



# RF EXPOSURE LAB, LLC

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## CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Blackbird Technologies, Inc.  
13900 Lincoln Park Drive, Suite 400  
Herndon, VA 20171

Dates of Test: March 22, 2010  
Test Report Number: SAR.20100313  
Revision A

FCC ID:	X6K-BAT-001
Model(s):	BAT Rev H
Test Sample:	Engineering Unit Same as Production
Serial No.:	359446
Equipment Type:	Location Transceiver
Classification:	Portable Transmitter Next to Body
TX Frequency Range:	1611.25 MHz; 1616.25 MHz
Frequency Tolerance:	± 25 ppm
Maximum RF Output:	1611 MHz – 19.23 dBm; 1616 MHz – 18.93 dBm Conducted
Signal Modulation:	BPSK
Antenna Type:	Internal; PCTEL P/N WS-9161
Battery:	Standard AA Lithium Battery
Application Type:	Certification
FCC Rule Parts:	Part 25

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C, RSS-102 and Safety Code 6 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application has been denied FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton  
Vice President



Certificate # 2387.01

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## 1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Blackbird Technologies, Inc. Model BAT Rev H FCC ID: X6K-BAT-001 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C – 2001 [4], IEEE Std.1528 – 2003 Recommended Practice [5], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

### SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy ( $dW$ ) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass ( $dm$ ) contained in a volume element ( $dV$ ) of a given density ( $\rho$ ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

where:

$\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

$\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

$E$  = rms electric field strength (V/m)

## 2. SAR Measurement Setup

### Robotic System

The measurements are conducted utilizing the ALSAS-10-U automated dosimetric assessment system. The ALSAS-10-U is designed and manufactured by Aprel Laboratories in Nepean, Ontario, Canada. The system utilizes a Robcomm 3 robot manufactured by ThermoCRS located in Michigan USA.

### System Hardware

The system consists of a six axis articulated arm, controller for precise probe positioning (0.05 mm repeatability), a power supply, a teach pendent for teaching area scans, near field probe, an IBM Pentium 4™ 2.66 GHz PC with Windows XP Pro™, and custom software developed to enable communications between the robot controller software and the host operating system.

An amplifier is located on the articulated arm, which is isolated from the custom designed end effector and robot arm. The end effector provides the mechanical touch detection functionality and probe connection interface. The amplifier is functionally validated within the manufacturer's site and calibrated at NCL Calibration Laboratories. A Data Acquisition Card (DAC) is used to collect the signal as detected by the isotropic e-field probe. The DAC manufacturer calibrates the DAC to NIST standards. A formal validation is executed using all mechanical and electronic components to prove conformity of the measurement platform as a whole.

### System Description

The ALSAS-10-U has been designed to measure devices within the compliance environment to meet all recognized standards. The system also conforms to standards, which are currently being developed by the scientific and manufacturing community.

The course scan resolution is defined by the operator and reflects the requirements of the standard to which the device is being tested. Precise measurements are made within the predefined course scan area and the values are logged.

The user predefines the sample rate for which the measurements are made so as to ensure that the full duty-cycle of a pulse modulation device is covered during the sample. The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output for the probe.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \bullet \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$



The Aprel E-Field probe is evaluated to establish the diode compression point.

A complex algorithm is then used to calculate the values within the measured points down to a resolution of 1mm. The data from this process is then used to provide the co-ordinates from which the cube scan is created for the determination of the 1 g and 10 g averages.

Cube scan averaging consists of a number of complex algorithms, which are used to calculate the one, and ten gram averages. The basis for the cube scan process is centered on the location where the maximum measured SAR value was found. When a secondary peak value is found which is within 60% of the initial peak value, the system will report this back to the operator who can then assess the need for further analysis of both the peak values prior to the one and ten-gram cube scan averaging process. The algorithm consists of 3D cubic Spline, and Lagrange extrapolation to the surface, which form the matrix for calculating the measurement output for the one and ten gram average values. The resolution for the physical scan integral is user defined with a final calculated resolution down to 1mm.

In-depth analysis for the differential of the physical scanning resolution for the cube scan analysis has been carried out, to identify the optimum setting for the probe positioning steps, and this has been determined at 8mm increments on the X, & Y planes. The reduction of the physical step increment increased the time taken for analysis but did not provide a better uncertainty or return on measured values.

The final output from the system provides data for the area scan measurements, physical and splined (1mm resolution) cube scan with physical and calculated values (1mm resolution).

The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the ALSAS-10-U used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left( e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

The probe used during the measurement process has been assessed to provide values for diode compression. These values are calculated during the probe calibration exercise and are used in the mathematical calculations for the assessment of SAR.

## E-Field Probe

The E-field probe used by RF Exposure Lab, LLC, has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropic, and boundary effect. The probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below right.



The SAR is assessed with the probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (Z height). The diagram above right shows how the center of the sensor is defined with the location of the diode placed at the center of the dipole. The 5mm default in the Z axis is the optimum height for assessing SAR where the boundary effect is at its least, with the probe located closest to the phantom surface (boundary).

The manufacturer specified precision of the robot is  $\pm 0.05$  mm and the precision of the APREL bottom detection device is  $\pm 0.1$  mm. These precisions are calibrated and tested in the manufacturing process of the bottom detection device. A constant distance is maintained because the surface of the phantom is dynamically detected for each point. The surface detection algorithm corrects the position of the robot so that the probe rests on the surface of the phantom. The probe is then moved to the measurement location 2.44 mm above the phantom surface resulting in the probe center location to be at 4.0 mm above the phantom surface. Therefore, the probe sensor will be at 4.0 mm above the phantom surface  $\pm 0.1$  mm for each SAR location for frequencies below 3 GHz. The probe is moved to the measurement location 1.44 mm above the phantom surface resulting in the probe center location to be at 2.0 mm above the phantom surface. Therefore, the probe sensor will be at 2.0 mm above the phantom surface  $\pm 0.1$  mm for each SAR location for frequencies above 3 GHz.

The probe boundary effect compensation cannot be disabled in the ALSAS-10U testing system. The probe tip will always be at least half a probe tip diameter from the phantom surface. For frequencies up to 3 GHz, the probe diameter is 5 mm. With the sensor offset set at 1.54 mm (default setting), the sensor to phantom gap will be 4.0 mm which is greater than half the probe tip diameter. For frequencies greater than 3 GHz, the probe diameter is 3 mm. With the sensor offset set at 0.56 mm (default setting), the sensor to phantom gap will be 3.0 mm which is greater than half the probe tip diameter.

The separation of the first 2 measurement points in the zoom scan is specified in the test setup software. For frequencies below 3 GHz, the user must specify a zoom scan resolution of less than 6 mm in the z-axis to have the first two measurements within 1 cm of the surface. The z-axis is set to 4 mm as shown on each of the data sheets in Appendix B. For frequencies above 3 GHz, the user must specify a zoom scan resolution of less than 3 mm in the z-axis to have the first two measurements within 5 mm of the surface. The z-axis is set to 2 mm as shown on each of the data sheets in Appendix B.

The zoom scan volume for devices  $\leq 3$  GHz with a cube scan of 5x5x8 yields a volume of  $32 \times 32 \times 28 \text{ mm}^3$ . For devices  $> 3$  GHz and  $< 4.5$  GHz, the cube scan of 9x9x9 yields a volume of  $32 \times 32 \times 24 \text{ mm}^3$ . For devices  $\geq 4.5$  GHz, the cube scan of 7x7x12 yields a volume of  $24 \times 24 \times 22 \text{ mm}^3$ .

### 3. Robot Specifications

#### Specifications

Positioner:	ThermoCRS, Robot Model: Robocomm 3
Repeatability:	0.05 mm
No. of axis:	6

#### Data Acquisition Card (DAC) System

#### Cell Controller

Processor:	Pentium 4™
Clock Speed:	2.66 GHz
Operating System:	Windows XP Pro™

#### Data Converter

Features:	Signal Amplifier, End Effector, DAC
Software:	ALSAS 10-U Software

#### E-Field Probe

Model:	Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Serial Number:	Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Construction:	Triangular Core Touch Detection System
Frequency:	10MHz to 6GHz

#### Phantom

Phantom:	Uniphantom, Right Phantom, Left Phantom
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## 4. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.

## 5. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

### SAM Phantom



The Aprel system utilizes three separate phantoms. Each phantom for SAR assessment testing is a low loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropomorphic data of the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM phantom shell is bisected along the mid sagittal plane into right and left halves. The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom half is extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth of 15 cm that is sufficient to minimize reflections from the upper surface [5]. See photos in Appendix C.

### Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a glycol based chemical and saline solution. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following tables. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

**Table 5.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue**

Ingredients	Simulating Tissue	
	1640 MHz Muscle	
Mixing Percentage		
Water	54.47	
Sugar	0.00	
Salt	0.33	
HEC	0.00	
Bactericide	0.00	
DGBE	45.22	
Dielectric Constant	Target	53.72
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	1.42

### Device Holder

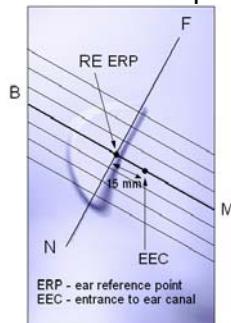


In combination with the SAM phantom, the mounting device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can easily, accurately, and repeatably be positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and uni-phantom).

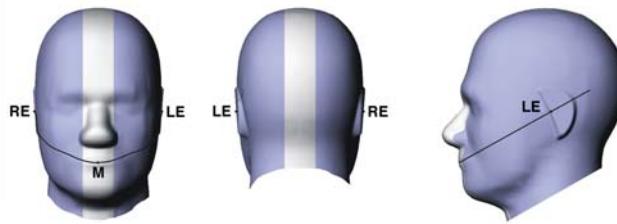
## 6. Definition of Reference Points

### Ear Reference Point

Figure 6.2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].



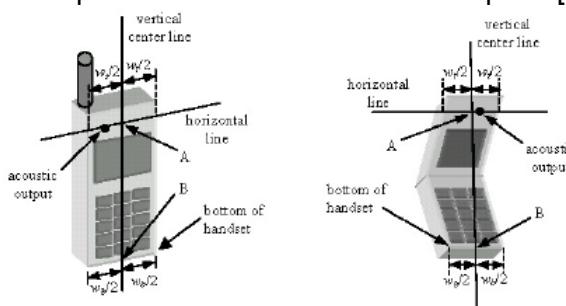
**Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP's**



**Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view of SAM**

### Device Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the device need to be established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device is placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" is then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device is positioned so that the "vertical centerline" is bisecting the front surface of the device at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point [5].

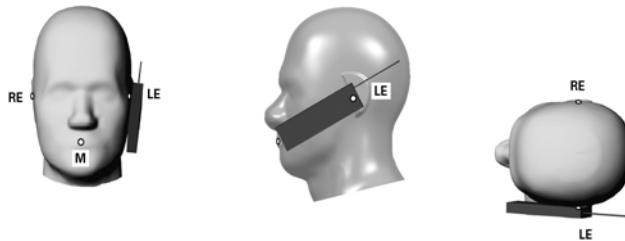


**Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points**

## 7. Test Configuration Positions

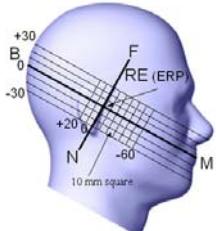
### Positioning for Cheek/Touch [5]

1. Position the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the device is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



**Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position**

2. Translate the device towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the device touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the device in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
4. Rotate the device around the vertical centerline until the device (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the device contact with the ear, rotate the device about the line NF until any point on the device is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure 7.2.

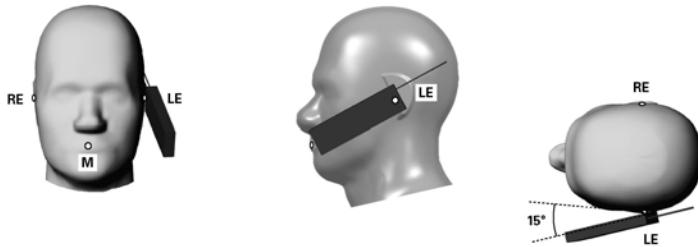


**Figure 7.2 Side view w/ relevant markings**

## Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt [5]

With the test device aligned in the Cheek/Touch Position":

1. While maintaining the orientation of the device, retracted the device parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degrees.
2. Rotate the device around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the device, move the device parallel to the reference plane until any part of the device touches the head. (In this position, point A is located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the device shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained when any part of the device is in contact with the ear as well as a second part of the device is in contact with the head (see Figure 7.3).



**Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position**

## Body Worn Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the accessories attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then, when multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

## 8. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1999 RF Exposure Limits [2]

### Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Table 8.1 Human Exposure Limits**

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>1</sup> Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR <sup>2</sup> Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>3</sup> Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

<sup>1</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

<sup>2</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

<sup>3</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

## 9. Measurement Uncertainty

### Exposure Assessment Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	$c_i^1 (1-g)$	$c_i^1 (10-g)$	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	•3	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	•3	•cp	•cp	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	•3	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition	3.0	rectangular	•3	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech.	0.4	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.2	0.2
Restriction							
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	•3	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.1	2.1
Test Sample Positioning	4.0	normal	1	1	1	4.0	4.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Drift of Output Power	4.2	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.4	2.4
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.0	2.0
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	•3	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	0.5	normal	1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	•3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	1.0	normal	1	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.6	9.4
Combined Uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal (k=2)				19.1	18.8

## 10. System Validation

### Tissue Verification

**Table 10.1 Measured Tissue Parameters**

		1640 MHz Body	
Date(s)		Mar. 22, 2010	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: $\epsilon$	53.72	53.65	
Conductivity: $\sigma$	1.42	1.43	

See Appendix A for data printout.

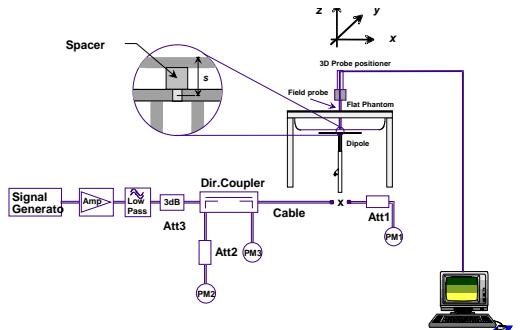
### Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is extrapolated to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

**Table 10.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured**

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Measure SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
22-Mar-2010	1640 MHz	34.201	34.99	+ 2.31

See Appendix A for data plots.


**Figure 10.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup**

## 11. SAR Test Data Summary

### See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots.

See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

### Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. When test modes are not available or inappropriate for testing a device, the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

### Device Test Condition

The device is battery operated. Each SAR measurement was taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated.

The unit was required to be disassembled to measure the conducted power. To insure that the integrity of the device was not compromised, the power measurements were conducted at the completion of all testing.

The testing was conducted on four(4) sides of the device. The transmitter is controlled by the firmware to limit the duty cycle. The highest rate at which a user can transmit messages using the BAT is once every sixteen seconds. Each transmission cycle consists of four 1.36 second transmit bursts for a total transmitter on time of 5.44 seconds every 16 seconds (34% duty cycle). All measurements were conducted with the transmitter at 100% duty cycle for the SAR tests. The final SAR value was calculated with the 34% duty cycle of the transmitter in normal use.

