



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No.: SET2015-04252
Product: EFTPOS
Brand Name: \
Model No.: SPECTRA T1000
FCC ID: VWZT1000I
Applicant: SPECTRA Technologies Holdings Co., Ltd.
Address: Unit 1301-09, 19-20, Tower II, Grand Century Place, 193
Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Issued by: CCIC-SET
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Test Report

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Applicant.....: SPECTRA Technologies Holdings Co., Ltd.
Applicant Address.....: Unit 1301-09, 19-20, Tower II, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Manufacturer.....: SPECTRA Technologies Holdings Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer Address: Unit 1301-09, 19-20, Tower II, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Test Standards.....: **47CFR § 2.1093-** Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices;
ANSI C95.1-1992: Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)
IEEE 1528-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques;

Test Result.....: Pass

Tested by Mei Chun 2015-04-17
Chun Mei, Test Engineer

Reviewed by.....: Shuangwen Zhang 2015-04-17
Shuangwen Zhang, Senior Engineer

Approved by.....: Wu Lian 2015-04-17
Wu Li'an , Manager

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This Test Report consists of the following Annexes:

Annex A: Accreditation Certificate

Annex B: Test Layout

Annex C: System Performance Check Data and Highest SAR Plots

Annex D: Calibration Certificate of Probe and Dipoles

1. General Conditions

1.1 This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

1.2 This report standalone does not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities.

1.3 This document is only valid if complete; no partial reproduction can be made without written approval of CCIC-SET

1.4 This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of CCIC-SET and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.



2. Administrative Date

2.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Company Name: CCIC-SET

Department: EMC & RF Department

Address: Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P. R. China

Telephone: +86-755-26629676

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Responsible Test Lab Managers: Mr. Wu Li'an

2.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location(s)

Company Name: CCIC-SET

Address: Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P. R. China

2.3. Organization Item

CCIC-SET Report No.: SET2015-04252

CCIC-SET Project Leader: Mr. Li Sixiong

CCIC-SET Responsible for accreditation scope: Mr. Wu Li'an

Start of Testing: 2015-04-10

End of Testing: 2015-04-10

2.4. Identification of Applicant

Company Name: SPECTRA Technologies Holdings Co., Ltd.

Address: Unit 1301-09, 19-20, Tower II, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong

2.5. Identification of Manufacture

Company Name: SPECTRA Technologies Holdings Co., Ltd.

Address: Unit 1301-09, 19-20, Tower II, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Notes: This data is based on the information by the applicant.

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

3.1. Identification of the Equipment under Test

device type :	portable device	
DUT Name:	EFTPOS	
Type Identification:	SPECTRA T1000	
S/N :	2K554261	
exposure category:	uncontrolled environment / general population	
test device production information	production unit	
operating mode(s)	WiFi(Tested), RFID	
Test modulation	WIFI(DSSS,OFDM)	
Device Class :	B	
operating frequency range(s)	transmitter frequency range	receiver frequency range
WiFi(tested):	2400-2483.5 MHz	2400-2483.5 MHz
WiFi(tested Channel):	1-6-11 (WiFi 2450)	
hardware version :	REV 10	
software version :	T1000_SystemPack_v1_9R0_pre_release	
antenna type :	Integrated antenna	
battery options :	Rated capacity: 1750mAh Nominal Voltage:  +7.4V Charging Voltage:  +8.4V	

4 SAR Summary

The Highest Measured Standalone SAR Summary

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Scaled 1g-SAR(W/kg)	Max. Reported 1g-SAR(W/kg)
Body (10mm Gap)	WIFI	0.061	0.061

5 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

where C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

5.3 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SATIMO. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

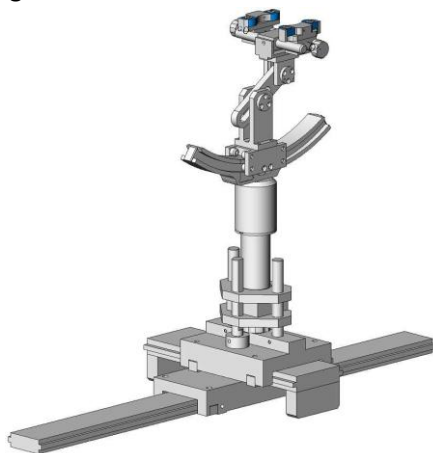


SAM Twin Phantom

5.4 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SATIMO as an integral part of the COMOSAR test system.

The device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder

5.5 Probe Specification

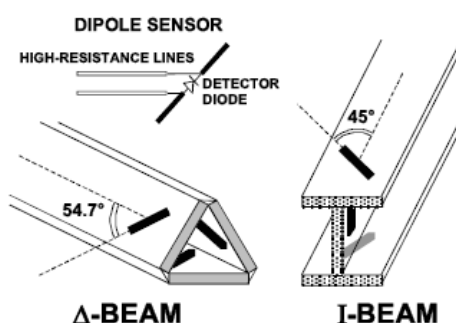


Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	700 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.5 dB (700 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	1.5 μ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.5 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: <2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 General Description

SPECTRA T1000 , WiFi supports 2.4G 802.11b/g/n.

WiFi 2.4G Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number(ARFCN) is allocated to 1 ,6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test,at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

Mode	Band	GHz	Channel	"Default Test Channels"	
				802.11b	802.11g
802.11b/g	2.4 GHz	2.412	1#	✓	△
		2.437	6	✓	△
		2.462	11#	✓	△

Notes:
✓ = "default test channels"
△= possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ¼ dB the "default test channels"
= when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

802.11 Test Channels per FCC KDB 248227

6.2 SAR Measurement System

The SAR measurement system being used is the SATIMO system, the system is controlled remotely from a PC, which contains the software to control the robot and data acquisition equipment. The software also displays the data obtained from test scans.

