



FCC PART 15, SUBPART C
IC RSS-210, ISSUE 8, DECEMBER 2010



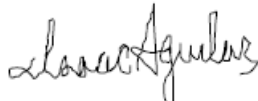

TEST AND MEASUREMENT REPORT

For

Tigo Energy, Inc.

420 Blossom Hill Road,
Los Gatos, CA 95032, USA

FCC ID: XMYSLICONAIR2
IC: 11021A-SILICONAIR2

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: Zigbee Module
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Report Number: R1409027-247	
Report Date: 2014-10-24	
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* This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk “*” (Rev. 12)

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	R1409027-247	Original Report	2014-10-24

1 General Description

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

This test and measurement report was prepared on behalf of *Tigo Energy* and their product model: *SILICONAIR2*, FCC ID: XMYSSILICONAIR2; IC: 11021A-SILICONAIR2 or the “EUT” (Equipment under Test) as referred to in this report. The EUT is a Zigbee 802.15.4 RF module operates in 2.4 GHz.

1.2 Mechanical Description of EUT

The EUT measures approximately 11 cm (L) x 7 cm (W) x 2 cm (H) and weighs 150 g.

The test data gathered are from typical production sample, serial number: 001-00230-00 assigned by Client.

1.3 Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Tigo Energy* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subparts B and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules and IC RSS-210.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and RSS-210 rules for Output Power, Antenna Requirements, 6 dB & 99% Bandwidth, power spectral density, 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges Measurement, Spurious Emissions, Conducted and Radiated Spurious Emissions.

1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

N/A

1.5 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2009, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

The following calculation follows the procedures as set forth in clause 7.2.3, ETSI TR 100 028-1 V1.4.1 (2001-12), the expression of Uncertainty in Radiated RF Testing is in accordance to ISO/IEC 17025 and TR 100 028-1 V1.4.1 (2001-12).

The expanded Measurement Uncertainty value having a confidence factor of 95%, is within a range of 5.48 dB.

This means that the value of conducted RF carrier power test will be within +/- 2.74 dB of the measuring radiated emissions power versus the expected value.

The expected value is defined as the power at the antenna of the Transmitter under Test.

1.7 Test Facility

Bay area compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

1- An independent Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to **ISO 17025: 2005** by **A2LA**, in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications covering Emissions, Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and Telecom. This includes NEBS (Network Equipment Building System), Wireless RF, Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Network Equipment; Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Commercial, and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Electronic (Digital) Products; Industrial and Scientific Instruments; Cabled Distribution Systems and Energy Efficiency Lighting.

2- An ENERGY STAR Recognized Laboratory, for the LM80 Testing, a wide variety of Luminaires and Computers.

3- A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II CAB including: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority), BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection of Taiwan), IDA (Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore), IC (Industry Canada), Korea (Ministry of Communications Radio Research Laboratory), NCC (Formerly DGT; Directorate General of Telecommunication of Chinese Taipei) OFTA (Office of the Telecommunications Authority of Hong Kong), Vietnam, VCCI - Voluntary Control Council for Interference of Japan and a designated EU CAB (Conformity Assessment Body) (Notified Body) for the EMC and R&TTE Directives.

4- A Product Certification Body accredited to **ISO Guide 65: 1996** by **A2LA** to certify:

- 1- Unlicensed, Licensed radio frequency devices and Telephone Terminal Equipment for the FCC. Scope A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B2, B3, B4 & C.
2. Radio Standards Specifications (RSS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List and All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in Category I Equipment Standards List for Industry Canada.
3. Radio Communication Equipment for Singapore.
4. Radio Equipment Specifications, GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment Specifications, and Fixed Network Equipment Specifications for Hong Kong.
5. Japan MIC Telecommunication Business Law (A1, A2) and Radio Law (B1, B2 and B3).
6. Audio/Video, Battery Charging Systems, Computers, Displays, Enterprise Servers, Imaging Equipment, Set-Top Boxes, Telephony, Televisions, Ceiling Fans, CFLs (Including GU24s), Decorative Light Strings, Integral LED Lamps, Luminaires, Residential Ventilating Fans.

The test site used by BACL Corp. to collect radiated and conducted emissions measurement data is located at its facility in Sunnyvale, California, USA.

The test site at BACL Corp. has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on February 11 and December 10, 1997, and Article 8 of the VCCI regulations on December 25, 1997. The test site also complies with the test methods and procedures set forth in CISPR 22:2008 §10.4 for measurements below 1 GHz and §10.6 for measurements above 1 GHz as well as ANSI C63.4-2009, ANSI C63.4-2009, TIA/EIA-603 & CISPR 24:2010.

The Federal Communications Commission and Voluntary Control Council for Interference have the reports on file and they are listed under FCC registration number: 90464 and VCCI Registration No.: A-0027. The test site has been approved by the FCC and VCCI for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, BACL Corp. is an American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) accredited laboratory (Lab Code 3297-02). The current scope of accreditations can be found at

<http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/3297-02.pdf?CFID=1132286&CFTOKEN=e42a3240dac3f6ba-6DE17DCB-1851-9E57-477422F667031258&jsessionid=8430d44f1f47cf2996124343c704b367816b>

2 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.4-2009 and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02.

The EUT was tested in a testing mode to represent worst-case results during the final qualification test.

The worst-case data rates are determined to be as follows for each mode based upon investigation by measuring the average power, peak power and PPSD across all data rates bandwidths, and modulations.

2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The test utility used was *Tera Term*, provided by *Tigo Energy*, and was verified by Isaac Aguilar to comply with the standard requirements being tested against.

2.3 Special Equipment

Tigo Energy MM2ES Programming JIG was used to operate the EUT.

2.4 Equipment Modifications

No modifications were made to the equipment.

2.5 Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Dell	Laptop	E6410	FFXR4Q1

2.6 EUT Internal Configuration Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Tigo Energy	Radio	Tigo-COMM-02	1000251-1120

2.7 Interface Ports and Cables

Cable Description	Length (m)	To	From
USB	< 1	MM2ES Programming JIG	Laptop

2.8 Power Supply List and Details

N/A

3 Summary of Test Results

Results reported relate only to the product tested.

FCC & IC Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §2.1091 IC RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §15.203 IC RSS-Gen §7.1.2	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
FCC §15.207(a) IC RSS-Gen §7.2.4	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) IC RSS-210 §A8.5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant
FCC §5.209, §15.247(d) IC RSS-210 §A8.5	Spurious Radiated Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(2) IC RSS-210 §A8.2	6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3) IC RSS-210 §A8.4	Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) IC RSS-210 §A8.5	Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) IC RSS-210 §A8.2(b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

4 FCC §15.247 (i), §2.1091 & IC RSS-102 – RF Exposure

4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	* (180/f ²)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Before equipment certification is granted, the procedure of IC RSS-102 must be followed concerning the exposure of humans to RF fields.

According to IC RSS-102 Issue 2 section 4.1, RF limits used for general public will be applied to the EUT.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field (V/m rms)	Magnetic Field (A/m rms)	Power Density (W/m ²)	Time Averaging (min)
0.003 - 1	280	2.19	-	6
1 - 10	280 / f	2.19 / f	-	6
10 - 30	28	2.19 / f	-	6
30 – 300	28	0.073	2*	6
300 – 1 500	1.585 f ^{0.5}	0.0042 f ^{0.5}	f / 150	6
1 500 – 15 000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15 000 – 150 000	61.4	0.163	10	616000 / f ^{1.2}
150 000- 300 000	0.158 f ^{0.5}	4.21 x 10 ⁻⁴ f ^{0.5}	6.67 x 10 ⁻⁵ f	616000 / f ^{1.2}

Note: f is frequency in MHz

* = Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100 MHz

4.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

4.3 MPE Results

<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u>	<u>3.24</u>
<u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u>	<u>2.10</u>
<u>Prediction distance (cm):</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u>	<u>2480</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u>	<u>2.0</u>
<u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u>	<u>1.58</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm²):</u>	<u>0.000665</u>
<u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (W/m²):</u>	<u>0.00665</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²):</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (W/m²):</u>	<u>10</u>

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure. The maximum power density at the distance of 20 cm is 6.65×10^{-4} mW/ cm² (0.00665 W/ m²). Limit is 1.0 mW/cm² (10 W/m²).

5 FCC §15.203 & IC RSS-Gen §7.1.2 - Antenna Requirements

5.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC §15.247 (b) (4), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to IC RSS-Gen §7.1.2: Transmitter Antenna

A transmitter can only be sold or operated with antennas with which it was certified. A transmitter may be certified with multiple antenna types. An antenna type comprises antennas having similar in-band and out-of-band radiation patterns. Testing shall be performed using the highest-gain antenna of each combination of transmitter and antenna type for which certification is being sought, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. Any antenna of the same type and having equal or lesser gain as an antenna that had been successfully tested for certification with the transmitter, will also be considered certified with the transmitter, and may be used and marketed with the transmitter. The manufacturer shall include with the application for certification a list of acceptable antenna types to be used with the transmitter.

