

## **BLE**

# **Bluetooth Low Energy Modules**

## **SBC2112-B**



## **Preliminary Specification**

Version 1.0

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## 1. Description

SBC2112-B audio transmitter/Receiver is power by CSR CSR1010 technology. That provides a complete 2.4GHz Bluetooth technology for stereo music transmission. The SBC2112-B module is compliant with Bluetooth specification,4.0 LE and support Heart rate, Glucose meter, Blood Pressure, Thermometer, Proximity tag, Phone alert, status and notification profile. It is the 7.5dBm module with build in antenna. Reduce the effort on the RF section when the engineer designs it into the system. Smart Design also customize the software to meet the requirement from customer.

## 2. Features

CSR BlueCore1010 Chip.

Bluetooth 4.0 LE Compliant.

Bluetooth 7.5dBm RF output power. 10~50 meters transmission distance.

5 GPIO

3 AIO

10 bit ADC

UART digital interface.

Fully configurable with simple AT style commands over UART and Bluetooth connections.

Build in high performance chip antenna.

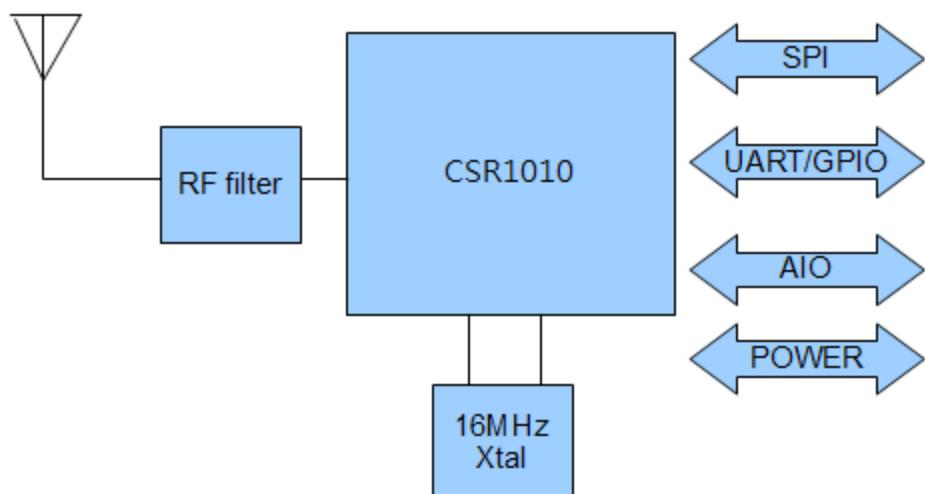
Dimension: 21.0 X 12.7 X 3.0mm.

LGA(Land Grid Array) pads reliable PCB mounting.

Support Dual Mode: Master and Slave mode

CE, FCC Certified

## 3. Block Diagram



**SBC2112-B Module Block Diagram**

## 4. Radio Characteristics

	Frequency (GHz)	MIN	TYP	MAX	BT Spec	Unit
Sensitivity at 0.1%BER	2.402	≤-92	-85	-	<= -70	dBm
	2.441	≤-92	-85	-		dBm
	2.480	≤-92	-85	-		dBm
RF Transmit Power	2.402	0	3	7.5	<= 4	dBm
	2.441	0	3	7.5		dBm
	2.480	0	3	7.5		dBm

## 5. Electrical Characteristics

### Power Consumption

Mode	Description	Total Typical Current at 3V
Dormant	All functions are shutdown. To wake up toggle the WAKE pin.	<600nA
Hibernate	VDD_PADS = ON, REFCLK = OFF, SLEEPCLK = ON, VDD_BAT = ON	<1.5µA
Deep sleep	VDD_PADS = ON, REFCLK = OFF, SLEEPCLK = ON, VDD_BAT = ON, RAM = ON, digital circuits = ON, SMPS = ON (low-power mode), 1ms wake-up time	<5µA
Idle	VDD_PADS = ON, REFCLK = ON, SLEEPCLK = ON, VDD_BAT = ON, RAM = ON, digital circuits = ON, MCU = IDLE, <1µs wake-up time	~1mA
RX / TX active	-	~16mA @ 3V peak current