In operation, the system first does an area (2D) scan at a fixed depth within the liquid from the inside wall of the phantom. When the maximum SAR point has been found, the system will then carry out a 3D scan centred at that point to determine volume averaged SAR level.

6.2.1 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness Power drifts in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters

that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Dielectric Performance of Tissue

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)					
	450	835	915	1800	1900	2450
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	51.16	52.4	56.0	69.91	69.91	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	1.49	1.4	0.76	0.13	0.13	0.04
Sugar	46.78	45.0	41.76	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	1.0	1.21	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7

6.2.2 Simulant liquids

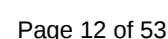
For body-worn measurements, the EUT was tested against flat phantom representing the user body. The EUT was put on in the belt holder. Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of Wi-Fi 2.4GHz, which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms.

Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.2°C; Humidity: 64%;			
/	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Target value	2450MHz	$52.7 \pm 5\%$	$1.95 \pm 5\%$
Validation value(April. 10th, 2015)	2450MHz	52.58	1.91

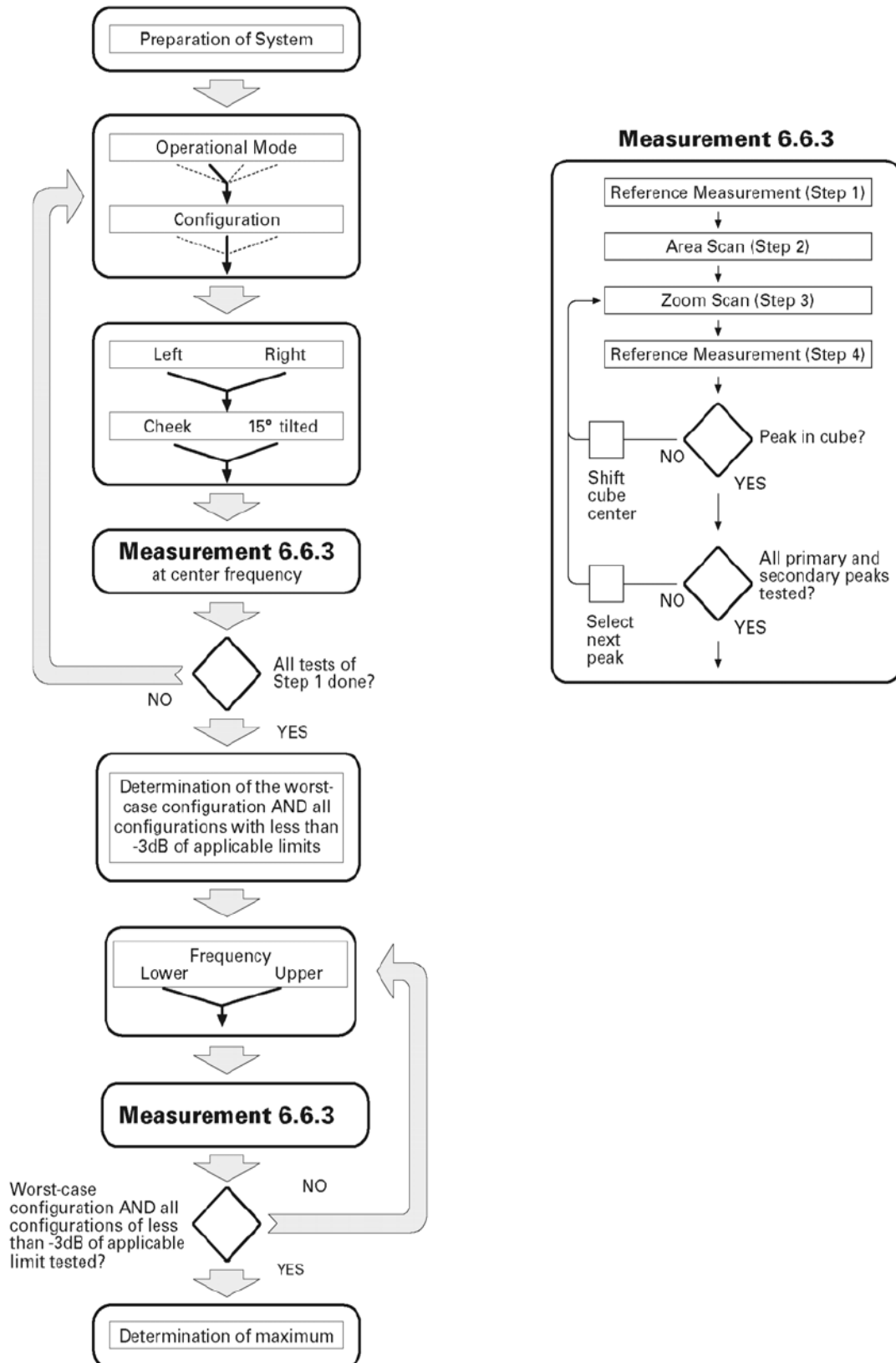
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The following procedure, recommended for performing validation tests using box phantoms is based on the procedures described in the IEEE standard P1528-2003. Setup according to the setup diagram below :



6.4 SAR measurement procedure

The SAR test against the head phantom was carried out as follow:



Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator, the connection between the EUT and the base station simulator is established via air interface.

