



Test report

REP056047-2R1TRFWL

Date of issue: April 16, 2025

Applicant:

SOLiD

Product description:

Distributed Antenna System (DAS)

Model:

HRDU_AWS13_B66_B70

FCC ID:

W6UNHA13B66B70

Product marketing name(s):

AWS13

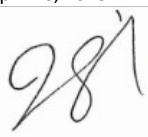
ISED certification number:

9354A-NHA13B66B70

Specifications:

- ◆ FCC 47 CFR Part 27 – Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services
- ◆ RSS 131 Issue 4 – Zone Enhancers
- ◆ RSS-139 Issue 4 - Advanced Wireless Services Equipment Operating in the Bands 1710-1780 MHz and 2110 – 2200 MHz

Lab and test locations

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Website	www.nemko.com
FCC Site Number	Test Firm Registration Number: 392943; Designation Number: US3165
ISED Test Site	2040B
Tested by	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer
Reviewed by	James Cunningham, EMC/WL Manager
Review date	April 16, 2025
Reviewer signature	

Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contain in this report are within Nemko USA's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by ANAB, NIST, or any agency of the U.S. Government.

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	3
Section 1 Report summary	4
1.1 Test specifications	4
1.2 Test methods	4
1.3 Exclusions	4
1.4 Statement of compliance.....	4
1.5 Test report revision history.....	4
Section 2 Summary of test results	5
2.1 Sample information	5
2.2 Testing period.....	5
2.3 Test results	5
Section 3 Equipment under test (EUT) details	6
3.1 Disclaimer	6
3.2 Applicant.....	6
3.3 Manufacturer.....	6
3.4 EUT information	6
3.5 Transmitter Information	7
3.6 EUT setup details	7
Section 4 Engineering considerations	9
4.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT	9
4.2 Technical judgement	9
4.3 Deviations from laboratory test procedures.....	9
Section 5 Test conditions	10
5.1 Atmospheric conditions	10
5.2 Power supply range	10
Section 6 Measurement uncertainty	11
6.1 Uncertainty of measurement	11
Section 7 Test equipment.....	12
7.1 Test equipment list	12
7.2 Test software list	12
Section 8 Testing data	13
8.1 AGC Threshold	13
8.2 Out of band rejection	14
8.3 Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison	16
8.4 Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain	19
8.5 Spurious emissions at RF connector	22
8.6 Radiated spurious emissions.....	35
8.7 Occupied bandwidth (99%).....	45

Section 1 Report summary

1.1 Test specifications

FCC 47 CFR Part 27	Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services
RSS-131 Issue 4	Zone Enhancers
RSS 139 Issue 4	Advanced Wireless Services Equipment Operating in the Bands 1710-1780 MHz and 2110 – 2200 MHz

1.2 Test methods

ANSI C63.26 – 2015	American National Standard for Compliance Testing of Transmitters Used in Licensed Services; Section 7 – RF Repeaters, amplifiers, and boosters testing Measurements Guidance for Industrial, and Non-Consumer Signal Booster, Repeater, and Amplifier Devices
FCC KDB 935210 D05 v01r04	

1.3 Exclusions

None.

1.4 Statement of compliance

Testing was performed against all relevant requirements of the test standard(s).

Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies in full with the tested requirements.

The test results relate only to the item(s) tested.

See “Section 2 Summary of test results” for full details.

1.5 Test report revision history

Table 1.5-1: Test report revision history

Revision #	Issue Date	Details of changes made to test report
REP056047-2TRFEMC	October 31, 2024	Original report issued
REP056047-2R1TRFEMC	April 16, 2025	Updated following TCB feedback

Section 2 Summary of test results

2.1 Sample information

Receipt date	26-Aug-24
Nemko sample ID number	REP056047

2.2 Testing period

Test start date	27-Aug-24
Test end date	09-Sep-24

2.3 Test results

Table 2.3-1: Summary of results

FCC Part	ISED Part	Test method	Test description	Verdict
		KDB 935210 D05V01r04 (3.2) ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.1	AGC threshold	Pass
	RSS-131 Clause 9.1	KDB 935210 D05v01r04 (3.3) ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.2	Out of band rejection	Pass
FCC Part 2.1049	RSS-131 Clause 9.2	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.4) ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.3	Occupied bandwidth / Input-versus-output spectrum	Pass
FCC Part 27.50(d) (band 66 operation)	RSS-131 Clause 9.3	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.5) ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.4	Input/output power and amplifier/booster gain	Pass
FCC Part 27.53(h) (band 66 operation)	RSS-139 Clause 5.6 (band 66 operation)	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.6) ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.5	Spurious emissions at RF antenna connector	Pass
FCC Part 27.54 (band 66 operation)	RSS-131 Clause 9.4	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.7) ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.6	Frequency stability	Not applicable ¹
FCC Part 27.53(h) (band 66 operation)	RSS-139 Clause 5.6 (band 66 operation)	KDB 935210 D05v01r05 (3.8) ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.7	Radiated spurious emissions	Pass
	RSS-GEN Clause 6.7	ANSI C63.26 5.4.4	Occupied bandwidth (99%)	For information only

Notes: ¹ Per ANSI C63.26-2015 clause 7.2.2.6 and KDB 935210 Clause 3.7, frequency stability testing is not required if the EUT does not process the input signal in a manner that can influence the output signal frequency/frequencies.

Section 3 Equipment under test (EUT) details

3.1 Disclaimer

This section contains information provided by the applicant and has been utilized to support the test plan. Inaccurate information provided by the applicant can affect the validity of the results within this test report. Nemko accepts no responsibility for the information contained within this section and the impact it may have on the test plan and resulting measurements.

3.2 Applicant

Company name	SOLiD Inc
Address	10, 9 th Floor SOLiD Space 220 Pangyoeyeok-ro Bundang-gu
City	Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do
State	–
Postal/Zip code	463-400
Country	South Korea

3.3 Manufacturer

Company name	SOLiD
Address	800 Klein Road, Suite 200
City	Plano
State	TX
Postal/Zip code	75074
Country	USA

3.4 EUT information

Product name	Distributed Antenna System (DAS)
Model	HRDU_AWS13_B66_B70
Variant(s)	None
Serial number	N/A
Part number	N/A
Power requirements	Input: 120Vac, 50/60Hz
Description/theory of operation	Distributed Antenna System (DAS) that efficiently delivers wireless RF signals into any indoor or outdoor location difficult to cover with traditional macro networks.
Operational frequencies	Band 66: 2110 – 2220 MHz DL / 1710 – 1780 MHz UL
Software details	Alliance Rel6.0 Management Version 18.0.7
Type of signal booster	FCC: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Consumer Signal Booster <input type="checkbox"/> Provider-Specific Consumer Signal Booster <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Industrial Signal Booster ISSED: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Consumer Zone Enhancer <input type="checkbox"/> Fixed Consumer Zone Enhancer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Industrial Zone Enhancer <input type="checkbox"/> Mobile Consumer Zone Enhancer <input type="checkbox"/> Provider-Specific Consumer Zone Enhancer

3.5 Transmitter Information

Frequency band(s)	Band 66: 2110 – 2220 MHz DL / 1710 – 1780 MHz UL
Antenna information	1 antenna port for band 66 operation Antenna details not provided
Nominal gain (*)	Nominal gain 58 dB for band 66 operation.
Gain-versus-frequency response (*)	Gain is nominally flat across the frequency bands. See out-of-band rejection data in section 8.2 for verification.
Rated mean output power P_{rated} (*)	37 dBm (5 Watts)
Output signal coupling attenuation (*)	0 dB
Mobile Station Coupling Loss (*)	N/A (EUT is not a Wideband Consumer Zone Enhancer)
Base Station Coupling Loss (*)	N/A (EUT is not a Provider-Specific Consumer Zone Enhancer)
Input port impedance	50 ohms (note – input port(s) are situated on the iBIU system interface unit, connected via fiber to EUT)
Output port impedance	50 ohms

(*) Information required per RSS-131

3.6 EUT setup details

Table 3.6-1: EUT sub assemblies

Description	Brand name	Model/Part number	Serial number	Rev.
HRDU_AWS13_B66_B70	SOLID	AWS13	24020003	--

Table 3.6-2: EUT interface ports

Description	Qty.
Power In	1
Power Out (Not Used)	1
ANT1	1
ANT2 (Not Used)	1
Tx (Not Used)	1
Rx (Not Used)	1
I/O (Not Used)	1
External ALM In/Out (Not Used)	1
Fan	1
Optic	1

Table 3.6-3: Support equipment

Description	Brand name	Model/Part number	Serial number	Rev.
iBIU System Interface	SOLID	iBIU_AC	65100122800159	--
Laptop	DELL	Latitude 5480	6KP16H2	--

Table 3.6-4: Inter-connection cables

Cable description	From	To	Length (m)
Fiber Optic	Distributed Antenna Systems	iBIU System Interface	10
Serial to USB	iBIU System Interface	Laptop	2

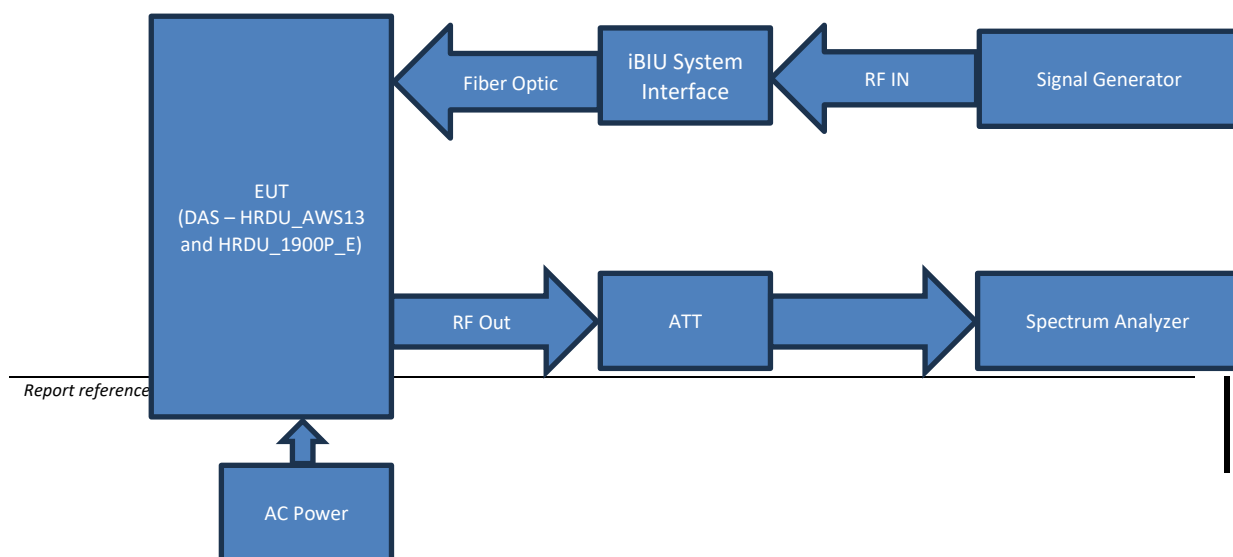


Figure 3.6-1: Test setup diagram

Section 4 Engineering considerations

4.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT

None.

4.2 Technical judgement

None.

4.3 Deviations from laboratory test procedures

None.

Section 5 Test conditions

5.1 Atmospheric conditions

Temperature	15–30 °C
Relative humidity	20–75 %
Air pressure	86–106 kPa

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

5.2 Power supply range

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages $\pm 5\%$, for which the equipment was designed.

Section 6 Measurement uncertainty

6.1 Uncertainty of measurement

Nemko USA Inc. has calculated measurement uncertainty and is documented in EMC/MUC/001 "Uncertainty in EMC measurements." Measurement uncertainty was calculated using the methods described in CISPR 16-4-2 Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4-2: Uncertainties, statistics, and limit modelling – Measurement instrumentation uncertainty. The expression of Uncertainty in EMC testing. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of K=2 with 95% certainty.

Table 6.1-1: Measurement uncertainty calculations

Measurement		U_{cispr} dB	U_{lab} dB
Conducted disturbance at AC mains and other port power using a V-AMN	9 kHz to 150 kHz	3.8	2.9
	150 kHz to 30 MHz	3.4	2.3
Conducted disturbance at telecommunication port using AAN	150 kHz to 30 MHz	5.0	4.3
Conducted disturbance at telecommunication port using CVP	150 kHz to 30 MHz	3.9	2.9
Conducted disturbance at telecommunication port using CP	150 kHz to 30 MHz	2.9	1.4
Conducted disturbance at telecommunication port using CP and CVP	150 kHz to 30 MHz	4.0	3.1
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength in a SAC)	30 MHz to 1 GHz	6.3	5.5
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength in a FAR)	1 GHz to 6 GHz	5.2	4.7
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength in a FAR)	6 GHz to 18 GHz	5.5	5.0

- Notes:
- Compliance assessment:
 - If U_{lab} is less than or equal to U_{cispr} then:
 - compliance is deemed to occur if no measured disturbance level exceeds the disturbance limit.
 - non-compliance is deemed to occur if any measured disturbance level exceeds the disturbance limit
 - If U_{lab} is greater than U_{cispr} then:
 - compliance is deemed to occur if no measured disturbance level, increased by $(U_{\text{lab}} - U_{\text{cispr}})$, exceeds the disturbance limit.
 - non-compliance is deemed to occur if any measured disturbance level, increased by $(U_{\text{lab}} - U_{\text{cispr}})$, exceeds the disturbance limit

V-AMN: V type artificial mains network
 AAN: Asymmetric artificial network
 CP: Current probe
 CVP: Capacitive voltage probe
 SAC: Semi-anechoic chamber
 FAR: Fully anechoic room

Section 7 Test equipment

7.1 Test equipment list

Table 7.1-1: Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
Signal and Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSW43	E1302	1 year	22-Jan-2025
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMW200A	E1156	1 year	02-Oct-2025
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU26	E1353	1 year	14-Nov-2024
System Controller	Sunol Sciences	SC104V	E1191	NCR	NCR
Antenna, Bilog	Schaffner-Chase	CBL6111C	1480	2 years	26-May-2026
Antenna, DRG Horn	ETS-Lindgren	3117-PA	E1139	2 years	11-Jan-2026
Antenna, Horn (18-26.5 GHz)	Eravant	SAZ-2410-42-S1	EW107	1 year	05-Dec-2024
Termination, 50 ohms	Diamond Antenna	DC-500MHz	N/A	NCR	NCR
Attenuator, 40dB (100W)	Centric RF	C18N100-40	N/A	VBU	VBU
Attenuator, 30dB	Pasternack	PE7388-30	E1325	VBU	VBU

Notes: NCR: no calibration required
VBU: verify before use

7.2 Test software list

Table 7.2-1: Test Software

Manufacturer	Details
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC 32 V10.60.15 (radiated emissions)

Section 8 Testing data

8.1 AGC Threshold

8.1.1 References and limits

- ANSI C63.26 Section 7.2.2.1
- KDB 935210 D05v01r04 Clause 3.2

8.1.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	September 9, 2024	Temperature	21 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1006 mbar
Test location	<input type="checkbox"/> 10m semi anechoic chamber <input type="checkbox"/> 3m semi anechoic chamber <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wireless bench <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	Relative humidity	51 %

8.1.3 Notes

Per KDB 935210 D05 v01r04, Clause 3.1 and ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.1, testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth).

