

Test Report No. S08ICM00020/EMC/01A

dated 13 Mar 2009

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FORMAL REPORT ON TESTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH FCC Parts 15B & C : 2008 OF A BLUETOOTH HEADSET WITH FM TRANSMITTER [Model : BLAST1.0] [FCC ID : W7YBLAST1-07]

TEST FACILITY

TÜV SÜD PSB Pte Ltd,
Electrical & Electronics Centre (EEC), Product Services,
1 Science Park Drive, Singapore 118221

FCC REG. NO.

90937 (3m & 10m OATS)
99142 (10m Semi-Anechoic Chamber)
871638 (3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber)
325572 (10m Semi-Anechoic Chamber)

IND. CANADA REG. NO.

2932I-1 (3m and 10m Semi-Anechoic Chambers)

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QUOTATION NUMBER

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13Jan 2009 – 14 Jan 2009

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LA-2007-0386-C

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TEST SUMMARY

The product was tested in accordance with the customer's specifications.

Test Results Summary

Test Standard	Description	Pass / Fail
FCC Part 15: 2008		
15.107(a), 15.207	Conducted Emissions	Pass
15.109(a), 15.205, 15.209, 15.239(c)	Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)	Pass
15.239(b)	Radiated Emissions (Fundamental)	Pass
15.239(a)	Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)	Pass
15.239(c)	Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Pass
	Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Pass
	Average Frequency Dwell Time	Pass
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Power	Pass
15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions	Pass
15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance (Conducted)	Pass
15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)	Pass
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass
1.1310	Maximum Permissible Exposure	Not Applicable *See Note 5
15.35(c)	Duty Cycle Factor Computation	Not Applicable *See Note 6



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TEST SUMMARY

Notes

1. Three channels as listed below, which respectively represent the lower, middle and upper channels of the Equipment Under Test (EUT) were chosen and tested. For each channel, the EUT was configured to operate in the test mode.
FM

<u>Transmit Channel</u>	<u>Frequency (MHz)</u>
Channel 1	88.1
Channel 7	97.8
Channel 13	107.9

Bluetooth

<u>Transmit Channel</u>	<u>Frequency (GHz)</u>
Channel 0	2.402
Channel 39	2.441
Channel 78	2.480
2. All the measurements were done based on conducted measurements except:
 - Radiated Emissions
 - Radiated Emissions (Fundamental)
 - Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)
 - 15.239(a) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)
3. The EUT is a Class B device when in non-transmitting state and meets the FCC Part15B Class B requirements.
4. All test measurement procedures are according to ANSI C63.4: 2003.
5. The maximum RF power is of the Equipment Under Test (EUT), a portable device is below the threshold value of general population exposure category which defines $60/f_{GHz}$ mW for distance separation less than 2.5cm. As such, nor SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) or MPE (Maximum Permissible Exposure) test is required.
6. The Equipment Under Test was configured to transmit in continuous RF with maximum RF power during the test.

Modifications

No modifications were made.



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PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Description	: The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a Bluetooth Headset With FM Transmitter .
Manufacturer	: Balda Solutions Malaysia Sdn Bhd 3 Jalan Zarib 6, Kawasan Perindustrian Zarib, 31500 Lahat, Ipoh, Perak, Malaysia Tel : +60 5 320 6966 Fax : +60 5 321 6821
Applicant	: International Telco, LLC Street 6255 NW 120 th Drive Coral Springs, Florida United States Zip/Postal Code: 33076 Tel : (954) 734-3075 Fax : (954) 757-6007
Model Number	: BLAST1.0
FCC ID	: W7YBLAST1-07
Serial Number	: Nil
Microprocessor	: Refer to manufacturer
Operating / Transmitting Frequency	: <u>FM</u> 88.1MHz – 107.9MHz <u>Bluetooth</u> 2.402GHz - 2.480GHz
Clock / Oscillator Frequency	: Refer to manufacturer
Modulation	: <u>FM</u> FM <u>Bluetooth</u> Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying
Antenna Gain	: -1.9 dBi
Port / Connectors	: Refer to manufacturer's user manual / operating manual.
Rated Input Power	: 5Vdc (Li-Ion battery)
Accessories	: Refer to manufacturer's user manual / operating manual.



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SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The EUT was tested as a stand-alone unit without any supporting equipment.



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EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

FCC Part 15

- 1. Conducted Emissions**
- 2. Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)**
- 3. Radiated Emissions (Fundamental)**
- 4. Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)**
- 5. Maximum Peak Power**
- 6. RF Conducted Spurious Emissions**
- 7. Peak Power Spectral Density**

The Bluetooth Headset with FM Transmitter (EUT) was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping off (for Bluetooth), i.e transmitting at lower, middle and upper channels respectively at one time.

- a. BT transmitting + Charging
- b. FM + BT + Charging
- c. Standby + Charging

FCC Part 15

- 1. Carrier Frequency Separation**
- 2. Number of Hopping Frequencies**
- 3. Average Frequency Dwell Time**
- 4. Band Edge Compliance (Conducted)**
- 5. Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)**

The EUT was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping on (for Bluetooth).



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CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit Values (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak (QP)	Average (AV)
0.15 - 0.5	66 – 56 *	56 – 46 *
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver – ESI1	ESI40	100010	06 Oct 2009
Agilent EMC Analyzer-SA7	E7403A	US41160167	20 May 2009
Schaffner LISN – LISN10 (for EUT)	NNB42	04/10055	03 Jul 2009



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CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a $50\Omega/50\mu\text{H}$ EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another LISN.

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.
3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.
4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 10kHz. Both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.
5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line.

Sample Calculation Example

At 20 MHz

Q-P limit (Class B) = $1000 \mu\text{V} = 60.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$

Transducer factor of LISN, pulse limiter & cable loss at 20 MHz = 11.2 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = $40.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$
(Calibrated for system losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = $40.0 - 60.0 = -20.0$

i.e. **20.0 dB below Q-P limit**



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CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST



S09ICM00020

Conducted Emissions Test Setup (Front View)



S09ICM00020

Conducted Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)



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CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Line Under Test	AC Mains	Relative Humidity	60%
Test Mode	Bluetooth + Charging	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Vijoy Simon

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V)	Q-P Margin (dB)	AV Value (dB μ V)	AV Margin (dB)	Line	Channel
0.2580	33.5	-28.0	33.5	-18.0	Live	1
0.4445	26.0	-31.0	26.0	-21.0	Neutral	1
0.4543	31.8	-25.0	31.8	-15.0	Live	1
0.5230	29.9	-26.1	29.9	-16.1	Live	1
0.9255	28.3	-27.7	28.3	-17.7	Live	1
1.1219	25.9	-30.1	25.9	-20.1	Live	1

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated from 150kHz to 30MHz. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
3. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
9kHz - 30MHz
RBW: 10kHz VBW: 30kHz
4. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz is $\pm 3.0\text{dB}$.



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CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Line Under Test	AC Mains	Relative Humidity	60%
Test Mode	FM + Bluetooth + Charging	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Tested By			Vijoy Simon

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V)	Q-P Margin (dB)	AV Value (dB μ V)	AV Margin (dB)	Line	Channel (BT/FM)
0.2187	38.5	-24.4	38.5	-14.4	Live	1 / 1
0.3463	33.2	-25.8	33.2	-15.8	Neutral	1 / 1
0.4150	33.6	-23.9	33.6	-13.9	Neutral	1 / 1
0.6408	31.7	-24.3	31.7	-14.3	Neutral	1 / 1
0.7586	31.6	-24.4	31.6	-14.4	Neutral	1 / 1
0.8862	31.5	-24.5	31.5	-14.5	Live	1 / 1

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Line Under Test	AC Mains	Relative Humidity	60%
Test Mode	Standby + Charging	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Tested By			Vijoy Simon

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V)	Q-P Margin (dB)	AV Value (dB μ V)	AV Margin (dB)	Line	Channel
0.3267	28.3	-31.2	28.3	-21.2	Live	1
0.4347	27.3	-29.9	27.3	-19.9	Live	1
0.4838	24.6	-31.7	24.6	-21.7	Neutral	1
0.6703	26.7	-29.3	26.7	-19.3	Live	1
0.8274	25.6	-30.4	25.6	-20.4	Live	1
1.1120	25.2	-30.8	25.2	-20.8	Live	1

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated from 150kHz to 30MHz. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
3. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
9kHz - 30MHz
 RBW: 10kHz VBW: 30kHz
4. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
 All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz is $\pm 3.0\text{dB}$.



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RADIATED EMISSION TEST

FCC Part 15.205 Restricted Bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	Above 38.6
13.36 - 13.41			

FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Quasi-Peak Limit Values (dBμV/m) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.0
88 - 216	43.5
216 - 960	46.0
Above 960	54.0*

* Above 1GHz, average detector was used. A peak limit of 20dB above the average limit does apply.

FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.209 and 15.239 Radiated Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver (20Hz –26.5GHz) – ESMI1 (Ref)	ESMI	849182/003 848926/007	21 Aug 2009
MITEQ Preamplifier (0.1-26.5GHz) – PA4	NSP2650-N	604879	26 Jan 2009
Schaffner Bilog Antenna – BL4	CBL6112B	2593	19 May 2009
EMCO Horn Antenna – H14	3115	0003-6087	14 May 2009
Mirco-Tronics 2.4GHz Bandstop Filter	BRM50701	042	13 Aug 2009



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RADIATED EMISSION TEST

FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.
3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.

FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A prescan was carried out to pick the worst emission frequencies from the EUT. For EUT which is a portable device, the prescan was carried out by rotating the EUT through three orthogonal axes to determine which altitude and equipment arrangement produces such emissions.
3. The test was carried out at the selected frequency points obtained from the prescan in step 2. Maximization of the emissions, was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner:
 - a. Vertical or horizontal polarisation (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen.
 - b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission.
 - c. Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission.
4. A Quasi-peak measurement was made for that frequency point if it was less than or equal to 1GHz. For frequency point that above 1GHz, both Peak and Average measurements were carried out.
5. Steps 3 and 4 were repeated for the next frequency point, until all selected frequency points were measured.
6. The frequency range covered was from 30MHz to 10th harmonics of the EUT fundamental frequency, using the Bi-log antenna for frequencies from 30MHz up to 1GHz, and the Horn antenna above 1GHz.

Sample Calculation Example

At 300 MHz

Q-P limit (Class B) = 200 μ V/m = 46.0 dB μ V/m

Log-periodic antenna factor & cable loss at 300 MHz = 18.5 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.0 dB μ V/m
(Calibrated level including antenna factors & cable losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 40.0 - 46.0 = -6.0

i.e. 6 dB below Q-P limit



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RADIATED EMISSION TEST



Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Front View)



Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)



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RADIATED EMISSION TEST

FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Test Distance	3m	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	FM + Bluetooth + Charging	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Tested By			Zechs Ng Chee Siong

Spurious Emissions ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarisation (H/V)	Channel
32.5240	23.4	-16.6	359	100	H	1
117.3170	23.5	-20.0	251	138	H	1
138.4670	19.7	-23.8	84	251	H	1
170.6570	33.9	-9.6	319	131	V	1
186.2620	22.1	-21.4	36	125	V	1
199.9610	16.8	-26.7	98	122	H	1

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz

Frequency (GHz)	Peak Value (dB μ V/m)	Average Value (dB μ V/m)	Average Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Pol (H/V)	Channel
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. “--” indicates no emissions were found and shows compliance to the limits.
3. Quasi-peak measurement was used for frequency measurement up to 1GHz. Average and peak measurements were used for emissions above 1GHz. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.
4. A “-ve” margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
5. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
30MHz - 1GHz
 RBW: 120kHz VBW: 1MHz
>1GHz
 RBW: 1MHz VBW: 1MHz



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RADIATED EMISSION TEST

Notes (continued)

6. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations was according to requirements stated in Section 15.33(a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33(b) for unintentional radiators.
7. The channel in the table refers to the transmit channel of the EUT.
8. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz is $\pm 4.6\text{dB}$.



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RADIATED EMISSION TEST

FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Test Distance	3m	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	Bluetooth + Charging	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Zechs Ng Chee Siong

Spurious Emissions ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarisation (H/V)	Channel
31.9900	25.0	-15.0	356	144	H	39
181.3100	17.9	-22.1	37	125	V	39
175.9920	19.7	-20.3	303	100	V	39
201.1130	7.0	-33.0	308	100	V	39
278.1360	5.6	-40.4	359	100	V	39
396.6090	15.3	-30.7	341	125	V	39

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. "--" indicates no emissions were found and shows compliance to the limits.
3. Quasi-peak measurement was used for frequency measurement up to 1GHz. Average and peak measurements were used for emissions above 1GHz. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.
4. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
5. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
30MHz - 1GHz
RBW: 120kHz VBW: 1MHz
>1GHz
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 1MHz



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RADIATED EMISSION TEST

Notes (continued)

6. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations was according to requirements stated in Section 15.33(a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33(b) for unintentional radiators.
7. The channel in the table refers to the transmit channel of the EUT.
8. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz is $\pm 4.6\text{dB}$.



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RADIATED EMISSION TEST

FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Test Distance	3m	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	Standby + Charging	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Foo Kai Maun

Spurious Emissions ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarisation (H/V)
96.4020	24.4	-19.1	77	181	H
118.1730	21.8	-21.7	264	155	V
143.2100	20.6	-22.9	221	246	H
221.5860	23.1	-22.9	103	153	H
294.5190	21.2	-24.8	356	125	H
298.8730	23.1	-22.9	216	144	V

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. "--" indicates no emissions were found and shows compliance to the limits.
3. Quasi-peak measurement was used for frequency measurement up to 1GHz. Average and peak measurements were used for emissions above 1GHz. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.
4. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
5. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
30MHz - 1GHz
RBW: 120kHz VBW: 1MHz
>1GHz
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 1MHz



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RADIATED EMISSION TEST

Notes (continued)

6. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations was according to requirements stated in Section 15.33(a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33(b) for unintentional radiators.
7. The channel in the table refers to the transmit channel of the EUT.
8. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz is $\pm 4.6\text{dB}$.



