

# RF TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY  
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR

## UHF Mobile RFID Reader

ISSUED TO  
Megabyte Limited

Units 507, 5/F, Building 12W, No. 12 Science Park West Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park, Pak Shek Kok, Shatin, NT Hong Kong



Tested by: Ye Hongji  
Date: Aug. 09, 2021  
Approved by: Wei Yanquan  
(Chief Engineer)  
Date: Aug. 09, 2021

Report No.: BL-SZ20C0502-603  
EUT Name: UHF Mobile RFID Reader  
Model Name: MTRAY-F1-MB-BW  
Brand Name: Myndar  
Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C  
FCC ID: XEK-MTRAYF1MB

Test Conclusion: Pass  
Test Date: Mar. 13, 2021 ~ Jun. 22, 2021  
Date of Issue: Aug. 09, 2021

NOTE: This test report of test results only related to testing samples, which can be duplicated completely for the legal use with the approval of the applicant; it shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. Any objections should be raised within thirty days from the date of issue. To validate the report, please contact us.

## Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Aug. 09, 2021</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION) .....	5
1.1	Identification of the Testing Laboratory .....	5
1.2	Identification of the Responsible Testing Location .....	5
1.3	Laboratory Condition .....	5
1.4	Announce .....	5
2	PRODUCT INFORMATION .....	6
2.1	Applicant Information .....	6
2.2	Manufacturer Information .....	6
2.3	Factory Information .....	6
2.4	General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT) .....	6
2.5	Technical Information .....	7
2.6	Additional Instructions .....	9
3	SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS .....	10
3.1	Test Standards .....	10
3.2	Verdict .....	10
4	GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS .....	11
4.1	Test Environments .....	11
4.2	Test Equipment List .....	11
4.3	Measurement Uncertainty .....	11
4.4	Description of Test Setup .....	12
4.4.1	For Antenna Port Test .....	12
4.4.2	For AC Power Supply Port Test .....	12
4.4.3	For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz) .....	13
4.4.4	For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz) .....	13
4.4.5	For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz) .....	14
4.5	Measurement Results Explanation Example .....	15

4.5.1	For conducted test items: .....	15
4.5.2	For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:.....	15
5	TEST ITEMS.....	16
5.1	Antenna Requirements.....	16
5.1.1	Relevant Standards.....	16
5.1.2	Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction .....	16
5.1.3	Antenna Gain .....	16
5.2	Output Power .....	17
5.2.1	Test Limit.....	17
5.2.2	Test Setup .....	17
5.2.3	Test Procedure.....	17
5.2.4	Test Result .....	18
5.3	6dB Bandwidth .....	19
5.3.1	Limit.....	19
5.3.2	Test Setup .....	19
5.3.3	Test Procedure.....	19
5.3.4	Test Result .....	19
5.4	Conducted Spurious Emission .....	20
5.4.1	Limit.....	20
5.4.2	Test Setup .....	20
5.4.3	Test Procedure.....	20
5.4.4	Test Result .....	21
5.5	Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge).....	22
5.5.1	Limit.....	22
5.5.2	Test Setup .....	22
5.5.3	Test Procedure.....	22
5.5.4	Test Result .....	23
5.6	Conducted Emission .....	24
5.6.1	Limit.....	24
5.6.2	Test Setup .....	24
5.6.3	Test Procedure.....	24
5.6.4	Test Result .....	24

5.7	Radiated Spurious Emission .....	25
5.7.1	Limit.....	25
5.7.2	Test Setup .....	25
5.7.3	Test Procedure.....	25
5.7.4	Test Result .....	28
5.8	Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge).....	29
5.8.1	Limit.....	29
5.8.2	Test Setup .....	29
5.8.3	Test Procedure.....	29
5.8.4	Test Result .....	29
5.9	Power Spectral density (PSD).....	30
5.9.1	Limit.....	30
5.9.2	Test Setup .....	30
5.9.3	Test Procedure.....	30
5.9.4	Test Result .....	30
ANNEX A	TEST RESULT .....	31
A.1	Output Power .....	31
A.2	Bandwidth.....	33
A.3	Conducted Spurious Emissions .....	38
A.4	Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge).....	45
A.5	Conducted Emissions.....	50
A.6	Radiated Emission .....	52
A.7	Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge).....	63
A.8	Power Spectral Density (PSD) .....	67
ANNEX B	TEST SETUP PHOTOS .....	70
ANNEX C	EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS .....	70
ANNEX D	EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS .....	70

# 1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

## 1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

## 1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055

## 1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20°C to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% to 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa

## 1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v6.4.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (7) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.

## 2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

### 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Megabyte Limited
Address	Units 507, 5/F, Building 12W, No. 12 Science Park West Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park, Pak Shek Kok, Shatin, NT Hong Kong

### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	N/A
Address	N/A

### 2.3 Factory Information

Factory	N/A
Address	N/A

### 2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	UHF Mobile RFID Reader
Model Name Under Test	MTRAY-F1-MB-BW
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model Name Differentiation	N/A
Serial Number	N/A
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

## 2.5 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE) WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n U-NII-1/3 RFID
-----------------------------------	---

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz $f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1)*5 \text{ MHz}$ , where - $f_c$ = "Operating Frequency" in MHz, - N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11.
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM
Product Type	<input type="checkbox"/> Mobile <input type="checkbox"/> Portable <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fix Location
Antenna System (eg., MIMO, Smart Antenna)	N/A
Categorization as Correlated or Completely Uncorrelated	N/A
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	3.0 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results reflect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)
About the Product	Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n (HT20) was tested in this report.

Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)
DSSS (802.11b)	DBPSK	1
	DQPSK	2
	CCK	5.5/11
OFDM (802.11g)	BPSK	6/9
	QPSK	12/18
	16QAM	24/36
	64QAM	48 / 54
OFDM (802.11n-20MHz)	BPSK	6.5/7.2
	QPSK	13/19.5/14.4/21.7
	16QAM	26/39/28.9/43.3
	64QAM	52/58.5/65/57.8/65/72.2

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
6dB Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Band Edge	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.4 and 2.6 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

## 2.6 Additional Instructions

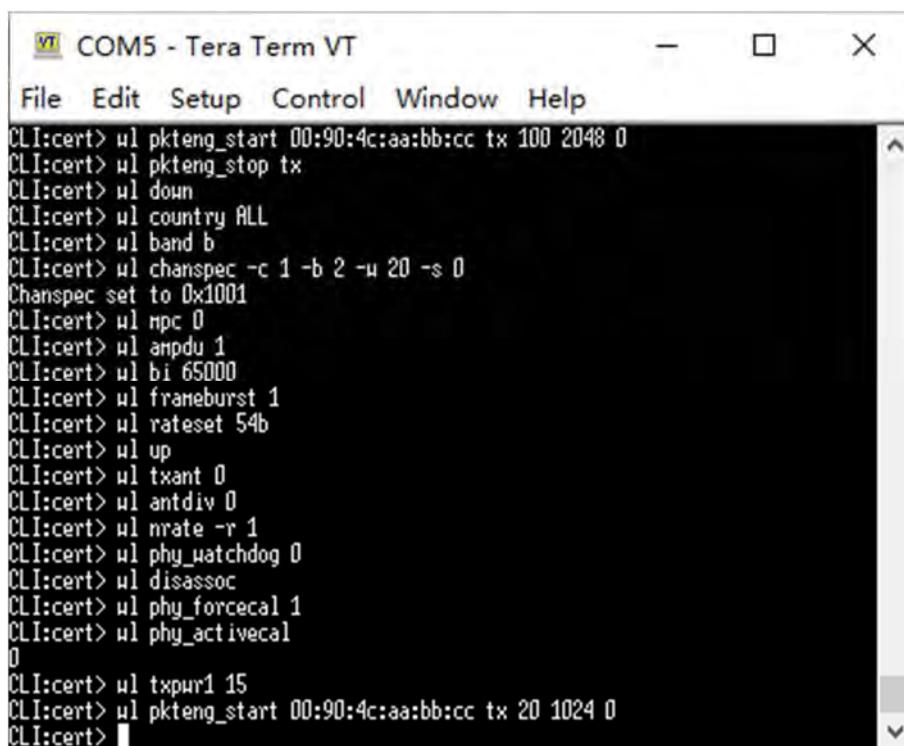
EUT Software Settings:

Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Special software is used. The software provided by client to enable the EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequencies individually.
------	--

During testing, Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Power level setup in software			
Test Software Version	Tera Term VT		
Support Units (Software installation media)	Description	Manufacturer	Model
	Notebook	Lenovo	X220
Mode	Channel	Soft Set	
802.11 b	1	15.0	
	6	15.0	
	11	15.0	
802.11 g	1	12.0	
	6	12.0	
	11	12.0	
802.11 n20	1	13.0	
	6	13.0	
	11	12.0	

Run software:



```
COM5 - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
CLI:cert> wl pkteng_start 00:90:4c:aa:bb:cc tx 100 2048 0
CLI:cert> wl pkteng_stop tx
CLI:cert> wl down
CLI:cert> wl country ALL
CLI:cert> wl band b
CLI:cert> wl chanspec -c 1 -b 2 -u 20 -s 0
Chanspec set to 0x1001
CLI:cert> wl mpc 0
CLI:cert> wl ampdu 1
CLI:cert> wl bi 65000
CLI:cert> wl frameburst 1
CLI:cert> wl rateset 54b
CLI:cert> wl up
CLI:cert> wl txant 0
CLI:cert> wl antdiv 0
CLI:cert> wl nrate -r 1
CLI:cert> wl phy_watchdog 0
CLI:cert> wl disassoc
CLI:cert> wl phy_forcecal 1
CLI:cert> wl phy_activedcal
0
CLI:cert> wl txpwr1 15
CLI:cert> wl pkteng_start 00:90:4c:aa:bb:cc tx 20 1024 0
CLI:cert> █
```

### 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

#### 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services
2	KDB Publication 558074 D01v05r02	GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES
3	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

#### 3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203; 15.247(b)	N/A	Pass <sup>Note 1</sup>
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	ANNEX A.8	Pass
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A <sup>Note 2</sup>

Note <sup>1</sup>: Please refer to section 5.1.

Note <sup>2</sup>: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.

## 4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

### 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%		
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa		
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)		+22°C to +25°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)		3.7 V

### 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-40	101544	2021.04.01	2022.03.31
Bluetooth Signaling Unit	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	142028	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2021.06.01	2022.05.31
Test Antenna-Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2019.10.29	2021.10.28
Test Antenna-Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2019.07.02	2021.07.01
Test Antenna-Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1917	2019.07.02	2021.07.01
Test Antenna-Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2021.01.05	2023.01.04
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2017.02.21	2022.02.20
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60 *7.35m	N/A	2018.08.08	2021.08.07
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703	--	--

### 4.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Measurement	Value
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±4%
RF output power, conducted	±1.21 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.25 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.26 dB
All emissions, radiated	±3.86 dB
Temperature	±1°C
Humidity	±4%

