FCC SAR Test Report

Report No.	:	**SA171221C06 R1**
Applicant	:	**Fujitsu Limited**
Address	:	**1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki 211-8588, Japan**
Product	:	**Smart Phone**
FCC ID	:	**VQK-F04K**
Brand	:	**FUJITSU**
Model No.	:	**F-04K**
Standards	:	**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093), IEEE C95.1:1992, IEEE Std 1528:2013 KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, KDB 941225 D06 v02r01**
Sample Received Date	:	**Dec. 21, 2017**
Date of Testing	:	**Feb. 12, 2018 ~ Feb. 14, 2018**
Lab Address	:	**No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Lin Kou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C.**
Test Location	:	**No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil, Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City 33383, Taiwan (R.O.C)**

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

Prepared By : Vera Huang

Vera Huang / Specialist

Approved By : Eli Hsu

Eli Hsu / Senior Engineer

Testing Laboratory
2021

FCC Accredited No.: TW0003

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA171221C06	Initial release	Mar. 01, 2018
SA171221C06 R1	Revise battery rating	Apr. 16, 2018

1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest SAR-1g Head (W/kg)	Highest SAR-1g Body-worn Tested at 10 mm (W/kg)	Highest SAR-1g Hotspot Tested at 10 mm (W/kg)
PCE	GSM850	0.42	0.60	0.60
	GSM1900	0.32	0.30	0.30
	WCDMA V	0.46	0.70	0.70
	LTE 5	0.27	0.43	0.43
	LTE 12	0.04	0.13	0.13
	LTE 17	0.06	0.13	0.13
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.76	0.47	0.47
NII	5.3G WLAN	0.57	0.15	N/A
	5.6G WLAN	0.43	0.17	N/A
DSS	Bluetooth	0.17	0.09	0.09
DXX	NFC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
		1.22	0.89	0.89

Note:

1. The SAR criteria **(Head & Body: SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg, and Extremity: SAR-10g 4.0 W/kg)** for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Smart Phone
FCC ID	VQK-F04K
Brand Name	FUJITSU
Model Name	F-04K
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850 : 824.2 ~ 848.8 GSM1900 : 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 WCDMA Band V : 826.4 ~ 846.6 LTE Band 5 : 824.7 ~ 848.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M) LTE Band 12 : 699.7 ~ 715.3 (BW: 1.4M, 3M, 5M, 10M) LTE Band 17 : 706.5 ~ 713.5 (BW: 5M, 10M) WLAN : 2412 ~ 2462, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5700 Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480 NFC : 13.56
Uplink Modulations	GSM & GPRS : GMSK WCDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n/ac : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK NFC : ASK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	Please refer to section 4.6.1 of this report
Antenna Type	λ /4 Monopole Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

Battery	**Brand Name**	FUJITSU CONNECTED TECHNOLOGIES Ltd.
	Model Name	CA54310-0067
	Power Rating	3.8Vdc, 2580mAh
	Type	Li-ion

3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY52 System

DASY52 system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY52 software defined. The DASY52 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

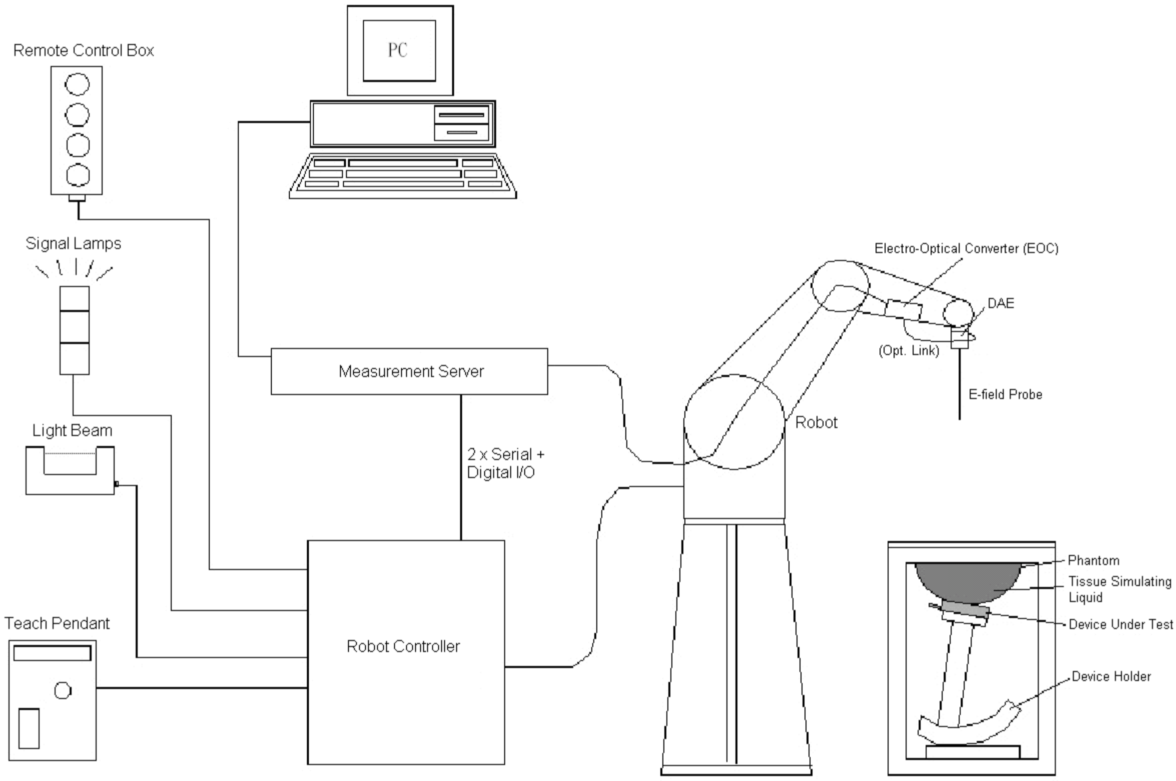


Fig-3.1 SPEAG DASY52 System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY52 systems use the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version of CS8c from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

Fig-3.2 SPEAG DASY52 System

3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

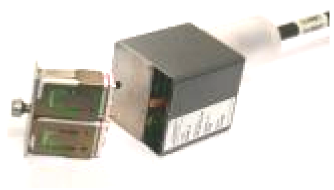
Model	EX3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

Model	ES3DV3
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

Model	ET3DV6
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 2.3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm



3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters

Model	ELI
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters

3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).
Material	POM

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with l/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz
Return Loss	> 20 dB
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.

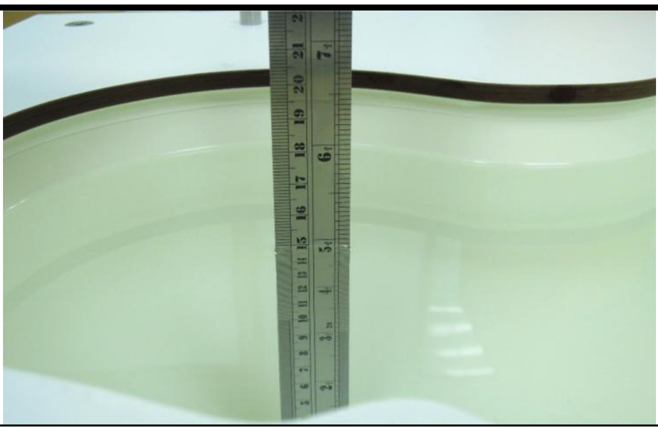
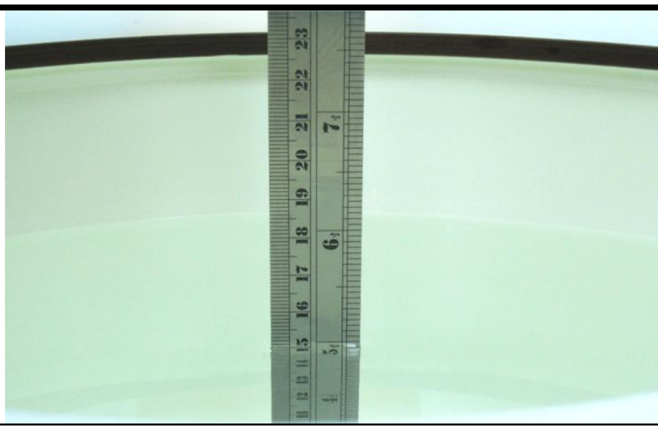
	

Photo of Liquid Height for Head Position	**Photo of Liquid Height for Body Position**

The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
For Head				
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
For Body				
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.

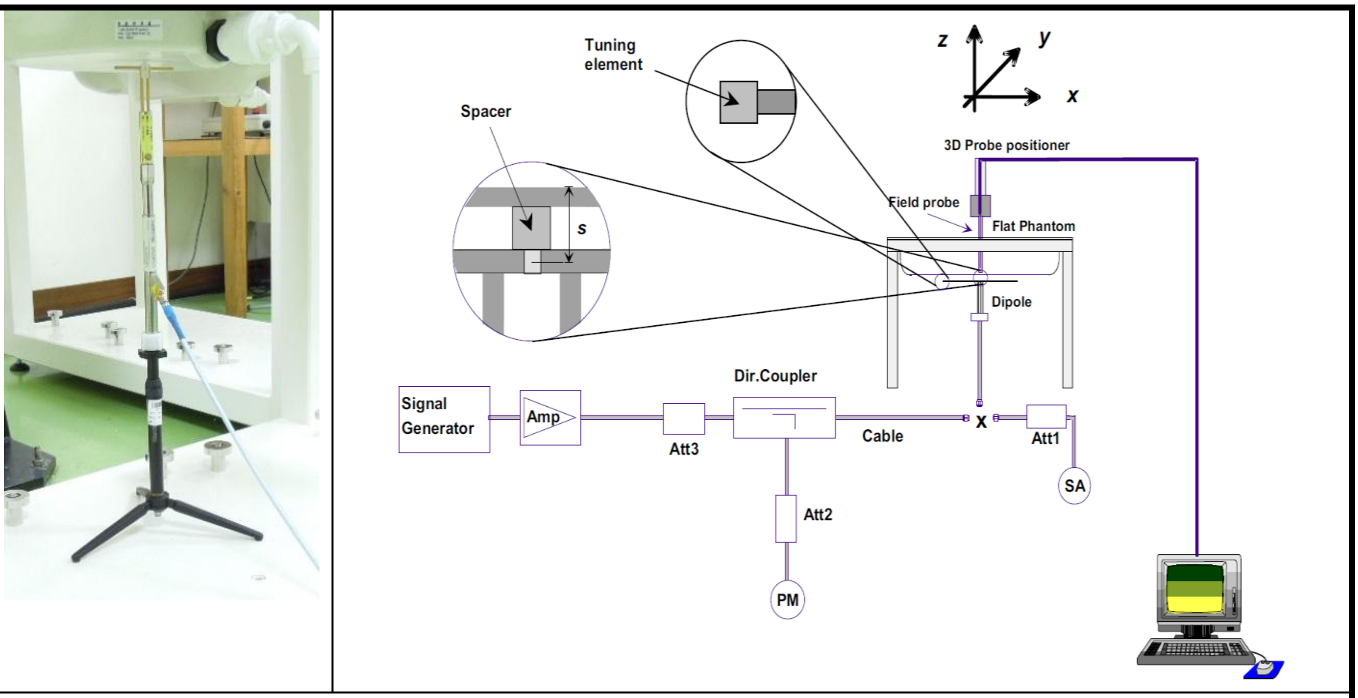


Fig-3.3 System Verification Setup

The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:
(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:
(a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
(b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
(c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
(d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
(e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:
When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of Δx / Δy (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard’s method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<Connections between EUT and System Simulator>

For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator. Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

<Considerations Related to GSM / GPRS / EDGE for Setup and Testing>

The maximum multi-slot capability supported by this device is as below.

1. This EUT is class B device
2. This EUT supports GPRS multi-slot class 12 (max. uplink: 4, max. downlink: 4, total timeslots: 5)
3. This EUT supports DTM multi-slot class 11 (max. uplink: 3 for 1 CS & 2 PS, max. downlink: 4, total timeslots: 5)

For GSM850 frequency band, the power control level is set to 5 for GSM mode and GPRS (GMSK: CS1), and set to 8 for EDGE (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK: MCS9). For GSM1900 frequency band, the power control level is set to 0 for GSM mode and GPRS (GMSK: CS1), and set to 2 for EDGE (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK: MCS9).

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

<Considerations Related to WCDMA for Setup and Testing>

WCDMA Handsets Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.

WCDMA Handsets Body-worn SAR

SAR for body-worn configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple $DPDCH_n$ configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.

Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices”, for the highest reported SAR body-worn exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

Handsets with Release 6 HSUPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 6 HSPA Data Devices”, for the highest reported body-worn exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. HSDPA is configured according to the applicable UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH / HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms and a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors (β_c, β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK}, Δ_{CQI}) are set according to values indicated in below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (1)(2)	CM (3) (dB)	MPR (3) (dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (4)	15/15 (4)	64	12/15 (4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{HS} = 30/15 * β_c.
Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{HS} = 30/15 * β_c, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{HS} = 24/15 * β_c.
Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d = 12/15, β_{HS}/β_c = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing. Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in below.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c / β_d	β_{HS} (1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (4)(5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (2)(6) (dB)	AG (5) Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (3)	15/15 (3)	64	11/15 (3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 47/15 β_{ed}2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{HS} = 30/15 * β_c. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with β_{HS} = 5/15 * β_c.
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d = 12/15, β_{HS}/β_c = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

<Considerations Related to LTE for Setup and Testing>

This device contains LTE transmitter which follows 3GPP standards, is category 3, supports both QPSK and QAM modulations, and supported LTE band and channel bandwidth is listed in below. The output power was tested per 3GPP TS 36.521-1 maximum transmit procedures for both QPSK and QAM modulation. The results please refer to section 4.6 of this report.

EUT Supported LTE Band and Channel Bandwidth						
LTE Band	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz
5	V	V	V	V		
12	V	V	V	V		
17			V	V		

The LTE maximum power reduction (MPR) in accordance with 3GPP TS 36.101 is active all times during LTE operation. The allowed MPR for the maximum output power is specified in below.

Modulation	Channel Bandwidth / RB Configurations						LTE MPR Setting (dB)
	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
16QAM	<= 5	<= 4	<= 8	<= 12	<= 16	<= 18	1
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

Note: MPR is according to the standard and implemented in the circuit (mandatory).

In addition, the device is compliant with additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) requirements defined in 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.4 that was disabled for all FCC compliance testing.

During LTE SAR testing, the related parameters of operating band, channel bandwidth, uplink channel number, modulation type, and RB was set in base station simulator. When the EUT has registered and communicated to base station simulator, the simulator set to make EUT transmitting the maximum radiated power.

<Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

Initial Test Configuration

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

Subsequent Test Configuration

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n). After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.

2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Test Reduction for U-NII-1 (5.2 GHz) and U-NII-2A (5.3 GHz) Bands

For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition).

2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

<Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 648474 D04, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

4.2.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2003 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset

(a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.

(b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.

(c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

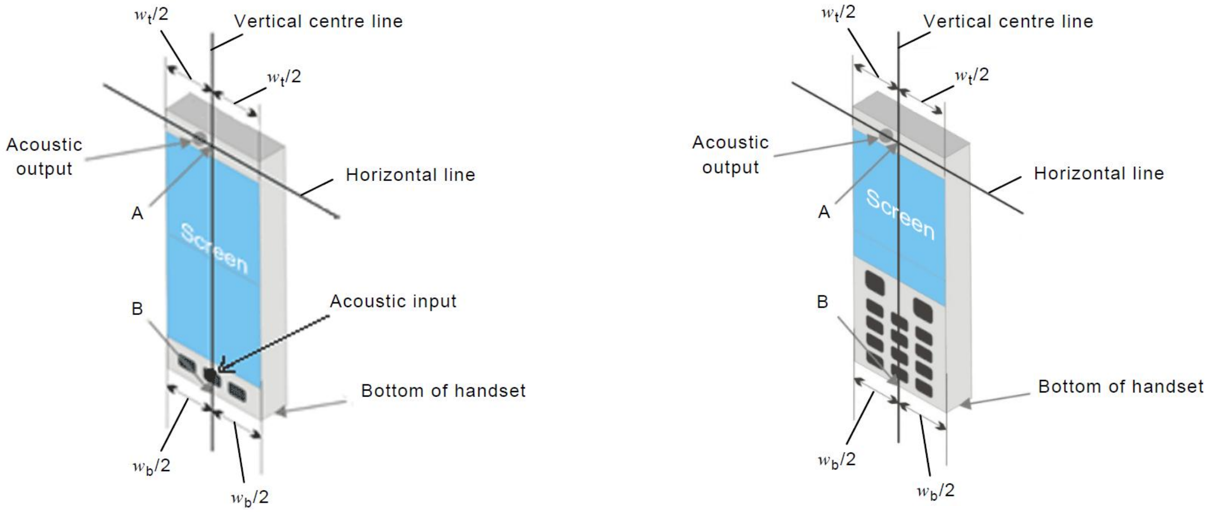


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

2. Cheek Position

(a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

(b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.2).

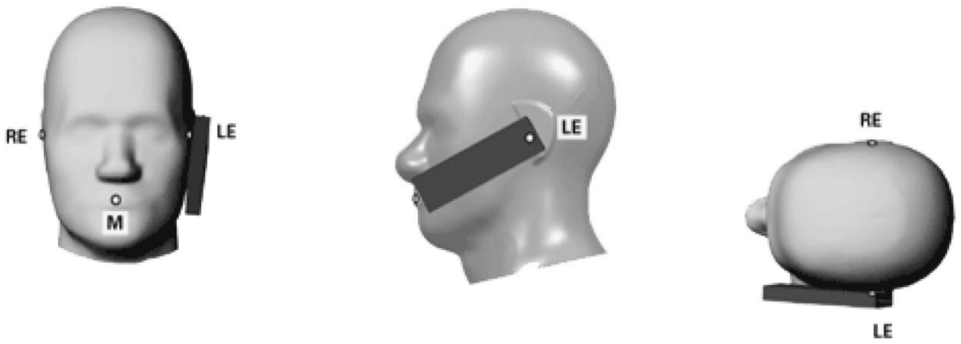


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

3. Tilted Position

(a) To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.

(b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.3).

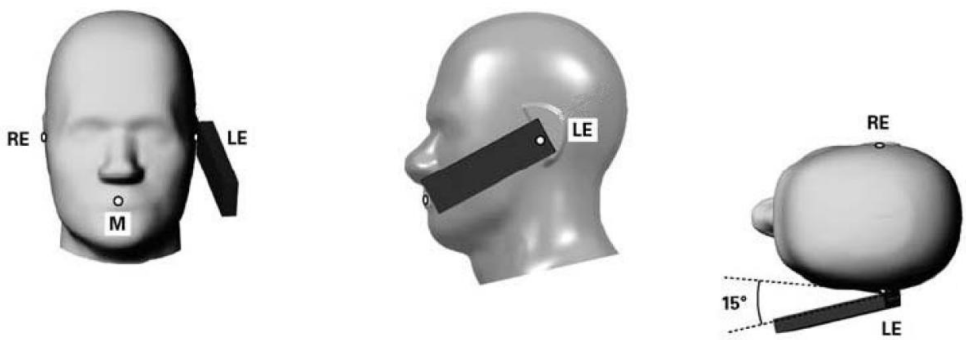


Fig-4.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

4.2.2 Body-worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 D01 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required.