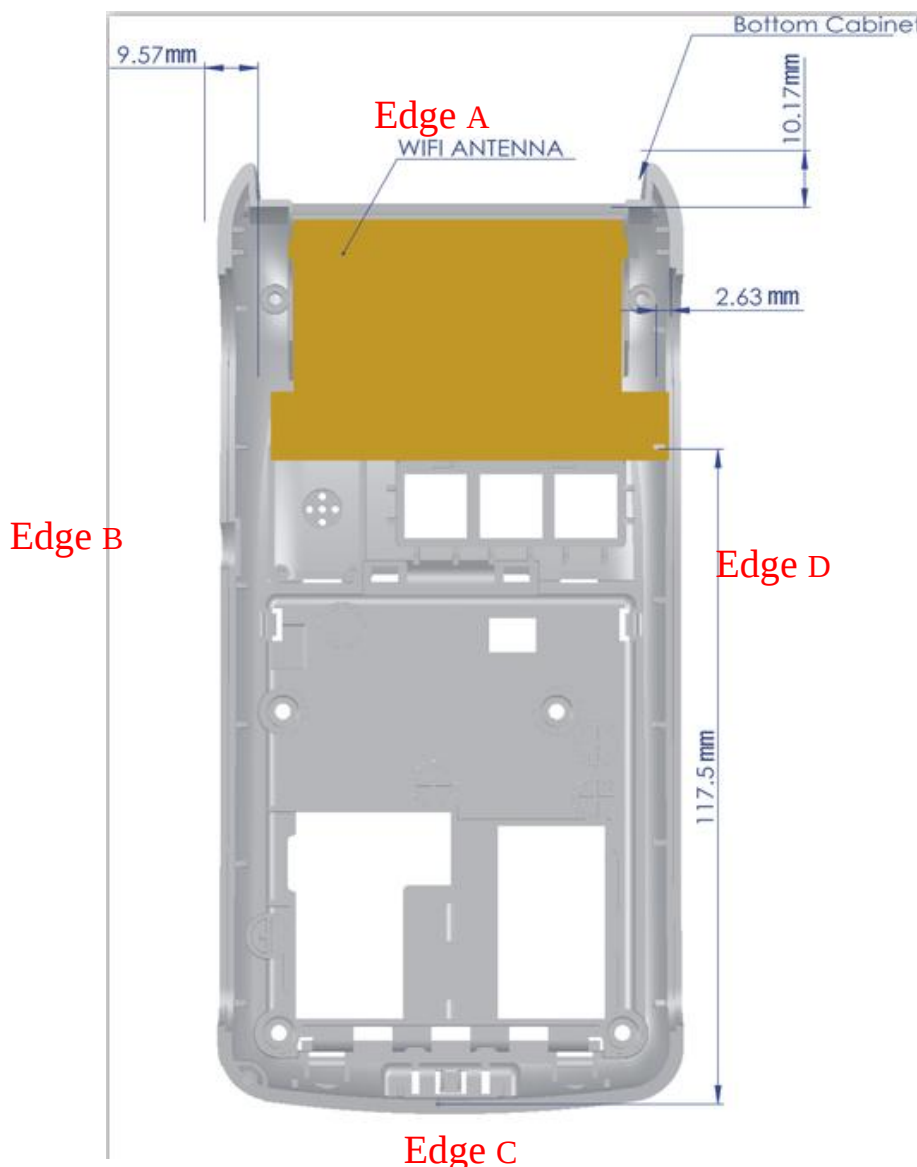
After an area scan has been done at a fixed distance of 2mm from the surface of the phantom on the source side, a 3D scan is set up around the location of the maximum spot SAR. First, a point within the scan area is visited by the probe and a SAR reading taken at the start of testing. At the end of testing, the probe is returned to the same point and a second reading is taken. Comparison between these start and end readings enables the power drift during measurement to be assessed.

Above is the scanning procedure flow chart and table from the IEEE p1528 standard. This is the procedure for which all compliant testing should be carried out to ensure that all variations of the device position and transmission behaviour are tested.

For body-worn measurement, the EUT was tested under two position: face upward and back upward.

6.5 Transmitting antenna information

WIFI antenna inside the EUT



7 Applicable Measurement Standards

47CFR § 2.1093- Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices;

ANSI C95.1–1992: Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)

IEEE 1528–2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques;

IEEE Std 1528a-2005: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01 RF Exposure Reporting

FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02

FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 SAR Measurement Procedures-802.11a/b/g Transmitters

8 Laboratory Environment

8.1 The Ambient Conditions during SAR Test

Temperature	Min. = 22 ° C, Max. = 25 ° C
Atmospheric pressure	Min.=86 kPa, Max.=106 kPa
Relative humidity	Min. = 45%, Max. = 75%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

9. Conducted RF Output Power

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200 was used. SAR drift measured at the same position in liquid before and after each SAR test as below. The signalling modes differ as follows:

WLAN 2.4GHz Band Conducted Power

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	WIFI Output Power(dBm)		
		802.11b	802.11g	802.11n-20
CH 01	2412	19.41	14.98	12.39
CH 06	2437	19.29	14.82	12.28
CH 11	2462	19.22	14.91	12.21

Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
2. During the test, at each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate. As Bold in the Output Power table above.
3. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at lowest data rate

9.4 General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
2. Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is $\leq 20\%$, and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
4. Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing (Refer to appendix D for details).
5. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, 802.11g /11n-HT20/11n-HT40 is not required, for the maximum average output power is less than 1/4dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b mode. Thus the SAR can be excluded.

6.

10 Test Results

10.1 Summary of SAR Measurement Results

According the description above, while the tests against the body-worn were carried out on the operation mode : WIFI 802.11b.