1900 MHz		
Freq	Channel	Power
1611.25	Band A	19.23
1616.25	Band C	18.93

### Conduct Power Measurements

## SAR Data Summary – 1640 MHz Body

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
Position	Band	Side	Frequency	Modulation	End Power	Battery	Measured SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg) 34% Duty Cycle
			MHz		(dBm)			
Touch	A	Front	1611.25	BPSK	19.23	Standard	1.552	0.53
		Back	1611.25	BPSK	19.23	Standard	0.292	0.10
		Right	1611.25	BPSK	19.23	Standard	0.224	0.08
		Left	1611.25	BPSK	19.23	Standard	0.257	0.09
	C	Front	1611.25	BPSK	18.93	Standard	1.816	0.62
		Back	1611.25	BPSK	18.93	Standard	0.224	0.08
		Right	1611.25	BPSK	18.93	Standard	0.224	0.08
		Left	1611.25	BPSK	18.93	Standard	0.244	0.08
					<b>Muscle</b> <b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> <small>averaged over 1 gram</small>			

1. Battery is fully charged for all tests.  
 Power Measured  Conducted  ERP  EIRP
2. SAR Measurement  
 Phantom Configuration  Left Head  Uniphantom  Right Head  
 SAR Configuration  Head  Body
3. Test Signal Call Mode  Test Code  Base Station Simulator
4. Test Configuration  With Belt Clip  Without Belt Clip  N/A



Jay M. Moulton  
Vice President

## 12.1 Test Equipment List

**Table 12.1 Equipment Specifications**

Type	Calibration Due Date	Serial Number
ThermoCRS Robot	N/A	RAF0338198
ThermoCRS Controller	N/A	RCF0338224
ThermoCRS Teach Pendant (Joystick)	N/A	STP0334405
IBM Computer, 2.66 MHz P4	N/A	8189D8U KCPR08N
Aprel E-Field Probe ALS-E020	02/23/2011	RFE-215
Aprel E-Field Probe ALS-E020	10/21/2010	RFE-217
Aprel E-Field Probe ALS-E030	07/14/2010	E030-001
Aprel Dummy Probe	N/A	023
Aprel Left Phantom	N/A	RFE-267
Aprel Right Phantom	N/A	RFE-268
Aprel UniPhantom	N/A	RFE-273
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-450-S-2	01/12/2011	RFE-362
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-835-S-2	01/14/2011	180-00561
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-900-S-2	01/12/2011	RFE-275
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-1640-S-2	02/23/2011	207-001-01
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-1900-S-2	01/15/2011	210-00713
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-2450-S-2	01/12/2011	RFE-278
Aprel Validation Dipole RFE-D-2600-S-2	01/18/2011	RFE-121
Aprel Validation Dipole RFE-D-BB-S-2	01/12/2011	235-00801
Agilent (HP) 437B Power Meter	10/23/2010	3125U08837
Agilent (HP) 8481B Power Sensor	10/24/2010	3318A05384
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	10/24/2010	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	10/23/2010	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	10/23/2010	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	10/23/2010	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	10/23/2010	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) E55125C Base Station Sim.	10/24/2011	MY48360364
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	0011
Brain Equivalent Matter (450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Brain Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Brain Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Brain Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (5200 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (5800 MHz)	N/A	N/A

## 13.1 Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

## 14.1 References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1999, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 – 2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, July 2001.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 – 2003, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, October 2003.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS – 102e, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), November 2005.
- [7] Industry Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 1999.

## Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

```
*****
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Mon 22/Mar/2010 07:02:13
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH      FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C ( June 2001) Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH      FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Sigma
FCC_eB      FCC Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB      FCC Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e      Epsilon of UIM
Test_s      Sigma of UIM
*****
Freq      FCC_eB      FCC_sB      Test_e      Test_s
1.6100    53.80      1.40       53.73      1.40
1.6200    53.77      1.41       53.70      1.41
1.6300    53.75      1.41       53.67      1.42
1.6400    53.72      1.42       53.65      1.43
1.6500    53.69      1.43       53.62      1.44
1.6600    53.67      1.43       53.60      1.45
1.6700    53.64      1.44       53.56      1.46
```

**SAR Test Report**

By Operator : Jay  
Measurement Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Starting Time : 22-Mar-2010 07:07:44 AM  
End Time : 22-Mar-2010 07:20:46 AM  
Scanning Time : 782 secs

## Product Data

Device Name : Validation  
Serial No. : 1640  
Type : Dipole  
Model : ALS-D-1640-S-2  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W  
Drift Time : 0 min(s)  
Length : 80.4 mm  
Width : 3.6 mm  
Depth : 45.7 mm  
Antenna Type : Internal  
Orientation : Touch  
Power Drift-Start : 4.383 W/kg  
Power Drift-Finish: 4.402 W/kg  
Power Drift (%) : 0.434

## Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni  
Type : Uni-Phantom  
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200  
Serial No. : System Default  
Location : Center  
Description : Uni-Phantom

## Tissue Data

Type : BODY  
Serial No. : 1640  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Last Calib. Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Temperature : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Humidity : 49.00 RH%  
Epsilon : 53.65 F/m  
Sigma : 1.43 S/m  
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

## Probe Data

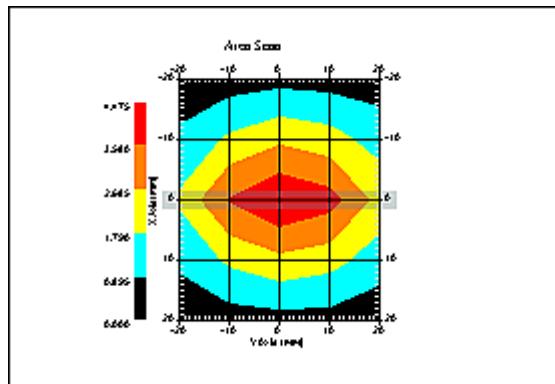
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL  
Model : E020  
Type : E-Field Triangle  
Serial No. : 215  
Last Calib. Date : 23-Feb-2010  
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz  
Duty Cycle Factor: 1  
Conversion Factor: 5.8  
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu$ V/ (V/m)<sup>2</sup>  
Compression Point: 95.00 mV  
Offset : 1.56 mm

## Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1  
Scan Type : Complete  
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Set-up Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Set-up Time : 7:04:12 AM  
Area Scan : 5x5x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm  
Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

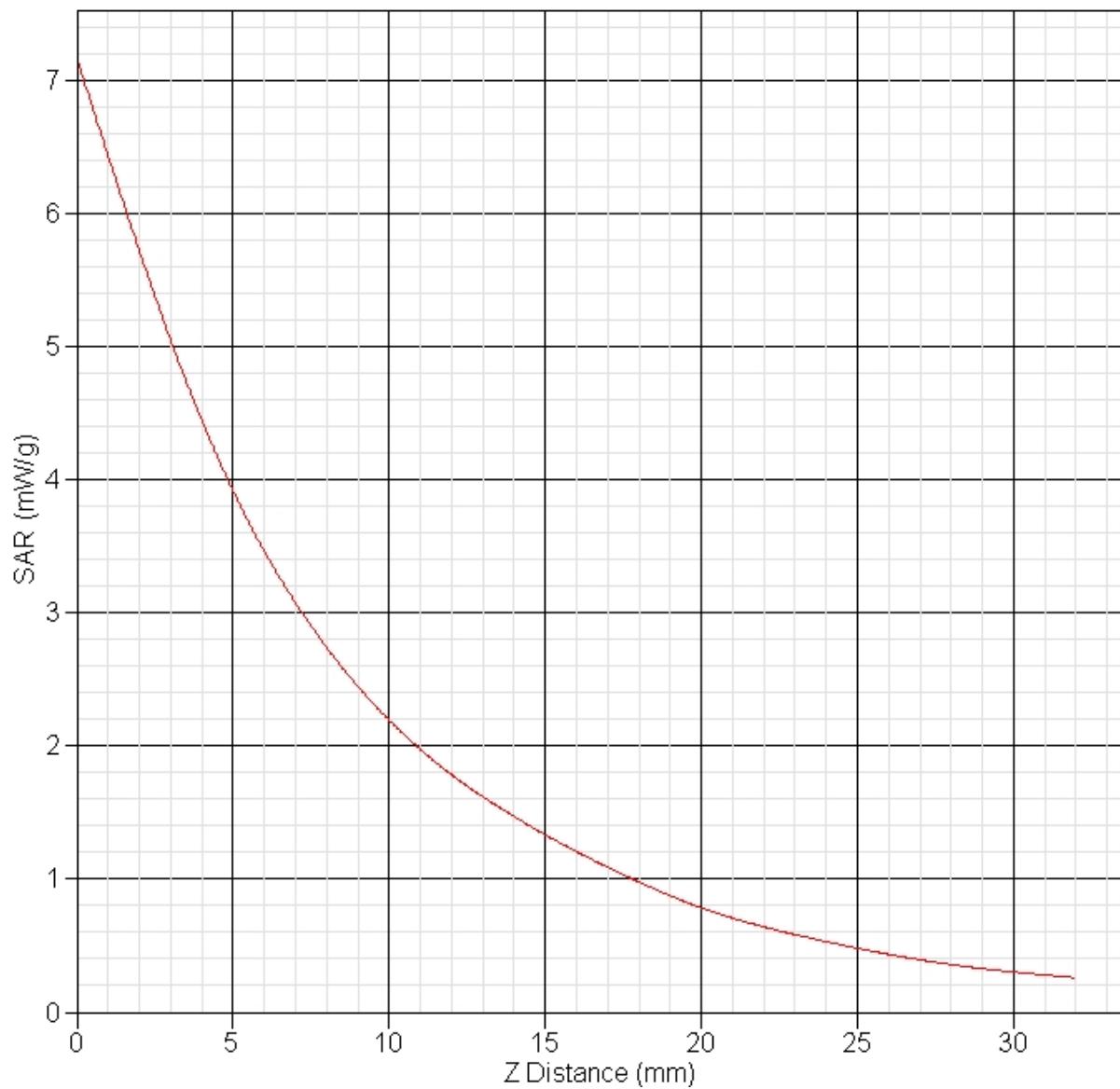
## Other Data

DUT Position : Touch  
Separation : 10 mm  
Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 3.499 W/kg  
10 gram SAR value : 1.748 W/kg  
Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.396 W/kg  
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 7.129 W/kg

**SAR-Z Axis**  
at Hotspot x:0.25 y:-0.18



## Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots

**SAR Test Report**

By Operator : Jay  
Measurement Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Starting Time : 22-Mar-2010 08:52:31 AM  
End Time : 22-Mar-2010 09:12:31 AM  
Scanning Time : 1200 secs

Product Data  
Device Name : Blackbird Technologies  
Serial No. : 359446  
Mode : BPSK  
Model : BAT Rev H  
Frequency : 1611.25 MHz  
Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W  
Drift Time : 0 min(s)  
Length : 72 mm  
Width : 130 mm  
Depth : 25 mm  
Antenna Type : Internal  
Orientation : Touch- Front  
Power Drift-Start : 0.261 W/kg  
Power Drift-Finish: 0.253 W/kg  
Power Drift (%) : -2.874

Phantom Data  
Name : APREL-Uni  
Type : Uni-Phantom  
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200  
Serial No. : System Default  
Location : Center  
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data  
Type : BODY  
Serial No. : 1640  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Last Calib. Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Temperature : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Humidity : 45.00 RH%  
Epsilon : 53.65 F/m  
Sigma : 1.43 S/m  
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

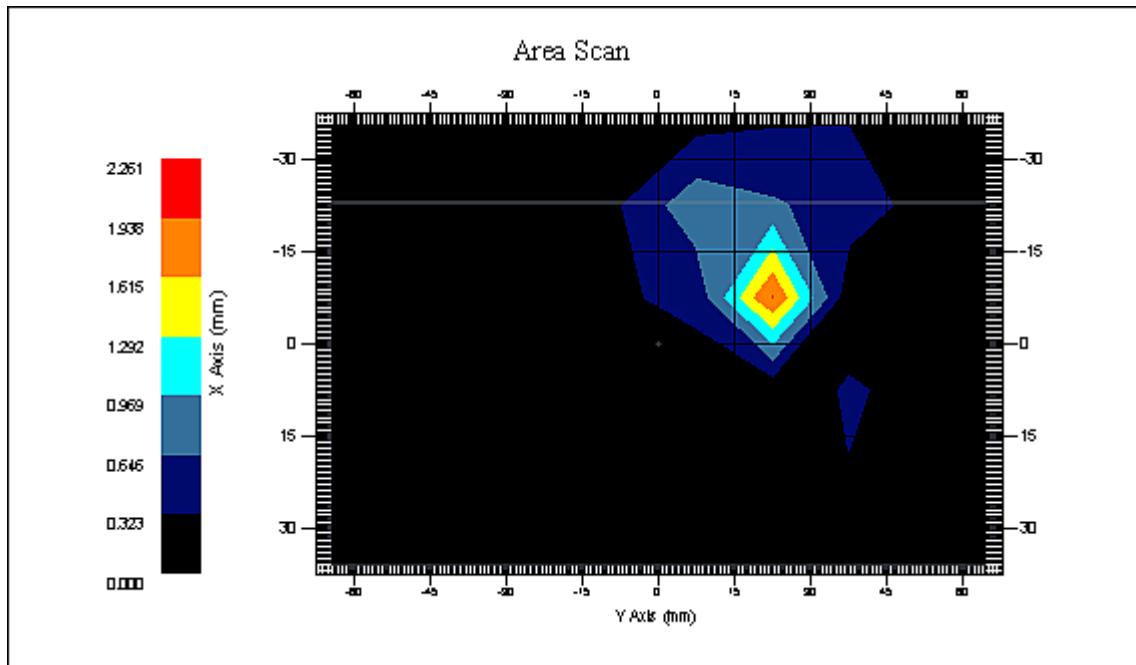
Probe Data  
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL  
Model : E020  
Type : E-Field Triangle  
Serial No. : 215  
Last Calib. Date : 23-Feb-2010  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Duty Cycle Factor: 1  
Conversion Factor: 5.8  
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu$ V/ (V/m)<sup>2</sup>  
Compression Point: 95.00 mV  
Offset : 1.56 mm

**Measurement Data**

Crest Factor : 1  
 Scan Type : Complete  
 Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C  
 Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
 Set-up Date : 22-Mar-2010  
 Set-up Time : 8:47:41 AM  
 Area Scan : 6x10x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm  
 Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

