RADIO TEST REPORT

Product	:	Tire Pressure Monitoring System
Model Name	:	BTX-401
FCC ID	:	W55BTX01BLE
Test Regulation	:	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247)
Received Date	:	2024/10/25
Test Date	:	2024/10/29 ~ 2024/11/01
Issued Date	:	2024/11/13
Applicant	:	Oro Technology Co., Ltd. 3F., No. 29, Gongyequ 21st Rd., Nantun Dist., Taichung City 408 , Taiwan
Issued By	:	Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd. Building A, B and E, No. 372-7, Sec. 4, Zhongxing Rd., Zhudong Township, Hsinchu County, Taiwan

Testing Laboratory
3398

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REVISION HISTORY

Original Test Report No.: 4791534844-US-R0-V0

Revision	Test report No.	Date	Page revised	Contents
Original	4791534844-US-R0-V0	2024/11/13	-	Initial issue

Table of Contents

1. Attestation of Test Results

APPLICANT:	Oro Technology Co., Ltd. 3F., No. 29, Gongyequ 21st Rd., Nantun Dist., Taichung City 408 , Taiwan
MANUFACTURER:	Oro Technology Co., Ltd. 3F., No. 29, Gongyequ 21st Rd., Nantun Dist., Taichung City 408 , Taiwan
EUT DESCRIPTION:	Tire Pressure Monitoring System
BRAND:	ORO
MODEL:	BTX-401
SAMPLE STAGE:	Design Verification Test Sample
DATE of TESTED:	2024/10/29 ~ 2024/11/01

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	**Test Results**
FCC 47 CFR PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247)	PASS

Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government.

Prepared By:

Sally Lu Date : 2024/11/13
Project Handler

Approved and Authorized By:

Eric Lee Date : 2024/11/13
Senior Laboratory Engineer

2. Summary of Test Results

Summary of Test Results		
FCC Clause	**Test Items**	**Result**
15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	PASS
15.247(b)	Conducted Output Power	PASS
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	PASS
15.247(d)	Antenna Port Emission	PASS
15.205 / 15.209 / 15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions and Band Edge Measurement	PASS
15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	Note 1
15.203	Antenna Requirement	PASS

Note:
1. The EUT will not be directly or indirectly connected to the AC power network system in the actual application. Therefore, AC power conducted emission is not evaluated.

3. Test Methodology and Reference Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2, KDB558074 D01 Meas Guidance v05r02, KDB414788 D01 Radiated Test Site v01r01, ANSI C63.10-2013.

4. Facilities and Accreditation

Test Location	Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd.
Address	Building A, B and E, No. 372-7, Sec. 4, Zhongxing Rd., Zhudong Township, Hsinchu County, Taiwan
Accreditation Certificate	Underwriters Laboratories Taiwan Co., Ltd. is accredited by TAF, Laboratory Code 3398.

5. Measurement Uncertainty

For statement of conformity, Simple acceptance (Section 3.1.4 of IEC Guide 115) was applied as decision rule for measurement in this test report.

The following uncertainties have been calculated to provide a confidence level of 95 % using a coverage factor k=2.

Determining compliance based on the results of the compliance measurement, not considering measurement instrumentation uncertainty.

Measurement	Frequency	Uncertainty
Conducted disturbance at mains terminals ports	150kHz ~ 30MHz	3.1 dB
RF Conducted	9 kHz - 40GHz	2.3 dB
Radiated disturbance below 30MHz	9 kHz - 30 MHz	3.2 dB
Radiated disturbance below 1 GHz	30MHz ~ 1GHz	6.1 dB
Radiated disturbance above 1 GHz	1GHz ~ 40GHz	5.1 dB

6. Equipment under Test

6.1. Description of EUT

Product	Tire Pressure Monitoring System
Brand Name	ORO
Model Name	BTX-401
Normal Voltage	3Vdc from Battery
Operating Frequency	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
Modulation	GFSK
Maximum Output Power	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz: 0.09 dBm
Sample ID	Conducted Test:7752612
	Radiated Test:7752614

Note:

1. EUT provides a complete 1Tx port. Please refer to the following working transmission conditions:

Modulation Mode	Tx/Rx Function	
GFSK	1Tx	N/A

2. The EUT could be supplied with rechargeable battery as the following table:

Brand	Model	Description
Panasonic	CR2050A	DC 3V

3. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer the manufacturer's or user's manual, the laboratory shall not be held responsible.

6.2. Channel List

3 channels are provided for SDR 2.4G mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2402
2	2426
3	2480

6.3. Test Condition

Test Item	Test Site No.	Environmental	Input Power	Test Date	Tested by
Antenna Port Conducted Measurement	SR4	23℃/ 66%RH	3Vdc from Battery	2024/11/01	WaterNil Guan
Radiated Spurious Emission	966-2	22~26℃/ 62~68%RH	3Vdc from Battery	2024/10/29~ 2024/10/30	WaterNil Guan

Sample Calculation:

Antenna Port Conducted Measurement:

- Where relevant, the follow sample calculation is provided:
  Result Value (dBm) = Reading Value (dBm) +Attenuator Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB).
  Example: Result Value (10dBm) = Reading Value (-2dBm) +Attenuator Factor (10dB) + Cable Loss(2dB).
  *Test plot only shown the “Result Value”.

Radiated Spurious Emission:

- Where relevant, the follow sample calculation is provided:
  Result Value (dBuV/m) = Reading Value (dBuV) + Correction Factor (dB/m).
  Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) - Preamp Factor (dB).
  Example: Result Value (34.5dBuV/m) = Reading Value (40.1dBuV) + Antenna Factor (18.7dB/m) + Cable Loss (4.2dB) - Preamp Factor (28.5dB).

AC power Line Conducted Emission:

- Where relevant, the follow sample calculation is provided:
  Result Value (dBuV) = Reading Value (dBuV) + Correction Factor (dB).
  Correction Factor (dB) = Insertion loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB).
  Example: Result Value (53.7dBuV) = Reading Value (35.1dBuV) + Insertion loss(18.1dB) + Cable loss(0.5dB).

6.4. Description of Available Antennas

Ant. No.	Transmitter Circuit	Frequency Range	Brand Name	Model Name	Maximum Gain (dBi)	Ant. Type	Connector Type
1	Chain0	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz	ORO	M02AN00012	-3.24	Monopole	N/A

Note: The above antenna information was provided from customer and for more detailed features description, please refer the manufacturer's specification or user's manual, the laboratory shall not be held responsible.

6.5. Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Detail

Test Item	Mode	Modulation Technology	Test Channel
Radiated Bandedge	SRD	GFSK	1,2,3
Radiated Emissions (Above 1GHz)	SRD	GFSK	1,2,3
Radiated Emissions (Below 1GHz)	SRD	GFSK	2
Antenna Port Conducted Measurement	SRD	GFSK	1,2,3

- The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal axes X-Y/Y-Z/X-Z, it was determined that X-Z plane was worst-case. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in X-Z plane.

- The EUT is battery powered only, so there is not to test AC power line conducted emissions

- In the transmit mode, SRD channel 2 has the worst case of Tx spurious emission (above 1GHz). Therefore, all final tests for the spurious emission (below 1GHz) were performed using this worst-case mode.

- For Antenna Port Conducted Measurement, this item includes all test value of each mode, but only includes spectrum plot of worst value of each mode.

- For below 30MHz testing, investigation was done on three antenna orientations (parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel), parallel and perpendicular are the worst orientations, therefore testing was performed on these two orientations only.

