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                               |                    |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 6.06 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.0 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 52.7           | 1.95 mho/m           |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 50.5 $\pm$ 6 % | 2.02 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Body TSL

|                                                             |                    |                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                | 250 mW input power | 13.0 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>50.6 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

|                                                               |                    |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 5.99 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>23.6 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $55.5 \Omega + 1.6 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.3 dB                   |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                             |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $51.6 \Omega + 3.4 j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 28.6 dB                   |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.158 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG           |
| Manufactured on | August 26, 2003 |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 736**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.82$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

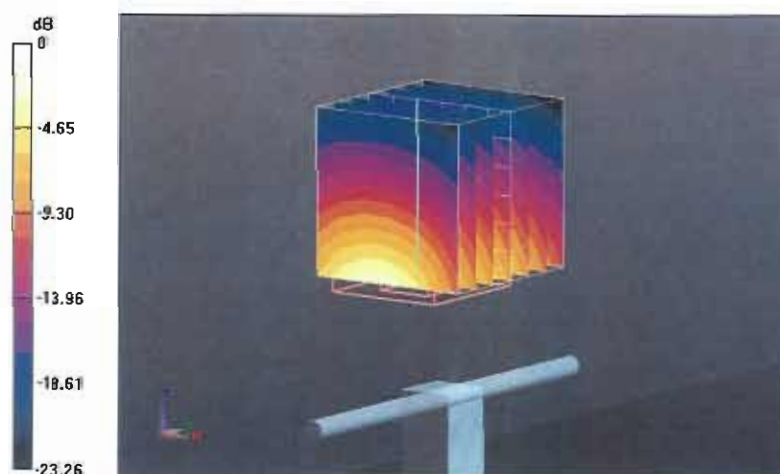
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.62 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

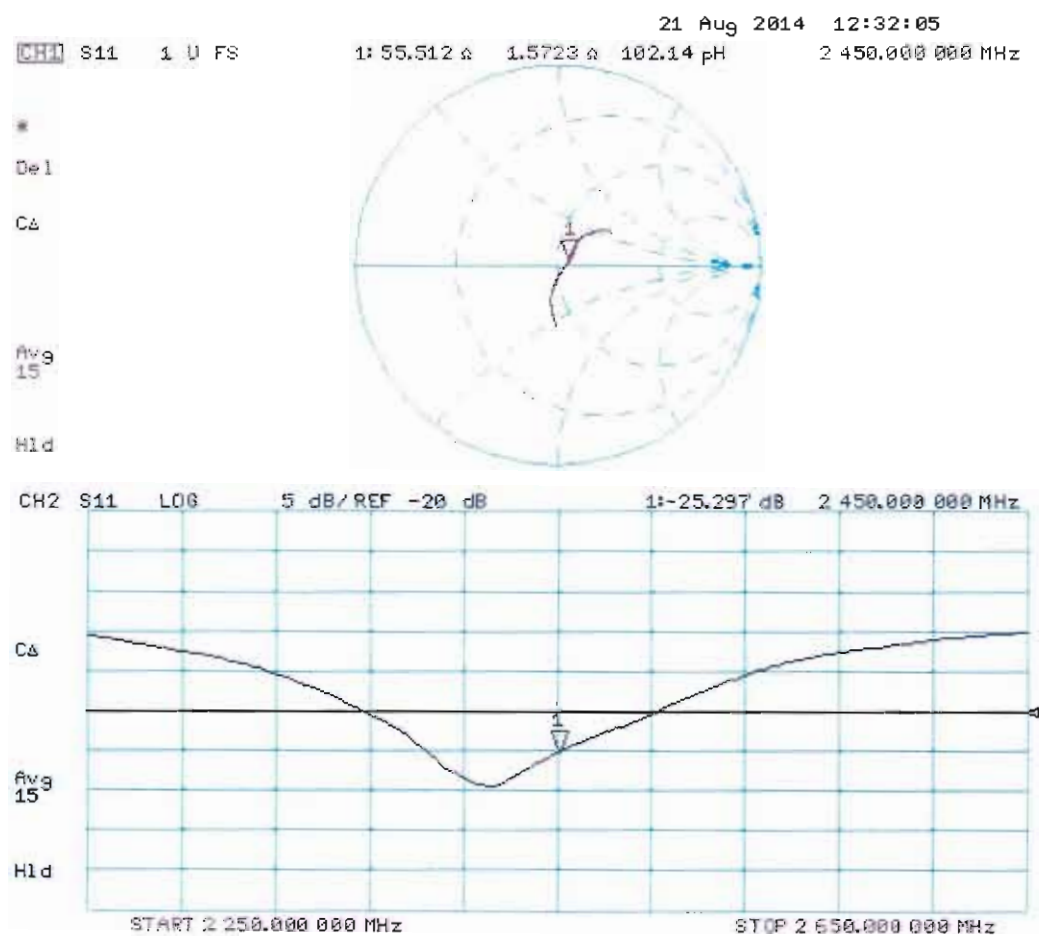
**SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 736**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.02$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