Table 1: SAR Values of Wi-Fi 802.11b

Temperature: 22.0~23.5°C, humidity: 62~64%.							
Body Positions (10mm separation)		Channel /Frequency (MHz)	Power drift(%)	Tune up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR(W/Kg), 1.6 (1g average)	
						Measured SAR	Scaled SAR
802.11b	Edge A	6/2437	-1.02	20	1.178	0.012	0.014
	Edge B	6/2437	2.31	20	1.178	0.043	0.051
	Edge D	6/2437	0.54	20	1.178	0.047	0.055
	Face Upward	6/2437	-2.65	20	1.178	0.037	0.044
	Back Upward	6/2437	3.05	20	1.178	0.052	0.061

Note:

When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel or the channel with the Highest output powers ≤ 0.8 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.(Per KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02)

The DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm,. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

10.2 Conclusion

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 7 of this report. Maximum localized SAR is **below** exposure limits specified in the relevant standards.

11 Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) $u_i(\%)$	Degree of freedom v_{eff} or v_i
Measurement System								
1	—Probe Calibration	B	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	∞
2	— Axial isotropy	B	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	∞
3	—Hemispherical Isotropy	B	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	∞
4	— Boundary Effect	B	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
5	—Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞
6	— System Detection Limits	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
7	-Modulation response	B	3	N	1	1	3.00	∞
8	—Readout Electronics	B	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	∞
9	— Response Time	B	0	R	1	1	0	∞
10	— Integration Time	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
11	— RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
12	— RF Ambient Conditions-Reflections	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
13	— Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
14	— Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
15	— Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	B	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	∞
Uncertainties of the DUT								
16	— Position of the DUT	A	2.6	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.6	5

17	— Holder of the DUT	A	3	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.0	5
18	— Output Power Variation — SAR drift measurement	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
19	— SAR Scaling	B	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
20	— Phantom shell Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)	B	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
21	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	B	2	N	1	1	2.00	∞
22	— Liquid Conductivity measurement	B	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9
23	— Liquid Permittivity measurement	B	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	9
24	— Liquid Conductivity— temperature uncertainly	B	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
25	— Liquid Permittivity — temperature uncertainly	B	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty				RSS			10.63	
Expanded uncertainty (Confidence interval of 95 %)				K=2			21.26	

System Check Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) $u_i(\%)$	Degree of freedom V_{eff} or v_i
Measurement System								
1	— Probe Calibration	B	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	∞
2	— Axial isotropy	B	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	∞
3	— Hemispherical Isotropy	B	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	∞
4	— Boundary Effect	B	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞

5	—Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞
6	—System Detection Limits	B	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
7	Modulation response	B	0	N	1	1	0.00	
8	—Readout Electronics	B	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	∞
9	—Response Time	B	0.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	∞
10	—Integration Time	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
11	—RF Ambient Conditions	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
12	—Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
13	—Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	B	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
14	—Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	B	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	∞
Uncertainties of the DUT								
15	Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	A	4	N	1	1	4.00	5
16	Input Power and SAR drift measurement	A	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	5
17	Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	B	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
18	—Phantom Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)	B	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
19	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	B	2	N	1	1	2.00	
20	—Liquid Conductivity Target –tolerance	B	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
21	—Liquid Conductivity –measurement Uncertainty)	B	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9



22	— Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	B	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
23	— Liquid Permittivity — measurement uncertainty	B	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty				RSS			10.15	
Expanded uncertainty (Confidence interval of 95 %)				K=2			20.29	

12 Main Test Instruments

No.	EQUIPMENT	TYPE	Series No.	Last Calibration	Due Date
1	System Simulator	E5515C	GB 47200710	2015/02/23	1 Year
2	System Simulator	CMU200	A0304212	2014/06/10	1 Year
3	SAR Probe	E-Field Probe	SN 09/13 EP166	2014/08/14	1 Year
4	Dipole	SID2450	SN09/13 DIP2G450-220	2014/08/28	1 Year
5	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	A0802530	2014/06/13	1 Year
6	Signal Generator	SMR27	A0304219	2014/06/10	1 Year
7	Amplifier	Nucletudes	143060	2015/03/28	1 Year
8	Directional Coupler	DC6180A	305827	2014/06/10	1 Year
9	Power Meter	NRVS	1020.1809.02	2014/06/13	1 Year
10	Power Sensor	NRV-Z4	100069	2014/06/10	1 Year
11	Power Meter	NRP2	A140401673	2015/03/28	1 Year
12	Power Sensor	NPR-Z11	1138.3004.02-114072-nq	2015/03/28	1 Year
13	Multimeter	Keithley-2000	4014020	2015/03/28	1 Year



ANNEX A

of

CCIC Southern Electronic Product Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SET2015-04252

SPECTRA Technologies Holdings Co., Ltd.

EFTPOS

Type Name: SPECTRA T1000

Hardware Version: REV 10

Software Version: T1000_SystemPack_v1_9R0_pre_release

Accreditation Certificate

This Annex consists of 2 pages

Date of Report: 2015-04-17



China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment

LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE

(Registration No. CNAS L1659)

CCIC Southern Electronic Product Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Building 28/29, Shigudong, Xili Industrial Area, Xili Street,

Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence of testing and calibration.

The scope of accreditation is detailed in the attached appendices bearing the same registration number as above. The appendices form an integral part of this certificate.

Date of Issue: 2012-09-29

Date of Expiry: 2015-09-28

Date of Initial Accreditation: 1999-08-03

Date of Update: 2012-09-29



Signed on behalf of China National Accreditation Service
for Conformity Assessment

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) is authorized by Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNCA) to operate the national accreditation schemes for conformity assessment. CNAS is the signatory to International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (ILAC MRA) and Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (APLAC MRA).

No.CNAS AL 2

0005210



ANNEX B

of

CCIC-SET

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SET2015-04252

SPECTRA Technologies Holdings Co., Ltd.

