



FCC LISTED,
REGISTRATION NUMBER:
720267

Test report No:
NIE: 54008RRF.001

ISED LISTED
REGISTRATION NUMBER
4621A-2

Test report

USA FCC Part 90 CANADA ISED RSS-119

Identification of item tested	RF Transceiver / Mast-mounted Base Station
Trademark	PowerTrunk
Model and /or type reference	MBS Unit -1
Other identification of the product	D148101PT FCC ID: WT7PTMBS450B IC: 8624A-PTMBS450B
Features	<p><u>Power Supply:</u></p> <p>MBS Unit -1 with DC power supply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Nominal voltage: 24 VDC- Operational voltage range: [21.6 - 31.2 VDC] <p>MBS Unit -1 with AC power supply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Nominal voltage: 110/220 VAC. 50/60 Hz- Operational voltage range: [90 - 264 VAC] <p><u>Frequency band:</u></p> <p>TX: 425-430 MHz, 450-470 MHz</p> <p>RX: 425-430 MHz, 450-470 MHz</p> <p><u>Modulation scheme:</u></p> <p>TETRA</p> <p>TI D-LMR</p> <p><u>RF output power (nominal):</u></p> <p>TETRA: 40 dBm (10 W)</p> <p>TI D-LMR: 40 dBm (10 W)</p> <p>See full details on pages 6 and 7</p>
Applicant	TELTRONIC S.A.U. Polígono Malpica, C/F Oeste, 50016 Zaragoza, SPAIN
Test method requested, standard	USA FCC Part 90 10-01-17 Edition. CANADA ISED RSS-119 Issue 12, May 2015. ANSI C63.26-2015
Summary	IN COMPLIANCE

Approved by (name / position & signature)	A. Llamas RF Lab. Manager
Date of issue	2019-01-14
Report template No	FDT08_21

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Competences and guarantees

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DEKRA Testing and Certification is a laboratory with a measurement facility in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC rules and has been added to the list of facilities whose measurements data will be accepted in conjunction with applications for Certification under Parts 15 or 18 of the Commission's Rules. Registration Number: 720267.

DEKRA Testing and Certification is a laboratory with a measurement site in compliance with the requirements of RSS 212, Issue 1 (Provisional) and has been added to the list of filed sites of the Canadian Certification and Engineering Bureau. Reference File Number: ISED 4621A-2.

In order to assure the traceability to other national and international laboratories, DEKRA Testing and Certification has a calibration and maintenance program for its measurement equipment.

DEKRA Testing and Certification guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this report, which is the result of the measurements and the tests performed to the item under test on the date and under the conditions stated on the report and, it is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at DEKRA Testing and Certification at the time of performance of the test.

DEKRA Testing and Certification is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.

The results presented in this Test Report apply only to the particular item under test established in this document.

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General conditions

1. This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
2. This report does not constitute or imply on its own an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.
3. This document is only valid if complete; no partial reproduction can be made without previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification.
4. This test report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification and the Accreditation Bodies.

Uncertainty

Uncertainty (factor $k=2$) was calculated according to the DEKRA Testing and Certification internal document PODT000.

Data provided by the client

The test sample consists of a TETRA and TI D-LMR single-carrier module (digital RF transceiver) that has been designed for indoor or outdoor installation in different locations such as walls, towers or masts. Up to two MBS Units can be interconnected to deploy a full-featured Mast-mounted Base Station (MBS). It can be either DC or AC power-supplied. The MBS Unit -1 operates and provides an RF output power of 10 W in the frequency bands 425-430 MHz and 450-470 MHz.

DEKRA declines any responsibility with respect to the information provided by the client and that may affect the validity of results.

Usage of samples

Samples undergoing test have been selected by: the client.

Sample S/01 is composed of the following elements:

Control Nº	Description	Model	Serial Nº	Date of reception
54008C/001	Base Station with AC power supply	MBS Unit -1	918439	2017-10-02
54008C/002	Base Station with DC power supply	MBS Unit -1	915849	2017-10-02
54008C/003	Ethernet cable	208595	---	2017-10-02
54008C/004	POE/ETH cable with 100 ohm Ethernet termination	208595	---	2017-10-02
54008C/005	POE cable with 100 ohm Ethernet termination	208595	---	2017-10-02
54008C/006	SYNC cable	---	---	2017-10-02
54008C/007	DIV cable	---	---	2017-10-02
54008C/008	Power cable AC	225122	---	2017-10-02
54008C/012	Power cable DC	225124	---	2018-06-27
54008C/009	Cavity duplexer Tx band: 465-470 MHz	P/N: ICBA457F467F457S5D80TS	1815#0002	2018-06-20
54008C/010	Cavity duplexer Tx band: 450-455 MHz	P/N: ICBA462F452F462S5D80TS	1744#0001	2018-06-20
54008C/011	Cavity duplexer Tx band: 455-460 MHz	P/N: ICBA467F457F467S5D80TS	1815#0001	2018-06-20

1. Sample S/01 has undergone the test(s).

All tests indicated in appendix A.

Test sample description

Ports.....	Port name and description	
	<i>Ethernet ports</i>	IEEE 802.3u,x. PoE and PoE/Eth
	<i>Synchronism ports</i>	SYNC IN and SYNC OUT
	<i>Rx diversity ports</i>	DIV IN and DIV OUT. Not required for testing
	<i>Tx/Rx antenna port</i>	ANT. RF input/output
	<i>Output power supply port</i>	POWER OUT. Not required for testing
	<i>Power supply port</i>	POWER IN. AC or DC depending on the supply option
Rated power supply	Voltage and Frequency	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AC: Nominal voltage: 110/220 VAC. 50/60 Hz. Operational voltage range: [90 - 264 VAC]
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DC: Nominal voltage: 24 VDC. Operational voltage range: [21.6 - 31.2 VDC]
Software version	CCP: 00.11.12.10	
Hardware version.....	CCP: 00.11.12.10	

Dimensions in cm (L x W x D):	680 mm x 370 mm x 278 mm
Mounting position.....:	<input type="checkbox"/> Table top equipment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wall/Ceiling mounted equipment <input type="checkbox"/> Floor standing equipment <input type="checkbox"/> Hand-held equipment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: Mast-mounted Base Station
Features supported.....:	<p><u>Power Supply:</u></p> <p>MBS Unit -1 with DC power supply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nominal voltage: 24 VDC - Operational voltage range: [21.6 - 31.2 VDC] <p>MBS Unit -1 with AC power supply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nominal voltage: 110/220 VAC. 50/60 Hz - Operational voltage range: [90 - 264 VAC] <p><u>Access scheme:</u></p> <p>TDMA with 4 physical channels (time slots) per RF channel.</p> <p><u>Modulation scheme:</u></p> <p>$\pi/4$-DQPSK with a modulation rate of 18 Ksym/s, equivalent to 36 Kbits/s. Based upon it, two digital communication systems are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o <u>TETRA:</u> <p>Modulation low-pass filter: Square-root raised cosine filter with a roll-off factor of 0.35.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o <u>TI D-LMR:</u> <p>Modulation low-pass filter: Square-root raised cosine filter with a roll-off factor of 0.2.</p> <p><u>RF channel bandwidth (channel spacing):</u></p> <p>25 KHz</p> <p><u>Spectral efficiency:</u></p> <p>One voice & data physical channel with a rate of 9 Kbits/s is allocated a 6.25 KHz equivalent channel bandwidth.</p> <p><u>Frequency band:</u></p> <p>TX: 425-430 MHz, 450-470 MHz</p> <p>RX: 425-430 MHz, 450-470 MHz</p> <p><u>RF output power (nominal):</u></p> <p>TETRA: 40 dBm (10 W)</p> <p>TI D-LMR: 40 dBm (10 W)</p> <p><u>RF authorized bandwidth:</u></p> <p>TETRA: 22 KHz</p> <p>TI D-LMR: 20 KHz</p> <p><u>Emission designators:</u></p> <p>TETRA: 22K0D7D, 22K0D7E, 22K0D7W</p> <p>TI D-LMR: 20K0D7D, 20K0D7E, 20K0D7W</p> <p><u>Additional features:</u></p> <p>Audio low-pass filter (root-raised cosine filter).</p>

Features supported (cont.)

Options:

EQUIPMENT	CODE+OPTIONS	SERIAL NUMBER
MBS Unit -1 VAC	D148101PT O148017PT O148015PT O148032PT O148016PT O148014PT O148057PT O485002PT	918439
MBS Unit -1 VDC	D148101PT O148018PT O148015PT O148032PT O148016PT O148014PT O148057PT O485002PT	915849

D148101PT - MBS 425-470 MHz POWERTRUNK-T

O148017PT - VAC OPTION (power supply: 220/110 VAC)

O148018PT - VDC OPTION (power supply: 24 VDC)

O148015PT - SUBBAND MBS TX450-RX460-BW5 OPTION

O148032PT - SUBBAND MBS TX453-RX459-BW2 OPTION

O148016PT - SUBBAND MBS TX455-RX465-BW5 OPTION

O148014PT - SUBBAND MBS TX465-RX455-BW5 OPTION

O148057PT - LITE OPTION

O485002PT - TETRA CARRIER AIR INTERFACE ENCRYPTION OPTION

Note: Four subband options have been considered to cover all test frequencies being required by FCC and ISED, but some more are also available. Only one of them can be chosen for a single MBS Unit to operate in a real in-field application.

Copy of marking plate:



Identification of the client

TELTRONIC S.A.U.
Polígono Malpica, C/F Oeste, 50016 Zaragoza, SPAIN

Testing period and place

Test Location	DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U.
Date (start)	2018-09-14
Date (finish)	2018-10-24

Document history

Report number	Date	Description
54008RRF.001	2019-01-14	First release

Environmental conditions

In the control chamber, the following limits were not exceeded during the test:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 20 % Max. = 75 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 100 dB
Electric insulation	> 10 kΩ
Reference resistance to earth	< 1 Ω

In the semianechoic chamber, the following limits were not exceeded during the test.

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 20 % Max. = 75 %
Air pressure	Min. = 860 mbar Max. = 1060 mbar
Shielding effectiveness	> 100 dB
Electric insulation	> 10 kΩ
Reference resistance to earth	< 1 Ω
Normal site attenuation (NSA)	< ±4 dB at 10 m distance between item under test and receiver antenna, (30 MHz to 1000 MHz)
Field homogeneity	More than 75% of illuminated surface is between 0 and 6 dB (26 MHz to 1000 MHz).

In the chamber for conducted measurements, the following limits were not exceeded during the test:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 20 % Max. = 75 %
Air pressure	Min. = 860 mbar Max. = 1060 mbar
Shielding effectiveness	> 100 dB
Electric insulation	> 10 kΩ
Reference resistance to earth	< 1 Ω

Remarks and comments

The tests have been performed by the technical personnel: Jose Alberto Aranda, Ignacio Cabra and Carolina Postigo.

Used instrumentation:

Conducted Measurements

		Last Cal. date	Cal. due date
1.	Climatic chamber CTS C-70/600	2018/07	2019/07
2.	DC power supply AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES N5770A	---	---
3.	Digital multimeter FLUKE 113	2017/05	2019/05
4.	Radiocommunication analyser R&S CMTA84	2018/10	2021/10
5.	Power sensor R&S NRP-Z81	2017/04	2019/04
6.	Spectrum analyser R&S FSV40	2017/07	2019/07
7.	RF generator R&S SMB100A	2017/07	2019/07
8.	Storage oscilloscope Tektronix DPO4104B	2017/09	2019/03
9.	Radiocommunication analyser HP 8920A	2017/04	2019/04
10.	Spectrum analyser Agilent E4440A	2017/10	2019/10
11.	AC power supply ELGAR CS-AC35(351SL)	2016/05	2019/05

Radiated Measurements

		Last Cal. date	Cal. due date
1.	Semianechoic Absorber Lined Chamber ETS FACT3 200STP	N.A.	N.A.
2.	BiconicalLog antenna ETS LINDGREN 3142E	2017/04	2020/04
3.	Multi Device Controller EMCO 2090	N.A.	N.A.
4.	Double-ridge Guide Horn antenna 1-18 GHz SCHWARZBECK BBHA 9120 D	2016/11	2019/11
5.	Spectrum analyser Rohde & Schwarz FSW50	2018/02	2020/02
6.	EMI Test Receiver R&S ESU 26	2018/02	2020/02
7.	RF pre-amplifier 30 MHz-6 GHz BONN ELEKTRONIK BLNA 0360-01N	2018/07	2019/07
8.	RF pre-amplifier 1-18 GHz BONN ELEKTRONIK BLMA 0118-1M	2018/03	2019/03
9.	DC power supply Rohde & Schwarz NGPE 40/40	2018/02	2021/02

Testing verdicts

Not applicable :	N/A
Pass :	P
Fail :	F
Not measured :	N/M

Summary

FCC PART 90 / RSS-119 PARAGRAPH		
Requirement – Test case	Verdict	Remark
Clause 2.1047, 90.207. Modulation characteristics	N/M	(1)
Clause 90.209 / RSS-119 Clause 5.5: Occupied Bandwidth	P	
Clause 90.205, 90.279 / RSS-119 Clause 5.4: RF output power	P	
Clause 90.210 / RSS-119 Clause 5.5, 5.8: Emission mask	P	
Clause 90.221: Adjacent channel power	P	
Clause 90.213 / RSS-119 Clause 5.3: Frequency stability	P	
Clause 90.210 / RSS-119 Clause 5.8: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals	P	
Clause 90.210 / RSS-119 Clause 5.8: Radiated emissions	P	
Clause 90.214 / RSS-119 Clause 5.9: Transient frequency behaviour	P	
<u>Supplementary information and remarks:</u>		
(1): This information has been provided by the applicant.		

Appendix A: Test results

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Radiated emissions.....	44
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TEST CONDITIONS

Power supply (V):

<u>AC voltage</u>	<u>DC voltage</u>
$V_{\text{nom}} = 110.0 \text{ Vac}$	$V_{\text{nom}} = 24.0 \text{ Vdc}$
$V_{\text{max}} = 126.5 \text{ Vac}$	$V_{\text{max}} = 31.2 \text{ Vdc}$
$V_{\text{min}} = 93.5 \text{ Vac}$	$V_{\text{min}} = 20.4 \text{ Vdc}$

The subscripts nom, min and max indicate voltage test conditions (nominal, minimum and maximum respectively, as declared by the applicant).

Type of power supply = AC or DC Voltage from external power supply

Type of antenna = external connectable antenna

Rated RF Output Power:

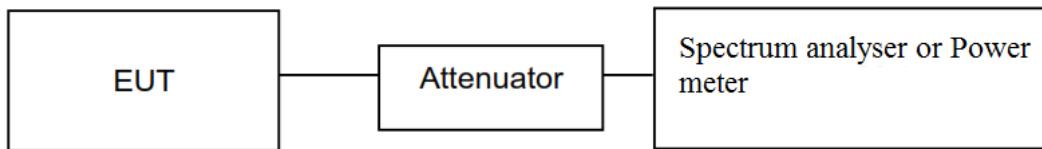
- Mode TETRA (22 kHz bandwidth): 40 dBm (10 W)
- Mode TI D-LMR (20 kHz bandwidth): 40 dBm (10 W)

TEST FREQUENCIES:

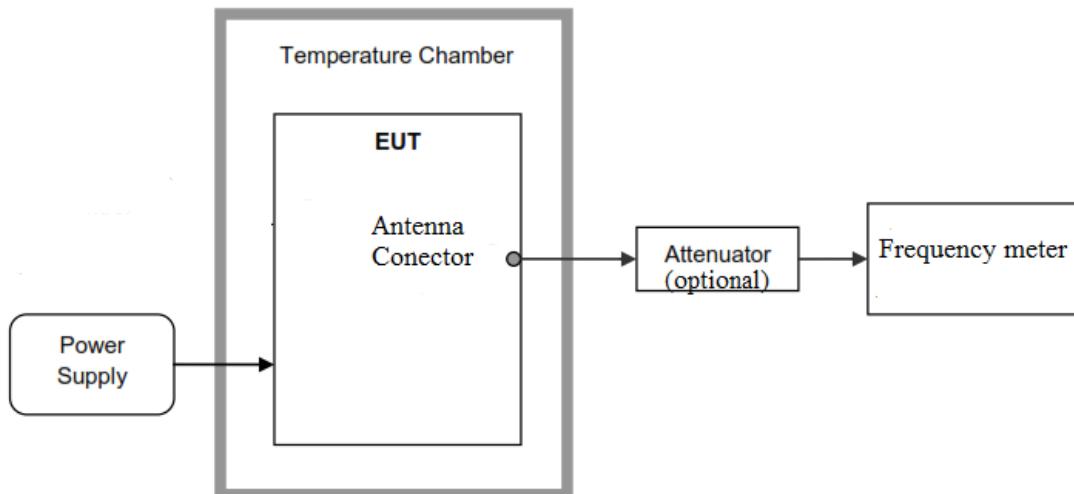
FCC 90 TI D-LMR 20 kHz bandwidth & TETRA 22 kHz bandwidth	
Lowest channel	450.0125 MHz
Middle channel	459.3500 MHz
Highest channel	469.9875 MHz
RSS-119 TETRA 22 kHz bandwidth	
Lowest channel	450.0125 MHz
Middle channel	459.3500 MHz
Highest channel	469.9875 MHz

CONDUCTED MEASUREMENTS

The equipment under test (EUT) was set up in a shielded room and it is connected to the spectrum analyzer or power meter through a calibrated attenuator and a low loss RF cable. The reading of the instrument is corrected taking into account the attenuator and cable loss.



For frequency stability test the EUT was placed inside a climatic chamber and connected to a frequency meter using a low loss cable. An external AC or DC power supply was connected to the EUT for voltage variation test.



RADIATED MEASUREMENTS

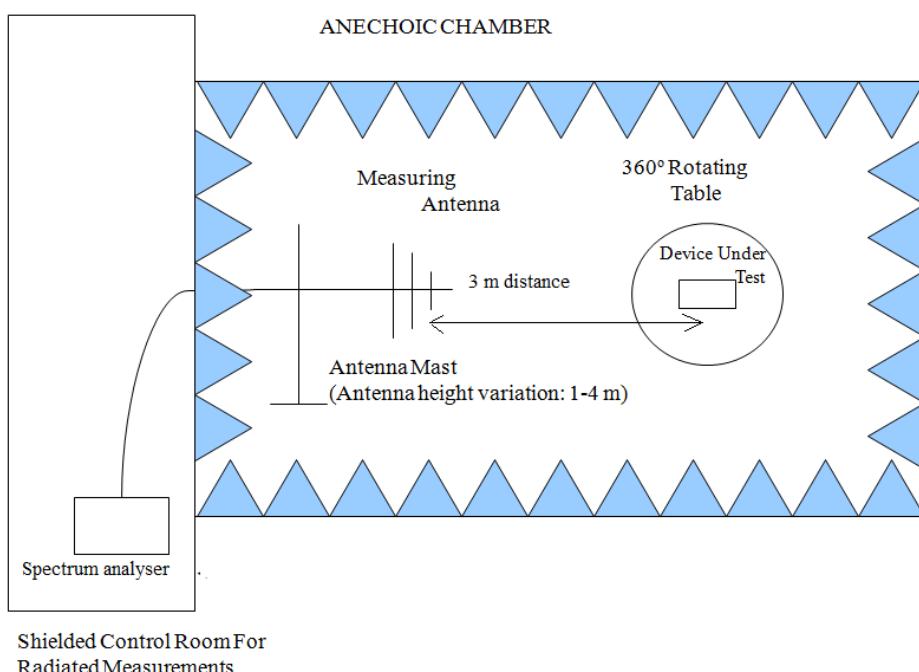
The equipment under test was scanned for spurious emissions in the frequency range 30 to 5000 MHz.

