

1. RF Exposure Requirements

1.1 General Information

Client Information

Applicant: NINGBO DOOYA MECHANIC & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Address of applicant: No.168 Shengguang Road, Luotuo, Zhenhai, Ningbo, ZHEJIANG, China

Manufacturer: NINGBO DOOYA MECHANIC & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Address of manufacturer: No.168 Shengguang Road, Luotuo, Zhenhai, Ningbo, ZHEJIANG, China

General Description of EUT:

Product Name: DC Tubular Motor
Trade Name: /
Model No.: DM45LEAF/S-50/10
Adding Model(s): DM45LEAF/S-20/14
Rated Voltage: DC 12V
Battery Capacity: /
Power Adaptor: /
FCC ID: VYYDM45LEAFS
Equipment Type: Mobile device

Technical Characteristics of EUT:

Frequency Range: 433.92MHz
Max. Field Strength: 79.62dBuV/m(3m)
Data Rate: /
Modulation: FSK
Antenna Type: Outside Antenna
Antenna Gain: 0dBi

1.2 RF Exposure Exemption

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

Option A: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A): The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

Option B: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P_{th} (mW) described in the following formula. P_{th} is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}(d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

Option C: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters.

Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation	
RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$
30-300	$3.83 R^2$
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2 f$
1,500-100,000	$19.2 R^2$

For Multiple RF sources: FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).

(B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \leq 1$$

1.3 Calculated Result

Radio Access Technology	Prediction Frequency	Max. Field Strength	Antenna Gain	Output Power	Tune-Up Power	ERP
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
SRD	433.92	79.62	0	-15.64	-15.00	-17.15

Frequency (MHz)	Option	Min. Distance (cm)	Max. Power (dBm)		Exposure Limit (mW)	Ratio	Result
			(dBm)	(mW)			Pass/Fail
433.92	B	0.5	-15.00	0.03	23.17	0.01	Pass

Note: 1. $EIRP = E-104.8+20\log D$; Output Power = $EIRP - \text{Antenna Gain}$;

$ERP = EIRP - 2.15\text{dB}$

2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.

3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power.

For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;

4. For option B, P_{th} (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure Limit (mW).

5. Ratio = Tune-Up ERP (mW) / Exposure Limit (mW)

Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:

Radio Access Technology	Ratio 1	Ratio 2	Ratio 3	Simultaneous Ratio	Limit	Result
						Pass/Fail
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Result: Pass