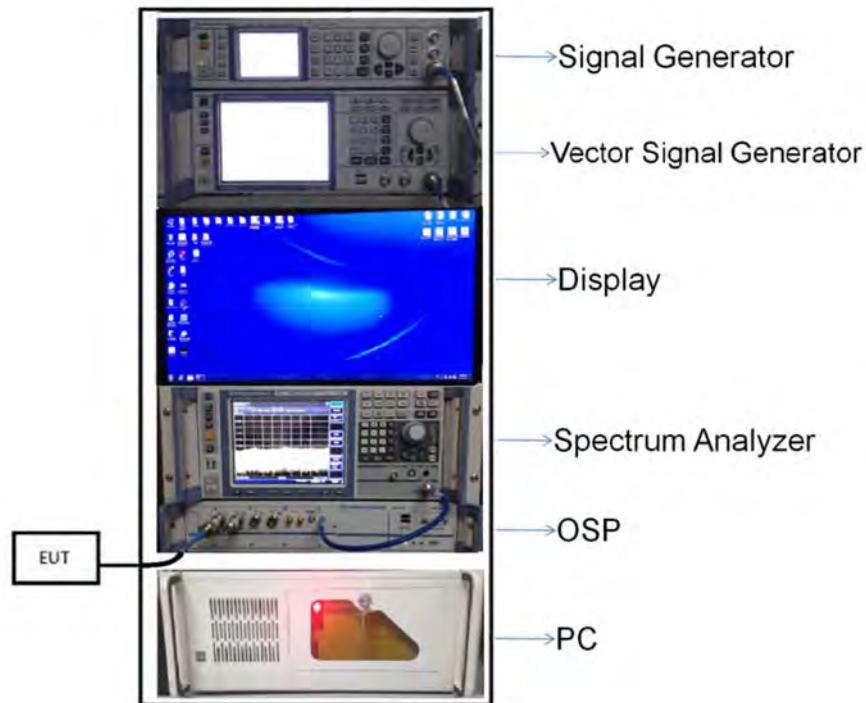
## 4.4 Description of Test Setup

### 4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

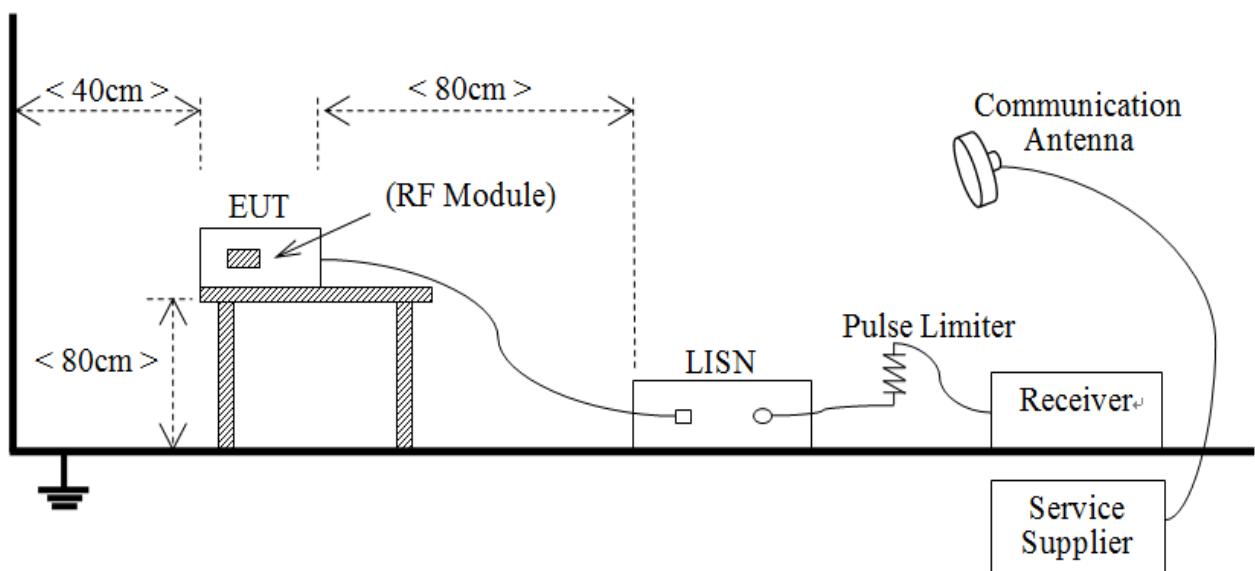
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT:

Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



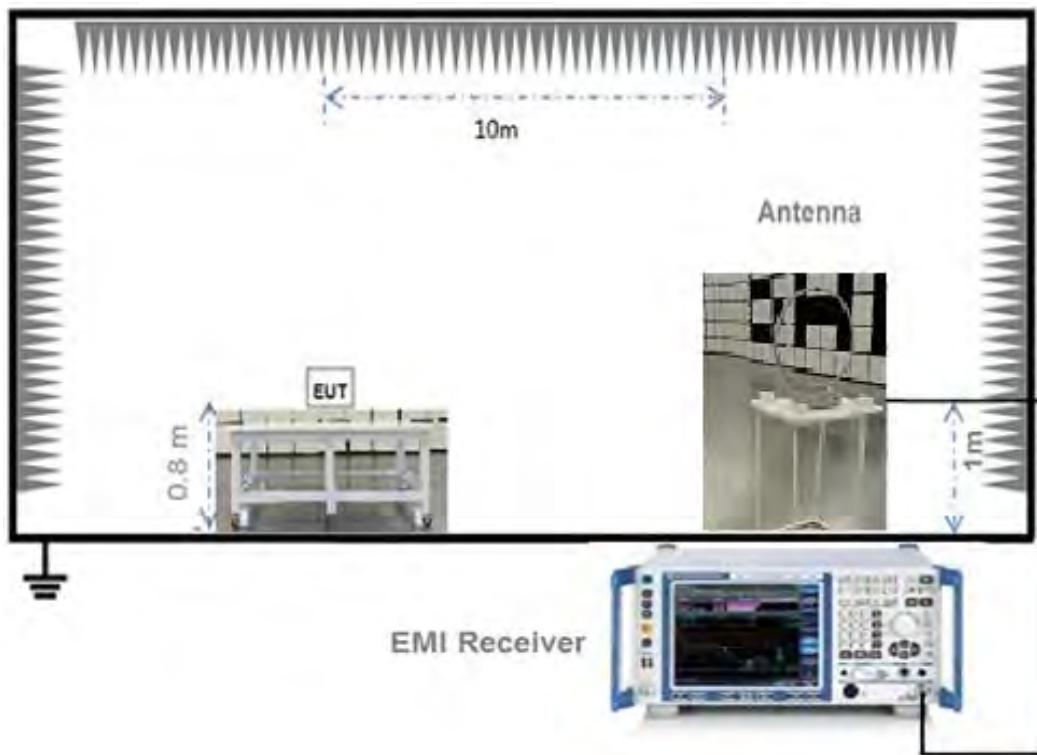
(Diagram 1)

### 4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



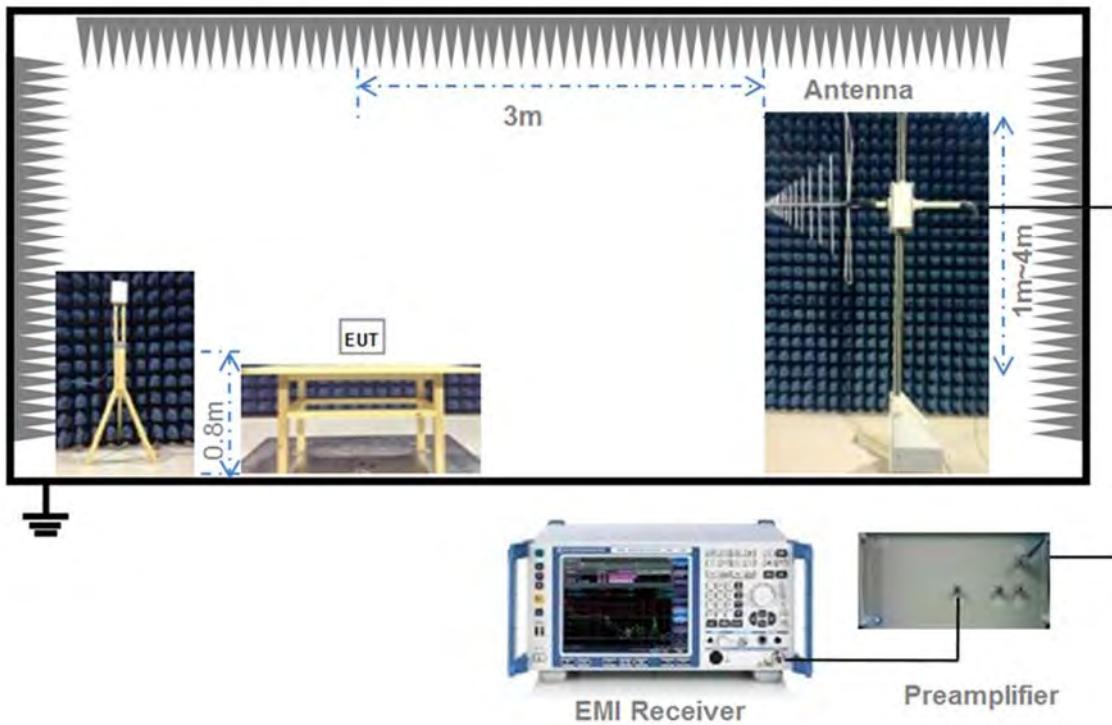
(Diagram 2)

#### 4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



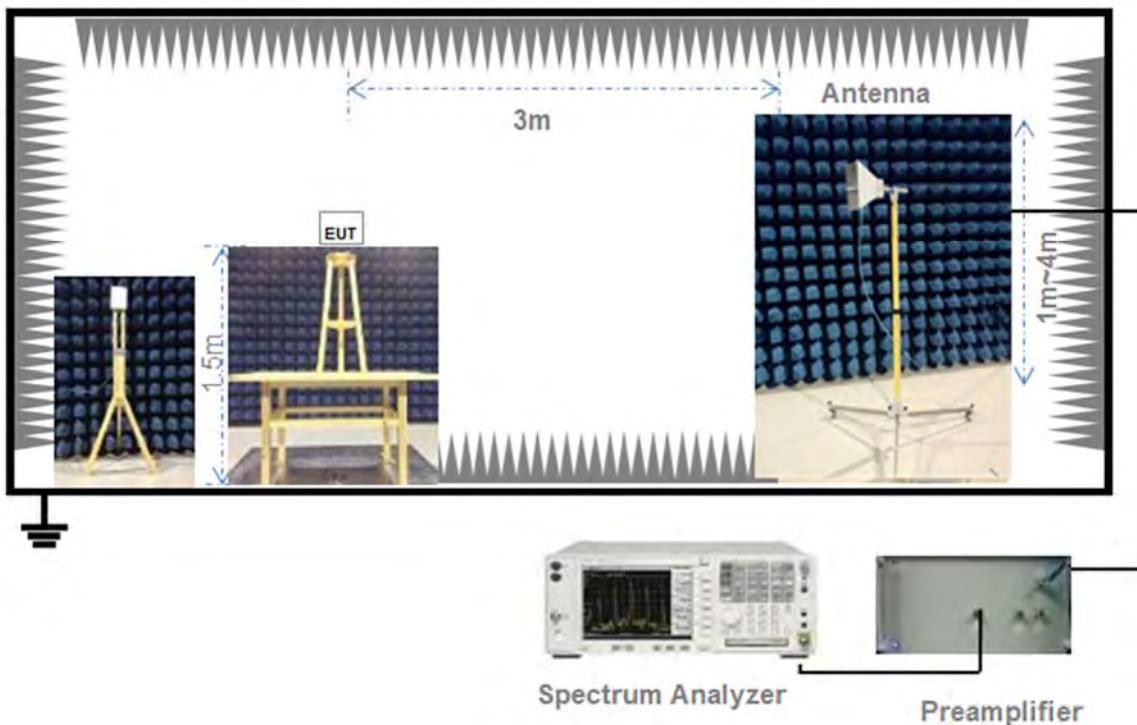
(Diagram 3)

#### 4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

#### 4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

## 4.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

### 4.5.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

### 4.5.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = EIRP - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in  $\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in  $\text{dBm}$

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP = Measure Conducted output power Value ( $\text{dBm}$ ) + Maximum transmit antenna gain ( $\text{dBi}$ ) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor ( $\text{dB}$ )

## 5 TEST ITEMS

### 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.
Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

## 5.2 Output Power

### 5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

### 5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

#### Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

#### Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.

b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.

c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding  $10\log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

#### Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW  $\geq$  OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### 5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

## 5.3 6dB Bandwidth

### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.7

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

### 5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3$  RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### 5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

## 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

### 5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

### Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

#### 5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

## 5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

### 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$ ). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency ( $f_{\text{emission}}$ )  $\pm 0.5$  MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by  $f_{\text{emission}} \pm 0.5$  MHz.

Standard method(The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than  $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$  below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

#### 5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

## 5.6 Conducted Emission

### 5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 $\mu$ H/50 $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

### 5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

## 5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 - 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dB<sub>UV</sub>/m@3m (AV) and 74dB<sub>UV</sub>/m@3m (PK).

### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

#### General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq$  30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies  $>$  1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = EIRP - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

$E$  = electric field strength in  $\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$ ,

$EIRP$  = equivalent isotropic radiated power in  $\text{dBm}$

$D$  = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

#### Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

#### Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz

> 1000 MHz	1 MHz
------------	-------

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

#### Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm$  2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle,  $x$ , of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep)  $\leq$  (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ( $\geq$  98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

#### Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

#### Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

#### 5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

## 5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

### 5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

### 5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

### 5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

## 5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

### 5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .

Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$ .