When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer. Any antenna gain in excess of 6 dBi (6 dB above isotropic gain) shall be added to the measured RF output power before using the power limits specified in RSS-210 or RSS-310 for devices of RF output powers of 10 mW or less. For devices of output powers greater than 10 mW, except devices subject to RSS-210 Annex 8 (Frequency Hopping and Digital Modulation Systems Operating in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz Bands) or RSS-210 Annex 9 (Local Area Network Devices), the total antenna gain shall be added to the measured RF output power before using the specified power limits. For devices subject to RSS-210 Annex 8 or Annex 9, the antenna gain shall not be added.

5.2 Antenna List

Manufacturers	Antenna Type/Pattern	Antenna Gain (dBi) @ 2.4 GHz
Tigo Energy	Integral	2.0

Please refer EUT photos.

6 FCC §15.207 & IC RSS-Gen §7.2.4 - AC Line Conducted Emissions

6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.207 and IC RSS-Gen §7.2.4 Conducted limits:

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

**Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.*

6.2 Test Setup

The measurement was performed at shield room, using the setup per ANSI C63.4-2009 measurement procedure. The specification used was FCC §15.207 and IC RSS-Gen §7.2.4 limits.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The AC/DC power adapter of the EUT was connected with LISN-1 which provided 120 V / 60 Hz AC power.

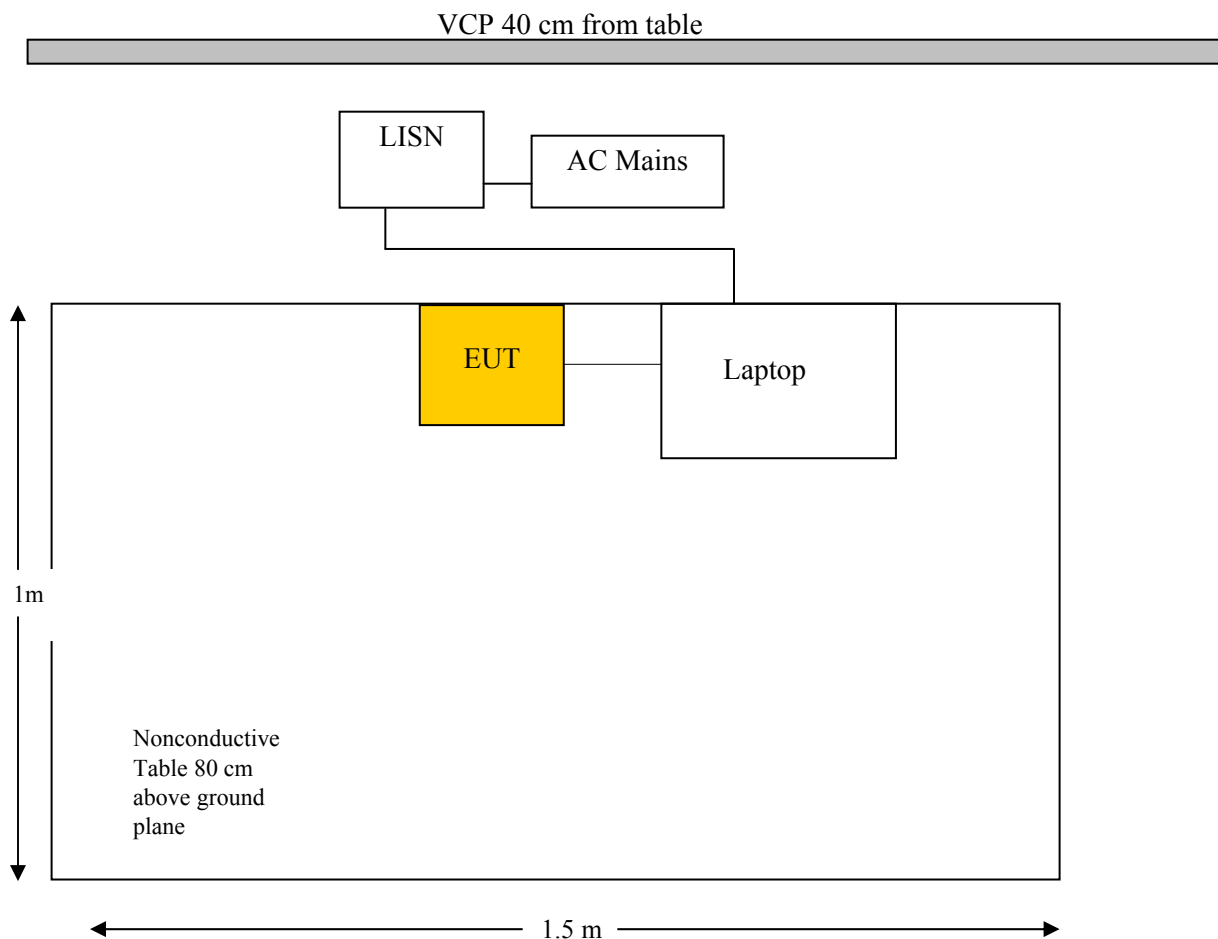
6.3 Test Procedure

During the conducted emissions test, the power cord of the EUT host system was connected to the mains outlet of the LISN-2.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the peak detection mode, quasi-peak and average. Quasi-Peak readings are distinguished with a "QP." Average readings are distinguished with an "Ave".

6.4 Test Setup Block Diagram



6.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + CL + Atten$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 46.2 dBuV = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB)

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

6.6 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rhode & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	100338	N/A	2014-01-20	1 year
Sunol Sciences	LISN	9252-50-R-24-N	511213	2014-06-25	1 year

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

6.7 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	45 %
ATM Pressure:	101.64 kPa

The testing was performed by Isaac Aguilar on 2014-09-19 in 5 m chamber 3.

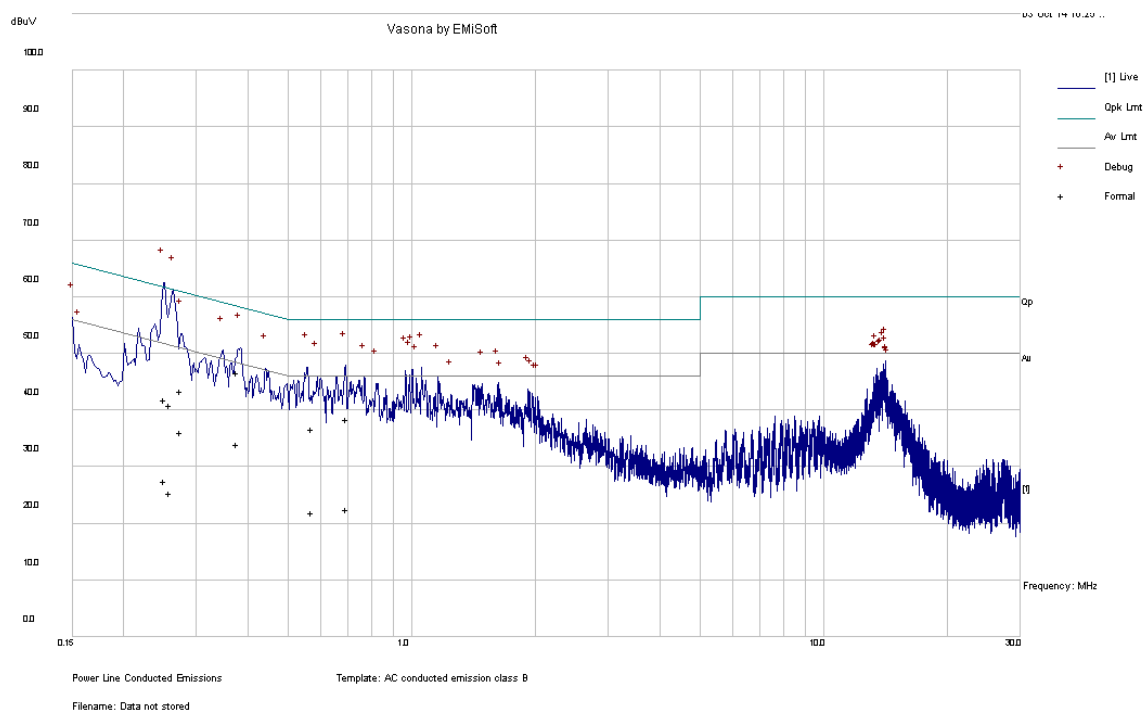
6.8 Summary of Test Results

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC and IC standard's conducted emissions limits, with the margin reading of:

Connection: AC/DC adapter connected to 120 V/60 Hz, AC			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductor Mode (Line/Neutral)	Range (MHz)
-5.95	0.312924	Neutral	0.15-30

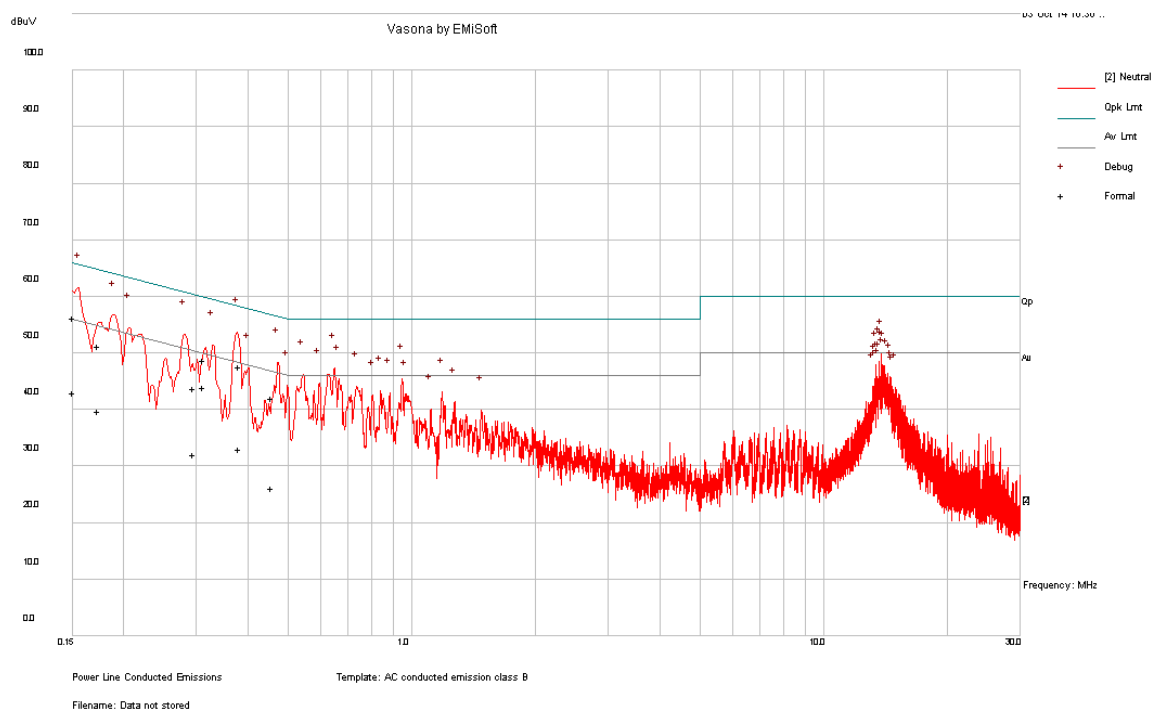
6.9 Conducted Emissions Test Plots and Data

120 V, 60 Hz – Line, AC/DC Adaptor



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave)
0.259546	40.89	Line	61.45	-20.56	QP
0.252204	41.94	Line	61.68	-19.75	QP
0.37849	46.60	Line	58.31	-11.72	QP
0.275475	43.46	Line	60.95	-17.50	QP
0.696744	38.43	Line	56	-17.57	QP
0.572699	36.72	Line	56	-19.28	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Peak)
0.259546	25.31	Line	51.45	-26.14	Ave
0.252204	27.54	Line	51.68	-24.14	Ave
0.37849	33.92	Line	48.31	-14.39	Ave
0.275475	36.11	Line	50.95	-14.84	Ave
0.696744	22.59	Line	46	-23.41	Ave
0.572699	21.94	Line	46	-24.06	Ave

120 V, 60 Hz – Neutral, AC/DC Adaptor

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave)
0.151025	56.22	Neutral	65.94	-9.72	QP
0.382487	47.62	Neutral	58.23	-10.61	QP
0.173714	51.33	Neutral	64.78	-13.45	QP
0.296839	43.77	Neutral	60.33	-16.56	QP
0.312924	48.85	Neutral	59.89	-11.04	QP
0.457774	42.11	Neutral	56.73	-14.62	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Peak)
0.151025	42.99	Neutral	55.94	-12.95	Ave
0.382487	33.08	Neutral	48.23	-15.14	Ave
0.173714	39.79	Neutral	54.78	-14.99	Ave
0.296839	32.02	Neutral	50.33	-18.31	Ave
0.312924	43.94	Neutral	49.89	-5.95	Ave
0.457774	26.18	Neutral	46.73	-20.55	Ave

7 FCC §15.247(d) & IC RSS-210 §A8.5 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

7.1 Applicable Standards

For FCC §15.247(d) and IC RSS-210 §A8.5 in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 11: Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands.

7.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Cycle
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US42221841	2014-04-09	1 year

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.*

7.4 Test Environmental Conditions

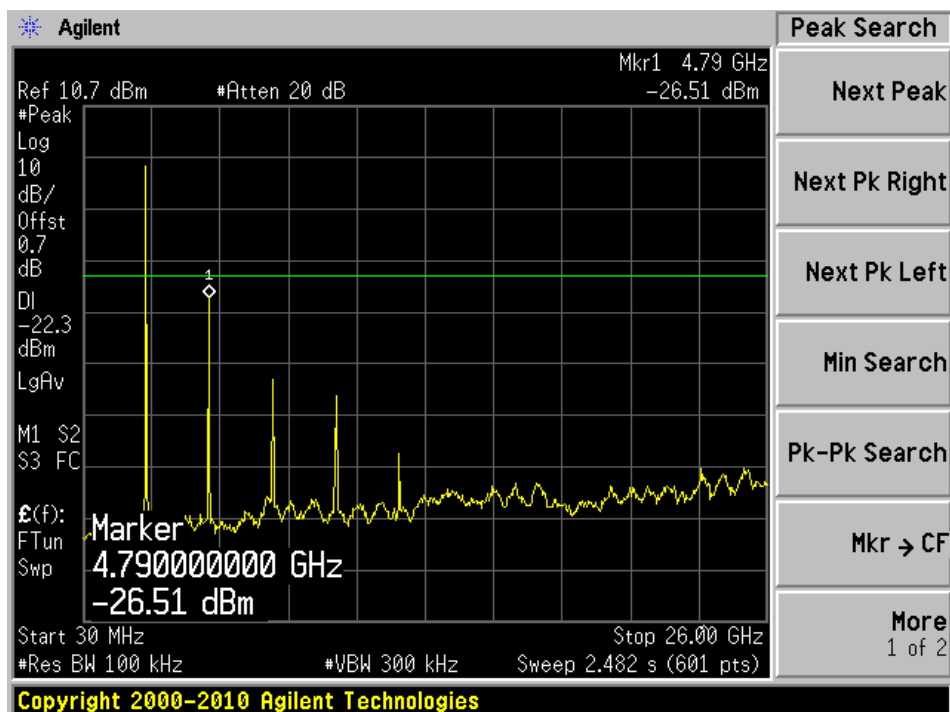
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	46 %
ATM Pressure:	101.68 kPa

The testing was performed by Isaac Aguilar from 2014-09-19 at RF site.

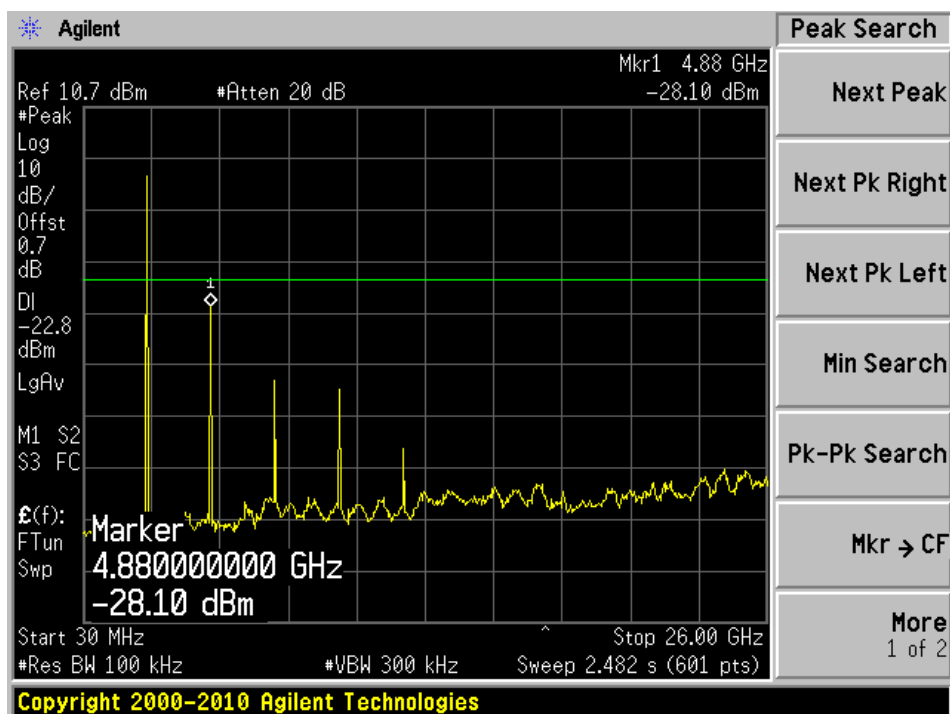
7.5 Test Results

Please refer to the following plots.