A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

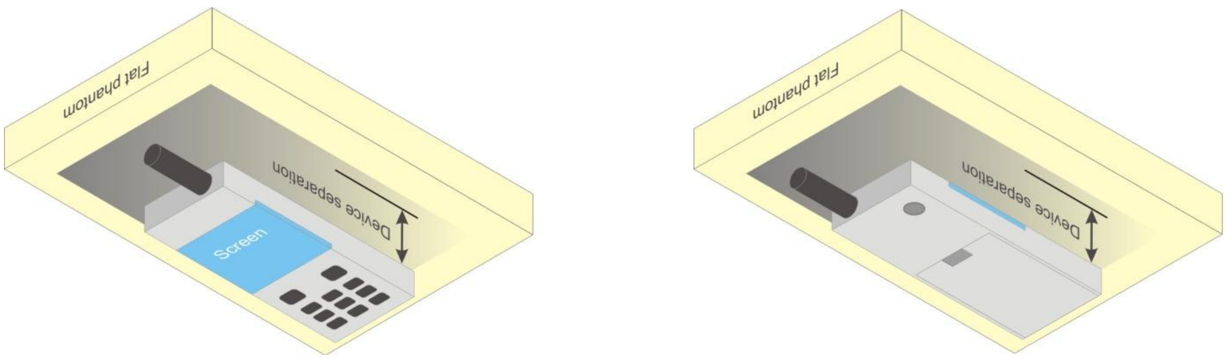
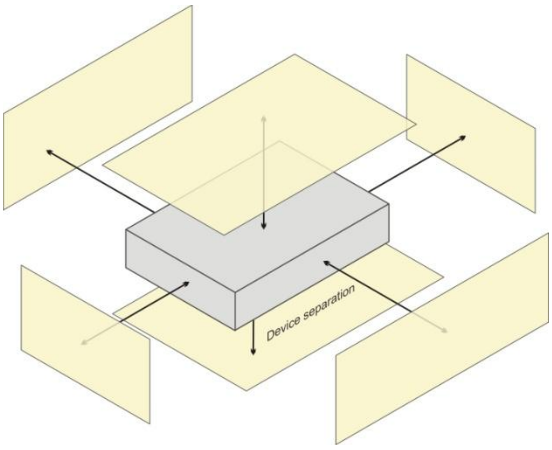


Fig-4.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

4.2.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225 D06. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



Based on the antenna location shown on appendix D of this report, the SAR testing required for hotspot mode is listed as below.

Antenna	Front Face	Rear Face	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN	V	V	V	V		V
WLAN / BT	V	V	V		V	

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Feb. 12, 2018	Head	750	23.2	0.9	42.167	0.89	41.9	1.12	0.64
Feb. 12, 2018	Head	835	23.2	0.919	41.738	0.9	41.5	2.11	0.57
Feb. 12, 2018	Head	1900	23.2	1.33	40.812	1.4	40	-5.00	2.03
Feb. 14, 2018	Head	2450	23.2	1.862	37.892	1.8	39.2	3.44	-3.34
Feb. 14, 2018	Head	5250	23.3	4.85	36.45	4.71	35.9	2.97	1.53
Feb. 14, 2018	Head	5600	23.3	5.217	35.737	5.07	35.5	2.90	0.67
Feb. 12, 2018	Body	750	23.3	0.957	55.471	0.96	55.5	-0.31	-0.05
Feb. 12, 2018	Body	835	23.2	0.982	53.987	0.97	55.2	1.24	-2.20
Feb. 12, 2018	Body	1900	23.3	1.567	51.413	1.52	53.3	3.09	-3.54
Feb. 14, 2018	Body	2450	23.3	2.036	53.397	1.95	52.7	4.41	1.32
Feb. 14, 2018	Body	5250	23.4	5.233	50.915	5.36	48.9	-2.37	4.12
Feb. 14, 2018	Body	5600	23.4	5.817	50.304	5.77	48.5	0.81	3.72

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within ±5% of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ±2 ℃.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibration Point		Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Validation for CW			Validation for Modulation		
						Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Feb. 12, 2018	7375	Head	750	0.9	42.167	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Feb. 12, 2018	7375	Head	835	0.919	41.738	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Feb. 12, 2018	7375	Head	1900	1.33	40.812	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Feb. 14, 2018	3650	Head	2450	1.862	37.892	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Feb. 14, 2018	3650	Head	5250	4.85	36.45	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Feb. 14, 2018	3650	Head	5600	5.217	35.737	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Feb. 12, 2018	3971	Body	750	0.957	55.471	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Feb. 12, 2018	3971	Body	835	0.982	53.987	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Feb. 12, 2018	3971	Body	1900	1.567	51.413	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Feb. 14, 2018	3650	Body	2450	2.036	53.397	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Feb. 14, 2018	3650	Body	5250	5.233	50.915	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
Feb. 14, 2018	3650	Body	5600	5.817	50.304	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Feb. 12, 2018	Head	750	8.25	2.05	8.20	-0.61	1013	7375	579
Feb. 12, 2018	Head	835	9.41	2.29	9.16	-2.66	4d121	7375	579
Feb. 12, 2018	Head	1900	40.10	9.35	37.40	-6.73	5d018	7375	579
Feb. 14, 2018	Head	2450	50.80	12.5	50.00	-1.57	737	3650	1431
Feb. 14, 2018	Head	5250	78.60	8.22	82.20	4.58	1019	3650	1431
Feb. 14, 2018	Head	5600	83.70	8.64	86.40	3.23	1019	3650	1431
Feb. 12, 2018	Body	750	8.72	2.09	8.36	-4.13	1013	3971	861
Feb. 12, 2018	Body	835	9.61	2.44	9.76	1.56	4d121	3971	861
Feb. 12, 2018	Body	1900	40.60	9.99	39.96	-1.58	5d018	3971	861
Feb. 14, 2018	Body	2450	49.70	12.6	50.40	1.41	737	3650	1431
Feb. 14, 2018	Body	5250	76.50	7.7	77.00	0.65	1019	3650	1431
Feb. 14, 2018	Body	5600	79.70	8.03	80.30	0.75	1019	3650	1431

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Target Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power		Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power	
	GSM850	GSM1900	GSM850	GSM1900
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	33.0	30.0	24.0	21.0
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	33.0	30.0	24.0	21.0
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	29.5	26.5	23.5	20.5
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	28.0	24.5	23.74	20.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx-slot)	26.5	23.0	23.5	20.0
DTM (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	29.5	26.5	23.5	20.5
DTM (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	27.5	25.0	23.24	20.74

Note:

1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:
   Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8)

Mode	WCDMA Band V
RMC 12.2K	24.0
HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA	23.5

Mode	LTE 5	LTE 12	LTE 17
Maximum Target Power	23.0	23.0	23.0

Mode	2.4G WLAN	5.2G WLAN	5.3G WLAN	5.6G WLAN
802.11b	16.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11g	16.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	N/A	11.5	11.5	11.5
802.11n HT20	16.0	11.5	11.5	11.5
802.11n HT40	N/A	11.5	11.5	11.5
802.11ac VHT80	N/A	11.5	11.5	11.5

Mode	2.4G Bluetooth
Bluetooth DH	11.5
Bluetooth LE	1.5

4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power						
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.16	**32.55**	32.52	29.04	29.35	**29.50**
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx-slot)	32.07	32.46	32.43	29.02	29.33	29.48
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	29.08	29.47	29.44	25.79	26.10	26.25
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	27.20	27.59	27.56	23.84	24.15	24.30
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx-slot)	25.84	26.23	26.20	22.50	22.81	22.96
DTM (GMSK, 2Tx-slot)	28.93	29.32	29.29	25.87	26.18	26.03
DTM (GMSK, 3Tx-slot)	27.07	27.46	27.43	24.14	24.45	24.60

Band	WCDMA Band V			3GPP MPR (dB)
Channel	4132	4182	4233	
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	
RMC 12.2K	23.73	23.75	**23.91**	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.10	23.12	23.28	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.02	23.04	23.20	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.49	22.51	22.67	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.48	22.50	22.66	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.99	23.01	23.17	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.97	20.99	21.15	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.05	22.07	22.23	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.04	21.06	21.22	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.08	23.10	23.26	0

LTE Band 5															
BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)	BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)
		Channel		20450	20525	20600				Channel		20425	20525	20625	
		Frequency (MHz)		829.0	836.5	844.0				Frequency (MHz)		826.5	836.5	846.5	
10M	QPSK	1	0	22.95	23.00	22.85	0	5M	QPSK	1	0	22.90	22.95	22.78	0
		1	24	22.83	22.91	22.79	0			1	12	22.74	22.85	22.61	0
		1	49	22.68	22.74	22.62	0			1	24	22.59	22.66	22.49	0
		25	0	21.96	21.99	21.88	1			12	0	21.84	21.89	21.72	1
		25	12	21.89	21.96	21.80	1			12	6	21.77	21.85	21.67	1
		25	25	21.85	21.90	21.75	1			12	13	21.70	21.79	21.62	1
		50	0	21.78	21.87	21.72	1			25	0	21.63	21.74	21.57	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.98	22.00	21.87	1		16QAM	1	0	21.94	22.00	21.81	1
		1	24	21.89	21.94	21.77	1			1	12	21.85	21.89	21.74	1
		1	49	21.66	21.75	21.60	1			1	24	21.59	21.69	21.56	1
		25	0	20.94	20.98	20.83	2			12	0	20.84	20.89	20.65	2
		25	12	20.85	20.95	20.74	2			12	6	20.78	20.85	20.61	2
		25	25	20.83	20.88	20.69	2			12	13	20.69	20.78	20.54	2
		50	0	20.79	20.84	20.67	2			25	0	20.66	20.72	20.53	2
BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)	BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)
		Channel		20415	20525	20635				Channel		20407	20525	20643	
		Frequency (MHz)		825.5	836.5	847.5				Frequency (MHz)		824.7	836.5	848.3	
3M	QPSK	1	0	22.85	22.90	22.74	0	1.4M	QPSK	1	0	22.80	22.85	22.66	0
		1	7	22.70	22.81	22.63	0			1	2	22.69	22.74	22.57	0
		1	14	22.51	22.58	22.36	0			1	5	22.42	22.52	22.26	0
		8	0	21.75	21.80	21.57	1			3	0	22.25	22.33	22.05	0
		8	3	21.68	21.75	21.54	1			3	1	22.17	22.26	22.03	0
		8	7	21.61	21.68	21.46	1			3	3	22.08	22.18	22.00	0
		15	0	21.49	21.61	21.43	1			6	0	21.40	21.52	21.29	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.86	21.91	21.71	1		16QAM	1	0	21.81	21.89	21.65	1
		1	7	21.75	21.81	21.62	1			1	2	21.68	21.76	21.47	1
		1	14	21.52	21.58	21.37	1			1	5	21.36	21.51	21.25	1
		8	0	20.73	20.78	20.62	2			3	0	21.30	21.36	21.19	1
		8	3	20.63	20.75	20.44	2			3	1	21.23	21.32	21.03	1
		8	7	20.55	20.65	20.40	2			3	3	21.12	21.25	21.01	1
		15	0	20.51	20.61	20.37	2			6	0	20.37	20.47	20.24	2

LTE Band 12

BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)
		Channel		23060	23095	23130	
		Frequency (MHz)		704.0	707.5	711.0	
10M	QPSK	1	0	22.93	22.98	23.00	0
		1	24	22.89	22.96	22.98	0
		1	49	22.76	22.85	22.91	0
		25	0	21.97	21.98	22.00	1
		25	12	21.92	21.95	21.94	1
		25	25	21.87	21.90	21.95	1
		50	0	21.90	21.96	21.98	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.96	21.97	22.00	1
		1	24	21.94	21.99	21.97	1
		1	49	21.78	21.87	21.80	1
		25	0	20.93	21.00	20.93	2
		25	12	20.85	20.98	20.89	2
		25	25	20.82	20.87	20.75	2
		50	0	20.84	20.94	20.84	2

BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)
		Channel		23035	23095	23155	
		Frequency (MHz)		701.5	707.5	713.5	
5M	QPSK	1	0	22.86	22.92	22.94	0
		1	12	22.80	22.89	22.92	0
		1	24	22.66	22.76	22.85	0
		12	0	21.84	21.90	21.97	1
		12	6	21.77	21.88	21.90	1
		12	13	21.72	21.75	21.81	1
		25	0	21.78	21.84	21.88	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.89	21.97	21.98	1
		1	12	21.83	21.93	21.96	1
		1	24	21.62	21.77	21.82	1
		12	0	20.79	20.89	20.96	2
		12	6	20.70	20.84	20.93	2
		12	13	20.65	20.71	20.83	2
		25	0	20.70	20.79	20.91	2

BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)
		Channel		23025	23095	23165	
		Frequency (MHz)		700.5	707.5	714.5	
3M	QPSK	1	0	22.79	22.88	22.90	0
		1	7	22.68	22.82	22.88	0
		1	14	22.60	22.67	22.73	0
		8	0	21.74	21.79	21.90	1
		8	3	21.60	21.76	21.79	1
		8	7	21.57	21.61	21.68	1
		15	0	21.59	21.72	21.76	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.82	21.90	21.92	1
		1	7	21.73	21.86	21.90	1
		1	14	21.61	21.70	21.79	1
		8	0	20.71	20.82	20.91	2
		8	3	20.65	20.78	20.82	2
		8	7	20.52	20.58	20.68	2
		15	0	20.65	20.73	20.78	2

BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)
		Channel		23017	23095	23173	
		Frequency (MHz)		699.7	707.5	715.3	
1.4M	QPSK	1	0	22.73	22.81	22.85	0
		1	2	22.61	22.77	22.81	0
		1	5	22.46	22.59	22.65	0
		3	0	22.31	22.39	22.48	0
		3	1	22.23	22.35	22.39	0
		3	3	22.12	22.18	22.25	0
		6	0	21.45	21.61	21.65	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.77	21.88	21.90	1
		1	2	21.71	21.82	21.88	1
		1	5	21.60	21.64	21.74	1
		3	0	21.27	21.42	21.48	1
		3	1	21.13	21.36	21.42	1
		3	3	21.06	21.13	21.23	1
		6	0	20.47	20.60	20.66	2

LTE Band 17

BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)
		Channel		23780	23790	23800	
		Frequency (MHz)		709.0	710.0	711.0	
10M	QPSK	1	0	23.00	22.94	22.96	0
		1	24	22.95	22.90	22.92	0
		1	49	22.80	22.73	22.76	0
		25	0	21.99	21.93	21.95	1
		25	12	21.84	21.96	21.90	1
		25	25	21.95	21.90	21.92	1
		50	0	21.95	21.92	21.94	1
	16QAM	1	0	22.00	21.97	21.98	1
		1	24	21.94	21.91	21.98	1
		1	49	21.75	21.73	21.82	1
		25	0	21.00	20.98	20.91	2
		25	12	20.96	20.93	21.00	2
		25	25	20.87	20.85	20.89	2
		50	0	20.89	20.87	20.93	2

BW	MCS Index	RB Size	RB Offset	Low	Mid	High	3GPP MPR (dB)
		Channel		23755	23790	23825	
		Frequency (MHz)		706.5	710.0	713.5	
5M	QPSK	1	0	22.93	22.89	22.91	0
		1	12	22.90	22.84	22.87	0
		1	24	22.71	22.66	22.68	0
		12	0	21.99	21.87	21.89	1
		12	6	21.90	21.83	21.85	1
		12	13	21.81	21.75	21.77	1
		25	0	21.83	21.77	21.79	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.98	21.91	21.95	1
		1	12	21.95	21.86	21.89	1
		1	24	21.74	21.67	21.70	1
		12	0	20.95	20.88	20.91	2
		12	6	20.92	20.84	20.86	2
		12	13	20.81	20.71	20.73	2
		25	0	20.84	20.73	20.77	2

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power
802.11b	1	2412	14.47
	6	2437	15.27
	11	2462	14.74

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power
802.11ac (VHT80)	58	5290	10.48

<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power
802.11ac (VHT80)	106	5530	10.51
	122	5610	10.37

<Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power
Bluetooth EDR	0	2402	**11.03**
	39	2441	10.01
	78	2480	10.42
Bluetooth LE	0	2402	1.23
	19	2440	-0.04
	39	2480	0.87

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

(1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
(2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
(3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

<KDB 941225 D01, 3G SAR Measurement Procedures>

The mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<KDB 941225 D05, SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices>

(1) QPSK with 1 RB and 50% RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

(2) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

(3) Higher order modulations

SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > 1/2 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

(4) Other channel bandwidth

SAR is required when the highest maximum output power of the smaller channel bandwidth is > 1/2 dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

(1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

(2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

(3) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is <= 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

4.7.2 SAR Results for Head Exposure Condition

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS8	Right Cheek	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	-0.01	0.375	0.42
	GSM850	GPRS8	Right Tilted	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	0.15	0.200	0.23
	GSM850	GPRS8	Left Cheek	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	0.11	0.330	0.37
	GSM850	GPRS8	Left Tilted	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	0.13	0.172	0.19
	GSM850	GPRS8	Right Cheek	128	33.0	32.07	1.24	0.15	0.314	0.39
	GSM850	GPRS8	Right Cheek	251	33.0	32.43	1.14	0.15	0.348	0.40
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Right Cheek	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	0.15	0.129	0.15
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Right Tilted	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	0.13	0.082	0.09
02	GSM1900	GPRS8	Left Cheek	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	-0.04	0.281	0.32
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Left Tilted	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	0.05	0.120	0.14
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Left Cheek	512	30.0	29.02	1.25	0.15	0.205	0.26
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Left Cheek	661	30.0	29.33	1.17	0.13	0.240	0.28
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	-0.13	0.453	0.46
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	0.11	0.199	0.20
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Left Cheek	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	0.15	0.380	0.39
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	0.12	0.176	0.18
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4132	24.0	23.73	1.06	0.15	0.349	0.37
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4182	24.0	23.75	1.06	0.05	0.423	0.45

Plot No.	Band	Mode	RB#	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
04	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Cheek	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.01	0.272	0.27
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Tilted	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.15	0.171	0.17
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Cheek	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.15	0.218	0.22
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Tilted	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.15	0.143	0.14
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Right Cheek	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.13	0.214	0.21
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Right Tilted	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.11	0.131	0.13
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Left Cheek	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.12	0.191	0.19
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Left Tilted	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.11	0.106	0.11
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Cheek	20450	23.0	22.95	1.01	0.15	0.250	0.25
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Cheek	20600	23.0	22.85	1.04	-0.11	0.257	0.27
05	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Cheek	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.01	0.043	0.04
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Tilted	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.15	0.028	0.03
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Cheek	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.15	0.039	0.04
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Tilted	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.15	0.031	0.03
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Right Cheek	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	0.11	0.032	0.03
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Right Tilted	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	0.13	0.026	0.03
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Left Cheek	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	0.12	0.032	0.03
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Left Tilted	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	0.13	0.026	0.03
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Cheek	23060	23.0	22.93	1.02	0.13	0.029	0.03
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Cheek	23095	23.0	22.98	1.00	0.15	0.028	0.03
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Cheek	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.11	0.041	0.04
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Tilted	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.13	0.038	0.04
06	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Cheek	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.14	0.058	0.06
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Tilted	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.15	0.046	0.05
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Right Cheek	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.15	0.033	0.03
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Right Tilted	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.15	0.032	0.03
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Left Cheek	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.12	0.046	0.05
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Left Tilted	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.11	0.038	0.04
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Cheek	23790	23.0	22.94	1.01	0.15	0.055	0.06
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Cheek	23800	23.0	22.96	1.01	0.11	0.053	0.05