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### 5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

## ANNEX A TEST RESULT

### A.1 Output Power

#### Duty Cycle

Test Mode	On Time (ms)	On+Off Time (ms)	Duty Cycle
802.11b	8.60000	8.63000	99.65%
802.11g	1.42287	1.45200	97.99%
802.11n-20 MHz	2.59120	2.70000	95.97%

#### Peak Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	18.43	69.66	30	1000	Pass
Middle	18.39	69.02			Pass
High	18.26	66.99			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	21.05	127.35	30	1000	Pass
Middle	21.02	126.47			Pass
High	20.90	123.03			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	21.96	157.04	30	1000	Pass
Middle	21.94	156.31			Pass
High	20.99	125.60			Pass

Average Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	14.68	29.38	30	1000	Pass
Middle	14.63	29.04			Pass
High	14.53	28.38			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	12.15	16.41	30	1000	Pass
Middle	12.04	16.00			Pass
High	11.96	15.70			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	12.89	19.45	30	1000	Pass
Middle	12.83	19.19			Pass
High	11.73	14.89			Pass

## A.2 Bandwidth

### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	9.150000	11.993000	≥500
Middle	8.650000	11.916000	≥500
High	9.150000	11.946000	≥500

802.11g Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	16.400000	17.777000	≥500
Middle	16.400000	17.775000	≥500
High	16.450000	17.724000	≥500

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	17.650000	18.743000	≥500
Middle	17.700000	18.673000	≥500
High	17.650000	18.630000	≥500

## Test plots

### 6 dB Bandwidth

#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



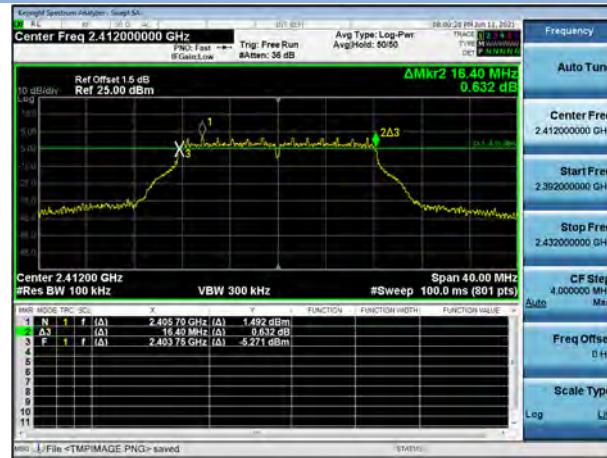
#### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



#### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



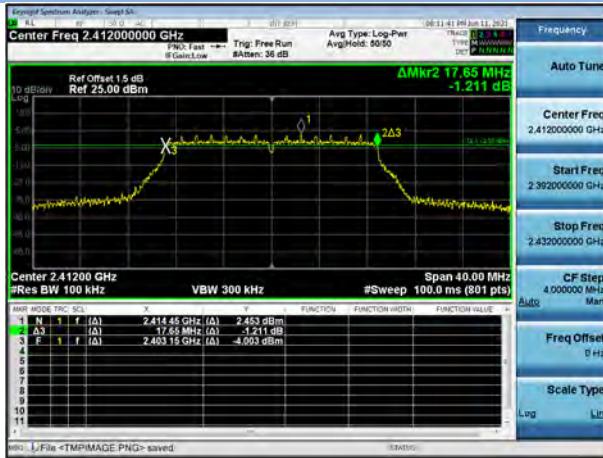
#### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



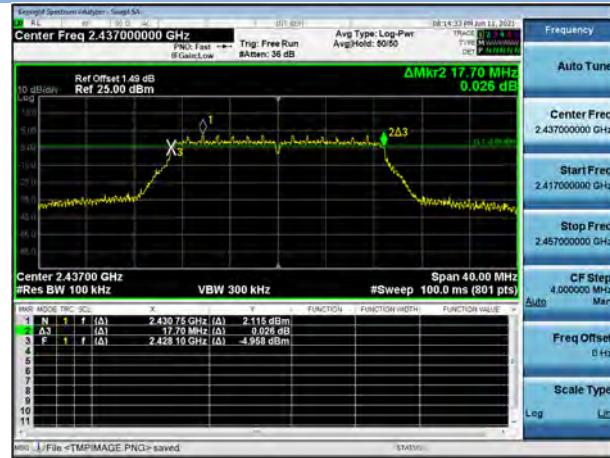
#### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



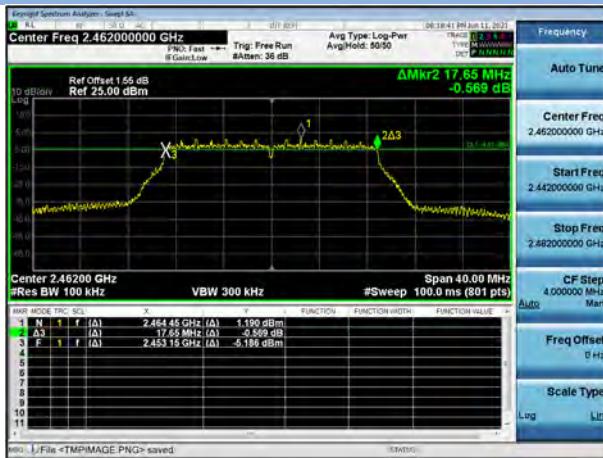
### 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



### 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



### 99% Bandwidth

#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



#### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



### 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



### 802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



### A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

#### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-47.926	7.130	-12.870	Pass
Middle	-47.808	7.103	-12.897	Pass
High	-48.124	7.048	-12.952	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-49.031	1.991	-18.009	Pass
Middle	-49.889	1.916	-18.084	Pass
High	-46.274	1.719	-18.281	Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

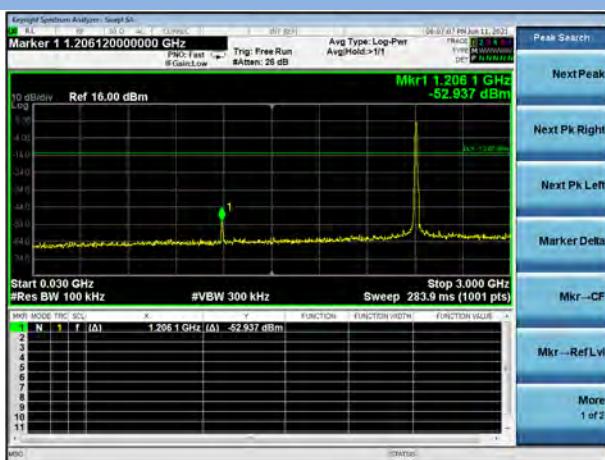
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-48.352	2.770	-17.230	Pass
Middle	-48.069	2.779	-17.221	Pass
High	-51.253	1.642	-18.358	Pass

## Test Plots

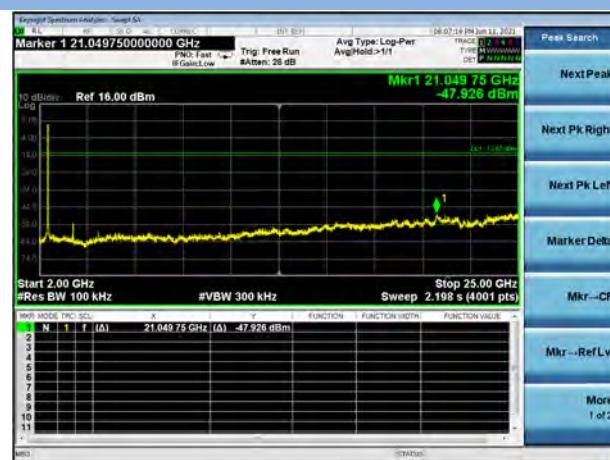
## 802.11b LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



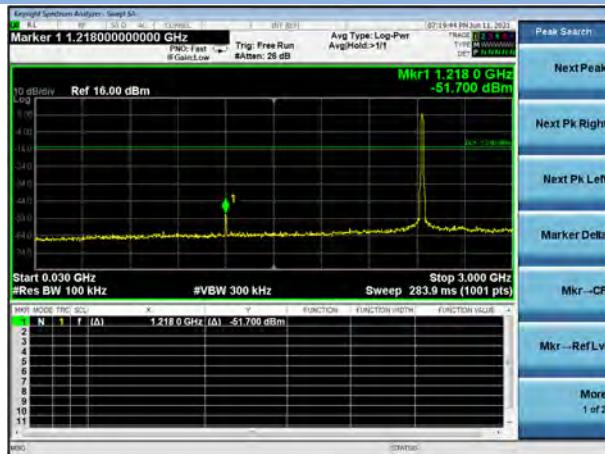
## 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



## 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



## 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



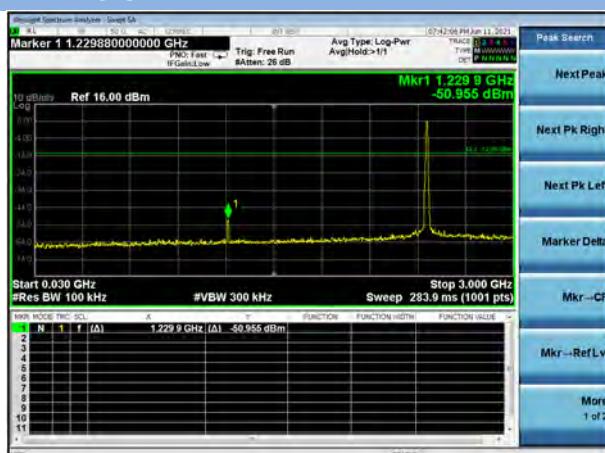
## 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



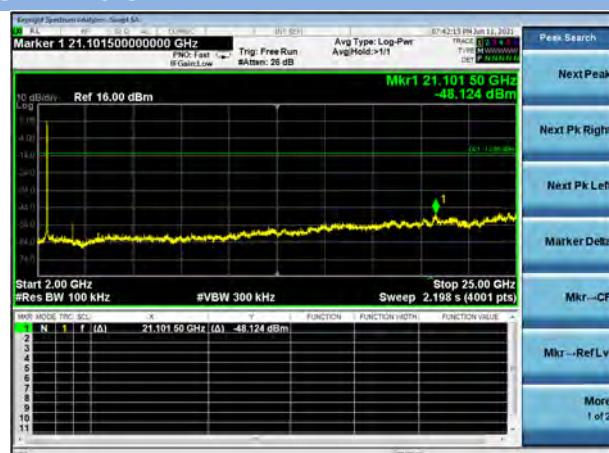
## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



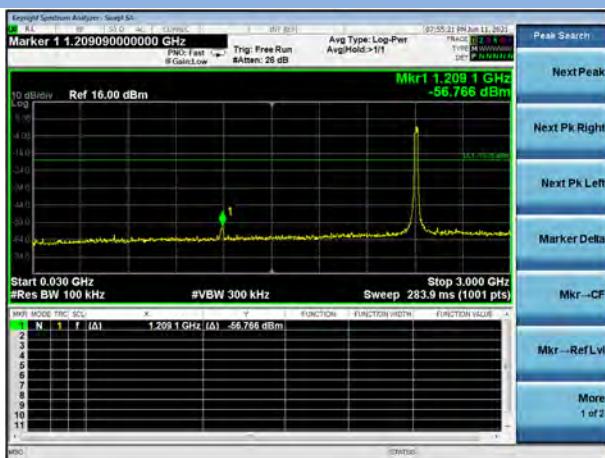
## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



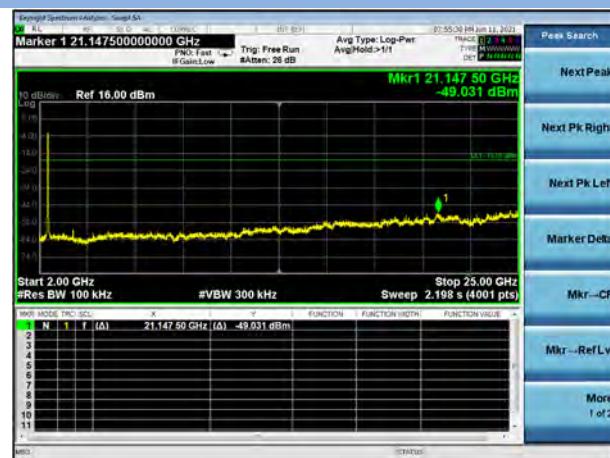
## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