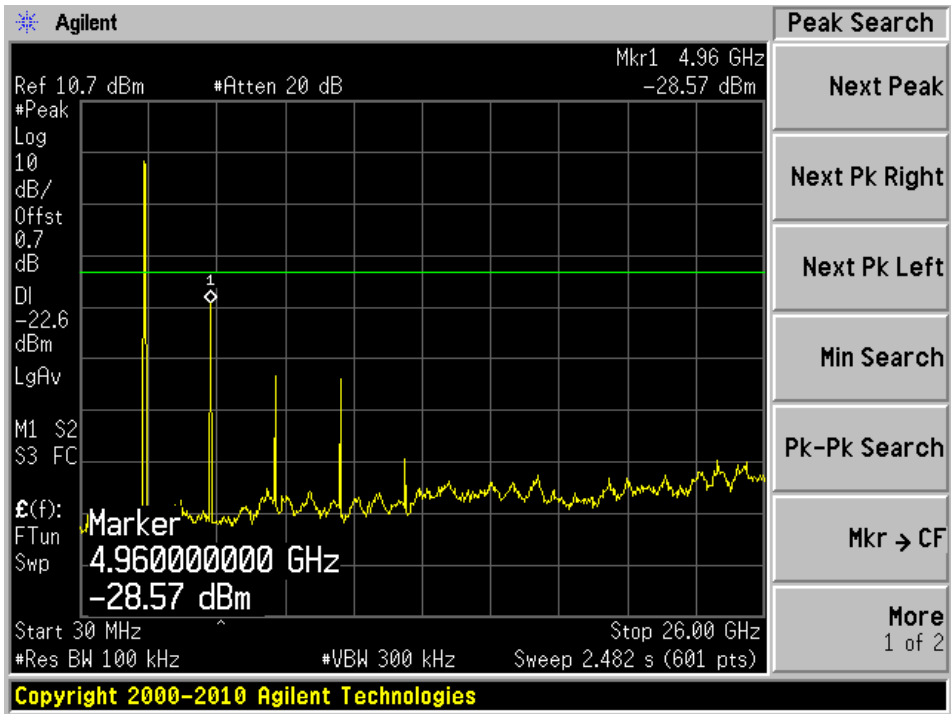
Low Channel (2405 MHz) Spurious Emissions



Middle Channel (2440 MHz) Spurious Emissions



High Channel (2480 MHz) Spurious Emissions



8 FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) & IC RSS-210 §A8.5 - Spurious Radiated Emissions

8.1 Applicable Standard

As per FCC §15.35(d): Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As per FCC §15.209(a) and RSS-210: Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As Per FCC §15.205(a) except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	960 – 1240	4.5 – 5.15
0.495 – 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	1300 – 1427	5.35 – 5.46
2.1735 – 2.1905	25.5 – 25.67	1435 – 1626.5	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	37.5 – 38.25	1645.5 – 1646.5	8.025 – 8.5
4.17725 – 4.17775	73 – 74.6	1660 – 1710	9.0 – 9.2
4.20725 – 4.20775	74.8 – 75.2	1718.8 – 1722.2	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	108 – 121.94	2200 – 2300	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 – 6.26825	123 – 138	2310 – 2390	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	149.9 – 150.05	2483.5 – 2500	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	156.52475 – 156.52525	2690 – 2900	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 – 8.366	156.7 – 156.9	3260 – 3267	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 – 8.38675	162.0125 – 167.17	3.332 – 3.339	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 – 8.41475	167.72 – 173.2	3.3458 – 3.358	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	240 – 285	3.600 – 4.400	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	322 – 335.4		36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	399.9 – 410		Above 38.6
13.36 – 13.41	608 – 614		

As per FCC §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

As per IC RSS-210 A8.5 Out-of-band Emissions, In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section A8.4 (4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

8.2 Test Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2009. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

8.3 Test Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 11: Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands and section 12: Emissions in restricted frequency bands. As well as ANSI C63.4: 2009 as described below:

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords was connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT is set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which is varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 meter above ground plane, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna should be changed the polarization both of horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver is set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

RBW = 100 kHz / VBW = 300 kHz / Sweep = Auto

Above 1000 MHz:

- (1) Peak: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 1MHz / Sweep = Auto
- (2) Average: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 10Hz / Sweep = Auto

8.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + AF + CL + Atten - Ga$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Antenna Factor (+23.5dB) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB) - Amplifier Gain (29.4 dB)

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

8.5 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Cycle
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Reciever	ESCI	100338	2014-01-20	1 year
Hp	Pre-Amp	8447D	2443A04374	2014-06-09	1 year
Sunol Sciences	Bi-Log Antenna	JB3	A020106-3	2014-07-24	1 year
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US422221851	2014-04-09	1 year
Hp	Pre-Amp	8449B	3008A01103	2014-03-10	1 year
Micro-Tonics	Band Pass Filter	BRM50701	160	N/A	N/A
Sunol Sciences	System Controller	SC99V	122303-1	N/R	N/A
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052704	2014-03-28	1 year
Wisewave	Horn Atnenna	ARH-4223-02	10555-01	2012-05-09	3 years

Statement of Traceability: *BACL attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to NIST.*

8.6 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23-25 °C
Relative Humidity:	46-48 %
ATM Pressure:	101.32 – 101.68 kPa

The testing was performed by Isaac Aguilar on 2014-09-19 thru 2014-09-23 in 5 m chamber 3.

8.7 Summary of Test Results

According to the data hereinafter, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15C and I CRSS-210/RSS-Gen standard's radiated emissions limits, and had the worst margin of:

30-1000 MHz:

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Channel
-8.85	143.99	H	Low CH

Above 1 GHz:

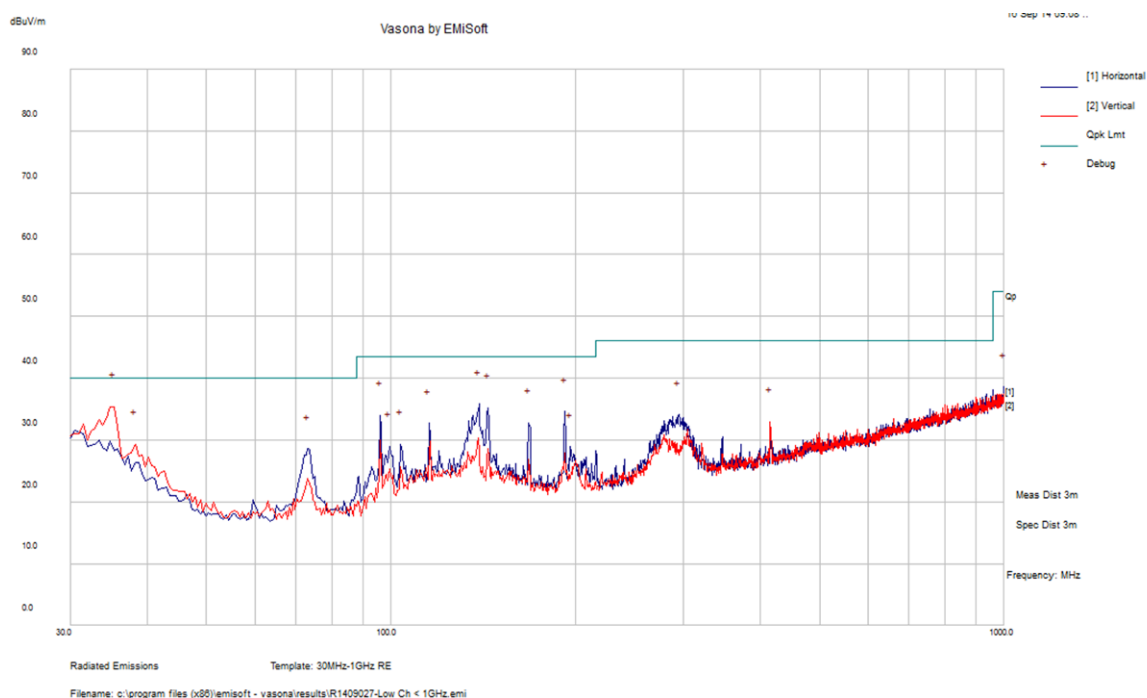
Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Channel
-5.66	4879	H	Mid CH