6.6. Duty cycle

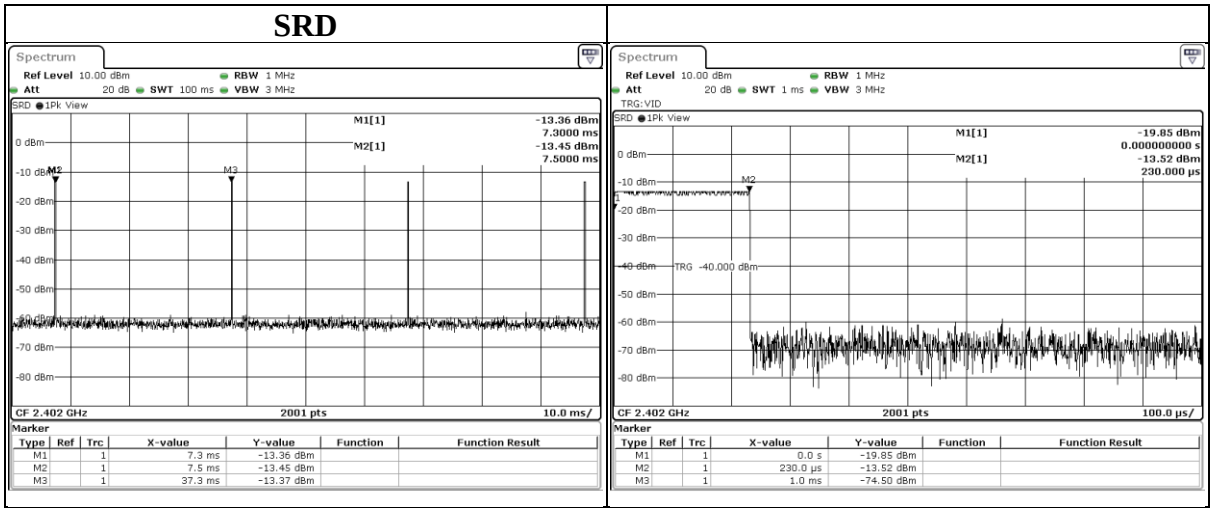
Mode	On Time (ms)	On+Off Time (ms)	Duty Cycle
SRD	0.920	100.000	0.0092

Duty cycle = Ton / 100ms
= (0.23 x 4) /100
= 0.92 /100
= 0.0092 = 0.92%

Emission AVG factor = 20*Log(duty cycle in 100ms)
= 20*Log(0.0092)
= -40.724

Duty Cycle Correction Factor = -40.724
Because -40.724 less than -20, so Duty Cycle Correction Factor = -20
Emission AVG value = Peak value + duty cycle correction factor
Emission AVG value = Peak value -20

SRD



7. Test Equipment

Test Equipment List					
Equipment	**Manufacturer**	**Model No.**	**Serial No.**	**Cal. Date**	**Expired date**
Radiated Spurious Emission					
Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY56070827	2024/3/29	2025/3/28
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR7	101754	2023/11/22	2024/11/21
Loop Antenna	ETS lindgren	6502	00213440	2023/12/13	2024/12/12
Trilog-Broadband Antenna with 5dB Attenuator	Schwarzbeck & EMCI	VULB 9168 & N-6-05	774 & AT-N0538	2024/1/5	2025/1/4
Horn Antenna (1-18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120 D	01690	2023/12/8	2024/12/7
Horn Antenna (18-40 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	781	2023/12/27	2024/12/26
Preamplifier (30-1000 MHz)	EMCI	EMC330E	980405	2024/5/28	2025/5/27
Preamplifier (1-18 GHz)	EMCI	EMC051835BE	980406	2024/1/23	2025/1/22
Preamplifier (18-40GHz)	EMCI	EMC184040SEE	980426	2024/4/16	2025/4/15
Cables (9k-18 GHz)	Hanyitek	K1K50-UP0264-K1K50-2500	170214-4 & 170425-2	2023/11/29	2024/11/28
Cables (18-40GHz)	Hanyitek	K1K50-UP0264-K1K50-2500	170214-1 & 170214-2	2023/11/29	2024/11/28
Antenna Port Conducted Measurement					
Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSVA3044	101281	2024/3/18	2025/3/17
Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101490	2024/7/1	2025/6/30
Attenuator	EMCI	EMC-40ATK2W10	17002	2023/11/15	2024/11/14
USB Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA24408A	12031	2024/7/13	2025/7/12
Temperature &Humidity Test Chamber	GIANT FORCE	GTH-150- 40-CP-AR	MAA1701-010	2024/3/6	2025/3/5

UL Software		
Description	**Name**	**Version**
Radiated measurement	e3	6.191211 (V6)
Conducted measurement	RF-Conducted-FCC 15247	ver 1.0

8. Description of Test Setup

Tx Mode

Support Equipment

ID	Equipment	Brand Name	Model Name	S/N	Remark
A	Battery	Panasonic	CR2050A	N/A	Supplied by Client

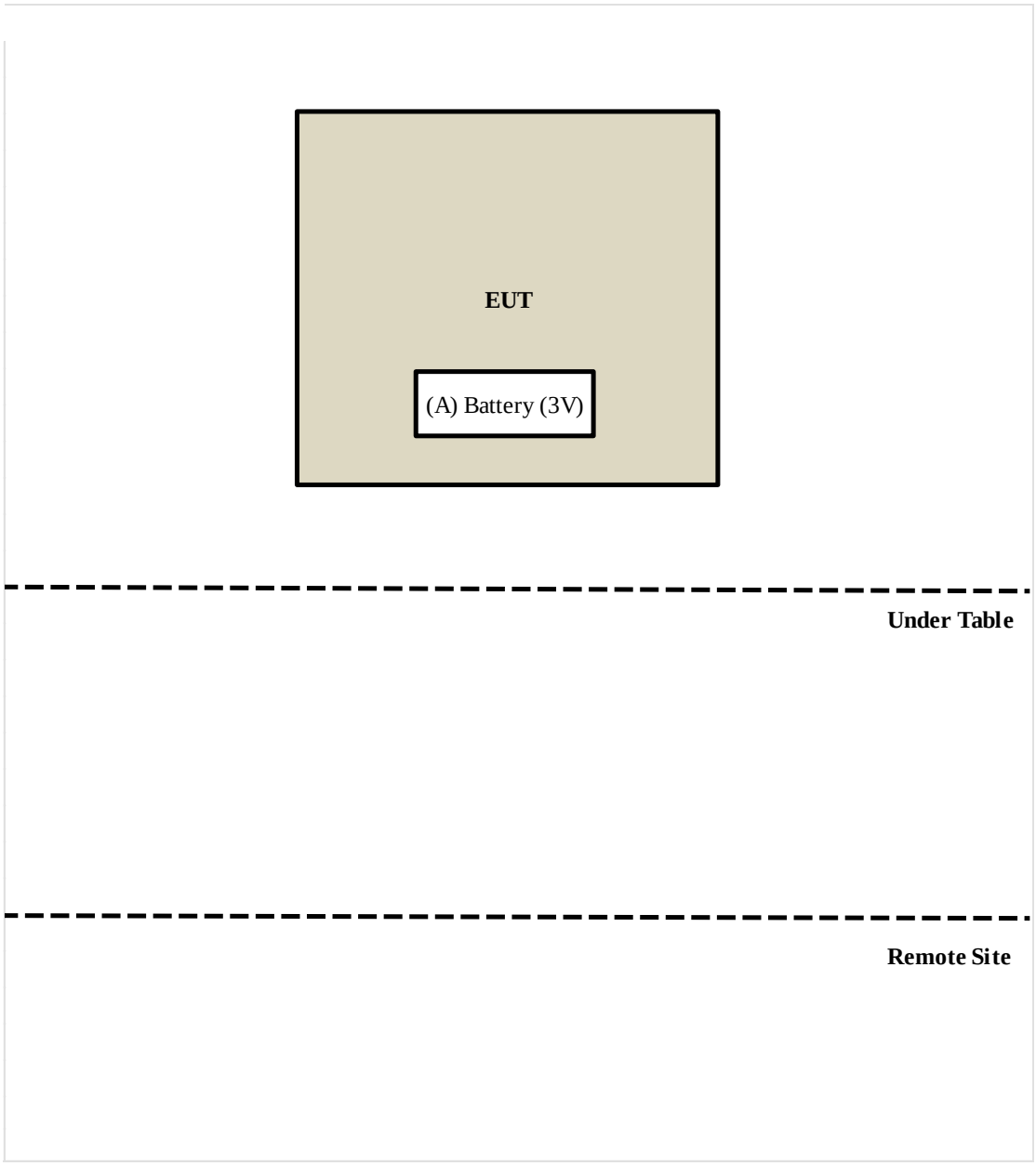
Test Setup

The EUT was worked in engineering mode to transmit signal.

