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8/18/2025

HLI Solutions, Inc. 701 Millennium Blvd. Greenville SC 29607 USA

Dear Justin Foster,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the HLI Solutions, Inc. NXSMP3 Family_1 as tested to the requirements of FCC Part 15.247 and RSS-247 Issue 3 for Intentional Radiators. This test report pertains specifically to the Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) transmitter onboard which operates in the 2400-2483.5MHz band.

Thank you for using the services of Eurofins MET Labs. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours, EUROFINS MET LABS

Nancy LaBrecque

Documentation Department

Reference: WIRA135742-FCC-IC-BLE R1

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NXSMP3 Family_1

Bluetooth Low Energy Test Report

for the

HLI Solutions, Inc. NXSMP3 Family 1

Tested under

FCC Part 15.247 and RSS-247 Issue 3 For Intentional Radiators

Bryan Taylor, Wireless Team Lead Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Nancy LaBrecque Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Part 15.247 under normal use and maintenance.

Matthew Hinojosa

EMC Manager, Austin Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Report Status Sheet

| Revision | Report Date | Reason for Revision | |
|----------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| Ø | July 9, 2025 | Initial Issue. | |
| 1 | 8/18/2025 | TCB Review Comments | |

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List of Terms and Abbreviations

| AC | Alternating Current | |
|--------|---|--|
| ACF | Antenna Correction Factor | |
| Cal | Calibration | |
| d | Measurement Distance | |
| dB | Decibels | |
| dBμA | Decibels above one microamp | |
| dBμV | Decibels above one microvolt | |
| dBμA/m | Decibels above one microamp per meter | |
| dBμV/m | Decibels above one microvolt per meter | |
| DC | Direct Current | |
| E | Electric Field | |
| DSL | Digital Subscriber Line | |
| ESD | Electrostatic Discharge | |
| EUT | Equipment Under Test | |
| f | Frequency | |
| FCC | Federal Communications Commission | |
| GRP | Ground Reference Plane | |
| Н | Magnetic Field | |
| НСР | Horizontal Coupling Plane | |
| Hz | Hertz | |
| IEC | International Electrotechnical Commission | |
| kHz | kilohertz | |
| kPa | kilopascal | |
| kV | kilovolt | |
| LISN | Line Impedance Stabilization Network | |
| MHz | Megahertz | |
| μН | microhenry | |
| μ | microfarad | |
| μs | microseconds | |
| NEBS | Network Equipment-Building System | |
| PRF | Pulse Repetition Frequency | |
| RF | Radio Frequency | |
| RMS | Root-Mean-Square | |
| TWT | Traveling Wave Tube | |
| V/m | Volts per meter | |
| VCP | Vertical Coupling Plane | |

NXSMP3 Family_1

I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the NXSMP3 Family_1, with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247 and RSS-247 Issue 3. HLI Solutions, Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the NXSMP3 Family_1, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and RSS-247 Issue 3, in accordance with HLI Solutions, Inc. purchase order number 4710494213. All tests were conducted using measurement procedures ANSI C63.4-2014 and ANSI C63.10-2013.

| FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005 | IC Reference RSS-247 Issue 3: 2023 RSS-GEN Issue 5: 2018 | Description | Compliance |
|---|---|--|------------|
| Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203 | | Antenna Requirement | Compliant |
| Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a) | RSS-GEN(8.8) | Conducted Emission Limits | Compliant |
| Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2) | RSS-247 (5.2) | 6dB Occupied Bandwidth | Compliant |
| | RSS-GEN(6.7) | 99% Occupied Bandwidth | Compliant |
| Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b) | RSS-247(5.4) | Peak Power Output | Compliant |
| Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205 | RSS-GEN (6.13), (8.9), & (8.10) | Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements | Compliant |
| Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d) | RSS-247(5.5) | RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements | Compliant |
| Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e) | RSS-247(5.2) | Peak Power Spectral Density | Compliant |

Table 1. Executive Summary

NXSMP3 Family_1

II. Equipment Configuration

A. Overview

Eurofins MET Labs was contracted by HLI Solutions, Inc. to perform testing on the NXSMP3 Family_1, under HLI Solutions, Inc.'s purchase order number 4710494213.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the NXSMP3 Family_1.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

| Product Name: | NXSMP3 Family_1 | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Model(s) Tested: | NXSMP3-LMI | | | |
| Model(s) Covered: | NXSMP3-LMI, BTXSMP-LMI, NXSMP3-LMO, BTXSMP-LMO, NXSMP3- HMO, BTXSMP-HMO, NXSMP3-OMNI, BTXSMP-OMNI, and NXSMP3-RM | | | |
| Serial Number or Sample Number: | 25480-3 | | | |
| | Primary Power: 12-24 VD | OC . | | |
| | Type of Modulations: | BLE: GFSK Wirepas: GFSK | | |
| EUT | Equipment Code: | BLE: DTS Wirepas: DTS | | |
| Specifications: | Peak RF Output Power: BLE: 9.05dBm Wirepas: 9.04dBm | | | |
| | EUT Frequency Ranges: | BLE: 2402MHz – 2480MHz Wirepas: 2402MHz – 2480MHz | | |
| | Antenna Gain¹: | BLE: 2dBi Wirepas: 2dBi | | |
| Analysis: | The results obtained relate | e only to the item(s) tested. | | |
| | Temperature: 15-35° C | | | |
| Environmental Test Conditions: | Relative Humidity: 30-60 | % | | |
| | Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar | | | |
| Evaluated by: | Bryan Taylor | | | |
| Report Date(s): | 8/18/2025 | | | |

Table 2. EUT Summary Table

¹ The antenna gain information was provided by HLI Solutions, Inc. and may affect compliance.

B. References

| CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C | Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies |
|-------------------------------|---|
| RSS-247, Issue 3, August 2023 | Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices |
| RSS-GEN, Issue 5, March 2019 | General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus |
| ANSI C63.4:2014 | Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz |
| ISO/IEC 17025:2017 | General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories |
| ANSI C63.10-2013 | American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices |

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at Eurofins MET Labs, 13501 McCallen Pass, Austin, TX 78753. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

ISED Lab Info:

CAB Identifier: US0004 Company Number: 2043D

FCC Lab Info:

Designation Number: US1127

D. Measurement Uncertainty

| Test Method | Typical Expanded Uncertainty | K | Confidence Level |
|--|------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Occupied Bandwidth Measurements | ±4.52 Hz | 2 | 95% |
| Conducted Power Measurements | ±2.74 dB | 2 | 95% |
| Power Spectral Density Measurements | ±2.74 dB | 2 | 95% |
| Conducted Spurious Emissions | ±2.80 dB | 2 | 95% |
| Conducted Emissions (Mains) | ±2.97 dB | 2 | 95% |
| Radiated Spurious Emissions (9kHz – 1GHz) | ±2.95 dB | 2 | 95% |
| Radiated Spurious Emissions (1GHz - 40GHz) | ±3.54 dB | 2 | 95% |

Table 4. Uncertainty Calculations Summary

E. Description of Test Sample

The NXSMP3 family is a NX Wireless Mesh and Bluetooth-enabled occupancy/daylight sensor with a built-in actuator for control of a 0-10VDC dim-to-off enabled LED driver with auxiliary power supply. This family of products is designed for installation into a lighting fixture, ceiling tile, or other suitable mounting fixture. This family of products also includes the NXSMP3-RM which is a NX Wireless Mesh and Bluetooth-enabled device (without sensing capability) with a built-in actuator for control of a 0-10VDC dim-to-off enabled LED driver with auxiliary power supply.