EFTPOS

Type Name: SPECTRA T1000

Hardware Version: REV 10

Software Version: T1000_SystemPack_v1_9R0_pre_release

TEST LAYOUT

This Annex consists of 5 pages

Date of Report: 2015-04-17

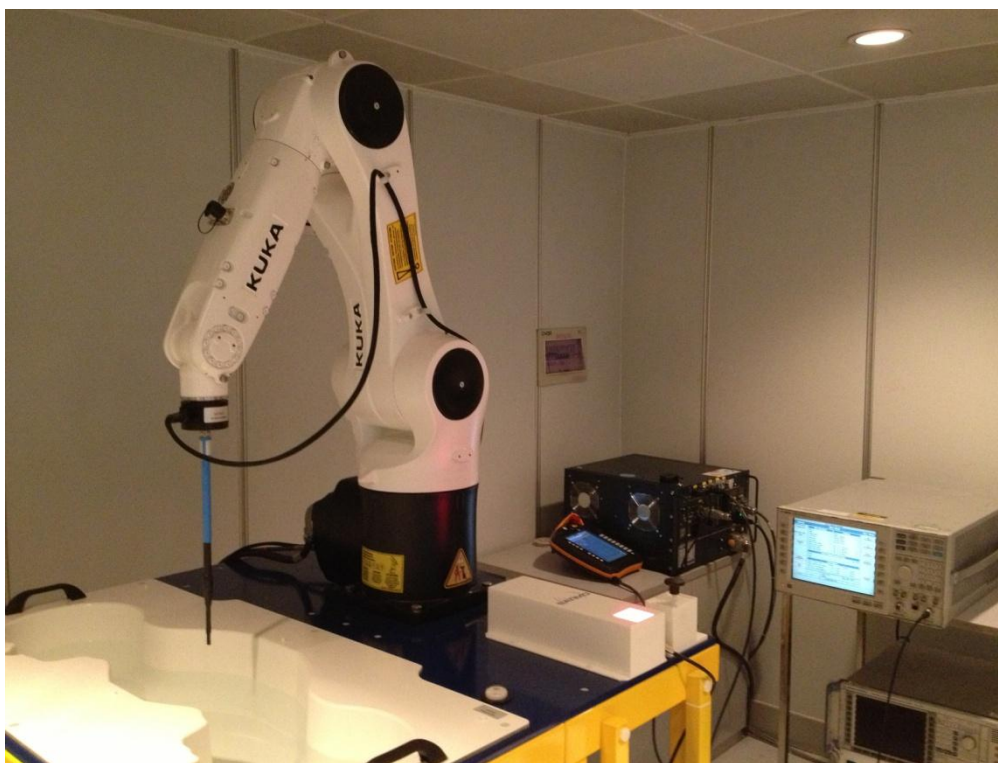


Fig.1 COMO SAR Test System



Fig.2 Body(Back upside,10mm separation)



Fig.3 Body(Face upside,10mm separation)



Fig.4 Body Edge A(10mm separation)



Fig.5 Body Edge B(10mm separation)



Fig.6 Body Edge D(10mm separation)



Fig.7 Body Liquid of 2450MHz(15cm)



ANNEX C

of

CCIC-SET

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SET2015-04252

EFTPOS

Type Name: SPECTRA T1000

Hardware Version: REV 10

Software Version: T1000_SystemPack_v1_9R0_pre_release

System Performance Check Data and Highest SAR Plots

This Annex consists of 3 pages

Date of Report: 2015-04-17

System Performance Check (Body, 2450MHz)

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement:10/04/2015

Measurement duration: 22 minutes 42 seconds

Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

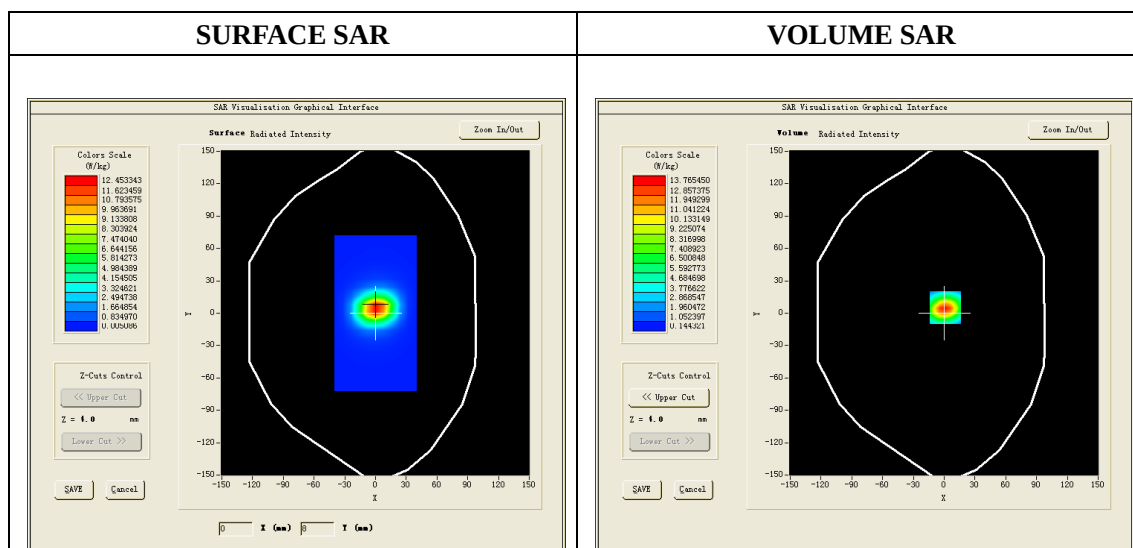
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	7x7x8,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm,Complete/nsurf_sam_plan.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Device Position	Dipole
Band	2450MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	2450
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.58
Relative permittivity	14.03
Conductivity (S/m)	1.91
Power Drift (%)	0.15
Ambient Temperature:	22.0 °C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6 °C
Duty factor:	1:1
ConvF:	5.07