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
07	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Cheek	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	-0.03	0.641	**0.76**
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Tilted	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	0.05	0.533	0.63
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Cheek	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	0.03	0.457	0.54
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Tilted	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	0.07	0.448	0.53
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Cheek	1	16.0	14.47	1.42	-0.04	0.508	0.72
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Cheek	11	16.0	14.74	1.34	0.02	0.563	0.75
08	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Cheek	58	11.5	10.48	1.26	-0.14	0.451	**0.57**
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Tilted	58	11.5	10.48	1.26	0.08	0.317	0.40
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Cheek	58	11.5	10.48	1.26	0.05	0.348	0.44
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Tilted	58	11.5	10.48	1.26	-0.07	0.299	0.38
09	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Cheek	106	11.5	10.51	1.26	-0.06	0.345	**0.43**
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Tilted	106	11.5	10.51	1.26	0.05	0.228	0.29
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Cheek	106	11.5	10.51	1.26	0.09	0.316	0.40
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Left Tilted	106	11.5	10.51	1.26	0.03	0.264	0.33
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Right Cheek	122	11.5	10.37	1.30	-0.04	0.294	0.38
10	BT	BR / EDR	Right Cheek	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	-0.08	0.155	**0.17**
	BT	BR / EDR	Right Tilted	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	0.00	0.001	0.00
	BT	BR / EDR	Left Cheek	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	0.00	0.001	0.00
	BT	BR / EDR	Left Tilted	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	0.00	0.001	0.00
	BT	BR / EDR	Right Cheek	39	11.5	10.01	1.41	0.00	0.101	0.14
	BT	BR / EDR	Right Cheek	78	11.5	10.42	1.28	0.00	0.115	0.15

Note: The “< 0.001” means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

4.7.3 SAR Results for Body-worn Exposure Condition (Test Separation Distance is 10 mm)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
11	GSM850	GPRS8	Front Face	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	-0.08	0.532	0.60
	GSM850	GPRS8	Rear Face	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	-0.02	0.222	0.25
	GSM850	GPRS8	Front Face	128	33.0	32.07	1.24	0.06	0.415	0.51
	GSM850	GPRS8	Front Face	251	33.0	32.43	1.14	-0.12	0.514	0.59
12	GSM1900	GPRS8	Front Face	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	-0.08	0.262	0.30
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Rear Face	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	-0.02	0.194	0.22
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Front Face	512	30.0	29.02	1.25	0.06	0.230	0.29
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Front Face	661	30.0	29.33	1.17	0.01	0.252	0.29
13	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	-0.06	0.683	0.70
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Rear Face	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	-0.03	0.356	0.36
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	4132	24.0	23.73	1.06	0.06	0.590	0.63
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	4182	24.0	23.75	1.06	0.07	0.651	0.69

Plot No.	Band	Mode	RB#	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.02	0.407	0.41
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Rear Face	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.06	0.168	0.17
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Front Face	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	-0.12	0.326	0.33
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Rear Face	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.06	0.136	0.14
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	20450	23.0	22.95	1.01	-0.12	0.377	0.38
14	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	20600	23.0	22.85	1.04	0.10	0.420	0.43
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.03	0.128	0.13
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Rear Face	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.02	0.099	0.10
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Front Face	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	0.01	0.103	0.10
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Rear Face	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	-0.12	0.084	0.08
15	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23060	23.0	22.93	1.02	-0.12	0.131	0.13
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23095	23.0	22.98	1.00	0.01	0.129	0.13
16	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.11	0.131	0.13
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Rear Face	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.12	0.093	0.09
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Front Face	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	-0.09	0.102	0.10
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Rear Face	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	-0.04	0.077	0.08
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23790	23.0	22.94	1.01	-0.05	0.126	0.13
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23800	23.0	22.96	1.01	0.04	0.128	0.13

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Front Face	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	0.08	0.159	0.19
17	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	-0.15	0.394	0.47
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	1	16.0	14.47	1.42	0.06	0.283	0.40
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	11	16.0	14.74	1.34	0.09	0.341	0.46
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Front Face	58	11.5	10.48	1.26	0.08	0.071	0.09
18	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	58	11.5	10.48	1.26	-0.14	0.120	0.15
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Front Face	106	11.5	10.51	1.26	0.07	0.095	0.12
19	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	106	11.5	10.51	1.26	-0.10	0.133	0.17
	WLAN5G	802.11ac VHT80	Rear Face	122	11.5	10.37	1.30	0.03	0.120	0.16
	BT	BR / EDR	Front Face	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	0.06	0.035	0.04
20	BT	BR / EDR	Rear Face	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	-0.14	0.077	0.09
	BT	BR / EDR	Rear Face	39	11.5	10.01	1.41	0.07	0.058	0.08
	BT	BR / EDR	Rear Face	78	11.5	10.42	1.28	0.03	0.061	0.08

4.7.4 SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition (Test Separation Distance is 10 mm)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
11	GSM850	GPRS8	Front Face	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	-0.08	0.532	0.60
	GSM850	GPRS8	Rear Face	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	-0.02	0.222	0.25
	GSM850	GPRS8	Left Side	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	0.02	0.040	0.05
	GSM850	GPRS8	Right Side	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	-0.12	0.147	0.17
	GSM850	GPRS8	Bottom Side	189	33.0	32.46	1.13	0.06	0.267	0.30
	GSM850	GPRS8	Front Face	128	33.0	32.07	1.24	0.06	0.415	0.51
	GSM850	GPRS8	Front Face	251	33.0	32.43	1.14	-0.12	0.514	0.59
12	GSM1900	GPRS8	Front Face	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	-0.08	0.262	0.30
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Rear Face	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	-0.02	0.194	0.22
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Left Side	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	-0.03	0.160	0.18
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Right Side	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	0.01	0.001	0.00
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Bottom Side	810	30.0	29.48	1.13	-0.04	0.156	0.18
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Front Face	512	30.0	29.02	1.25	0.06	0.230	0.29
	GSM1900	GPRS8	Front Face	661	30.0	29.33	1.17	0.01	0.252	0.29
13	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	-0.06	0.683	0.70
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Rear Face	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	-0.03	0.356	0.36
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Left Side	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	-0.02	0.086	0.09
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	0.06	0.143	0.15
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	4233	24.0	23.91	1.02	0.09	0.310	0.32
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	4132	24.0	23.73	1.06	-0.12	0.590	0.63
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2K	Front Face	4182	24.0	23.75	1.06	0.1	0.651	0.69

Plot No.	Band	Mode	RB#	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.02	0.407	0.41
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Rear Face	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.06	0.168	0.17
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Side	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.11	0.001	0.00
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Side	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.01	0.104	0.10
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Bottom Side	20525	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.06	0.198	0.20
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Front Face	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	-0.12	0.326	0.33
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Rear Face	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.06	0.136	0.14
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Left Side	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.08	0.001	0.00
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Right Side	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.13	0.078	0.08
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	25	0	Bottom Side	20525	22.0	21.99	1.00	-0.01	0.146	0.15
	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	20450	23.0	22.95	1.01	-0.12	0.377	0.38
14	LTE 5	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	20600	23.0	22.85	1.04	0.1	0.42	0.43
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.03	0.128	0.13
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Rear Face	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.02	0.099	0.10
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Side	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.02	0.050	0.05
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Side	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.09	0.051	0.05
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Bottom Side	23130	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.08	0.049	0.05
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Front Face	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	0.01	0.103	0.10
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Rear Face	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	-0.12	0.084	0.08
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Left Side	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	-0.12	0.043	0.04
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Right Side	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	0.03	0.044	0.04
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	25	0	Bottom Side	23130	22.0	22.00	1.00	0.05	0.042	0.04
15	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23060	23.0	22.93	1.02	-0.12	0.131	0.13
	LTE 12	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23095	23.0	22.98	1.00	0.01	0.129	0.13

Plot No.	Band	Mode	RB#	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
16	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.11	0.131	0.13
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Rear Face	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.12	0.093	0.09
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Left Side	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.13	0.049	0.05
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Right Side	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	0.04	0.045	0.05
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Bottom Side	23780	23.0	23.00	1.00	-0.12	0.043	0.04
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Front Face	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	-0.09	0.102	0.10
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Rear Face	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	-0.04	0.077	0.08
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Left Side	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	-0.13	0.040	0.04
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Right Side	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	0.02	0.041	0.04
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	25	0	Bottom Side	23780	22.0	21.99	1.00	-0.12	0.001	0.00
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23790	23.0	22.94	1.01	-0.05	0.126	0.13
	LTE 17	QPSK10M	1	0	Front Face	23800	23.0	22.96	1.01	0.04	0.128	0.13

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Front Face	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	0.09	0.159	0.19
17	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	-0.15	0.394	0.47
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Side	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	0	0.001	0.00
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	6	16.0	15.27	1.18	-0.08	0.221	0.26
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	1	16.0	14.47	1.42	0.07	0.283	0.40
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	11	16.0	14.74	1.34	-0.08	0.341	0.46
	BT	BR / EDR	Front Face	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	0.07	0.035	0.04
20	BT	BR / EDR	Rear Face	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	-0.14	0.077	0.09
	BT	BR / EDR	Left Side	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	0	0.001	0.00
	BT	BR / EDR	Top Side	0	11.5	11.03	1.11	0.08	0.037	0.04
	BT	BR / EDR	Rear Face	39	11.5	10.01	1.41	0.09	0.058	0.08
	BT	BR / EDR	Rear Face	78	11.5	10.42	1.28	-0.07	0.061	0.08

4.7.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg, the repeated measurement is not required.

4.7.6 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Possibilities of Simultaneous Transmission>

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Capable Transmit Configurations	Head Exposure Condition	Body-worn Exposure Condition	Hotspot Exposure Condition
1	GSM + WLAN 2.4G	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	GSM + WLAN 5G	Yes	Yes	No
3	GSM + BT	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	WCDMA + WLAN 2.4G	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	WCDMA + WLAN 5G	Yes	Yes	No
6	WCDMA + BT	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	LTE + WLAN 2.4G	Yes	Yes	Yes
8	LTE + WLAN 5G	Yes	Yes	No
9	LTE + BT	Yes	Yes	Yes

Note:

1. The WLAN 2.4G and WLAN 5G cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. The WLAN and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. Only WLAN 2.4G supports wireless hotspot capability. WLAN 5G does not support wireless hotspot mode.

<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
1	GSM850 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.42	0.76	1.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.23	0.63	0.86	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.37	0.54	0.91	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.19	0.53	0.72	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.60	0.19	0.79	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.25	0.47	0.72	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.60	0.19	0.79	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.25	0.47	0.72	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.17	0.00	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.26	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.30	0.00	0.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
2	GSM850 + WLAN (NII)	Head	Right Cheek	0.42	0.57	0.99	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.23	0.40	0.63	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.37	0.44	0.81	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.19	0.38	0.57	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.60	0.12	0.72	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.25	0.17	0.42	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
3	GSM850 + BT (DSS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.42	0.17	0.59	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.23	0.00	0.23	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.37	0.00	0.37	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.19	0.00	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.60	0.04	0.64	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.25	0.09	0.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.60	0.04	0.64	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.25	0.09	0.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.17	0.00	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.04	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.30	0.00	0.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
4	GSM1900 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.15	0.76	0.91	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.09	0.63	0.72	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.32	0.54	0.86	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.14	0.53	0.67	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.30	0.19	0.49	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.22	0.47	0.69	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.30	0.19	0.49	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.22	0.47	0.69	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.26	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
5	GSM1900 + WLAN (NII)	Head	Right Cheek	0.15	0.57	0.72	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.09	0.40	0.49	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.32	0.44	0.76	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.14	0.38	0.52	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.30	0.12	0.42	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.22	0.17	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
6	GSM1900 + BT (DSS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.15	0.17	0.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.09	0.00	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.32	0.00	0.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.14	0.00	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.30	0.04	0.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.22	0.09	0.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.30	0.04	0.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.22	0.09	0.31	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.04	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
7	WCDMA V + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.46	0.76	1.22	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.20	0.63	0.83	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.39	0.54	0.93	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.18	0.53	0.71	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.70	0.19	0.89	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.36	0.47	0.83	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.70	0.19	0.89	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.36	0.47	0.83	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.09	0.00	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.15	0.00	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.26	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.32	0.00	0.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
8	WCDMA V + WLAN (NII)	Head	Right Cheek	0.46	0.57	1.03	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.20	0.40	0.60	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.39	0.44	0.83	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.18	0.38	0.56	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.70	0.12	0.82	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.36	0.17	0.53	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
9	WCDMA V + BT (DSS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.46	0.17	0.63	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.20	0.00	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.39	0.00	0.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.18	0.00	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.70	0.04	0.74	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.36	0.09	0.45	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.70	0.04	0.74	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.36	0.09	0.45	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.09	0.00	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.15	0.00	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.04	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.32	0.00	0.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
10	LTE 5 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.27	0.76	1.03	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.17	0.63	0.80	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.22	0.54	0.76	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.14	0.53	0.67	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.43	0.19	0.62	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.17	0.47	0.64	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.43	0.19	0.62	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.17	0.47	0.64	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.10	0.00	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.26	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.20	0.00	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
11	LTE 5 + WLAN (NII)	Head	Right Cheek	0.27	0.57	0.84	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.17	0.40	0.57	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.22	0.44	0.66	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.14	0.38	0.52	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.43	0.12	0.55	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.17	0.17	0.34	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
12	LTE 5 + BT (DSS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.27	0.17	0.44	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.17	0.00	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.22	0.00	0.22	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.14	0.00	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.43	0.04	0.47	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.17	0.09	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.43	0.04	0.47	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.17	0.09	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.00	0.00	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.10	0.00	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.04	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.20	0.00	0.20	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
13	LTE 12 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.04	0.76	0.80	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.03	0.63	0.66	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.04	0.54	0.58	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.03	0.53	0.56	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.13	0.19	0.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.10	0.47	0.57	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.13	0.19	0.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.10	0.47	0.57	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.26	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
14	LTE 12 + WLAN (NII)	Head	Right Cheek	0.04	0.57	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.03	0.40	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.04	0.44	0.48	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.03	0.38	0.41	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.13	0.12	0.25	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.10	0.17	0.27	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
15	LTE 12 + BT (DSS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.04	0.17	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.03	0.00	0.03	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.04	0.00	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.03	0.00	0.03	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.13	0.04	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.10	0.09	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.13	0.04	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.10	0.09	0.19	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.04	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
16	LTE 17 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.04	0.76	0.80	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.04	0.63	0.67	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.06	0.54	0.60	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.05	0.53	0.58	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.13	0.19	0.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.09	0.47	0.56	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.13	0.19	0.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.09	0.47	0.56	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.26	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.04	0.00	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
17	LTE 17 + WLAN (NII)	Head	Right Cheek	0.04	0.57	0.61	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.04	0.40	0.44	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.06	0.44	0.50	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.05	0.38	0.43	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.13	0.12	0.25	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.09	0.17	0.26	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
18	LTE 17 + BT (DSS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.04	0.17	0.21	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.04	0.00	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.06	0.00	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.13	0.04	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.09	0.09	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.13	0.04	0.17	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.09	0.09	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.05	0.00	0.05	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.04	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.04	0.00	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

Test Engineer： James Chu, and Ben Liu

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1013	Aug. 21, 2017	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d121	Aug. 21, 2017	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d018	Jun. 28, 2017	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	737	Aug. 17, 2017	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1019	Aug. 23, 2017	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3650	Jul. 24, 2017	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3971	Mar. 24, 2017	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7375	Dec. 18, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	579	Aug. 17, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	861	May 22, 2017	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1431	Mar. 20, 2017	1 Year
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50260642	Nov. 23, 2017	1 Year
Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8820C	6201300638	Jul. 11, 2017	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSL6	102006	Mar. 27, 2017	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214281	Jun. 09, 2017	1 Year
Vector Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3710A	6201599977	Mar. 27, 2017	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jul. 12, 2017	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jul. 12, 2017	1 Year
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	130504591	Mar. 24, 2017	1 Year

6. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	3.9 / 2.06	Normal	1	1	1	3.9	2.1	35
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	6.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.5	3.5	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.4 %	± 11.2 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						**± 22.8 %**	**± 22.4 %**	

Head SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Post-processing	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	3.9 / 2.06	Normal	1	1	1	3.9	2.1	35
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	6.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.8	3.8	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 12.5 %	± 12.3 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						**± 25.0 %**	**± 24.6 %**	

Head SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	4.38 / 1.35	Normal	1	1	1	4.4	1.4	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.2	4.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.8 %	± 11.3 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						**± 23.6 %**	**± 22.6 %**	

Body SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Source of Uncertainty	Uncertainty (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Probe Modulation Response	3.5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Post-processing	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	4.38 / 1.35	Normal	1	1	1	4.4	1.4	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.9 / 4.1	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	4.1	11
Power Drift of Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	3.24	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Measured)	2.88	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.2	2.0	43
Liquid Permittivity (Temperature Uncertainty)	1.13	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Measured)	2.50	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.6	0.7	54
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 12.8 %	± 12.4 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						**± 25.6 %**	**± 24.8 %**	

Body SAR Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz

7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:
Add: No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Tel: 886-3-318-3232
Fax: 886-3-327-0892

Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:
Add: No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 244, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Tel: 886-2-2605-2180
Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF Lab:
Add: E-2, No.1, Li Hsin 1st Road, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City 30078, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Tel: 886-3-593-5343
Fax: 886-3-593-5342

Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com
Web Site: www.bureauveritas-adt.com