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RADIATED EMISSION (FUNDAMENTAL) TEST

FCC Part 15.239(b) Radiated Emission (Fundamental) Limits

The field strength of any emissions within the permitted 200kHz band shall not exceed 250 microvolts / meter (48dB μ V/m) at 3 meters. The emission limit is based on measurement employing an average detector. The peak limit of the emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limits applicable to the Equipment Under Test (EUT).

FCC Parts 15.239(b) Radiated Emission (Fundamental) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver (20Hz –26.5GHz) – ESMI1 (Ref)	ESMI	849182/003 848926/007	21 Aug 2009
Schaffner Bilog Antenna – BL4	CBL6112B	2593	19 May 2009



RADIATED EMISSION (FUNDAMENTAL) TEST

FCC Part 15.239(b) Radiated Emission (Fundamental) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.
3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.

FCC Part 15.239(b) Radiated Emission (Fundamental and Harmonics) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A prescan was carried out to pick the emission from the lower fundamental frequency of the EUT. For EUT which is a portable device, the prescan was carried out by rotating the EUT through three orthogonal axes to determine which altitude and equipment arrangement produces such emissions.
3. The test was carried out at the selected frequency point obtained from the prescan in step 2. Maximization of the emissions, was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner:
 - a. Vertical or horizontal polarisation (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen.
 - b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission.
 - c. Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission.
4. An average and peak measurements were made for that frequency point.
5. Steps 3 and 4 were repeated for the middle and upper fundamental frequencies of the EUT.

Sample Calculation Example

At 98.0 MHz

Average limit = 250 μ V/m = 48.0 dB μ V/m

Log-periodic antenna factor & cable loss at 98.0 MHz = 18.5 dB

Average reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.0 dB μ V/m
(Calibrated level including antenna factors & cable losses)

Therefore, average margin = 40.0 - 48.0 = -8.0

i.e. **8 dB below Average limit**



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RADIATED EMISSION (FUNDAMENTAL) TEST



Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Front View)



Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)



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RADIATED EMISSION (FUNDAMENTAL) TEST

FCC Part 15.239(b) Radiated Emission (Fundamental) Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Test Distance	3m	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	FM + Charging	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
			Tested By Zechs Ng Chee Siong

Frequency (MHz)	Peak Value (dB μ V/m)	Average Value (dB μ V/m)	Average Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Pol (H/V)	Channel
88.1	44.0	41.6	-6.4	311	100	V	1
97.8	48.7	46.2	-1.8	210	100	V	7
107.9	48.3	47.5	-0.5	149	242	H	13

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the average and peak detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.
3. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
4. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
30MHz - 1GHz
RBW: 120kHz VBW: 1MHz
>1GHz
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 1MHz
5. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations was according to requirements stated in Section 15.33(a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33(b) for unintentional radiators.
6. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz is ± 4.6 dB.



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SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

FCC Part 15.239(a) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states that the emissions from the intentional radiator shall be confined within a band 200kHz wide centered on the operating frequency. The 200kHz band shall lie wholly within the frequency range of 88 – 108MHz.

FCC Part 15.239(b) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	00533	15 Jul 2009

FCC Part 15.239(b) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 10kHz and 10kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

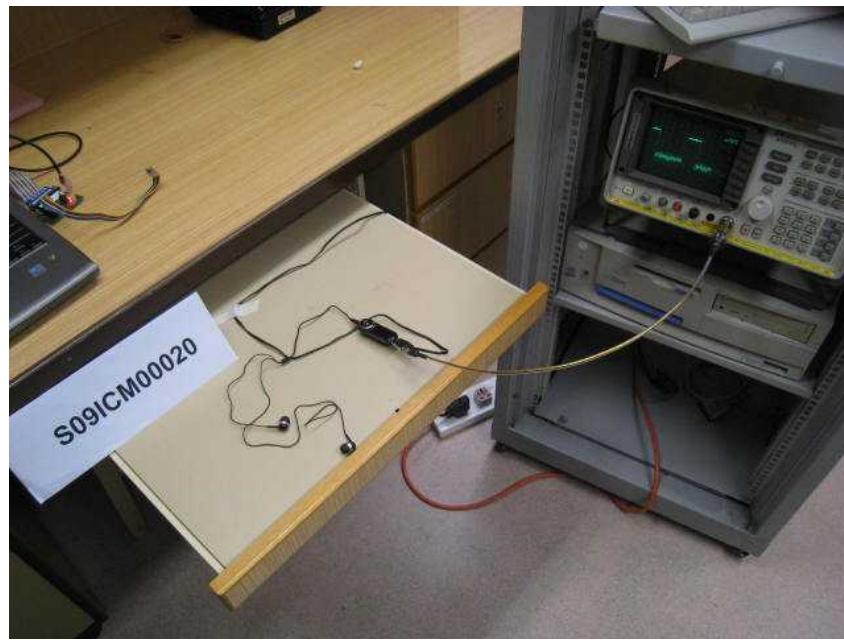
FCC Part 15.239(b) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, a continuous RF transmission mode at Channel 1 (88.1MHz).
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to the transmitting frequency with the frequency span wide enough to capture the 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the transmitting frequency. The signal capturing was continuous until no further changes were observed.
4. The peak of the transmitting frequency was detected with the marker peak function of the spectrum analyser. The frequencies below the 20dB peak frequency at lower (f_L) and upper (f_H) sides of the transmitting frequency were marked and measured by using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser.
5. The 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency is the frequency difference between the marked lower and upper frequencies, $| f_H - f_L |$.
6. The steps 2 to 5 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 7 (97.8MHz) and Channel 13 (107.9MHz) respectively.



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SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST



Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

FCC Part 15.239(b) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	1 - 3	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	FM	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Tested By			Zechs Ng Chee Siong

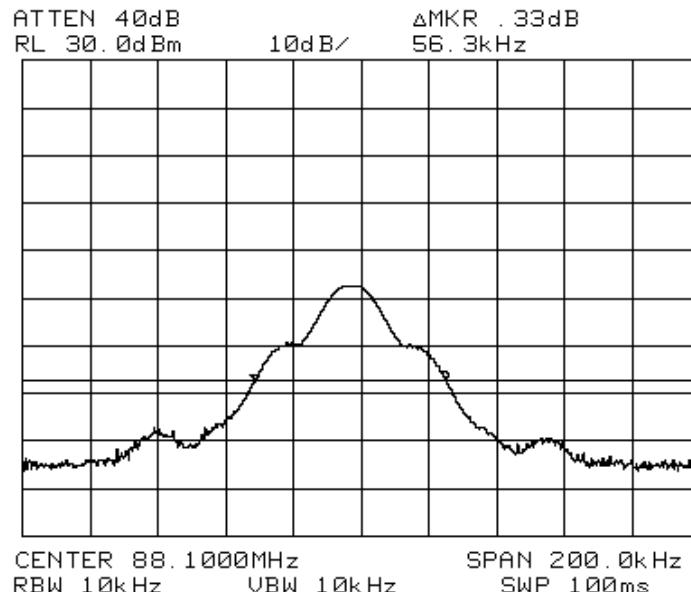
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0	2.402	0.925
39	2.441	0.920
78	2.480	0.925



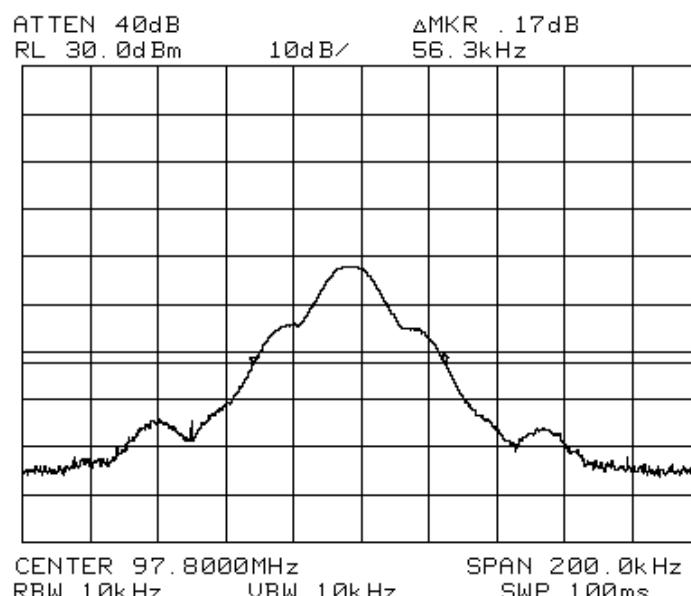
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SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots



Plot 1 – Channel 1



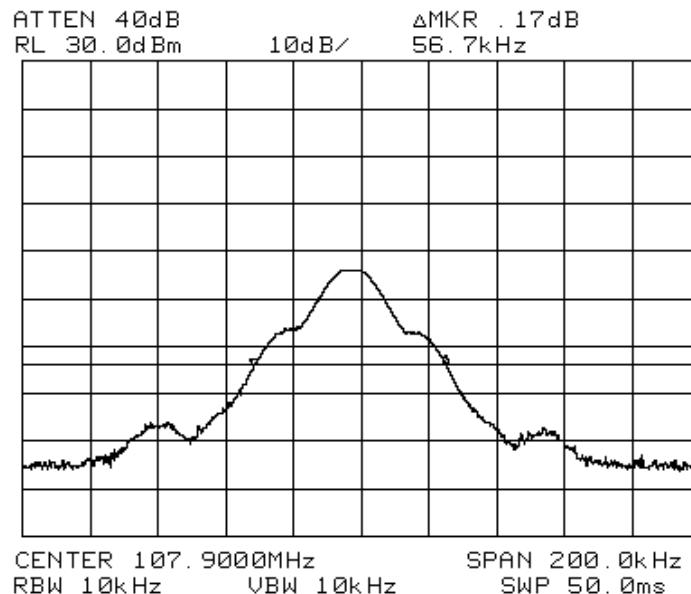
Plot 2 – Channel 7



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SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots



Plot 3 – Channel 13



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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

FCC Part 15.239(c) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the field strength of any emissions radiated on any frequency outside of the specified 200kHz band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209.

FCC Part 15.239(c) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver (20Hz –26.5GHz) – ESMI1 (Ref)	ESMI	849182/003 848926/007	21 Aug 2009
Schaffner Bilog Antenna – BL4	CBL6112B	2593	19 May 2009

FCC Part 15.239(c) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz to show compliance of spurious at band edges are at least 20dB below the carriers. For restricted band spurious at band edges, peak and average measurement plots were taken using the following setting:
 - a. Peak Plot:
RBW = 120kHz
VBW = 1MHz
 - b. Average Plot
RBW = 120kHz
VBW = 10Hz
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.239(c) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 88.0MHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 108.0MHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.



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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST



Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Setup

FCC Part 15.239(c) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	4 - 8	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	FM	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Zechs Ng Chee Siong

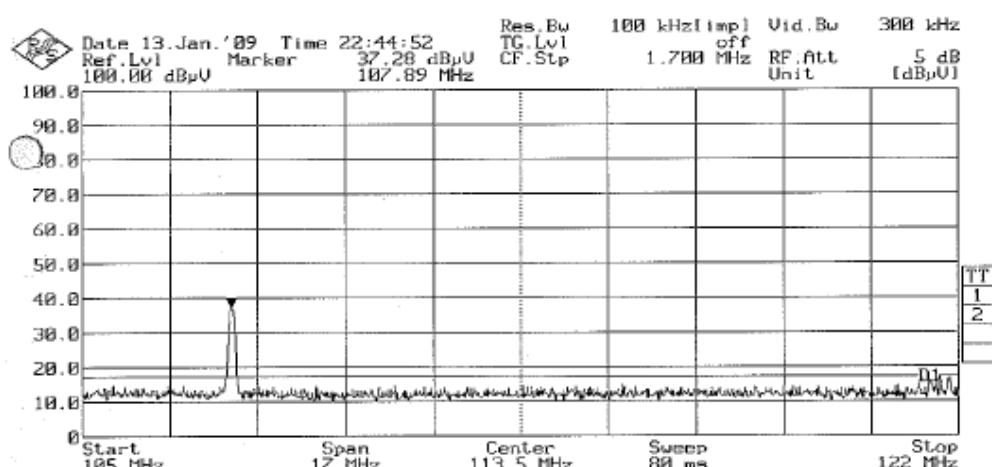
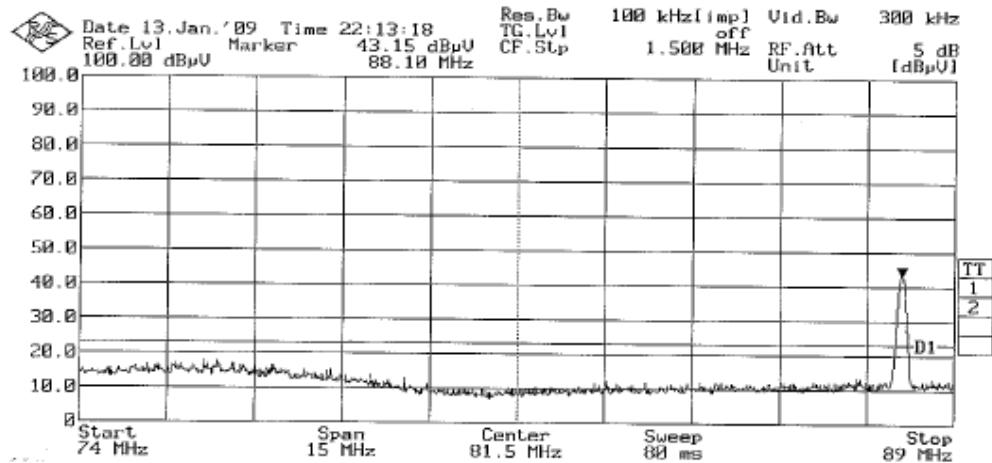
No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.



