Produkte
Products

Prüfbericht - Nr.: *Test Report No.:*	**14045653 001**		**Seite 1 von 18** *Page 1 of 18*
Auftraggeber: *Client:*	**Megabyte Limited** **Unit 507, Building 12W, No. 12 Science Park West Avenue** **Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong**		
Gegenstand der Prüfung: *Test Item:*	**UHF Portable RFID Reader**		
Bezeichnung: *Identification:*	**mDongle-D1-BU** **D1B-01-39, D1B-01-MB**	**Serien-Nr.:** *Serial No.:*	**Engineering sample**
Wareneingangs-Nr.: *Receipt No.:*	**A000386196-008**	**Eingangsdatum:** *Date of Receipt:*	**30.06.2016**
Prüfort: *Testing Location:*	**TÜV Rheinland Hong Kong Ltd.** 8/F, First Group Centre, 14 Wang Tai Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong **Hong Kong Productivity Council** HKPC Building, 78 Tat Chee Avenue, Kowloon, Hong Kong		
Zustand des Prüfgegenstandes bei Anlieferung: *Condition of test item at delivery:*	Test samples are not damaged and suitable for testing.		
Prüfgrundlage: *Test Specification:*	**FCC Part 15 Subpart C** **ANSI C63.10-2013**		
Prüfergebnis: *Test Results:*	**Das vorstehend beschriebene Gerät wurde geprüft und entspricht oben genannter Prüfgrundlage.** The above mentioned product was tested and **passed**.		
Prüflaboratorium: *Testing Laboratory:*	**TÜV Rheinland Hong Kong Ltd.** 8 - 10/F., Goldin Financial Global Square, 7 Wang Tai Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong		

geprüft/ *tested by:*			**kontrolliert/** *reviewed by:*		
30.11.2016	David Cheng Test Engineer		30.11.2016	Benny Lau Senior Project Manager	
Datum *Date*	**Name/Stellung** *Name/Position*	**Unterschrift** *Signature*	**Datum** *Date*	**Name/Stellung** *Name/Position*	**Unterschrift** *Signature*

Sonstiges:
Other Aspects

FCC ID: XEK-MDONGLED1

Abkürzungen:				*Abbreviations:*			
	P(ass)	=	*entspricht Prüfgrundlage*		*P(ass)*	=	*passed*
	F(ail)	=	*entspricht nicht Prüfgrundlage*		*F(ail)*	=	*failed*
	N/A	=	*nicht anwendbar*		*N/A*	=	*not applicable*
	N/T	=	*nicht getestet*		*N/T*	=	*not tested*

Table of Content

Page

Product information

Manufacturers declarations

	Transmitter
Operating frequency range	2402 - 2480 MHz
Type of modulation	GFSK; Pi/4 DQPSK; 8 DPSK
Number of channels	79
Channel separation	1 MHz
Type of antenna	Integral Chip Antenna
Antenna gain (dBi)	1.9 dBi
Power level	fix
Type of equipment	stand alone radio device
Connection to public utility power line	Yes
Nominal voltage	100-240VAC/ 5VDC/ 3.7VDC
Independent Operation Modes	Transmitting

Product function and intended use

The equipment under test (EUT) is a portable RFID reader. It is a compact NFC and RFID reader and OS independent. It can be connected to PC through USB cable and it has Bluetooth connectivity to any mobile devices.

The manufacturer declared that the model: D1B-01-39 and D1B-01-MB are identical to the model mDongle-D1-BU except the logo plate.