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

System Check_H750_180212

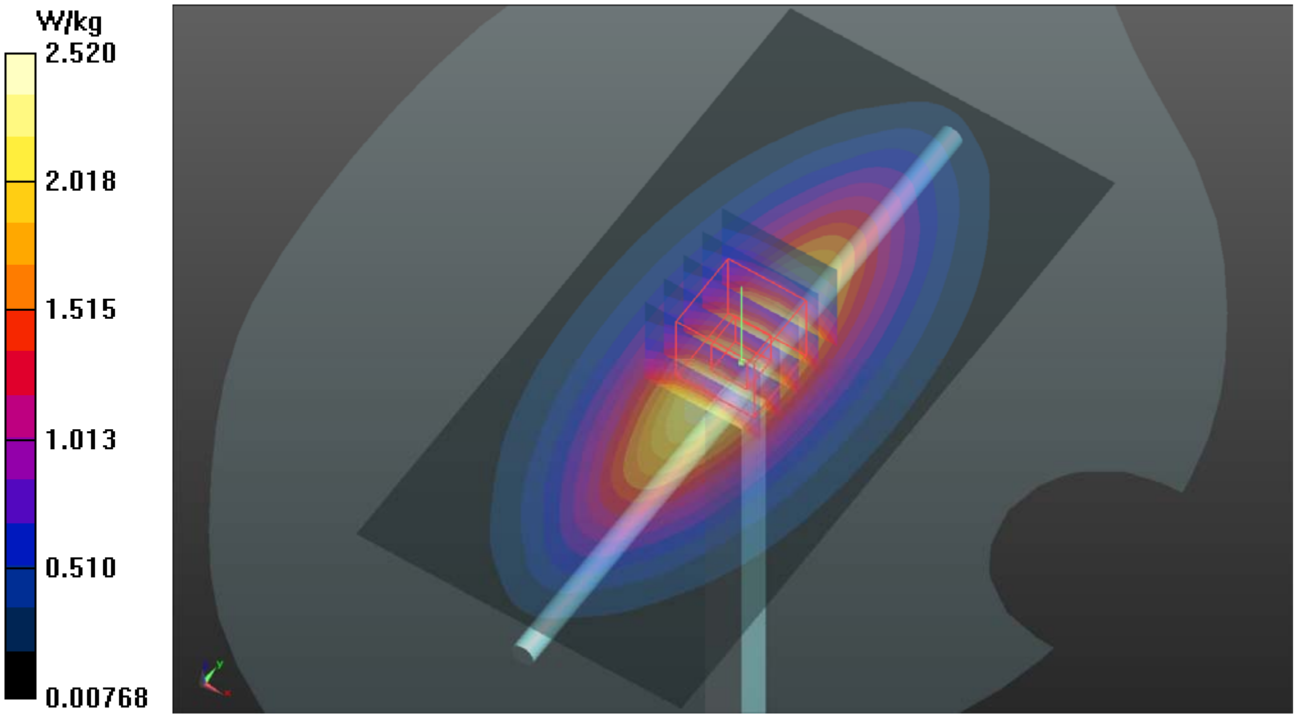
DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; SN: 1013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H06T09N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.9 S/m; ε_r = 42.167; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(10.59, 10.59, 10.59); Calibrated: 2017/12/18;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2017/08/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.52 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.80 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.32 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.49 W/kg



System Check_H835_180212

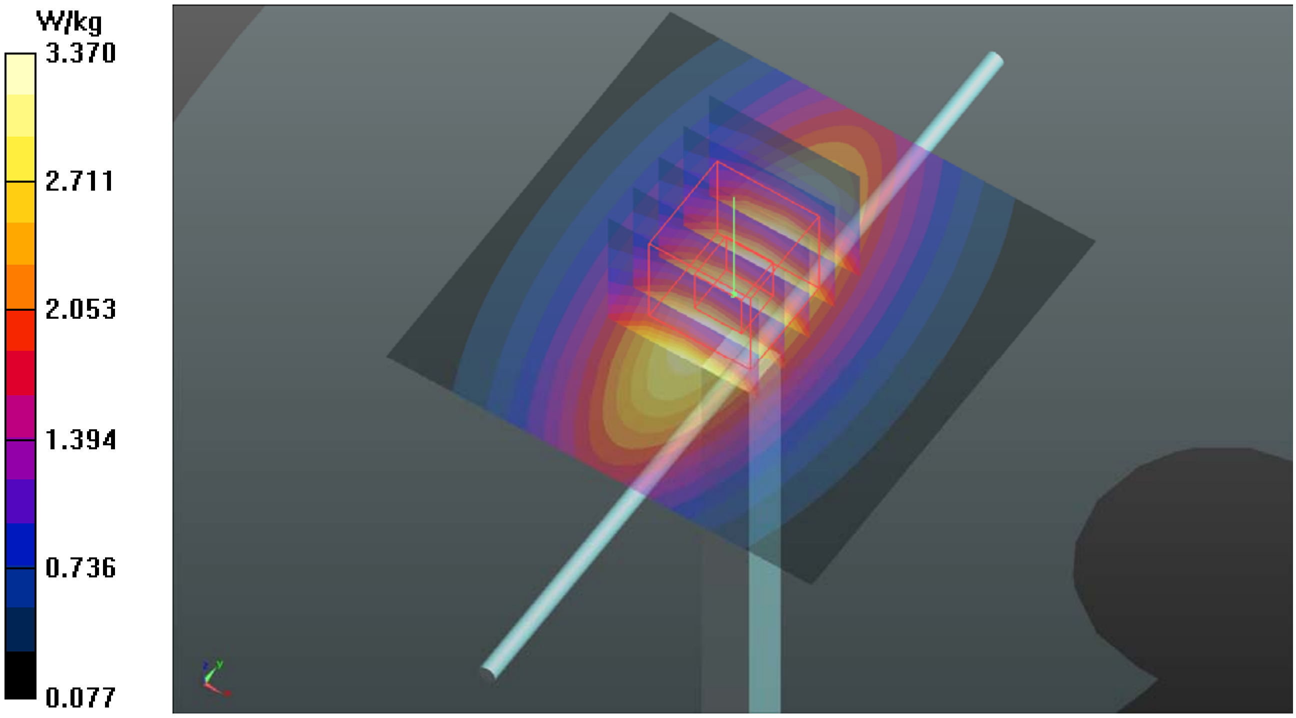
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H07T10N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.919 S/m; ε_r = 41.738; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2017/12/18;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2017/08/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.37 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 59.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.04 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.59 W/kg



System Check_H1900_180212

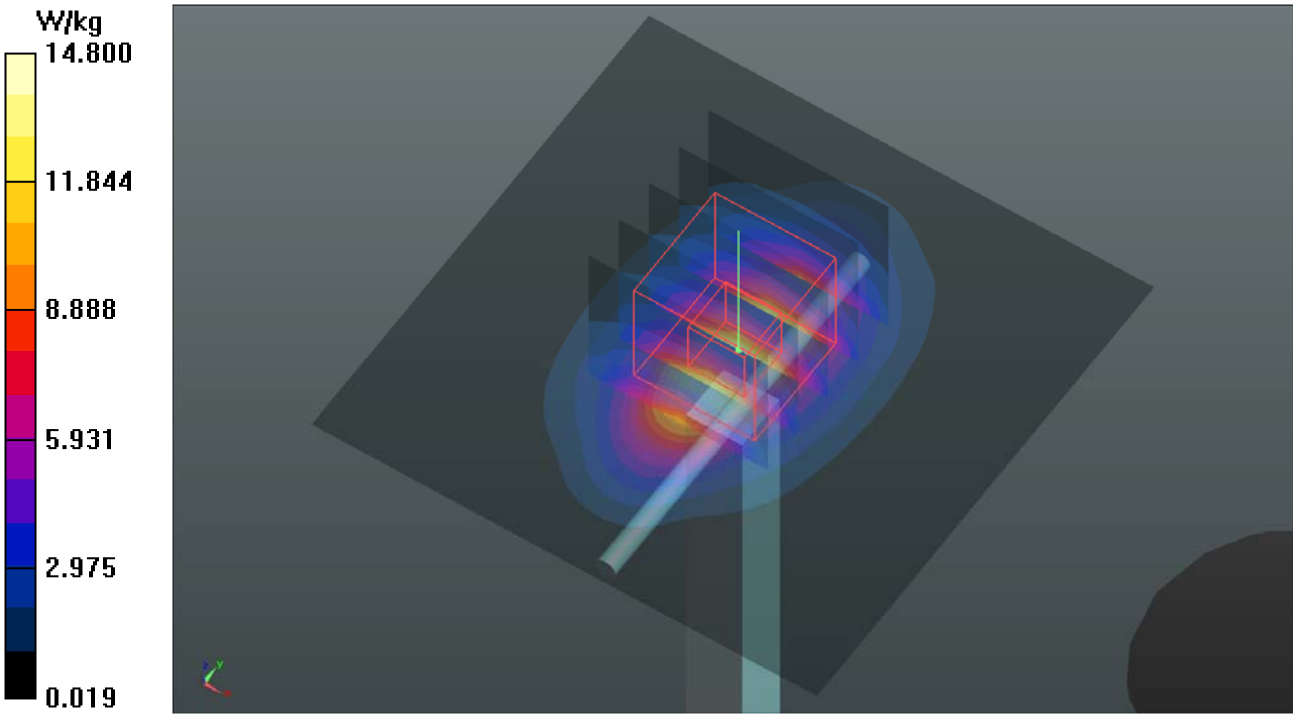
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H19T27N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.33 S/m; ε_r = 40.812; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(8.41, 8.41, 8.41); Calibrated: 2017/12/18;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2017/08/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 109.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.83 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



System Check_H2450_180214

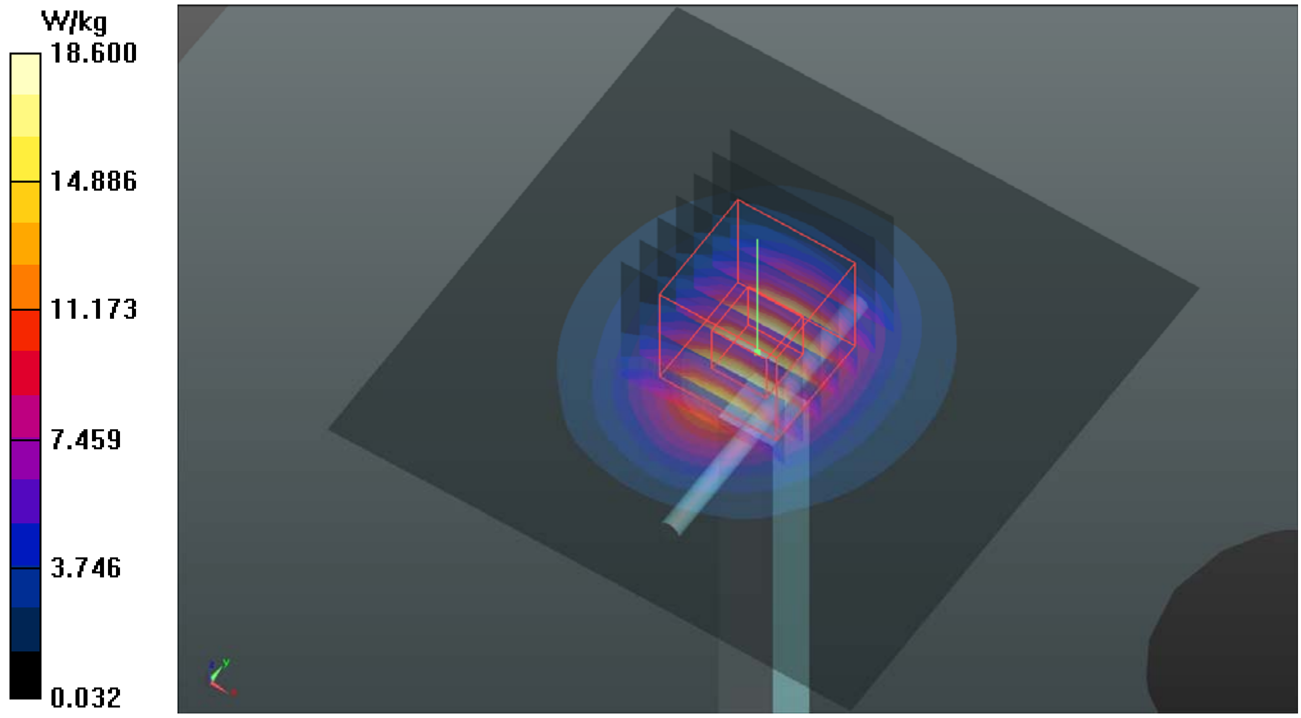
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H19T27N3_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.862$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.892$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃；Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1654; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 101.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.2 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



System Check_H5250_180214

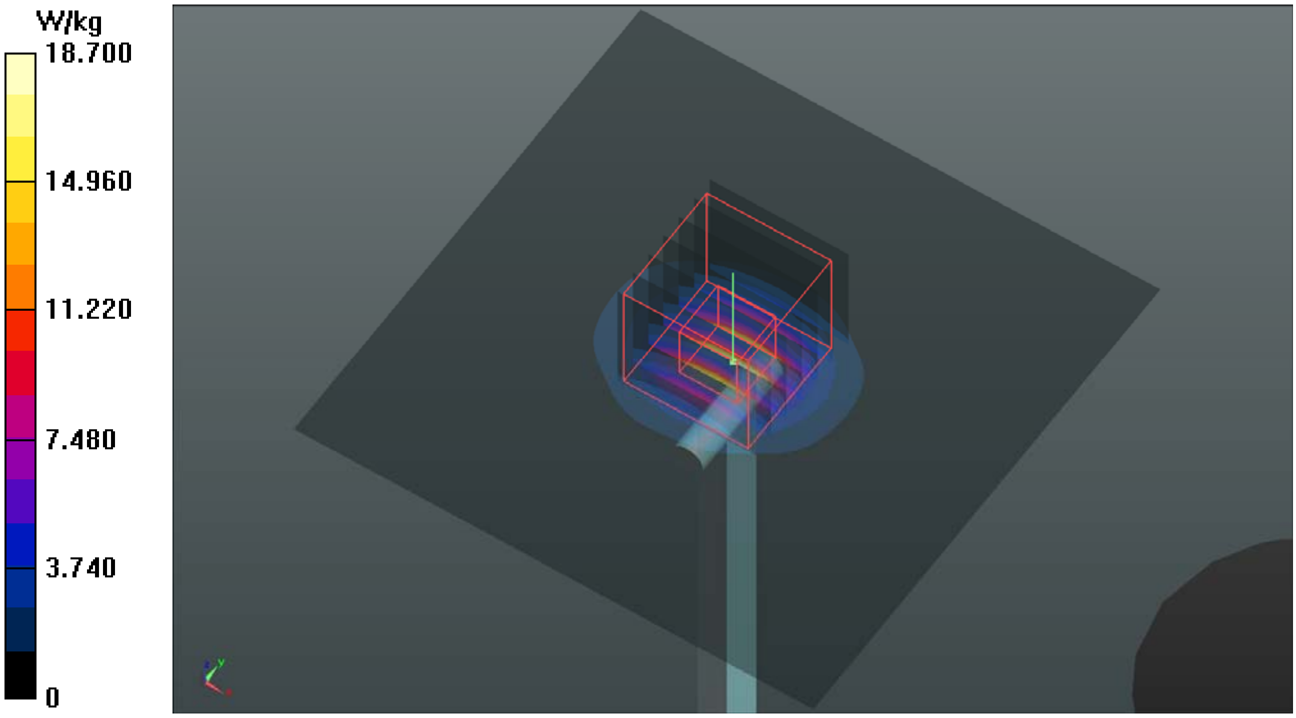
DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H34T60N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.85 S/m; ε_r = 36.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(5.6, 5.6, 5.6); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1654; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.7 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 70.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



System Check_H5600_180214

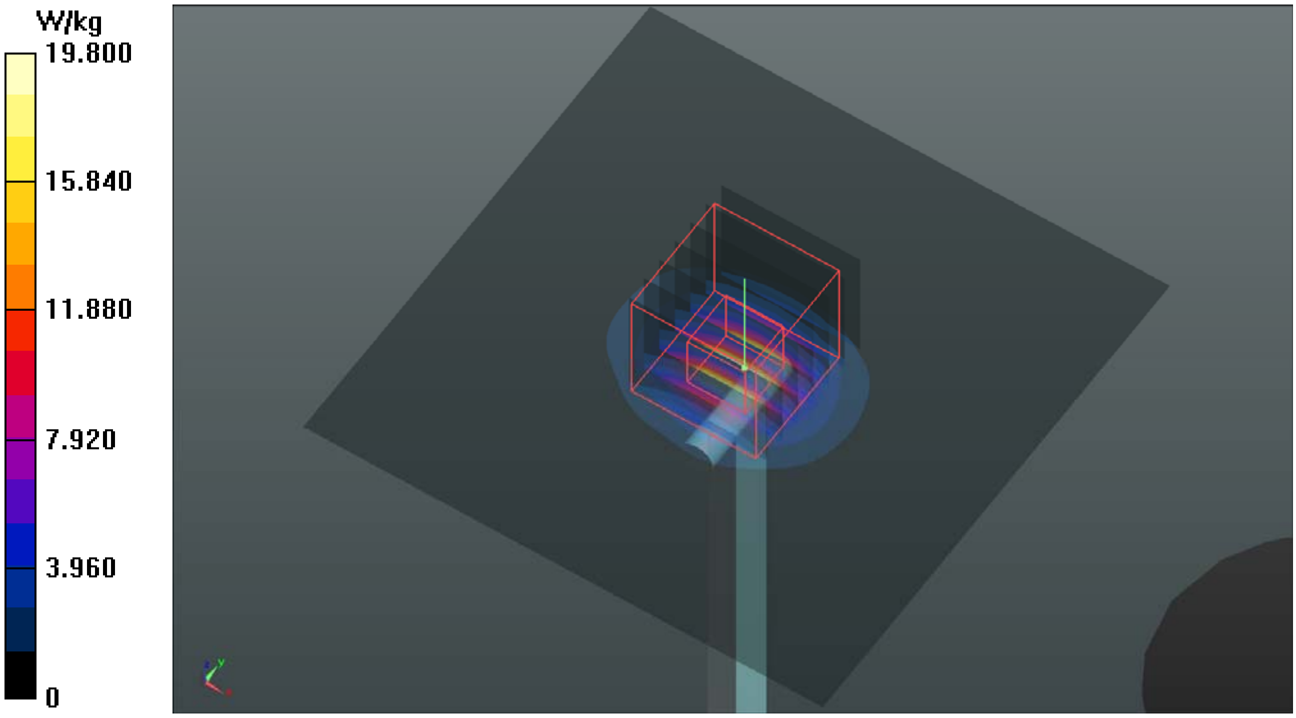
DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H34T60N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.217 S/m; ε_r = 35.737; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1654; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.8 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 72.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



System Check_B750_180212

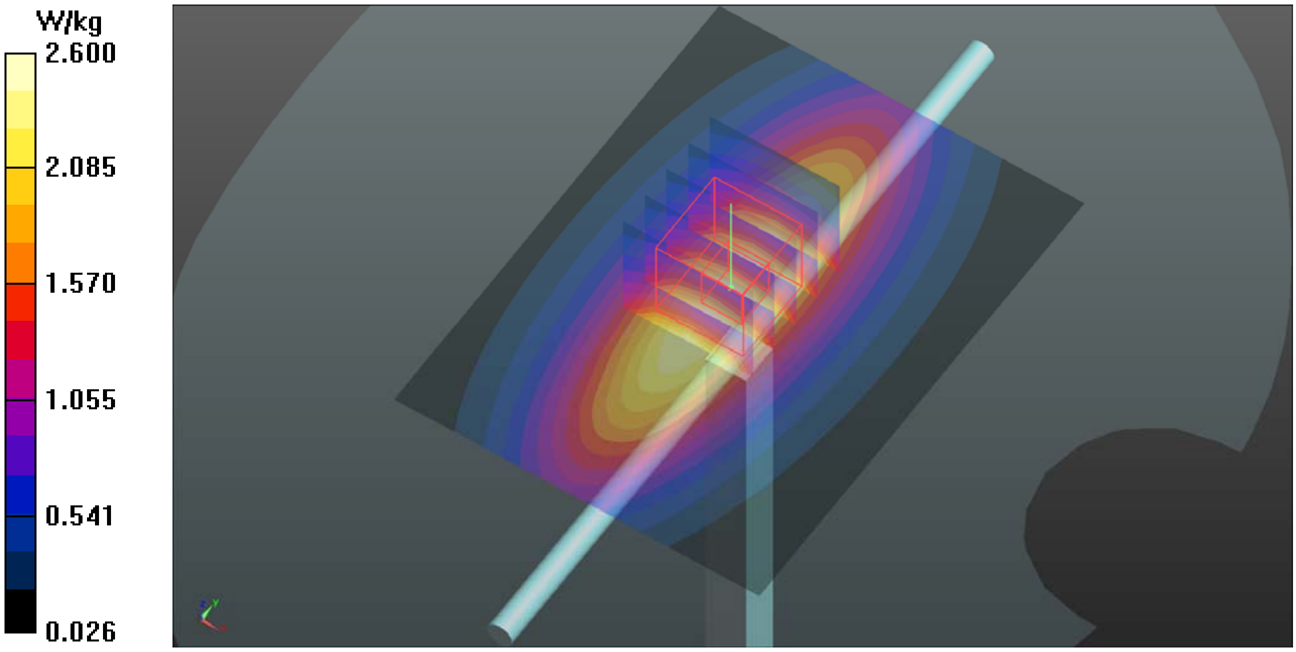
DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; SN: 1013

