



FCC PART 15.247 MEASUREMENT AND TEST REPORT

For

Dyal Trading Limited

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FCC ID: XWN5017271000040N

Report Type: **Product Type:** GSM Mobile Phone Original Report leon then **Test Engineer:** Leon Chen **Report Number:** RSZ10101304-15.247 **Report Date:** 2010-12-06 Merry Zhao merry, Thus **Reviewed By:** EMC Engineer Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) **Prepared By:** 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *Dyal Trading Limited*'s product, model number: *Nova BK (FCC ID: XWN5017271000040N)* or the "EUT" as referred to in this report is a *Mobile Phone*, which measures approximately: 6.8 cm L x 3.9 cm W x 1.5 cm H, rated input voltage: DC 3.7 V battery.

Frequency Range:

Cellular Band: 824-849MHz (TX), 869-894MHz (RX) PCS Band: 1850-1910 MHz TX), 1930-1990 MHz (RX)

Bluetooth: 2400-2483.5 MHz (TX/RX)

Modulation Mode: GMSK(PCS); GFSK(Bluetooth)

Transmitter Output Power:

Cellular Band: 33 dBm, PCS Band: 30 dBm

Bluetooth: 0 dBm

Note: The product mobile phone, the model Crystal Nova, Nova Rd, Nova Ag, Nova Pt and Nova BK are electrically identical; we select Nova BK to test, which was explained for detail in the attached declaration letter.

* All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1010033 (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen). The EUT was received on 2010-10-13.

Objective

This Type approval report is prepared on behalf of *Dyal Trading Limited* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, Part 15, Subparts A, B and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

FCC Part 22H&24E submission with FCC ID: XWN5017271000040N.

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2003, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

All emissions measurement was performed and Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located in the 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Test site at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on November 21, 2007. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2003.

The Federal Communications Commission has the reports on file and is listed under FCC Registration No.: 382179. The test site has been approved by the FCC for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) accredited laboratory, under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (Lab Code 200707-0).



The current scope of accreditations can be found at http://ts.nist.gov/Standards/scopes/2007070.htm

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as normally used by a typical user).

EUT Exercise Software

N/A.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the unit tested.

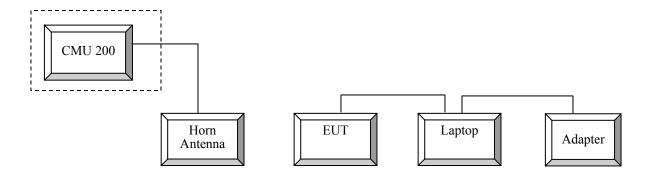
Local Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
R & S	Universal Radio CommutationTester	CMU200	1100 0008.02	DOC
DELL	Laptop	D600	N/A	DOC

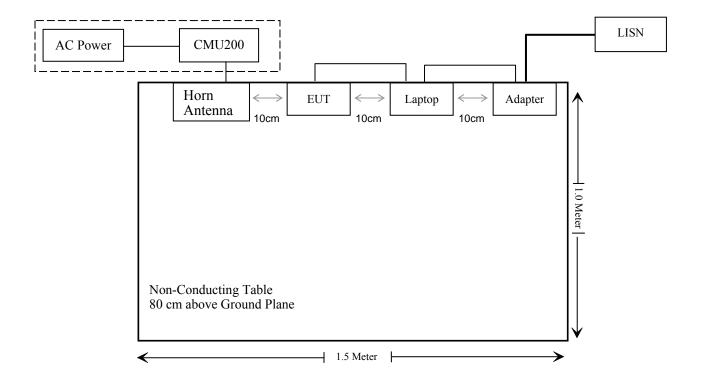
External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	То
Unshielded Detachable USB Cabel	0.8	Laptop	EUT

Configuration of Test Setup



Block Diagram of Test Setup



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.247 (i), §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliance
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.207 (a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliance
§15.247 (a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation Test	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of hopping channel Test	Compliance
§15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power Measurement	Compliance
§15.247(d)	Band Edges	Compliance

FCC §15.247 (i) & §2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE INFORMATION

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247 (i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Table 2 - Summary of SAR Evaluation Requirements for a Cell Phone with Multiple Transmitters