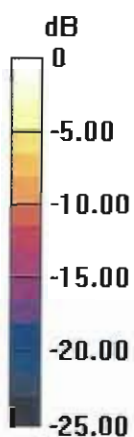
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg

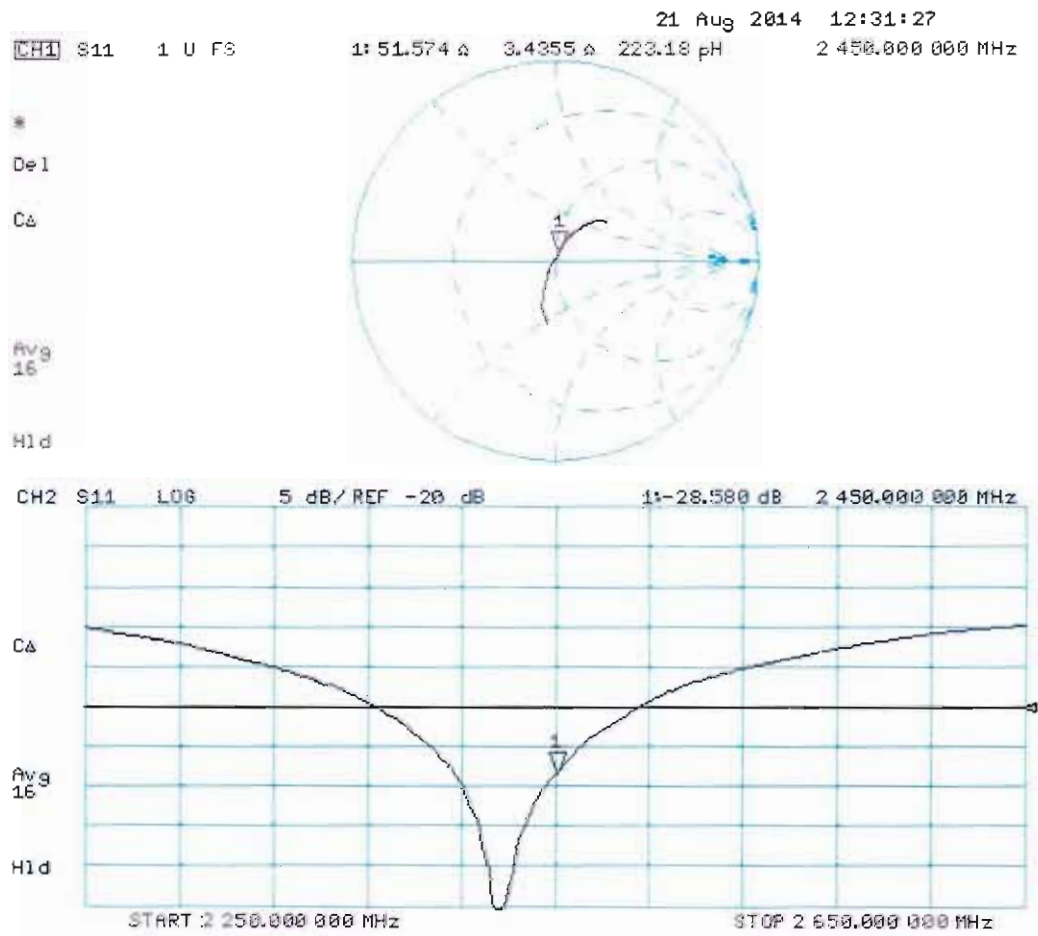
**SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg



0 dB = 17.1 W/kg = 12.33 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



## IMPORTANT NOTICE

### USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange:** The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE:** Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair:** Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

**Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.**

#### Important Note:

**Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.**

#### Important Note:

**To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.**





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Client **Sporton-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-1210\_May14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1210**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v26  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **May 19, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards             | ID #        | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278 | 01-Oct-13 (No:13976)       | Oct-14                |

| Secondary Standards       | ID #               | Check Date (in house)      | Scheduled Check        |
|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Auto DAE Calibration Unit | SE UWS 053 AA 1001 | 07-Jan-14 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-15 |
| Calibrator Box V2.1       | SE UMS 006 AA 1002 | 07-Jan-14 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-15 |

| Calibrated by: | Name              | Function   | Signature |
|----------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|
|                | Dominique Steffen | Technician |           |

| Approved by: | Name        | Function                 | Signature |
|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------|
|              | Fin Bomholt | Deputy Technical Manager |           |

Issued: May 20, 2014

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

## Glossary

|                 |                                                                                         |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DAE             | data acquisition electronics                                                            |
| Connector angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system. |

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1  $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                         | Y                         | Z                         |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| High Range          | 404.126 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2) | 404.956 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2) | 405.065 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 4.00002 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2) | 3.98327 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2) | 4.00021 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2) |

## Connector Angle

|                                           |                                     |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 123.5 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|



## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range |         | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|------------|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X  | + Input | 199993.16                 | -3.08                        | -0.00     |
| Channel X  | + Input | 20001.58                  | 0.86                         | 0.00      |
| Channel X  | - Input | -19997.88                 | 2.96                         | -0.01     |
| Channel Y  | + Input | 199997.46                 | 1.25                         | 0.00      |
| Channel Y  | + Input | 20001.02                  | 0.31                         | 0.00      |
| Channel Y  | - Input | -20000.67                 | 0.41                         | -0.00     |
| Channel Z  | + Input | 199997.96                 | 1.16                         | 0.00      |
| Channel Z  | + Input | 20000.22                  | -0.47                        | -0.00     |
| Channel Z  | - Input | -20000.31                 | 0.71                         | -0.00     |

| Low Range |         | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-----------|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X | + Input | 2001.44                   | 0.40                         | 0.02      |
| Channel X | + Input | 201.65                    | 0.25                         | 0.12      |
| Channel X | - Input | -198.86                   | -0.60                        | 0.30      |
| Channel Y | + Input | 2001.05                   | 0.10                         | 0.01      |
| Channel Y | + Input | 200.89                    | -0.51                        | -0.25     |
| Channel Y | - Input | -198.70                   | -0.35                        | 0.18      |
| Channel Z | + Input | 2001.15                   | 0.23                         | 0.01      |
| Channel Z | + Input | 200.32                    | -1.08                        | -0.54     |
| Channel Z | - Input | -199.61                   | -1.14                        | 0.57      |

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                            | -5.19                                        | -7.07                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 7.82                                         | 6.50                                        |
| Channel Y | 200                            | -3.56                                        | -3.90                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 4.19                                         | 4.35                                        |
| Channel Z | 200                            | 12.21                                        | 11.95                                       |
|           | - 200                          | -14.51                                       | -14.28                                      |

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 1.78                        | -3.94                       |
| Channel Y | 200                | 8.13                        | -                           | 2.67                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | 9.14                        | 6.43                        | -                           |

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15954            | 15797           |
| Channel Y | 15962            | 16451           |
| Channel Z | 15874            | 16936           |

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

|           | Average ( $\mu$ V) | min. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | max. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | -0.85              | -1.82                  | -0.15                  | 0.34                      |
| Channel Y | -0.27              | -1.81                  | 0.54                   | 0.39                      |
| Channel Z | -0.30              | -1.29                  | 0.94                   | 0.43                      |

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

|           | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Y | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Z | 200            | 200              |

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01             | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |



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Client **Sporton-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3857\_May14**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3857**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**  
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **May 23, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID              | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB41293874      | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)         | Apr-15                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087      | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5054 (3c)  | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)         | Apr-15                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 3013        | 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)    | Dec-14                 |
| DAE4                       | SN: 660         | 13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)    | Dec-14                 |
| Secondary Standards        | ID              | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator HP 8648C      | US3642U01700    | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)  | In house check: Apr-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585      | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) | In house check: Oct-14 |

|                |                         |                                   |               |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br>Claudio Leubler | Function<br>Laboratory Technician | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | Katja Pokovic           | Technical Manager                 |               |