8.8 Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results

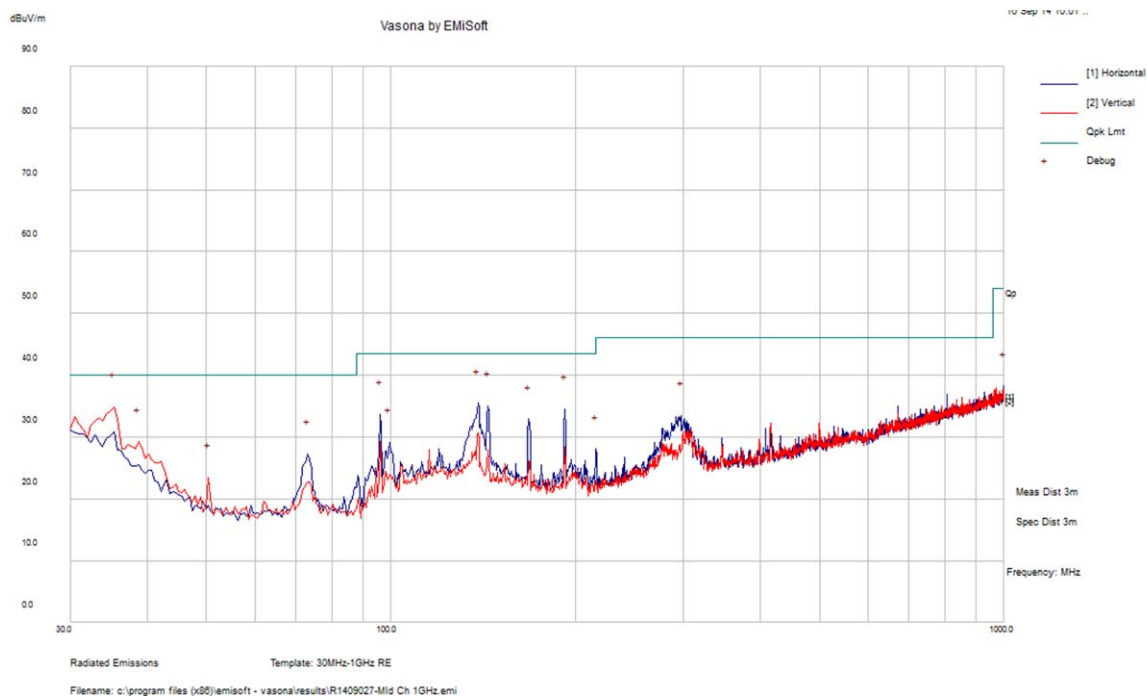
1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Measured at 3 meters

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Channel/ Freq(MHz)	Comment (PK/QP/Ave)
144.00	34.65	165	H	0	43.5	-8.85	1/2405	QP
143.01	34.63	188	H	350	43.5	-8.87	13/2440	QP
96.00	32.64	206	H	342	40	-10.86	13/2440	QP
35.14	28.97	116	V	69	43.5	-11.03	1/2405	QP
192.03	32.33	179	H	123	43.5	-11.17	26/2480	QP

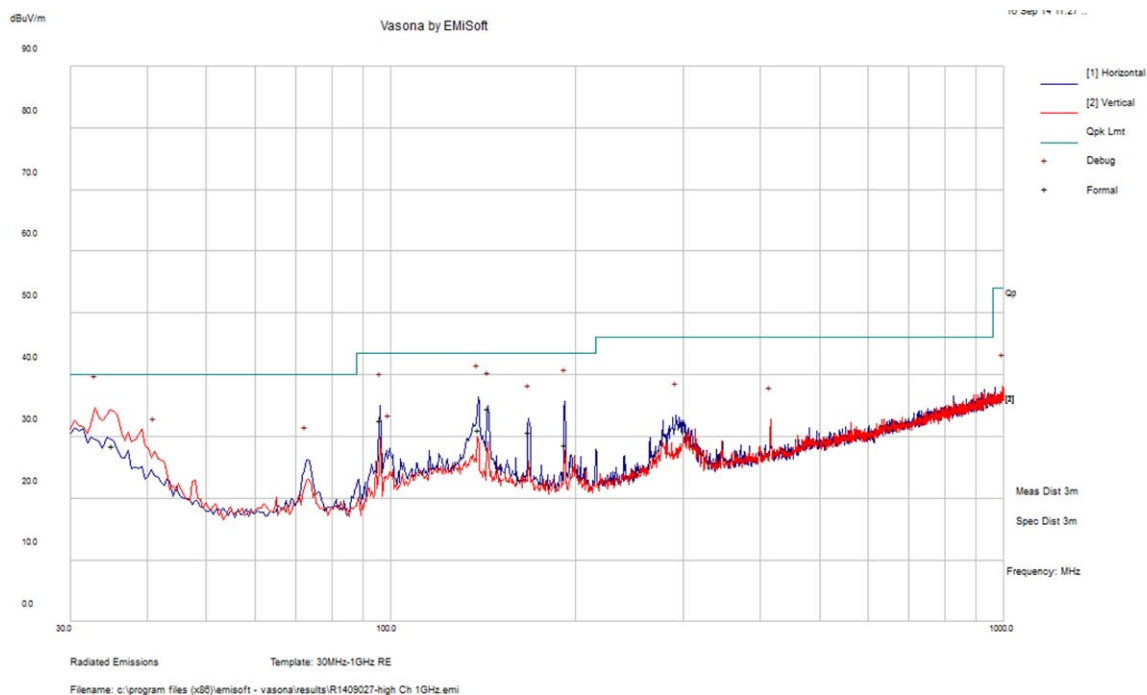
Low Channel, 2405 MHz



Middle Channel, 2440 MHz



High Channel, 2480 MHz



2) Above 1 GHz, Measured at 3 meters

Note: The losses and gains are factored into spectrum analyzer before the scans.

Frequency (MHz)	Corrd. Amp. (dBuV/m)	Test Antenna		Turntable Angle (Degrees)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment (PK/QP/Ave.)
		Height (cm)	Pol. (V/H)				
Low Channel, 2405 MHz							
14160	59.11	146	V	228	74	-14.89	PK
5665	51.2	100	V	225	74	-22.8	PK
1609	63.64	100	V	71	74	-10.36	PK
2064	53.21	101	V	188	74	-20.79	PK
1886	52.42	112	H	98	74	-21.58	PK
5383	52.21	100	V	172	74	-21.79	PK
2406	50.92	100	H	79	74	-23.08	PK
14160	48.14	146	V	228	54	-5.86	Ave.
5665	35.5	100	V	225	54	-18.5	Ave.
1609	40.46	100	V	71	54	-13.54	Ave.
2064	36.81	101	V	188	54	-17.19	Ave.
1886	37.07	112	H	98	54	-16.93	Ave.
5383	37.74	100	V	172	54	-16.26	Ave.
2406	39.78	100	H	79	54	-14.22	Ave.
Middle Channel, 2440 MHz							
14179	58.57	189	H	107	74	-15.43	PK
1611	55.34	158	V	151	74	-18.66	PK
4879	56.55	100	H	56	74	-17.45	PK
1883	53	112	V	177	74	-21	PK
1452	50.64	138	V	100	74	-23.36	PK
5655	49.37	211	V	143	74	-24.63	PK
14179	47.92	189	H	107	54	-6.08	Ave.
1611	33.86	158	V	151	54	-20.14	Ave.
4879	48.34	100	H	56	54	-5.66	Ave.
1883	37.38	112	V	177	54	-16.62	Ave.
1452	31.54	138	V	100	54	-22.46	Ave.
5655	35.2	211	V	143	54	-18.8	Ave.

Frequency (MHz)	Corrd. Amp. (dBuV/m)	Test Antenna		Turntable Angle (Degrees)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment (PK/QP/Ave.)
		Height (cm)	Pol. (V/H)				
High Channel, 2480 MHz							
14102	58.46	234	V	353	74	-15.54	PK
4961	52.09	138	H	247	74	-21.91	PK
5652	51.46	213	V	179	74	-22.54	PK
1641	51.2	101	V	5	74	-22.8	PK
2061	46.41	100	V	115	74	-27.59	PK
5039	50.48	142	V	138	74	-23.52	PK
1889	44.46	143	H	100	74	-29.54	PK
14102	48.03	234	V	353	54	-5.97	Ave.
4961	42.16	138	H	247	54	-11.84	Ave.
5652	35.92	213	V	179	54	-18.08	Ave.
1641	30.52	101	V	5	54	-23.48	Ave.
2061	33.52	100	V	115	54	-20.48	Ave.
5039	34.51	142	V	138	54	-19.49	Ave.
1889	31.87	143	H	100	54	-22.13	Ave.