8.1.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Table-top <input type="checkbox"/> Floor standing <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Measurement details	<p>The automatic gain control (AGC) threshold is determined as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT. Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation. The signal generator must be set to either of the required modulation signals. Set the frequency to the middle frequency of the EUT operating band. While monitoring the output of the EUT using the method of ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.4.2 or 7.2.2.4.3, increase the input level until a 1 dB increase in the input signal no longer causes a 1 dB increase in the output signal. This is the AGC threshold level of the EUT. Repeat for the other modulation signal.

8.1.5 Test data

Table 8.1-1: AGC Threshold results

Operating frequency band	Input signal type	AGC Threshold Level (dBm)
Band 66: 2110 – 2200 MHz	Narrowband	-11.0
	Broadband	-11.0

8.2 Out of band rejection

8.2.1 References and limits

- ANSI C63.26 Section 7.2.2.2
- KDB 935210 D05v01r04 Clause 3.3
- RSS-131 Clause 9.1

8.2.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	August 27, 2024	Temperature	20 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1010 mbar
Test location	<input type="checkbox"/> 10m semi anechoic chamber <input type="checkbox"/> 3m semi anechoic chamber <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wireless bench <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	Relative humidity	55 %

8.2.3 Notes

None

8.2.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Table-top <input type="checkbox"/> Floor standing <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Measurement details	<p>The out-of-band rejection is measured as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT. b. Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Frequency range = $\pm 250\%$ of the passband from the center of the passband, for each applicable operating frequency band. 2) Level = a sufficient level to affirm that the out-of-band rejection is > 20 dB above the noise floor and will not engage the AGC during the entire sweep. 3) Dwell time = approximately 10 ms. 4) Number of points = $\text{SPAN}/(\text{RBW}/2)$. c. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation. d. Set the span of the spectrum analyzer to the same frequency range of the signal generator. e. Set the RBW of the spectrum analyzer to be 1% to 5% of the EUT passband and the VBW shall be set to $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$. f. Set the detector to Peak Max-Hold and wait for the spectrum analyzer's display to fill. g. Capture the frequency response of the EUT. h. Place a marker to the peak of the frequency response and record this frequency as f_0. i. Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the -20 dB down amplitude to determine the 20 dB bandwidth. j. Repeat for all frequency bands applicable for use by the EUT.

8.2.5 Test data

Table 8.2-1: Out of band rejection results, Band 66

Parameter	Value
f_0	2157.048
f_l	2102.447
f_h	2211.648
20 dB bandwidth	109.201

Out-of-band rejection, 2110-2200 MHz

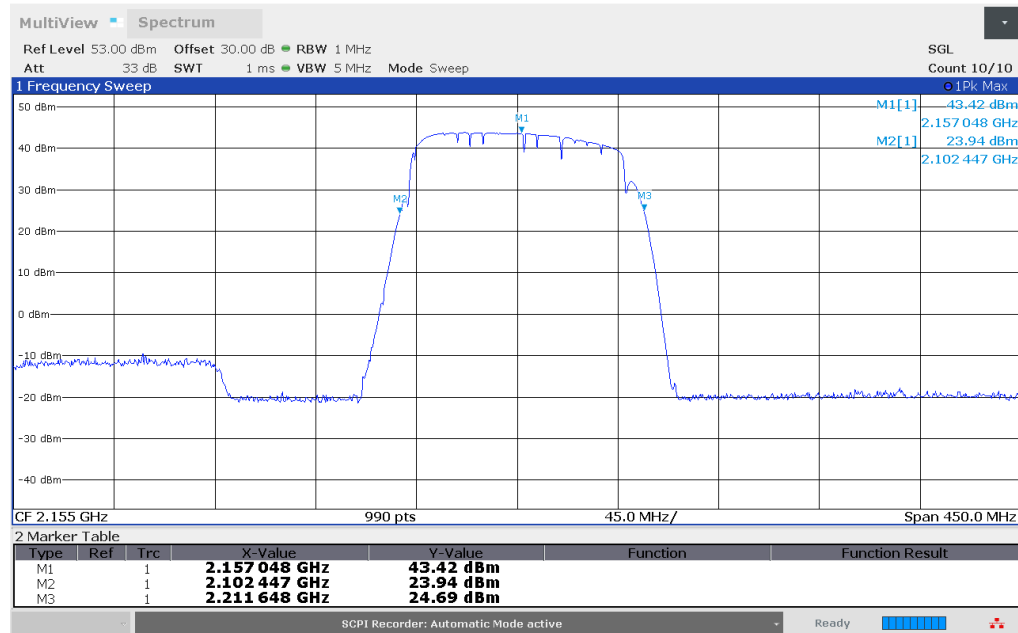


Figure 8.2-1: Out of band rejection results, Band 66

8.3 Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison

8.3.1 References and limits

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1049
- ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.4
- KDB 935210 D05v01r04 Clause 3.4
- RSS-131 Clause 9.2

8.3.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	August 27, 2024	Temperature	21 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1006 mbar
Test location	<input type="checkbox"/> 10m semi anechoic chamber <input type="checkbox"/> 3m semi anechoic chamber <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wireless bench <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	Relative humidity	51 %

8.3.3 Notes

Per KDB 935210 D05 v01r04, Clause 3.3 and ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.3, testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth).

8.3.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Table-top <input type="checkbox"/> Floor standing <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Measurement details	<p>A 26 dB bandwidth measurement shall be performed on the input and the output signal.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connect a signal generator to the EUT. Configure the signal generator to transmit the AWGN signal. Configure the signal level to be just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 015 dB below. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation. Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range of the spectrum analyzer shall be between 2 x OBW and 5 x OBW. The nominal RBW shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW and the VBW shall be $\geq 3 \times$ RBW. Set the reference level of the instrument as required, to prevent the signal from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be more than $[10 \log (OBW / RBW)]$ below the reference level. Step f) and step g) can require iteration to enable adjustments within the specified tolerances. The noise floor of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level. Set spectrum analyzer detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold. Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference level). Determine the -26 dB down amplitude by placing two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below the -26 dB down amplitude. If a marker is below the -26 dB down value, it should be as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers. Repeat step 3) to step k) to measure the input signal to the EUT (i.e., signal generator output). Compare the 26 dB bandwidths to affirm they are similar. Repeat step e) to step l) with the input signal to the EUT set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold. Repeat step e) to step m) with the signal generator set to the narrowband signal. Repeat step e) to step n) for all bands used by the EUT.

8.3.5 Test data

Table 8.3-1: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results

Condition	Test Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Input Signal) (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (Output Signal) (MHz)
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2155	0.3080	0.3087
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2155	0.3080	0.3087
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2155	4.655	4.655
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2155	4.655	4.655

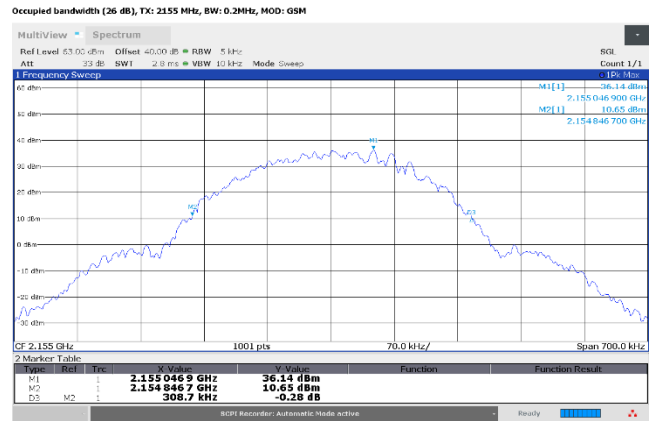
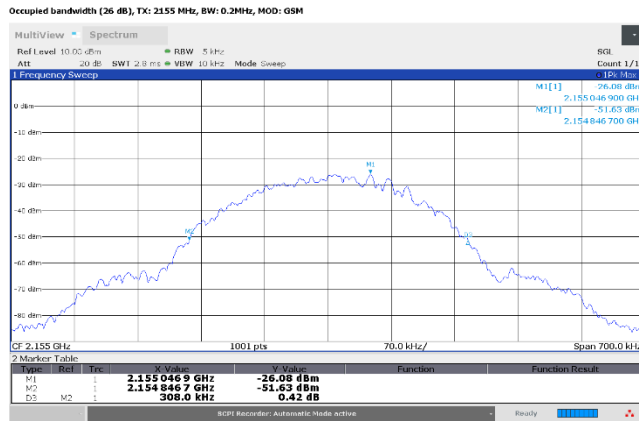


Figure 8.3-1: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

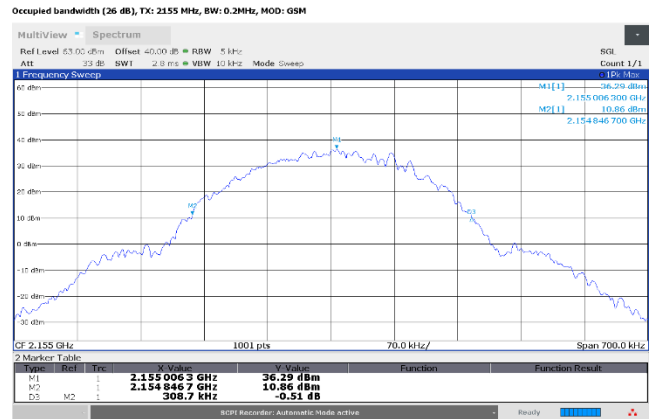
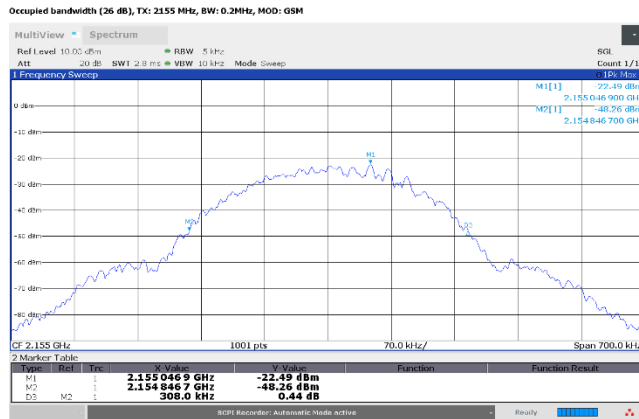


Figure 8.3-2: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, narrowband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

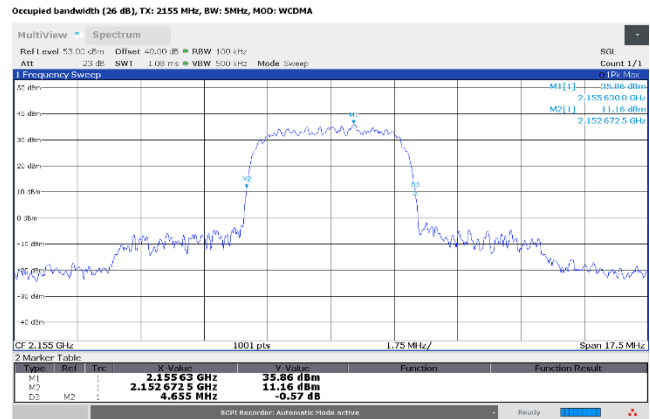
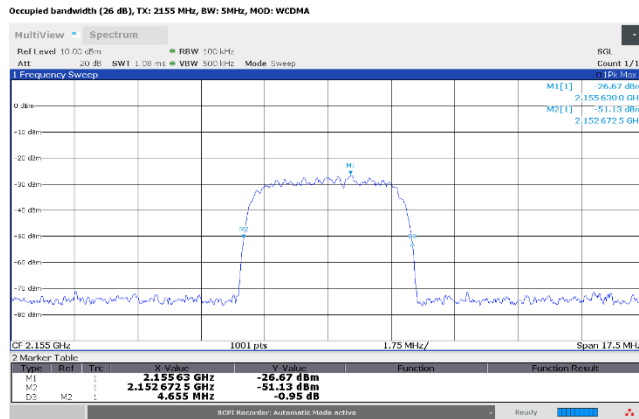


Figure 8.3-3: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

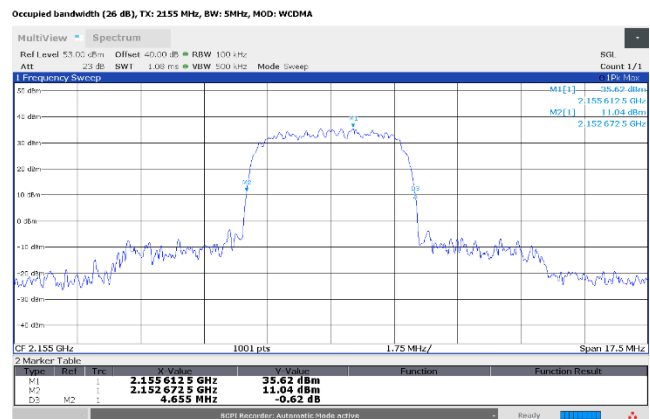
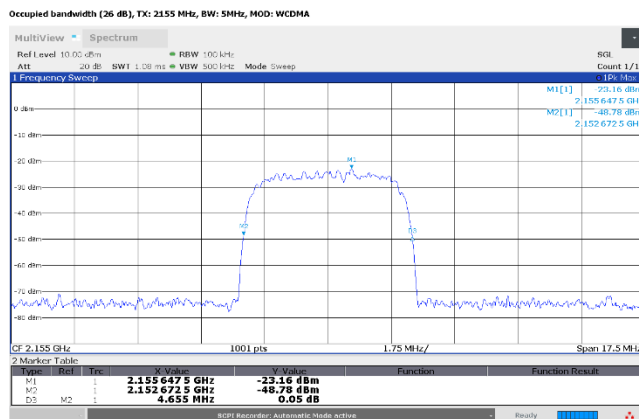


Figure 8.3-4: Occupied bandwidth / Input Versus Output Comparison results, broadband signal, 3.0 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

8.4 Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain

8.4.1 References and limits

- FCC Part 27.50(d) & RSS-139 (band 66 operation)
- ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.4
- KDB 935210 D05v01r05 Clause 3.5

8.4.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	August 28, 2024	Temperature	21 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1006 mbar
Test location	<input type="checkbox"/> 10m semi anechoic chamber <input type="checkbox"/> 3m semi anechoic chamber <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wireless bench <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	Relative humidity	51 %

8.4.3 Notes

Per KDB 935210 D05 v01r04, Clause 3.4 and ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.4, testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth).