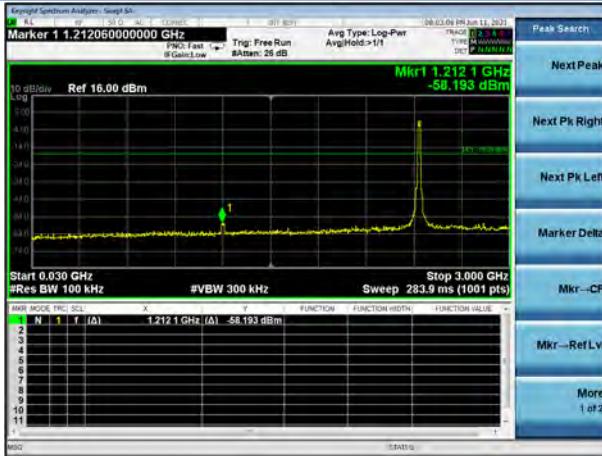
## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



## 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



## 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



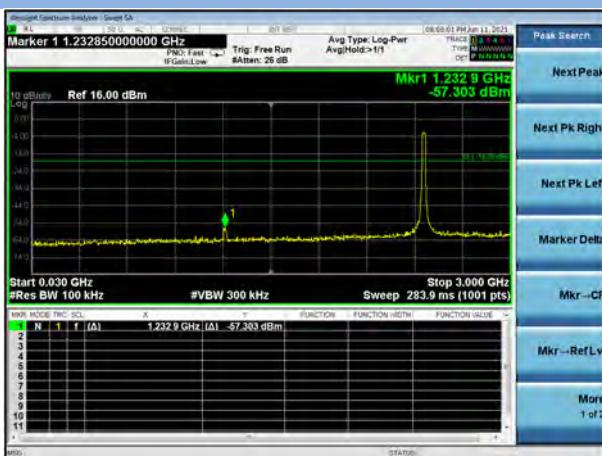
## 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



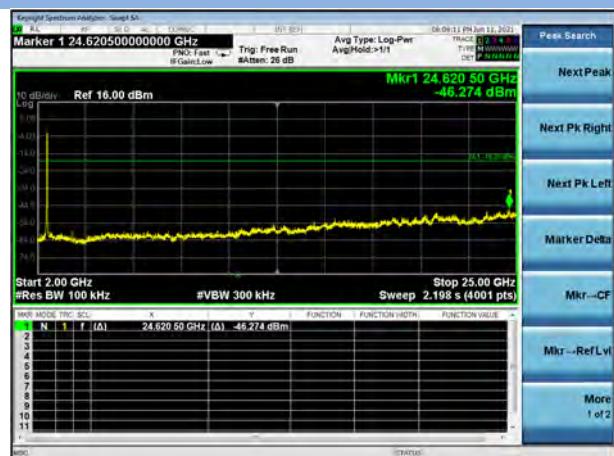
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



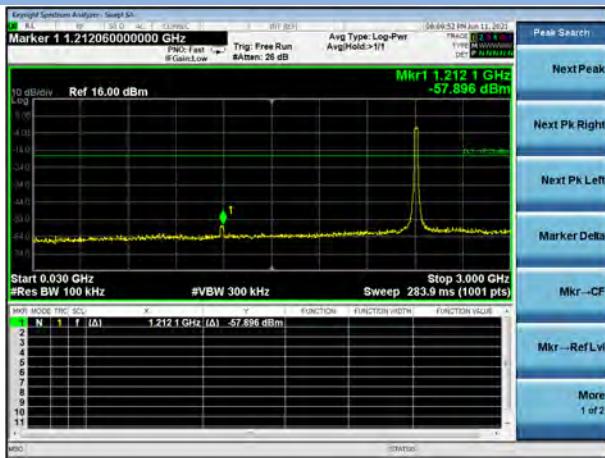
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



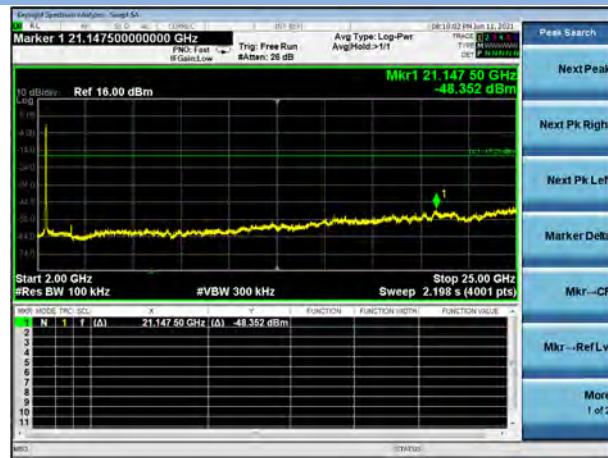
### 802.11n-20 LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



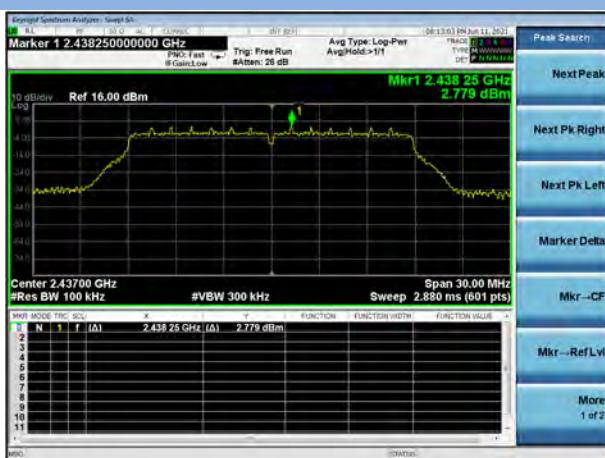
### 802.11n-20 LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



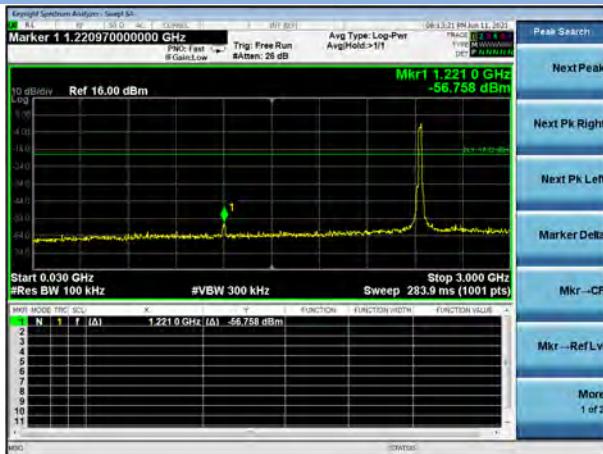
### 802.11n-20 LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



### 802.11n-20 MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



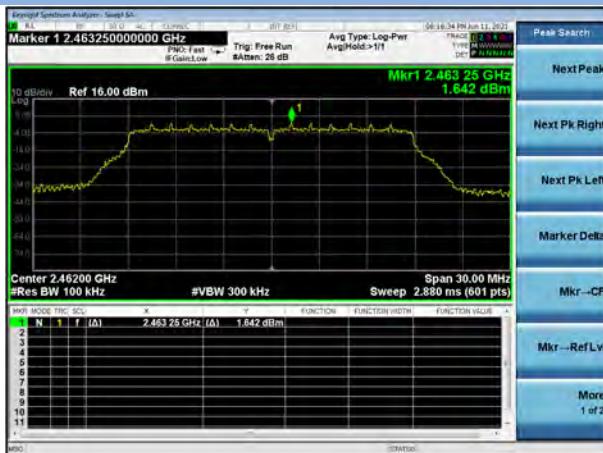
802.11n-20 MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



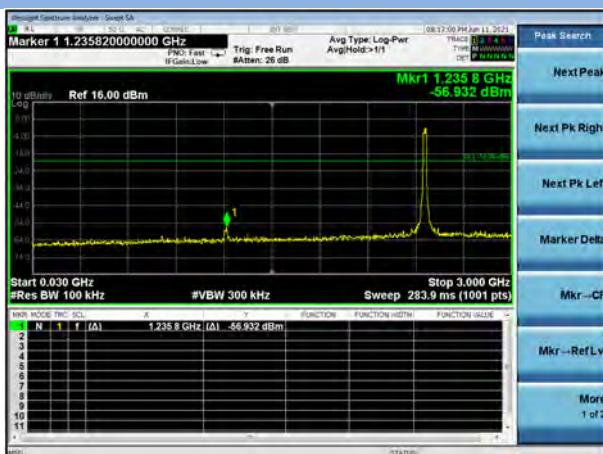
802.11n-20 MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



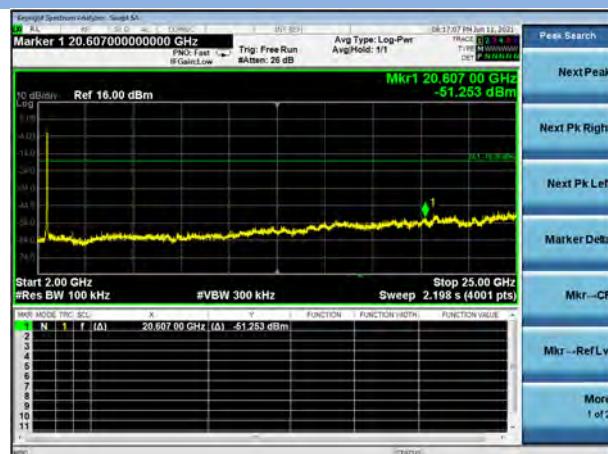
802.11n-20 HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11n-20 HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



802.11n-20 HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



## A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

### Test Data

Note: The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band.

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-35.858	7.130	-12.870	Pass
High Channel	-54.209	7.048	-12.952	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-37.268	1.991	-18.009	Pass
High Channel	-47.559	1.719	-18.281	Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-35.322	2.770	-17.230	Pass
High Channel	-45.932	1.642	-18.358	Pass

## Test Plots

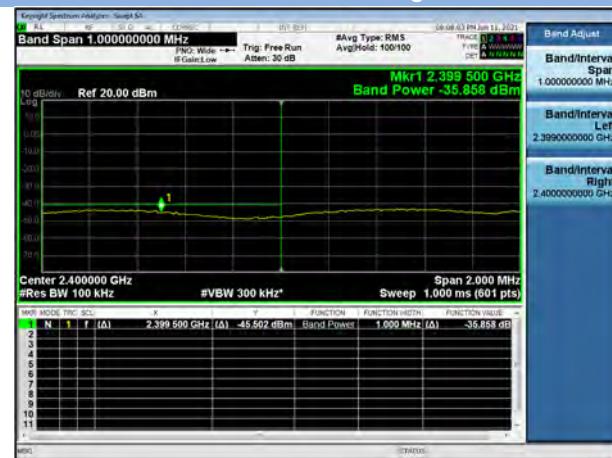
## 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



## 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



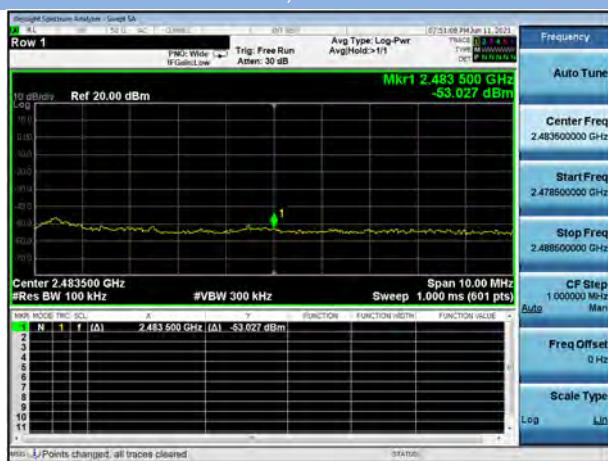
## 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



