



FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

TEST REPORT

For

Industrial Access Point and Router

Model:

**IAP-620+_US, IAP-620_US, IAP-320_US, IAP-320+_US,
IAR-620_US, IAR-620+_US, IAR-320_US, IAR-320+_US**

Trade Name: ORING

Issued to

**ORing Industrial Networking Corp.
4F., No.3, Lane 235, Baociao Rd., Sindian City,
Taipei County, Taiwan (R.O.C.)**

Issued by

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.
No.11, Wu-Gong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park,
New Taipei City 248, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
<http://www.ccsrf.com>
service@ccsrf.com
Issued Date: August 23, 2012**



Note: This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Compliance Certification Services Inc. This document may be altered or revised by Compliance Certification Services Inc. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document.



Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	August 23, 2012	Initial Issue	ALL	Eunice Shen



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION.....	4
2. EUT DESCRIPTION	5
3. TEST METHODOLOGY	7
3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION	7
3.2 EUT EXERCISE.....	7
3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES.....	7
3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS.....	8
3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	9
4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION.....	10
4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION.....	10
4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED.....	10
4.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	11
5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS	12
5.1 FACILITIES	12
5.2 EQUIPMENT.....	12
5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS.....	13
6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	14
6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT.....	14
6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	14
7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS.....	15
7.1 DUTY CYCLE	15
7.2 6DB BANDWIDTH	18
7.3 PEAK POWER.....	37
7.4 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT	57
7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY.....	82
7.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.....	101
7.7 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS.....	143
APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE	146
APPENDIX II PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP	152
APPENDIX 1 - PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT	



1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant: ORing Industrial Networking Corp.
4F., No.3, Lane 235, Baociao Rd., Sindian City,
Taipei County, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Equipment Under Test: Industrial Access Point and Router

Trade Name: ORING

Model: IAP-620+_US, IAP-620_US, IAP-320_US, IAP-320+_US,
IAR-620_US, IAR-620+_US, IAR-320_US, IAR-320+_US

Date of Test: July 6 ~ August 23, 2012

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	No non-compliance noted

We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample EUT identified in this report.

Approved by:

Miller Lee
Section Manager
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Reviewed by:

Gina Lo
Section Manager
Compliance Certification Services Inc.



2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	Industrial Access Point and Router
Trade Name	ORING
Model Number	IAP-620+_US, IAP-620_US, IAP-320_US, IAP-320+_US, IAR-620_US, IAR-620+_US, IAR-320_US, IAR-320+_US
Received Date	June 27, 2012
Power Adapter	VDC from Power Adapter
Frequency Range	IEEE 802.11a/ IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz: 5.725~5.850 GHz IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz: 5.755~5.795 GHz IEEE 802.11b/g/ IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz: 2.412~2.462 GHz IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz: 2.422~2.452 GHz
Transmit Power	IEEE 802.11a mode: 25.56 dBm IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: 25.80 dBm IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode: 23.73 dBm IEEE 802.11b mode: 21.84 dBm IEEE 802.11g mode: 22.73 dBm IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: 22.55 dBm IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode: 20.82 dBm
Modulation Technique & Transmit Data Rate	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: OFDM (6.5, 7.2, 13, 14.4, 14.44, 19.5, 21.7, 26, 28.89, 28.9, 39, 43.3, 43.33 52, 57.78, 57.8, 58.5, 65.0, 72.2, 78, 86.67, 104, 115.56, 117, 130, 144.44 Mbps) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode: OFDM (13.5, 15, 27, 30, 40.5, 45, 54, 60, 81, 90, 108, 120, 121.5, 135, 150, 162, 180, 216, 240, 243, 270, 300 Mbps) IEEE 802.11b mode: DSSS (1, 2, 5.5 and 11 Mbps) IEEE 802.11g mode: OFDM (6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48 and 54 Mbps) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: OFDM (6.5, 7.2, 13, 14.4, 14.44, 19.5, 21.7, 26, 28.89, 28.9, 39, 43.3, 43.33 52, 57.78, 57.8, 58.5, 65.0, 72.2, 78, 86.67, 104, 115.56, 117, 130, 144.44 Mbps) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode: OFDM (13.5, 15, 27, 30, 40.5, 45, 54, 60, 81, 90, 108, 120, 121.5, 135, 150, 162, 180, 216, 240, 243, 270, 300 Mbps)



Number of Channels	IEEE 802.11a mode: 5 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: 5 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode: 2 Channels IEEE 802.11b/g mode: 11 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: 11 Channels IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode: 7 Channels
Antenna Designation	Dipole Antenna
Antenna Specification	For 2.4G : Gain: 2.18 dBi MIMO: $2.18 \text{ dBi} + 10 \log (2) = 5.18 \text{ dBi}$ (Numeric gain: 3.29) For 5G : Gain: 3.58 dBi MIMO: $3.58 \text{ dBi} + 10 \log (2) = 6.58 \text{ dBi}$ (Numeric gain: 4.54)

Remark:

1. *The sample selected for test was production product and was provided by manufacturer.*
2. *This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: WHD-IAP620 filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.*

Model Discrepancy

Model	Model Discrepancy
IAP-620+_US	Industrial IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n wireless access point with 2x10/100Base-T(X)
IAP-620_US	Industrial IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n wireless access point with 2x10/100Base-T(X), 1-port PoE P.D.
IAP-320_US	Industrial IEEE 802.11 a/b/g wireless access point with 2x10/100Base-T(X), 1-port PoE P.D.
IAP-320+_US	Industrial IEEE 802.11 a/b/g wireless access point with 2x10/100Base-T(X)
IAR-620_US	Industrial IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n wireless access point router with 2x10/100Base-T(X), 1-port PoE P.D.
IAR-620+_US	Industrial IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n wireless access point router with 2x10/100Base-T(X)
IAR-320_US	Industrial IEEE 802.11 a/b/g wireless access point router with 2x10/100Base-T(X), 1-port PoE P.D.
IAR-320+_US	Industrial IEEE 802.11 a/b/g wireless access point router with 2x10/100Base-T(X)



3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.

**3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS**

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41			

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.



3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT (model: IAP-620+_US) had been tested under operating condition.

The EUT is a 2x2 configuration spatial MIMO (2Tx & 2Rx) without beam forming function that operate in double TX chains and double RX chains. The 2x2 configuration is implemented with two outside TX & RX chains (Chain 1 and Chain 0).

Both antennas of EUT are rotatable. After the preliminary test, the antenna position was found to the worst-case of vertical.

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed. The worst case data rate is determined as the data rate with highest output power.

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission below 1GHz and power line conducted emissions below 30MHz, which worst case was in normal link mode only.

IEEE 802.11b mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2442MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 1Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11g mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2442MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2442MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode:

Channel Low (2422MHz), Channel Mid (2442MHz) and Channel High (2452MHz) with 13.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11a mode:

Channel Low (5745MHz), Channel Mid (5785MHz) and Channel High (5825MHz) with 6Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode:

Channel Low(5745MHz), Channel Mid(5785MHz) and Channel High(5825MHz) with 6.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode:

Channel Low(5755MHz) and Channel High(5795MHz) with 13.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.



4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year and Loop Antenna is scheduled for calibration once three years.

Conducted Emissions Test Site				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360131	03/21/2013
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1012009	06/05/2013
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917072	06/05/2013

Wugu 966 Chamber A				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510268	11/15/2012
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100064	03/01/2013
Pre-Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZFL-1000LN	SF350700823	01/13/2013
Pre-Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS44-00102650-42-10P-44	1415367	11/20/2012
Bilog Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB3	A030105	10/03/2012
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3117	00055165	02/14/2013
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	00026370	10/12/2012
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	8905/2356	06/10/2013
Turn Table	CCS	CC-T-1F	N/A	N.C.R
Antenna Tower	CCS	CC-A-1F	N/A	N.C.R
Controller	CCS	CC-C-1F	N/A	N.C.R
Site NSA	CCS	N/A	N/A	12/25/2012
Test S/W	EZ-EMC (CCS-3A1RE)			

Conducted Emission room # A				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	101203	07/25/2013
LISN	R&S	ESH3-Z5	848773/014	12/07/2012
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-541	12/14/2012
Coaxial Cable	Commate	CFD300-NL	NA	12/07/2012
Test S/W	CCS-3A1-CE			



4.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Powerline Conducted Emission	+/- 1.2159
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 30M~200M	+/- 4.0138
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 200M~1000M	+/- 3.9483
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 1G~8G	+/- 2.5975
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 8G~18G	+/- 2.6112
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 18G~26G	+/- 2.7389
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 26G~40G	+/- 2.9683

Remark: This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.



5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

- No.199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Tel: 886-2-2217-0894 / Fax: 886-2-2217-1029
- No.11, Wu-Gong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, New Taipei City 248, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Tel: 886-2-2299-9720 / Fax: 886-2-2298-4045
- No.81-1, Lane 210, Bade 2nd Rd., Lujhu Township, Taoyuan County 33841, TAIWAN, R.O.C.
Tel: 886-3-324-0332 / Fax: 886-3-324-5235

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	FCC	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (FCC MRA: TW1039) to perform FCC Part 15 measurements	 FCC MRA: TW1039
Taiwan	TAF	LP0002, RTTE01, FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C, D, E, RSS-210, RSS-310 IDA TS SRD, AS/NZS 4268, AS/NZS 4771, TS 12.1 & 12.2, ETSI EN 300 440-1, ETSI EN 300 440-2, ETSI EN 300 328, ETSI EN 300 220-1, ETSI EN 300 220-2, ETSI EN 301 893, ETSI EN 301 489-1/3/7/17 FCC OET Bulletin 65 + Supplement C, EN 50360, EN 50361, EN 50371, RSS 102, EN 50383, EN 50385, EN 50392, IEC 62209, CNS 14958-1, CNS 14959 FCC Method -47 CFR Part 15 Subpart B IEC / EN 61000-3-2, IEC / EN 61000-3-3, IEC / EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	
Canada	Industry Canada	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (IC 2324G-1 / IC 2324G-2) to perform	 IC 2324G-1 IC 2324G-2

** No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by A2LA or any agency of the US Government.*



6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Power Adapter	UMEC	UP0121A-12PA	N/A	N/A	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core
2.	Wireless Pre-N Router (Remote)	BELKIN	F5D8230-4	N/A	SA3-AGN0901AP 0100	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core
3.	Notebook PC (Remote)	DELL	PP19L	61G6Q1S	FCC DoC	LAN Cable: Unshielded, 10m	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core

Remark:

1. *All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.*
2. *Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.*



7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

7.1 DUTY CYCLE

Limit

KDB 789033

Test procedure

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer or radiated field strength. The RBW is set to 1 MHz and the VBW is set to 1 MHz. The sweep time is coupled and the span is set to 0 Hz.

Test results

Mode	ON Time (msec)	Period (msec)	Duty Cycle (%)
IEEE 802.11b mode	--	--	≤ 100
IEEE 802.11g mode	--	--	≤ 100
IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode	--	--	≤ 100
IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode	--	--	≤ 100

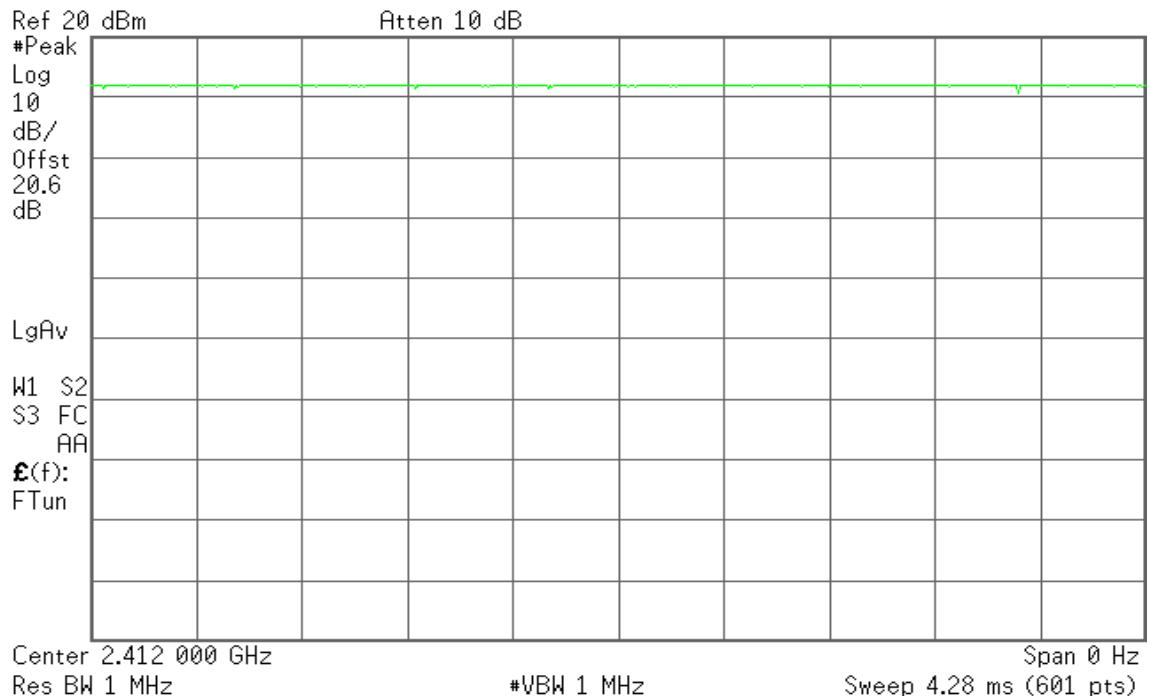


Test Plot

IEEE 802.11b mode

* Agilent 15:35:35 Jul 13, 2012

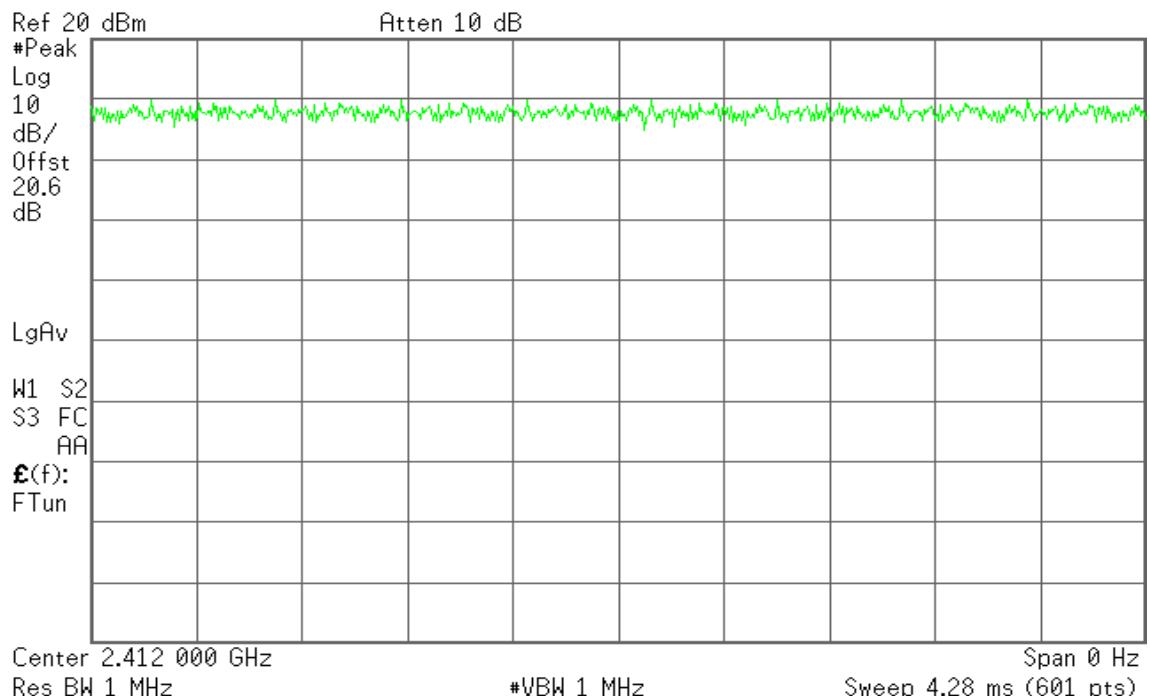
R T



IEEE 802.11g mode

* Agilent 15:36:09 Jul 13, 2012

R T

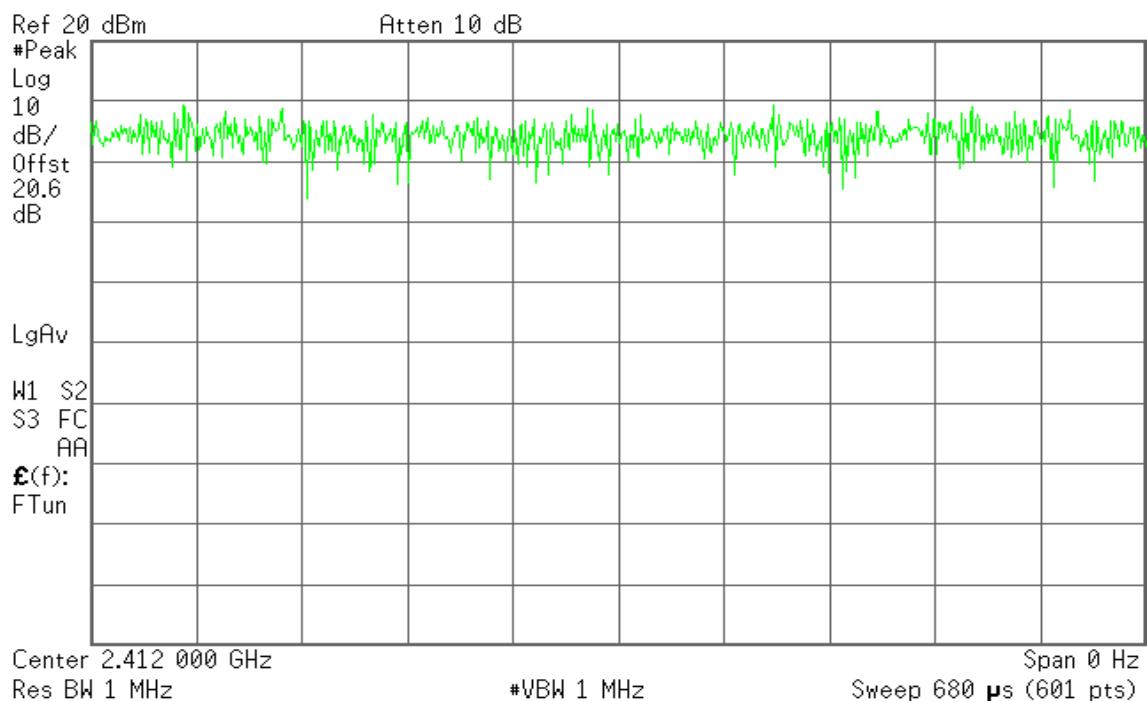




IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Agilent 15:36:38 Jul 13, 2012

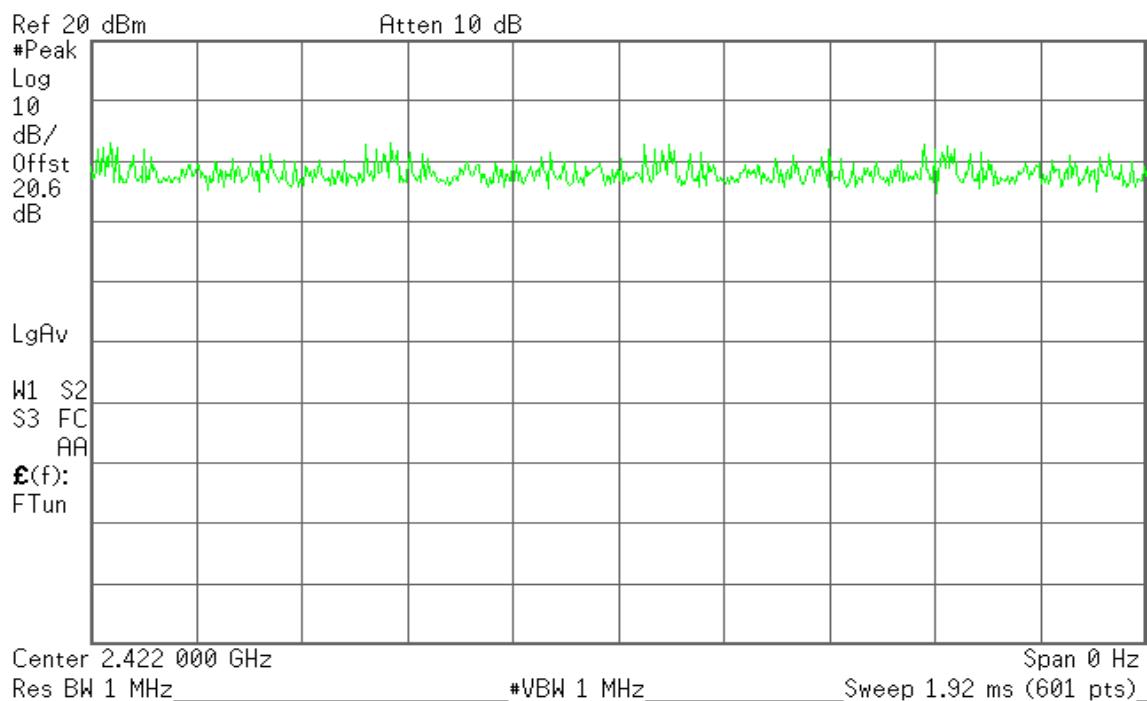
R T



IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode

Agilent 15:37:13 Jul 13, 2012

R T



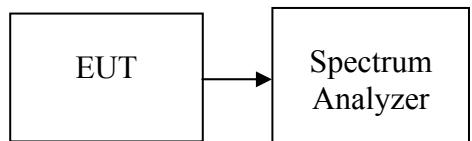


7.2 6dB BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. Set the RBW = 1%-5% of the emission bandwidth, VBW \geq 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Trace mode = max hold, Sweep = auto couple. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

**Test Data****Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	12.67	>500	PASS
Mid	2442	12.23		PASS
High	2462	13.10		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	16.47	>500	PASS
Mid	2442	16.47		PASS
High	2462	16.50		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	17.63	>500	PASS
Mid	2442	17.60		PASS
High	2462	17.57		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	17.70	>500	PASS
Mid	2442	17.70		PASS
High	2462	17.73		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2422	35.73	>500	PASS
Mid	2442	35.80		PASS
High	2452	35.80		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2422	35.73	>500	PASS
Mid	2442	35.60		PASS
High	2452	36.00		PASS

**Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	5745	16.40	>500	PASS
Mid	5785	16.40		PASS
High	5825	16.43		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	5745	17.60	>500	PASS
Mid	5785	17.57		PASS
High	5825	17.57		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	5745	17.67	>500	PASS
Mid	5785	17.73		PASS
High	5825	17.67		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	5755	35.53	>500	PASS
High	5795	35.73		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 1

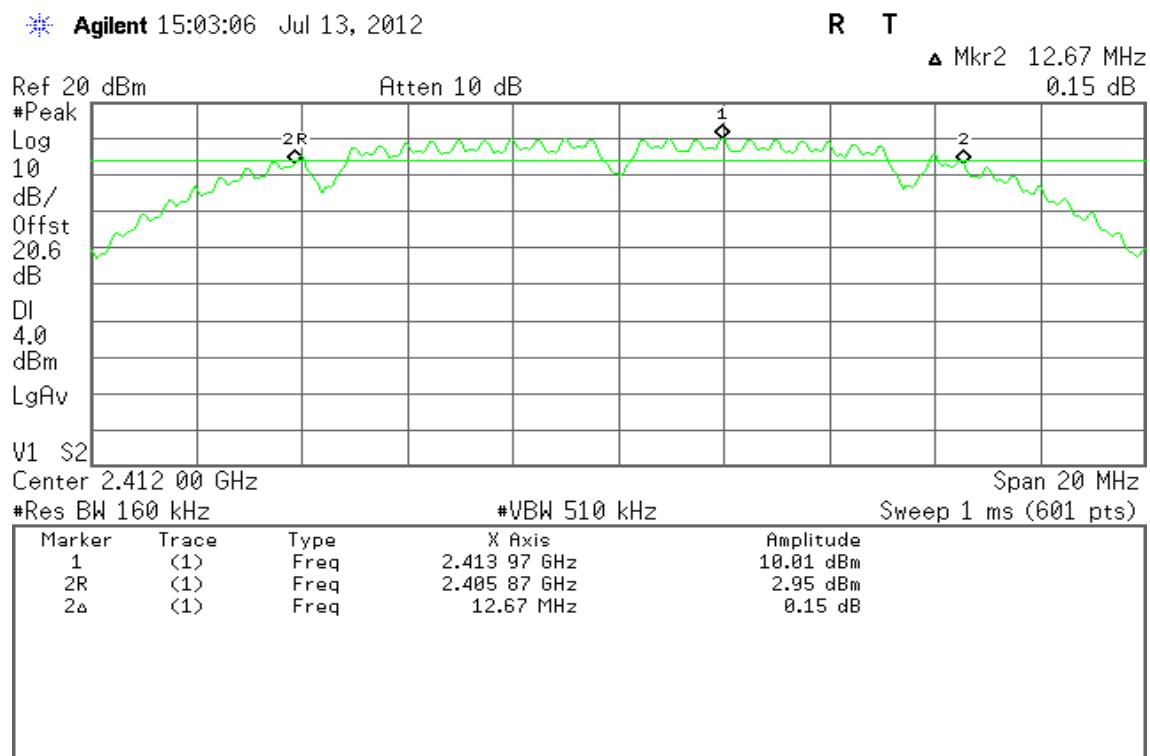
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	5755	35.67	>500	PASS
High	5795	35.53		PASS



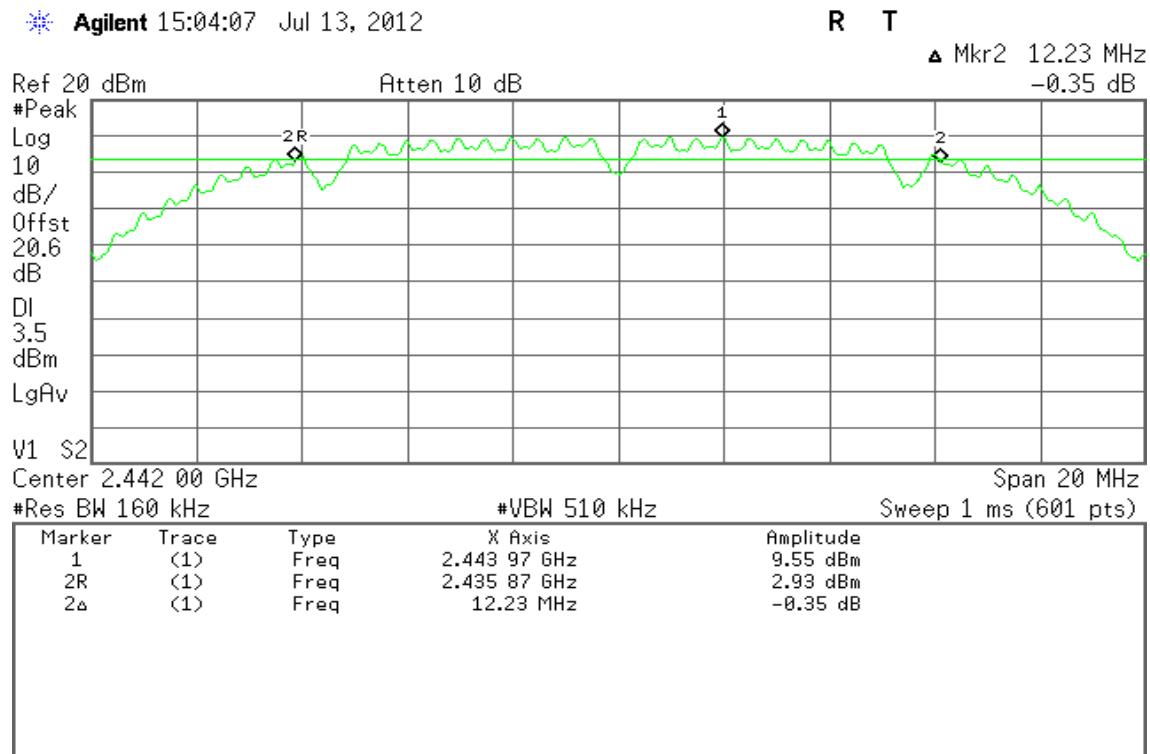
Test Plot

IEEE 802.11b mode

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

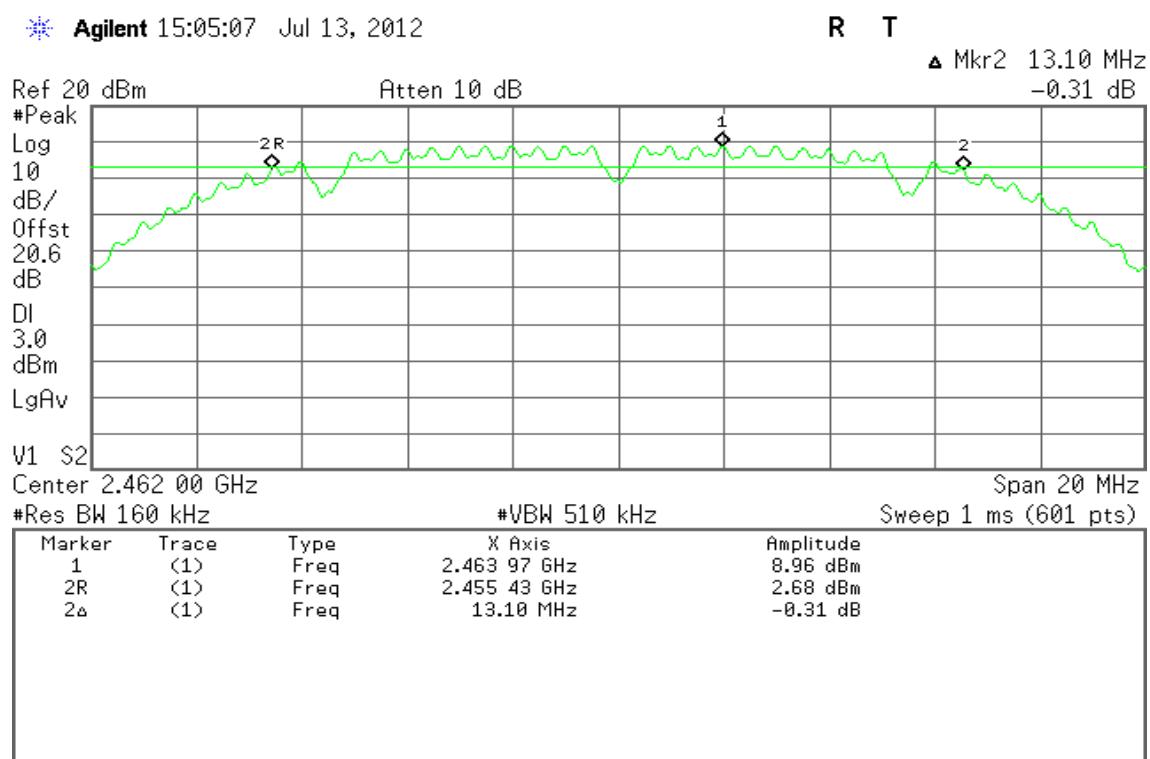


6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

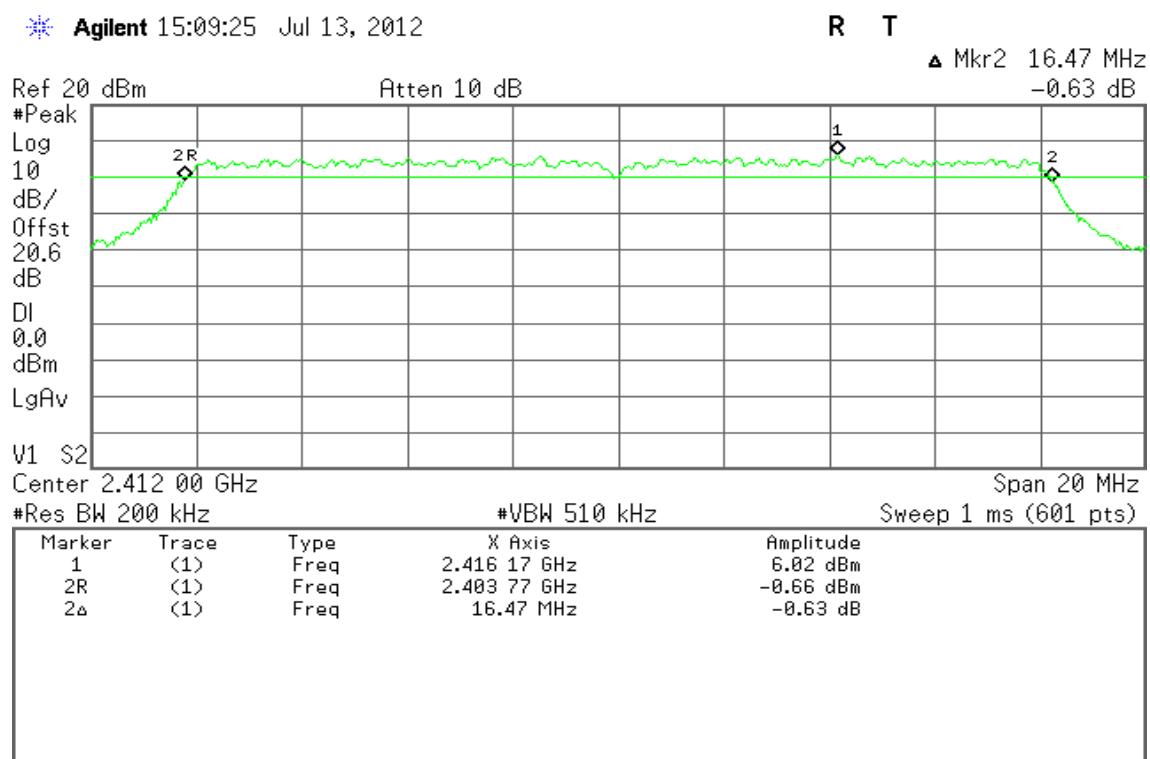


**6dB Bandwidth (CH High)**

* Agilent 15:05:07 Jul 13, 2012

**IEEE 802.11g mode****6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)**

* Agilent 15:09:25 Jul 13, 2012





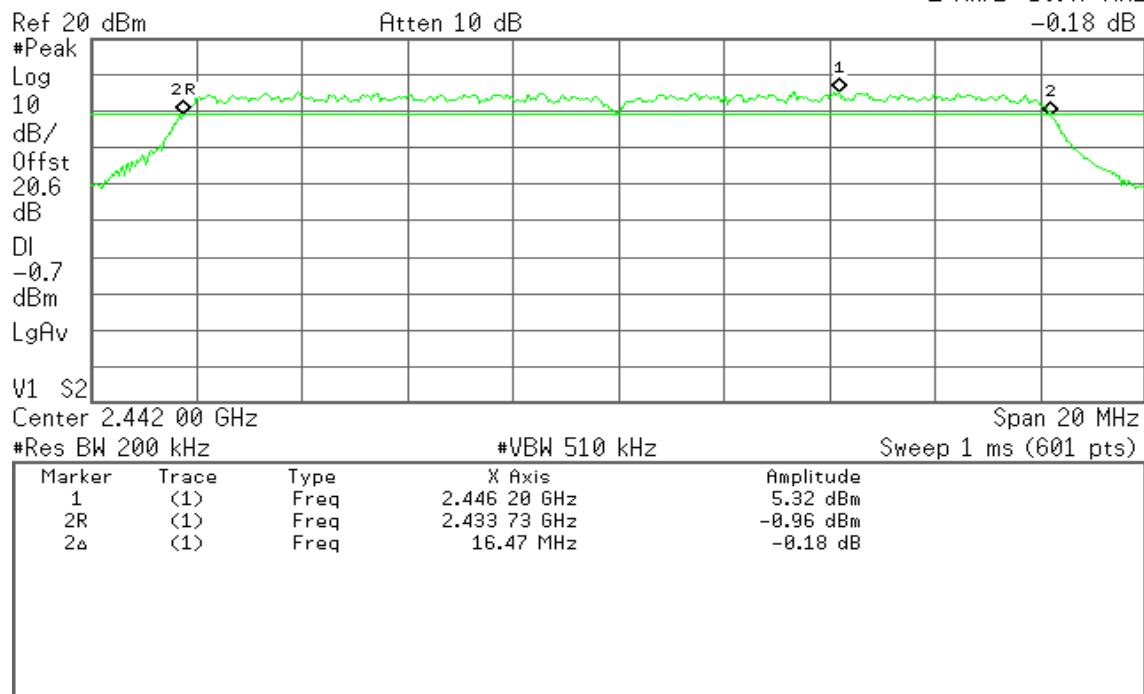
6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

Agilent 15:10:36 Jul 13, 2012

R T

▲ Mkr2 16.47 MHz

-0.18 dB



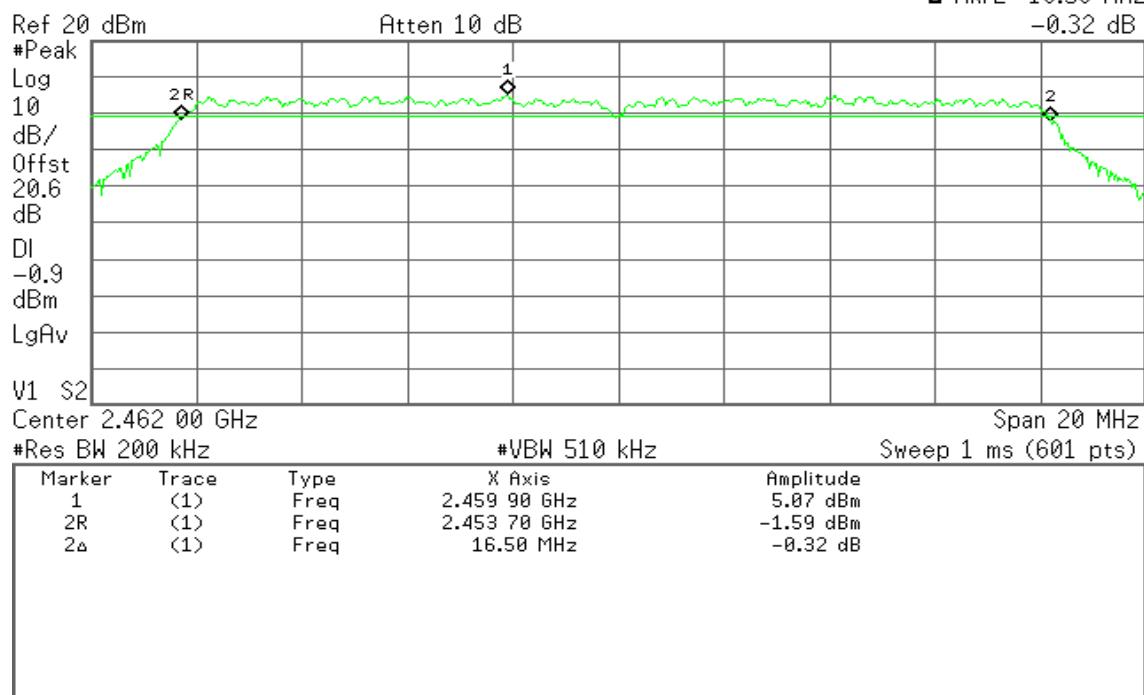
6dB Bandwidth (CH High)

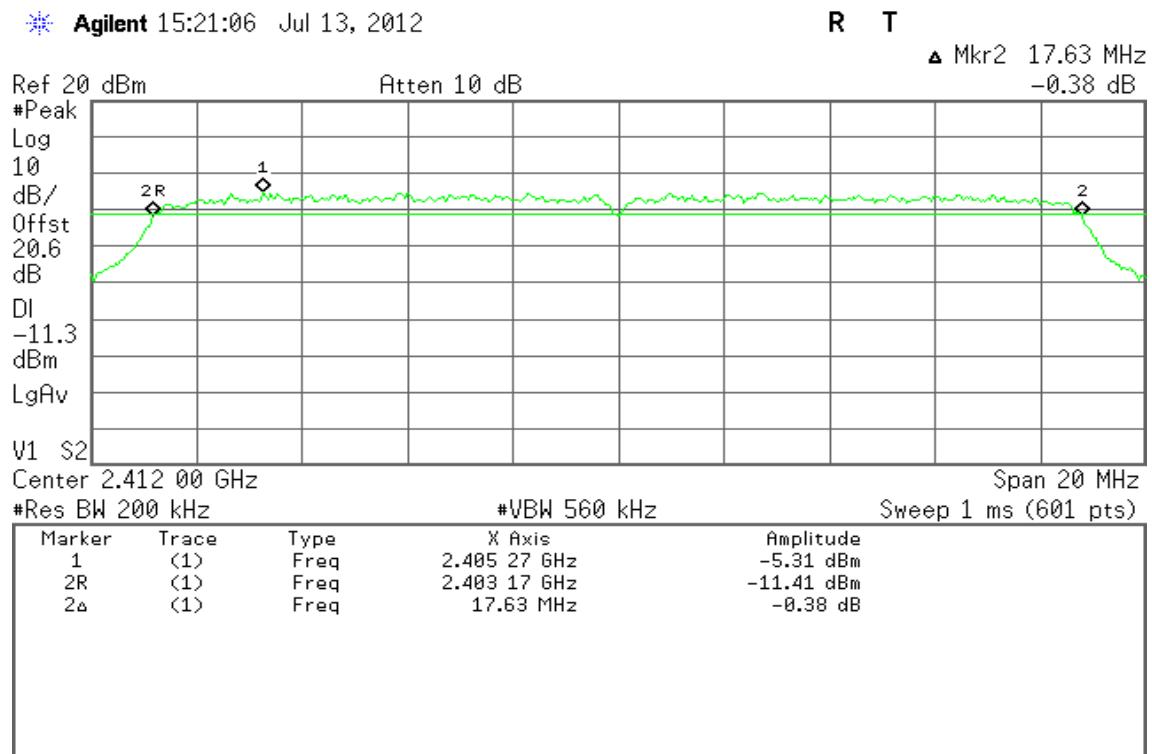
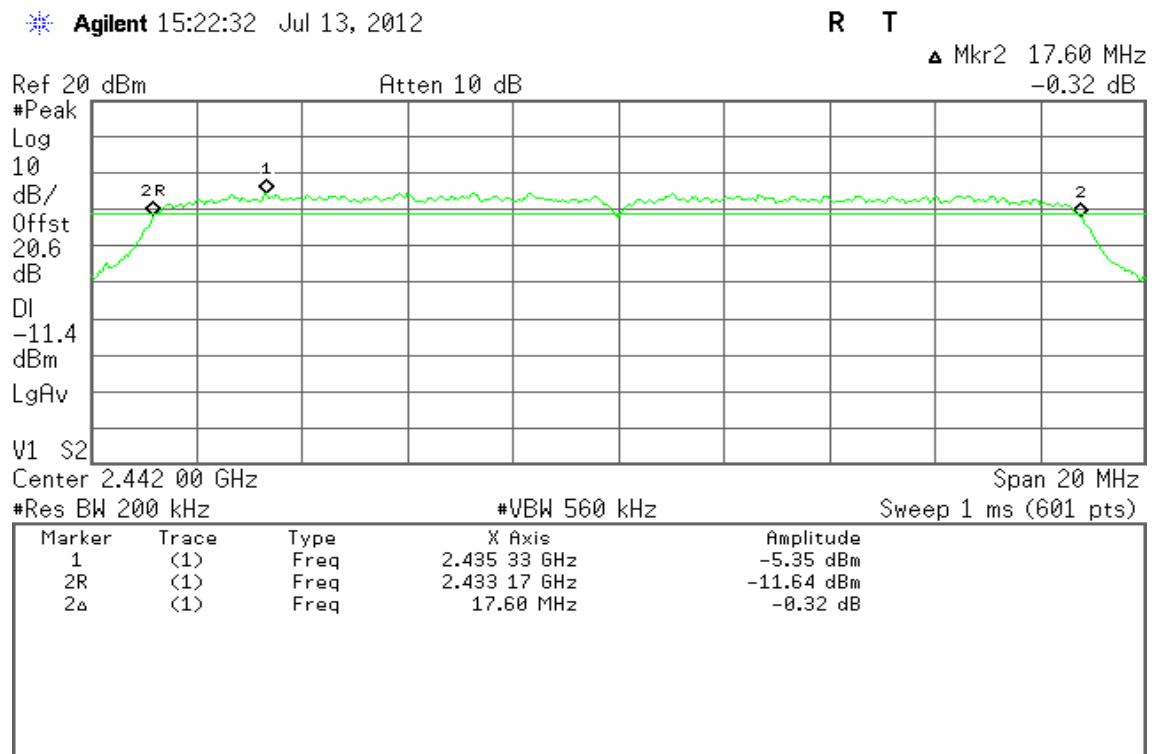
Agilent 15:11:39 Jul 13, 2012

R T

▲ Mkr2 16.50 MHz

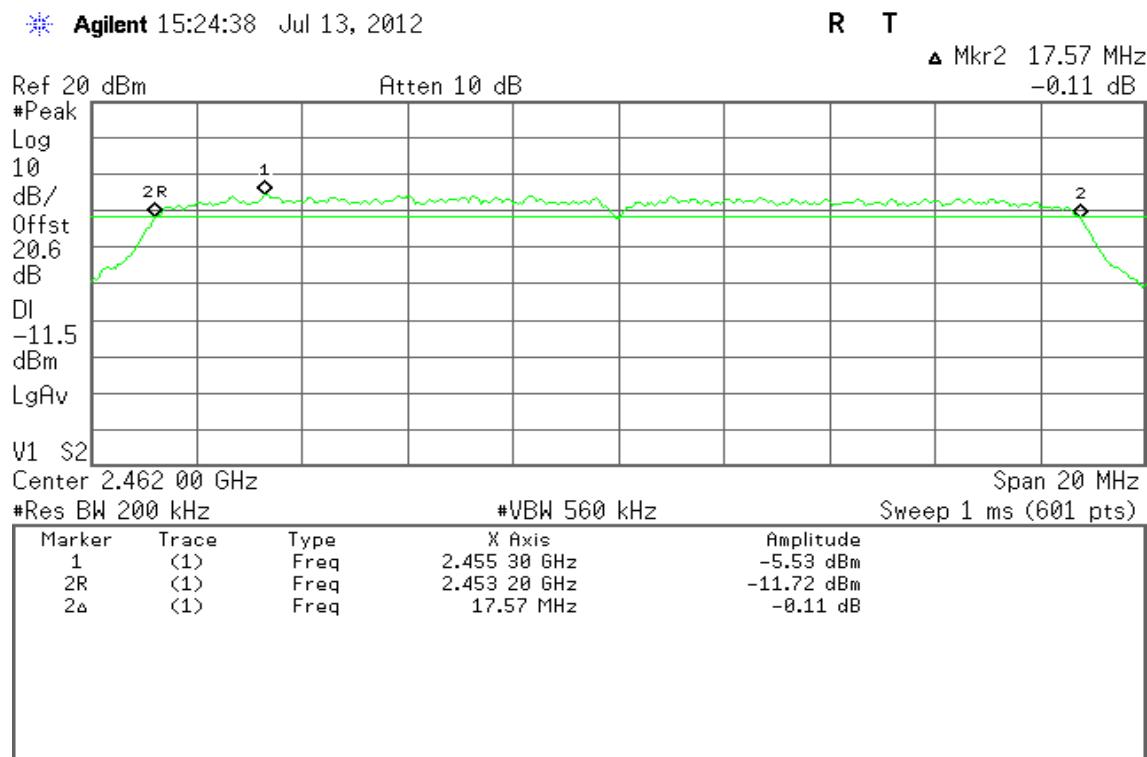
-0.32 dB



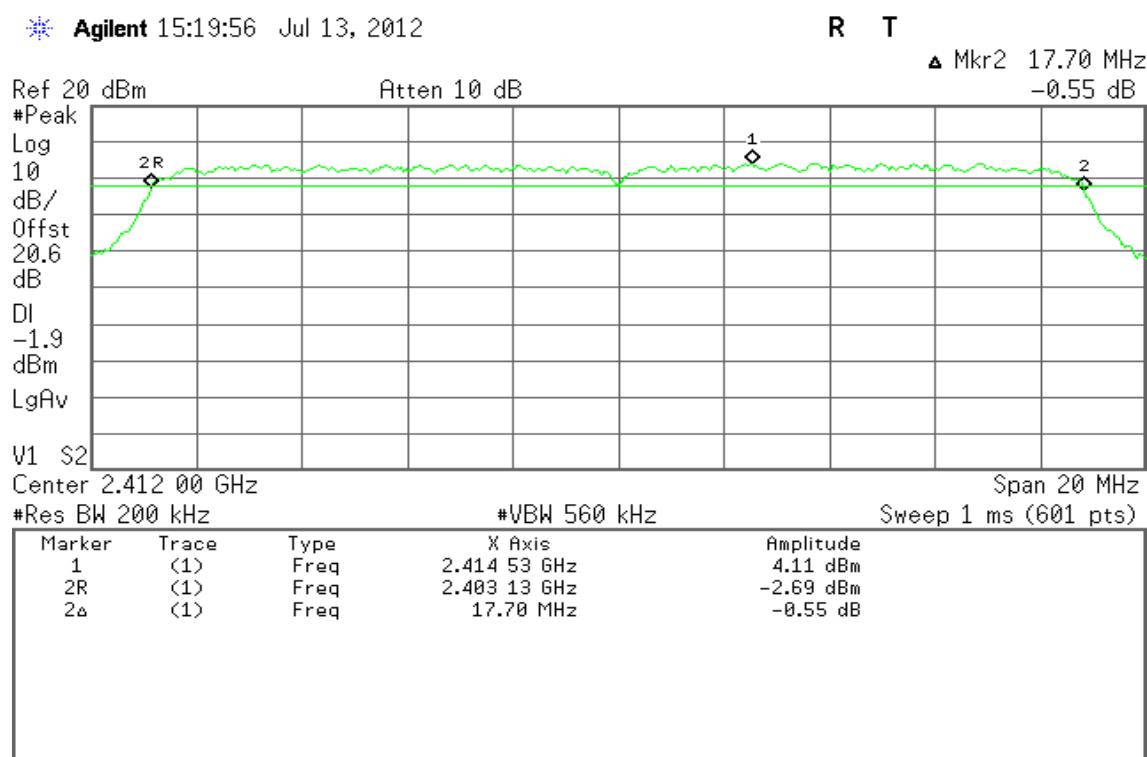
**IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0****6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)****6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)**

**6dB Bandwidth (CH High)**

Agilent 15:24:38 Jul 13, 2012

**IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1****6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)**

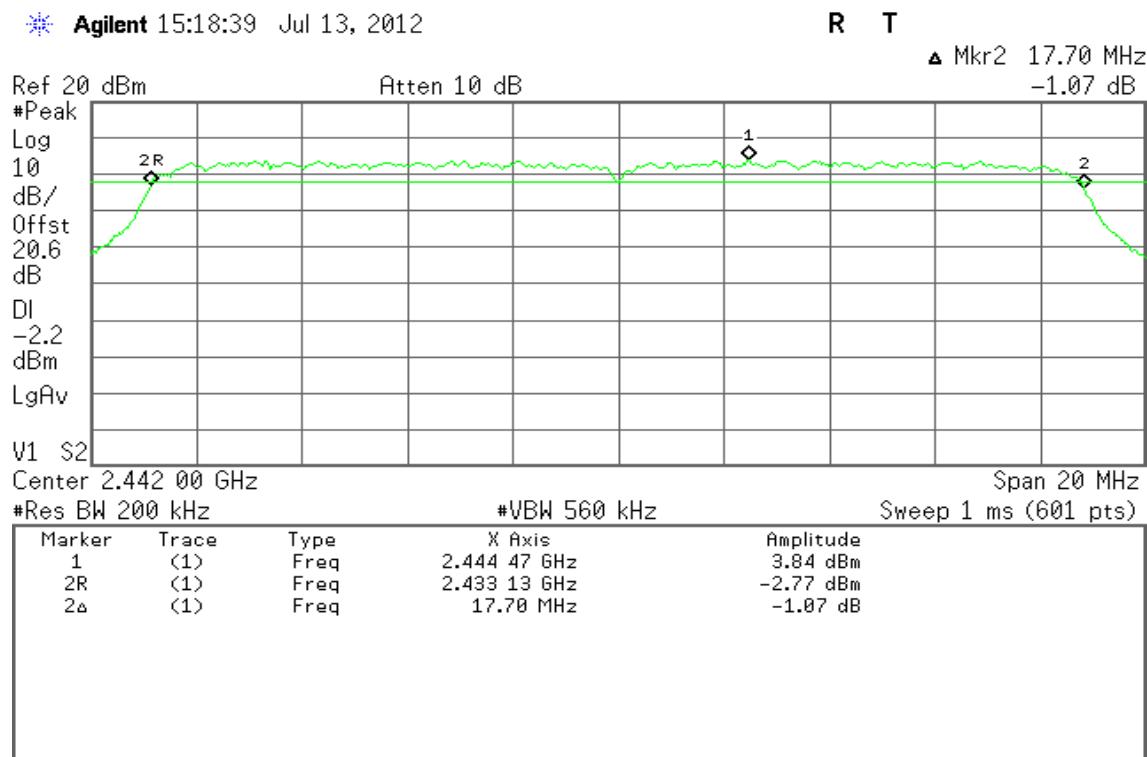
Agilent 15:19:56 Jul 13, 2012





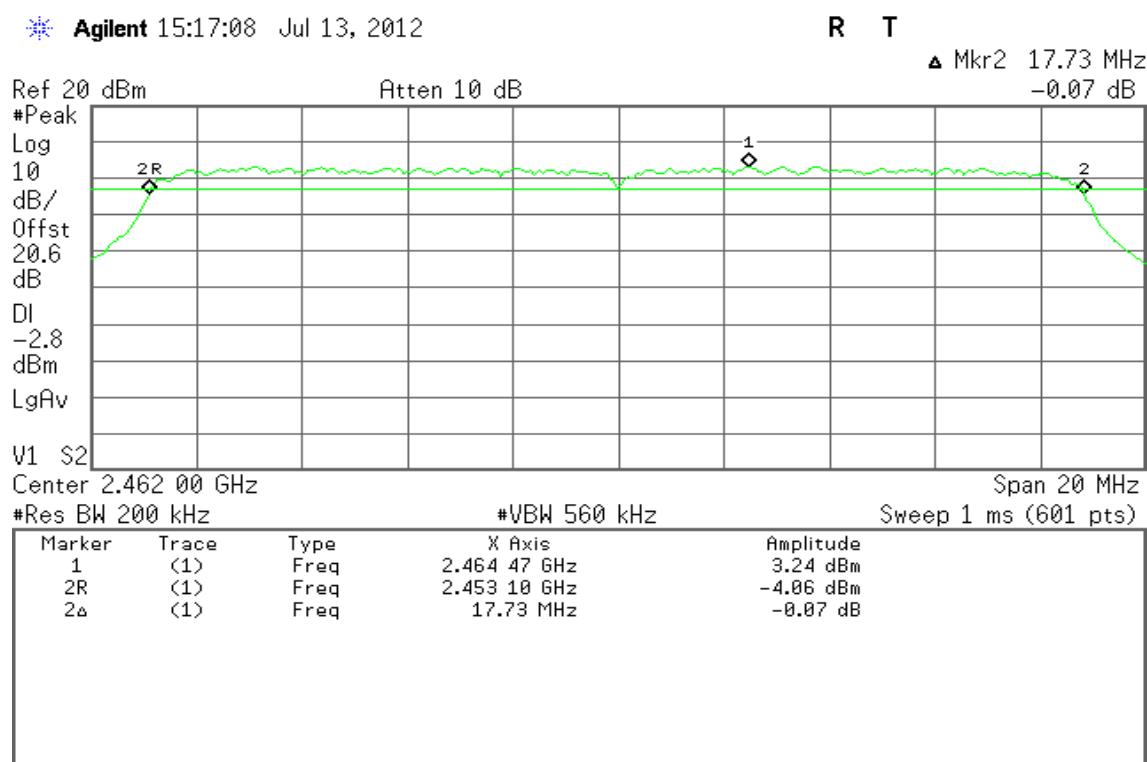
6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

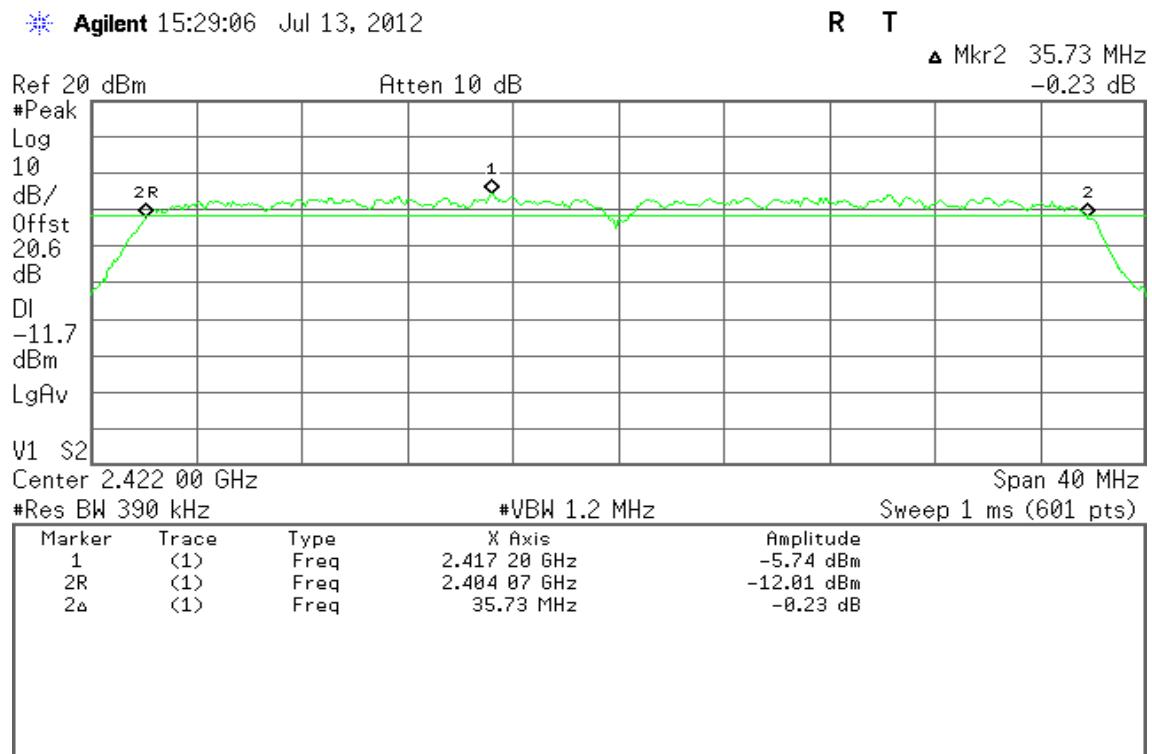
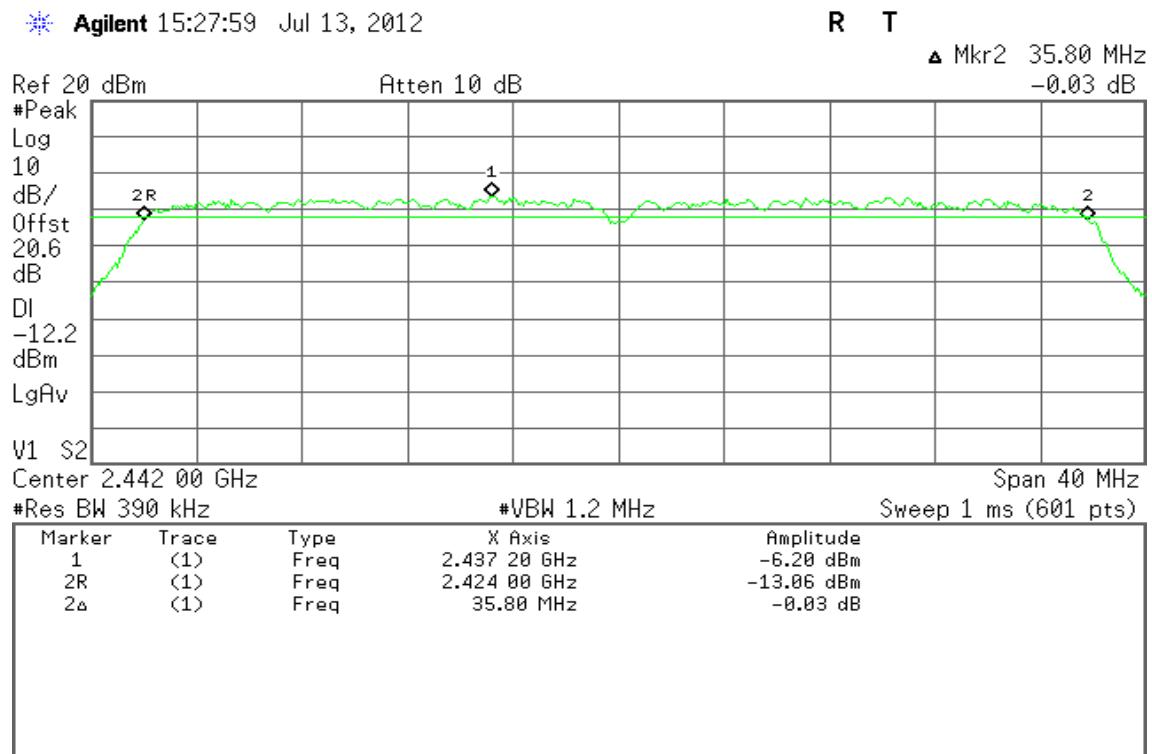
Agilent 15:18:39 Jul 13, 2012



6dB Bandwidth (CH High)

