

# TEST REPORT

For

**RFID Lap time Detector**

In conformity with

**FCC CFR 47 Part15C**

**Model: ZRW-05-R/C**

**FCC ID: WBGZRW-05-RC**

**Test Item: RFID Lap time Detector**

**Report No: RY0807H11R1**

**Issue Date: July 11, 2008**

**Prepared for**

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## 1 General information

### 1.1 Product description

Test item : RFID Lap time Detector  
Manufacturer : Zixsys Inc.  
Address : 4thFloor, Akari building 1-312, Kagoharaminami, Kumagaya-shi, Saitama,  
360-0847, Japan  
Model : ZRW-05-R/C  
FCC ID : WBGZRW-05-RC  
Classification : Certification  
Serial numbers : 0001  
Transmitting Frequency : 13.56 MHz (RFID)  
Type of Modulation : ASK  
Receipt date of EUT : July 7, 2008  
Nominal power source voltages : AC 120V 60Hz

### 1.2 Test(s) performed/ Summary of test result

Test specification(s) : FCC CFR 47. Part 15C  
Test method(s) : ANSI C63.4: 2003  
Test(s) started : July 7, 2008  
Test(s) completed : July 11, 2008  
Purpose of test(s) : Grant for Certification of FCC  
Test condition : Continuous transmission mode

Summary of test result : Complied

Note: The above judgment is only based on the measurement data and it does not include the measurement uncertainty. Accordingly, the statement below is applied to the test result.  
The EUT complies with the limit required in the standard in case that the margin is not less than the measurement uncertainty in the Laboratory.  
Compliance of the EUT is more probable than non-compliance is case that the margin is less than the measurement uncertainty in the Laboratory.

Test engineer : T. Hori  
T. Hori

Reviewer : T. Ikegami  
T. Ikegami

### 1.3 Test facility

The Federal Communications Commission has reviewed the technical characteristics of the test facilities at **RF Technologies Ltd.**, located in 472, Nippa-cho, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama, 223-0057, Japan, and has found these test facilities to be in compliance with the requirements of 47 CFR Part 15, section 2.948, per October 1, 2007. The description of the test facilities has been filed under registration number 879401 at the Office of the Federal Communications Commission. The facility has been added to the list of laboratories performing these test services for the public on a fee basis.

The list of all public test facilities is available on the Internet at <http://www.fcc.gov>.

Registered by Voluntary Control Council for Interference by Information Technology Equipment (VCCI)

Each registered facility number is as follows;

Test site (Semi Anechoic chamber 3m) R-2393

Test site (Shielded room) C-2617

Registered by Industry Canada (IC) Each registered facility number is as follows;

Test site No.1 (Semi Anechoic chamber 3m): 6974A

Accredited by **National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program** (NVLAP) for the emission tests stated in the scope of the certificate under Certificate Number 200780-0

This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.



NVLAP LAB CODE 200780-0

### 1.4 Measurement uncertainty

The treatment of uncertainty is based on the general matters on the definition of uncertainty in “Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM)” published by ISO. The Lab’s uncertainty is determined by referring UKAS Publication LAB34: 2002 “The Expression of Uncertainty in EMC Testing” and CISPR16-4-2: 2003 “Uncertainty in EMC Measurements”.

The uncertainty of the measurement result in the level of confidence of approximately 95% (k=2) is as follows;

Conducted emission:  $\pm 1.9$  dB (10 kHz – 150 kHz),  $\pm 1.9$  dB (150 kHz – 30 MHz)

Radiated emission (30MHz - 1000MHz):  $\pm 5.7$  dB

## 1.5 Summary of test results

Requirement of;	Section in FCC15	Result	Section in this report
1.5.1 Occupied bandwidth (20 dB and 99%)	-	-	2.1
1.5.2 Transmitter AC power line conducted emissions	15.207	Complied	2.2
1.5.3 Transmitter radiated emissions between 9kHz to 30 MHz	15.225(a),(b),(c) and (d)	Complied	2.3
1.5.4 Transmitter radiated emissions between 30MHz to 1000 MHz	15.225 (d)	Complied	2.4
1.5.5 Carrier frequency stability	15.225 (e)	Complied	2.5

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in three orthogonal EUT positions (X-Plane, Y- Plane and Z- Plane). The axis defined in the photographs in clause 3.1 in this report.

## 1.6 Setup of equipment under test (EUT)

### 1.6.1 Test configuration of EUT

#### Equipment(s) under test:

	Item	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID/ IC Certification No.
A	Lap Time Detector	Zixsys Inc.	ZRW-05-R/C	0001	

#### Support Equipment(s):

	Item	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID
B	Personal computer	DELL	GX-2604	2R9751X	-
C	Monitor	BENQ	FP510	ZPC1-053-0	-
D	Keyboard	DELL	SK-8110	None	-
E	Mouse	DELL	M-SAW34	LZC23120853	-

#### Connected cable(s):

No.	Item	Identification (Manu.e.t.c)	Shielded YES / NO	Ferrite Core YES / NO	Connector Type Shielded YES / NO	Length (m)
1	USB Cable	-	No	Yes	No	1.5
2	Monitor cable	BENQ	No	Yes	No	1.5
3	Keyboard cable	DELL	No	No	No	1.5
4	Mouse cable	DELL	No	No	No	1.5