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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (20dB Delta from Carrier at Band Edge)

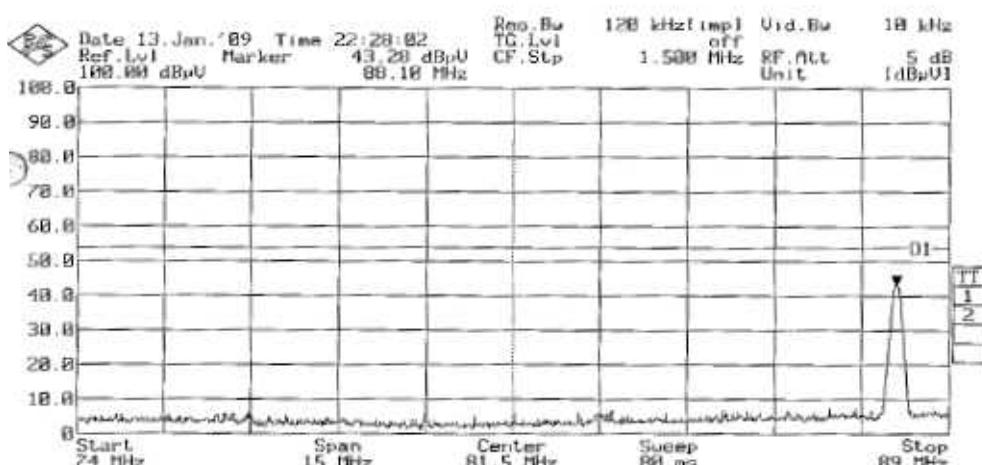
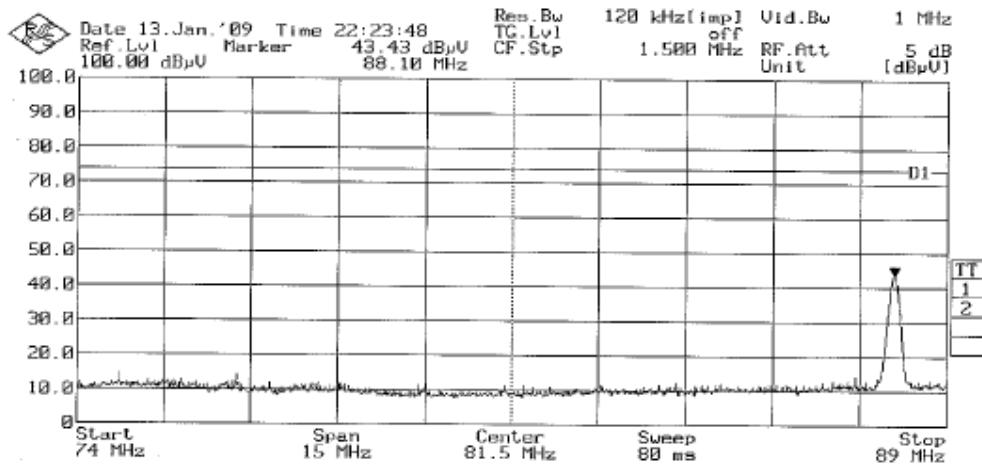




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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band)

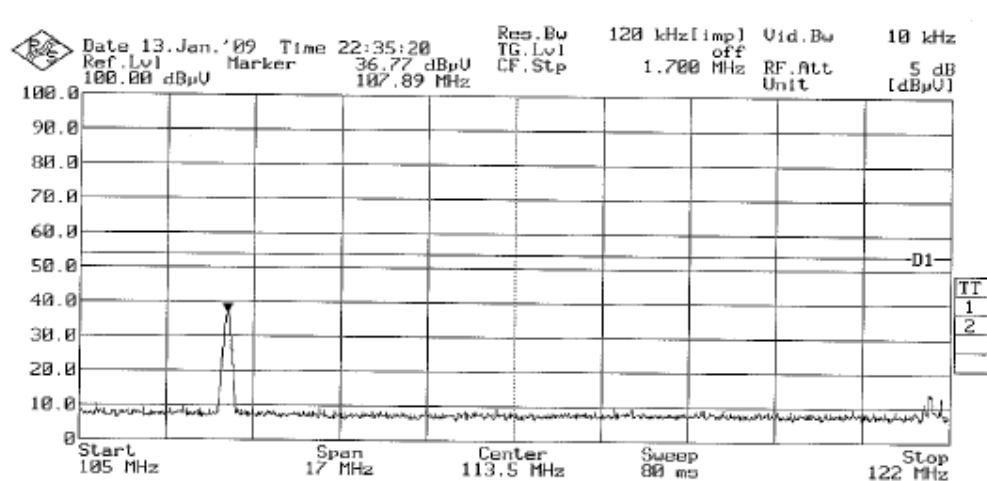
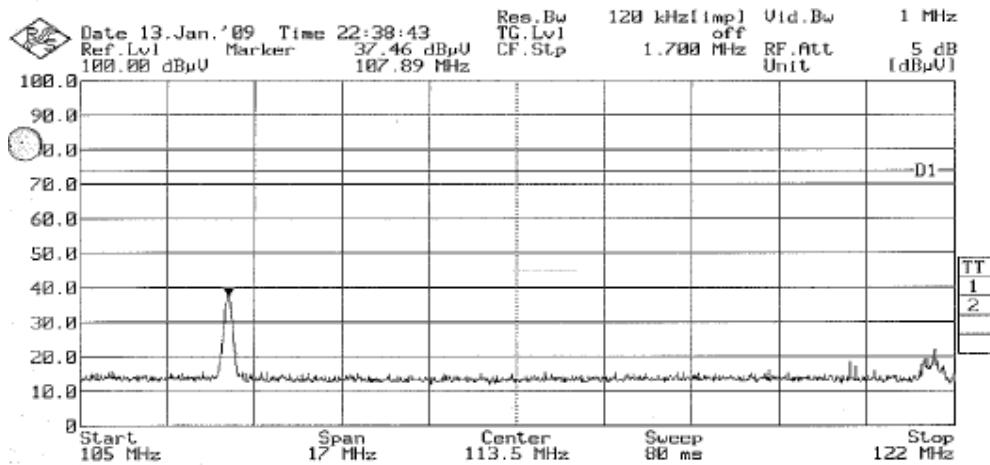




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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band)





CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the adjacent carrier frequencies must be separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, the EUT may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW (21dBm).

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	00533	15 July 2009

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 100kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.401GHz and 2.404GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the two adjacent transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further signals were detected.
4. The carrier frequency separation of the two adjacent transmitting / operating frequency was measured by finding the carrier frequency difference between the two adjacent channels.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
 - a. 2.439GHz to 2.442GHz
 - b. 2.438.5GHz to 2.443.5GHz
 - c. 2.478GHz to 2.481GHz



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CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST



Carrier Frequency Separation Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	10 - 13	Relative Humidity	54%
Test mode	Bluetooth	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Zechs Ng Chee Siong

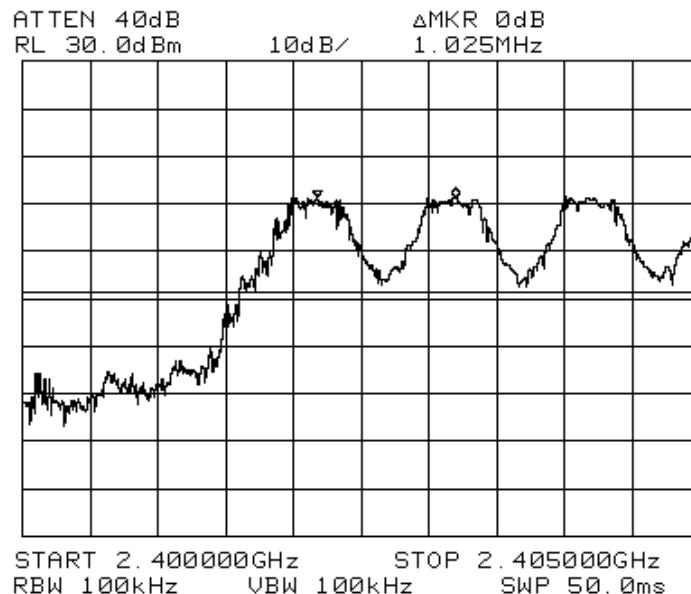
Adjacent Channels	Channel Separation (MHz)
0 and 1 (2.402GHz and 2.403GHz)	1.025
38 and 39 (2.440GHz and 2.441GHz)	1.025
39 and 40 (2.441GHz and 2.442GHz)	1.008
77 and 78 (2.479GHz and 2.480GHz)	1.015



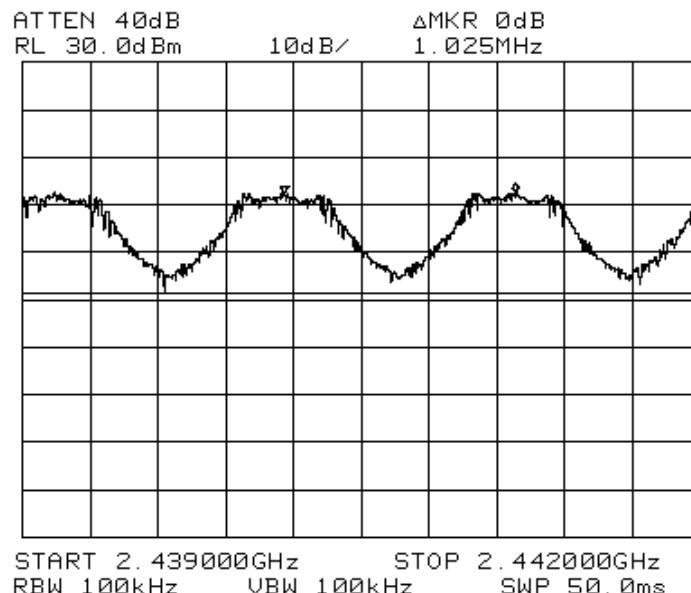
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CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

Carrier Frequency Separation Plots



Plot 10 - Channels 0 and 1 Separation



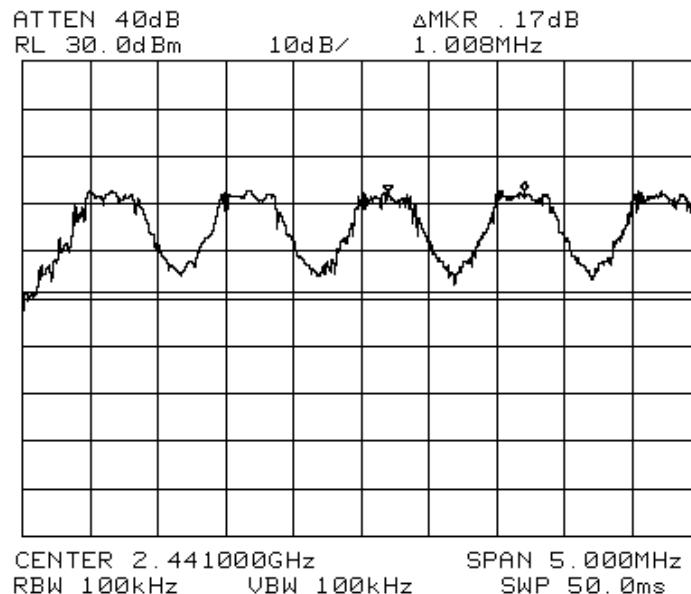
Plot 11 – Channels 38 and 39 Separation



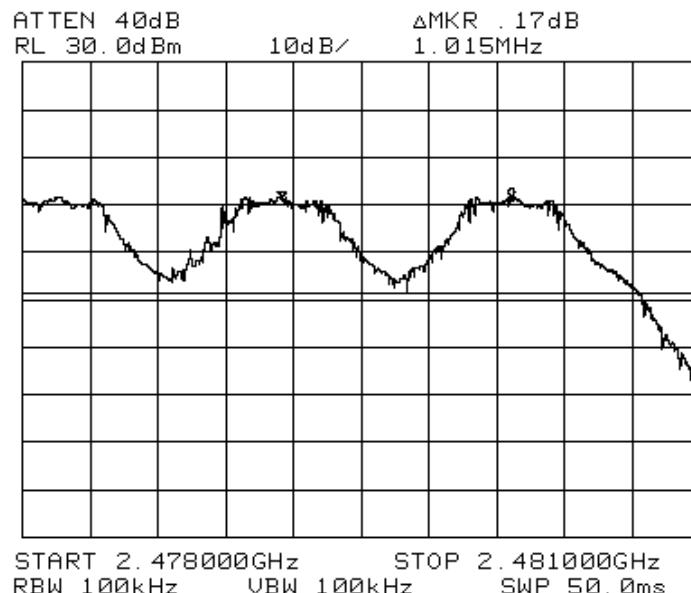
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CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

Carrier Frequency Separation Plots



Plot 12 - Channels 39 and 40 Separation



Plot 13 - Channels 77 and 78 Separation



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SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states that the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be the channel frequency separation by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	00533	15 Jul 2009

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 10kHz and 30kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