All radiated tests were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber. The measurement antenna is situated at a distance of 3 m for the frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz (30 MHz-1000 MHz Bilog antenna) and at a distance of 3 m for the frequency range 1 GHz-5 GHz (1 GHz-18 GHz Double ridge horn antenna).

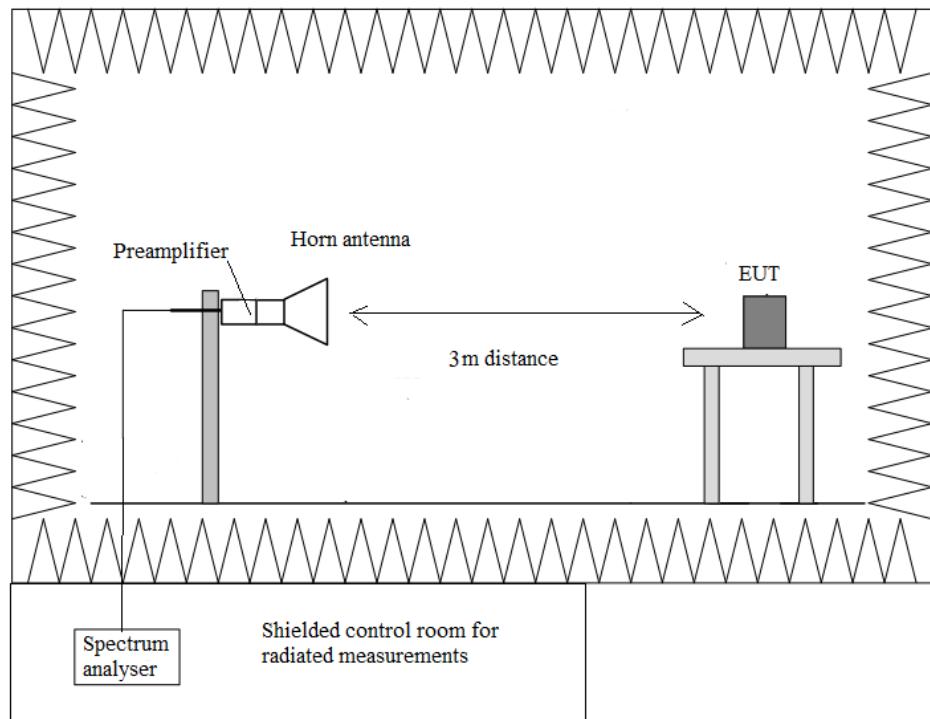
The equipment under test was set up on a non-conductive platform and the situation and orientation was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. It was also rotated 360° and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission.

Measurements were made in both horizontal and vertical planes of polarization.

Radiated measurements setup f < 1 GHz



Radiated measurements setup $f > 1$ GHz



Modulation Characteristics

SPECIFICATION

FCC §2.1047 and §90.207

- (a) Voice modulated communication equipment. A curve or equivalent data showing the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz shall be submitted. For equipment required to have an audio low-pass filter, a curve showing the frequency response of the filter, or of all circuitry installed between the modulation limiter and the modulated stage shall be submitted.
- (b) Equipment which employs modulation limiting. A curve or family of curves showing the percentage of modulation versus the modulation input voltage shall be supplied. The information submitted shall be sufficient to show modulation limiting capability throughout the range of modulating frequencies and input modulating signal levels employed.
- (c) Single sideband and independent sideband radiotelephone transmitters which employ a device or circuit to limit peak envelope power. A curve showing the peak envelope power output versus the modulation input voltage shall be supplied. The modulating signals shall be the same in frequency as specified in paragraph (c) of § 2.1049 for the occupied bandwidth tests.
- (d) Other types of equipment. A curve or equivalent data which shows that the equipment will meet the modulation requirements of the rules under which the equipment is to be licensed.

RESULTS (The following information has been provided by the applicant)

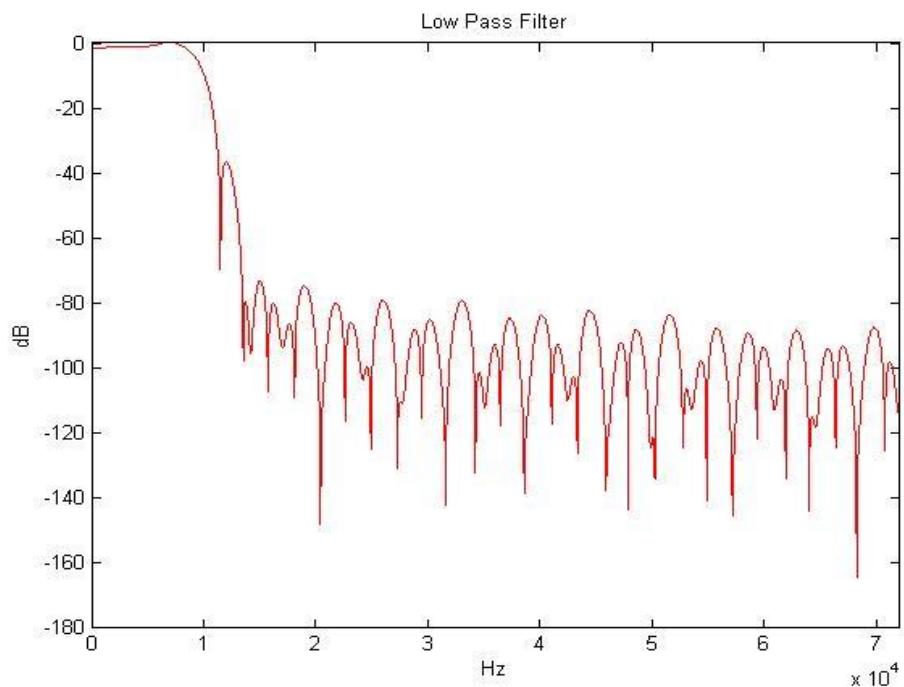
The EUT operates with $\pi/4$ -shifted Differential Quaternary Phase Shift Keying ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK) in both TI D-LMR and TETRA, featuring a modulation rate of 18 ksym/s (36 kbits/s).

The access scheme is TDMA with 4 physical channels per carrier.

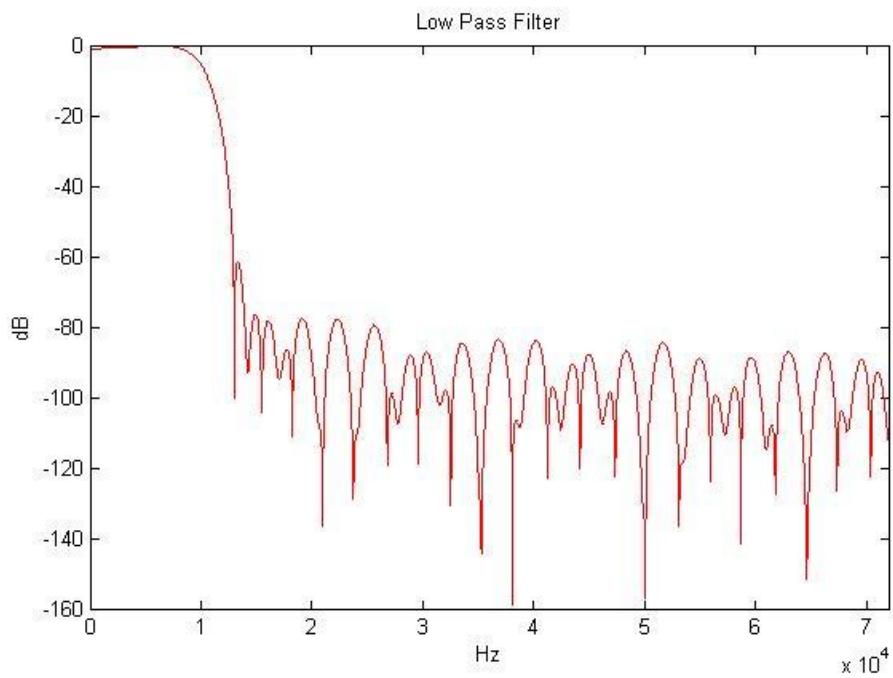
A root-raised-cosine filter (RRC) is used as a transmitting and receiving filter in both digital communication systems to perform matched filtering. The combined response of such two filters is that of the raised-cosine filter. The raised-cosine filter is often used for pulse-shaping in digital modulation, known for its ability to minimize intersymbol interference (ISI).

The graphs below show the transfer function of the aforementioned filter when the authorized modulation bandwidth is 20 KHz and 22 KHz, respectively.

MBS Unit -1 transmitter low pass filter for TI D-LMR (20 KHz authorized bandwidth):



MBS Unit -1 transmitter low pass filter for TETRA (22 KHz authorized bandwidth):



Occupied Bandwidth

SPECIFICATION

FCC §2.1049, §90.209.

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel spacing (kHz)	Authorized bandwidth (kHz)
406-512	25	20

Note: Operations using equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth may be authorized up to a 22 kHz bandwidth if the equipment meets the Adjacent Channel Power limits of § 90.221.

RSS-119 Clause 5.5.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Related SRSP for Channelling Plan and e.r.p.	Channel Spacing (kHz)	Authorized Bandwidth (kHz)
406.1-430 and 450-470	SRSP-501	25	20 22

METHOD

The EUT was configured to transmit a modulated carrier signal. The 99% occupied bandwidth and the -26 dBc bandwidths were measured directly using the built-in bandwidth measuring option of spectrum analyzer.

RESULTS (see next plots)

TI D-LMR 20 kHz.

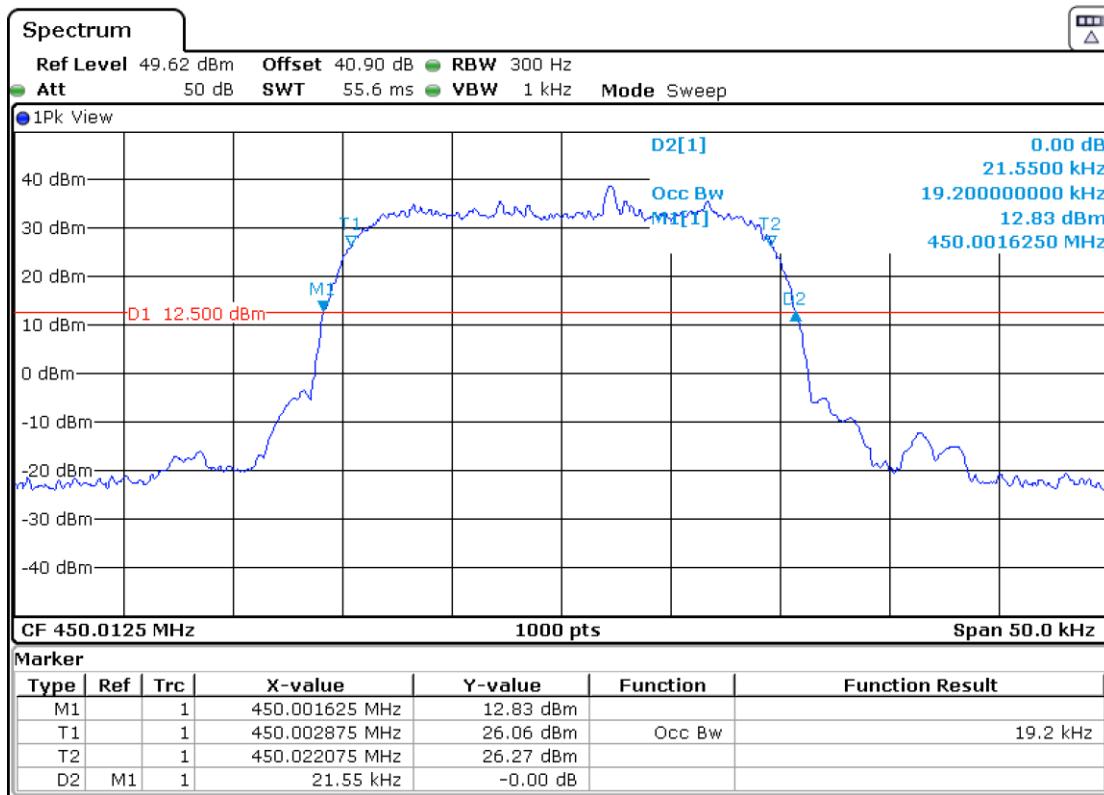
Channel	99% Occupied bandwidth (kHz)	-26 dBc bandwidth (kHz)
450.0125 MHz	19.20	21.55
459.3500 MHz	19.30	21.80
469.9875 MHz	19.30	21.50
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)	<±0.03	

TETRA 22 kHz.

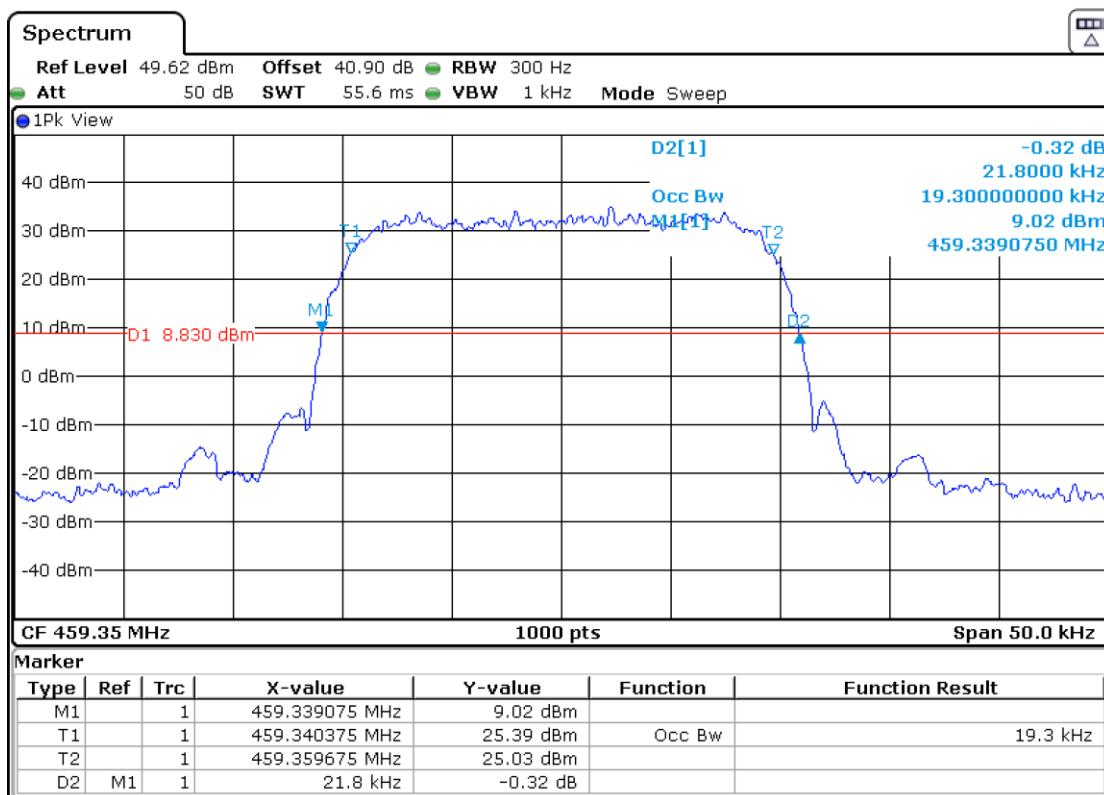
Channel	99% Occupied bandwidth (kHz)	-26 dBc bandwidth (kHz)
450.0125 MHz	20.25	22.85
459.3500 MHz	20.30	23.10
469.9875 MHz	20.30	22.95
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)	<±0.03	

TI D-LMR 20 kHz.

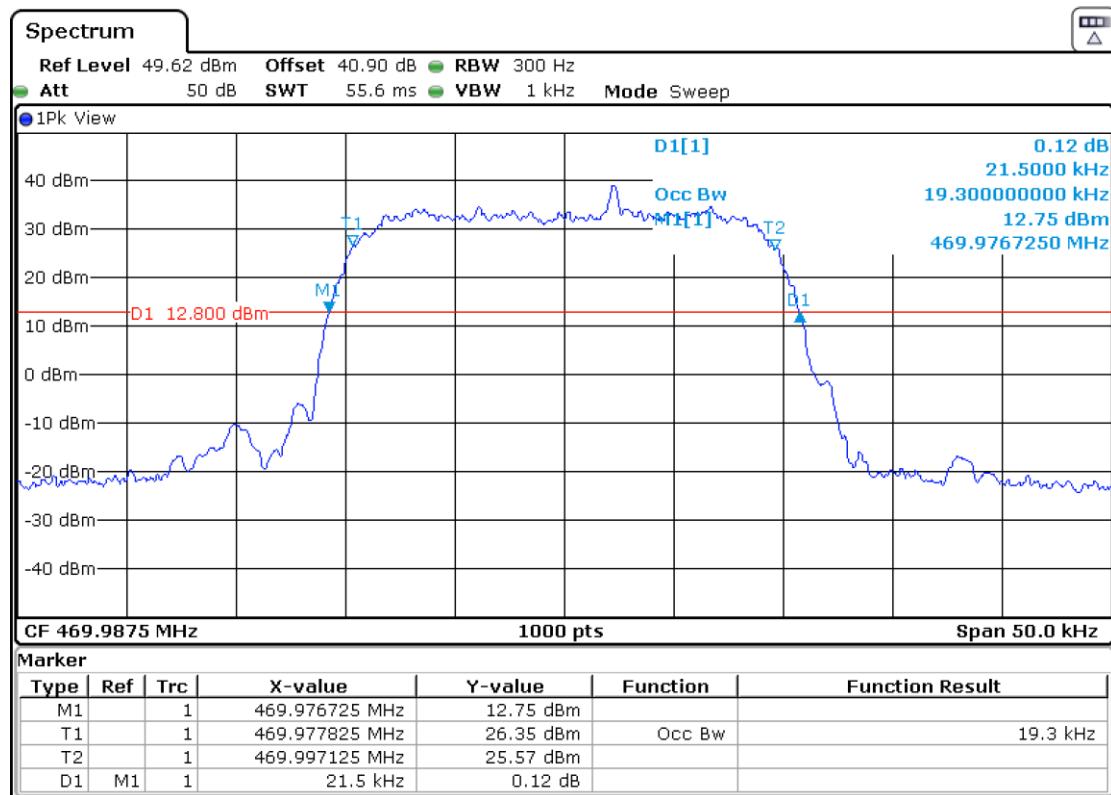
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel

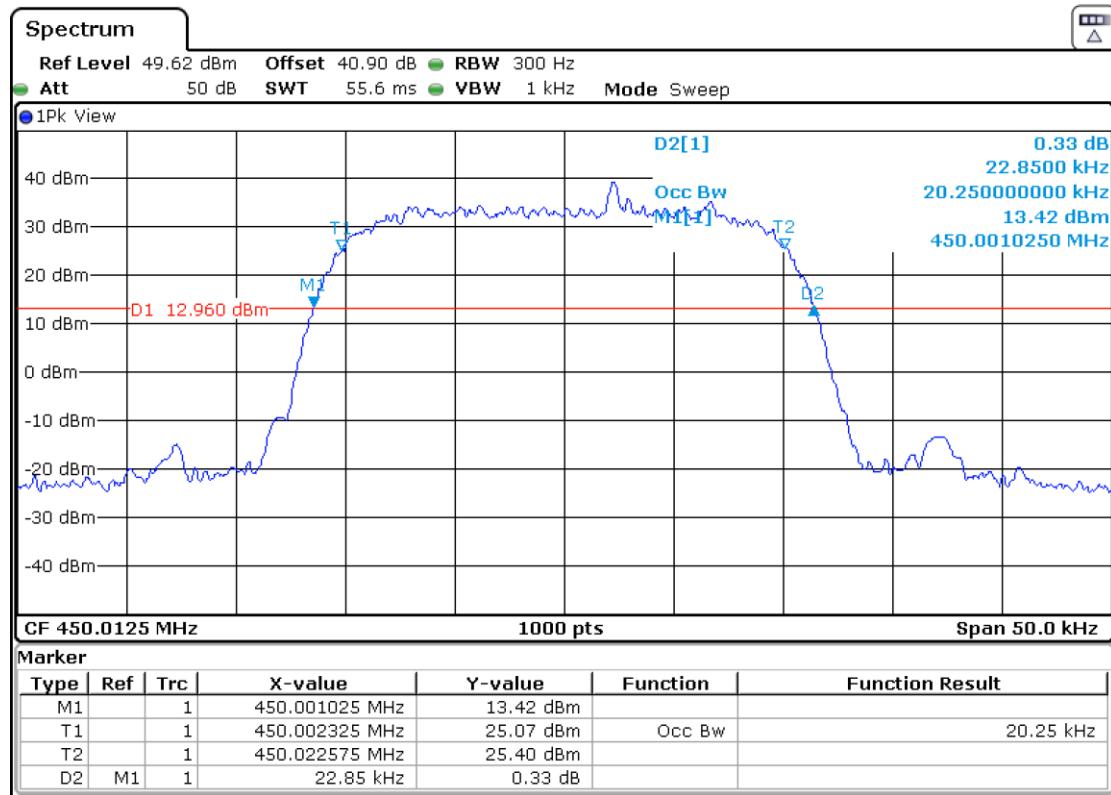


Highest Channel

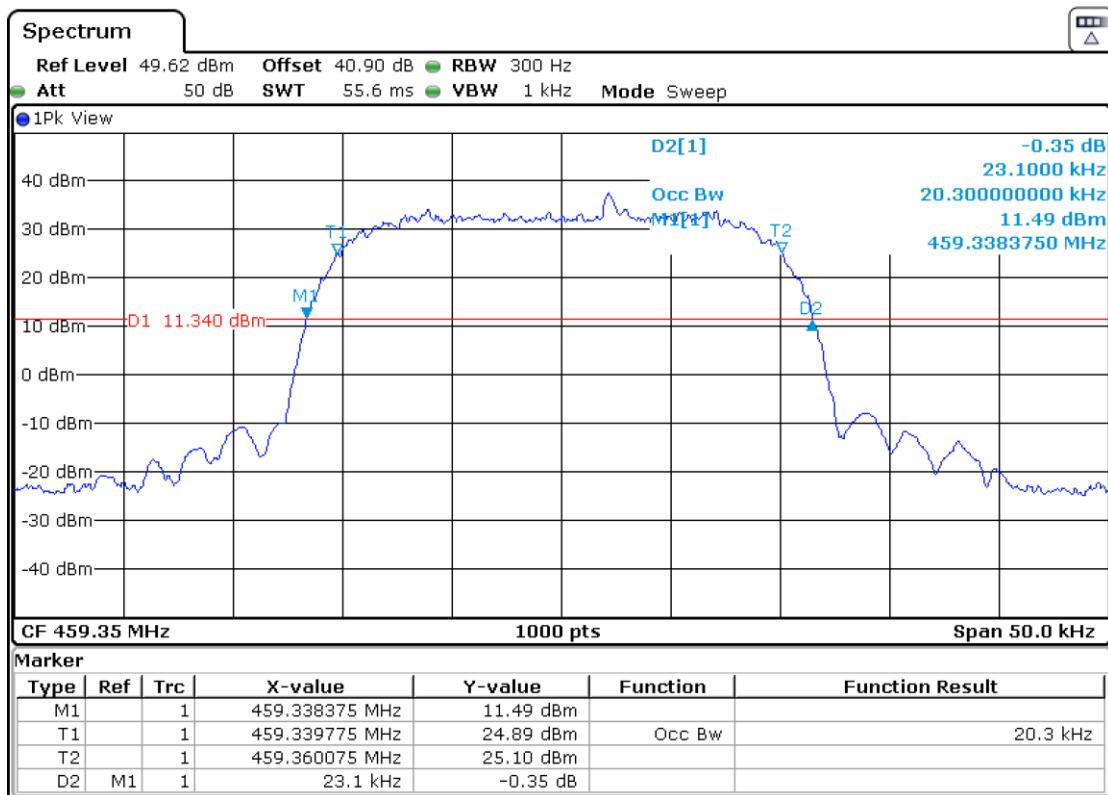


TETRA 22 kHz.

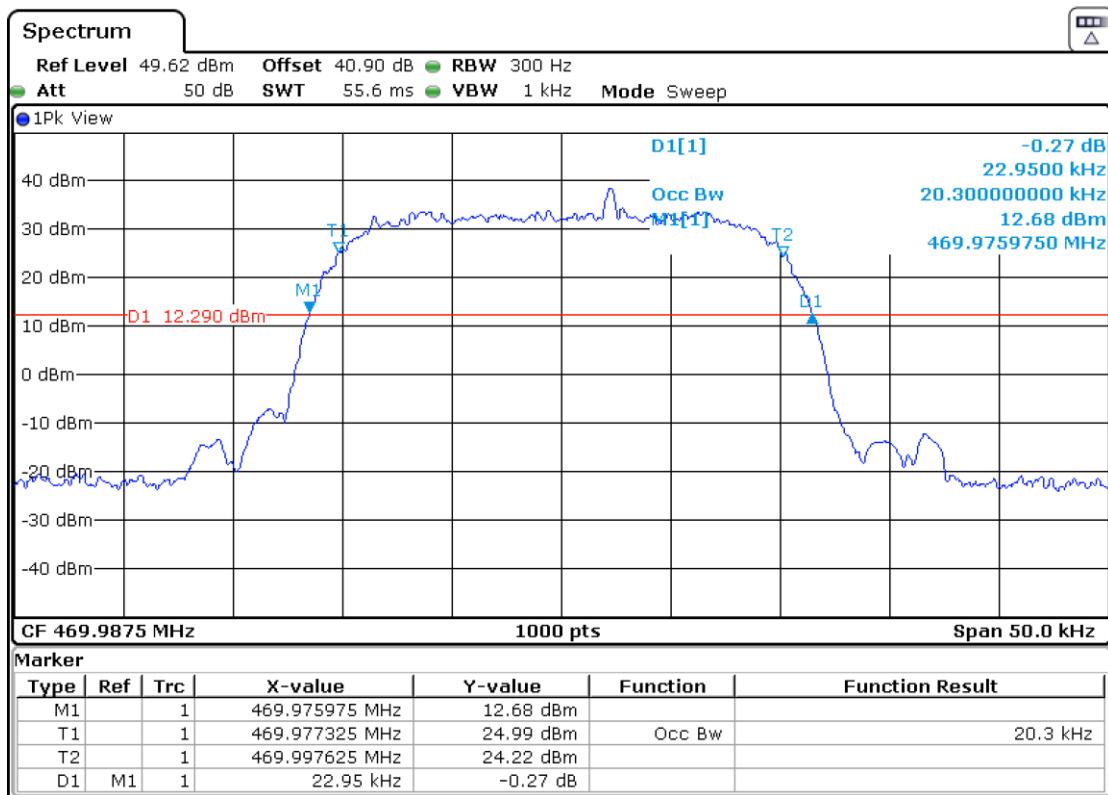
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel



Highest Channel



RF Output Power

SPECIFICATION

FCC §90.205. 450-470 MHz band.

(h) **450-470 MHz.** (1) The maximum allowable station effective radiated power (ERP) is dependent upon the station's antenna HAAT and required service area and will be authorized in accordance with table 2. Applicants requesting an ERP in excess of that listed in table 2 must submit an engineering analysis based upon generally accepted engineering practices and standards that includes coverage contours to demonstrate that the requested station parameters will not produce coverage in excess of that which the applicant requires.

(2) Applications for stations where special circumstances exist that make it necessary to deviate from the ERP and antenna heights in Table 2 will be submitted to the frequency coordinator accompanied by a technical analysis, based upon generally accepted engineering practices and standards, that demonstrates that the requested station parameters will not produce a signal strength in excess of 39 dBu at any point along the edge of the requested service area. The coordinator may then recommend any ERP appropriate to meet this condition.

(3) An applicant for a station with a service area radius greater than 32 km (20 mi) must justify the requested service area radius, which may be authorized only in accordance with table 2, note 4. For base stations with service areas greater than 80 km, all operations 80 km or less from the base station will be on a primary basis and all operations outside of 80 km from the base station will be on a secondary basis and will be entitled to no protection from primary operations.

Table 2—450-470 MHz—Maximum ERP/Reference HAAT for a Specific Service Area Radius

	Service area radius (km)									
	3	8	13	16	24	32	40 ⁴	48 ⁴	64 ⁴	80 ⁴
Maximum ERP (w) ¹	2	100	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500
Up to reference HAAT (m) ³	15	15	15	27	63	125	250	410	950	2700

¹Maximum ERP indicated provides for a 39 dBu signal strength at the edge of the service area per FCC Report R-6602, Fig. 29 (See §73.699, Fig. 10 b).

²Maximum ERP of 500 watts allowed. Signal strength at the service area contour may be less than 39 dBu.

³When the actual antenna HAAT is greater than the reference HAAT, the allowable ERP will be reduced in accordance with the following equation: $ERP_{allow} = ERP_{max} \times (HAAT_{ref} / HAAT_{actual})^2$.

⁴Applications for this service area radius may be granted upon specific request with justification and must include a technical demonstration that the signal strength at the edge of the service area does not exceed 39 dBu.

RSS-119 Clause 5.4.

The output power shall be within ± 1 dB of the manufacturer's rated power listed in the equipment specifications.

The transmitter output power limits set forth in the following table will come into force upon the publication of Issue 12 of this standard and will apply to newly certified equipment.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Transmitter Output Power (W)	
	Base/Fixed Equipment	Mobile Equipment
406.1-430 and 450-470	110	60

METHOD

The conducted RF output power measurements were made at the RF output terminals of the EUT using an attenuator and a calibrated power sensor.

RESULTS

Type of equipment: Base station.

Manufacturer's rated power: 10 W (40 dBm).

TI D-LMR. 20 kHz Bandwidth	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum average power (dBm)	Maximum deviation (dB)
	450.0125 MHz	40.89	0.89
	459.3500 MHz	40.95	0.95
	469.9875 MHz	40.74	0.74
Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±0.33		

TETRA. 22 kHz Bandwidth	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum average power (dBm)	Maximum deviation (dB)
	450.0125 MHz	40.58	0.58
	459.3500 MHz	40.60	0.60
	469.9875 MHz	40.39	0.39
Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±0.33		

The sum of the system loss (dB) and antenna gain (dBd) for the worst case of conducted power (40.95 dBm) shall be such that the Effective Radiated Power (E.R.P.) shall not exceed the limit indicated above.

Verdict: PASS

Emission Mask

SPECIFICATION

FCC §90.210:

Frequency band (MHz)	Mask for equipment with audio low pass filter	Mask for equipment without audio low pass filter
421-512 ^{2,5}	B	C

2: Equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C. as applicable.

5: Equipment may alternatively meet the Adjacent Channel Power limits of §90.221.

Emission Mask B. For transmitters that are equipped with an audio low-pass filter. the power of any emission must be attenuated below the unmodulated carrier power (P) as follows:

- (1) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 50 percent. but not more than 100 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least 25 dB.
- (2) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 100 percent. but not more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least 35 dB.
- (3) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

RSS-119 Clauses 5.5 and 5.8.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Related SRSP for Channelling Plan and e.r.p.	Channel Spacing (kHz)	Authorized Bandwidth (kHz)	Spectrum Masks for equipment with Audio Filter	Spectrum Masks for equipment Without Audio Filter
406.1-430 and 450-470	SRSP-501	25	22	Y	Y

FM transmitters with voice input may use the spectrum mask for equipment with an audio filter if they are equipped with suitable filters to be used for the audio signal only and not for other purposes. Equipment employing other modulations shall comply with the spectrum masks for equipment without an audio filter.

Table 17 - Emission Mask Y

Displacement Frequency. fd (kHz)	Minimum Attenuation (dB)	Resolution Bandwidth (Hz)
$12.375 < fd \leq 13.975$	whichever is the lesser attenuation: $30 + 16.67(fd - 12.375)$ or $55 + 10 \log_{10}(p)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2
$fd > 13.975$	whichever is the lesser attenuation: 57 or $55 + 10 \log_{10}(p)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2

METHOD

The emission masks were measured at the RF output terminals of the EUT using an attenuator and a spectrum analyser with a built-in spectrum mask measurement function.

RESULTS (see next plots)

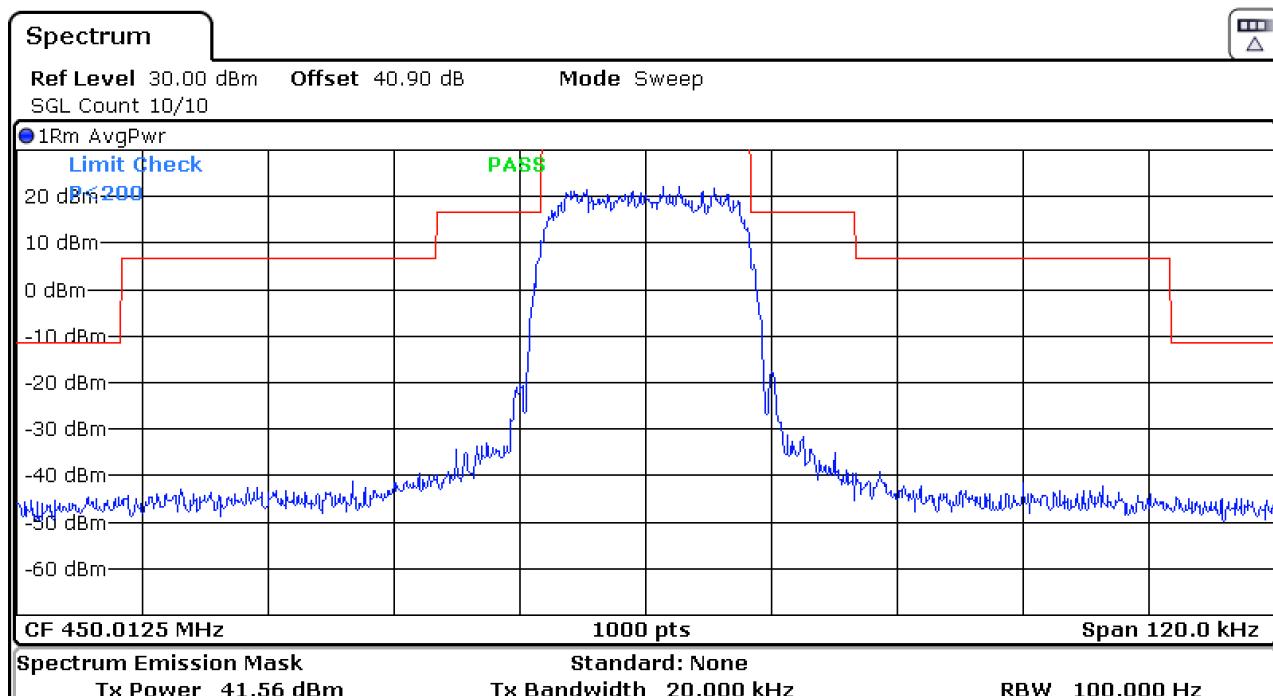
Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±0.34
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Verdict: PASS

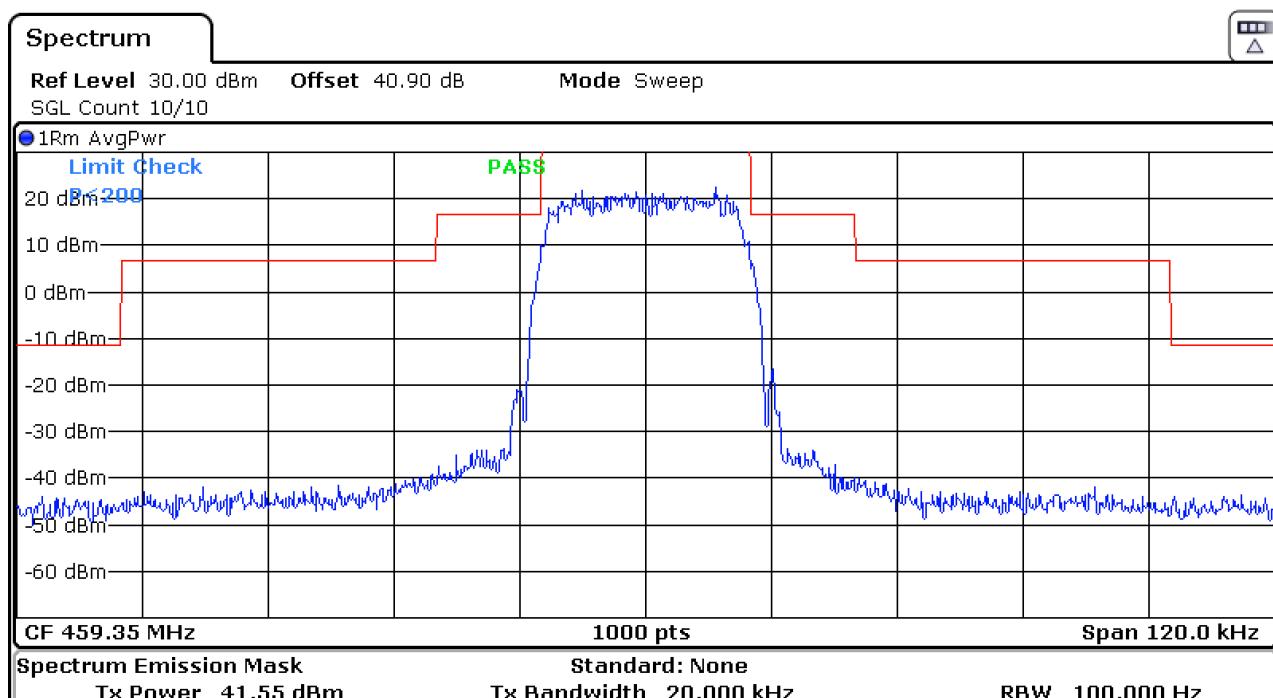
FCC 90 Emission Mask B.