8.4.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Table-top <input type="checkbox"/> Floor standing <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Measurement details	<p>Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which the equipment certification is sought. Any EUT attenuation settings shall be set to their minimum value.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT. The modulation shall be set to the AWGN signal. The frequency of the signal generator shall be set to the frequency f_0 as determined during the out-of-band rejection measurement. Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation, Set the level of the signal generator to a level that produces an output just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 015 dB below. Measure the output power of the EUT. Remove the EUT from the measurement set-up. Using the same signal generator settings, repeat the power measurement on the input signal to the EUT (i.e., the signal generator output). Calculate the amplifier gain as follows: $\text{Gain (dB)} = \text{output (dBm)} - \text{input (dBm)}.$ Repeat step f) and g) with the input level set to a level that is 3 dB above the AGC threshold. Repeat step e) to step h) with the input signal set to narrowband modulation. Repeat step e) to step i) for all bands used by the EUT.

8.4.5 Test data

Table 8.4-1: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain test data

Condition	Test frequency (MHz)	Input power (dBm / MHz)	Output power (dBm/MHz)	Amplifier gain (dB)	0.1 % PAPR (dB)
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2157.048	-12.46	43.09	55.55	0.36
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband	2157.048	-8.99	42.56	51.55	0.34
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2157.048	-12.55	42.71	55.26	4.44
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband	2157.048	-9.11	42.79	51.90	4.30

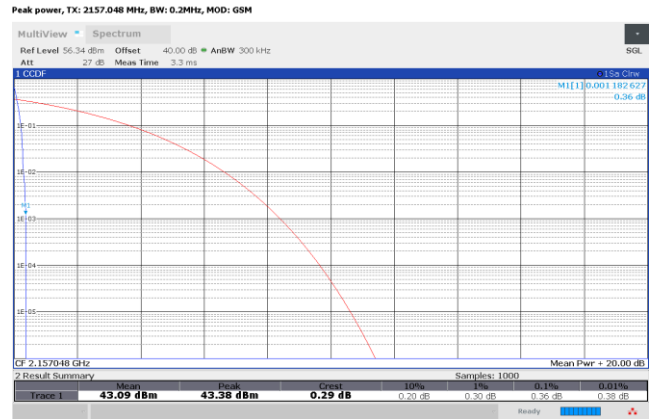
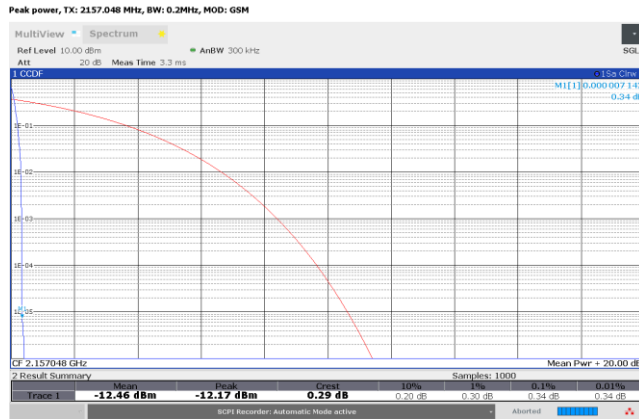


Figure 8.4-1: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

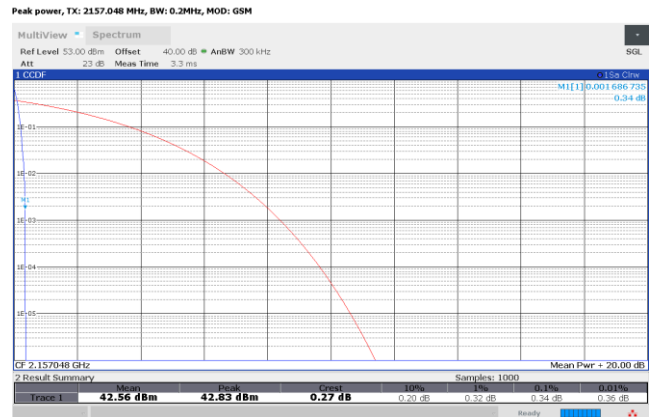
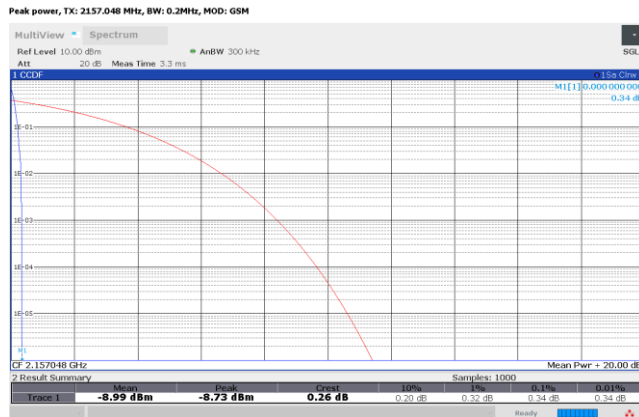


Figure 8.4-2: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, narrowband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

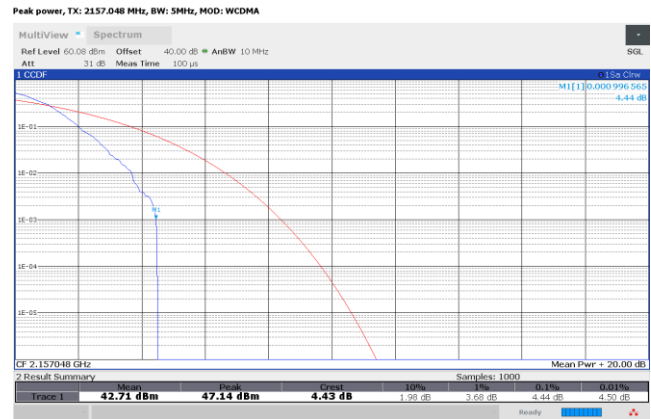
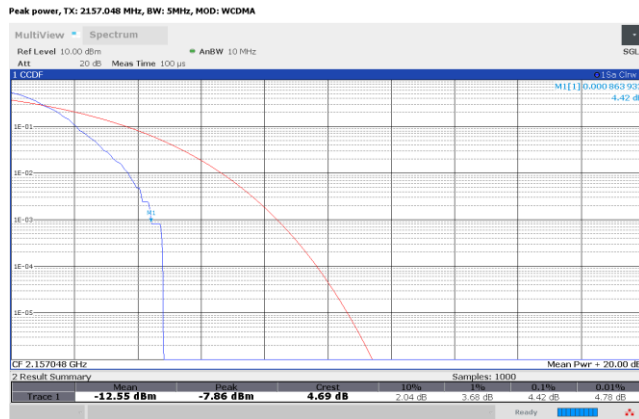


Figure 8.4-3: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 0.5 dB below AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

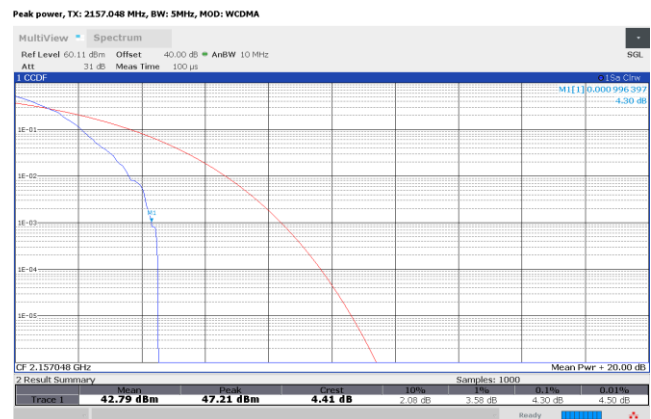
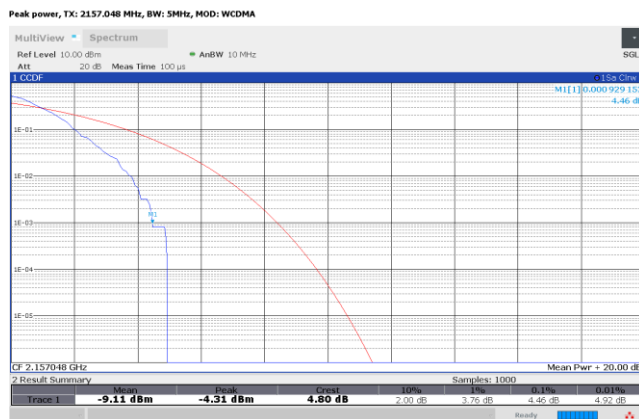


Figure 8.4-4: Output power / Mean output power and amplifier gain results, broadband signal, 3 dB above AGC threshold, input and output signal respectively

8.5 Spurious emissions at RF connector

8.5.1 References and limits

- FCC Part 27.53(h) & RSS-139 (band 66 operation)
- ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.5
- KDB 935210 D05v01r05 Clause 3.6

8.5.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	September 9, 2024	Temperature	21 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1006 mbar
Test location	<input type="checkbox"/> 10m semi anechoic chamber <input type="checkbox"/> 3m semi anechoic chamber <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wireless bench <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	Relative humidity	51 %

8.5.3 Notes

Per KDB 935210 D05 v01r04, Clause 3.4 and ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.4, testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth).

For intermodulation products and out-of-channel block tests, testing is performed under the following two conditions (per ANSI C63.26 7.2.2.5.1 and KDB 935210 D05v01r04 Section 3.6):

- Two modulated signals set to the lower or upper block edge.
- A single modulated signal set to the low or high channel

8.5.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Table-top <input type="checkbox"/> Floor standing <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Measurement details	<p>Out-of-channel-block and out-of-band emissions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT. If the signal generator is not capable of generating two modulated carriers at one time, then it may be replaced by two signal generators connected with an appropriate combining network Set the signal generator to produce 2 AWGN signals. The frequencies shall be set so that the AWGN signals occupy adjacent channels, as defined by industry standards such as 3GPP or 3GPP2, at the upper block edge of the frequency band under test. The composite power levels shall be set so that the signal is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below. The composite power can be measured using the methods described in the output power methods, however, it will be necessary to measure the composite power by increasing the band power integration bandwidth to include both transmit channels, or alternatively, this measurement can be performed using an average power meter. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation. Set the RBW= reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band (typically 1% of the EBW or 100 kHz or 1 MHz). Set the VBW = 3 x RBW. Set the detector to power averaging (rms) detector. Set the sweep time = auto couple. Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the upper block edge frequency and the stop frequency to the upper block edge frequency plus 300 kHz or 3 MHz for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively. Trace average at least one hundred traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode. Use the marker function to find the maximum power level. Capture the spectrum analyzer trace of the power level for inclusion in the test report. Repeat step k) and step m) with the input level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold. Set the frequencies of the input signals to the lower block edge of the frequency band under test.