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B06T09N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.957 S/m; ε_r = 55.471; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃；Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(10.61, 10.61, 10.61); Calibrated: 2017/03/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1496; Type: QD000P40CA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.60 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.03 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.62 W/kg



System Check_B835_180212

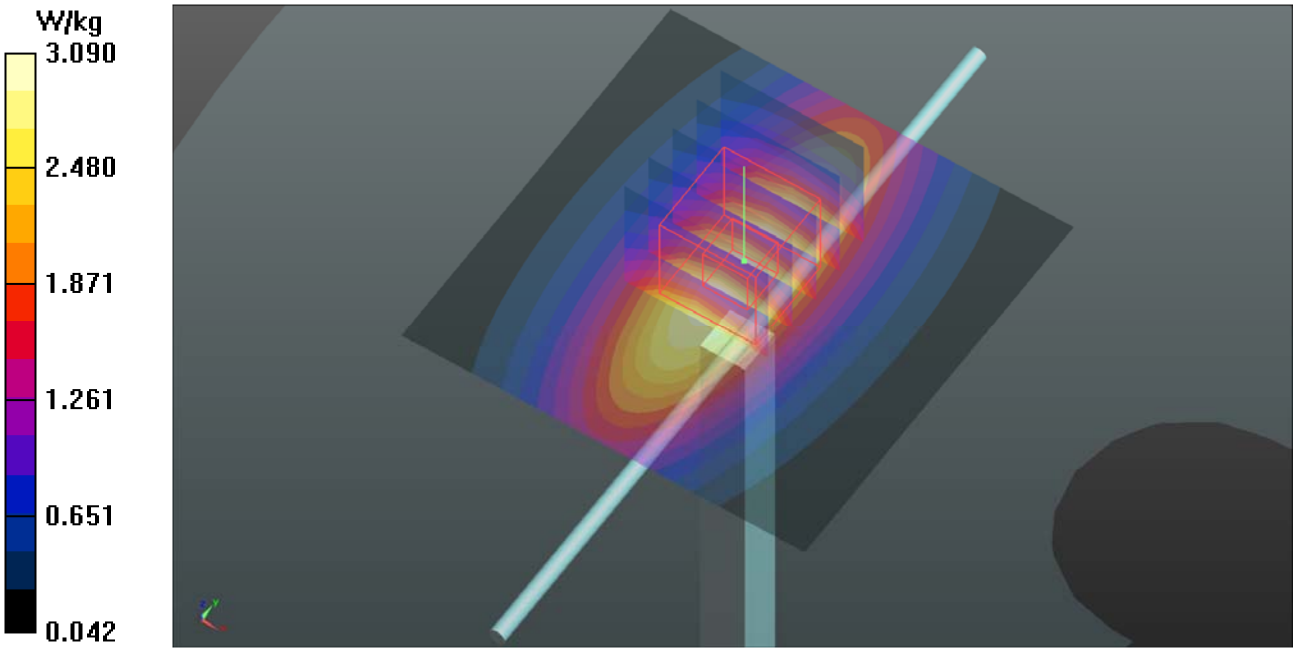
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B07T10N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ε_r = 53.987; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(10.52, 10.52, 10.52); Calibrated: 2017/03/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1496; Type: QD000P40CA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.09 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 54.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.07 W/kg



System Check_B1900_180212

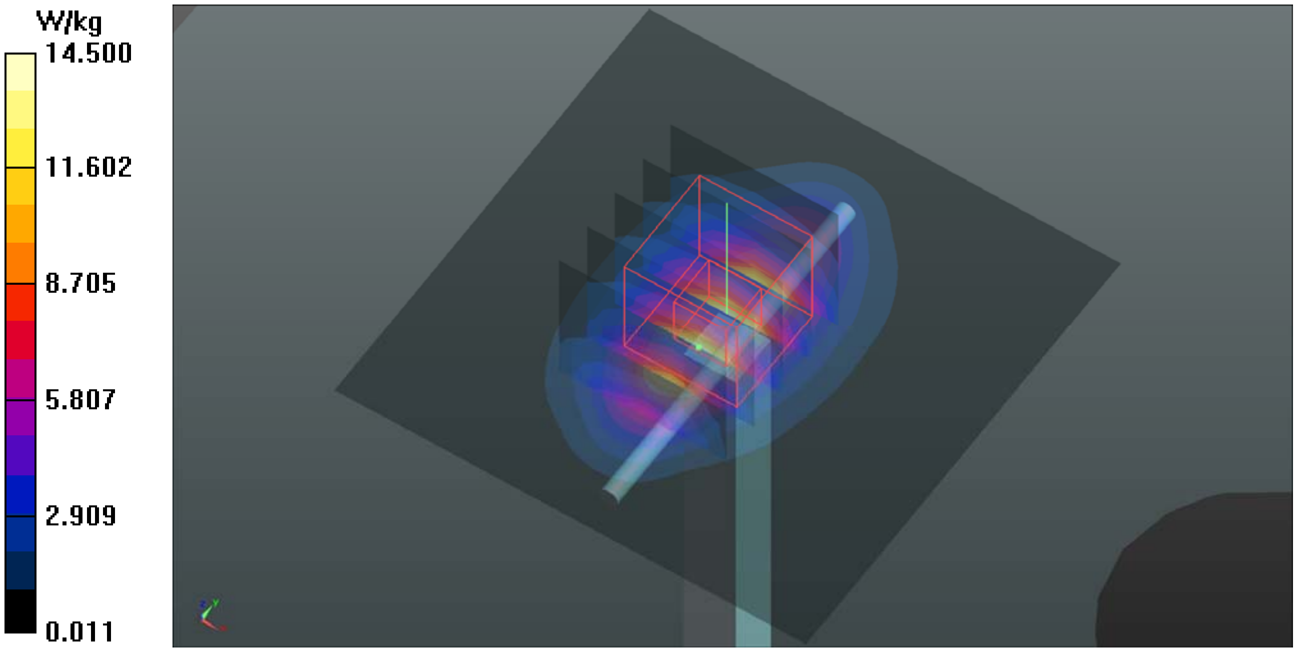
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B16T20N2_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.567 S/m; ε_r = 51.413; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃；Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2017/03/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1496; Type: QD000P40CA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



System Check_B2450_180214

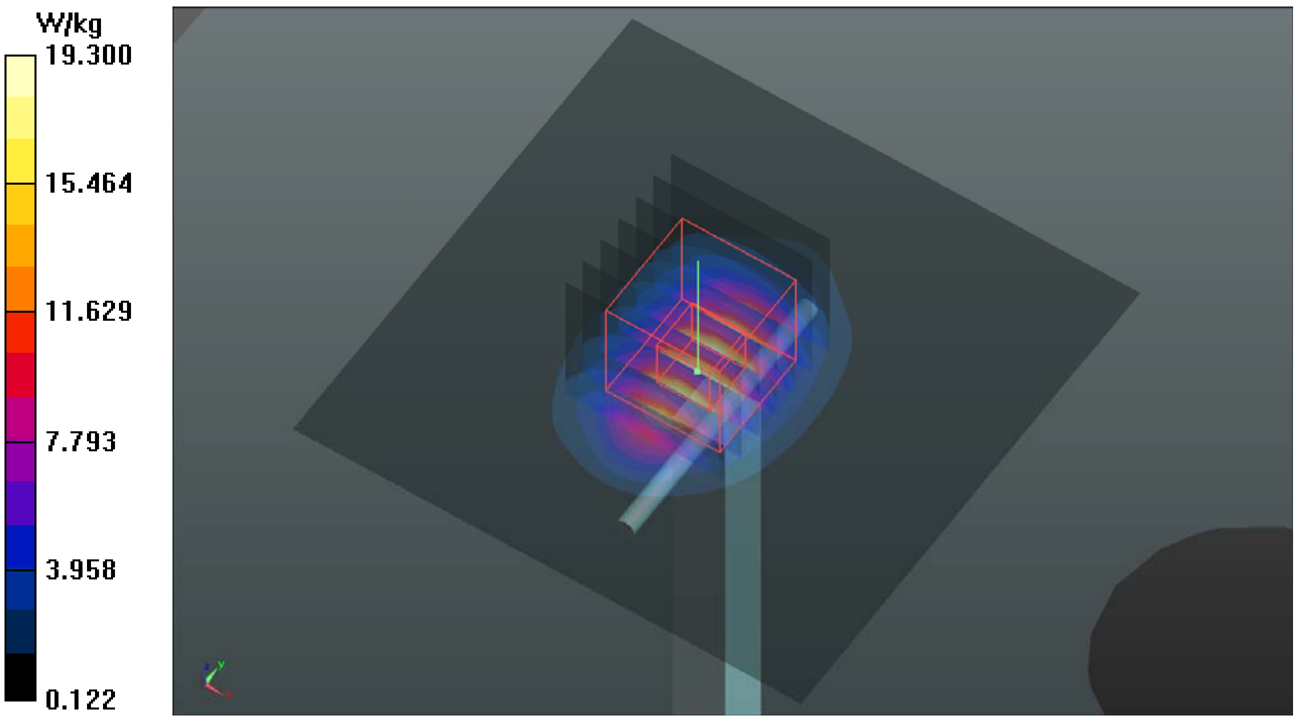
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B19T27N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.036 S/m; ε_r = 53.397; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 97.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.82 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



System Check_B5250_180214

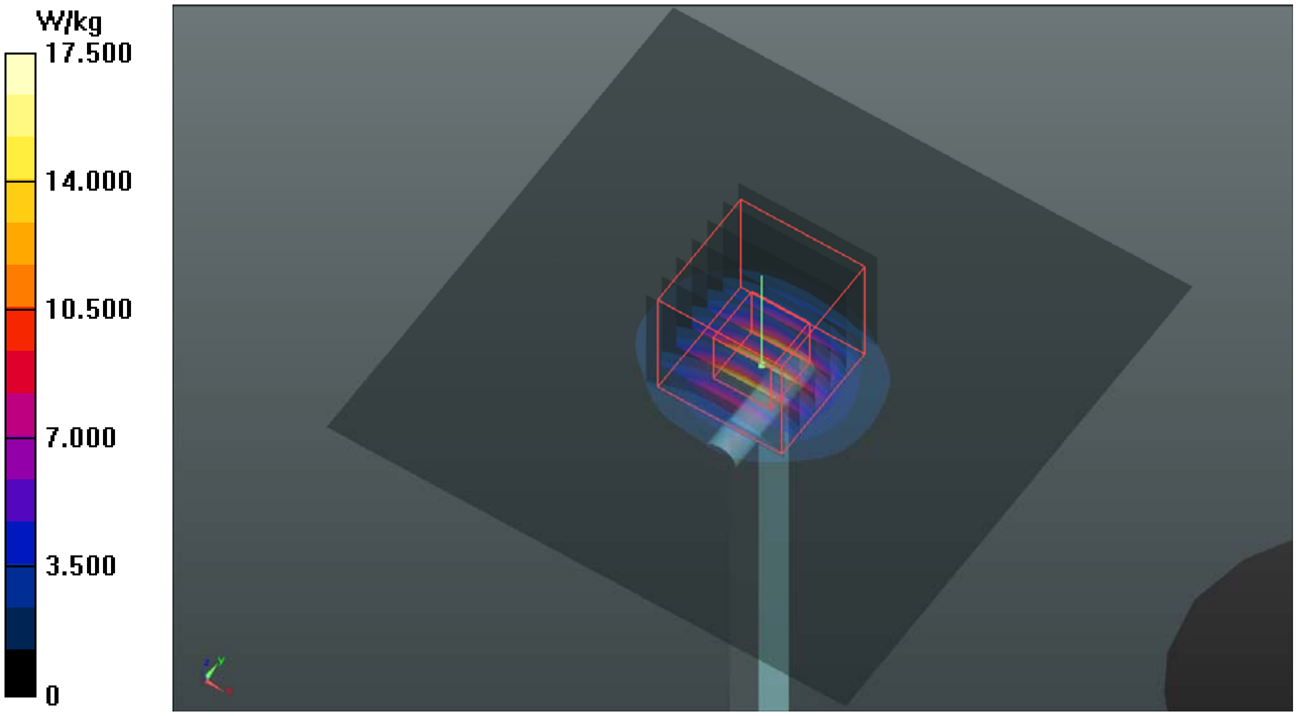
DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B34T60N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 5.233 S/m; ε_r = 50.915; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.5 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 59.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



System Check_B5600_180214

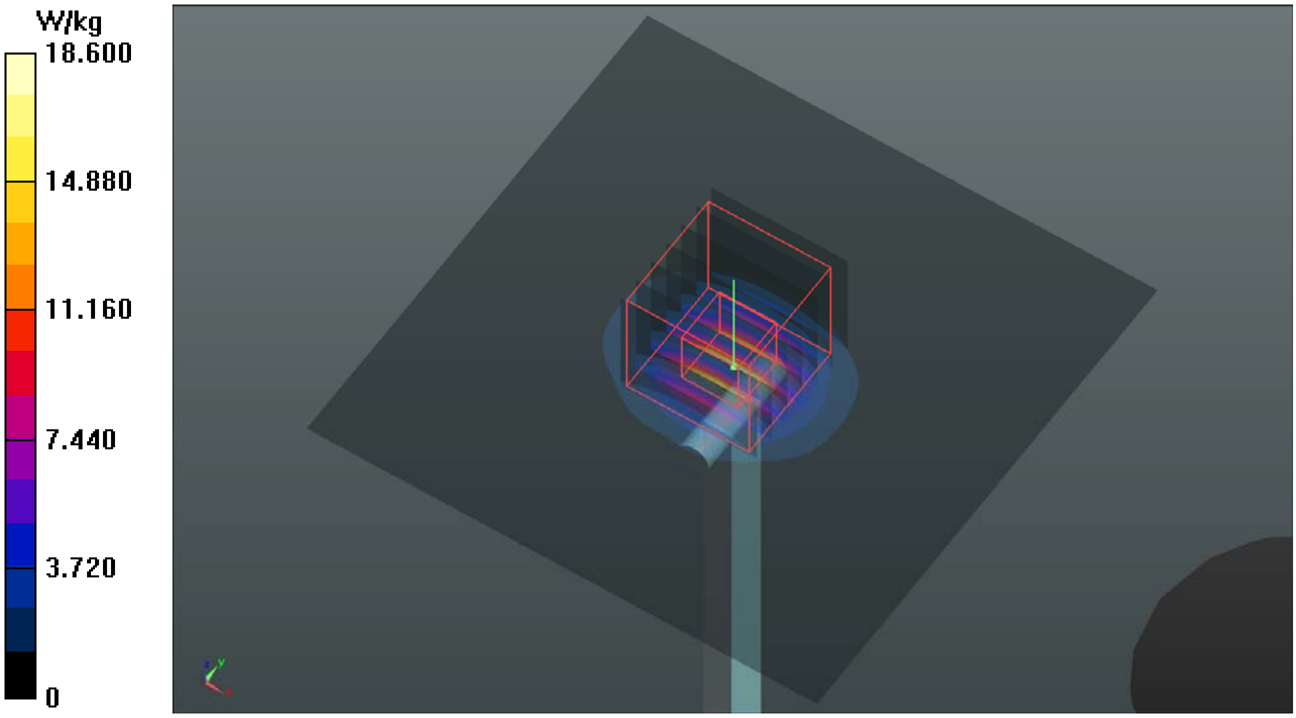
DUT: Dipole 5 GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B34T60N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.817 S/m; ε_r = 50.304; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.6 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 58.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

P01 GSM850_GPRS8_Right Cheek_Ch189

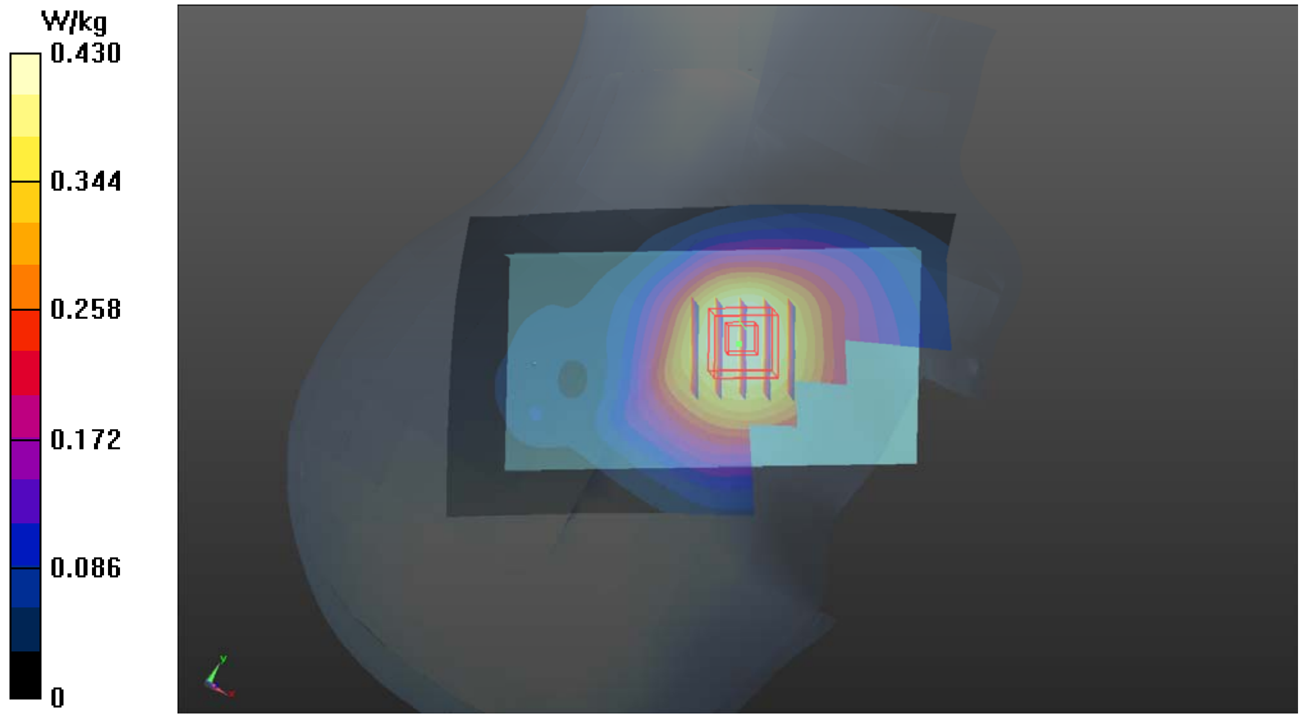
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: GPRS8; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: H07T10N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 41.723; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2017/12/18;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2017/08/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.430 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.468 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.375 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.290 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.435 W/kg