Issued: May 23, 2014

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#### Glossary:

|                          |                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid                                                                                                                                |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space                                                                                                                               |
| ConvF                    | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>                                                                                                              |
| DCP                      | diode compression point                                                                                                                                 |
| CF                       | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal                                                                                                            |
| A, B, C, D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters                                                                                                           |
| Polarization $\phi$      | $\phi$ rotation around probe axis                                                                                                                       |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),<br>i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle          | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system                                                                  |

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3857

Manufactured: January 23, 2012  
Calibrated: May 23, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3857

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|                                                           | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2)     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 0.18     | 0.44     | 0.46     | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 94.2     | 98.6     | 99.4     |               |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 | 0.00    | 132.0    | $\pm 3.8 \%$              |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 149.4    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 149.1    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3857

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                               | 0.89                            | 9.92    | 9.92    | 9.92    | 0.44               | 0.82                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 835                  | 41.5                               | 0.90                            | 9.41    | 9.41    | 9.41    | 0.30               | 1.01                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 900                  | 41.5                               | 0.97                            | 9.20    | 9.20    | 9.20    | 0.80               | 0.50                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1750                 | 40.1                               | 1.37                            | 8.55    | 8.55    | 8.55    | 0.80               | 0.59                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1900                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 8.40    | 8.40    | 8.40    | 0.69               | 0.65                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2000                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 8.31    | 8.31    | 8.31    | 0.77               | 0.56                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 7.48    | 7.48    | 7.48    | 0.78               | 0.58                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 7.30    | 7.30    | 7.30    | 0.42               | 0.87                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 5200                 | 36.0                               | 4.66                            | 5.35    | 5.35    | 5.35    | 0.30               | 1.80                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5300                 | 35.9                               | 4.76                            | 5.12    | 5.12    | 5.12    | 0.30               | 1.80                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5500                 | 35.6                               | 4.96                            | 4.99    | 4.99    | 4.99    | 0.35               | 1.80                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5600                 | 35.5                               | 5.07                            | 4.56    | 4.56    | 4.56    | 0.45               | 1.80                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5800                 | 35.3                               | 5.27                            | 4.79    | 4.79    | 4.79    | 0.40               | 1.80                    | ± 13.1 %    |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3857

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 55.5                               | 0.96                            | 9.46    | 9.46    | 9.46    | 0.47               | 0.84                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 835                  | 55.2                               | 0.97                            | 9.31    | 9.31    | 9.31    | 0.31               | 1.06                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 900                  | 55.0                               | 1.05                            | 9.13    | 9.13    | 9.13    | 0.80               | 0.61                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1750                 | 53.4                               | 1.49                            | 7.89    | 7.89    | 7.89    | 0.80               | 0.60                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1900                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 7.56    | 7.56    | 7.56    | 0.59               | 0.71                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2000                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 7.73    | 7.73    | 7.73    | 0.29               | 1.00                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2450                 | 52.7                               | 1.95                            | 7.14    | 7.14    | 7.14    | 0.76               | 0.57                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2600                 | 52.5                               | 2.16                            | 6.82    | 6.82    | 6.82    | 0.73               | 0.61                    | ± 12.0 %    |
| 5200                 | 49.0                               | 5.30                            | 4.54    | 4.54    | 4.54    | 0.40               | 1.90                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5300                 | 48.9                               | 5.42                            | 4.37    | 4.37    | 4.37    | 0.40               | 1.90                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5500                 | 48.6                               | 5.65                            | 4.15    | 4.15    | 4.15    | 0.40               | 1.90                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5600                 | 48.5                               | 5.77                            | 3.98    | 3.98    | 3.98    | 0.40               | 1.90                    | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5800                 | 48.2                               | 6.00                            | 4.21    | 4.21    | 4.21    | 0.50               | 1.90                    | ± 13.1 %    |