- p. Reset the analyzer start frequency to the lower block edge frequency minus 300 kHz or 3 MHz for frequencies below and above 1 GHz, respectively, and the stop frequency to the lower block edge frequency.
 - q. Repeat step k) to step n).
 - r. Repeat step a) to step q) with the signal generator set to only a single signal closest to the block edges.
 - s. Repeat step a) to step r) with the narrowband signal.
 - t. Repeat step a) to step s) for all bands used by the EUT.
- Conducted spurious:
- a. Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
 - b. Set the signal generator to produce the AWGN signal.
 - c. Set the frequency of the signal to the lowest channel within the frequency block.
 - d. The power levels shall be set so that the signal is just below the AGC threshold, but not more than 0.5 dB below.
 - e. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
 - f. Set the RBW = reference bandwidth in the applicable rule section for the supported frequency band (typically 100 kHz or 1 MHz).
 - g. Set the VBW = 3 x RBW.
 - h. Set the sweep time = auto-couple.
 - i. Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the lowest RF signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, and the stop frequency to the lower band/block edge frequency minus 100 kHz to 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part. The number of measurement points in each sweep must be $\geq (2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW})$, which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
 - j. Trace average at least ten traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
 - k. Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of measured frequency range. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.
 - l. Reset the spectrum analyzer start frequency to the upper band/block edge frequency plus 100 kHz or 1 MHz, as specified in the applicable rule part, and the spectrum analyzer stop frequency to ten times the highest frequency of the fundamental emission. The number of measurement points in each sweep must be $\geq (2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW})$, which may require that the measurement range defined by the start and stop frequencies be subdivided, depending on the available number of measurement points provided by the spectrum analyzer.
 - m. Trace average at least ten traces in power averaging (i.e., rms) mode.
 - n. Use the peak marker function to identify the highest amplitude level over each of the measured frequency ranges. Record the frequency and amplitude and capture a plot for inclusion in the test report; also provide tabular data, if required.
 - o. Repeat step i) to step n) with the input signal firstly set to a middle channel frequency and then tuned to a high channel frequency.
 - p. Repeat step c) to step o) with the narrowband signal.
 - q. Repeat step b) to step p) for all bands used by the EUT

8.5.5 Test data – out-of-channel block and out-of-band emissions

Table 8.5-1: Spurious emissions at RF connector test data, narrowband

Condition	Frequency of highest emission (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	2109.791708	-24.67	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	2109.414086	-44.02	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	2109.908591	-33.03	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	2109.420080	-43.27	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	2200.007493	-34.03	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	2200.606893	-40.82	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	2200.007493	-23.16	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = narrowband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	2200.606893	-40.04	-13.00

Low band edge, 2 signals, total level = 0.5 dB less than AGC threshold



Low band edge, 1 signal, total level = 0.5 dB less than AGC threshold



Section 8
Test name

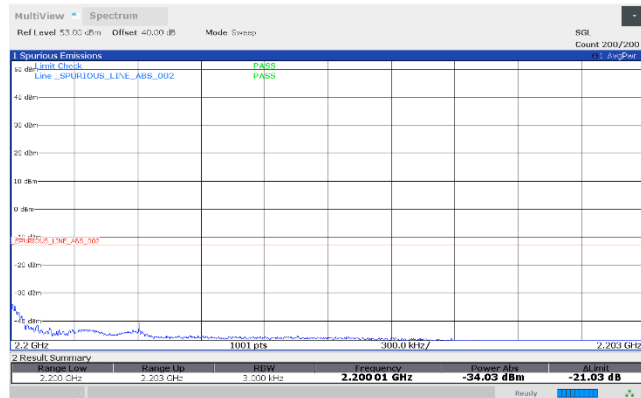
Testing data
Spurious emissions at RF connector



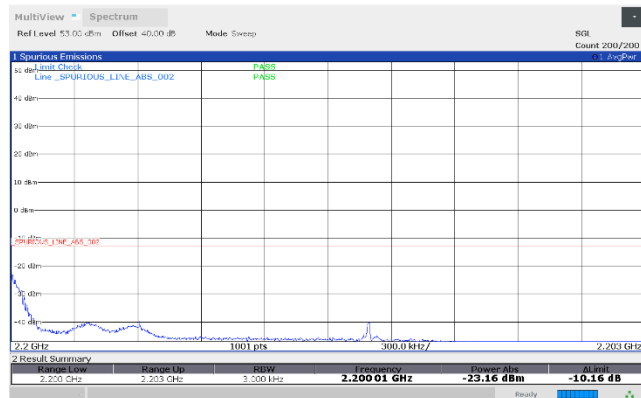
Low band edge, 2 signals, total level = 3 dB more than AGC threshold



High band edge, 2 signals, total level = 0.5 dB less than AGC threshold



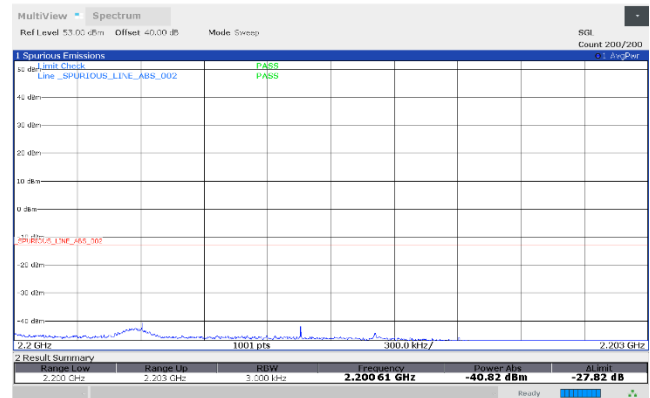
High band edge, 2 signals, total level = 3 dB more than AGC threshold



Low band edge, 1 signal, total level = 3 dB more than AGC threshold



High band edge, 1 signal, total level = 0.5 dB less than AGC threshold



High band edge, 1 signal, total level = 3 dB more than AGC threshold



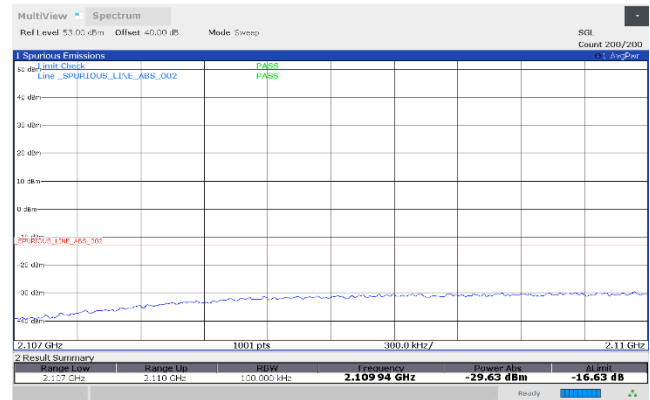
Table 8.5-2: Spurious emissions at RF connector test data, broadband

Condition	Frequency of highest emission (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	2109.950549	-28.03	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	2109.935564	-29.63	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 Low band edge	2109.890609	-23.71	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 Low band edge	2109.360140	-29.76	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	2200.130370	-25.76	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	2200.277223	-30.45	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold +3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 2 High band edge	2200.157343	-27.34	-13.00
Input Level = AGC Threshold + 3 dB Input signal = broadband Number of signals: 1 High band edge	2200.346154	-29.69	-13.00

Low band edge, 2 signals, total level = 0.5 dB less than AGC threshold



Low band edge, 1 signal, total level = 0.5 dB less than AGC threshold

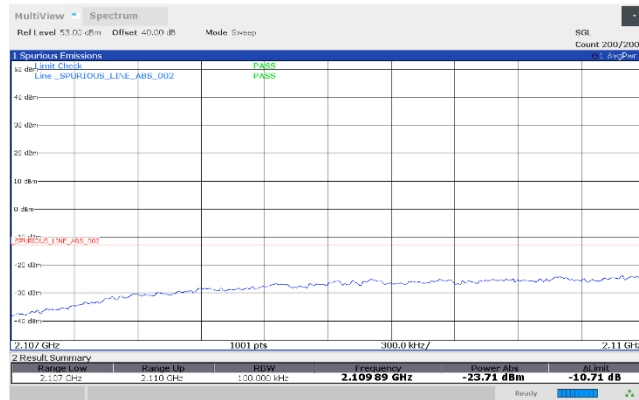


Section 8
Test name

Testing data
Spurious emissions at RF connector



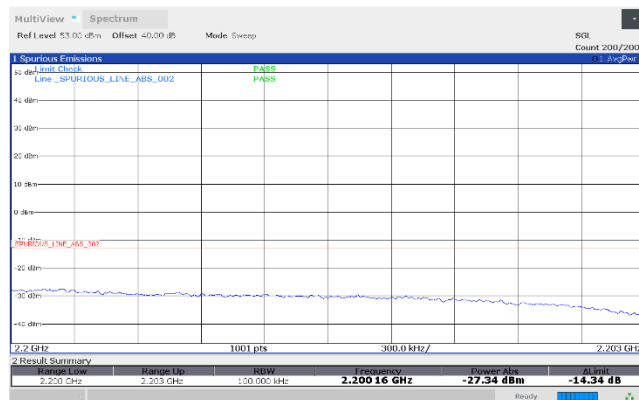
Low band edge, 2 signals, total level = 3 dB more than AGC threshold



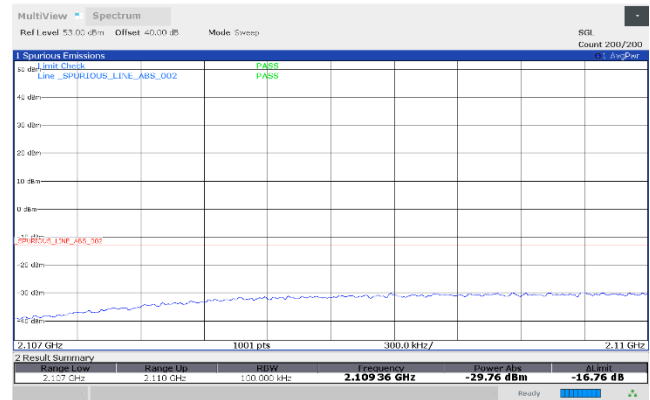
High band edge, 2 signals, total level = 0.5 dB less than AGC threshold



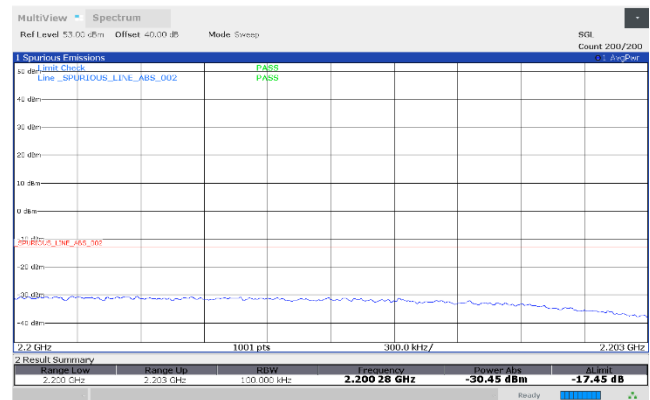
High band edge, 2 signals, total level = 3 dB more than AGC threshold



Low band edge, 1 signal, total level = 3 dB more than AGC threshold



High band edge, 1 signal, total level = 0.5 dB less than AGC threshold



High band edge, 1 signal, total level = 3 dB more than AGC threshold



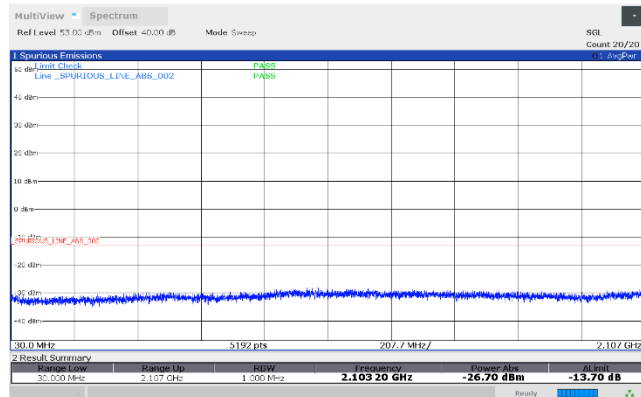
8.5.6 Test data - conducted spurious emissions:

Input signal = **lowest channel** within the frequency block; **narrowband**:

Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



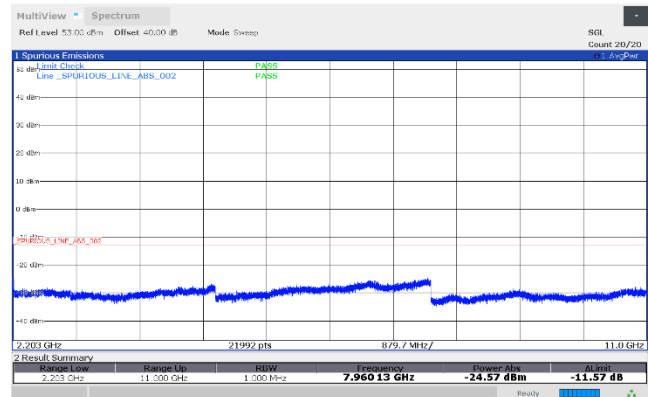
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



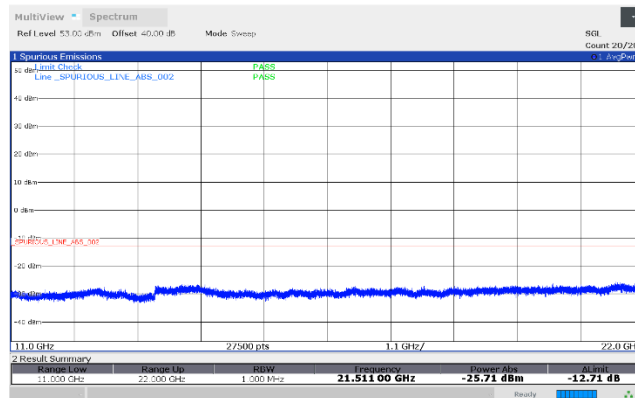
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB

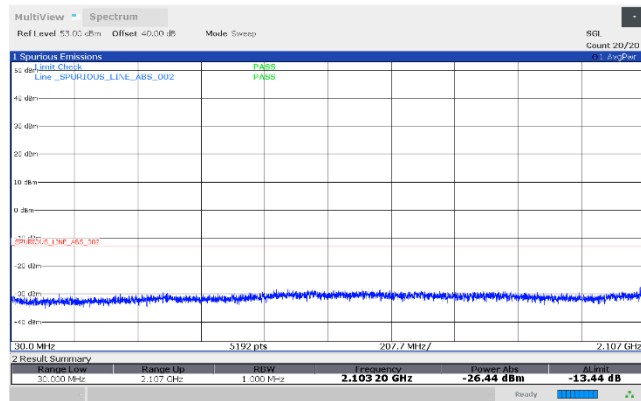


Input signal = middle channel within the frequency block; narrowband:

Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



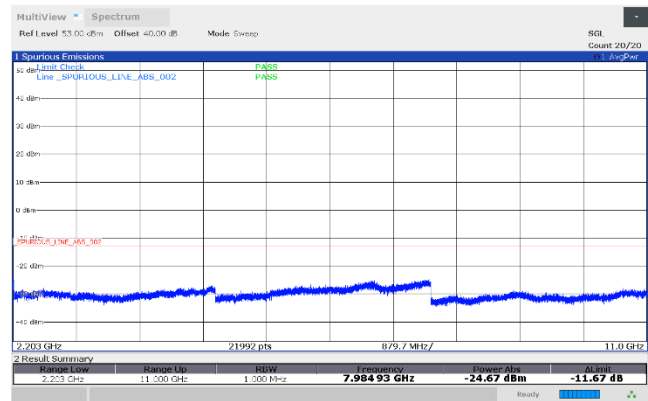
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