NXSMP3 Family_1



Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

F. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1 above. The test sample were configured to transmit on low, mid, or high channels at maximum output power automatically upon power up.

G. Support Equipment

No support equipment was used during this evaluation.

H. Ports and Cabling Information

| Port Name | Cable Description or reason | Qty | Length as | Max Length | Shielded? | Termination Box ID & |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----|------------|------------|-----------|----------------------|
| on EUT | for no cable | | tested (m) | (m) | (Y/N) | Port Name |
| DC Input | No cable provided | 1 | N/A | N/A | No | N/A |

Table 5. Ports and Cabling Information

I. Mode of Operation

The test sample were configured to transmit on low, mid, or high channels at maximum output power automatically upon power up. Each time the sample was power cycled the transmit channel would switch from low, to mid, and then to high channel. No external software was used to control the transmitter and the samples operated at a fixed output power.

The EUT has the capability to operate in BLE and Wirepas modes. Wirepas has similar characteristics and power levels as BLE and uses the same physical layer as BLE. Based on the fact that the BLE had a higher measured output power vs Wirepas, BLE is treated as worst case. Therefore, test data for BLE is presented in this report with the Wirepas data appearing only in the output power section.

| Transmit Band | Modulation | Channel Frequencies Tested | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 2400 – 2483.5MHz | BLE (GFSK) | 2402MHz / 2440MHz / 2480MHz | |
| 2400 – 2483.5MHz | Wirepas (GFSK) | 2402MHz / 2440MHz / 2480MHz | |

Table 6. Test Channels Utilized

J. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

A spectrum analyzer was used to confirm proper transmitter operation.

K. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

L. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to HLI Solutions, Inc. upon completion of testing.



III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The TX antenna is not accessible by the

end user and is permanently attached to the unit.

Test Engineer(s): Bryan Taylor

Test Date(s): 05/03/2025

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

| Frequency range | § 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV) | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| (MHz) | Quasi-Peak | Average | | |
| 0.15-0.5 | 66 - 56 | 56 - 46 | | |
| 0.5-5 | 56 | 46 | | |
| 5-30 | 60 | 50 | | |

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 $\Omega/50~\mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2014 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed using a 50 $\Omega/50~\mu$ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMI receiver. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on.

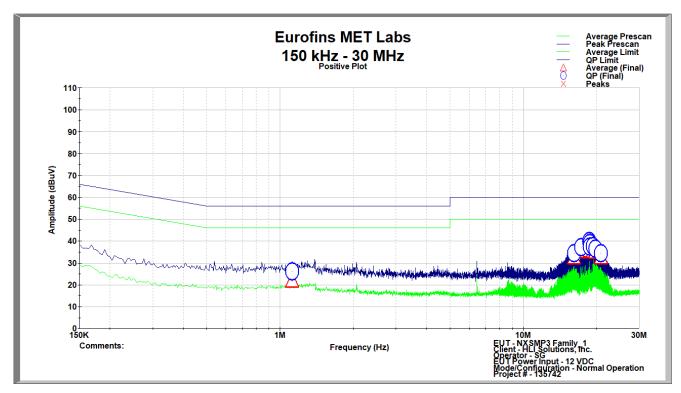
Test Results: The EUT was compliant with this requirement.

Test Engineer(s): Sergio Gutierrez

Test Date(s): 04/29/2025



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

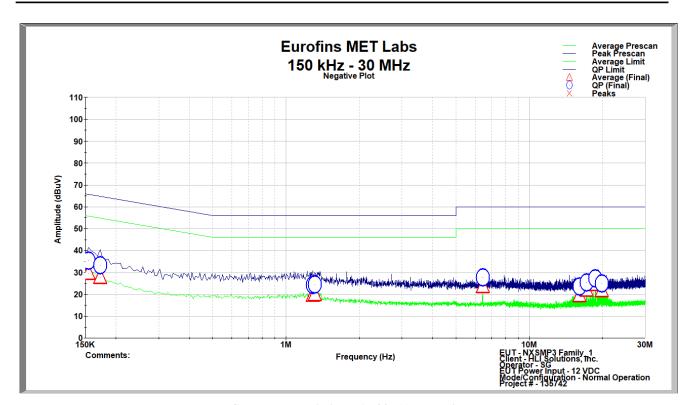


Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Positive

| Frequency (MHz) | Quasi-Peak (dBμV/m) | Quasi-Peak Limit (dBμV/m) | Quasi- Peak Margin (dB) | Average (dBμV/m) | Average Limit (dBμV/m) | Average Margin (dB) |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1.122 | 26.261 | 56.000 | 29.739 | 21.720 | 46.000 | 24.280 |
| 16.160 | 34.568 | 60.000 | 25.432 | 32.293 | 50.000 | 17.707 |
| 17.280 | 37.348 | 60.000 | 22.652 | 35.126 | 50.000 | 14.874 |
| 18.681 | 39.742 | 60.000 | 20.258 | 36.983 | 50.000 | 13.017 |
| 18.721 | 40.025 | 60.000 | 19.975 | 38.423 | 50.000 | 11.577 |
| 18.762 | 39.175 | 60.000 | 20.825 | 37.942 | 50.000 | 12.058 |
| 18.802 | 37.594 | 60.000 | 22.406 | 35.628 | 50.000 | 14.372 |
| 19.360 | 37.654 | 60.000 | 22.346 | 35.465 | 50.000 | 14.535 |
| 19.802 | 36.628 | 60.000 | 23.372 | 34.938 | 50.000 | 15.062 |
| 20.841 | 34.590 | 60.000 | 25.410 | 32.408 | 50.000 | 17.592 |

Table 8. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Positive, Test Results





Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Negative

| Frequency (MHz) | Quasi-Peak (dBμV/m) | Quasi-Peak Limit (dBμV/m) | Quasi-Peak Margin (dB) | Average (dBμV/m) | Average Limit (dBμV/m) | Average Margin (dB) |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 0.154 | 35.421 | 65.871 | 30.450 | 29.705 | 55.871 | 26.167 |
| 0.172 | 33.326 | 65.357 | 32.031 | 27.834 | 55.357 | 27.523 |
| 1.288 | 24.367 | 56.000 | 31.633 | 19.666 | 46.000 | 26.334 |
| 1.315 | 24.497 | 56.000 | 31.503 | 19.820 | 46.000 | 26.180 |
| 6.439 | 27.680 | 60.000 | 32.320 | 23.721 | 50.000 | 26.279 |
| 16.119 | 23.720 | 60.000 | 36.280 | 19.354 | 50.000 | 30.646 |
| 17.239 | 25.392 | 60.000 | 34.608 | 21.880 | 50.000 | 28.120 |
| 18.721 | 27.353 | 60.000 | 32.647 | 24.504 | 50.000 | 25.496 |
| 19.842 | 25.051 | 60.000 | 34.949 | 21.753 | 50.000 | 28.247 |

Table 9. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Negative, Test Results



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping

and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500

kHz.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the

fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, and the VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured

and recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

Test Engineer(s): Bryan Taylor

Test Date(s): 05/03/2025

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

RSS-GEN (6.7) 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements: The occupied bandwidth or the "99% emission bandwidth" is defined as the frequency rang

between two points, one above and the other blow the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified

bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of

the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, and the VBW > RBW. The 99% Bandwidth was

measured and recorded.