FCC ID: XEK-MDONGLED1

Models	Product description
mDongle-D1-BU D1B-01-39, D1B-01-MB	UHF Portable RFID Reader

Submitted documents

Circuit Diagram
Block Diagram
Technical Description
Bill of material
User manual
Label

Independent Operation Modes

The basic operation modes are:

- Transmitting mode.-

For further information refer to User Manual

Related Submittal(s) Grants

This device is a composite device.
This is a single application for certification of the Bluetooth Basic Rate transmitter.
The Bluetooth low energy portion is authorized under the certification procedure (refer to test report 14045652 001 issued by TÜV Rheinland HK Ltd on 30.11.2016).
The RFID transmitter portion is authorized under the certification procedure (refer to test report 14045654 001 issued by TÜV Rheinland HK Ltd on 30.11.2016).
The receiving function of the RFID transceiver is authorized under verification procedure (refer to test report 14045654 001 issued by TÜV Rheinland HK Ltd on 01.06.2016)
The NFC portion is authorized under the certification procedure (refer to test report 14045655 001 issued by TÜV Rheinland HK Ltd on 30.11.2016).
The PC peripherals function is authorized under the certification procedure (refer to test report 14043219 001 issued by TÜV Rheinland HK Ltd on 30.11.2016).

Remark

The test results in this test report are only relevant to the tested sample and does not involve any assessment in the production.

Test Set-up and Operation Mode

Principle of Configuration Selection

Emission: The equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible radiation level. The test modes were adapted accordingly in reference to the instructions for use.

Test Operation and Test Software

Test operation should refer to test methodology.

- During test, Channel & Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power was selected according to the instruction given by the manufacturer. The setting of the RF output power expected by the customer shall be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Special Accessories and Auxiliary Equipment

- AC-DC adaptor Model: EA1024AR-050 Input: 100-240 VAC 50/60 Hz; Output: 5.0VDC 2A) (Provided by the applicant)
- Interface Board (Provided by the applicant)
- HP Notebook(Provided by TUV)

Countermeasures to achieve EMC Compliance

- Nil

Test Methodology

Radiated Emission

The radiated emission measurements of the transmitter part were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10-2013.

For measurement below 1GHz - the equipment under test (EUT) was placed at the middle of the 80 cm height turntable. For measurement above 1GHz - the EUT was placed at the middle of the 1.5 m height turntable and RF absorbing material was placed on ground plane between turntable and measuring antenna. During the testing, the EUT was operated standalone and arranged for maximum emissions. The EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes.

The investigation is performed with the EUT rotated 360°, the antenna height scanned between 1m and 4m, and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurements for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations. Repeat the measurement steps until the maximum emissions were obtained.

All radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT with 3 meters distance, unless stated otherwise in particular parts of this test report.

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength at 3 m was established by adding the meter reading of the spectrum analyzer to the factors associated with antenna correction factor, cable loss, preamplifiers and filter attenuation.

The equation is expressed as follow:

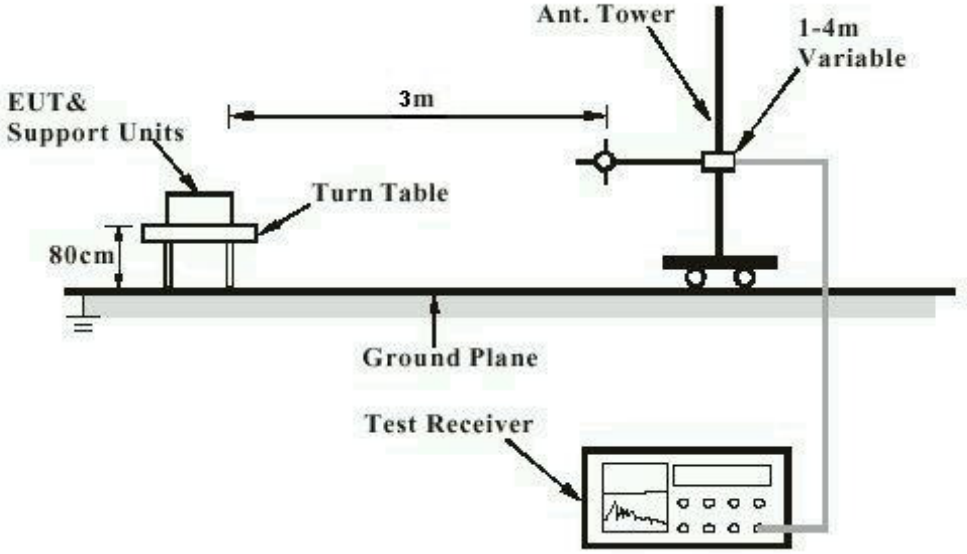
FS = R + AF + CF + FA – PA

Where FS = Field Strength in dBuV/m at 3 meters.
R = Reading of Spectrum Analyzer in dBuV.
AF = Antenna Factor in dB.
CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB.
FA = Filter Attenuation Factor in dB.
PA = Preamplifier Factor in dB.