Controlled using a bespoke application (Continuous transmission is achieved by powering on) on a test Notebook. The application was used to enable a continuous transmission mode and to select the test channels, data rates, modulation schemes and power setting as required.

Setup Diagram for Test

Tx Mode



9. Test Results

9.1. 6dB Bandwidth

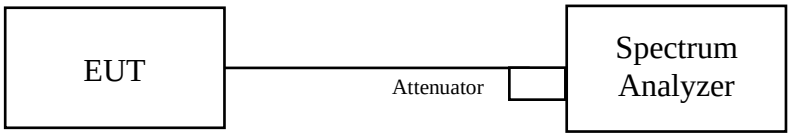
Requirements

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test procedure

a. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100kHz.
b. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak.
c. Trace mode = max hold.
d. Sweep = auto couple.
e. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Test Setup

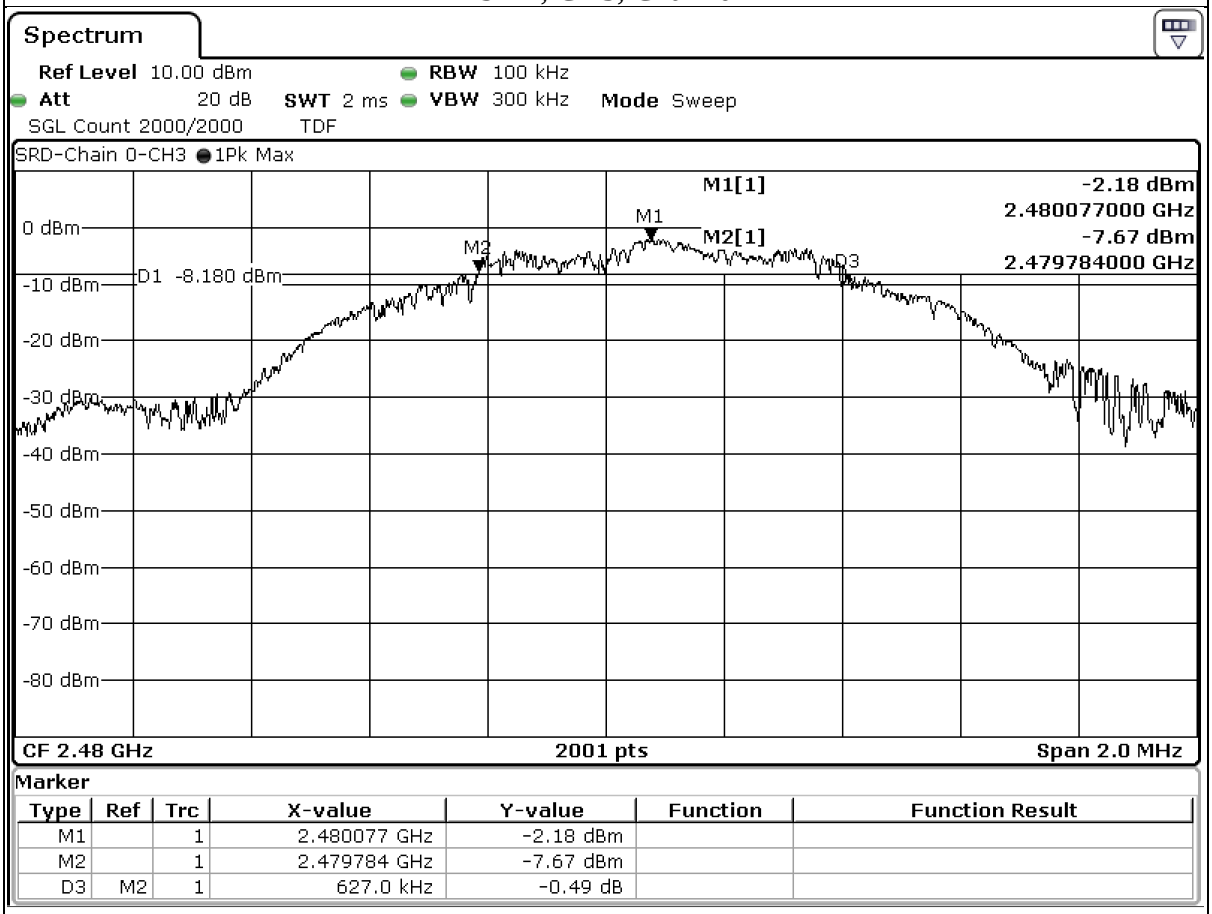


The loss between RF output port of the EUT and the input port of the Spectrum Analyzer has been taken into consideration.

Test Data

Mode	CH	Freq (MHz)	6dB BW (MHz) Chain 0	Limit (MHz)	Result
SRD	1	2402	0.637	0.5	PASS
	2	2426	0.654	0.5	PASS
	3	2480	0.627	0.5	PASS

SRD, CH3, Chain 0



9.2. Conducted Output Power

Requirements

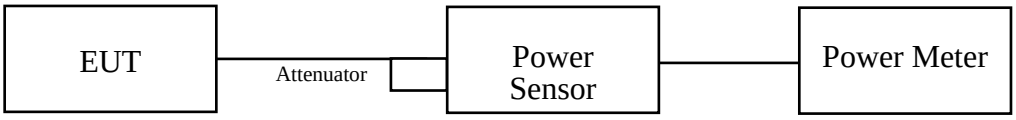
For systems using digital modulation in the 2400-2483.5 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

Note:
1. P_{Out} = maximum conducted output power in dBm, G_{TX} = the maximum transmitting antenna directional gain in dBi, B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz
2. If EUT with Multiple Transmitter Output:
   a. Directional Gain = 10 log[$(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + ... + 10^{Gn/20})^2$ / Nant] dBi.
   Nant: Number of Transmit Antennas
   G1, G2,..., Gn: Gain of Individual Antennas
   Example: two antenna and gain 5 dBi / 3dBi, so if it was used for TxBF power measurement
   Directional Gain = 10 log[(105/20 + 103/20)2 / 2] dBi = 7.07 dBi
   b. Per KDB 662911 Method of conducted output power measurement on IEEE 802.11 devices, CDD
   Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for NANT ≤ 4;
   Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for channel widths ≥ 40 MHz for any NANT;
   Array Gain = 5 log(NANT/NSS) dB or 3 dB, whichever is less for 20-MHz channel widths with NANT ≥ 5.
   Example: Maximum antenna gain = 5 dBi and NANT ≤ 4, so if it was used for CDD power measurement
   Directional Gain = 5 dBi + Array Gain = 5 dBi + 0 dB = 5 dBi
   c. For power measurement of KDB 662911 is used with multiple transmitter output. Total conducted power is the sum of the conducted power levels measured at the various output ports.

Test Procedure

A peak power sensor was used on the output port of the EUT. A power meter was used to read the response of the peak power sensor. Record the power level.

Test Setup



The loss between RF output port of the EUT and the input port of the Power Meter has been taken into consideration.