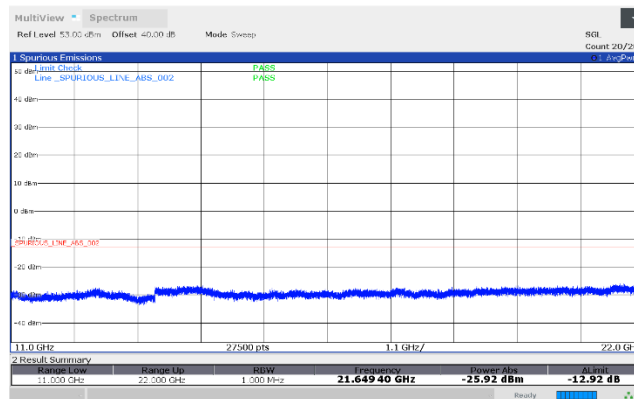
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB

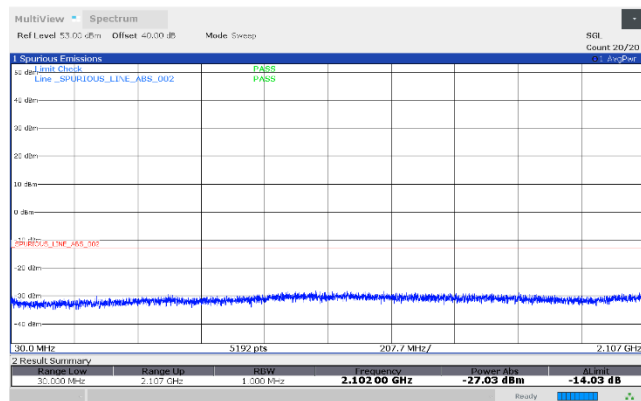


Input signal = highest channel within the frequency block; narrowband:

Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



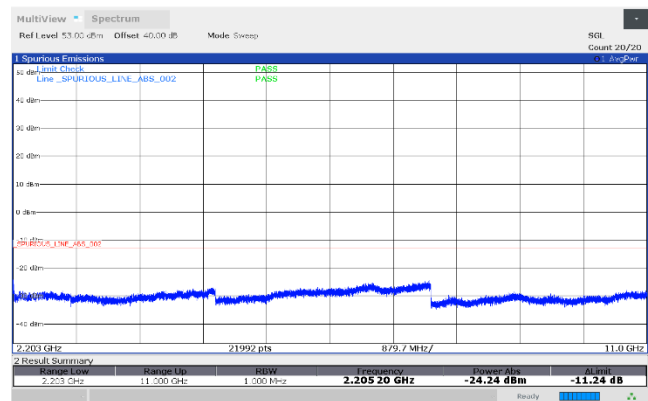
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



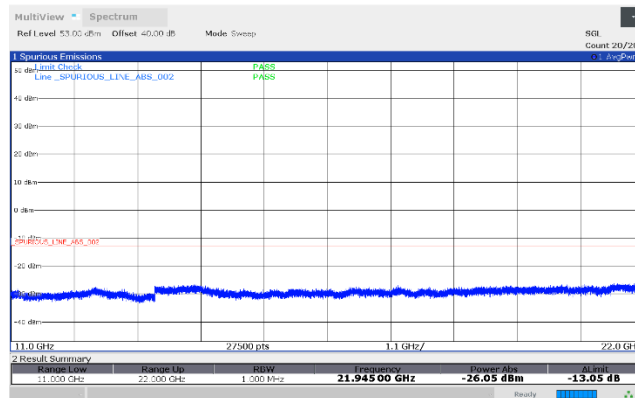
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, NB

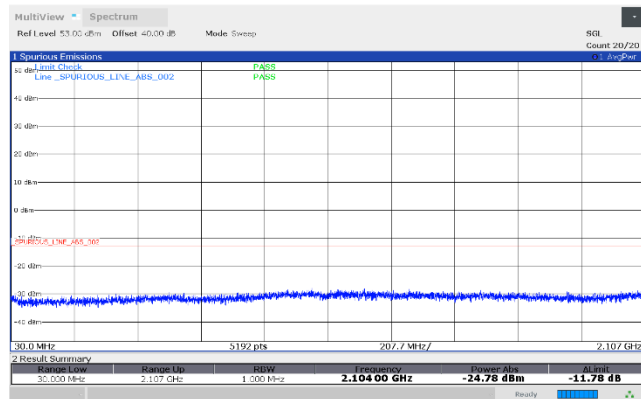


Input signal = lowest channel within the frequency block; broadband:

Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



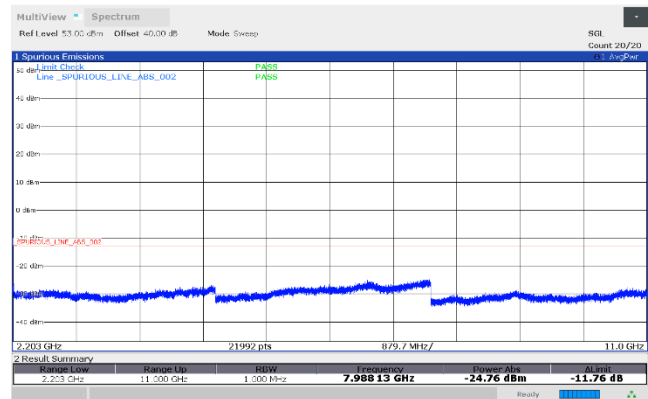
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



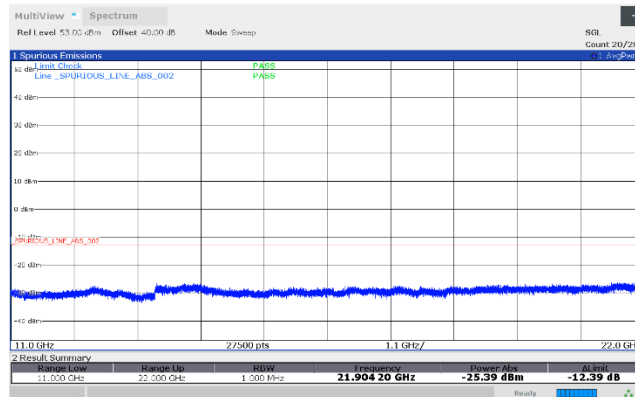
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at low band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB

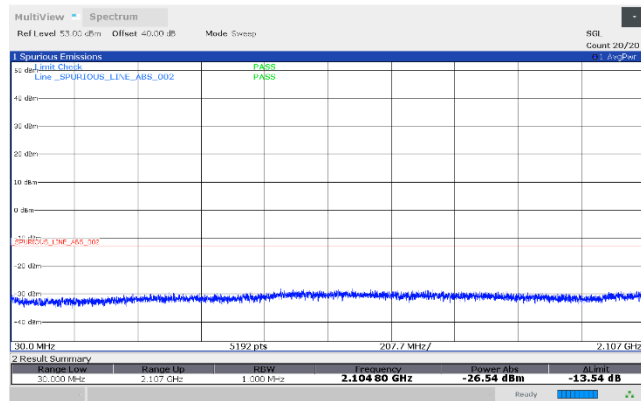


Input signal = middle channel within the frequency block; broadband:

Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



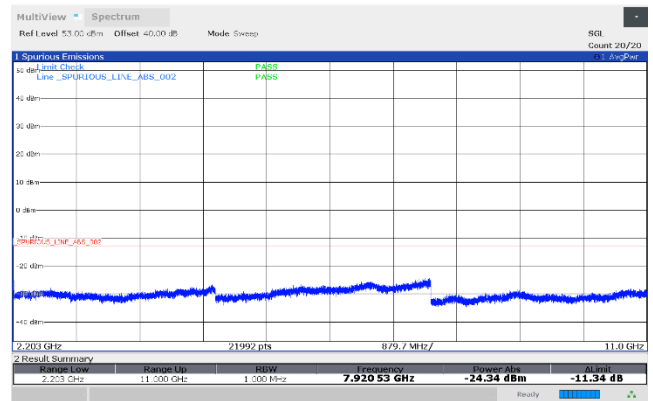
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



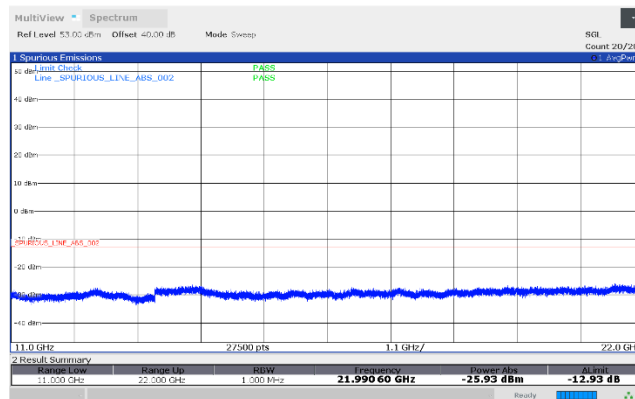
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at middle channel, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB

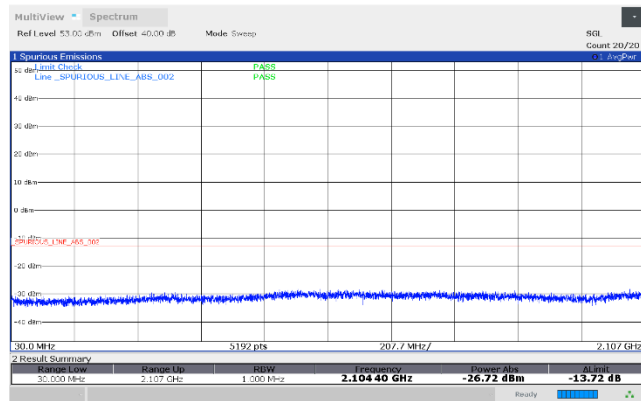


Input signal = highest channel within the frequency block; broadband:

Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



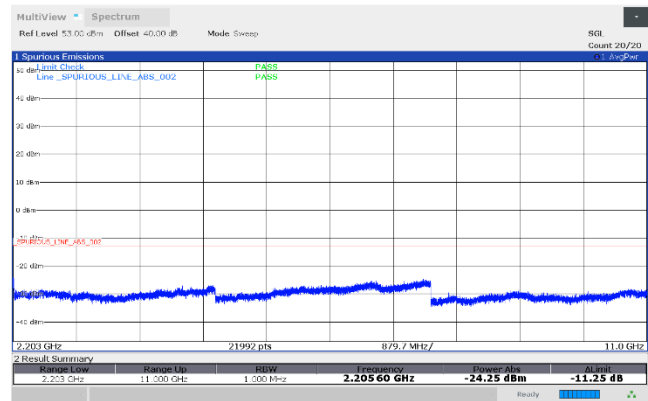
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



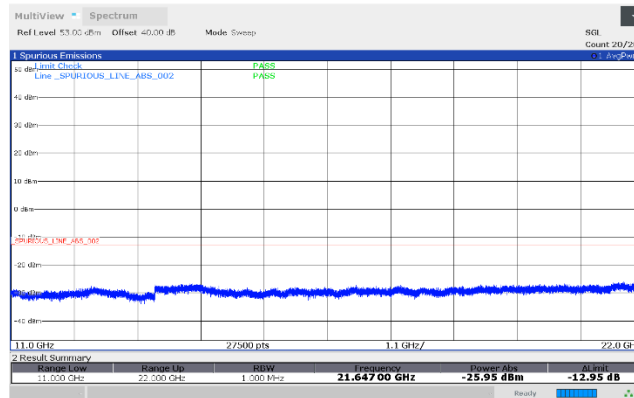
Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



Conducted Spurious Emissions, Wanted signal at high band edge, level = AGC - 0.5 dB, BB



8.6 Radiated spurious emissions

8.6.1 References and limits

- FCC Part 27.53(h) & RSS-139 (band 66)
- ANSI C63.26 Clause 7.2.2.5
- KDB 935210 D05v01r05 Clause 3.8

8.6.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Test date	August 29, 2024 August 30, 2024	Temperature	21 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1010 mbar
Test location	<input type="checkbox"/> 10m semi anechoic chamber <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3m semi anechoic chamber <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	Relative humidity	52 %

8.6.3 Notes

Testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth) on lowest, middle, and highest channels of each supported frequency band. Only the worst-case data (broadband signal) are presented here.