Test Results The 99% Bandwidth determined from the plots on the following pages.

Test Engineer(s): Bryan Taylor

Test Date(s): 05/03/2025

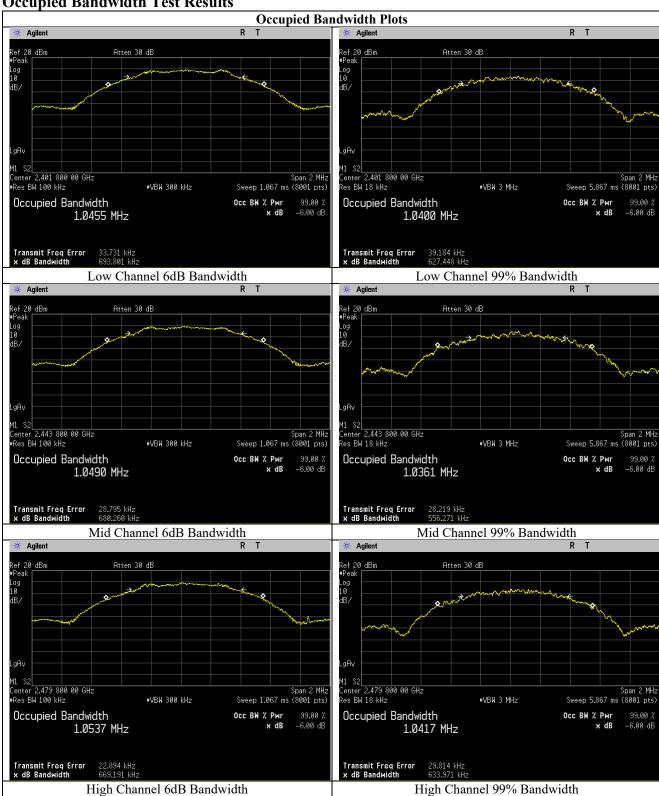


Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 6dB Bandwidth (MHz) | 6dB Bandwidth Limit (MHz) | 99% Bandwidth (MHz) | Result |
|---------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------|
| Low | 2402MHz | 0.694 | 0.5 | 1.0400 | Pass |
| Middle | 2440MHz | 0.680 | 0.5 | 1.0361 | Pass |
| High | 2480MHz | 0.669 | 0.5 | 1.0417 | Pass |

Table 10. 99% and 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements:

§15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

| Digital Transmission Systems (MHz) | Output Limit (Watts) |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 902-928 | 1.000 |
| 2400–2483.5 | 1.000 |
| 5725– 5850 | 1.000 |

Table 11. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 11, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, Omni-directional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

RSS-247 EIRP Limit: For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The analyzer reference level was offset by cable loss connecting to the test sample. The peak power was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

The analyzer settings are shown in the following table:

| RBW | 3MHz | Detector: | Peak | Reference Level: | 30dBm |
|-----|-------|-------------|------|-----------------------|-------|
| VBW | 10MHz | Sweep Time: | Auto | Internal Attenuation: | 30dB |

Figure 3. Analyzer Settings During Measurement

Test Software: TILE Version 7.4.2.5 (Manufactured by ETS Lindgren) was utilized to perform these

measurements.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

Test Engineer(s): Bryan Taylor

Test Date(s): 05/03/2025



Figure 4. Peak Power Output Test Setup

Peak Power Output Test Results

Report: WIRA135742-FCC-IC-BLE_R1

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Peak Power (dBm) | Peak Power Limit (dBm) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | Result |
|---------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------|
| Low | 2402MHz | 9.05 | 30 | 2 | 11.05 | 36 | Pass |
| Middle | 2440MHz | 9.05 | 30 | 2 | 11.05 | 36 | Pass |
| High | 2480MHz | 9.01 | 30 | 2 | 11.01 | 36 | Pass |

Table 12. Peak Power Output, Test Results - BLE

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Peak Power (dBm) | Peak Power Limit (dBm) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | EIRP (dBm) | EIRP Limit (dBm) | Result |
|---------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------|
| Low | 2402MHz | 9.03 | 30 | 2 | 11.03 | 36 | Pass |
| Middle | 2440MHz | 9.04 | 30 | 2 | 11.04 | 36 | Pass |
| High | 2480MHz | 9.02 | 30 | 2 | 11.02 | 36 | Pass |

Table 13. Peak Power Output, Test Results - Wirepas

NXSMP3 Family 1

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the

intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any

time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power

level was set to the maximum level. The RBW was set between 3kHz and 100 kHz. The VBW was set to 3x the RBW. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector

was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

The analyzer settings are shown in the following table:

| RBW: | 3kHz | Detector: | Peak | Reference Level: | 10dBm |
|------|-------|-------------|------|-----------------------|-------|
| VBW: | 30kHz | Sweep Time: | Auto | Internal Attenuation: | 20dB |

Figure 5. Analyzer Settings During Measurement

Test Software: TILE Version 7.4.2.5 (Manufactured by ETS Lindgren) was utilized to perform these

measurements.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e).

The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer: Bryan Taylor

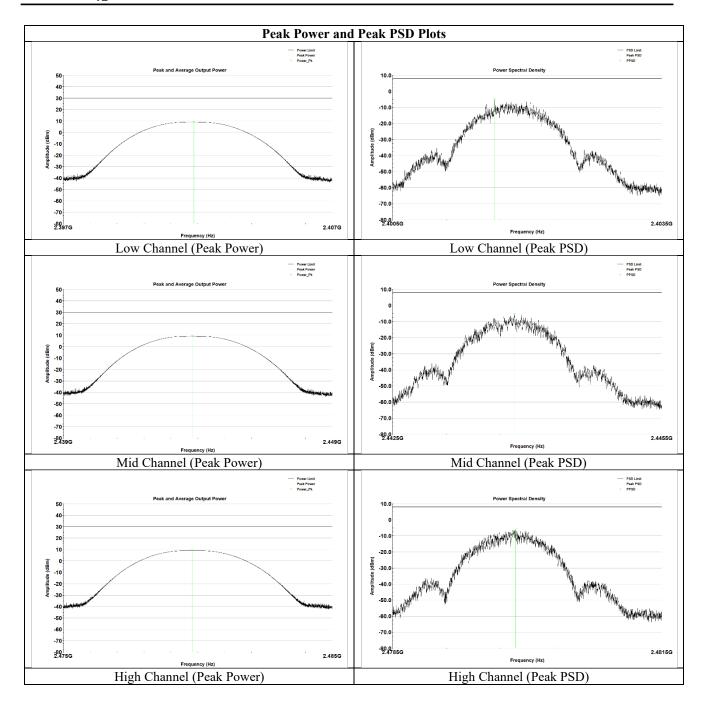
Test Date: 05/03/2025



Figure 6. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm / 3kHz) | Peak Power Spectral Density Limit (dBm / 3kHz) | Result |
|---------|-----------------|--|---|--------|
| Low | 2402MHz | -4.89 | 8 | Pass |
| Middle | 2440MHz | -5.06 | 8 | Pass |
| High | 2480MHz | -5.67 | 8 | Pass |