Test Data

CH	Freq. (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm) Chain 0	Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm) Chain 0	Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
1	2402	-0.18	0.959	-0.18	-0.41	0.91	-0.41	30	Pass
2	2426	0.09	1.021	0.09	-0.14	0.968	-0.14	30	Pass
3	2480	-0.28	0.938	-0.28	-0.5	0.891	-0.5	30	Pass

Note: Average Power is for reference Only.

9.3. Power Spectral Density

Requirements

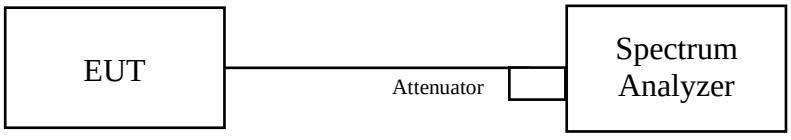
The Maximum of Power Spectral Density Measurement is 8dBm in any 3 kHz (If G_{TX} > 6 dBi, then PSD = 8 – (G_{TX} – 6)).

Note:
1. PSD = power spectral density that he same method as used to determine the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. And power spectral density in dBm/MHz.
2. G_{TX} = the maximum transmitting antenna directional gain in dBi.
3. If EUT with Multiple Transmitter Output:
   a. Directional Gain = 10 log[($10^{G1/20}$ + $10^{G2/20}$ +...+$10^{Gn/20}$)^2 / Nant] dBi.
      N*a*nt: Number of Transmit Antennas
      G1, G2,..., Gn: Gain of Individual Antennas
      Example: two antenna and gain 5 dBi / 3dBi, so if it was used for power density measurement
      Directional Gain = 10 log[($10^{5/20}$ + $10^{3/20}$)^2 / 2] dBi = 7.07 dBi
   b. "PSD per chain" of the report shown is maximum value for each chain, at the "Total PSD" is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer, refer KDB 662911 Method a) for calculating total power density.
   c. Method a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is used for calculating total power density with multiple transmitter output. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.

Test procedure

a. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
b. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
c. Set the RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz.
d. Set the VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
e. Detector = peak.
f. Sweep time = auto couple.
g. Trace mode = max hold.
h. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
i. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

Test Setup



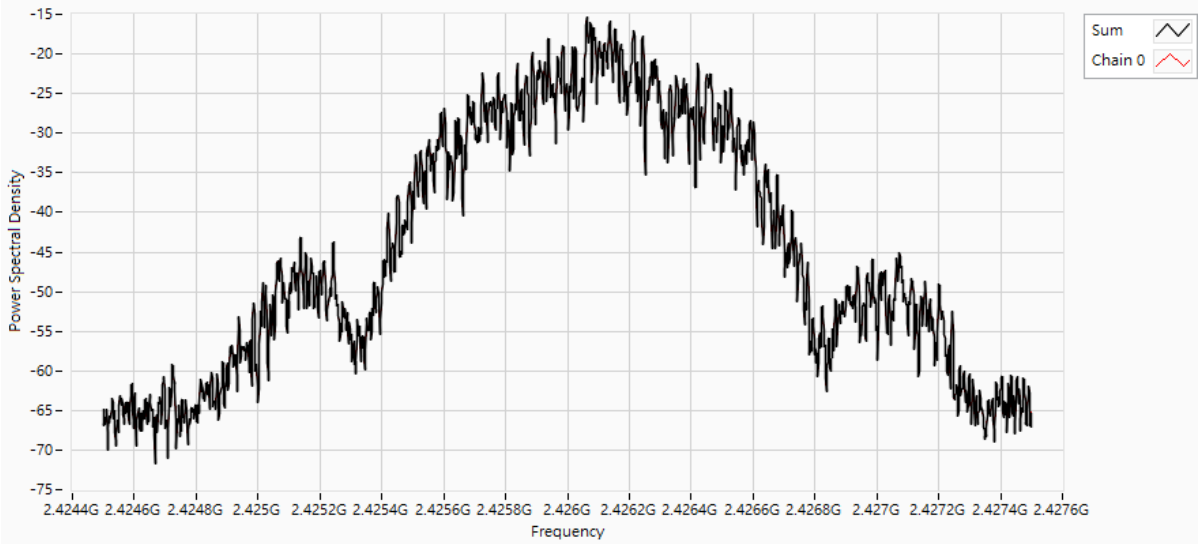
The loss between RF output port of the EUT and the input port of the Spectrum Analyzer has been taken into consideration.

Test Data

Mode	CH	Freq (MHz)	Total PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Directional Gain (dBi)	Result
SRD	1	2402	-16.21	8	-3.24	PASS
	2	2426	-15.4	8	-3.24	PASS
	3	2480	-16.28	8	-3.24	PASS

Mode	CH	Freq (MHz)	PSD per Chain (dBm/3kHz) Chain 0
SRD	1	2402	-16.21
	2	2426	-15.4
	3	2480	-16.28

SRD, CH2



9.4. Conducted Out of Band Emission

Requirements

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b) (3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209 (a) is not required.

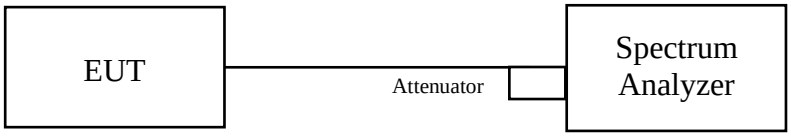
Test procedure

Measurement Procedure REF

1. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the VBW ≥ 300 kHz.
3. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
4. Detector = peak.
5. Sweep time = auto couple.
6. Trace mode = max hold.
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.

Measurement Procedure OOBE
1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set VBW ≥ 300 kHz.
3. Detector = peak.
4. Sweep = auto couple.
5. Trace Mode = max hold.
6. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
7. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

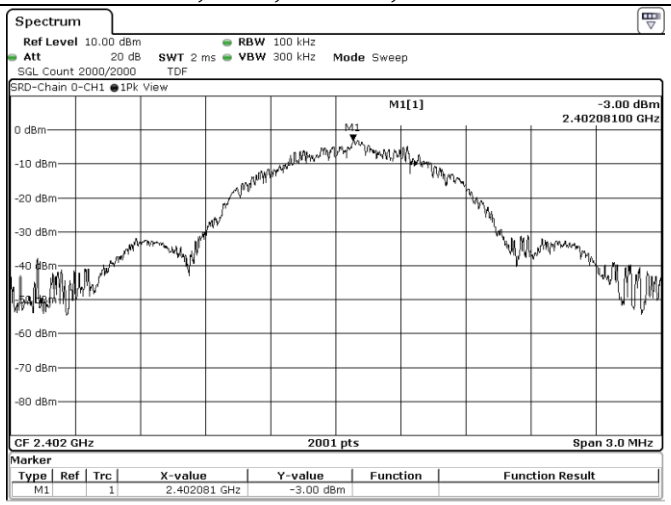
Test Setup



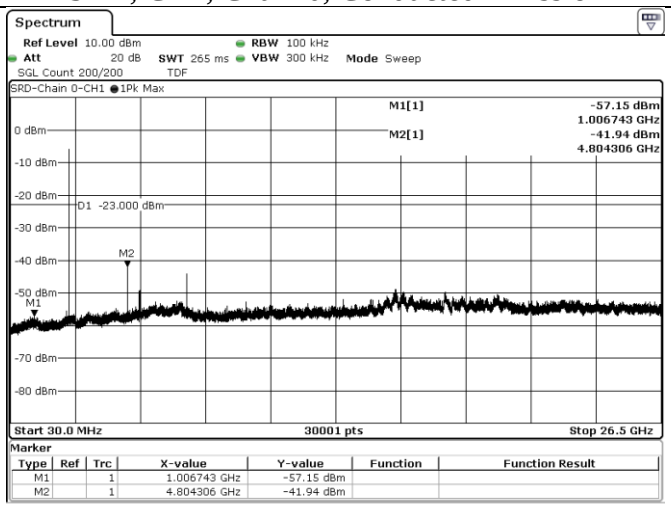
The loss between RF output port of the EUT and the input port of the Spectrum Analyzer has been taken into consideration.