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	Routine evaluation required	SAR not required: Unlicensed only
Unlicensed Transmitters	When there is no simultaneous transmission — o output ≤ 60/f: SAR not required o output > 60/f: stand-alone SAR required When there is simultaneous transmission — Stand-alone SAR not required when o output ≤ 2·P _{Ref} and antenna is ≥ 5.0 cm from other antennas o output ≤ P _{Ref} and antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from other antennas o output ≤ P _{Ref} and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power ≤ P _{Ref} or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required When stand-alone SAR is required o test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition o if SAR for highest output channel is > 50% of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures	o when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is ≥ 5 cm from other antennas Licensed & Unlicensed o when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas o when SAR to peak location separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3 SAR required: Licensed & Unlicensed antenna pairs with SAR to peak location separation ratio ≥ 0.3; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in stand-alone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply
Jaw, Mouth and Nose	Flat phantom SAR required o when measurement is required in tight regions of SAM and it is not feasible or the results can be questionable due to probe tilt, calibration, positioning and orientation issues o position rectangular and clam-shell phones according to flat phantom procedures and conduct SAR measurements for these specific locations	When simultaneous transmission SAR testing is required, contact the FCC Laboratory for interim guidance.

Routine SAR evaluation refers to that specifically required by §2.1093, using measurements or computer simulation. When routine SAR evaluation is not required, portable transmitters with output power greater than the applicable low threshold require SAR evaluation to qualify for TCB approval.

Two antennas are available for the EUT, one is PCS antenna, the distance between Bluetooth antenna and GSM antenna is 0.05 cm. Less than 2.5 cm, and the Bluetooth power <Pref (12 mW). According to KDB 648474, Stand-alone and simultaneous SAR evaluation of Bluetooth antenna is not required.

Result:

The SAR measurement of Bluetooth can be exempted.

FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has 2 integral antennas, one is for Bluetooth, the gain is -1.0 dBi; other is for GSM/PCS, the gain is 0.8 dBi for PCS and 0.5 dBi for GSM, which in accordance to section 15.203, please refer to the internal photos.

Result: Compliance.

FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

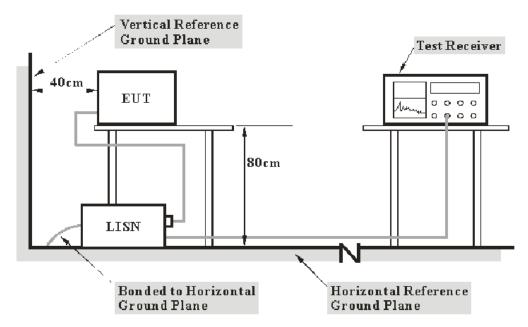
FCC §15.207

Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, and LISN.

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of any conducted emissions measurement at Bay Area Compliance Laboratory Corp. (Shenzhen) is ± 2.4 dB.

EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.

2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The Laptop was connected to a 120 VAC/60 Hz power source.

EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS30	830245/006	2010-03-03	2011-03-02
Rohde & Schwarz	L.I.S.N.	ESH2-Z5	892107/021	2010-03-09	2011-03-08

^{*} **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratory Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the <u>FCC Part 15.207</u>, with the worst margin reading of:

35.31 dB at 0.895 MHz in the Neutral conductor mode

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ° C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Leon Chen on 2010-11-05.

Test Mode: Communicating & charging by PC

120 V, 60 Hz, Line:



Со	nducted Emissi	ons	FCC Part 15.207)7
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Factor (dB)	Cord. Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Remark (PK/QP/Ave)
0.885	10.20	10.26	46.00	35.74	Ave
0.975	10.20	9.76	46.00	36.24	Ave
1.560	10.10	9.39	46.00	36.61	Ave
1.500	10.10	9.00	46.00	37.00	Ave
1.985	10.10	8.56	46.00	37.44	Ave
0.200	10.10	13.13	54.57	41.44	Ave
0.890	10.20	14.38	56.00	41.62	QP
0.975	10.20	14.25	56.00	41.75	QP
1.500	10.10	13.75	56.00	42.25	QP
1.560	10.10	13.12	56.00	42.88	QP
1.985	10.10	12.48	56.00	43.52	QP
0.200	10.10	14.38	64.57	50.19	QP

120V, 60 Hz, Neutral:



Со	nducted Emissi	ons		07	
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Factor (dB)	Cord. Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Remark (PK/QP/Ave)
0.895	10.20	10.69	46.00	35.31	Ave
0.810	10.20	10.56	46.00	35.44	Ave
1.015	10.10	10.06	46.00	35.94	Ave
1.470	10.10	9.92	46.00	36.08	Ave
1.125	10.10	9.90	46.00	36.10	Ave
0.895	10.20	15.09	56.00	40.91	QP
1.015	10.10	14.72	56.00	41.28	QP
1.465	10.10	14.41	56.00	41.59	QP
0.810	10.20	14.23	56.00	41.77	QP
1.125	10.10	13.55	56.00	42.45	QP
6.775	10.10	6.99	50.00	43.01	Ave
6.720	10.10	11.38	60.00	48.62	QP

FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) – RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

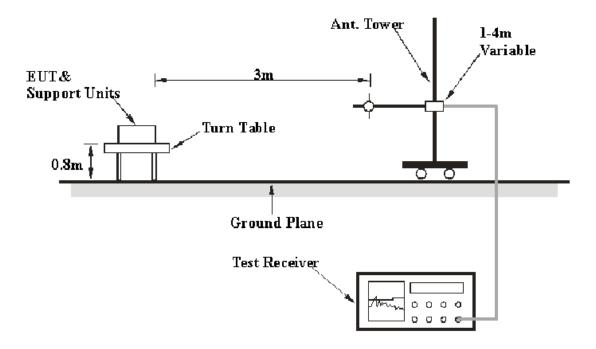
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is +4.0 dB.

EUT Setup



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters chamber B test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.4-2003. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The adapter was connected to a 120 VAC/60 Hz power source.

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W
30MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz
1000 MHz – 25 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
HP	Amplifier	HP8447D	2944A09795	2010-08-02	2011-08-02
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2009-11-24	2010-11-23
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2010-03-11	2011-03-11
HP	Amplifier	8449B	3008A00277	2010-09-12	2011-09-11
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2010-05-05	2011-05-04
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSEM30	849720/019	2010-07-08	2011-07-08

^{*} **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the adapter was connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1GHz and peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1GHz.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corrected Amplitude = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the <u>FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247,</u> with the worst margin reading of:

30 -1000 MHz:

7.8 dB at 60.000750 MHz in the Horizontal polarization

Above 1 GHz:

3.59dB at 2390 MHz in the Vertical polarization for Low channel

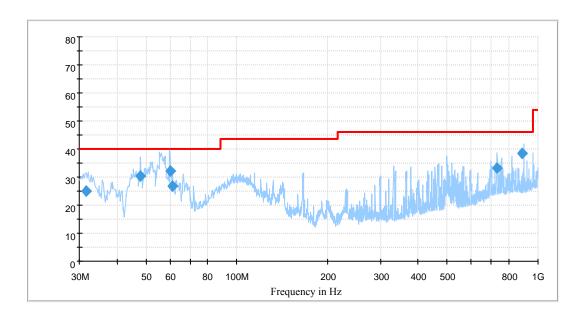
Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0kPa

The testing was performed by Leon Chen on 2010-11-06.

30-1000 MHz:



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Position (deg)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
60.000750	32.3	400.0	Н	24.0	-18.7	40.0	7.8
47.974750	30.3	100.0	V	16.0	-16.4	40.0	9.7
895.268500	36.0	169.0	V	127.0	-1.0	46.0	10.0
728.237250	33.2	212.0	Н	75.0	-2.7	46.0	12.8
61.018500	26.6	320.0	V	109.0	-18.6	40.0	13.4
31.700000	25.1	118.0	V	251.0	-6.6	40.0	14.9

Above 1 GHz:

Indi	cated		Table	Test Aı	ntenna	Corr	ection F	actor	F	CC Part 1	5.247/15.	209
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)	Detector (PK/Ave.)	Angle Degree	Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
					Low	Channel						
7206	20.05	Ave.	70	1.0	V	37.8	5.20	26.62	36.43	54	17.57	harmonic
4804	21.79	Ave.	160	1.4	Н	36.1	4.30	26.80	35.39	54	18.61	harmonic
7206	20.21	Ave.	80	1.6	Н	36.5	5.20	26.62	35.29	54	18.71	harmonic
4804	21.88	Ave.	150	1.1	V	34.5	4.30	26.80	33.88	54	20.12	harmonic
4804	37.35	PK	180	1.4	Н	36.1	4.30	26.80	50.95	74	23.05	harmonic
4804	37.93	PK	180	1.1	V	34.5	4.30	26.80	49.93	74	24.07	harmonic
7206	27.78	PK	60	1.0	V	37.8	5.20	26.62	44.16	74	29.84	harmonic
7206	27.88	PK	70	1.6	Н	36.5	5.20	26.62	42.96	74	31.04	harmonic
1134.26	20.31	Ave.	12	1.2	Н	25.2	2.02	26.50	21.03	54	32.97	spurious
1134.26	20.59	Ave.	35	1.0	V	24.2	2.02	26.50	20.31	54	33.69	spurious
1134.26	33.14	PK	20	1.2	Н	25.2	2.02	26.50	33.86	74	40.14	spurious
1134.26	34.11	PK	20	1.0	V	24.2	2.02	26.50	33.83	74	40.17	spurious
					Middle	Channe	1					
7323	21.14	Ave.	10	1.4	V	38	5.11	26.60	37.65	54	16.35	harmonic
4882	22.75	Ave.	175	1.8	Н	36.2	4.36	26.79	36.52	54	17.48	harmonic
7323	20.92	Ave.	15	1.4	Н	36.6	5.11	26.60	36.03	54	17.97	harmonic
4882	20.25	Ave.	185	1.1	V	34.7	4.36	26.79	32.52	54	21.48	harmonic
7323	33.61	PK	0	1.4	Н	36.6	5.11	26.60	48.72	74	25.28	harmonic
7323	31.57	PK	0	1.4	V	38	5.11	26.60	48.08	74	25.92	harmonic
4882	34.18	PK	180	1.8	Н	36.2	4.36	26.79	47.95	74	26.05	harmonic
4882	32.02	PK	180	1.1	V	34.7	4.36	26.79	44.29	74	29.71	harmonic
1448.89	20.85	Ave.	30	1.1	Н	26.3	2.24	26.65	22.74	54	31.26	spurious
1448.89	20.74	Ave.	45	1.0	V	25.8	2.24	26.65	22.13	54	31.87	spurious
1448.89	30.55	PK	45	1.1	Н	26.3	2.24	26.65	32.44	74	41.56	spurious
1448.89	30.53	PK	30	1.0	V	25.8	2.24	26.65	31.92	74	42.08	spurious
					High	Channel						
7440	20.74	Ave.	0	1.1	Н	39.0	5.20	26.59	38.35	54	15.65	harmonic
4960	22.05	Ave.	0	1.0	Н	36.6	4.40	26.75	36.30	54	17.70	harmonic
7440	30.84	PK	10	1.2	V	37.7	5.20	26.59	47.15	74	26.85	harmonic
4960	35.23	PK	0	1.2	V	33.8	4.40	26.75	46.68	74	27.32	harmonic
1450.9	21.67	Ave.	0	1.0	V	26.0	2.24	26.61	23.30	54	30.70	spurious
1450.9	35.72	PK	30	1.0	V	26.0	2.24	26.61	37.35	74	36.65	spurious
1450.9	34.35	PK	0	1.2	Н	26.5	2.24	26.61	36.48	74	37.52	spurious
1450.9	21.61	Ave.	30	1.0	Н	26.5	2.24	26.61	23.74	54	30.26	spurious
7440	20.12	Ave.	15	1.0	V	37.7	5.20	26.59	36.43	54	17.57	harmonic
4960	21.34	Ave.	20	1.0	V	33.8	4.40	26.75	32.79	54	21.21	harmonic
4960	37.28	PK	20	1.2	Н	36.6	4.40	26.75	51.53	74	22.47	harmonic
7440	33.12	PK	10	1.0	Н	39.0	5.20	26.59	50.73	74	23.27	harmonic

Spurious Emission in Restricted Band:

Indi	Indicated		Table		ntenna	Corr	ection F	actor	FCC 1	Part 15.24	7/15.209/	15.205
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBµV)	Detector (PK/Ave.)	Angle	Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
2390.00	45.62	Ave.	0	1.0	V	28.6	3.03	26.84	50.41	54	3.59*	spurious
2390.00	44.98	Ave.	0	1.0	Н	28.7	3.03	26.84	49.87	54	4.13	spurious
2390.00	59.71	PK	30	1.2	V	28.6	3.03	26.84	64.50	74	9.50	spurious
2390.00	58.41	PK	20	1.2	Н	28.7	3.03	26.84	63.30	74	10.70	spurious
2483.533	36.52	Ave.	0	1.0	V	28.6	3.20	26.85	41.47	54	12.53	spurious
2483.533	36.34	Ave.	0	1.0	Н	28.7	3.20	26.85	41.39	54	12.61	spurious
2483.533	51.89	PK	0	1.2	V	28.6	3.20	26.85	56.84	74	17.16	spurious
2483.533	51.42	PK	10	1.0	Н	28.7	3.20	26.85	56.47	74	17.53	spurious

^{*} Within measurement uncertainty.