9 FCC§15.247(a)(2) & IC RSS-210 §A8.2 - 6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth

9.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(a)(2) and IC RSS-210 A8.2 (a), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

9.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 8.1: DTS bandwidth

9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Cycle
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US42221841	2014-04-09	1 year

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

9.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C
Relative Humidity:	39 %
ATM Pressure:	101.28 kPa

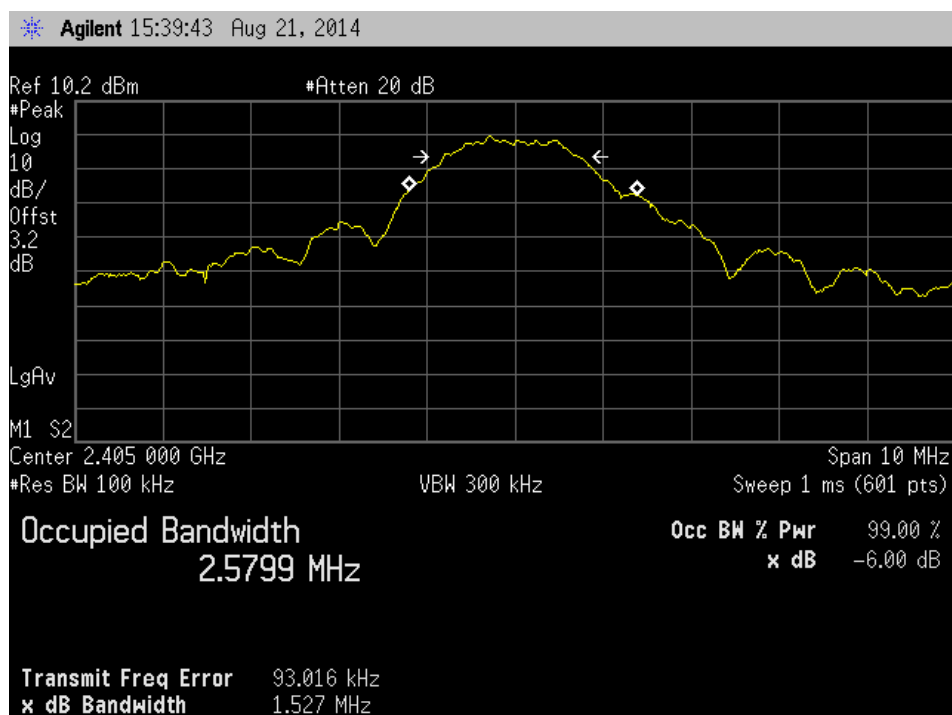
The testing was performed by Isaac Aguilar from 2014-08-21 at RF site.

9.5 Test Results

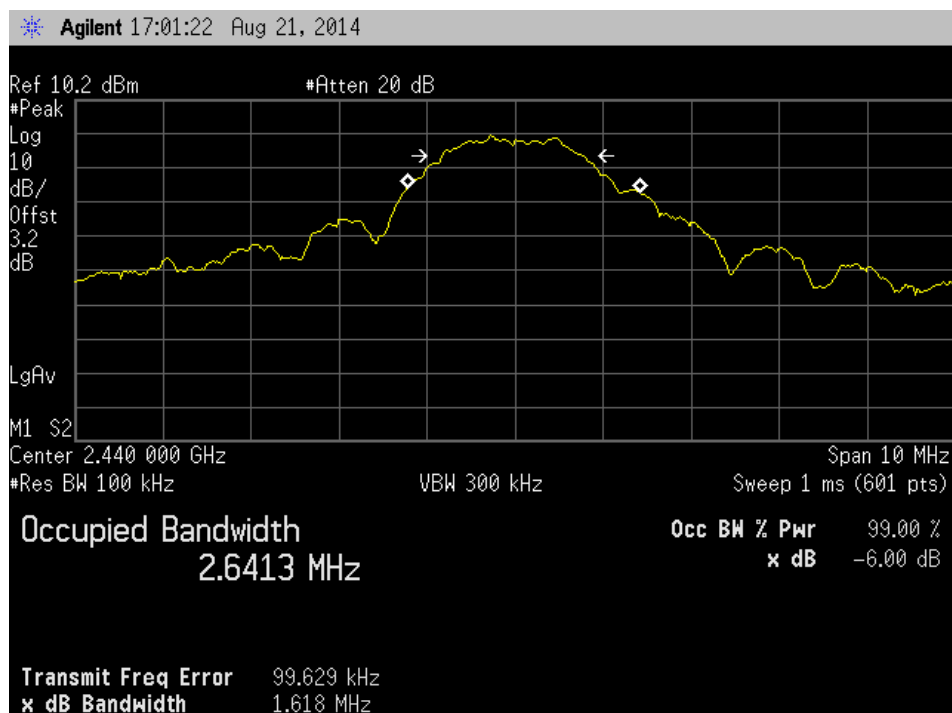
Please refer to the following table and plots

Frequency (MHz)	99% Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	FCC/IC Limit (MHz)	Result (Pass/Fail)
2405	2.58	1.53	> 0.500	Pass
2440	2.64	1.62	> 0.500	Pass
2480	2.70	1.64	> 0.500	Pass

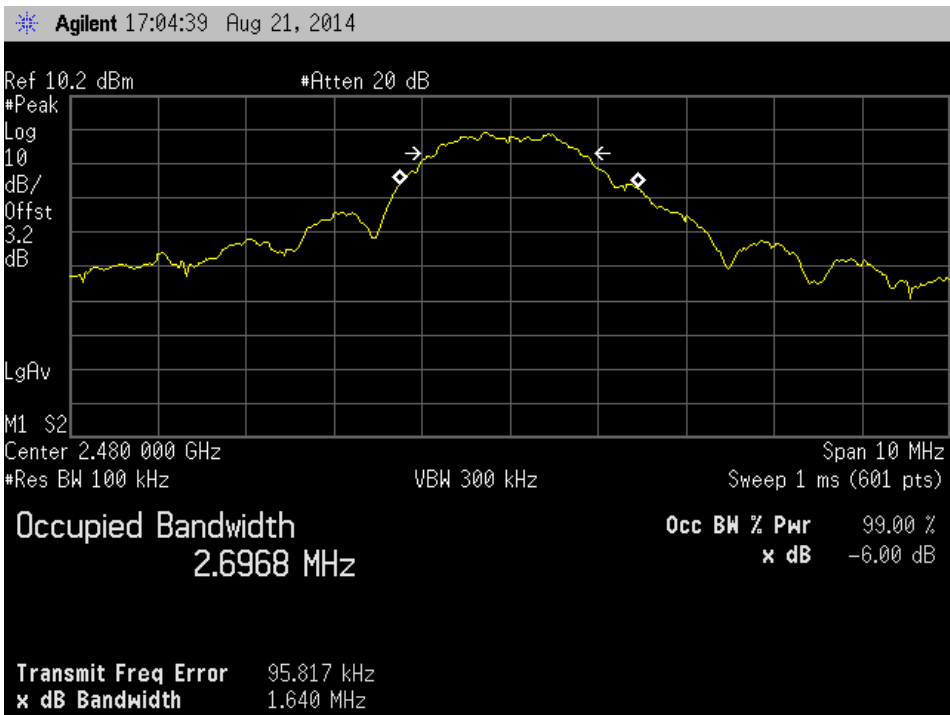
Low Channel, 2405 MHz



Middle Channel, 2440 MHz



High Channel, 2480 MHz



10 FCC §15.247(b) & IC RSS-210 §A8.4 - Output Power

10.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(b) and IC RSS-210 §A8.4(4) for systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

10.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 9.1.1: RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth.