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=5.00

SAR Peak: 22.38 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.204754
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	12.823751

Wi-Fi 802.11b , Back, Middle

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/04/2015

Measurement duration: 20 minutes 21 seconds

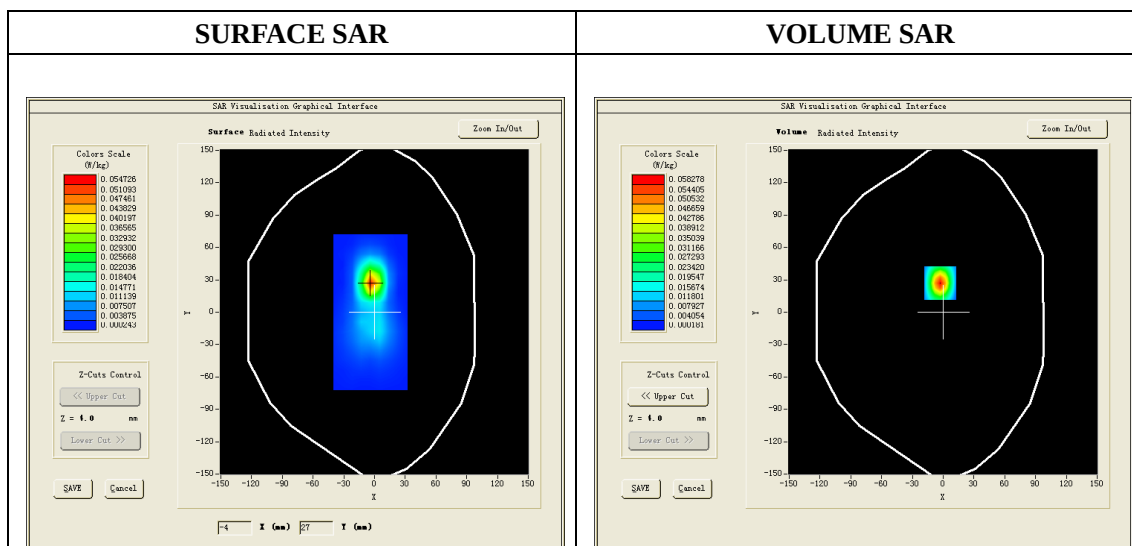
Mobile Phone IMEI number: --

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x8,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Back
Band	IEEE 802.11b
Channels	6
Signal	DSSS (Crest factor: 1:1)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2437
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.58
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.03
Conductivity (S/m)	1.91
Variation (%)	4.68
ConvF:	5.07



Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=27.00

SAR Peak: 0.10 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.023245
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.052436

ANNEX D

of

CCIC-SET

CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR

HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SET2015-04252

EFTPOS

Type Name: SPECTRA T1000

Hardware Version: REV 10

Software Version: T1000_SystemPack_v1_9R0_pre_release

Calibration Certificate of Probe and Dipoles

This Annex consists of 54 pages

Date of Report: 2015-04-17

Probe Calibration Certificate**COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.227.15.14.SATU.A

**CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT
TESTING (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD**
ELECTRONIC TESTING BUILDING, SHAHE ROAD, XILI
TOWN
SHENZHEN, P.R. CHINA (POST CODE:518055)
SATIMO COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 04/13 EP166

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



08/14/2014

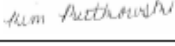
Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.227.15.14.SATU.A

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/15/2014	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/15/2014	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	8/15/2014	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT TESTING (SHENZHEN) Co., Ltd

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	8/15/2014	Initial release

Page: 2/9

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3.5	Boundary Effect	5
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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.227.15.14.SATU.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SSE5
Serial Number	SN 04/13 EP166
Product Condition (new / used)	Used
Frequency Range of Probe	0.7 GHz-3GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.232 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.226 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.228 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.227.15.14.SATU.A

Combined standard uncertainty					5.83 1%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

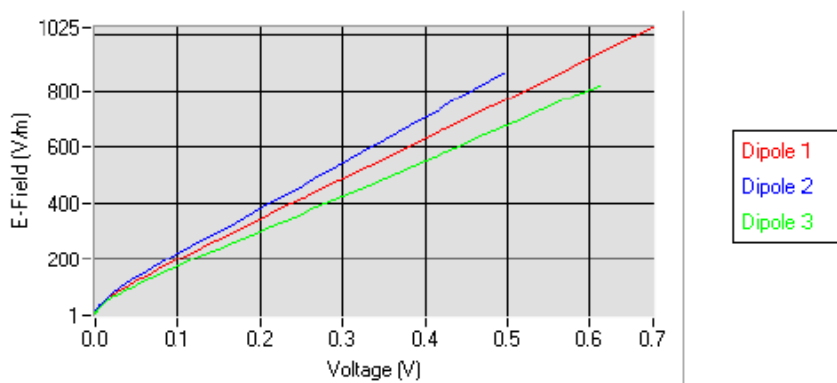
Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
8.57	4.83	7.15

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
92	90	95

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ ($i=1,2,3$) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