8.6.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz		
EUT setup configuration	<div><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Table-top</div> <div><input type="checkbox"/> Floor standing</div> <div><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</div>		
Measurement details	Receiver/spectrum analyzer settings for frequencies below 1 GHz:		
	Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz	
	Detector mode	– Peak (Preview measurement)	
	Trace mode	Max Hold	
	Measurement time	– 100 ms (Peak preview measurement)	
		– 5000 ms (Peak final measurement)	
	Receiver/spectrum analyzer settings for frequencies above 1 GHz:		
	Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz	
	Detector mode	Peak (Preview measurement)	
		Peak (Final measurement)	
	Trace mode	Max Hold	
	Measurement time	– 100 ms (Peak preview measurement)	
		– 5000 ms (Peak final measurement)	

8.6.5 Test data

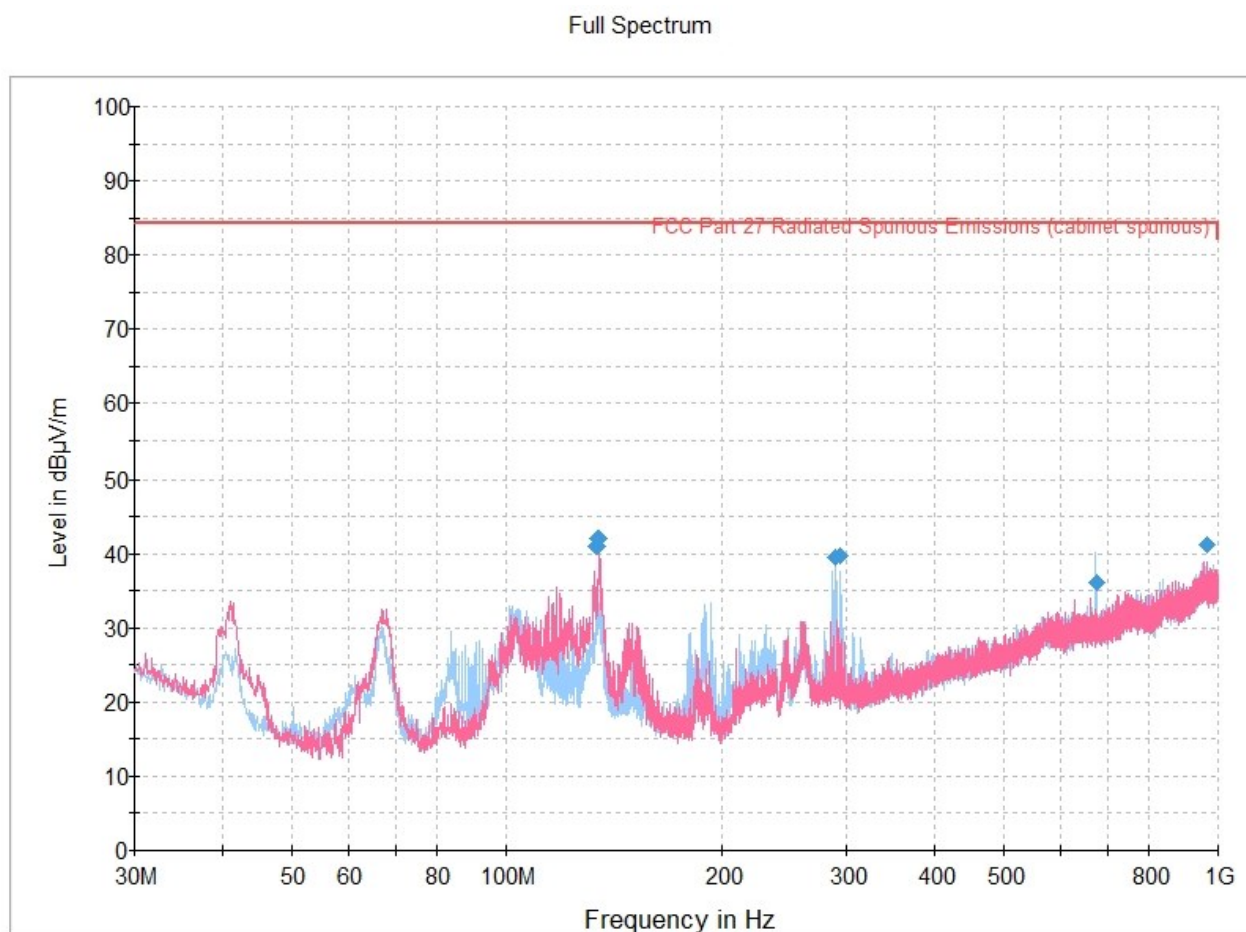


Figure 8.6-1: Radiated emissions spectral plot (30 MHz - 1 GHz) – 2110 MHz

Table 8.6-1: Radiated emissions results

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
133.553333	40.91	84.38	43.47	5000.0	100.000	104.0	V	186.0	18.6
134.458333	41.98	84.38	42.40	5000.0	100.000	129.0	V	170.0	18.7
288.737500	39.57	84.38	44.81	5000.0	100.000	100.0	H	275.0	21.0
293.458333	39.65	84.38	44.73	5000.0	100.000	100.0	H	284.0	21.0
673.770833	36.19	84.38	48.19	5000.0	100.000	210.0	H	0.0	30.0
963.971667	41.20	84.38	43.18	5000.0	100.000	305.0	V	114.0	35.7

Notes:

¹ Field strength (dB V/m) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dB V) + correction factor (dB)

² Correction factors = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

³ Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

Full Spectrum

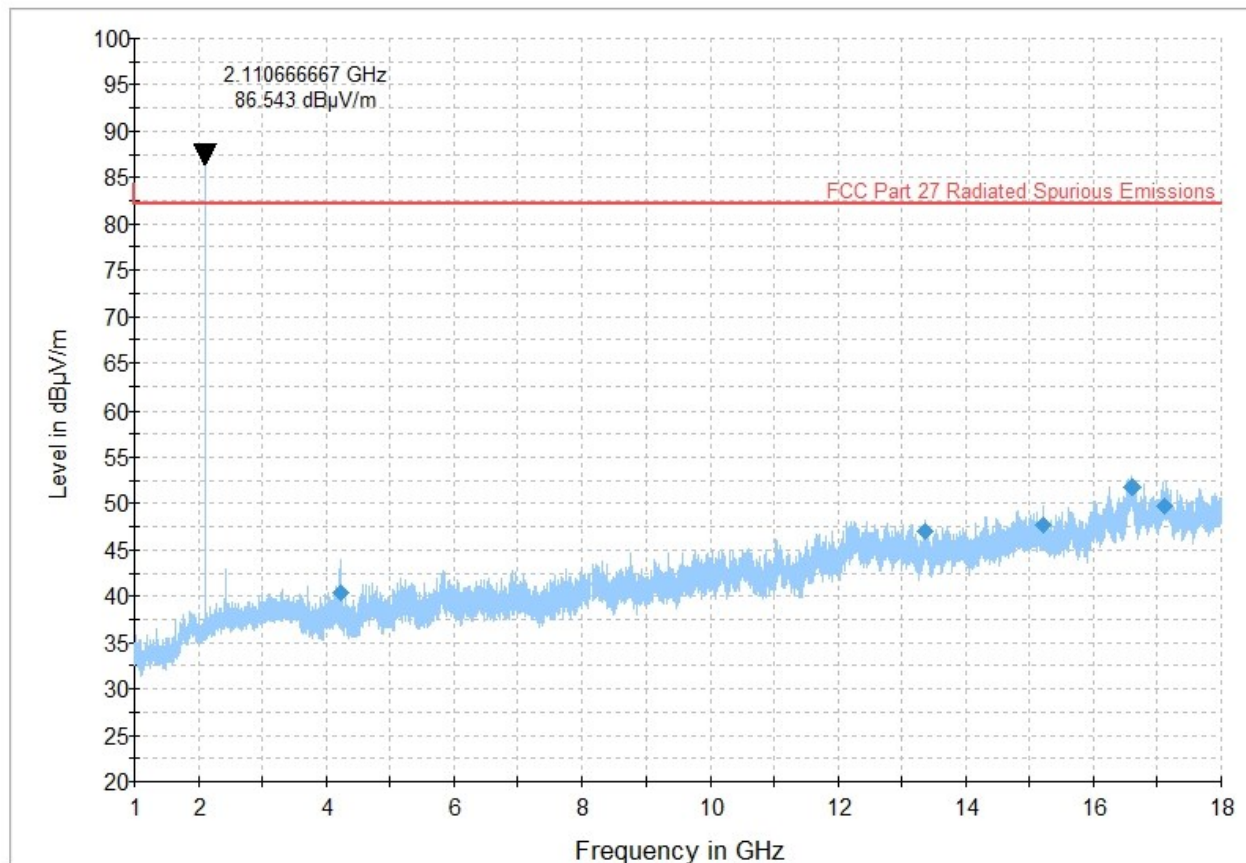


Figure 8.6-2: Radiated emissions spectral plot (1 GHz - 18 GHz) – 2110 MHz

Table 8.6-2: Radiated emissions results

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
4224.866667	40.44	82.23	41.79	100.0	1000.000	131.0	V	71.0	-2.0
13361.400000	47.07	82.23	35.16	100.0	1000.000	152.0	H	300.0	10.5
15211.133333	47.76	82.23	34.47	100.0	1000.000	292.0	H	0.0	11.7
16600.600000	51.79	82.23	30.44	100.0	1000.000	234.0	H	34.0	17.4
16607.400000	51.76	82.23	30.47	100.0	1000.000	209.0	H	240.0	17.2
17123.700000	49.71	82.23	32.52	100.0	1000.000	318.0	V	273.0	16.4

Notes:

¹ Field strength (dB V/m) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dB V) + correction factor (dB)

² Correction factors = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

³ Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

Full Spectrum

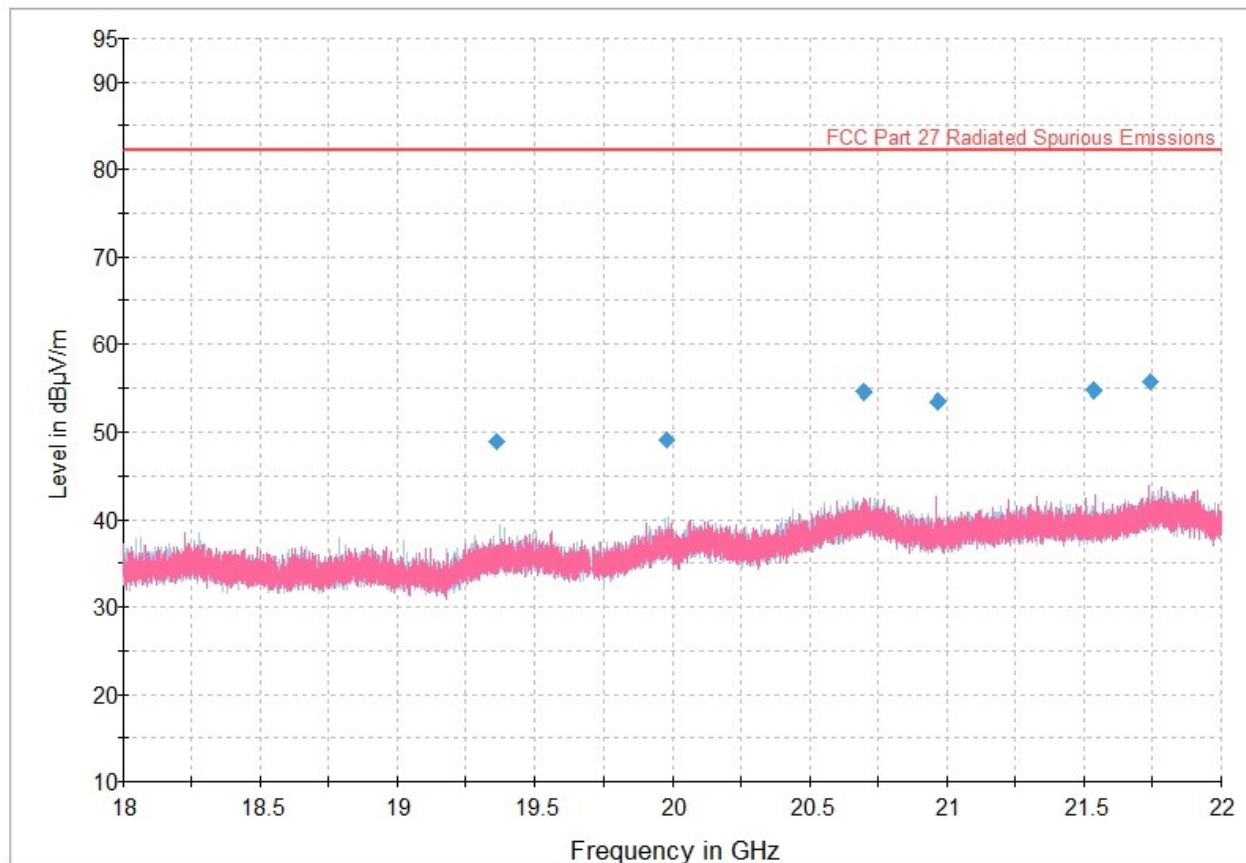


Figure 8.6-3: Radiated emissions spectral plot (18 GHz - 22 GHz) – 2110 MHz

Table 8.6-3: Radiated emissions results

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
19361.000000	48.92	82.23	33.31	5000.0	1000.000	308.0	H	85.0	23.6
19975.650000	49.15	82.23	33.08	5000.0	1000.000	225.0	H	240.0	24.7
20696.550000	54.65	82.23	27.58	5000.0	1000.000	199.0	V	136.0	28.3
20964.150000	53.47	82.23	28.76	5000.0	1000.000	234.0	V	86.0	26.7
21533.750000	54.72	82.23	27.51	5000.0	1000.000	281.0	V	202.0	28.0
21740.500000	55.74	82.23	26.49	5000.0	1000.000	321.0	V	34.0	28.7

Notes:

¹ Field strength (dB V/m) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dB V) + correction factor (dB)