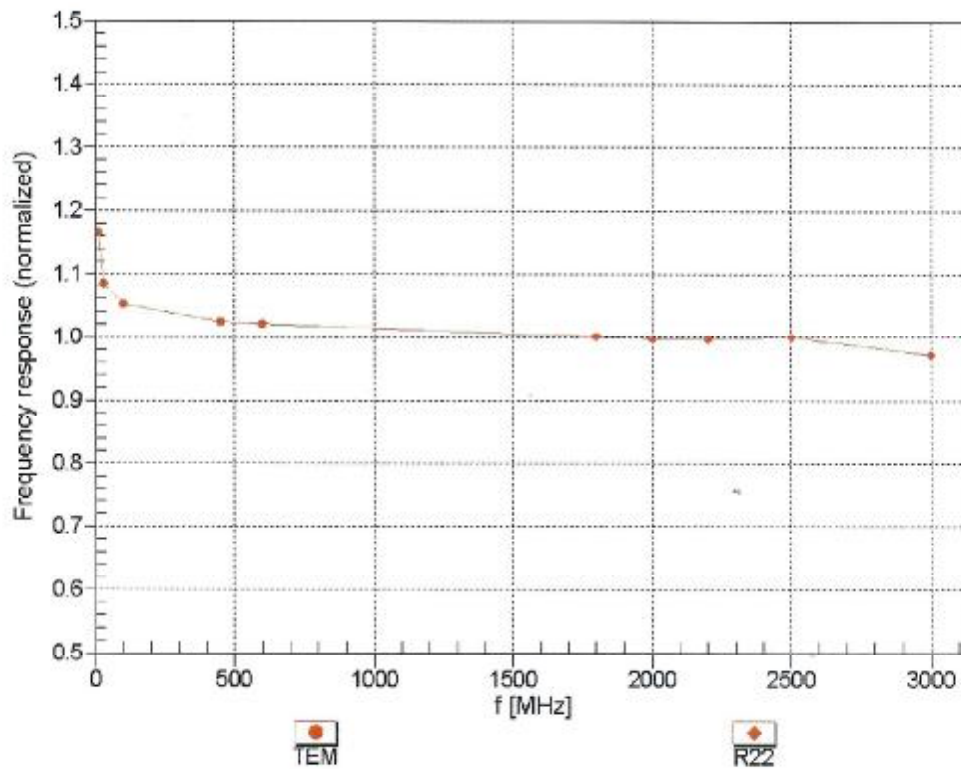
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

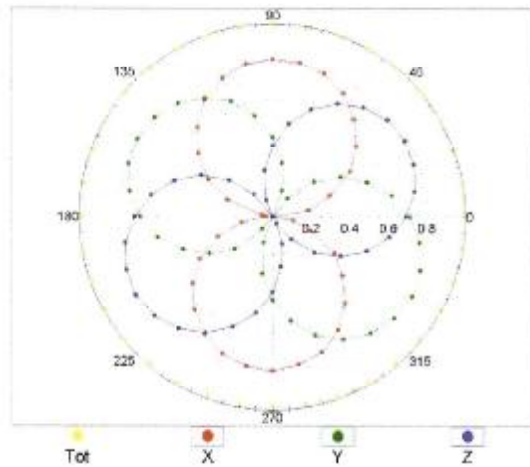
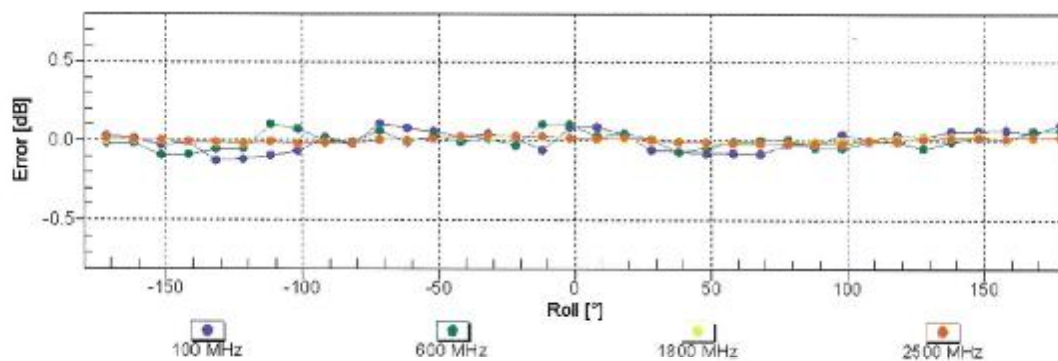
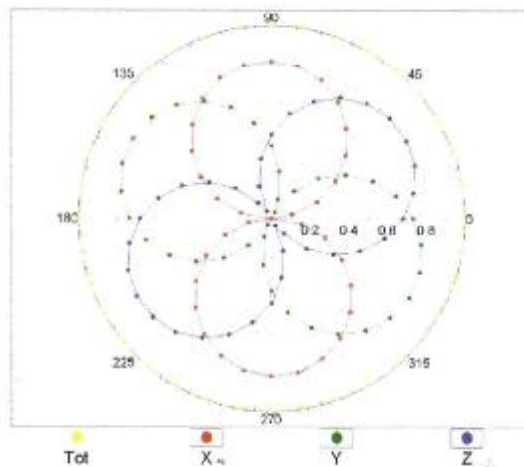
## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell: Ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