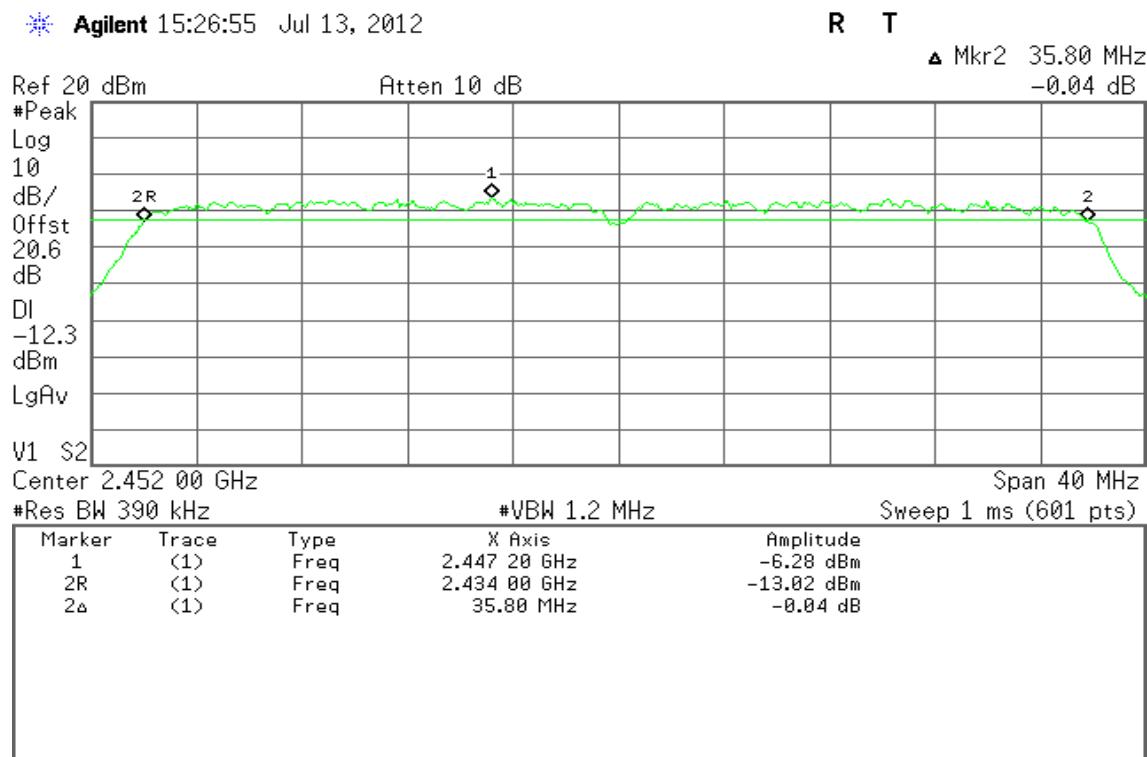
Agilent 15:17:08 Jul 13, 2012



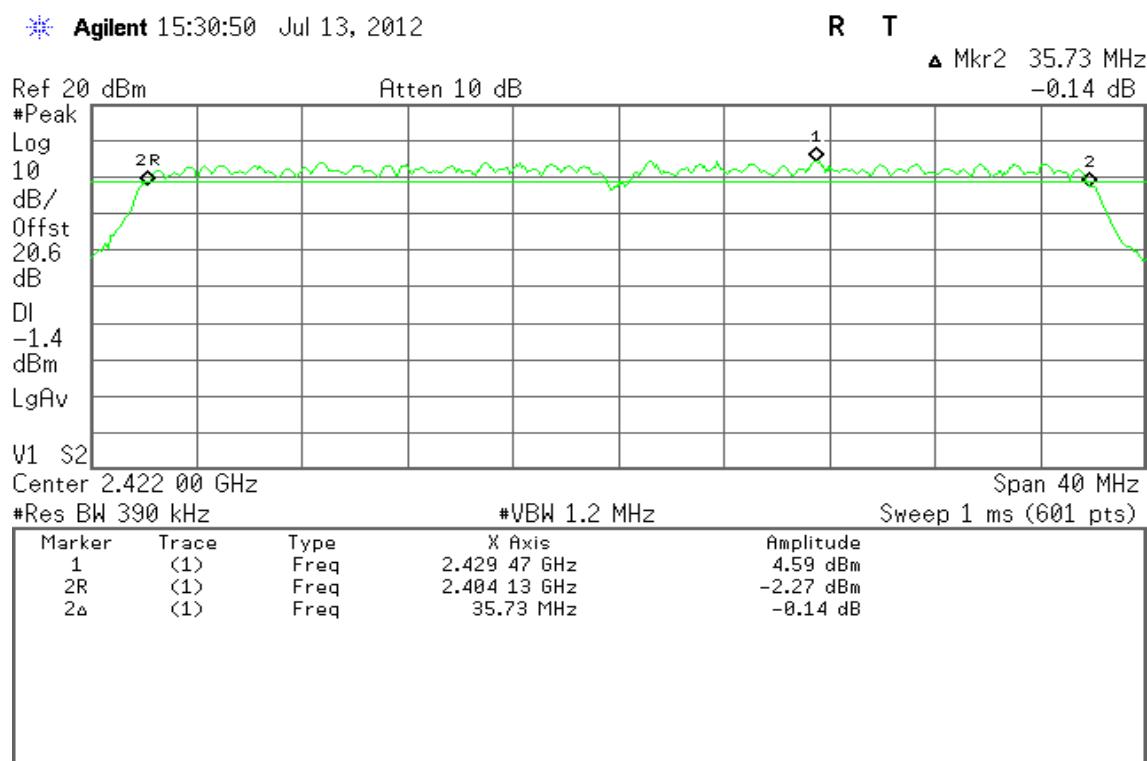
**IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 0****6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)****6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)**

**6dB Bandwidth (CH High)**

Agilent 15:26:55 Jul 13, 2012

**IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 1****6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)**

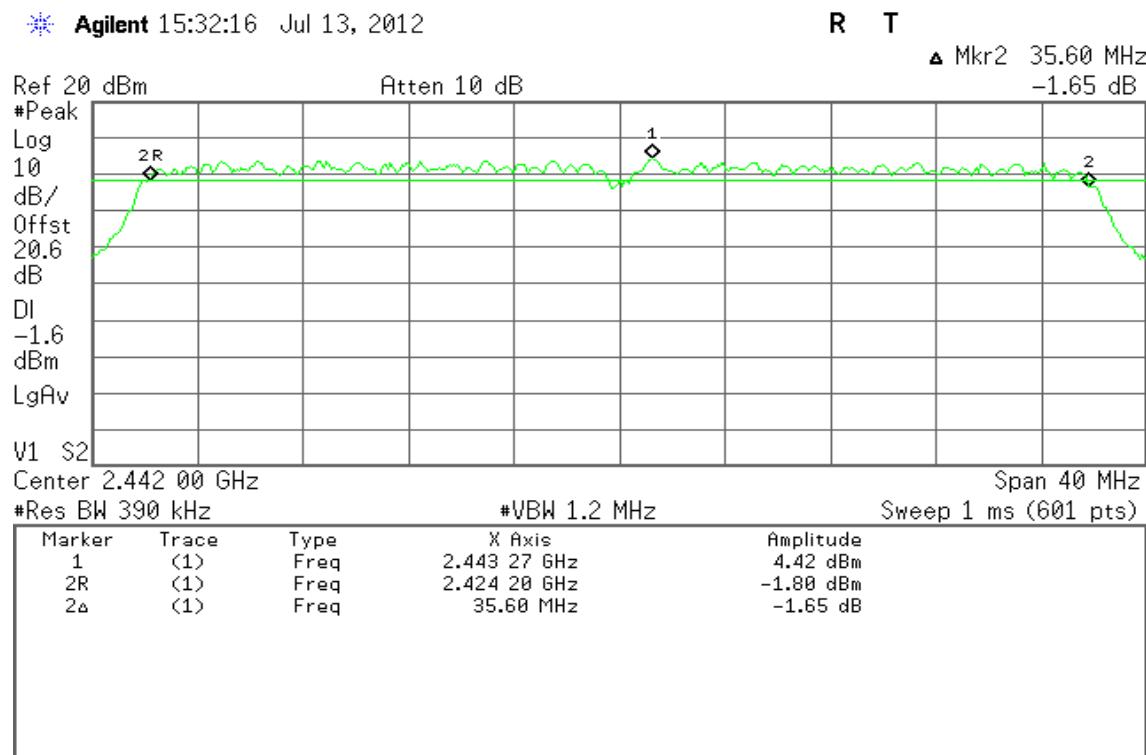
Agilent 15:30:50 Jul 13, 2012





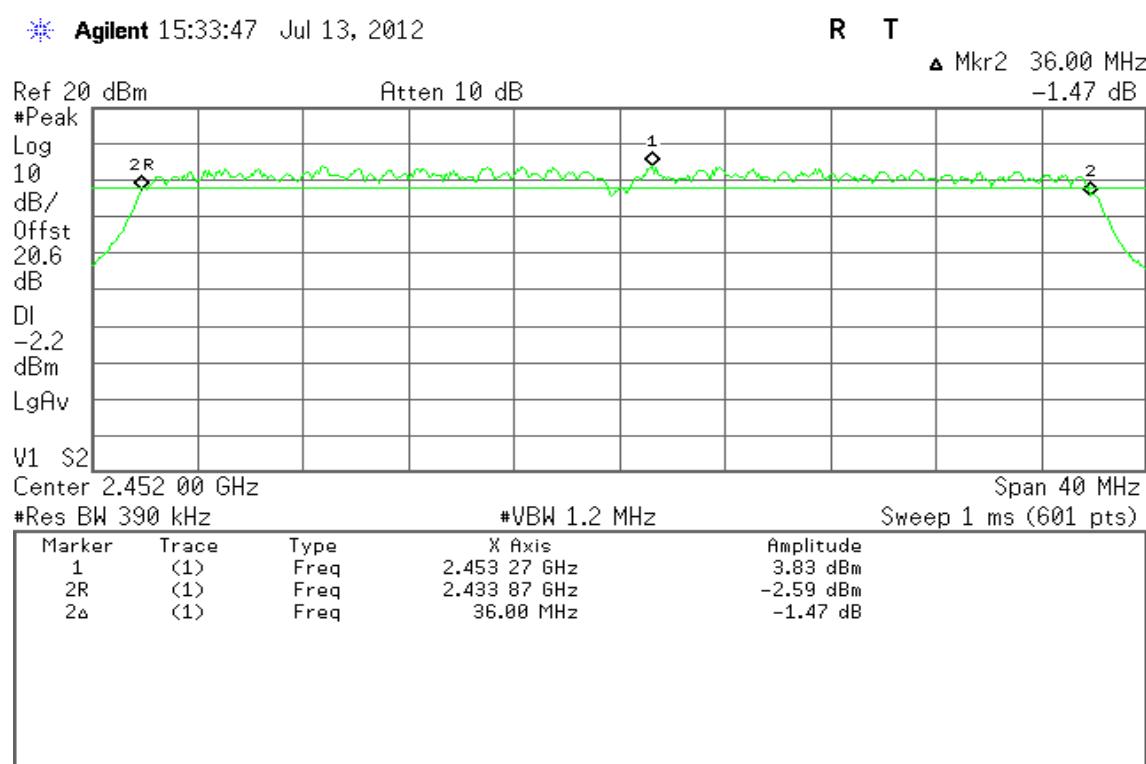
6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

Agilent 15:32:16 Jul 13, 2012



6dB Bandwidth (CH High)

Agilent 15:33:47 Jul 13, 2012

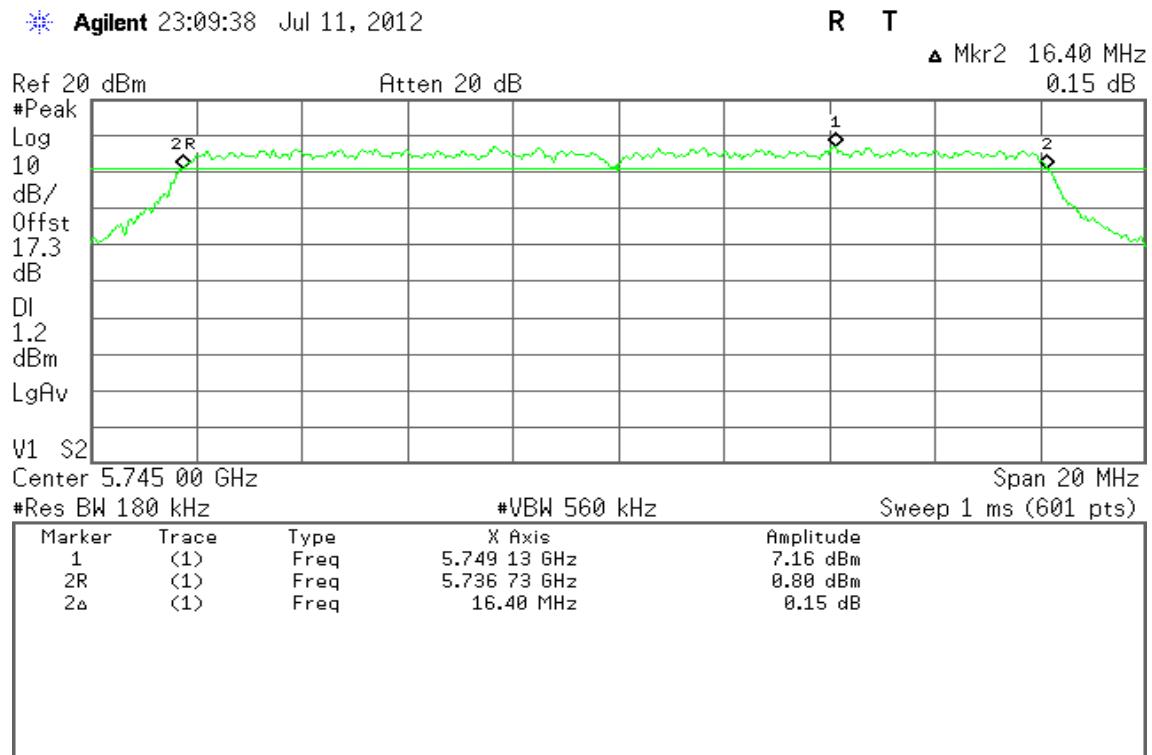




IEEE 802.11a mode

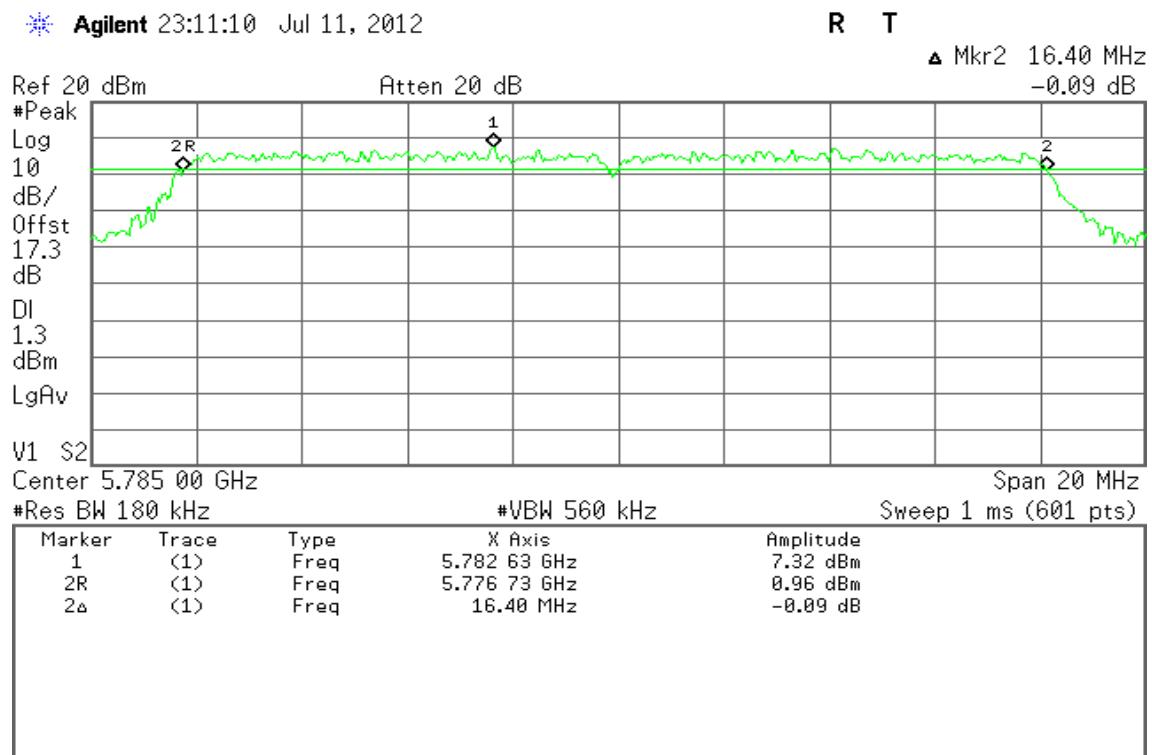
6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

Agilent 23:09:38 Jul 11, 2012



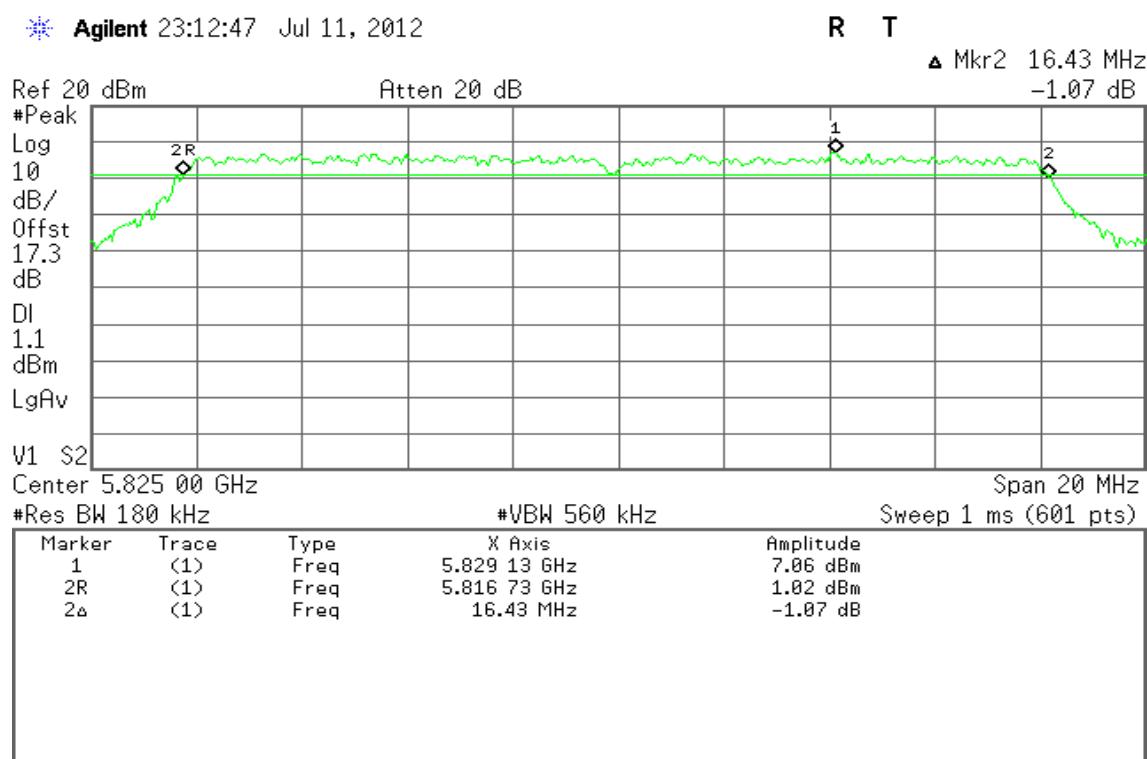
6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)

* Agilent 23:11:10 Jul 11, 2012

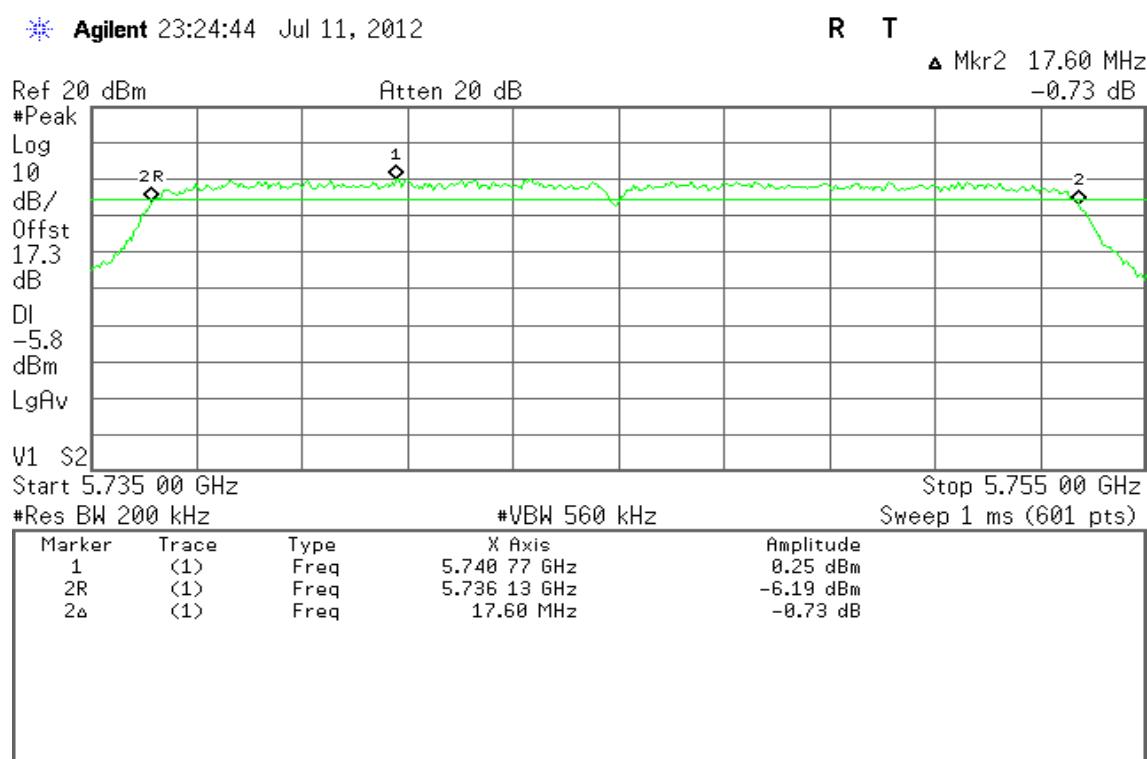


**6dB Bandwidth (CH High)**

Agilent 23:12:47 Jul 11, 2012

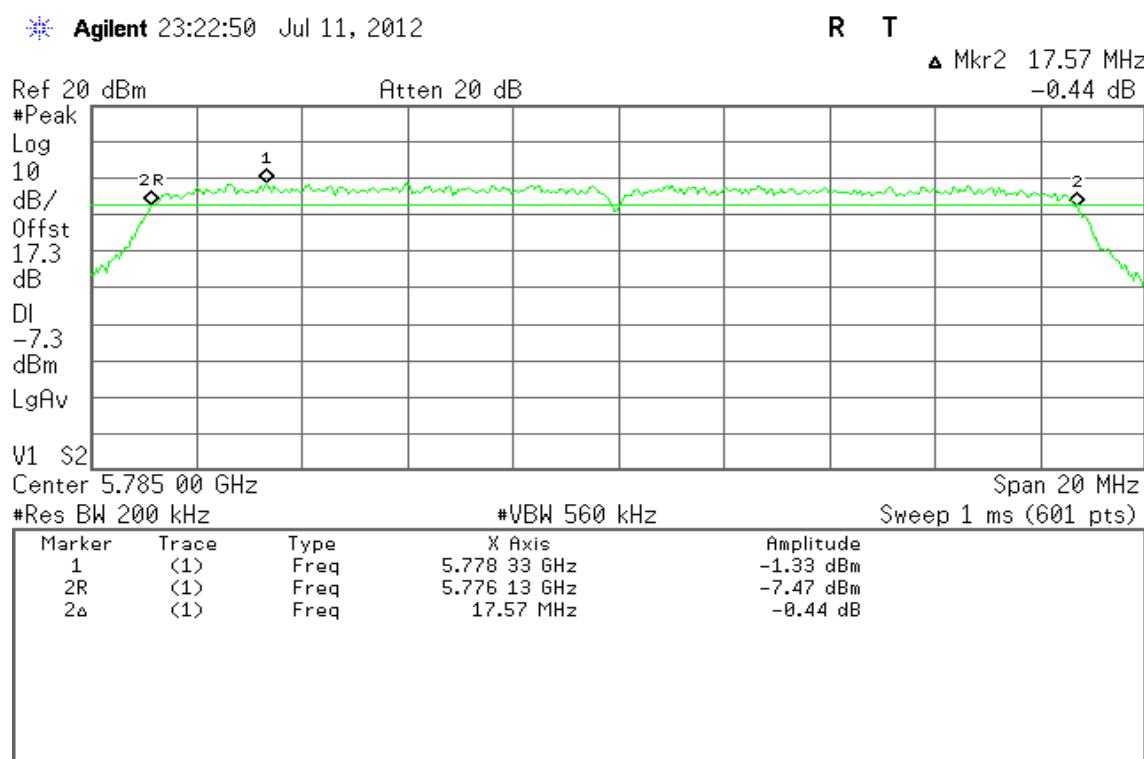
**IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0****6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)**

Agilent 23:24:44 Jul 11, 2012

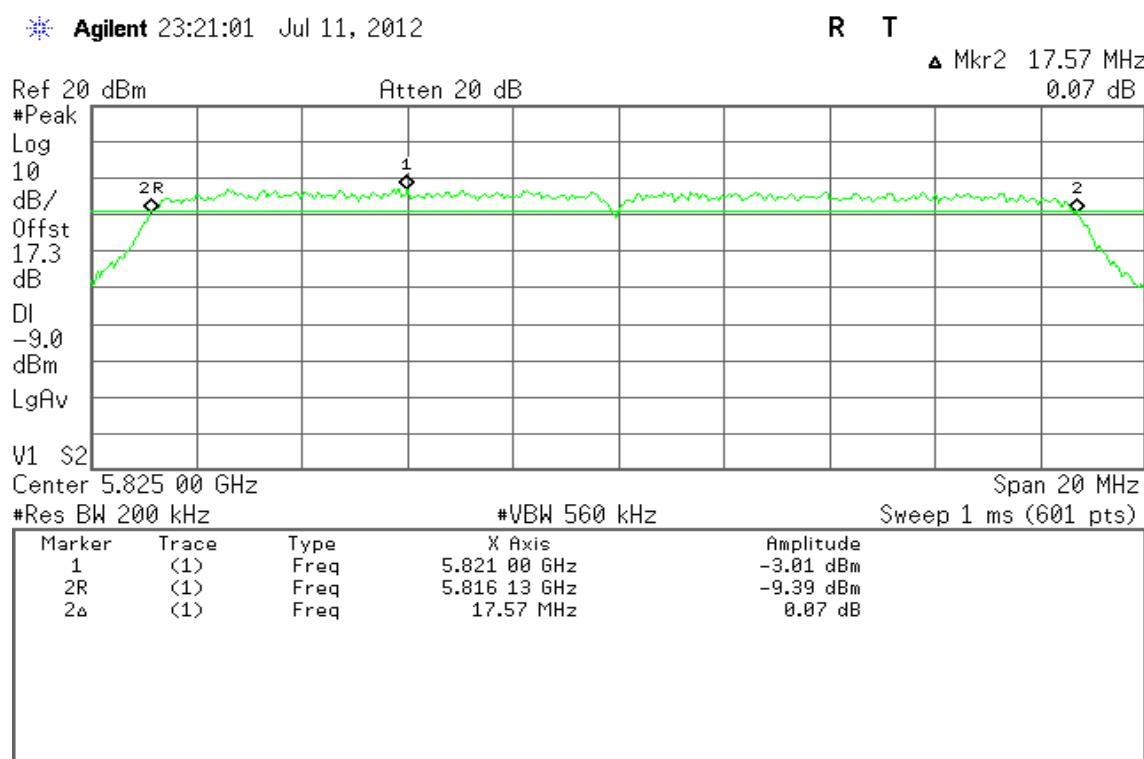


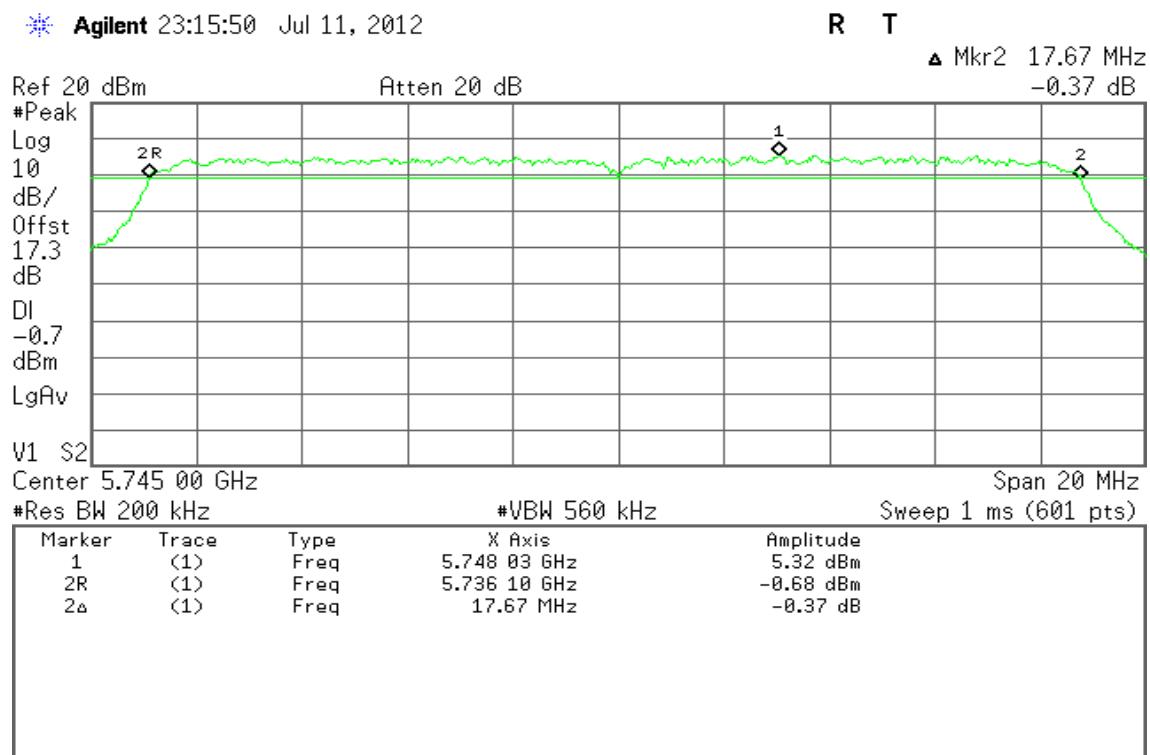
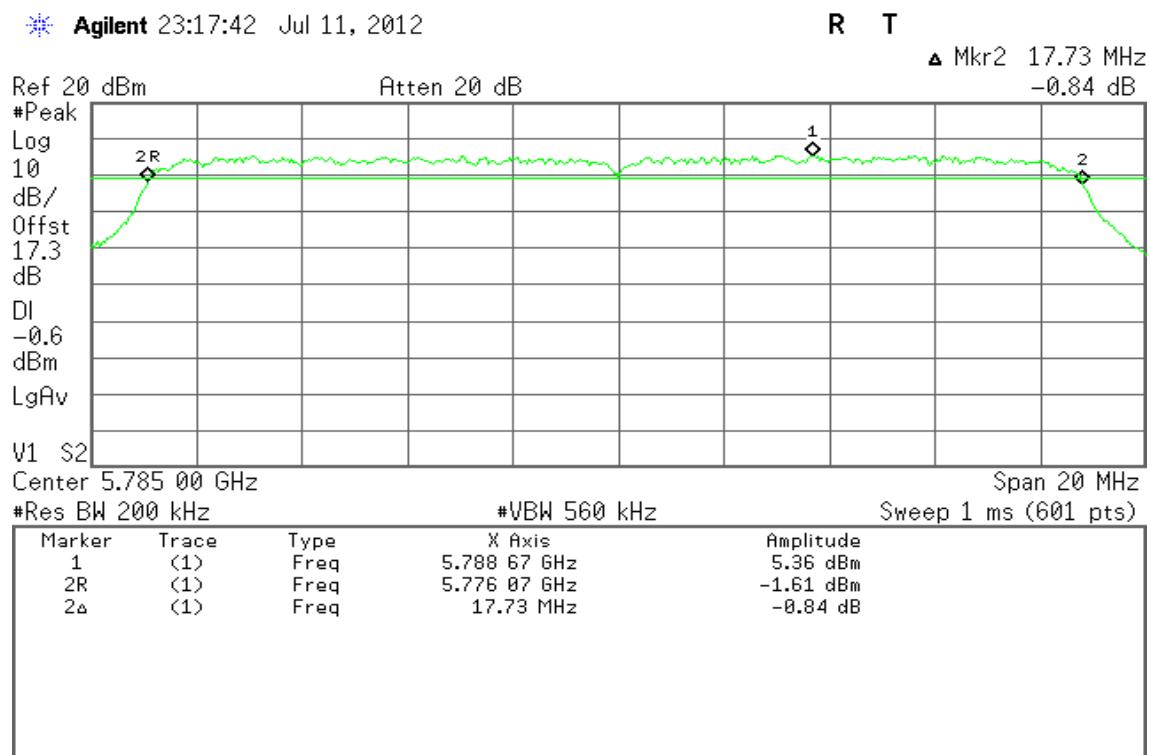
**6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)**

Agilent 23:22:50 Jul 11, 2012

**6dB Bandwidth (CH High)**

Agilent 23:21:01 Jul 11, 2012

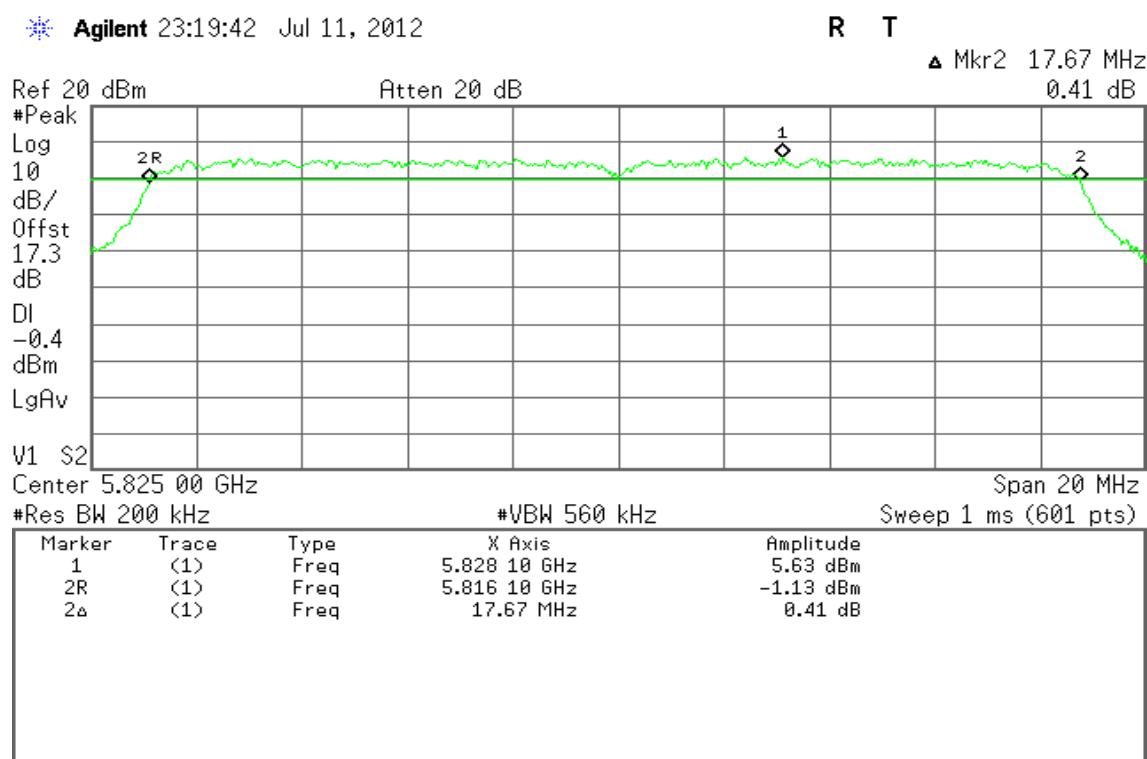


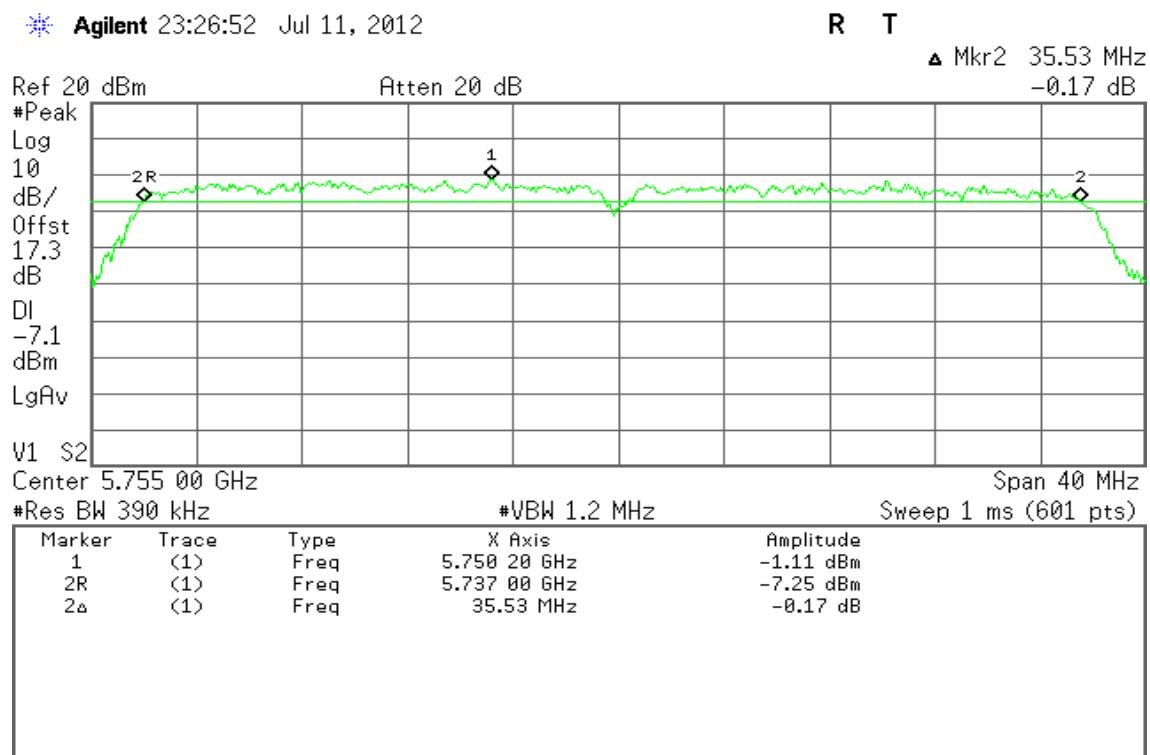
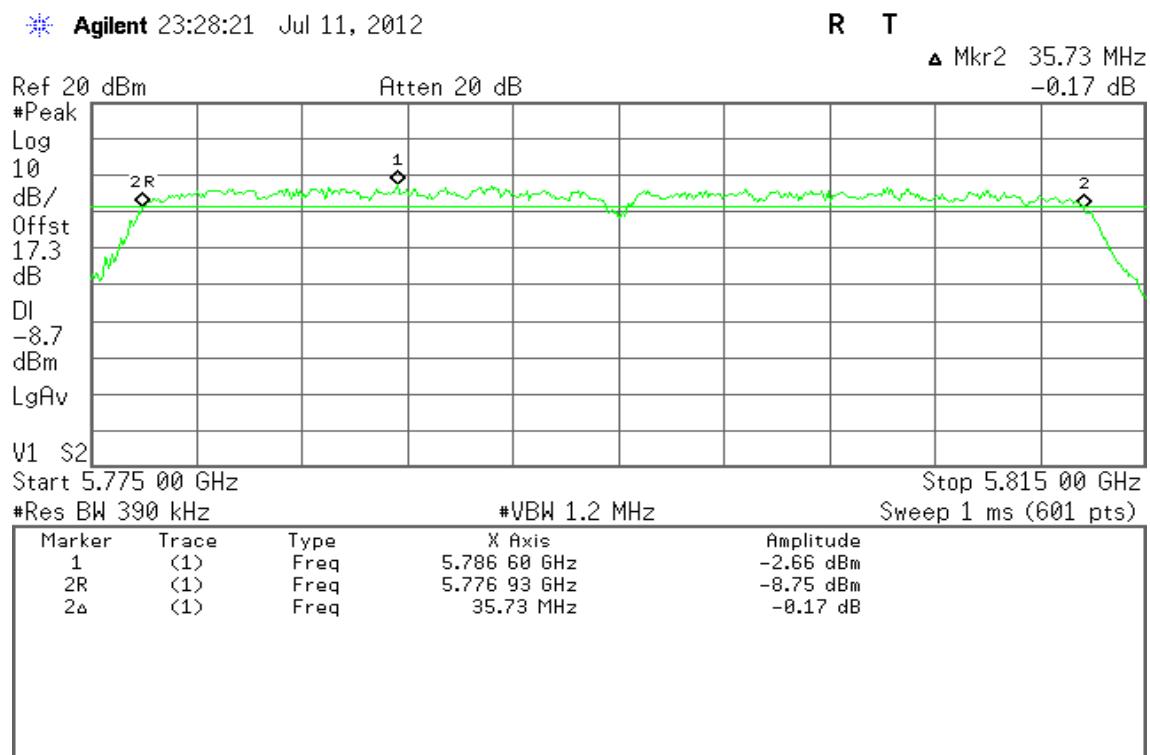
**IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1****6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)****6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)**

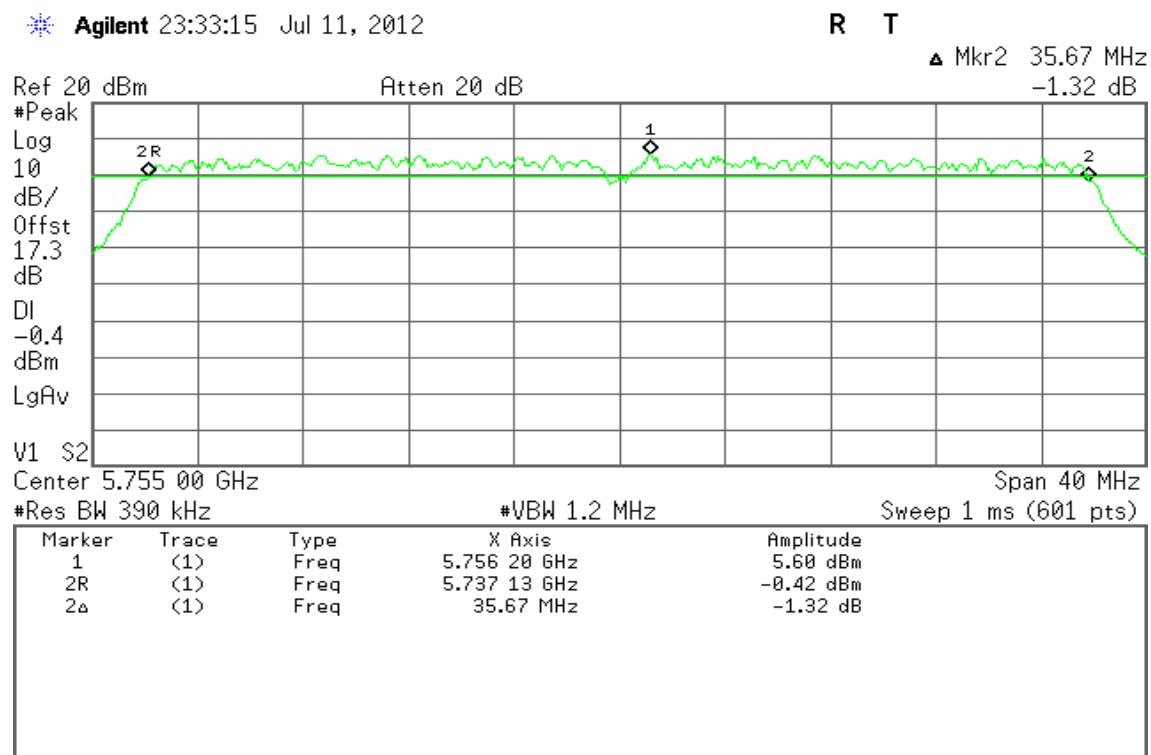
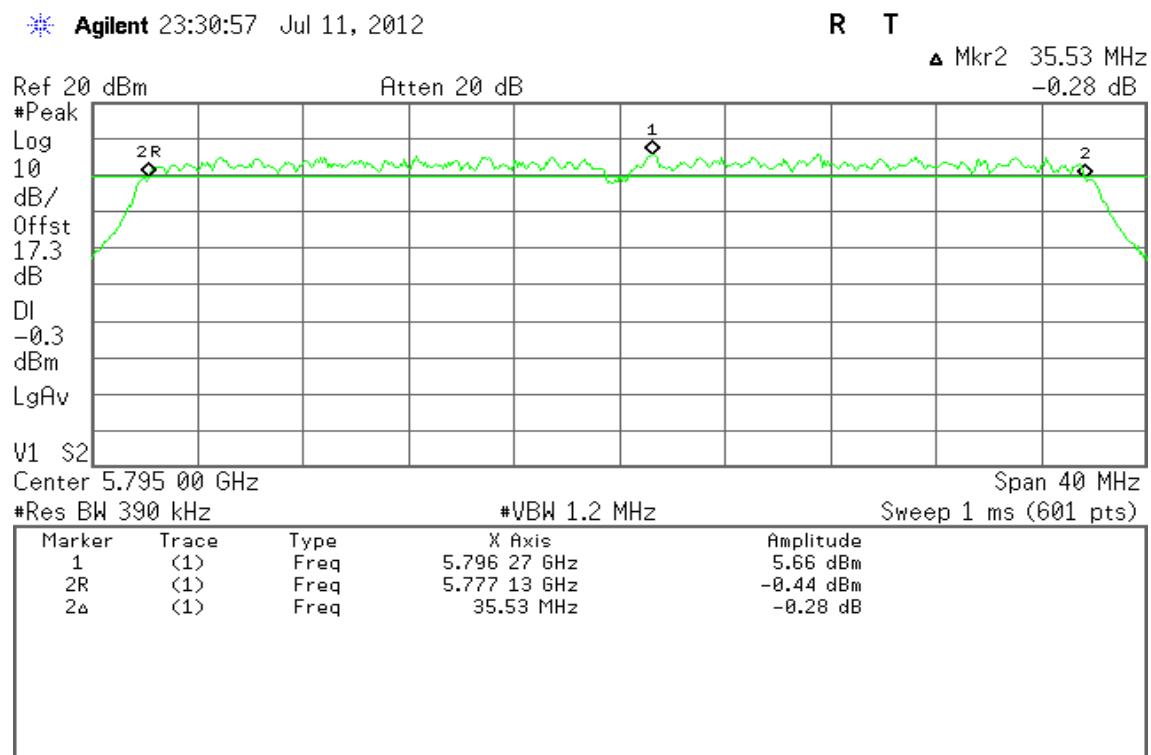


6dB Bandwidth (CH High)

Agilent 23:19:42 Jul 11, 2012



**IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 0****6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)****6dB Bandwidth (CH High)**

**IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 1****6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)****6dB Bandwidth (CH High)**



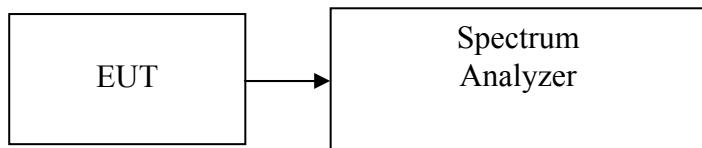
7.3 PEAK POWER

LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.
2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Detector = Peak, Trace mode = max hold, Allow trace to fully stabilize. Sweep = auto couple. Use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW band edges record the max reading. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

**Test Data****Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	21.84	0.1528	1.00	PASS
Mid	2442	21.33	0.1358		PASS
High	2462	20.60	0.1148		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	22.73	0.1875	1.00	PASS
Mid	2442	22.30	0.1698		PASS
High	2462	21.65	0.1462		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	22.14	12.11	22.55	0.1799	1.00	PASS
Mid	2442	21.75	12.57	22.25	0.1677		PASS
High	2462	20.99	13.15	21.65	0.1463		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2422	20.34	10.97	20.82	0.1206	1.00	PASS
Mid	2442	19.68	10.76	20.20	0.1048		PASS
High	2452	19.47	11.02	20.05	0.1012		PASS

Remark: Total Output Power (w) = Chain 0 (10^(Output Power /10)/1000)+ Chain 1 (10^(Output Power /10)/1000)

**Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	5745	25.41	0.3475	1.00	PASS
Mid	5785	25.56	0.3597		PASS
High	5825	25.52	0.3565		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	5745	18.97	24.79	25.80	0.3802	0.87	PASS
Mid	5785	17.69	24.88	25.64	0.3664		PASS
High	5825	16.11	24.90	25.44	0.3499		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	5755	16.62	22.79	23.73	0.2360	0.87	PASS
High	5795	15.21	23.03	23.69	0.2341		PASS

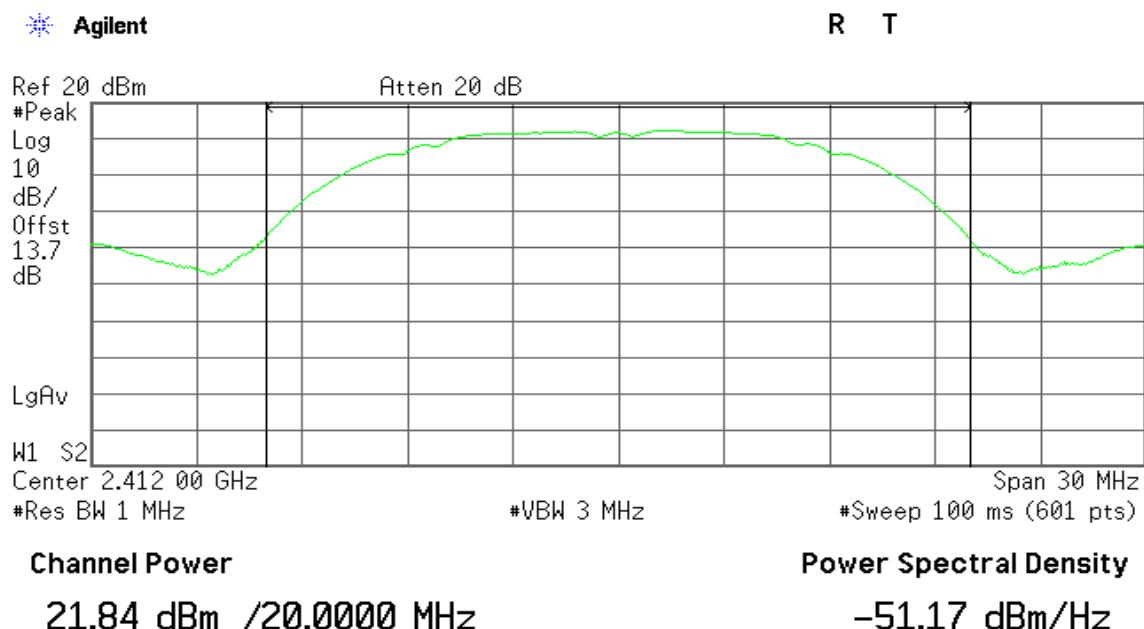
Remark:

1. Total Output Power (w) = Chain 0 ($10^{(Output\ Power/10)/1000}$) + Chain 1 ($10^{(Output\ Power/10)/1000}$)
2. The maximum antenna gain is 6.58dBi; therefore the reduction due to antenna gain is 0.58dBi, so the limit is 29.42dBm.

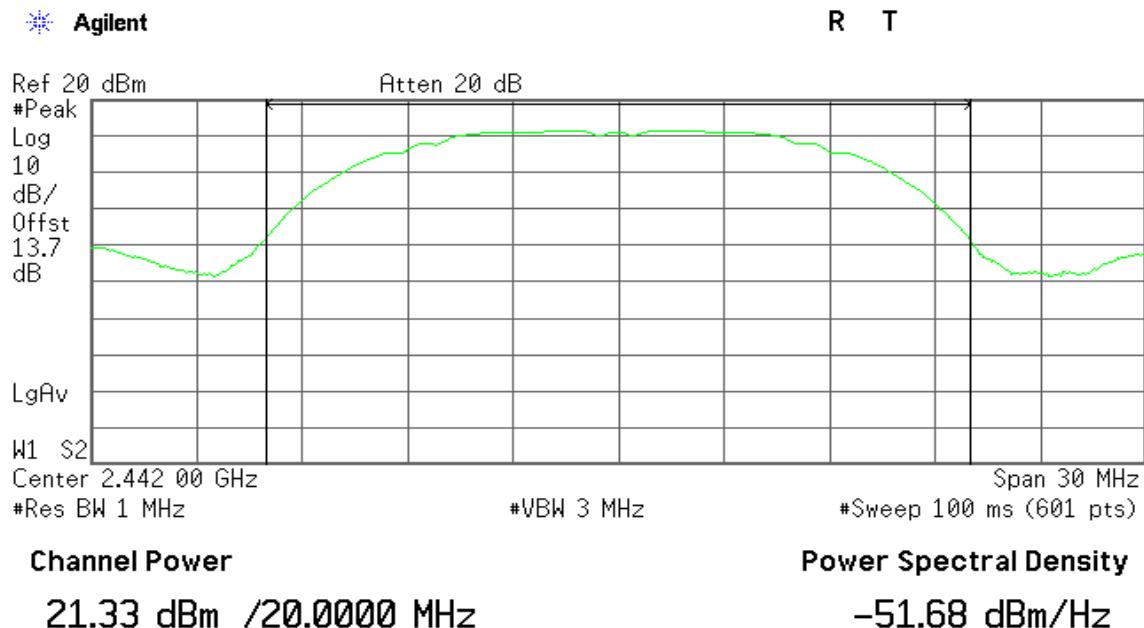


IEEE 802.11b mode

Peak power (CH Low)



Peak power (CH Mid)

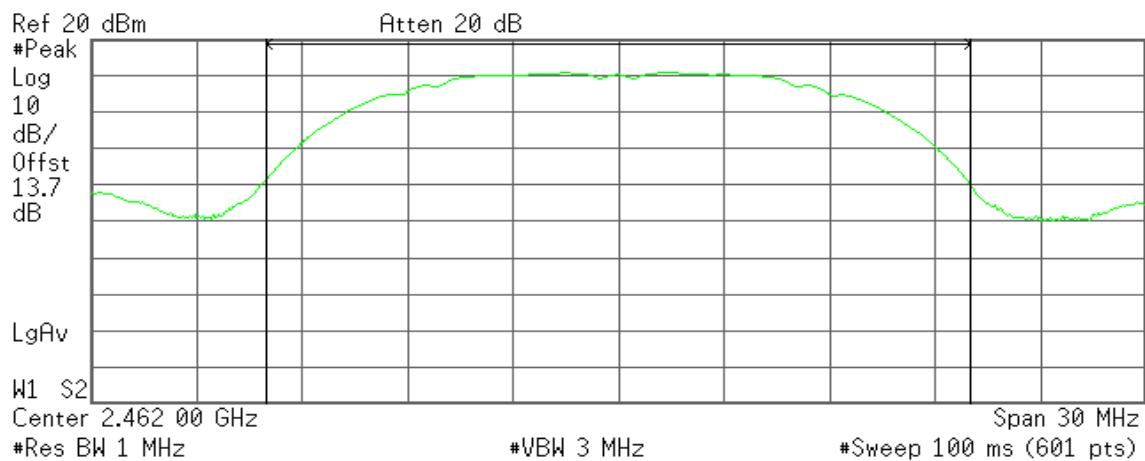




Peak power (CH High)

Agilent

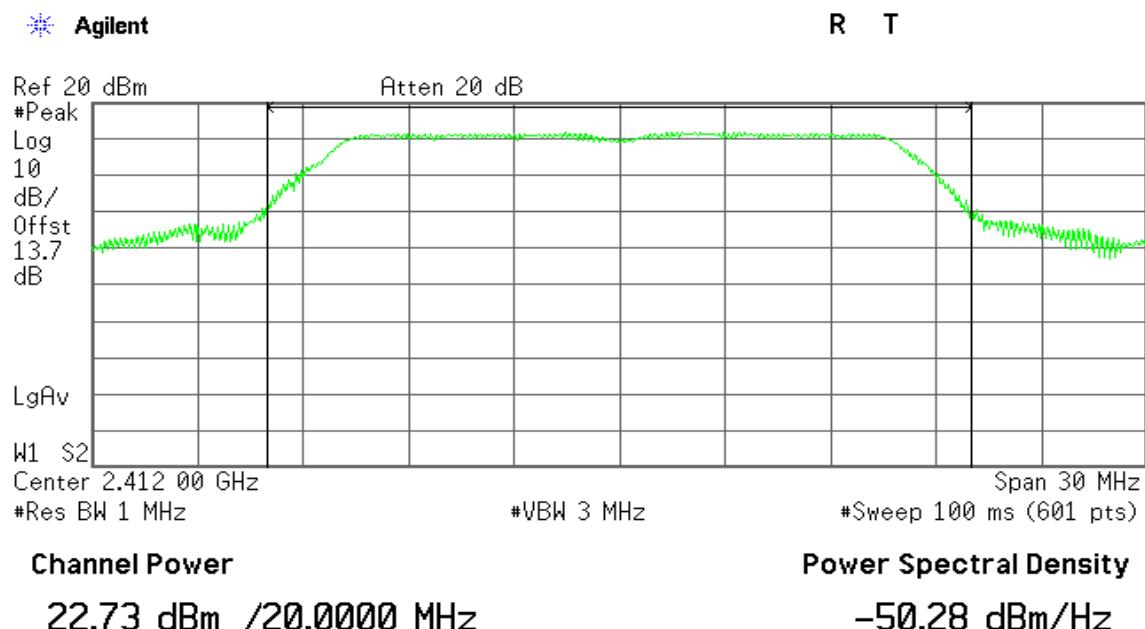
R T



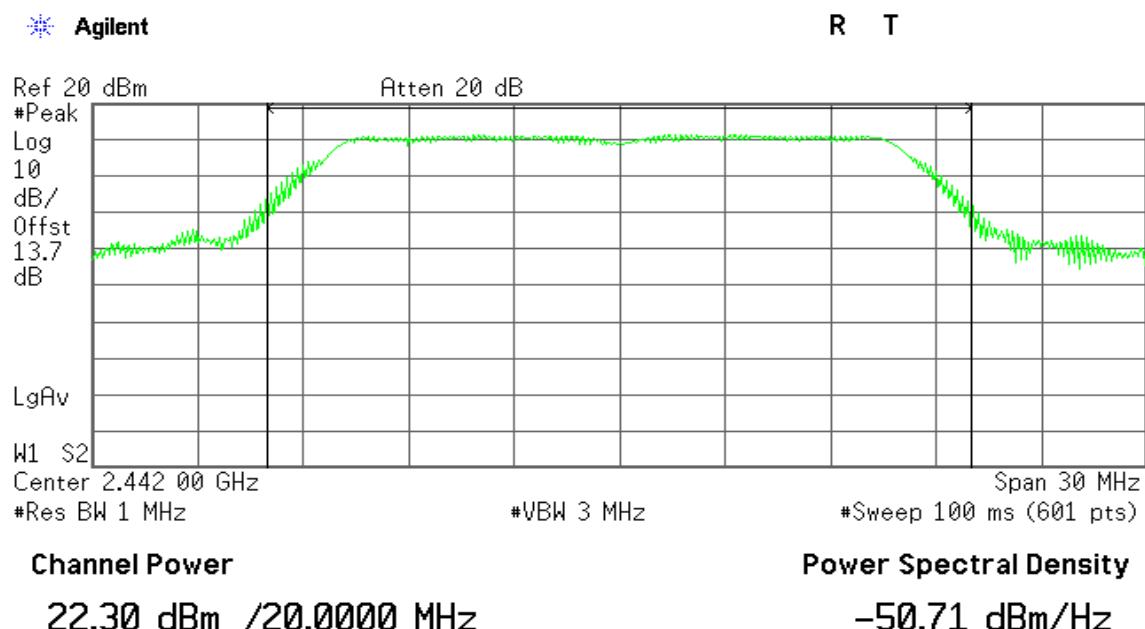


IEEE 802.11g mode

Peak power (CH Low)



Peak power (CH Mid)

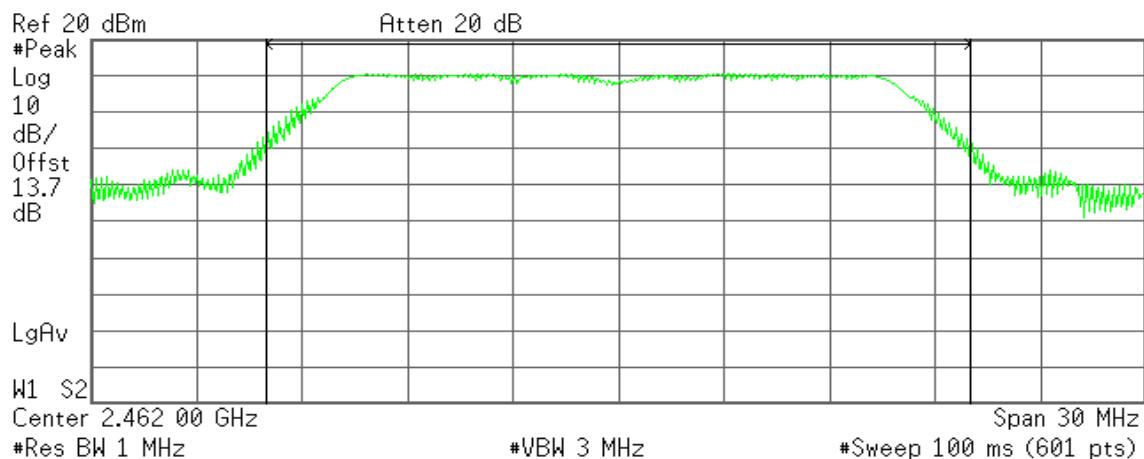




Peak power (CH High)