### Voltage Input

	MIN	Typ.	MAX	Unit
Supply Voltage	3.1	3.3	3.5	V

### Operating Conditions

Voltage Range	3.3V±0.2V
Operating Temperature Range	-40C ~ 85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C ~ 85°C
Relative Humidity (Operating)	<=90%
Relative Humidity (Storage)	<=90%

## AIO

Input Voltage Levels	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input voltage	0	-	1.3	V

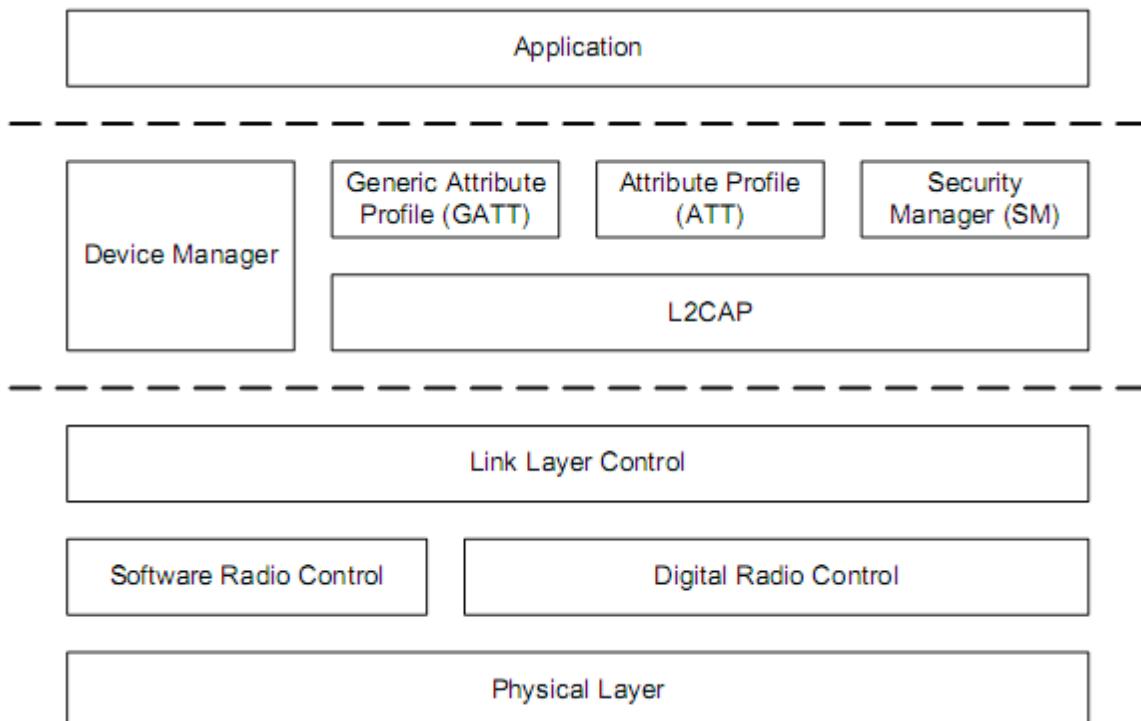
## Digital Terminals

Input Voltage Levels	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{IL}$ input logic level low	-0.4	-	0.4	V
$V_{IH}$ input logic level high	$0.7 \times VDD$	-	$VDD + 0.4$	V
$T_r/T_f$	-	-	25	ns