TI D-LMR 20 kHz Bandwidth.

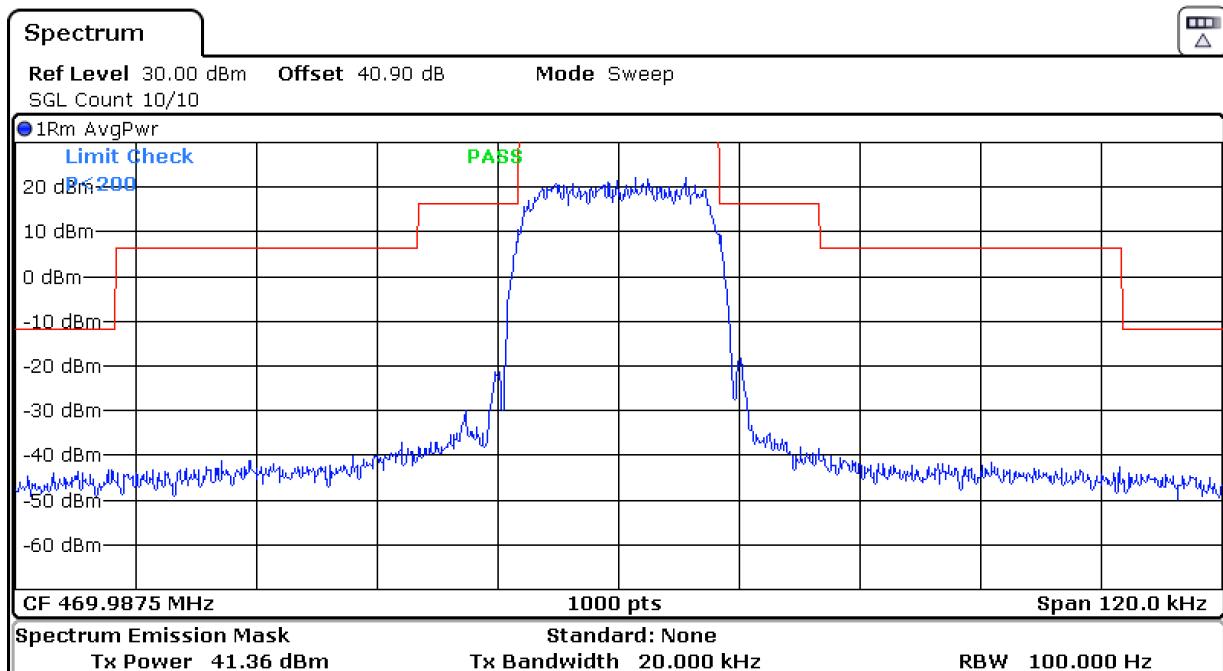
FCC 90 Lowest Channel



FCC 90 Middle Channel



FCC 90 Highest Channel

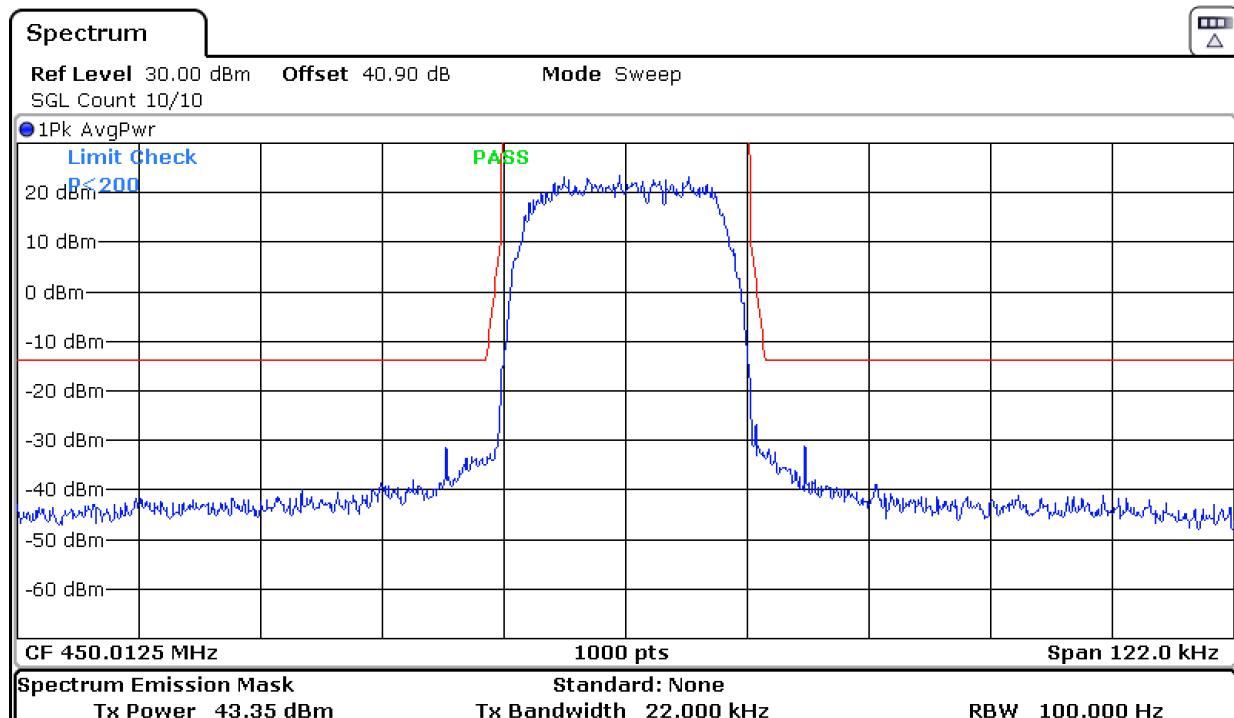


Verdict: PASS

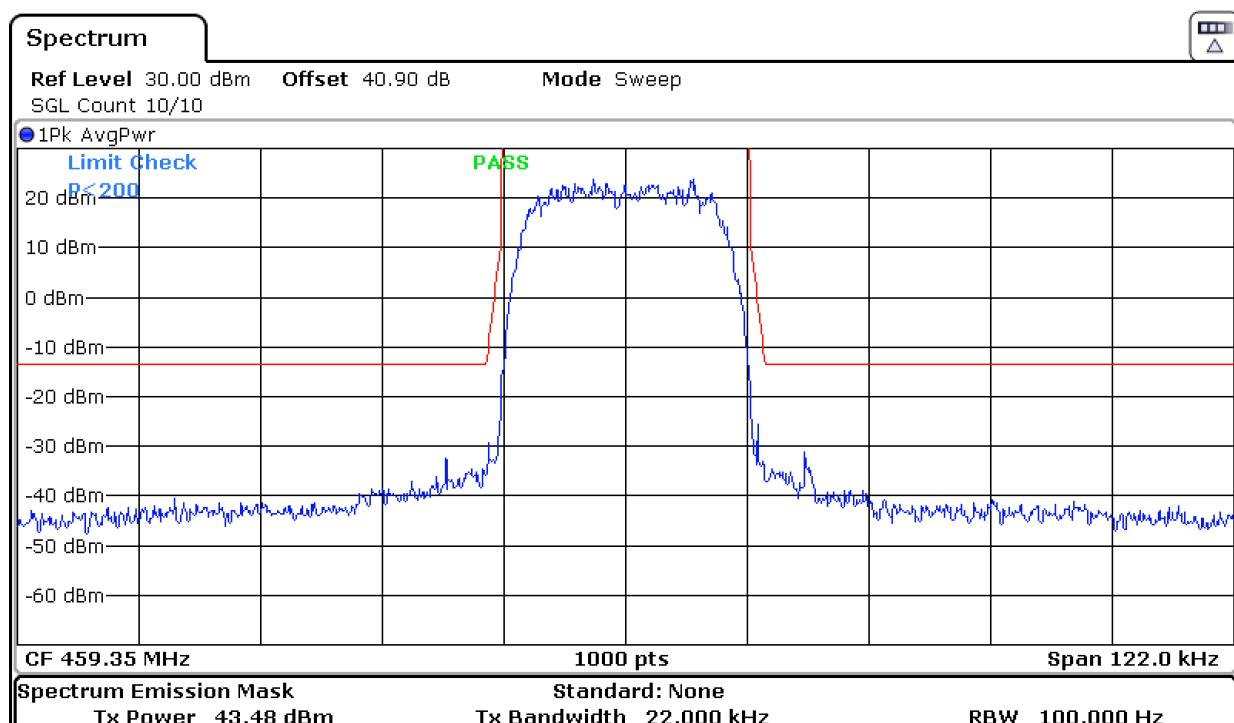
RSS-119 Emission Mask Y.

TETRA 22 kHz Bandwidth.

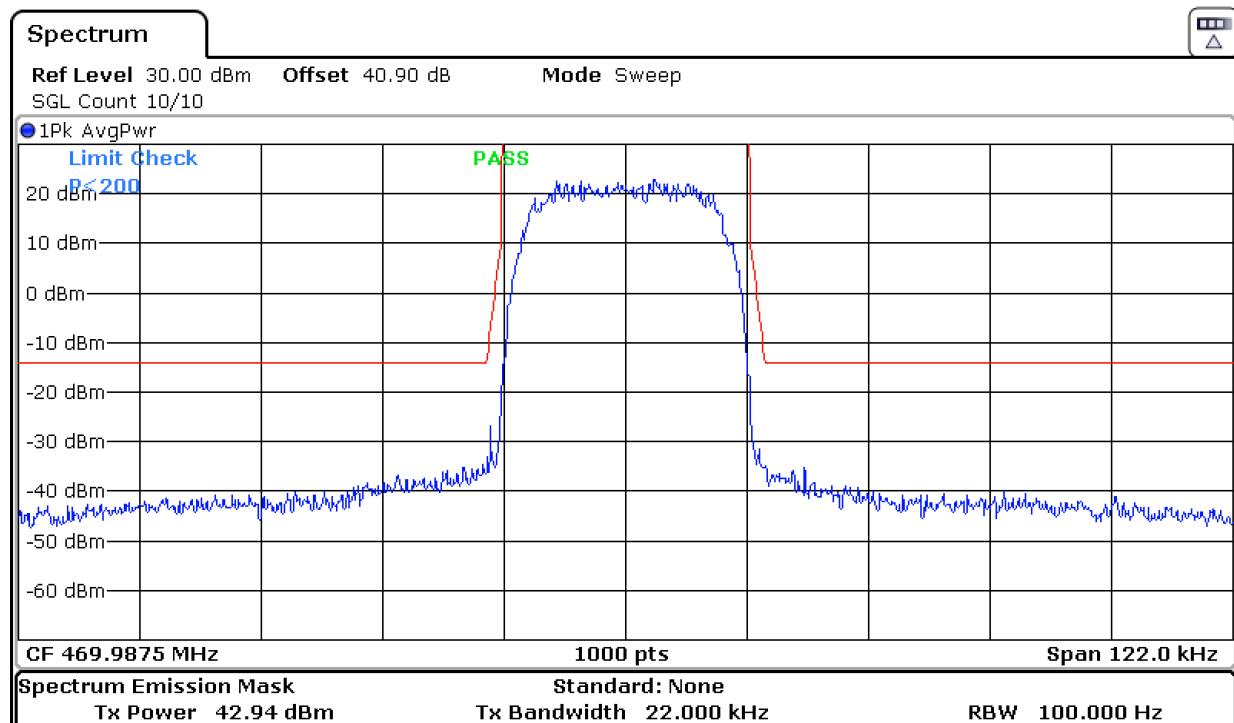
RSS-119 Lowest Channel



RSS-119 Middle Channel



RSS-119 Highest Channel



Verdict: PASS

Adjacent channel power

SPECIFICATION

FCC §90.221.

(a) For the frequency bands indicated below, operations using equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth may be authorized up to a 22 kHz bandwidth if the equipment meets the adjacent channel power (ACP) limits below. The table specifies a value for the ACP as a function of the displacement from the channel center frequency and a measurement bandwidth of 18 kHz.

(b)(1) Maximum adjacent power levels for frequencies in the 450-470 MHz band:

Frequency offset	Maximum ACP (dBc) for devices 1 watt and less	Maximum ACP (dBc) for devices above 1 watt
25 kHz	-55 dBc	-60 dBc
50 kHz	-70 dBc	-70 dBc
75 kHz	-70 dBc	-70 dBc

(2) In any case, no requirement in excess of -36 dBm shall apply.

(d) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 75 kHz, the attenuation of any emission must be at least $43 + 10 \log (P_{\text{watts}})$ dB.

METHOD

The Adjacent Channel Power measurements were made at the RF output terminals of the EUT using an attenuator and a spectrum analyzer with a built-in adjacent channel power (ACP) measurement function.

RESULTS. See next plots.

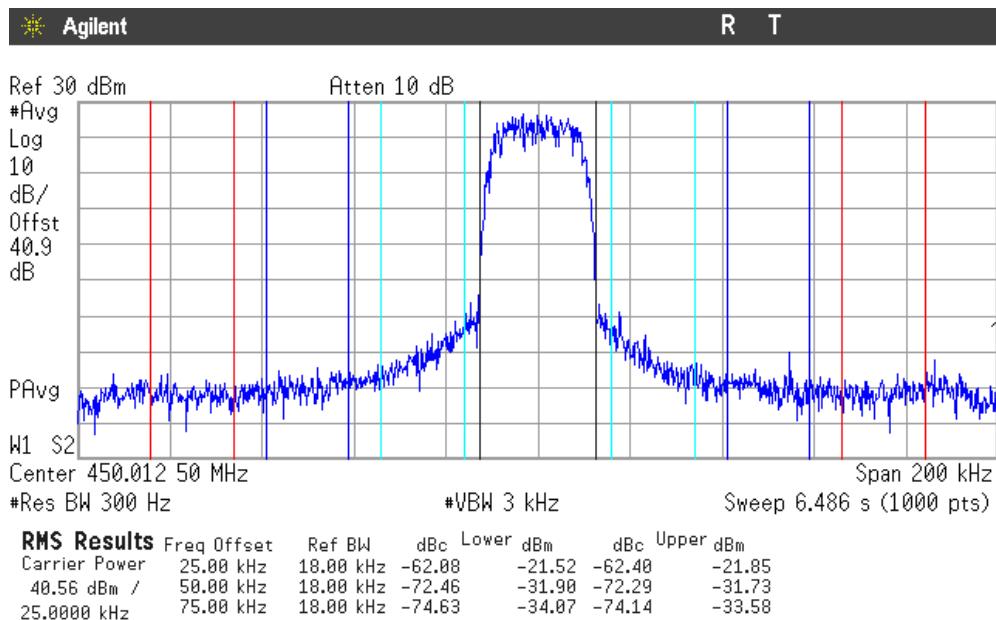
Manufacturer's rated power: 40 dBm (10 W).

Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±0.34
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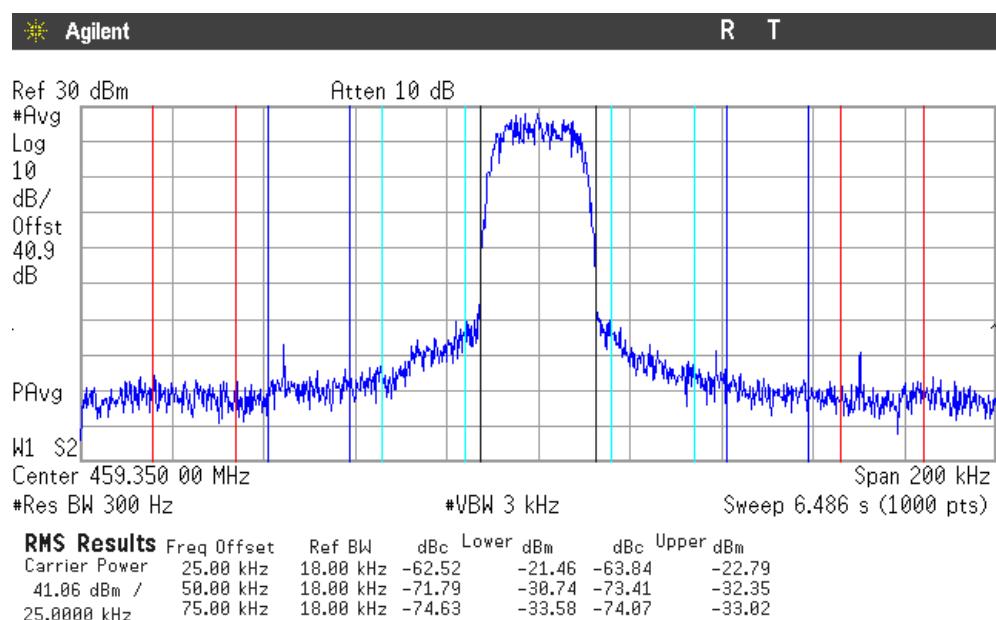
Verdict: PASS

TETRA, 22 kHz. FCC 450-470 MHz band.

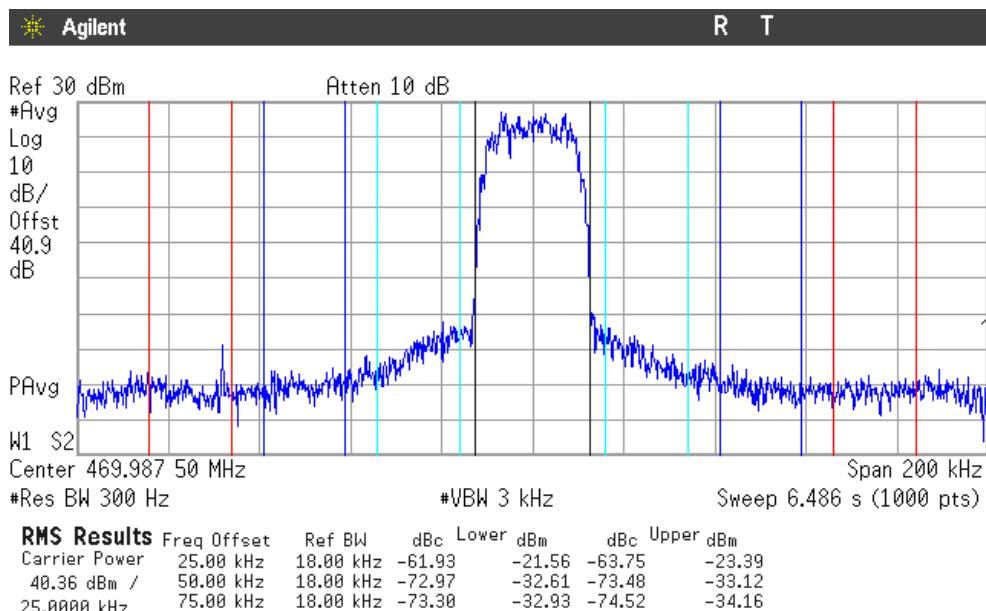
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel



Highest Channel



Frequency Stability

SPECIFICATION

FCC §2.1055. §90.213. 421–512 MHz band

Unless noted elsewhere. transmitters used in the services governed by this part must have a minimum frequency stability as specified in the following table.