P02 GSM1900_GPRS8_Left Cheek_Ch810

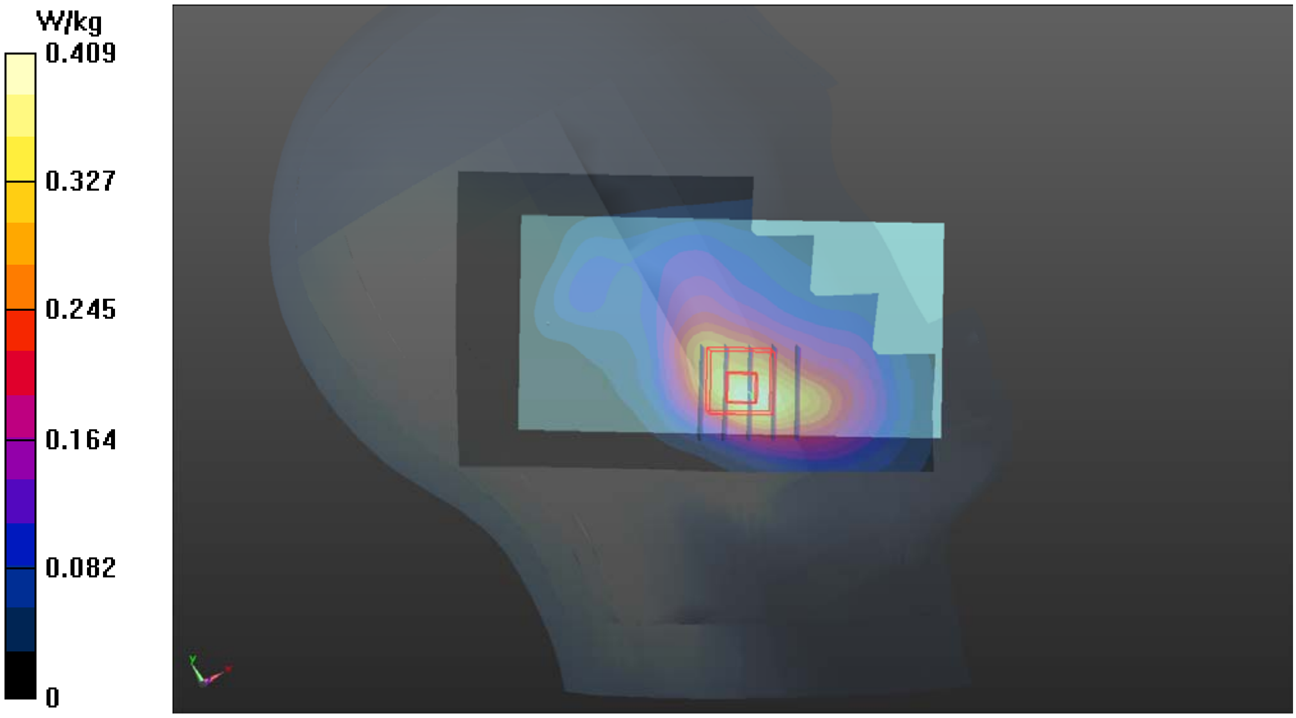
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: GPRS8; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: H16T20N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.47 S/m; ε_r = 38.184; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃；Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(8.41, 8.41, 8.41); Calibrated: 2017/12/18;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2017/08/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.409 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.458 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.281 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.388 W/kg



P03 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Right Cheek_Ch4233

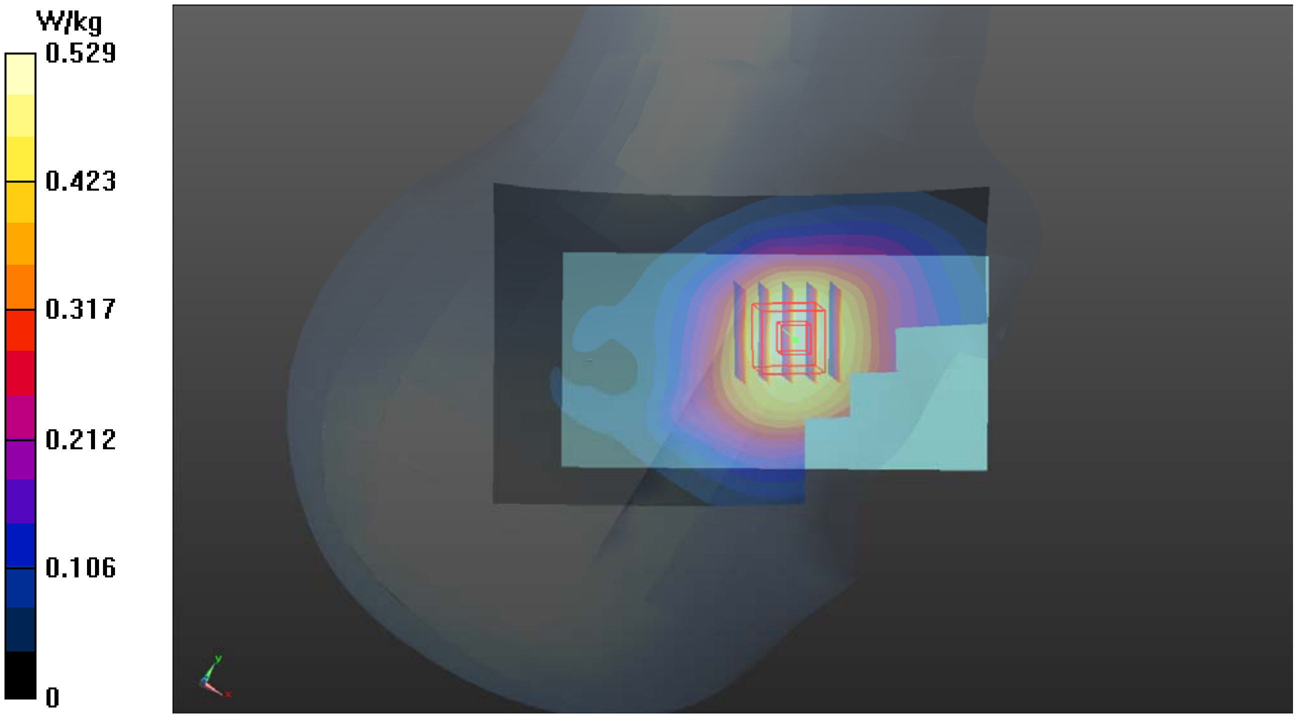
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H07T10N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; σ = 0.93 S/m; ε_r = 41.599; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2017/12/18;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2017/08/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.529 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.559 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.453 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.527 W/kg



P04 LTE 5_QPSK10M_Right Cheek_Ch20525_1RB_OS0

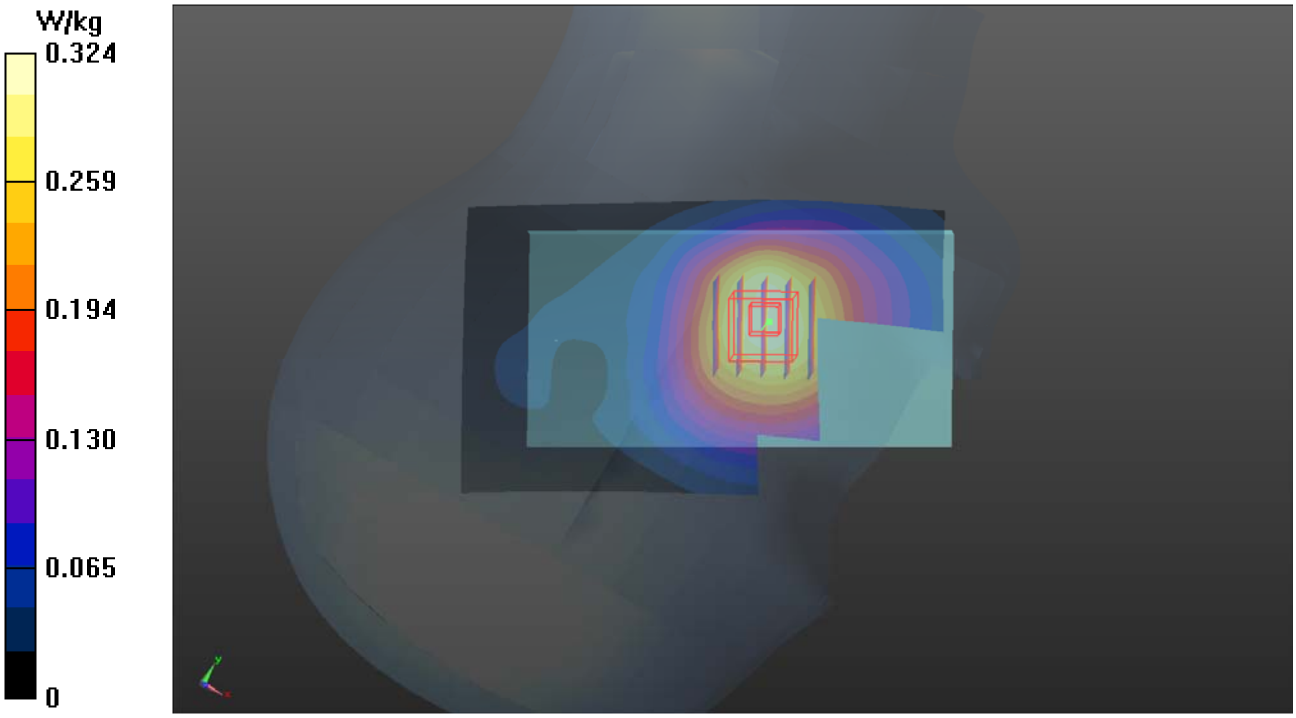
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 836.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H07T10N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 41.721; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2017/12/18;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2017/08/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.324 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.272 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg



P05 LTE 12_QPSK10M_Right Cheek_Ch23130_1RB_OS0

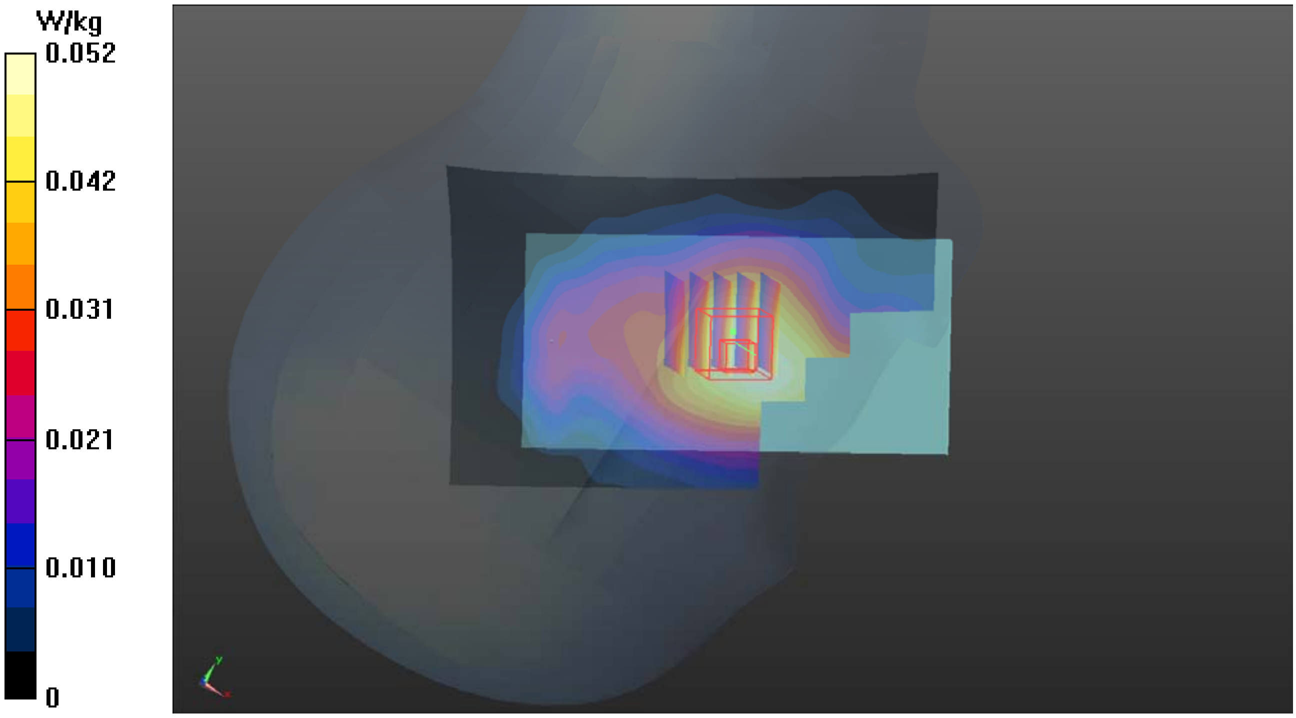
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 711 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H06T09N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 711 MHz; σ = 0.856 S/m; ε_r = 42.842; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(10.59, 10.59, 10.59); Calibrated: 2017/12/18;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2017/08/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0524 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.898 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0540 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.043 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0506 W/kg



P06 LTE 17_QPSK10M_Left Cheek_Ch23780_1RB_OS0

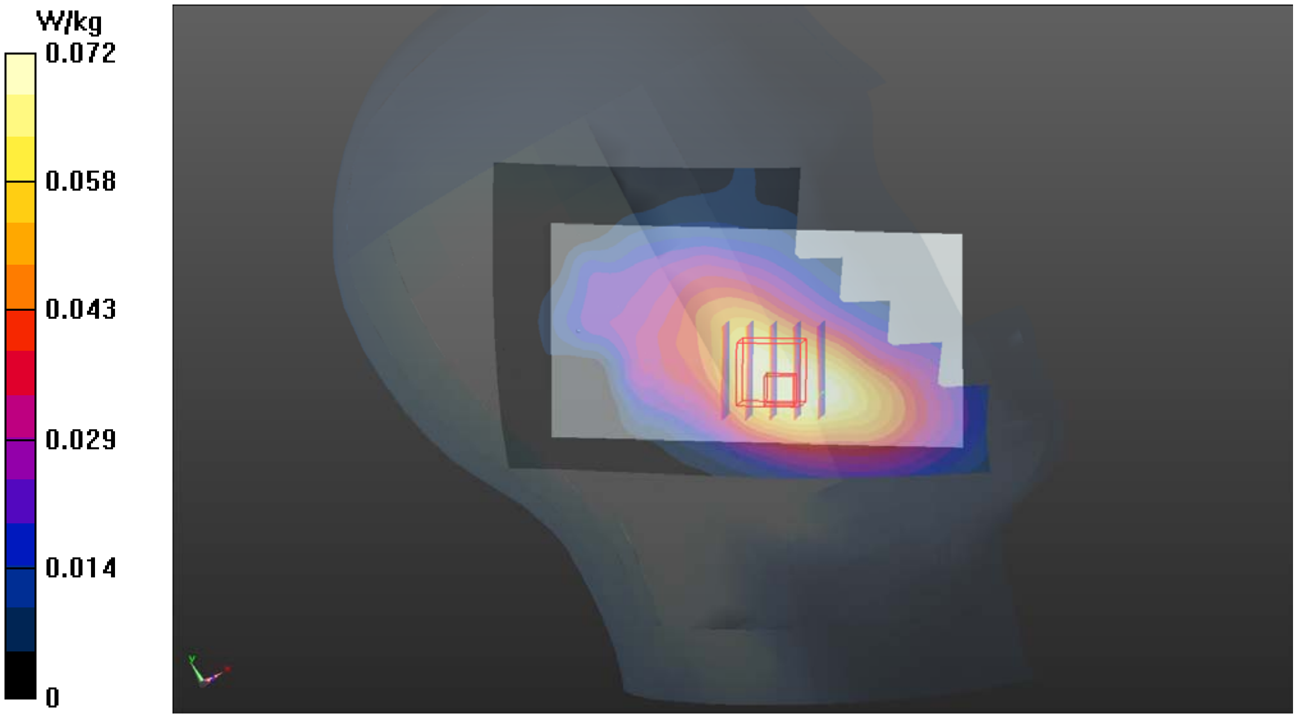
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 709 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H06T09N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 709 MHz; $\sigma = 0.855$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.907$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7375; ConvF(10.59, 10.59, 10.59); Calibrated: 2017/12/18;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2017/08/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1823; Type: QD000P40CD;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0719 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.079 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0820 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.058 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0745 W/kg



P07 WLAN 2.4G_802.11b_Right Cheek_Ch6

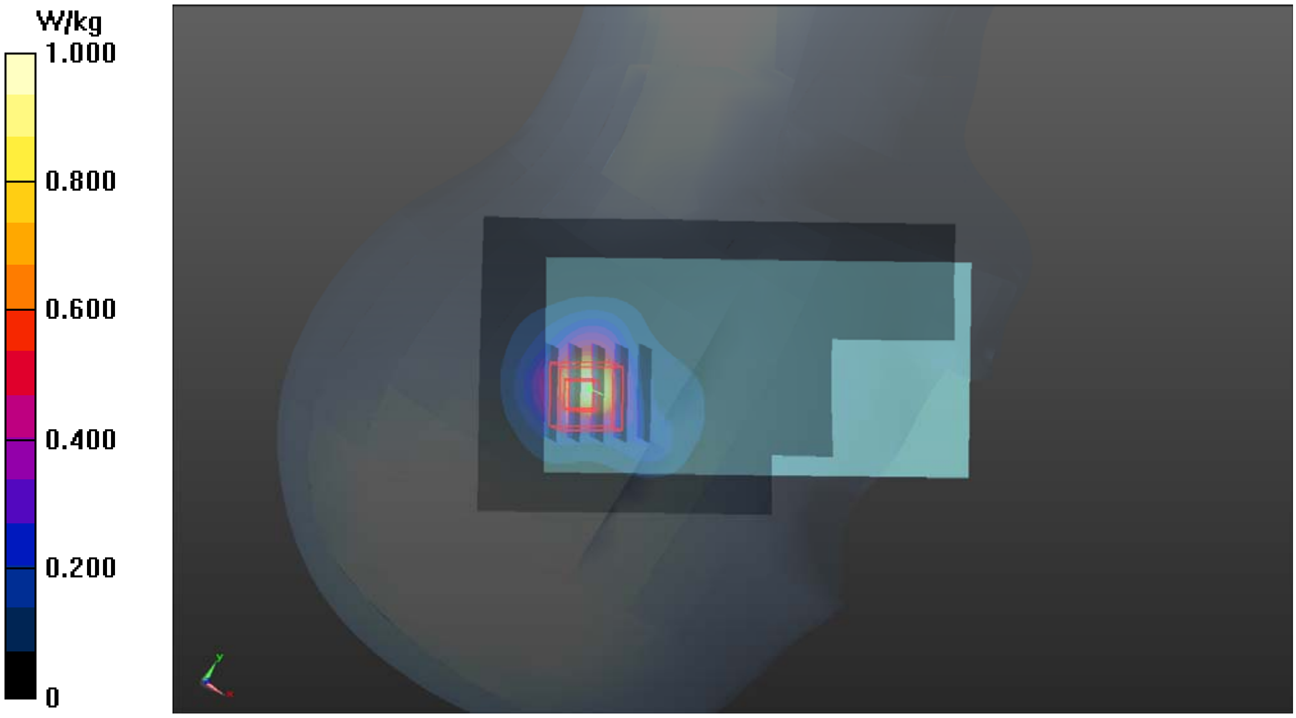
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H19T27N3_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.849 S/m; ε_r = 37.945; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃；Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1654; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.641 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