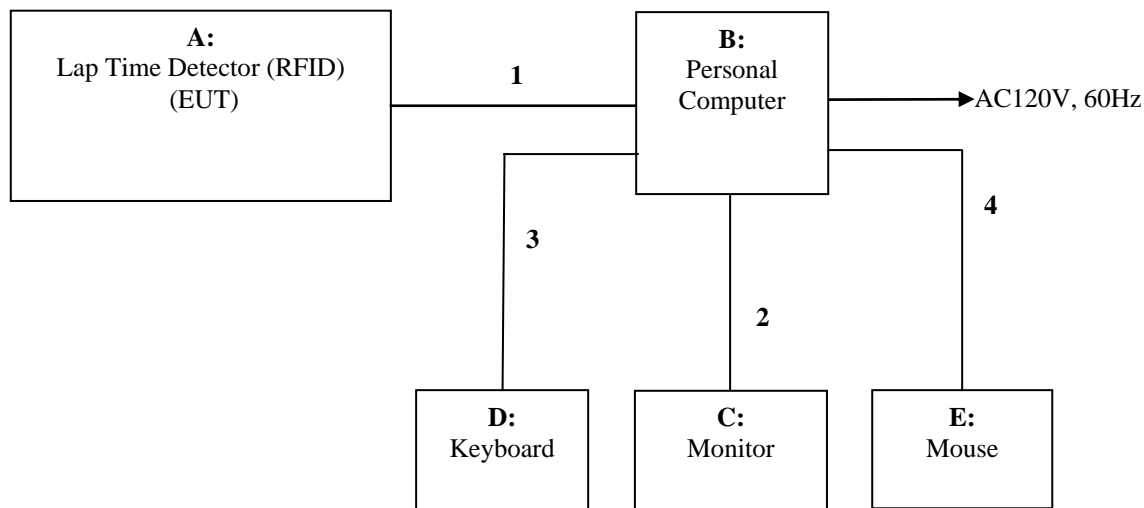
### 1.6.2 Operating condition:

#### Operating mode:

Continuous transmission mode

All tests were conducted with the test mode provided by the manufacturer.

## 1.6.3 Setup diagram of tested system:



## 1.7 Equipment modifications

No modifications have been made to the equipment in order to achieve compliance with the applicable standards described in clause 1.2.

## 1.8 Deviation from the standard

No deviations from the standards described in clause 1.2.

## 2 Test procedure and test data

### 2.1 Occupied bandwidth (20dB/ 99%)

#### Test setup

Test setup was implemented according to the method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 13.1.7 “Occupied bandwidth measurements” and Annex H.6 “Occupied bandwidth measurements”.

#### Test procedure

Measurement procedures were implemented according to the method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 13.1.7 “Occupied bandwidth measurements” and Annex H.6 “Occupied bandwidth measurements”.

The spectrum analyzer RBW was set as follows and VBW the video bandwidth shall be set to a value at least three times greater than the RBW.

The marker-to-peak function and the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyzer were used to measure to measure the emission 20dB below the peak level.

Fundamental frequency being measured	Minimum instrument bandwidth
9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz

#### Limitation

There are no limitations. The measurement value is used to calculation of the limitation of the channel separation and the emission designator.

#### Test equipment used (refer to List of utilized test equipment)

TR04	SA04
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#### Test results – Reporting purpose.

Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)
13.56	3.18	2.28

## Test Data

Tested Date: July 7, 2008

Temperature: 23 °C

Humidity: 45 %

Atmos. Press: 1012 hPa

Tested Date: July 8, 2008

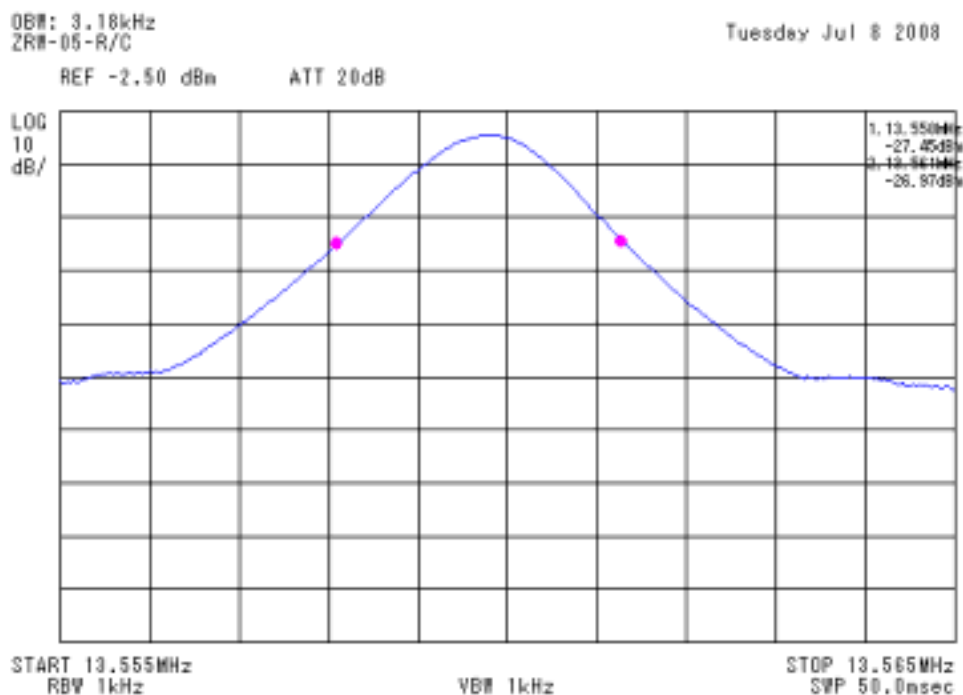
Temperature: 24 °C

Humidity: 45 %

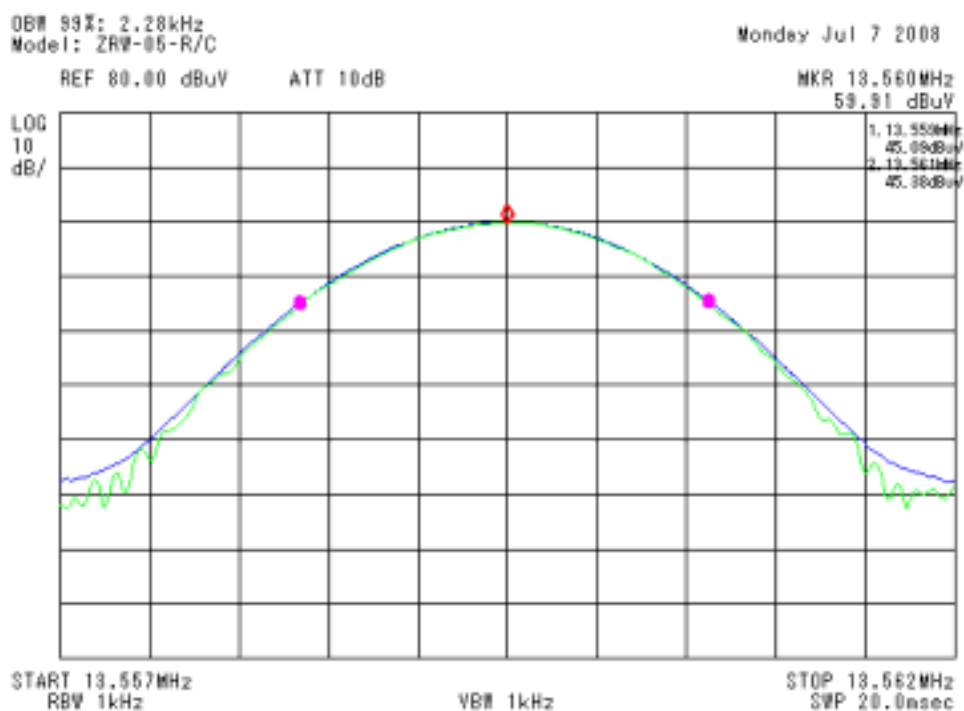
Atmos. Press: 1010 hPa

Operating mode: Continuous transmission with modulation

(1) 20 dB Bandwidth



(2) 99 % Bandwidth



## 2.2 Transmitter AC power line conducted emissions

### Test setup

Test setup was implemented according to the method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 clause 6 “General requirements for EUT equipment arrangements and operation” and Annex H.1 “AC power line conducted emission measurements setup”.

### Test procedure

Measurement procedures were implemented according to the method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 clauses 7, clause 13.1.3 and Annex H.2 “AC power line conducted emission measurements”.

Exploratory measurements were used the spectrum analyzer to identify the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable positions, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement.

Final ac power line conducted emission measurements were performed based on the exploratory tests.

The EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit are selected for the final measurement.

When the measurement value is greater than average limitation the average detection measurements were performed.

### Applicable rule and limitation

§15.207 (a) AC power line conducted limits

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

The lower limit applies at the band edges.

### Test equipment used (refer to List of utilized test equipment)

TR04	PL06	LN06	CL11
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**Test results - Complied with requirement.**

## Test Data

Tested Date: July 10, 2008

Temperature: 24 °C  
Humidity: 60 %  
Atmos. Press: 1008 hPa

## Operating Mode: Continuous Transmission (Worst case configuration)

No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading		C.F. [dB]	Result		Limit		Margin		PHASE
		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	
1	0.1517	52.7	40.3	0.3	53.0	40.6	65.9	55.9	12.9	15.3	Va
2	0.1517	52.5	40.3	0.3	52.8	40.6	65.9	55.9	13.1	15.3	Vb
3	0.1653	50.7	36.0	0.3	51.0	36.3	65.2	55.2	14.2	18.9	Vb
4	0.1721	50.2	41.8	0.3	50.5	42.1	64.9	54.9	14.4	12.8	Va
5	7.3180	36.5	27.9	0.5	37.0	28.4	60.0	50.0	23.0	21.6	Vb
6	7.4620	30.6	20.0	0.5	31.1	20.5	60.0	50.0	28.9	29.5	Va
7	27.1200	36.9	31.1	1.2	38.1	32.3	60.0	50.0	21.9	17.7	Vb
8	27.1200	34.6	31.4	1.2	35.8	32.6	60.0	50.0	24.2	17.4	Va
9	<b>13.5597</b>	<b>46.4</b>	<b>46.4</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>47.2</b>	<b>47.2</b>	<b>60.0</b>	<b>50.0</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>Va</b>
10	13.5597	46.1	46.1	0.8	46.9	46.9	60.0	50.0	13.1	3.1	Vb

