

1. RF Exposure Requirements

1.1 General Information

Client Information

Applicant: NINGBO DOOYA MECHANIC & ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Address of applicant: No.168 Shengguang Road, Luotuo, Zhenhai, Ningbo, ZHEJIANG, China

Manufacturer: The same as Applicant

Address of manufacturer: The same as Applicant

General Description of EUT:

Product Name: Fifteen-channel transmitter

Trade Name: /

Model No.: DD1602H

Adding Model(s): DD2702H

Rated Voltage: DC 3V

Battery Capacity: /

Power Adaptor : /

FCC ID: VYYDD1602H

Equipment Type: Portable device

Technical Characteristics of EUT:

Frequency Range: 433.92MHz

Max. Field Strength: 433.92MHz: 83.00dBuV/m(3m)

Data Rate: /

Modulation: FSK

Antenna Type: PCB Antenna

Antenna Gain: 3dBi

1.2 RF Exposure Exemption

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

Option A: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A): The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

Option B: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P_{th} (mW) described in the following formula. P_{th} is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}(d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

Option C: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters.

Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation	
RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$
30-300	$3.83 R^2$
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2 f$
1,500-100,000	$19.2R^2$

For Multiple RF sources: FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).

(B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \leq 1$$

1.3 Calculated Result

Radio Access Technology	Prediction Frequency	Max. Field Strength	Antenna Gain	Output Power	Tune-Up Power	ERP
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
SRD	433.92	83.00	3	-12.26	-15.00	-14.15

Frequency (MHz)	Option	Min. Distance	Max. Power		Exposure Limit	Ratio	Result
		(cm)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)		Pass/Fail
433.92	B	0.5	-14.15	0.04	23.17	0.01	Pass

Note: 1. $EIRP = E - 104.8 + 20 \log D$; Output Power = $EIRP - \text{Antenna Gain}$;

$ERP = EIRP - 2.15 \text{ dB}$

2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.

3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power.

For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;

4. For option B, P_{th} (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure Limit (mW).

5. Ratio = Tune-Up ERP (mW) / Exposure Limit (mW)

Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:

Radio Access Technology	Ratio 1	Ratio 2	Ratio 3	Simultaneous Ratio	Limit	Result
	/	/	/			/
						/

Result: Pass