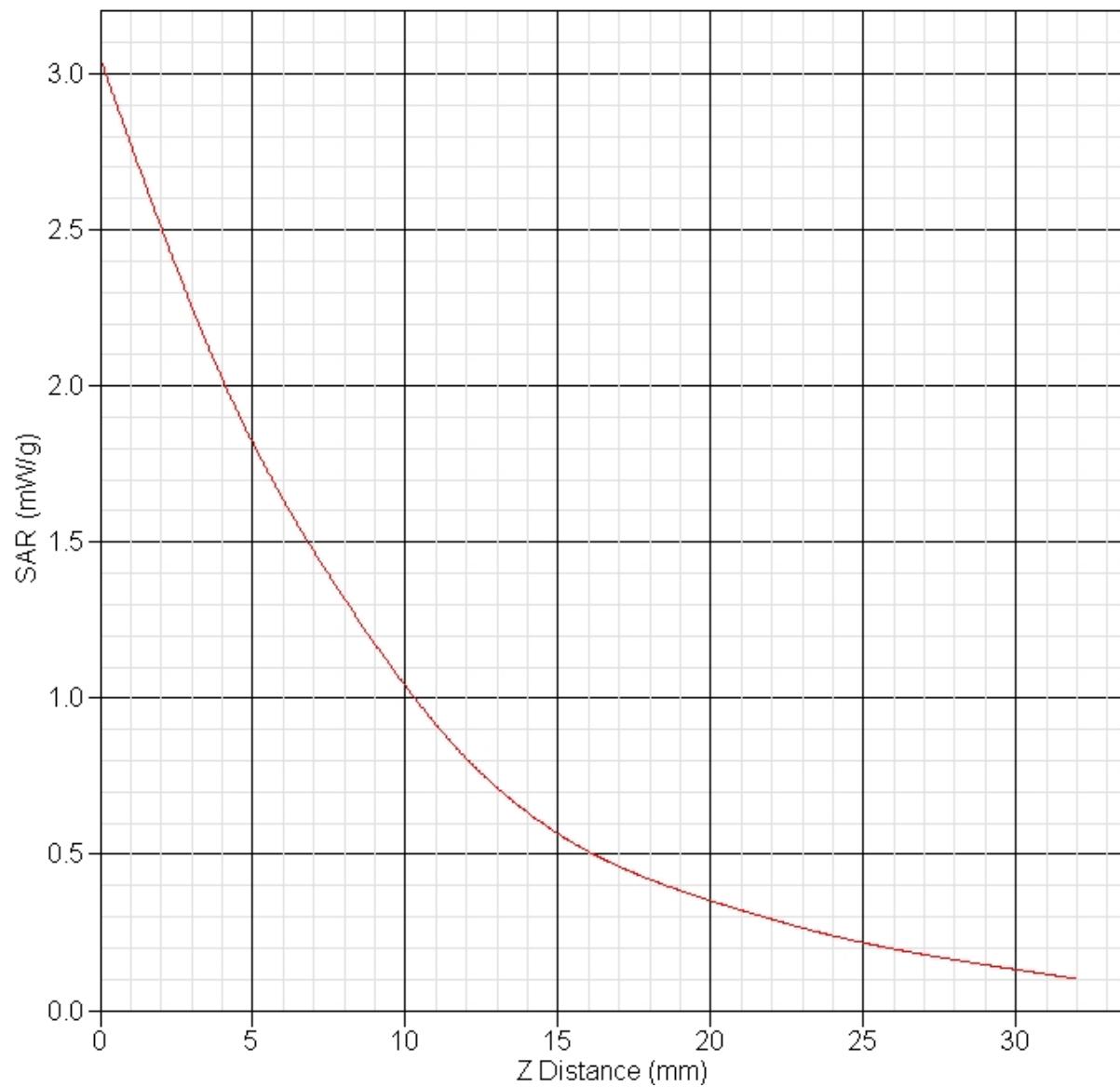
**Other Data**

DUT Position : Touch - Front  
 Separation : 0  
 Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 1.552 W/kg  
 10 gram SAR value : 0.696 W/kg  
 Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.940 W/kg  
 Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 3.052 W/kg

**SAR-Z Axis**  
at Hotspot x:-7.91 y:14.84



**SAR Test Report**

By Operator : Jay  
Measurement Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Starting Time : 22-Mar-2010 09:38:44 AM  
End Time : 22-Mar-2010 09:58:31 AM  
Scanning Time : 1187 secs

Product Data  
Device Name : Blackbird Technologies  
Serial No. : 359446  
Mode : BPSK  
Model : BAT Rev H  
Frequency : 1611.25 MHz  
Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W  
Drift Time : 0 min(s)  
Length : 72 mm  
Width : 130 mm  
Depth : 25 mm  
Antenna Type : Internal  
Orientation : Touch - Back  
Power Drift-Start : 0.049 W/kg  
Power Drift-Finish: 0.050 W/kg  
Power Drift (%) : 2.049

Phantom Data  
Name : APREL-Uni  
Type : Uni-Phantom  
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200  
Serial No. : System Default  
Location : Center  
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data  
Type : BODY  
Serial No. : 1640  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Last Calib. Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Temperature : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Humidity : 45.00 RH%  
Epsilon : 53.65 F/m  
Sigma : 1.43 S/m  
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

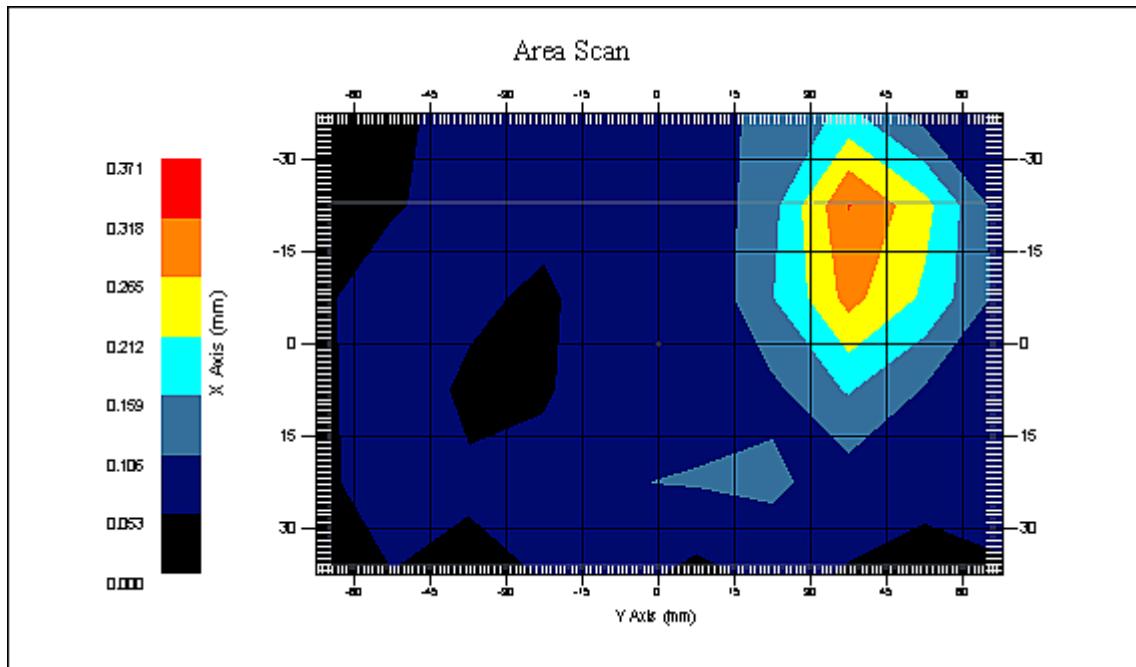
Probe Data  
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL  
Model : E020  
Type : E-Field Triangle  
Serial No. : 215  
Last Calib. Date : 23-Feb-2010  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Duty Cycle Factor: 1  
Conversion Factor: 5.8  
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu$ V/ (V/m)<sup>2</sup>  
Compression Point: 95.00 mV  
Offset : 1.56 mm

**Measurement Data**

Crest Factor : 1  
 Scan Type : Complete  
 Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C  
 Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
 Set-up Date : 22-Mar-2010  
 Set-up Time : 8:47:41 AM  
 Area Scan : 6x10x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm  
 Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

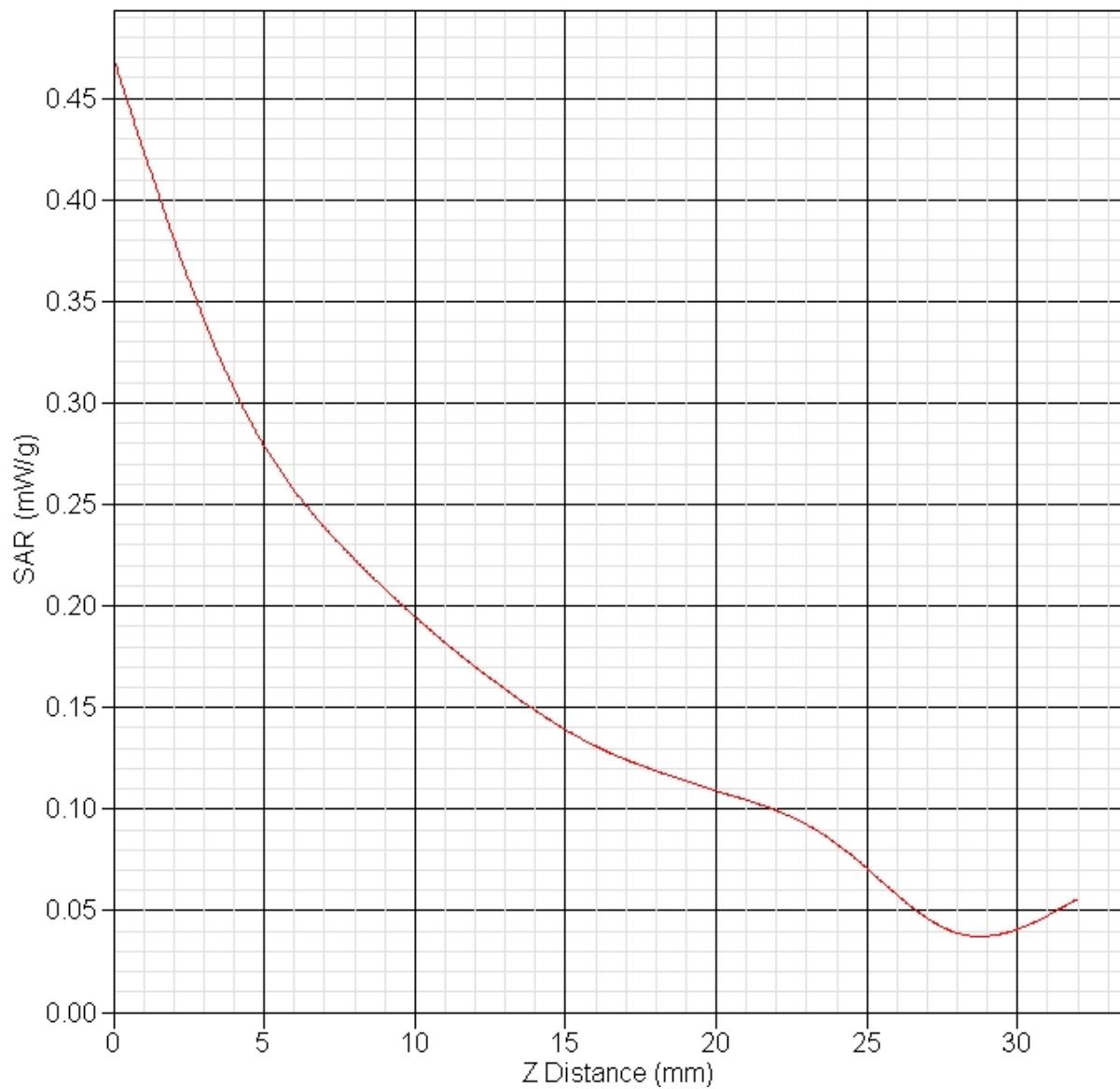
**Other Data**

DUT Position : Touch - Back  
 Separation : 0  
 Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 0.292 W/kg  
 10 gram SAR value : 0.181 W/kg  
 Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.320 W/kg  
 Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.470 W/kg

**SAR-Z Axis**  
at Hotspot x:-15.00 y:37.87



**SAR Test Report**

By Operator : Jay  
Measurement Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Starting Time : 22-Mar-2010 10:25:26 AM  
End Time : 22-Mar-2010 10:43:14 AM  
Scanning Time : 1068 secs

Product Data  
Device Name : Blackbird Technologies  
Serial No. : 359446  
Mode : BPSK  
Model : BAT Rev H  
Frequency : 1611.25 MHz  
Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W  
Drift Time : 0 min(s)  
Length : 25 mm  
Width : 130 mm  
Depth : 75 mm  
Antenna Type : Internal  
Orientation : Touch - Right  
Power Drift-Start : 0.093 W/kg  
Power Drift-Finish: 0.092 W/kg  
Power Drift (%) : -1.073

Phantom Data  
Name : APREL-Uni  
Type : Uni-Phantom  
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200  
Serial No. : System Default  
Location : Center  
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data  
Type : BODY  
Serial No. : 1640  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Last Calib. Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Temperature : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Humidity : 45.00 RH%  
Epsilon : 53.65 F/m  
Sigma : 1.43 S/m  
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

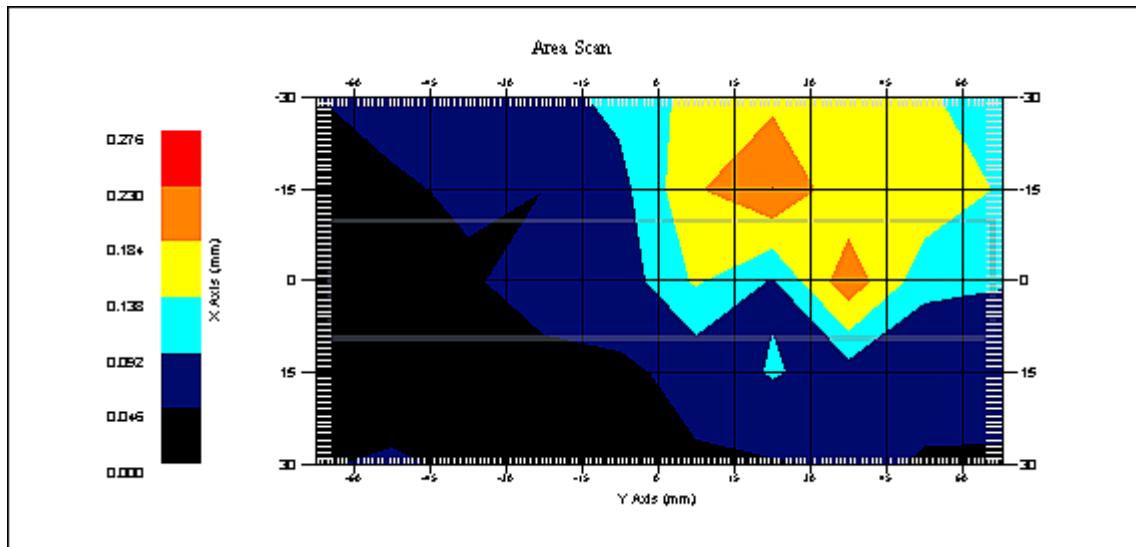
Probe Data  
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL  
Model : E020  
Type : E-Field Triangle  
Serial No. : 215  
Last Calib. Date : 23-Feb-2010  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Duty Cycle Factor: 1  
Conversion Factor: 5.8  
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu$ V/ (V/m)<sup>2</sup>  
Compression Point: 95.00 mV  
Offset : 1.56 mm

**Measurement Data**

Crest Factor : 1  
 Scan Type : Complete  
 Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C  
 Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
 Set-up Date : 22-Mar-2010  
 Set-up Time : 8:47:41 AM  
 Area Scan : 5x10x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm  
 Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