P08 WLAN 5G_802.11ac VHT80_Right Cheek_Ch58

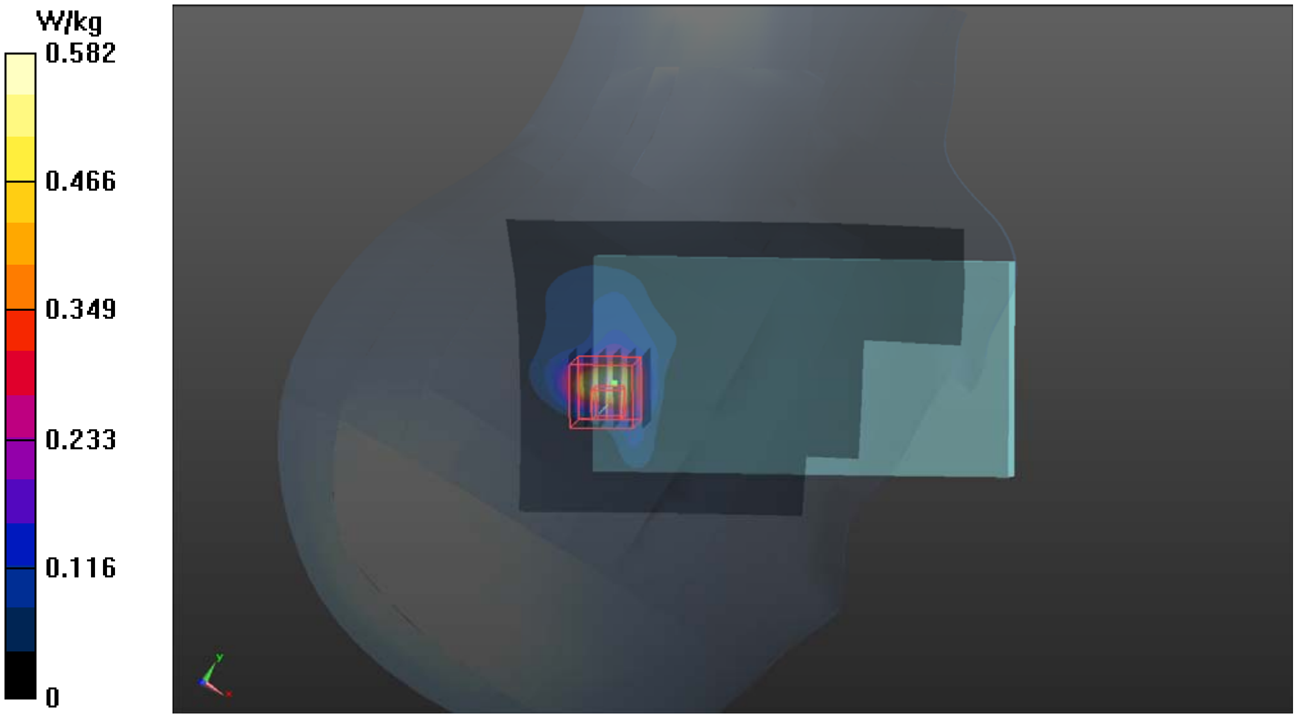
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H34T60N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz; σ = 4.865 S/m; ε_r = 36.274; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(5.6, 5.6, 5.6); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1654; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.582 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 11.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.451 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg



P09 WLAN 5G_802.11ac VHT80_Right Cheek_Ch106

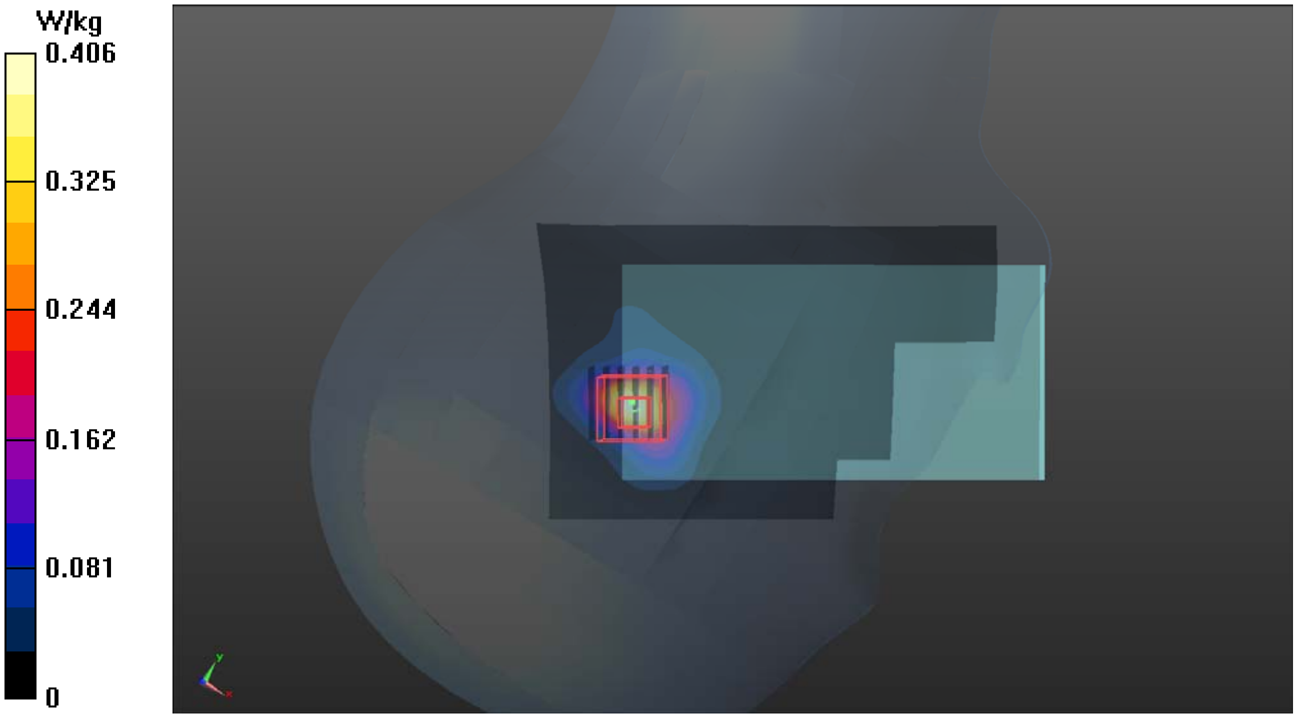
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5530 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H34T60N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 5530 MHz; σ = 5.138 S/m; ε_r = 35.812; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃；Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1654; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.406 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 10.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.345 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.792 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2018/02/14

P10 BT_BR_EDR_Right Cheek_Ch0

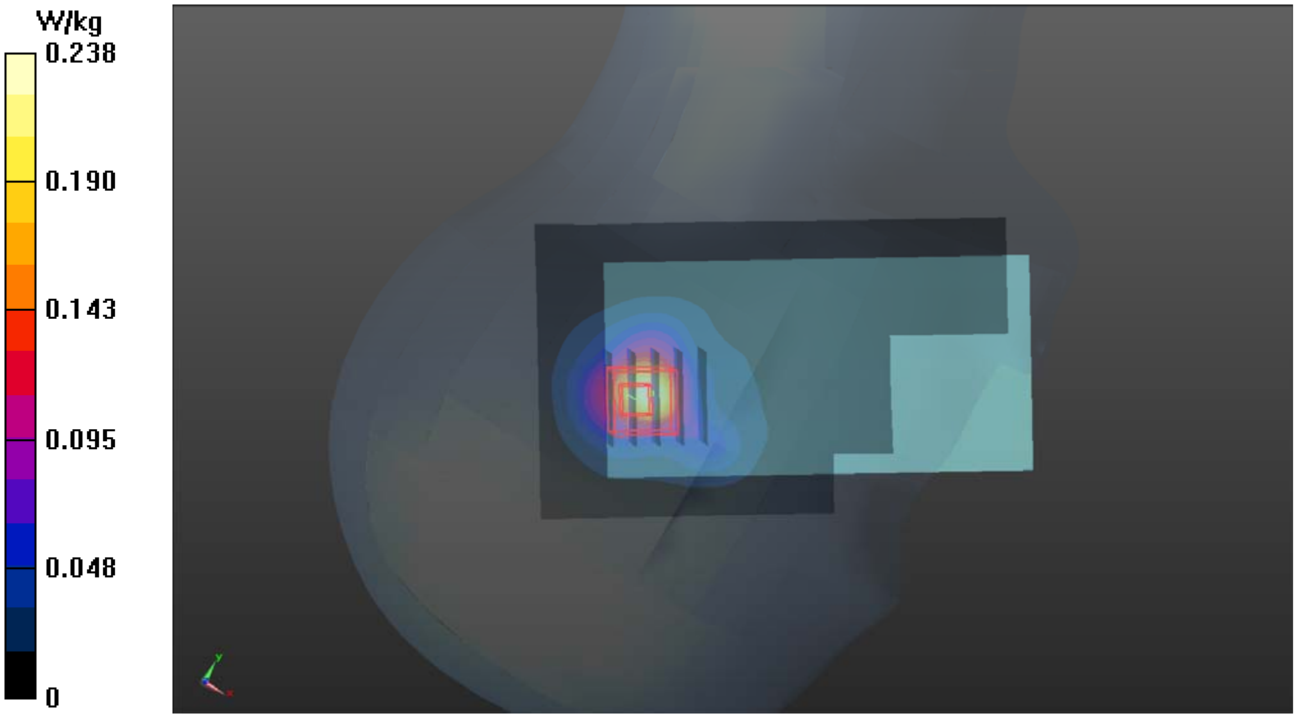
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H19T27N3_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.815 S/m; ε_r = 38.072; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1654; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.355 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.155 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 W/kg



P11 GSM850_GPRS8_Front Face_10mm_Ch189

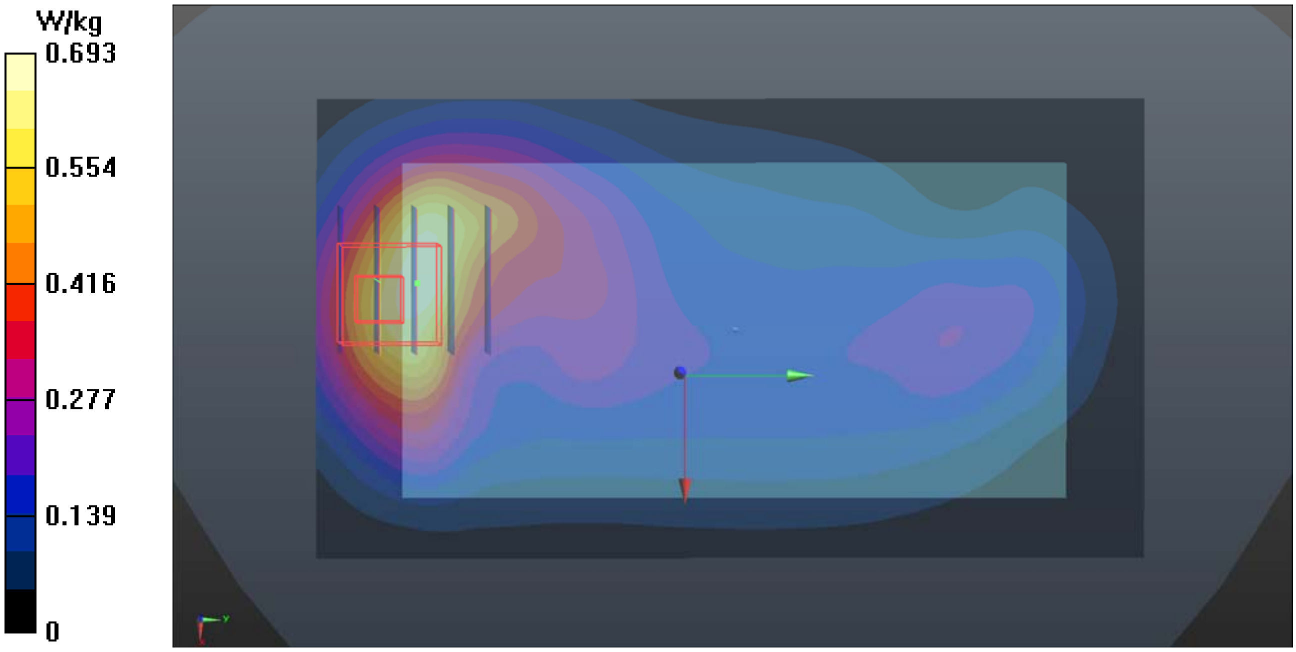
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: GPRS8; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: B07T10N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.984 S/m; ε_r = 53.97; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(10.52, 10.52, 10.52); Calibrated: 2017/03/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1496; Type: QD000P40CA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.693 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.936 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.532 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.290 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.773 W/kg



P12 GSM1900_GPRS8_Front Face_10mm_Ch810

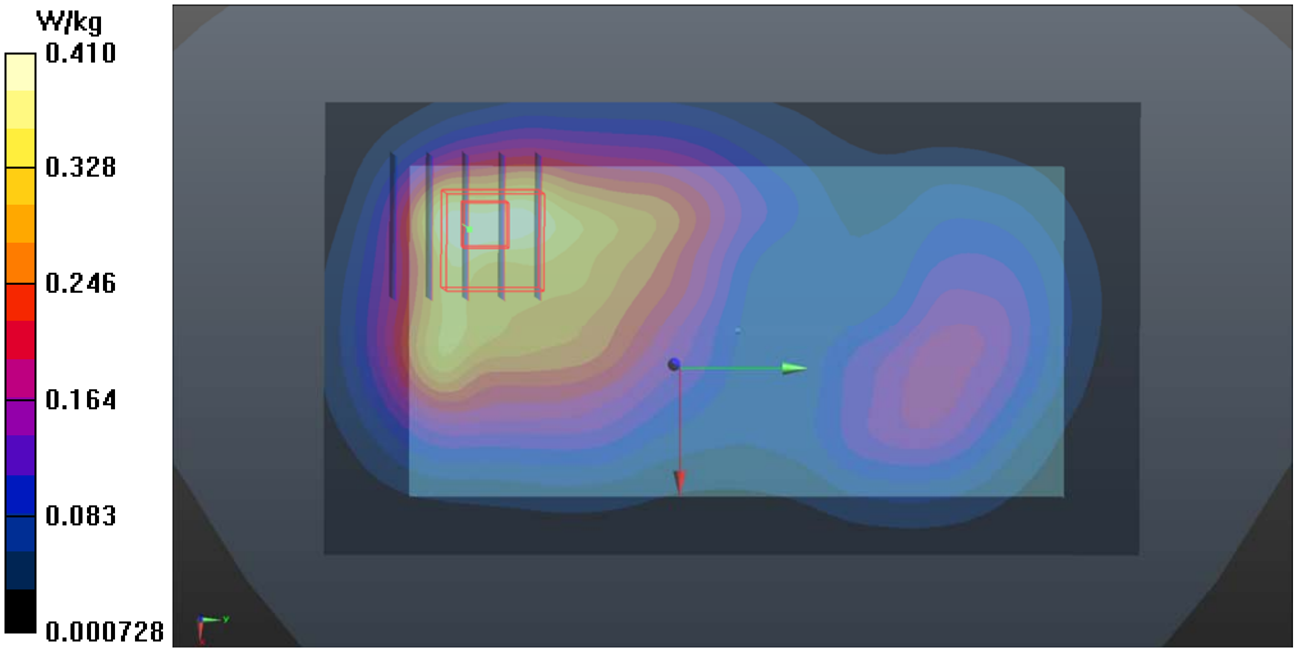
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: GPRS8; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: B16T20N2_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.58 S/m; ε_r = 51.317; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2017/03/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1496; Type: QD000P40CA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.410 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.465 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.262 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.386 W/kg



P13 WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Front Face_10mm_Ch4233

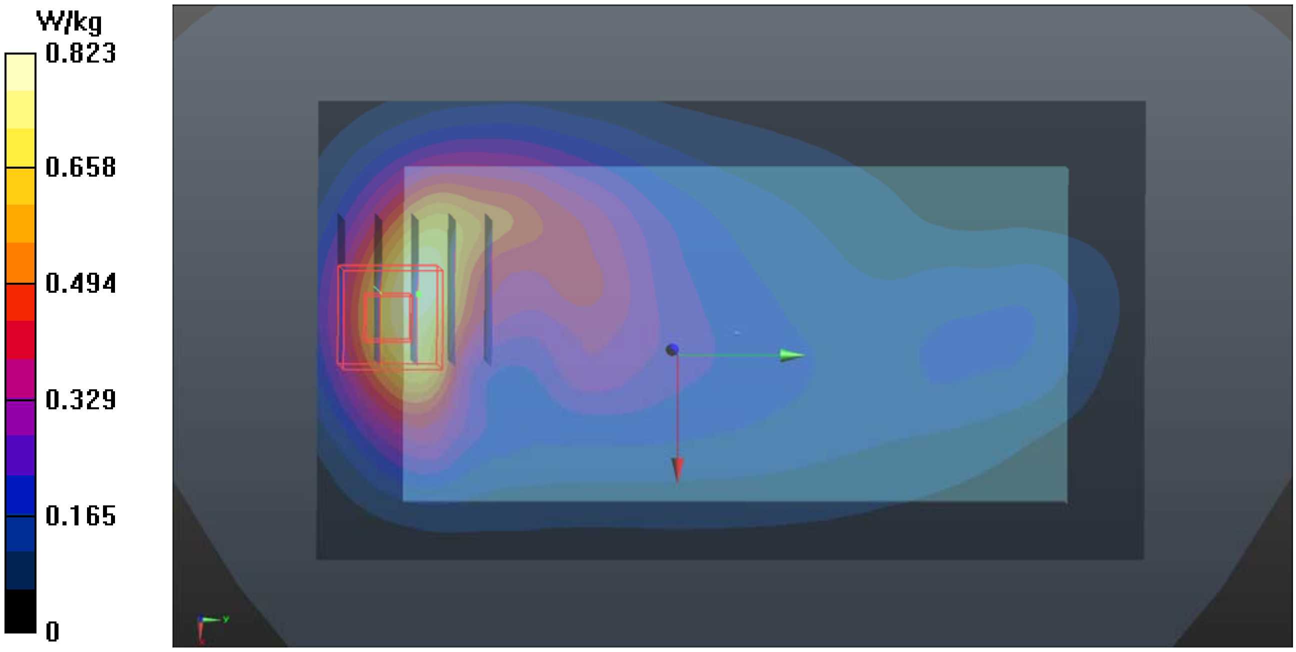
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B07T10N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; σ = 0.994 S/m; ε_r = 53.882; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(10.52, 10.52, 10.52); Calibrated: 2017/03/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1496; Type: QD000P40CA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.823 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.683 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.294 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.759 W/kg