The power line conducted emission voltage is calculated by adding the LISN factor and Cable loss attenuation from the measured reading. The calculation is as follows:

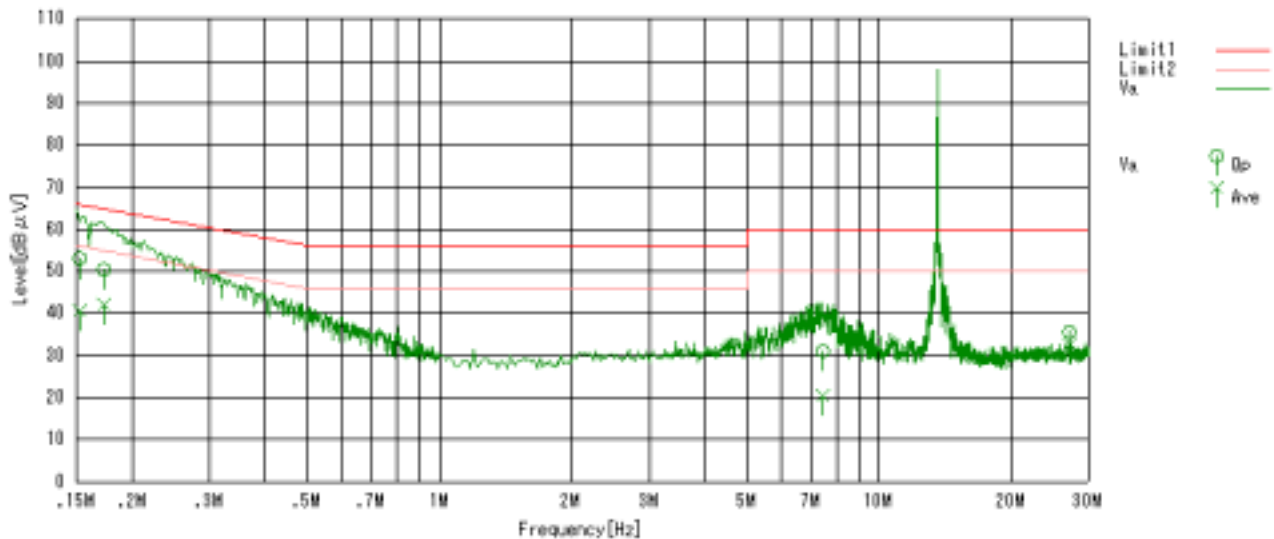
Result = Reading + C. F  
where C.F = LISN Factor + Cable Loss [dB]

Sample calculation at 13.5597 MHz Ave. result as follow:

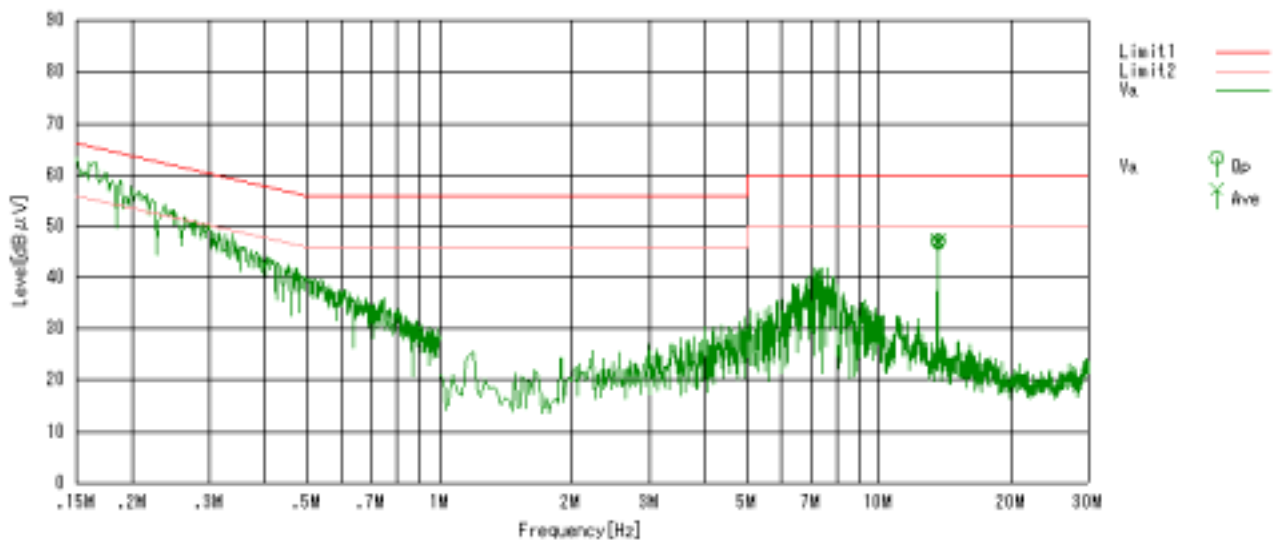
Result (dBuV) = Reading + C.F = 46.4 + 0.8 = 47.2 (dBuV)  
Margin = Limit – Result = 50.0 – 47.2 = 2.8 (dBuV)