10.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Cycle
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US42221841	2014-04-09	1 year

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

10.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C
Relative Humidity:	39 %
ATM Pressure:	101.28 kPa

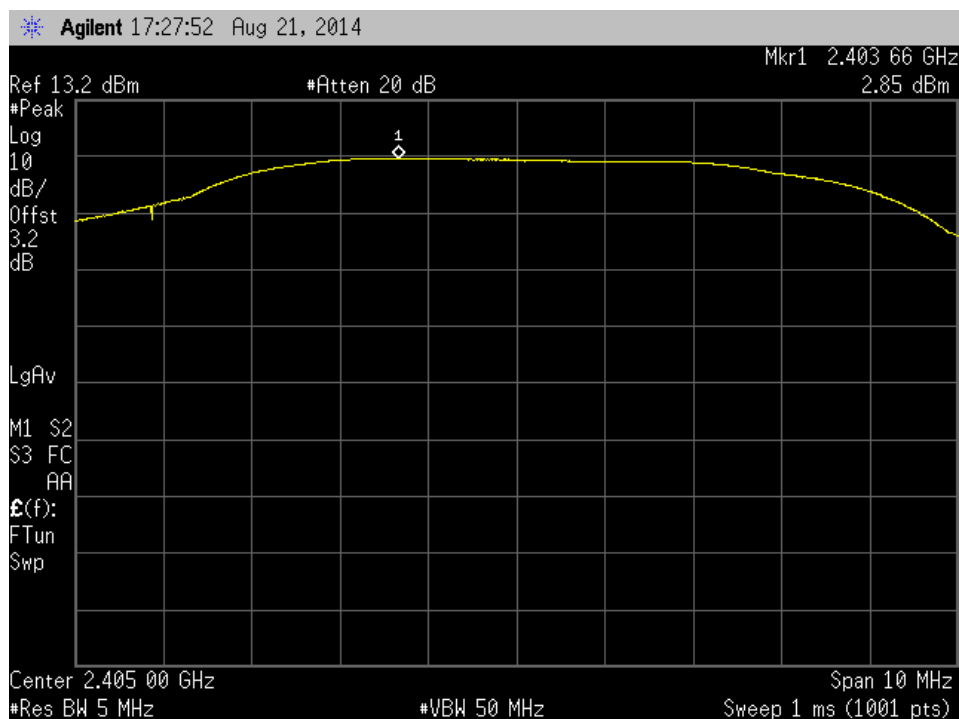
The testing was performed by Isaac Aguilar on 2014-08-21 at RF site.

10.5 Test Results

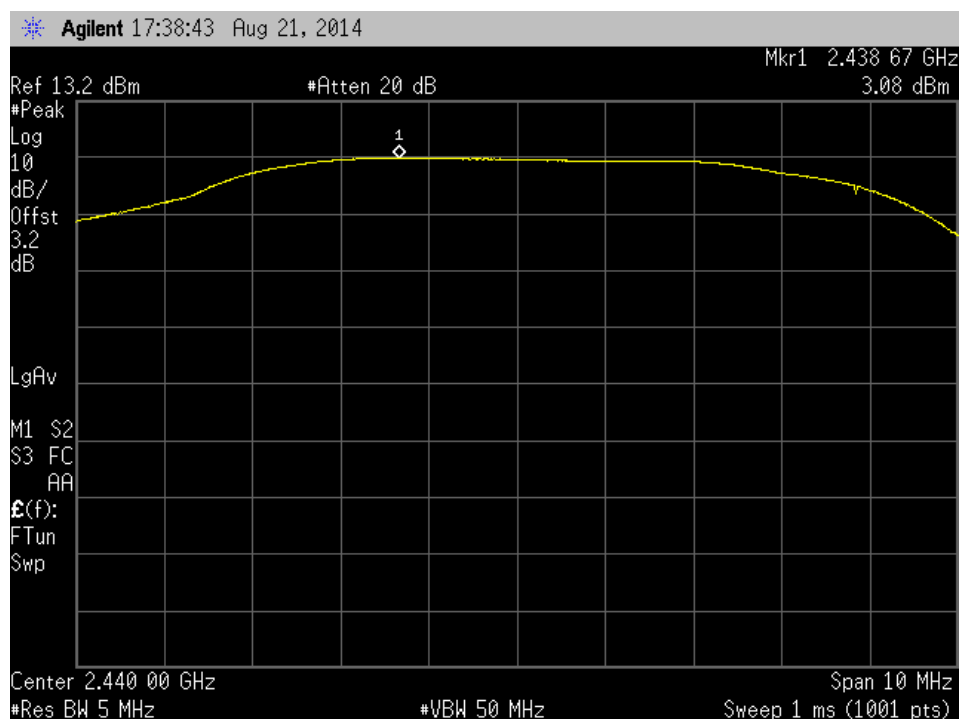
Please refer to the table and plots below:

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)	FCC/IC Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Result (Pass/Fail)
2405	2.85	30	-27.15	Pass
2440	3.08	30	-26.92	Pass
2480	3.24	30	-26.76	Pass

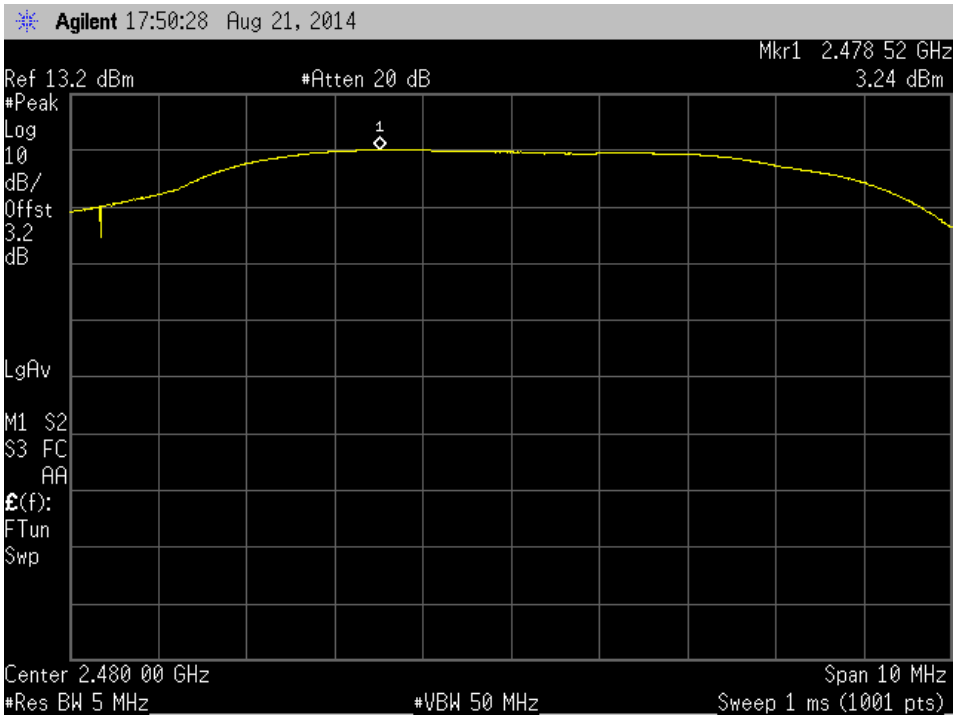
Low Channel, 2405 MHz



Middle Channel, 2440 MHz



High Channel, 2480 MHz



11 FCC §15.247(d) & IC RSS-210 §A8.5 - 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges

11.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) see §15.205(c).

According to IC Rss-210 §A8.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required.

11.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 13: Band-edge measurements

11.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Cycle
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US42221841	2014-04-09	1 year

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

11.4 Test Environmental Conditions

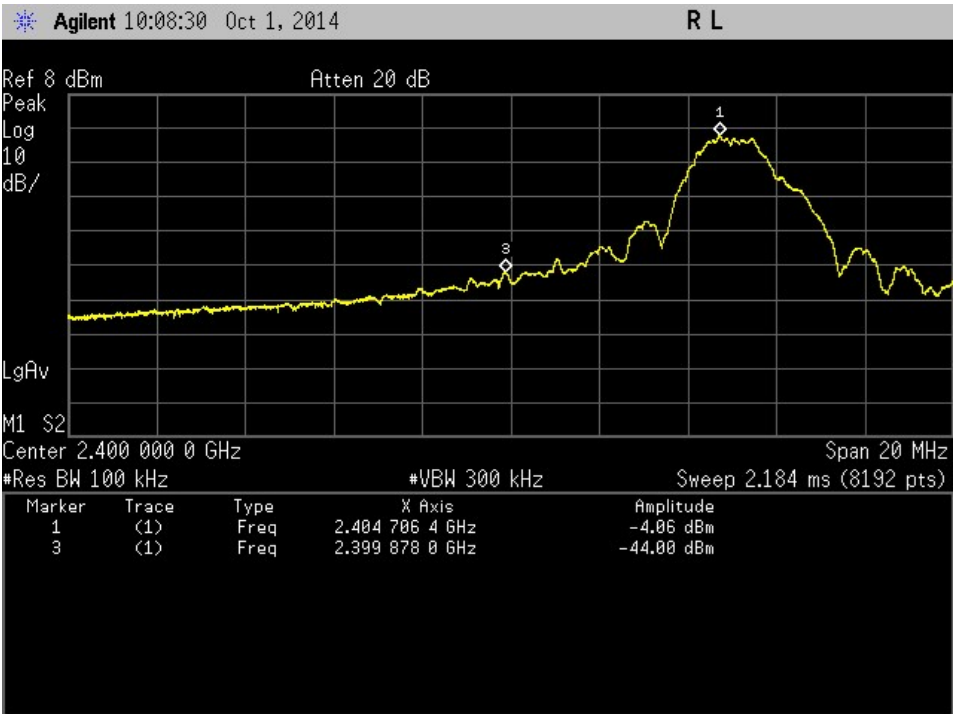
Temperature:	26 °C
Relative Humidity:	39 %
ATM Pressure:	101.28 kPa

The testing was performed by Isaac Aguilar on 2014-10-01 at RF site.