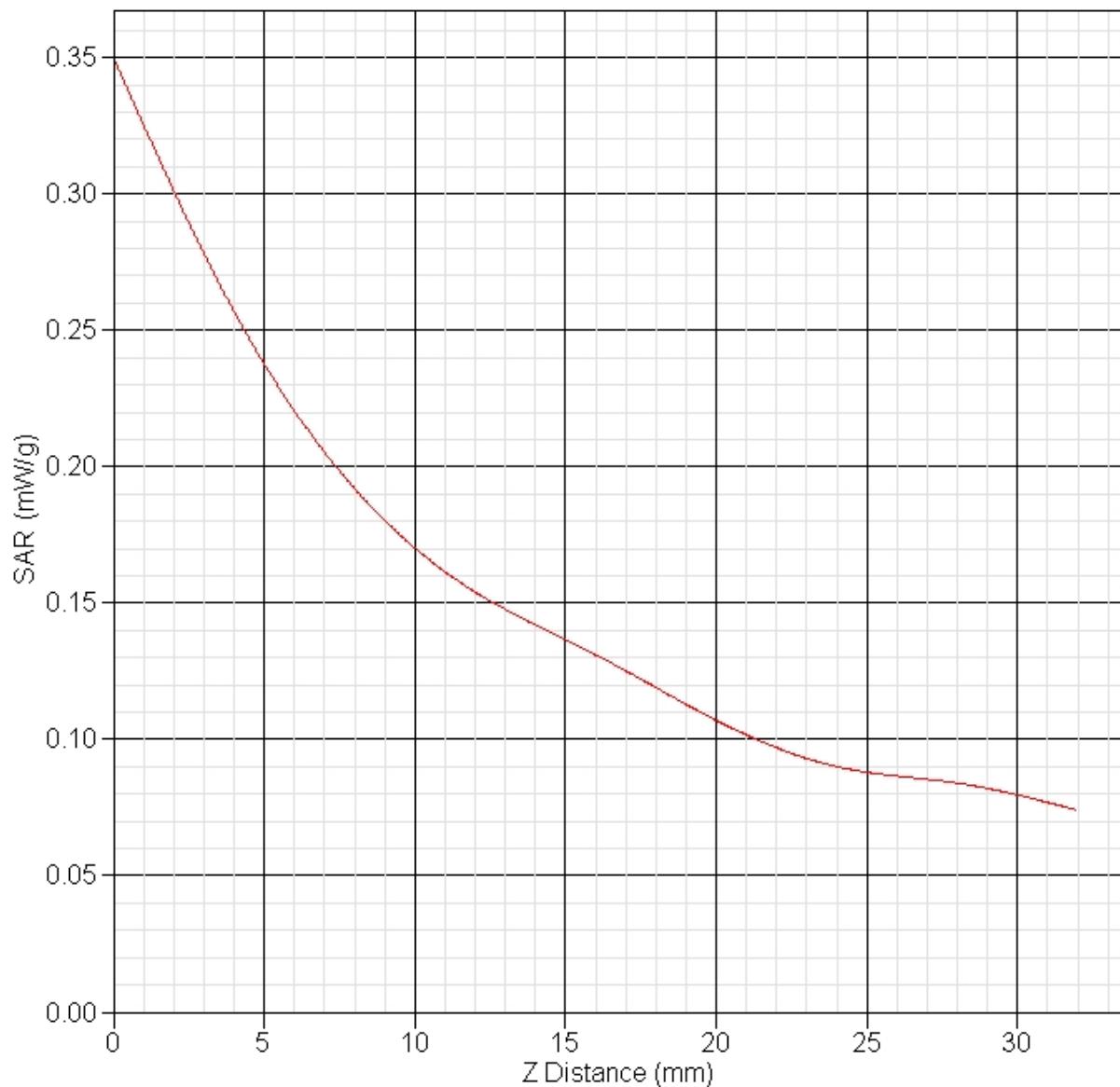
**Other Data**

DUT Position : Touch - Right  
 Separation : 0  
 Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 0.224 W/kg  
 10 gram SAR value : 0.154 W/kg  
 Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.231 W/kg  
 Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.350 W/kg

**SAR-Z Axis**  
at Hotspot x:-6.91 y:22.86



**SAR Test Report**

By Operator : Jay  
Measurement Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Starting Time : 22-Mar-2010 11:06:52 AM  
End Time : 22-Mar-2010 11:24:44 AM  
Scanning Time : 1072 secs

Product Data  
Device Name : Blackbird Technologies  
Serial No. : 359446  
Mode : BPSK  
Model : BAT Rev H  
Frequency : 1611.25 MHz  
Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W  
Drift Time : 0 min(s)  
Length : 25 mm  
Width : 130 mm  
Depth : 75 mm  
Antenna Type : Internal  
Orientation : Touch - Left  
Power Drift-Start : 0.132 W/kg  
Power Drift-Finish: 0.132 W/kg  
Power Drift (%) : -0.239

Phantom Data  
Name : APREL-Uni  
Type : Uni-Phantom  
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200  
Serial No. : System Default  
Location : Center  
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data  
Type : BODY  
Serial No. : 1640  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Last Calib. Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Temperature : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Humidity : 45.00 RH%  
Epsilon : 53.65 F/m  
Sigma : 1.43 S/m  
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

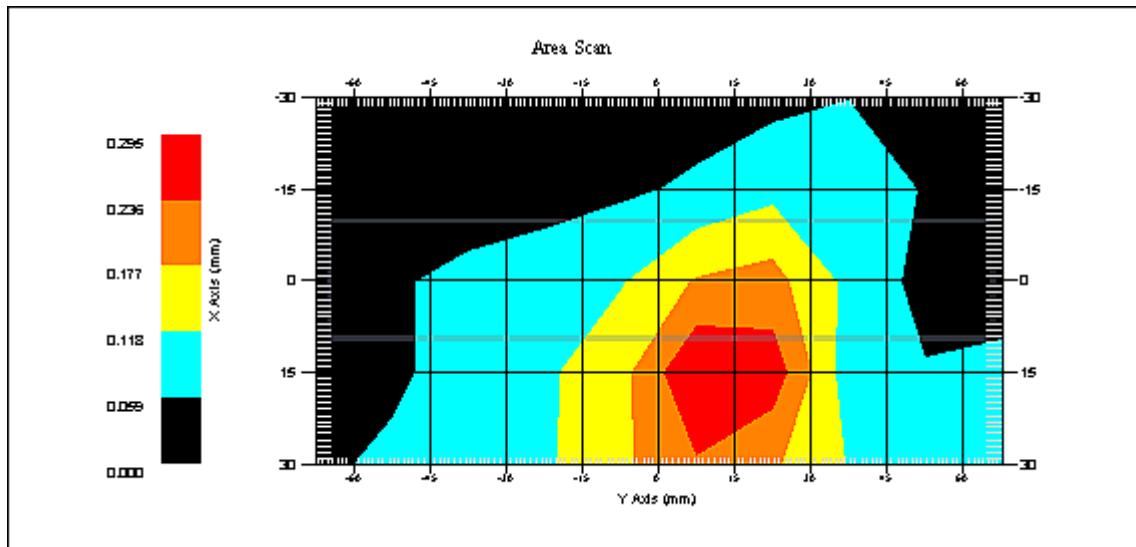
Probe Data  
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL  
Model : E020  
Type : E-Field Triangle  
Serial No. : 215  
Last Calib. Date : 23-Feb-2010  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Duty Cycle Factor: 1  
Conversion Factor: 5.8  
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu$ V/ (V/m)<sup>2</sup>  
Compression Point: 95.00 mV  
Offset : 1.56 mm

**Measurement Data**

Crest Factor : 1  
 Scan Type : Complete  
 Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C  
 Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
 Set-up Date : 22-Mar-2010  
 Set-up Time : 8:47:41 AM  
 Area Scan : 5x10x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm  
 Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

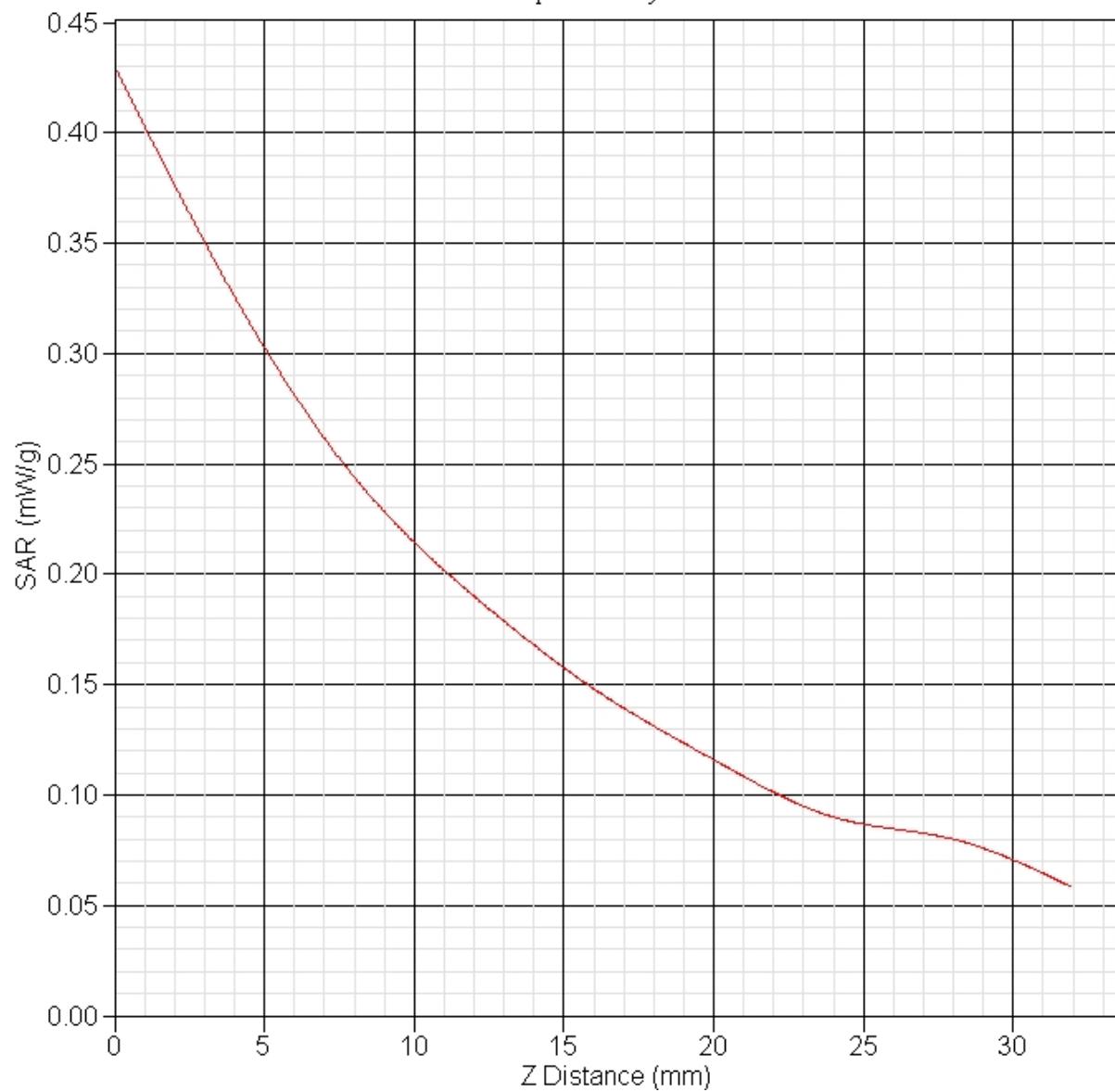
**Other Data**

DUT Position : Touch - Left  
 Separation : 0  
 Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 0.257 W/kg  
 10 gram SAR value : 0.206 W/kg  
 Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.293 W/kg  
 Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.430 W/kg

**SAR-Z Axis**  
at Hotspot x:15.03 y:15.87



**SAR Test Report**

By Operator : Jay  
Measurement Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Starting Time : 22-Mar-2010 09:15:55 AM  
End Time : 22-Mar-2010 09:35:38 AM  
Scanning Time : 1183 secs

Product Data  
Device Name : Blackbird Technologies  
Serial No. : 359446  
Mode : BPSK  
Model : BAT Rev H  
Frequency : 1616.25 MHz  
Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W  
Drift Time : 0 min(s)  
Length : 72 mm  
Width : 130 mm  
Depth : 25 mm  
Antenna Type : Internal  
Orientation : Touch - Front  
Power Drift-Start : 0.300 W/kg  
Power Drift-Finish: 0.296 W/kg  
Power Drift (%) : -1.208

Phantom Data  
Name : APREL-Uni  
Type : Uni-Phantom  
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200  
Serial No. : System Default  
Location : Center  
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data  
Type : BODY  
Serial No. : 1640  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Last Calib. Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Temperature : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Humidity : 45.00 RH%  
Epsilon : 53.65 F/m  
Sigma : 1.43 S/m  
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

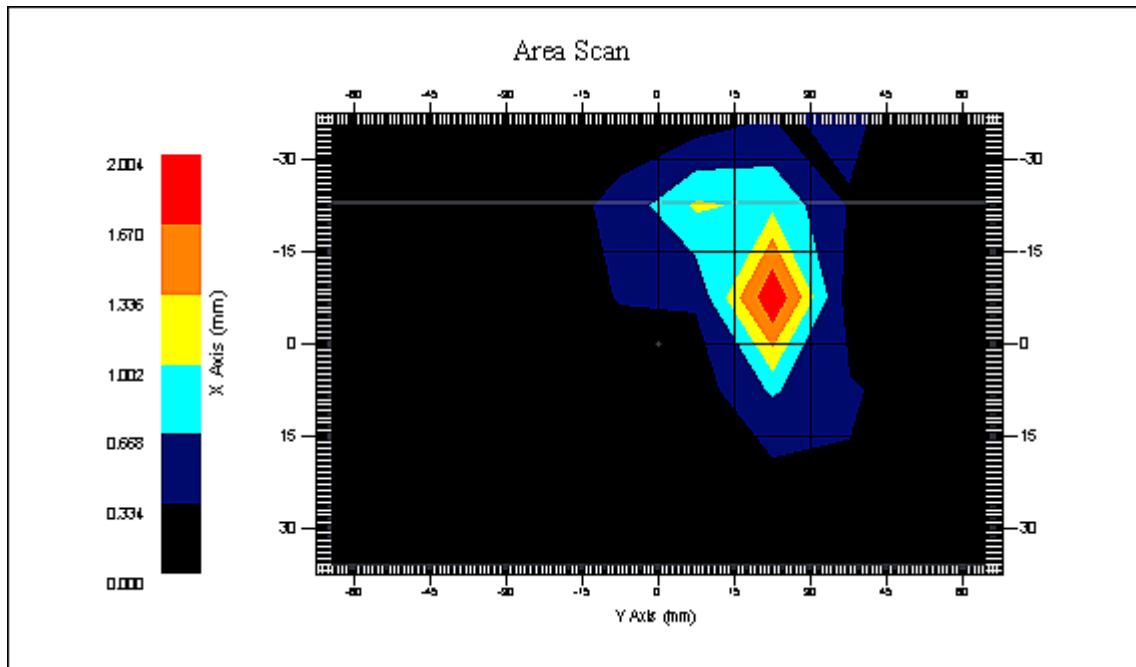
Probe Data  
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL  
Model : E020  
Type : E-Field Triangle  
Serial No. : 215  
Last Calib. Date : 23-Feb-2010  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Duty Cycle Factor: 1  
Conversion Factor: 5.8  
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu$ V/ (V/m)<sup>2</sup>  
Compression Point: 95.00 mV  
Offset : 1.56 mm

## Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1  
Scan Type : Complete  
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Set-up Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Set-up Time : 8:47:41 AM  
Area Scan : 6x10x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm  
Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