Frequency range (MHz)	Fixed and base stations
421-512	7, 11, 14 2.5 ppm

Note 7: In the 421-512 MHz band, fixed and base stations with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 1.5 ppm. Fixed and base stations with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must have a frequency stability of 0.5 ppm.

Note 11: Paging transmitters operating on paging-only frequencies must operate with frequency stability of 5 ppm in the 150-174 MHz band and 2.5 ppm in the 421-512 MHz band.

Note 14: Control stations may operate with the frequency tolerance specified for associated mobile frequencies.

RSS-119 Clause 5.3.

The carrier frequency shall not depart from the reference frequency in excess of the values given in the following table:

Frequency Band (MHz)	Channel Bandwidth (kHz)	Frequency Stability (ppm)
		Base/Fixed
406.1-430 and 450-470 (Note 6)	25 (Note 2)	0.5

Note 2: This provision is for digital equipment with a channel spacing of 25 kHz and an occupied bandwidth greater than 20 kHz. The mobile station's frequency stability values given in Table 1 are for mobile, portable and control transmitters using automatic frequency control (AFC) to lock onto the base station signal. When the mobile, portable and control transmitters are operating without using AFC to lock onto the base station signal, the frequency stability limit shall be better than 1 kHz and the equipment's unwanted emissions measured with maximum frequency shift shall still comply with emission mask Y (Section 5.8.10) at nominal carrier frequency.

Note 6: Control stations may operate with the frequency tolerance specified for associated mobile frequencies.

METHOD

The frequency tolerance measurements over temperature variations were made over the temperature range of –30°C to +50°C. The EUT was placed inside a climatic chamber and the temperature was raised hourly in 10°C steps from –30°C up to +50°C.

Frequency Stability vs Voltage: The frequency stability was also measured at a fixed temperature of +20°C with the EUT being powered at the extreme voltage values (see test conditions on page 13). The voltage range that has been considered covers ±15% of the manufacturer's rated supply voltage.

The EUT is set in continuous transmission without modulation (only carrier) and the frequency is measured with the frequency meter of Radiocommunication analyzer HP 8920A.

RESULTS

Channel: 459.3500 MHz.

Voltage (Vac)	Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)
Frequency stability with Temperature			
110	+50	48	0.10450
	+40	49	0.10667
	+30	49	0.10667
	+20	50	0.10885
	+10	50	0.10885
	0	50	0.10885
	-10	50	0.10885
	-20	50	0.10885
	-30	50	0.10885
Frequency stability with Supply Voltage			
93.5	20	50	0.10885
126.5	20	50	0.10885

Voltage (Vdc)	Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)
Frequency stability with Supply Voltage			
20.4	20	56	0.12191
31.2	20	56	0.12191

Measurement uncertainty	$<\pm 1 \times 10^{-6}$
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Verdict: PASS

Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

SPECIFICATION

FCC §2.1051. §90.210 (421–512 MHz band), §90.221 (450-470 MHz band).

Emission Mask B.

On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least $43 + 10 \log (P_{\text{watts}})$ dB.

Adjacent channel power limits.

On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 75 kHz, the attenuation of any emission must be at least $43 + 10 \log (P_{\text{watts}})$ dB.

RSS-119 Clause 5.8.

Table 17 - Emission Mask Y

Displacement Frequency. fd (kHz)	Minimum Attenuation (dB)	Resolution Bandwidth (Hz)
$12.375 < fd \leq 13.975$	whichever is the lesser attenuation: $30 + 16.67(fd - 12.375)$ or $55 + 10 \log_{10}(p)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2
$fd > 13.975$	whichever is the lesser attenuation: 57 or $55 + 10 \log_{10}(p)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2

METHOD

The EUT RF output connector was connected to a spectrum analyser using a 50 ohm attenuator and the resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyser was set to 100 kHz for frequencies $< 1\text{GHz}$ and 1 MHz for frequencies $> 1\text{GHz}$. The spectrum was investigated from 9 kHz to 5 GHz.

The reading of the spectrum analyser is corrected with the attenuation loss of connection between output terminal of EUT and input of the spectrum analyzer.

RESULTS (see plots in next pages)

A preliminary measurement determined that there is no difference between the unit with AC power supply and the unit with DC power supply. The measurement was performed with the unit with DC power supply.

TI D-LMR 20 kHz bandwidth (FCC Mask B).

CHANNEL: LOWEST

All peaks found are more than 20 dB below the limit.

CHANNEL: MIDDLE

All peaks found are more than 20 dB below the limit.

CHANNEL: HIGHEST

All peaks found are more than 20 dB below the limit.

TETRA 22 kHz bandwidth (FCC ACP, ISED Mask Y).

CHANNEL: LOWEST

All peaks found are more than 20 dB below the limit.

CHANNEL: MIDDLE

All peaks found are more than 20 dB below the limit.

CHANNEL: HIGHEST

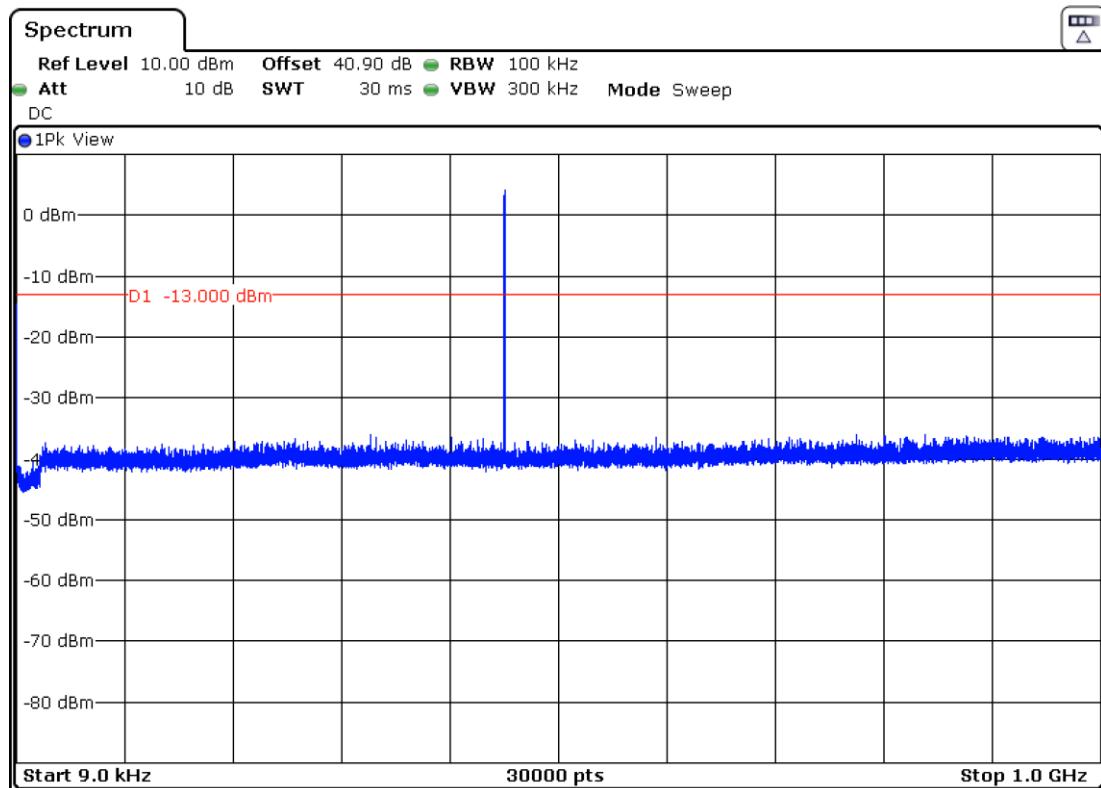
All peaks found are more than 20 dB below the limit.

Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±0.34
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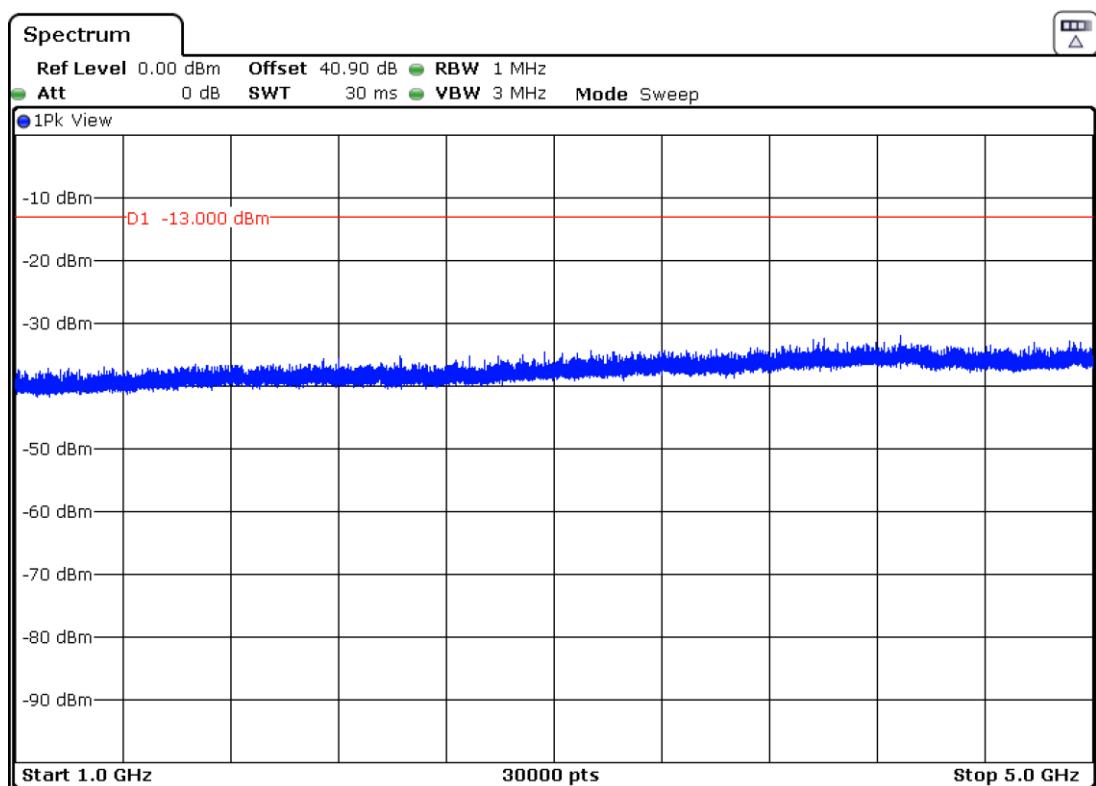
Verdict: PASS

TI D-LMR 20 kHz bandwidth.

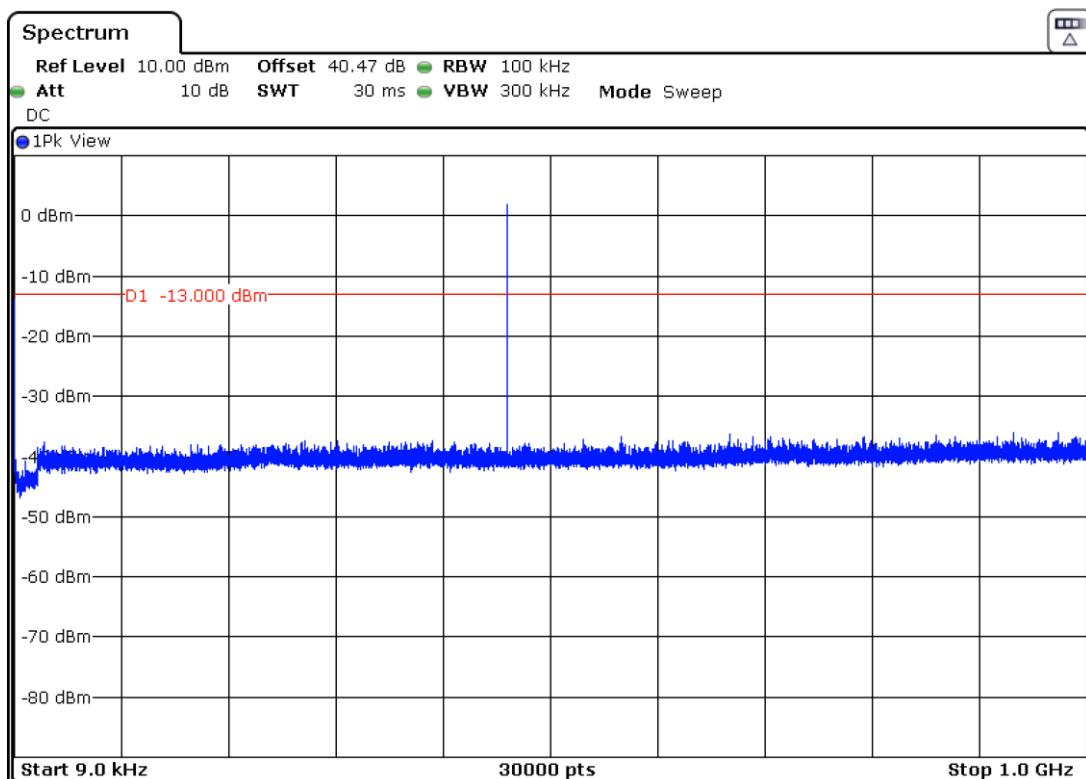
CHANNEL: LOWEST



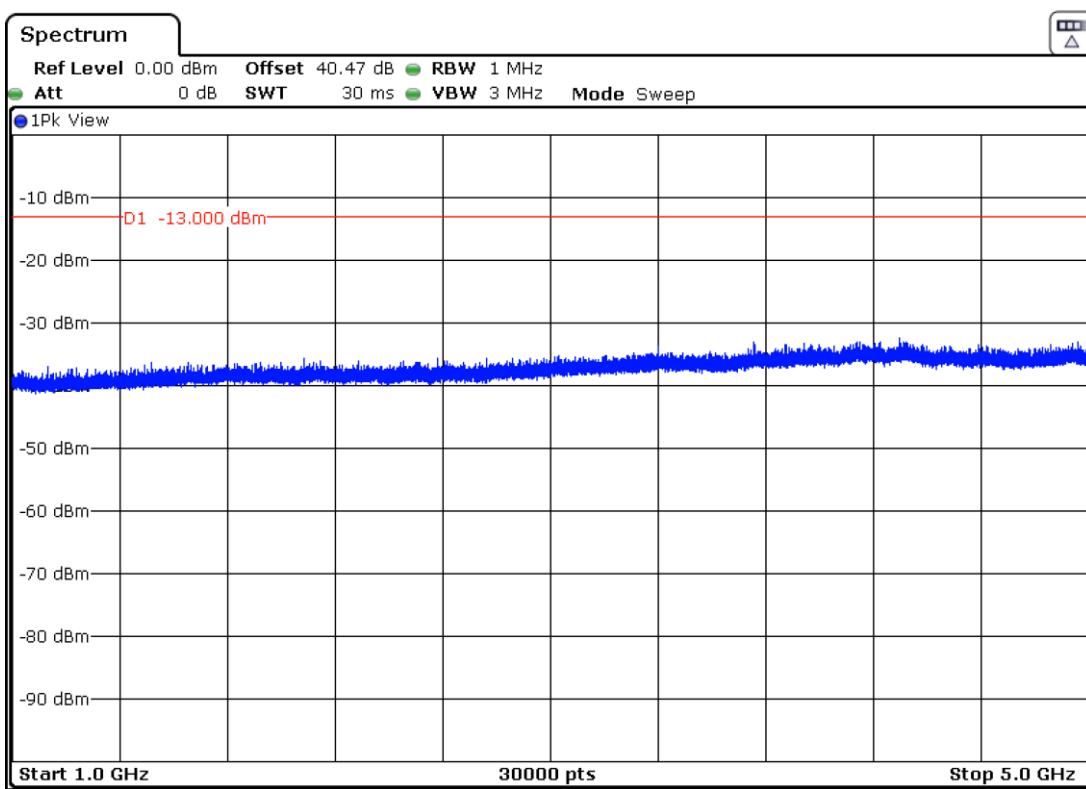
Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency. The carrier is attenuated with a notch filter.



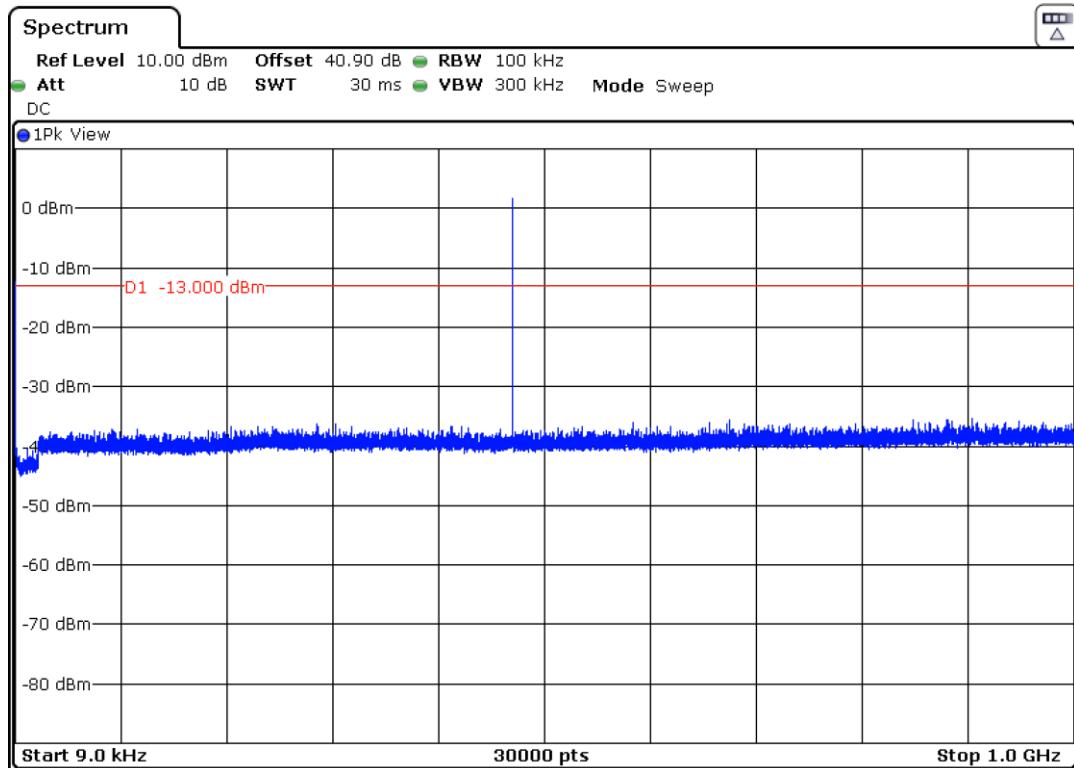
CHANNEL: MIDDLE



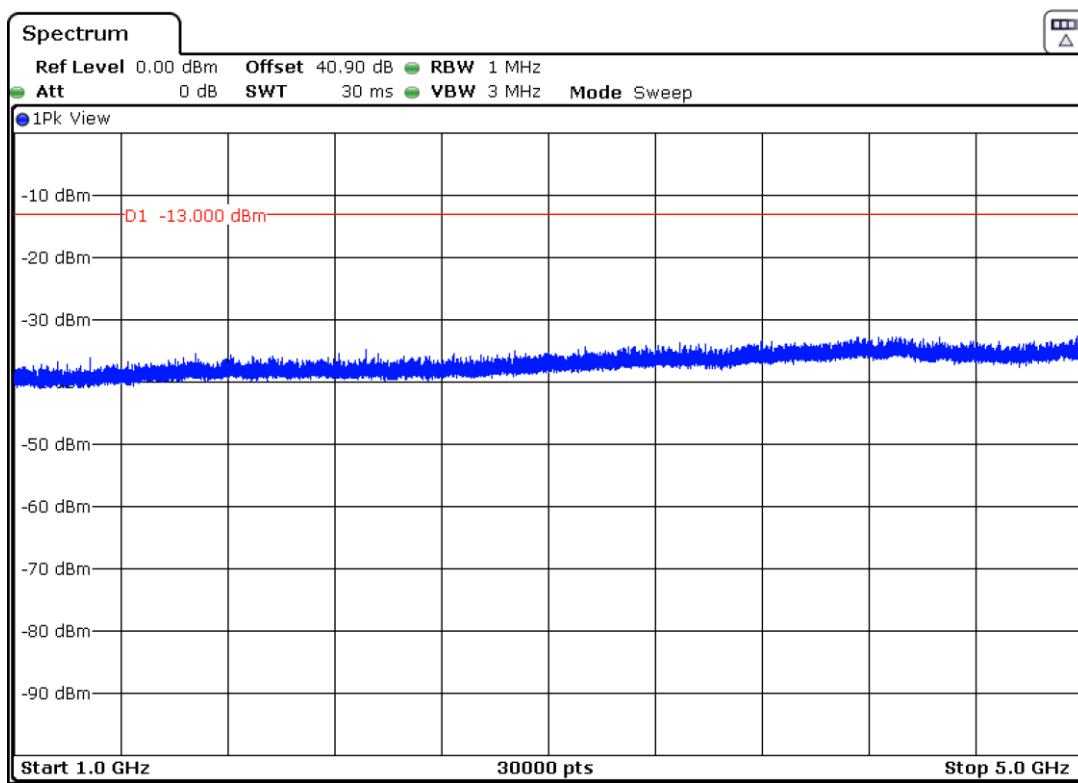
Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency. The carrier is attenuated with a notch filter.