Agilent

R T



Channel Power

21.65 dBm /20.0000 MHz

Power Spectral Density

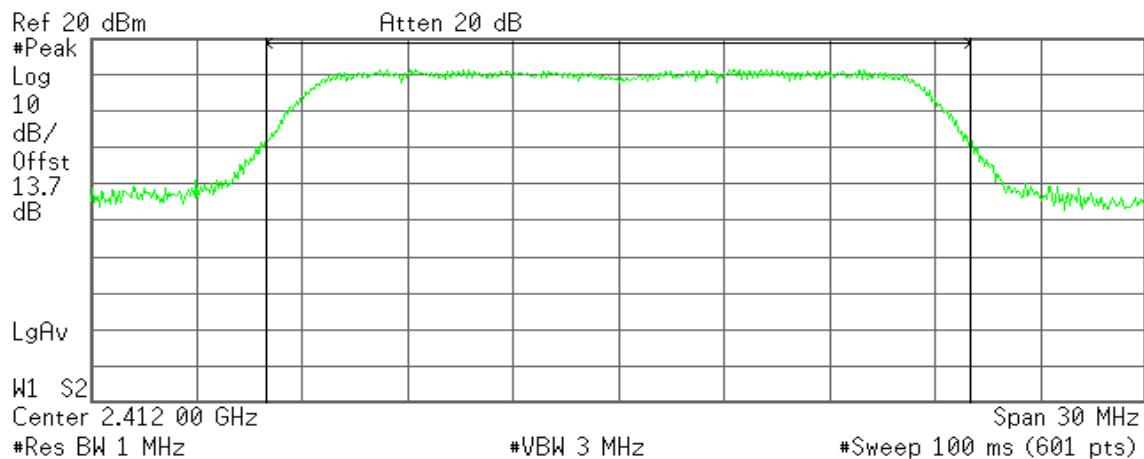
-51.36 dBm/Hz

IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode / Chain 0

Peak power (CH Low)

Agilent

R T



Channel Power

22.14 dBm /20.0000 MHz

Power Spectral Density

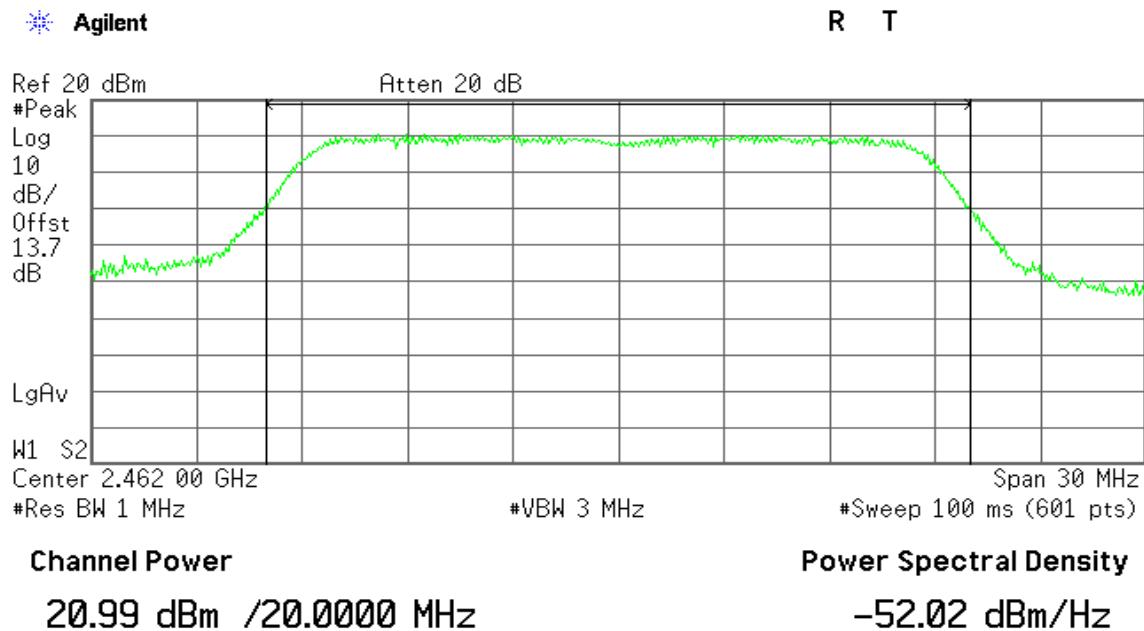
-50.87 dBm/Hz



Peak power (CH Mid)



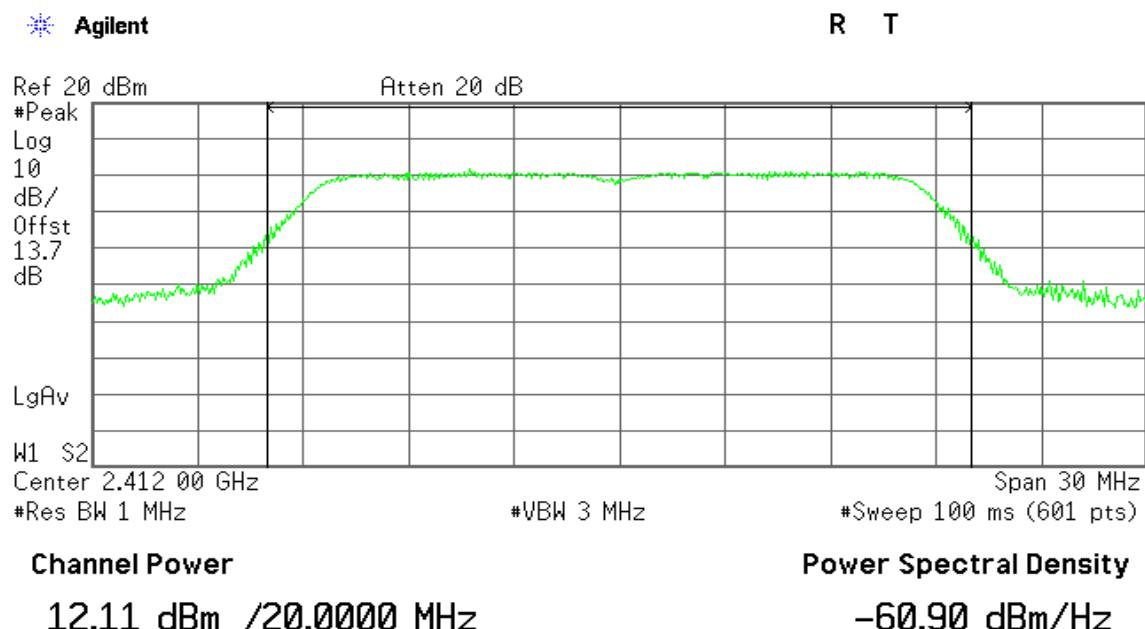
Peak power (CH High)



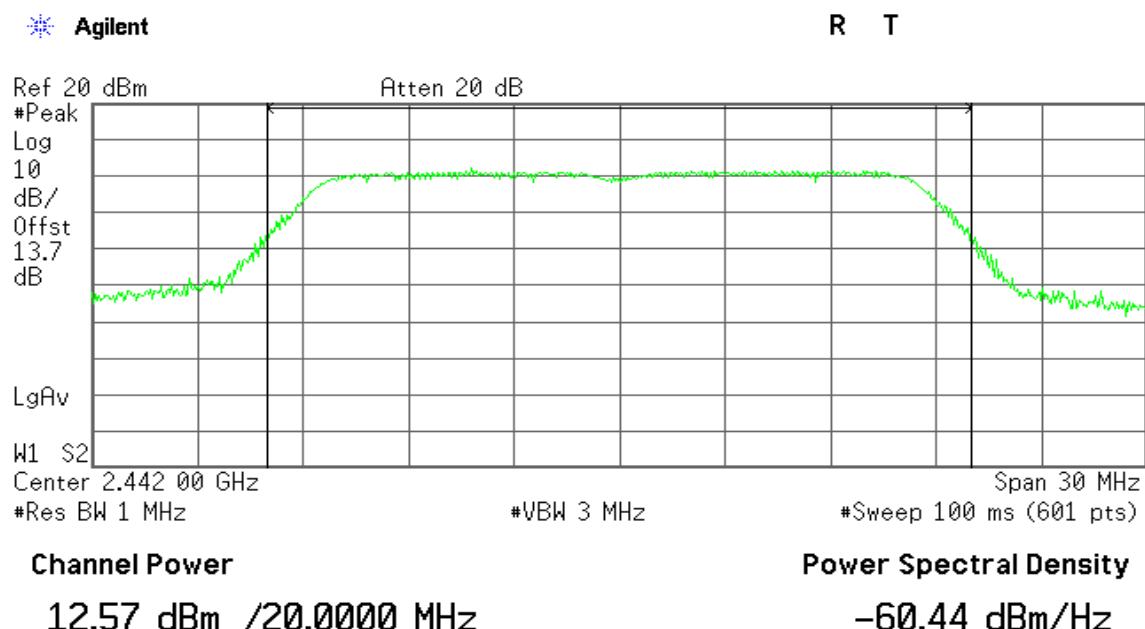


IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode / Chain 1

Peak power (CH Low)



Peak power (CH Mid)

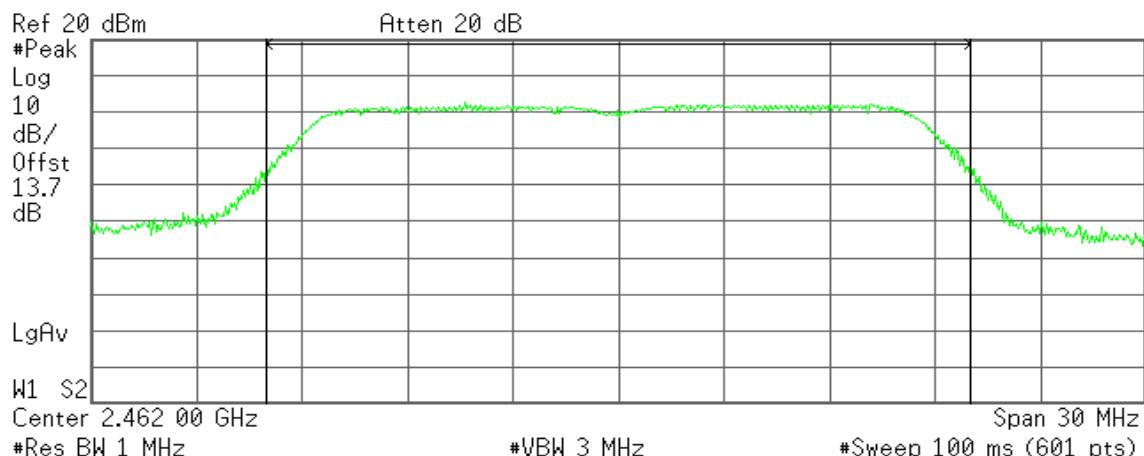




Peak power (CH High)

Agilent

R T



Channel Power

13.15 dBm /20.0000 MHz

Power Spectral Density

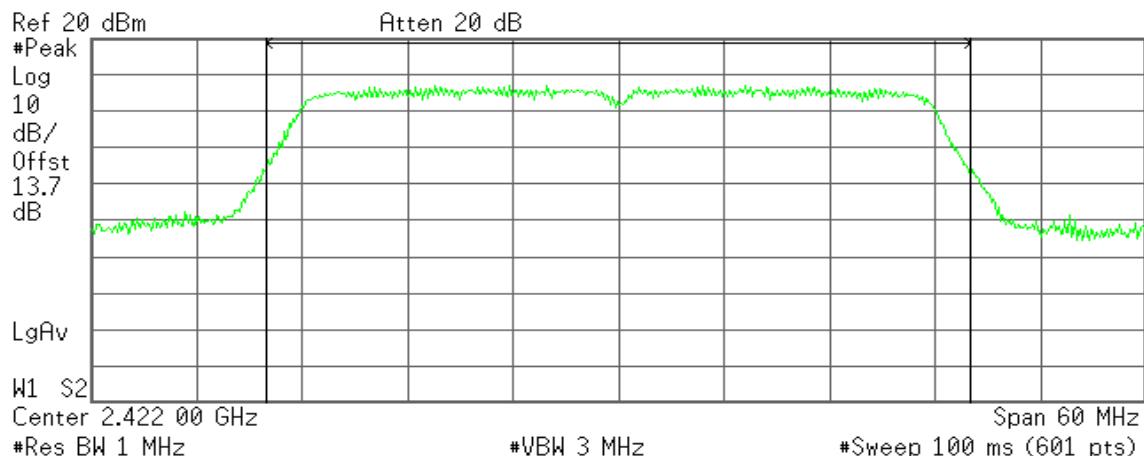
-59.86 dBm/Hz

IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode / Chain 0

Peak power (CH Low)

Agilent

R T



Channel Power

20.34 dBm /40.0000 MHz

Power Spectral Density

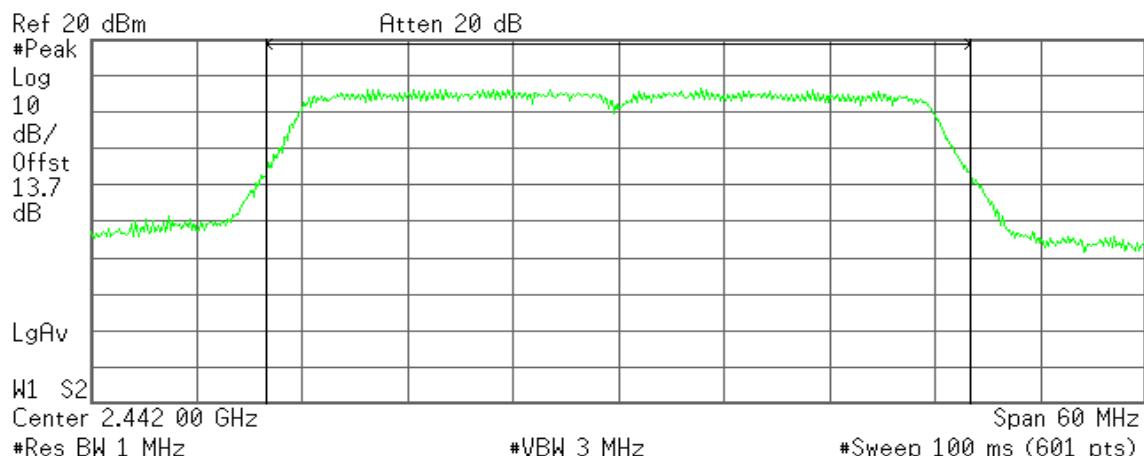
-55.68 dBm/Hz



Peak power (CH Mid)

Agilent

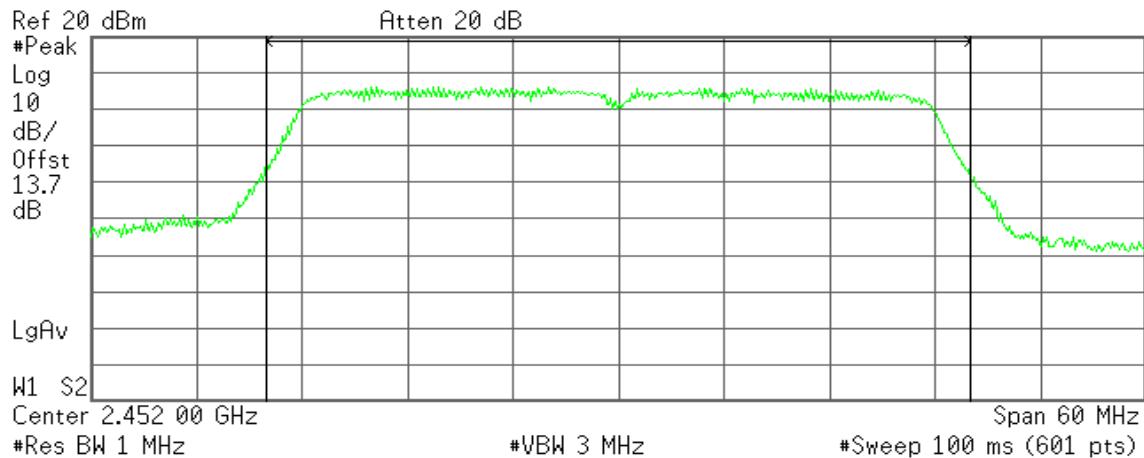
R T



Peak power (CH High)

Agilent

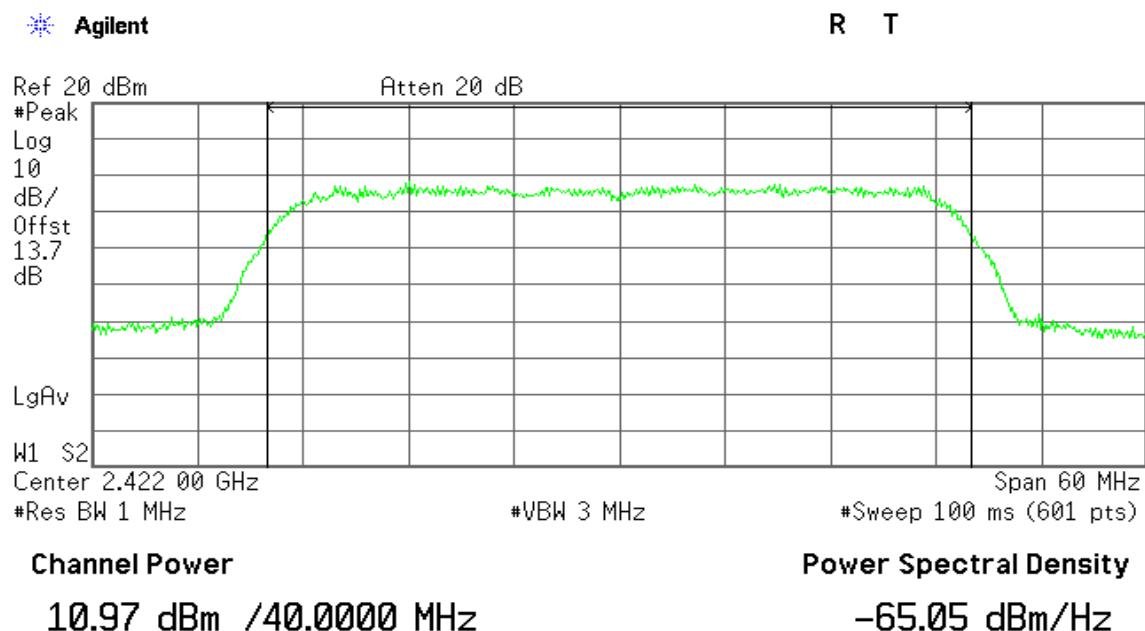
R T



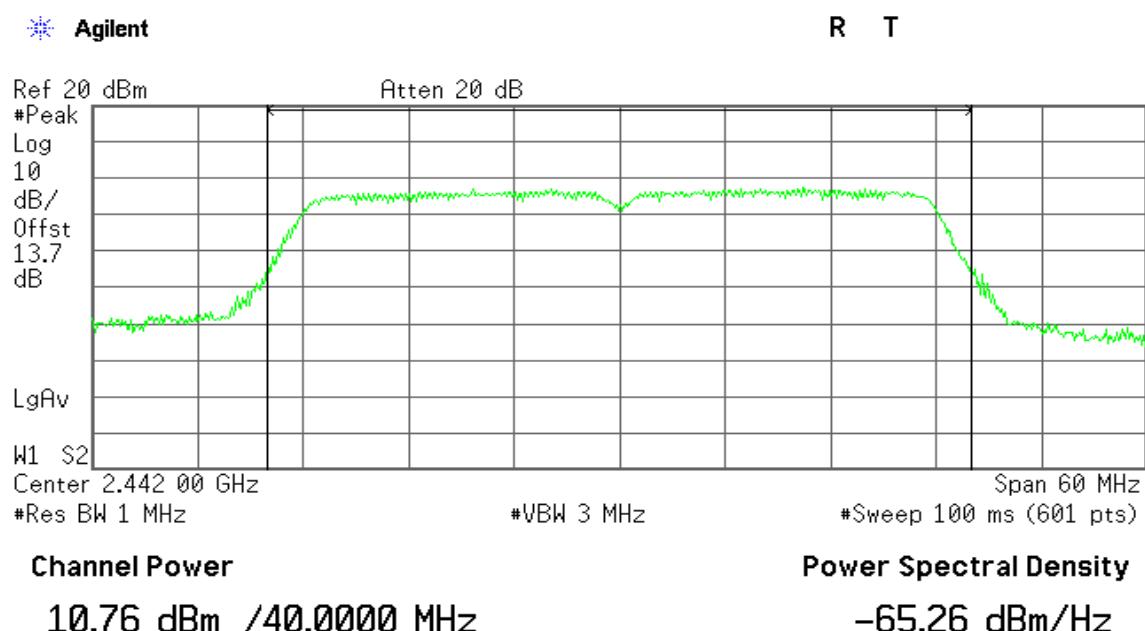


IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode / Chain 1

Peak power (CH Low)



Peak power (CH Mid)

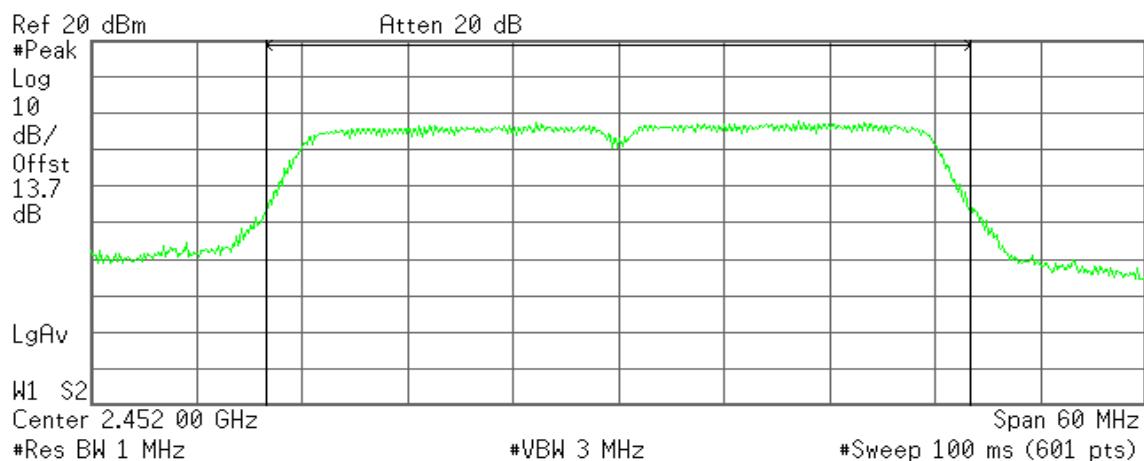




Peak power (CH High)

Agilent

R T



Channel Power

11.02 dBm /40.0000 MHz

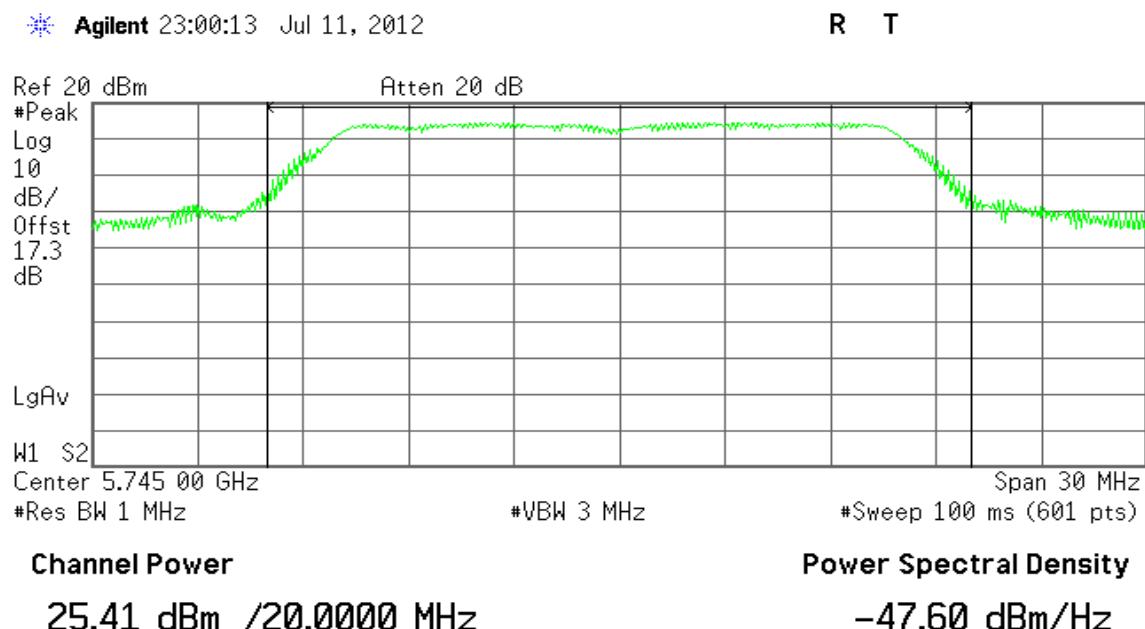
Power Spectral Density

-65.00 dBm/Hz

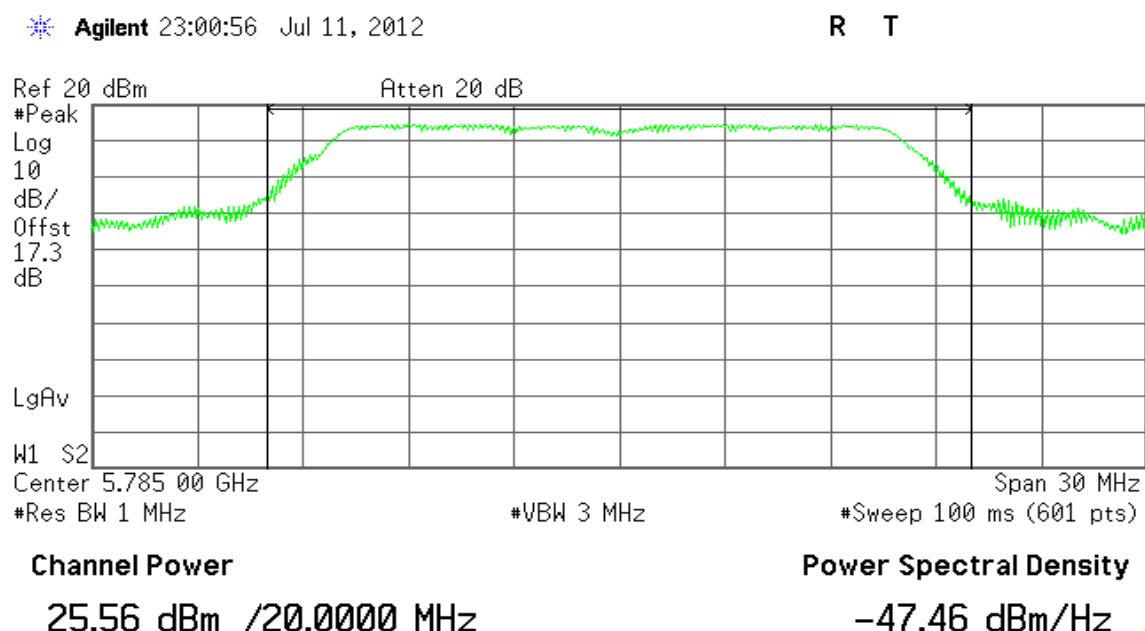


IEEE 802.11a mode

Peak power (CH Low)



Peak power (CH Mid)

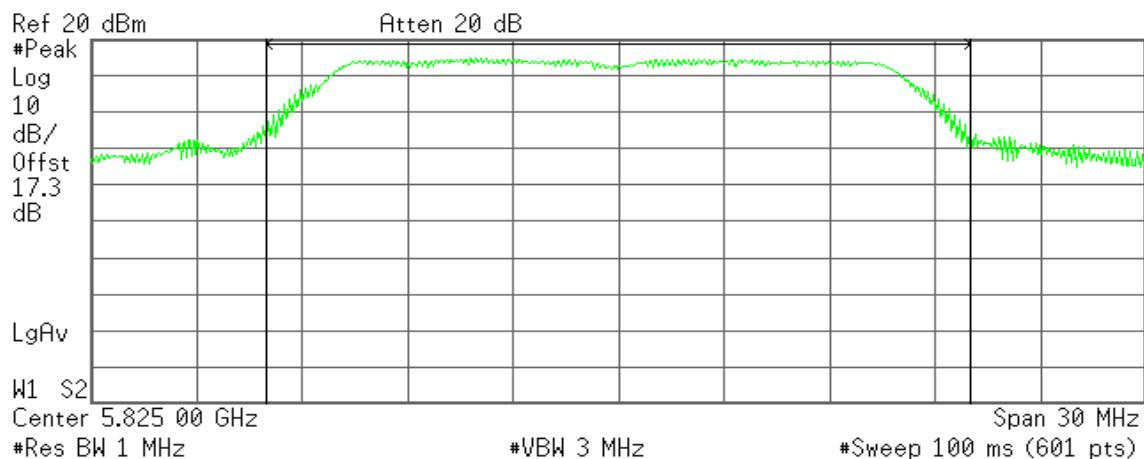




Peak power (CH High)

Agilent 23:01:44 Jul 11, 2012

R T



Channel Power

25.52 dBm /20.0000 MHz

Power Spectral Density

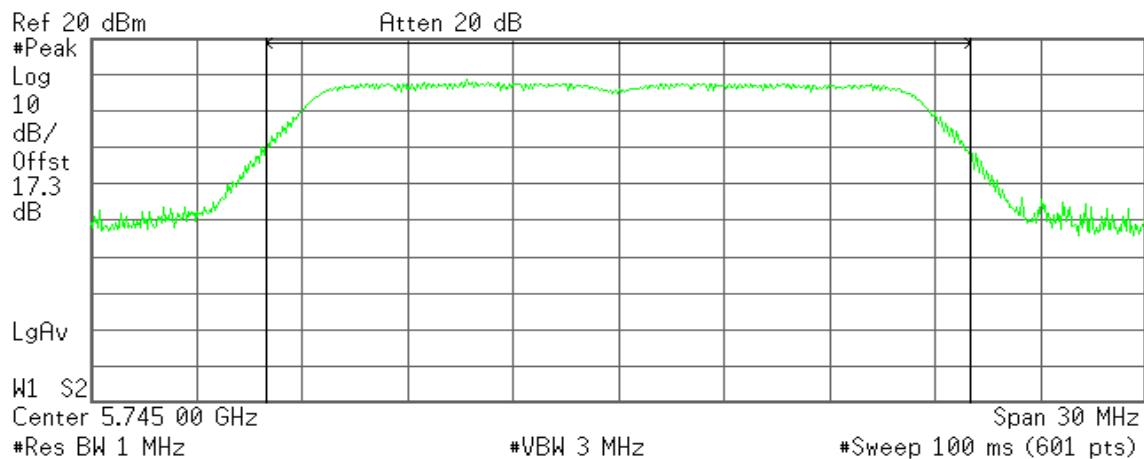
-47.49 dBm/Hz

IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode / Chain 0

Peak power (CH Low)

Agilent 22:34:15 Jul 11, 2012

R T



Channel Power

18.97 dBm /20.0000 MHz

Power Spectral Density

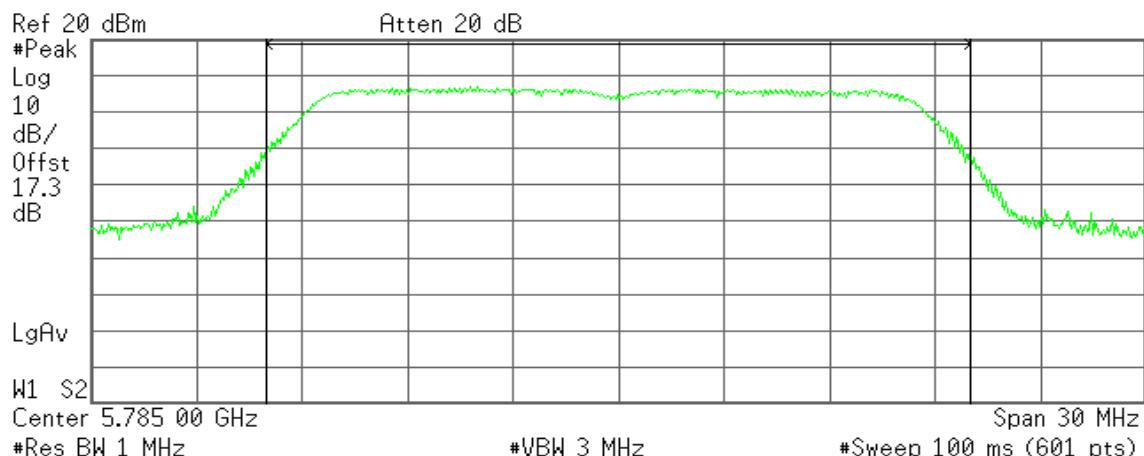
-54.04 dBm/Hz



Peak power (CH Mid)

* Agilent 22:30:53 Jul 11, 2012

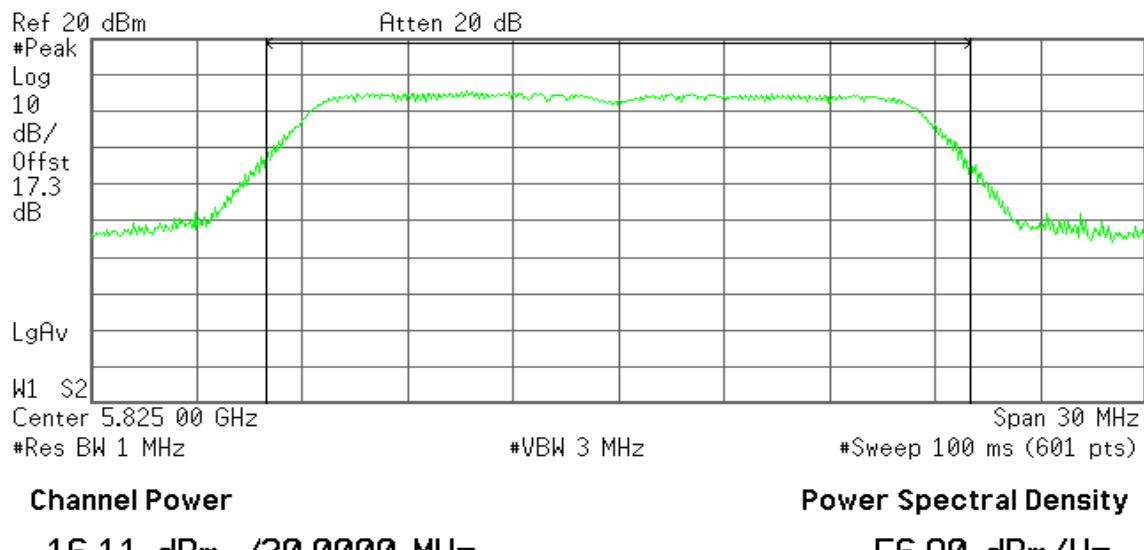
R T



Peak power (CH High)

* Agilent 22:27:34 Jul 11, 2012

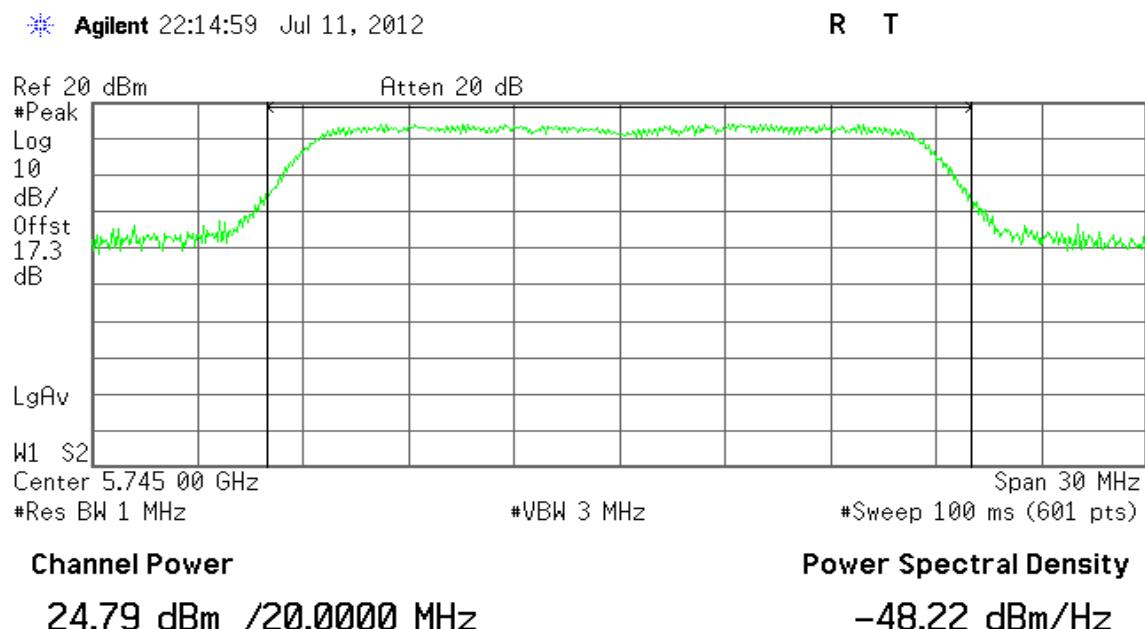
R T



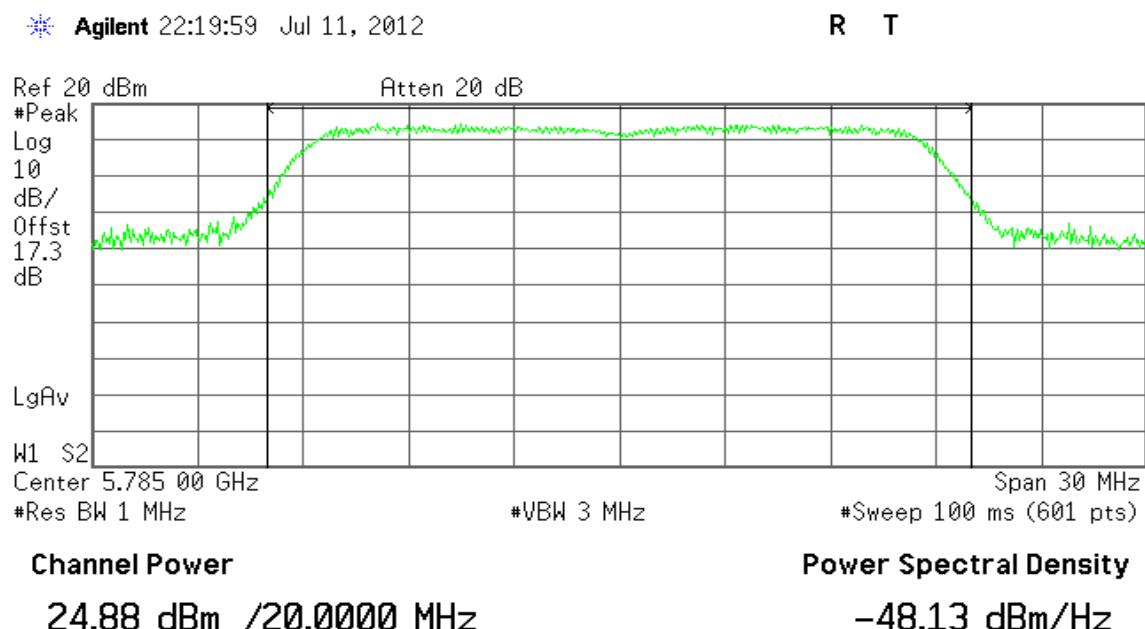


IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode / Chain 1

Peak power (CH Low)



Peak power (CH Mid)

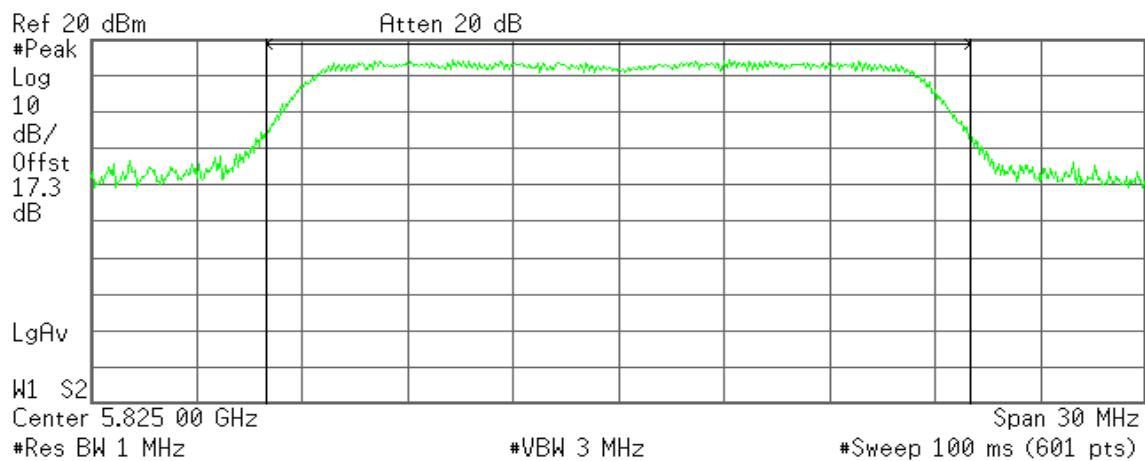




Peak power (CH High)

Agilent 22:23:59 Jul 11, 2012

R T



Channel Power

24.90 dBm /20.0000 MHz

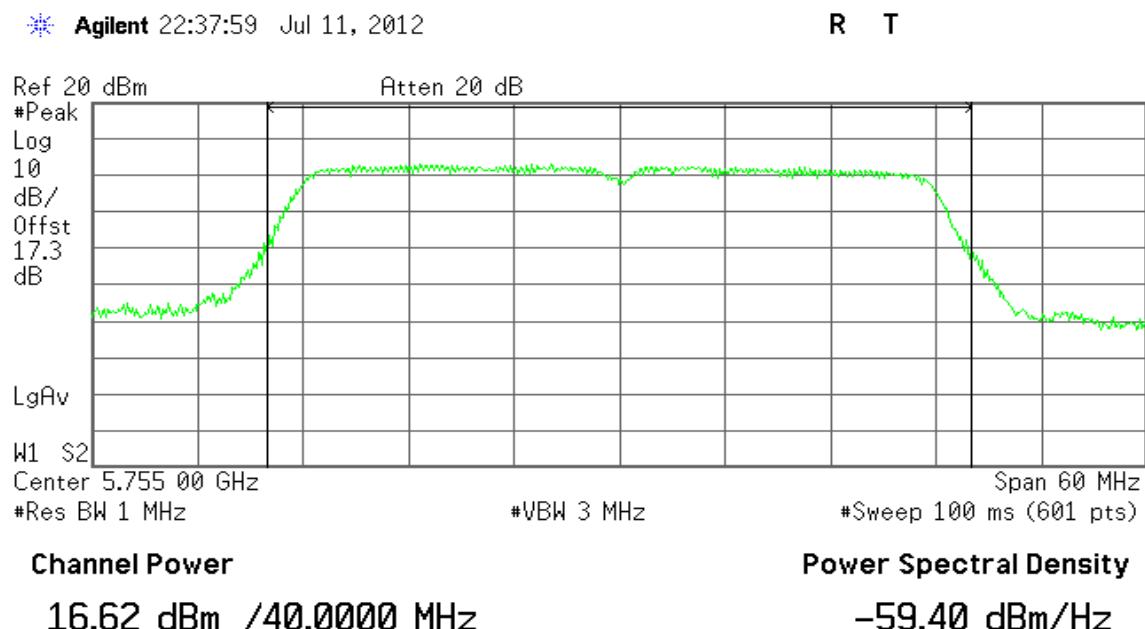
Power Spectral Density

-48.11 dBm/Hz

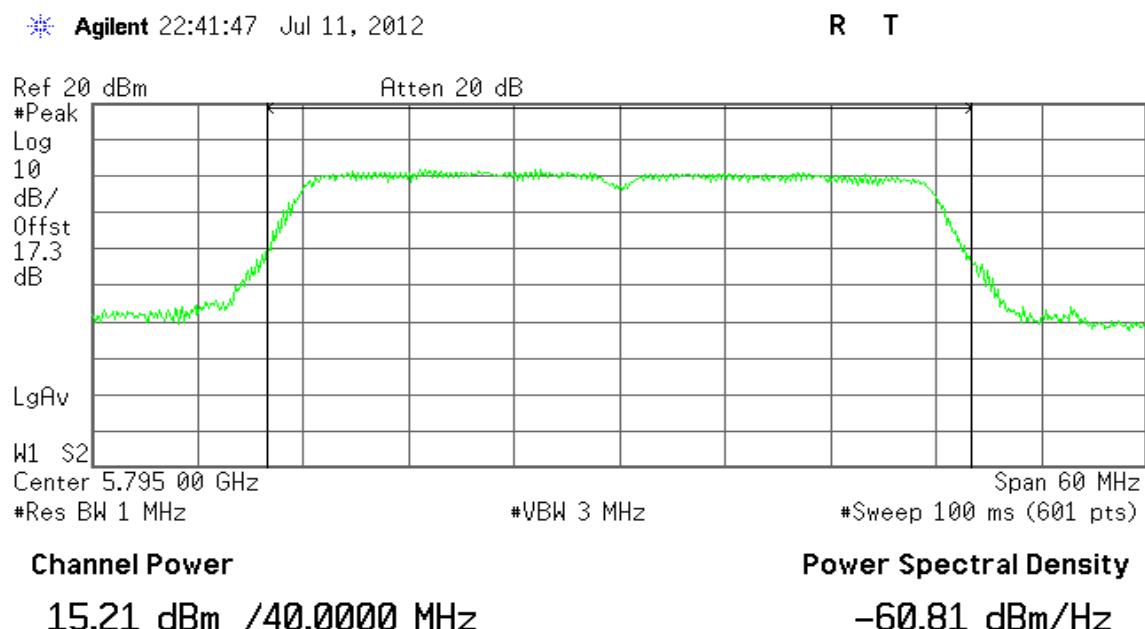


IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode / Chain 0

Peak power (CH Low)



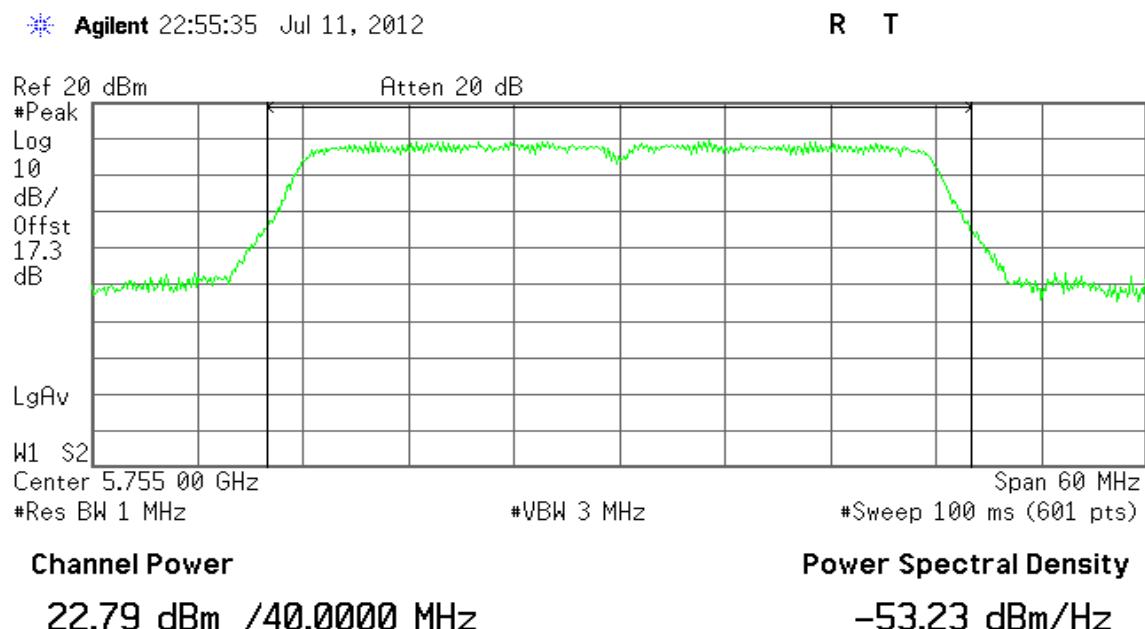
Peak power (CH High)



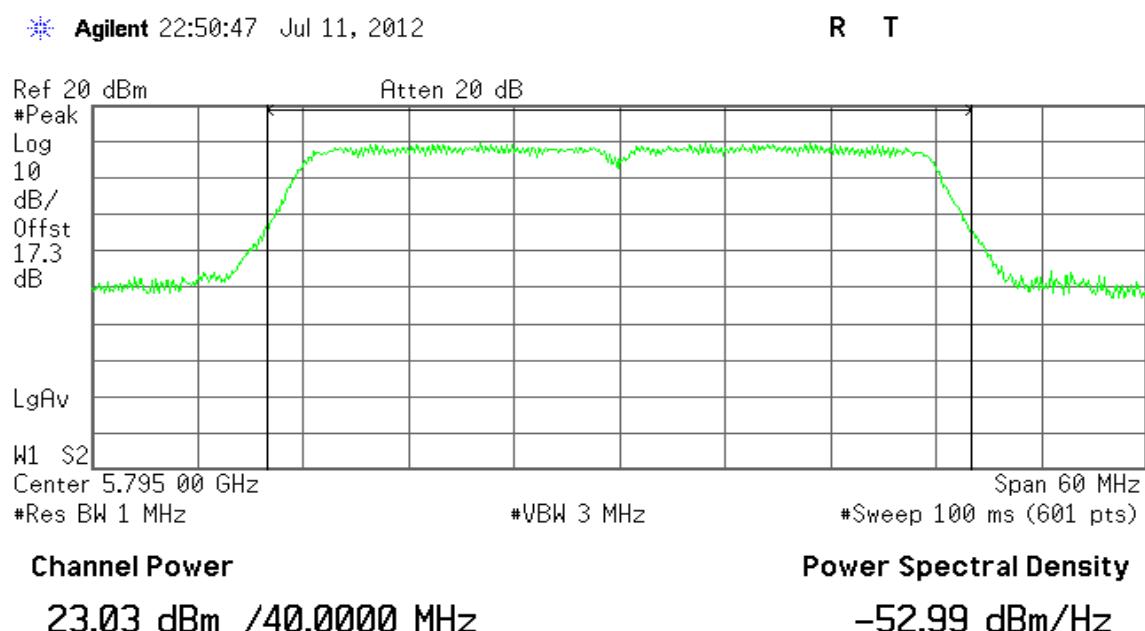


IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode / Chain 1

Peak power (CH Low)



Peak power (CH High)



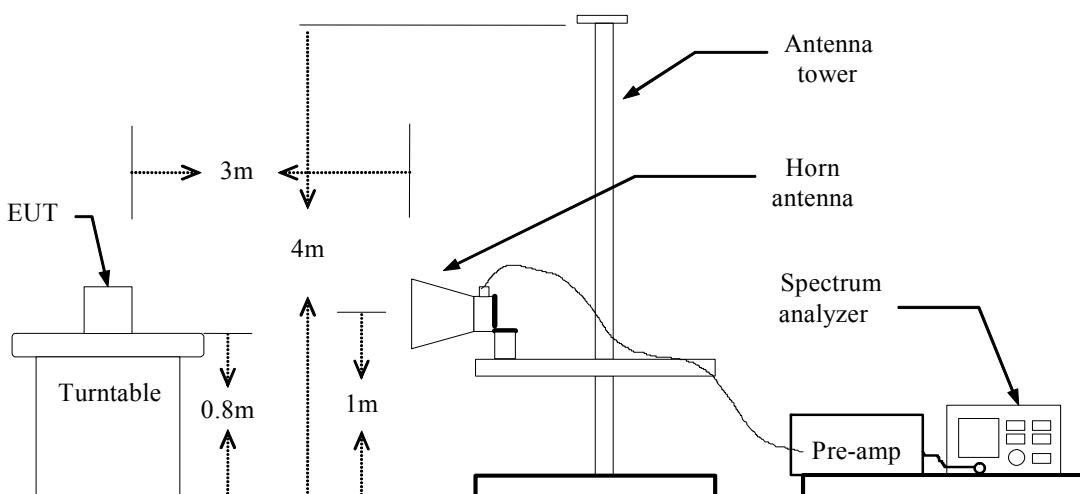
7.4 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

LIMIT

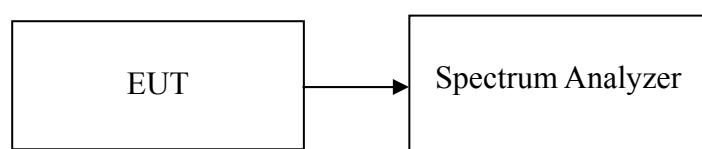
According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Test Configuration

For Radiated



For Conducted





TEST PROCEDURE

For Radiated

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
 - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
 - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

For Conducted

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

TEST RESULTS

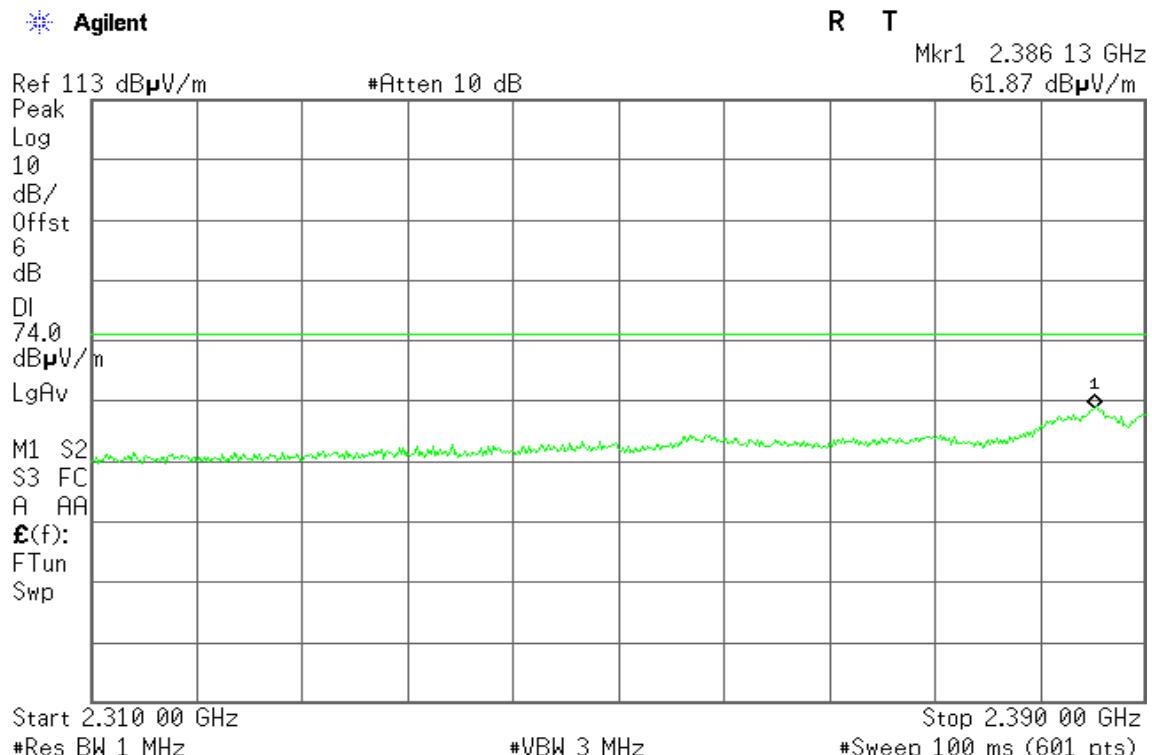
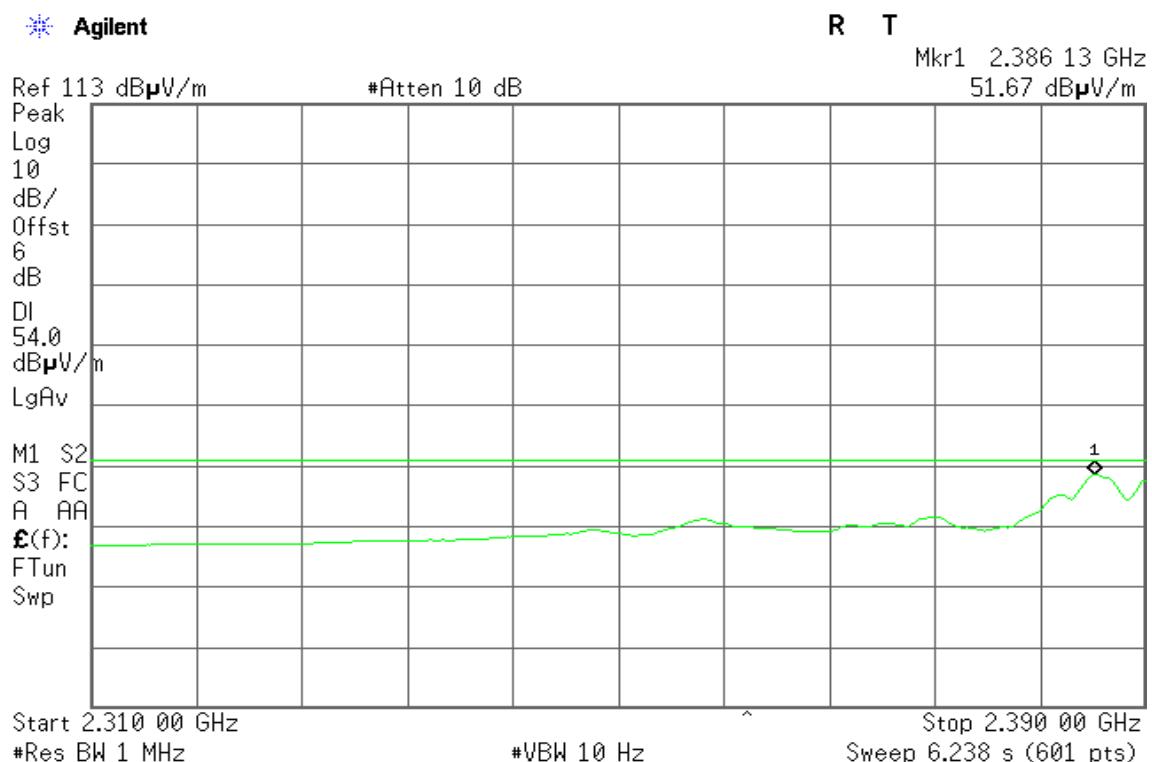
Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.



802.11a Mode

1. Operating Frequency: 5725-5875MHz
2. CH Low: 5745MHz, CH High: 5825MHz
3. 6dB bandwidth: CH Low: 16.40MHz, CH High: 16.43MHz

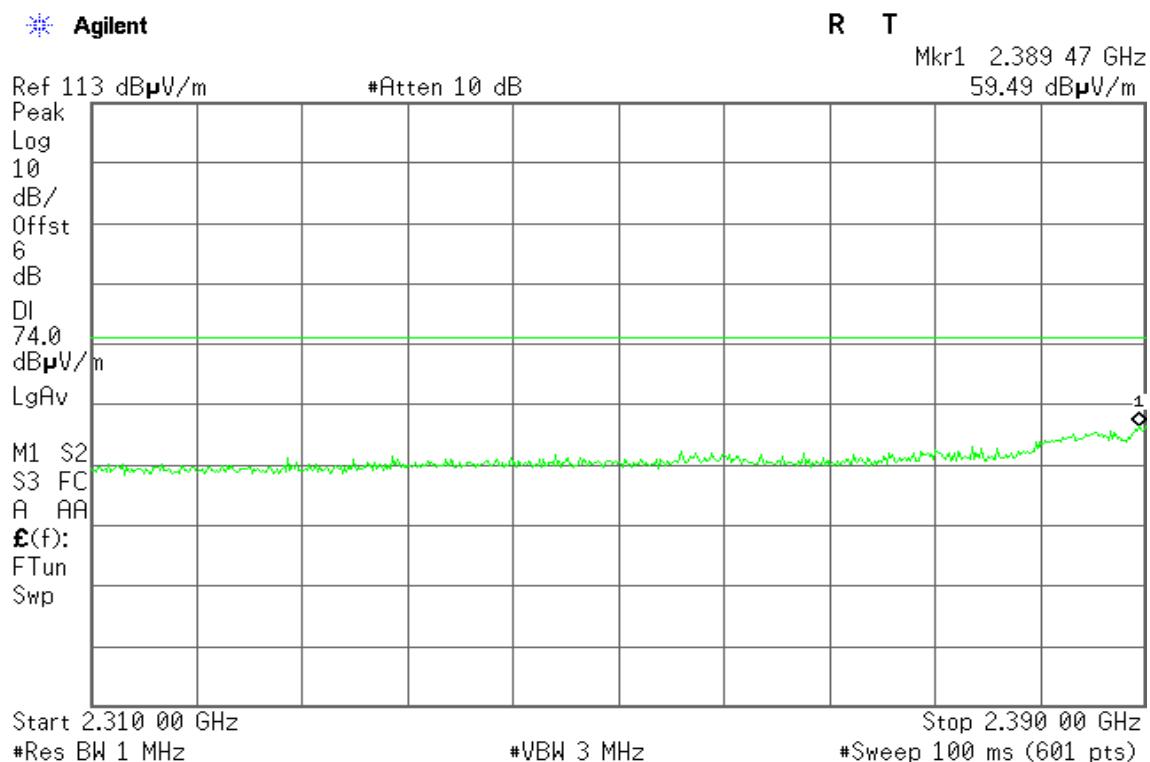
Because the mentioned conditions, the test is not applicable.

**Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low)****Detector mode: Peak****Polarity: Vertical****Detector mode: Average****Polarity: Vertical**



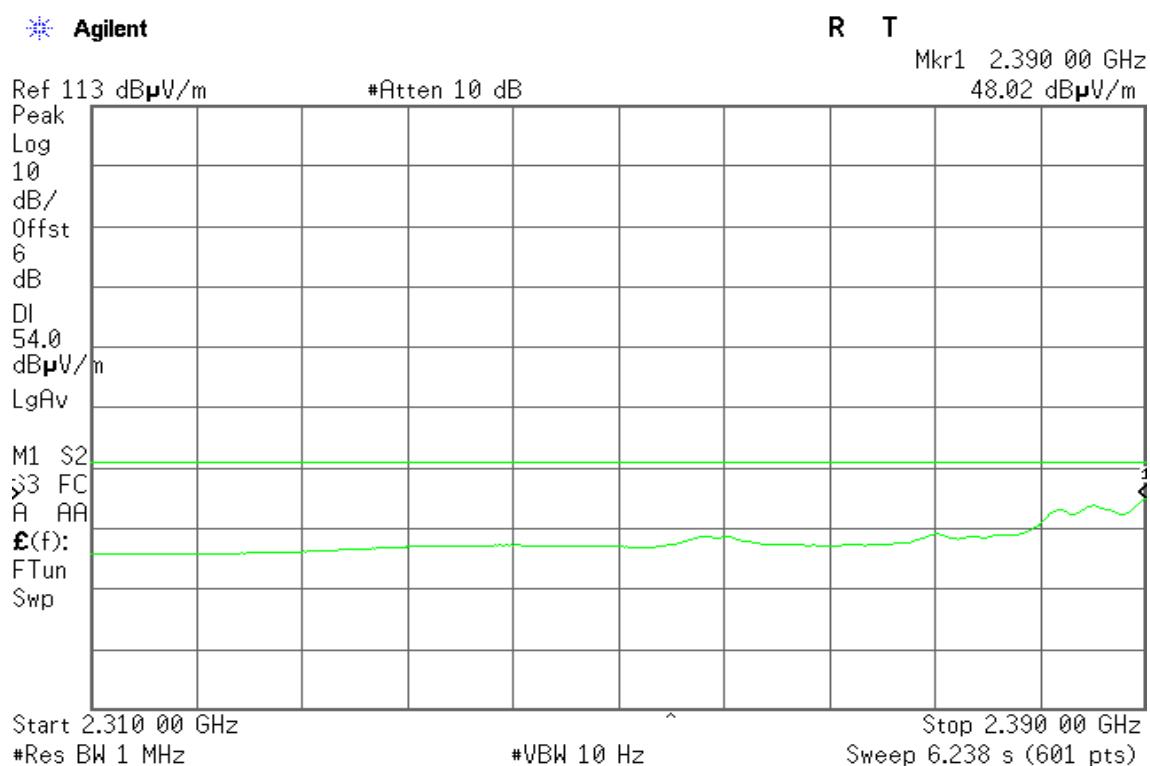
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

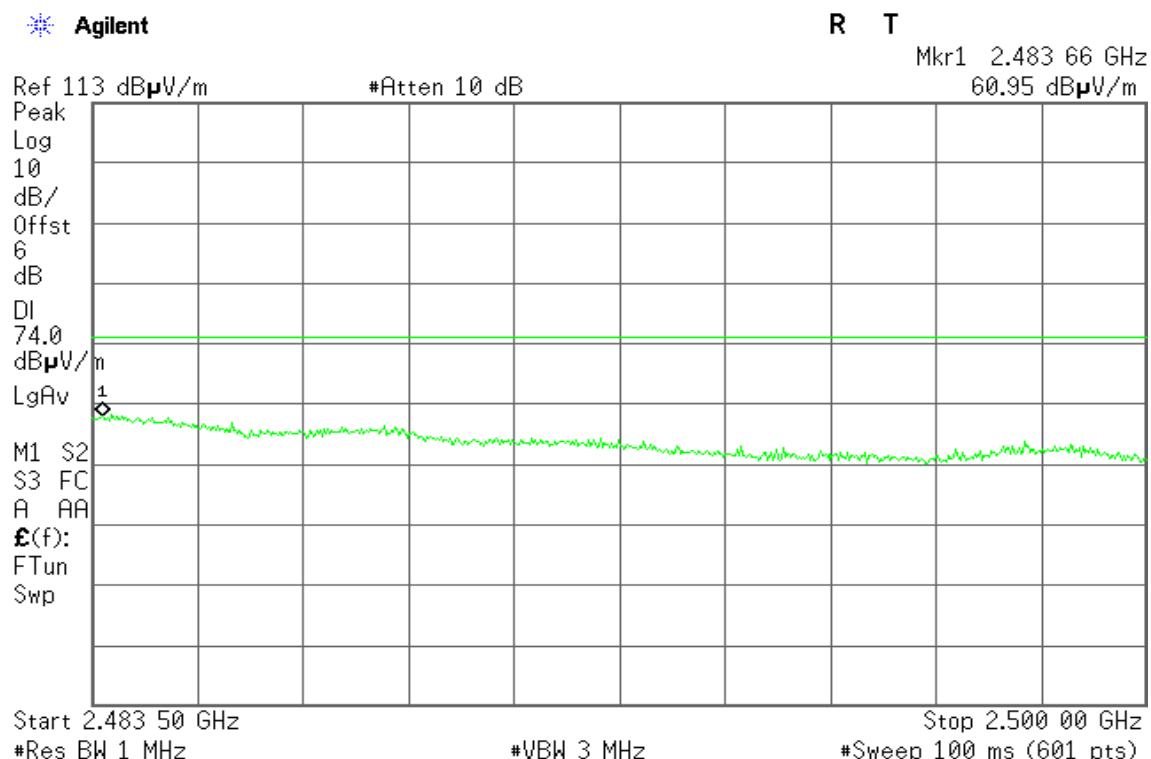




Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High)

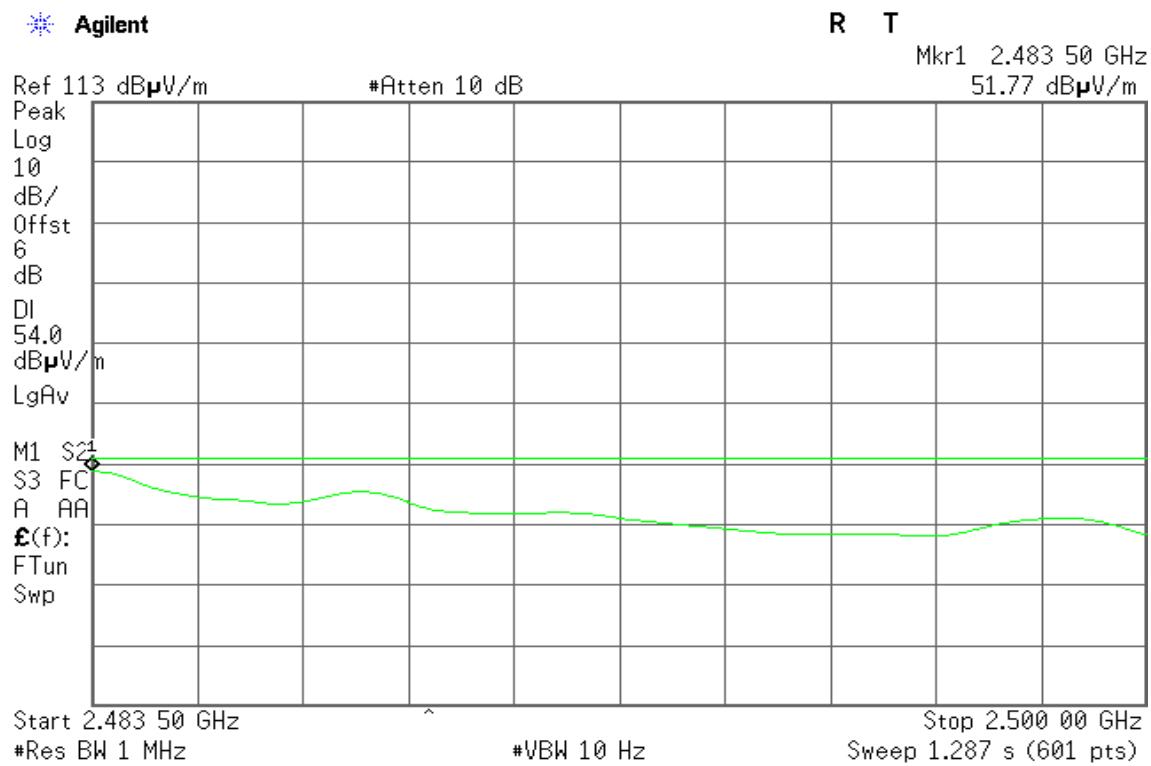
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

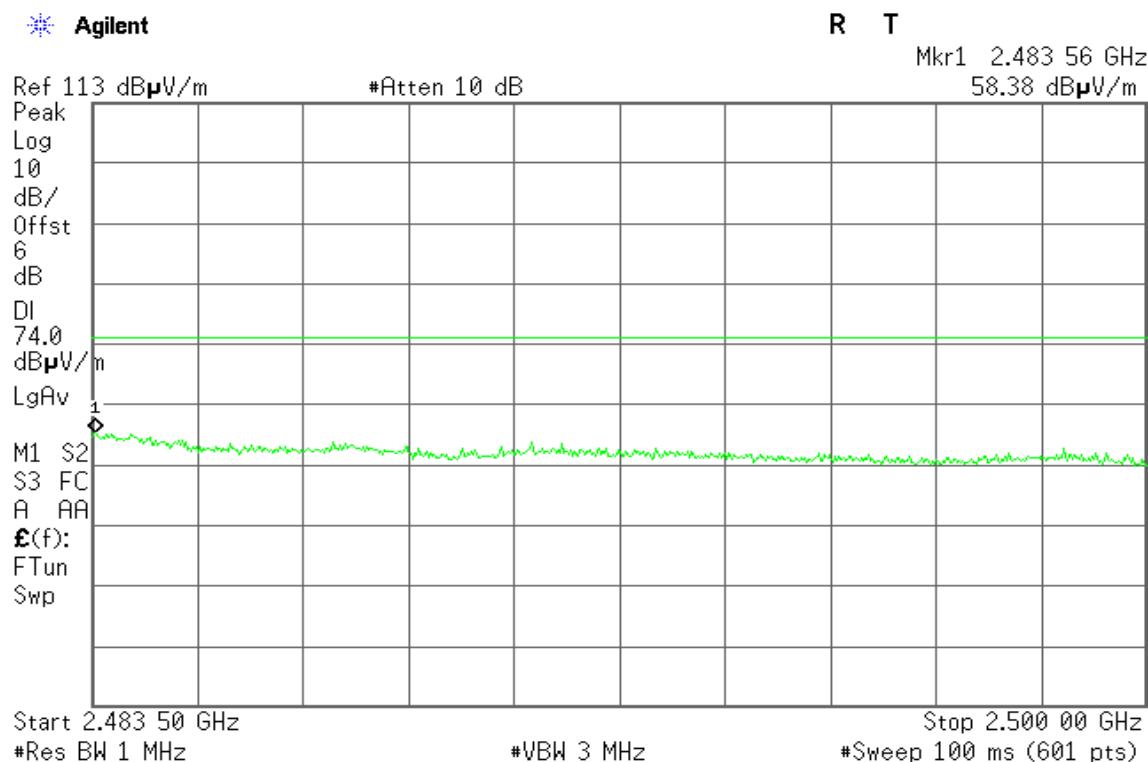
Polarity: Vertical





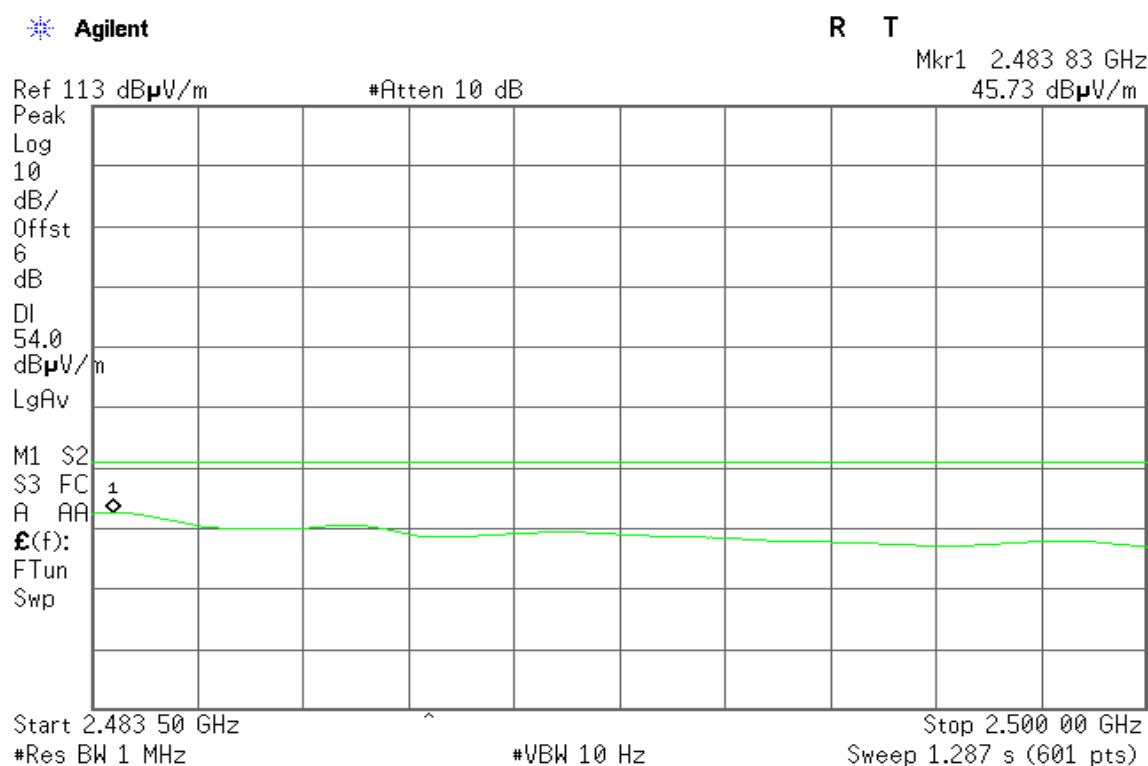
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

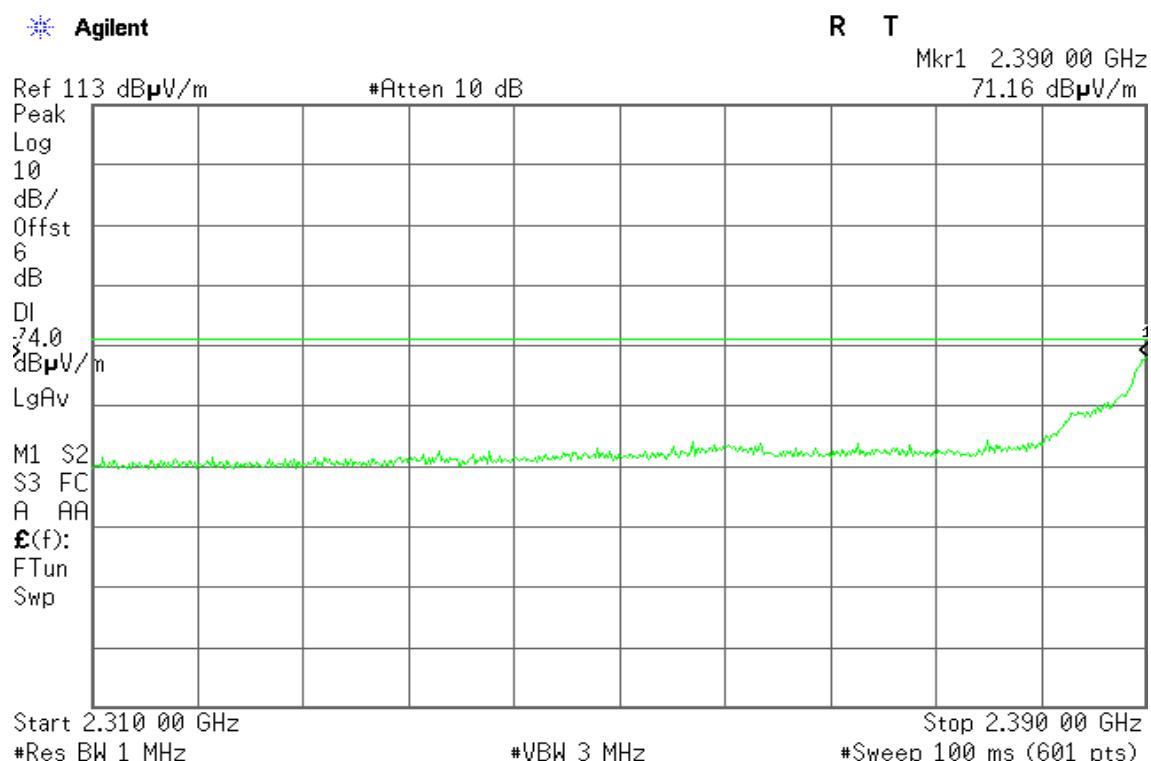




Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low)

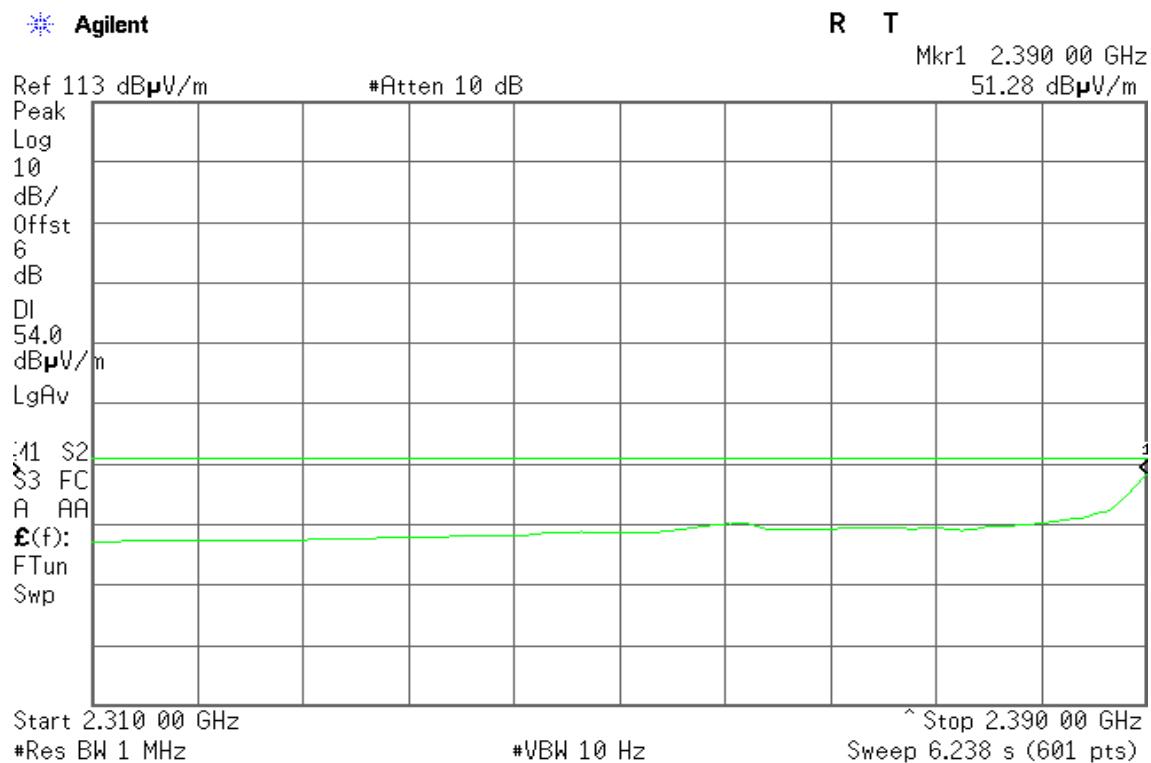
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

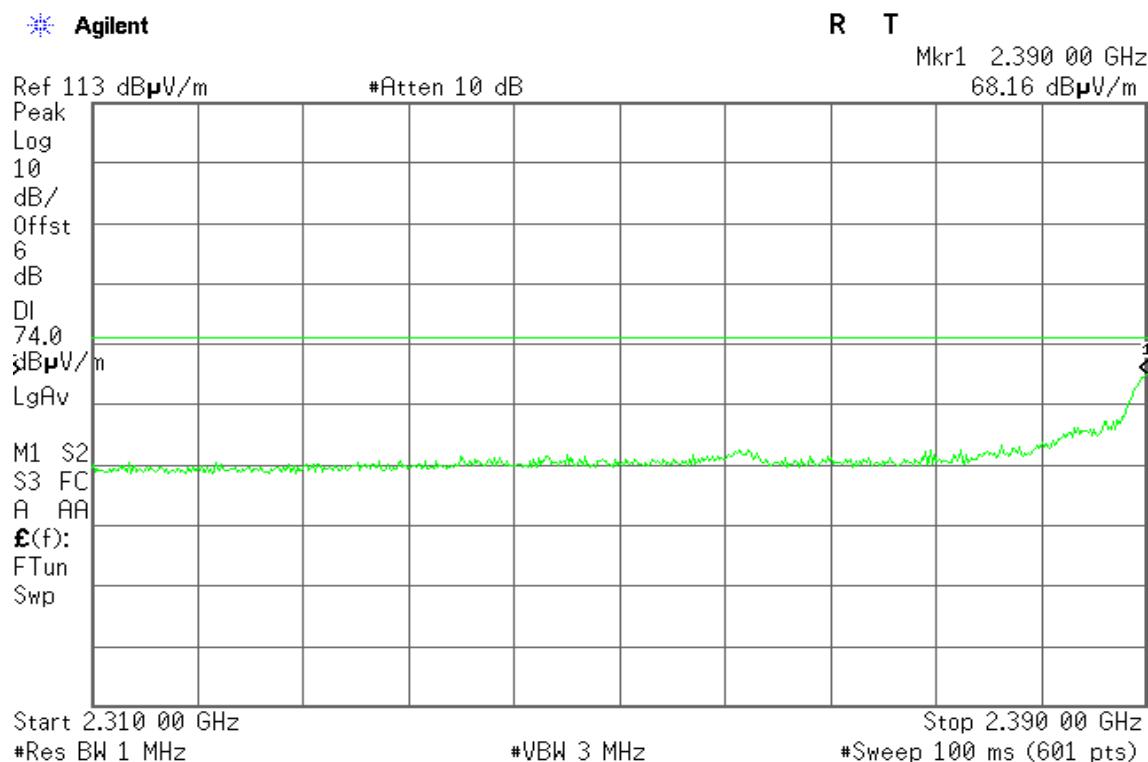
Polarity: Vertical





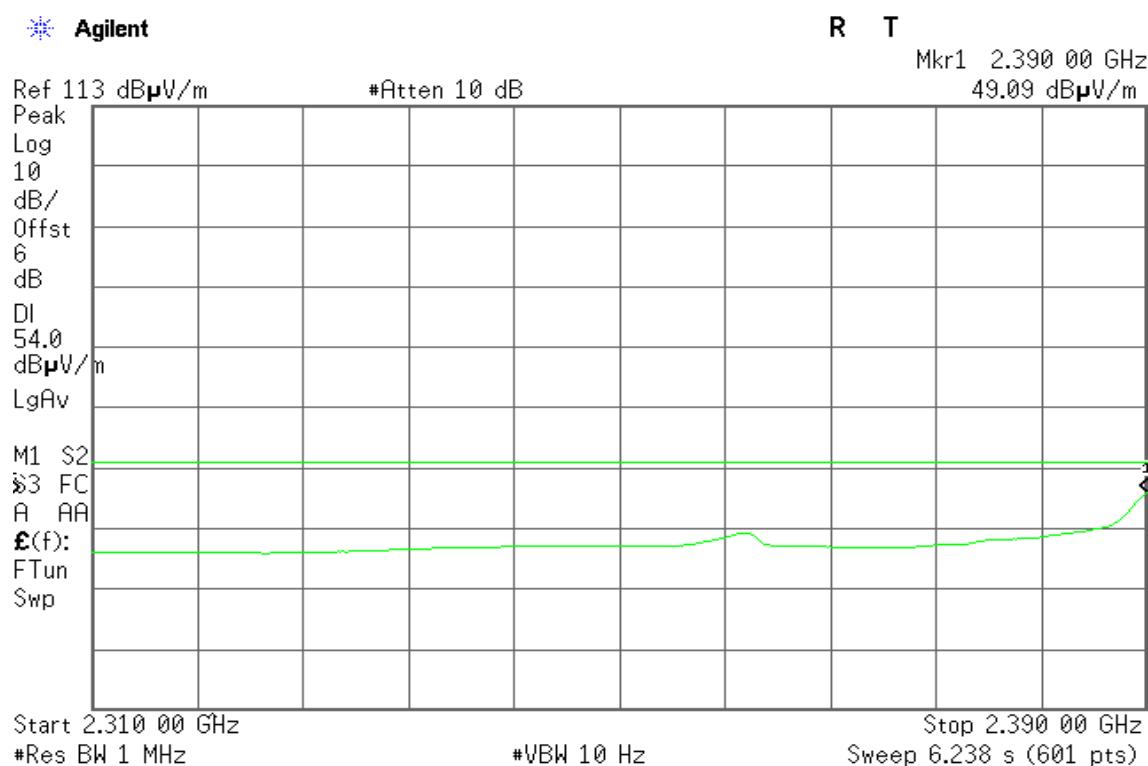
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

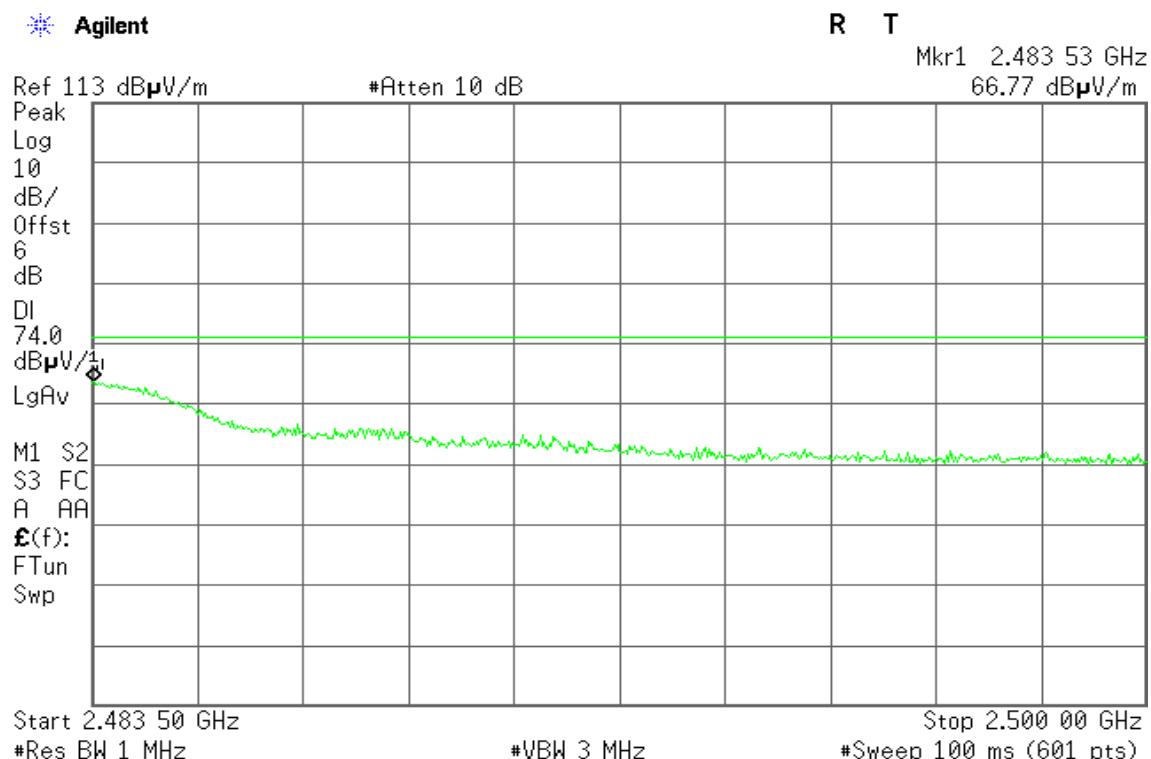




Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High)

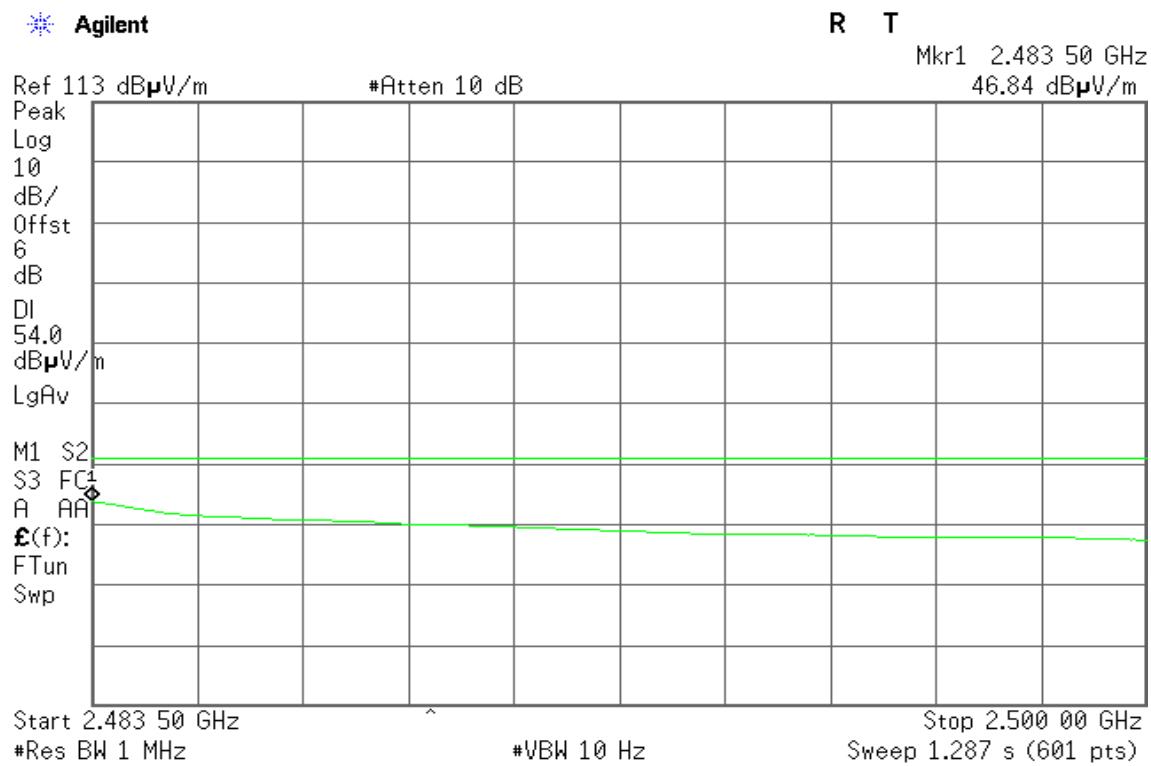
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

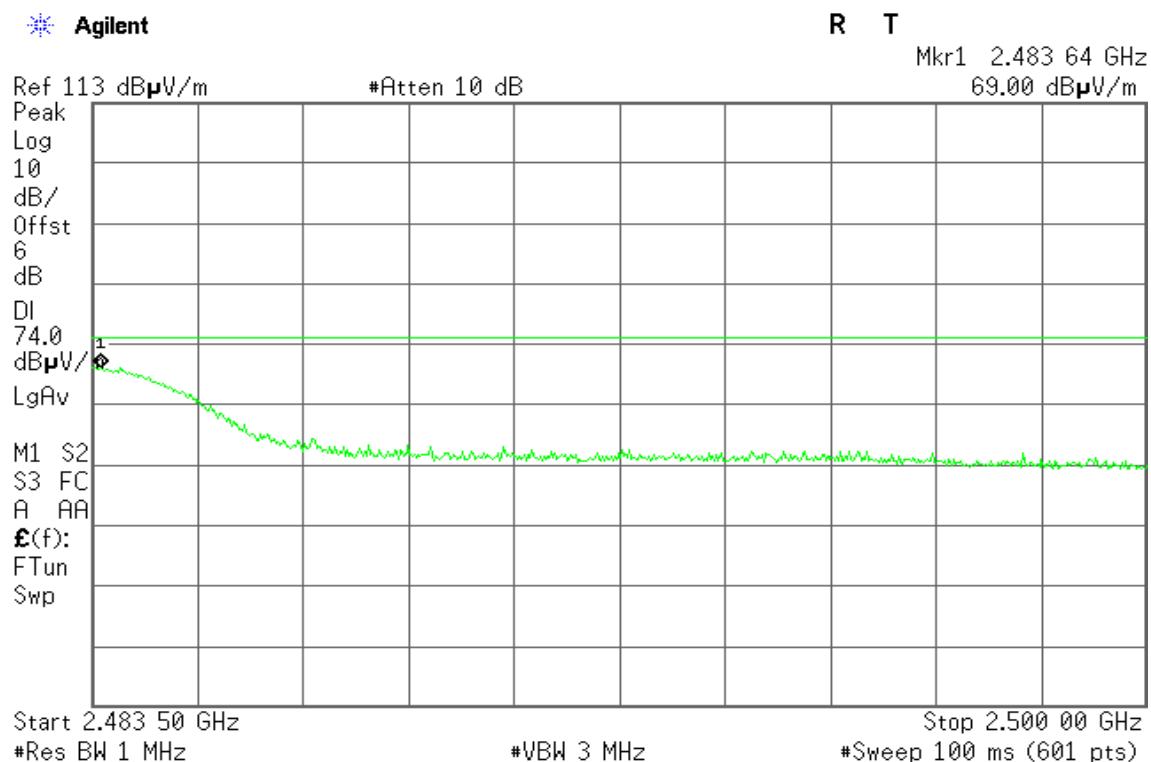
Polarity: Vertical





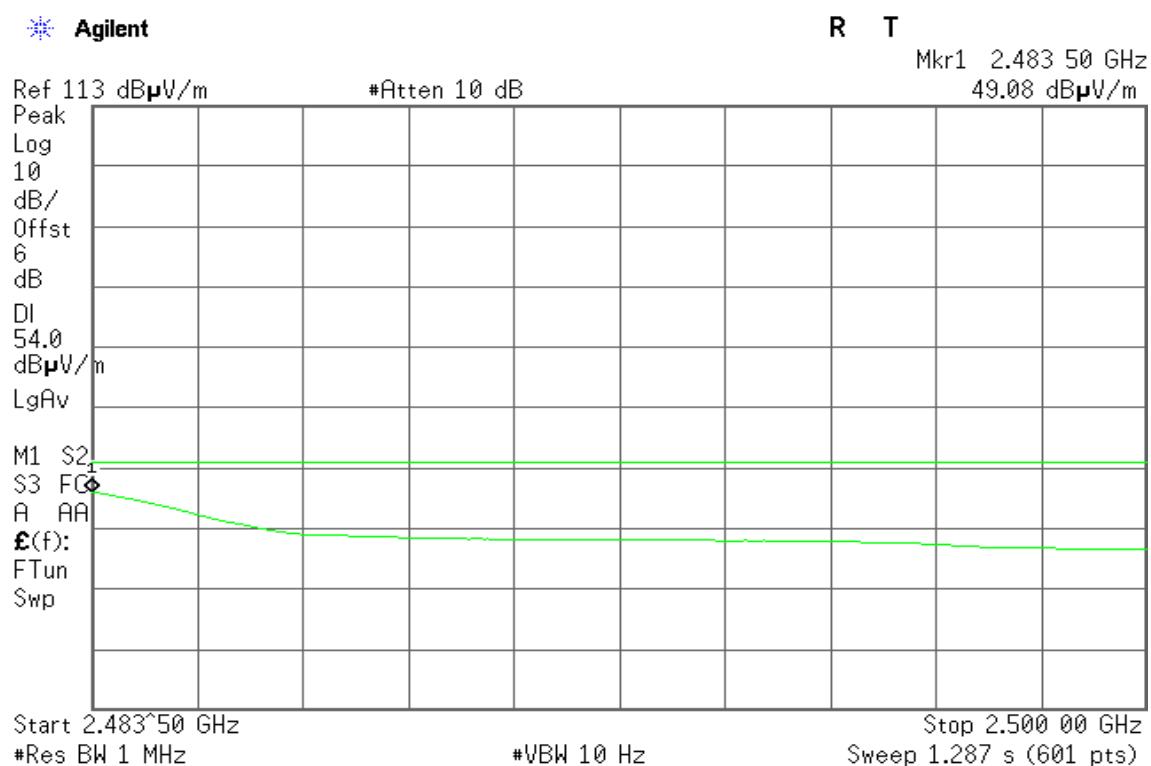
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

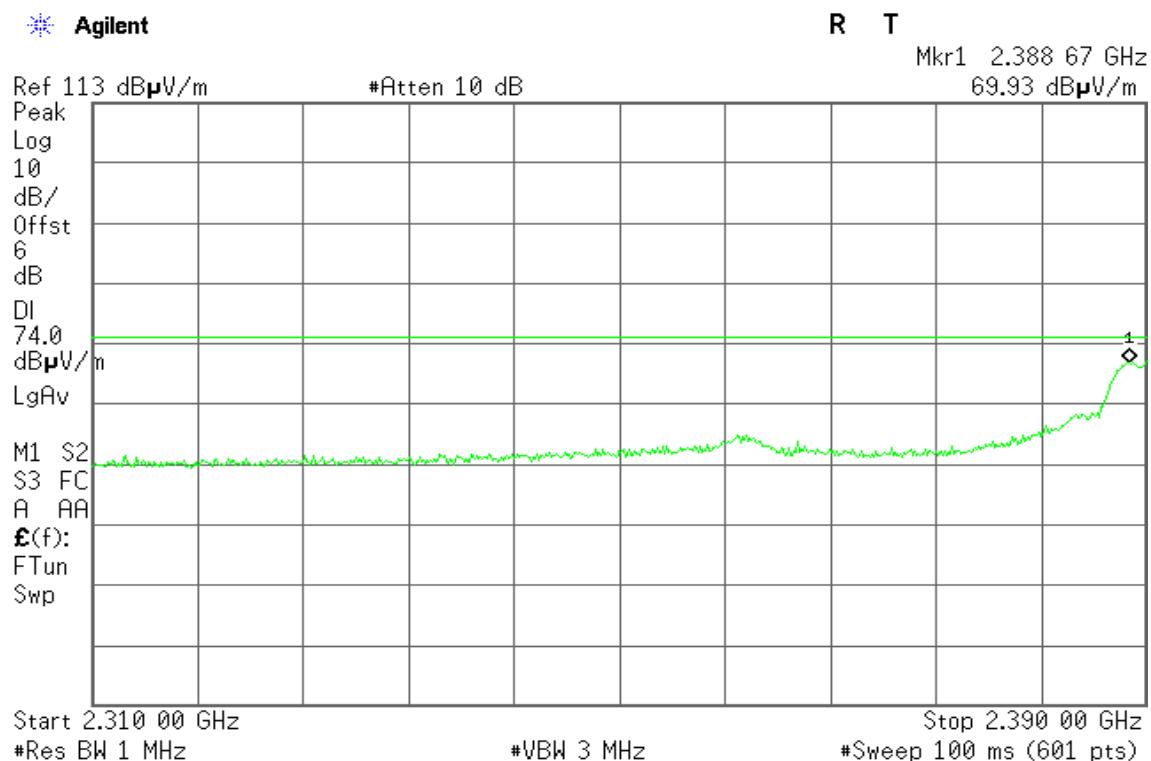




Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH Low)

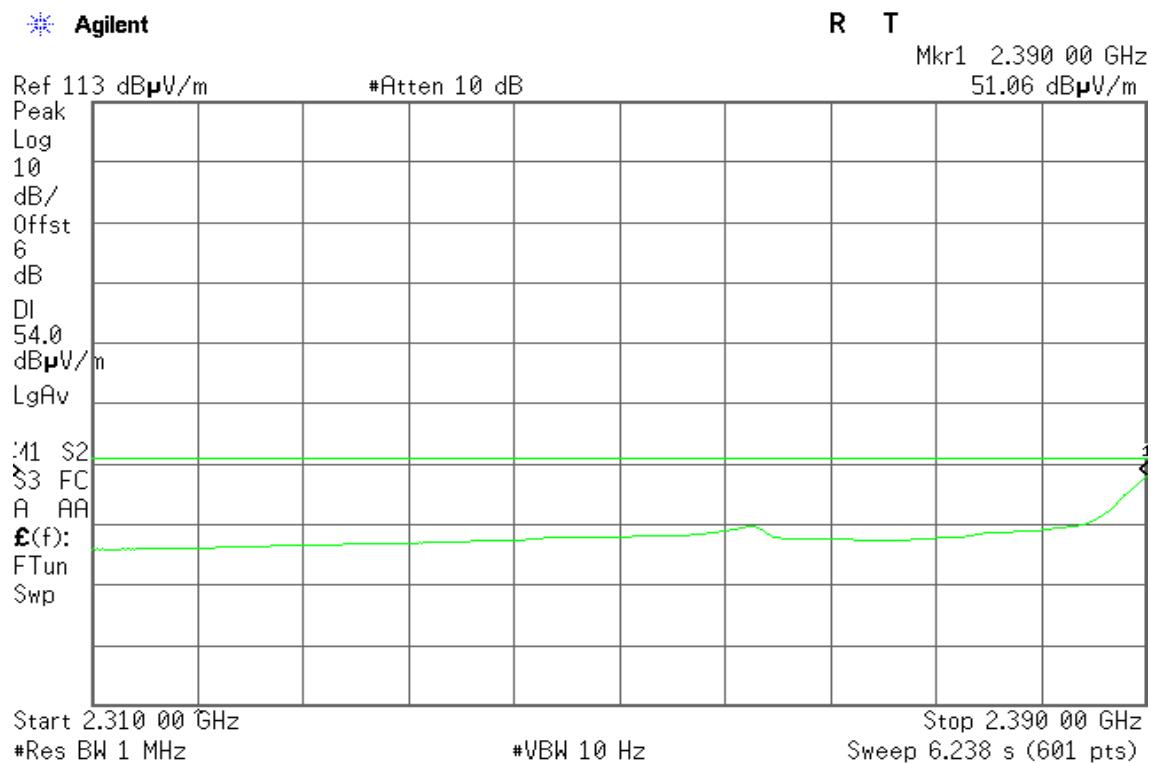
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

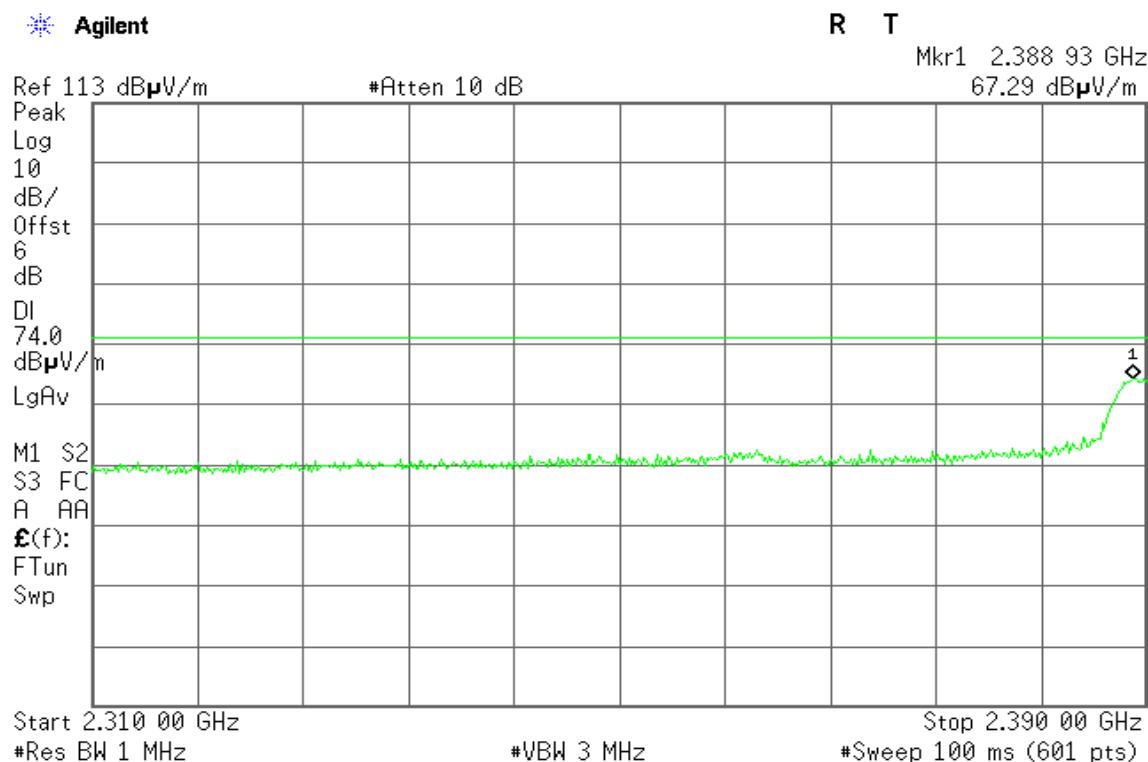
Polarity: Vertical





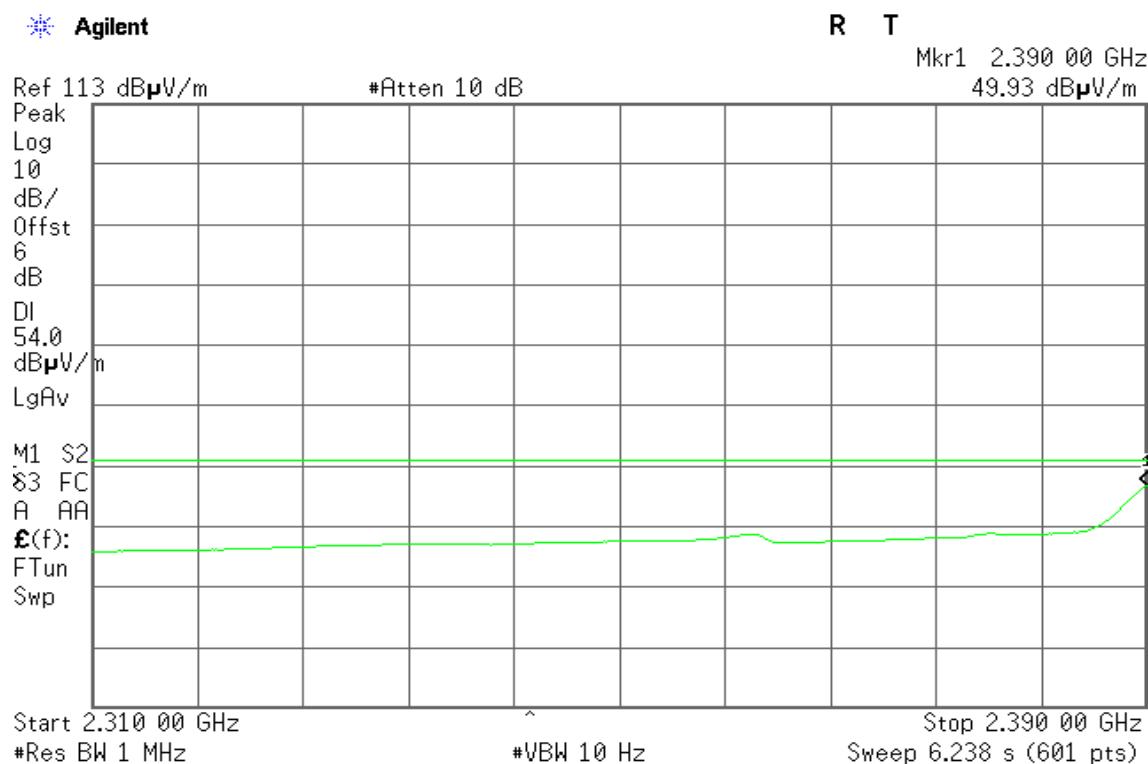
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

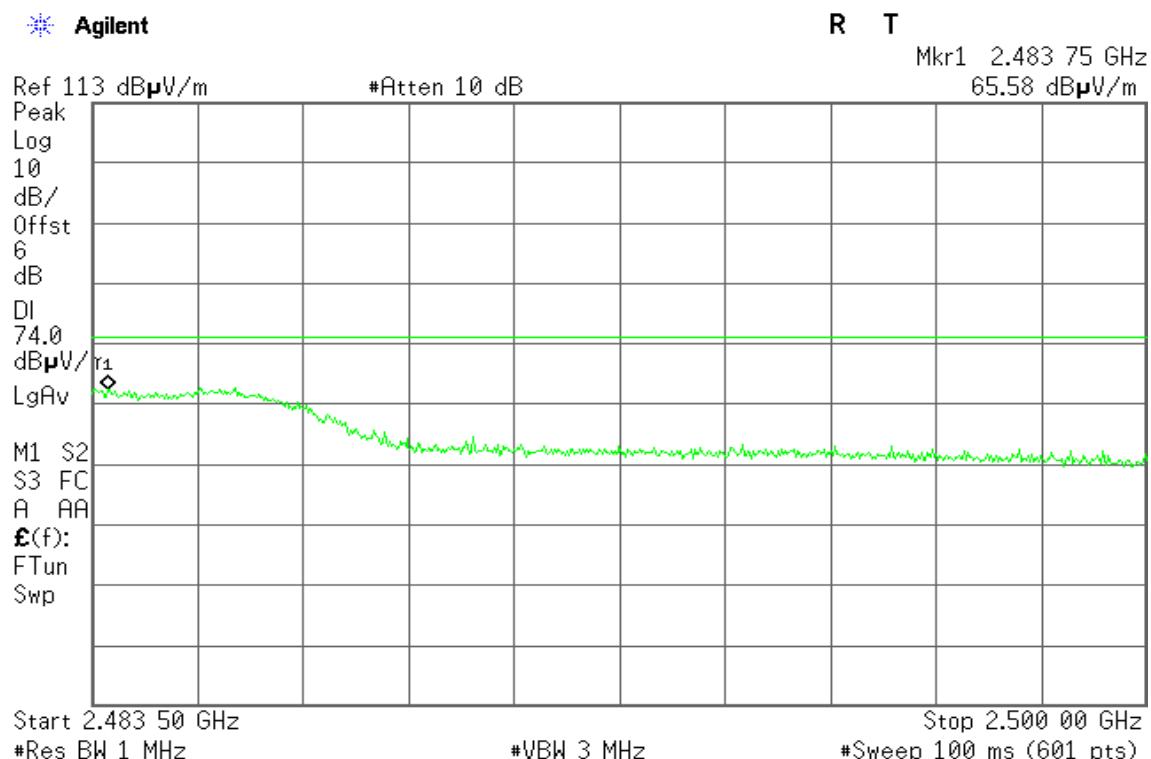




Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / CH High)

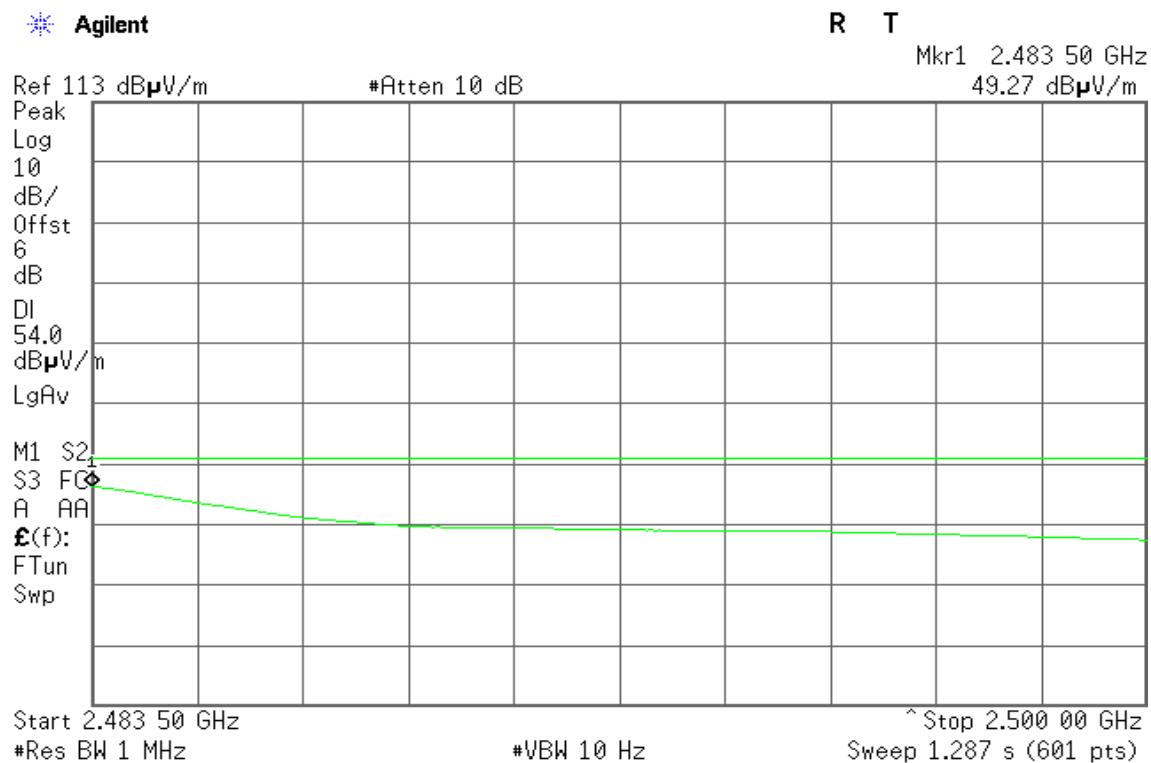
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

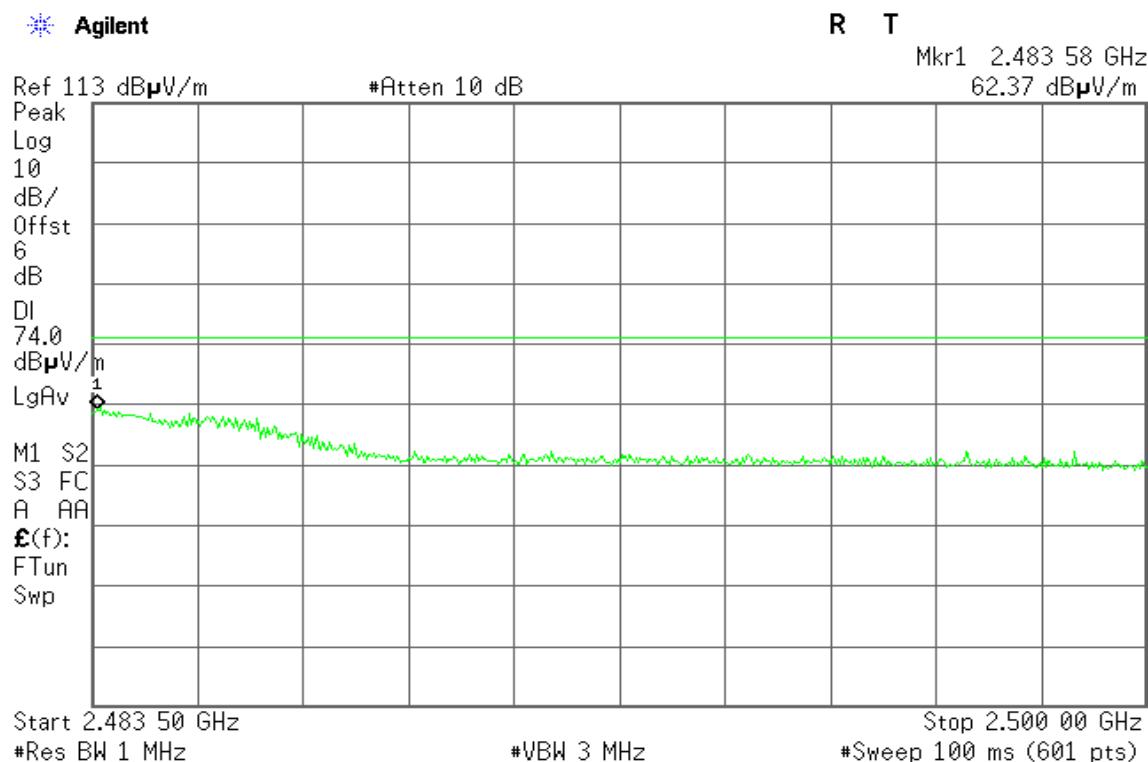
Polarity: Vertical





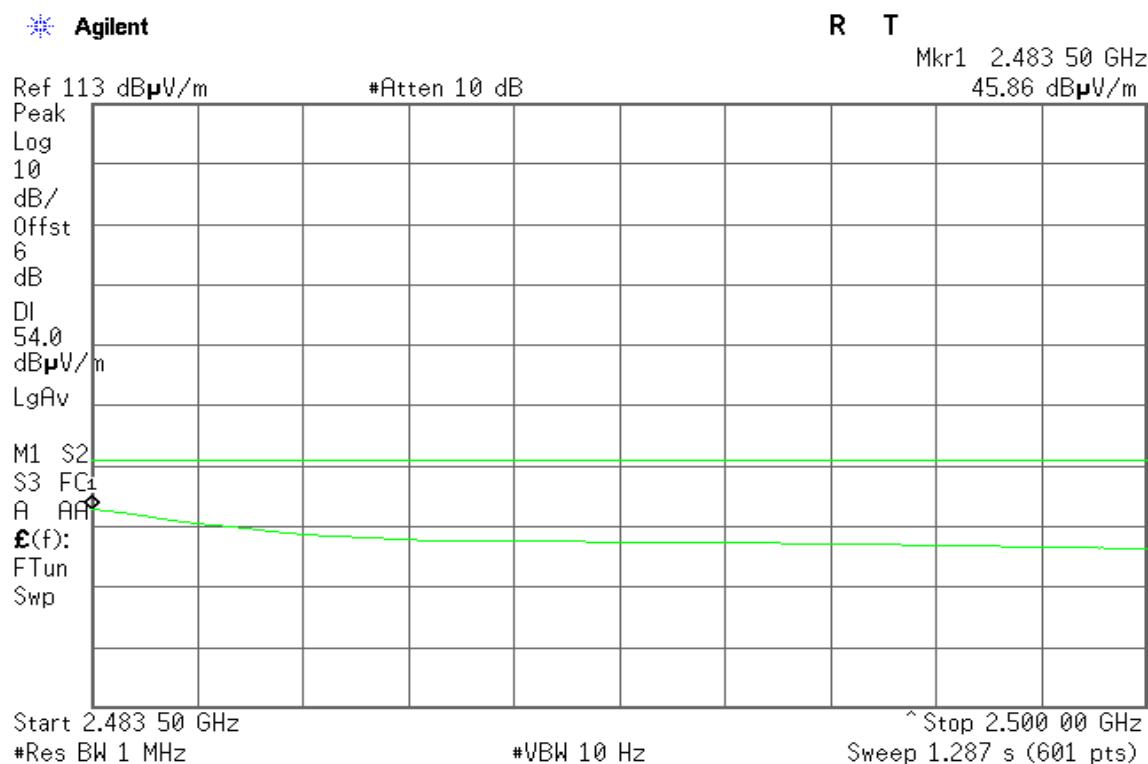
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

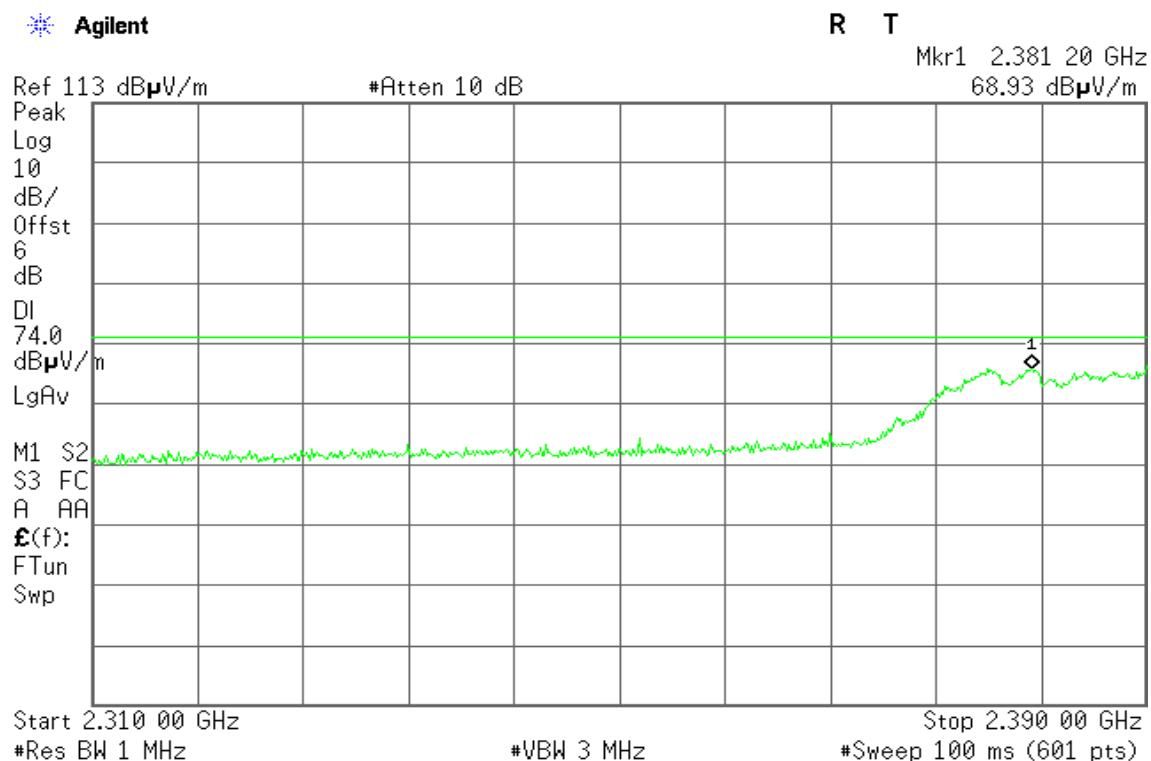




Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH Low)