FA and PA are only be used for the measuring frequency above 1 GHz.

Test Setup Diagram

Diagram of Measurement Configuration for Radiation Test



Note: Measurements above 1 GHz are done with a table height of 1.5m. In addition, there is RF absorbing material on the floor of the test site for above 1GHz measurement.

Diagram of Measurement Equipment Configuration for Mains Conduction Measurement (if applicable)

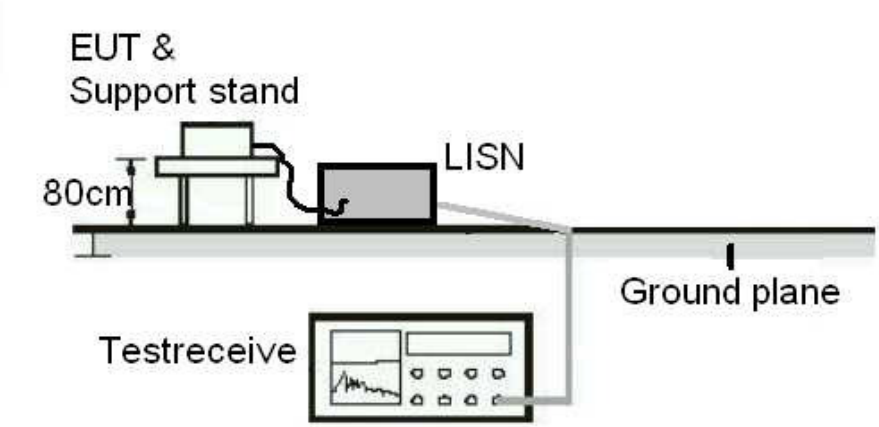
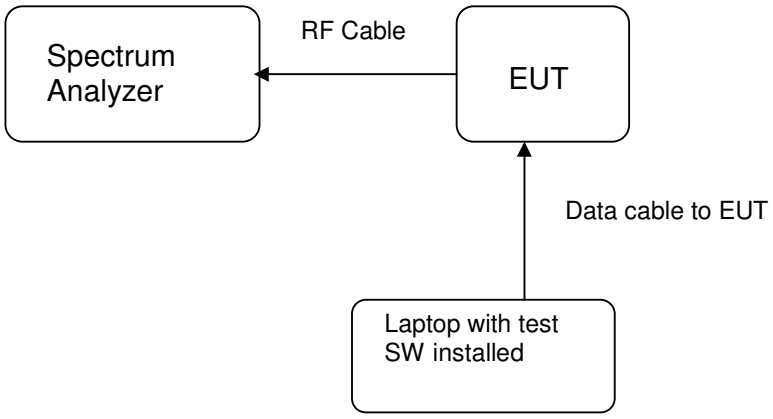


Diagram of Equipment Configuration for Antenna-port Conducted Measurement (if applicable)



List of Test and Measurement Instruments

Hong Kong Productivity Council (FCC Registration number: 90656)