Table 14. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements

Test Requirement:

NXSMP3 Family 1

15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure:

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW was set to 100 kHz. The VBW was set to 3x the RBW. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

The analyzer settings are shown in the following table:

| RBW: | 100kHz | Detector: | Peak | Reference Level: | 30dBm |
|------|--------|-------------|------|-----------------------|-------|
| VBW: | 300kHz | Sweep Time: | Auto | Internal Attenuation: | 30dB |

Figure 7. Analyzer Settings During Measurement

Test Software: TILE Version 7.4.2.5 (Manufactured by ETS Lindgren) was utilized to perform these

measurements.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Bryan Taylor

Test Date(s): 05/03/2025



Figure 8. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup



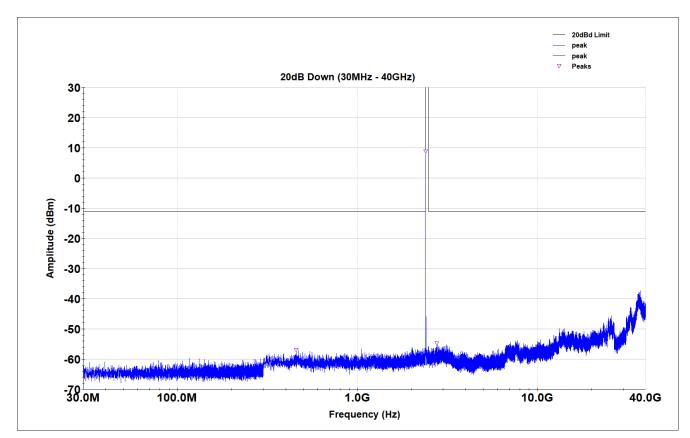


Figure 9. Low Channel, 30MHz - 40GHz Conducted Spurious Emissions



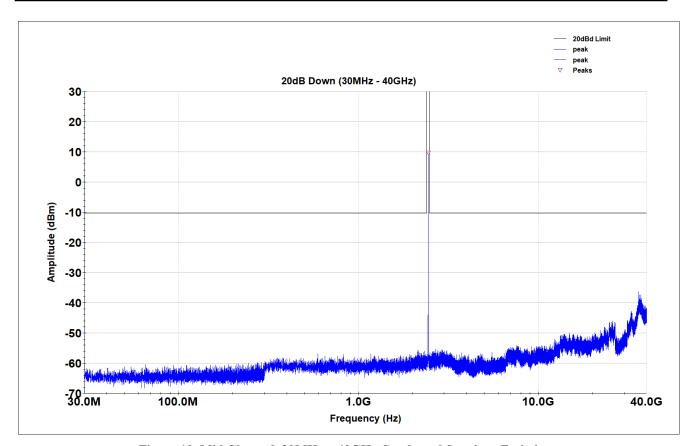


Figure 10. Mid Channel, 30MHz – 40GHz Conducted Spurious Emissions



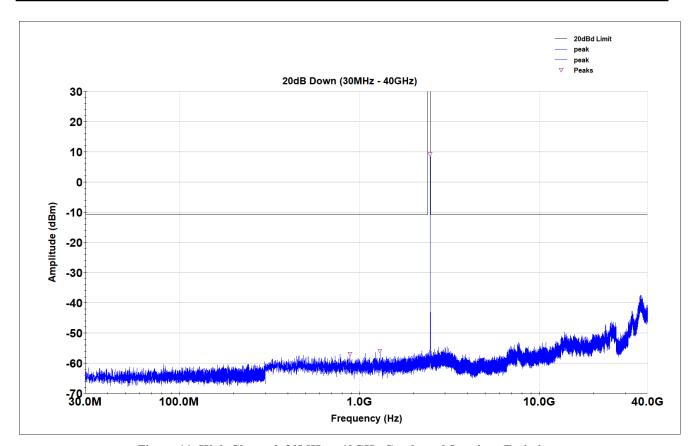
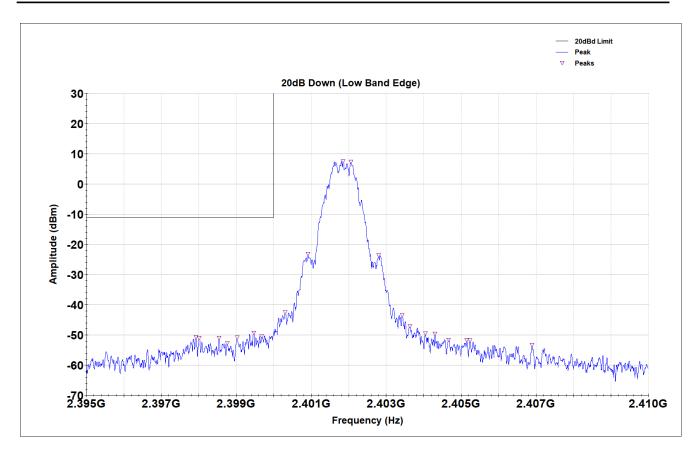


Figure 11. High Channel, 30MHz – 40GHz Conducted Spurious Emissions

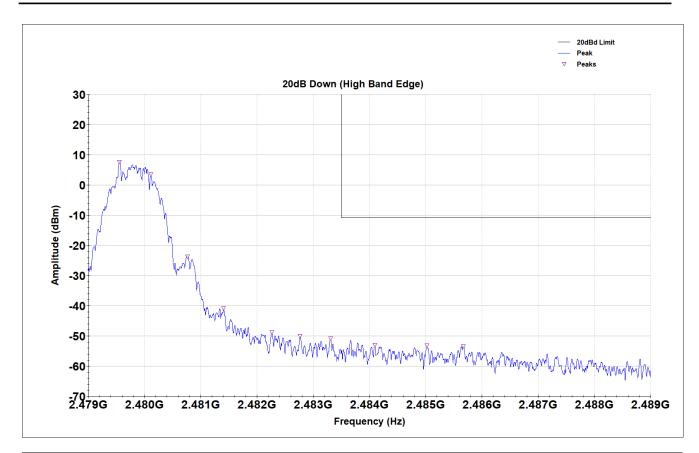




| Spurious Frequency (MHz) | Peak Amplitude (dBm) | -20dBd Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) | Result |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------|
| 2397.923 | -50.62 | -11.09 | 39.53 | Pass |
| 2398.017 | -50.91 | -11.09 | 39.82 | Pass |
| 2398.54 | -51.01 | -11.09 | 39.92 | Pass |
| 2398.761 | -52.65 | -11.09 | 41.56 | Pass |
| 2399.022 | -50.77 | -11.09 | 39.68 | Pass |
| 2399.464 | -49.23 | -11.09 | 38.14 | Pass |
| 2399.676 | -50.28 | -11.09 | 39.19 | Pass |

Figure 12. Low Channel, Low Band Edge





| Spurious Frequency (MHz) | Peak Amplitude (dBm) | -20dBd Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) | Result |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------|
| 2484.094 | -53.07 | -10.86 | 42.21 | Pass |
| 2485.021 | -53.18 | -10.86 | 42.32 | Pass |
| 2485.671 | -53.36 | -10.86 | 42.5 | Pass |

