

# **FCC SAR Test Report**

Report No. : SA120820C06

Applicant : FUJITSU LIMITED

Address : 1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki 211-8588, Japan

Product : Mobile Phone

FCC ID : VQK-F02E

Brand : Xi

Model No. : F-02E

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1991 / IEEE 1528:2003

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01) KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 / KDB 648474 D01 v01r05

KDB 941225 D01 v02 / KDB 941225 D03 v01 / KDB 941225 D06 v01

Date of Testing : Nov. 28, 2012 ~ Dec. 07, 2012

**CERTIFICATION:** The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch - Taiwan HwaYa Lab**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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# **Release Control Record**

| Issue No. | Reason for Change | Date Issued   |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------|
| R01       | Original release  | Dec. 12, 2012 |
|           |                   |               |

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# 1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

| Mode / Band  | Test Position           | SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------------|
|              | Head                    | 0.473            |
| GSM850       | Body Worn (1 cm Gap)    | 0.437            |
|              | Hotspot Mode (1 cm Gap) | 0.517            |
|              | Head                    | 0.172            |
| GSM1900      | Body Worn (1 cm Gap)    | 0.765            |
|              | Hotspot Mode (1 cm Gap) | 0.617            |
|              | Head                    | 0.325            |
| WCDMA Band V | Body Worn (1 cm Gap)    | 0.406            |
|              | Hotspot Mode (1 cm Gap) | 0.439            |
|              | Head                    | N/A              |
| WLAN         | Body Worn (1 cm Gap)    | N/A              |
|              | Hotspot Mode (1 cm Gap) | N/A              |
|              | Head                    | N/A              |
| Bluetooth    | Body Worn (1 cm Gap)    | N/A              |
|              | Hotspot Mode (1 cm Gap) | N/A              |

### Note:

- 1. The SAR limit **(1.6 W/kg)** for general population/uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991.
- 2. Since the WLAN/Bluetooth maximum power is less than  $2P_{Ref}$ , SAR testing for WLAN/Bluetooth is not required.

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# 2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

| EUT Type                                   | Mobile Phone   |
|--|--|
| FCC ID                                     | VQK-F02E   |
| Brand Name                                 | Xi   |
| Model Name                                 | F-02E  |
| IMEI Code                                  | 353579050028329  |
| HW Version                                 | R08.4  |
| SW Version                                 | V3.1.0   |
| Tx Frequency Bands<br>(Unit: MHz)          | GSM850 : 824 ~ 849<br>GSM1900 : 1850 ~ 1910<br>WCDMA Band V : 824 ~ 849<br>WLAN : 2400 ~ 2483.5, 5150 ~ 5350, 5470 ~ 5725<br>Bluetooth : 2400 ~ 2483.5                   |
| Uplink Modulations                         | GSM & GPRS : GMSK<br>WCDMA : QPSK<br>802.11b : DSSS<br>802.11g/n : OFDM<br>Bluetooth : GFSK  |
| Maximum AVG Conducted Power<br>(Unit: dBm) | GSM850: 33.22<br>GSM1900: 30.01<br>WCDMA Band V: 22.88<br>802.11b: 11.97<br>802.11g: 11.77<br>802.11n HT20 (2.4GHz): 11.57<br>802.11a: 9.99<br>802.11n HT20 (5GHz): 9.91 |
| Antenna Type                               | Fixed Internal Antenna<br>(Peak Gain : -8.5 dBi for 2.4G, -7.7 dBi for 5G)   |
| EUT Stage                                  | Identical Prototype  |

### Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

### **List of Accessory:**

|         | Brand Name   | Fujitsu Limited |
|---------|--------------|-----------------|
| Battery | Model Name   | F28             |
| Dallery | Power Rating | 3.8Vdc, 2420mAh |
|         | Туре         | Li-ion          |