## Graphical express of test result (0.15 MHz-30MHz)

### AC Power line conducted emission. (Phase Va)



Antenna: 50 ohm Terminated



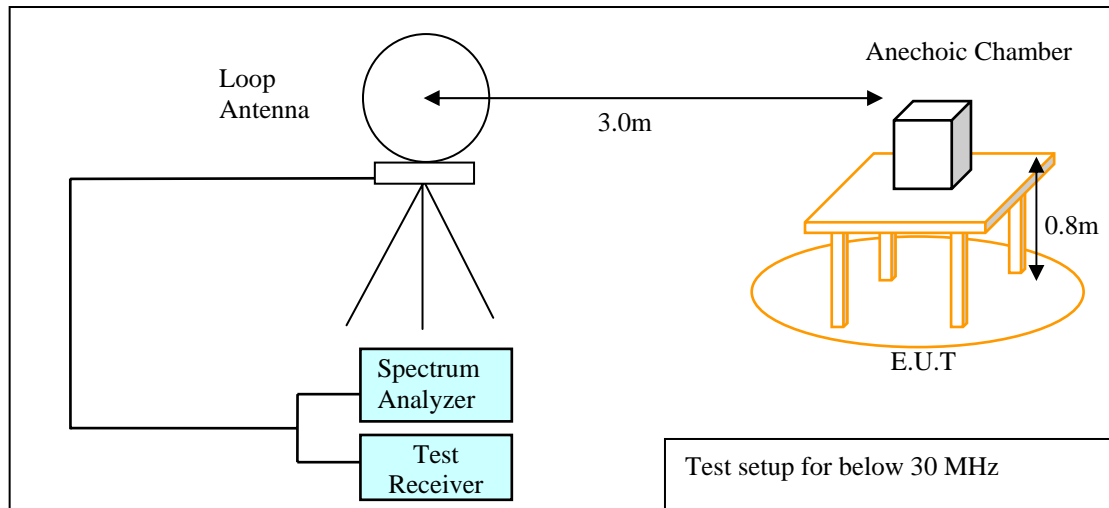
The plot displays the frequency spectrum of a signal. The y-axis represents Level in dB  $\mu$ V, ranging from 0 to 110. The x-axis represents Frequency in Hz, ranging from 0.15M to 30M. The blue line shows the measured signal, which has a significant peak around 15M Hz. The red lines represent the Limit1 and Limit2 thresholds. Hand-drawn red annotations include circles and crosses marking specific frequency points.

The plot displays the spectral characteristics of a signal. The y-axis represents the level in dB  $\mu$ V, ranging from 0 to 90. The x-axis represents the frequency in Hz, ranging from 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz. The blue line shows the measured signal, which starts at approximately 60 dB  $\mu$ V at 0.15 MHz and decreases to about 20 dB  $\mu$ V at 1 MHz. It then rises to a peak of about 40 dB  $\mu$ V at 15 MHz before decreasing again. The red lines represent the limits: Limit1 (upper) and Limit2 (lower). The blue line for Vb is also shown. A red circle marks a peak at approximately 15 MHz.

## 2.3 Transmitter radiated spurious emissions between 9kHz to 30MHz

### Test setup

Test setup was implemented according to the method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 clause 6 “General requirements for EUT equipment arrangements and operation”, clause 8.2 and Annex H.3 “Radiated emission measurements setup”.



### Test procedure

Measurement procedures were implemented according to the method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 clauses 8.2.

The EUT is placed on a non-conducted table which is 0.8m height from a ground plane and the measurement antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The turn table is rotated for 360 degrees to determine the maximum emission level.

In the frequency range of 9 kHz to 30 MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was positioned with its plane vertical at the distance 3m from the EUT with an extrapolation of corrected distance factor and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. For certain applications, the loop antenna also needs to be positioned horizontally. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground.

EUT is placed at three different orientations (X, Y and Z axis) in order to find the worst orientation.

The spectrum analyzer and receiver is set to the followings;

Below 30 MHz: RBW=10 kHz, VBW= 30 kHz, final measurement is carried out receiver RBW=9 kHz QP

## Applicable rule and limitation

### §15.205 restricted bands of operation

Except as shown in paragraph 15.205 (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.490 - 0.510	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(1)

15.205(b) except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

### §15.209 general requirements

Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30

In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

The level of any unwanted emissions from an intentional radiator operating under these general provisions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz.

Radiated emission limits in the above bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

### §15.225 Operation within the band 13.110 – 14.010 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength @30m (uV/m)	Field strength @30m (dBuV/m)	Field strength @3m (dBuV/m)
13.110 - 13.410	106	40.5	80.5
13.410 - 13.553	334	50.5	90.5
13.553 - 13.567	15,848	84.0	124.0
13.567 - 13.710	334	50.5	90.5
13.710 - 14.010	106	40.5	80.5

$\text{dBuV/m} = 20 \times \log (\text{uV/m})$ , Corrected distance factor = 40dB / decade (15.31(f))

The field strength of any emissions appearing outside of the 13.110-14.010 MHz band shall not exceed the above radiated emission limits in § 15.209.