Figure 13. High Channel, Low Band Edge

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 0.090-0.110 | 16.42–16.423 | 399.9–410 | 4.5–5.15 |
| 1 0.495-0.505 | 16.69475–16.69525 | 608–614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735–2.1905 | 16.80425–16.80475 | 960–1240 | 7.25–7.75 |
| 4.125–4.128 | 25.5–25.67 | 1300–1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725–4.17775 | 37.5–38.25 | 1435–1626.5 | 9.0–9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73–74.6 | 1645.5–1646.5 | 9.3–9.5 |
| 6.215–6.218 | 74.8–75.2 | 1660–1710 | 10.6–12.7 |
| 6.26775–6.26825 | 108–121.94 | 1718.8–1722.2 | 13.25–13.4 |
| 6.31175–6.31225 | 123–138 | 2200–2300 | 14.47–14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9–150.05 | 2310–2390 | 15.35–16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475–156.52525 | 2483.5–2500 | 17.7–21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7–156.9 | 2655–2900 | 22.01–23.12 |
| 8.41425–8.41475 | 162.0125–167.17 | 3260–3267 | 23.6–24.0 |
| 12.29–12.293 | 167.72–173.2 | 3332–3339 | 31.2–31.8 |
| 12.51975–12.52025 | 240–285 | 3345.8–3358 36. | 43–36.5 |
| 12.57675–12.57725 | 322–335.4 | 3600–4400 | (2) |

Table 15. Restricted Bands of Operation

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 16.

| Frequency (MHz) | § 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBμV) @ 3m |
|-----------------|---|
| 30 - 88 | 40.00 |
| 88 - 216 | 43.50 |
| 216 - 960 | 46.00 |
| Above 960 | 54.00 |

Table 16. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures:

The radiated methodology referenced in ANSI C63.10: 2013 Section 11.12.1 was utilized in order to assess the unwanted emissions in the restricted bands.

A radiated scan was performed with the antenna of proper impedance installed. The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes if multiple mounting orientations are supported. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.

Radiated measurements below 30MHz were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber that has been correlated to an open area site.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Bryan Taylor, Sergio Gutierrez