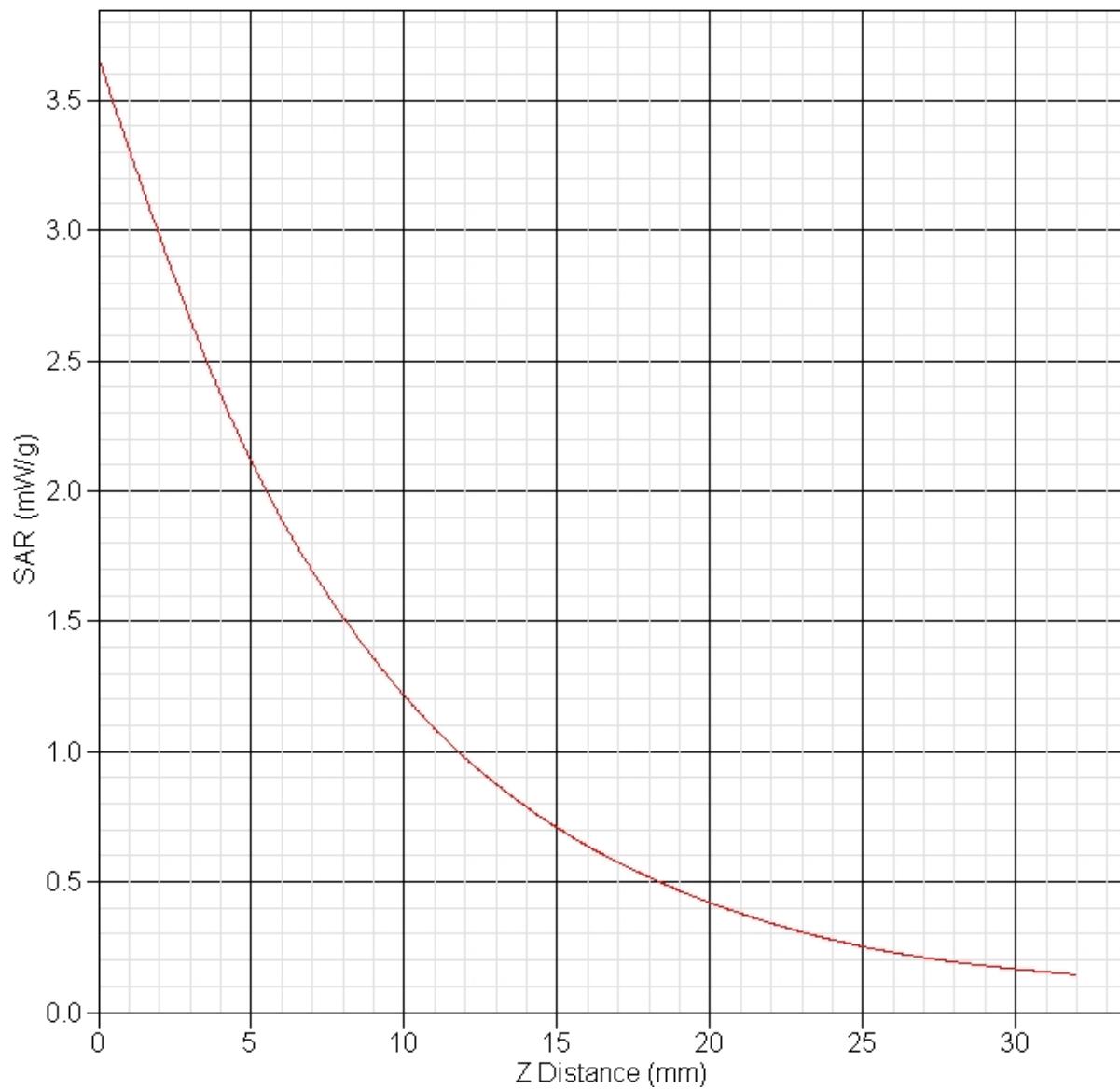
## Other Data

DUT Position : Touch - Front  
Separation : 0  
Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 1.816 W/kg  
10 gram SAR value : 0.808 W/kg  
Area Scan Peak SAR : 2.004 W/kg  
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 3.663 W/kg

**SAR-Z Axis**  
at Hotspot x:-7.93 y:14.86



**SAR Test Report**

By Operator : Jay  
Measurement Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Starting Time : 22-Mar-2010 10:00:57 AM  
End Time : 22-Mar-2010 10:20:42 AM  
Scanning Time : 1185 secs

Product Data  
Device Name : Blackbird Technologies  
Serial No. : 359446  
Mode : BPSK  
Model : BAT Rev H  
Frequency : 1616.25 MHz  
Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W  
Drift Time : 0 min(s)  
Length : 72 mm  
Width : 130 mm  
Depth : 25 mm  
Antenna Type : Internal  
Orientation : Touch - Back  
Power Drift-Start : 0.051 W/kg  
Power Drift-Finish: 0.051 W/kg  
Power Drift (%) : 0.468

Phantom Data  
Name : APREL-Uni  
Type : Uni-Phantom  
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200  
Serial No. : System Default  
Location : Center  
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data  
Type : BODY  
Serial No. : 1640  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Last Calib. Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Temperature : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Humidity : 45.00 RH%  
Epsilon : 53.65 F/m  
Sigma : 1.43 S/m  
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

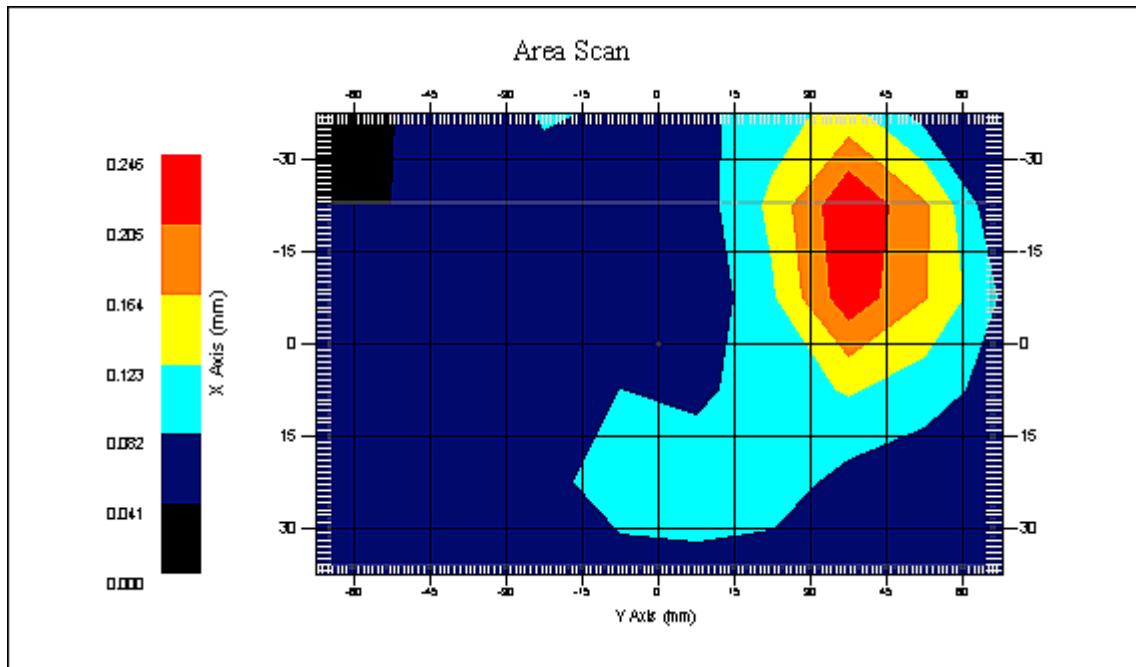
Probe Data  
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL  
Model : E020  
Type : E-Field Triangle  
Serial No. : 215  
Last Calib. Date : 23-Feb-2010  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Duty Cycle Factor: 1  
Conversion Factor: 5.8  
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu$ V/ (V/m)<sup>2</sup>  
Compression Point: 95.00 mV  
Offset : 1.56 mm

**Measurement Data**

Crest Factor : 1  
 Scan Type : Complete  
 Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C  
 Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
 Set-up Date : 22-Mar-2010  
 Set-up Time : 8:47:41 AM  
 Area Scan : 6x10x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm  
 Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

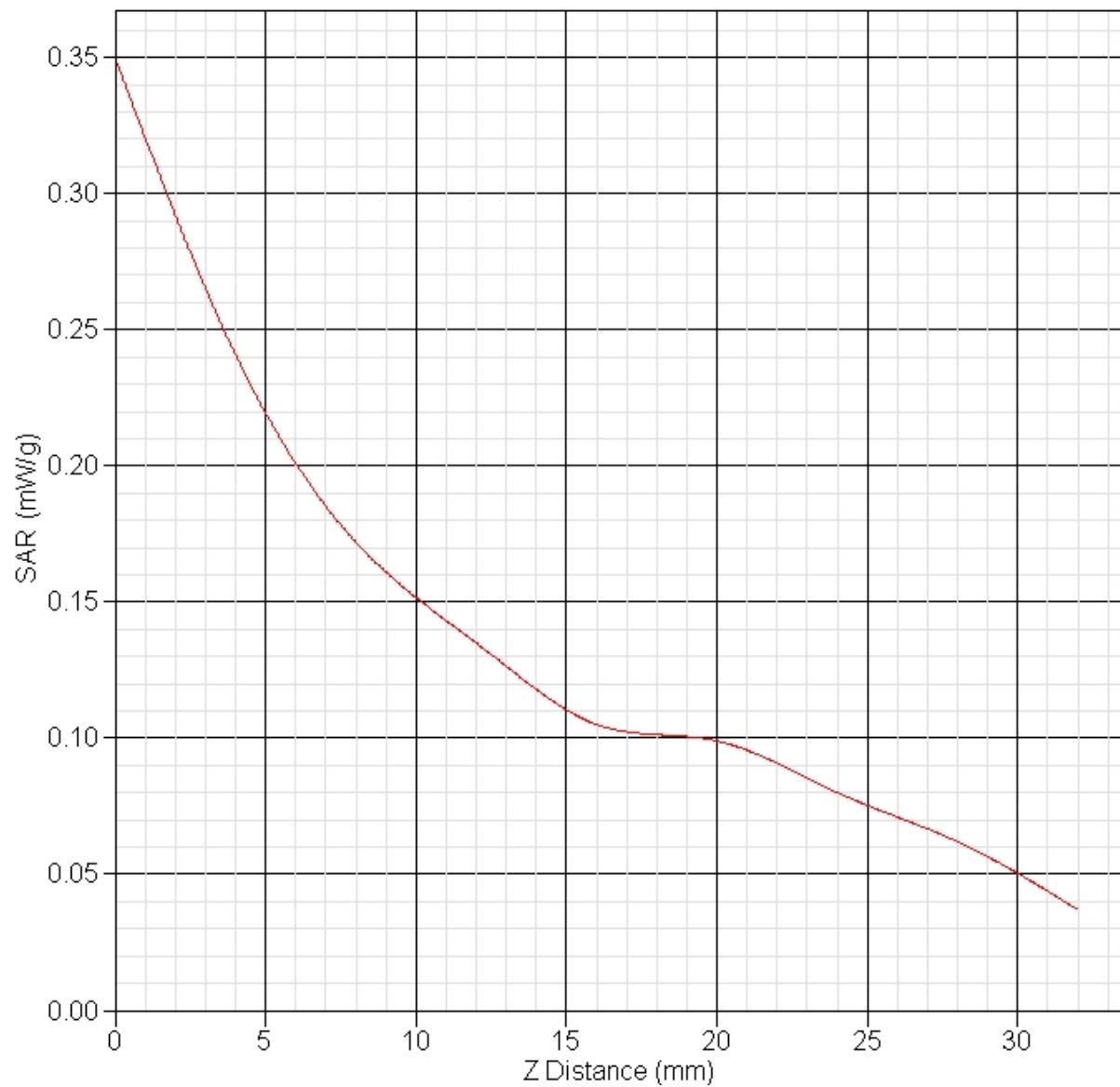
**Other Data**

DUT Position : Touch - Back  
 Separation : 0  
 Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 0.224 W/kg  
 10 gram SAR value : 0.145 W/kg  
 Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.245 W/kg  
 Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.350 W/kg

**SAR-Z Axis**  
at Hotspot x:-14.97 y:37.84



**SAR Test Report**

By Operator : Jay  
Measurement Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Starting Time : 22-Mar-2010 10:47:03 AM  
End Time : 22-Mar-2010 11:04:45 AM  
Scanning Time : 1062 secs

Product Data  
Device Name : Blackbird Technologies  
Serial No. : 359446  
Mode : BPSK  
Model : BAT Rev H  
Frequency : 1616.25 MHz  
Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W  
Drift Time : 0 min(s)  
Length : 25 mm  
Width : 130 mm  
Depth : 75 mm  
Antenna Type : Internal  
Orientation : Touch - Right  
Power Drift-Start : 0.072 W/kg  
Power Drift-Finish: 0.075 W/kg  
Power Drift (%) : 4.164

Phantom Data  
Name : APREL-Uni  
Type : Uni-Phantom  
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200  
Serial No. : System Default  
Location : Center  
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data  
Type : BODY  
Serial No. : 1640  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Last Calib. Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Temperature : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Humidity : 45.00 RH%  
Epsilon : 53.65 F/m  
Sigma : 1.43 S/m  
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

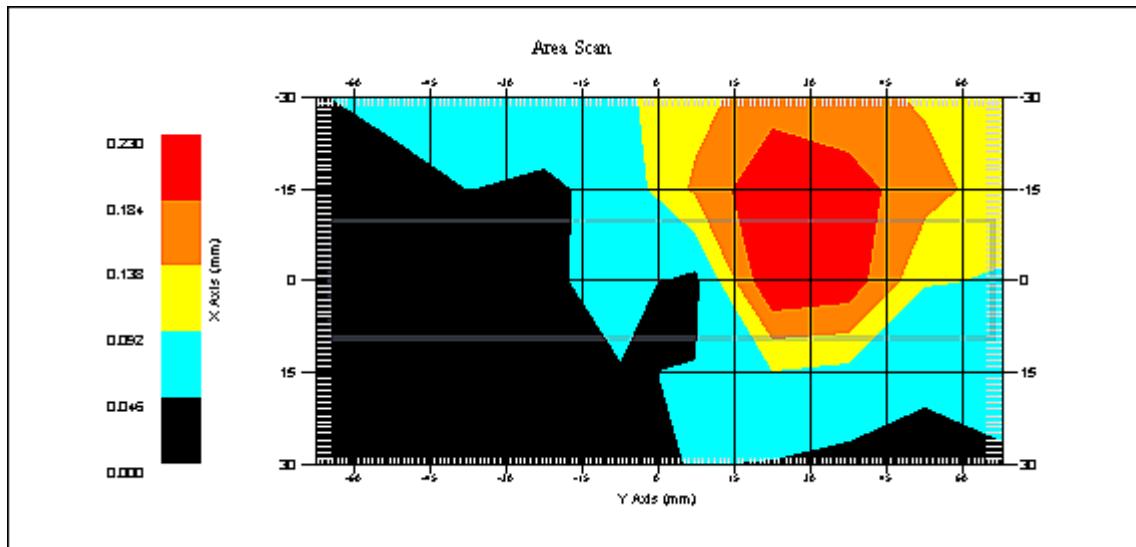
Probe Data  
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL  
Model : E020  
Type : E-Field Triangle  
Serial No. : 215  
Last Calib. Date : 23-Feb-2010  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Duty Cycle Factor: 1  
Conversion Factor: 5.8  
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu$ V/ (V/m)<sup>2</sup>  
Compression Point: 95.00 mV  
Offset : 1.56 mm

**Measurement Data**

Crest Factor : 1  
 Scan Type : Complete  
 Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C  
 Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
 Set-up Date : 22-Mar-2010  
 Set-up Time : 8:47:41 AM  
 Area Scan : 5x10x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm  
 Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

