



MET Laboratories, Inc. *Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation*

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February 29, 2008

BarMate LTD
1379 High Road, Northway House
London N20 9LP, United Kingdom

Dear Peter Teichman,

Enclosed is the EMC test report for compliance testing of the BarMate LTD, The BarMate System - Gateway as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-03 ed.), Part 15, Subpart C.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Reference: (\BarMate LTD\EMC22250C-FCC247 Rev. 1)

DOC EMC702 9/13/2007

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The Nation's First Licensed Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory





Electromagnetic Compatibility Test Report

for the

BarMate LTD
The BarMate System - Gateway

Verified under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.247, Subpart C
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC22250C-FCC247 Rev. 1

February 29, 2008

Prepared For:

BarMate LTD
1379 High Road, Northway House
London N20 9LP, United Kingdom

Prepared By:
MET Laboratories, Inc.
914 W. Patapsco Avenue
Baltimore, Maryland 21230



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Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.247, Subpart C
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Dusmantha Tennakoon
Project Engineer, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Part 15.247, of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Shawn McMillen,
Wireless Coordinator, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	February 21, 2008	Initial Issue.
1	February 29, 2008	Customer corrections.



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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
<i>d</i>	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
<i>f</i>	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μH	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



BarMate LTD
The BarMate System - Gateway

Executive Summary
CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C

I. Executive Summary



1.1 Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the BarMate LTD, The BarMate System - Gateway, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the BarMate System - Gateway. BarMate LTD should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the BarMate System - Gateway, has been **permanently** discontinued.

1.2 Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with BarMate LTD, purchase order number 2007. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

Reference	Description	Results
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15, Subpart C, §15.207	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15, Subpart C, §15.203/15.247(b)(c)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247(a)(2)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant

Table 1 Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing



BarMate LTD
The BarMate System - Gateway

Electromagnetic Compatibility
Equipment Configuration
CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C

II. Equipment Configuration



2.1 Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by BarMate LTD to perform testing on the BarMate System - Gateway, under BarMate LTD's purchase order number 2007.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the BarMate LTD, The BarMate System - Gateway.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Filing Status:	Original
Model(s) Tested:	The BarMate System - Gateway
Model(s) Covered:	The BarMate System - Gateway
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: 5V through USB
	FCC ID: VZS-BARMATE
	Type of Modulations: DSSS
	Equipment Code: DTS
	Peak RF Conducted Output Power: 1.21 dBm (1.32 mW)
	EUT TX Frequency Ranges: 2450 MHz
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.
Evaluated by:	Dusmantha Tennakoon
Report Date(s):	February 21, 2008



2.2 References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories

2.3 Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 West Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber. In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories. In accordance with §2.948(d), MET Laboratories has been accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (Lab Code: 100273-0).

2.4 Description of Test Sample

The BarMate System - Gateway, Equipment Under Test (EUT), connects to the PC via USB and communicates with the rest of the system (SAMs, SRDs) via the digital wireless Zigbee network. It can be thought of as a USB-to-Zigbee bridge/converter.

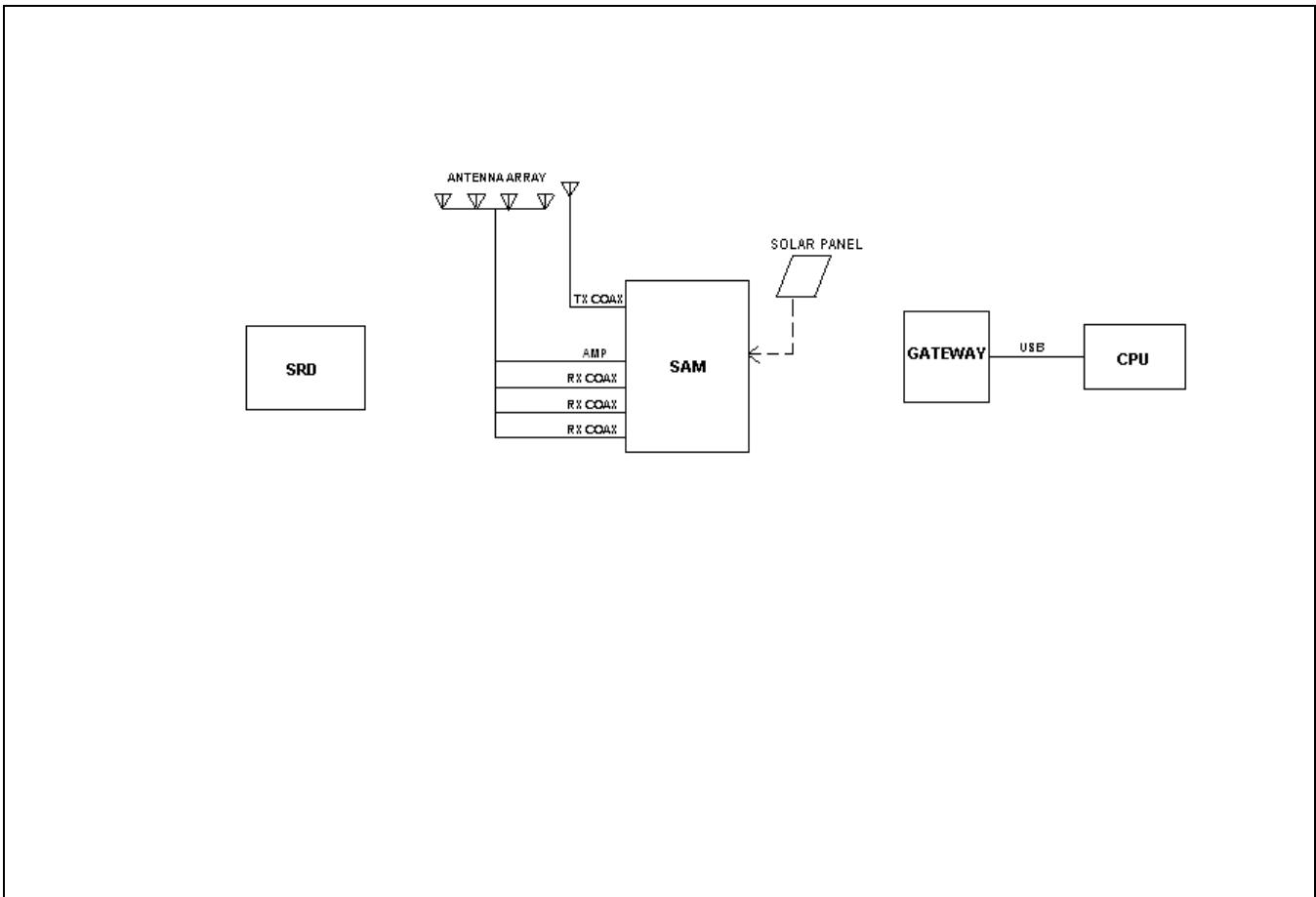


Figure 1. Block Diagram of the BarMate System

2.5 Equipment Configuration

The EUT is part of a system as shown in Figure 1. All cards, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
GATEWAY	N/A	IAI-MET08

Table 2. Equipment Configuration



2.6 Support Equipment

BarMate LTD supplied support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the BarMate System - Gateway. All support equipment supplied is listed in the following Support Equipment List.

Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
CPU	TANGENT	VITA7900K	C7C20087

Table 3. Support Equipment

2.7 Ports and Cabling Information

Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
USB	USB, 24 AWG	1	1.8	Y	CPU

Table 4. Ports and Cabling Information

2.8 Mode of Operation

The Gateway has only one mode of operation. The Gateway gets its power from the USB port. When it is plugged in, it is always available to receive commands from the PC and package them and transmit them out to the Zigbee network, or to receive packets from the Zigbee network and unpack these and send them to the PC over the USB cable. The LEDs in the front of the Gateway units show that it is operational.

2.4GHz Modulated Output from Gateway Test Procedure: Do not run the BarMate software. Unplug the Gateway from its USB cable. Turn off the programming board (push switch toward the left). Place the programming board in the test chamber and connect to the ribbon cable to the Gateway, making sure that pin one (the black side of the ribbon cable) is plugged in to pin one on both the programming board and the Gateway. Route the USB cable from the *programming board* back to the PC, and plug it in. Turn the programming board on. If multicolored LEDs light-up on the programming board and text shows up on the LCD display then something is wrong, re-check connections and try again.

Start SmartRF Studio on the PC and click over to the SmartRF04DK tab. An entry "CC2430 - new device" should appear as the first entry. If it does not, or if something like "unknown chip" appears, check connections and try again. Select the CC2430 entry and click Start.

Once the new window appears, select the channel to use and change the power level to maximum. The BarMate system only uses channel 0x14. In the bottom half of the screen, make sure that Modulated Spectrum is selected and click *Start Tx test*. Confirm on the spectrum analyzer that the device is indeed transmitting. Only now it is okay to connect the Gateway to its USB cable and disconnect the programming ribbon cable. The Gateway will continue to transmit a continuous 2.4GHz signal until power is cycled to it or its reset button is pushed. When power is cycled, the original BarMate firmware will run as normal.



2.9 Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

2.10 Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to BarMate LTD upon completion of testing.



BarMate LTD
The BarMate System - Gateway

Electromagnetic Compatibility
Criteria for Intentional Radiators
CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C

III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Results:

The antenna has a 6 dBi maximum gain. The ETU was tested with the 6 dBi antenna. §15.203 does not apply because the antenna is professionally installed. Please refer to the user manual for guidance on the professional antenna installation. The following antennas can be used the EUT.

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Type	Manufacturer	Model
6	Omni	HyperLink Technologies	HGV-2406U
4	Omni	HyperLink Technologies	HGV-2404U

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/04/2007



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 5. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with *ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz"*. The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. The tests were conducted in a RF-shielded enclosure.

The EUT was operated in its normal mode of operation. Stimulating it with the RFID tag made no difference in the conducted emissions.

Test Results:

The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Emission limits of §15.207(a) for Intentional Radiators. See following pages for detailed test results.

Test Engineer(s):

Jeffrey Hazen

Test Date(s):

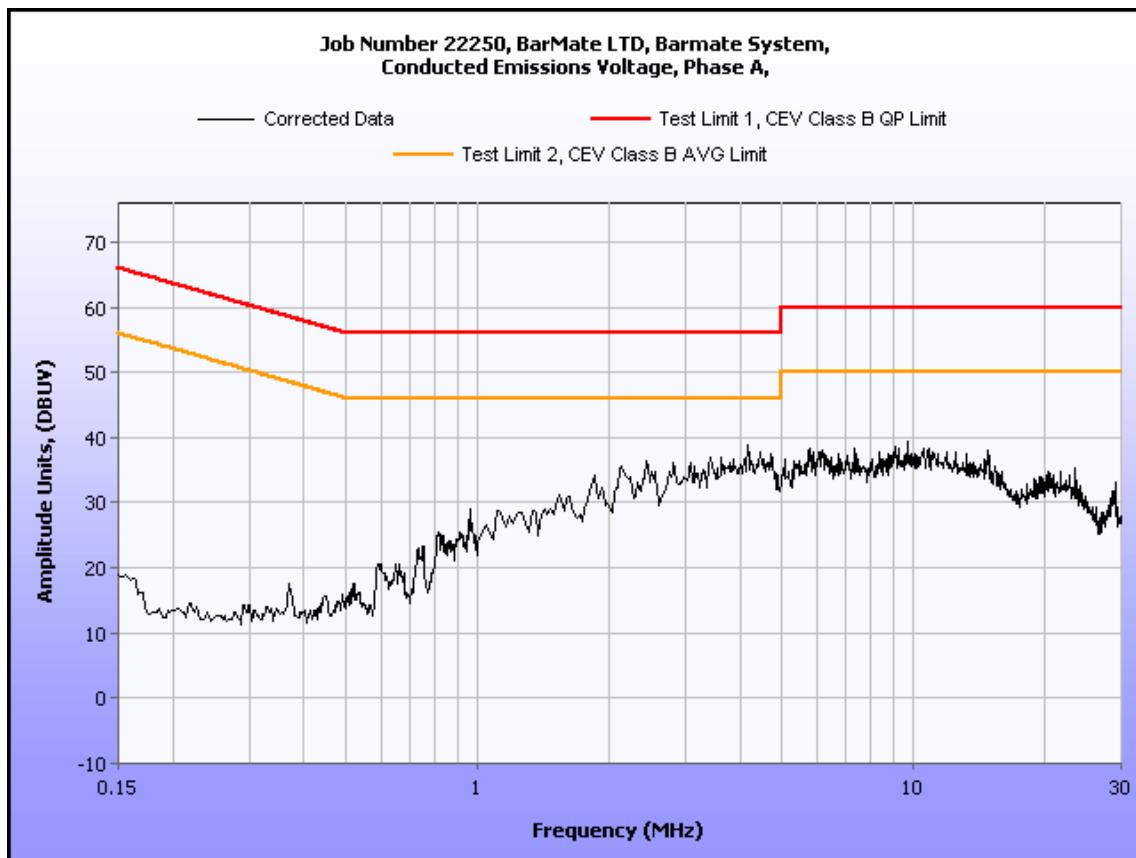
1/11/2008

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
4.415	33.67	0.17	33.84	56	-22.16	12.52	0.17	12.69	46	-33.31
6.777	11.95	0.17	12.12	60	-47.88	9.417	0.17	9.587	50	-40.413
9.018	30.16	0.27762667	30.43762667	60	-29.5624	12.89	0.27762667	13.16762667	50	-36.8324
2.44	22.55	0.17	22.72	56	-33.28	6.47	0.17	6.64	46	-39.36
3.8	31.02	0.17	31.19	56	-24.81	7.92	0.17	8.09	46	-37.91

Table 6. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Phase (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