P14 LTE 5_QPSK10M_Front Face_10mm_Ch20600_1RB_OS0

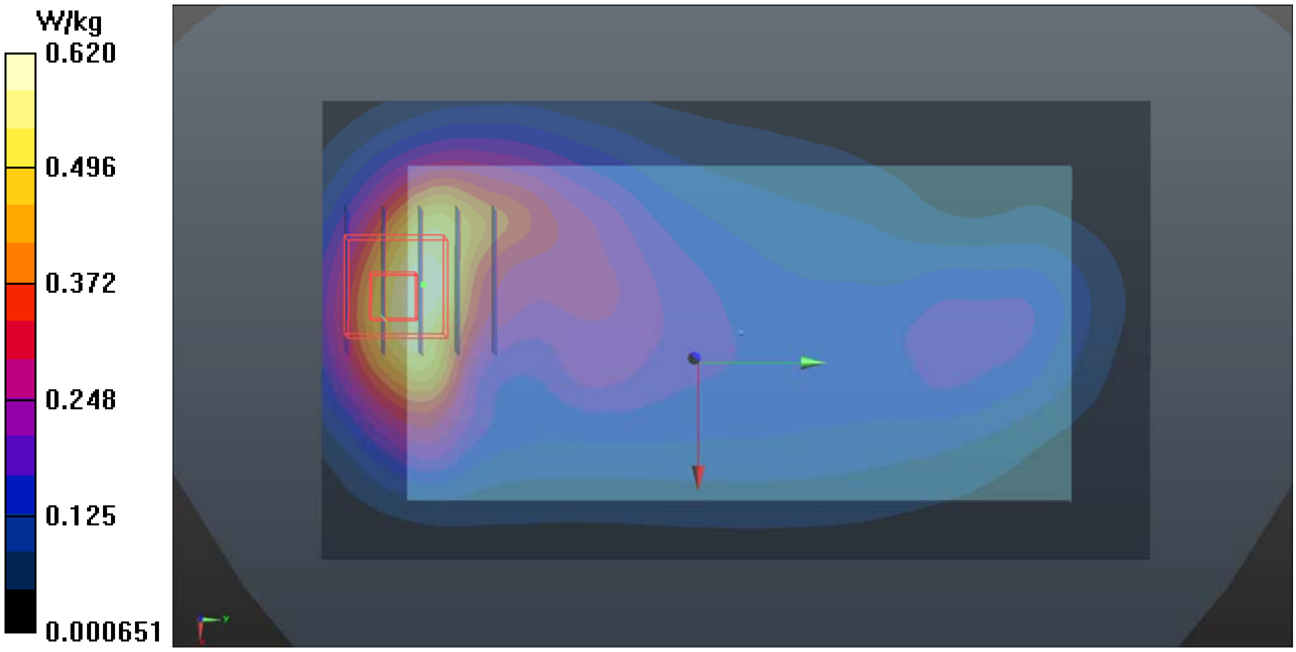
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 844 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B07T10N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 844 MHz; σ = 0.991 S/m; ε_r = 53.912; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃；Liquid Temperature：23.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(10.52, 10.52, 10.52); Calibrated: 2017/03/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1496; Type: QD000P40CA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.620 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 25.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.740 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.420 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.239 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 W/kg



P15 LTE 12_QPSK10M_Front Face_10mm_Ch23060_1RB_OS0

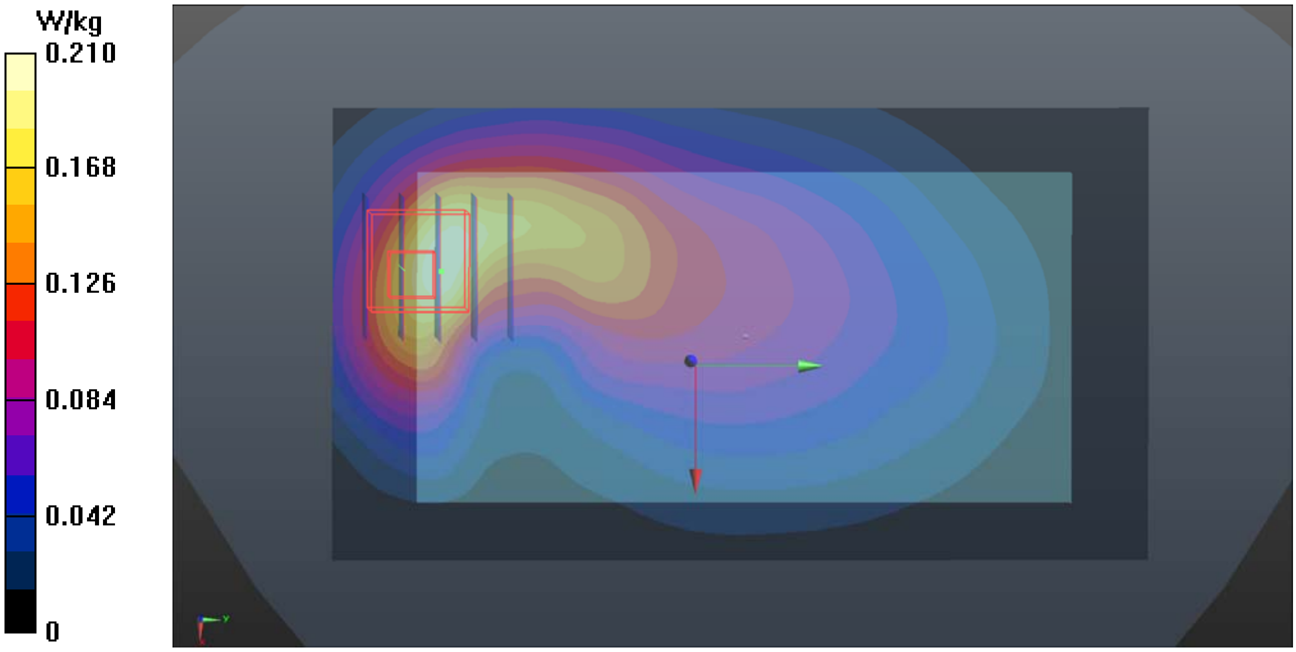
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 704 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B06T09N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; σ = 0.916 S/m; ε_r = 55.909; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(10.61, 10.61, 10.61); Calibrated: 2017/03/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1496; Type: QD000P40CA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.210 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.236 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.131 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 W/kg



P16 LTE 17_QPSK10M_Front Face_10mm_Ch23780_1RB_OS0

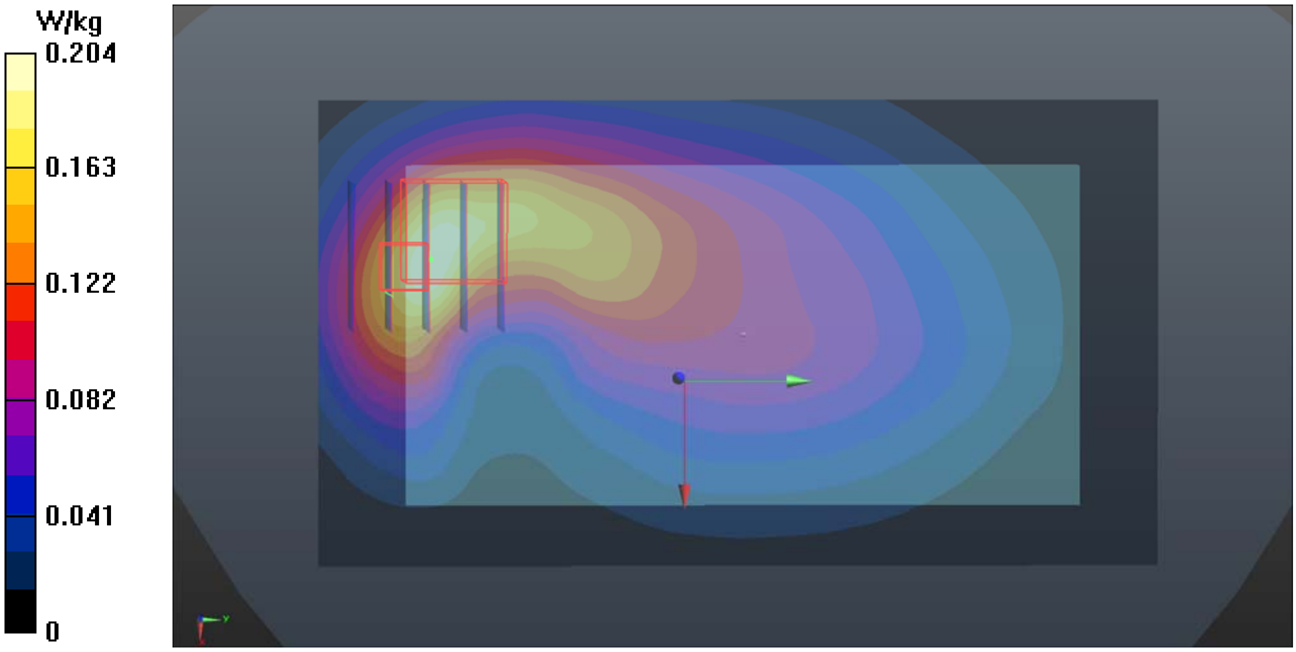
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 709 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B06T09N1_0212 Medium parameters used: f = 709 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 55.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3971; ConvF(10.61, 10.61, 10.61); Calibrated: 2017/03/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2017/05/22
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1496; Type: QD000P40CA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.204 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.237 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.131 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg



P17 WLAN 2.4G_802.11b_Rear Face_10mm_Ch6

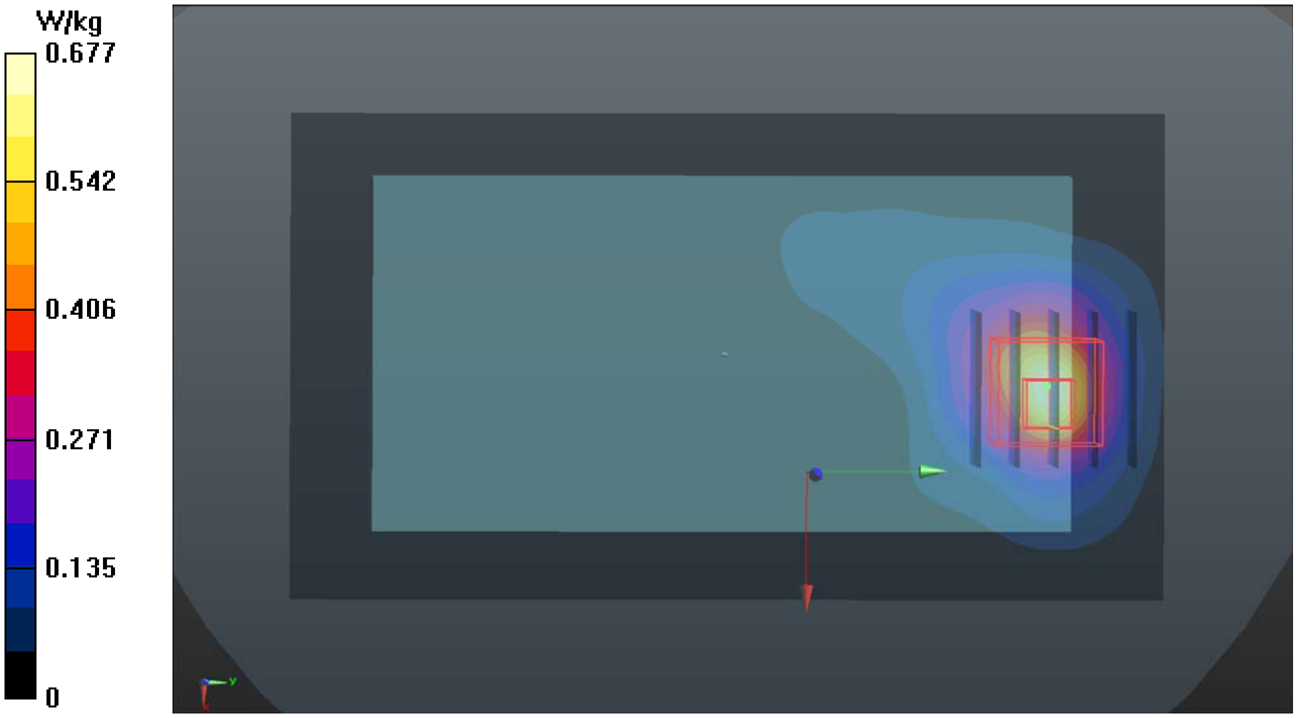
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B19T27N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 2.022 S/m; ε_r = 53.429; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.677 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.803 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.394 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 W/kg



P18 WLAN 5G_802.11ac VHT80_Rear Face_10mm_Ch58

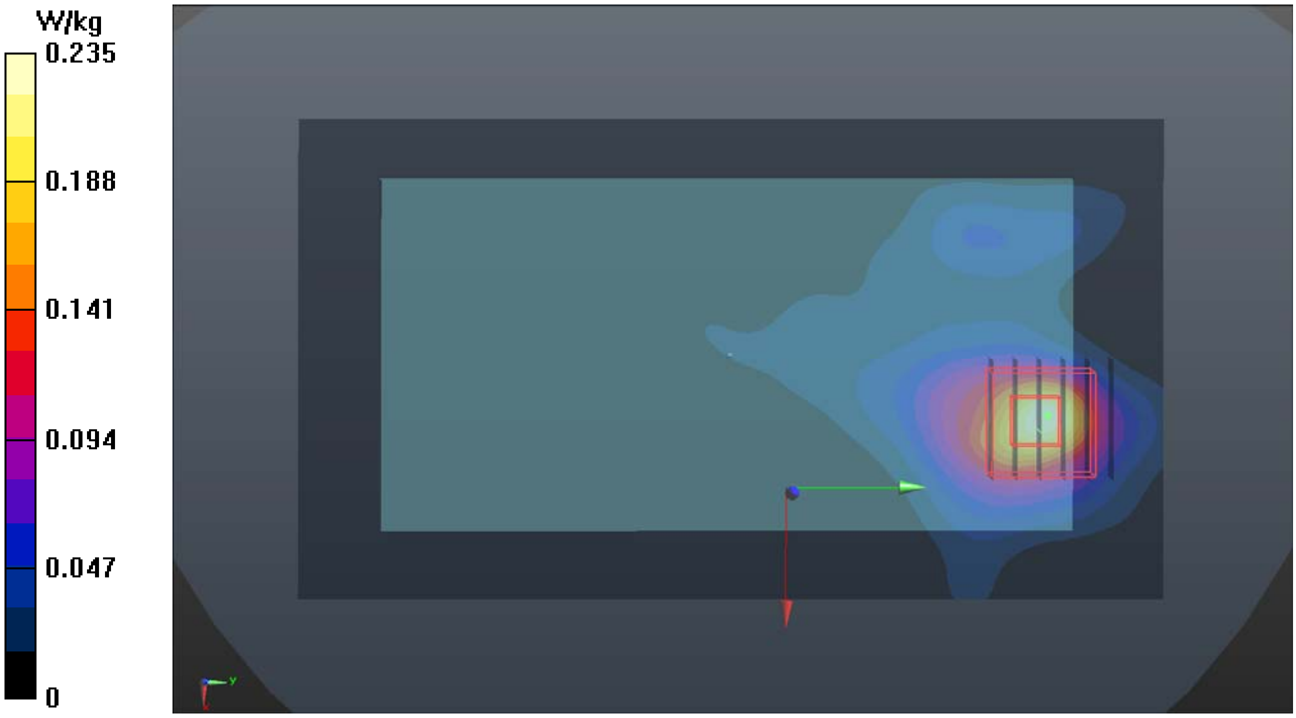
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B34T60N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz; σ = 5.298 S/m; ε_r = 50.88; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.235 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 7.017 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.545 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.120 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 W/kg



P19 WLAN 5G_802.11ac VHT80_Rear Face_10mm_Ch106

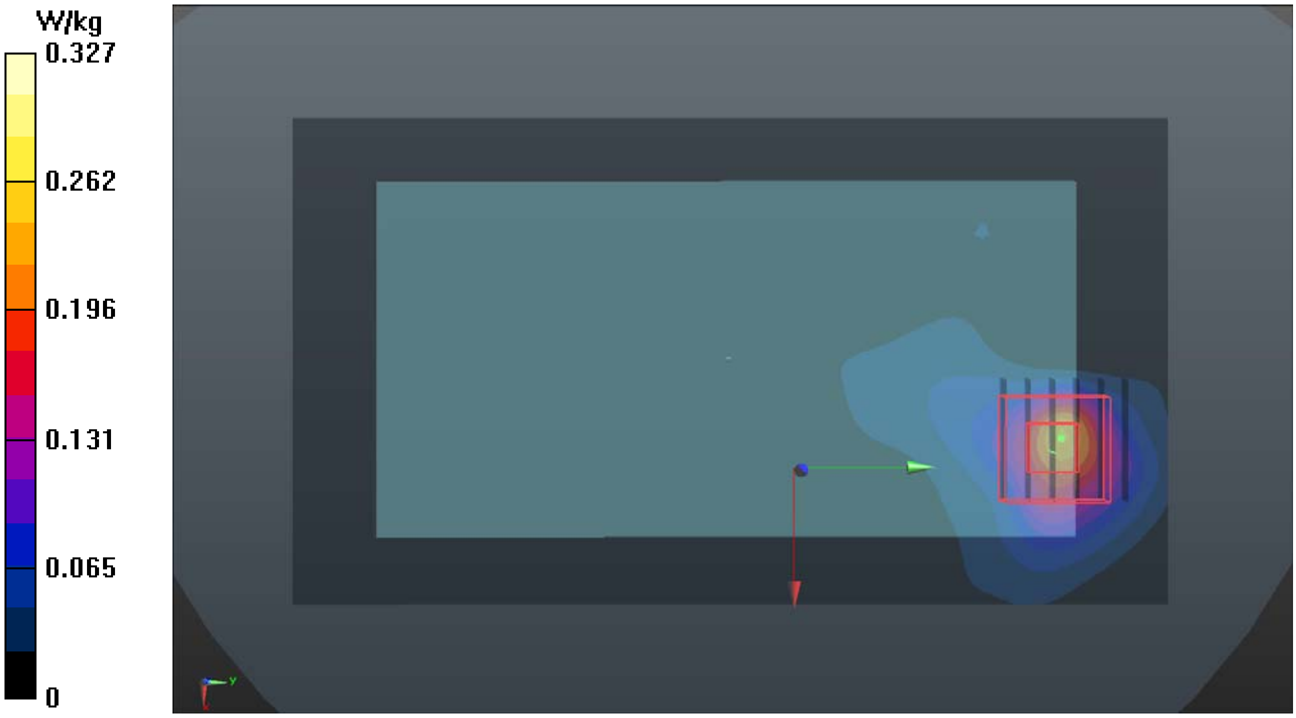
DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5530 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B34T60N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 5530 MHz; σ = 5.694 S/m; ε_r = 50.453; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.244 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 7.016 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.603 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.133 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2018/02/14

P20 BT_BR_EDR_Rear Face_10mm_Ch0

DUT: 171221C06

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B19T27N1_0214 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.982 S/m; ε_r = 53.546; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：23.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3650; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 2017/07/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1431; Calibrated: 2017/03/20
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom_1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

- Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.025 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.156 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.077 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 W/kg