FCC §15.247(a) (1) - CHANNEL SEPARATION TEST

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems shall have hoping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	ption Model Seria Numb		Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2009-11-24	2010-11-23

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

- 1. Set the EUT in transmitting mode, spectrum Bandwidth was set at 100 kHz, maxhold the channel.
- 2. Set the adjacent channel of the EUT maxhold another truce
- 3. Measure the channel separation.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa

^{*} The testing was performed by Leon Chen on 2010-11-05.

Test Result: Compliant.

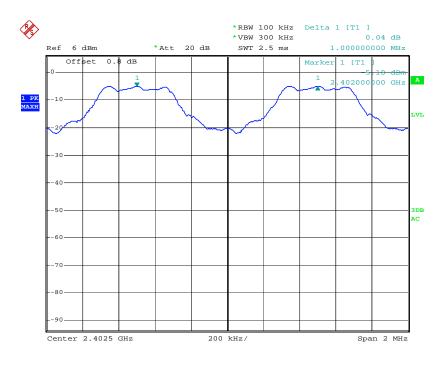
Please refer to following tables and plots

Test Mode: Transmitting

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
Low Channel	2402	1.000	0.699	Pass
Adjacent Channel	2403	1.000	0.099	1 ass
Mid Channel	2440	1.008	0.696	Pass
Adjacent Channel	2441	1.008		газз
High Channel	2480	1.004	0.606	D
Adjacent Channel	2479	1.004	0.696	Pass

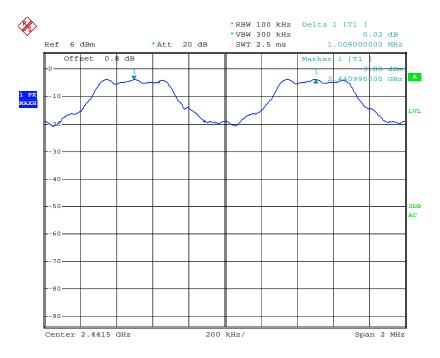
Please refer to the following plots.

Low Channel



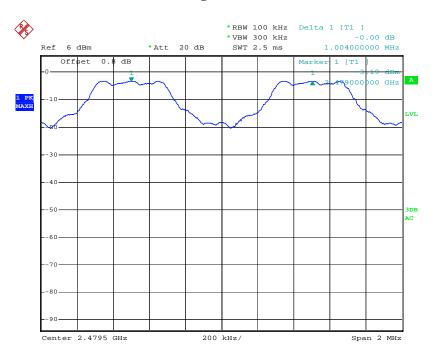
Date: 5.NOV.2010 19:48:06

Middle Channel



Date: 5.NOV.2010 19:46:38

High Channel



Date: 5.NOV.2010 19:45:39

FCC $\S15.247(a)$ (1) – 20 dB BANDWIDTH TESTING

Applicable Standard

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Description Model Serial Number		Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2009-11-24	2010-11-23

^{*} **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT on the test table without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa

^{*} The testing was performed by Leon Chen on 2010-11-09.

Test Result: Compliance.

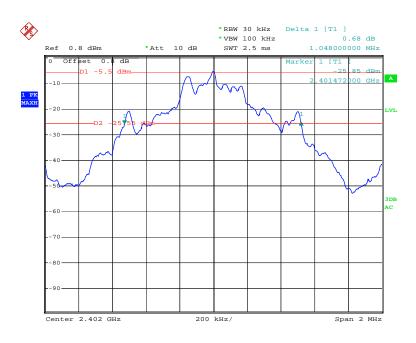
Please refer to following tables and plots

Test Mode: Transmitting

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2402	1.048
Middle	2441	1.044
High	2480	1.044

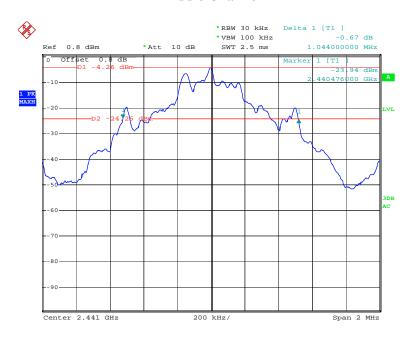
Please refer to the following plots.