## Test equipment used (refer to List of utilized test equipment)

AC01	LP01	CL11	TR04
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**Test results** - Complied with requirement.

## Test Data

Tested Date: July 7, 2008

Temperature: 23 °C  
Humidity: 45 %  
Atmos. Press: 1012 hPa

## Operating Mode: Continuous Transmission (Worst case configuration)

Maximum configuration: EUT – Z-Plane

### §15.225(a)/ (b)/ (c) Fundamental emission

Freq. (MHz)	Reading at 3m (dBuV)	Detector (QP/Ave)	Corr. Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit at 3m (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
13.55972	81.5	QP	11.0	92.5	124.0	31.5

Correction Factor (dB) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)

### §15.225(d) Harmonics and spurious emission between 9kHz to 30MHz(refer 15.209 and 15.205)

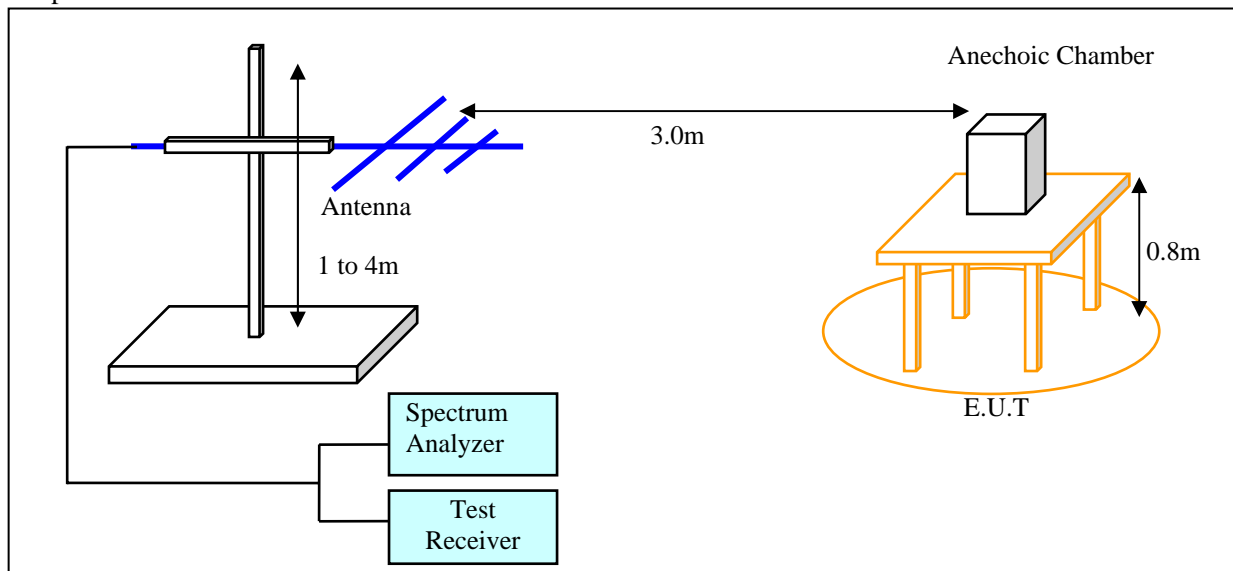
Freq. (MHz)	Reading at 3m (dBuV)	Detector (QP/Ave)	Corr. Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit at 3m (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
27.12	31.3	QP	9.6	40.9	69.5	28.0

Correction Factor (dB) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)

## 2.4 Transmitter radiated spurious emissions between 30MHz to 1000MHz

### Test setup

Test setup was implemented according to the method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 clause 6 “General requirements for EUT equipment arrangements and operation”, clause 8.2.3 and Annex H.4 “Radiated emission measurements setup”.



### Test procedure

Measurement procedures were implemented according to the method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 clauses 8.2.3.

Exploratory radiated measurements were performed at the measurement distance of 3 meters using broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer. The EUT was set up in its typical configuration and arrangement, and operated in its various modes.

For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum were monitored. Variations in antenna height between 1 and 4 m, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement (each variable within bounds specified elsewhere) were explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

Based on the exploratory measurement results, the one EUT, cable and wire arrangement, and mode of operation that produces the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement. This investigation was performed with the EUT rotated 360°, the antenna height scanned between 1m and 4m, and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurements for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations. EUT was placed at three different orientations (X, Y and Z axis) in order to find the worst orientation.

### Applicable rule and limitation

#### §15.209 general requirements

Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Distance (m)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Field Strength (dBuV/m)
30 – 88	3	100	40.0
88 – 216	3	150	43.5
216 – 960	3	200	46.0
Above 960	3	500	54.0

In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

The level of any unwanted emissions from an intentional radiator operating under these general provisions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector.

## Test equipment used (refer to List of utilized test equipment)

AC01	BA03	CL11	PR03	TR04
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Test results - Complied with requirement.