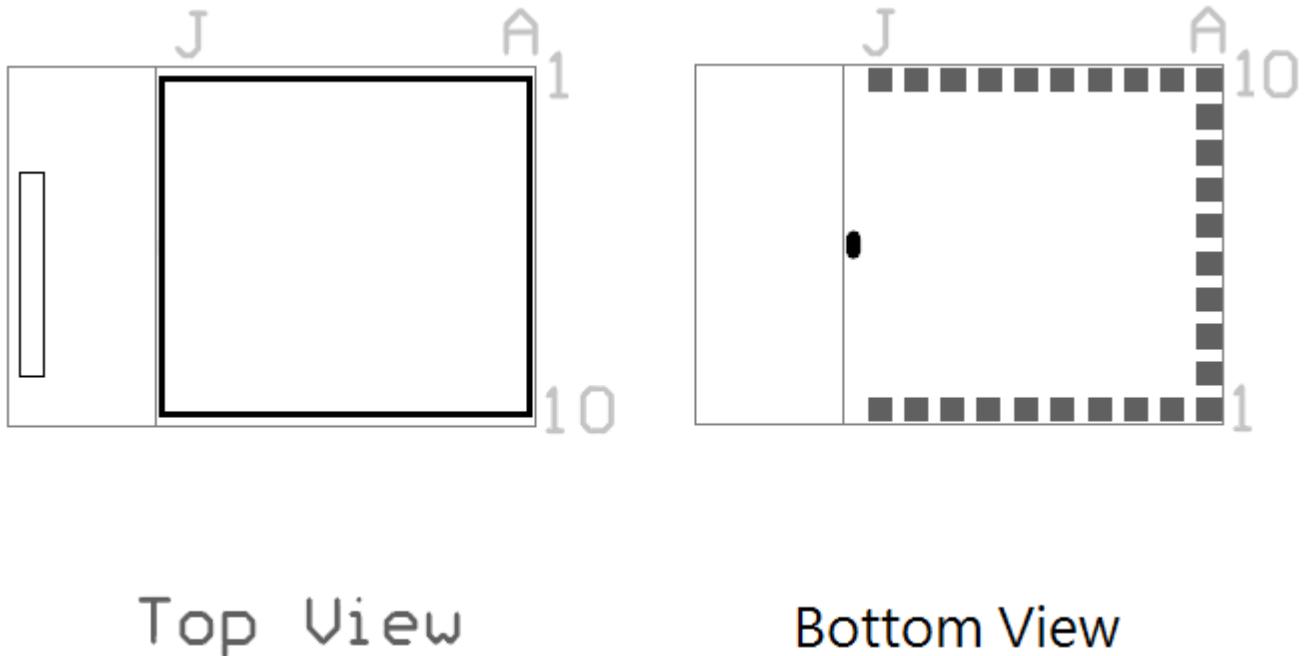
Output Voltage Levels	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{OL}$ output logic level low, $I_{OL} = 4.0\text{mA}$	-	-	0.4	V
$V_{OH}$ output logic level high, $I_{OH} = -4.0\text{mA}$	$0.75 \times VDD$	-	-	V
$T_r/T_f$	-	-	5	ns

Input and Tristate Currents	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
With strong pull-up	-150	-40	-10	$\mu\text{A}$
PC with strong pull-up	-250	-	-	$\mu\text{A}$
With strong pull-down	10	40	150	$\mu\text{A}$
With weak pull-up	-5.0	-1.0	-0.33	$\mu\text{A}$
With weak pull-down	0.33	1.0	5.0	$\mu\text{A}$
$C_i$ input capacitance	1.0	-	5.0	$\text{pF}$