Low Channel



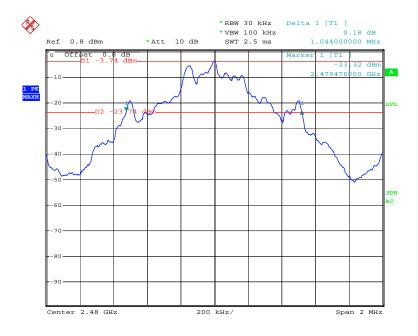
;/ Date: 9.NOV.2010 19:16:21

Middle Channel



;/ Date: 9.NOV.2010 19:19:53

High Channel



;/ Date: 9.NOV.2010 19:21:21

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) - QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNEL TEST

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2009-11-24	2010-11-23
HP	Amplifier	8449B	3008A00277	2010-09-12	2011-09-11
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2010-05-05	2011-05-04
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSEM30	849720/019	2010-07-08	2011-07-08

^{*} **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Set the EUT in hopping mode from first channel to last.
- 3. By using the Max-Hold function record the Quantity of the channel.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa

The testing was performed by Leon Chen on 2010-11-05.

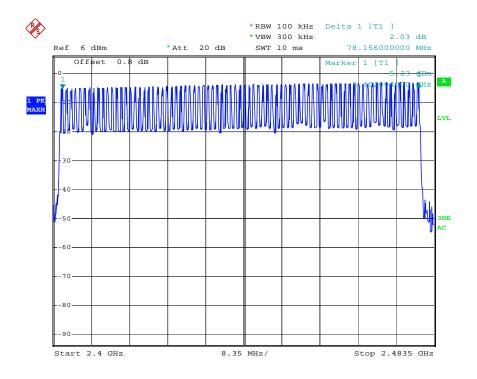
Test Result: Compliant.

Please refer to following tables and plots

Test Mode: Transmitting

Frequency Range (MHz)	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit
2400-2483.5	79	≥ 15

Number of Hopping Channels



Date: 5.NOV.2010 19:50:39

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) - TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2009-11-24	2010-11-23

^{*} **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

The EUT was worked in channel hopping; Spectrum SPAN was set as 0. Sweep was set as 0.4 X channel no. (s), the quantity of pulse was get from single sweep. In addition, the time of single pulses was tested.

Dwell Time= time slot length * hope rate/ number of hopping channels * 31.6s Hop rate=1600/s

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C	
Relative Humidity:	56 %	
ATM Pressure:	100.0kPa	

^{*} The testing was performed by Leon Chen on 2010-11-05.

Test Result: Compliance.

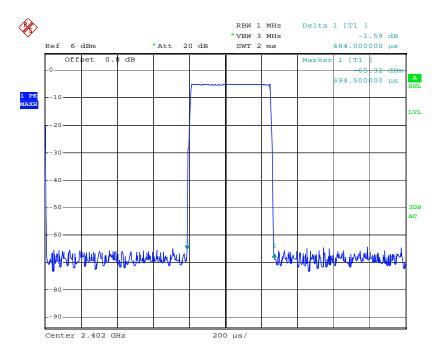
Please refer to following tables and plots

Test Mode: Transmitting

Mode	Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell Time (S)	Limit (S)	Result
	Low	0.484	0.155	0.4	Pass
DH 1	Middle	0.484	0.155	0.4	Pass
DII 1	High	0.484	0.155	0.4	Pass
	<i>Note:</i> Dwe	ll time=Pulse time (ms	$(1600 \div 2 \div 79)$	9) ×31.6 Seco	nd
	Low	1.760	0.282	0.4	Pass
DH 3	Middle	1.760	0.282	0.4	Pass
DH 3	High	1.760	0.282	0.4	Pass
<i>Note:</i> Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) \times (1600 \div 4 \div 79) \times 31.6 Second					nd
	Low	3.024	0.323	0.4	Pass
DH 5	Middle	3.024	0.323	0.4	Pass
DII 3	High	3.024	0.323	0.4	Pass
	<i>Note:</i> Dwell time=Pulse Time (ms) \times (1600 ÷ 6 ÷ 79) \times 31.6 Second				

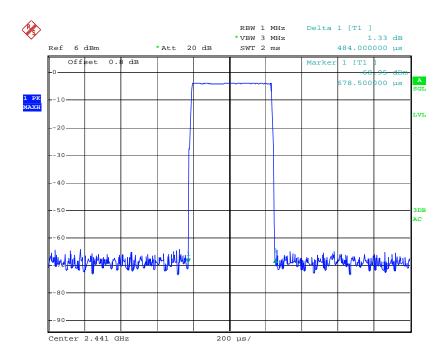
Please refer to the following plots.