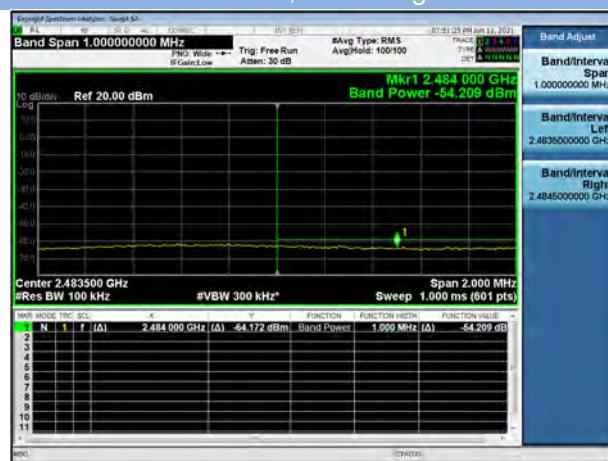
## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



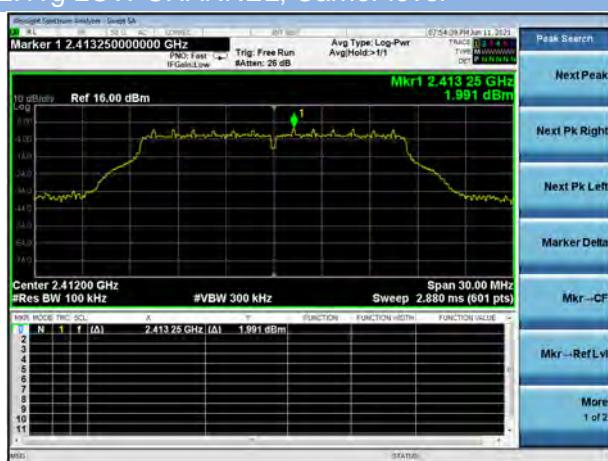
## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



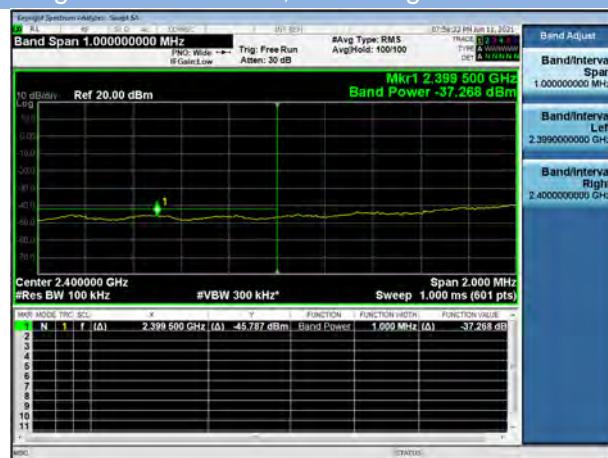
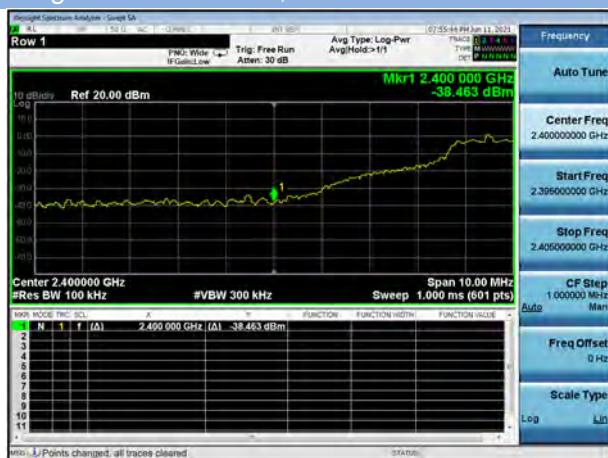
## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



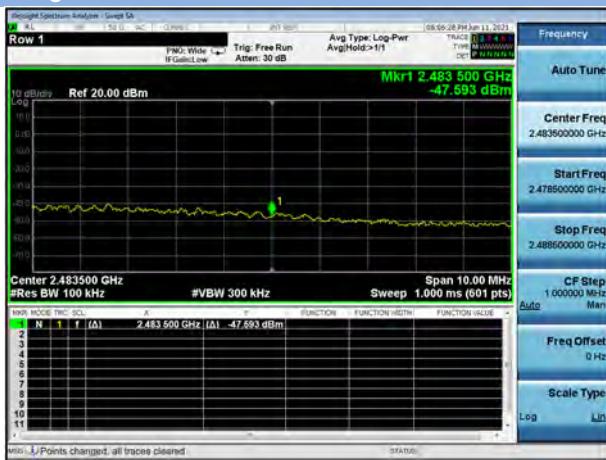
## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



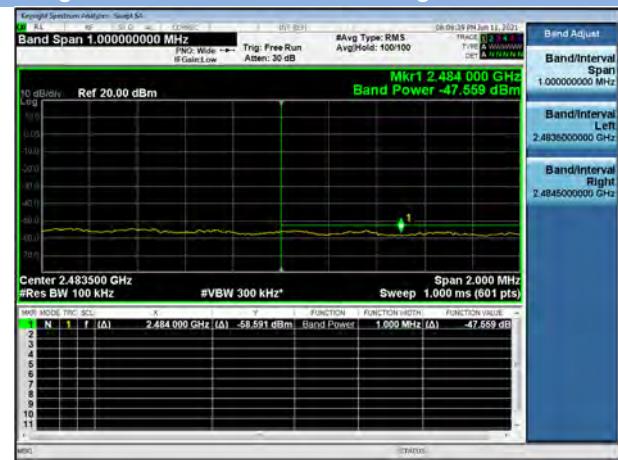
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



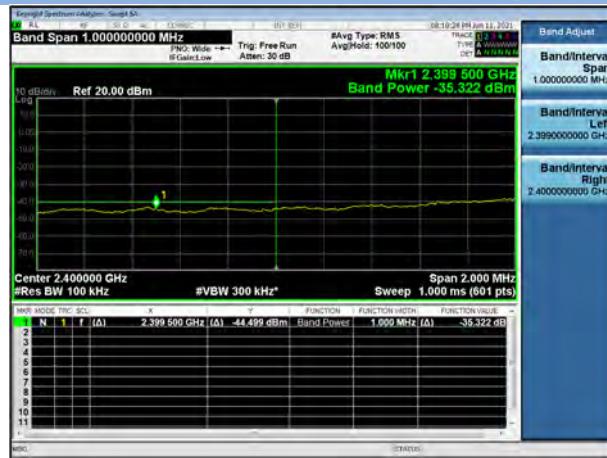
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



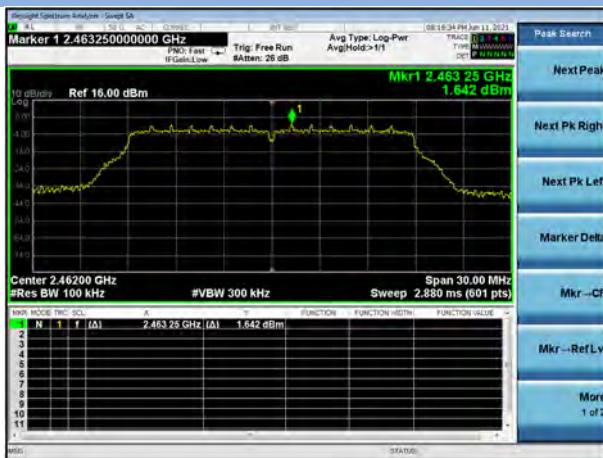
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



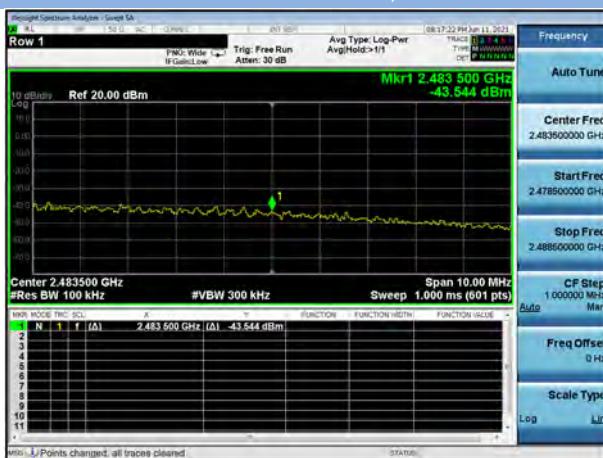
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



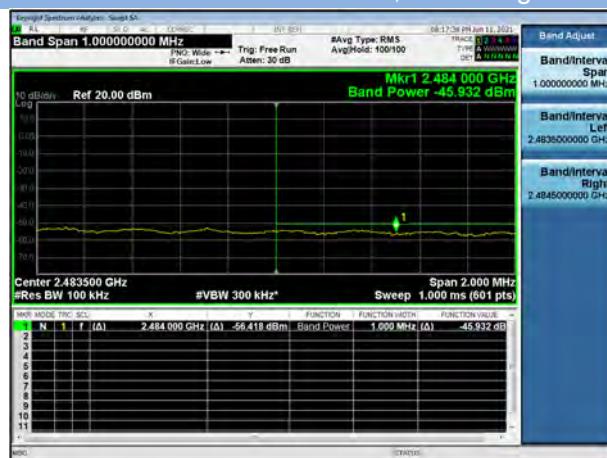
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge

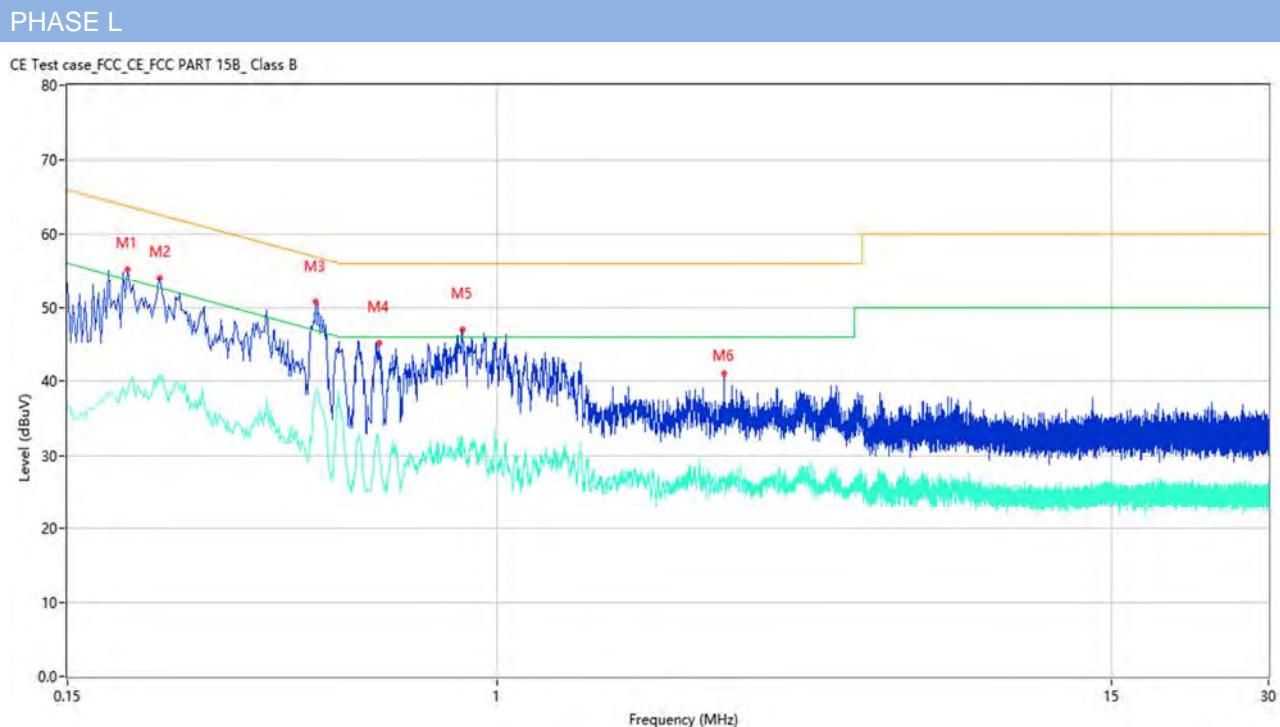


## A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note <sup>1</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