## 6. Software Diagram



## 7. Pin Definition



Top View

Bottom View

<b>PIN</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Note</b>
A1	VDD_PADS	PWR	Voltage level for GPIO. Input VDD to set the voltage level of GPIO
A2	SPI_PIO_SEL	I	Selects SPI debug on PIO[8:5].
A3	GPIO11	I/O	Programmable I/O line. (reserved to wake up deep sleep)
A4	GPIO10	I/O	Programmable I/O line.
A5	GPIO9	I/O	Programmable I/O line.
A6	GPIO8	I/O	Programmable I/O line or debug SPI MISO selected by SPI_PIO#. Same voltage level as VDD_PADS.
A7	GPIO7	I/O	Programmable I/O line or debug SPI MOSI selected by SPI_PIO#. Same voltage level as VDD_PADS.
A8	GPIO6	I/O	Programmable I/O line or debug SPI chip select (CS#) selected by SPI_PIO#. Same voltage level as VDD_PADS.
A9	GPIO5	I/O	Programmable I/O line or debug SPI CLK selected by SPI_PIO#. Same voltage level as VDD_PADS.
A10	GND	PWR	Ground
B1	GND	PWR	Ground
C1	GND	PWR	Ground
D1	GND	PWR	Ground
E1	GND	PWR	Ground
F1	GND	PWR	Ground
G1	GND	PWR	Ground
H1	GND	PWR	Ground
I1	GND	PWR	Ground
J1	VBAT	PWR	Main Power input 1.8V – 3.6V
B10	GPIO1/UART RX	I/O	Programmable I/O line or UART RX.
C10	GPIO0/UART TX	I/O	Programmable I/O line or UART TX.
D10	AIO0	I/O	Analogue programmable I/O line 0..
E10	AIO1	I/O	Analogue programmable I/O line 1.
F10	AIO2	I/O	Analogue programmable I/O line 2.
G10	GND	PWR	Ground
H10	GND	PWR	Ground
I10	GND	PWR	Ground
J10	RF	RF	Bluetooth transmitter / receiver.

### **VBAT**

Supply main voltage at this pin with 1.8V~3.6 V.

### **GND**

Connect GND pins to the ground plane of the PCB.

### **VDD\_PADS**

Supply voltage at this pin to set the GPIO voltage level. The input voltage is from 1.8V to 3.6V

### **PIO0,1, 5 -11**

Programmable digital I/O lines. All PIO lines can be configured through software to have either weak or strong pull-ups or pull-downs. Configuration for each PIO line depends on the application. Please check Default configuration in Standard Setup Information.

### **AIO0,1,2**

AIO can be used to monitor analogue voltages such as a temperature sensor etc.

### **UART\_RX**

A CMOS input with a weak internal pull-down. RXD is used to implement UART data transfer from another device to MB-C05. The UART interface requires an external RS232 transceiver chip.

### **UART\_TX**

A CMOS output with a weak internal pull-up. TXD is used to implement UART data transfer from MB-C05 to another device. The UART interface requires external RS232 transceiver chip.

### **SPI\_CSB**

A CMOS input with a weak internal pull-down for debug mode.

### **SPI\_CLK**

A CMOS input for the SPI clock signal for debug mode.