Test Data

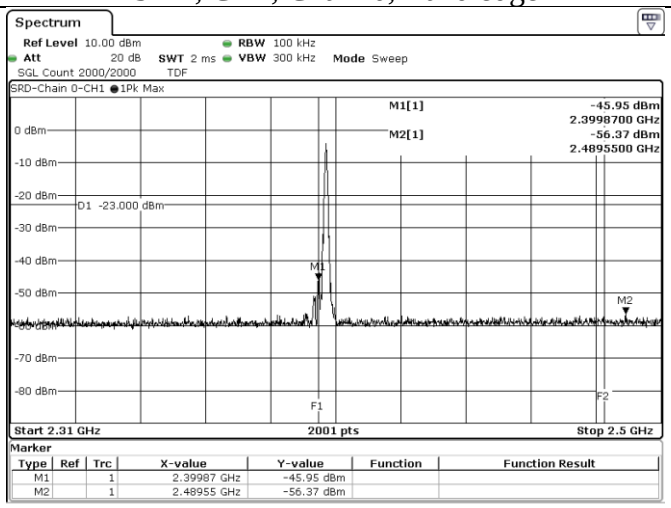
SRD, CH1, Chain 0, Reference



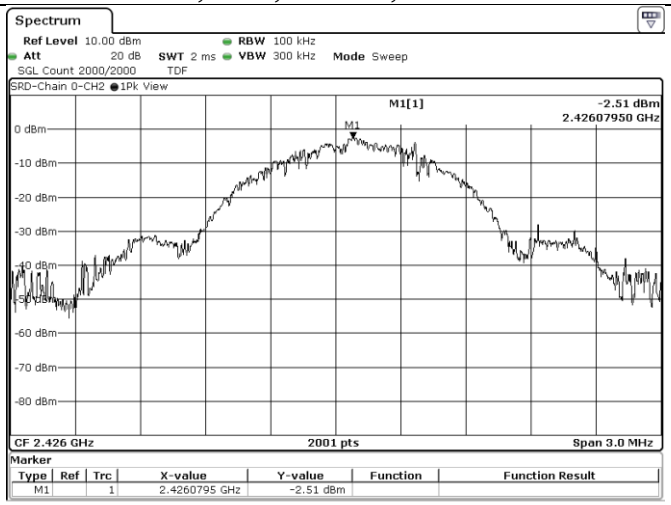
SRD, CH1, Chain 0, Conducted Emission



SRD, CH1, Chain 0, Band edge



SRD, CH2, Chain 0, Reference



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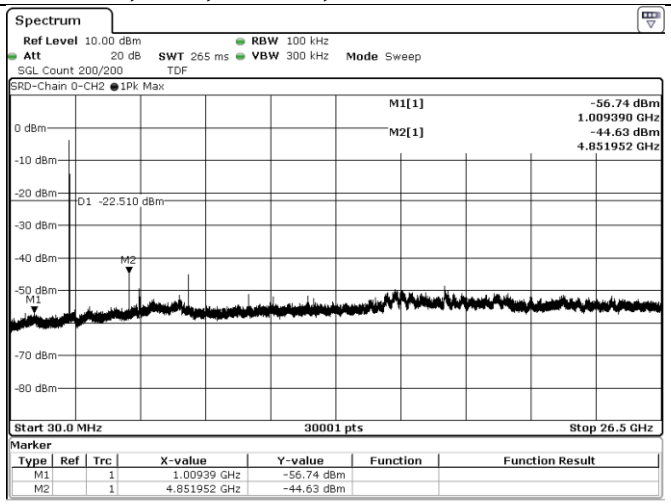
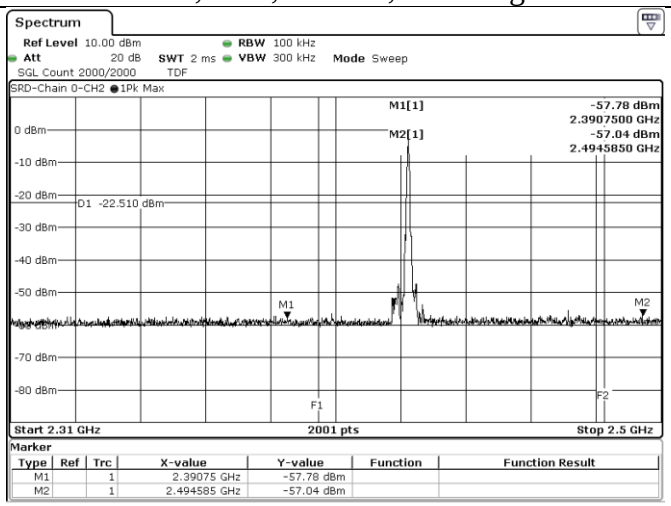
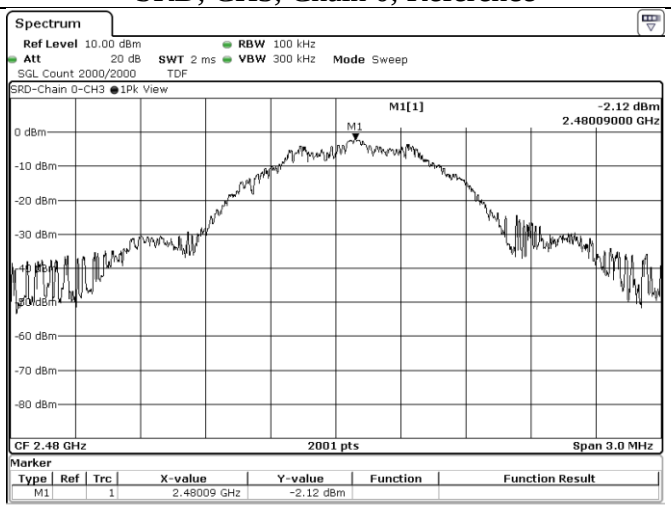


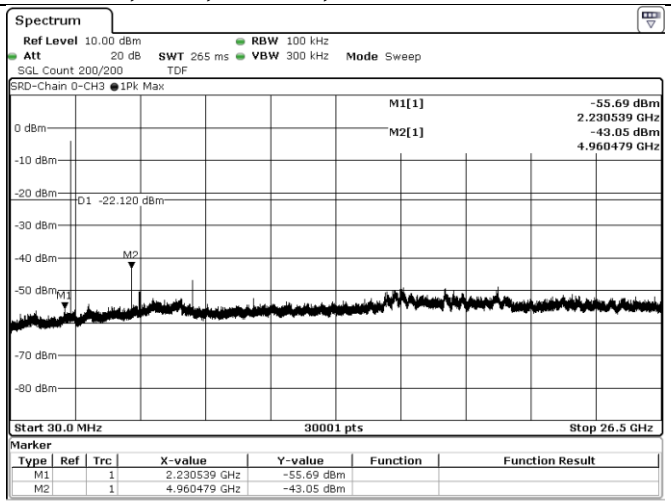
SRD, CH2, Chain 0, Band edge



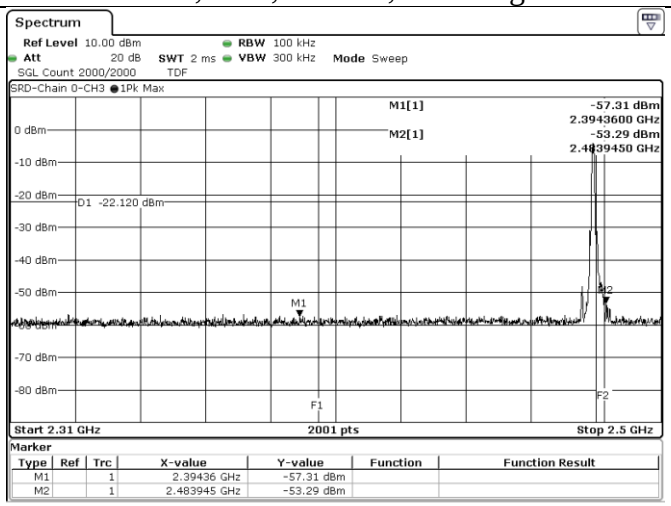
SRD, CH3, Chain 0, Reference



SRD, CH3, Chain 0, Conducted Emission



SRD, CH3, Chain 0, Band edge



9.5. Radiated Spurious Emission

Requirements

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table. Other emissions shall be at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power:

Frequency(MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

NOTE:
1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
3. For frequencies above 1000MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20dB under any condition of modulation.