Radiated Emission

Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Cal. Date	Due Date
Semi-anechoic Chamber	Frankonia	Nil	14-Apr-15	14-Apr-16
New Fully Ancheonic Chamber	TDK	N/A	15-Apr-15	15-Apr-16
Cable	Hubersuhner	SUCOFLEX 104	31-Mar-14	31-Mar-16
Test Receiver	R & S	ESU26	12-Feb-15	12-Feb-16
Bi-conical Antenna	R & S	HK116	1-Sep-15	1-Sep-17
Log Periodic Antenna	R & S	HL223	1-Sep-15	1-Sep-17
Coaxial cable	Harbour	LL335	10-Jun-14	10-Jun-16
Microwave amplifer 0.5-26.5GHz, 25dB gain	HP	83017A	17-Jul-14	17-Jul-16
High Pass Filter (cutoff freq. =1000MHz)	Trilithic	23042	28-Oct-15	28-Oct-17
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	26-Aug-15	26-Aug-17
Active Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	27-Oct-16	27-Oct-17

AC Mains Conducted Emission

Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Cal. Date	Due Date
Test Receiver	R & S	ESU40	7-Dec-15	7-Dec-16
RF Voltage Probe	Schwarzbeck	TK9416	11-Feb-16	11-Feb-17
LISN	R&S	ESH3-Z5	15-Jun-16	15-Jun-17
Double Shield Cable	Radiall	RG142	14-Sep-15	14-Sep-17
Pulse Limiter	R&S	ESH3-Z2	3-Jun-16	3-Jun-18

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Radio Test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Cal. Date	Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R & S	FSP30	12-Jan-15	12-Jan-2017

Measurement Uncertainty

The estimated combined standard uncertainty for power-line conducted emissions measurements is ±3.43dB.

The estimated combined standard uncertainty for radiated emissions measurements is ±5.10dB (30MHz to 200MHz) and ±5.08dB (200MHz to 1000MHz) and is ±5.10dB (30MHz to 200MHz) and ±5.08dB (above 1GHz).

The estimated combined standard uncertainty for antenna conducted emission is ±1.56dB

The reported expanded uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor of k=2, which for the level of confidence is approximately 95%.

Results FCC Part 15 – Subpart C

FCC 15.203 – Antenna Requirement 1		**Pass**
FCC Requirement:	No antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device	
Results:	a) Antenna type: b) Manufacturer and model no: c) Peak Gain:	Integral Chip Antenna WIESON GY197HC030-002 1.9 dBi
Verdict:	Pass	

FCC 15.204 – Antenna Requirement 2		**N/A**
FCC Requirement:	An intentional radiator may be operated only with the antenna with which it is authorized. If an antenna is marketed with the intentional radiator, it shall be of a type which is authorized with the intentional radiator.	
Results:	Only one integral antenna can be used.	
Verdict:	N/A	

FCC 15.207 – Conducted Emission on AC Mains **Pass**

Test Specification : ANSI C63.10 – 2013
Mode of operation : TX mode
Port of testing : AC Mains input port of power supply
Detector : Quasi-peak and Average
RBW : 9 kHz
Supply voltage : 120Vac 60Hz
Temperature : 23ºC
Humidity : 50%

Requirement: 15.207(a)

Results: Pass

Live measurement

Frequency range (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-peak dBµV	Average dBµV	Limit QP (dBµV)	Limit AV (dBµV)	Verdict
0,15 – 0,5	0.150	42.3	22.6	66 - 56	56 - 46	Pass
> 0,5 - 5	No peak found	---	---	56	46	Pass
> 5 - 30	24.093	35.3	18.1	60	50	Pass

Neutral measurement

Frequency range (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-peak dBµV	Average dBµV	Limit QP (dBµV)	Limit AV (dBµV)	Verdict
0,15 – 0,5	0.15	42.3	21.6	66 - 56	56 - 46	Pass
> 0,5 - 5	No peak found	---	---	56	46	Pass
> 5 - 30	23.181	29.5	19.8	60	50	Pass

Results:	Pre-scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations and data rate. The worst cases is found in GFSK and 1Mbps. The radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30MHz does not exceed the limits. For test Results plots refer to Appendix 1.

FCC 15.247(b)(1) – Peak Output Power **Pass**

Test Specification : ANSI C63.10 – 2013
Mode of operation : Tx mode
Port of testing : Temporary antenna port
Supply voltage : 5.0 Vdc
Temperature : 23ºC
Humidity : 50%

FCC Requirement :
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 Watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 Watts.