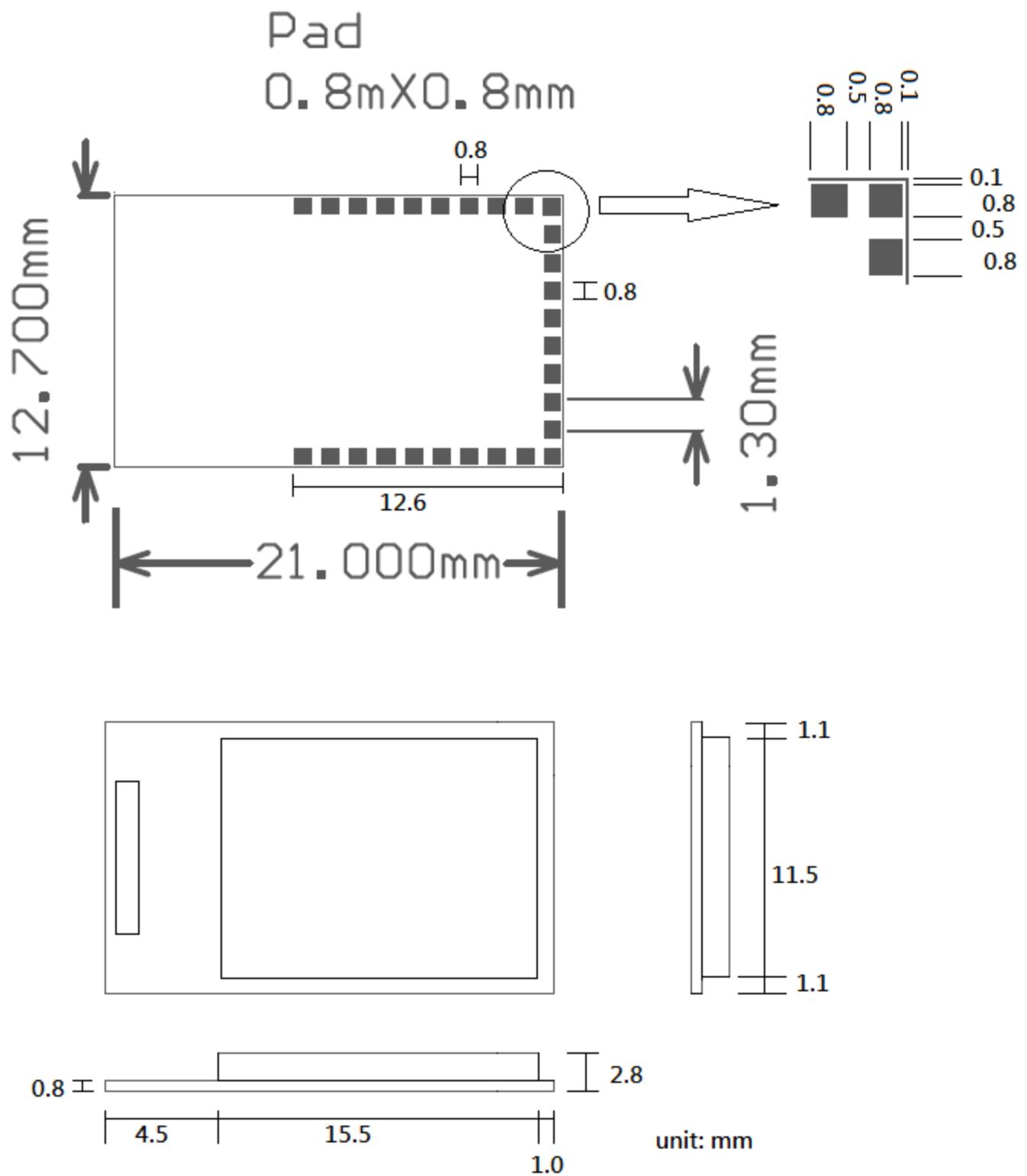
### **SPI\_MISO**

An SPI data output for debug mode.