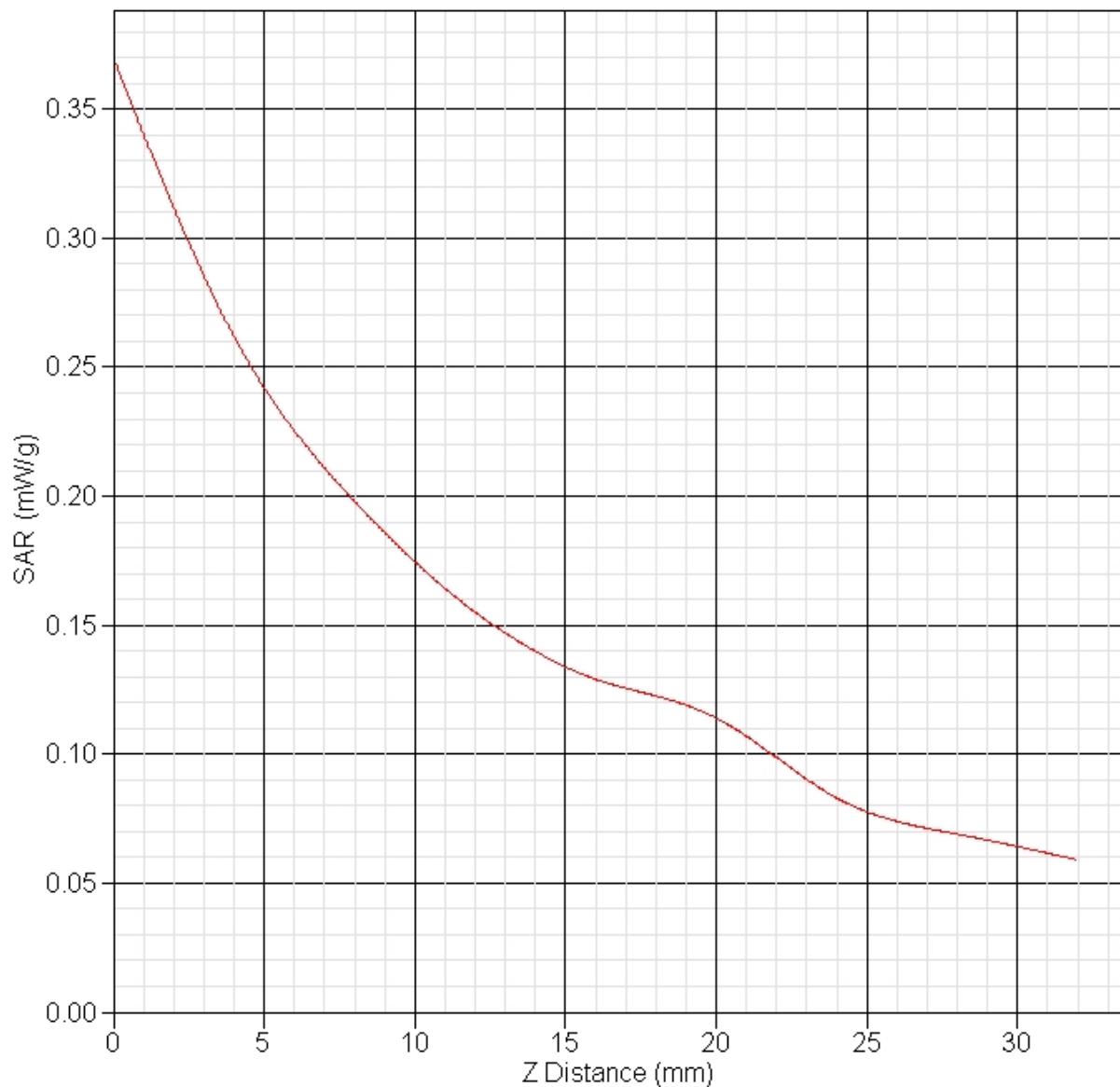
**Other Data**

DUT Position : Touch - Right  
 Separation : 0  
 Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 0.224 W/kg  
 10 gram SAR value : 0.171 W/kg  
 Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.228 W/kg  
 Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.370 W/kg

**SAR-Z Axis**  
at Hotspot x:-7.98 y:30.84



**SAR Test Report**

By Operator : Jay  
Measurement Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Starting Time : 22-Mar-2010 11:27:26 AM  
End Time : 22-Mar-2010 11:46:03 AM  
Scanning Time : 1117 secs

Product Data  
Device Name : Blackbird Technologies  
Serial No. : 359446  
Mode : BPSK  
Model : BAT Rev H  
Frequency : 1616.25 MHz  
Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W  
Drift Time : 0 min(s)  
Length : 25 mm  
Width : 130 mm  
Depth : 75 mm  
Antenna Type : Internal  
Orientation : Touch - Left  
Power Drift-Start : 0.153 W/kg  
Power Drift-Finish: 0.152 W/kg  
Power Drift (%) : -0.319

Phantom Data  
Name : APREL-Uni  
Type : Uni-Phantom  
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200  
Serial No. : System Default  
Location : Center  
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data  
Type : BODY  
Serial No. : 1640  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Last Calib. Date : 22-Mar-2010  
Temperature : 20.00 °C  
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
Humidity : 45.00 RH%  
Epsilon : 53.65 F/m  
Sigma : 1.43 S/m  
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

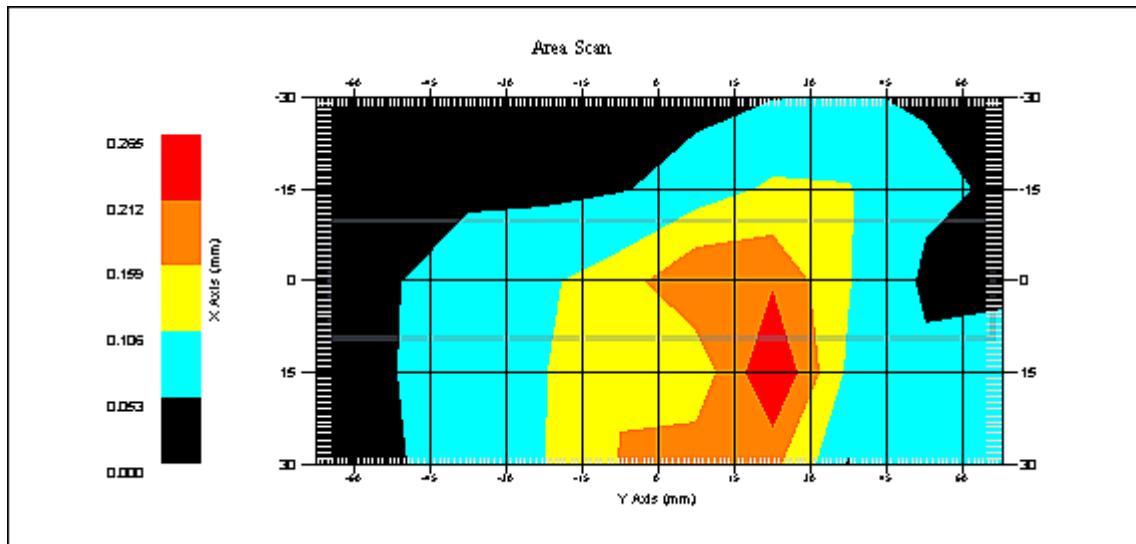
Probe Data  
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL  
Model : E020  
Type : E-Field Triangle  
Serial No. : 215  
Last Calib. Date : 23-Feb-2010  
Frequency : 1640.00 MHz  
Duty Cycle Factor: 1  
Conversion Factor: 5.8  
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu$ V/ (V/m)<sup>2</sup>  
Compression Point: 95.00 mV  
Offset : 1.56 mm

**Measurement Data**

Crest Factor : 1  
 Scan Type : Complete  
 Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C  
 Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C  
 Set-up Date : 22-Mar-2010  
 Set-up Time : 8:47:41 AM  
 Area Scan : 5x10x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm  
 Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

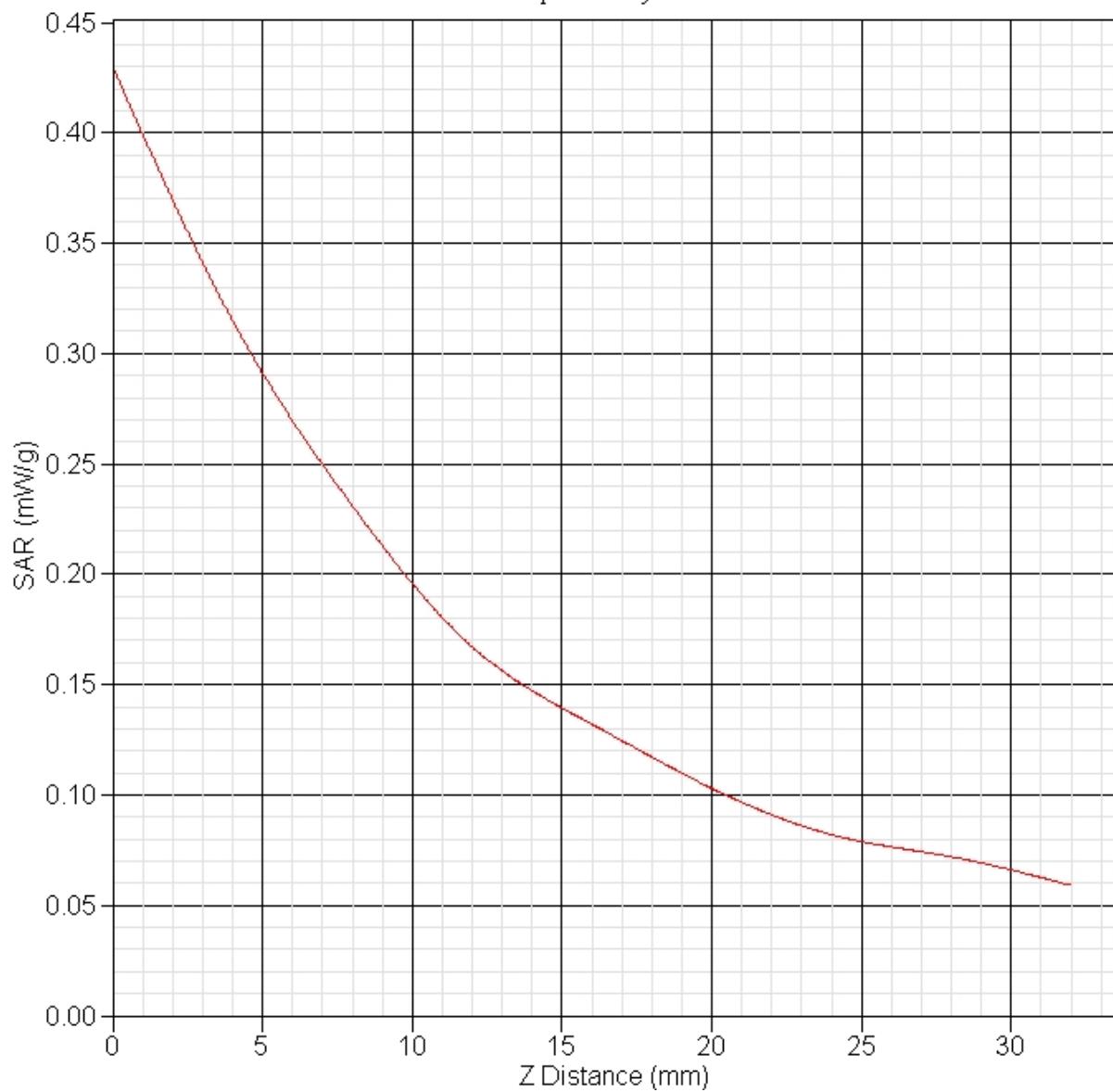
**Other Data**

DUT Position : Touch - Left  
 Separation : 0  
 Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 0.244 W/kg  
 10 gram SAR value : 0.167 W/kg  
 Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.264 W/kg  
 Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.430 W/kg

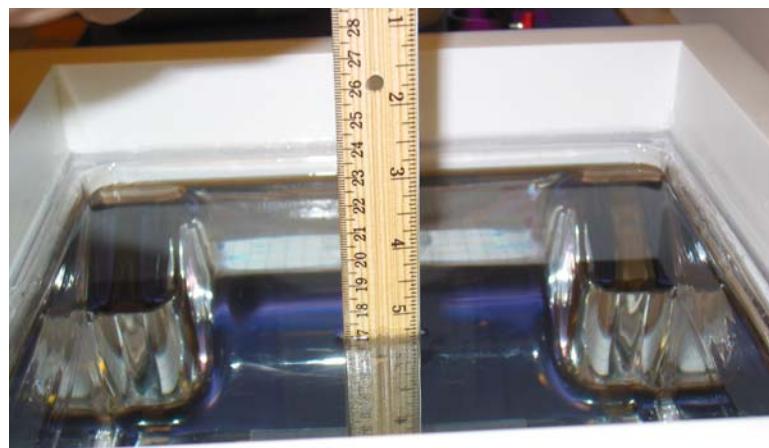
**SAR-Z Axis**  
at Hotspot x:7.00 y:14.87



## Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos



## System Body Configuration



## Body Tissue Depth

**Front Test Position****Back Test Position**

**Right Test Position****Left Test Position**

**Front of Device****Back of Device**

## Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets

# NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: CP-1120

Client.: RFEL

## C E R T I F I C A T E   O F   C A L I B R A T I O N

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the  
**NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized  
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 1640 MHz

Head Calibration

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-020

Serial No.: 215

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2

Project No: RFEL-E020-CAL-1640-5499

Calibrated: 23<sup>rd</sup> February 2010  
Released on: 23<sup>rd</sup> February 2010

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary  
This calibration has been conducted in line with the SCC ISO-IEC 17025 Scope of Accreditation

Accredited Laboratory Number 48

Released By: \_\_\_\_\_

**NCL** CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY  
NEPEAN, ONTARIO  
CANADA K2R 1E6

Division of APREL Lab.  
TEL: (613) 820-4988  
FAX: (613) 820-4161

## **NCL Calibration Laboratories**

---

Division of APREL Laboratories.

### **Introduction**

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 215.

### **References**

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure  
IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"  
IEEE 1309 "IEEE Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9 KHz to 40 GHz" 2005  
SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure  
IEC 62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and Head-mounted wireless communication devices –Human models, instrumentation and procedures Part 1 & 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 200MHz to 3GHz)"

### **Conditions**

Probe 215 was a re-calibration.

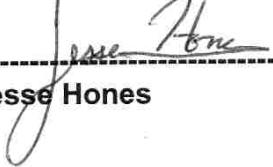
**Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:** 22 °C +/- 0.5°C  
**Temperature of the Tissue:** 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

**We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.**



---

Stuart Nicol



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Jesse Hones

## Calibration Results Summary

<b>Probe Type:</b>	E-Field Probe E-020
<b>Serial Number:</b>	215
<b>Frequency:</b>	1640 MHz
<b>Sensor Offset:</b>	1.56 mm
<b>Sensor Length:</b>	2.5 mm
<b>Tip Enclosure:</b>	Ertalyte*
<b>Tip Diameter:</b>	<5 mm
<b>Tip Length:</b>	60 mm
<b>Total Length:</b>	290 mm

\*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

### Sensitivity in Air

<b>Channel X:</b>	$1.2 \mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
<b>Channel Y:</b>	$1.2 \mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
<b>Channel Z:</b>	$1.2 \mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
<b>Diode Compression Point:</b>	95 mV

**Sensitivity in Head Tissue Measured****Frequency:** 1640 MHz**Epsilon:** 40.3 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 1.31 S/m (+/-5%)**ConvF****Channel X:** 5.8**Channel Y:** 5.8**Channel Z:** 5.8

Tissue sensitivity values were calculated using the load impedance of the APREL Laboratories Daq-Paq.

**Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

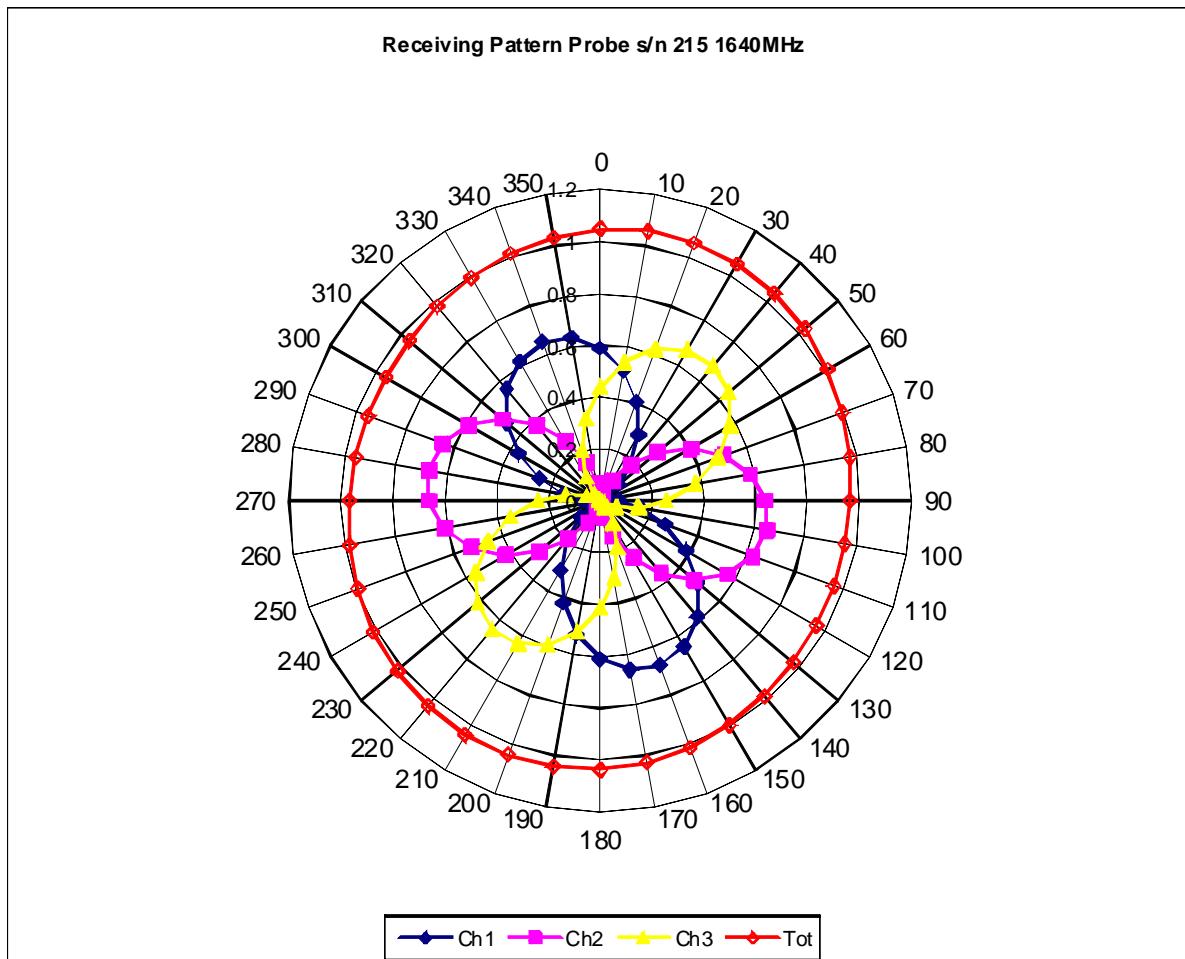
**Spatial Resolution:**

The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

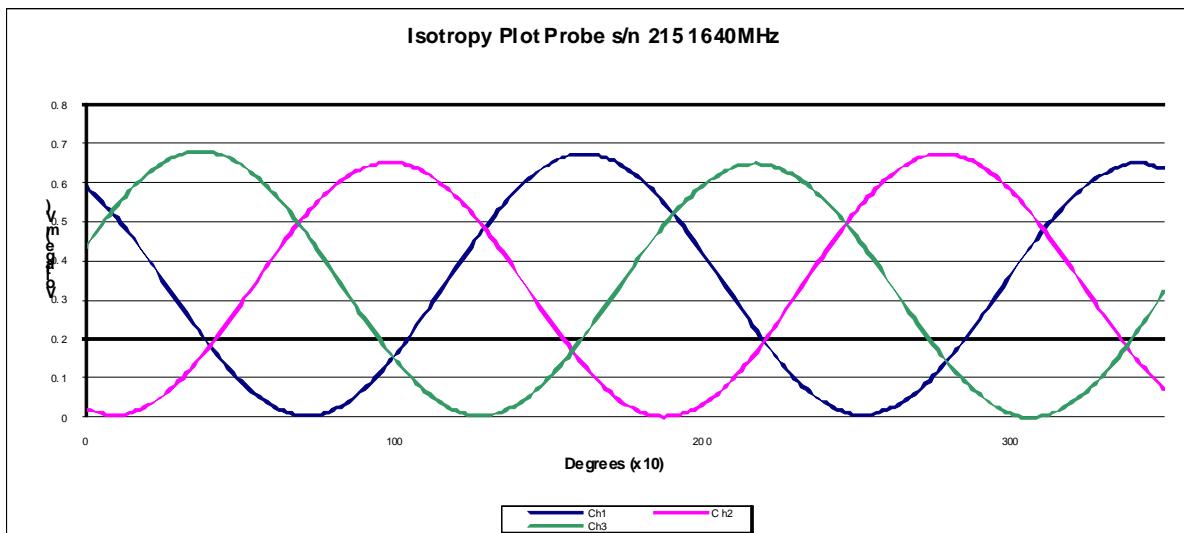
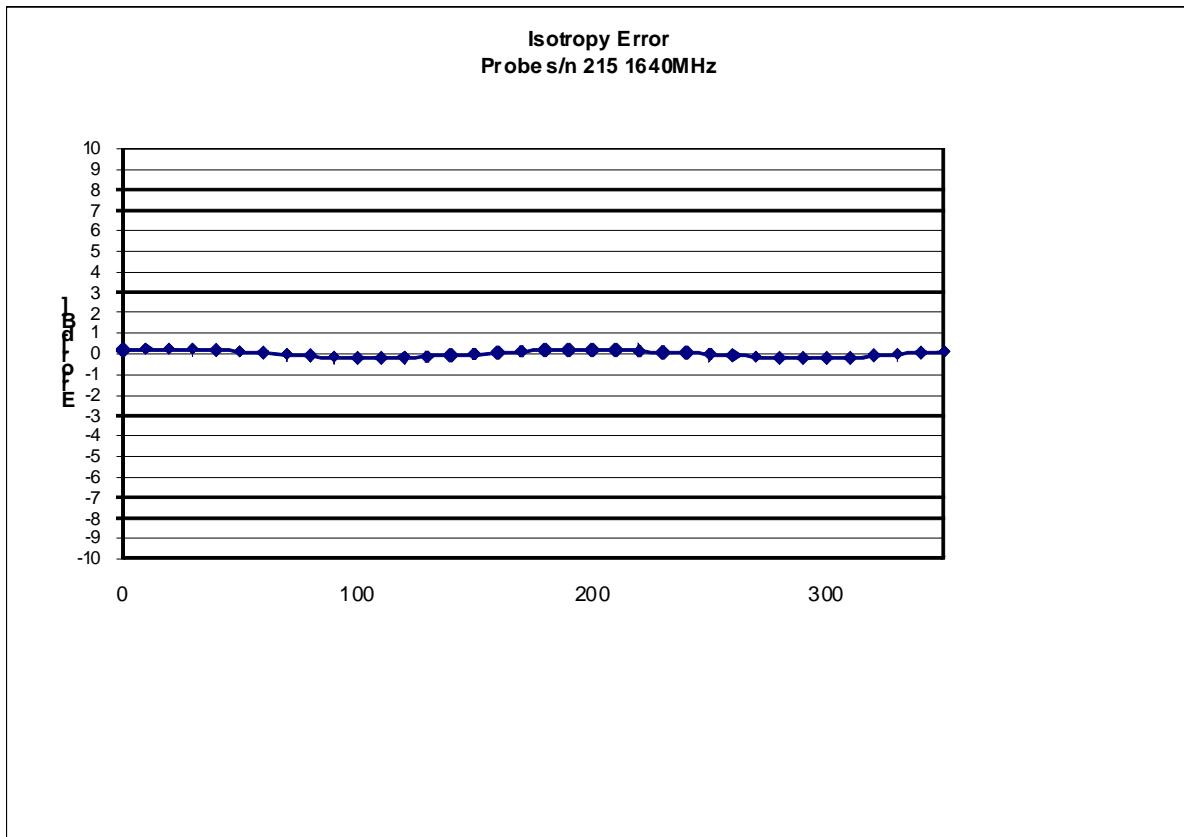
**NOTE:**

Target values for epsilon and sigma were interpolated based on data from FCC Supplement C.

## Receiving Pattern 1640 MHz (Air)



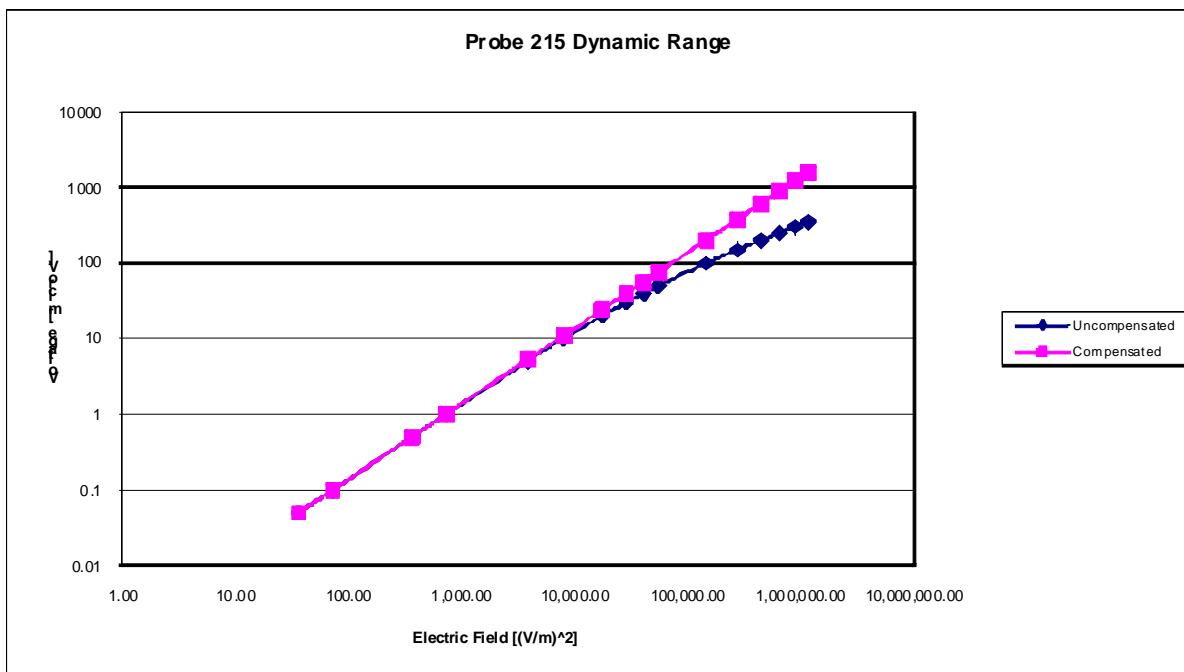
## Isotropy Error 1640 MHz (Air)



**Isotropicity Tissue:**

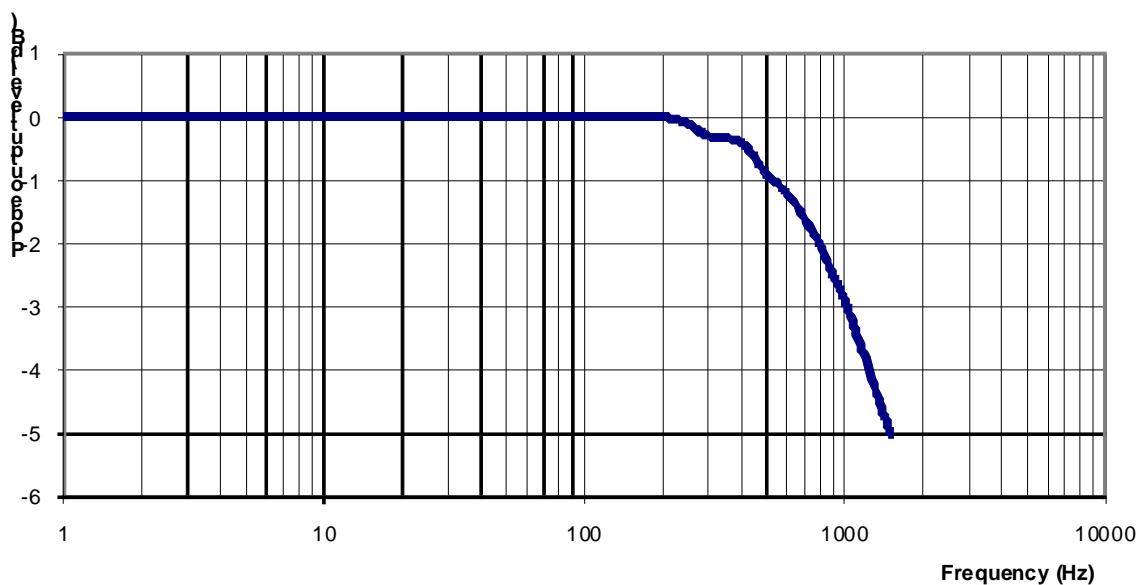
0.10 dB

## Dynamic Range



## Video Bandwidth

**Probe Frequency Characteristics**



**Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz** 1 dB  
**Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz:** 3 dB

## **Conversion Factor Uncertainty Assessment Measured**

### **Sensitivity in Head Tissue**

**Frequency:** 1640 MHz

**Epsilon:** 40.3 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 1.31 S/m (+/-5%)

#### **ConvF**

**Channel X:** 5.8 7.4%(K=2)

**Channel Y:** 5.8 7.4%(K=2)

**Channel Z:** 5.8 7.4%(K=2)

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 MΩ.

#### **Boundary Effect:**

For a distance of 2.5mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

## **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2009.

## Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets

## NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1121  
Project Number: Rfeb-5500

## C E R T I F I C A T E   O F   C A L I B R A T I O N

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the  
**NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized  
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories  
Part number: ALS-D-1640-S-2  
Frequency: 1640 MHz  
Serial No: 207-001-01

Customer: RFEL

Calibrated: 23<sup>rd</sup> February 2010  
Released on: 23<sup>rd</sup> February 2010

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By: \_\_\_\_\_

## NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

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NEPEAN, ONTARIO  
CANADA K2R 1E6

Division of APREL Lab.  
TEL: (613) 820-4988  
FAX: (613) 820-4162

## **NCL Calibration Laboratories**

---

Division of APREL Laboratories.

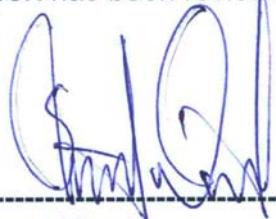
### **Conditions**

Dipole 207-001-01 was a new calibration.

**Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:** 22 °C +/- 0.5°C  
**Temperature of the Tissue:** 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

**We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.**

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this device has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.



**Stuart Nicol**



**C. Teodorian**

## Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

## Mechanical Dimensions

**Length:** 80.4 mm  
**Height:** 45.7 mm

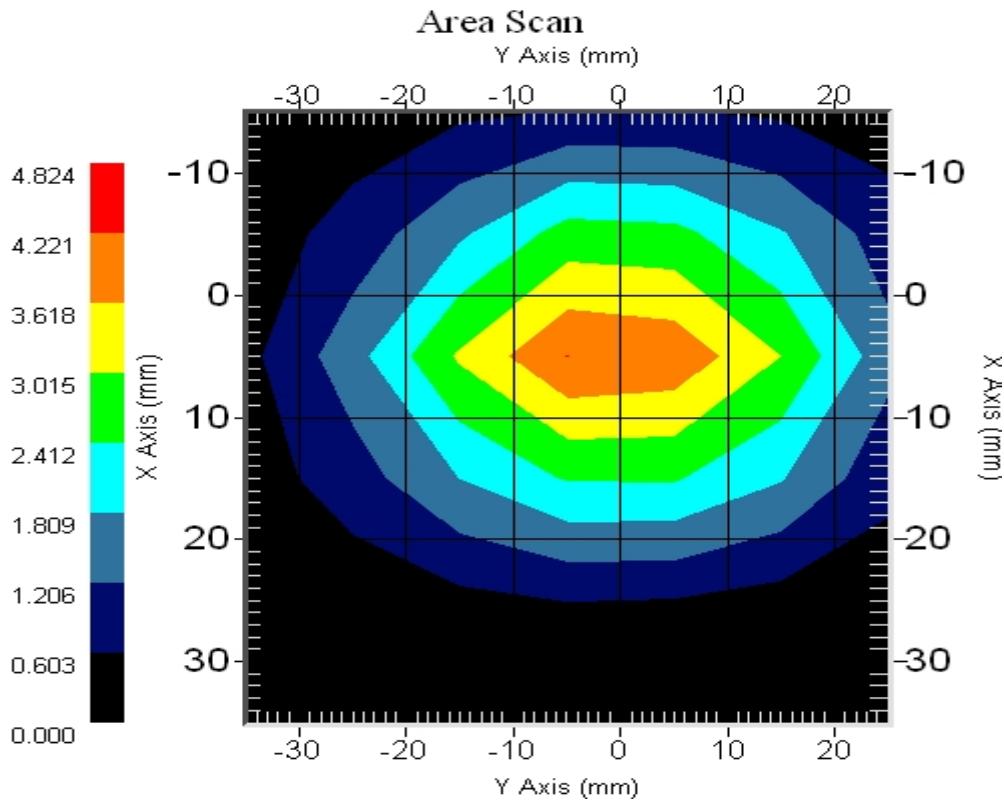
## Electrical Specification

**SWR:** 1.087 U  
**Return Loss:** -27.568 dB  
**Impedance:** 49.426  $\Omega$

## System Validation Results @ 1W

## Measured Values

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
1640 MHz	34.201	18.144	61.76



## Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 207-001-01. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 215.

