

Test report No:
NIE: 79354RAN.001A1

Assessment report

RF EXPOSURE REPORT ACCORDING TO FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1091; FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1307; FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1310

(*) Identification of item under evaluation	Stand-alone Wi-Fi 6 multiradio modules
(*) Trademark	u-blox AG
(*) Model and /or type reference	NORA-W401-00B
(*) Other identification of the product	FCC ID: XPYNORAW4 IC: 8595A-NORAW4 HW version: 04 SW version: v5.2.3
(*) Features	BLE, Wi-Fi 6 (2.4 GHz)
(*) Manufacturer	u-blox AG Zürcherstrasse 68, 8800 Thalwil, Switzerland
Test method requested, standard	FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1091 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: mobile devices. FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093. Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices. FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1307: Actions that may have a significant environmental effect, for which Environmental Assessments (EAs) must be prepared. FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1310: Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.
Summary	IN COMPLIANCE
Approved by (name / position & signature)	Manuel García Antennas Lab Technical Responsible
Date of issue	2025-04-02
Report template No	FAN36_02 (*) "Data provided by the client"

Index

Competences and guarantees3

General conditions3

Data provided by the client.....3

Identification of the client.....3

Document history3

Appendix A: FCC RF Exposure assessment result4

 General description of the device under evaluation5

 Maximum Antenna Gain determination for RF Exposure compliance7

 Evaluation Results.....8

Appendix B: FCC RF Exposure information9

 FCC RF Exposure evaluation10

 FCC MPE Evaluation11

 FCC ISM bands limits.....11

 RF Exposure determination of exemption.....12

Competences and guarantees

In order to assure the traceability to other national and international laboratories, DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. has a calibration and maintenance program for its measurement equipment.

DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this report, which is the result of the measurements and the tests performed to the item under test on the date and under the conditions stated on the report and, it is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. at the time of performance of the test.

DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.

The results presented in this Assessment Report apply only to the particular item under test established in this document.

IMPORTANT: No parts of this report may be reproduced or quoted out of context, in any form or by any means, except in full, without the previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U.

General conditions

1. This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the assessment.
2. This report does not constitute or imply on its own an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.
3. This document is only valid if complete; no partial reproduction can be made without previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U.
4. This test report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. and the Accreditation Bodies

Data provided by the client

The following data has been provided by the client:

1. Information relating to the description of the sample ("Identification of the item under evaluation", "Trademark", "Model and/or type reference", "General description of the device", "Other identification of the product").
2. Maximum output power, maximum antenna gain and use distance information.
3. The device under evaluation consists of a Stand-alone Wi-Fi 6 multiradio modules.

DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. declines any responsibility with respect to the information provided by the client and that may affect the validity of results.

Identification of the client

u-blox AG
Zürcherstrasse 68, 8800 Thalwil, Switzerland

Document history

Report number	Date	Description
79345RAN.001	2025-03-28	First release
79354RAN.001A1	2025-04-02	Second release. Internal antenna gain information has been updated. "PRO-IS-237PRO" antenna name has been updated to "PRO-IS-299". This test report cancels and replaces test report 79354RAN.001.

Appendix A: FCC RF Exposure assessment result

General description of the device under evaluation

Table 1 shows information used for the RF Evaluation, taking into account the following declared specifications for the device:

Description and technologies: the device under evaluation consists of a Stand-alone Wi-Fi 6 multiradio modules with the following features: BLE, IEEE 802.15.4 and IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz).

Evaluation Distance: To evaluate the maximum antenna gain, a conservative evaluation distance of 20 cm has been used to perform the assessment. To perform the RF exposure assessment results, the minimum separation distance between the radiating structures of the device and nearby users will be greater than 3.9 cm for 802.11b/g/n/ax, 3.10 cm for Bluetooth and 2.20 cm for ZigBee. In order to perform the assessment a conservative evaluation distance of 3.9 cm for 802.11b/g/n/ax, 3.10 cm for Bluetooth and 2.20 cm for ZigBee have been used.

Maximum output power:

- Values corresponding to conducted output power have been measured and stated into DEKRA Testing and Certification, S.A.U. test report num. 79354RRF003s.
- Values corresponding to maximum output power have been declared by the device manufacturer (maximum output power values stated in module manufacturer's datasheet).

Antennas: the device supports several antennas for the BLE and Wi-Fi 6 (2.4 GHz) transmitting technologies:

- PRO-EX-296 antenna, for Bluetooth® low energy, IEEE 802.15.4 and IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz).
- PRO-EX-333 antenna for Bluetooth® low energy, IEEE 802.15.4 and IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz).
- PRO-IS-237 antenna for Bluetooth® low energy, IEEE 802.15.4 and IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz).
- PRO-IS-299 antenna for Bluetooth® low energy, IEEE 802.15.4 and IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz).
- NORA-W406 internal antenna for Bluetooth® low energy, IEEE 802.15.4 and IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz).

Values corresponding to antenna gain have been declared by the device manufacturer (maximum peak gain stated in antenna manufacturer's datasheet).