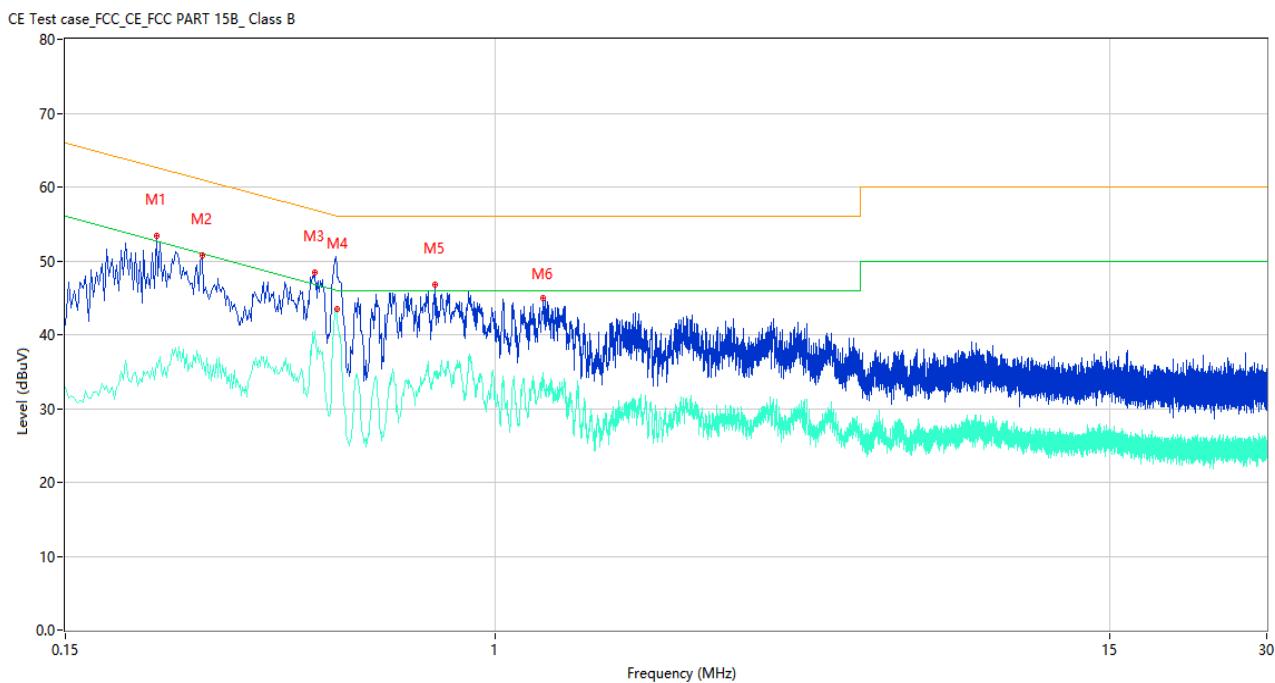
Note <sup>2</sup>: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz ) shown here.

### Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.196	55.27	10.38	63.78	-8.51	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.196	38.36	10.38	53.78	-15.42	AV	L	Pass
2	0.226	54.03	10.36	62.60	-8.57	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.226	39.84	10.36	52.60	-12.76	AV	L	Pass
3	0.448	50.71	10.30	56.91	-6.20	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.448	38.52	10.30	46.91	-8.39	AV	L	Pass
4	0.592	45.16	10.28	56.00	-10.84	Peak	L	Pass
4**	0.592	31.85	10.28	46.00	-14.15	AV	L	Pass
5	0.856	46.93	10.24	56.00	-9.07	Peak	L	Pass
5**	0.856	31.45	10.24	46.00	-14.55	AV	L	Pass
6	2.814	41.76	10.29	56.00	-14.24	Peak	L	Pass
6**	2.814	27.35	10.29	46.00	-18.65	AV	L	Pass

## PHASE N



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.224	53.37	10.37	62.67	-9.30	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.224	36.13	10.37	52.67	-16.54	AV	N	Pass
2	0.274	50.68	10.34	61.00	-10.32	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.274	35.32	10.34	51.00	-15.68	AV	N	Pass
3	0.450	48.46	10.30	56.88	-8.42	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.450	40.54	10.30	46.88	-6.34	AV	N	Pass
4	0.496	49.13	10.29	56.07	-6.94	Peak	N	Pass
4**	0.496	43.42	10.29	46.07	-2.65	AV	N	Pass
5	0.764	46.82	10.26	56.00	-9.18	Peak	N	Pass
5**	0.764	35.09	10.26	46.00	-10.91	AV	N	Pass
6	1.232	44.94	10.25	56.00	-11.06	Peak	N	Pass
6**	1.232	34.81	10.25	46.00	-11.19	AV	N	Pass

## A.6 Radiated Emission

Note <sup>1</sup>: The symbol of “--” in the table which means not application.

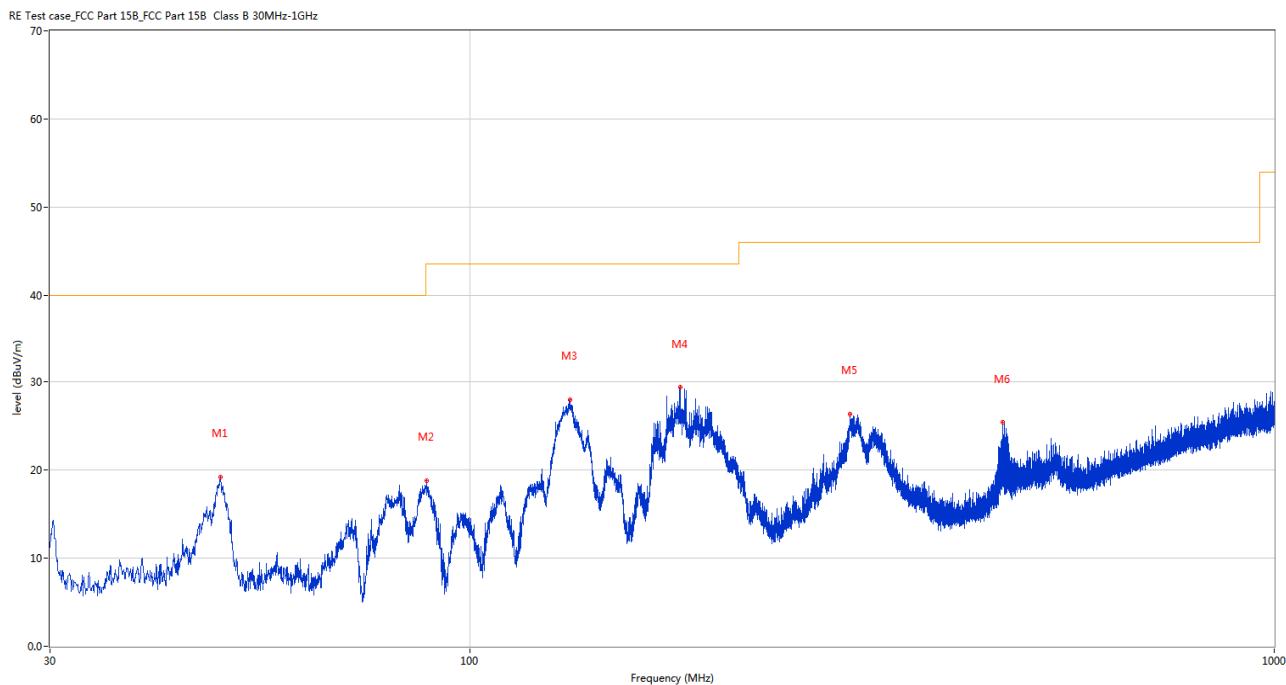
Note <sup>2</sup>: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note <sup>3</sup>: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note <sup>4</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

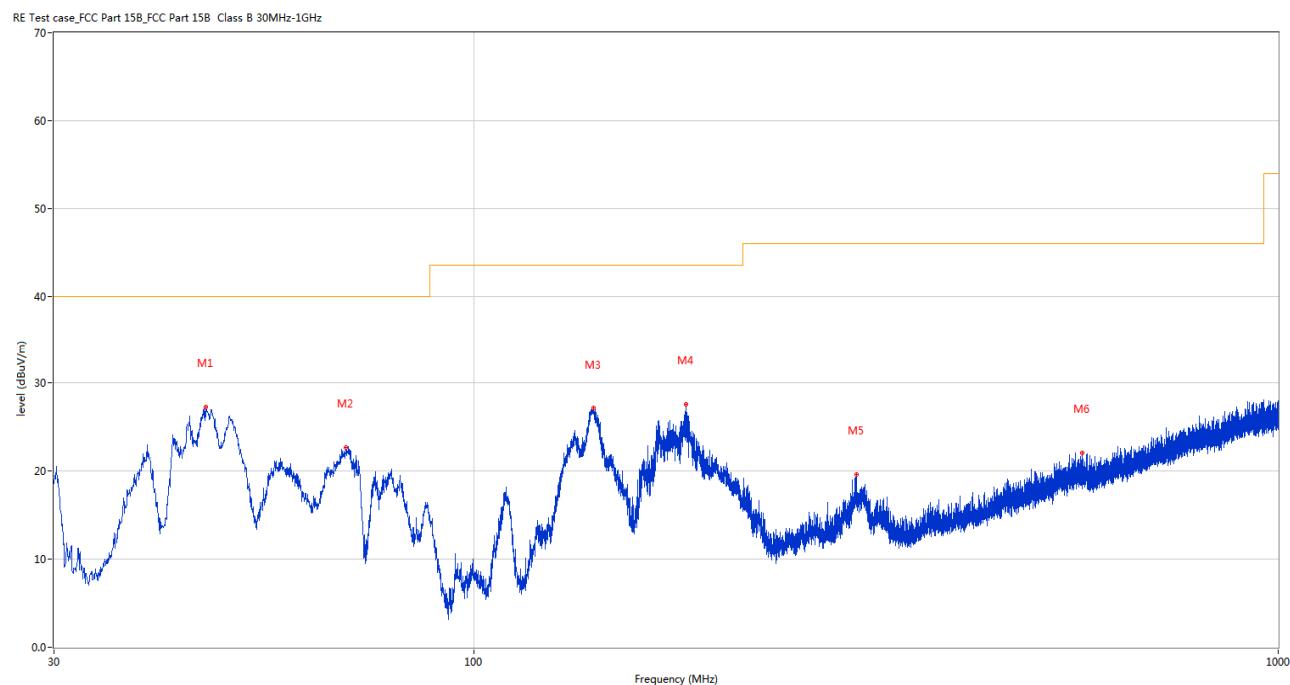
### Test Data and Plots

#### 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	48.867	19.25	-26.61	40.0	-20.75	Peak	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	88.248	18.77	-30.29	43.5	-24.73	Peak	151.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	132.917	28.03	-26.27	43.5	-15.47	Peak	151.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	182.290	29.46	-27.10	43.5	-14.04	Peak	135.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	296.604	26.33	-23.99	46.0	-19.67	Peak	189.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	459.953	25.40	-19.49	46.0	-20.60	Peak	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

## 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	46.393	27.30	-26.62	40.0	-12.70	Peak	213.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	69.237	22.66	-28.94	40.0	-17.34	Peak	117.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	140.677	27.16	-25.57	43.5	-16.34	Peak	250.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	183.406	27.64	-27.22	43.5	-15.86	Peak	213.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	298.544	19.61	-24.00	46.0	-26.39	Peak	54.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	569.951	22.12	-17.43	46.0	-23.88	Peak	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass

Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious above 18G is noise only, do not show on the report.