Results: Pre-scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations and packet types. The worst cases is found in GFSK and 1Mbps.

For test protocols please refer to Appendix 1.

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum peak output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
2402	7.33	21.0	Pass
2441	8.94	21.0	Pass
2480	9.28	21.0	Pass

FCC 15.247(a) – 20 dB Bandwidth **Pass**

FCC Requirement: N/A

Test Specification : ANSI C63.10 – 2013
Mode of operation : Tx mode
Port of testing : Temporary antenna port
Supply voltage : 5.0 Vdc
Temperature : 23ºC
Humidity : 50%

Results: Pre-scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations and packet types. The worst cases is found in 8DPSK and 3Mbps.

For test protocols refer to Appendix 1.

Frequency (MHz)	20 dB left (MHz)	20 dB right (MHz)	20dB bandwidth (MHz)
2402	2401.350	2402.66	1.31
2441	2440.340	2441.66	1.32
2480	2479.340	2480.66	1.32

FCC 15.247(a)(1) – Carrier Frequency Separation			Pass
FCC Requirement: Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 2/3*20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.			
Test Specification Mode of operation Port of testing Supply voltage Temperature Humidity	: : : : : :	ANSI C63.10 – 2013 Tx mode (hopping on) Temporary antenna port 5.0 Vdc 23ºC 50%	
Results:		For test Results plots refer to Appendix 1.	
Channel Separation (kHz)		**Limit (kHz)**	**Verdict**
996.000		880	Pass

FCC 15.247 (a)(1)(iii) – Number of hopping channels			Pass
FCC Requirement: Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.			
Test Specification Mode of operation Port of testing Supply voltage Temperature Humidity	: : : : : :	ANSI C63.10 – 2013 Tx mode (hopping on) Temporary antenna port 5.0 Vdc 23ºC 50%	
Results:		For test Results plots refer to Appendix 1.	
No. of hopping channels		**Limit**	**Verdict**
79		15	Pass

FCC 15.247 (a)(1)(iii) – Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Pass

FCC Requirement:

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Test Specification	:	ANSI C63.10 – 2013
Mode of operation	:	Tx mode (hopping on)
Port of testing	:	Temporary antenna port
Supply voltage	:	5.0 Vdc
Temperature	:	23ºC
Humidity	:	50%

Results: Time period calculation = 0.4 x 79 = 31.6s

Dwell time = 108 x 2.89 x 10^{-3} = 0.312 s
<= 0.4 s

For test protocols please refer to Appendix 1.

Verdict: Pass

FCC 15.247 (a) – Hopping Sequence	Pass

FCC Requirement: The system radio frequency (RF) bandwidth is equal to the channel bandwidth multiplied by the number of channels in the hopset. The hopset shall be such that the near-term distribution of frequencies appears random, with sequential hops randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change in the hopset, while the long-term distribution appears evenly distributed.

The EUT complies with the Bluetooth RF specifications which is proven to fulfill this requirement. Please refer to the Bluetooth standard for detail.

FCC 15.247 (a) – Equal Hopping Frequency Use	Pass

FCC Requirement: Each of the transmitter's hopping channels is used equally on average.

The system radio frequency (RF) bandwidth is equal to the channel bandwidth multiplied by the number of channels in the hopset. The hopset shall be such that the near-term distribution of frequencies appears random, with sequential hops randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change in the hopset, while the long-term distribution appears evenly distributed.

The EUT complies with the Bluetooth RF specifications which is proven to fulfill this requirement. Please refer to the Bluetooth standard for detail.

FCC 15.247 (a) – Receiver Input Bandwidth	Pass
FCC Requirement:	The associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that its input bandwidth matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.
The EUT complies with the Bluetooth RF specifications which is proven to fulfill this requirement. Please refer to the Bluetooth standard for detail.	