Test Procedures

[For 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz]

a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
c. Parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel orientations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
e. For measurement below 30MHz, the initial step in collecting conducted emission data is a spectrum analyzer peak detector mode pre-scanning the measurement frequency range. Significant peaks are then marked and then Quasi Peak detector mode re-measured. If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported. Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

NOTE:
1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

[For above 30 MHz]

a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
e. For measurement below 1GHz, the initial step in collecting conducted emission data is a spectrum analyzer peak detector mode pre-scanning the measurement frequency range. Significant peaks are then marked and then Quasi Peak detector mode re-measured. If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported. Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.
f. The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detects function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Note:

a. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
b. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
c. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is ≥ 1/T (Duty cycle < 98%) or 10Hz (Duty cycle ≥ 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.

Peak

Frequency	RBW	VBW
9 kHz~150 kHz	200 Hz	600 Hz
150 kHz~30 MHz	10 kHz	30 kHz
30 MHz~1 GHz	120 kHz	360 kHz
Above 1GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz

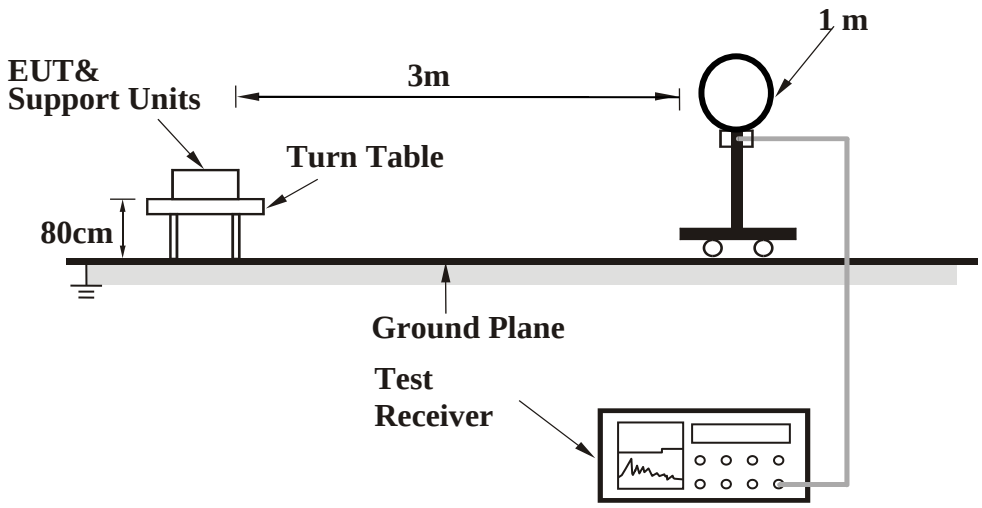
Average for above 1GHz

RBW	VBW
1MHz	Refer to section 6.6 for duty cycle.

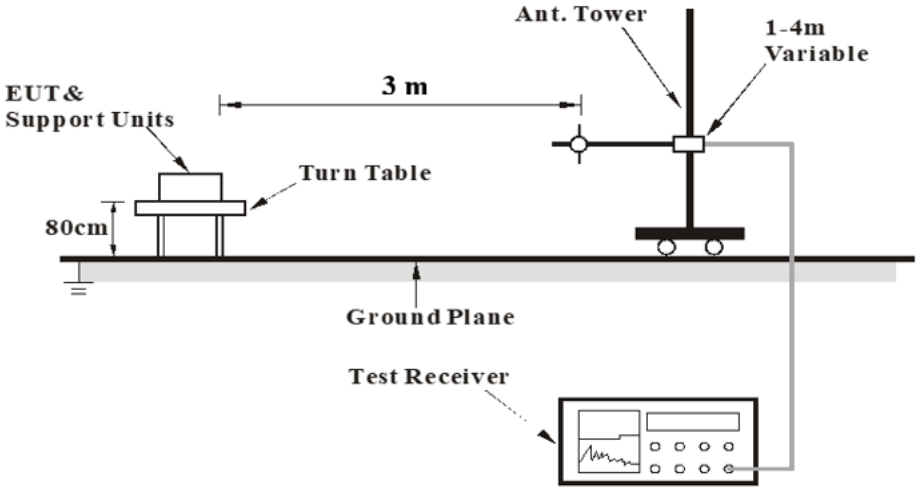
d. All modes of operation were investigated (includes all external accessories) and the worst-case emissions are reported, the other emission levels were low against the limit.
e. Test data of Result value (dBuV/m) = Reading value (dBuV/m) + Correction Factor (dB/m).
f. Test data of Margin(dB) = Result value (dBuV/m) - Limit value (dBuV/m).
g. Test data of Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) - Preamp Factor (dB).
h. Test data of Notation "@" = Fundamental Frequency
i. Test data of Notation " * " = The peak result under 20 dB above and complies with AVG limit, AVG result is deemed to comply with AVG limit.

Test Setup

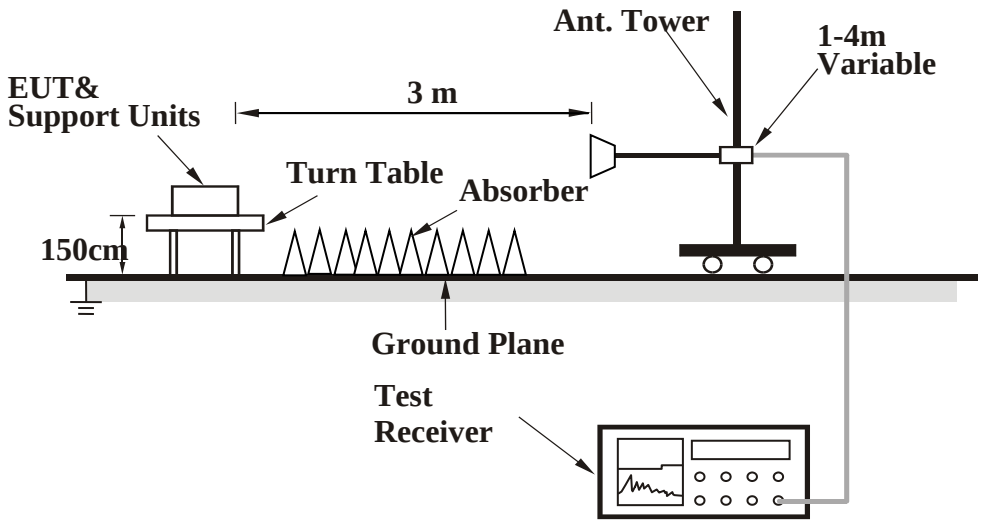
<Frequency Range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz>



<Frequency Range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz >



<Frequency Range above 1 GHz>



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the Setup Configurations.