Test Date(s): 04/29/2025 - 05/03/2025



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results

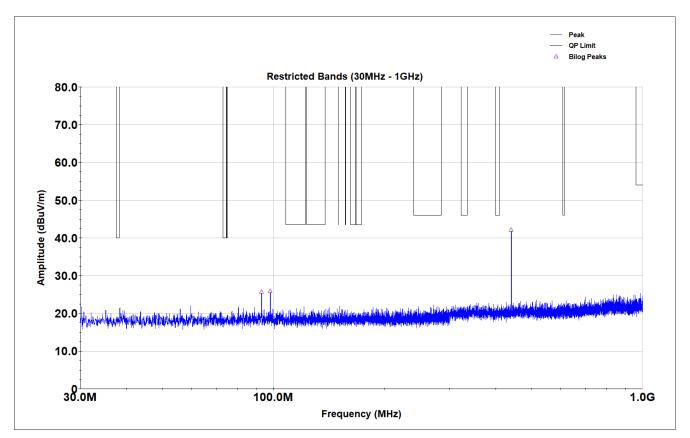


Figure 14. Low Channel, 30MHz - 1GHz Restricted Band Spurious Emissions



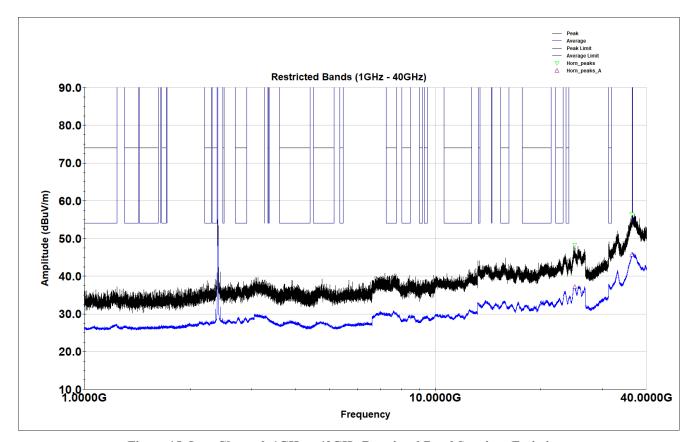


Figure 15. Low Channel, 1GHz – 40GHz Restricted Band Spurious Emissions



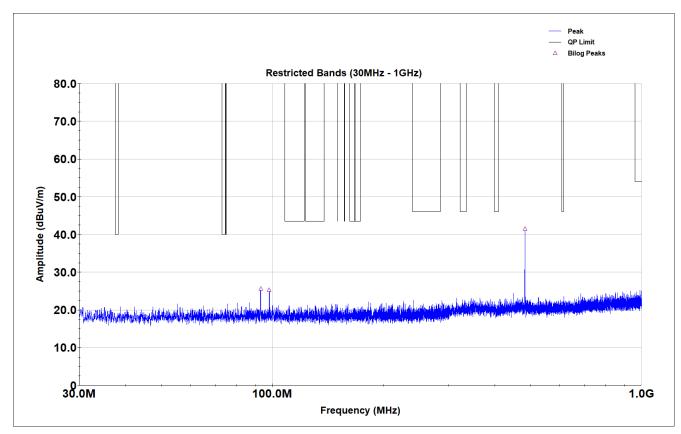


Figure 16. Middle Channel, 30MHz - 1GHz Restricted Band Spurious Emissions



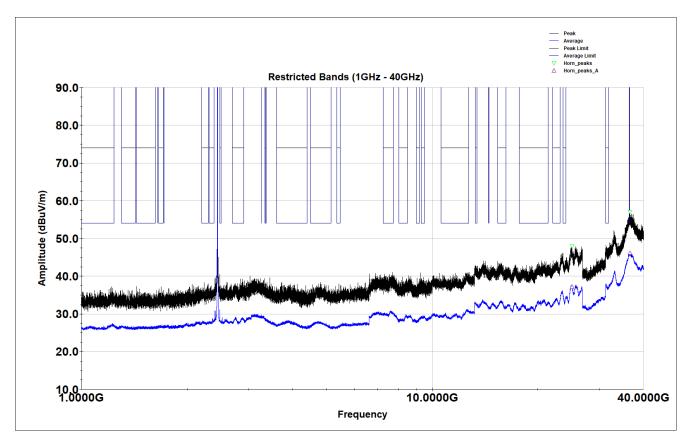


Figure 17. Middle Channel, 1GHz - 40GHz Restricted Band Spurious Emissions



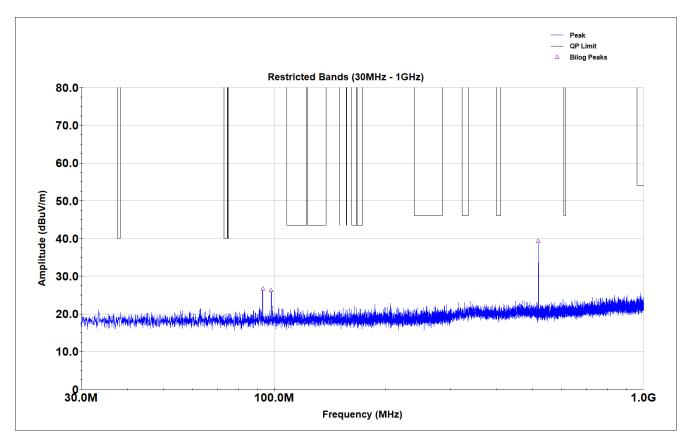


Figure 18. High Channel, 30MHz - 1GHz Restricted Band Spurious Emissions



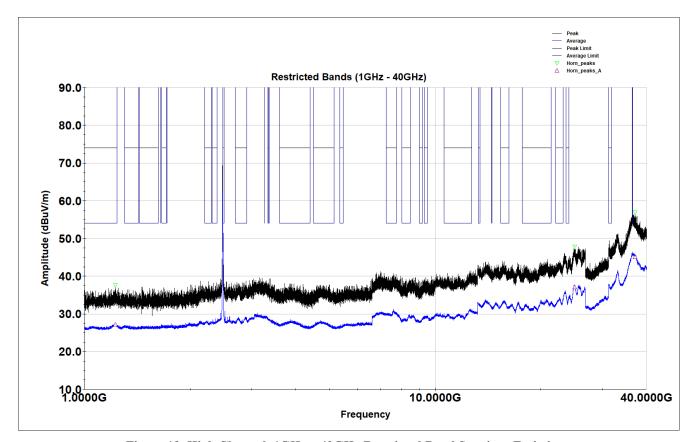
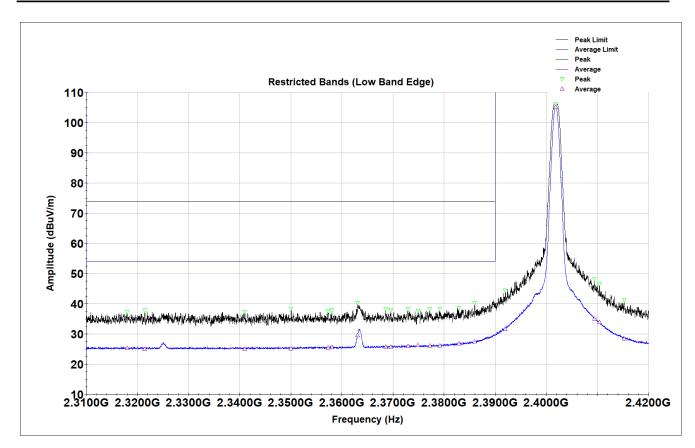


Figure 19. High Channel, 1GHz - 40GHz Restricted Band Spurious Emissions



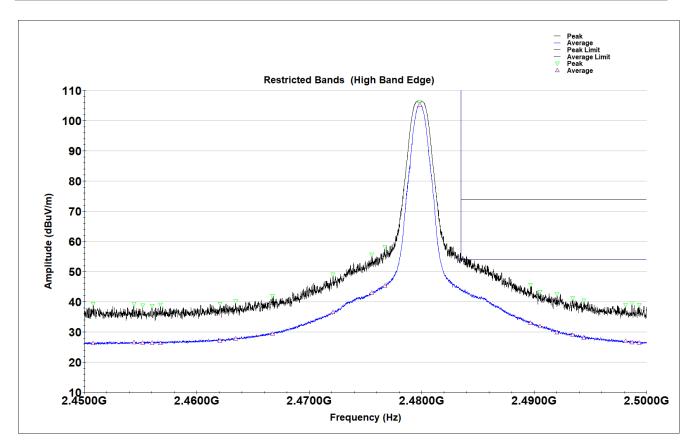
Report: WIRA135742-FCC-IC-BLE_R1



| Frequency | Peak Reading (dBuV/m) | Peak Limit (dBuV/m) | Peak Margin (dB) | Avg Reading (dBuV/m) | Avg Limit (dBuV/m) | Avg Margin (dBuV/m) | Result |
|-----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------|
| 2317.989 | 37.37 | 74 | 36.63 | 25.29 | 54 | 28.71 | Pass |
| 2321.399 | 37.78 | 74 | 36.22 | 25.12 | 54 | 28.88 | Pass |
| 2341.006 | 37.42 | 74 | 36.58 | 25.07 | 54 | 28.93 | Pass |
| 2350.068 | 38.5 | 74 | 35.5 | 25.27 | 54 | 28.73 | Pass |
| 2357.286 | 37.7 | 74 | 36.3 | 25.44 | 54 | 28.56 | Pass |
| 2358.043 | 37.74 | 74 | 36.26 | 25.64 | 54 | 28.36 | Pass |
| 2363.075 | 40.32 | 74 | 33.68 | 29.53 | 54 | 24.47 | Pass |
| 2368.561 | 38.31 | 74 | 35.69 | 25.68 | 54 | 28.32 | Pass |
| 2369.537 | 38.01 | 74 | 35.99 | 25.73 | 54 | 28.27 | Pass |
| 2372.92 | 38.26 | 74 | 35.74 | 25.97 | 54 | 28.03 | Pass |
| 2374.9 | 37.69 | 74 | 36.31 | 26.26 | 54 | 27.74 | Pass |
| 2377.21 | 38.34 | 74 | 35.66 | 26.14 | 54 | 27.86 | Pass |
| 2379.149 | 38.55 | 74 | 35.45 | 26.23 | 54 | 27.77 | Pass |
| 2382.861 | 38.59 | 74 | 35.41 | 26.9 | 54 | 27.1 | Pass |
| 2385.969 | 40.22 | 74 | 33.78 | 27.5 | 54 | 26.5 | Pass |

Figure 20. Restricted Band Edge Spurious Emissions (Low Band Edge)





| Frequency | Peak Reading (dBuV/m) | Peak Limit (dBuV/m) | Peak Margin (dB) | Avg Reading (dBuV/m) | Avg Limit (dBuV/m) | Avg Margin (dBuV/m) | Result |
|-----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------|
| 2489.681 | 45.6 | 74 | 28.4 | 33.06 | 54 | 20.94 | Pass |
| 2490.525 | 43.34 | 74 | 30.66 | 31.95 | 54 | 22.05 | Pass |
| 2492.037 | 42.51 | 74 | 31.49 | 29.89 | 54 | 24.11 | Pass |
| 2493.419 | 41.21 | 74 | 32.79 | 28.98 | 54 | 25.02 | Pass |
| 2494.419 | 40.54 | 74 | 33.46 | 28.12 | 54 | 25.88 | Pass |
| 2498.119 | 38.86 | 74 | 35.14 | 26.94 | 54 | 27.06 | Pass |
| 2498.706 | 39.63 | 74 | 34.37 | 26.55 | 54 | 27.45 | Pass |
| 2499.331 | 38.94 | 74 | 35.06 | 26.46 | 54 | 27.54 | Pass |

Figure 21. Restricted Band Edge Spurious Emissions (High Band Edge)