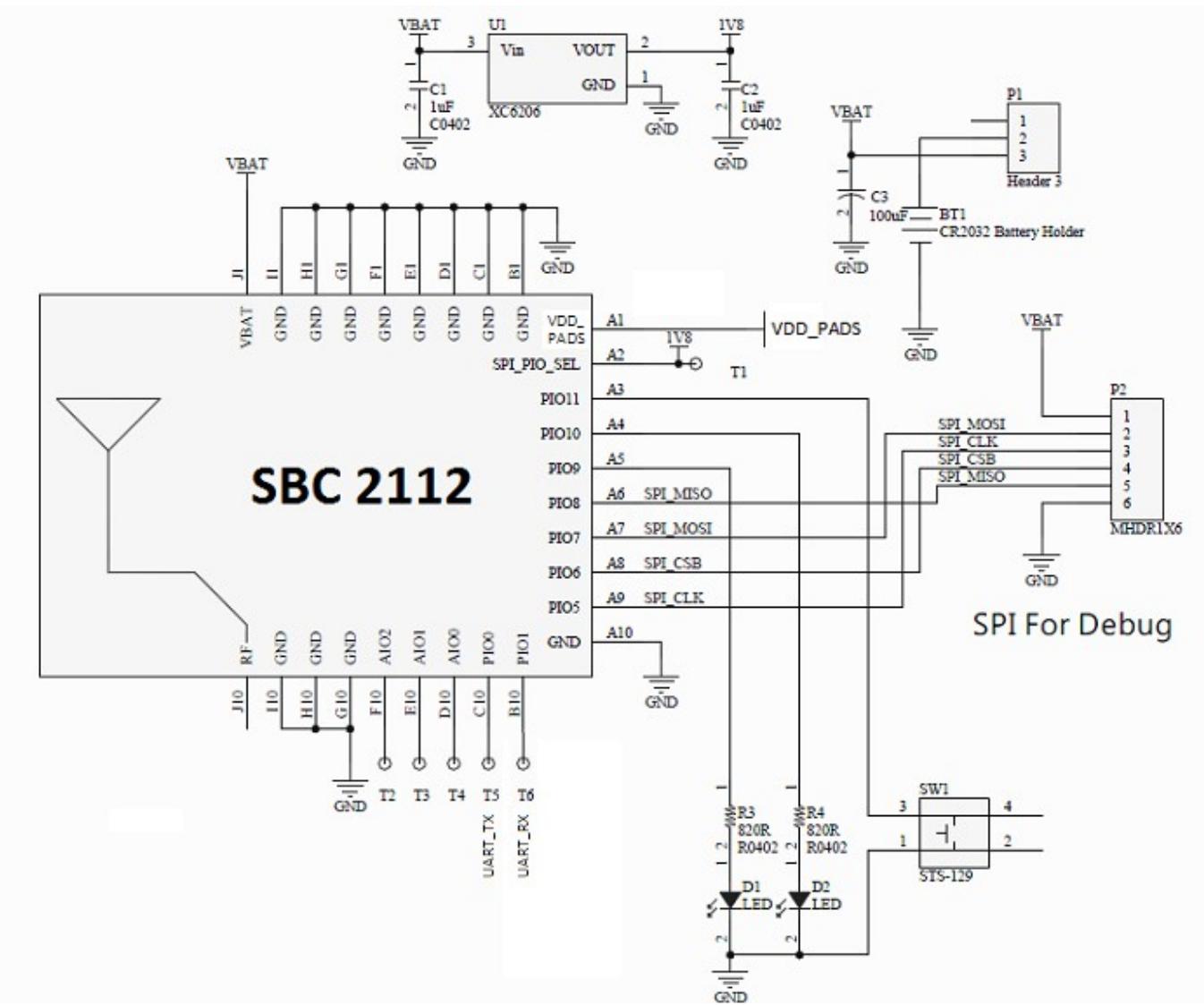
### **SPI\_MOSI**

An SPI data input for debug mode.

## 8. Mechanical Specification



## 9. Reference Schematics



## 10. UART Interface

The SBC2112-B UART interface provides a simple mechanism for communicating with other serial devices using the RS232 protocol. 2 signals implement the UART function, **UART\_RX** and **UART\_TX**. When SBC2112-B is connected to another digital device, **UART\_RX** and **UART\_TX** transfer data between the 2 devices. UART configuration parameters, e.g. baud rate and data format, are set using SBC2112-B firmware. When selected in firmware **PIO[0]** is assigned to a **UART\_RX** output and **PIO[1]** is assigned to a **UART\_TX** input. The UART CTS and RTS signals can be assigned to any PIO pin by the on-chip firmware.

Note:

To communicate with the UART at its maximum data rate using a standard PC, the PC requires an

accelerated serial port adapter card.

Parameter		Possible Values
Baud rate	Minimum	1200 baud ( $\leq 2\%$ Error)
		9600 baud ( $\leq 1\%$ Error)
	Maximum	2Mbaud ( $\leq 1\%$ Error)
Flow control		CTS / RTS
Parity		None, Odd or Even
Number of stop bits		1 or 2
Bits per byte		8

### UART Configuration While in Deep Sleep

The maximum baud rate is 9600 baud during deep sleep.

## 11. Serial Peripheral Interface

The SBC2112-B debug SPI interface is available in SPI slave mode to enable an external MCU to program and control the SBC2112-B, generally via libraries or tools supplied by CSR. The protocol of this interface is proprietary. The 4 SPI debug lines directly support this function.

The SPI programs, configures and debugs the SBC2112-B. It is required in production. Ensure the 4 SPI signals are brought out to either test points or a header. Take SPI\_PIO#\_SEL high to enable the SPI debug feature on PIO[8:5]. SBC2112-B uses a 16-bit data and 16-bit address programming and debug interface. Transactions occur when the internal processor is running or is stopped.