## References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure

SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

## Conditions

Dipole 207-001-01 was a re-calibration.

**Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:** 22 °C +/- 0.5°C

**Temperature of the Tissue:** 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

## **NCL Calibration Laboratories**

Division of APREL Laboratories.

### **Dipole Calibration Results**

#### **Mechanical Verification**

<b>APREL Length</b>	<b>APREL Height</b>	<b>Measured Length</b>	<b>Measured Height</b>
80.4 mm	45.7 mm	80.4 mm	45.6 mm

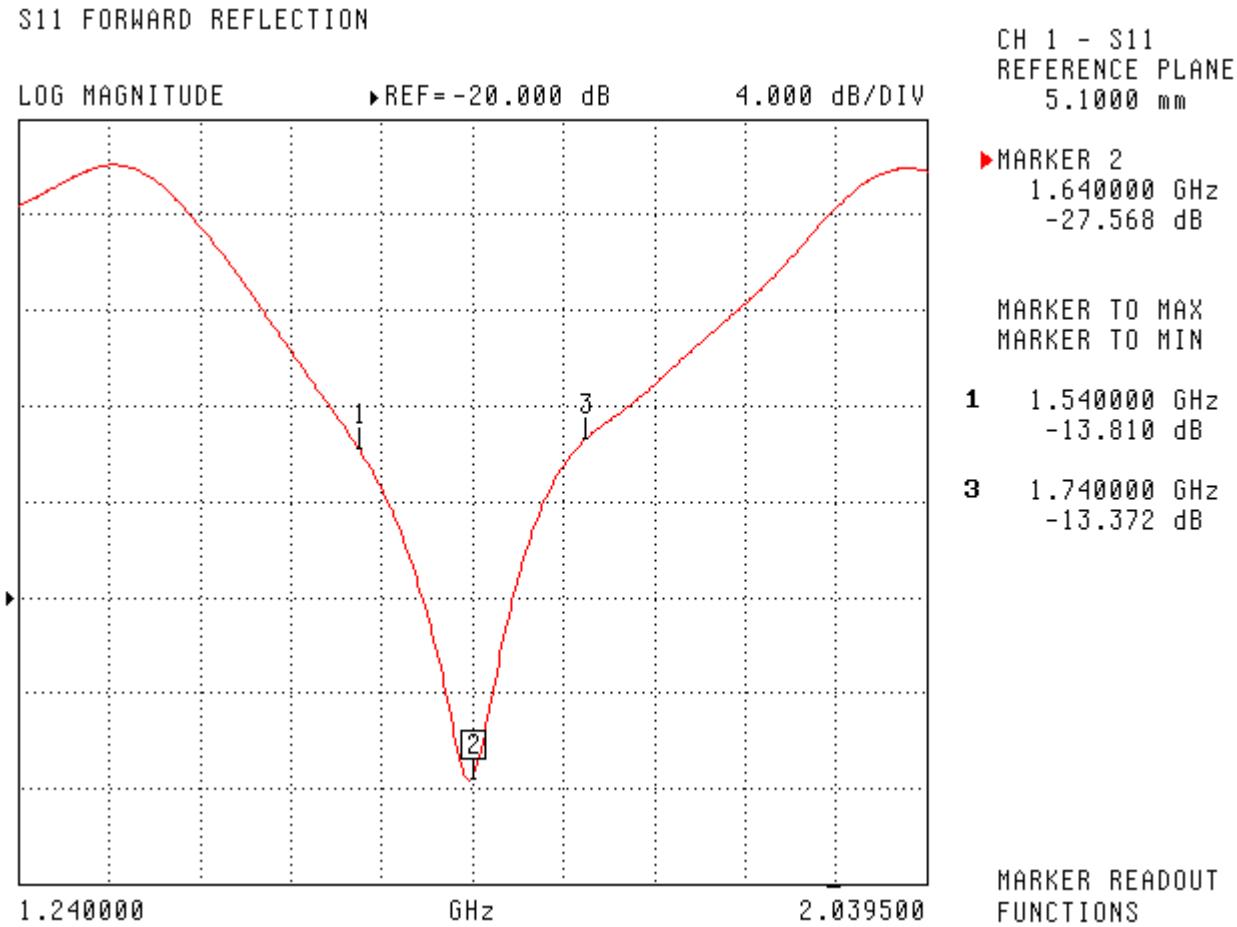
#### **Tissue Validation**

<b>Head Tissue 1640 MHz</b>	<b>Measured</b>
<b>Dielectric constant, <math>\epsilon_r</math></b>	40.3
<b>Conductivity, <math>\sigma</math> [S/m]</b>	1.31

**Electrical Calibration**

Test	Result
S11 R/L	-27.568dB
SWR	1.087U
Impedance	49.426 $\Omega$

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

**S11 Parameter Return Loss**

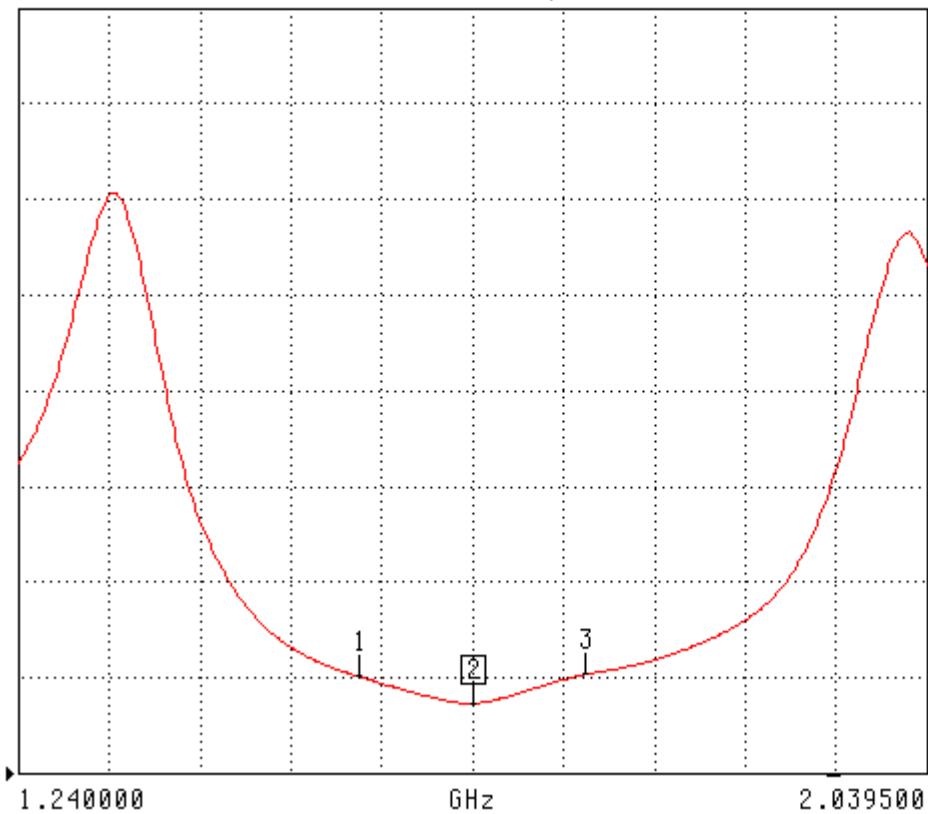
## SWR

S11 FORWARD REFLECTION

SWR

►REF=0.000 pU

1.500 U/DIV



CH 1 - S11  
REFERENCE PLANE  
5.1000 mm

►MARKER 2  
1.640000 GHz  
1.087 U

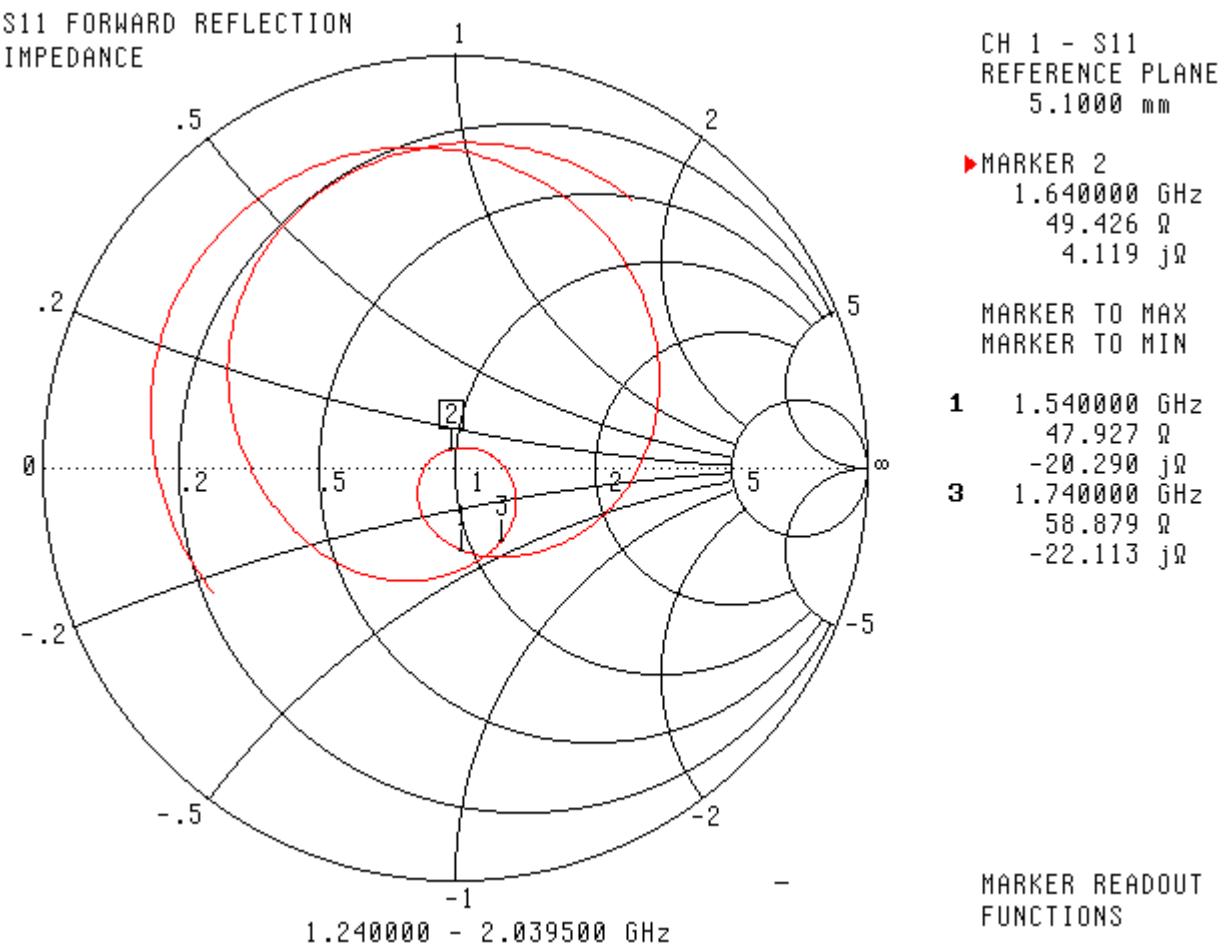
MARKER TO MAX  
MARKER TO MIN

1 1.540000 GHz  
1.512 U

3 1.740000 GHz  
1.546 U

MARKER READOUT  
FUNCTIONS

## Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

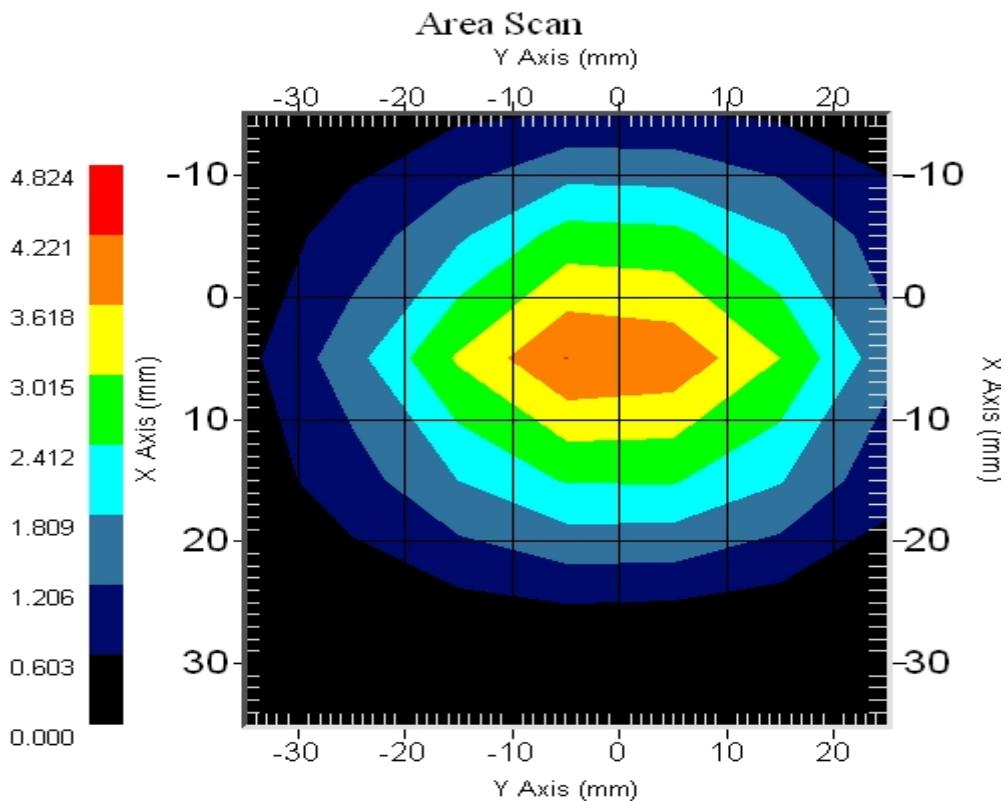


## System Validation Results Using the Electrically Calibrated Dipole

## Results @ 1W

## **Measured Results**

Head Tissue Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak Above Feed Point
1640 MHz	34.201	18.14	61.76



**NOTE: Target values based on interpolated values presented in FCC Supplement C.**

## **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2009.

## Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

## NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: RFE-273

### CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the  
**NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized  
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to National Standards.

Thickness of the UniPhantom is 2 mm  $\pm$  10%  
Pinna thickness is 6 mm  $\pm$  10%

Resolution: 0.01 mm      Calibrated to: 0.0 mm  
Stability: OK      Accuracy: < 0.1 mm

Calibrated By:

Karen K.      Feb 17/04

### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

51 SPECTRUM WAY  
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