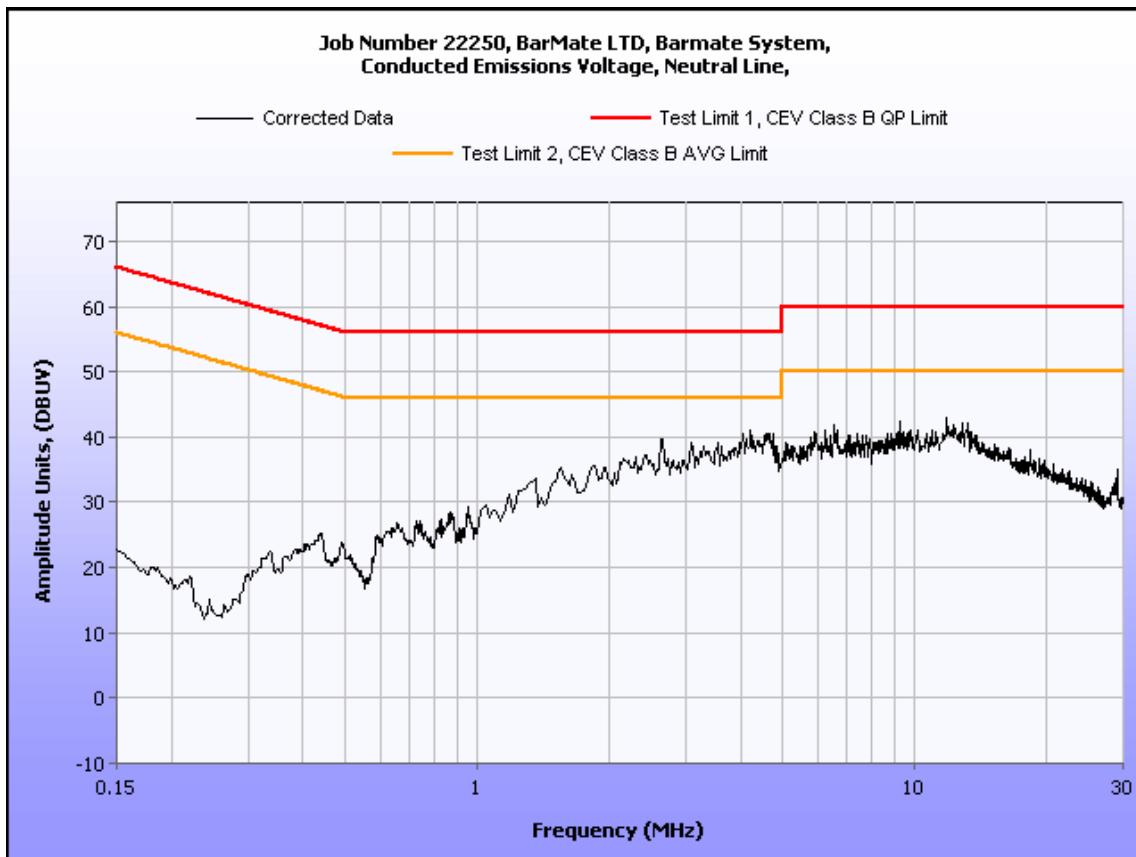


Plot 1. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot



Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
5.67	36.08	0.17	36.25	60	-23.75	17.34	0.17	17.51	50	-32.49
4.225	40.44	0.17	40.61	56	-15.39	19.45	0.17	19.62	46	-26.38
4.108	37.29	0.17	37.46	56	-18.54	17.5	0.17	17.67	46	-28.33
4.599	37.01	0.17	37.18	56	-18.82	17.11	0.17	17.28	46	-28.72
3.665	35.9	0.17	36.07	56	-19.93	14.99	0.17	15.16	46	-30.84
3.436	43.39	0.17	43.56	56	-12.44	13.15	0.17	13.32	46	-32.68

Table 7. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Neutral (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



Plot 2. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot



BarMate LTD
The BarMate System - Gateway

Electromagnetic Compatibility
Criteria for Intentional Radiators
CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C



Photograph 1. Conducted Emissions Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.209 Radiated Emissions – Spurious

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358	36.43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	Note
13.36–13.41.			
Note: Above 38.6			

Table 8. Restricted Bands of Operation from FCC Part 15, § 15.205

§ 15.205 (b): (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

§ 15.35 (b): ...When average radiated emission measurements are specified in this part, including emission measurements below 1000 MHz, there also is a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit for the frequency being investigated unless a different peak emission limit is otherwise specified in the rules...



Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (Microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits from § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedure: For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

In accordance with §15.35 (b) the limit on the radio frequency emissions as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function shall be 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit for the frequency being investigated unless a different peak emission limit is otherwise specified in the rules.

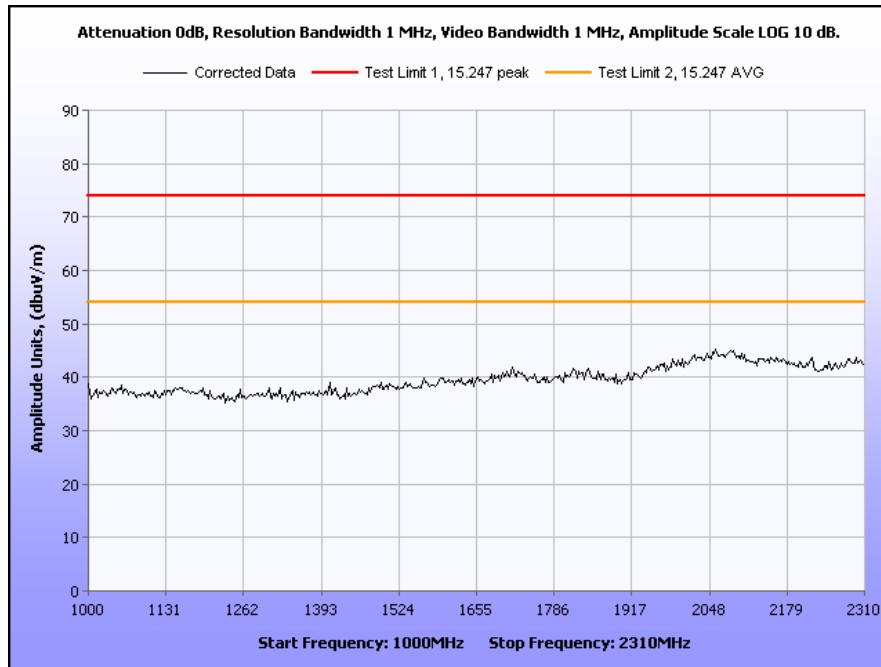
For radiated Spurious emissions, the EUT was scanned from 1 GHz to 18 GHz. In order to demonstrate compliance, measurements were taken in the form of peak plots shown with a peak and an average limit line. The plots were made at a 1m measurement distance and corrected for cable loss, distance correction, and antenna correction factors, by the capture software. At each channel of interest, the EUT was rotated about all three of its orthogonal axes. The EUT only operates at 2.45 GHz (channel 14) and therefore band edge measurements are not required.

Peak measurements, which exceeded the average limit line were re-measured using video averaging and plotted against an average limit line. Tabular data shows measurements of interest.

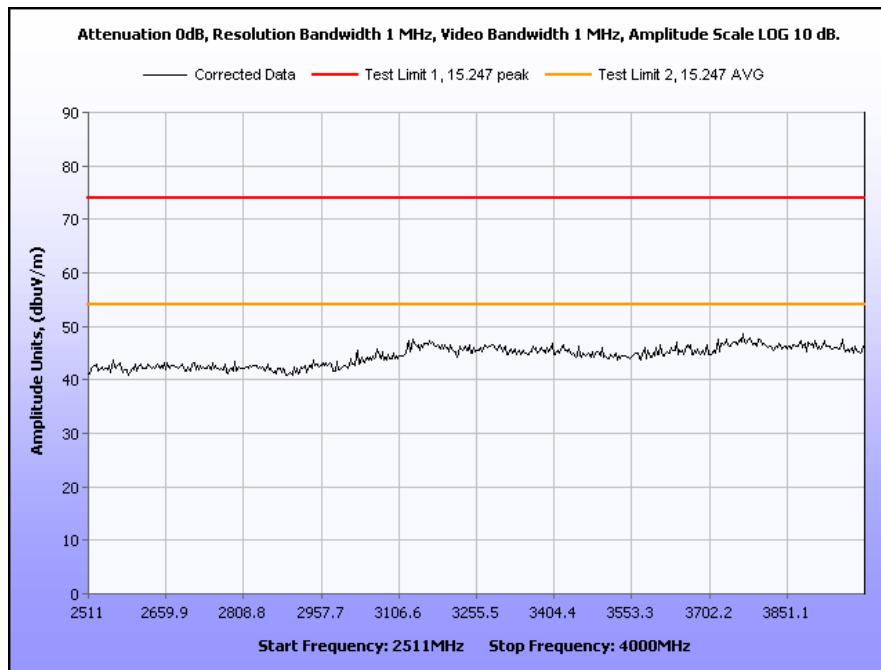
Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the requirements of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Len Knight