#### 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1206.600	38.13	-14.99	74.0	-35.87	Peak	269.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1206.600	30.56	-14.99	54.0	-23.44	AV	269.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2411.000	100.58	-10.37	74.0	26.58	Peak	189.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2411.000	98.55	-10.37	54.0	44.55	AV	189.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4824.200	48.80	-1.44	74.0	-25.20	Peak	174.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4824.200	45.15	-1.44	54.0	-8.85	AV	174.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7491.913	48.72	17.24	74.0	-25.28	Peak	1.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7491.913	37.69	17.24	54.0	-16.31	AV	1.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	12083.575	51.34	19.26	74.0	-22.66	Peak	-2.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12083.575	37.99	19.26	54.0	-16.01	AV	-2.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17265.000	56.08	24.31	74.0	-17.92	Peak	212.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17265.000	45.79	24.31	54.0	-8.21	AV	212.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

#### 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11b Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1312.300	38.08	-14.68	74.0	-35.92	Peak	148.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1312.300	31.18	-14.68	54.0	-22.82	AV	148.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2411.100	91.11	-10.37	74.0	17.11	Peak	82.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2411.100	89.21	-10.37	54.0	35.21	AV	82.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4429.800	47.99	-2.17	74.0	-26.01	Peak	112.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4429.800	37.31	-2.17	54.0	-16.69	AV	112.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7235.175	47.71	16.85	74.0	-26.29	Peak	317.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7235.175	45.36	16.85	54.0	-8.64	AV	317.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	10547.750	49.69	18.28	74.0	-24.31	Peak	157.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	10547.750	37.44	18.28	54.0	-16.56	AV	157.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17137.688	56.07	23.28	74.0	-17.93	Peak	329.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17137.688	44.45	23.28	54.0	-9.55	AV	329.00	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1220.400	38.44	-14.93	74.0	-35.56	Peak	312.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1220.400	31.02	-14.93	54.0	-22.98	AV	312.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2436.000	100.19	-10.62	74.0	26.19	Peak	197.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2436.000	98.91	-10.62	54.0	44.91	AV	197.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4874.000	48.36	-1.54	74.0	-25.64	Peak	183.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4874.000	44.39	-1.54	54.0	-9.61	AV	183.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7309.925	48.28	16.92	74.0	-25.72	Peak	221.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7309.925	39.77	16.92	54.0	-14.23	AV	221.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	11012.062	49.91	18.97	74.0	-24.09	Peak	135.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11012.062	39.24	18.97	54.0	-14.76	AV	135.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17480.249	56.53	23.97	74.0	-17.47	Peak	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17480.249	45.26	23.97	54.0	-8.74	AV	41.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11b Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1292.200	38.95	-14.88	74.0	-35.05	Peak	226.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1292.200	26.23	-14.88	54.0	-27.77	AV	226.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2436.000	89.43	-10.62	74.0	15.43	Peak	107.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2436.000	87.19	-10.62	54.0	33.19	AV	107.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4950.400	48.85	-1.65	74.0	-25.15	Peak	115.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4950.400	40.42	-1.65	54.0	-13.58	AV	115.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7374.612	49.39	16.98	74.0	-24.61	Peak	344.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7374.612	36.75	16.98	54.0	-17.25	AV	344.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12139.924	50.57	19.85	74.0	-23.43	Peak	-2.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	12139.924	38.76	19.85	54.0	-15.24	AV	-2.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17686.051	57.18	24.45	74.0	-16.82	Peak	110.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17686.051	45.79	24.45	54.0	-8.21	AV	110.00	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1231.900	39.31	-14.76	74.0	-34.69	Peak	312.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1231.900	33.69	-14.76	54.0	-20.31	AV	312.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2461.100	101.37	-10.46	74.0	27.37	Peak	197.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2461.100	100.25	-10.46	54.0	46.25	AV	197.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4924.000	48.99	-1.10	74.0	-25.01	Peak	185.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4924.000	44.58	-1.10	54.0	-9.42	AV	185.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7388.700	48.15	16.97	74.0	-25.85	Peak	199.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7388.700	41.22	16.97	54.0	-12.78	AV	199.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	11693.150	50.15	19.91	74.0	-23.85	Peak	176.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11693.150	38.59	19.91	54.0	-15.41	AV	176.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	15447.187	56.27	23.35	74.0	-17.73	Peak	362.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	15447.187	45.75	23.35	54.0	-8.25	AV	362.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1312.700	38.49	-14.69	74.0	-35.51	Peak	275.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1312.700	33.57	-14.69	54.0	-20.43	AV	275.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2461.100	90.07	-10.46	74.0	16.07	Peak	292.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2461.100	87.89	-10.46	54.0	33.89	AV	292.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4923.800	48.96	-1.10	74.0	-25.04	Peak	257.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4923.800	39.93	-1.10	54.0	-14.07	AV	257.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7383.525	47.86	17.03	74.0	-26.14	Peak	-2.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7383.525	39.91	17.03	54.0	-14.09	AV	-2.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11777.388	50.37	18.73	74.0	-23.63	Peak	192.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	11777.388	39.12	18.73	54.0	-14.88	AV	192.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17296.239	56.24	24.58	74.0	-17.76	Peak	44.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17296.239	44.92	24.58	54.0	-9.08	AV	44.00	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11g Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1668.500	41.55	-15.25	74.0	-32.45	Peak	255.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1668.500	26.63	-15.25	54.0	-27.37	AV	255.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2410.300	103.12	-10.41	74.0	29.12	Peak	197.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2410.300	95.82	-10.41	54.0	41.82	AV	197.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	5130.400	50.51	-0.44	74.0	-23.49	Peak	275.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	5130.400	39.49	-0.44	54.0	-14.51	AV	275.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7229.138	48.93	16.89	74.0	-25.07	Peak	159.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7229.138	38.85	16.89	54.0	-15.15	AV	159.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	11658.075	50.65	20.29	74.0	-23.35	Peak	135.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11658.075	38.44	20.29	54.0	-15.56	AV	135.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17321.437	56.58	24.29	74.0	-17.42	Peak	17.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17321.437	44.90	24.29	54.0	-9.10	AV	17.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11g Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1312.500	38.44	-14.68	74.0	-35.56	Peak	241.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1312.500	32.51	-14.68	54.0	-21.49	AV	241.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2410.900	92.93	-10.38	74.0	18.93	Peak	82.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2410.900	86.28	-10.38	54.0	32.28	AV	82.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4926.200	49.21	-1.10	74.0	-24.79	Peak	206.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4926.200	40.44	-1.10	54.0	-13.56	AV	206.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7233.737	50.89	16.81	74.0	-23.11	Peak	289.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7233.737	41.09	16.81	54.0	-12.91	AV	289.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	10541.425	49.91	18.29	74.0	-24.09	Peak	100.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	10541.425	37.94	18.29	54.0	-16.06	AV	100.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	15538.537	55.50	23.71	74.0	-18.50	Peak	91.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	15538.537	44.53	23.71	54.0	-9.47	AV	91.00	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11g Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1223.000	38.44	-14.87	74.0	-35.56	Peak	327.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1223.000	29.26	-14.87	54.0	-24.74	AV	327.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2431.500	102.84	-10.41	74.0	28.84	Peak	200.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2431.500	95.83	-10.41	54.0	41.83	AV	200.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4594.000	47.52	-2.48	74.0	-26.48	Peak	352.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4594.000	38.67	-2.48	54.0	-15.33	AV	352.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7213.325	48.33	17.12	74.0	-25.67	Peak	265.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7213.325	36.64	17.12	54.0	-17.36	AV	265.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	11625.875	49.94	20.27	74.0	-24.06	Peak	17.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11625.875	39.43	20.27	54.0	-14.57	AV	17.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17733.825	56.71	24.01	74.0	-17.29	Peak	18.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17733.825	45.32	24.01	54.0	-8.68	AV	18.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11g Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1309.900	38.04	-14.71	74.0	-35.96	Peak	25.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1309.900	27.29	-14.71	54.0	-26.71	AV	25.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2439.100	91.35	-10.54	74.0	17.35	Peak	95.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2439.100	84.59	-10.54	54.0	30.59	AV	95.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4806.600	48.40	-1.31	74.0	-25.60	Peak	162.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4806.600	40.83	-1.31	54.0	-13.17	AV	162.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7314.525	51.75	17.03	74.0	-22.25	Peak	10.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7314.525	41.76	17.03	54.0	-12.24	AV	10.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11604.888	51.03	20.16	74.0	-22.97	Peak	136.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	11604.888	38.95	20.16	54.0	-15.05	AV	136.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17674.500	57.17	24.39	74.0	-16.83	Peak	210.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17674.500	45.12	24.39	54.0	-8.88	AV	210.00	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11g High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1234.600	39.66	-14.78	74.0	-34.34	Peak	331.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1234.600	31.00	-14.78	54.0	-23.00	AV	331.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2463.400	103.20	-10.47	74.0	29.20	Peak	187.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2463.400	96.47	-10.47	54.0	42.47	AV	187.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4617.600	47.90	-2.32	74.0	-26.10	Peak	236.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4617.600	38.09	-2.32	54.0	-15.91	AV	236.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7392.437	48.08	16.86	74.0	-25.92	Peak	211.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7392.437	37.25	16.86	54.0	-16.75	AV	211.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	11794.925	50.50	18.59	74.0	-23.50	Peak	261.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11794.925	38.98	18.59	54.0	-15.02	AV	261.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17301.488	57.05	24.57	74.0	-16.95	Peak	-1.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17301.488	45.95	24.57	54.0	-8.05	AV	-1.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11g High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1312.300	38.21	-14.68	74.0	-35.79	Peak	255.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1312.300	28.51	-14.68	54.0	-25.49	AV	255.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2464.700	91.65	-10.51	74.0	17.65	Peak	108.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2464.700	85.92	-10.51	54.0	31.92	AV	108.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	5066.400	49.20	-0.42	74.0	-24.80	Peak	177.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	5066.400	40.11	-0.42	54.0	-13.89	AV	177.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7387.837	48.34	16.90	74.0	-25.66	Peak	7.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7387.837	38.52	16.90	54.0	-15.48	AV	7.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	10566.725	50.00	18.36	74.0	-24.00	Peak	266.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	10566.725	38.27	18.36	54.0	-15.73	AV	266.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17770.052	57.55	23.75	74.0	-16.45	Peak	328.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17770.052	44.91	23.75	54.0	-9.09	AV	328.00	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1334.200	37.50	-14.70	74.0	-36.50	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1334.200	27.21	-14.70	54.0	-26.79	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2404.500	102.32	-10.73	74.0	28.32	Peak	182.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2404.500	94.92	-10.73	54.0	40.92	AV	182.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	5062.400	49.20	-0.55	74.0	-24.80	Peak	111.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	5062.400	40.41	-0.55	54.0	-13.59	AV	111.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7240.062	49.98	16.93	74.0	-24.02	Peak	155.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7240.062	37.99	16.93	54.0	-16.01	AV	155.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	11763.588	50.63	18.82	74.0	-23.37	Peak	-2.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11763.588	39.66	18.82	54.0	-14.34	AV	-2.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17342.175	56.04	23.91	74.0	-17.96	Peak	-1.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17342.175	44.80	23.91	54.0	-9.20	AV	-1.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1312.500	39.58	-14.68	74.0	-34.42	Peak	234.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1312.500	33.18	-14.68	54.0	-20.82	AV	234.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2416.800	92.70	-10.04	74.0	18.70	Peak	87.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2416.800	85.84	-10.04	54.0	31.84	AV	87.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4735.400	49.41	-1.98	74.0	-24.59	Peak	147.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4735.400	38.70	-1.98	54.0	-15.30	AV	147.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7235.463	51.58	16.85	74.0	-22.42	Peak	182.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7235.463	38.98	16.85	54.0	-15.02	AV	182.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11257.012	50.22	18.03	74.0	-23.78	Peak	182.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	11257.012	37.64	18.03	54.0	-16.36	AV	182.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17308.312	55.92	24.48	74.0	-18.08	Peak	311.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17308.312	44.96	24.48	54.0	-9.04	AV	311.00	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1217.900	38.44	-14.90	74.0	-35.56	Peak	321.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1217.900	30.45	-14.90	54.0	-23.55	AV	321.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2432.200	102.86	-10.40	74.0	28.86	Peak	187.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2432.200	95.58	-10.40	54.0	41.58	AV	187.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4816.400	49.36	-1.36	74.0	-24.64	Peak	60.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4816.400	39.52	-1.36	54.0	-14.48	AV	60.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7255.587	47.93	17.09	74.0	-26.07	Peak	52.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7255.587	37.54	17.09	54.0	-16.46	AV	52.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	11063.238	50.95	18.82	74.0	-23.05	Peak	338.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11063.238	37.81	18.82	54.0	-16.19	AV	338.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17482.351	57.81	23.97	74.0	-16.19	Peak	362.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17482.351	46.32	23.97	54.0	-7.68	AV	362.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1312.400	38.34	-14.68	74.0	-35.66	Peak	267.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1312.400	32.58	-14.68	54.0	-21.42	AV	267.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.500	92.41	-10.52	74.0	18.41	Peak	286.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2440.500	85.70	-10.52	54.0	31.70	AV	286.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	5050.800	49.08	-0.91	74.0	-24.92	Peak	111.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	5050.800	40.38	-0.91	54.0	-13.62	AV	111.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7309.063	49.08	16.94	74.0	-24.92	Peak	309.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7309.063	41.30	16.94	54.0	-12.70	AV	309.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11748.350	50.22	18.97	74.0	-23.78	Peak	175.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	11748.350	38.59	18.97	54.0	-15.41	AV	175.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17239.276	56.27	24.20	74.0	-17.73	Peak	362.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17239.276	44.97	24.20	54.0	-9.03	AV	362.00	150	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1235.300	40.22	-14.80	74.0	-33.78	Peak	320.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1235.300	30.31	-14.80	54.0	-23.69	AV	320.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2465.600	103.05	-10.55	74.0	29.05	Peak	183.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2465.600	96.45	-10.55	54.0	42.45	AV	183.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4763.400	48.69	-2.24	74.0	-25.31	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4763.400	38.97	-2.24	54.0	-15.03	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7462.300	48.26	17.21	74.0	-25.74	Peak	338.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7462.300	36.30	17.21	54.0	-17.70	AV	338.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	12364.463	51.00	19.58	74.0	-23.00	Peak	120.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12364.463	39.27	19.58	54.0	-14.73	AV	120.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17908.912	57.29	24.52	74.0	-16.71	Peak	183.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17908.912	45.54	24.52	54.0	-8.46	AV	183.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1312.700	38.65	-14.69	74.0	-35.35	Peak	225.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1312.700	32.57	-14.69	54.0	-21.43	AV	225.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2460.600	92.29	-10.44	74.0	18.29	Peak	109.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2460.600	85.20	-10.44	54.0	31.20	AV	109.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4951.800	49.27	-1.61	74.0	-24.73	Peak	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4951.800	39.54	-1.61	54.0	-14.46	AV	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7383.237	49.04	17.00	74.0	-24.96	Peak	306.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7383.237	37.85	17.00	54.0	-16.15	AV	306.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11630.763	51.40	20.31	74.0	-22.60	Peak	100.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	11630.763	38.90	20.31	54.0	-15.10	AV	100.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17307.261	56.25	24.50	74.0	-17.75	Peak	216.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17307.261	44.97	24.50	54.0	-9.03	AV	216.00	150	Vertical	Pass