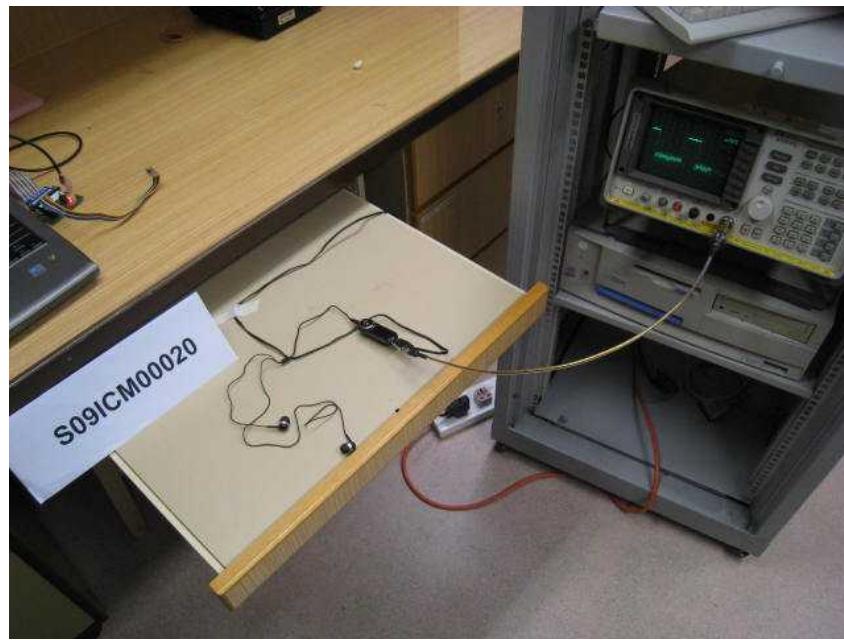
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to the transmitting frequency with the frequency span wide enough to capture the 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the transmitting frequency. The signal capturing was continuous until no further changes were observed.
4. The peak of the transmitting frequency was detected with the marker peak function of the spectrum analyser. The frequencies below the 20dB peak frequency at lower (f_L) and upper (f_H) sides of the transmitting frequency were marked and measured by using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser.
5. The 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency is the frequency difference between the marked lower and upper frequencies, $|f_H - f_L|$.
7. The steps 2 to 5 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.440GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



PSB Singapore

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST



Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	14 - 16	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	Bluetooth	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Tested By			Zechs Ng Chee Siong

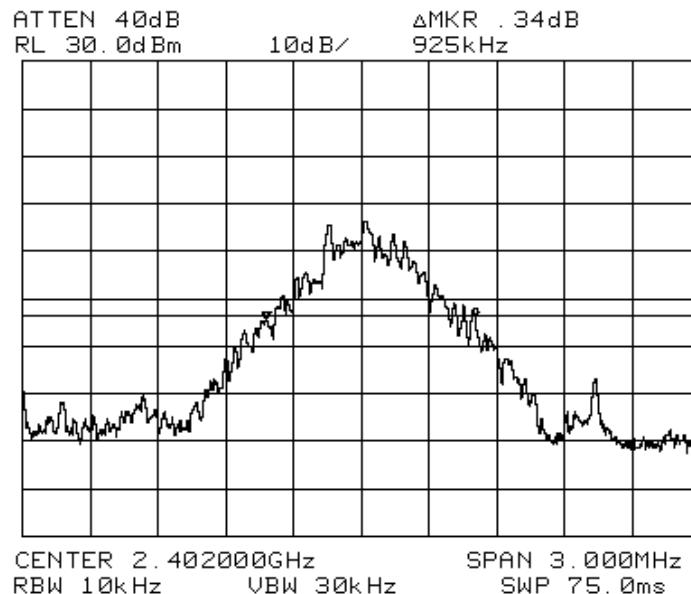
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0	2.402	0.925
39	2.441	0.920
78	2.480	0.925



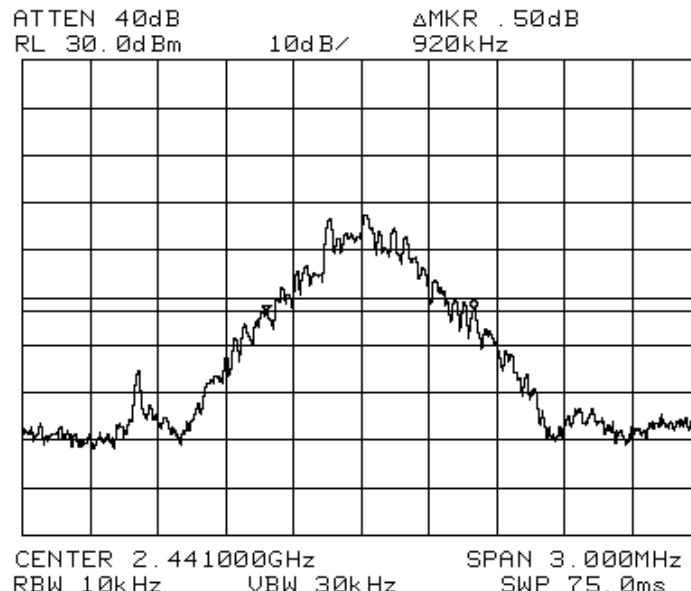
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SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots



Plot 14 – Channel 0



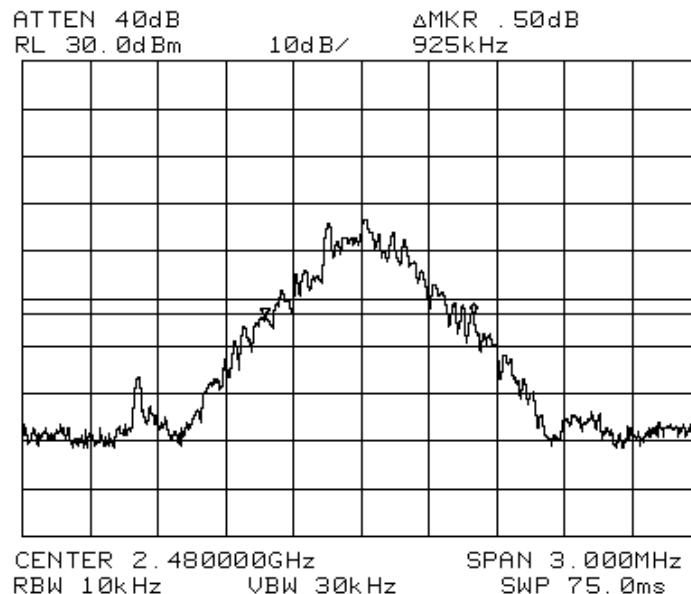
Plot 15 – Channel 39



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SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots



Plot 16 – Channel 78



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NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT shall use at least 15 channels.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	00533	15 Jul 2009

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 300kHz and 1MHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

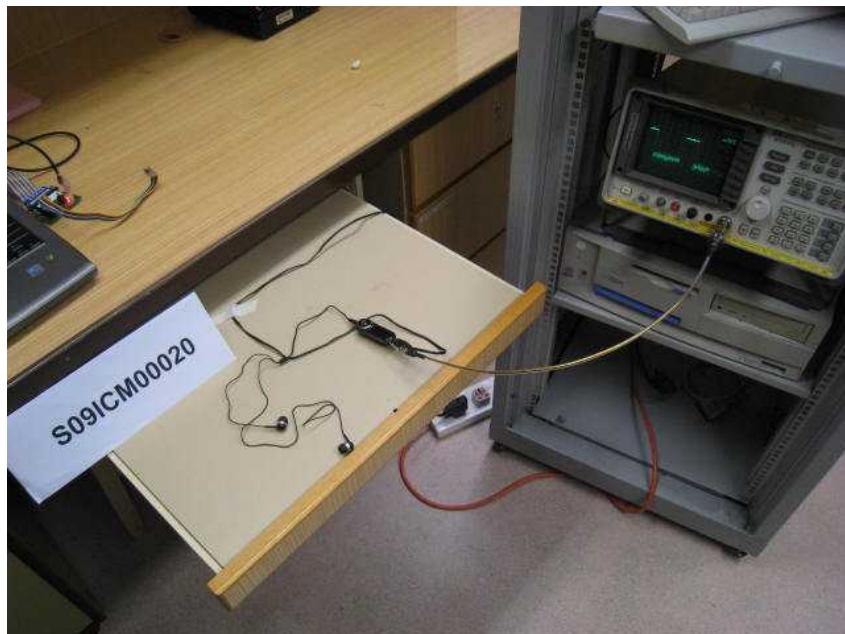
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.39700GHz and 2.42219GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture all the transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until all the transmitting frequencies were captured and no further signals were detected.
4. The numbers of transmitting frequencies were counted and recorded.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
 - a. 2.42117GHz to 2.44000GHz
 - b. 2.44054GHz to 2.46100GHz
 - c. 2.46029GHz to 2.4835GHz
6. The total number of hopping frequencies is the sum of the number of the hopping frequencies found for each span.



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NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST



Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	17 - 20	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	Bluetooth	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Zechs Ng Chee Siong

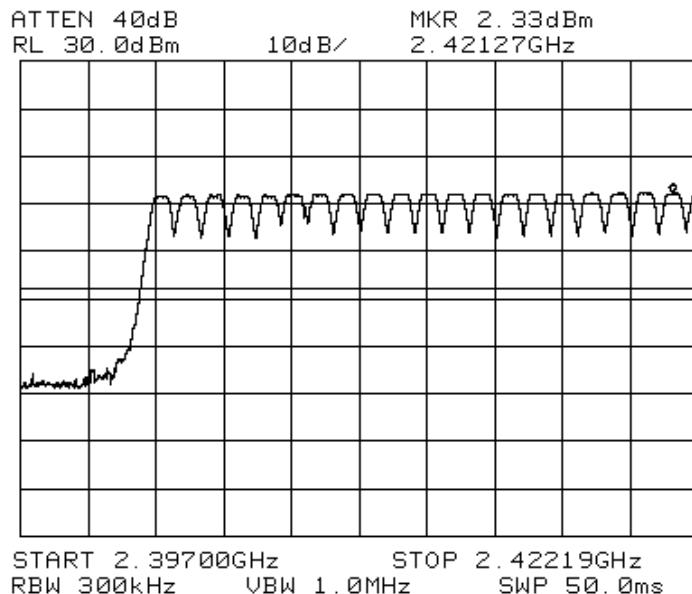
The EUT was found to have 78 hopping frequencies. Please refer to the attached plots.



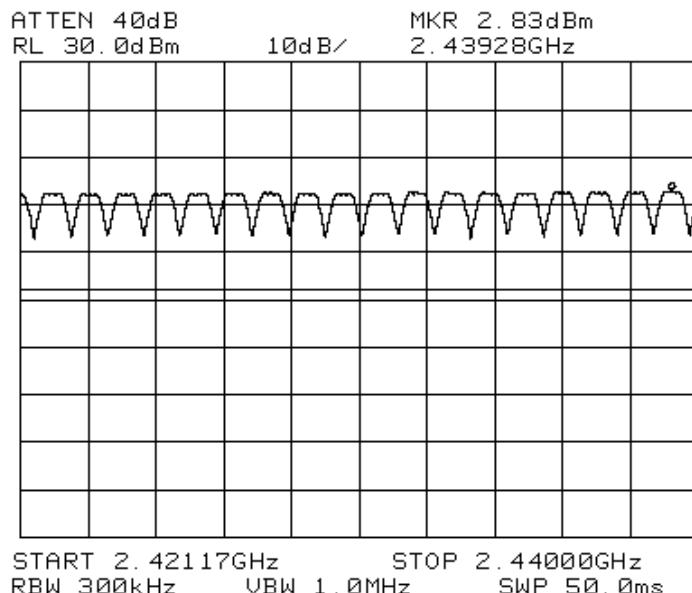
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NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

Number of Hopping Frequencies Plots



Plot 17 - Channels 0 to 19



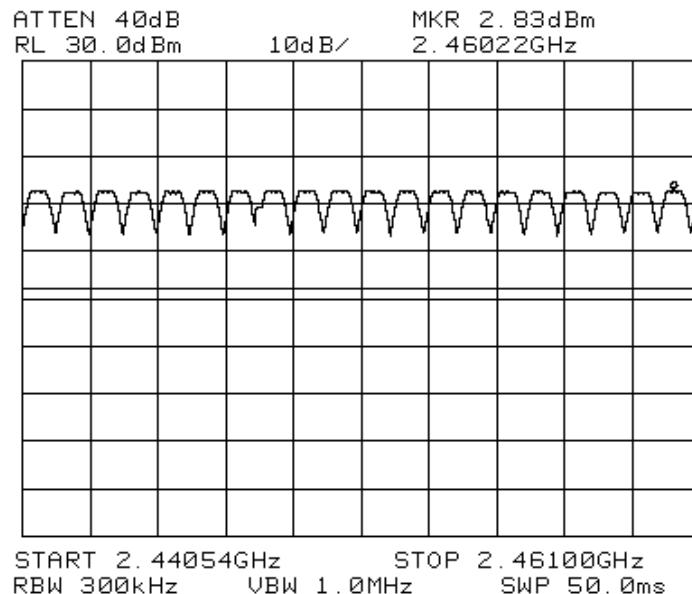
Plot 18 - Channels 20 to 38



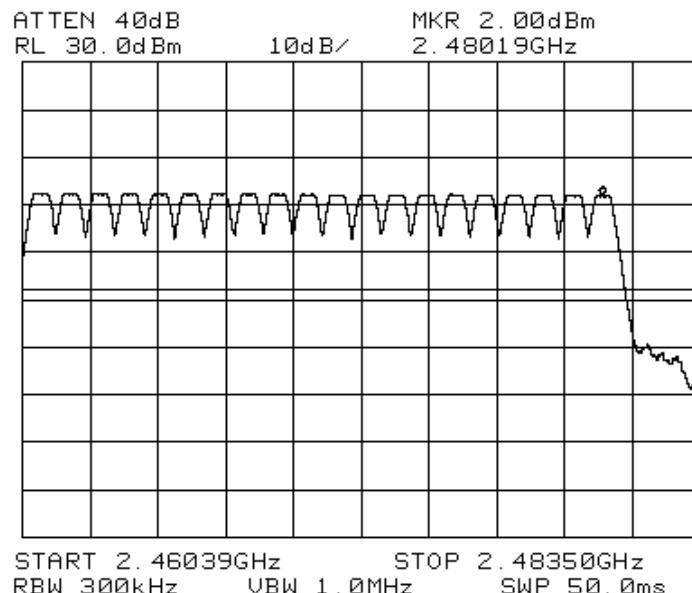
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NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