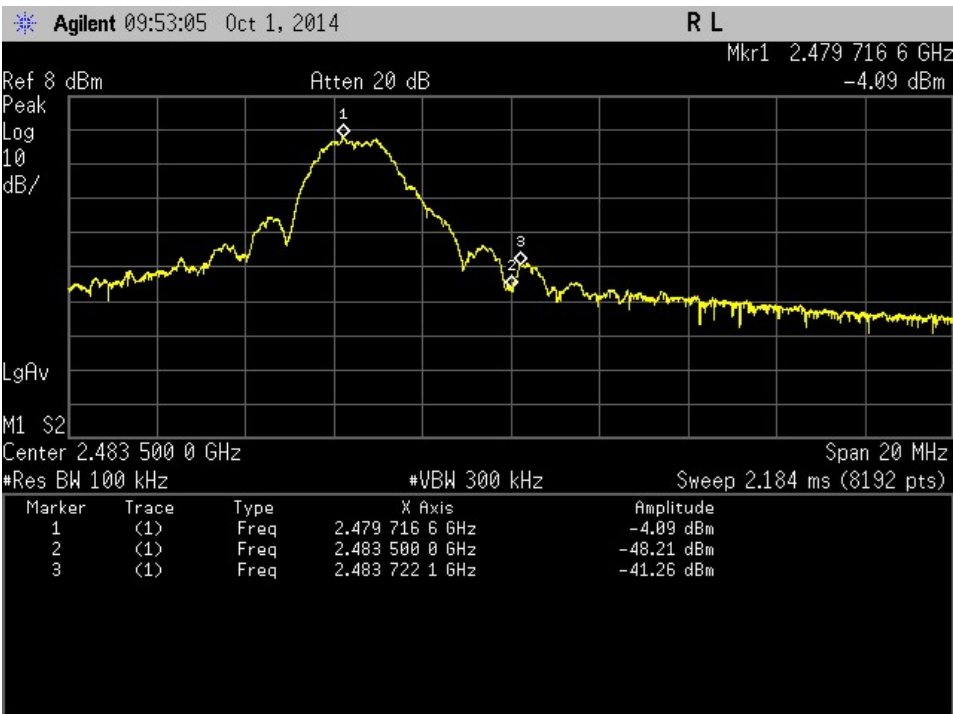
11.5 Test Results

Refer to the table and plot for results

Low Channel @ Band Edge



High Channel @ Band Edge



12 FCC §15.247(e) & IC RSS-210 §A8.2 (b) - Power Spectral Density

12.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(e) and RSS-210 §A8.2(b), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

12.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 10.2: Method PKPSD (Peak PSD).

12.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Cycle
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	US42221841	2014-04-09	1 year

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

12.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C
Relative Humidity:	39 %
ATM Pressure:	101.28 kPa

The testing was performed by Isaac Aguilar from 2014-08-21 at RF site.

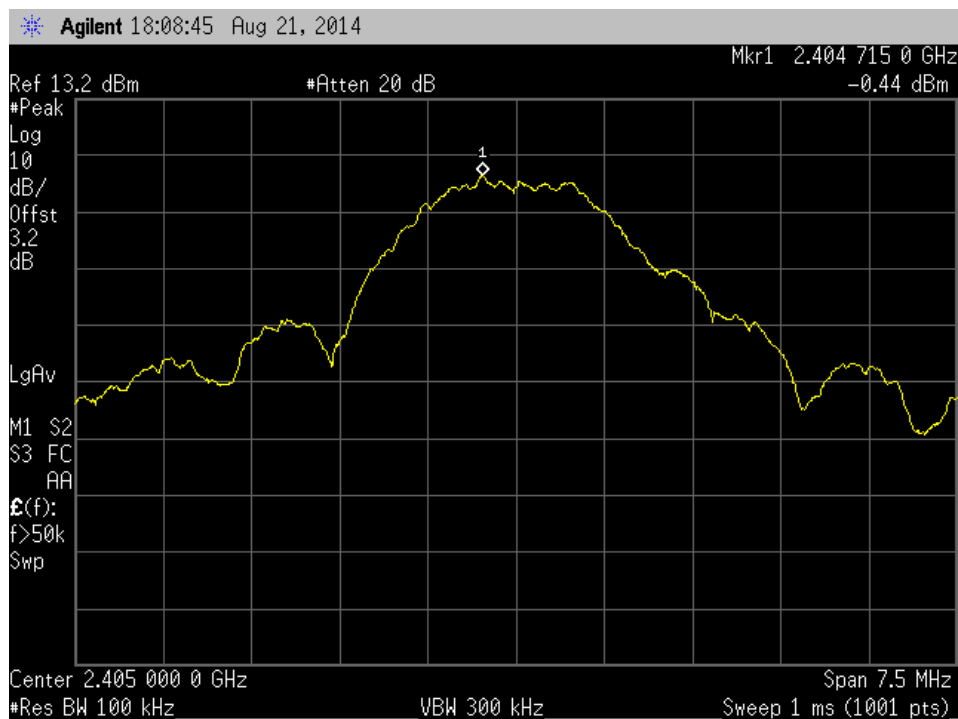
12.5 Test Results

Refer to the table and plots below for the test results.

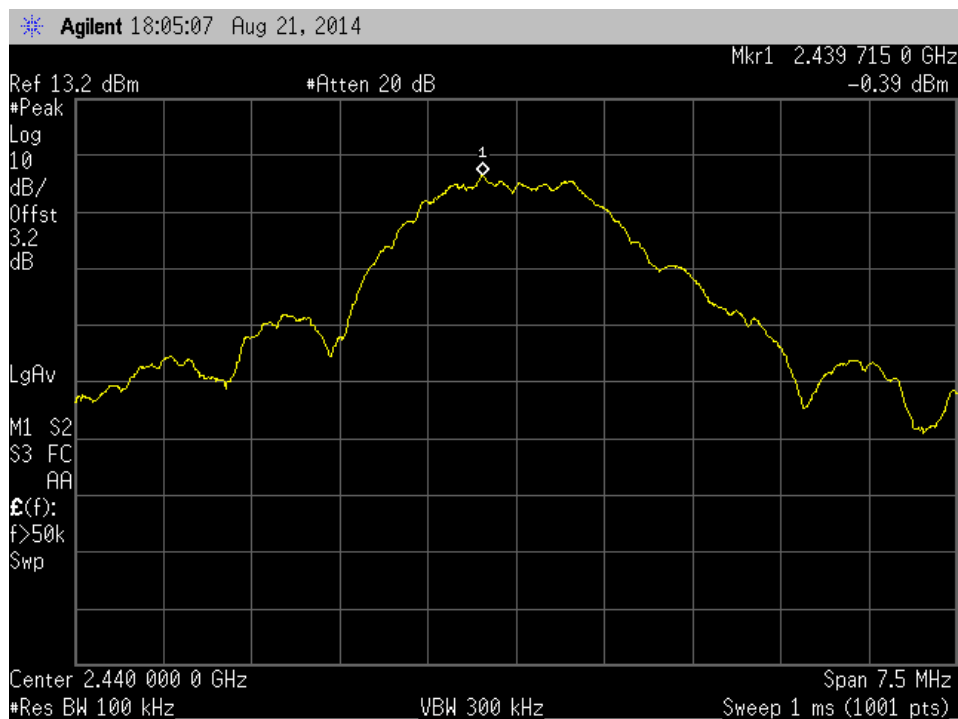
Frequency (MHz)	Measured PSD (dBm/100 kHz)	Corrected PSD (dBm/3 kHz)	FCC/IC Limit (dBm/3 kHz)	Margin (dBm/3 kHz)	Result (Pass/Fail)
2405	-0.44	-15.66	8	-23.66	Pass
2440	-0.39	-15.61	8	-23.61	Pass
2480	-0.74	-15.96	8	-23.96	Pass

Correction Factor: $10 \cdot \log(100/3) = 15.22$ dB

Low Channel, 2405 MHz



Middle Channel, 2440 MHz



High Channel, 2480 MHz