FCC 15.247 (a) – Receiver Hopping Capability	Pass
FCC Requirement:	The associated receiver has the ability to shift frequencies in synchronisation with the transmitted signals.
The EUT complies with the Bluetooth RF specifications which is proven to fulfill this requirement. Please refer to the Bluetooth standard for detail.	

FCC 15.247 (d) – Spurious Conducted Emissions **Pass**

Test Specification : ANSI C63.10 – 2013
Mode of operation : Tx mode
Port of testing : Temporary antenna port
Supply voltage : 5.0 Vdc
Temperature : 23 ºC
Humidity : 50 %

FCC Requirement: In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

Results: Pre-scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations and packet types.

There is no peak found outside any 100kHz bandwidth of the operating frequency band in the three transmit frequency. All three transmit frequency modes comply with the limit stated in subclause 15.247(d). For test protocols refer to Appendix 1.

Operating frequency (MHz)	Spurious frequency (MHz)	Spurious Level (dBm)	Reference value (dBm)	Delta (dB)	Verdict
2402	2399.160	-38.01	7.00	45.01	Pass
2441	24112.000	-19.24	8.64	27.88	Pass
2480	24592.000	-19.60	8.96	28.56	Pass

FCC 15.205 – Radiated Emissions in Restricted Frequency Bands	Pass

Test Specification : ANSI C63.10 – 2013
Mode of operation : TX mode
Port of testing : Enclosure
Detector : Peak
RBW/VBW : 100 kHz / 300 kHz for f < 1 GHz
1 MHz / 3 MHz for f > 1 GHz
Supply voltage : 5.0 Vdc
Temperature : 23ºC
Humidity : 50%

FCC Requirement: In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.205(c).

Results: Pre-scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations and data rate. The worst cases is found in GFSK and 1Mbps.

Simultaneous transmission was investigated and no new emissions were found.

All three transmit frequency modes comply with the field strength within the restricted bands. There is no spurious found below 30MHz.

Mode: 2402 MHz TX Vertical Polarization

Freq MHz	Level dBuV/m	Limit/ Detector dBuV/m
2389.679	48.25	74.0 / PK
2389.679	23.49	54.0 / AV
4804.272	69.43	74.0 / PK
4804.272	44.67	54.0 / AV

Mode: 2402 MHz TX Horizontal Polarization

Freq MHz	Level dBuV/m	Limit/ Detector dBuV/m
2390.000	45.80	74.0 / PK
2390.000	21.04	54.0 / AV
4804.320	67.31	74.0 / PK
4804.320	42.55	54.0 / AV

Mode: 2441 MHz TX Vertical Polarization

Freq MHz	Level dBuV/m	Limit/ Detector dBuV/m
4881.711	68.22	74.0 / PK
4881.711	43.46	54.0 / AV

Mode: 2441 MHz TX Horizontal Polarization

Freq MHz	Level dBuV/m	Limit/ Detector dBuV/m
4881.583	71.15	74.0 / PK
4881.583	46.74	54.0 / AV

Mode: 2480 MHz TX	Vertical Polarization	
Freq MHz	**Level dBuV/m**	**Limit/ Detector dBuV/m**
2483.500	56.42	74.0 / PK
2483.500	31.66	54.0 / AV
4959.663	68.31	74.0 / PK
4959.663	43.55	54.0 / AV
Mode: 2480 MHz TX	Horizontal Polarization	
Freq MHz	**Level dBuV/m**	**Limit/ Detector dBuV/m**
2483.500	61.04	74.0 / PK
2483.500	36.28	54.0 / AV
4959.663	66.44	74.0 / PK
4959.663	41.68	54.0 / AV

Remark: Average value is determined from the worst case duty cycle correction factor.

FCC 15.35 (c) – Worst Case Duty Factor		
ON time of a pulse	2.89 ms	See Appendix 1
Number of pulse found in 100ms	2	See Appendix 1
Duty cycle factor = 20 x log ((on time of 1 pulse x no. of pulse in 100ms) / 100ms) = -24.76 dB		