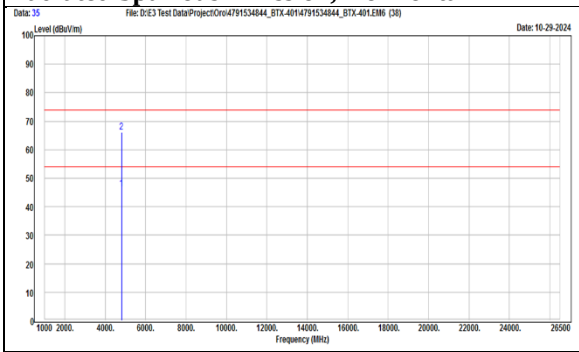
Test Data

Above 1 GHz

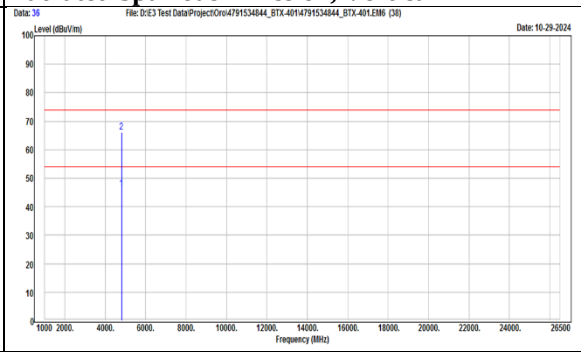
Mode	SRD	Channel	1

Polarization	Notation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
Horizontal		2321.02	42.52	12.78	55.3	74	-18.7	PK
		2321.02	22.52	12.78	35.3	54	-18.7	AVG
	@	2402	75.1	12.43	87.53	N/A	N/A	PK
	@	2402	55.1	12.43	67.53	N/A	N/A	AVG
		4804	63.34	2.88	66.22	74	-7.78	PK
		4804	43.34	2.88	46.22	54	-7.78	AVG
Vertical		2329.95	43.55	12.74	56.29	74	-17.71	PK
		2329.95	23.55	12.74	36.29	54	-17.71	AVG
	@	2402	82.02	12.43	94.45	N/A	N/A	PK
	@	2402	62.02	12.43	74.45	N/A	N/A	AVG
		4804	63.35	2.88	66.23	74	-7.77	PK
		4804	43.35	2.88	46.23	54	-7.77	AVG

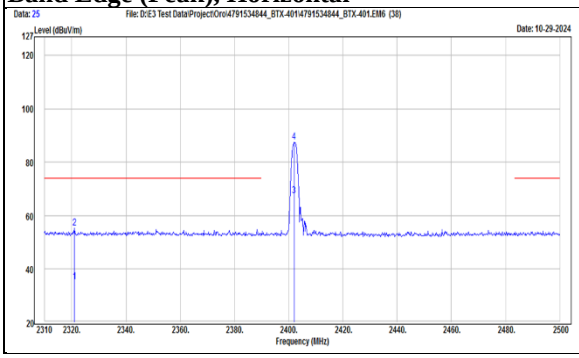
TX, SRD (Ch 1)
Radiated Spurious Emission, Horizontal



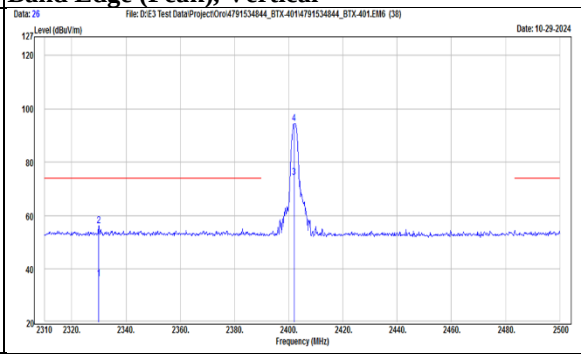
TX, SRD (Ch 1)
Radiated Spurious Emission, Vertical



TX, SRD (Ch 1)
Band Edge (Peak), Horizontal



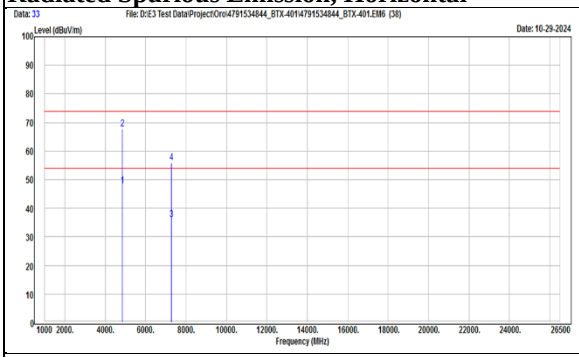
TX, SRD (Ch 1)
Band Edge (Peak), Vertical



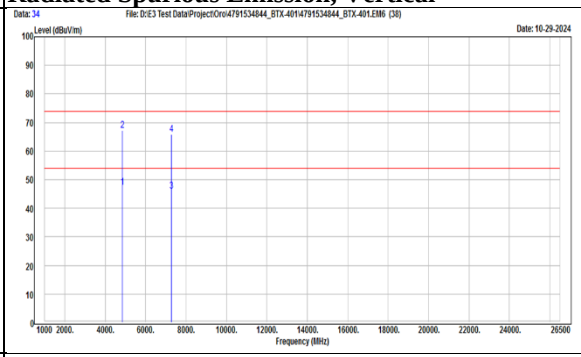
Mode	SRD	Channel	2

Polarization	Notation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
Horizontal		2328.05	41.95	12.75	54.7	74	-19.3	PK
		2328.05	21.95	12.75	34.7	54	-19.3	AVG
	@	2426	76.86	12.28	89.14	N/A	N/A	PK
	@	2426	56.86	12.28	69.14	N/A	N/A	AVG
		4852	64.83	3.03	67.86	74	-6.14	PK
		4852	44.83	3.03	47.86	54	-6.14	AVG
		7278	44.83	11.2	56.03	74	-17.97	PK
		7278	24.83	11.2	36.03	54	-17.97	AVG
Vertical		2379.73	42.28	12.53	54.81	74	-19.19	PK
		2379.73	22.28	12.53	34.81	54	-19.19	AVG
	@	2426	83.12	12.28	95.4	N/A	N/A	PK
	@	2426	63.12	12.28	75.4	N/A	N/A	AVG
		4852	64.21	3.03	67.24	74	-6.76	PK
		4852	44.21	3.03	47.24	54	-6.76	AVG
		7278	54.66	11.2	65.86	74	-8.14	PK
		7278	34.66	11.2	45.86	54	-8.14	AVG

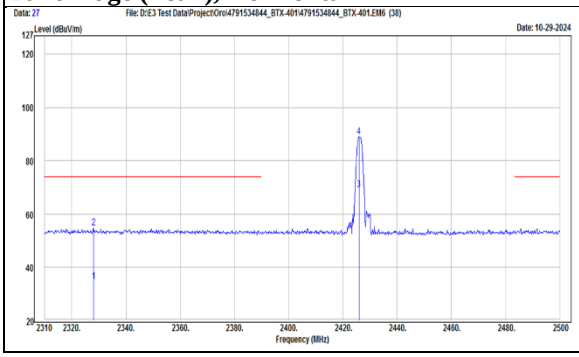
TX, SRD (Ch 2)
Radiated Spurious Emission, Horizontal



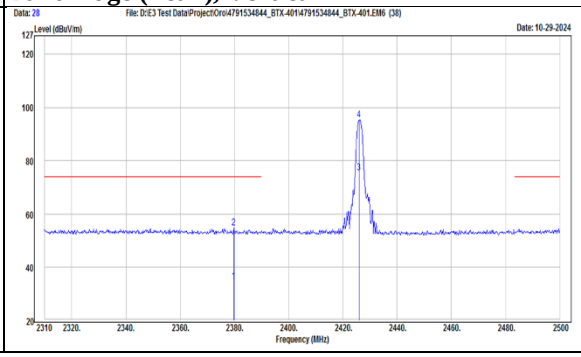
TX, SRD (Ch 2)
Radiated Spurious Emission, Vertical