The following table shows the information provided above:

Technology / Mode	Operating Band	Frequency under evaluation (MHz)	Transmitting configuration	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Internal Antenna peak gain (dBi)	Antenna 1 peak gain (dBi)	Antenna 2 peak gain (dBi)	Antenna 3 peak gain (dBi)	Antenna 4 peak gain (dBi)	Maximum E.R.P. (dBm)	Maximum E.R.P. (mW)	Maximum E.I.R.P. (dBm)	Maximum E.I.R.P. (mW)
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4 GHz	2412 - 2462	SISO	19.76	3.00	3.00	3.60	3.00	2.50	21.21	132.13	23.36	216.77
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	2402 - 2480	SISO	17.735	3.00	3.00	3.60	3.00	2.50	19.19	82.89	21.34	135.99
ZigBee	2.4 GHz	2405 - 2480	SISO	15.007	3.00	3.00	3.60	3.00	2.50	16.46	44.23	18.61	72.56

Table 1: Equipment specifications

Maximum Antenna Gain determination for RF Exposure compliance

Summary of maximum antenna gain values:

Maximum antenna gain for mobile operation to comply with MPE and EIRP limits (see Appendix B) shall not exceed the following values:

Technology / Mode	Operating Band	Frequency under evaluation (MHz)	Max Gain to comply with RF Exp Limits (dBi)	Max Gain to comply with EIRP Limits (dBi)	Maximum allowed Gain (worst case) (dBi)
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4 GHz	2412 - 2462	17.25	16.24	16.24
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	2402 - 2480	19.28	18.27	18.27
ZigBee	2.4 GHz	2405 - 2480	22.01	20.99	20.99

Table 2: Maximum Antenna Gain values

Maximum Gain to meet FCC Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits:

Technology / Mode	Operating Band	Frequency under evaluation (MHz)	Distance (cm)	Power density for Gain = 0 dBi (mW/cm²)	FCC General Population Limit (mW/cm²)	Maximum Gain to comply with RF Exposure Limits (dBi)
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4 GHz	2412 - 2462	20.00	0.02	1.00	17.25
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	2402 - 2480	20.00	0.01	1.00	19.28
ZigBee	2.4 GHz	2405 - 2480	20.00	0.0063	1.00	22.01

Table 3: Maximum Antenna Gain values based on FCC MPE limits

Maximum Gain to meet FCC EIRP limits

Technology / Mode	Operating Band	Frequency under evaluation (MHz)	Maximum Output power (dBm)	EIRP Limits (dBm)	Maximum Gain to meet EIRP Limits (dBi)
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4 GHz	2412 - 2462	19.76	36.00	16.24
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	2402 - 2480	17.74	36.00	18.27
ZigBee	2.4 GHz	2405 - 2480	15.01	36.00	20.99

Table 4: Maximum Antenna Gain values based on FCC EIRP limits

Evaluation Results

Determination of Exemption according to FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1307:

The evaluation according to the minimum intended use distance for each technology will be as follow:

- 3.90 cm for 802.11b/g/n/ax technology
- 3.10 cm for Bluetooth technology
- 2.20 cm for ZigBee technology

RF Exposure Exemption evaluation:

Technology / Mode	Operating Band	Frequency under evaluation (MHz)	Transmitting configuration	Distance (cm)	Maximum E.R.P. (mW)	§1.1307(b)(3).i.(C) Exposure Limit (mW)	§ 1.1307(b)(3).i.(B) Exposure Limit (mW)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4 GHz	2412 - 2462	SISO	3.90	132.13	29.20	136.30	Pass
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	2402 - 2480	SISO	3.10	82.89	18.45	87.79	Pass
ZigBee	2.4 GHz	2405 - 2480	SISO	2.20	44.23	9.29	45.68	Pass

Table 5: FCC Exemption Evaluation Results

The computed value(s) are below the exemption limit(s), so these modes meet the requirements stated in FCC 47 CFR Part 1.1307.

Appendix B: FCC RF Exposure information

FCC RF Exposure evaluation

Devices operating in standalone mobile device exposure conditions may contain a single transmitter or multiple transmitters that do not transmit simultaneously. A minimum test separation distance ≥ 20 cm is required between the antenna and radiating structures of the device and nearby persons to apply mobile device exposure limits. The distance must be at least 20 cm and fully supported by the operating and installation configurations of the transmitter and its antenna(s), according to the source-based time-averaged maximum power requirements of § 2.1091(d)(2). In cases where cable losses or other attenuations are applied to determine compliance, the most conservative operating configurations and exposure conditions must be evaluated. The minimum test separation distance required for a device to comply with mobile device exposure conditions must be clearly identified in the installation and operating instructions, for all installation and exposure conditions, to enable users and installers to comply with RF exposure requirements. For mobile devices that have the potential to operate in portable device exposure conditions, similar to the configurations described in § 2.1091(d)(4), a KDB inquiry is required to determine the SAR test requirements for demonstrating compliance.