Number of Hopping Frequencies Plots



Plot 19 - Channels 39 to 58



Plot 20 - Channels 59 to 78



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AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	00533	15 Jul 2009

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 1MHz and 3MHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

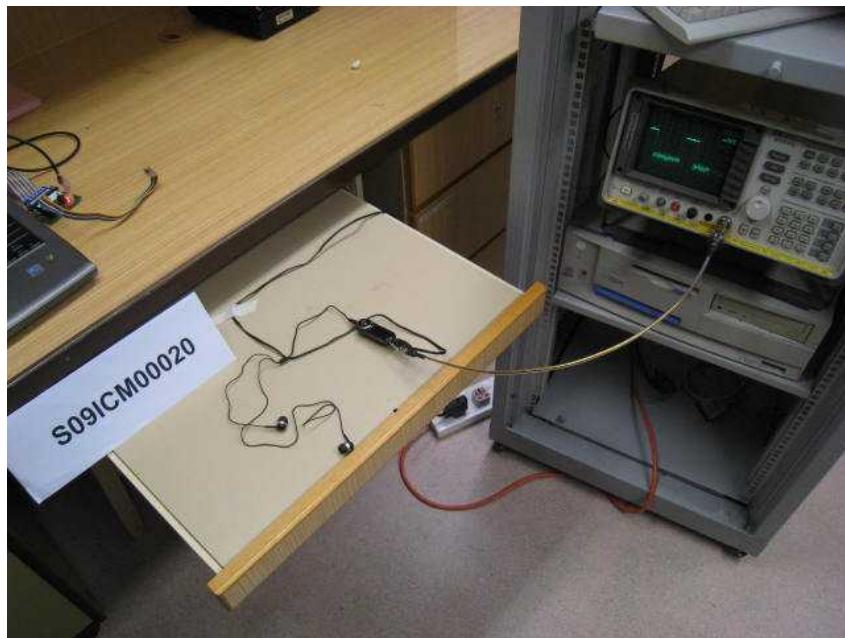
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to 2.402GHz (*lower ch*) with zero frequency span (spectrum analyser acts as an oscilloscope).
3. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was adjusted until a stable signal can be seen on the spectrum analyser.
4. The duration (dwell time) of a packet was measured using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser. The average dwell time of the transmitting frequency was computed based on general expression as shown below:
$$\text{Average Frequency Dwell Time} = [\text{measured time slot length} \times \text{hopping rate} / \text{number of hopping channels}] \times [0.4 \times \text{number of hopping channels}]$$
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the center frequency of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.440GHz and 2.480GHz respectively.



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AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST



Average Frequency Dwell Time Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	21 - 23	Relative Humidity	54%
Hopping Rate	1600 hops / s	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Number of Hopping Channels	79 channels	Tested By	Zechs Ng Chee Siong
Test Mode	Bluetooth		

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
0	2.402	0.199472	0.4
39	2.441	0.199472	0.4
78	2.480	0.200000	0.4

Notes

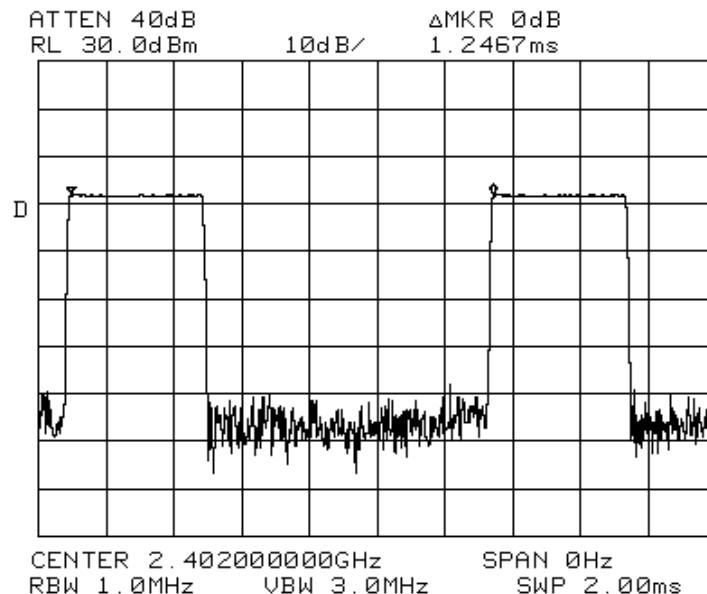
1. The EUT operates based on 1-slot transmission and 1-slot reception basis. As such, there are $[1600 / (1 + 1)]$ transmissions per second and the time occupancy per channel is $[\text{measured time slot length} / 2]$.
2. Average Frequency Dwell Time = $[\text{measured time slot length} / 2 \times \text{hopping rate} / 2 / \text{number of hopping channels}] \times [0.4 \times \text{number of hopping channels}]$



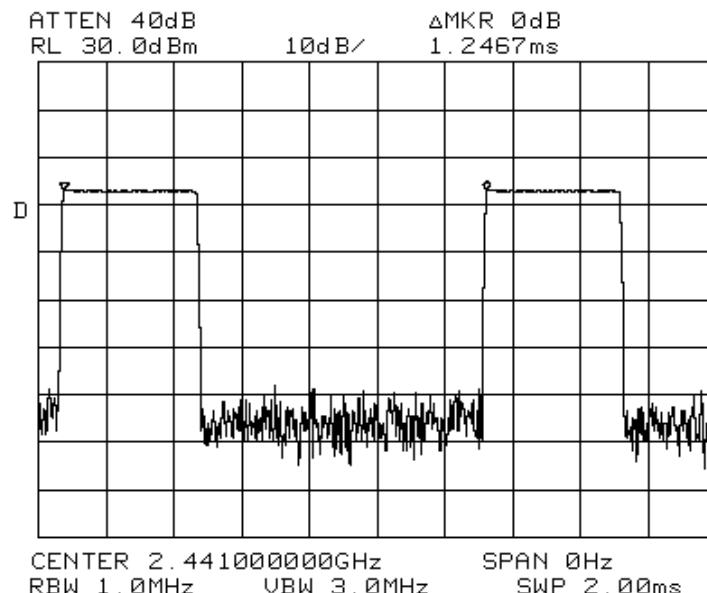
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AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots



Plot 21 – Channel 0



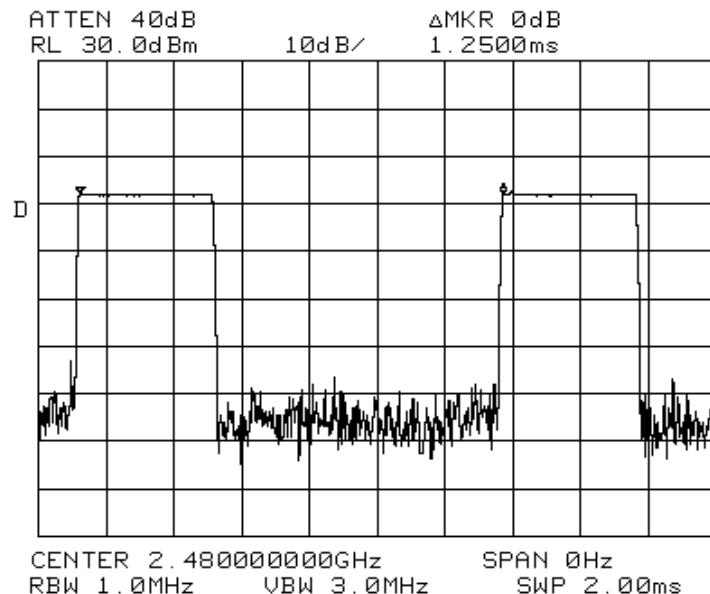
Plot 22 – Channel 39



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AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots



Plot 23 – Channel 78



PSB Singapore

MAXIMUM PEAK POWER TEST

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels shall not exceed 1W (30dBm). For the EUT employs other frequency hopping systems, the peak power shall not greater than 0.125W (21dBm).

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	838114/002	17 Dec 2009

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the Universal Radio Communication Tester, which set into power analyser mode via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The maximum peak power of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
3. The Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) of the EUT was computed by adding its antenna gain to the measured maximum peak power.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



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MAXIMUM PEAK POWER TEST



Maximum Peak Power Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Antenna Gain	1.9 dBi	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	Bluetooth	Atmospheric Pressure	1030?mbar
Tested By			Zechs Ng Chee Siong

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Maximum Peak Power (W)	Maximum EIRP (W)	Limit (W)
0	2.402	0.002	0.003	1.0
39	2.441	0.002	0.003	1.0
78	2.480	0.002	0.003	1.0

Notes

1. Power analyser of Universal Radio Communication Tester was used for power measurement with peak detection as mode of measurement. The power analyser mode supports a wideband power measurement ranging from 100kHz to 2700MHz.



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RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	00533	15 Jul 2009

FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz (*set according to plot*).
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

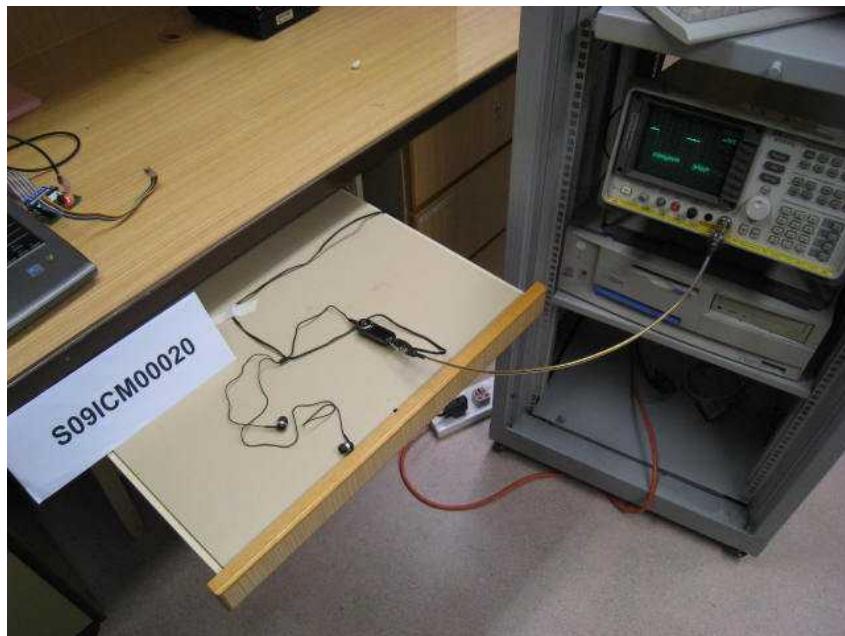
FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 30MHz and 10GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with frequency span was set from 10GHz to 25GHz.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



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RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST



RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup



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RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	24 - 29	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	Bluetooth	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Zechs Ng Chee Siong

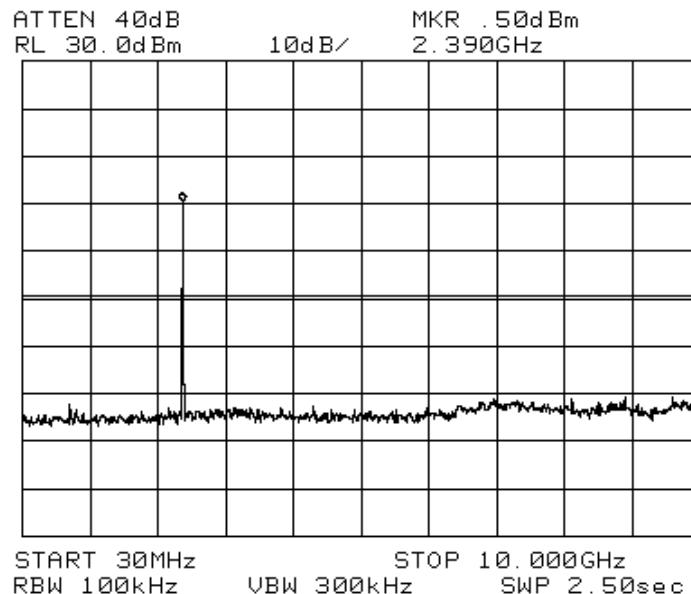
All spurious signals found were below the specified limit. Please refer to the attached plots.