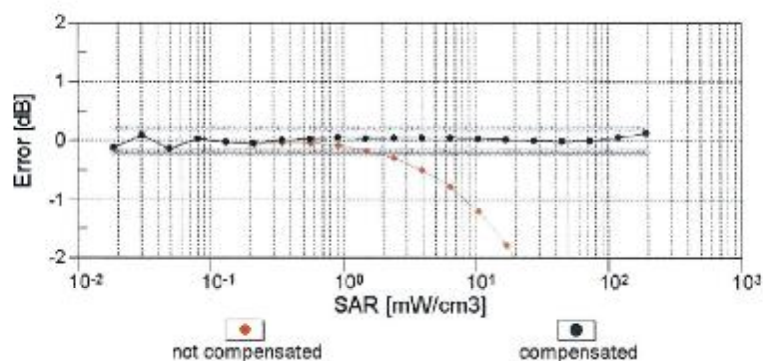
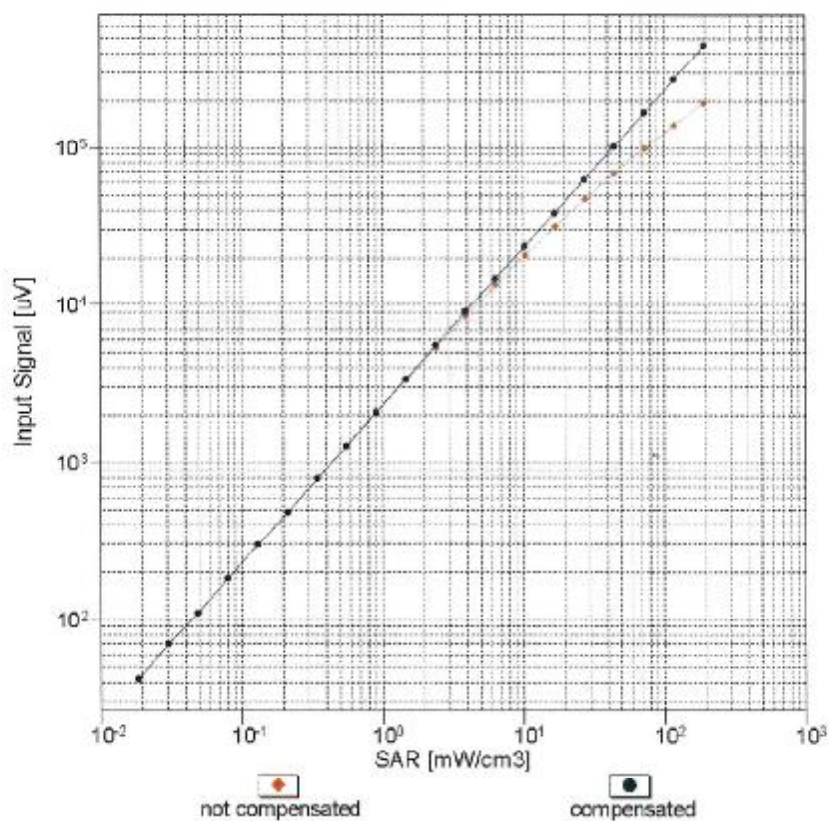


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )



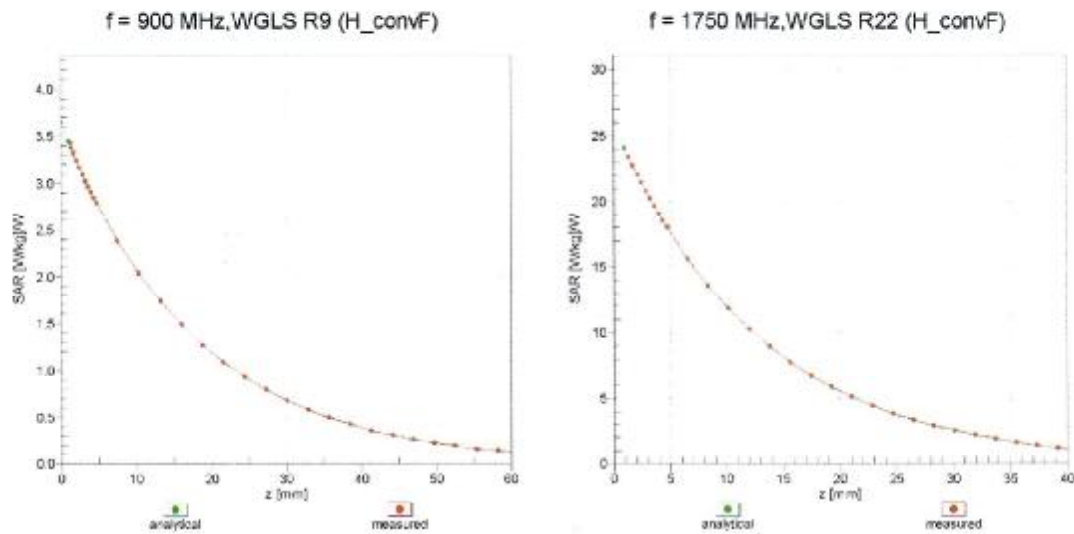
**Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$** **f=600 MHz, TEM****f=1800 MHz, R22****Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )**

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub> = 1900 MHz)



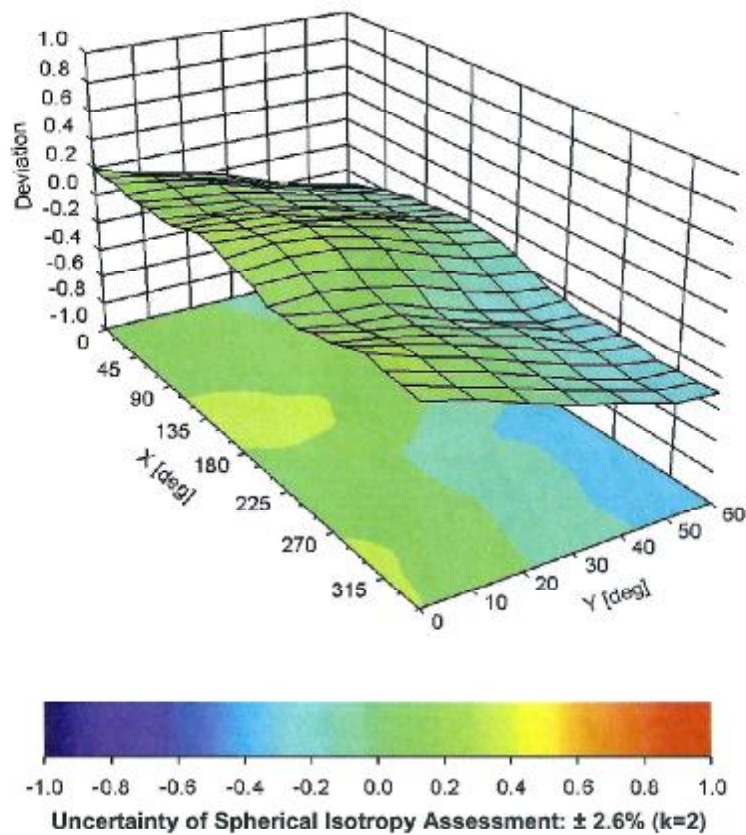
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3857****Other Probe Parameters**

|                                               |            |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | -41.9      |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disabled   |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337 mm     |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10 mm      |
| Tip Length                                    | 9 mm       |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 2.5 mm     |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 2 mm       |