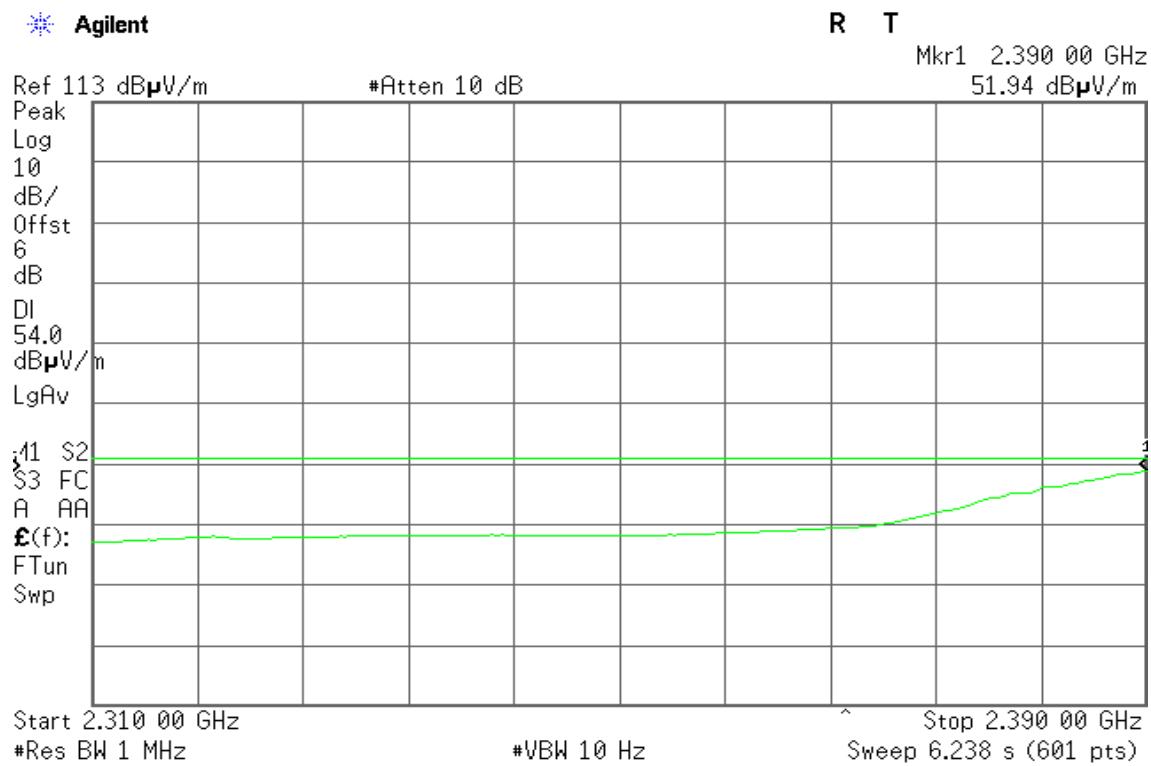
Detector mode: Peak

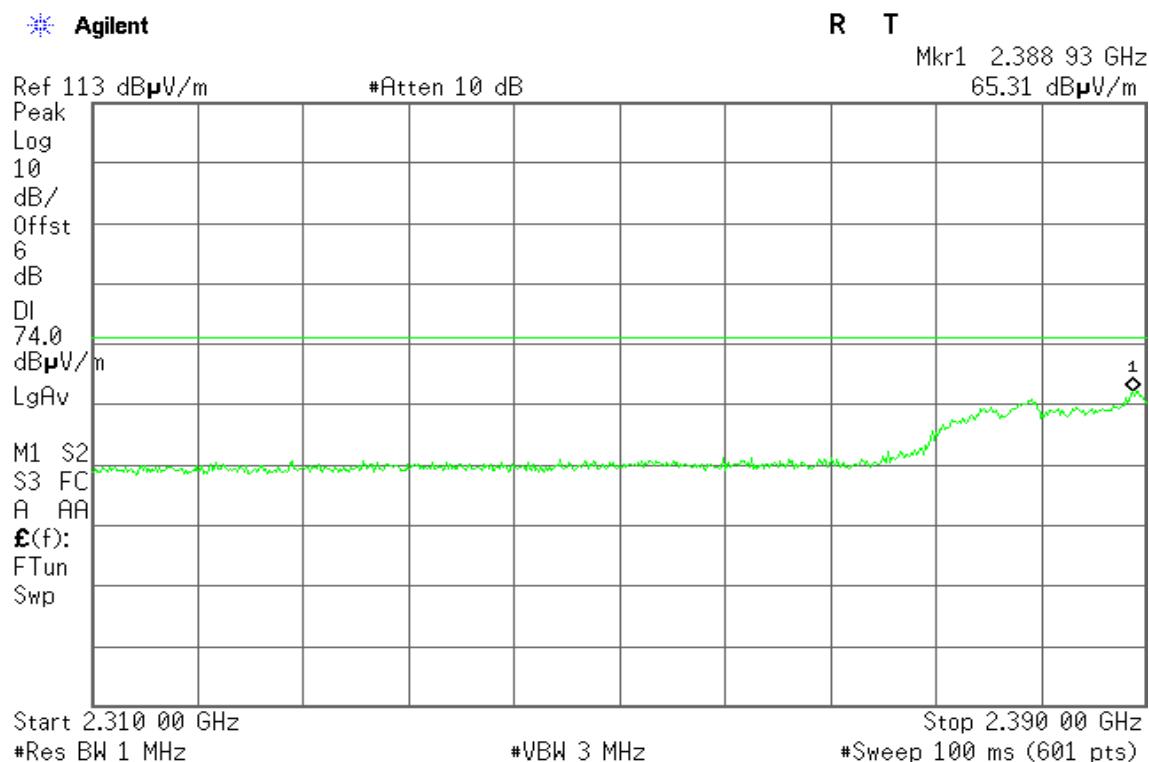
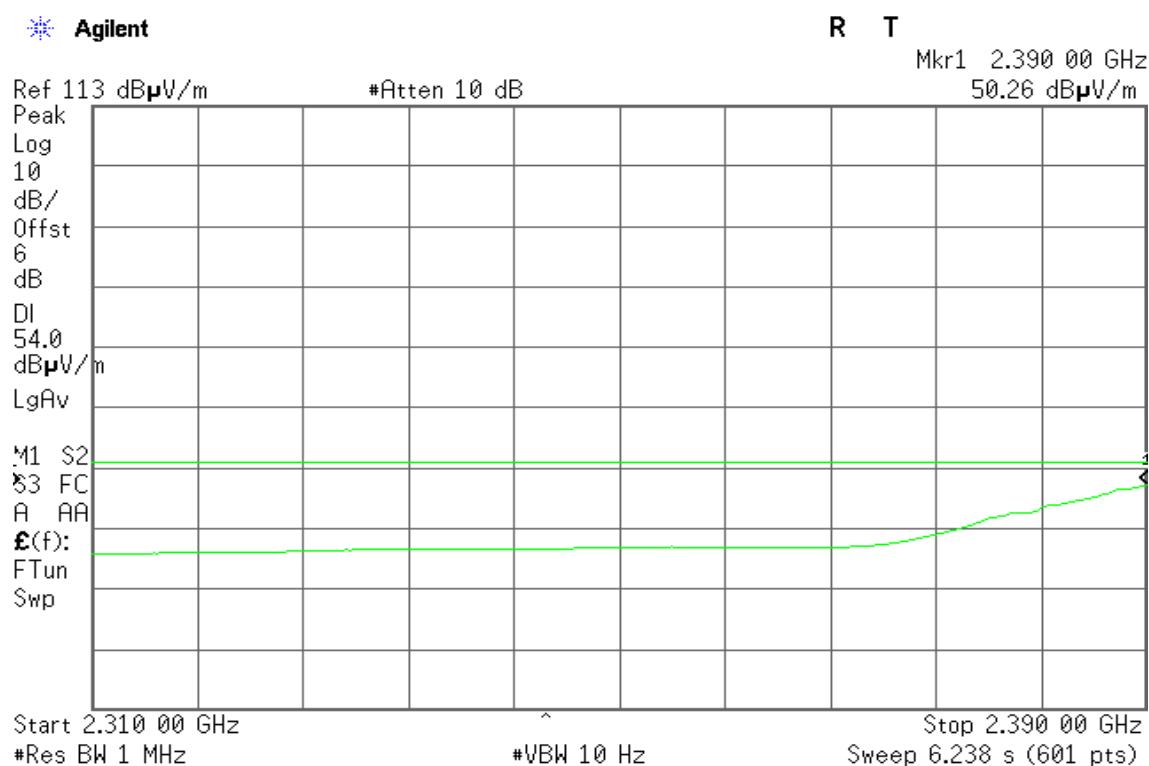
Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical



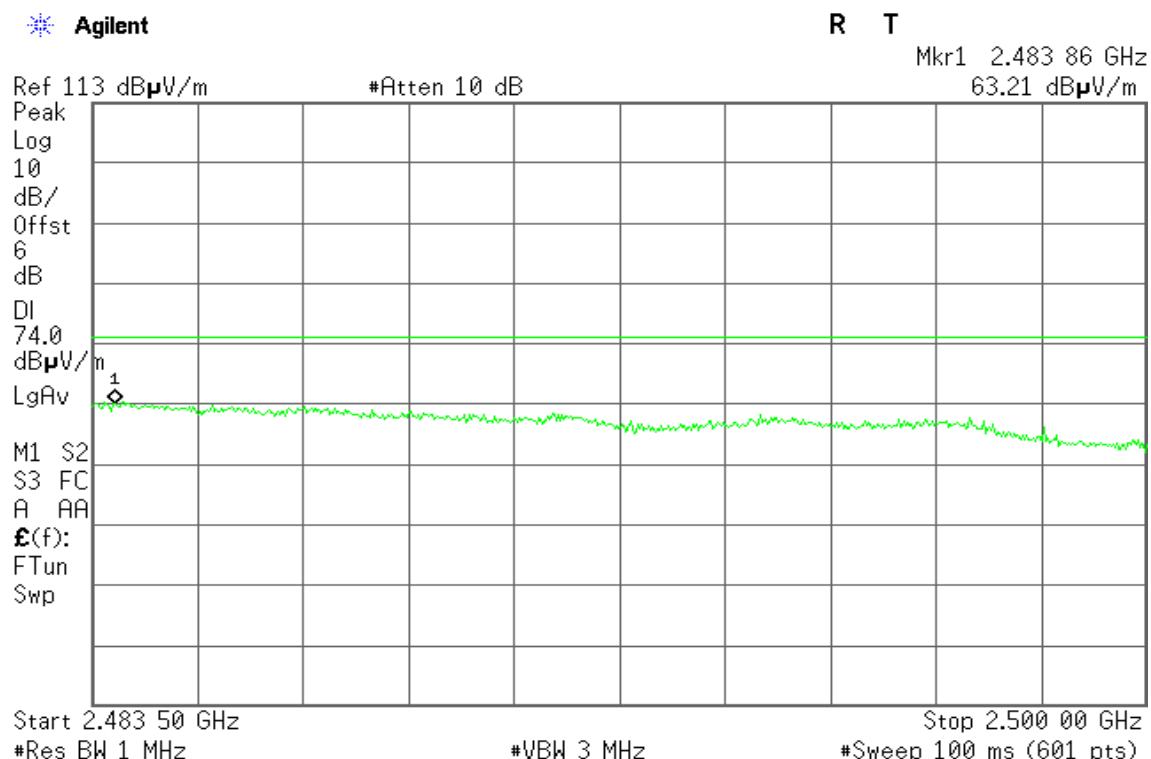
**Detector mode: Peak****Polarity: Horizontal****Detector mode: Average****Polarity: Horizontal**



Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH High)

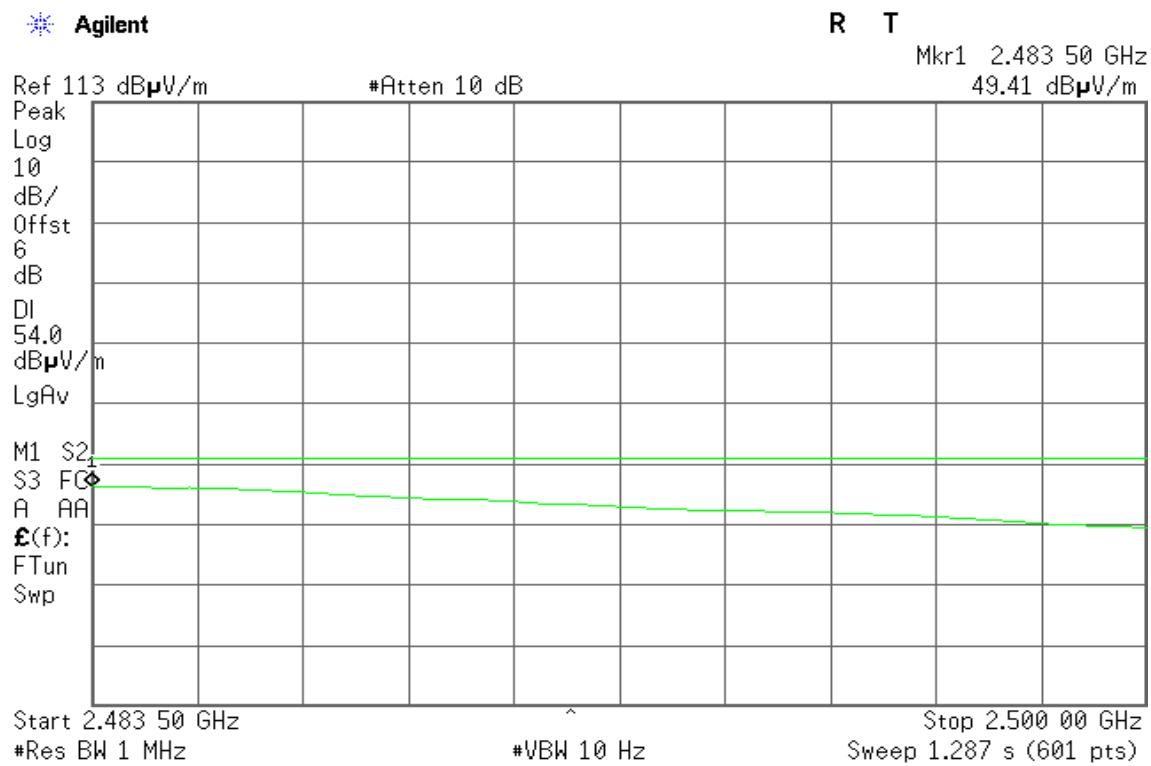
Detector mode: Peak

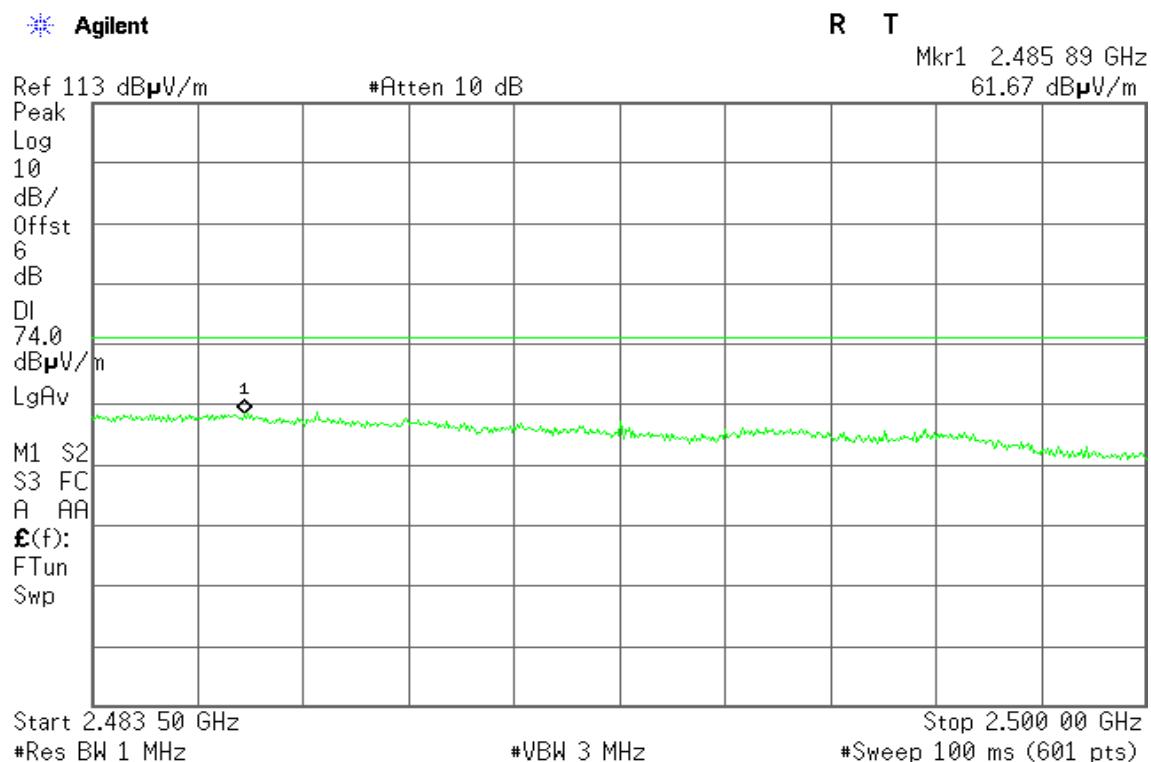
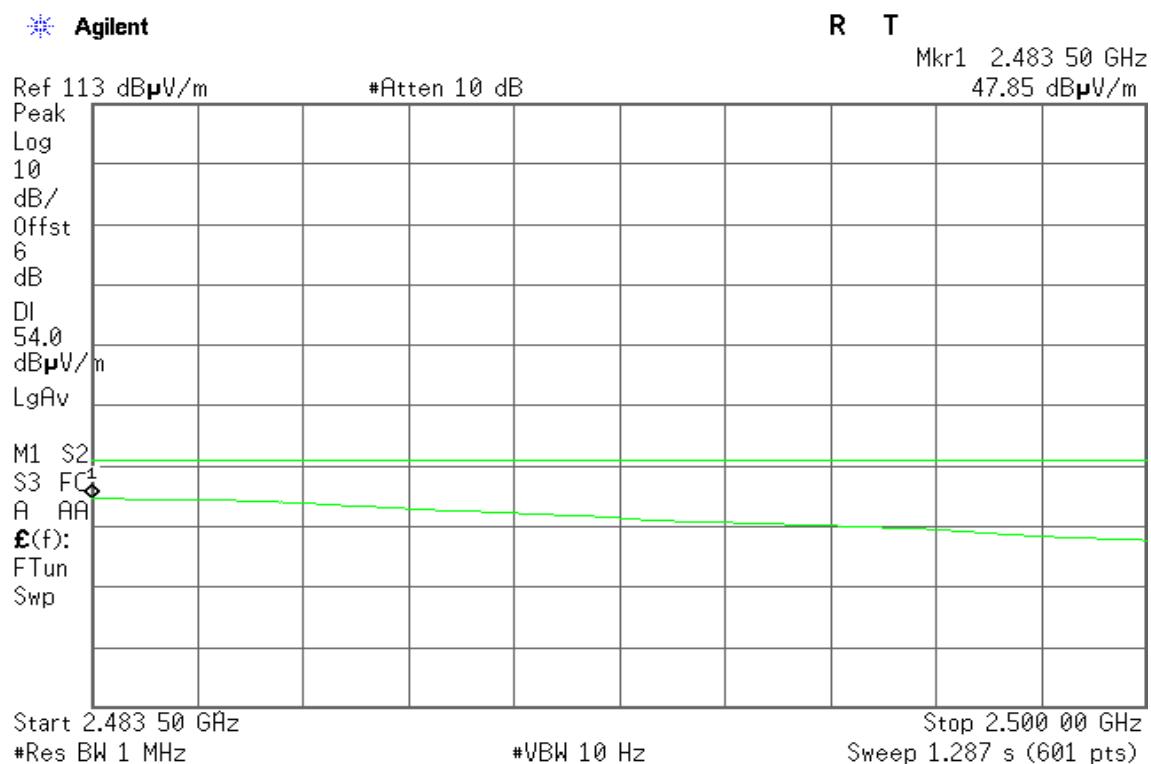
Polarity: Vertical

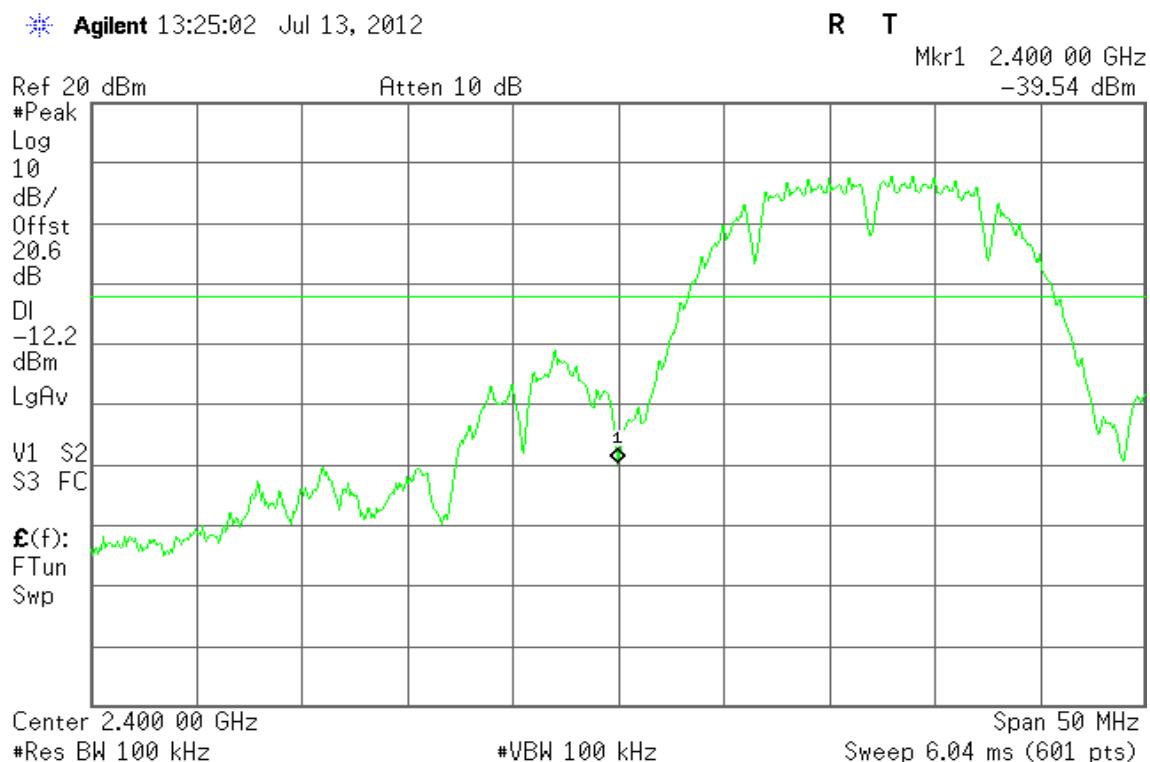
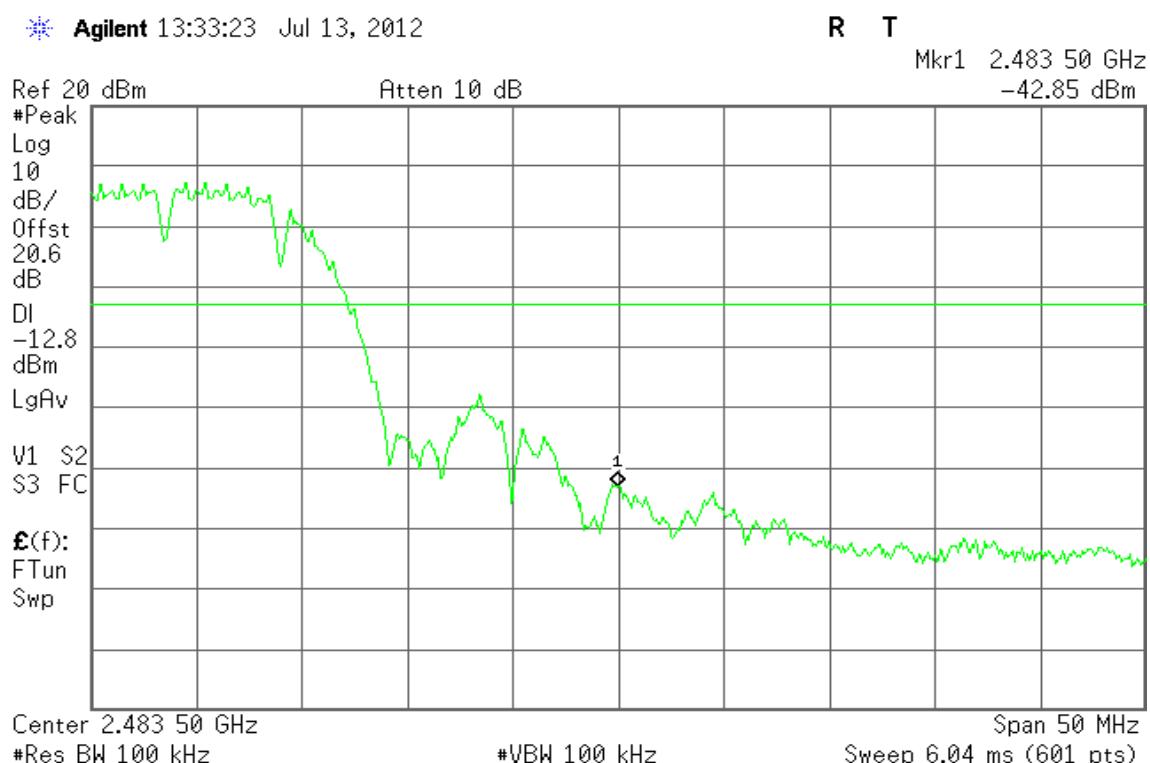


Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical

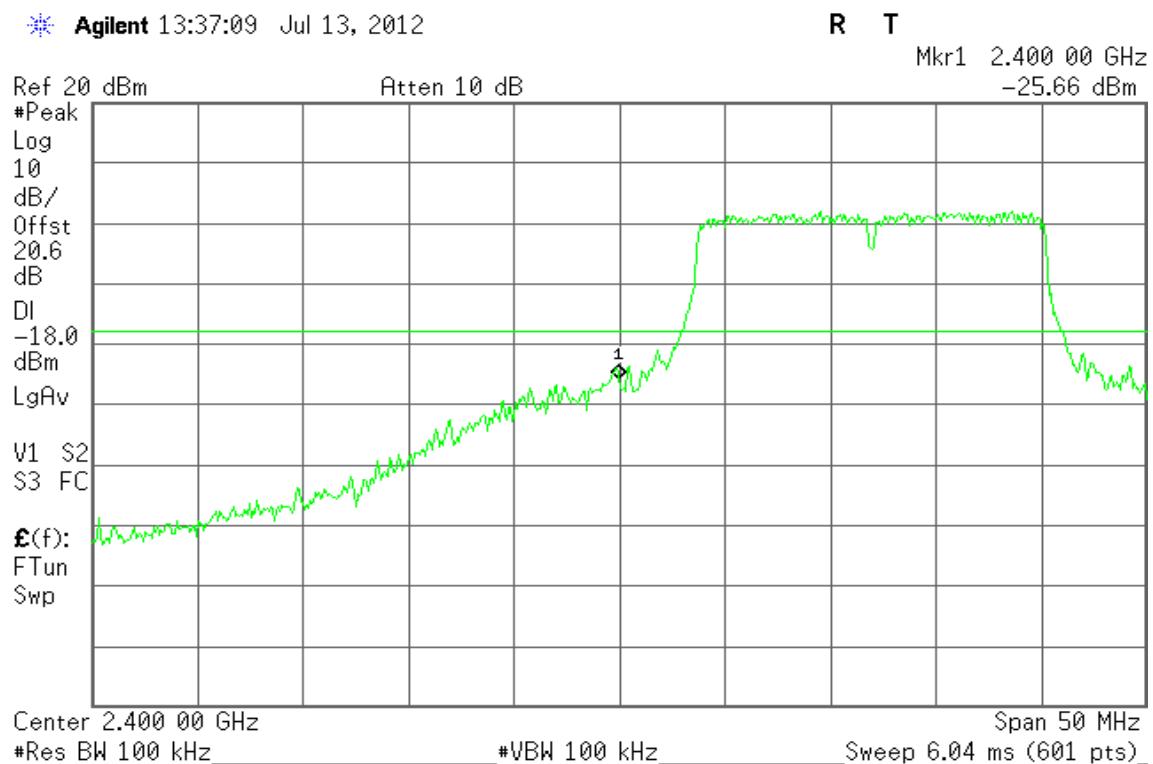


**Detector mode: Peak****Polarity: Horizontal****Detector mode: Average****Polarity: Horizontal**

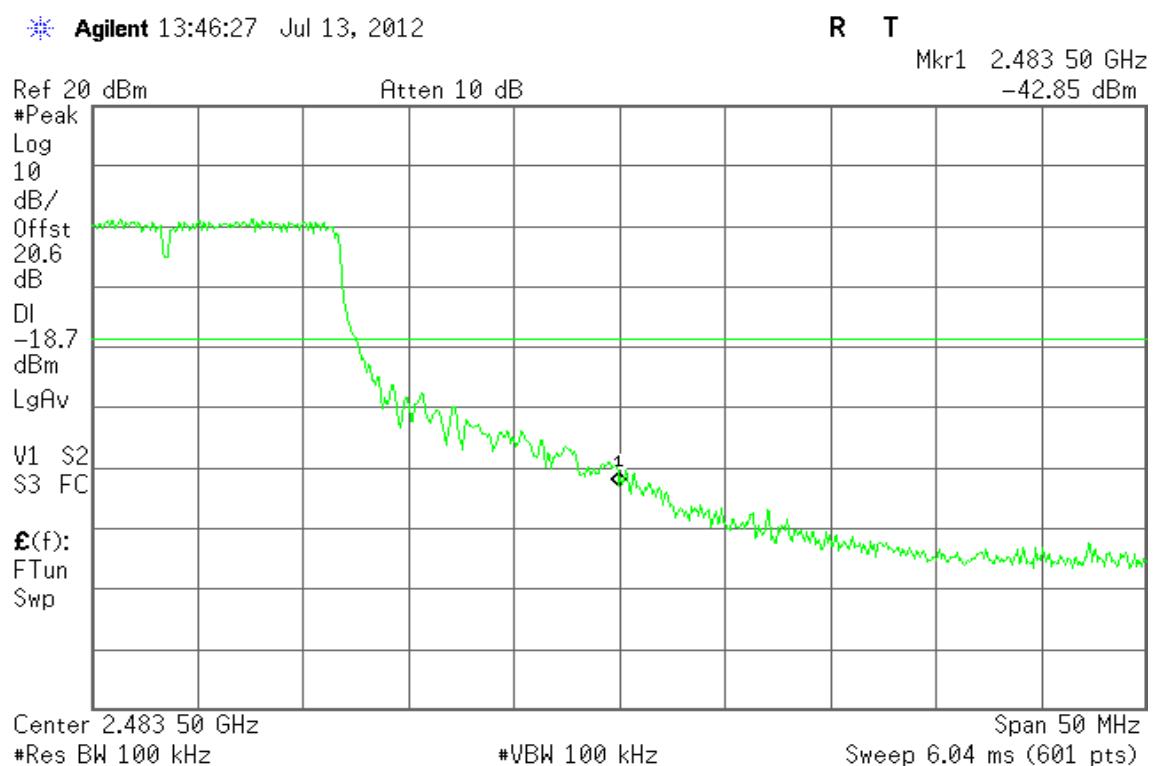
**Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low)****Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High)**



Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low)

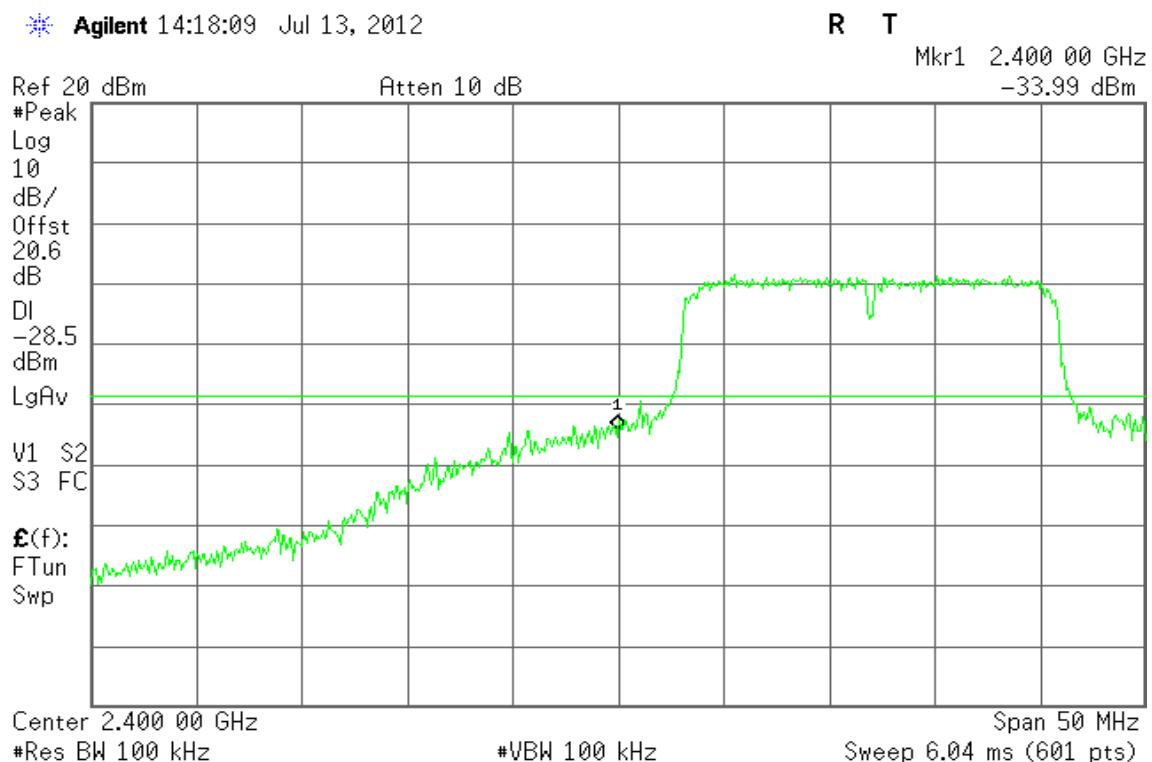


Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High)

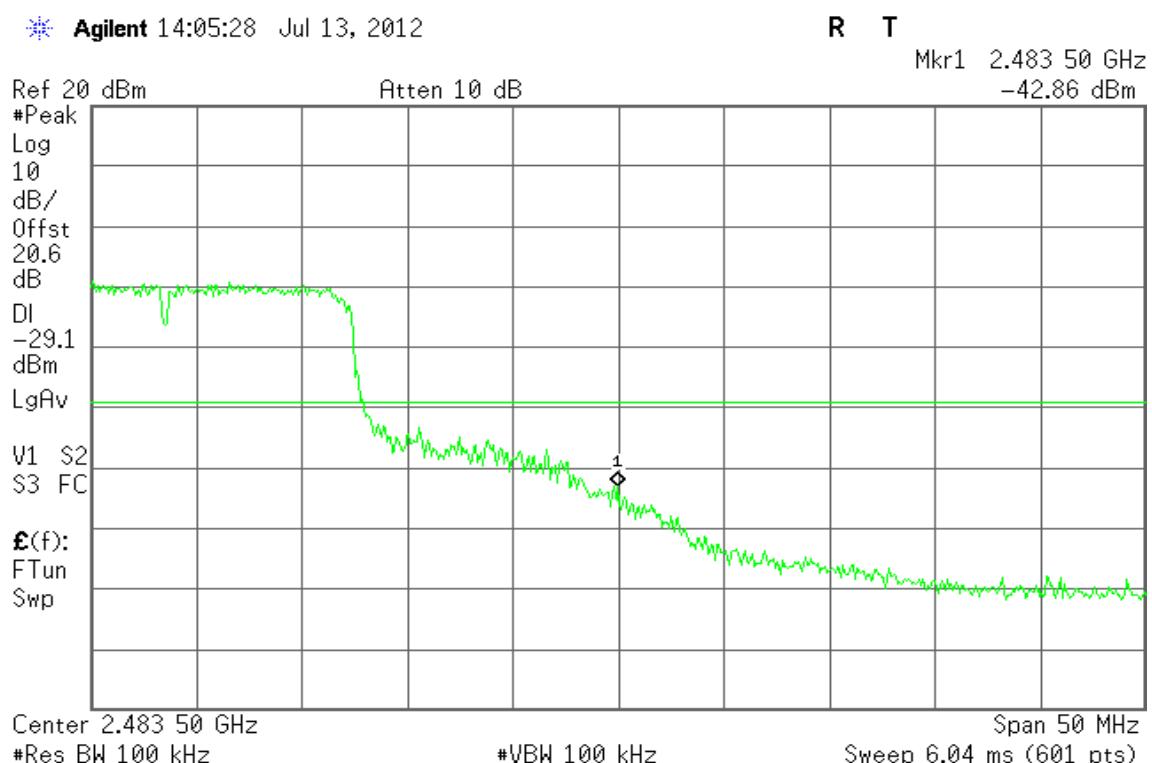




Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode / CH Low / Chain 0)

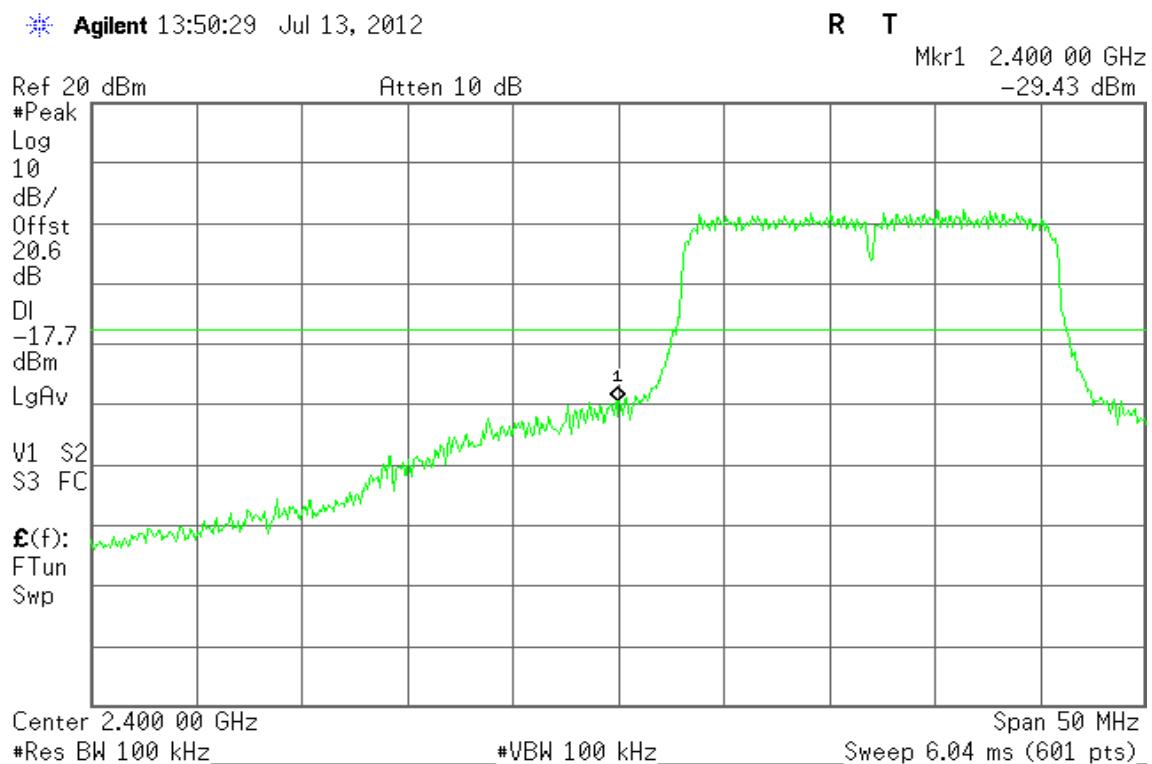


Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode / CH High / Chain 0)

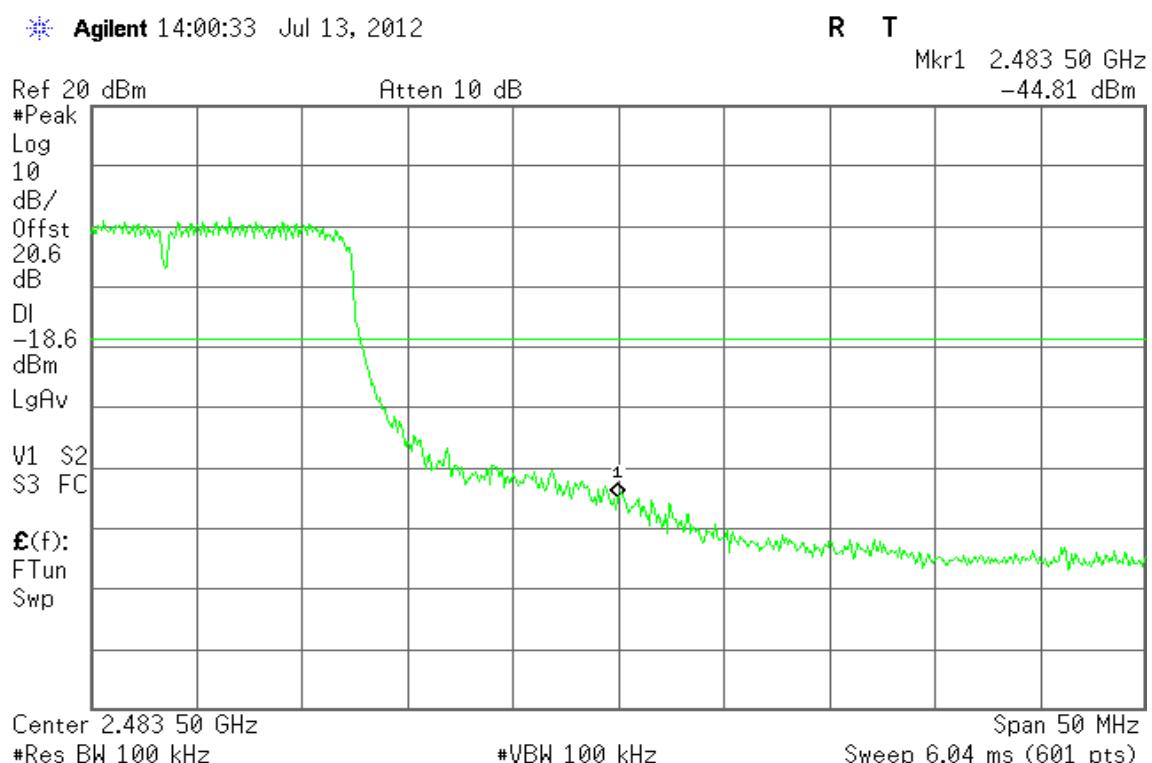


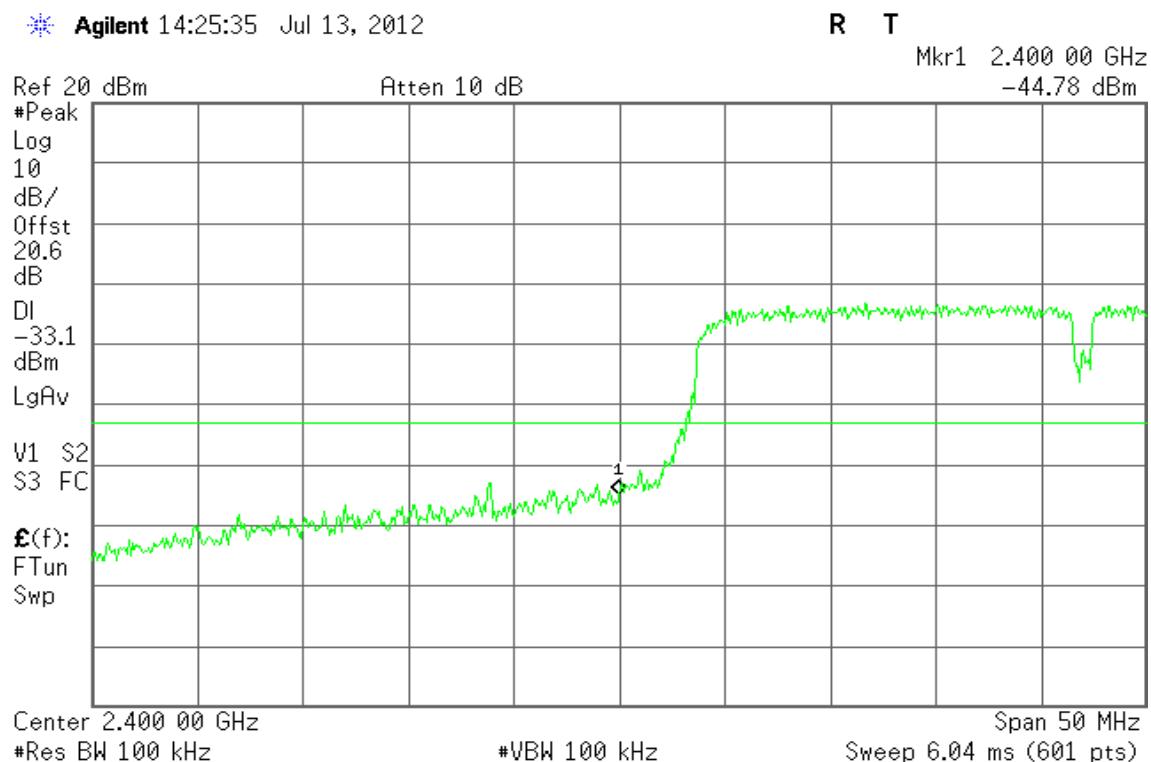
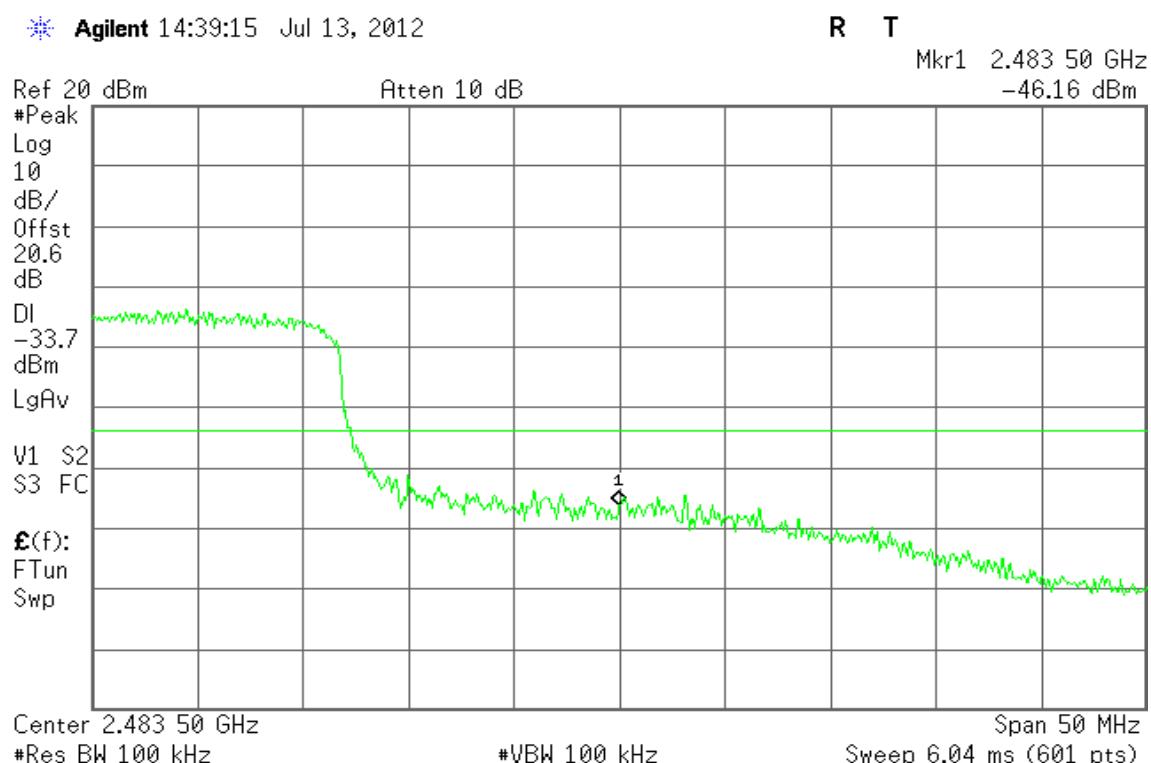


Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode / CH Low / Chain 1)



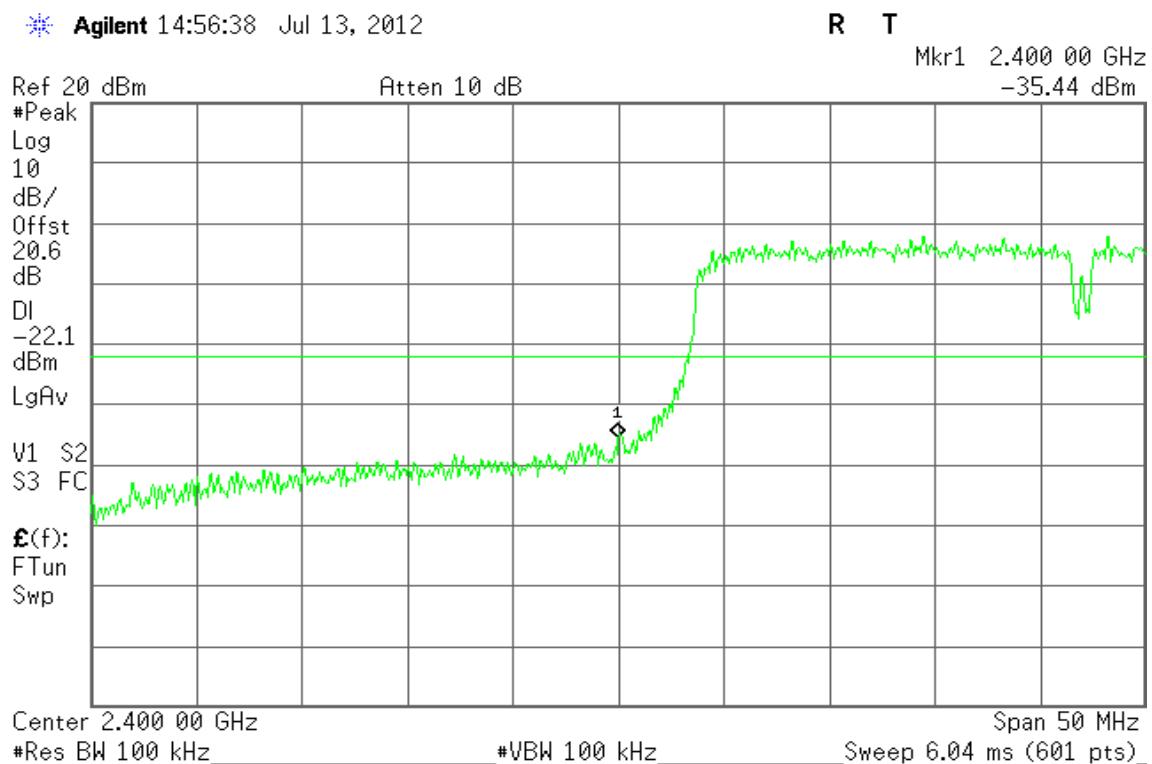
Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode / CH High / Chain 1)



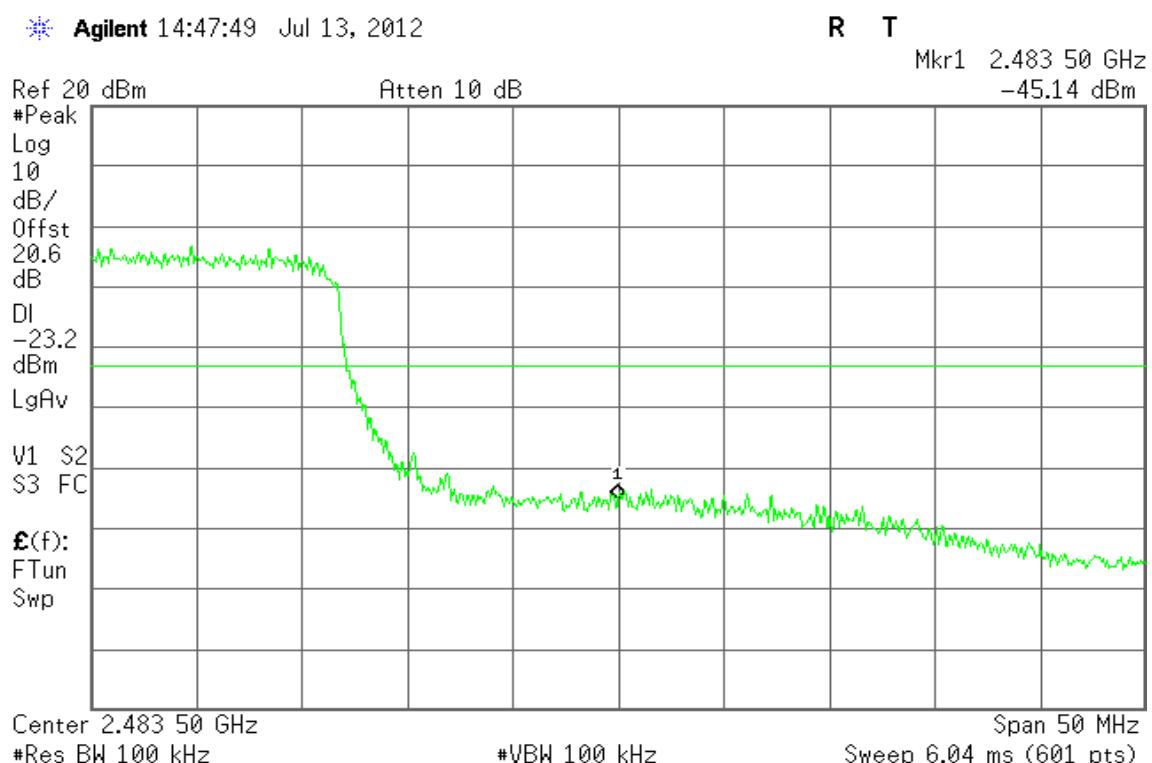
**Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode / CH Low / Chain 0)****Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode / CH High / Chain 0)**



Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode / CH Low / Chain 1)



Conducted Band Edges (IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode / CH High / Chain 1)



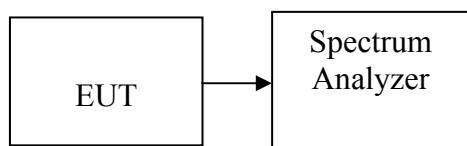


7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

1. According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
2. According to §15.247(f), the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. Set the RBW = 100 kHz, VBW 300 kHz, span 5-30% greater than EBW, Detector = peak, Trace mode = max hold, Sweep = auto couple. Scale the observed power level to an equivalent value in 3 kHz by adjusting (reducing) the measured power by a bandwidth correction factor (BWCF) where BWCF = $10\log(3\text{ kHz}/100\text{ kHz}) = -15.2\text{ dB}$. Record the maximum reading. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

**Test Data****Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	100kHz PPSD (dBm)	3kHz PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	8.54	-6.66	8	PASS
Mid	2442	8.19	-7.01		PASS
High	2462	7.64	-7.56		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	100kHz PPSD (dBm)	3kHz PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	2.33	-12.87	8	PASS
Mid	2442	2.17	-13.03		PASS
High	2462	1.54	-13.66		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PPSD	Chain 1 PPSD	100kHz PPSD (dBm)	3kHz PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-8.26	2.51	2.86	-12.34	8	PASS
Mid	2442	-8.64	2.2	2.54	-12.66		PASS
High	2462	-9	1.63	1.99	-13.21		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PPSD	Chain 1 PPSD	100kHz PPSD (dBm)	3kHz PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2422	-12.78	-2.08	-1.73	-16.93	8	PASS
Mid	2442	-10.39	-2.21	-1.60	-16.80		PASS
High	2452	-13.14	-2.59	-2.22	-17.42		PASS

Remark: Total PPSD (dBm) = $10 \cdot \log(10^{(Chain\ 0\ PPSD\ /10)} + 10^{(Chain\ 1\ PPSD\ /10)})$

**Test mode: IEEE 802.11a mode**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	100kHz PPSD (dBm)	3kHz PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	5745	4.56	-10.64	8	PASS
Mid	5785	4.39	-10.81		PASS
High	5825	4.36	-10.84		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PPSD	Chain 1 PPSD	100kHz PPSD (dBm)	3kHz PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	5745	-2.81	4.37	5.13	-10.07	7.42	PASS
Mid	5785	-4.37	4.31	4.86	-10.34		PASS
High	5825	-5.52	4.57	4.98	-10.22		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PPSD	Chain 1 PPSD	100kHz PPSD (dBm)	3kHz PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	5755	-8	-0.53	0.19	-15.01	7.42	PASS
High	5795	-9.66	-0.29	0.19	-15.01		PASS

Remark:

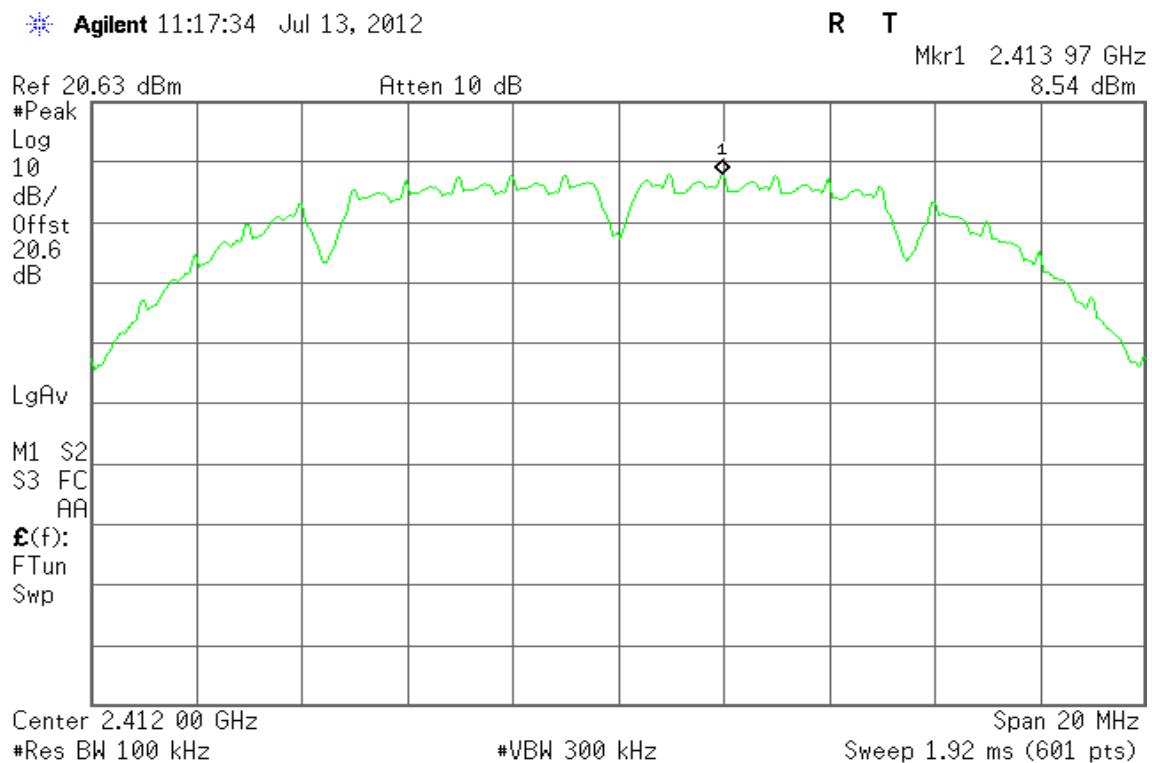
1. Total PPSD (dBm) = $10 * \log(10^{(Chain\ 0\ PPSD\ /10)} + 10^{(Chain\ 1\ PPSD\ /10)})$
2. The maximum antenna gain is 6.58dBi; therefore the reduction due to antenna gain is 0.58dBi, so the limit is 7.42dBm.