CHANNEL: HIGHEST

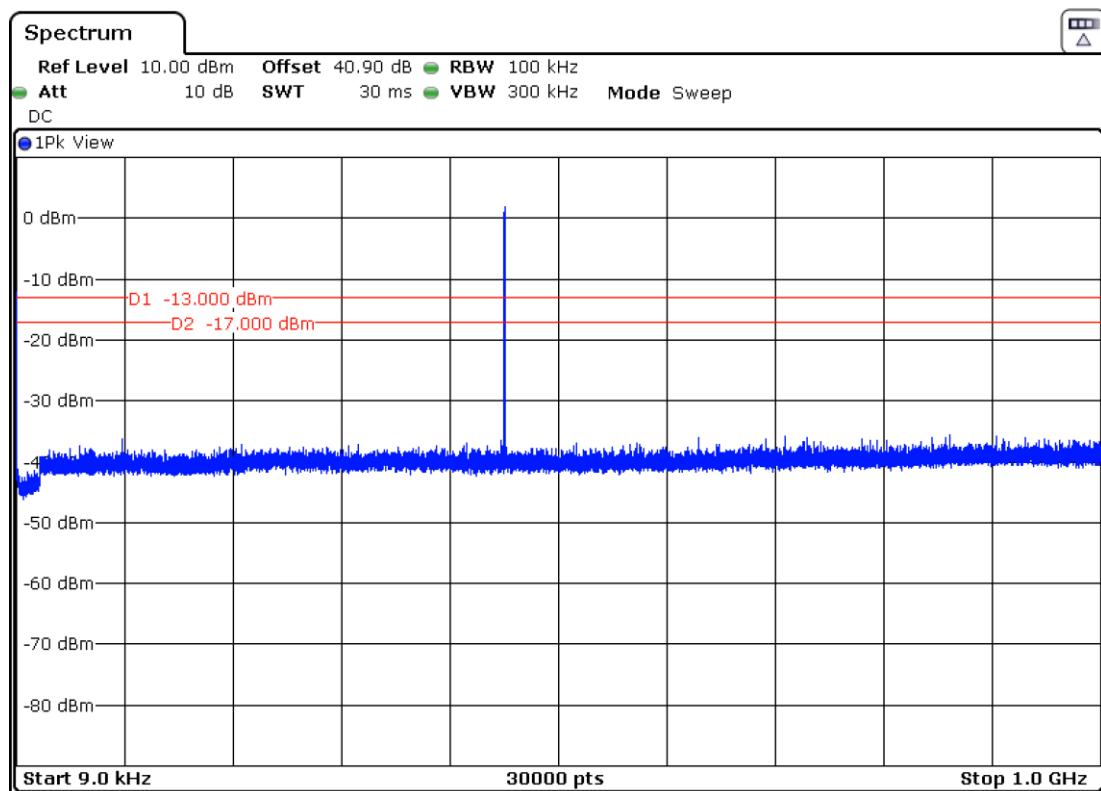


Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency. The carrier is attenuated with a notch filter.

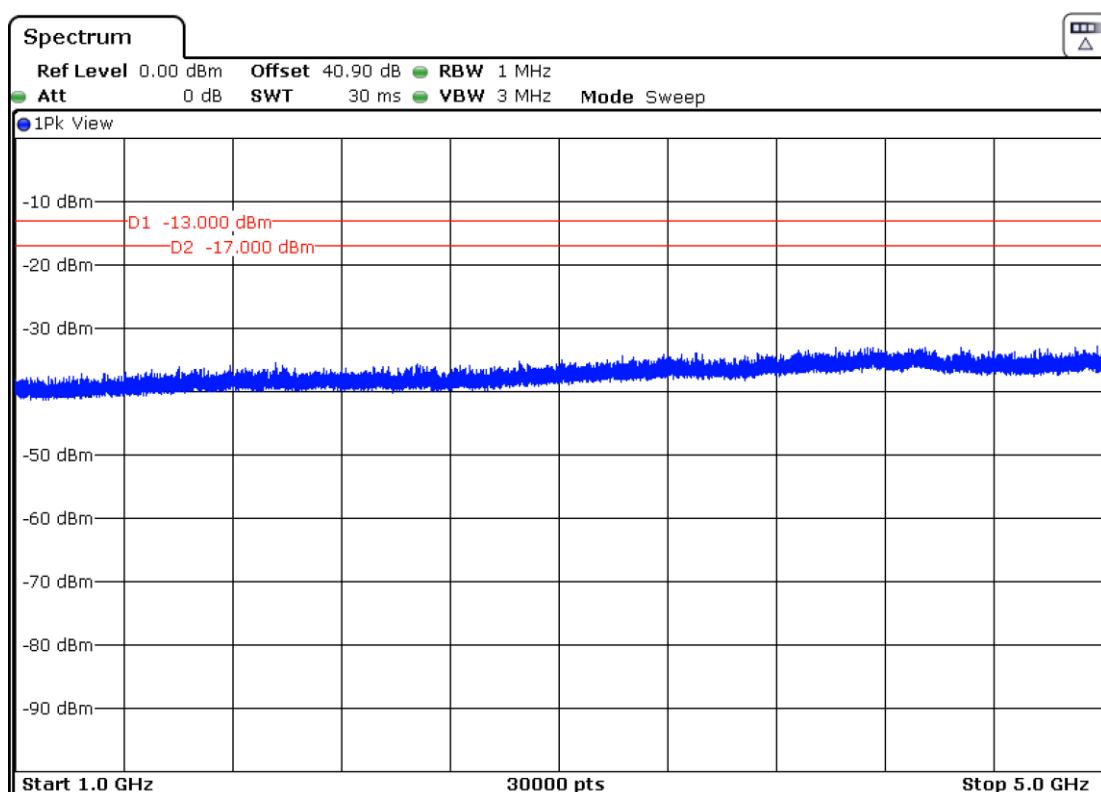


TETRA 22 kHz bandwidth.

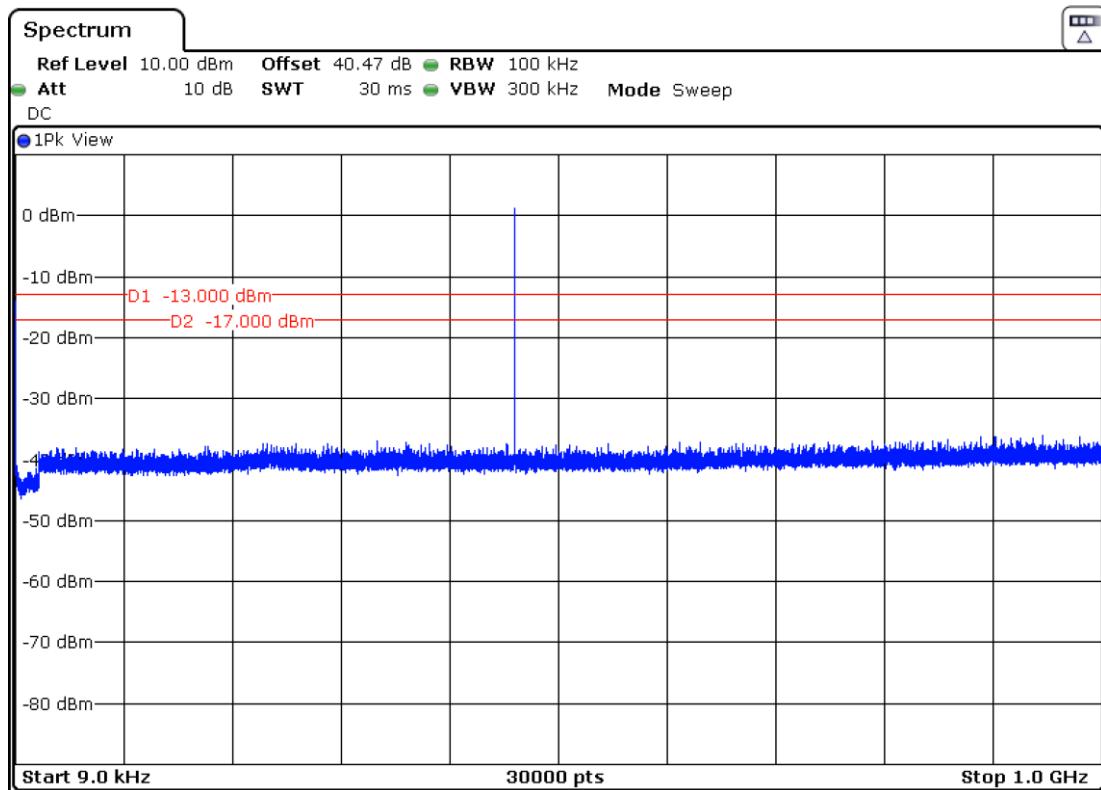
CHANNEL: LOWEST



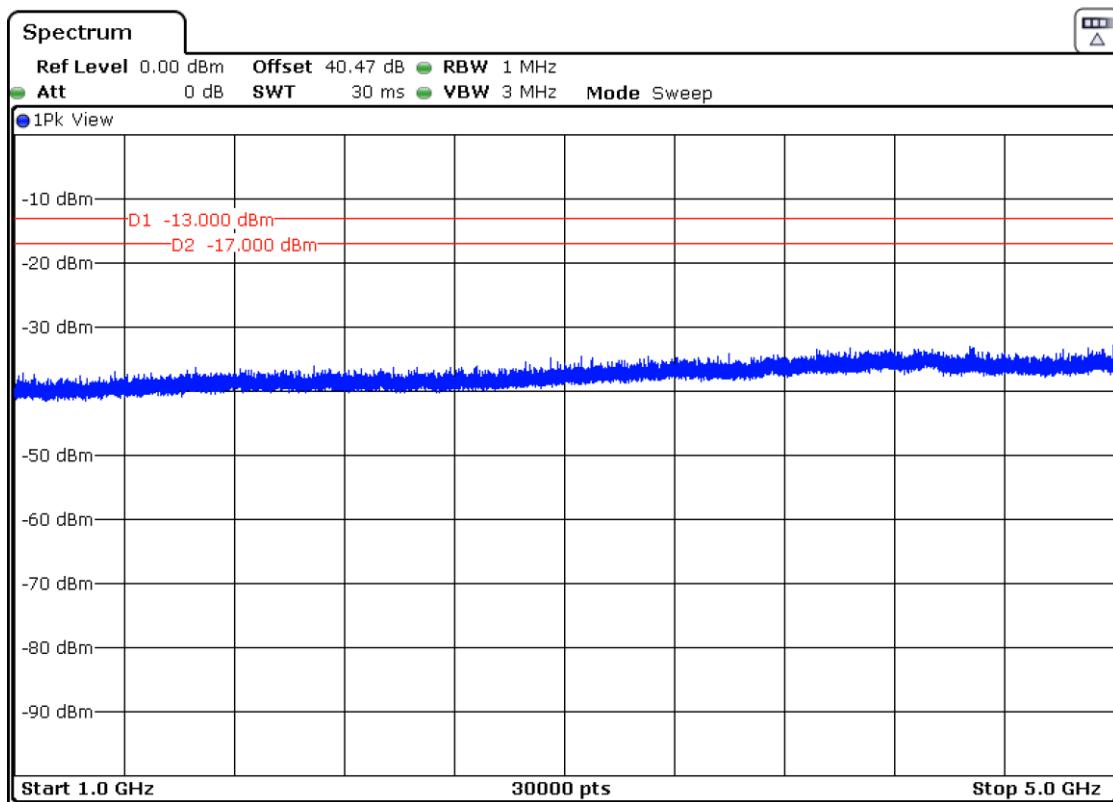
Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency. The carrier is attenuated with a notch filter.



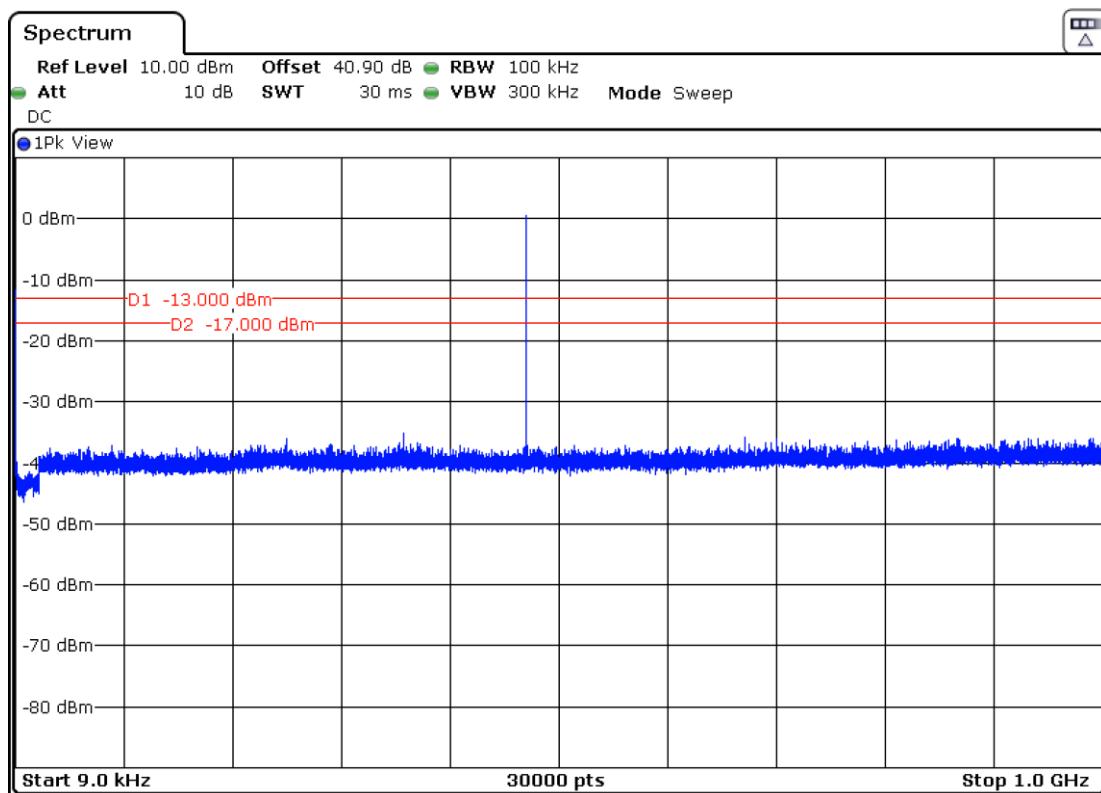
CHANNEL: MIDDLE



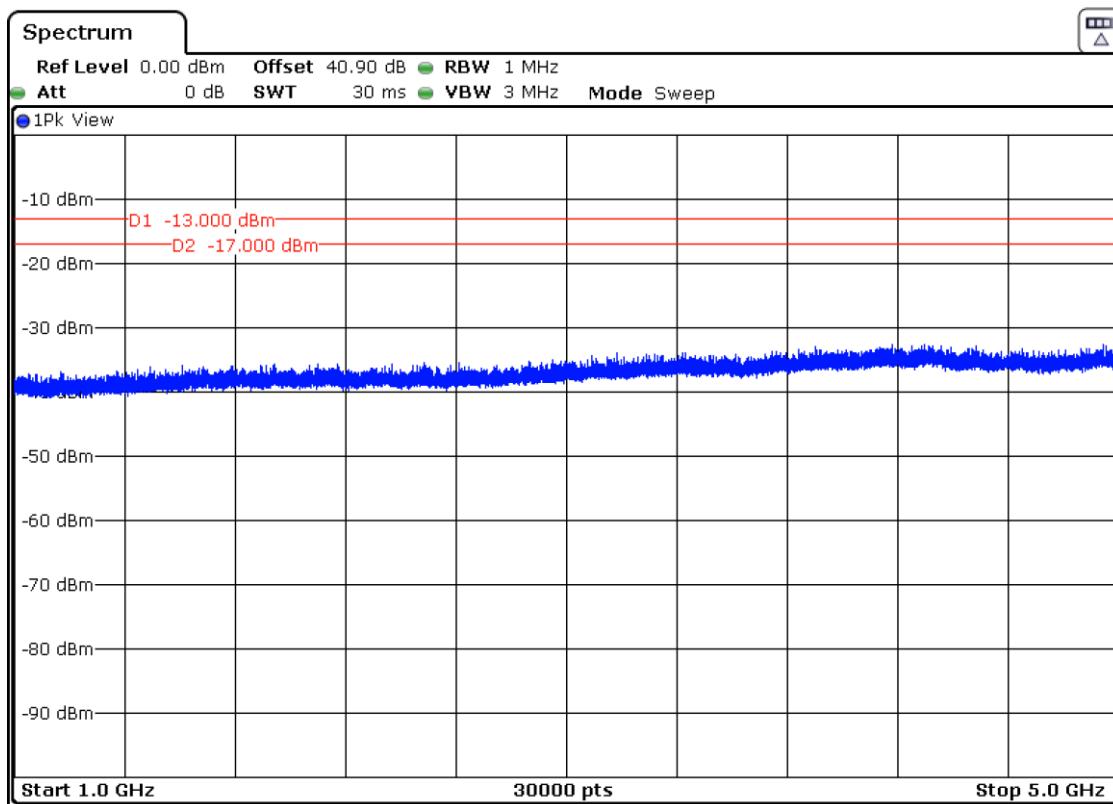
Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency. The carrier is attenuated with a notch filter.