Calibration curves



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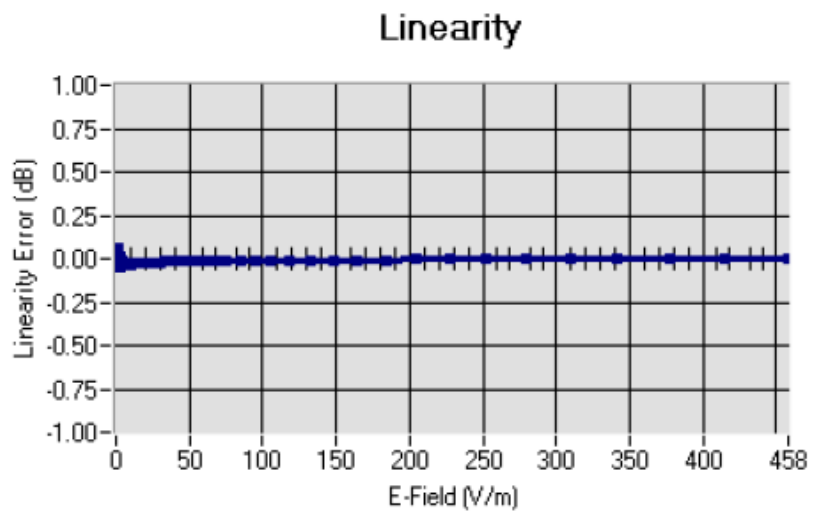
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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.227.15.14.SATU.A

5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity: $\pm 1.55\%$ ($\pm 0.07\text{dB}$)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz $\pm 100\text{MHz}$)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL850	835	42.81	0.89	5.68
BL850	835	53.46	0.96	5.84
HL900	900	42.47	0.96	5.34
BL900	900	56.69	1.08	5.54
HL1800	1800	41.31	1.38	4.75
BL1800	1800	53.27	1.51	4.93
HL1900	1900	41.09	1.42	5.25
BL1900	1900	54.20	1.54	5.42
HL2000	2000	39.72	1.43	4.81
BL2000	2000	53.91	1.53	4.91
HL2450	2450	39.05	1.77	4.93
BL2450	2450	52.97	1.93	5.07
HL2600	2600	38.35	1.92	5.02
BL2600	2600	51.81	2.19	5.22

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

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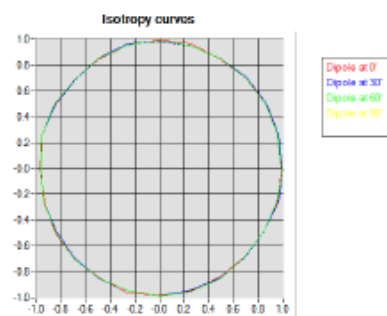
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.227.15.14.SATU.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

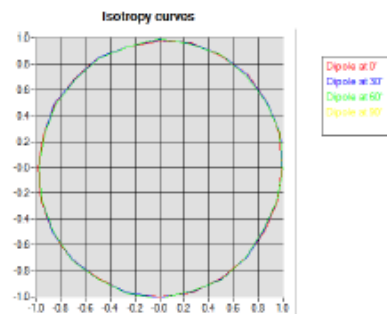
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.227.15.14.SATU.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2013	10/2014
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015

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SID2450 Dipole Calibration Certificate**SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.240.6.14.SATU.A

**CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT
TESTING (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD**
ELECTRONIC TESTING BUILDING, SHAHE ROAD, XILI
TOWN

SHENZHEN, P.R. CHINA (POST CODE:518055)
SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ**SERIAL NO.: SN 09/13 DIP2G450-220**

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

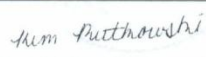
**08/28/14***Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.240.6.14.SATU.A

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/29/2014	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	8/29/2014	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	8/29/2014	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	CCIC SOUTHERN ELECTRONIC PRODUCT TESTING (SHENZHEN) Co., Ltd

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	8/29/2014	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID2450
Serial Number	SN 09/13 DIP2G450-220
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

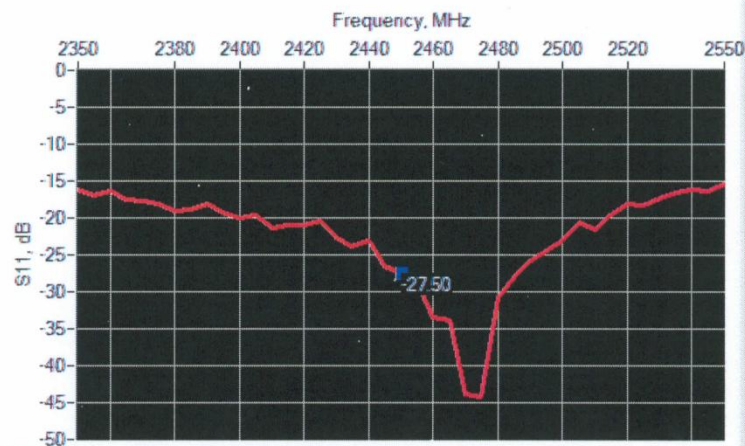
Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

Page: 5/11

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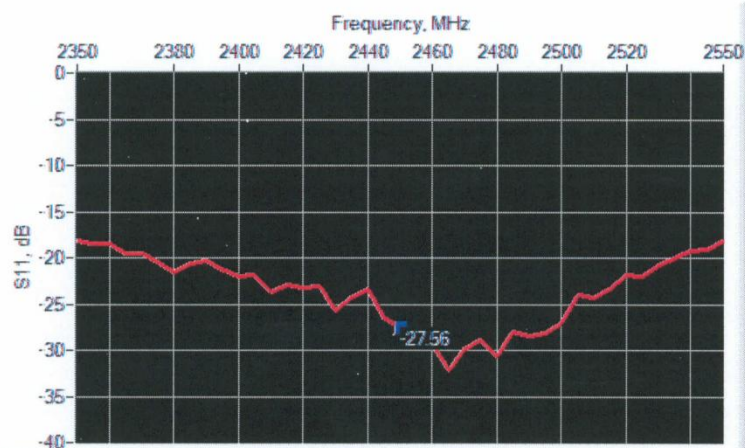
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-27.50	-20	$51.7 \Omega + 3.8 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-27.56	-20	$54.3 \Omega + 0.9 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ± 1 %.		250.0 ± 1 %.		6.35 ± 1 %.	
450	290.0 ± 1 %.		166.7 ± 1 %.		6.35 ± 1 %.	
750	176.0 ± 1 %.		100.0 ± 1 %.		6.35 ± 1 %.	
835	161.0 ± 1 %.		89.8 ± 1 %.		3.6 ± 1 %.	