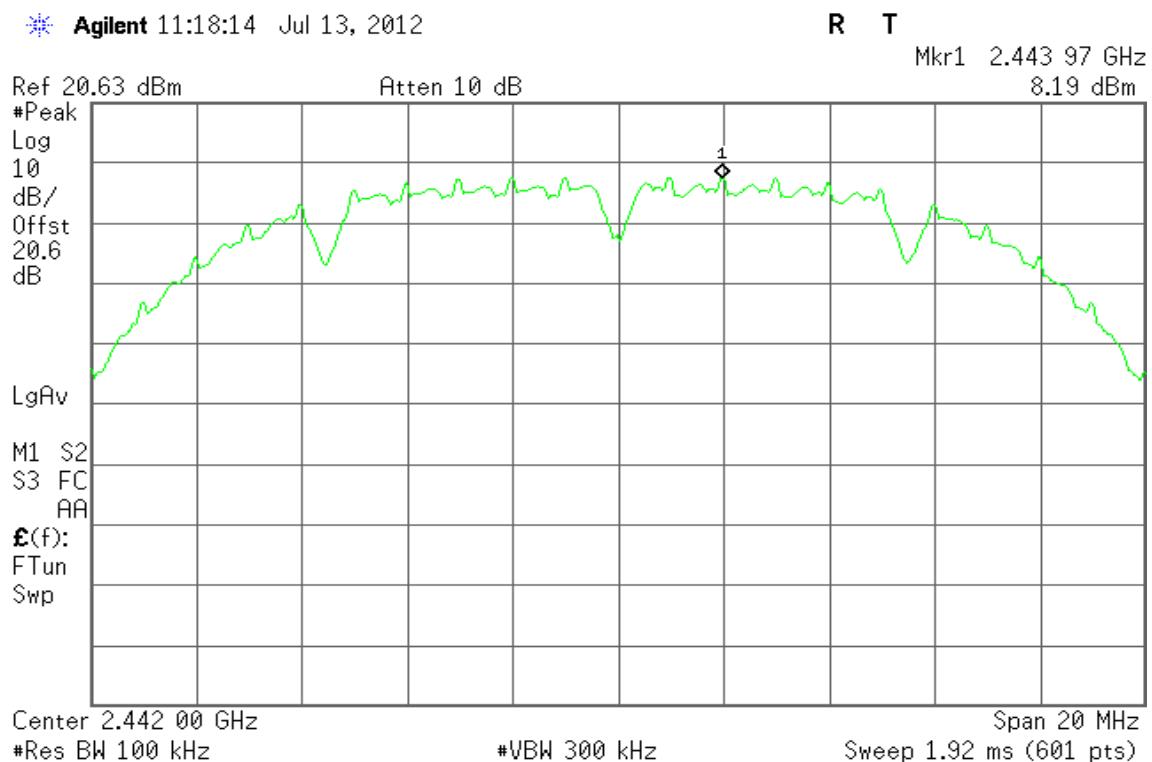
Test Plot

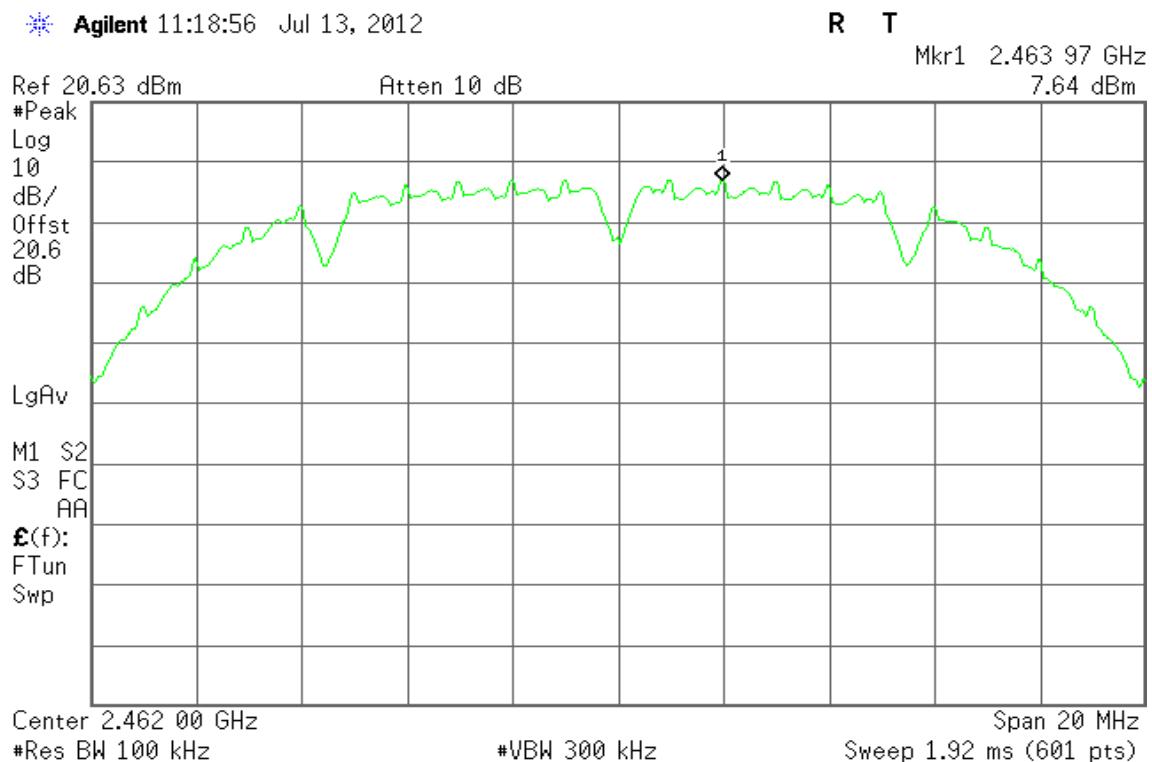
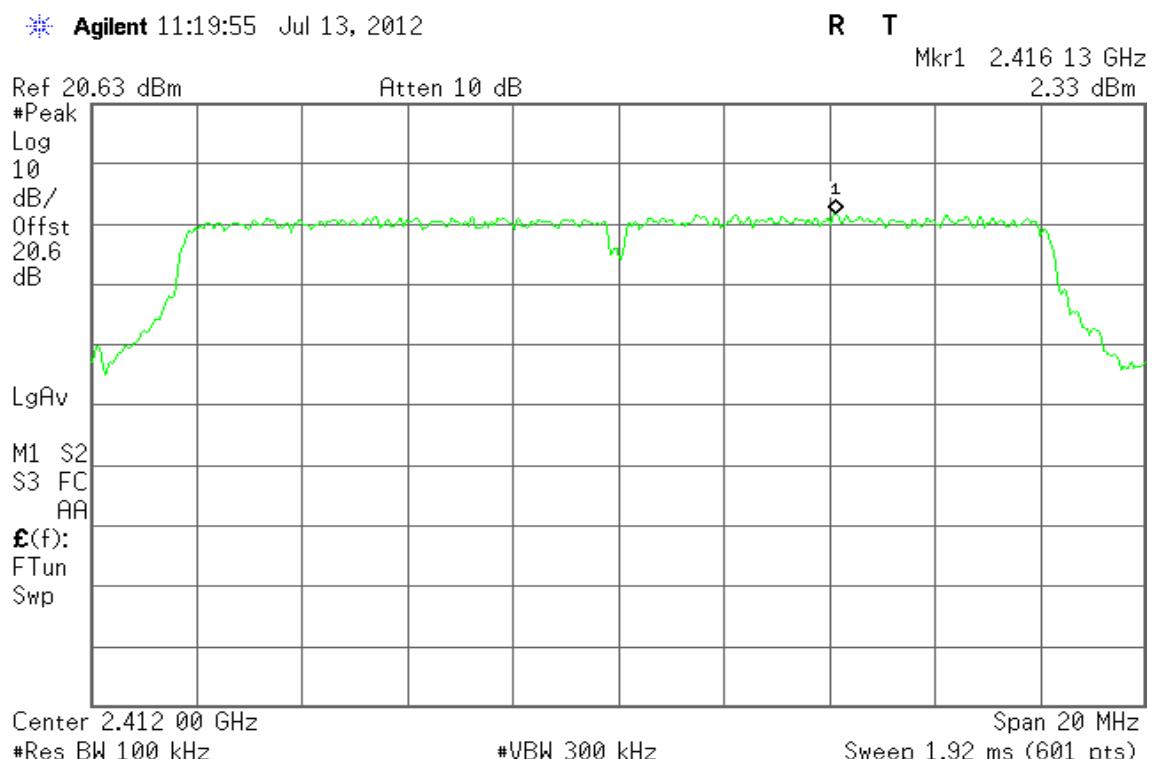
IEEE 802.11b mode

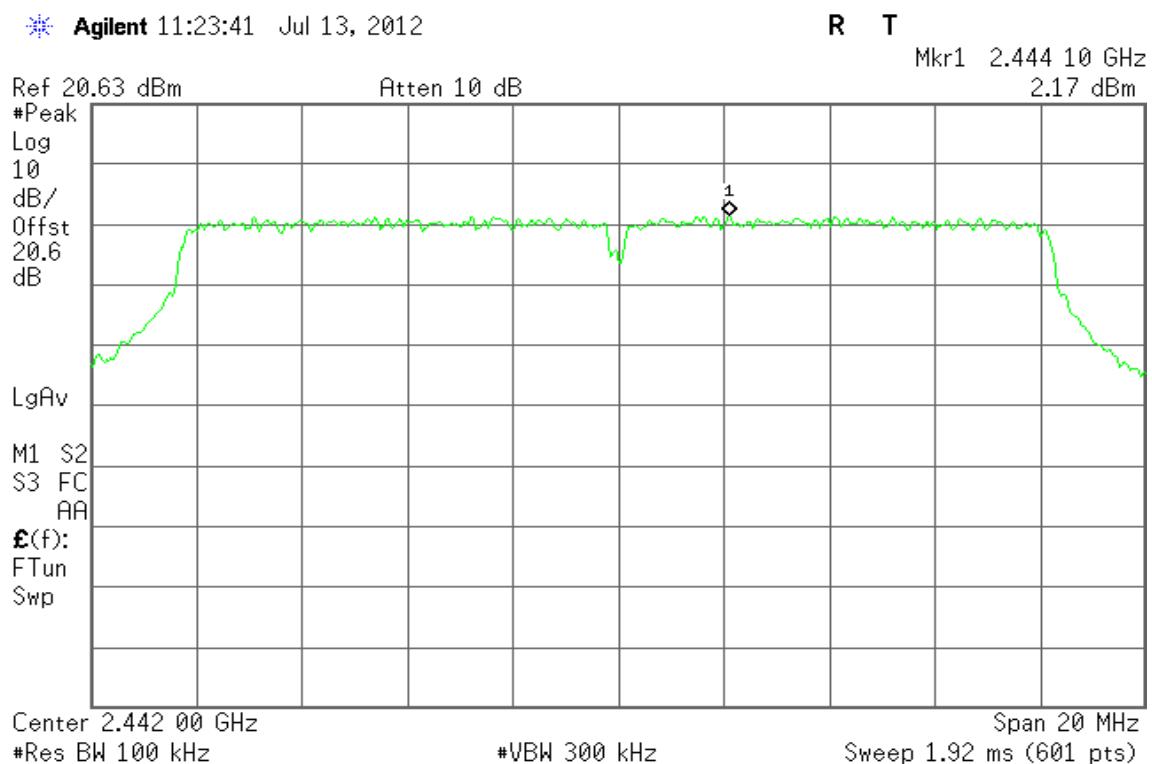
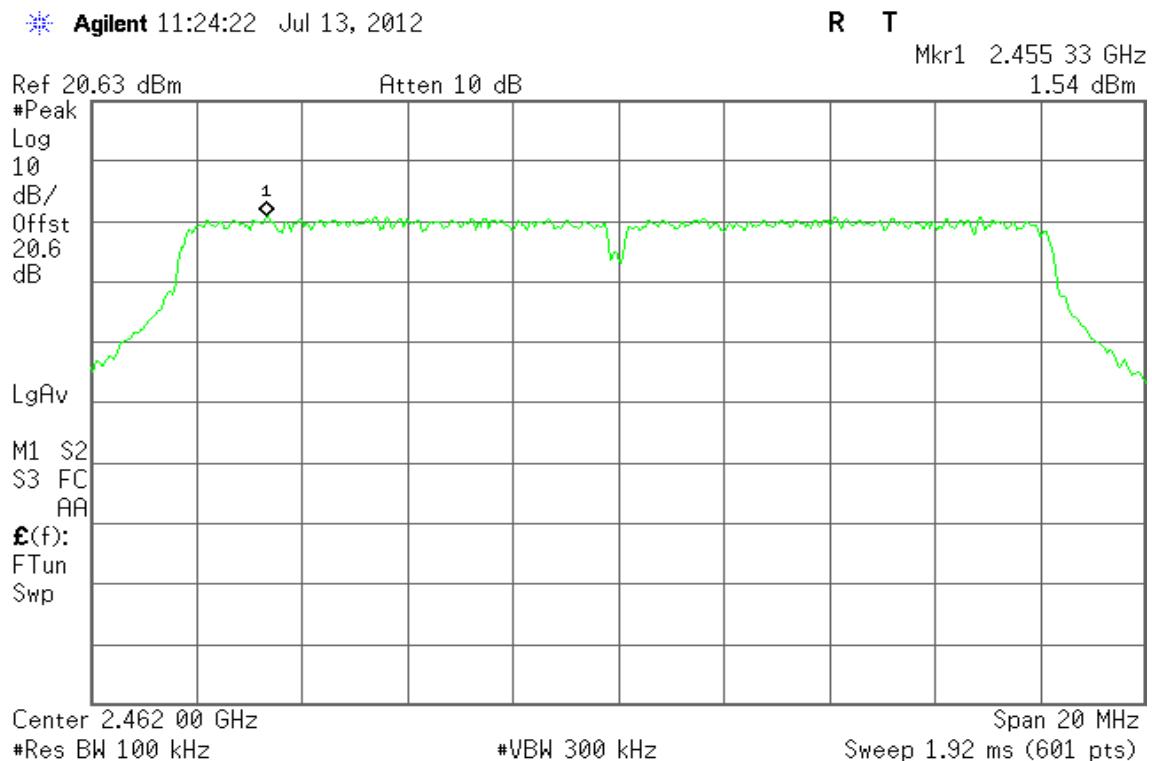
PPSD (CH Low)



PPSD (CH Mid)



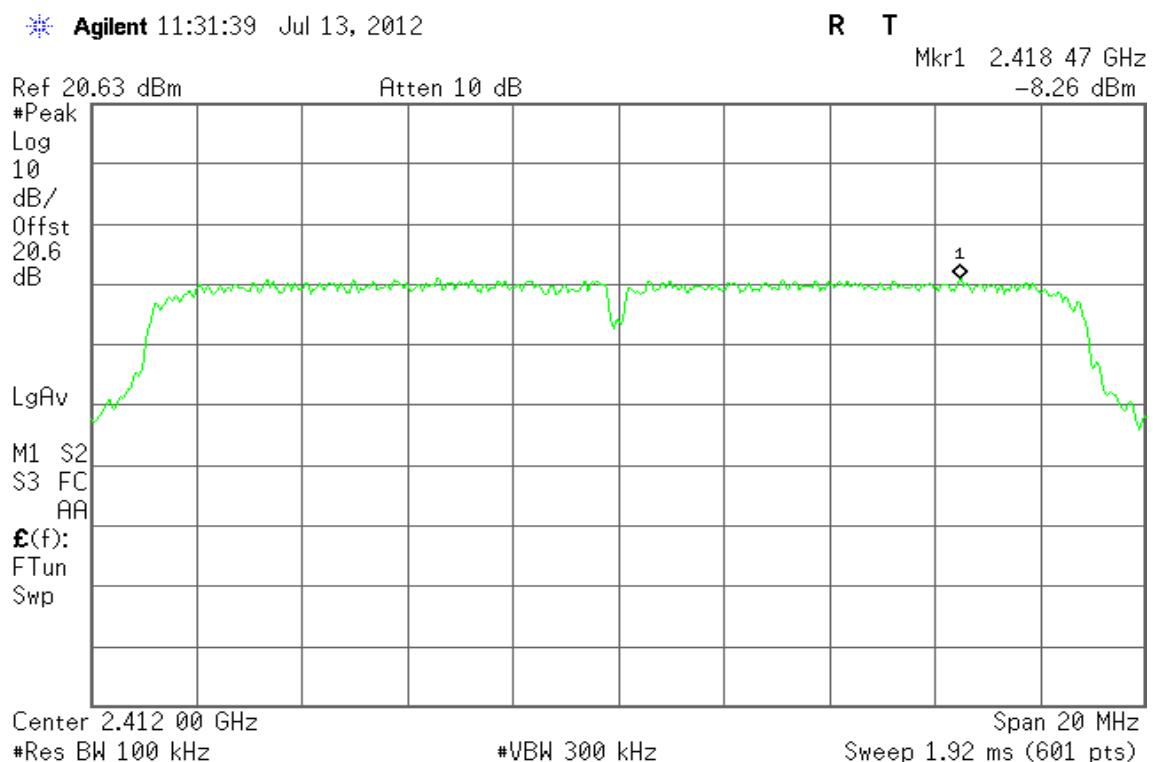
**PPSD (CH High)****IEEE 802.11g mode****PPSD (CH Low)**

**PPSD (CH Mid)****PPSD (CH High)**

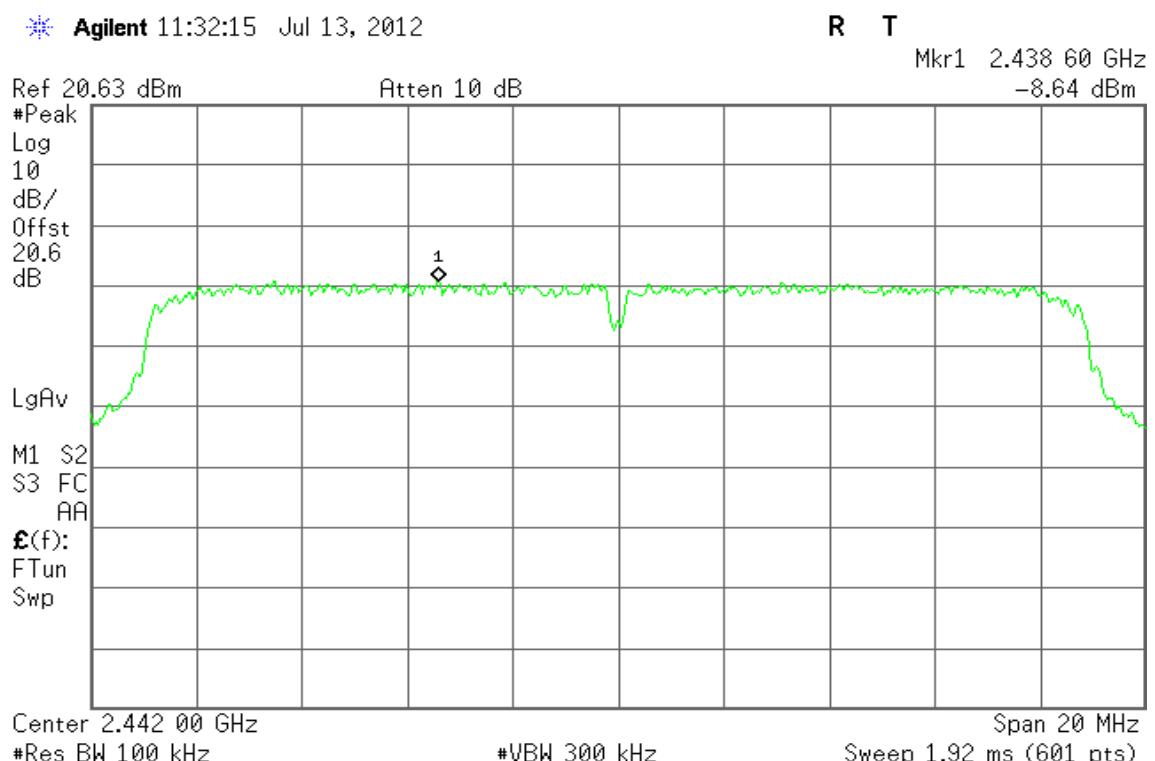


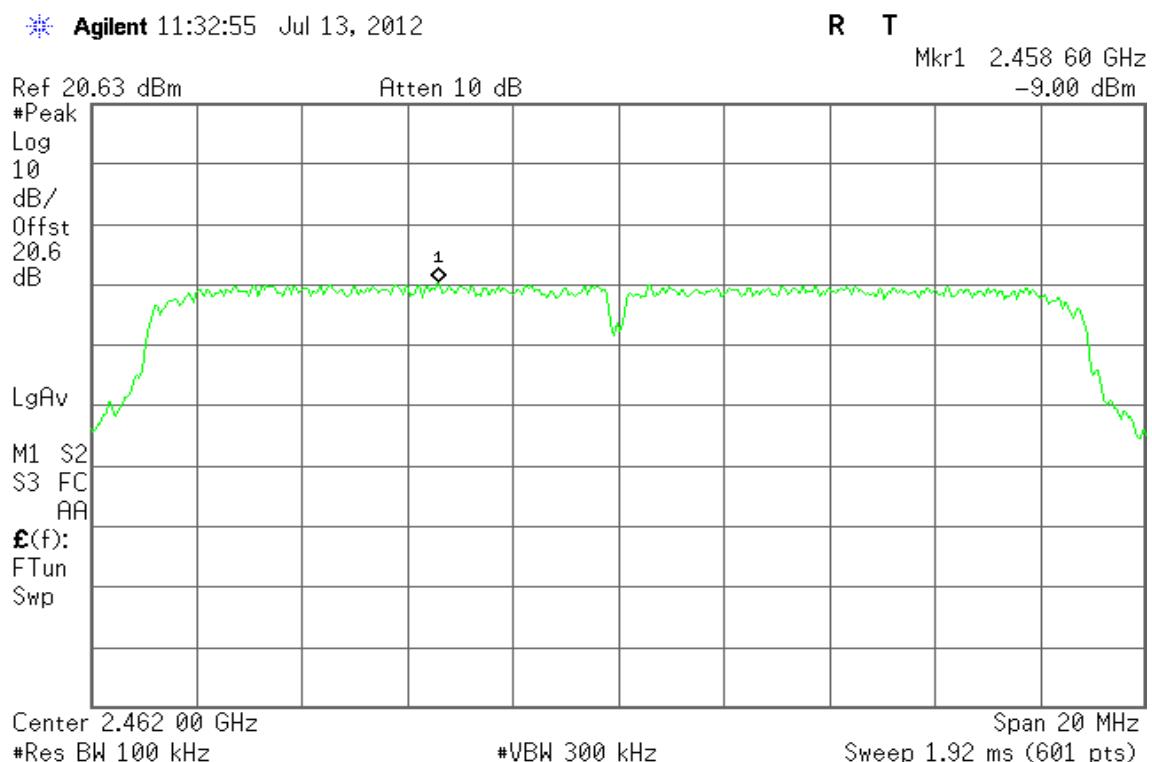
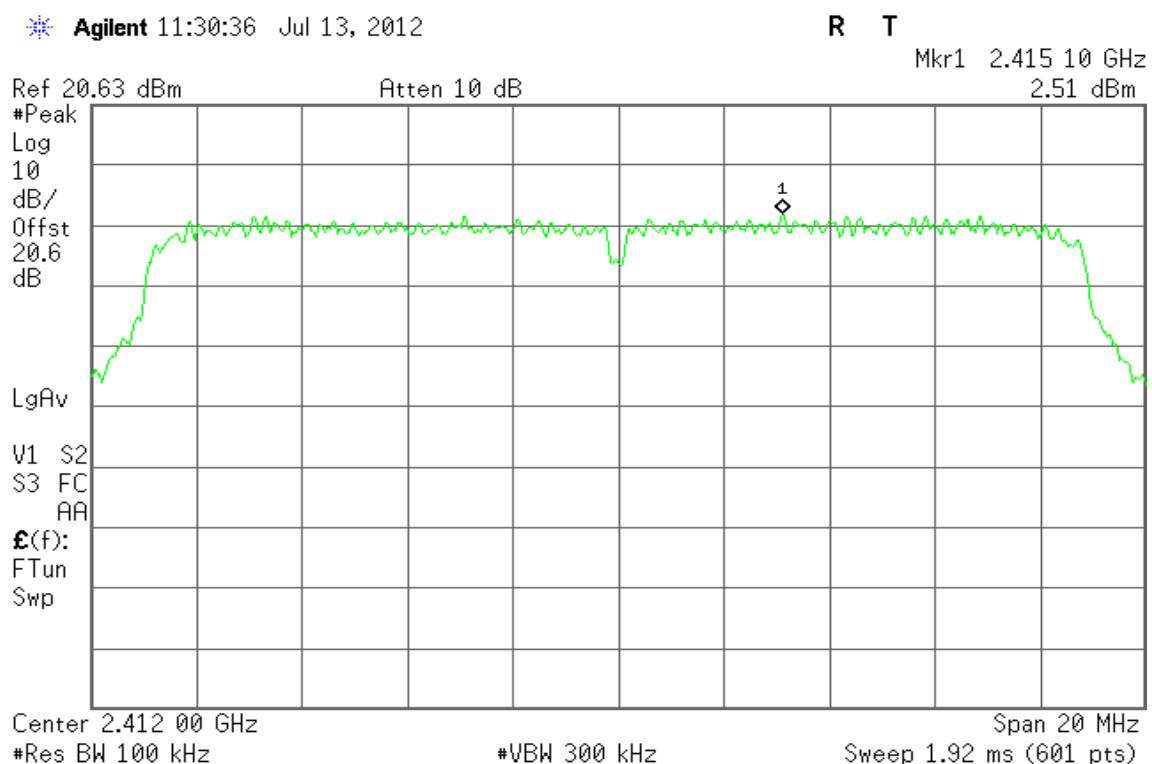
IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0

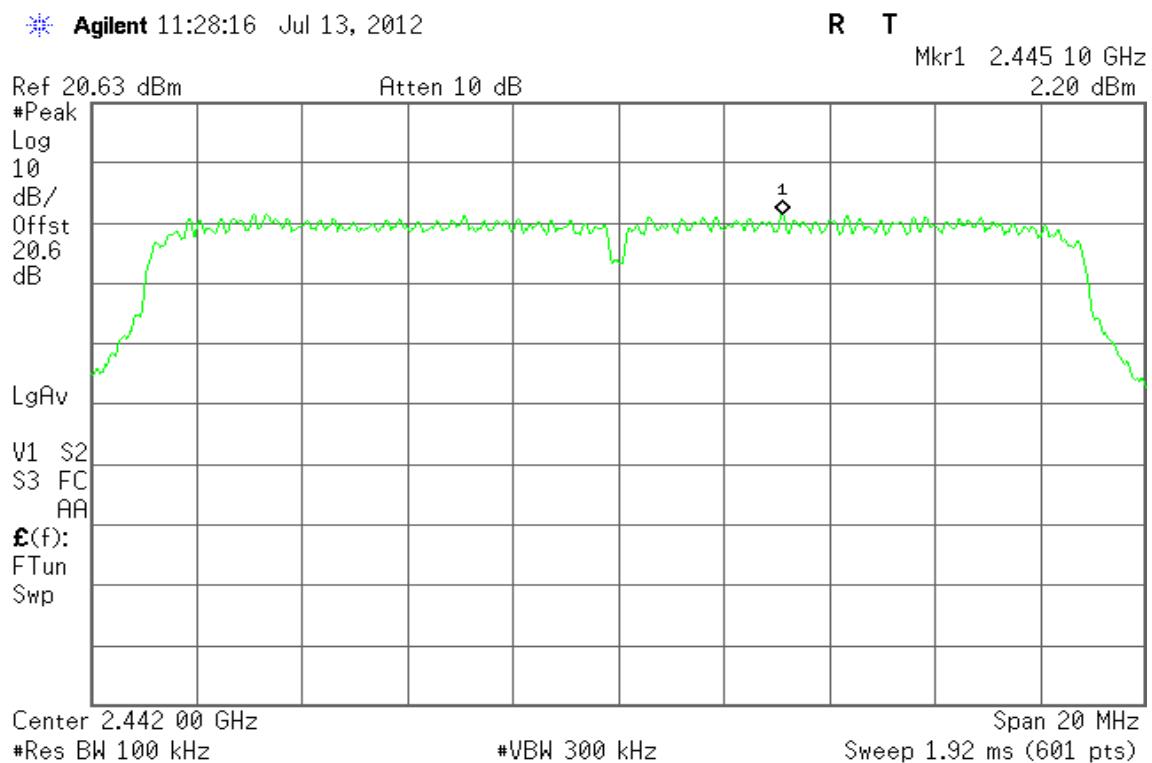
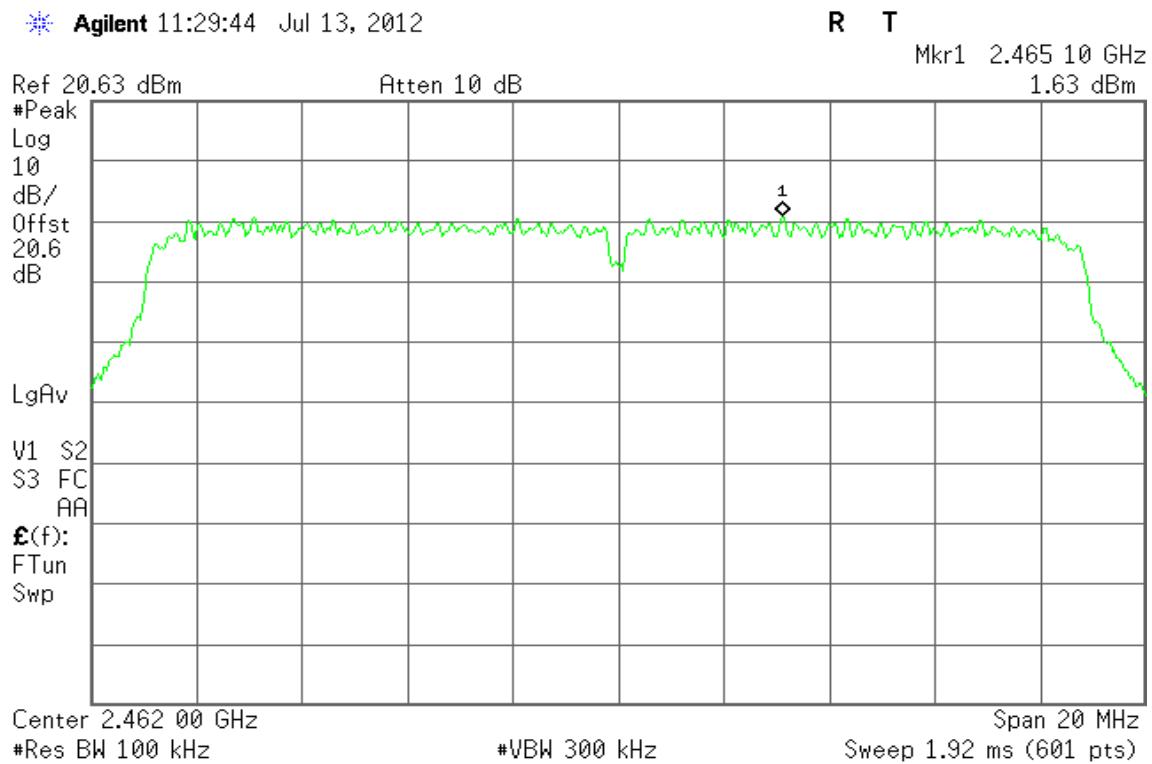
PPSD (CH Low)



PPSD (CH Mid)



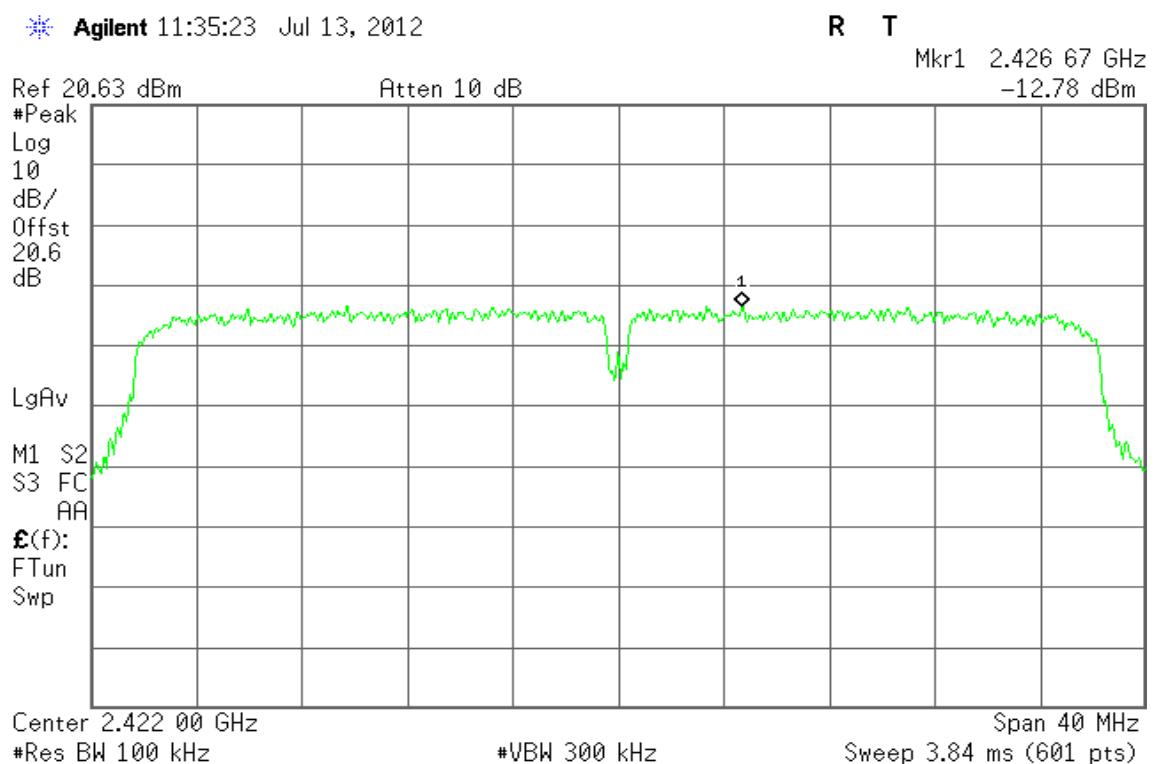
**PPSD (CH High)****IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1****PPSD (CH Low)**

**PPSD (CH Mid)****PPSD (CH High)**

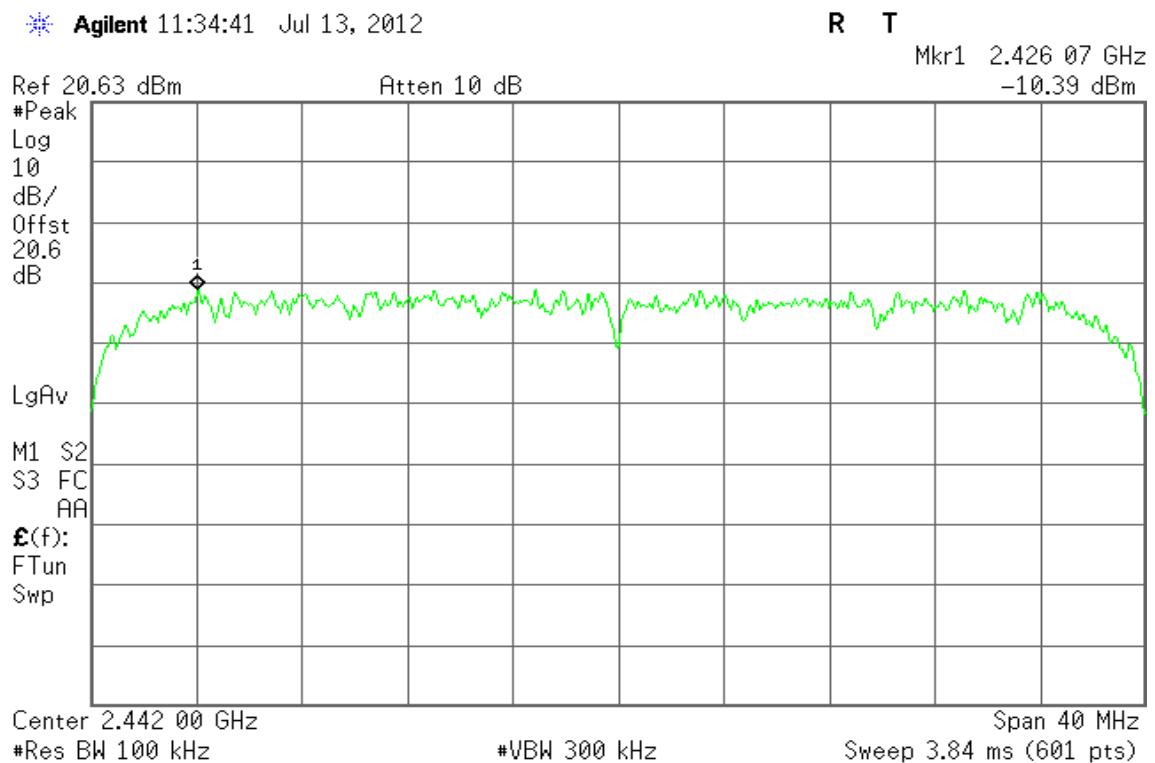


IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 0

PPSD (CH Low)

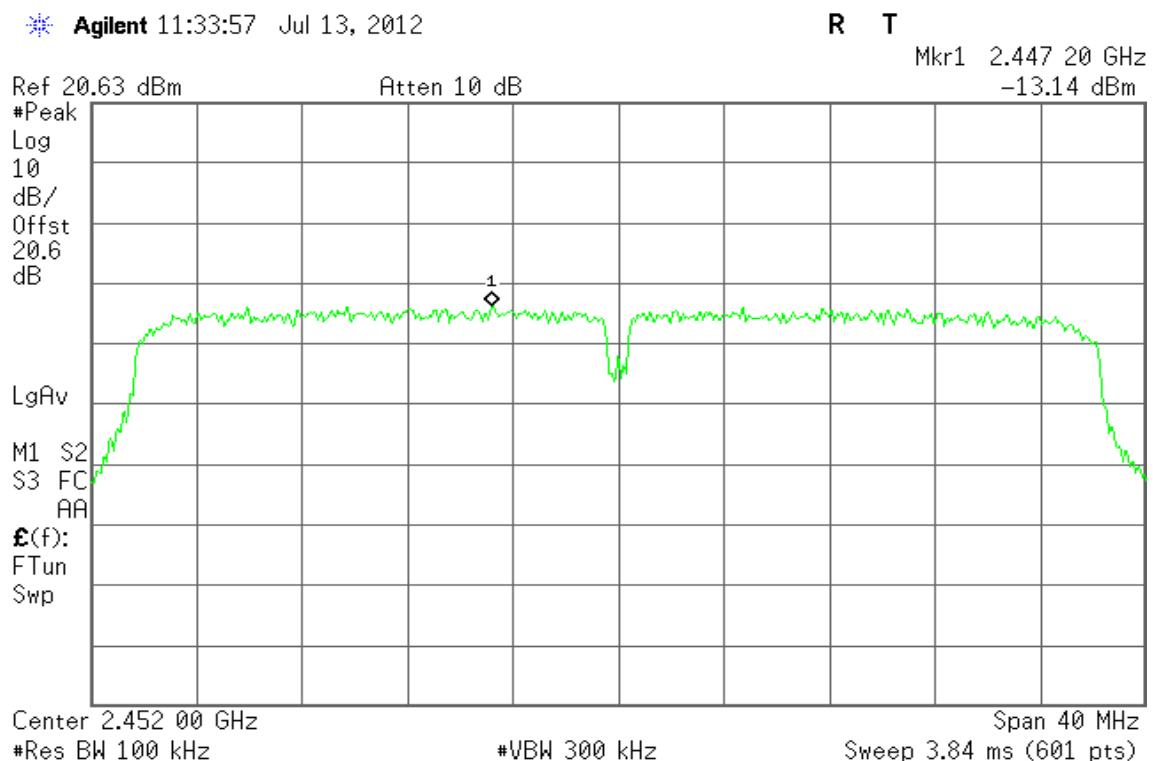


PPSD (CH Mid)



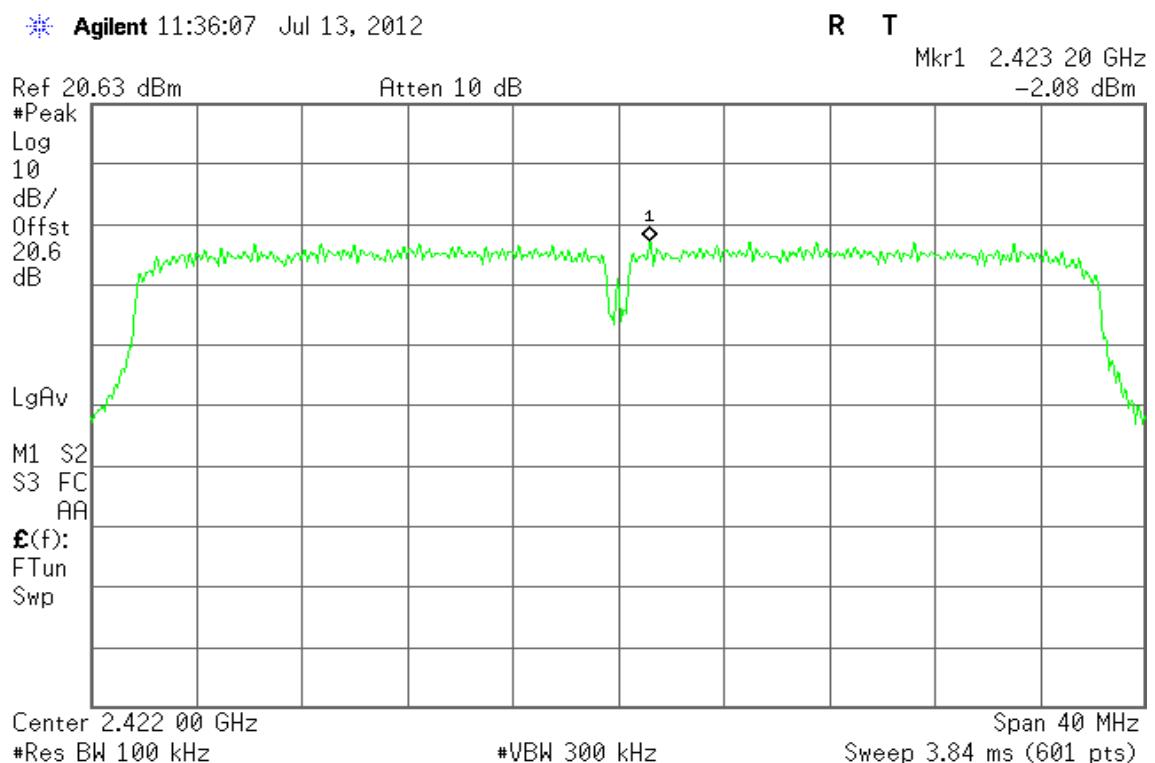


PPSD (CH High)



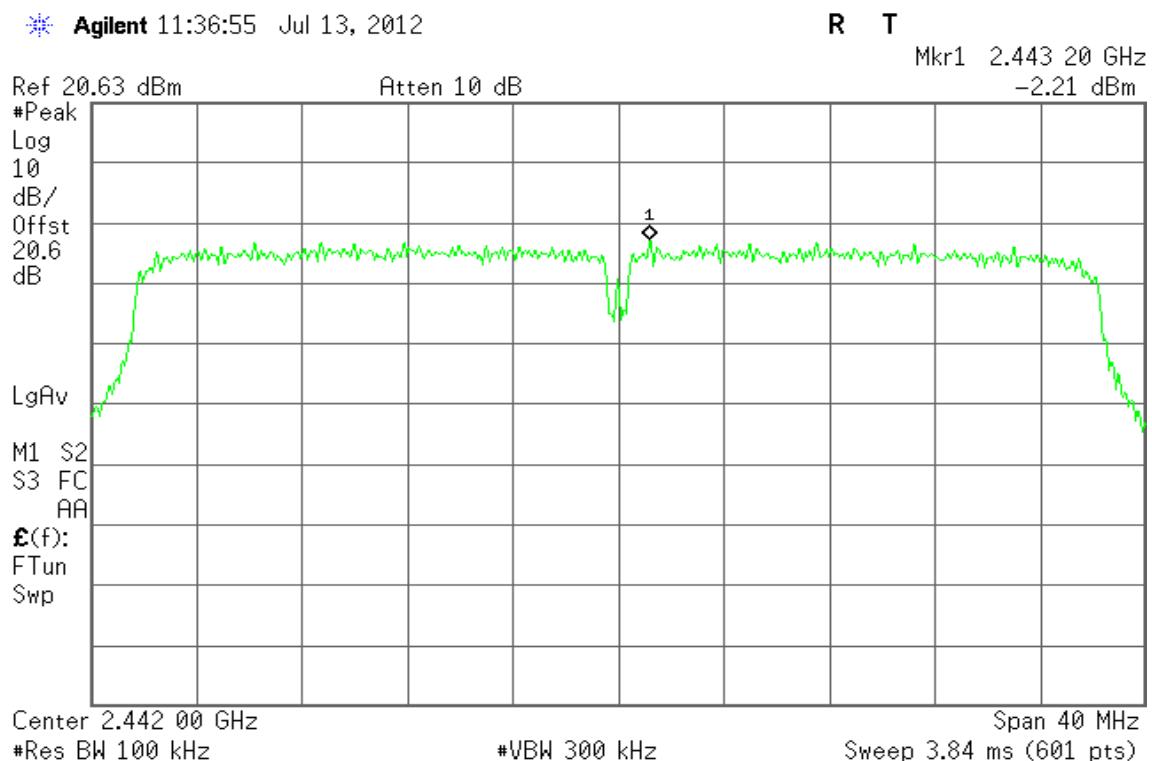
IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 1

PPSD (CH Low)

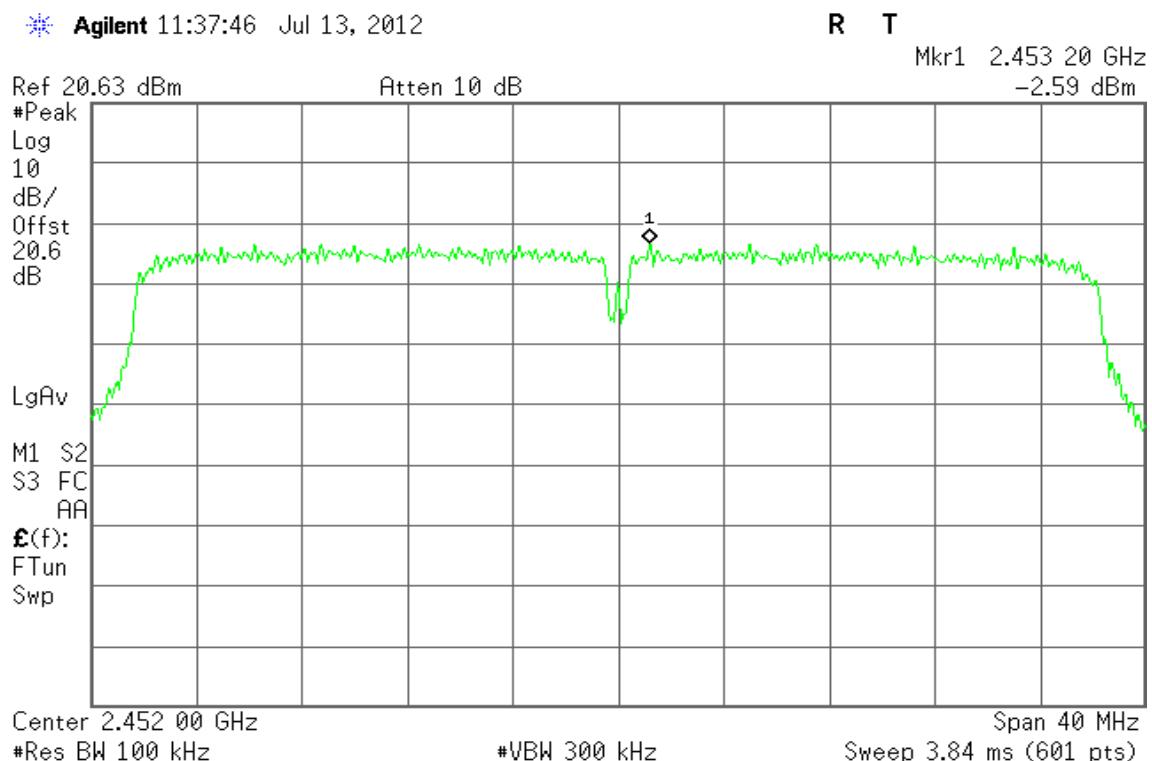




PPSD (CH Mid)



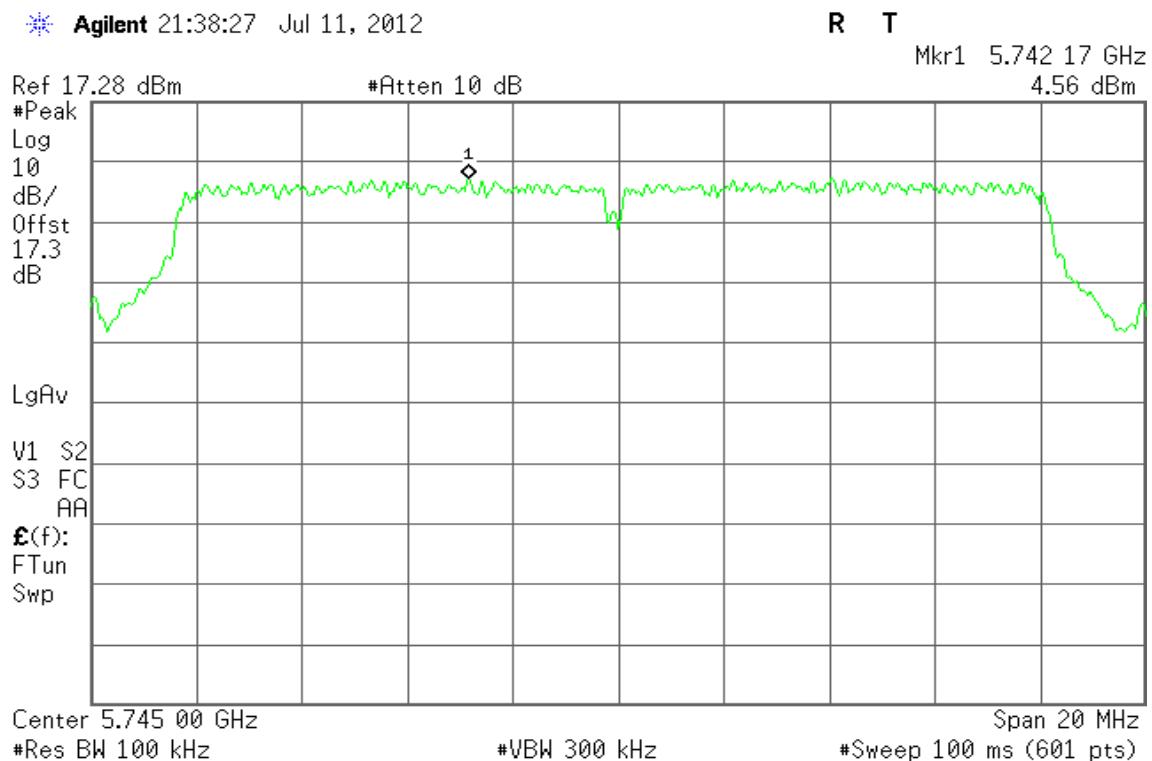
PPSD (CH High)



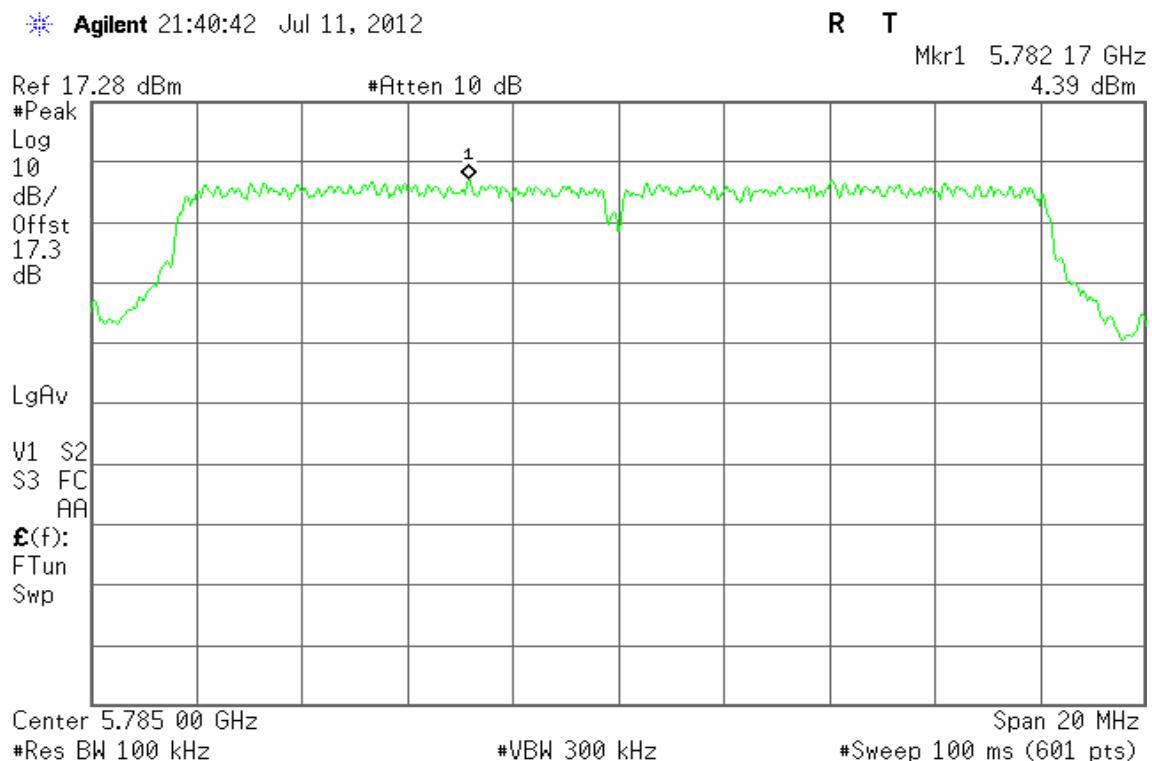


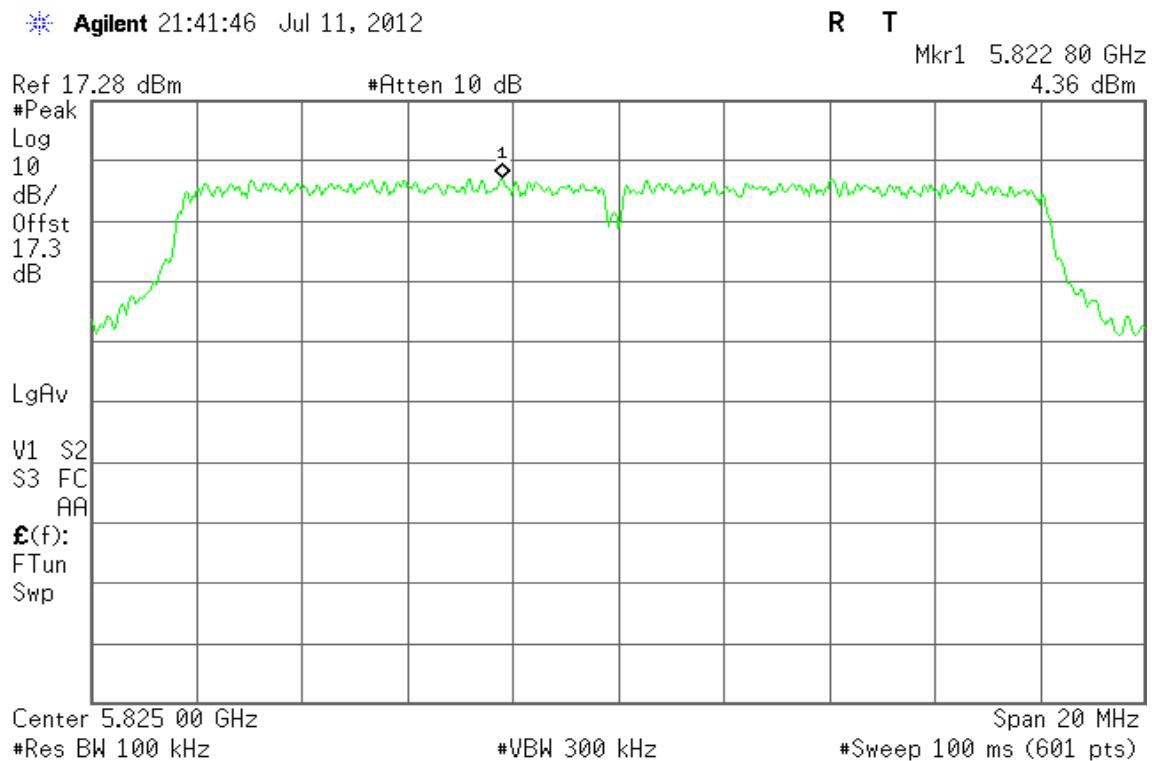
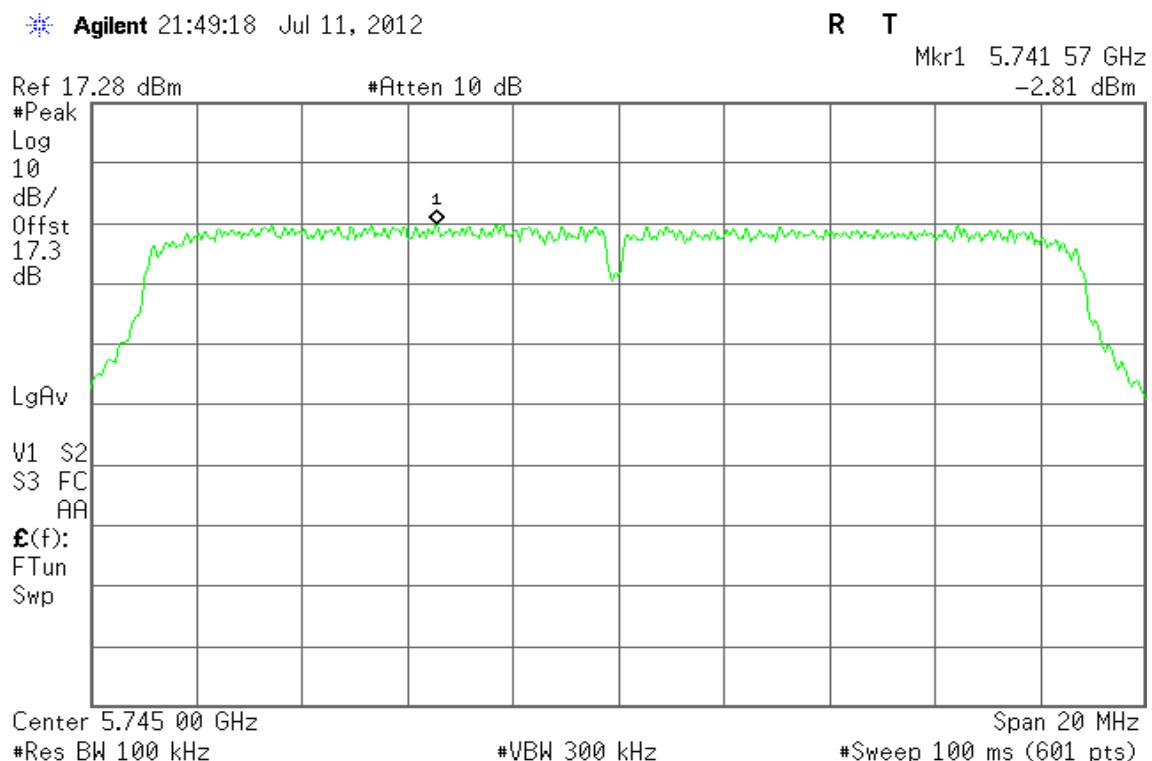
IEEE 802.11a mode

PPSD (CH Low)



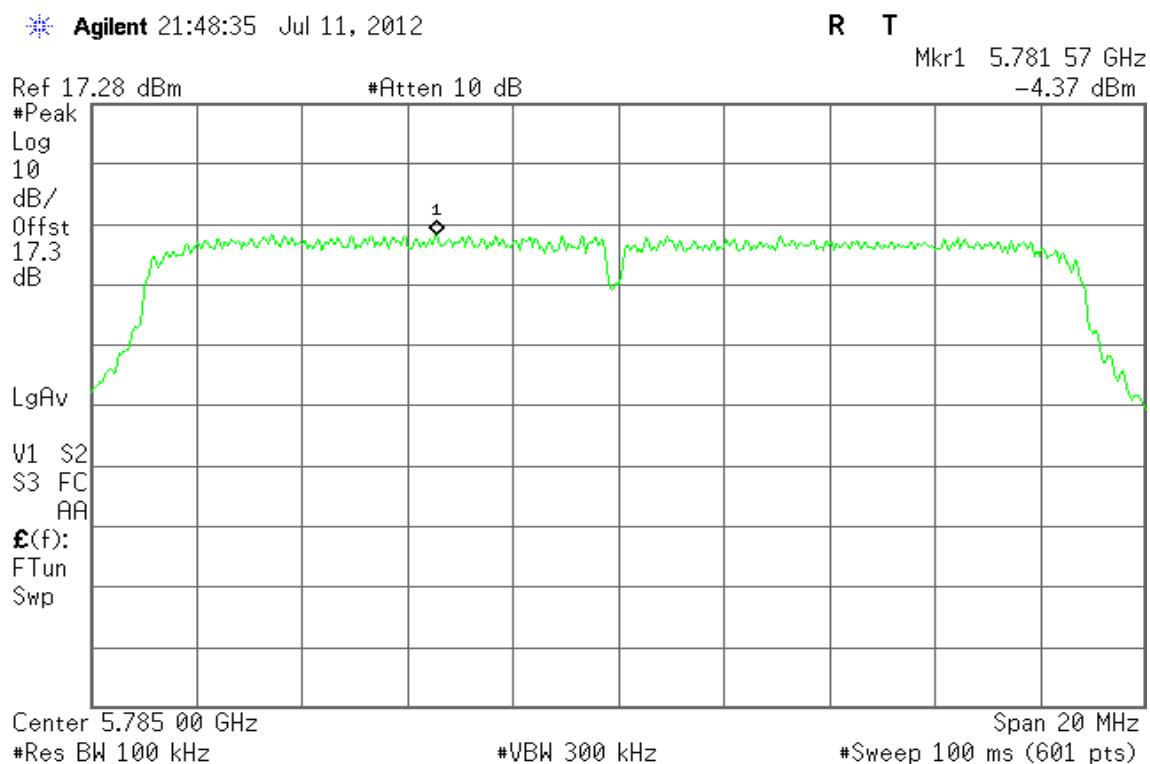
PPSD (CH Mid)