## Test Data

Tested Date: July 7, 2008

Temperature: 23 °C  
Humidity: 45 %  
Atmos. Press: 1012 hPa

## Operating Mode: Continuous Transmission (Worst case configuration)

Maximum configuration: EUT – Y-Plane

§15.225(d) Harmonics and spurious emission between 30MHz to 1000MHz(refer 15.209)

No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	Factor [dB/m]	Loss [dB]	Gain [dB]	Result [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Antenna Polarization
1	40.680	50.5	13.0	4.4	29.8	38.1	40.0	1.9	Vert.
2	230.531	48.1	11.1	6.7	29.6	36.3	46.0	9.7	Hori.
3	311.868	44.5	13.6	7.6	29.7	36.0	46.0	10.0	Vert.
4	331.006	42.6	14.2	7.9	29.8	34.9	46.0	11.1	Vert.
5	338.656	45.9	14.4	8.1	29.8	38.6	46.0	7.4	Hori.
6	338.657	44.9	14.4	8.1	29.8	37.6	46.0	8.4	Vert.
7	406.388	40.2	16.2	9.2	29.9	35.7	46.0	10.3	Hori.

## Calculation method

The Correction Factors and RESULT are calculated as followings.

$$\text{Correction Factor (dB)} = \text{FACTOR (dB/m)} + \text{LOSS (dB)} - \text{GAIN (dB)}$$

$$\text{RESULT (dBuV/m)} = \text{READING (dBuV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)}$$

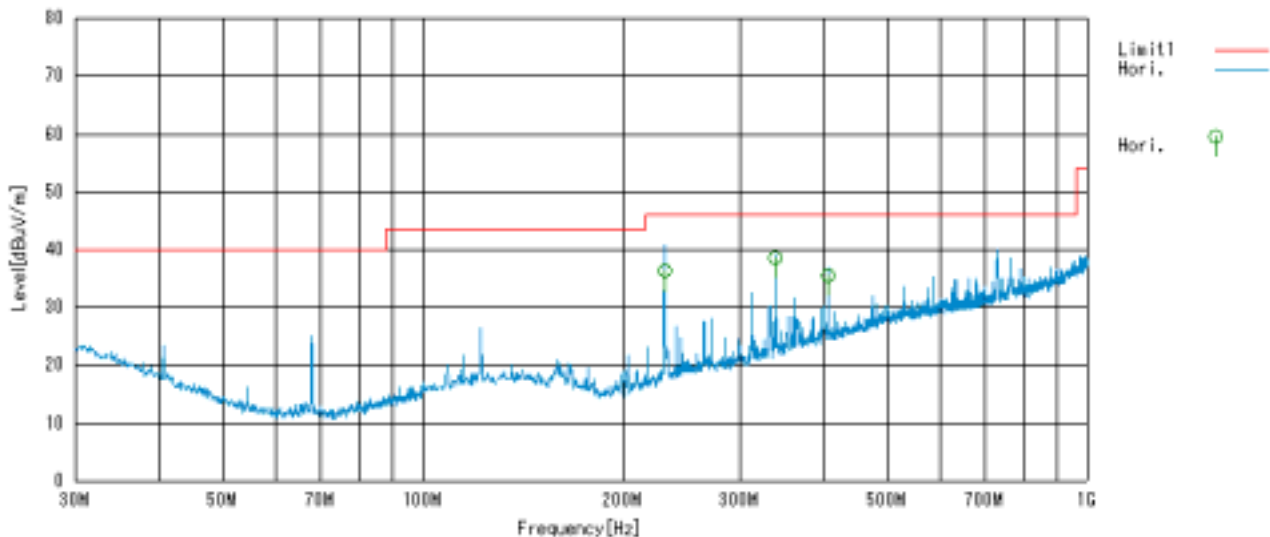
Sample calculation at 40.680 MHz Vertical result as follow:

$$\text{Result (dBuV/m)} = \text{Reading} + \text{C.F} = 50.5 + 13.0 + 4.4 - 29.8 = 38.1$$

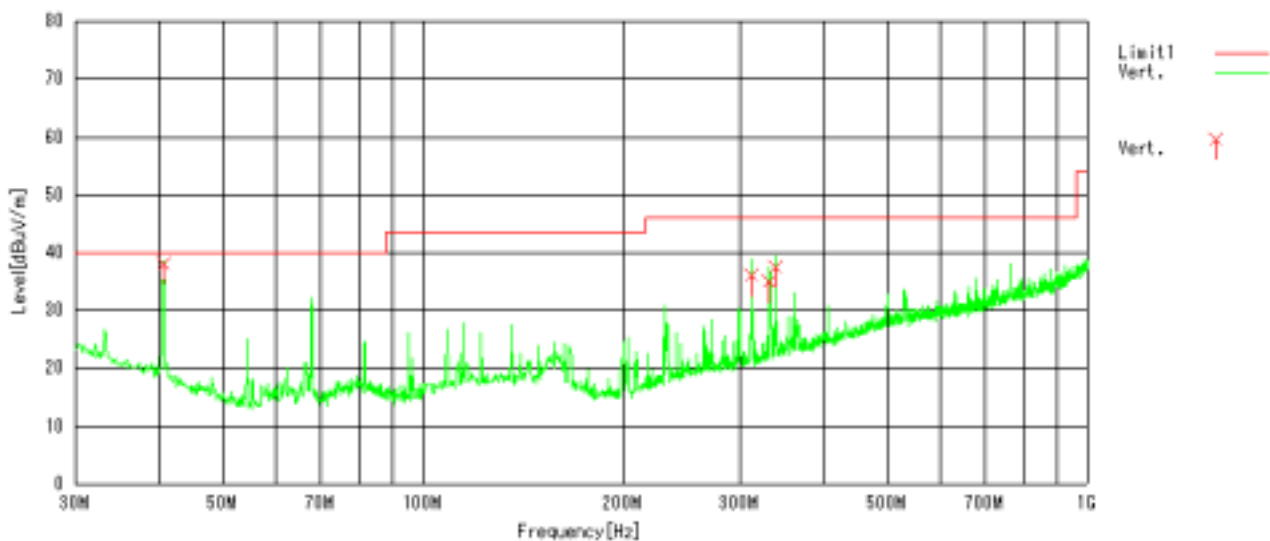
$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} = 40.0 - 38.1 = 1.9 \text{ (dBuV/m)}$$