² Correction factors = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

³ Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

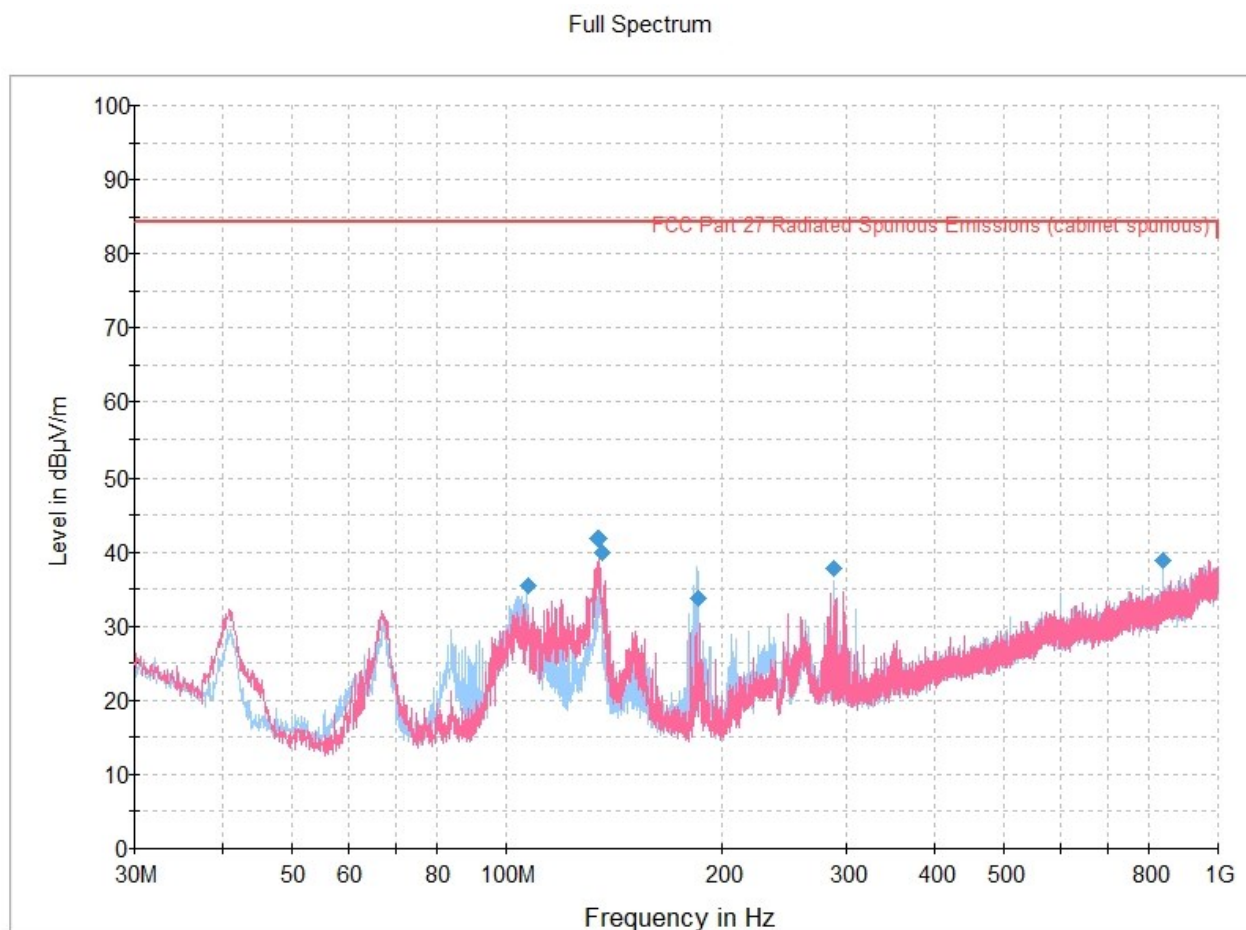


Figure 8.6-4: Radiated emissions spectral plot (30 MHz - 1 GHz) – 2155 MHz

Table 8.6-4: Radiated emissions results

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
107.255833	35.51	84.38	48.87	5000.0	100.000	300.0	H	259.0	17.9
134.775833	41.88	84.38	42.50	5000.0	100.000	107.0	V	161.0	18.7
135.885000	39.95	84.38	44.43	5000.0	100.000	100.0	V	188.0	18.7
185.458333	33.78	84.38	50.60	5000.0	100.000	148.0	H	99.0	16.3
288.318333	37.73	84.38	46.65	5000.0	100.000	100.0	H	275.0	20.9
834.965833	38.75	84.38	45.63	5000.0	100.000	280.0	H	110.0	33.1

Notes:

¹ Field strength (dB V/m) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dB V) + correction factor (dB)

² Correction factors = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

³ Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

Full Spectrum

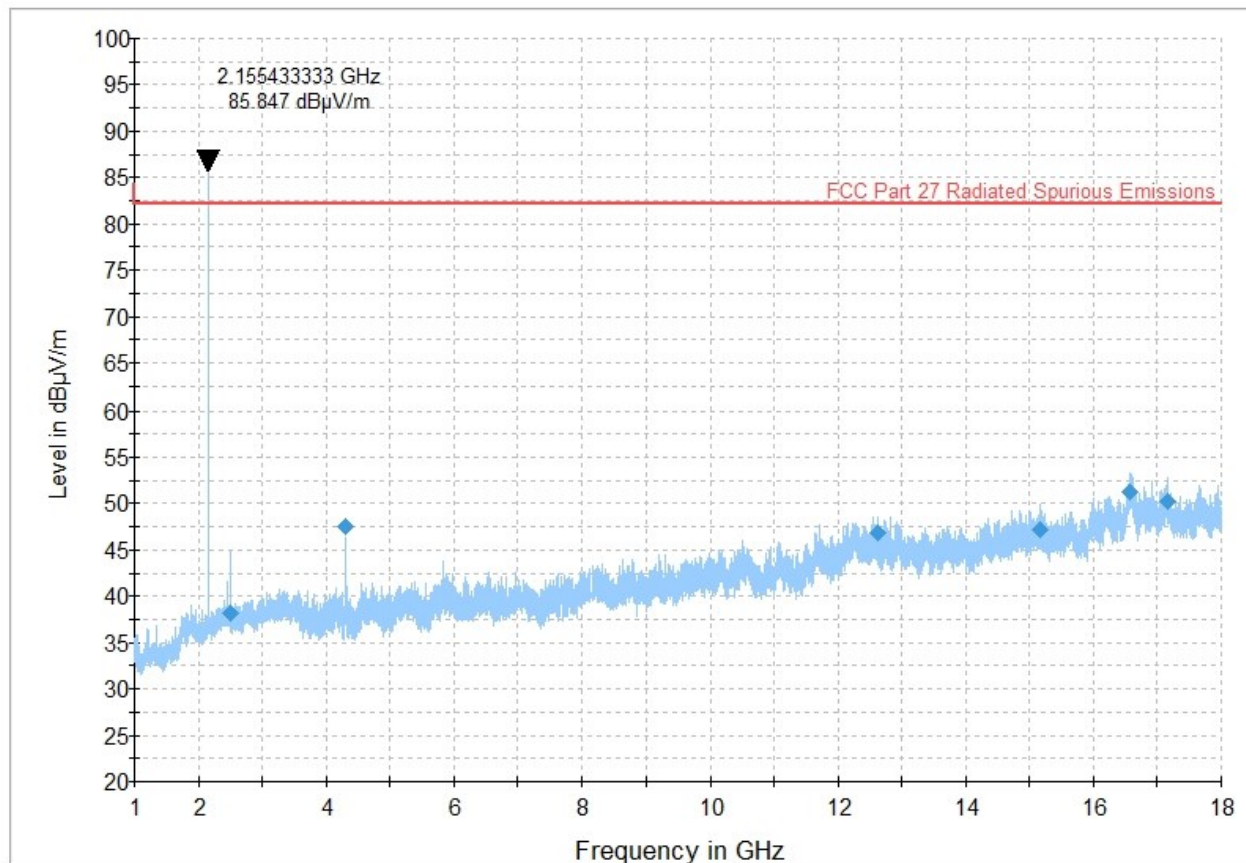


Figure 8.6-5: Radiated emissions spectral plot (1 GHz - 18 GHz) – 2155 MHz

Table 8.6-5: Radiated emissions results

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
2503.933333	38.10	82.23	44.13	100.0	1000.000	215.0	V	151.0	-8.5
4308.133333	47.50	82.23	34.73	100.0	1000.000	233.0	V	84.0	-2.1
12616.433333	46.79	82.23	35.44	100.0	1000.000	265.0	H	215.0	9.4
15166.033333	47.14	82.23	35.09	100.0	1000.000	352.0	V	239.0	11.9
16577.933333	51.33	82.23	30.90	100.0	1000.000	277.0	V	224.0	17.3
17152.800000	50.20	82.23	32.03	100.0	1000.000	248.0	V	237.0	16.6

Notes:

¹ Field strength (dB V/m) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dB V) + correction factor (dB)

² Correction factors = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

³ Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

Full Spectrum

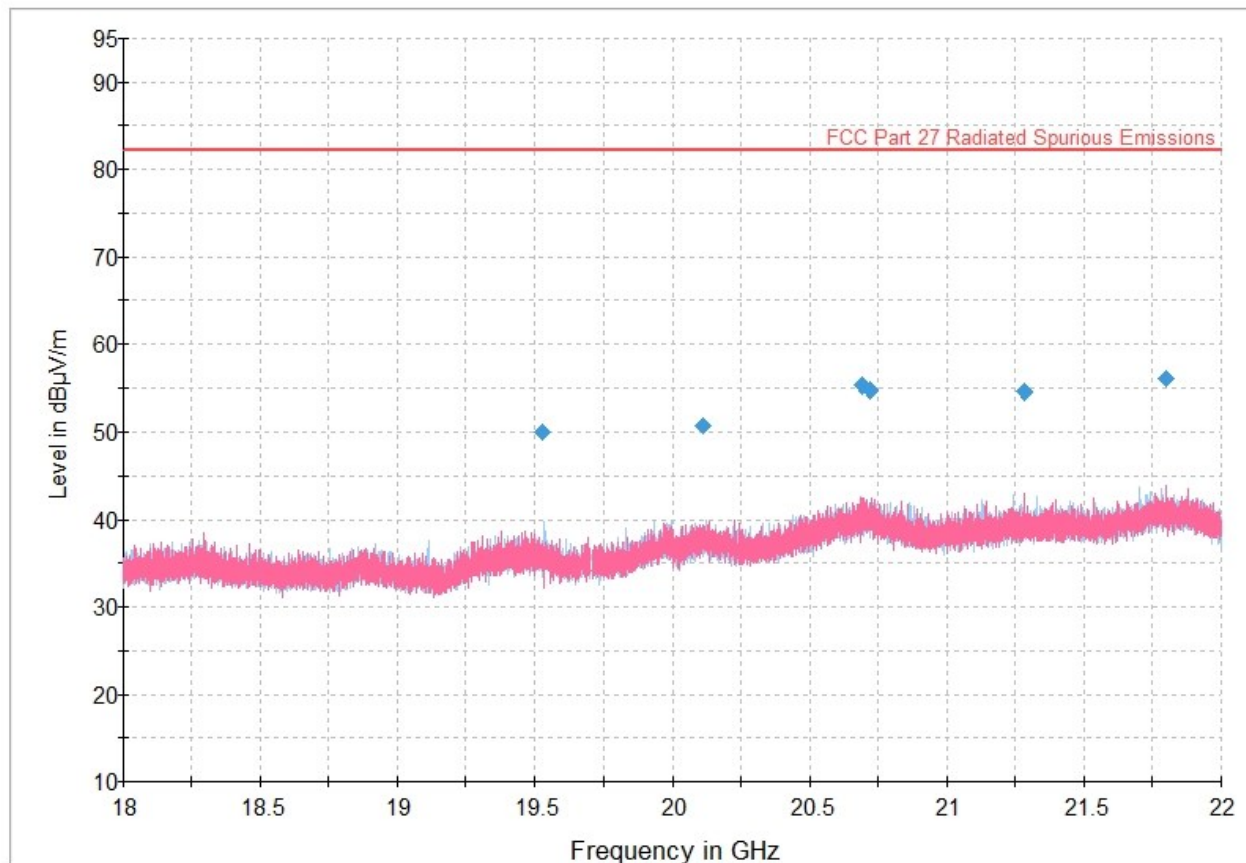


Figure 8.6-6: Radiated emissions spectral plot (18 GHz - 22 GHz) – 2155 MHz

Table 8.6-6: Radiated emissions results

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
19528.450000	50.07	82.23	32.16	5000.0	1000.000	253.0	H	346.0	23.6
20111.400000	50.82	82.23	31.41	5000.0	1000.000	204.0	H	85.0	25.4
20689.850000	55.21	82.23	27.02	5000.0	1000.000	109.0	H	189.0	28.2
20716.150000	54.70	82.23	27.53	5000.0	1000.000	306.0	V	139.0	28.5
21284.300000	54.50	82.23	27.73	5000.0	1000.000	302.0	V	111.0	27.6
21801.000000	55.94	82.23	26.29	5000.0	1000.000	354.0	V	286.0	28.7

Notes:

¹ Field strength (dB V/m) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dB V) + correction factor (dB)

² Correction factors = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

³ Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

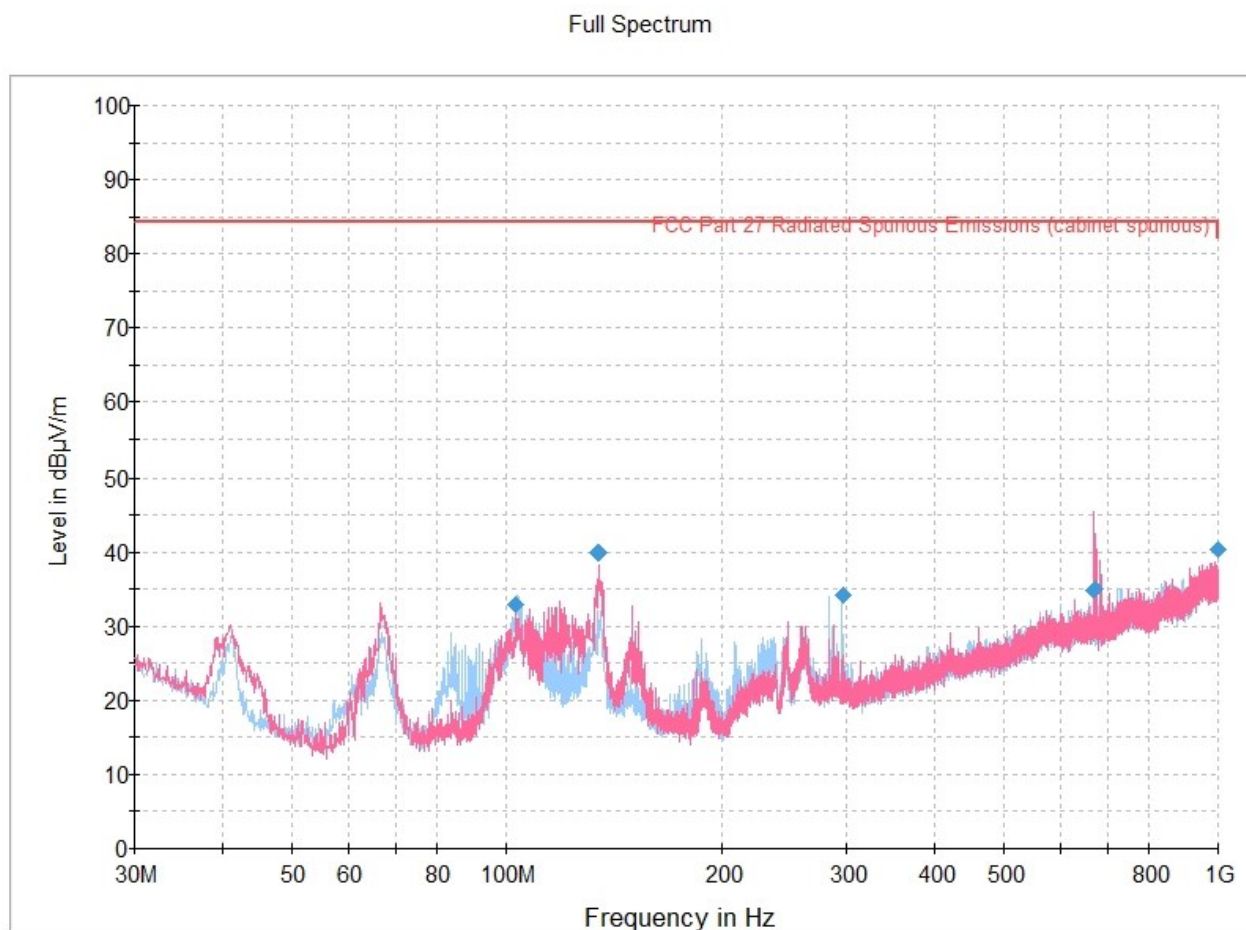


Figure 8.6-7: Radiated emissions spectral plot (30 MHz - 1 GHz) – 2200 MHz

Table 8.6-7: Radiated emissions results

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
103.342500	32.85	84.38	51.53	5000.0	100.000	287.0	H	261.0	17.5
134.616667	40.02	84.38	44.36	5000.0	100.000	107.0	V	159.0	18.7
296.041667	34.24	84.38	50.14	5000.0	100.000	104.0	H	276.0	21.0
669.609167	34.88	84.38	49.50	5000.0	100.000	362.0	V	306.0	30.1
672.965000	34.94	84.38	49.44	5000.0	100.000	301.0	V	287.0	30.1
999.500000	40.38	84.38	44.00	5000.0	100.000	264.0	V	286.0	35.9