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.240.6.14.SATU.A

900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	PASS	30.4 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r)		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	

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2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	PASS	1.80 ±5 %	PASS
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: ϵ_s : 39.0 sigma : 1.77
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	

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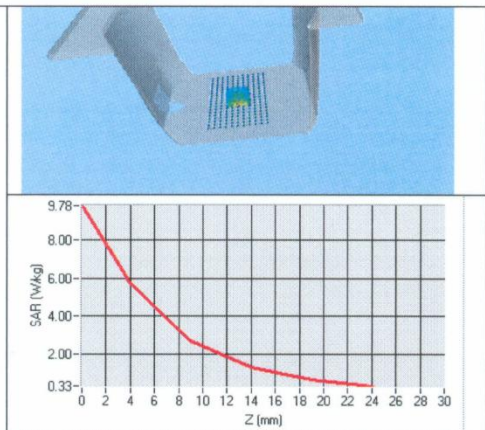
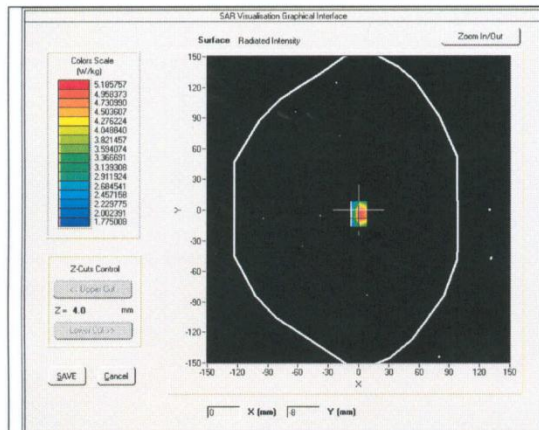
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2450	52.4	53.60 (5.36)	24	23.77 (2.38)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 $\pm$ 5 %		0.80 $\pm$ 5 %	
300	58.2 $\pm$ 5 %		0.92 $\pm$ 5 %	
450	56.7 $\pm$ 5 %		0.94 $\pm$ 5 %	
750	55.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.96 $\pm$ 5 %	
835	55.2 $\pm$ 5 %		0.97 $\pm$ 5 %	
900	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.05 $\pm$ 5 %	
915	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.06 $\pm$ 5 %	
1450	54.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.30 $\pm$ 5 %	
1610	53.8 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1800	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
1900	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2000	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2100	53.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.62 $\pm$ 5 %	
2450	52.7 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS	1.95 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS
2600	52.5 $\pm$ 5 %		2.16 $\pm$ 5 %	
3000	52.0 $\pm$ 5 %		2.73 $\pm$ 5 %	
3500	51.3 $\pm$ 5 %		3.31 $\pm$ 5 %	
5200	49.0 $\pm$ 10 %		5.30 $\pm$ 10 %	
5300	48.9 $\pm$ 10 %		5.42 $\pm$ 10 %	
5400	48.7 $\pm$ 10 %		5.53 $\pm$ 10 %	

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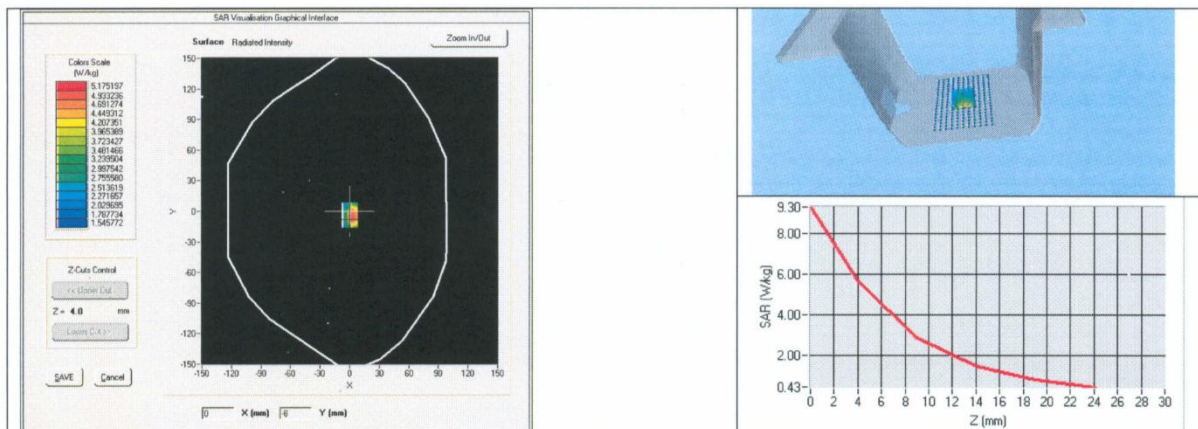
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5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %		5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %		6.00 ±10 %	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: $\epsilon_{ps}' : 53.0$ $\sigma : 1.93$
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm$
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
2450	52.66 (5.27)	23.73 (2.37)





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.240.6.14.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2013	10/2014
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015

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