HLI Solutions, Inc. NXSMP3 Family_1

Worst Case Cabinet Spurious Emissions

| Frequency [MHz] | PK+ Level [dBµV/m] | PK+ Limit [dBμV/m] | PK+ Margin [dB] | Correction [dB] | Polarization | Azimuth [deg] | Antenna Height [m] | Meas. BW [kHz] | Result |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| 0.090 | 41.90 | 108.51 | 66.61 | 11.75 | V | 295.7 | 1 | 0.200 | Pass |
| 0.092 | 41.19 | 108.34 | 67.15 | 11.66 | Н | 251.9 | 1 | 0.200 | Pass |
| 0.501 | 46.03 | 73.69 | 27.66 | 11.27 | Н | 128.2 | 1 | 9.000 | Pass |
| 0.501 | 45.20 | 73.69 | 28.50 | 11.27 | V | 315 | 1 | 9.000 | Pass |
| 2.184 | 31.91 | 69.54 | 37.63 | 11.69 | V | 97.7 | 1 | 9.000 | Pass |
| 2.189 | 33.35 | 69.54 | 36.19 | 11.69 | Н | 44.9 | 1 | 9.000 | Pass |
| 8.363 | 21.22 | 69.54 | 48.32 | 10.83 | Н | 8.5 | 1 | 9.000 | Pass |

Figure 22. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 9kHz - 30MHz

| Frequency [MHz] | QPK Level [dBμV/m] | QPK Limit [dBμV/m] | QPK Margin [dB] | Correction [dB] | Polarization | Azimuth [deg] | Antenna Height [m] | Meas. BW [kHz] | Result |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------|
| 37.650 | 12.62 | 40.00 | 27.38 | -6.12 | V | 224.3 | 3.62 | 120.000 | Pass |
| 37.890 | 10.04 | 40.00 | 29.96 | -5.96 | Н | 79 | 3.68 | 120.000 | Pass |
| 74.250 | 2.08 | 40.00 | 37.92 | -12.21 | V | 53.3 | 2.80 | 120.000 | Pass |
| 116.490 | 6.19 | 43.52 | 37.33 | -6.65 | Н | 89.7 | 1.34 | 120.000 | Pass |
| 117.720 | 5.93 | 43.52 | 37.59 | -7.24 | V | 301.3 | 1.34 | 120.000 | Pass |
| 131.490 | 6.30 | 43.52 | 37.22 | -6.48 | Н | 267 | 3.57 | 120.000 | Pass |
| 277.020 | 6.95 | 46.02 | 39.07 | -5.92 | Н | 12.4 | 2.80 | 120.000 | Pass |
| 612.060 | 13.98 | 46.02 | 32.04 | 1.46 | V | 294.6 | 1.47 | 120.000 | Pass |

Figure 23. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 30MHz - 1GHz

HLI Solutions, Inc. NXSMP3 Family_1

| Frequency [MHz] | PK+ Level [dBμV/m] | PK+ Limit [dBμV/m] | PK+ Margin [dB] | AVG Level [dΒμV/m] | AVG Limit [dΒμV/m] | AVG Margin [dB] | Correction [dB] | Polarization | Azimuth [deg] | Antenna Height [m] | Result |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------|
| 4,887.500 | 49.70 | 74.00 | 24.31 | 42.13 | 54.00 | 11.87 | -3.22 | Н | 308.9 | 2.49 | Pass |
| 4,887.500 | 49.19 | 74.00 | 24.81 | 41.43 | 54.00 | 12.57 | -3.22 | V | 75.3 | 2.01 | Pass |
| 7,320.500 | 41.56 | 74.00 | 32.44 | 28.68 | 54.00 | 25.32 | -2.79 | Н | 195 | 2.16 | Pass |
| 7,326.500 | 41.25 | 74.00 | 32.75 | 28.61 | 54.00 | 25.39 | -2.76 | V | 77.8 | 2.47 | Pass |
| 12,210.000 | 44.85 | 74.00 | 29.15 | 31.62 | 54.00 | 22.38 | -1.93 | Н | 288.3 | 3.16 | Pass |
| 12,221.000 | 44.65 | 74.00 | 29.35 | 32.21 | 54.00 | 21.79 | -1.96 | V | 123.2 | 3.49 | Pass |
| 19,929.813 | 52.19 | 74.00 | 21.81 | 40.76 | 54.00 | 13.24 | 12.30 | Н | 241.4 | 1.35 | Pass |
| 20,464.688 | 50.96 | 74.00 | 23.04 | 39.34 | 54.00 | 14.66 | 12.16 | Н | 7.2 | 1.89 | Pass |
| 22,217.125 | 51.55 | 74.00 | 22.45 | 40.31 | 54.00 | 13.69 | 13.33 | V | 93.7 | 2.91 | Pass |
| 23,858.875 | 51.97 | 74.00 | 22.03 | 40.84 | 54.00 | 13.16 | 14.45 | Н | 80.5 | 3.99 | Pass |
| 31,244.688 | 54.61 | 74.00 | 19.39 | 41.45 | 54.00 | 12.55 | 16.63 | V | 199.2 | 1.1 | Pass |
| 31,506.625 | 54.81 | 74.00 | 19.19 | 42.94 | 54.00 | 11.06 | 16.77 | V | 360.2 | 2.69 | Pass |
| 31,636.563 | 54.59 | 74.00 | 19.41 | 43.48 | 54.00 | 10.52 | 16.68 | Н | 214.3 | 1.36 | Pass |
| 36,466.938 | 54.10 | 74.00 | 19.90 | 42.51 | 54.00 | 11.49 | 15.84 | Н | 168.5 | 1.51 | Pass |

Figure 24. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, Above 1GHz



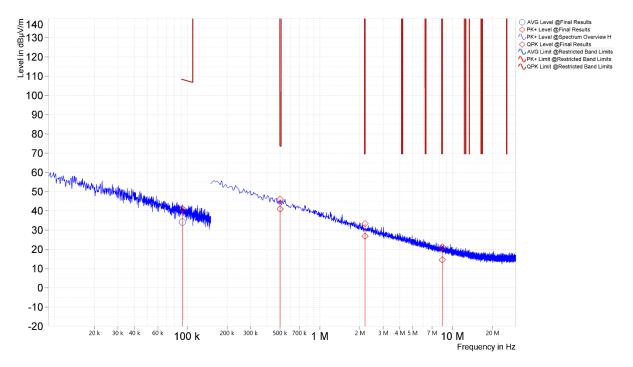


Figure 25. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 9kHz - 30MHz, Coaxial Loop

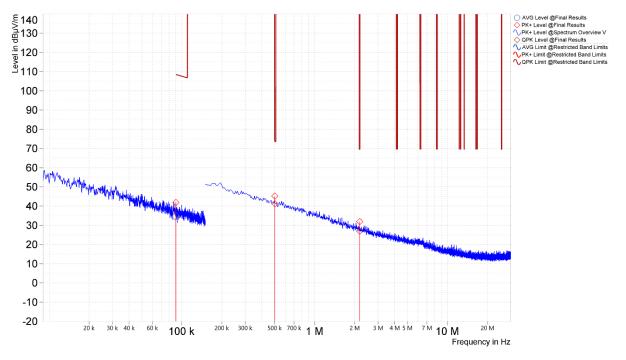


Figure 26. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 9kHz - 30MHz, Coplanar Loop