## Graphical express of test result (30MHz-1000MHz)

Antenna polarization: Horizontal Maximum configuration: EUT – Y-Plane



Antenna polarization: Vertical Maximum configuration: EUT – Y-Plane



## 2.5 Frequency stability

### Test setup

Test setup was implemented according to the method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 clauses 13.1.6.1 "Frequency stability measurements", and Annex H.5 "Frequency measurements".

### Test procedure

Measurement procedures were implemented according to the test method of ANSI C63.4: 2003 Annex H5.

Place the de-energized EUT in the temperature test chamber. Supply the EUT with nominal ac voltage, or install a new or fully charged battery in the EUT. An antenna was connected to the antenna output connector of the EUT if possible.

The frequency counter was connected to the measurement antenna with a suitable length of coaxial cable.

The environmental chamber set to the highest temperature specified in applicable regulation.

Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 minutes) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize.

Turn the EUT on and measure the EUT operating frequency at startup, and two, five, and ten minutes after startup.

The measurements were performed that the temperature chamber set to reduce the lowest temperature specified in applicable regulation.

### Applicable rule and limitation

§15.225(e) Frequency tolerance

Test items	Variation ranges	Limit
Temperature variations	-10 to +60 degrees	+/- 0.01%

### Test equipment used (refer to List of utilized test equipment)

LP51	TC01	SA06	
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**Test results -** Complied with requirement.

### Test Data

Tested Date: July 9, 2008

Temperature: 24 °C  
Humidity: 60 %  
Atmos. Press: 1008 hPa

### Operating Mode: Continuous Transmission

Temp. (Degrees)	Voltages (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)				Worst Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
		Start-up	2 min.	5 min.	10 min.		
Ambient Temperatures Variation							
60	AC 120V	13.559804	13.559828	13.559848	13.559846	0.0015	+/- 0.01
20	AC 132V	13.559688	13.559688	13.559688	13.559692	0.0023	+/- 0.01
	AC 120V	13.559688	13.559688	13.559688	13.559692	0.0023	+/- 0.01
	AC 108V	13.559688	13.559688	13.559688	13.559692	0.0023	+/- 0.01
0	AC 120V	13.559664	13.559664	13.559664	13.559672	0.0025	+/- 0.01
-10	AC 120V	13.559548	13.559552	13.559558	13.559564	0.0033	+/- 0.01

## 3 Test setup photographs

### 3.1 Definition of the EUT axis

The following configuration is defined as X-Plane



The following configuration is defined as Y-Plane



**The following configuration is defined as Z-Plane**



### 3.2 Radiated spurious emissions

#### Below 30 MHz (Worst case configuration)



#### Between 30 -1000 MHz (Worst case configuration)



### 3.3 AC power line conducted emissions

Front View



Side View



#### 4 List of utilized test equipment/ calibration

RFT ID No.	Kind of Equipment and Precision	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibrated until
AC01	Anechoic Chamber (1st test room)	JSE	203397C	-	2008/5/24	2009/5/23
BA03	Biological Antenna	CHASE	CBL6111	1309	2008/5/7	2009/5/6
CL11	Antenna Cable	RFT	-	-	2008/6/11	2009/6/10
LN06	LISN	Kyoritsu	KNW-407	8-1773-3	2008/5/12	2009/5/11
LP01	Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	3436	2008/6/10	2009/6/9
PL06	Pulse Limiter	PMM	PL-01	0000J10109	2008/1/17	2009/1/15
TR04	Test Receiver (F/W : 3.82 SP1)	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100447	2007/9/19	2008/9/17
SA06	Spectrum Analyzer (F/W: 3.60 SP1)	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	100071	2007/10/25	2008/10/23
TC01	Temperature Chamber	Espec	SH-641	9200964	2008/5/7	2009/5/6
SA04	Spectrum Analyzer	Anritsu	MS2668C	MT10992	2008/5/17	2009/5/16
PR03	Pre. Amplifier	Anritsu	MH648A	M41984	2008/5/12	2009/5/11

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.