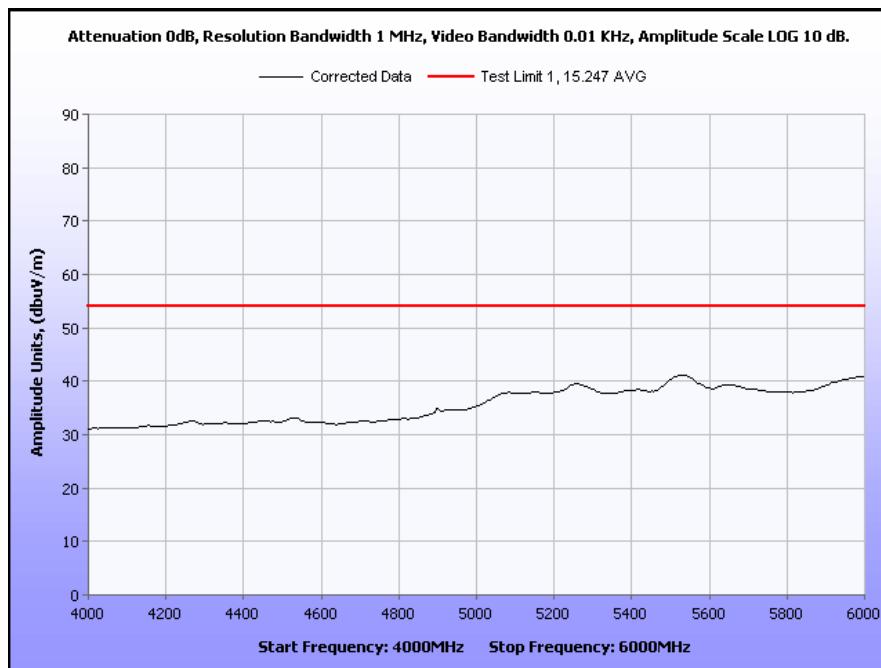
Test Date(s): 02/06/08



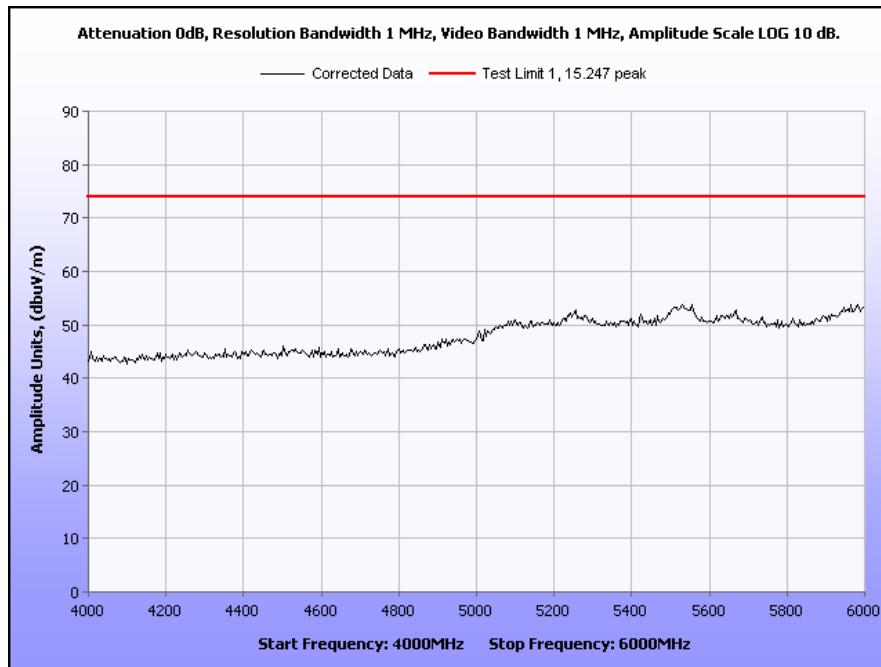
Plot 3. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Peak and Avg. Scan 1000 - 2310



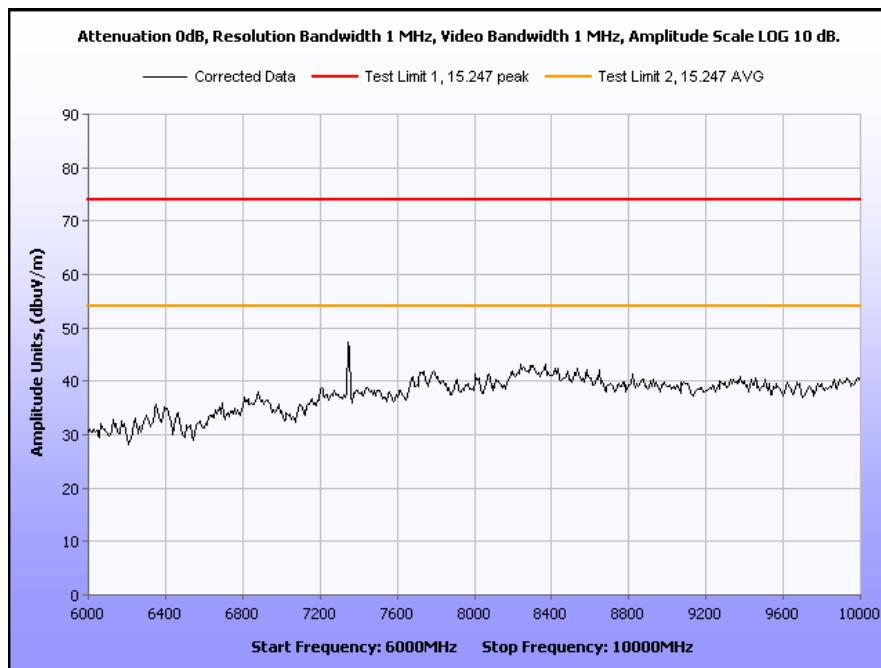
Plot 4. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Peak and Avg. Scan 2511 - 4000



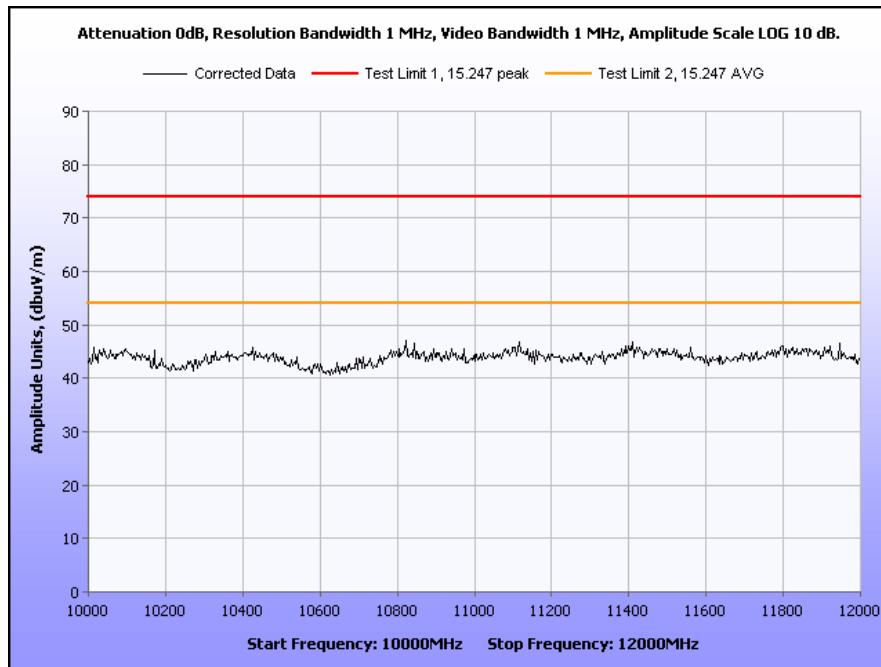
Plot 5. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Avg. Scan 4000 - 6000