Low Channel for DH1



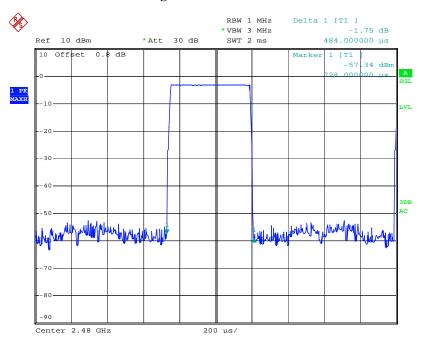
Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:04:39

Middle Channel for DH1



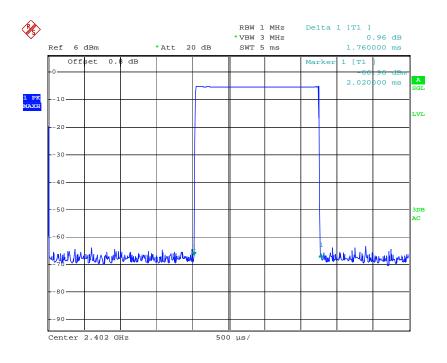
Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:05:52

High Channel for DH1



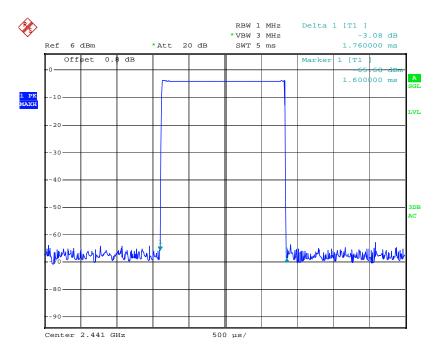
Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:20:02

Low Channel for DH3



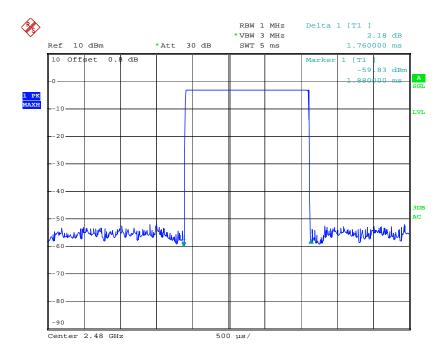
Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:14:07

Middle Channel for DH3



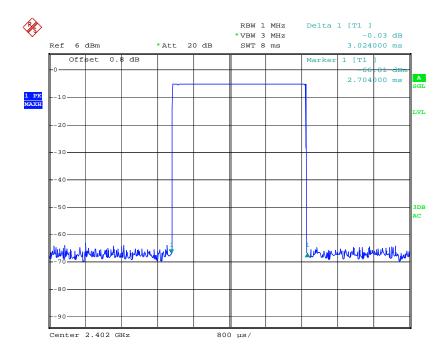
Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:12:55

High Channel for DH3



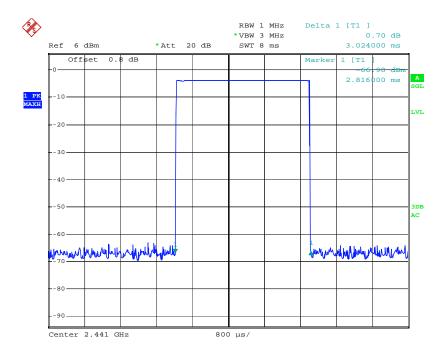
Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:18:30

Low Channel for DH5



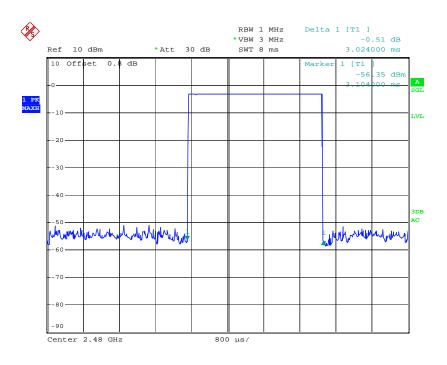
Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:15:11

Middle Channel for DH5



Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:15:51

High Channel for DH5



Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:17:41

FCC §15.247(b) (1) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2009-11-24	2010-11-23

^{*} **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

The antenna was integrated; radiated test method will be applied.

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corrected Amplitude = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa

^{*} The testing was performed by Leon Chen on 2010-11-05.