## A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

### Test Data

Note <sup>1</sup>: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note <sup>2</sup>: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note <sup>3</sup>: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Test Mode	Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
802.11b	Low	2390	56.207	31.47	74	17.793	PEAK	Pass
		2390	44.249	31.47	54	9.751	AVERAGE	Pass
	HIGH	2483.5	55.108	31.4	74	18.892	PEAK	Pass
		2483.5	44.215	31.4	54	9.785	AVERAGE	Pass
802.11g	Low	2390	62.009	31.47	74	11.991	PEAK	Pass
		2390	46.332	31.47	54	7.668	AVERAGE	Pass
	HIGH	2483.5	63.335	31.4	74	10.665	PEAK	Pass
		2483.5	47.286	31.4	54	6.714	AVERAGE	Pass
802.11n20	Low	2390	68.983	31.47	74	5.017	PEAK	Pass
		2390	49.535	31.47	54	4.465	AVERAGE	Pass
	HIGH	2483.5	69.397	31.4	74	4.603	PEAK	Pass
		2483.5	48.396	31.4	54	5.604	AVERAGE	Pass

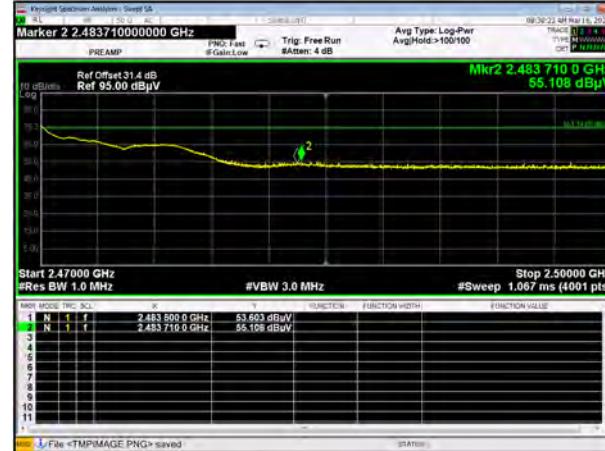
## Test plots

### 802.11b Mode:

#### LOW CHANNEL, PEAK



#### HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK



#### LOW CHANNEL, AV

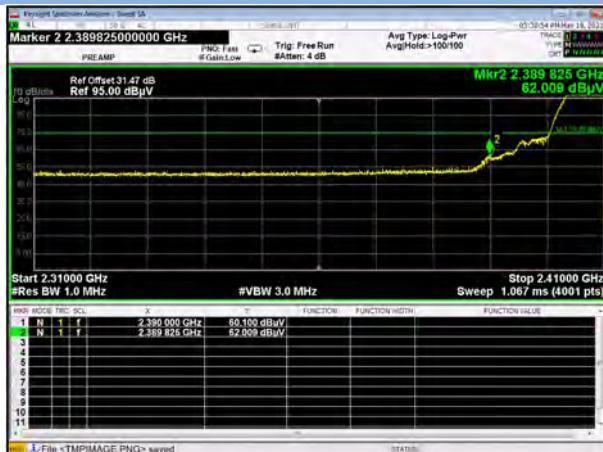


#### HIGH CHANNEL, AV



### 802.11g Mode:

#### LOW CHANNEL, PEAK



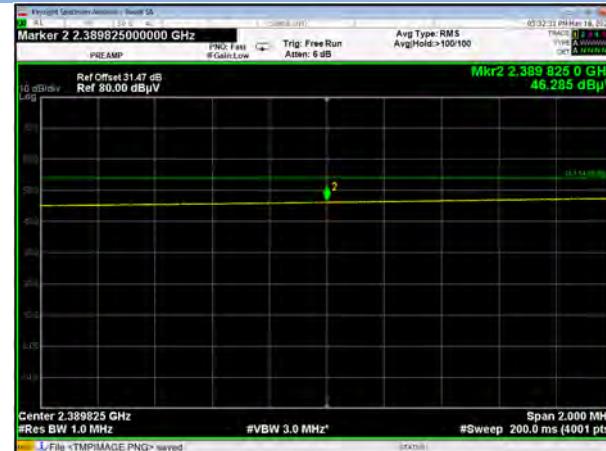
#### HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK



## LOW CHANNEL, AV



## LOW CHANNEL, AV



## HIGH CHANNEL, AV

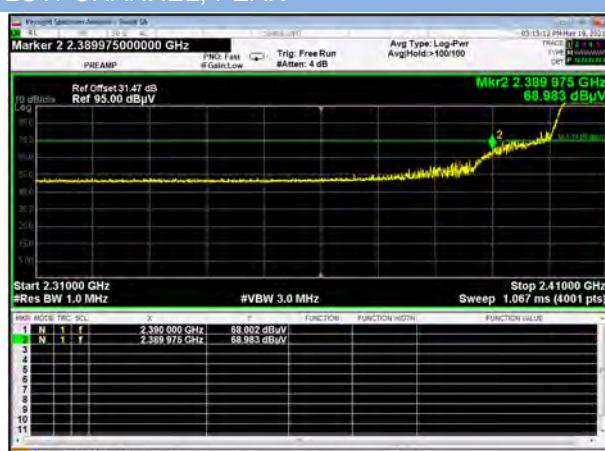


## HIGH CHANNEL, AV



## 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

## LOW CHANNEL, PEAK



## HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK



## LOW CHANNEL, AV



## LOW CHANNEL, AV



## HIGH CHANNEL, AV



## HIGH CHANNEL, AV



## A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-16.837	8
Middle	-16.906	8
High	-17.201	8

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-20.934	8
Middle	-21.042	8
High	-20.791	8

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

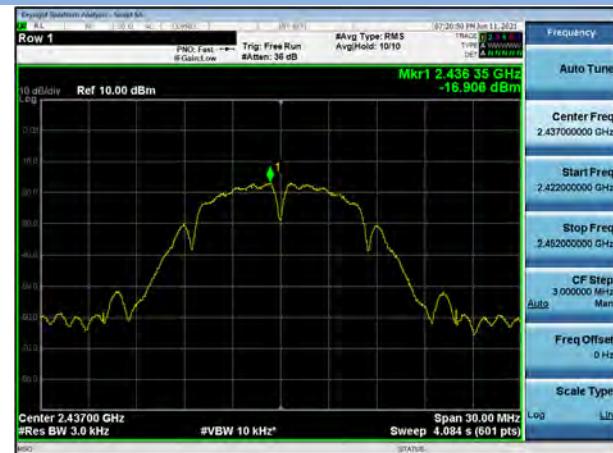
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-20.770	8
Middle	-21.846	8
High	-22.696	8

## Test plots

### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



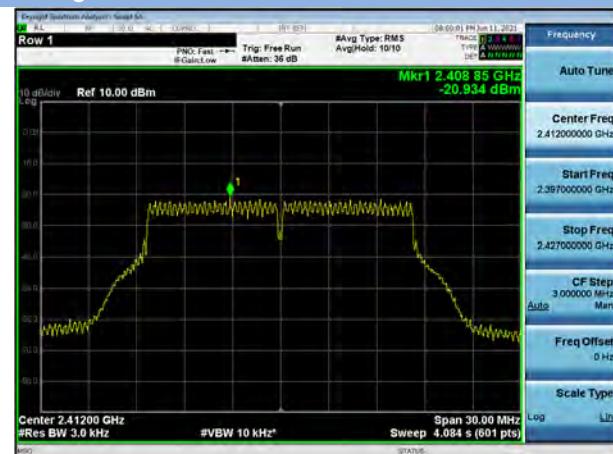
### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



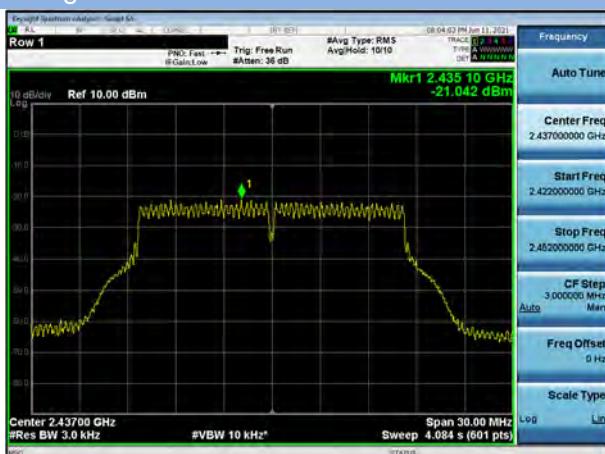
### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



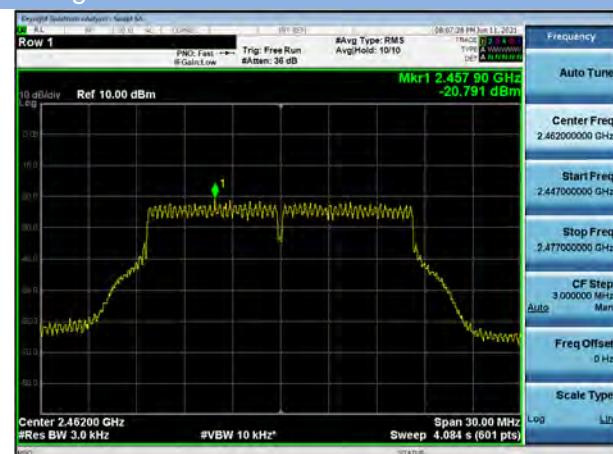
### 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



## 802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



## **ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS**

Please refer the document "BL-SZ20C0502-AR.pdf".

## **ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS**

Please refer the document "BL-SZ20C0502-AW.pdf".

## **ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS**

Please refer the document "BL-SZ20C0502-AI.pdf".

--END OF REPORT--