CHANNEL: HIGHEST



Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency. The carrier is attenuated with a notch filter.



Radiated emissions

SPECIFICATION

FCC §2.1053. §90.210 (421–512 MHz band), §90.221 (450-470 MHz band).

Emission Mask B.

On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least $43 + 10 \log(P_{\text{watts}})$ dB.

Adjacent channel power limits.

On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 75 kHz, the attenuation of any emission must be at least $43 + 10 \log(P_{\text{watts}})$ dB.

RSS-119 Clause 5.8.

Table 17 - Emission Mask Y

Displacement Frequency. fd (kHz)	Minimum Attenuation (dB)	Resolution Bandwidth (Hz)
$12.375 < fd \leq 13.975$	whichever is the lesser attenuation: $30 + 16.67(fd - 12.375)$ or $55 + 10 \log_{10}(p)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2
$fd > 13.975$	whichever is the lesser attenuation: 57 or $55 + 10 \log_{10}(p)$	Specified in Section 4.2.2

METHOD

The measurement was performed with the EUT inside an anechoic chamber with the accessories connected. The RF output connector of the EUT is terminated with an attenuator and a 50 ohm load.

The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to at least the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment.

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive stand at a 3 meter distance from the measuring antenna.

Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT and adjusting the measuring antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded.

A preliminary scan was performed to determine the worst case of modulation mode.

Each detected emission at less than 20 dB respect to the limit is substituted by the Substitution method.

RESULTS

A preliminary scan determined the unit with DC power supply and TETRA 22 kHz mode as the worst case. The following tables and plots show the results for this configuration.

1. CHANNEL: LOWEST.

All peaks found are more than 20 dB below the limit.

2. CHANNEL: MIDDLE.

All peaks found are more than 20 dB below the limit.

3. CHANNEL: HIGHEST.

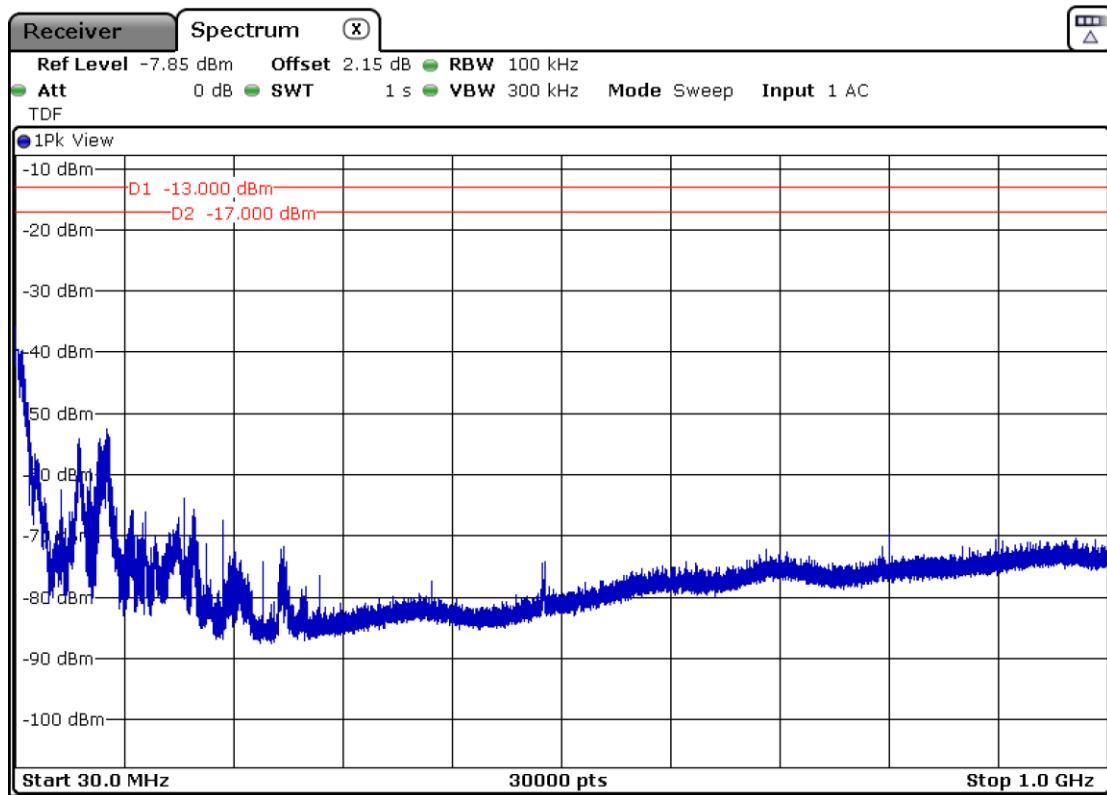
All peaks found are more than 20 dB below the limit.

Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±3.88 for $f < 1\text{GHz}$ <±4.87 for $f \geq 1\text{ GHz}$ up to 18 GHz
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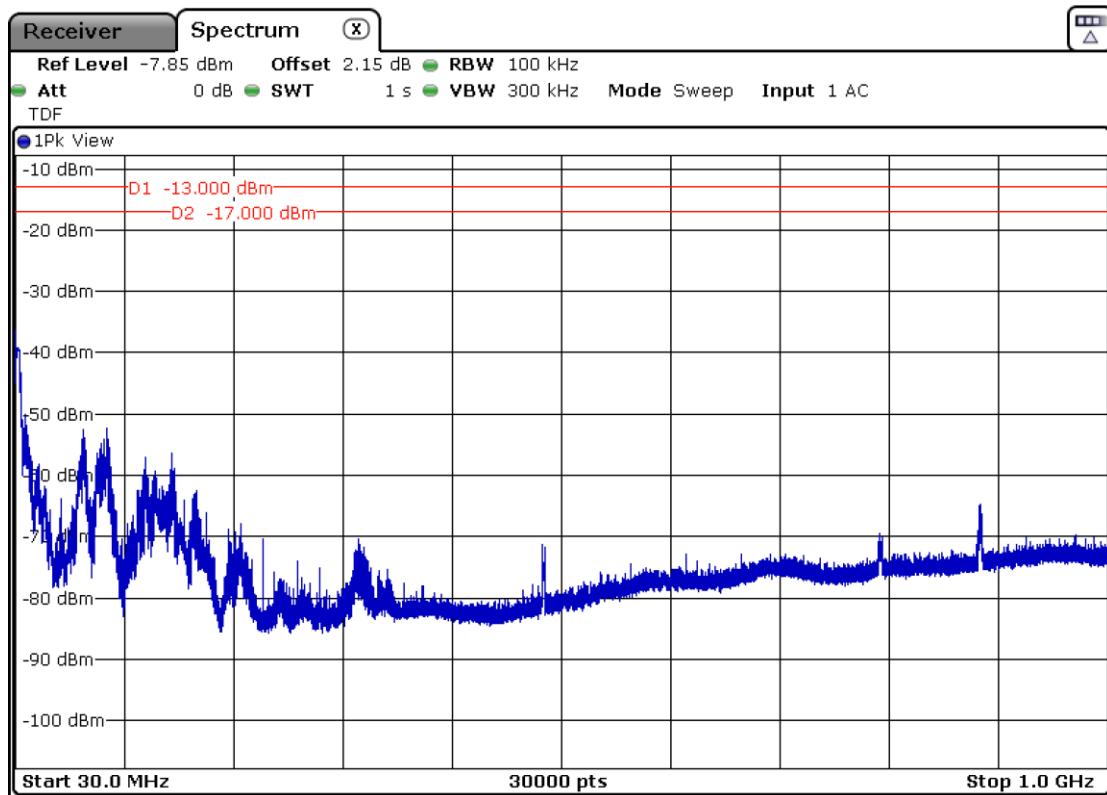
Verdict: PASS

FREQUENCY RANGE 30 MHz-1000 MHz.

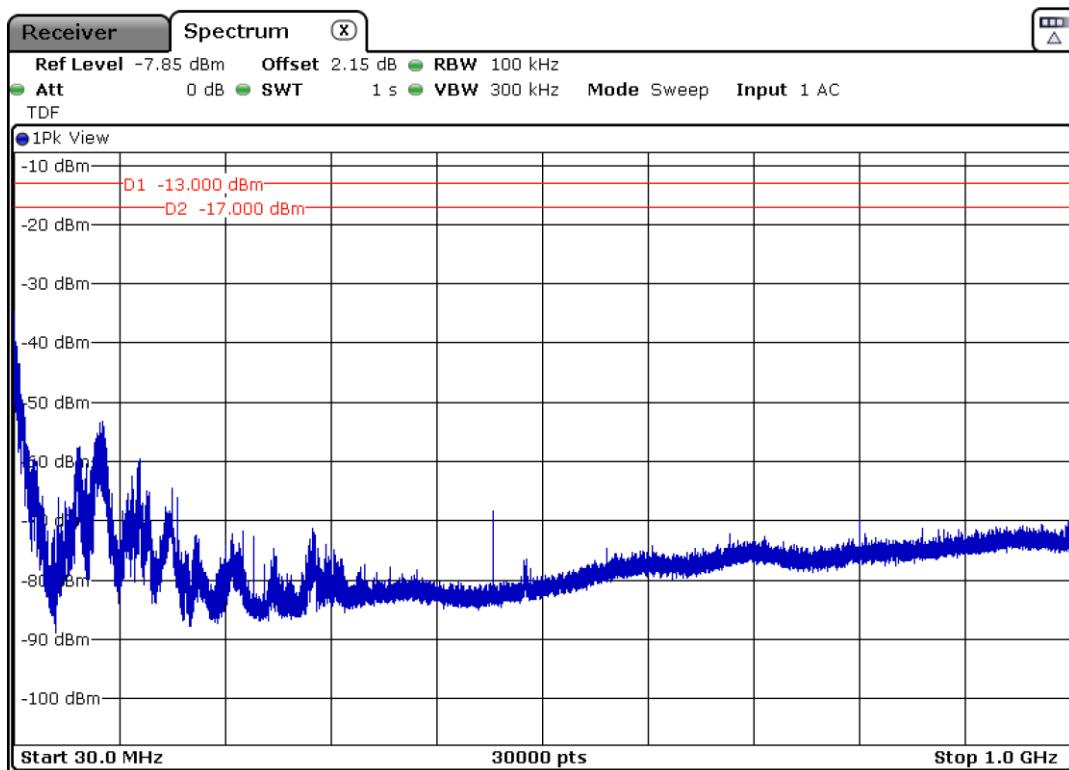
CHANNEL: LOWEST



CHANNEL: MIDDLE.

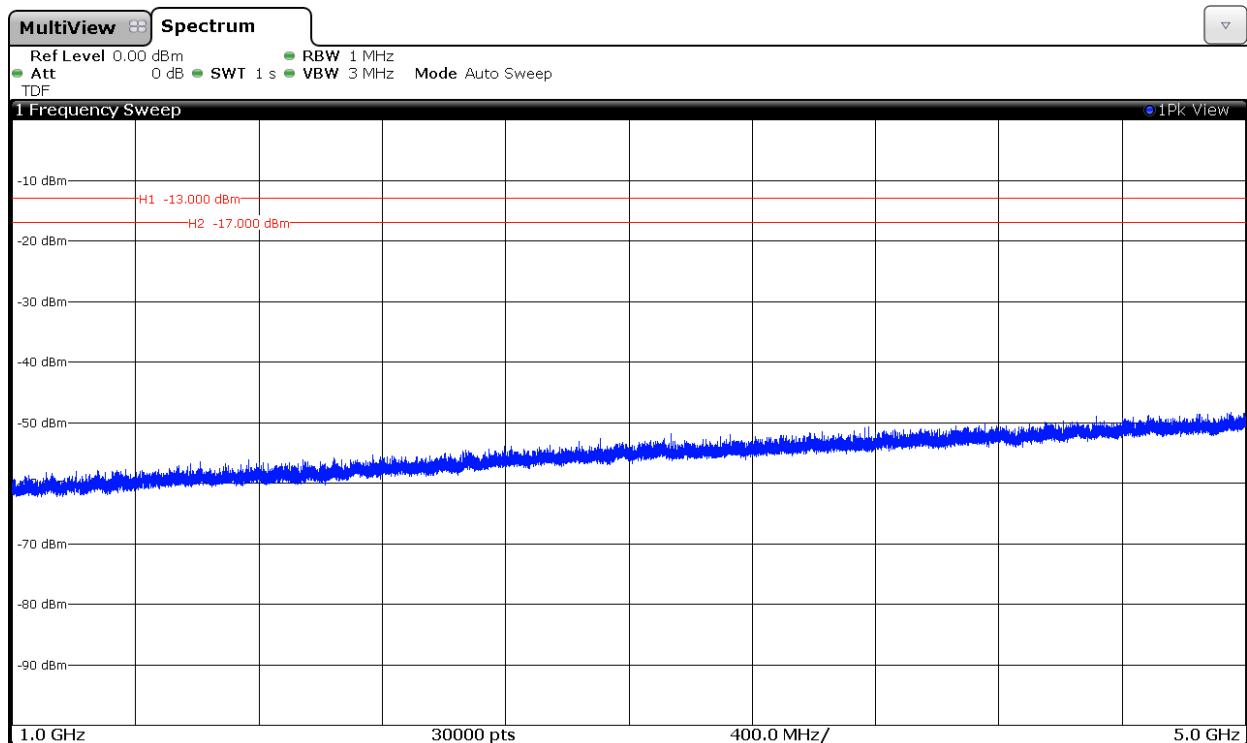


CHANNEL: HIGHEST.

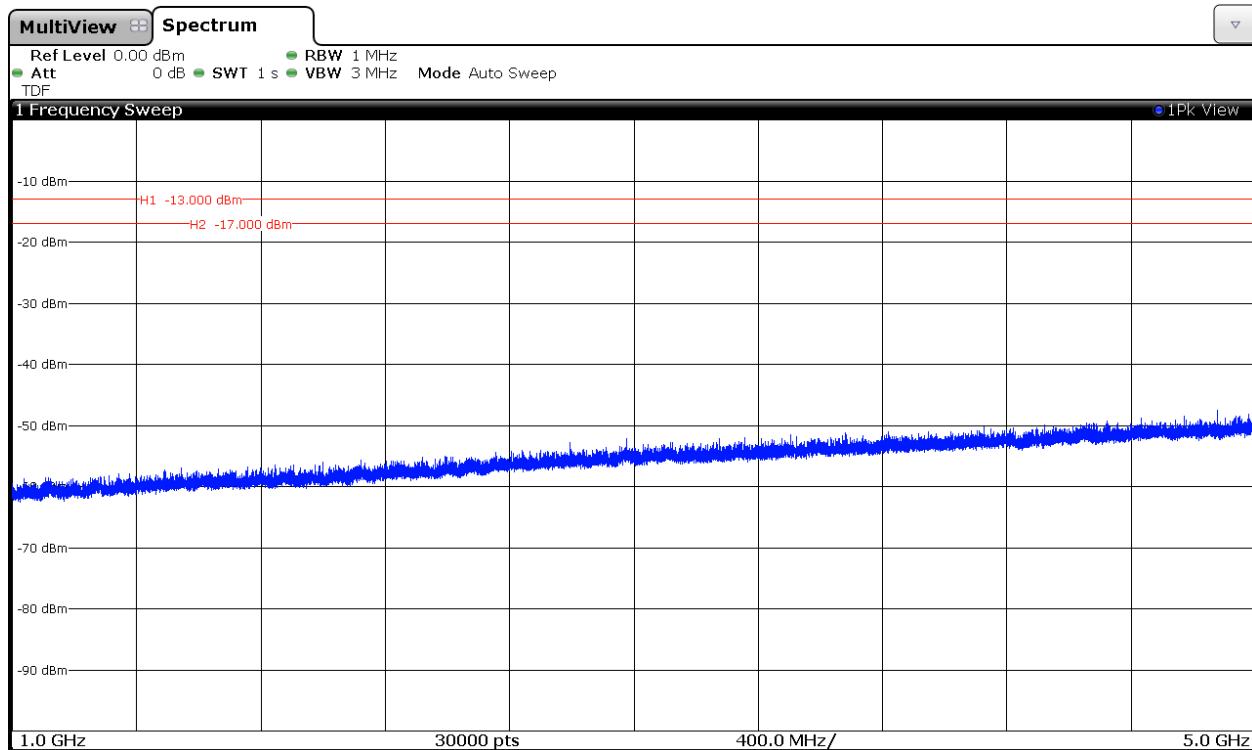


FREQUENCY RANGE 1 GHz to 5 GHz.

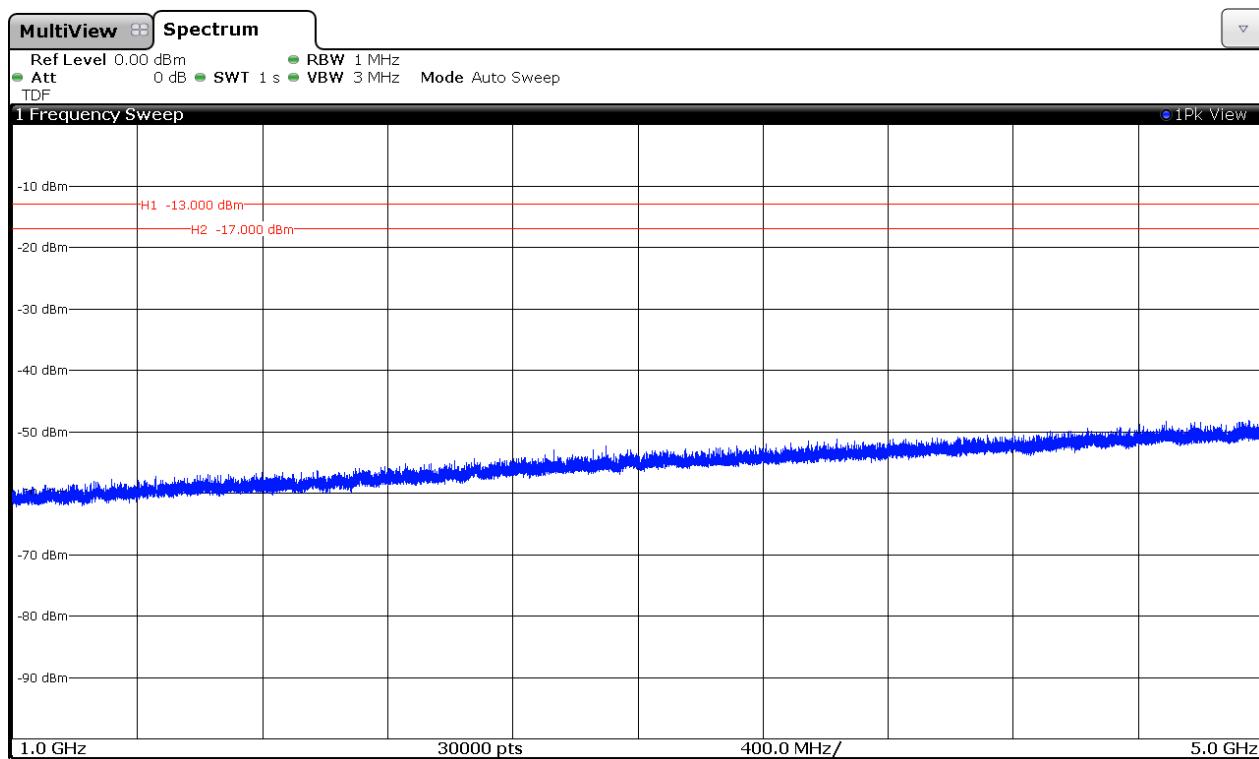
CHANNEL: LOWEST



CHANNEL: MIDDLE.