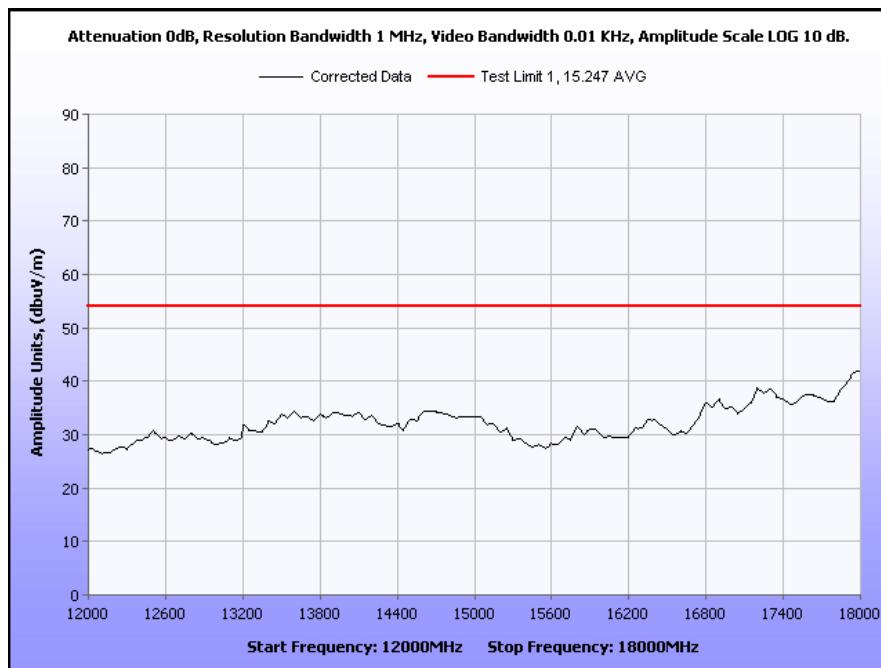
Plot 6. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Peak Scan 4000 - 6000



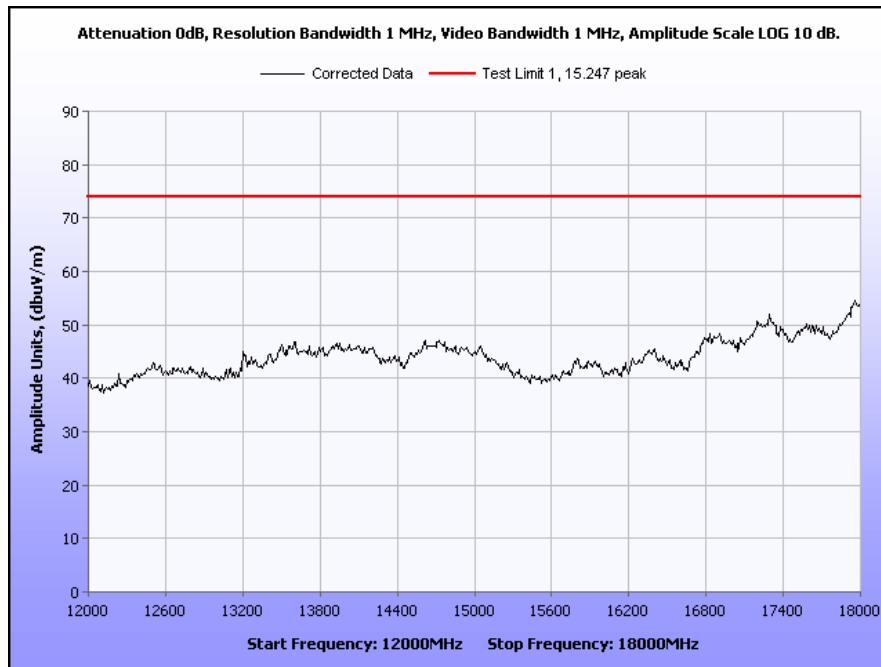
Plot 7. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Peak and Avg. Scan 6000 - 10000



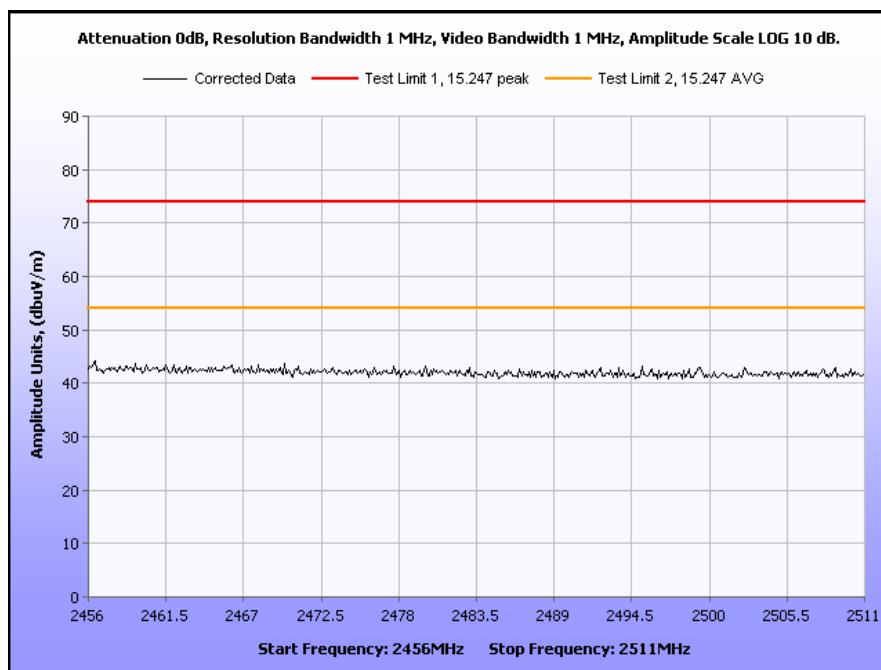
Plot 8. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Peak and Avg. Scan 10000 – 12000



Plot 9. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Avg. Scan 12000 – 18000



Plot 10. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Peak Scan 12000 – 18000

