



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117  
E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn <http://www.caict.ac.cn>

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 2022-09-16

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 3900 MHz; Type: D3900V2; Serial: D3900V2 - SN: 1026**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 3900 MHz; Frequency: 4100 MHz;  
Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 3900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 3.31$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Medium parameters used:  $f = 4100$  MHz;  $\sigma = 3.498$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7464; ConvF(6.76, 6.76, 6.76) @ 3900 MHz;  
ConvF(6.71, 6.71, 6.71) @ 4100 MHz; Calibrated: 2022-01-26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2022-01-12
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial:  
1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=3900 MHz/Zoom Scan,  
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 6.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 76.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=4100 MHz/Zoom Scan,  
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

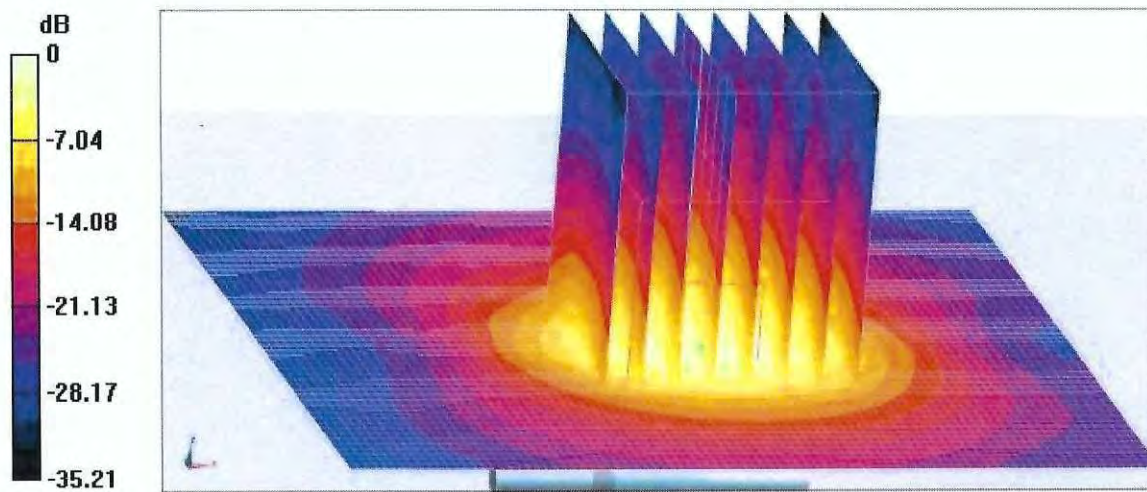
**SAR(1 g) = 6.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 75.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 W/kg

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**0 dB = 13.1 W/kg = 11.17 dBW/kg**