When a device qualifies for the categorical exclusion provision of § 2.1091(c), the minimum test separation distance may be estimated, when applicable, by simple calculations according to plane-wave equivalent conditions, to ensure the transmitter and its antenna(s) can operate in manners that meet or exceed the estimated distance. The source-based time-averaged maximum radiated power, according to the maximum antenna gain, must be applied to calculate the field strength and power density required to establish the minimum test separation distance. When the estimated test separation distance becomes overly conservative and does not support compliance, MPE measurement or computational modeling may be used to determine the required minimum separation distance.

According to §1.1310 Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits, paragraph (e), the limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields are:

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	* 100	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	* 900/f ²	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1,500			f/300	6
1,500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	* 100	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	* 180/f ²	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1,500			f/1500	30
1,500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz * = Plane-wave equivalent power density

FCC MPE Evaluation

Each supported transmission technology will be evaluated to determine if it is in compliance with limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields.

In order to perform the assessment, the following equations have been used for the calculations; these equations are accurate in the far-field of an antenna and will over-predict power density in the near field, where they could be used for making a "worst-case" or conservative prediction:

$$\text{Power density: } S[mW/cm^2] = \frac{P_{\max}[mW]}{4\pi R[cm]^2}$$

$$\text{Maximum gain to meet the MPE limit: } G_{\max}[dBi] = (10 * \log[S[mW/cm^2] * 4\pi R[cm]^2] - P_{\max}[dBm])$$

S = power density

$P_{\max}$ = power input to the antenna

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (evaluation distance)

$G_{\max}$ = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

FCC ISM bands limits

Maximum FCC conducted output limits are stated into FCC 47 CFR §15.247 (b) (4) standard. The limit depends on the antenna value as follows, for antenna gains with 6dBi:

Standard	Band (MHz)	Conducted output limit (W)	Maximum EIRP (dBm)
FCC 47 CFR §15.247 (b)	2400-2483.5	1.0	36.0
FCC 47 CFR §15.247 (b)	902-928	1.0	36.0

For antenna gains exceeding 6dBi, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Maximum FCC EIRP limits for 5GHz bands are stated into FCC 47 CFR §15.407 standard. The limit depends on the antenna value as follows, for antenna gains with 6dBi:

Standard	Band (MHz)	Conducted output limit (W)	Maximum EIRP (dBm)
FCC 47 CFR §15.407	5150-5250	0.25	30.0
	5250-5725	0.25	30.0
	5725-5850	1.0	36.0

For antenna gains exceeding 6dBi, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

RF Exposure determination of exemption

According to FCC 47 CFR §1.1307 (b)(3) Determination of exemption:

(i) For single RF sources (i.e., any single fixed RF source, mobile device, or portable device, as defined in paragraph (b)(2), a single RF source is exempt if:

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW, regardless of separation distance. This exemption may not be used in conjunction with other exemption criteria other than those in paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section. Medical implant devices may only use this exemption and that in paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(A);

(B) Or the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold Pth (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). Pth is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

(C) Or using Table 1 and the minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. For the exemption in Table 1 to apply, R must be at least λ/2π, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. If the ERP of a single RF source is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used in lieu of ERP if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of λ/4 or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole (1.64 linear value).

TABLE 1 TO §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C)—SINGLE RF SOURCES SUBJECT TO ROUTINE ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	1,920 R ² .
1.34-30	3,450 R ² /f ² .
30-300	3.83 R ² .
300-1,500	0.0128 R ² f.
1,500-100,000	19.2R ² .

(ii) For multiple RF sources: Multiple RF sources are exempt if:

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required). This exemption may not be used in conjunction with other exemption criteria other than those in paragraph (b)(3)(i)(A) of this section. Medical implant devices may only use this exemption and that in paragraph (b)(3)(i)(A).

(B) in the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k} \leq 1$$

Where:

a = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using paragraph (b)(3)(i)(B) of this section for P_{th}, including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

b = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using paragraph (b)(3)(i)(C) of this section for Threshold ERP, including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

c = number of existing fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources with known evaluation for the specified minimum distance including existing evaluated transmitters.

P_i = the available maximum time-averaged power or the ERP, whichever is greater, for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i at a distance between 0.5 cm and 40 cm (inclusive).

P_{th,i} = the exemption threshold power (P_{th}) according to paragraph (b)(3)(i)(B) of this section for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i.

ERP_j = the ERP of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j.

ERP_{th,j} = exemption threshold ERP for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j, at a distance of at least λ/2π according to the applicable formula of paragraph (b)(3)(i)(C) of this section.

Evaluated_k = the maximum reported SAR or MPE of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k either in the device or at the transmitter site from an existing evaluation at the location of exposure.

Exposure Limit_k = either the general population/uncontrolled maximum permissible exposure (MPE) or specific absorption rate (SAR) limit for each fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k, as applicable from §1.1310 of this chapter.

The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), can be calculated using the following formula to assess compliance with the Exemption Limits:

$$P_{E.I.R.P.} = P_T + G_T - L_C$$

Where:

P_T = transmitter time-averaged output power (including Duty Cycle and tune-up tolerance, if applicable)

G_T = gain of the transmitting antenna

L_C = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and the antenna if applicable

$$P_{E.R.P.} = P_{E.I.R.P.} - 2.15 \text{ dB}$$