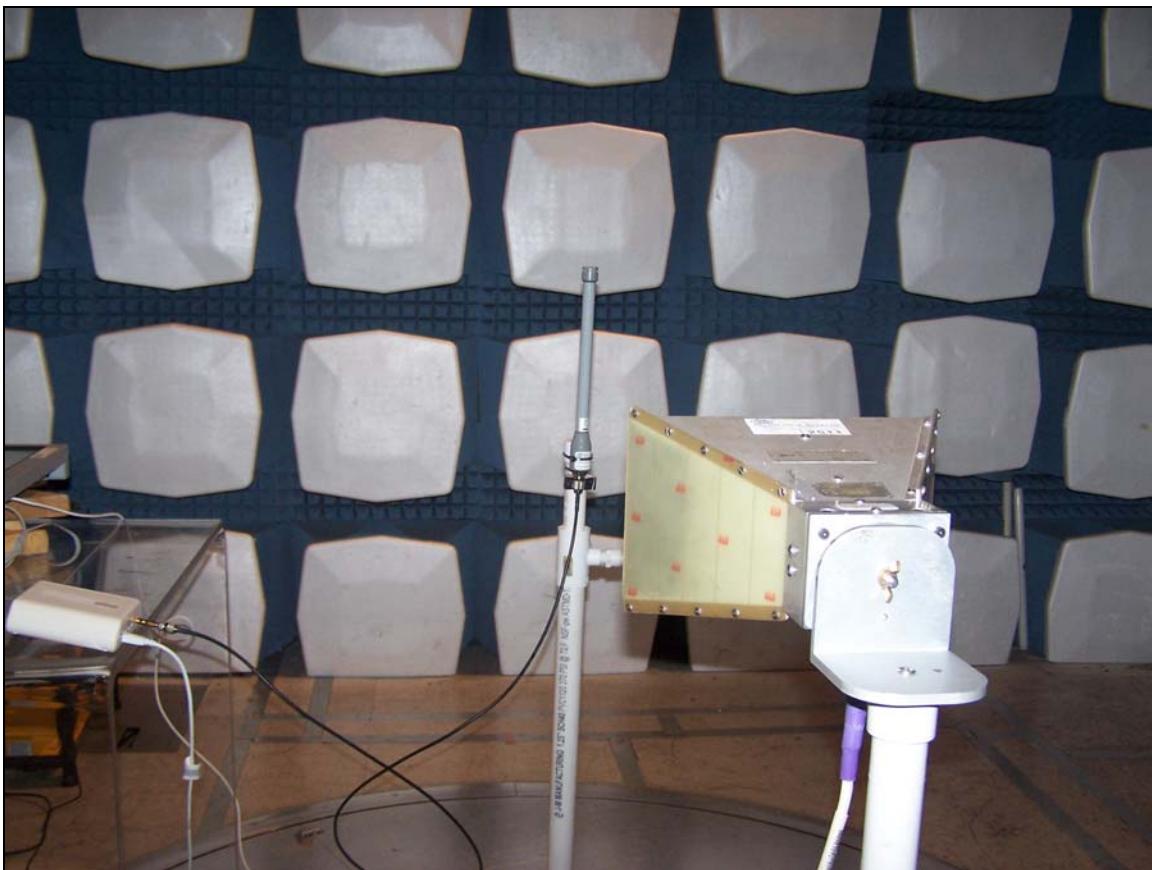


Plot 11. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Band Edge Peak and Avg. Scan 2456 - 2511



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Electromagnetic Compatibility
Criteria for Intentional Radiators
CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C



Photograph 2. Spurious Radiated Emissions, Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a) 6 dB a Bandwidth

Test Requirements:

§ 15.247(a): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

§ 15.247(a)(2): For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was set to channel 14 at the highest output power and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW of 100 kHz, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded.

Test Results:

Equipment complies with § 15.247 (a). The 6 dB Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

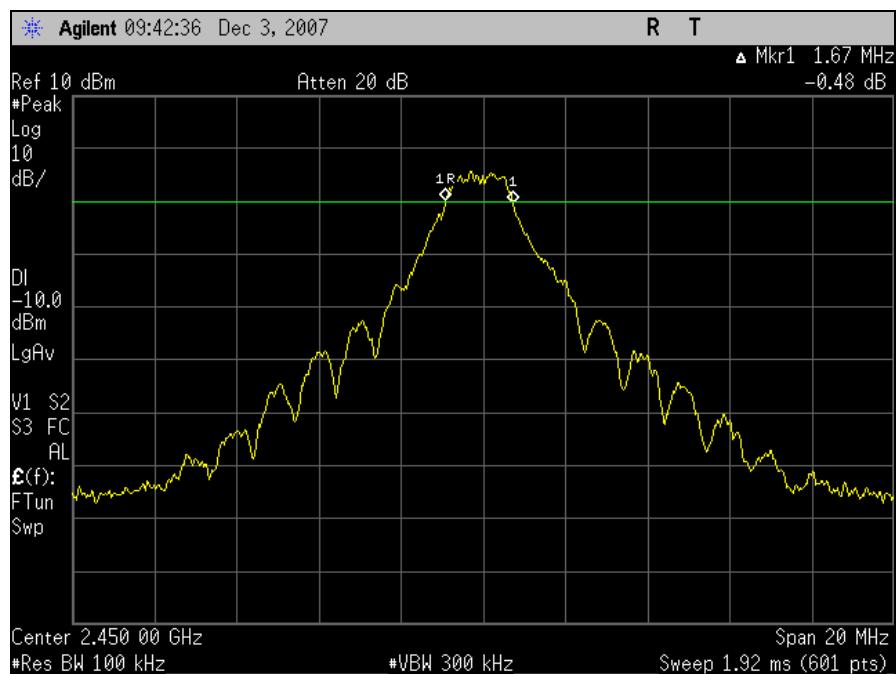
The 6 dB Bandwidth = 1.67 MHz.

Test Engineer(s):

Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s):

12/04/2007



Plot 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 14



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements: **§15.247(b):** The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400-2483.5	1.000
5725- 5850	1.000

Table 10. Output Power Requirements from §15.247

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 10, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omni-directional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.



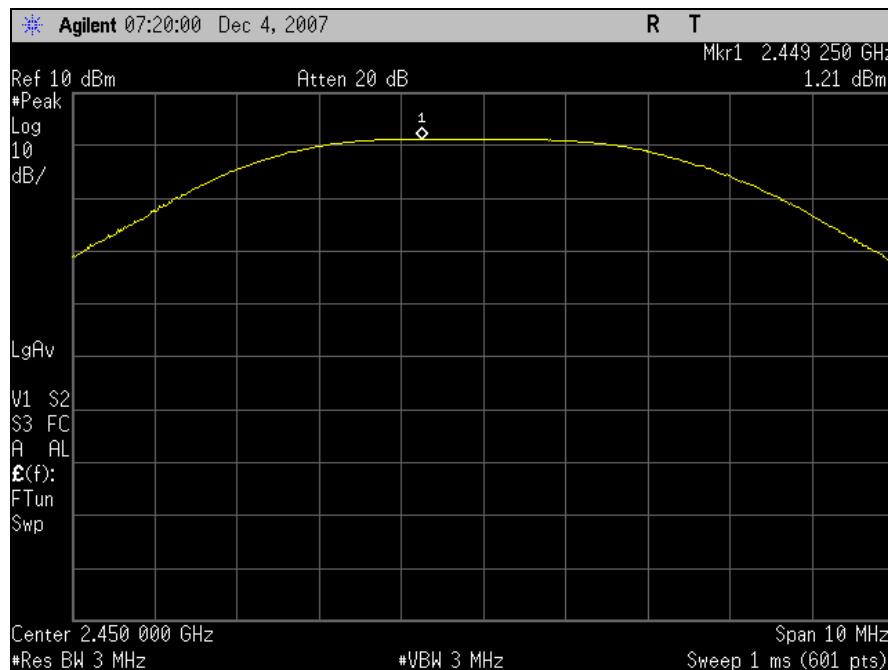
Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected to a calibrated PSA Spectrum Analyzer. The EUT was measured on channel 14 (2.45 GHz).