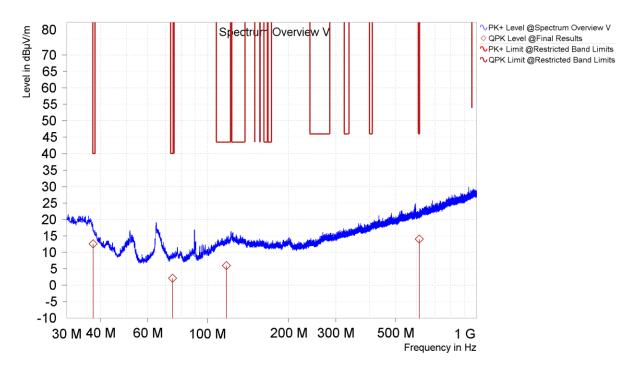


Figure 27. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 30MHz - 1GHz, Vertical Polarity

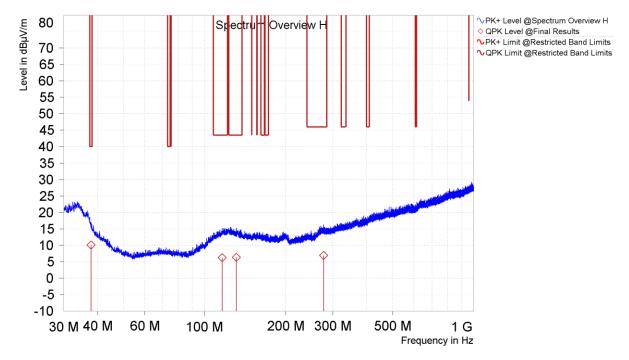


Figure 28. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 30MHz - 1GHz, Horizontal Polarity



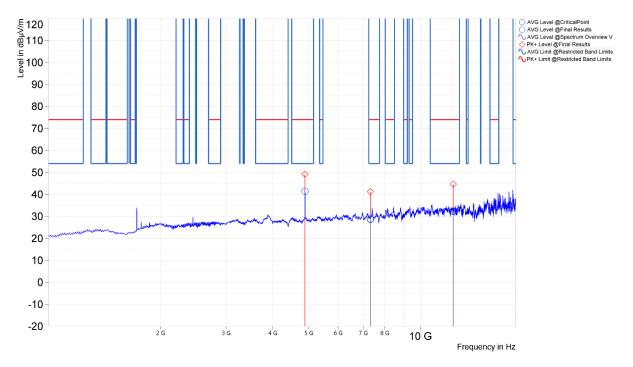


Figure 29. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 1GHz - 18GHz, Vertical Polarity

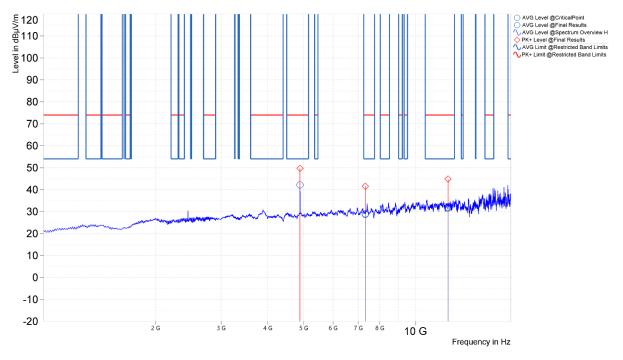


Figure 30. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 1GHz - 18GHz, Horizontal Polarity



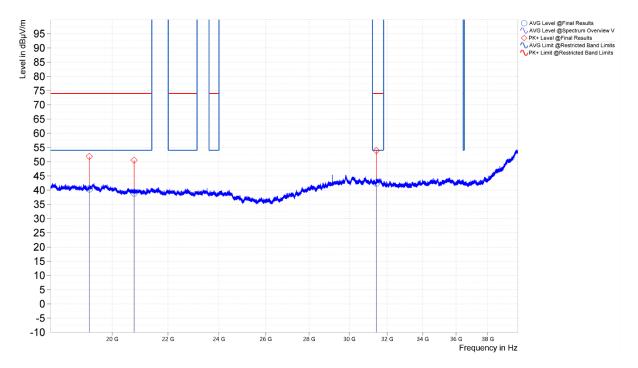


Figure 31. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 18GHz - 40GHz, Vertical Polarity

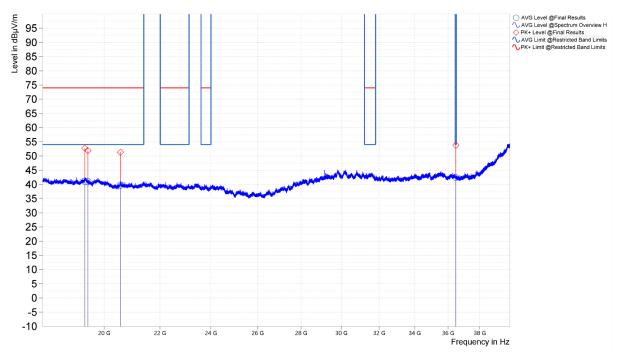


Figure 32. Worst Case Cabinet Radiation, 18GHz – 40GHz, Horizontal Polarity

NXSMP3 Family_1

IV. Test Equipment

HLI Solutions, Inc. NXSMP3 Family_1

Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2017.

| MET Asset # | Description | Manufacturer | Model | Last Cal Date | Cal Due Date |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| MY46180897 | Spectrum Analyzer | Keysight | E4448A | 08/28/2024 | 08/28/2025 |
| 1A1250 | EMI Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESW44 | 03/28/2025 | 03/28/2026 |
| 1A1176 | Active Loop Antenna (9KHz-30MHz) | ETS-Lindgren | 6502 | 08/22/2024 | 08/22/2026 |
| 1A1050 | Bi-Log Antenna | Schaffner | CBL-6112D | 03/05/2024 | 03/05/2026 |
| 1A1183 | Horn Antenna | ETS - Lindgren | 3117 | 02/20/2024 | 02/20/2026 |
| 1A1161 | Horn Antenna (18GHz – 40GHz) | ETS Lindgren | 3116C | 08/01/2024 | 08/01/2026 |
| 1A1065 | EMI Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz | ESCI | 08/20/2024 | 08/20/2025 |
| 1A1177 | Pulse Limiter | Rohde & Schwarz | ESH3Z2 | 12/11/2024 | 12/11/2025 |
| 1A1217 | LISN | COM-POWER | L1-1100 | 12/11/2024 | 12/11/2025 |
| 1A1218 | LISN | COM-POWER | L1-1100 | 12/11/2024 | 12/11/2025 |
| 3A3215 | ATC Digital Ohmmeter | Valhalla Scientific | 4150 | 05/24/2024 | 05/24/2025 |
| 1A1099 | Generator | Com-Power | CGO-51000 | See 1 | Note |
| 1A1088 | Preamplifier | Rohde & Schwarz | TS-PR1 | See 1 | Note |
| 1A1044 | Generator | Com-Power | CG-520 | See 1 | Note |
| 1A1073 | Multi Device Controller | ETS | 2090 | See Note | |
| 1A1074 | System Controller | Panasonic | WV-CU101 | See Note | |
| 1A1080 | Multi-Device | ETS | 2090 | See] | Note |
| 1A1180 | Preamplifier | Miteq | AMF-7D- 01001800-22- 10P | See] | Note |

Table 17. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.



End of Report