TX, SRD (Ch 2)
Band Edge (Peak), Horizontal



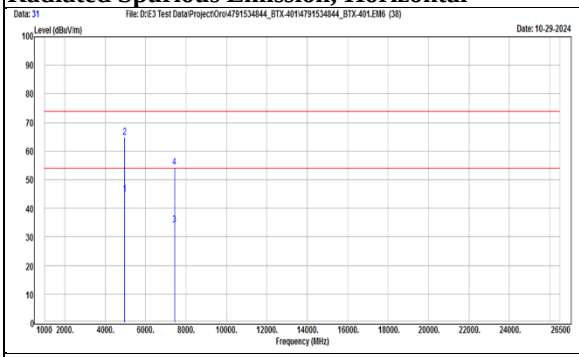
TX, SRD (Ch 2)
Band Edge (Peak), Vertical



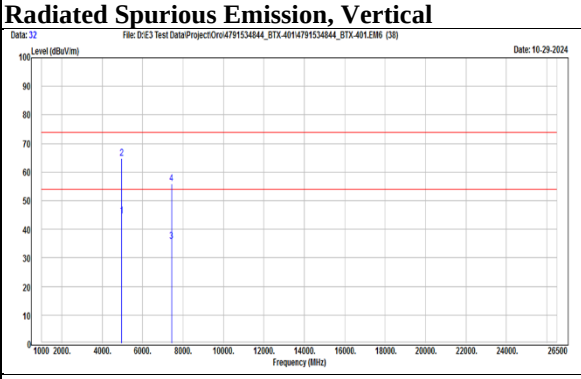
Mode	SRD	Channel	3

Polarization	Notation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
Horizontal	@	2480	80.56	12.35	92.91	N/A	N/A	PK
	@	2480	60.56	12.35	72.91	N/A	N/A	AVG
		2484.61	44.75	12.39	57.14	74	-16.86	PK
		2484.61	24.75	12.39	37.14	54	-16.86	AVG
		4960	61.69	3.2	64.89	74	-9.11	PK
		4960	41.69	3.2	44.89	54	-9.11	AVG
		7440	43.04	11.17	54.21	74	-19.79	PK
		7440	23.04	11.17	34.21	54	-19.79	AVG
Vertical	@	2480	82.46	12.35	94.81	N/A	N/A	PK
	@	2480	62.46	12.35	74.81	N/A	N/A	AVG
		2483.66	47.47	12.38	59.85	74	-14.15	PK
		2483.66	27.47	12.38	39.85	54	-14.15	AVG
		4960	61.56	3.2	64.76	74	-9.24	PK
		4960	41.56	3.2	44.76	54	-9.24	AVG
		7440	44.72	11.17	55.89	74	-18.11	PK
		7440	24.72	11.17	35.89	54	-18.11	AVG

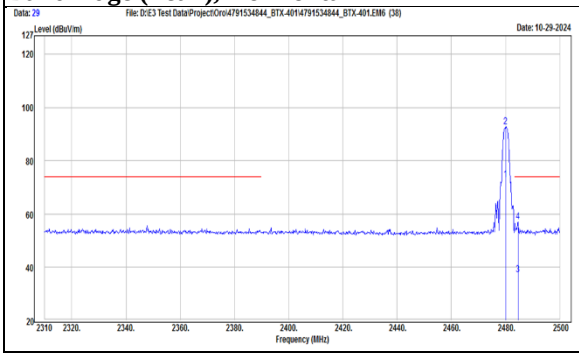
TX, SRD (Ch 3)
Radiated Spurious Emission, Horizontal



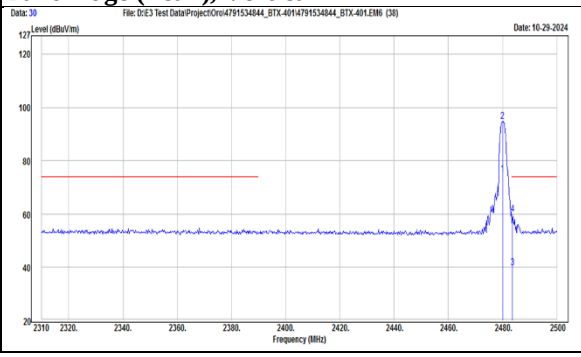
TX, SRD (Ch 3)
Radiated Spurious Emission, Vertical



TX, SRD (Ch 3)
Band Edge (Peak), Horizontal



TX, SRD (Ch 3)
Band Edge (Peak), Vertical

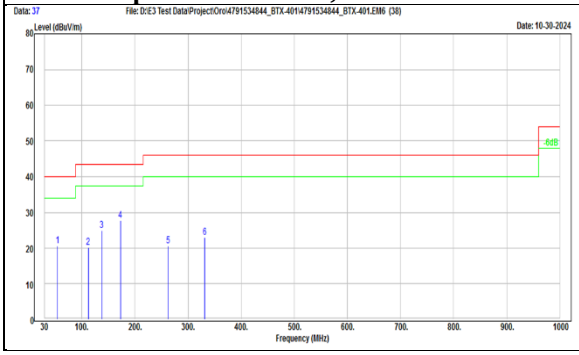


Below 1 GHz

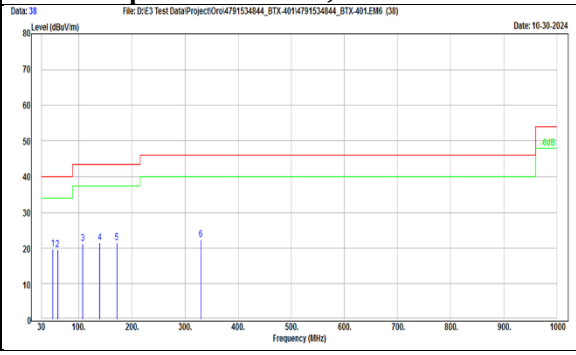
Mode	SRD	Channel	2

Polarization	Notation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
Horizontal		54.25	32.23	-11.59	20.64	40	-19.36	PK
		112.45	34.54	-14.39	20.15	43.5	-23.35	PK
		137.67	37.72	-12.7	25.02	43.5	-18.48	PK
		172.59	39.54	-11.89	27.65	43.5	-15.85	PK
		262.8	32.6	-11.89	20.71	46	-25.29	PK
		331.67	32.16	-9.21	22.95	46	-23.05	PK
Vertical		51.34	31.56	-11.76	19.8	40	-20.2	PK
		60.07	31.37	-11.72	19.65	40	-20.35	PK
		107.6	36.26	-14.88	21.38	43.5	-22.12	PK
		139.61	33.98	-12.48	21.5	43.5	-22	PK
		171.62	33.24	-11.77	21.47	43.5	-22.03	PK
		329.73	31.7	-9.26	22.44	46	-23.56	PK

TX, SRD (Ch 2)
Radiated Spurious Emission, Horizontal



TX, SRD (Ch 2)
Radiated Spurious Emission, Vertical



9 kHz ~ 30 MHz Data:

For 9 kHz to 30 MHz radiated emission have performed all modes of operation were investigated. The amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value is not required to be report.

No non-compliance noted:

KDB 414788 D01 OATS and Chamber Correlation Justification

- Base on FCC 15.31 (f) (2): measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field.

- OATs and chamber correlation testing had been performed and chamber measured test results is the worst case test result.

Although these tests were performed other than open area test site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30m open area test site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.

END OF REPORT