Test Results: Equipment complies with the Peak Power Output limits of § 15.247(b). The following plot shows the measured power. Cable loss has been pre-programmed into the spectrum analyzer.

Channel Number	Frequency (GHz)	Output Power (dBm)
14	2.45	1.21



Plot 13. Peak Power Output, Channel 14

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/04/2007



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) RF Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: **§1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2):** Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: **§1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Control Exposures				
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1,500	--	--	F/300	6
1,500-100,000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1,500	--	--	F/1,500	30
1,500-100,000	--	--	1.0	30

Table 11. Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure

Note: F=Frequency in MHz

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2$$

where, S = Power Density mW/m²
 P = Power Input to antenna mili Watts
 G = Numeric Antenna Gain
 R = Distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (20 cm for Mobile minimum distance)



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) RF Exposure

Test Procedures: The following calculation shows compliance:

Test Results: MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 2450 MHz only; Highest conducted power = 1.21 dBm (peak). Therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm²**.

EUT maximum antenna gain =6 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2$$

where, S = Power Density mW/m²

P = Power Input to antenna mili Watts

G = Numeric Antenna Gain

R = Distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (20 cm for Mobile minimum distance)

$$\text{Antenna Numeric Gain} = 10^{\text{dBi}/10}$$

$$\text{Power at antenna port} = 1.32 \text{ mW}$$

$$\text{Antenna Gain} = 6 \text{ dBi}$$

$$\text{Numeric antenna gain} = 10^{6/10} = 3.98$$

$$S = (1.32)(3.98) / 4(3.1416)(20)^2$$

$$S = 0.001 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

Therefore, EUT meets the Uncontrolled Exposure limit.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 01/29/2008



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Spurious Emissions – RF Conducted

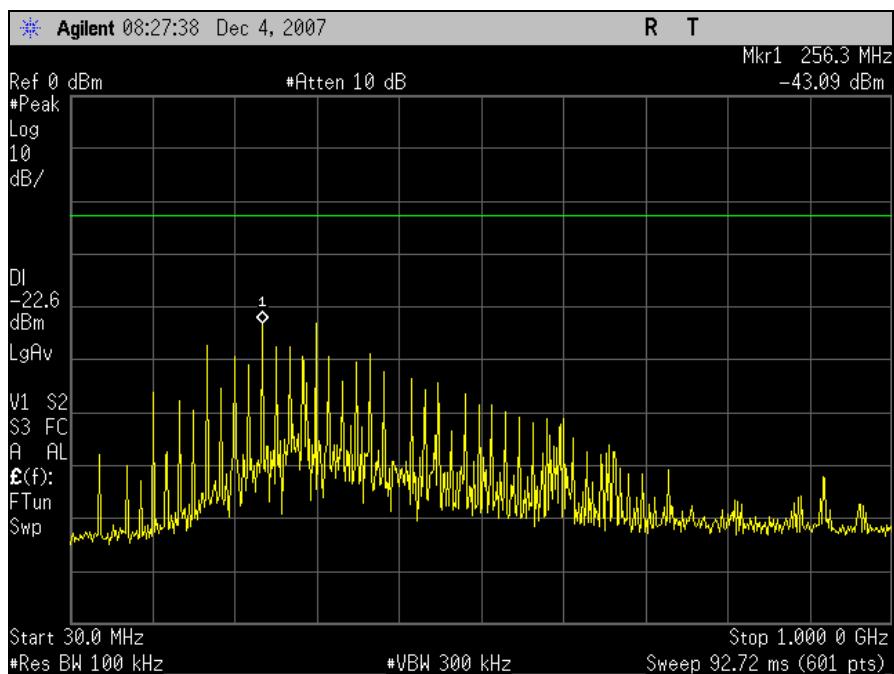
Test Requirements: **§15.247(d):** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

Test Procedure: The EUT was configured with the control software to transmit at maximum power. The transmit output was connected to the analyzer through an attenuator. RBW = 100 kHz, VBW \geq RBW. Testing was performed for channels 14.

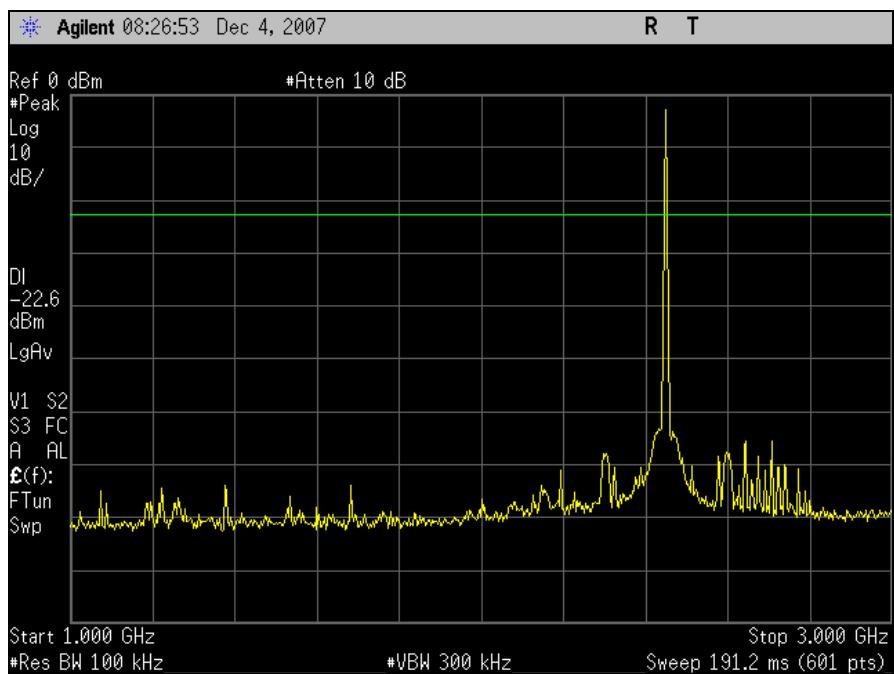
Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the requirements of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