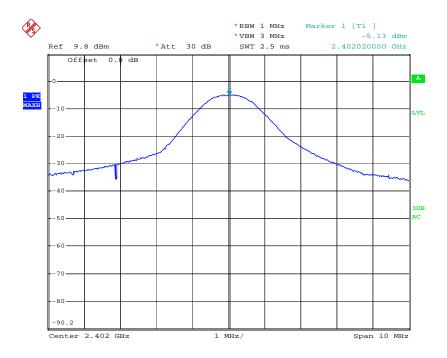
Test Result: Compliance.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Channel	Channel frequency (MHz)	Reading power (dBm)	Power output (mW)	Limit (mW)
Low channel	2402	-5.13	0.307	1000
Middle channel	2441	-3.90	0.407	1000
High channel	2480	-3.00	0.501	1000

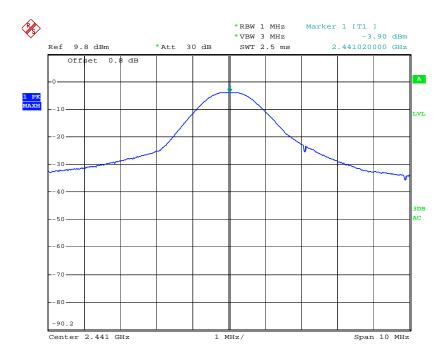
Note: The data above was tested in conducted mode.

Low Channel



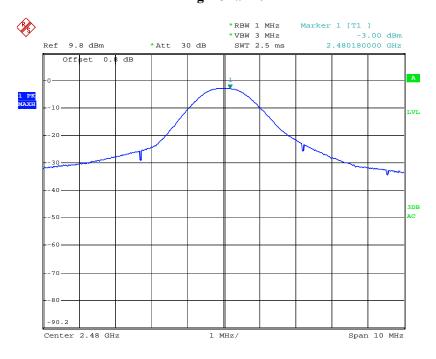
Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:41:11

Middle Channel



Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:40:25

High Channel



Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:39:40

FCC §15.247(d) - BAND EDGES TESTING

Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100035	2009-11-24	2010-11-23

^{*} Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

Test Procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Put it on the Rotated table and turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1 MHz, VBW=3 MHz.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.9kPa

^{*}The testing was performed by Leon Chen on 2010-11-05.

Test Result: Compliant

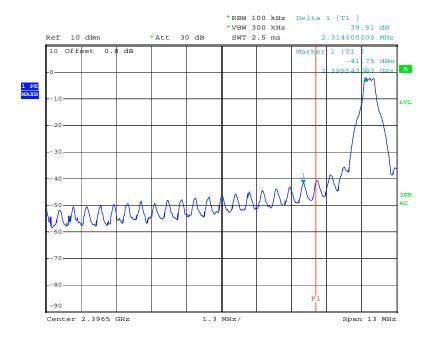
Test Mode: Transmitting

Frequency (MHz)	Delta Peak to Band Emission (dBc)	Limit (dBc)
2399.542	39.51	20
2483.944	44.01	20

Note: The point fall into the stricted band was in FCC 15.209, please refer to the restrict band testing.

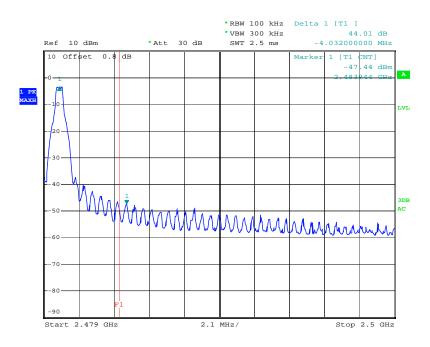
Please refer to follow plots:

Band Edge: Left Side



Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:44:11

Band Edge: Right Side



Date: 5.NOV.2010 20:45:44

PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER



Company: Dyal Trading Limited

Address: Solar House, 282 Chase Road, London, N14 6NZ, United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0) 1623 837 977 Fax: +44 (0) 1623 837 988

Date: 2010-08-25

Product Similarity Declaration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, Dyal Trading Limited, hereby declare that our (Mobile Phone), Model Number: Crystal Nova is electrically identical with the Model Number: Nova BK that was certified by BACL.

The only difference between Nova BK and Crystal Nova is that:

1. Nova BK: plastic lower case processed by rubber feel oil, stainless steel upper case .

Crystal Nova: plastic lower case processed by vacuum vapor plating + leather coating. stainless steel upper case + embedded crystals.

We, Dyal Trading Limited, hereby declare that our (Mobile Phone), Model Number: Nova Rd, Nova Ag, Nova Pt is electrically identical with the Model Number: Nova BK that was certified by BACL.

The only difference between Nova BK and Nova Rd, Nova Ag, Nova Pt is that:

1. Color of the plastic shells is different

Signature:

Print Name: TY Jackson

Title: General Manager

***** END OF REPORT *****