Notes:

¹ Field strength (dB V/m) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dB V) + correction factor (dB)

² Correction factors = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

³ Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

Full Spectrum

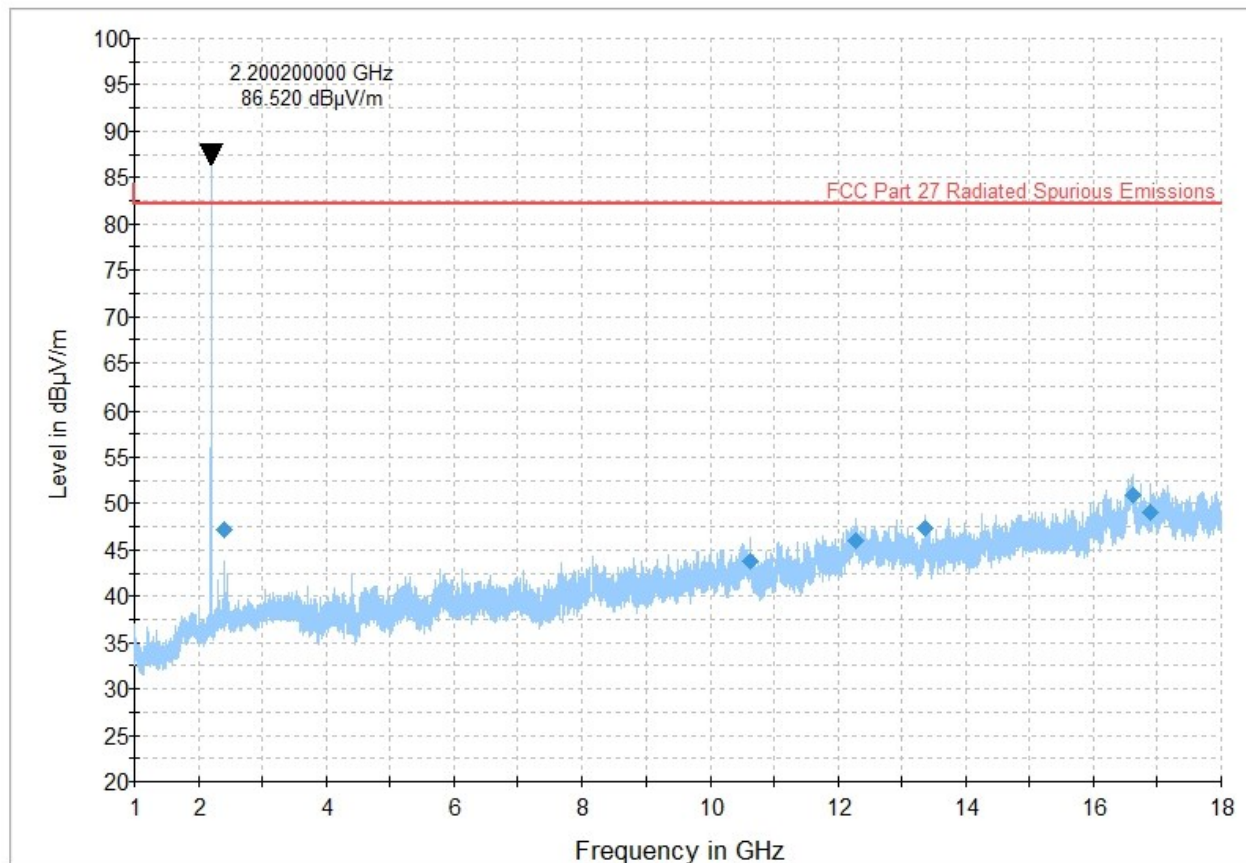


Figure 8.6-8: Radiated emissions spectral plot (1 GHz - 18 GHz) – 2200 MHz

Table 8.6-8: Radiated emissions results

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
2401.766667	47.21	82.23	35.02	100.0	1000.000	142.0	H	353.0	-8.8
10623.900000	43.75	82.23	38.48	100.0	1000.000	383.0	H	314.0	5.3
12283.366667	45.97	82.23	36.26	100.0	1000.000	294.0	H	0.0	8.6
13355.866667	47.40	82.23	34.83	100.0	1000.000	361.0	H	330.0	10.6
16611.233333	50.93	82.23	31.30	100.0	1000.000	365.0	V	275.0	17.1
16894.866667	49.06	82.23	33.17	100.0	1000.000	351.0	V	60.0	14.8

Notes:

¹ Field strength (dB V/m) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dB V) + correction factor (dB)

² Correction factors = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

³ Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

Full Spectrum

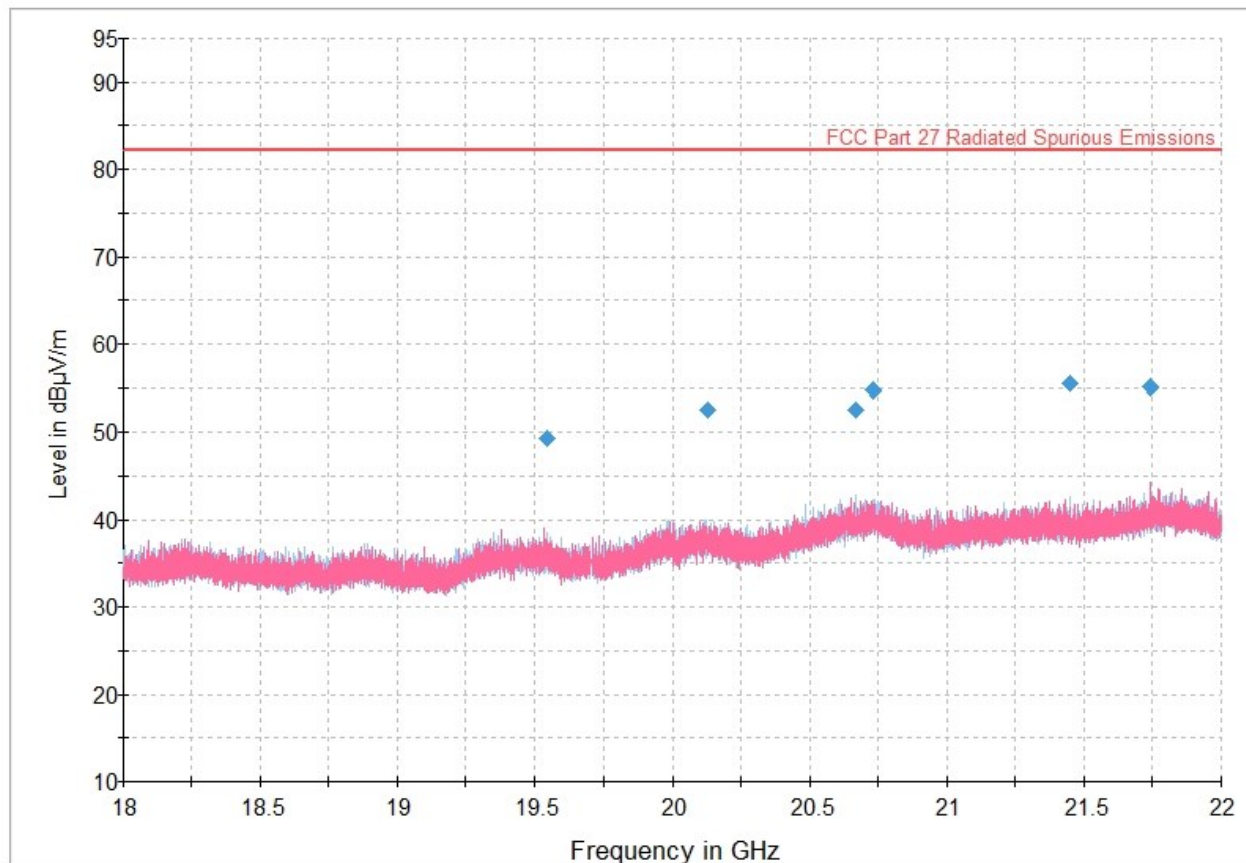


Figure 8.6-9: Radiated emissions spectral plot (18 GHz - 22 GHz) – 2200 MHz

Table 8.6-9: Radiated emissions results

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
19543.250000	49.43	82.23	32.80	5000.0	1000.000	100.0	V	98.0	23.7
20125.550000	52.50	82.23	29.73	5000.0	1000.000	163.0	H	252.0	25.4
20669.250000	52.59	82.23	29.64	5000.0	1000.000	359.0	H	0.0	28.0
20730.300000	54.70	82.23	27.53	5000.0	1000.000	146.0	H	290.0	28.4
21447.250000	55.48	82.23	26.75	5000.0	1000.000	400.0	H	98.0	27.9
21743.450000	55.06	82.23	27.17	5000.0	1000.000	228.0	V	226.0	28.7

Notes:

¹ Field strength (dB V/m) = receiver/spectrum analyzer value (dB V) + correction factor (dB)

² Correction factors = antenna factor ACF (dB) + cable loss (dB)

³ Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

8.7 Occupied bandwidth (99%)

8.7.1 References and limits

- RSS-GEN Clause 6.7
- ANSI C63.26 Clause 5.4.4

8.7.2 Test summary

Verdict	For information only		
Test date	April 16, 2025	Temperature	21 °C
Test engineer	Lan Sayasane, EMC Test Engineer	Air pressure	1006 mbar
Test location	<input type="checkbox"/> 10m semi anechoic chamber <input type="checkbox"/> 3m semi anechoic chamber <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wireless bench <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	Relative humidity	51 %

8.7.3 Notes

Testing was performed with a narrowband test signal (MSK modulated, gaussian filter of 0.3 and data rate 270 kbps) and a broadband signal (AWGN, 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth).

8.7.4 Setup details

EUT power input during test	120 VAC / 60 Hz
EUT setup configuration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Table-top <input type="checkbox"/> Floor standing <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
Measurement details	See ANSI C63.26 Section 5.4.4

8.7.5 Test data

Table 8.7-1: Occupied bandwidth (99%) results

Condition	Test Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = narrowband	2155	243.126 kHz
Input Level = AGC Threshold - 0.5 dB Input signal = broadband	2155	4.655

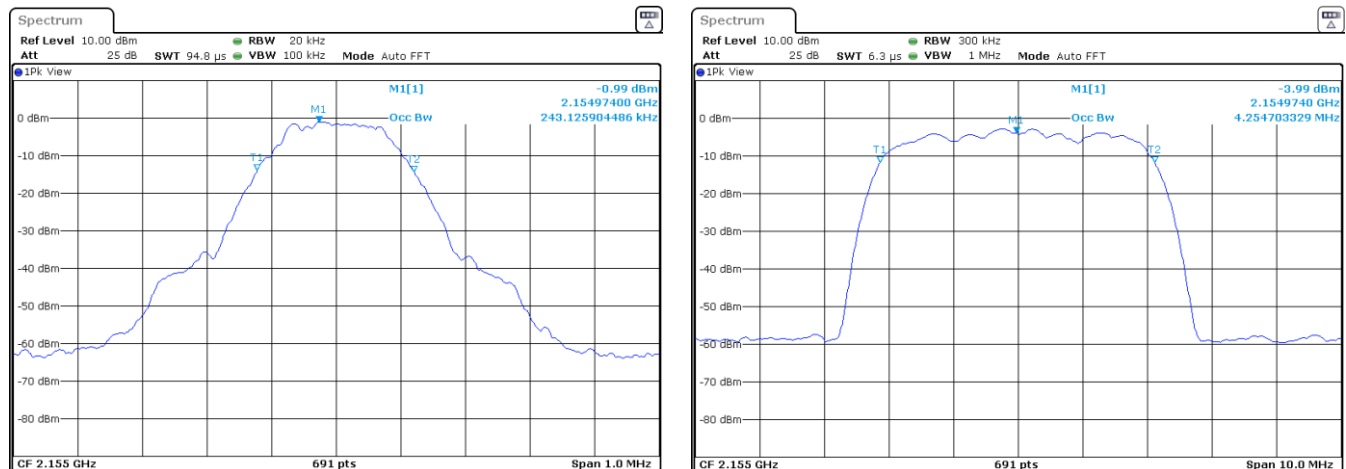


Figure 8.7-1: Occupied bandwidth (99%) results, narrowband and broadband input signals respectively

End of test report