## 12. Programmable I/O Ports, PIO and AIO

9 lines of programmable bidirectional I/O are provided. PIO lines are software-configurable as weak pull-up, weak pull-down, strong pull-up or strong pull-down.

### Note:

At reset all PIO lines are inputs with weak pull-downs.

Any of the PIO lines can be configured as interrupt request lines or as wake-up lines from sleep modes.

### The SBC2112-B supports alternative functions on the PIO lines:

- SPI interface, s
- UART,
- LED flasher / PWM module

### Note:

CSR cannot guarantee that the PIO assignments remain as described. Implementation of the PIO lines is firmware build-specific, for more information see the relevant software release note. SBC2112-B has 3 general-purpose analogue interface pins, AIO[2:0].

## 13. LED Flasher / PWM Module

SBC2112-B contains a LED flasher / PWM module that works in sleep modes. These functions are controlled by the on-chip firmware.

## 14. Key Bluetooth Profiles

- Heart rate (Supported)
- Glucose meter (Supported)
- Blood Pressure (default)
- Thermometer (Supported)

## 15. Firmware

### 1. BLE-AT firmware

Please check with BLE-AT commands manual.

## 16. Default setting Information

		Parameter
1	<b>Baud Rate</b>	<b>115200</b>
2	<b>Pin Code Prompt</b>	
3	<b>Local Name</b>	
4	<b>Master/Slave</b>	

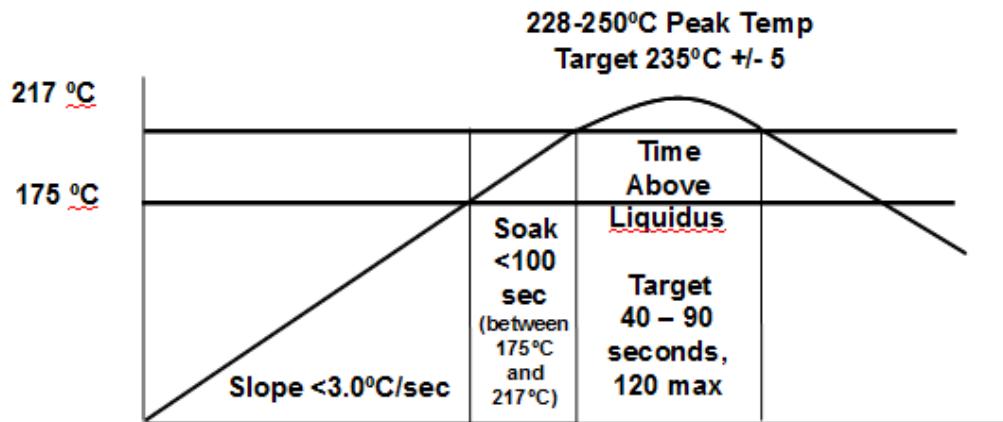
## 17. Reflow information

Reflow Profile Graphic, assuming:

Kester R905 Sn/4Ag/0.5Cu solder paste.

All solder ball alloys melt at 217°C.

Component joints do not exceed temperatures as per J-STD-02



## **Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement**

### **15.21**

**You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the part responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.**

### **15.105(b)**

**This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:**

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.**
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.**
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.**
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.**

**This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:**

- 1) this device may not cause harmful interference and**
- 2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.**

### **FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:**

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. End users must follow the specific operating instructions for satisfying RF exposure compliance. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

### **USERS MANUAL OF THE END PRODUCT:**

The end user has to be informed that the FCC radio-frequency exposure guidelines for an uncontrolled environment can be satisfied. The end user has to also be informed that any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate this equipment. If the size of the end product is smaller than 8x10cm, then additional FCC part 15.19 statement is required to be

available in the users manual: This device complies with Part 15 of FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**LABEL OF THE END PRODUCT:**

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following " Contains TX FCC ID: W94-SBC2112B ". If the size of the end product is larger than 8x10cm, then the following FCC part 15.19 statement has to also be available on the label: This device complies with Part 15 of FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.