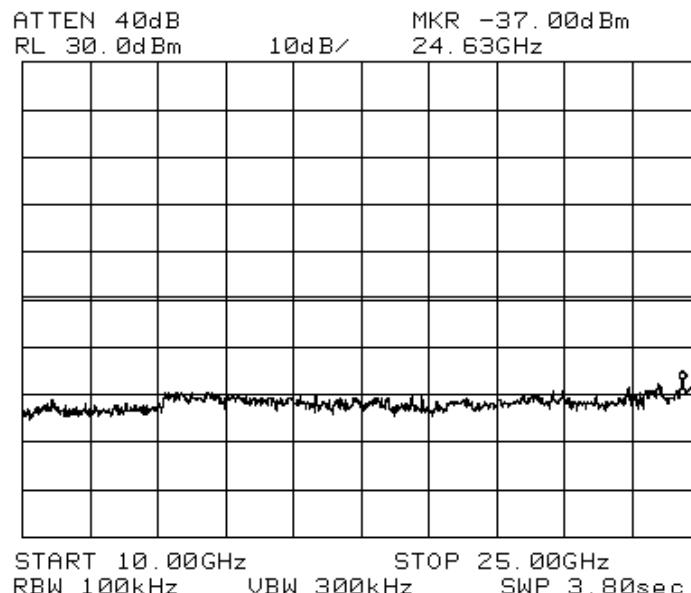
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RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots



Plot 24 – Channel 0



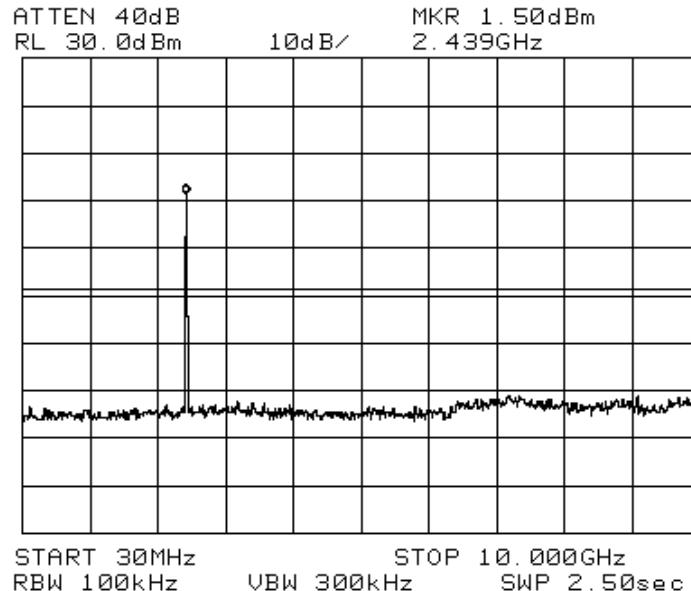
Plot 25 – Channel 0



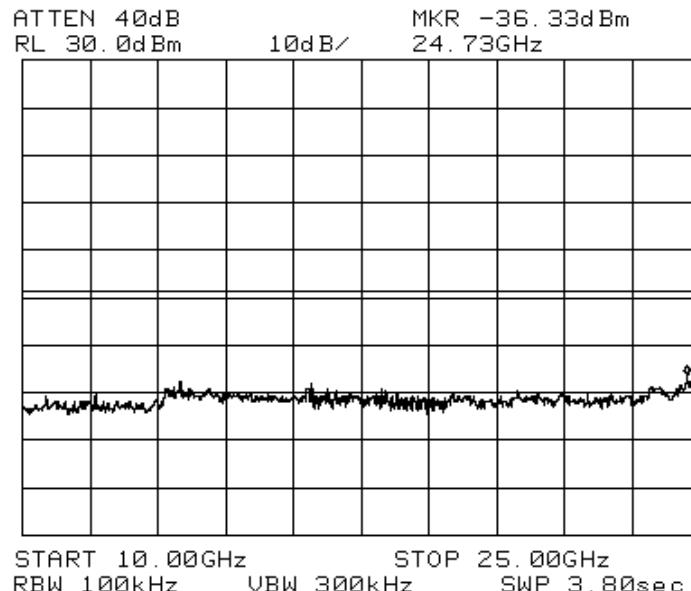
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RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots



Plot 26 – Channel 39



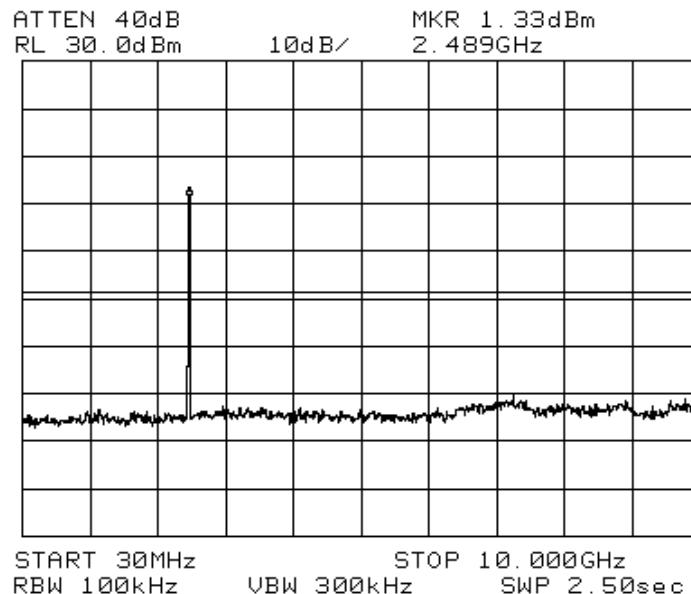
Plot 27 – Channel 39



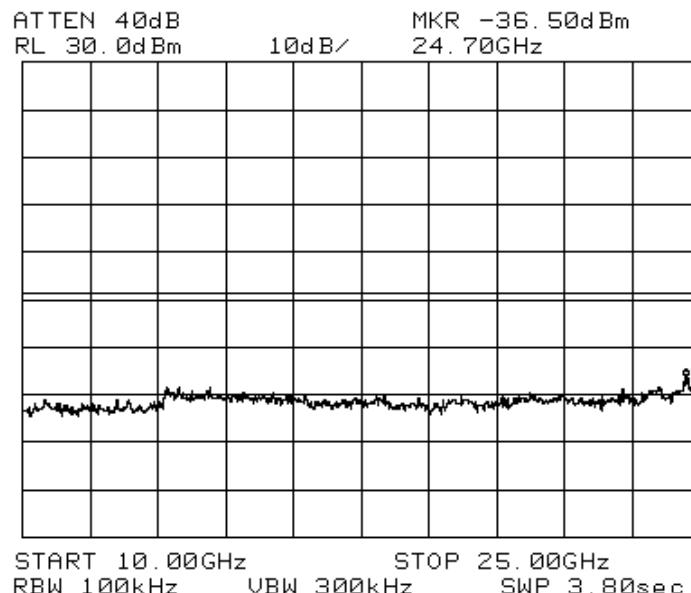
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RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots



Plot 28 – Channel 78



Plot 29 – Channel 78



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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	00533	15 Jul 2009

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

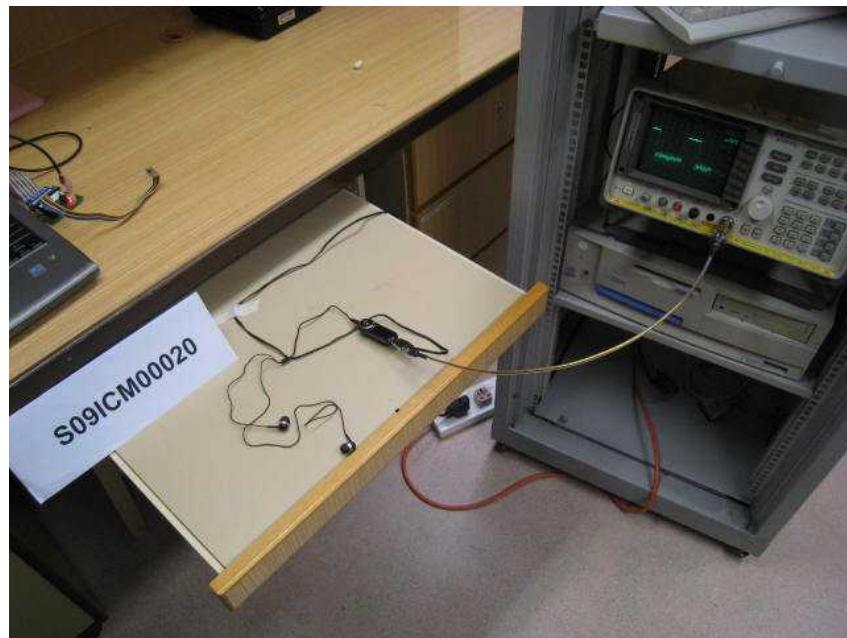
FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 2.400GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 2.4835GHz and any spurious emissions at the band-edge.



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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST



Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23 °C
Attached Plots	30 - 31	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	Bluetooth Mode	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Zechs Ng Chee Siong

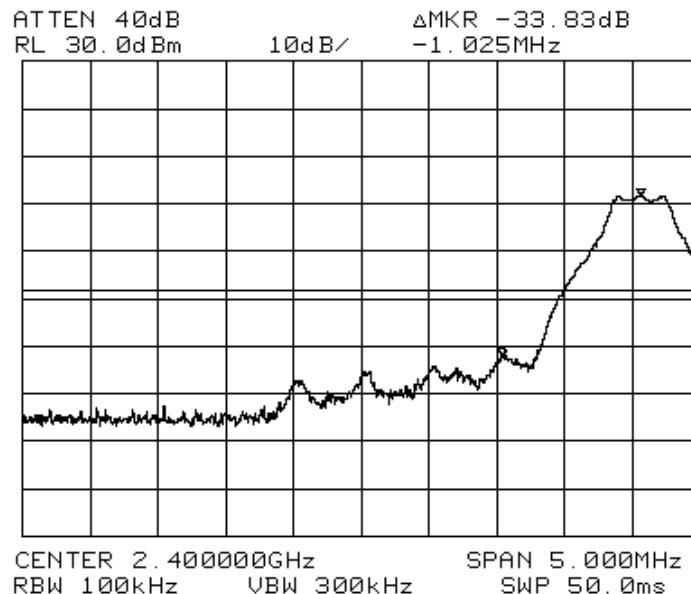
No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.



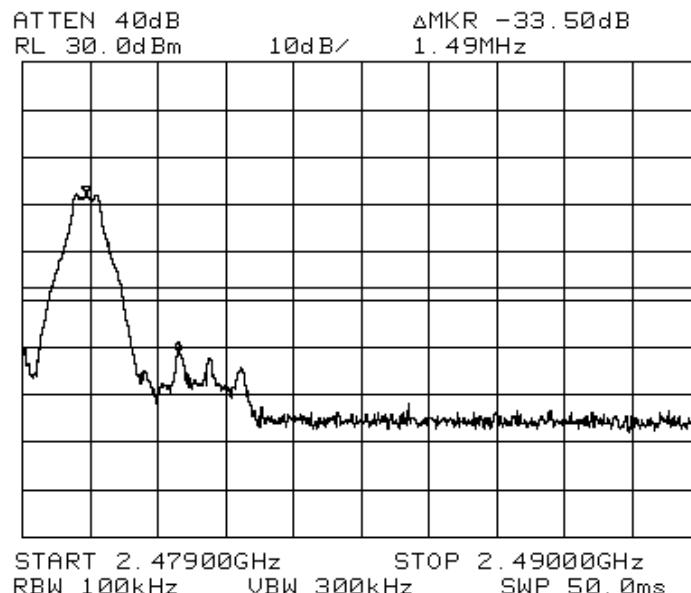
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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Plots



Plot 30 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



Plot 31 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands shall comply to the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209.

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver (20Hz –26.5GHz) – ESM1 (Ref)	ESMI	849182/003 848926/007	21 Aug 2009
MITEQ Preamplifier (0.1-26.5GHz) – PA4	NSP2650-N	604879	26 Jan 2009
EMCO Horn Antenna – H14	3115	0003-6087	14 May 2009

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz to show compliance of spurious at band edges are at least 20dB below the carriers. For restricted band spurious at band edges, peak and average measurement plots were taken using the following setting:
 - a. Peak Plot:
RBW = VBW = 1MHz
 - b. Average Plot
RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 2.400GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 2.4835GHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.



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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST



Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	32 - 37	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	Bluetooth	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Zechs Ng Chee Siong

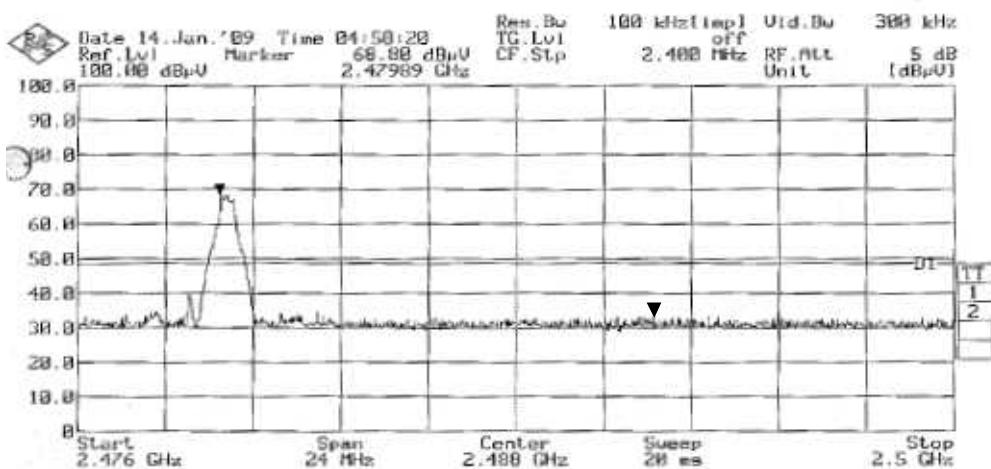
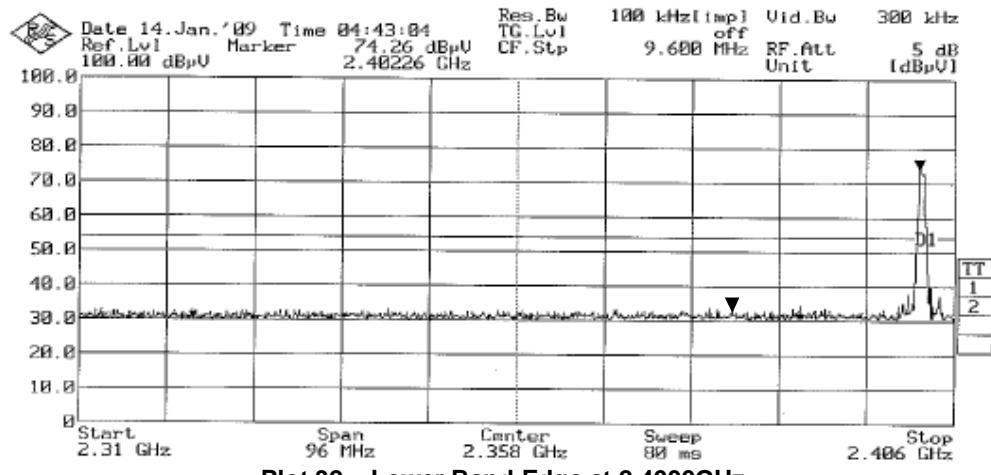
No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.