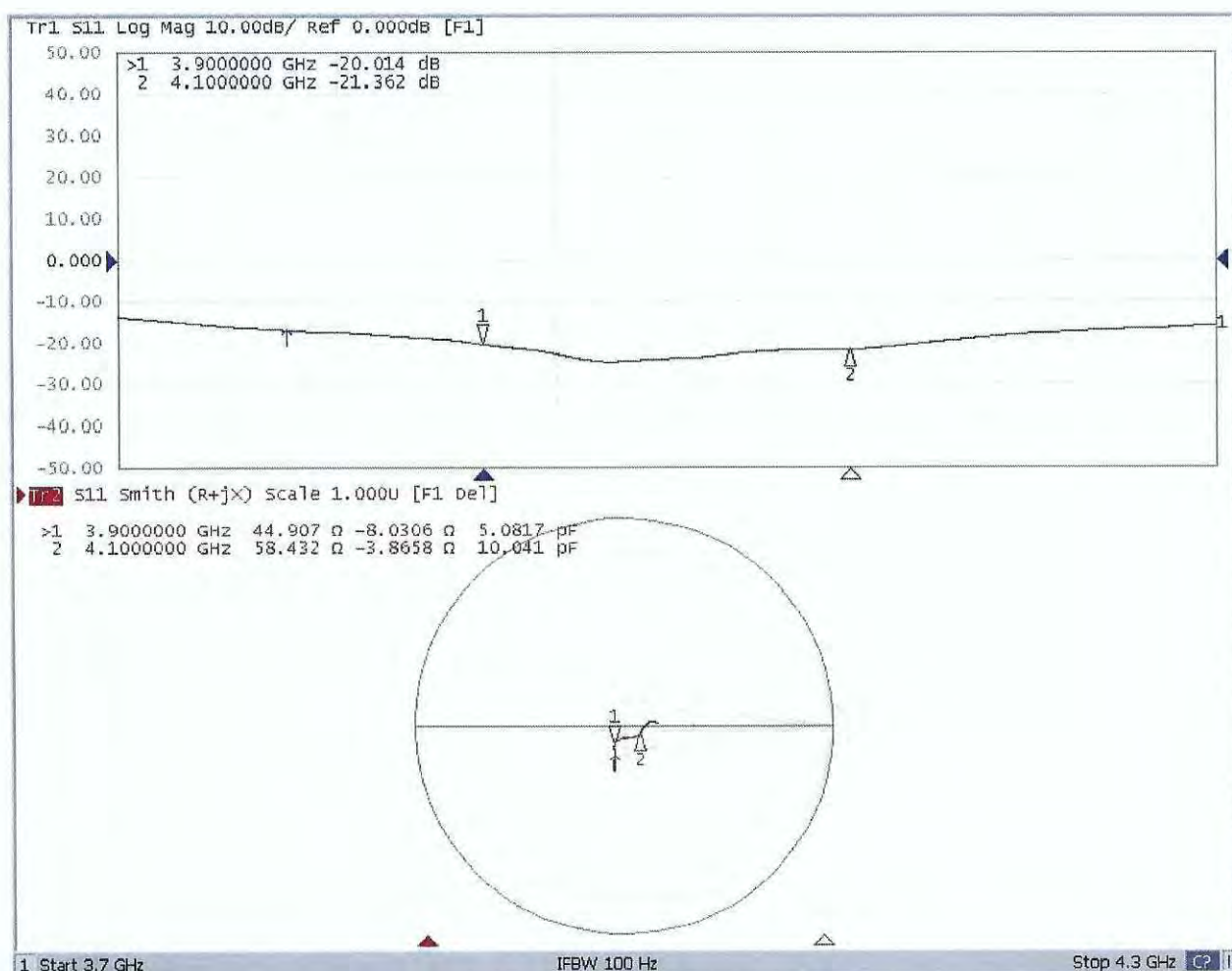
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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Client

**SGS**

Certificate No: **Z22-60490**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1165**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**  
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits


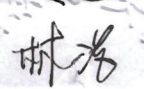

Calibration date: **November 1, 2022**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22\pm3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $<70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	10-May-22 (CTTL, No.J22X03103)	May-23
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	10-May-22 (CTTL, No.J22X03103)	May-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7464	26-Jan-22(SPEAG,No.EX3-7464_Jan22)	Jan-23
DAE4	SN 1556	12-Jan-22(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z22-60007)	Jan-23
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-22 (CTTL, No. J22X00409)	Jan-23
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00406)	Jan-23

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: November 7, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

- c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY52	52.10.4
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
<b>Frequency</b>	5250 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters at 5250MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	35.2 $\pm$ 6 %	4.68 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	<1.0 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5250MHz

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.76 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>77.3 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 24.4 % (k=2)</b>
<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>22.1 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 24.2 % (k=2)</b>

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### Head TSL parameters at 5600MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	5.05 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600MHz

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>81.3 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)</b>
<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.1 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)</b>

### Head TSL parameters at 5750MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.4 ± 6 %	5.21 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5750MHz

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.76 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>77.1 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)</b>
<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.3 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)</b>