CHANNEL: HIGHEST.



Transient Frequency Behaviour

SPECIFICATION

FCC §90.214

Transmitters designed to operate in the 150-174 MHz and 421-512 MHz frequency bands must maintain transient frequencies within the maximum frequency difference limits during the time intervals indicated:

Time intervals^{1,2}	Maximum frequency difference³	All equipment	
		150 to 174 MHz	421 to 512 MHz
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 25 kHz Channels			
t_1^4	± 25.0 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms
t_2	± 12.5 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms
t_3^4	± 25.0 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms

1. t_{on} is the instant when a 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed, including any capture time due to phasing.

t_1 is the time period immediately following t_{on} .

t_2 is the time period immediately following t_1 .

t_3 is the time period from the instant when the transmitter is turned off until t_{off} .

t_{off} is the instant when the 1 kHz test signal starts to rise.

2. During the time from the end of t_2 to the beginning of t_3 , the frequency difference must not exceed the limits specified in §90.213.

3. Difference between the actual transmitter frequency and the assigned transmitter frequency.

4. If the transmitter carrier output power rating is 6 watts or less, the frequency difference during this time period may exceed the maximum frequency difference for this time period.

RSS-119 §5.9.

When a transmitter is turned on, the radio frequency may take some time to stabilize. During this initial period, the frequency error or frequency difference (i.e., between the instantaneous and the steady state frequencies) shall not exceed the limits specified in Table 18.

Table 18 – Transient Frequency Behaviour

Channel Bandwidth (kHz)	Time intervals (Notes 1, 2)	Maximum Frequency Difference (kHz)	Transient Duration Limit (ms)	
			138 to 174 MHz	406.1 to 512 MHz
25	t_1	± 25.0 kHz	5.0	10.0
	t_2	± 12.5 kHz	20.0	25.0
	t_3	± 25.0 kHz	5.0	10.0

Notes:

1. t_{on} : the instant when a 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed, including any capture time due to phasing.

t_1 is the time period immediately following t_{on} .

t_2 is the time period immediately following t_1 .

t_3 is the time period from the instant when the transmitter is turned off until t_{off} .

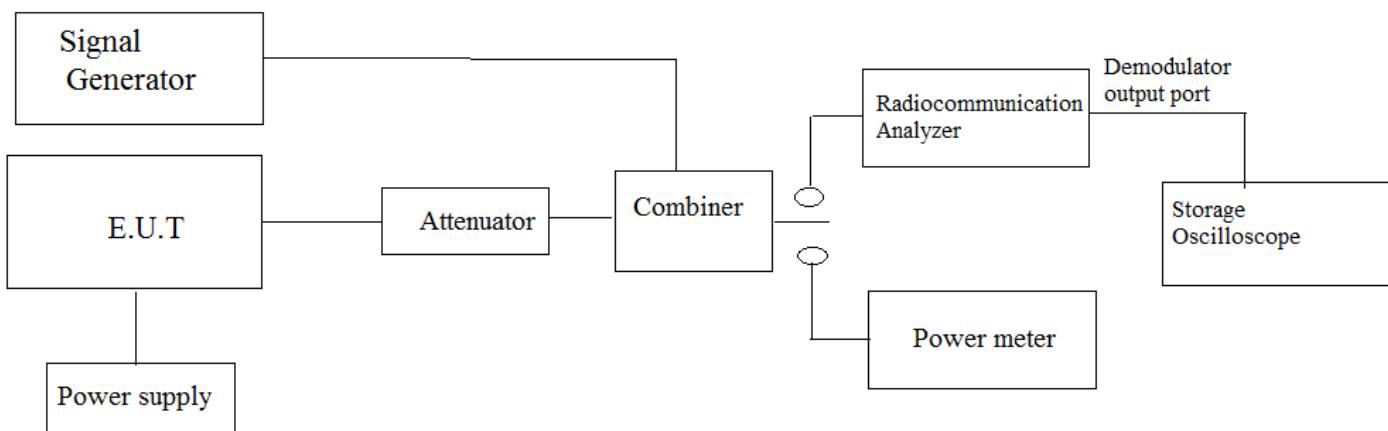
t_{off} is the instant when the 1 kHz test signal starts to rise.

2. If the transmitter carrier output power rating is 6 watts or less, the frequency difference during the time periods t_1 and t_3 may exceed the maximum frequency difference for these time periods.

METHOD

The method used was according to ANSI C63.26-2015 6.5.2.3. "Transient frequency behaviour alternative method using a test receiver".

An attenuator and a calibrated wideband power sensor were used to measure the power levels.



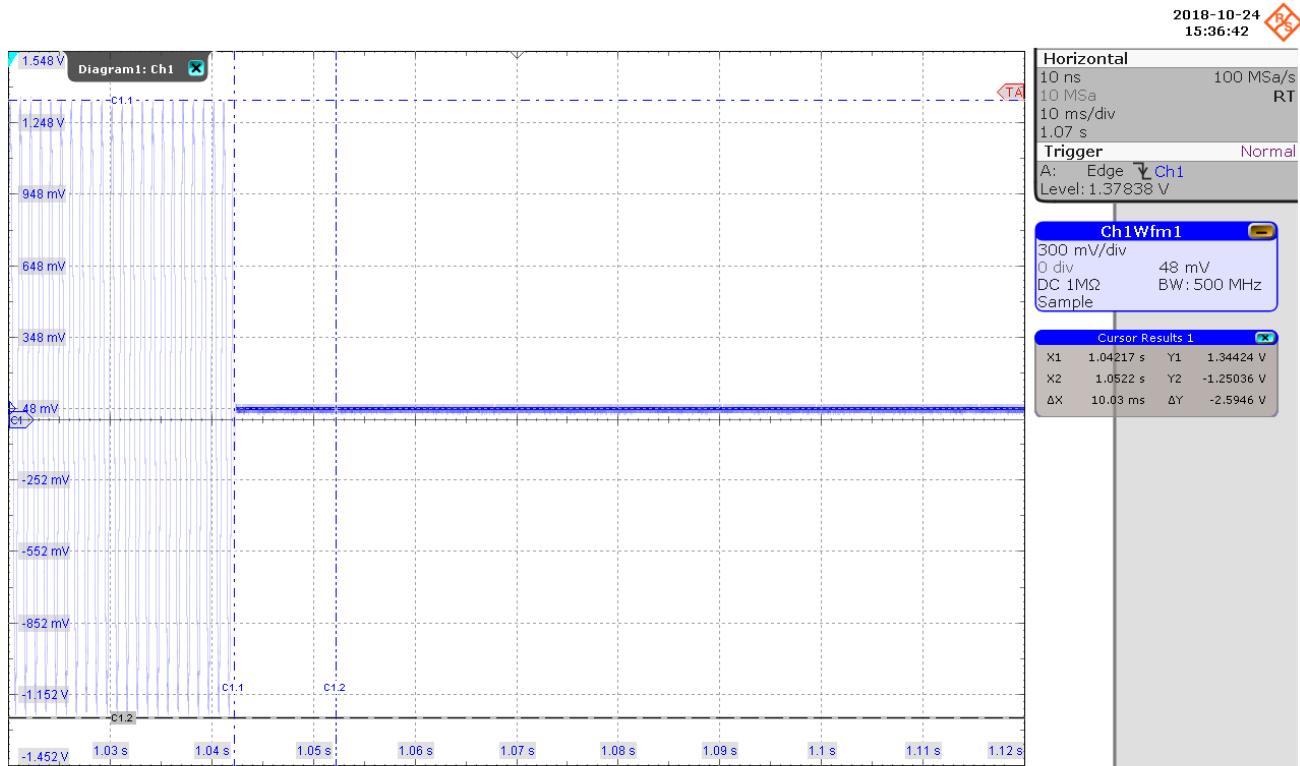
RESULTS (see next plots).

CHANNEL: 459.3500 MHz.

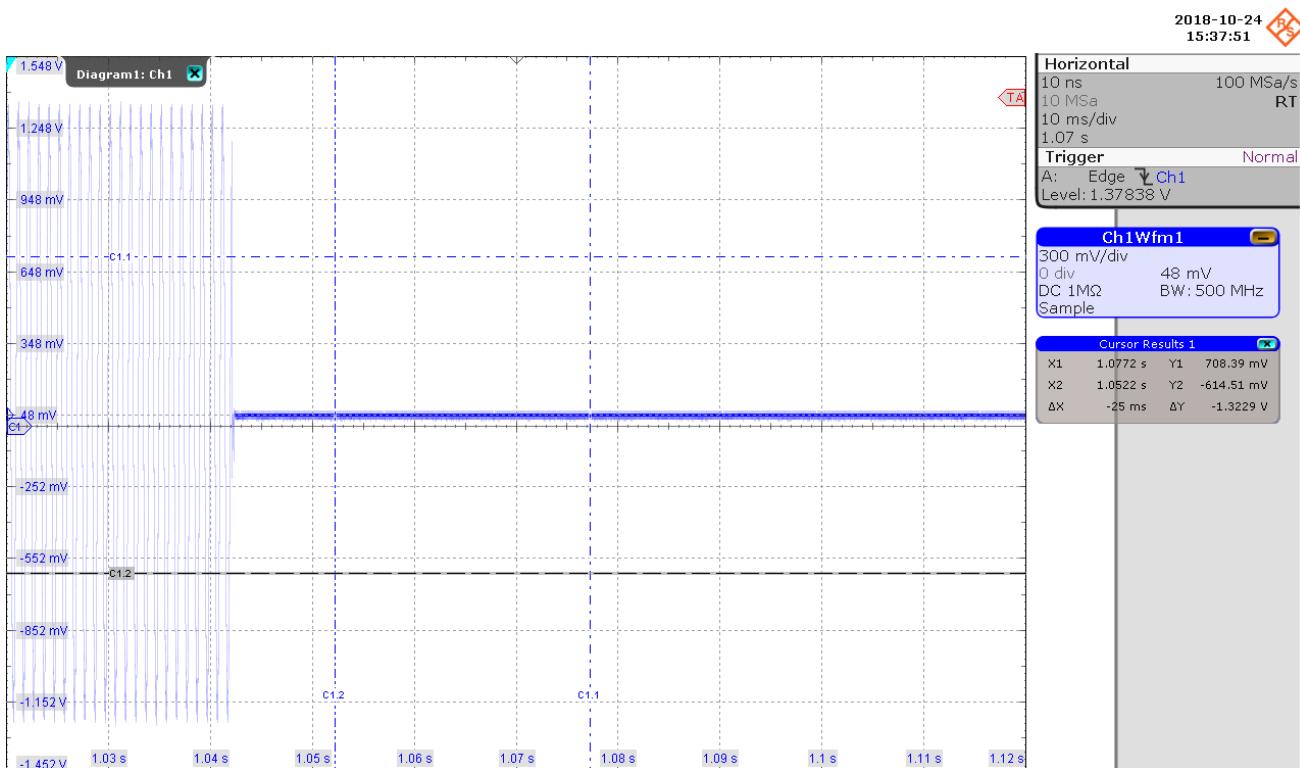
Time intervals	Maximum Frequency Difference (kHz)
t_1	< 6.25
t_2	< 0.33
t_3	< 0.30
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)	< \pm 0.75

Verdict: PASS

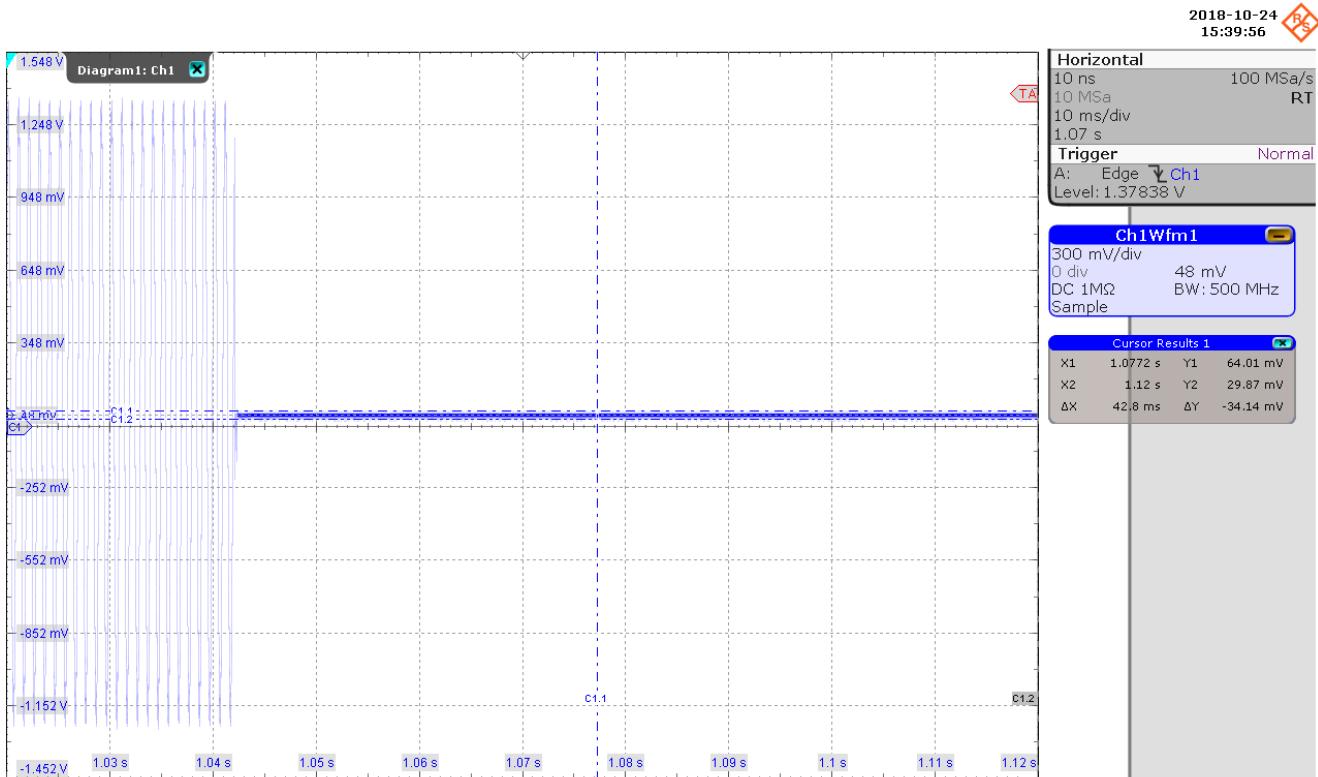
Transient Frequency Behaviour t_{on} to t_1 .



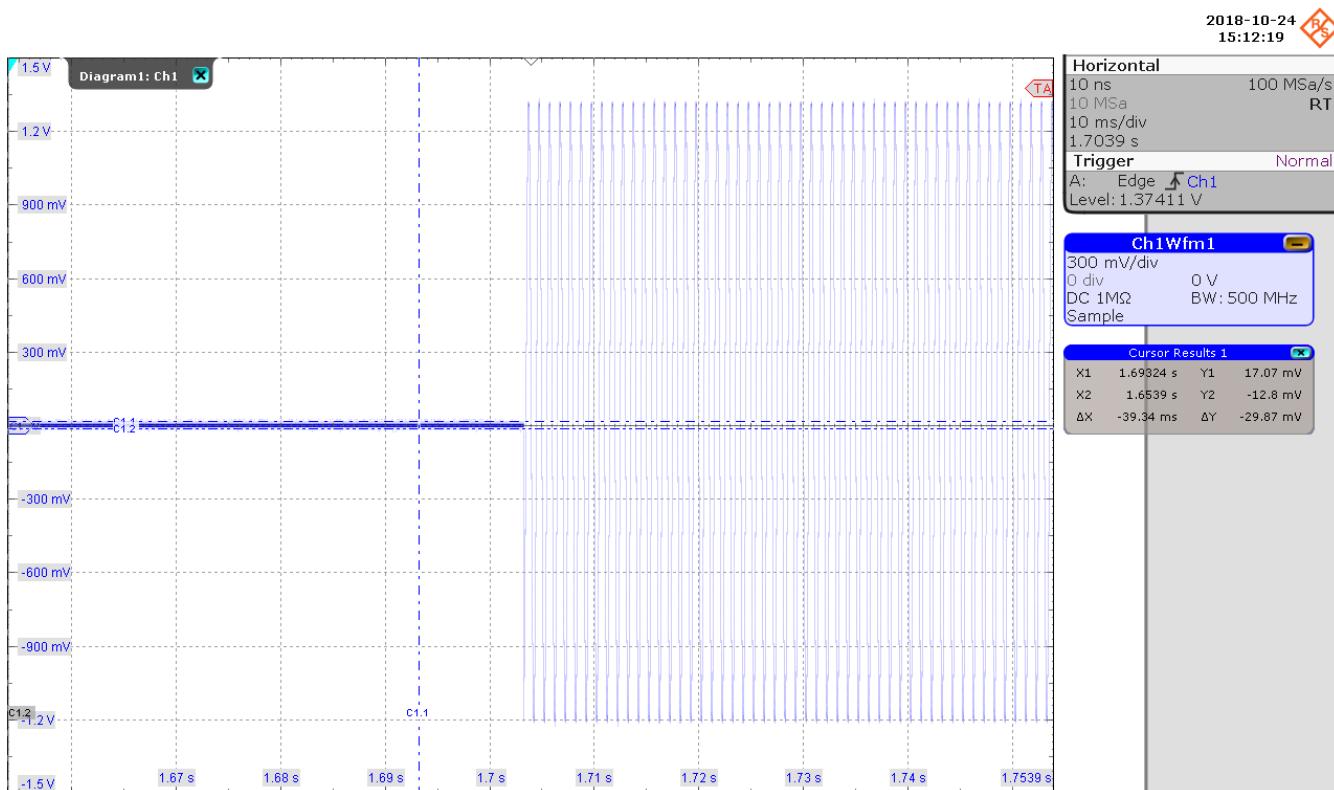
Transient Frequency Behaviour t_1 to t_2 .



Transient Frequency Behaviour following t₂.



Transient Frequency Behaviour before t₃.



Transient Frequency Behaviour t_3 to t_{off} .