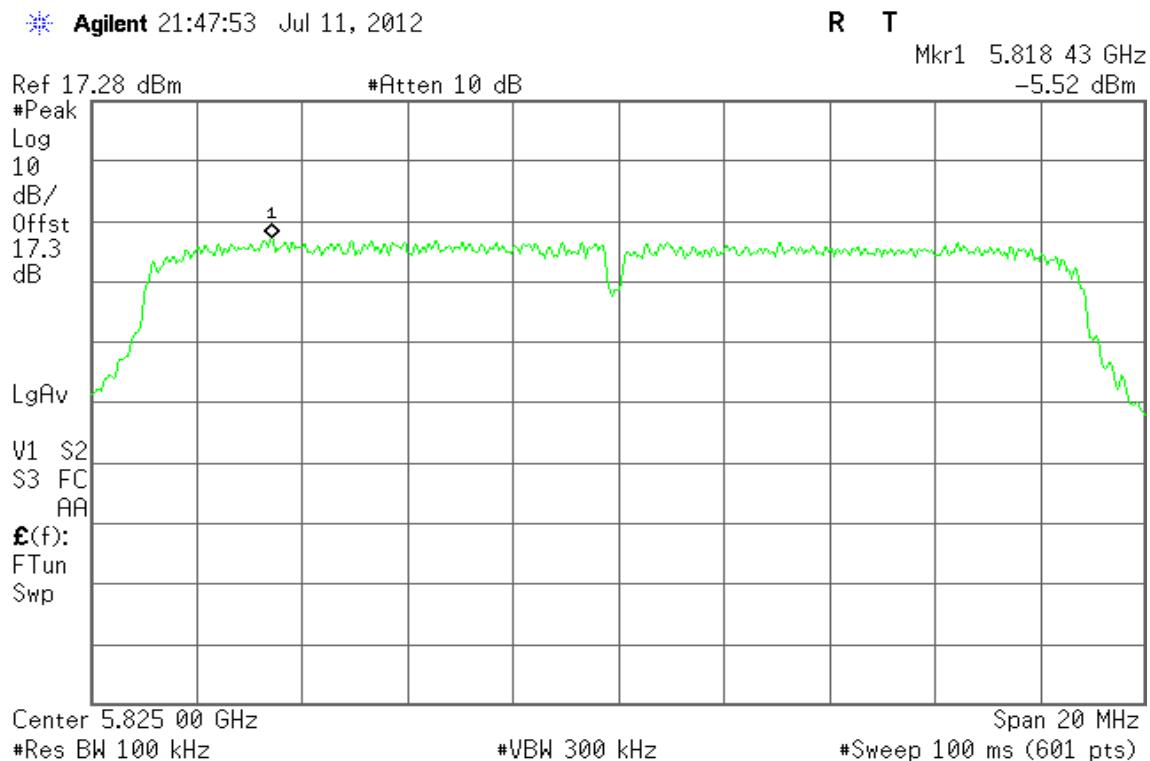
**PPSD (CH High)****IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0****PPSD (CH Low)**



PPSD (CH Mid)



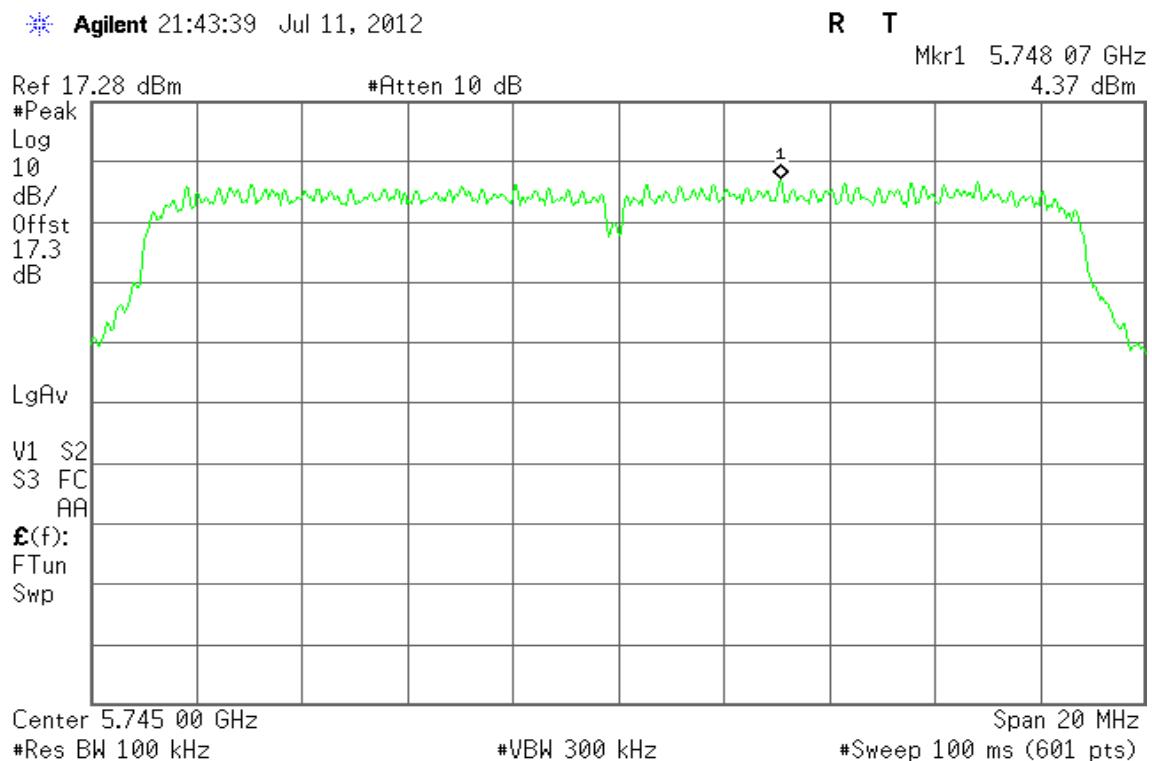
PPSD (CH High)



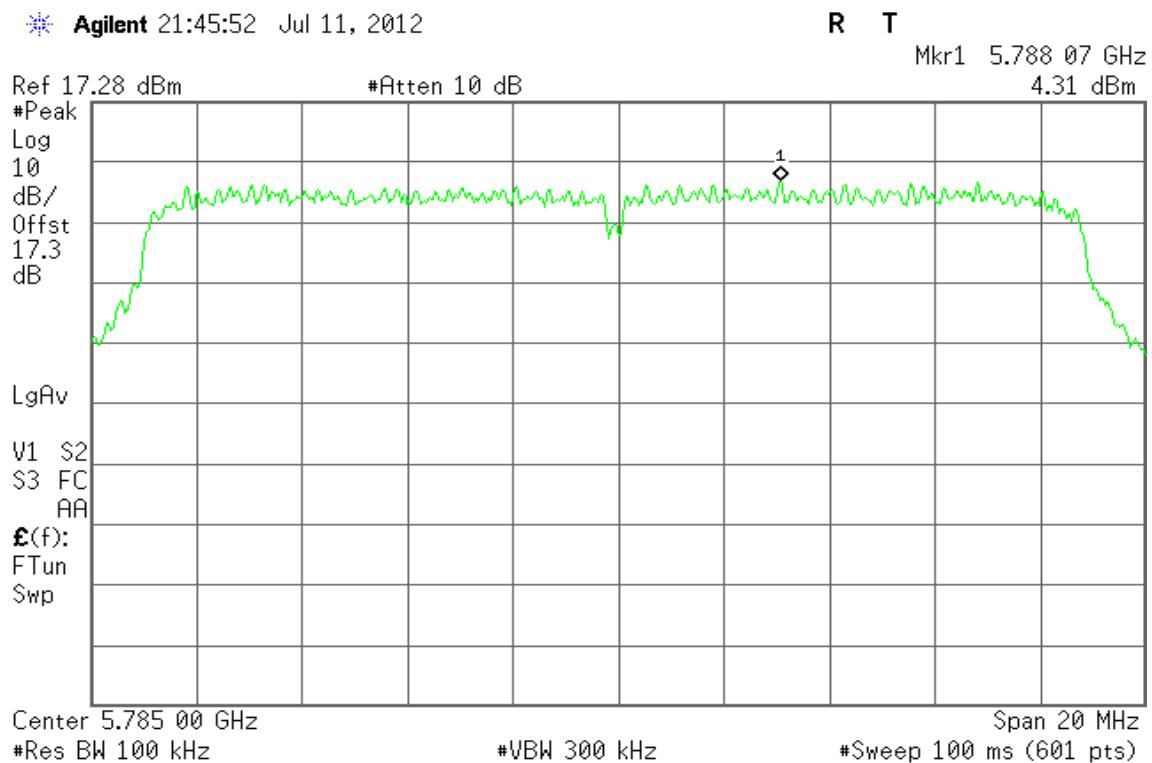


IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1

PPSD (CH Low)

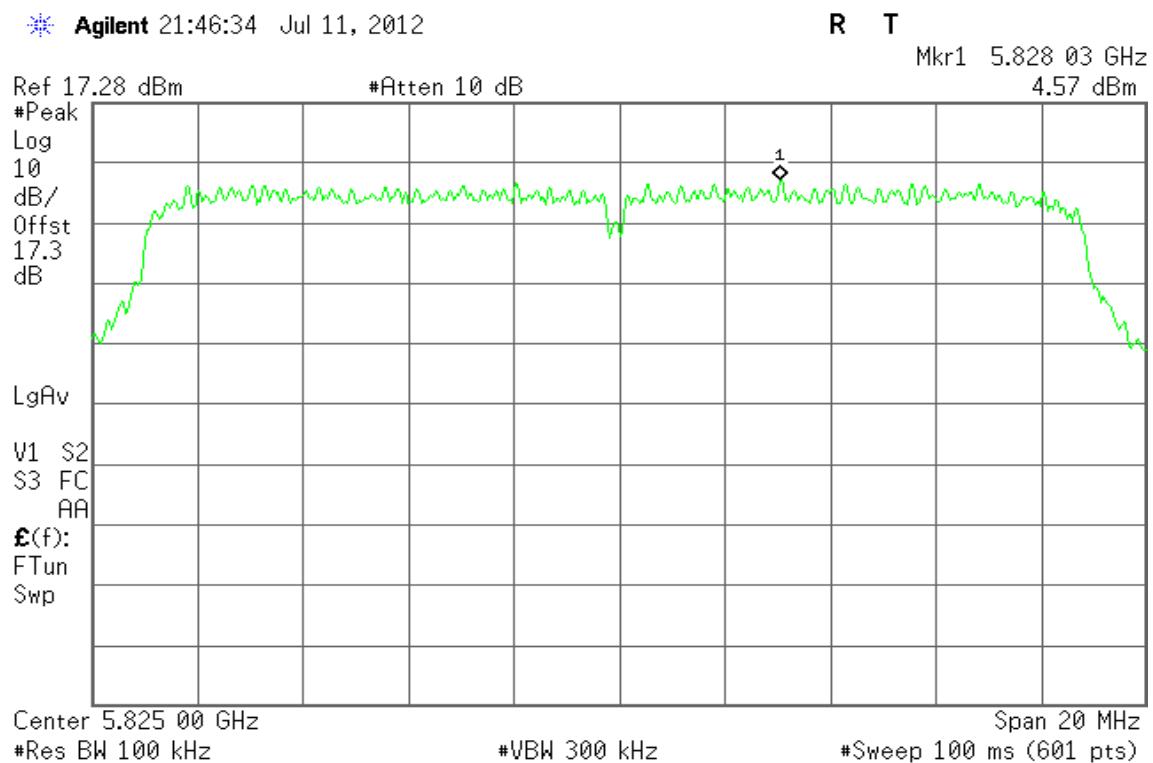


PPSD (CH Mid)





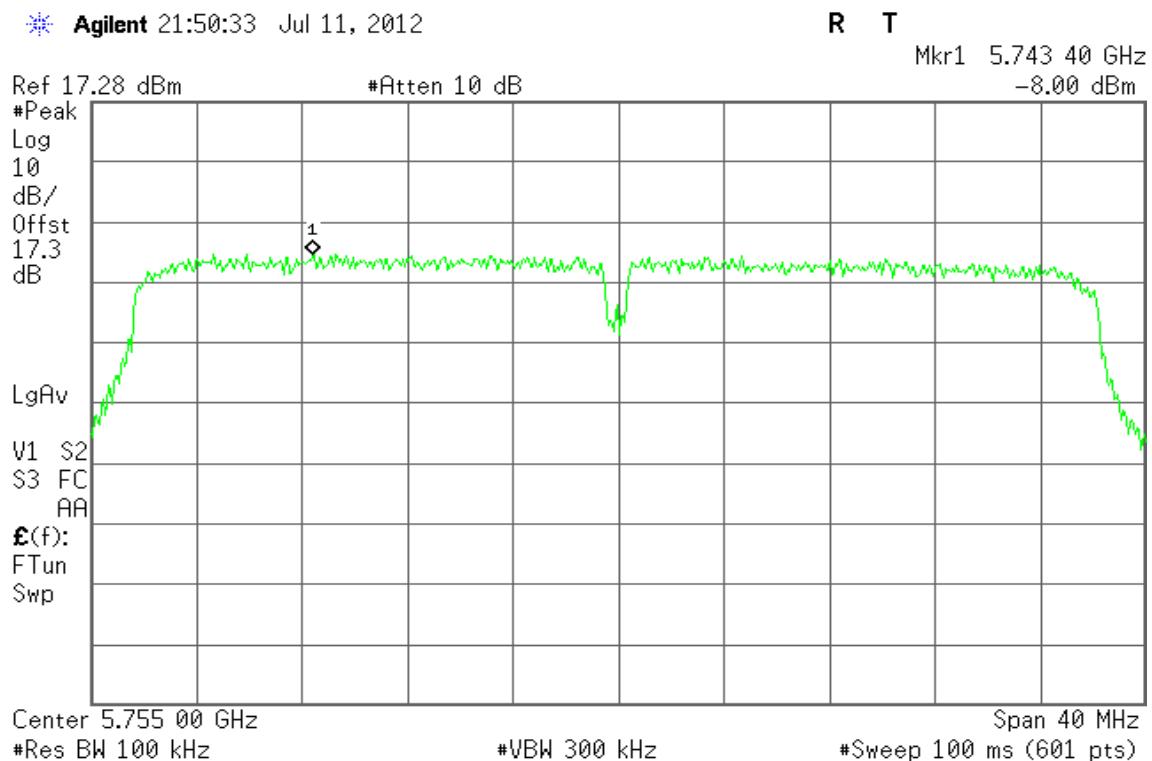
PPSD (CH High)



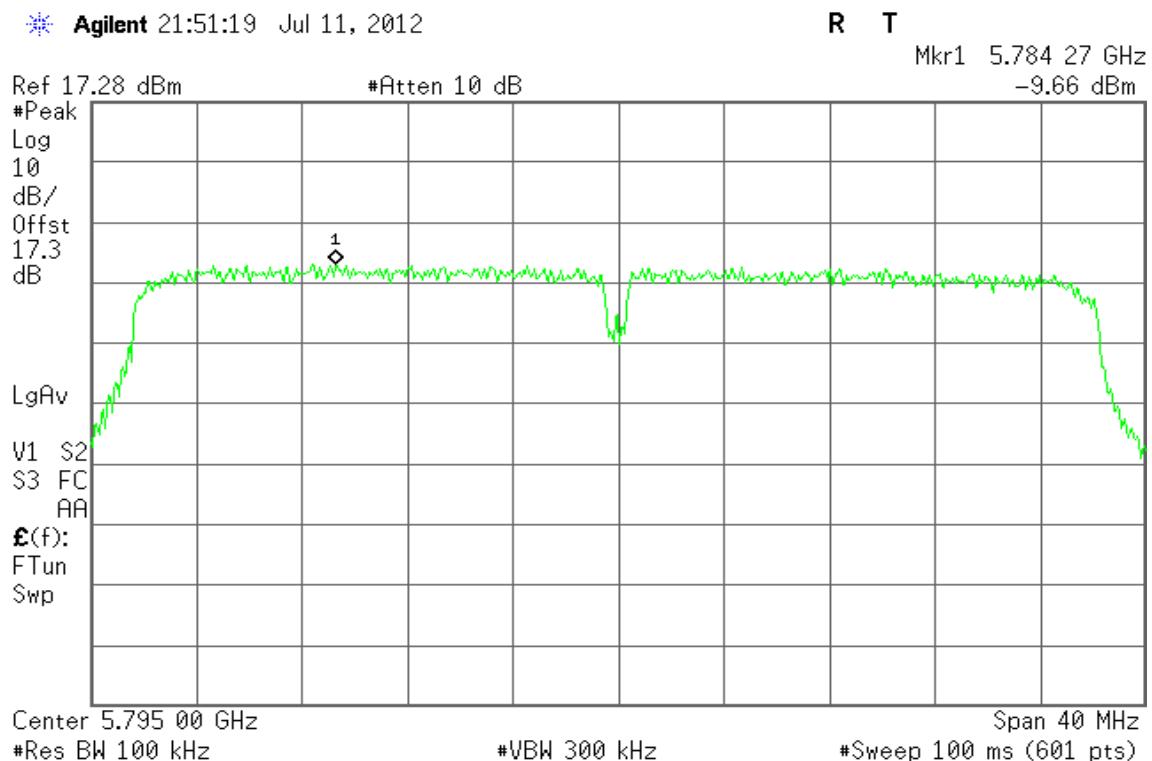


IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 0

PPSD (CH Low)



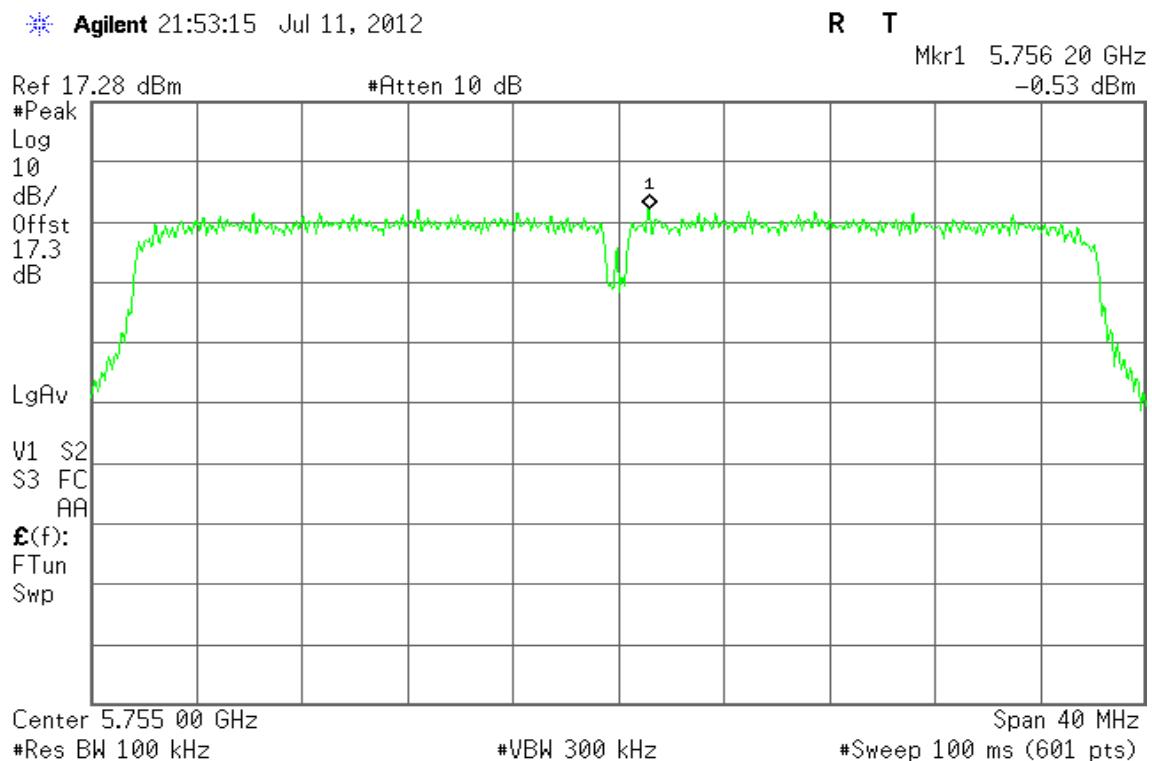
PPSD (CH High)



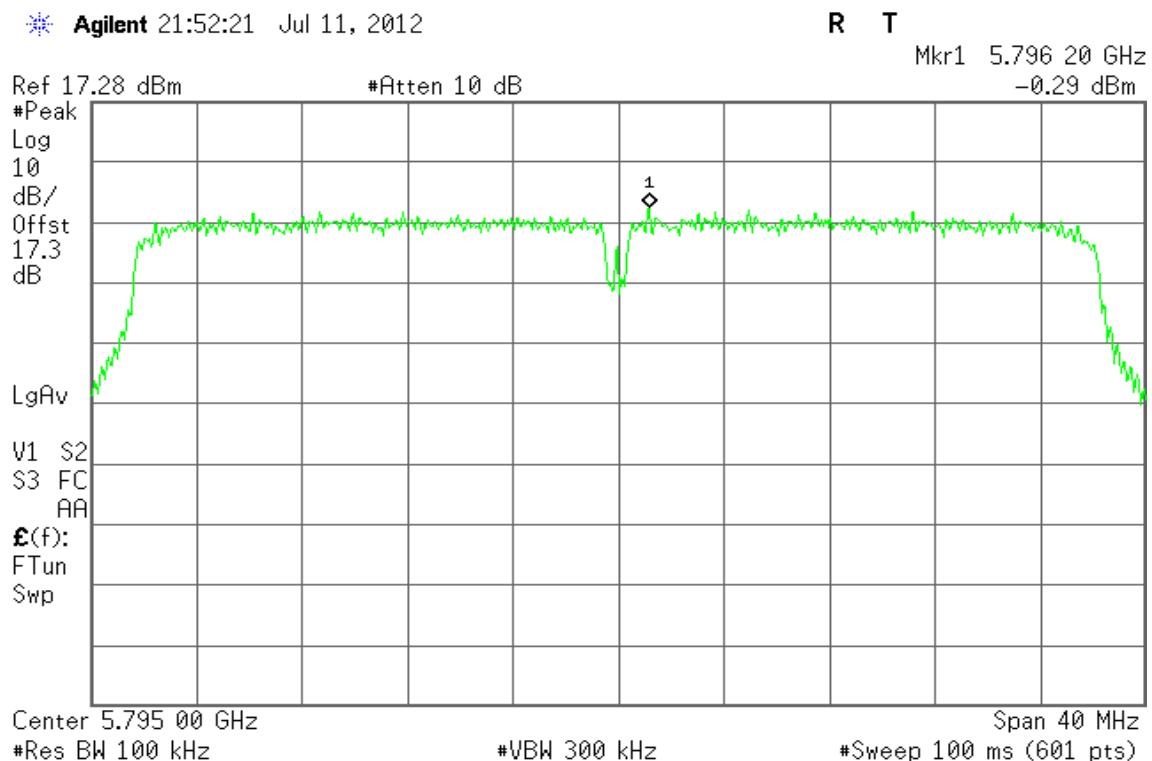


IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 1

PPSD (CH Low)



PPSD (CH High)





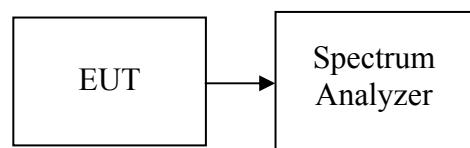
7.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

7.6.1 Conducted Measurement

LIMIT

According to §15.247(d) & RSS-210 §A8.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

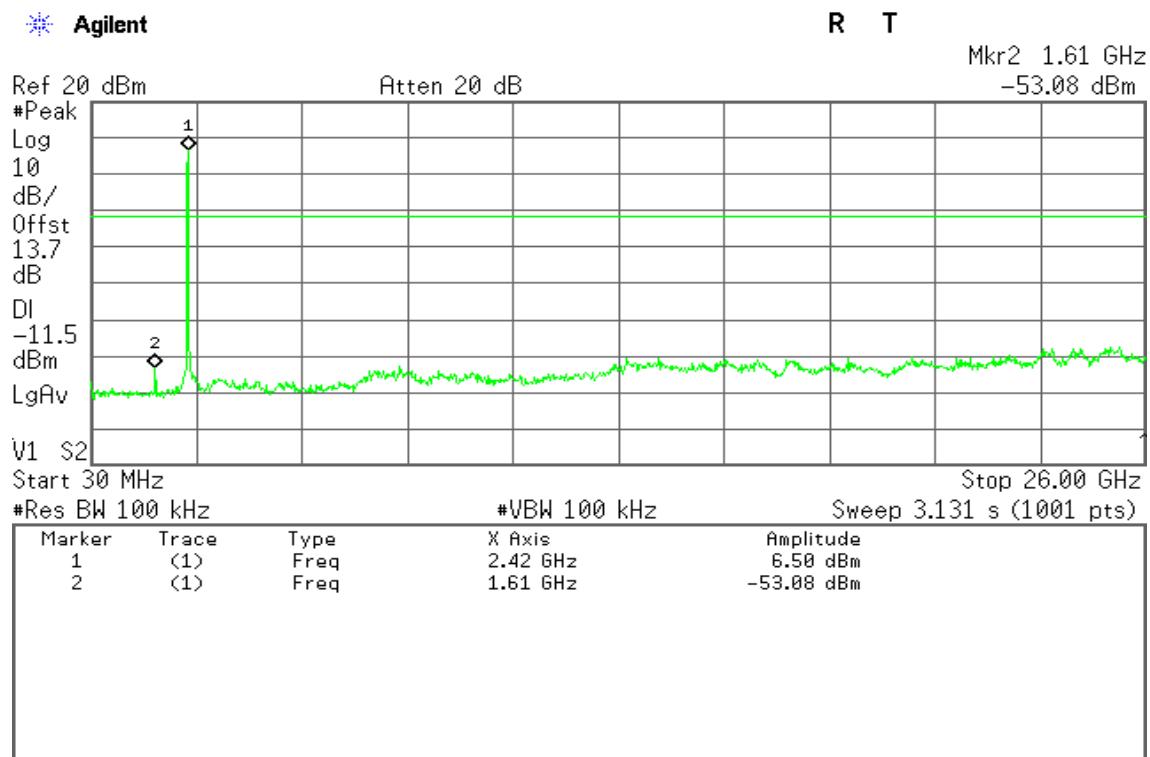
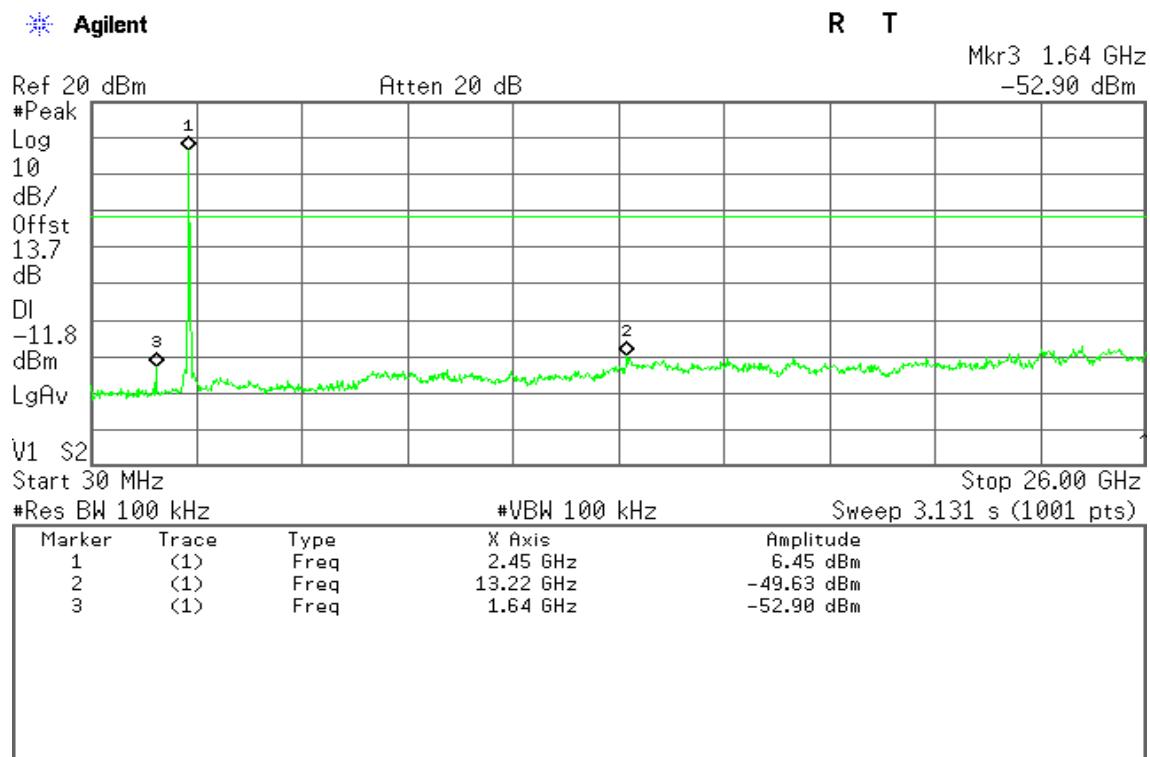
Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

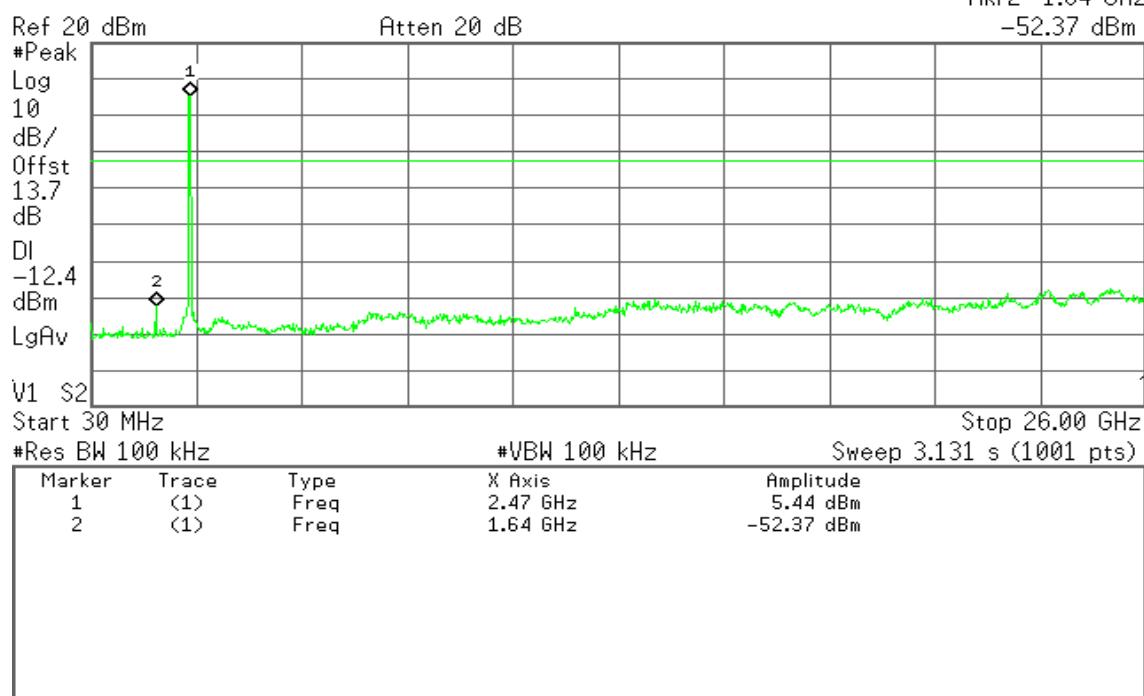
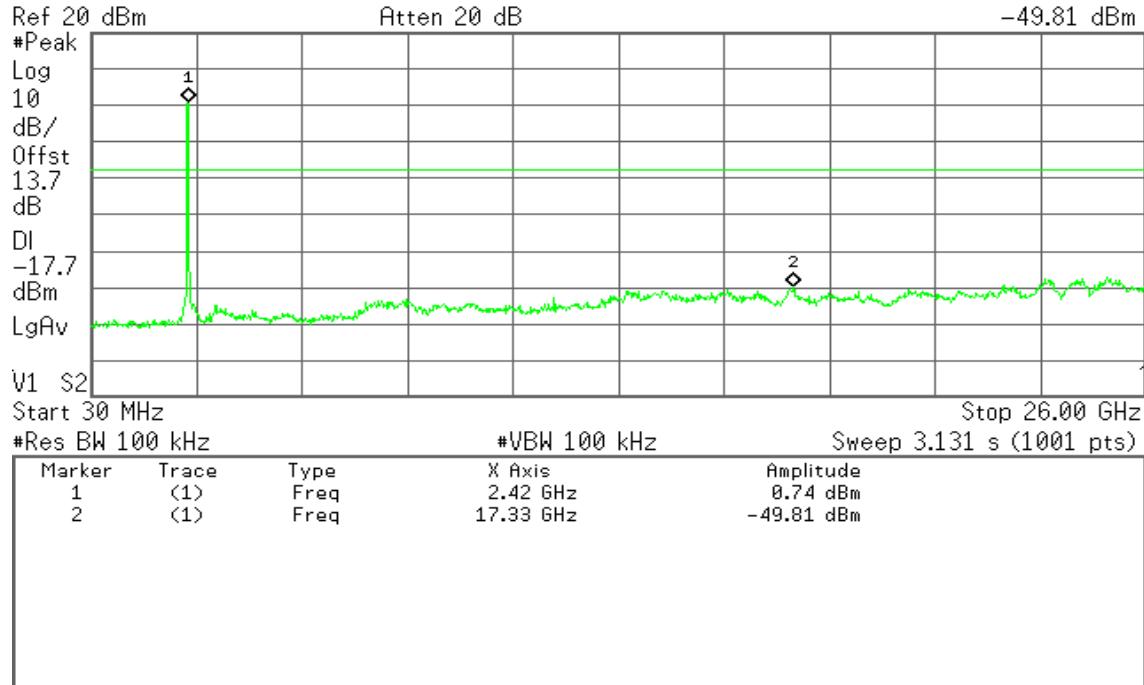
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

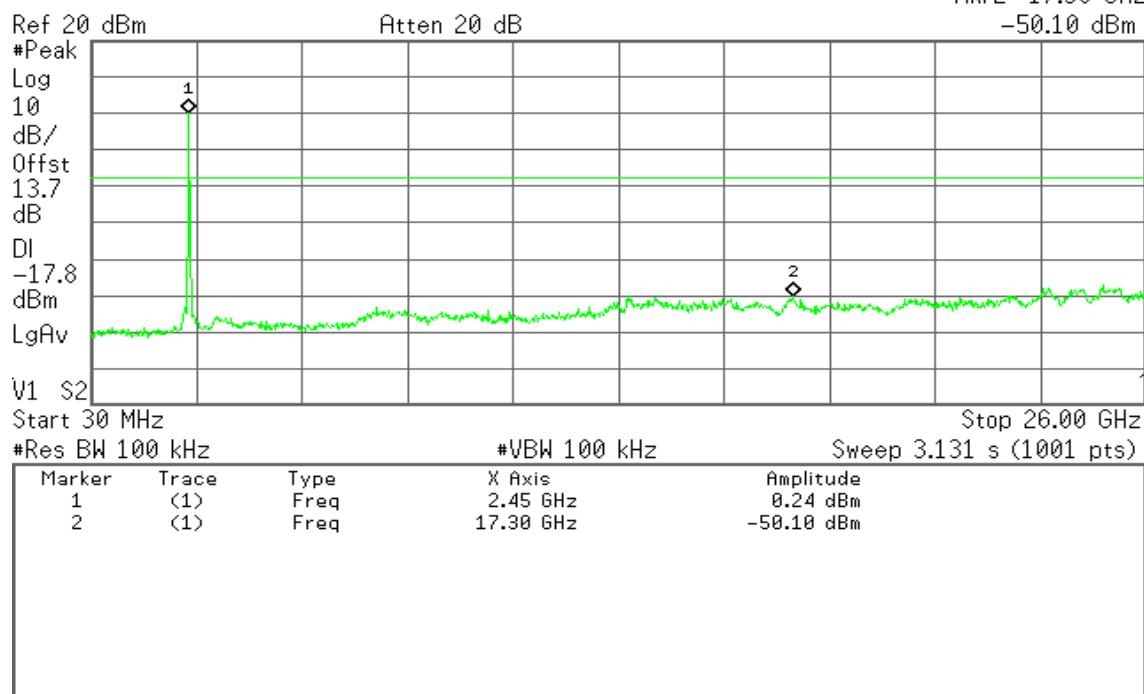
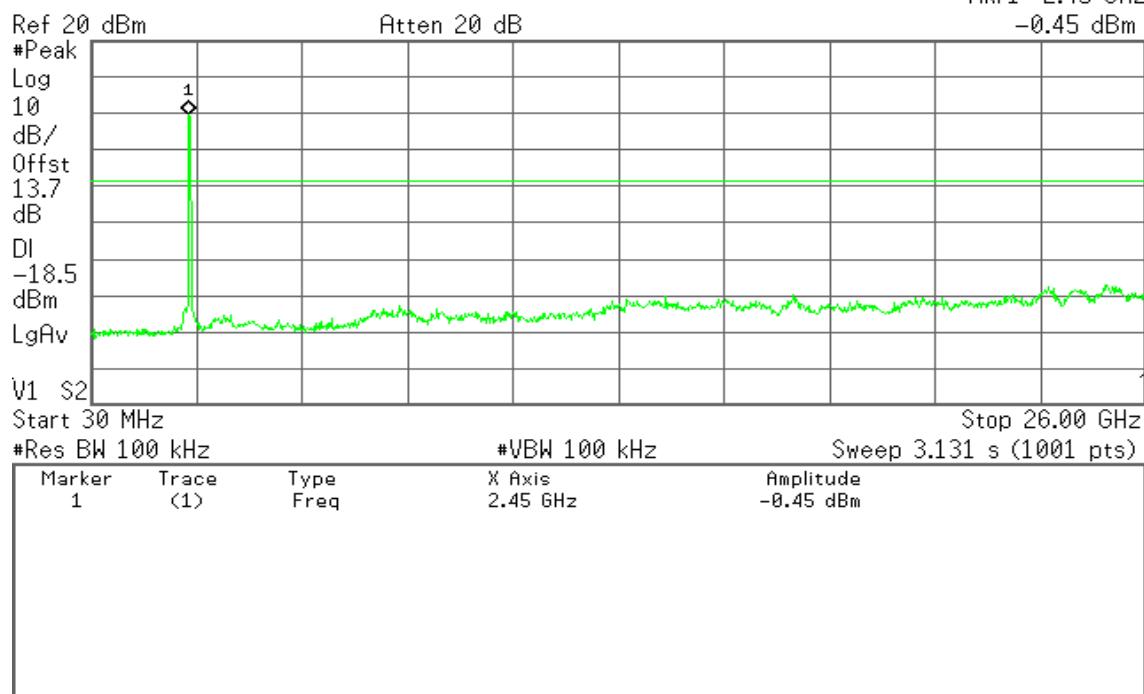
Measurements are made over the 30MHz to 26GHz range for IEEE 802.11b/g, 30MHz to 40GHz range for IEEE 802.11a with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

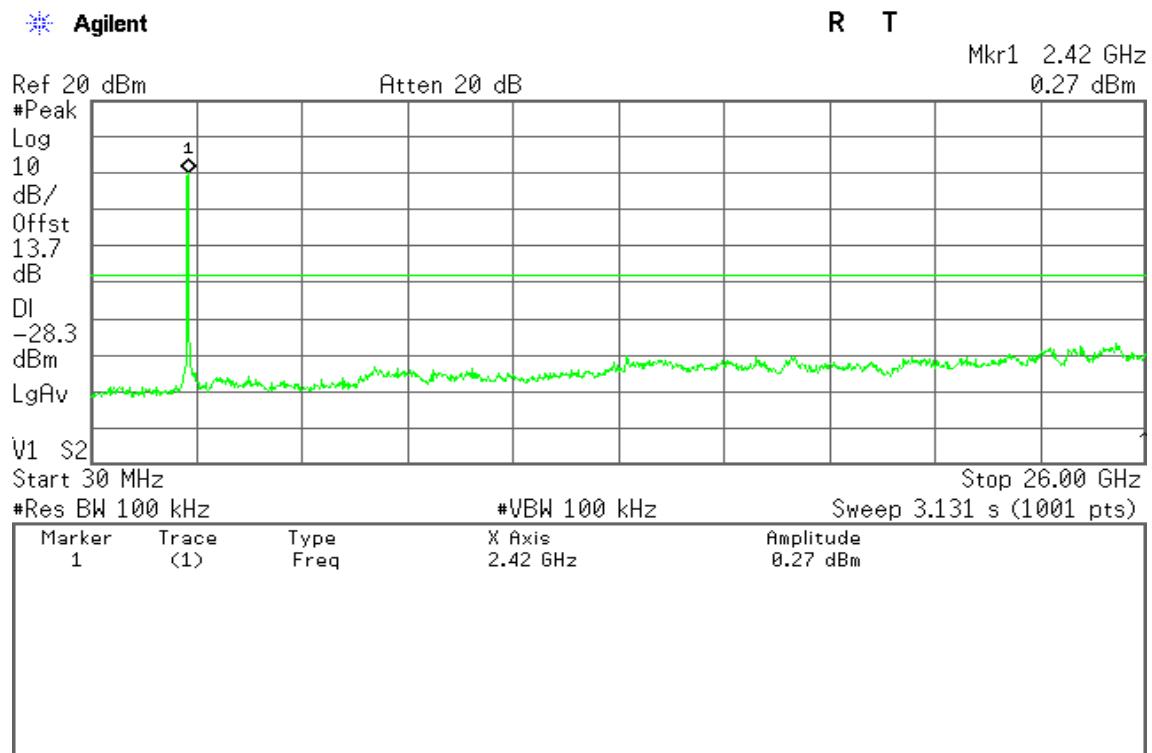
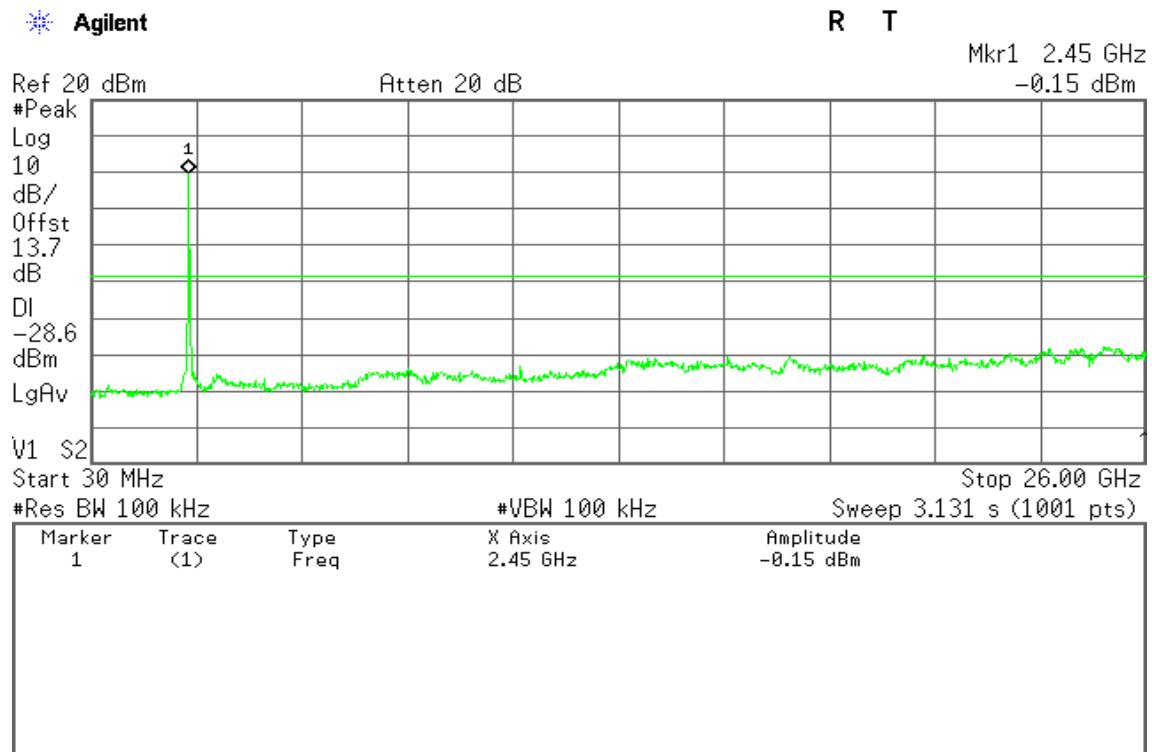
TEST RESULTS

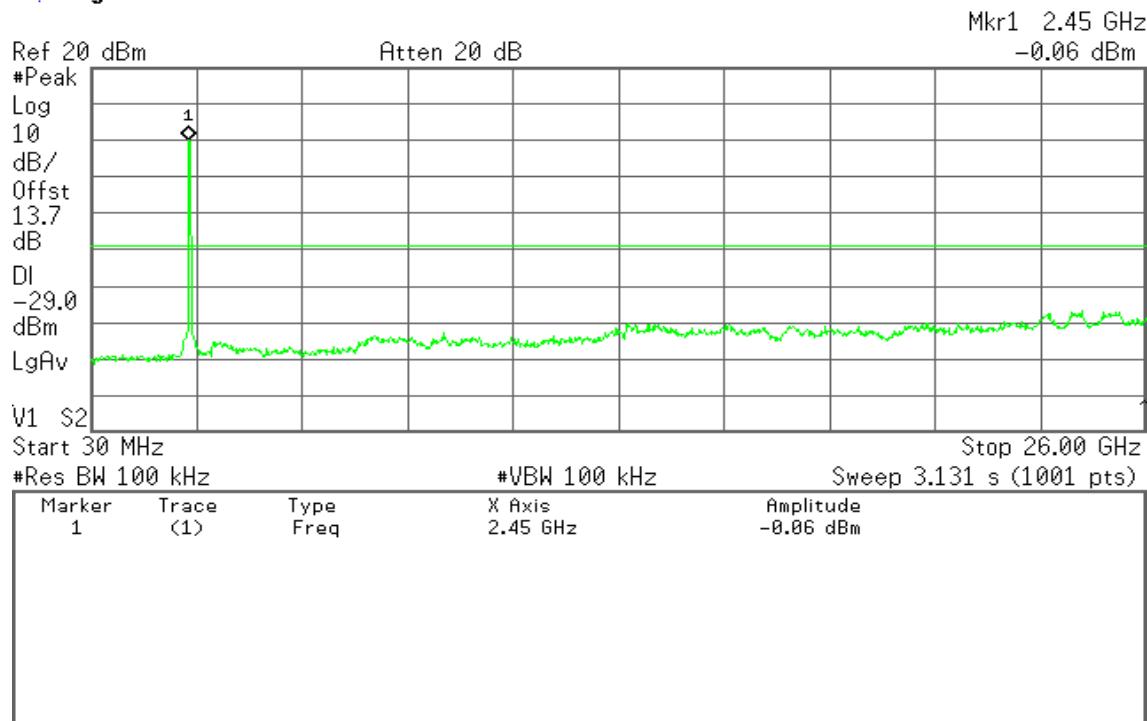
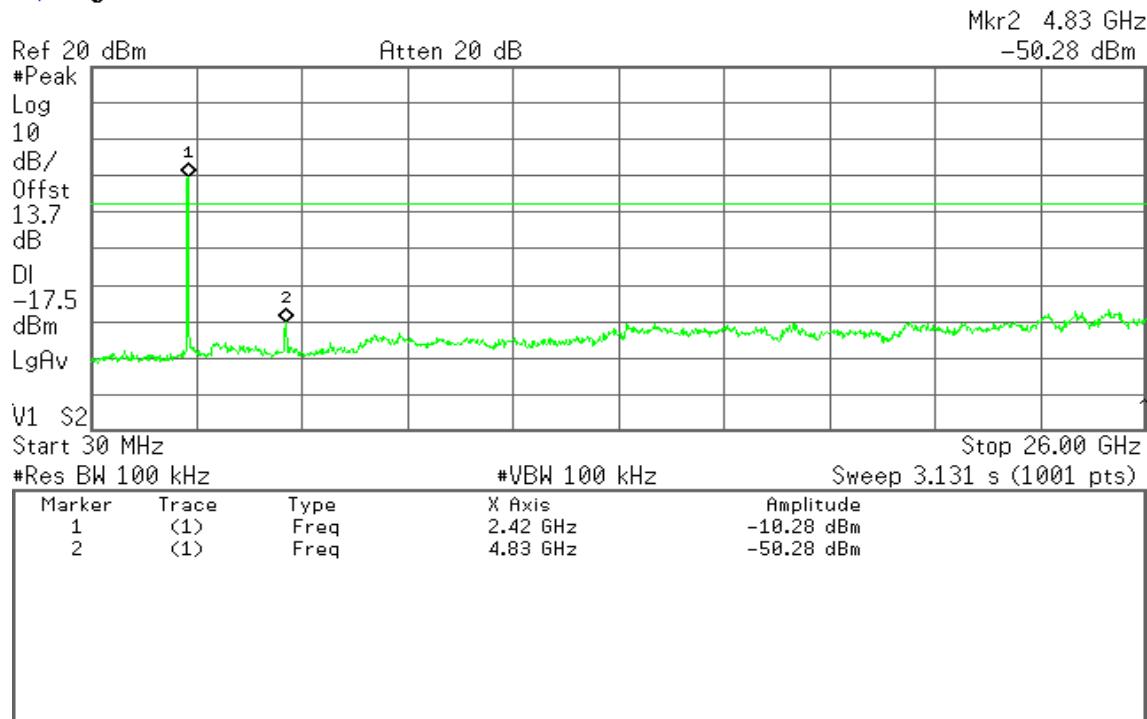
No non-compliance noted

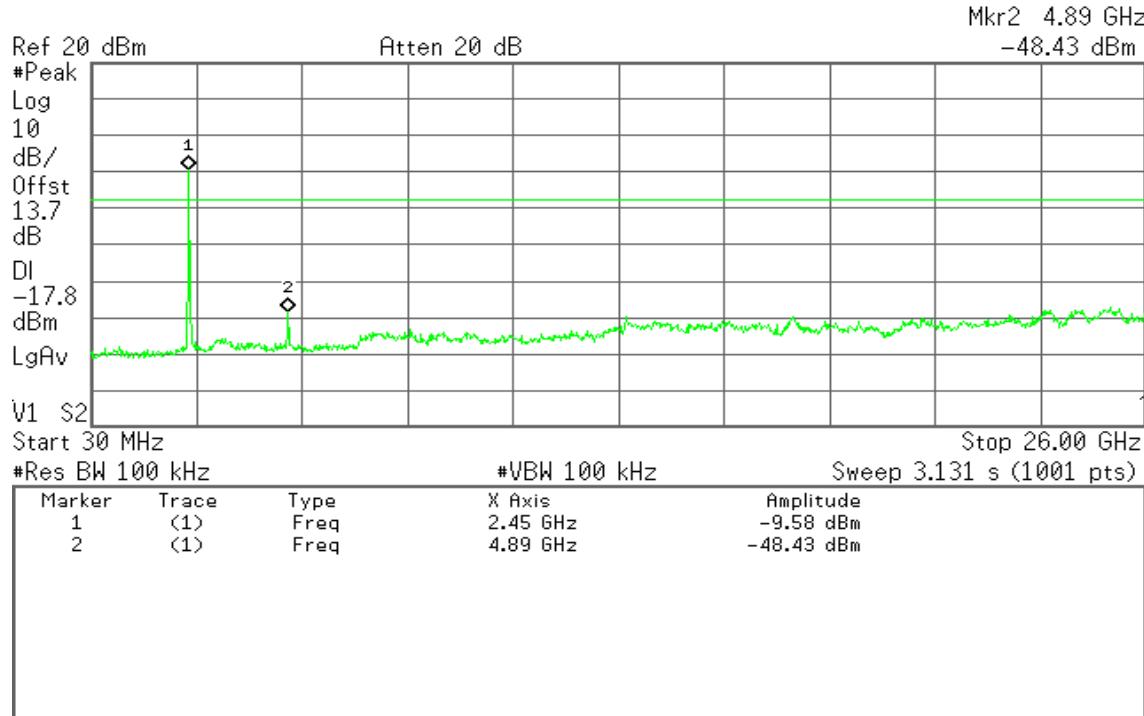
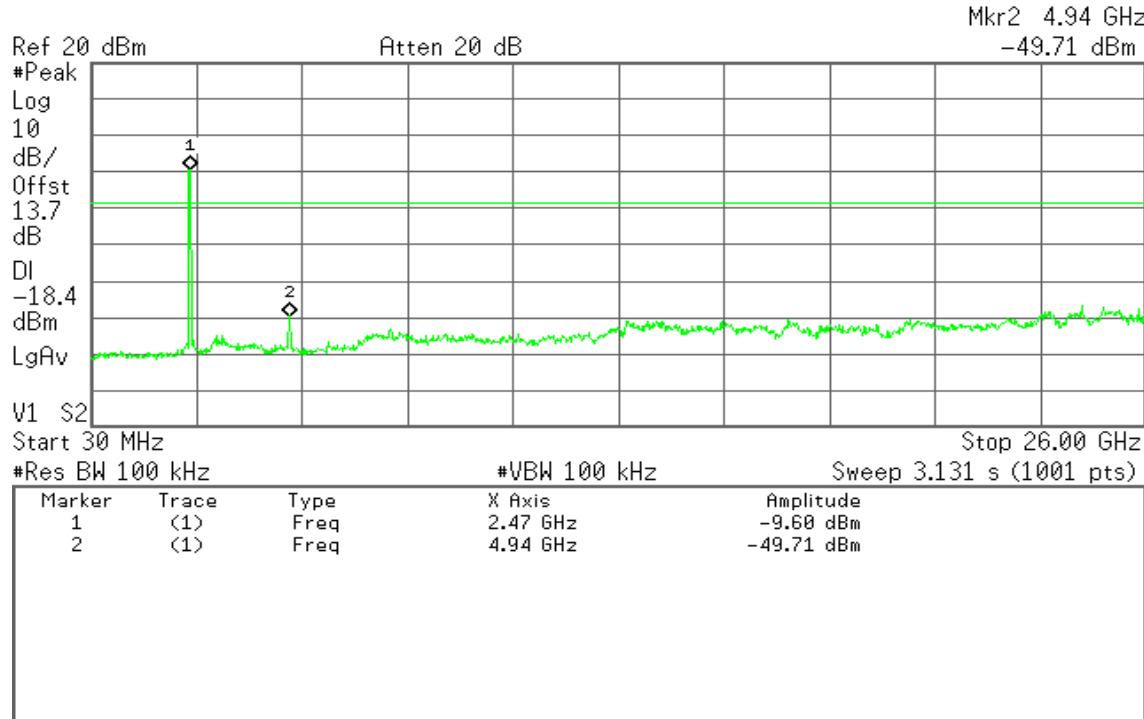
**Test Plot****IEEE 802.11b mode****CH Low****CH Mid**

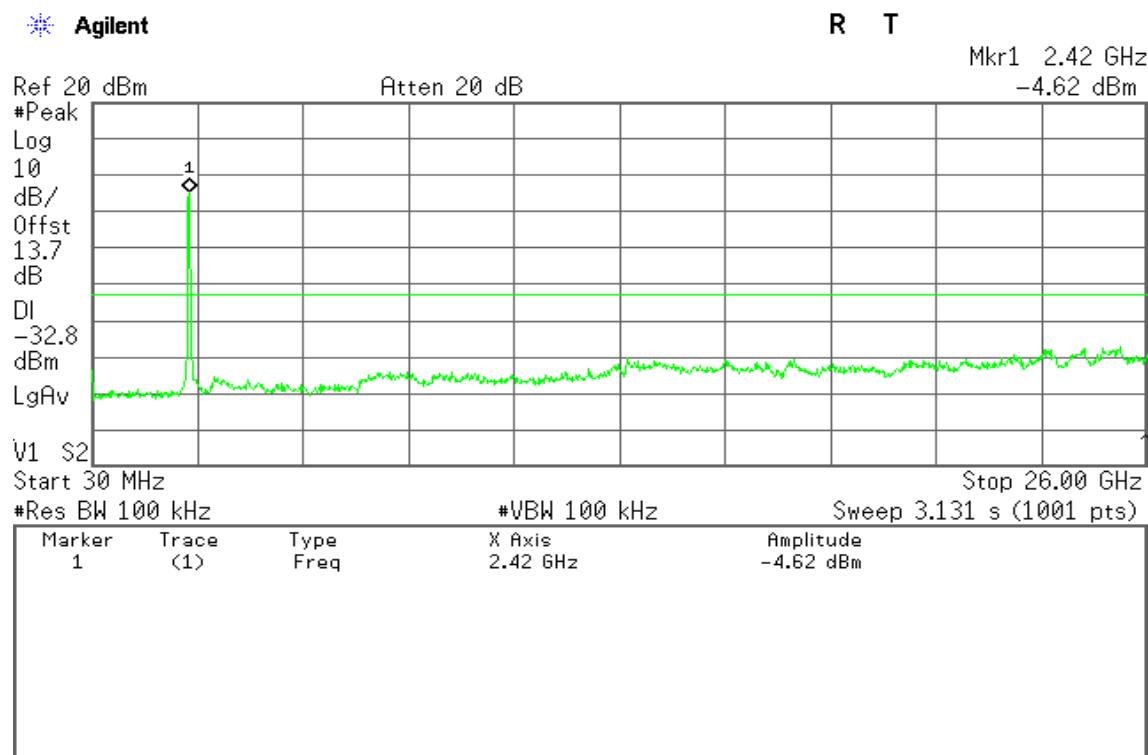
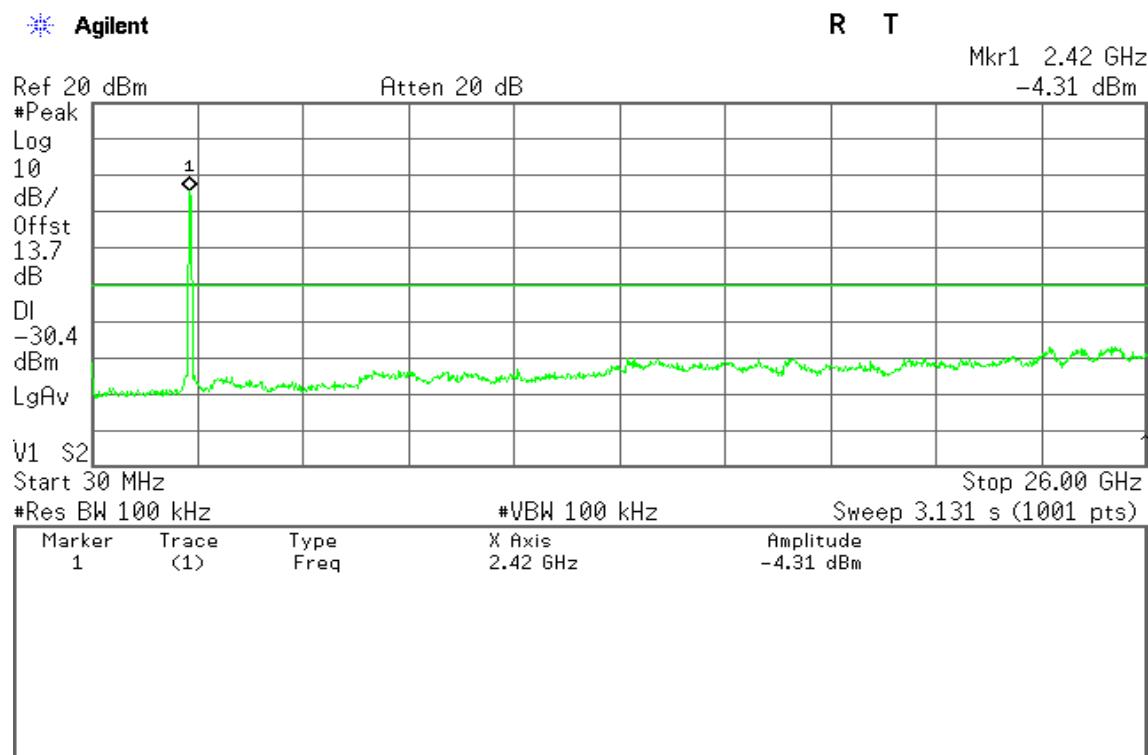
**CH High****Agilent****R T**Mkr2 1.64 GHz
-52.37 dBm**IEEE 802.11g mode****CH Low****Agilent****R T**Mkr2 17.33 GHz
-49.81 dBm