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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0Ω- 4.73jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.3dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5Ω+ 1.12jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.9dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.6Ω- 1.85jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.5dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.114 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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In Collaboration with

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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 2022-11-01

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1165**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,  
Frequency: 5750 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.677$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.15$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.047$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.56$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.211$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.35$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7464; ConvF(5.43, 5.43, 5.43) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2022-01-26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2022-01-12
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 66.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.3%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 66.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.8 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.3%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

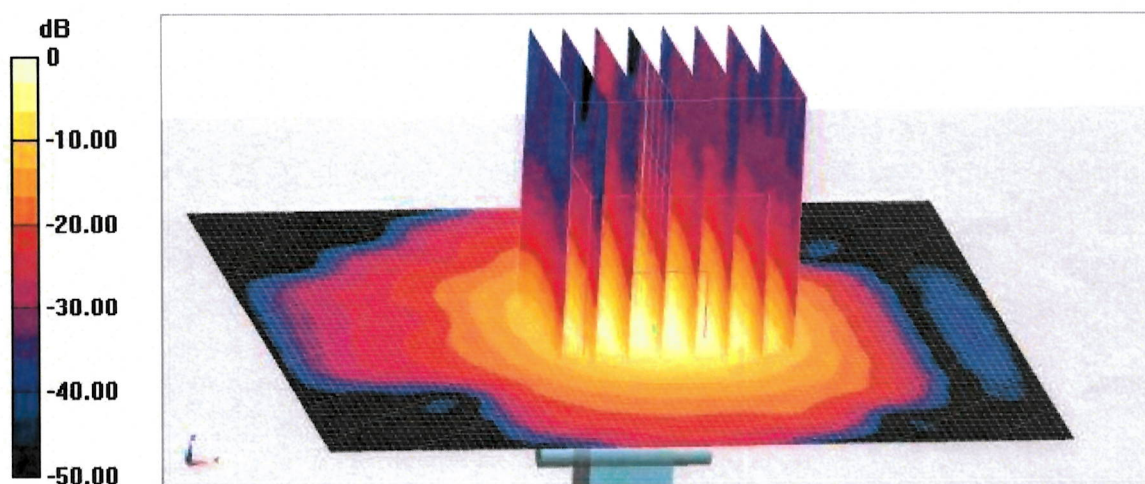
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**Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,**  
**dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 64.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg**  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 61.4%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg





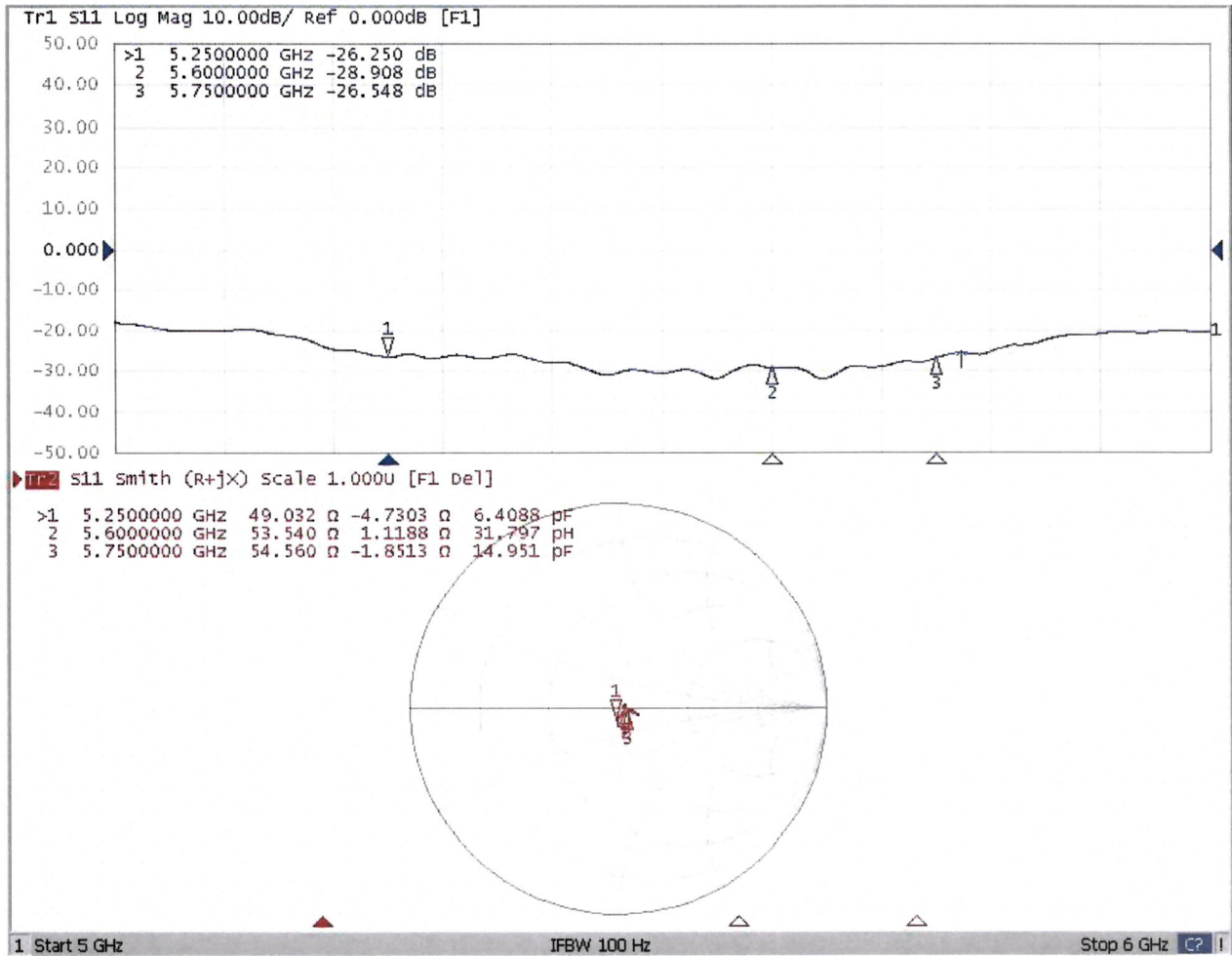
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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client SGS  
Shenzhen

Certificate No: DAE4-760\_Aug24

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 760

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v30  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: August 15, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.


All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	29-Aug-23 (No:37421)	Aug-24
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	23-Jan-24 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-25
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	23-Jan-24 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-25

Calibrated by:	Name	Function
	Dominique Steffen	Laboratory Technician
Approved by:	Name	Function
	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager

Signature


Issued: August 15, 2024

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

## Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.727 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)	404.955 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)	405.264 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95802 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)	3.99271 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)	3.98120 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)

## Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	21.0 ° $\pm$ 1 °
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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199997.21	0.41	0.00
Channel X + Input	20005.44	2.67	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19998.02	4.19	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	199992.32	-4.39	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20003.08	0.53	0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20001.40	1.00	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	199996.46	-0.29	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20003.03	0.49	0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20001.18	1.13	-0.01

Low Range	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.70	0.50	0.02
Channel X + Input	202.67	1.31	0.65
Channel X - Input	-198.00	0.37	-0.18
Channel Y + Input	2000.59	-0.43	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	200.88	-0.39	-0.19
Channel Y - Input	-198.17	0.38	-0.19
Channel Z + Input	2001.40	0.30	0.02
Channel Z + Input	200.83	-0.45	-0.23
Channel Z - Input	-199.73	-1.22	0.62

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	10.49	8.92
	- 200	-7.09	-8.26
Channel Y	200	8.44	8.55
	- 200	-9.61	-9.59
Channel Z	200	7.93	7.75
	- 200	-8.72	-9.22

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-	0.75	0.09
Channel Y	200	0.89	-	1.77
Channel Z	200	-6.50	-0.49	-