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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (20dB Delta from Carrier at Band Edge)

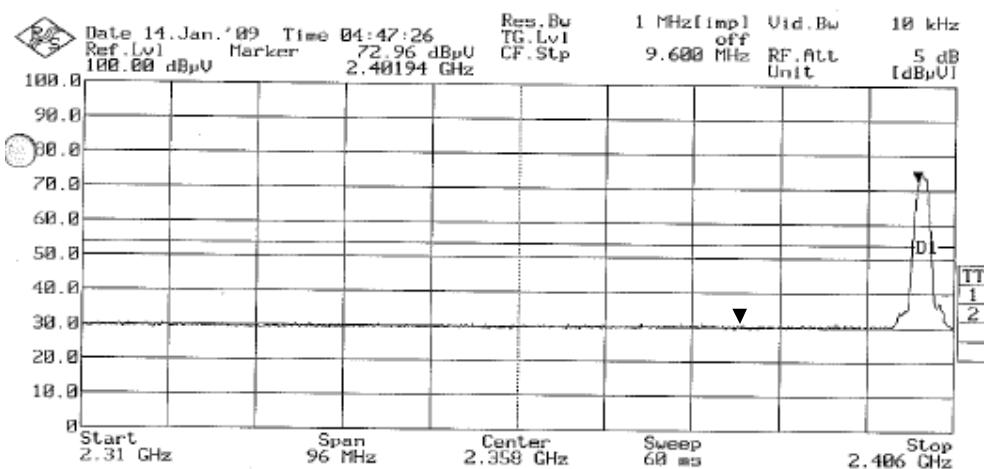
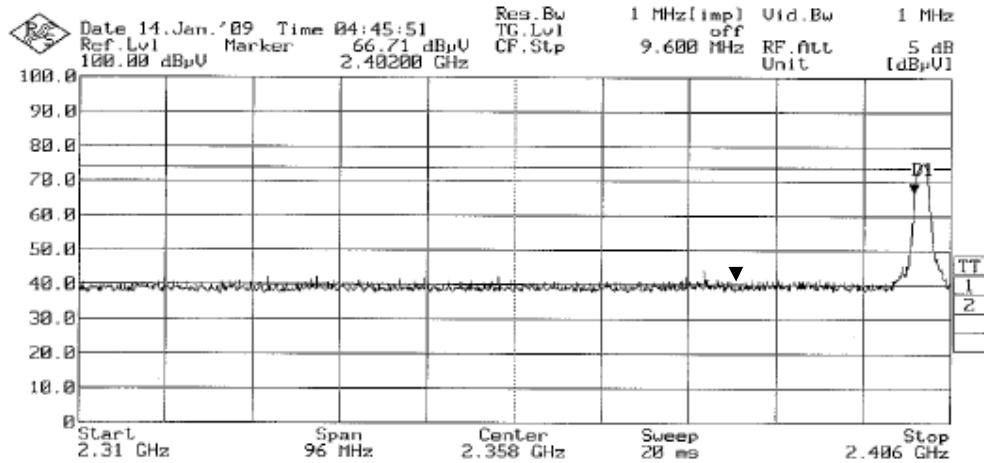




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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band)

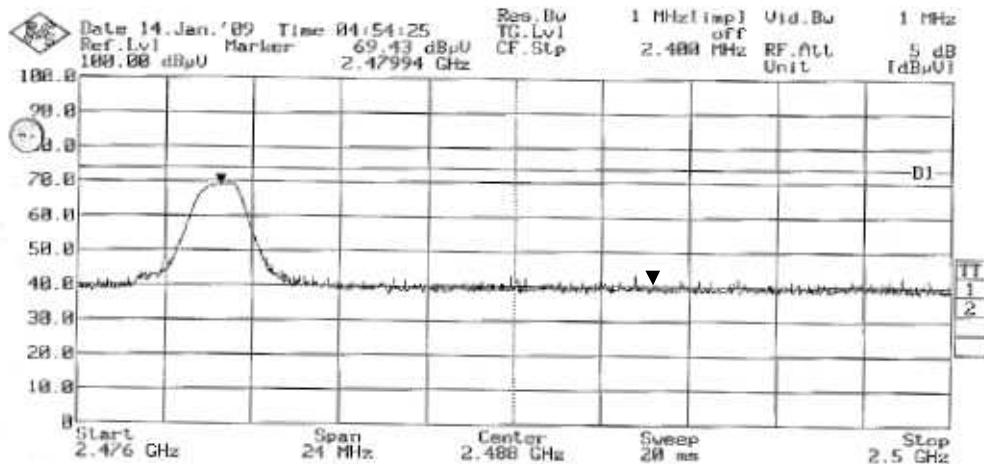




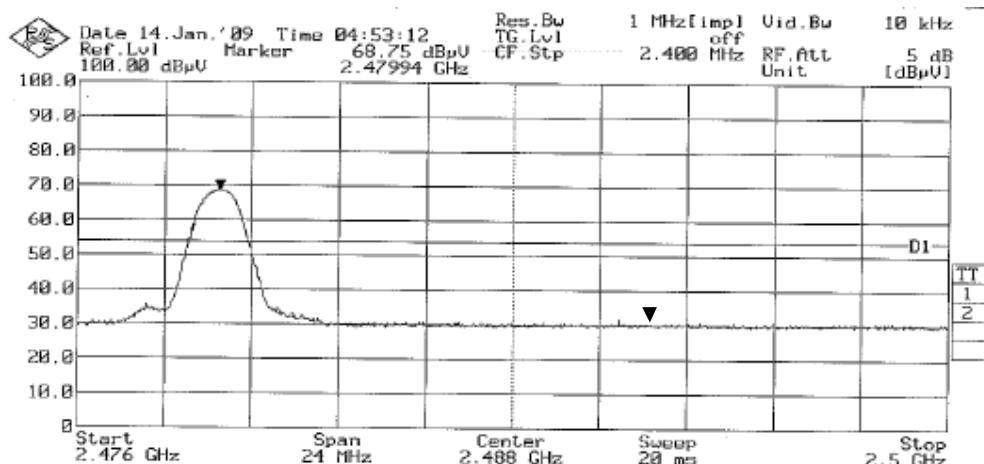
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BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band)



Plot 36 – Peak Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



Plot 37 – Average Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



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PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator (EUT) to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm (6.3mW) in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	00533	15 Jul 2009

FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 3kHz and 10kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

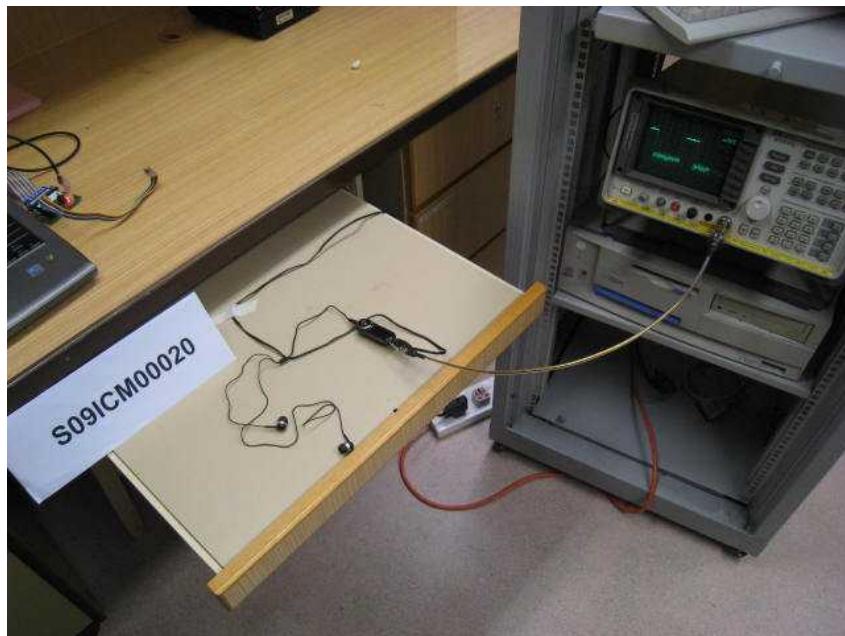
FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz).
2. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was set to the value of the ratio of the frequency span divided by the RBW.
3. The peak power density of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
4. The step 3 was repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



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PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST



Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	38 - 40	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Mode	Bluetooth	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Zechs Ng Chee Siong

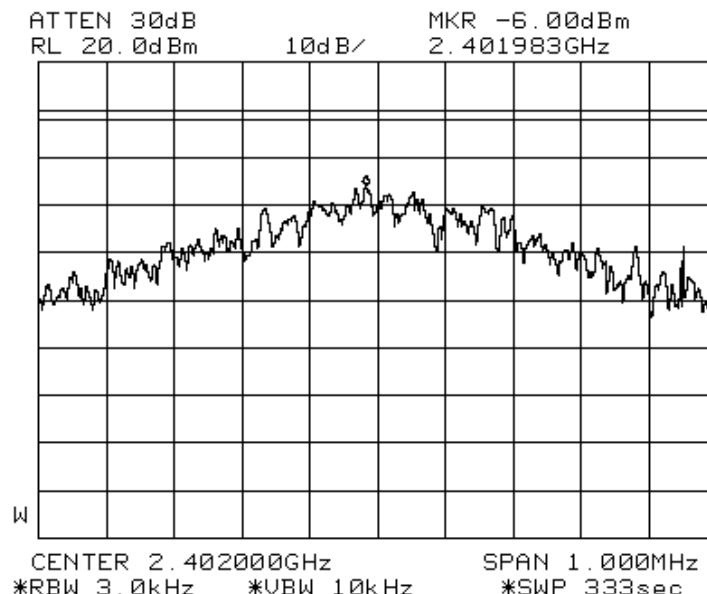
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (mW)	Limit (mW)
0	2.402	0.252	6.3
39	2.441	0.271	6.3
78	2.480	0.252	6.3



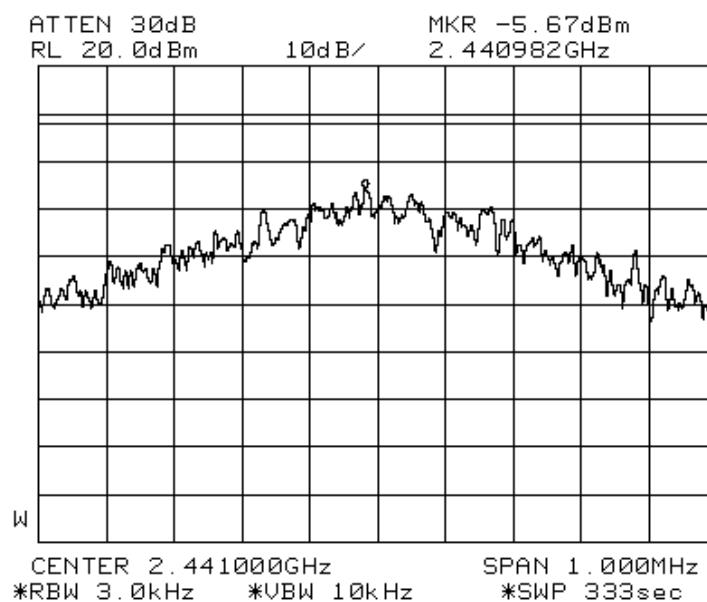
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PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots



Plot 38 – Channel 0



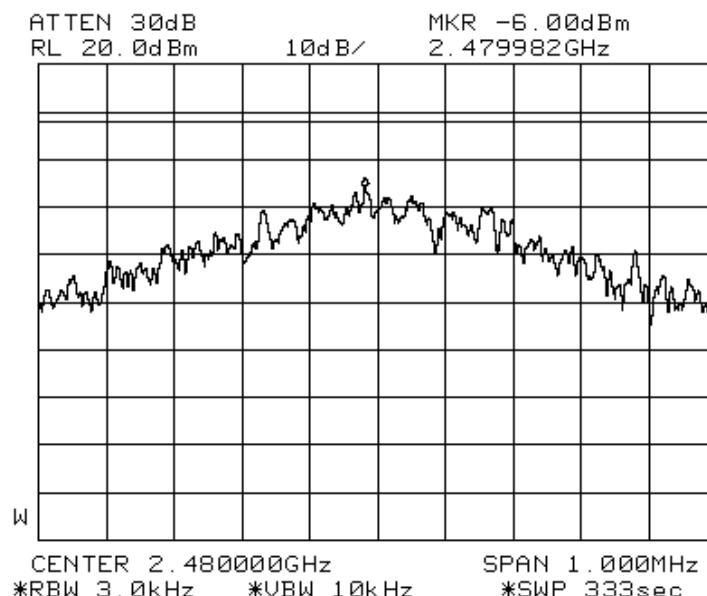
Plot 39 – Channel 39



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PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots