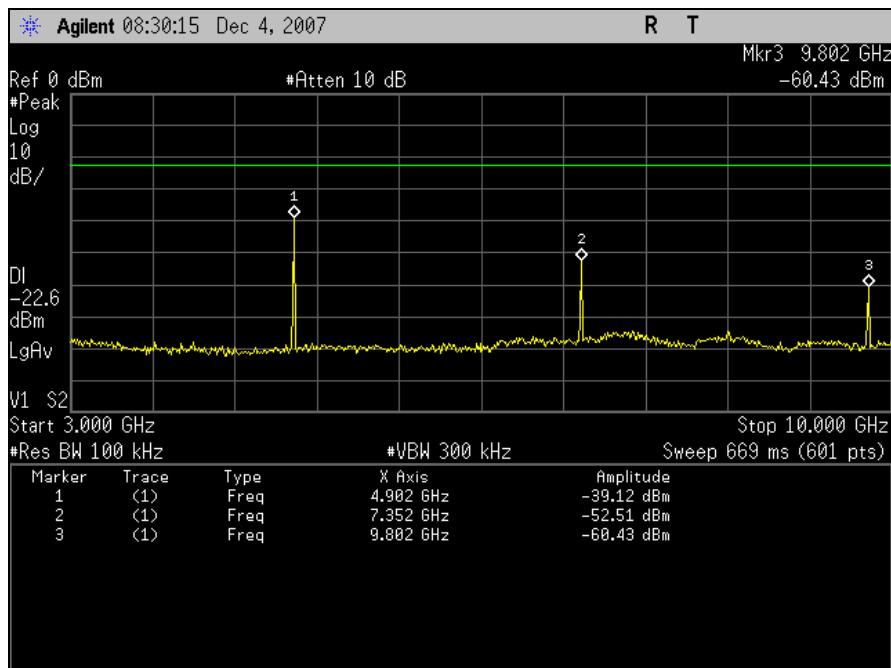
Test Date(s): 12/04/2007



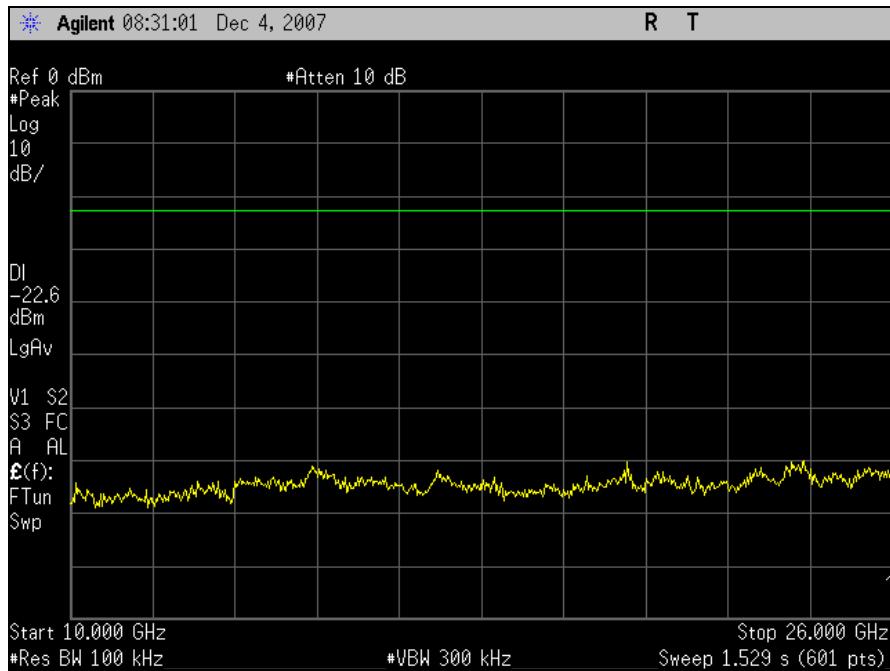
Plot 14. Spurious Emissions – RF Conducted, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Channel 14



Plot 15. Spurious Emissions – RF Conducted, 1 GHz – 3 GHz, Channel 14



Plot 16. Spurious Emissions – RF Conducted, 3 GHz – 10 GHz, Channel 14



Plot 17. Spurious Emissions – RF Conducted, 10 GHz – 26 GHz, Channel 14



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: **§15.247(e):** For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

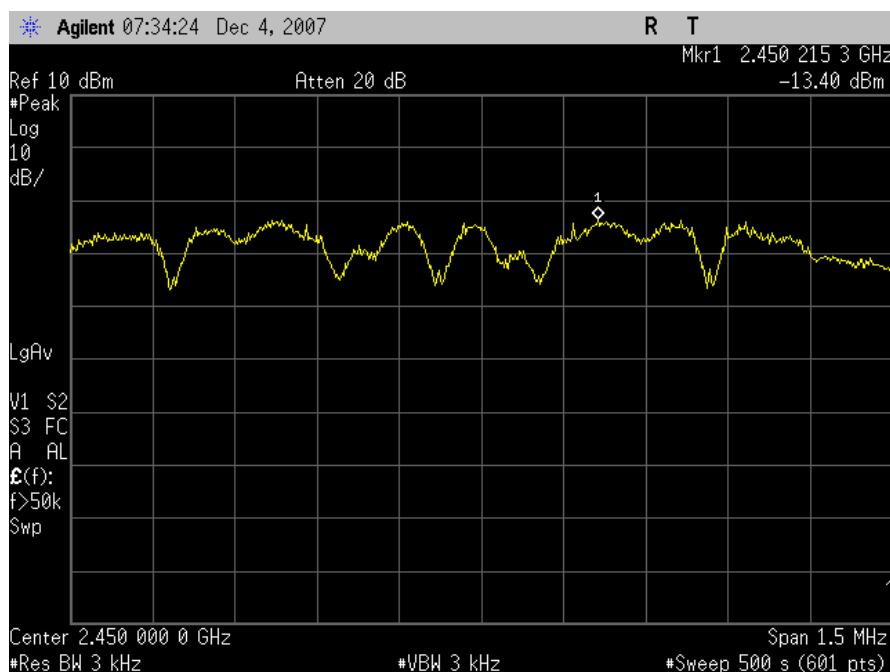
Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
RBW = 3 kHz, VBW≥RBW
Sweep = Span/ 3 kHz

Test Results: Equipment complies with the peak power spectral density limits of **§ 15.247 (e)**. The peak power spectral density was determined from the plot shown below.

Peak power spectral density = -13.40 dBm.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 12/04/2007



Plot 18. Peak Power Spectral Density, Channel 14



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Electromagnetic Compatibility
Test Equipment
CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C

IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

Test Name: Radiated Spurious Emissions			Test Date(s): 12/04/2007		
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T2511	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	07/19/2007	07/19/2008
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	02/17/2006	01/17/2009
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARTZ	ESIB7	04/24/2007	04/24/2008
1T4592	RF FILTER KIT	VARIOUS	N/A	SEE NOTE	
RENTAL	MICROWAVE PREAMPLIFIER	HEWLETT PACKARD	N/A	SEE NOTE	
RENTAL	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E448A	02/20/2007	02/20/2008
Test Name: Band Edge			Test Date(s): 12/04/2007		
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T2511	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	07/19/2007	07/19/2008
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	02/17/2006	01/17/2009
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARTZ	ESIB7	04/24/2007	04/24/2008
1T4592	RF FILTER KIT	VARIOUS	N/A	SEE NOTE	
RENTAL	MICROWAVE PREAMPLIFIER	HEWLETT PACKARD	N/A	SEE NOTE	
Test Name: 6 dB Bandwidth			Test Date(s): 12/04/2007		
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
SN:US42070103	PSA	AGILENT	E4448A	02/20/2007	02/20/2008
Test Name: Peak Power Output			Test Date(s): 12/04/2007		
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
SN:US42070103	PSA	AGILENT	E4448A	02/20/2007	02/20/2008
Test Name: Conducted Spurious Emissions			Test Date(s): 12/04/2007		
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
SN:US42070103	PSA	AGILENT	E4448A	02/20/2007	02/20/2008
Test Name: Peak Power Spectral Density			Test Date(s): 12/04/2007		
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
SN:US42070103	PSA	AGILENT	E4448A	02/20/2007	02/20/2008

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.



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Electromagnetic Compatibility
Certification & User's Manual Information
CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C

V. Certification & User's Manual Information



Certification & User's Manual Information

5.1 Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) *The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.*
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



(e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:

- (i) *Compliance testing*;
- (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
- (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
- (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production stages; or
- (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.

(e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.

(f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.*
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

(i) *If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.*

(ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.

(2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



Certification & User's Manual Information

5.2 Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) *In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:*

(1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

(4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.

(5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.