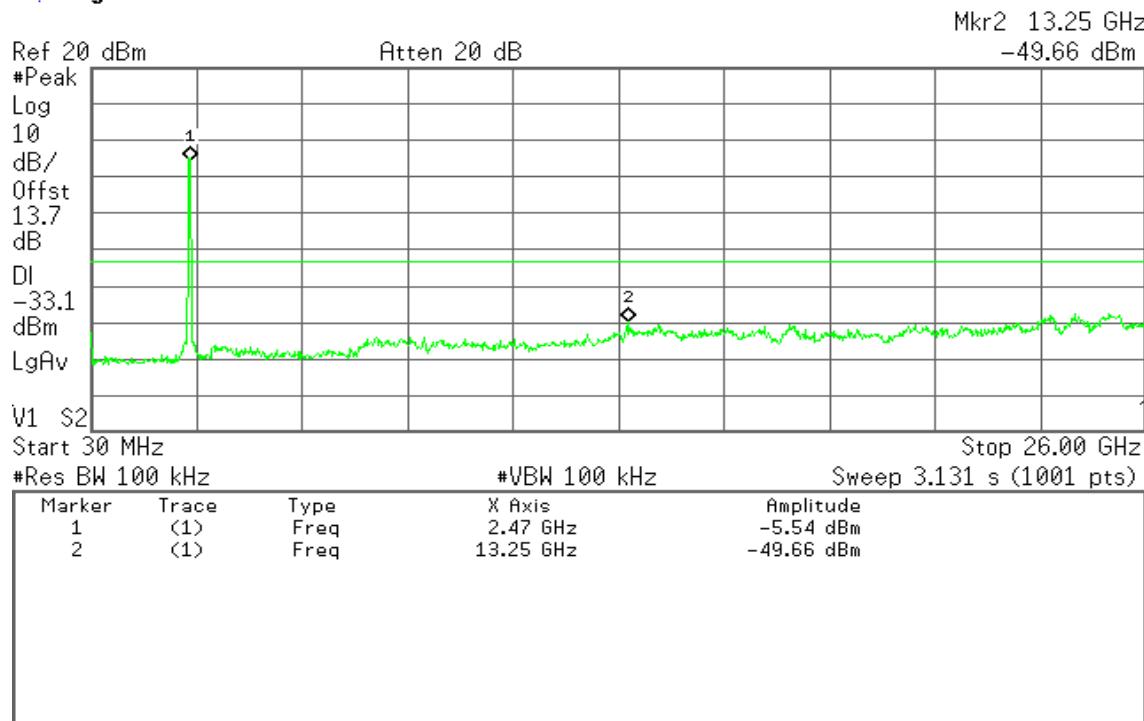
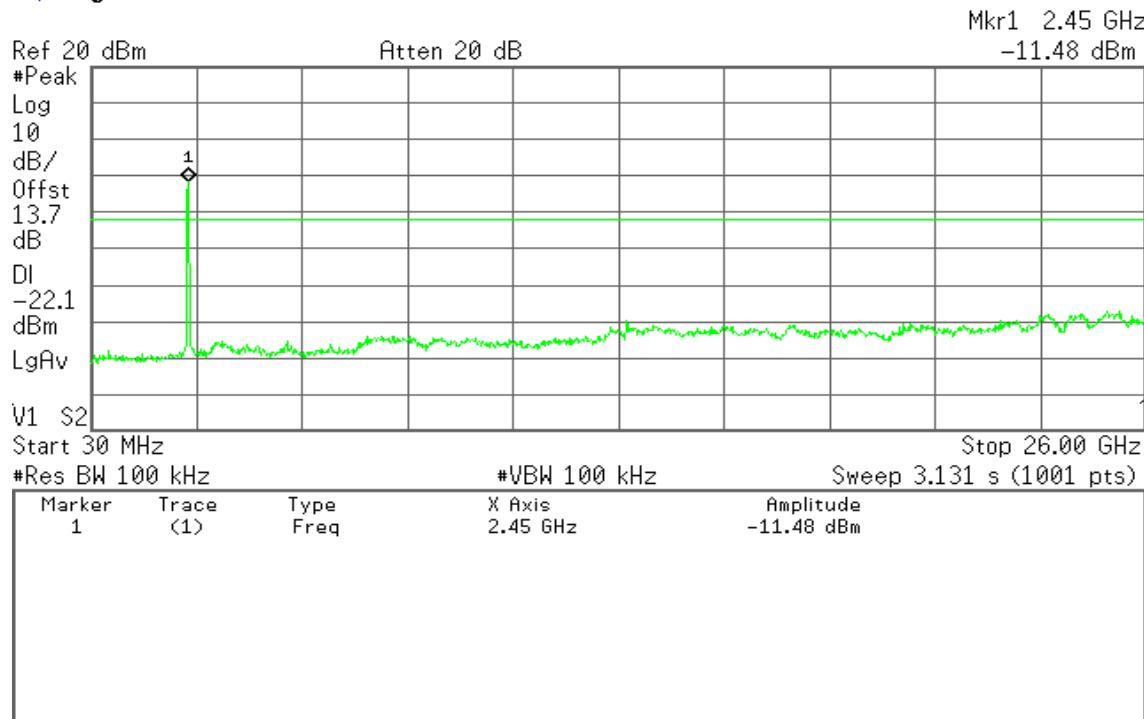
**CH Mid****Agilent****R T**Mkr2 17.30 GHz
-50.10 dBm**CH High****Agilent****R T**Mkr1 2.45 GHz
-0.45 dBm

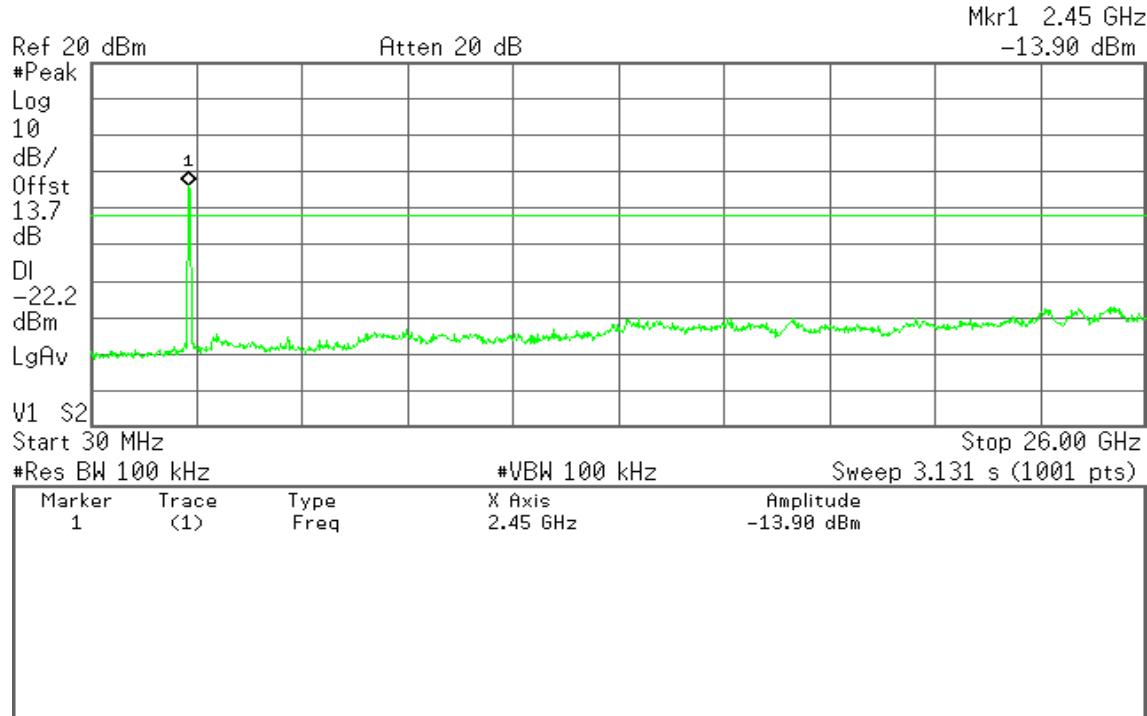
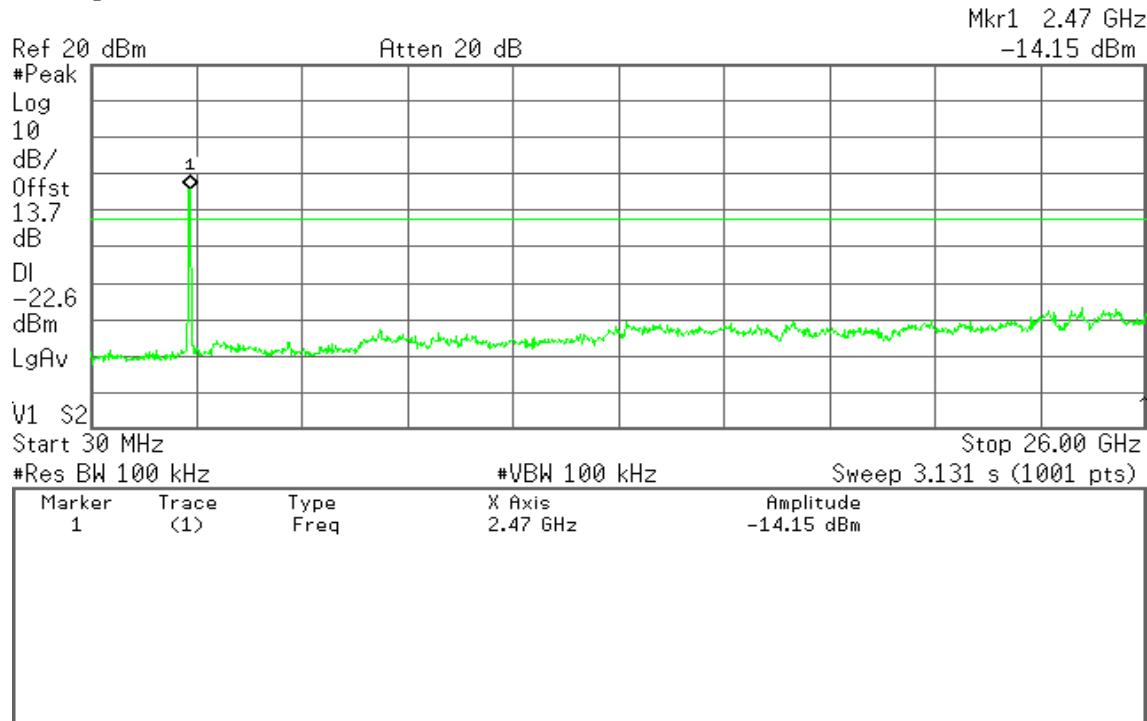
**IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0****CH Low****CH Mid**

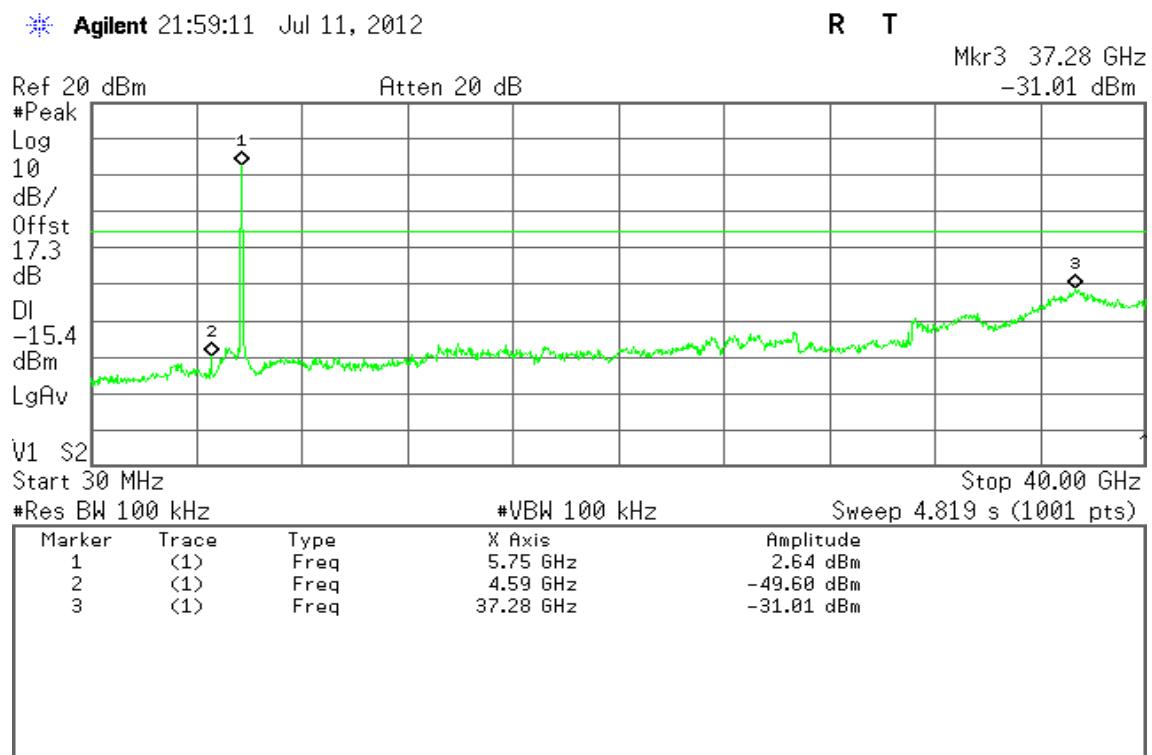
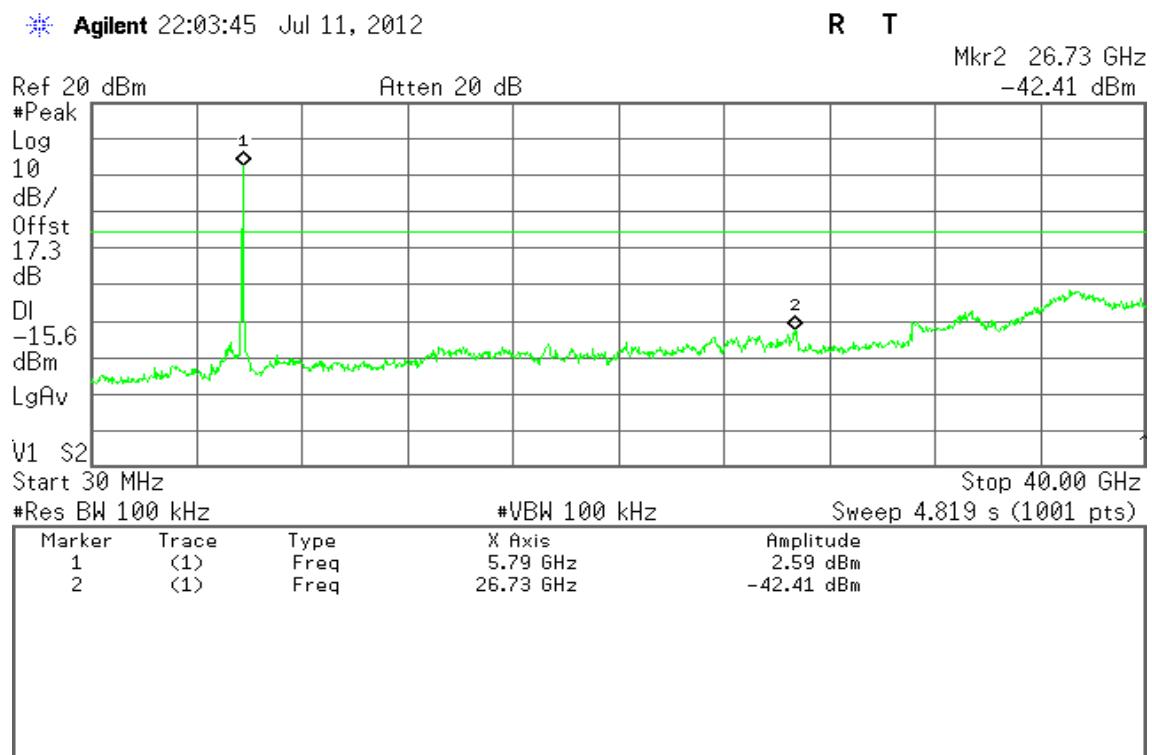
**CH High****Agilent****IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1****CH Low****Agilent**

**CH Mid****Agilent****CH High****Agilent**

**IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 0****CH Low****CH Mid**

**CH High****Agilent****IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 1****CH Low****Agilent**

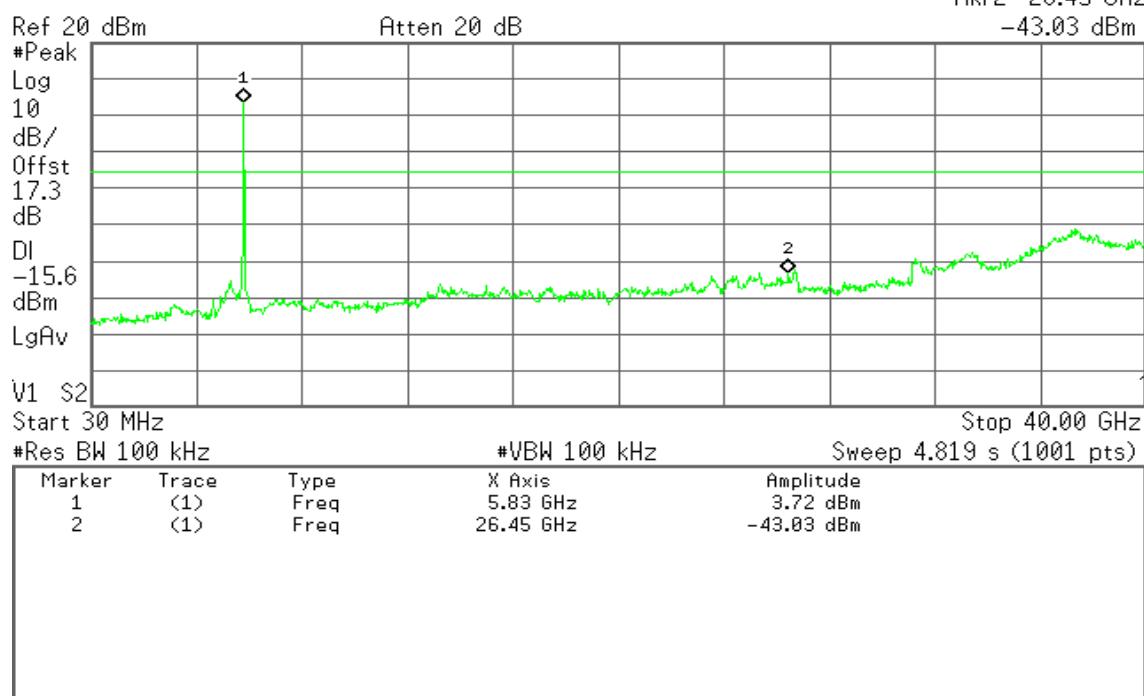
**CH Mid****Agilent****CH High****Agilent**

**IEEE 802.11a mode****CH Low****CH Mid**

**CH High**

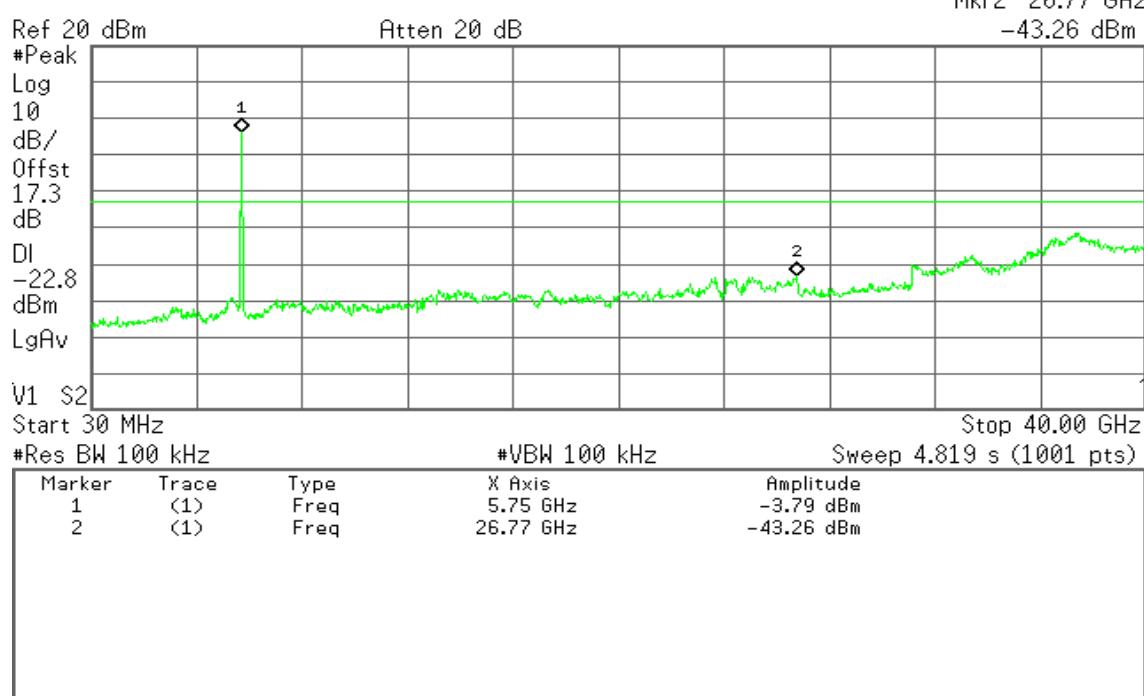
Agilent 22:09:04 Jul 11, 2012

R T

Mkr2 26.45 GHz
-43.03 dBm**IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 0****CH Low**

Agilent 22:36:16 Jul 11, 2012

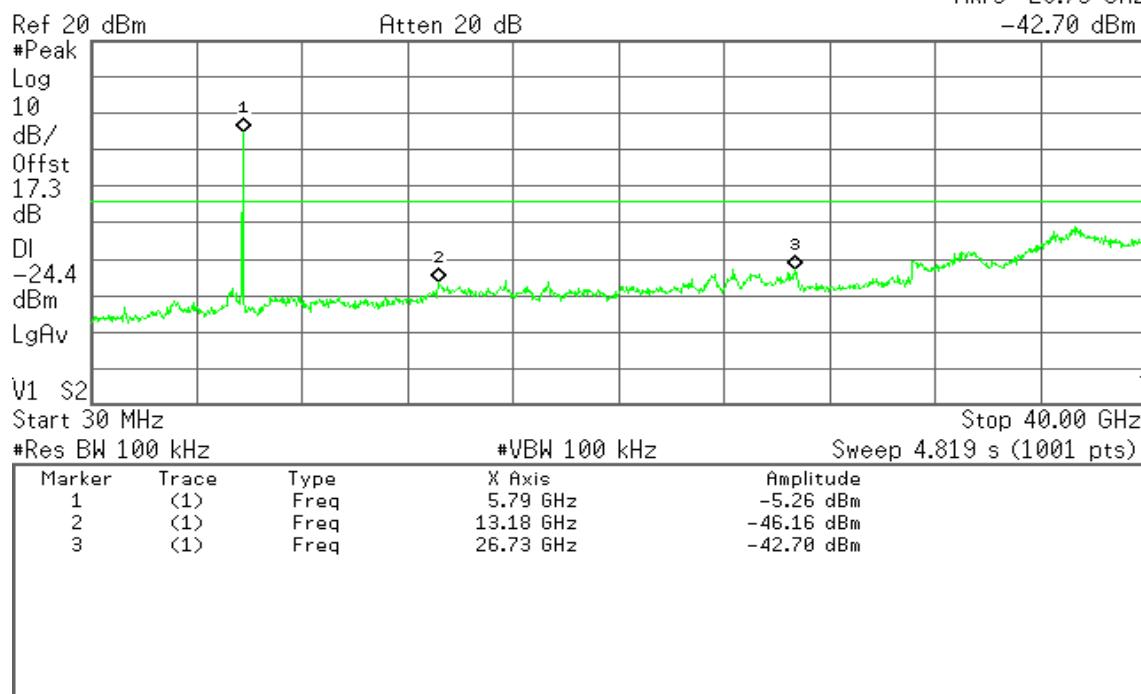
R T

Mkr2 26.77 GHz
-43.26 dBm

**CH Mid**

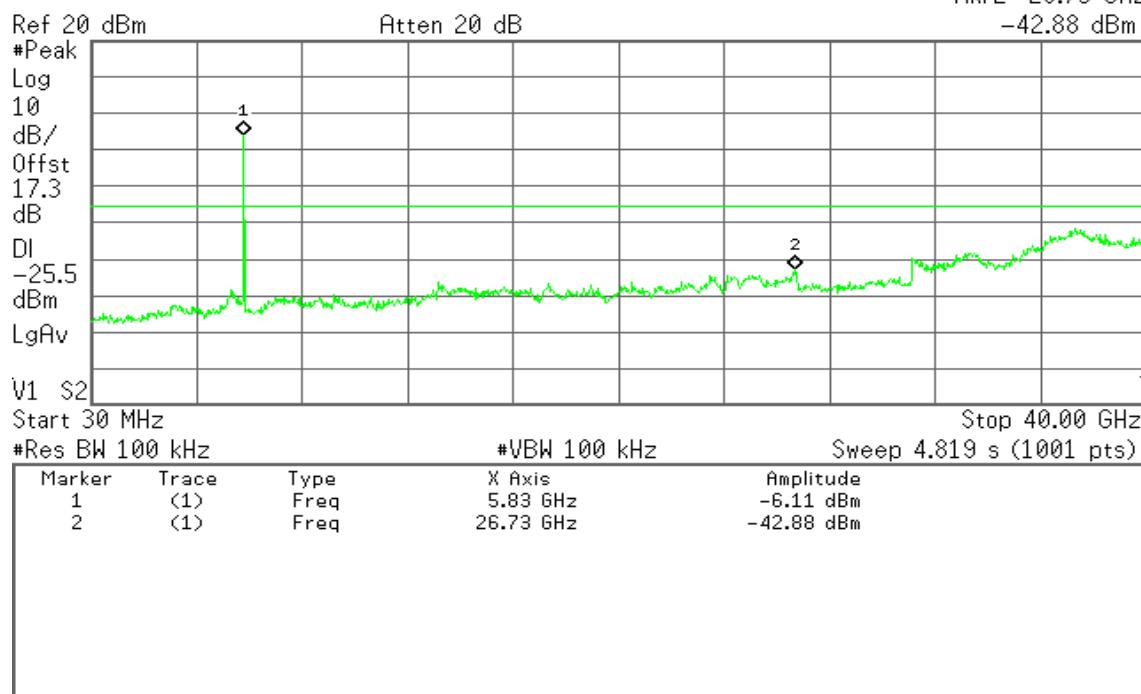
* Agilent 22:33:08 Jul 11, 2012

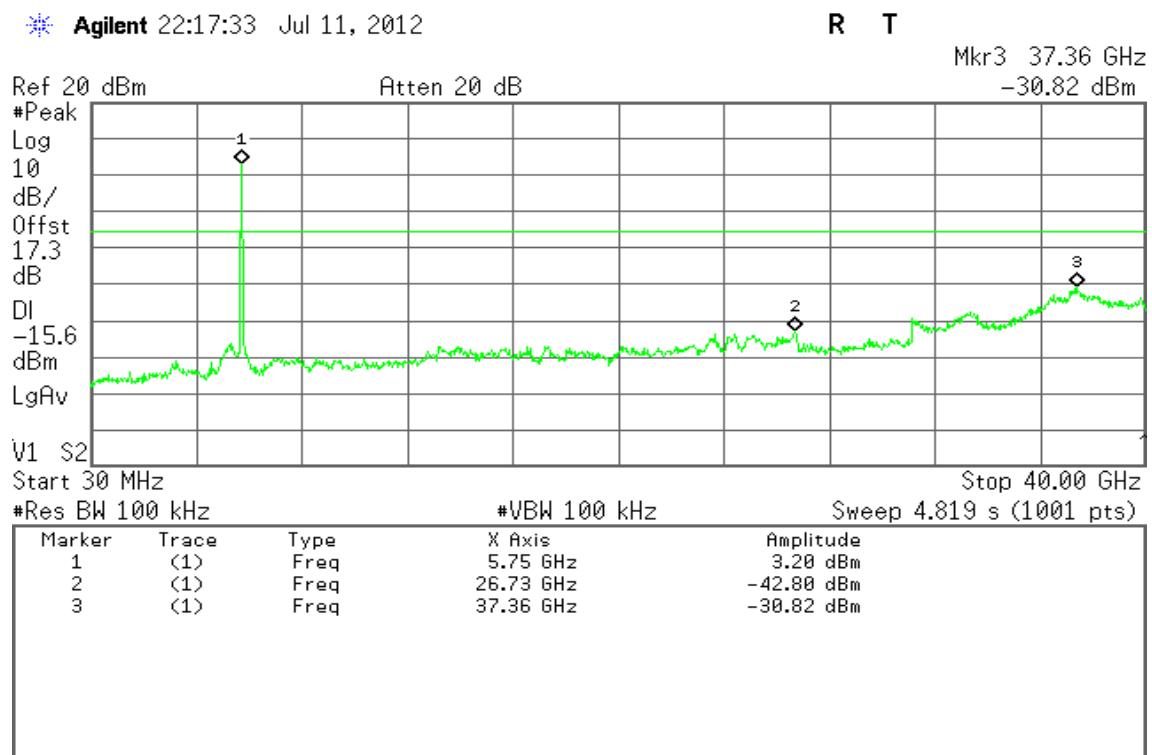
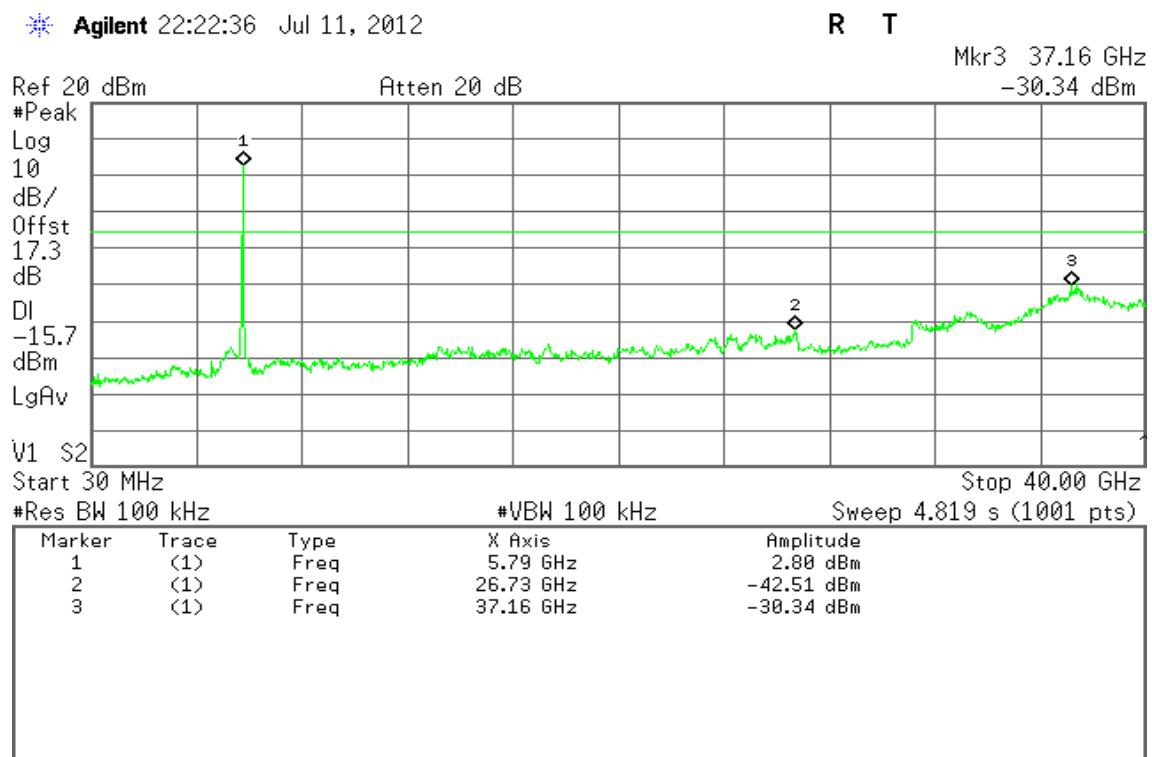
R T

Mkr3 26.73 GHz
-42.70 dBm**CH High**

* Agilent 22:29:41 Jul 11, 2012

R T

Mkr2 26.73 GHz
-42.88 dBm

**IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode / Chain 1****CH Low****CH Mid**

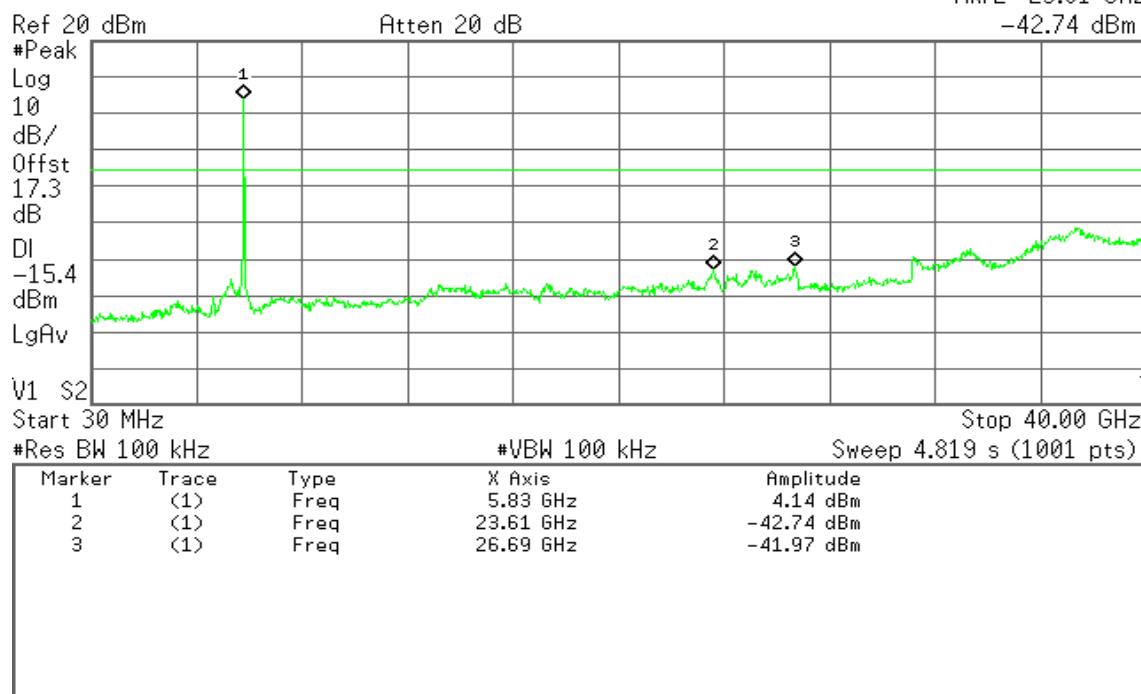


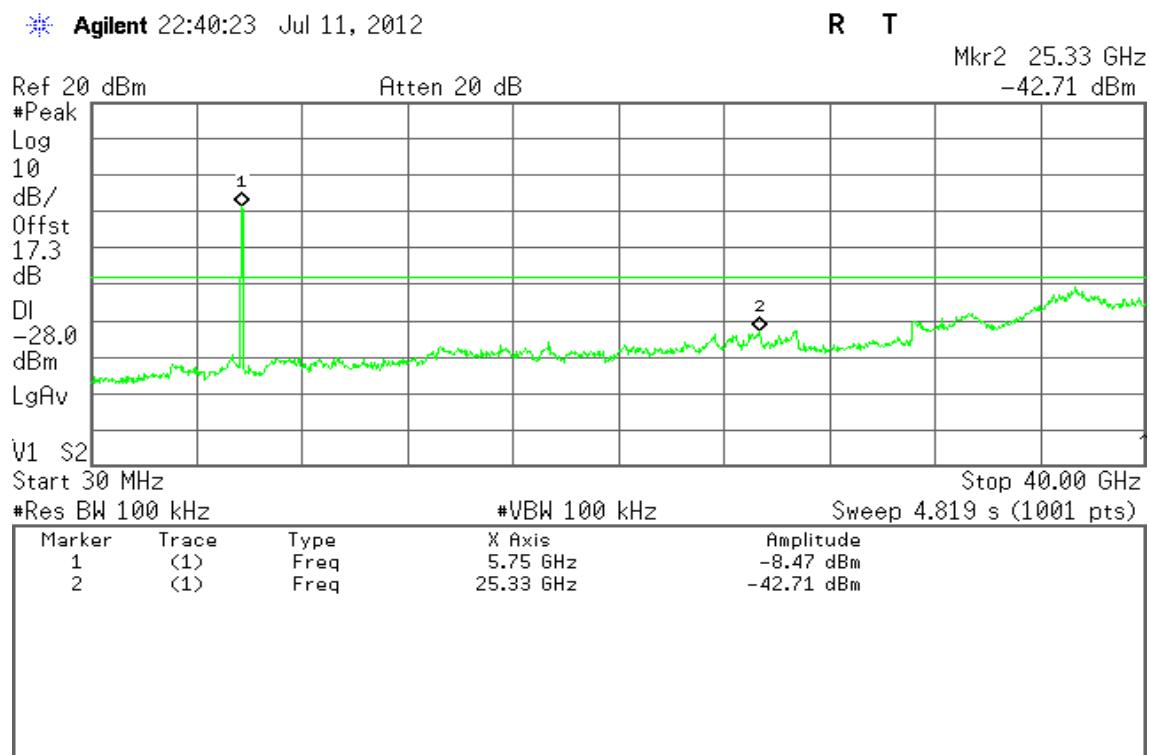
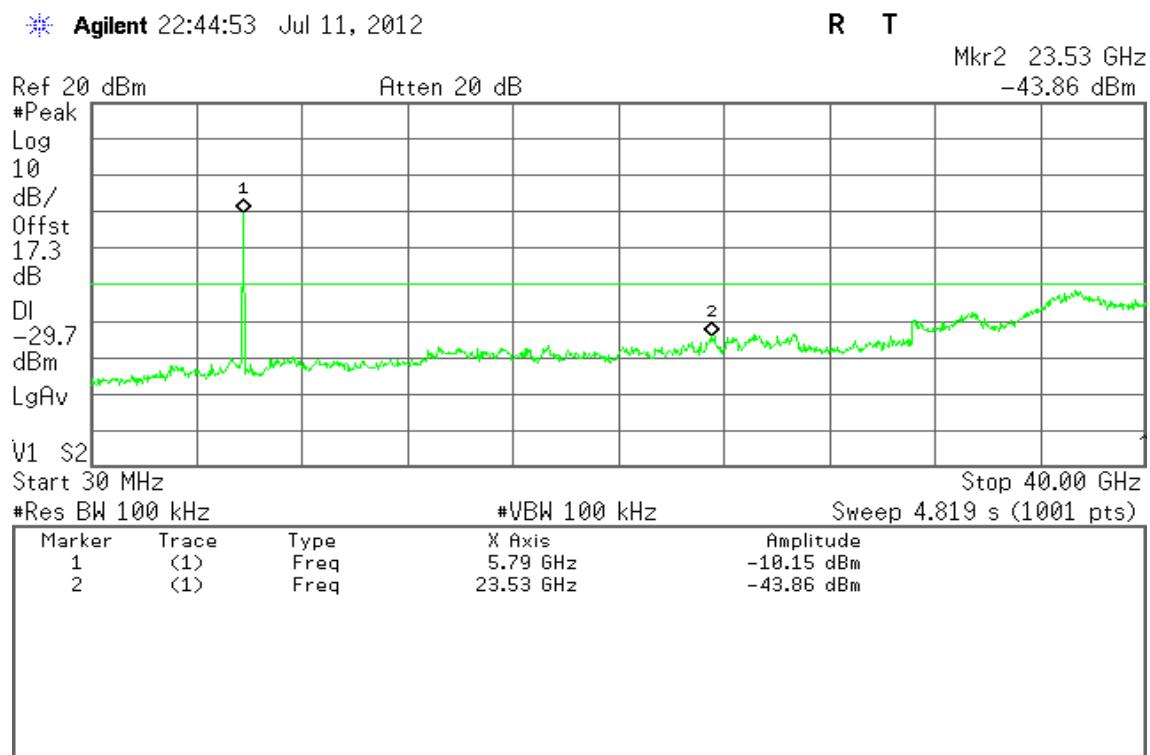
CH High

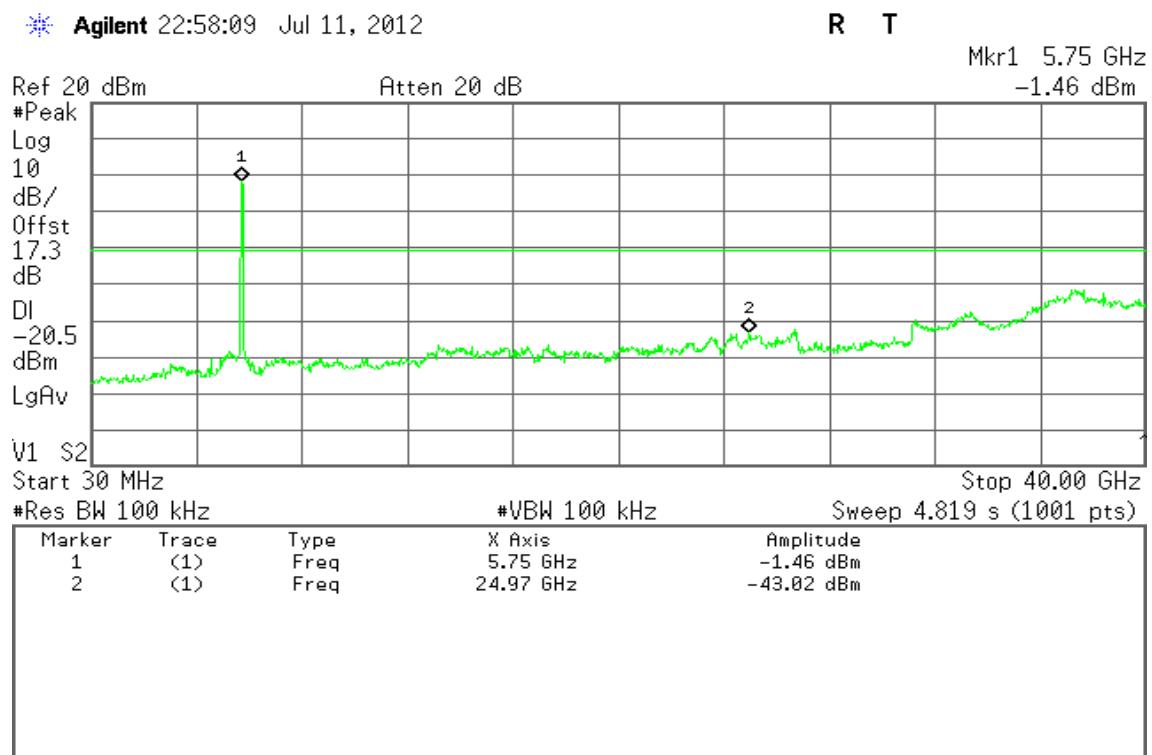
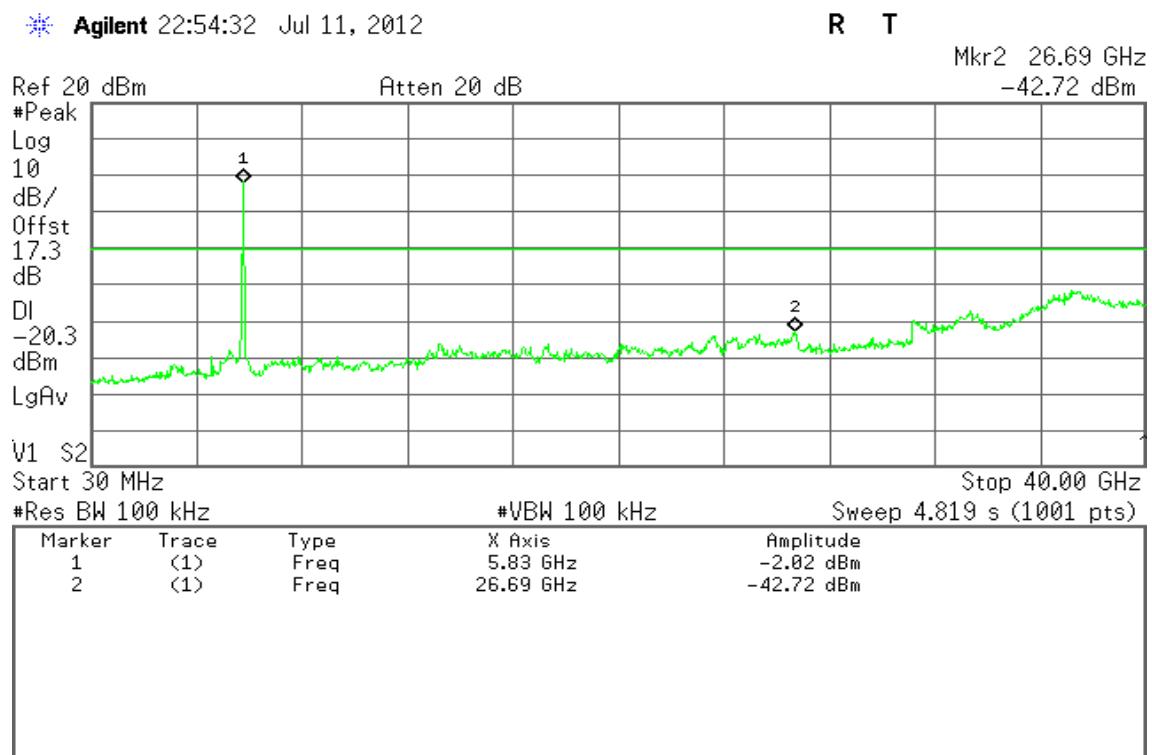
* Agilent 22:26:18 Jul 11, 2012

R T

Mkr2 23.61 GHz
-42.74 dBm



**IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 0****CH Low****CH High**

**IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Chain 1****CH Low****CH High**



7.6.2 Radiated Emissions

LIMIT

1. Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μ V/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

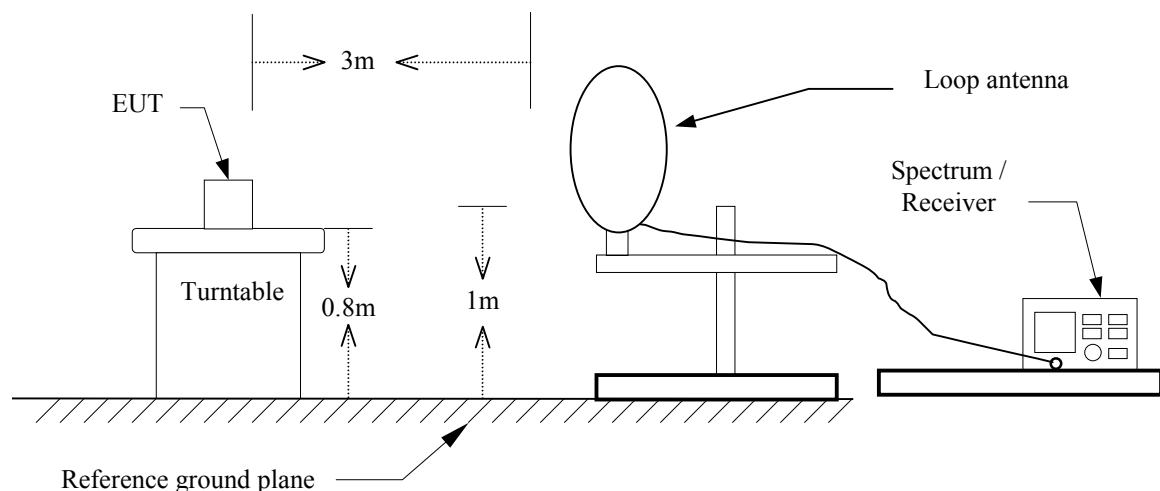
Remark: Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

2. In the above emission table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

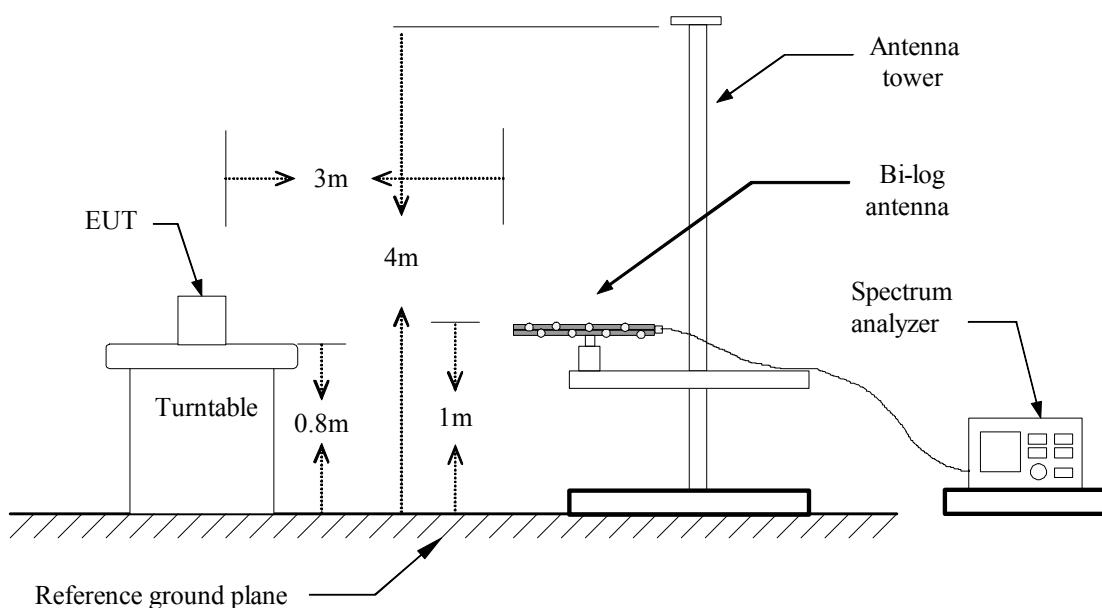
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μ V/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

Test Configuration

9kHz ~ 30MHz

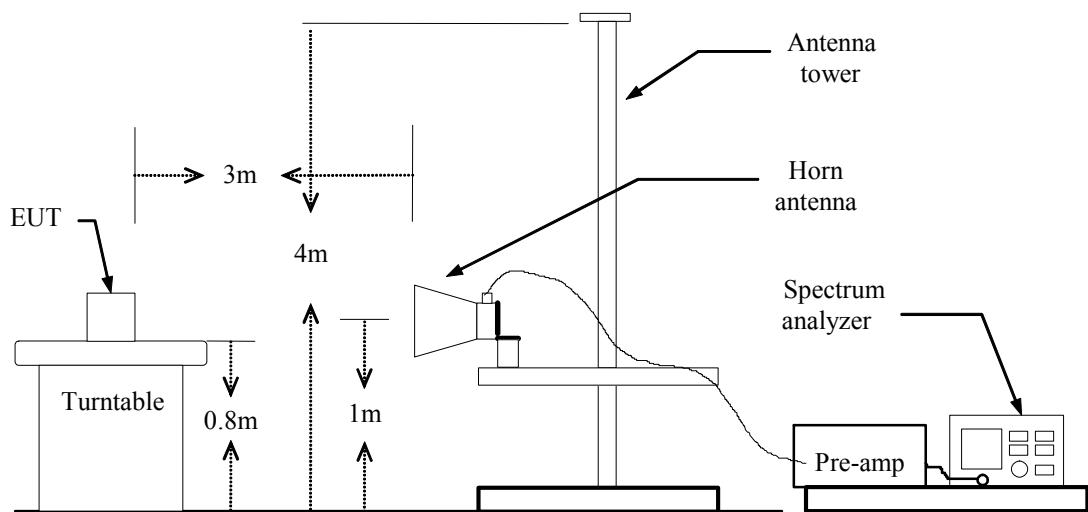


30MHz ~ 1 GHz





Above 1 GHz





TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz:

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz:

(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

**Below 1 GHz**

Operation Mode: Normal Link **Test Date:** August 17, 2012
Temperature: 26°C **Tested by:** Shawn Wu
Humidity: 50% RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
30.00	37.40	-4.94	32.47	40.00	-7.53	Peak	V
167.42	46.56	-13.60	32.96	43.50	-10.54	Peak	V
198.13	48.14	-12.54	35.60	43.50	-7.90	Peak	V
500.45	41.08	-8.13	32.95	46.00	-13.05	Peak	V
666.97	35.99	-5.95	30.04	46.00	-15.96	Peak	V
933.72	35.98	-2.60	33.38	46.00	-12.62	Peak	V
194.90	49.05	-12.84	36.21	43.50	-7.29	Peak	H
500.45	42.65	-8.13	34.52	46.00	-11.48	Peak	H
699.30	42.74	-5.66	37.08	46.00	-8.92	Peak	H
799.53	43.65	-4.35	39.30	46.00	-6.70	QP	H
899.77	44.30	-3.18	41.12	46.00	-4.88	QP	H
933.72	43.82	-2.60	41.22	46.00	-4.78	Peak	H

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.
3. Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Quasi-peak limit (dBuV/m).

**Above 1 GHz****Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low**Test Date:** July 6, 2012**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Shawn Wu**Humidity:** 50% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2100.00	54.92	---	-5.21	49.71	---	74.00	54.00	-4.29	Peak	V
N/A										
2180.00	55.93	---	-5.00	50.93	---	74.00	54.00	-3.07	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. *Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
2. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.*
3. *Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.*
4. *Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.*
5. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
6. *Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).*

**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Mid**Test Date:** July 6, 2012**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Shawn Wu**Humidity:** 50% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2380.00	57.61	46.37	-4.36	53.25	42.01	74.00	54.00	-11.99	AVG	V
4883.33	49.56	43.11	2.73	52.29	45.84	74.00	54.00	-8.16	AVG	V
N/A										
2176.67	54.87	---	-5.01	49.86	---	74.00	54.00	-4.14	Peak	H
7308.33	46.79	32.32	7.23	54.02	39.55	74.00	54.00	-14.45	AVG	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High**Test Date:** July 6, 2012**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Shawn Wu**Humidity:** 50% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2296.67	56.41	---	-4.70	51.72	---	74.00	54.00	-2.28	Peak	V
4925.00	49.66	45.03	2.81	52.47	47.84	74.00	54.00	-6.16	AVG	V
N/A										
2300.00	55.22	---	-4.69	50.53	---	74.00	54.00	-3.47	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low**Test Date:** July 6, 2012**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Shawn Wu**Humidity:** 50% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2190.00	54.67	---	-4.98	49.69	---	74.00	54.00	-4.31	Peak	V
N/A										
2043.33	54.94	---	-5.36	49.59	---	74.00	54.00	-4.41	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Mid**Test Date:** July 6, 2012**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Shawn Wu**Humidity:** 50% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2023.33	54.71	---	-5.41	49.30	---	74.00	54.00	-4.70	Peak	V
N/A										
2496.67	56.27	45.01	-3.88	52.39	41.13	74.00	54.00	-12.87	AVG	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High**Test Date:** July 6, 2012**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Shawn Wu**Humidity:** 50% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2370.00	58.04	45.03	-4.40	53.64	40.63	74.00	54.00	-13.37	AVG	V
N/A										
2120.00	55.01	---	-5.16	49.86	---	74.00	54.00	-4.14	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode
/ CH Low

Test Date: July 6, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2336.67	58.05	45.43	-4.54	53.51	40.89	74.00	54.00	-13.11	AVG	V
2356.67	58.60	49.03	-4.46	54.14	44.57	74.00	54.00	-9.43	AVG	V
N/A										
2096.67	55.19	---	-5.22	49.97	---	74.00	54.00	-4.03	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode
/ CH Mid

Test Date: July 6, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2143.33	54.27	---	-5.10	49.17	---	74.00	54.00	-4.83	Peak	V
N/A										
2160.00	54.65	---	-5.05	49.60	---	74.00	54.00	-4.40	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode
/ CH High

Test Date: July 6, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2126.67	54.74	---	-5.14	49.60	---	74.00	54.00	-4.40	Peak	V
N/A										
2223.33	54.84	---	-4.89	49.95	---	74.00	54.00	-4.05	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode
/ CH Low

Test Date: July 6, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2313.33	56.46	---	-4.64	51.83	---	74.00	54.00	-2.17	Peak	V
N/A										
1990.00	55.06	---	-5.57	49.49	---	74.00	54.00	-4.51	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode
/ CH Mid

Test Date: July 6, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2000.00	54.66	---	-5.47	49.19	---	74.00	54.00	-4.81	Peak	V
N/A										
2226.67	55.28	---	-4.88	50.40	---	74.00	54.00	-3.60	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode
/ CH High

Test Date: July 6, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2306.67	56.47	---	-4.66	51.81	---	74.00	54.00	-2.19	Peak	V
N/A										
2293.33	54.79	---	-4.71	50.09	---	74.00	54.00	-3.91	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode/ CH Low**Test Date:** July 12, 2012**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Shawn Wu**Humidity:** 50% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2190.00	54.06	---	-3.71	50.36	---	68.30	54.00	-3.64	Peak	V
N/A										
1980.00	55.19	---	-5.67	49.52	---	68.30	54.00	-4.48	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode/ CH Mid**Test Date:** July 12, 2012**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Shawn Wu**Humidity:** 50% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2015.00	54.18	---	-5.33	48.85	---	68.30	54.00	-5.15	Peak	V
N/A										
2213.33	53.90	---	-3.49	50.41	---	68.30	54.00	-3.59	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode/ CH High**Test Date:** July 12, 2012**Temperature:** 26°C**Tested by:** Shawn Wu**Humidity:** 50% RH**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
1933.33	53.82	---	-6.15	47.67	---	68.30	54.00	-6.33	Peak	V
N/A										
1921.67	54.30	---	-6.27	48.03	---	68.30	54.00	-0.27	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode
/ CH Low

Test Date: July 12, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2085.00	54.98	---	-4.68	50.30	---	68.30	54.00	-3.70	Peak	V
N/A										
2201.67	54.03	---	-3.60	50.43	---	68.30	54.00	-3.57	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode
/ CH Mid

Test Date: July 12, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
1898.33	54.44	---	-6.50	47.94	---	68.30	54.00	-6.06	Peak	V
N/A										
1991.67	54.36	---	-5.55	48.80	---	68.30	54.00	-5.20	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode
/ CH High

Test Date: July 12, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2038.33	55.12	---	-5.11	50.00	---	68.30	54.00	-4.00	Peak	V
N/A										
2038.33	54.98	---	-5.11	49.86	---	68.30	54.00	-4.14	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode
/ CH Low

Test Date: July 12, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2213.33	54.80	---	-3.49	51.31	---	68.30	54.00	-2.69	Peak	V
N/A										
1886.67	55.46	---	-6.62	48.84	---	68.30	54.00	-5.16	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode
/ CH High

Test Date: July 12, 2012

Temperature: 26°C

Tested by: Shawn Wu

Humidity: 50% RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2178.33	53.74	---	-3.82	49.92	---	68.30	54.00	-4.08	Peak	V
N/A										
2073.33	53.88	---	-4.79	49.09	---	68.30	54.00	-4.91	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



7.7 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

According to §15.207(a), except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.



TEST RESULTS

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

Test Data

Operation Mode:	Normal Link	Test Date:	August 23, 2012
Temperature:	26°C	Tested by:	Chester Tsai
Humidity:	60% RH		

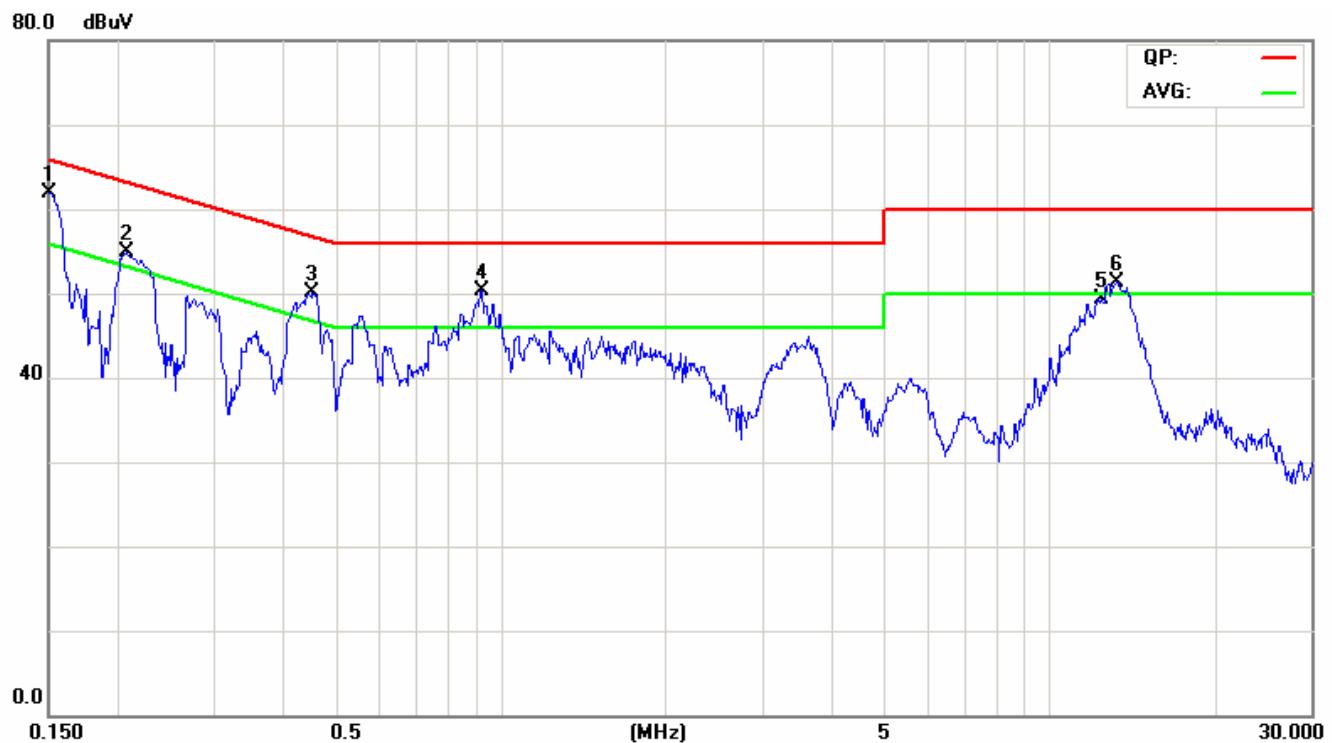
Freq. (MHz)	QP Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Corr. factor (dB)	QP Result (dBuV)	AV Result (dBuV)	QP Limit (dBuV)	AV Limit (dBuV)	QP Margin (dB)	AV Margin (dB)	Note
0.1505	59.26	41.97	0.09	59.35	42.06	65.97	55.97	-6.62	-13.91	L1
0.2056	51.23	36.43	0.09	51.32	36.52	63.38	53.38	-12.06	-16.86	L1
0.4553	47.11	32.35	0.10	47.21	32.45	56.78	46.78	-9.57	-14.33	L1
0.9314	44.11	34.08	0.11	44.22	34.19	56.00	46.00	-11.78	-11.81	L1
12.2601	43.95	38.00	0.51	44.46	38.51	60.00	50.00	-15.54	-11.49	L1
13.2286	45.51	39.70	0.56	46.07	40.26	60.00	50.00	-13.93	-9.74	L1
0.1504	57.15	40.35	0.09	57.24	40.44	65.98	55.98	-8.74	-15.54	L2
0.2077	50.49	37.96	0.09	50.58	38.05	63.30	53.30	-12.72	-15.25	L2
0.4539	47.97	33.43	0.09	48.06	33.52	56.80	46.80	-8.74	-13.28	L2
0.9073	43.69	35.24	0.10	43.79	35.34	56.00	46.00	-12.21	-10.66	L2
3.4182	40.00	32.16	0.16	40.16	32.32	56.00	46.00	-15.84	-13.68	L2
13.6376	41.20	35.30	0.43	41.63	35.73	60.00	50.00	-18.37	-14.27	L2

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
3. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz to 30MHz was 10kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz to 30MHz was 9kHz.
4. L1 = Line One (Live Line) / L2 = Line Two (Neutral Line)

Test Plots

Conducted emissions (Line 1)



Conducted emissions (Line 2)