Plot 40 – Channel 78



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January 2008



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EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

ANNEX A

ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS



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EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Front View



Rear View



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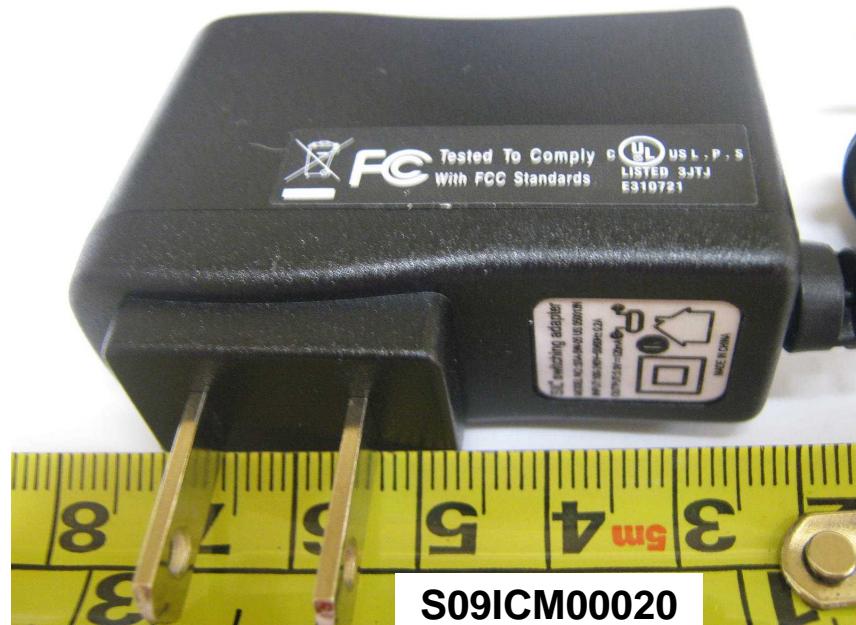
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Front View



Rear View



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EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS





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EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



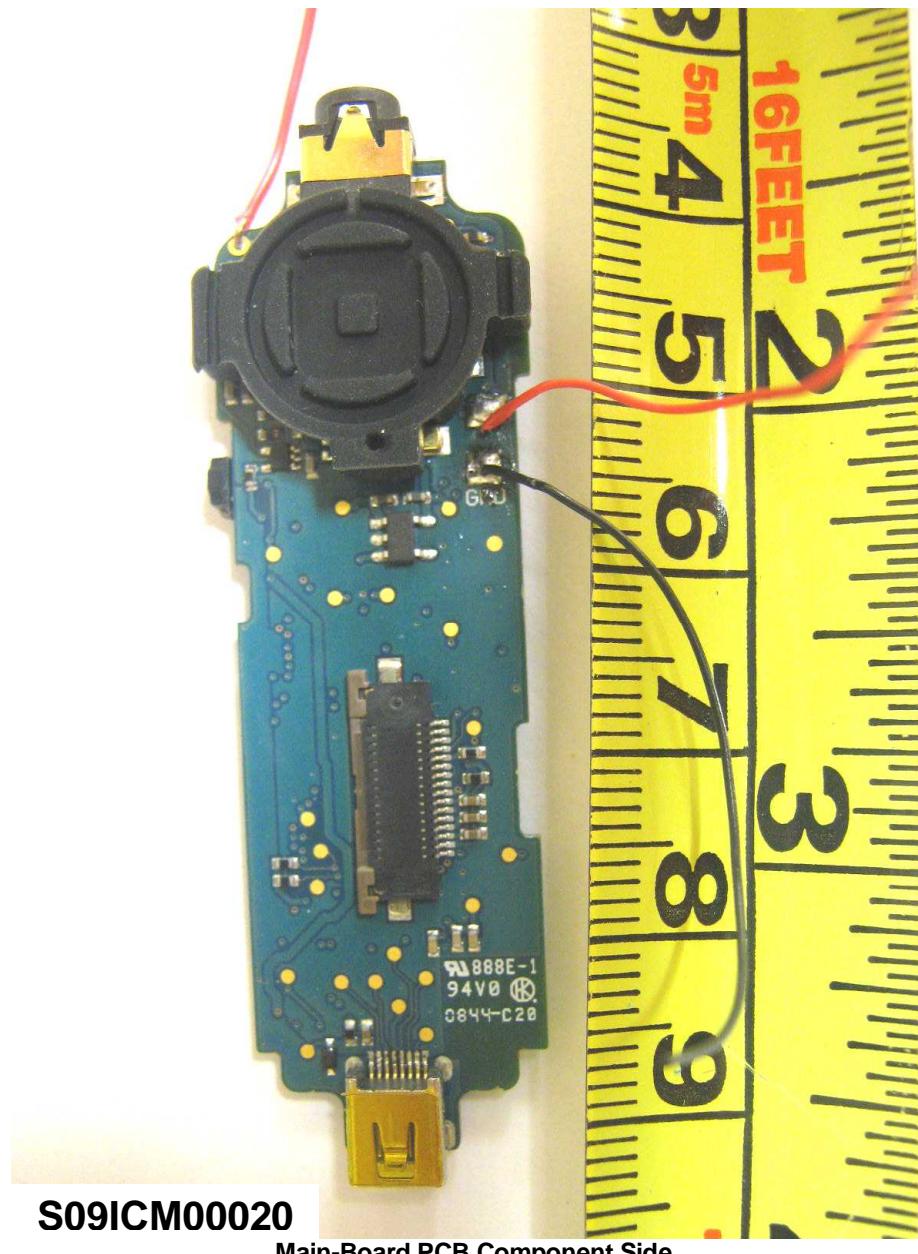


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EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



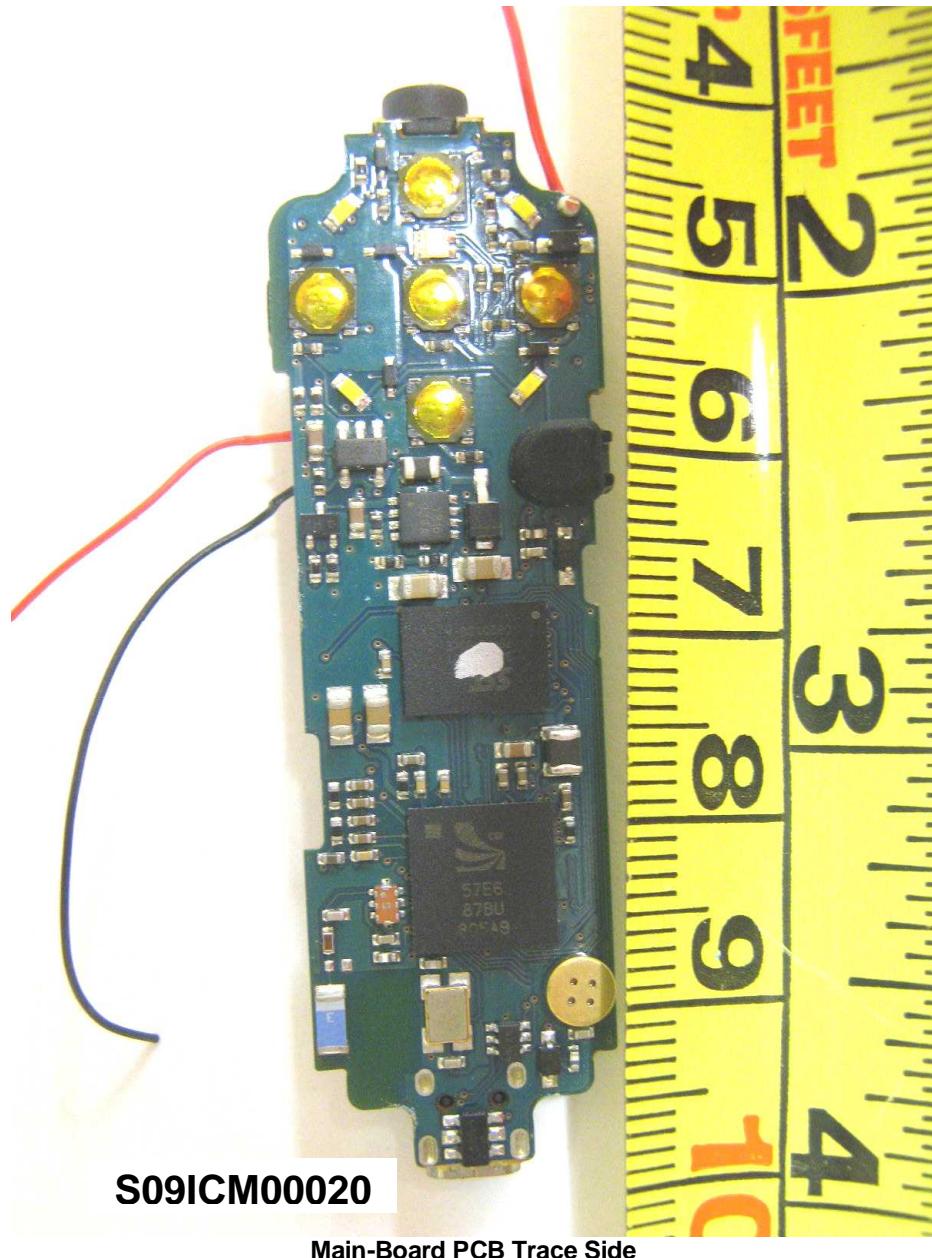


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EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS

ANNEX A

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS





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FCC LABEL & POSITION

ANNEX B

ANNEX B

FCC LABEL & POSITION
(Refer To Manufacturer)



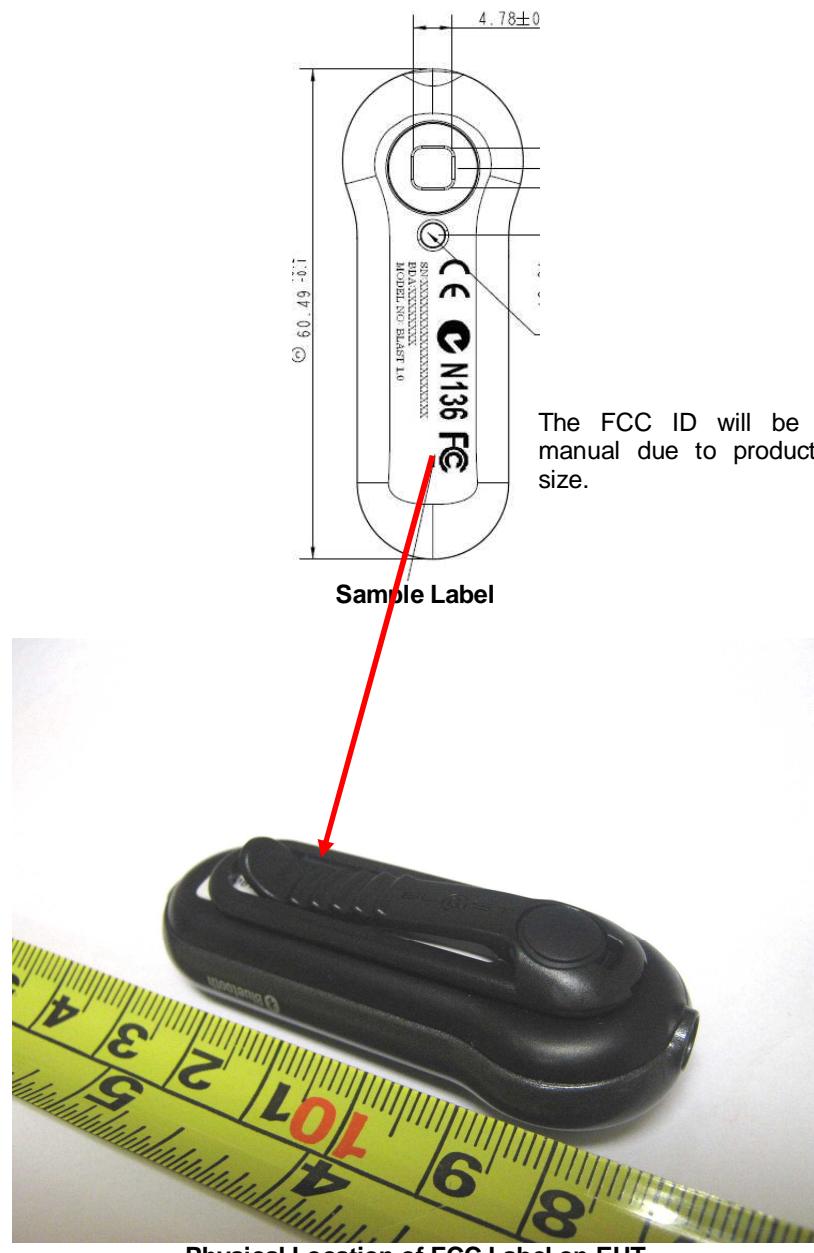
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FCC LABEL & POSITION

ANNEX B

Labelling requirements per Section 2.925 & 15.19

The label shown will be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device and be readily visible to the user at the time of purchase.





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**USER MANUAL TECHINICAL DESCRIPTION BLOCK
& CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS**

ANNEX C

ANNEX C

**USER MANUAL
TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION
BLOCK & CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS**

(Please refer to manufacturer for details)