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# 3. SAR Measurement System

# 3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## 3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4/5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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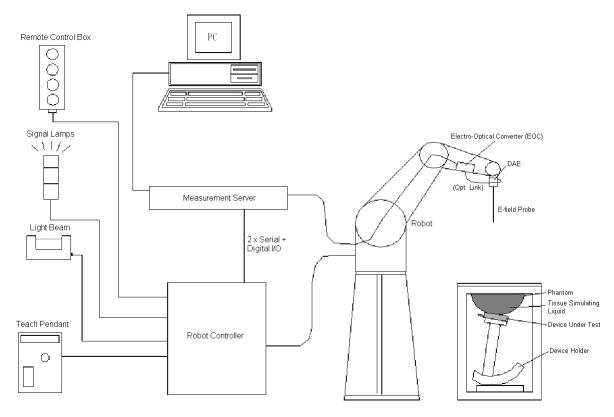


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

### 3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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### 3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

| Model         | EX3DV4   |       |
|---------------|--|-------|
| Construction  | Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE). |       |
| Frequency     | 10 MHz to 6 GHz<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB   |       |
| Directivity   | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)  |       |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g to 100 mW/g<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)   | All I |
| Dimensions    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm                           |       |

| Model         | ES3DV3  |     |
|---------------|---|-----|
| Construction  | Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE). | F   |
| Frequency     | 10 MHz to 4 GHz<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB  | M   |
| Directivity   | ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)   |     |
| Dynamic Range | 5 μW/g to 100 mW/g<br>Linearity: ± 0.2 dB   | ASS |
| Dimensions    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm  |     |

# 3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

| Model                   | DAE3, DAE4   |          |
|-------------------------|--|----------|
| Construction            | Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop. |          |
| Measurement             | -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,  |          |
| Range                   | 400mV)   | The last |
| Input Offset<br>Voltage | < 5μV (with auto zero)   |          |
| Input Bias Current      | < 50 fA  |          |
| Dimensions              | 60 x 60 x 68 mm  |          |

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# 3.2.4 Phantoms

| Model           | Twin SAM  |  |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Construction    | The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot. |  |
| Material        | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)  |  |
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)  |  |
| Dimensions      | Length: 1000 mm<br>Width: 500 mm<br>Height: adjustable feet   |  |
| Filling Volume  | approx. 25 liters   |  |



| Model           | ELI   |
|-----------------|---|
| Construction    | Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles. |
| Material        | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)  |
| Shell Thickness | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)   |
| Dimensions      | Major axis: 600 mm<br>Minor axis: 400 mm  |
| Filling Volume  | approx. 30 liters   |



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### 3.2.5 Device Holder

| Model        | Mounting Device   |  |
|--------------|---|--|
| Construction | In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). |  |
| Material     | POM   |  |



| Model        | Laptop Extensions Kit   |  |
|--------------|---|--|
| Construction | Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. |  |
| Material     | POM, Acrylic glass, Foam  |  |



#### **System Validation Dipoles** 3.2.6

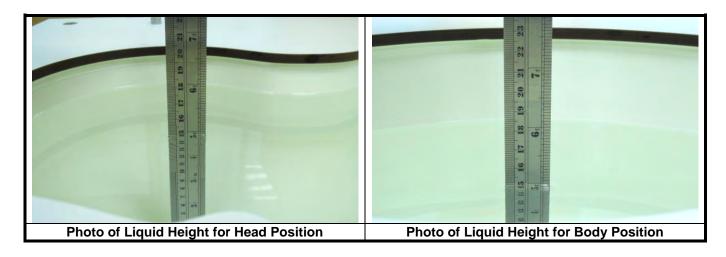
| Model            | D-Serial   |    |
|------------------|--|----|
| Construction     | Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions. |    |
| Frequency        | 750 MHz to 5800 MHz  |    |
| Return Loss      | > 20 dB  | 11 |
| Power Capability | > 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)  |    |

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### 3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528 and FCC OET 65 Supplement C Appendix C. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in FCC OET 65 Supplement C Appendix C. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

**Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Target<br>Permittivity | Range of ±5% | Target<br>Conductivity | Range of<br>±5% |
|--------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------|
|                    |                        | For Head     |                        |                 |
| 835                | 41.5                   | 39.4 ~ 43.6  | 0.90                   | 0.86 ~ 0.95     |
| 1900               | 40.0                   | 38.0 ~ 42.0  | 1.40                   | 1.33 ~ 1.47     |
|                    |                        | For Body     |                        |                 |
| 835                | 55.2                   | 52.4 ~ 58.0  | 0.97                   | 0.92 ~ 1.02     |
| 1900               | 53.3                   | 50.6 ~ 56.0  | 1.52                   | 1.44 ~ 1.60     |

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Tissue<br>Type | Bactericide | DGBE | HEC | NaCl | Sucrose | Triton<br>X-100 | Water | Diethylene<br>Glycol<br>Mono-<br>hexylether |
|----------------|-------------|------|-----|------|---------|-----------------|-------|---|
| H835           | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 1.5  | 57.0    | -               | 41.1  | -   |
| H1900          | -           | 44.5 | -   | 0.2  | -       | -               | 55.3  | -   |
| B835           | 0.2         | -    | 0.2 | 0.9  | 48.5    | -               | 50.2  | -   |
| B1900          | -           | 29.5 | -   | 0.3  | -       |                 | 70.2  | -   |

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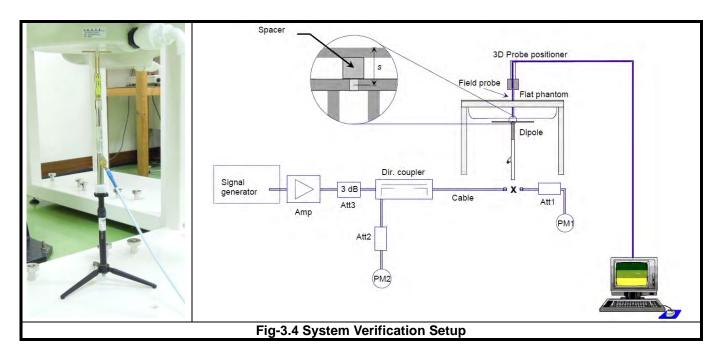
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### 3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The power meter PM1 measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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### 3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

### 3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for below 3 GHz, and 7x7x9 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for above 5 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

#### 3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### 3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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### 3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

### 3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

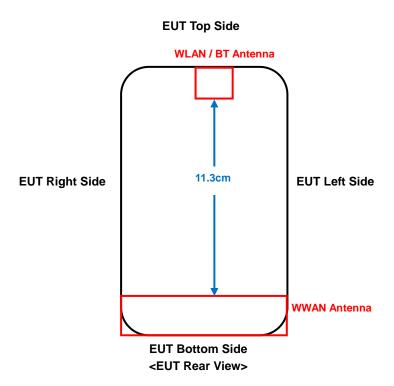
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# 4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

# 4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

### <Antenna Location>



According to KDB 941225 D06, this device supports WiFi hotspot capability and its overall device length and width are larger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so hotspot SAR was tested under 10 mm for the surfaces / edges where a transmitting antenna is within 25 mm from the surface / edge. Since the SAR is required for antenna located within 2.5 cm from edge, SAR testing for each antenna is listed as below.

WWAN Antenna: Front Face, Rear Face, Left Side, Right Side, Bottom Side

The simultaneous transmission possibilities are listed as below.

| Simultaneous TX Combination | Configuration                             | Head<br>(Voice / VoIP) | Body Worn<br>(Voice / VoIP) | Hotspot<br>(Data) |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| 1                           | GSM850 (Voice / Data) + WLAN / BT (Data)  | Yes                    | Yes                         | Yes               |
| 2                           | GSM1900 (Voice / Data) + WLAN / BT (Data) | Yes                    | Yes                         | Yes               |
| 3                           | WCDMA V (Voice / Data) + WLAN / BT (Data) | Yes                    | Yes                         | Yes               |

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For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (Agilent E5515C). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

For GSM850, the power control level is set to 5. For GPRS850 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 5. For GSM1900, the power control level is set to 0. For GPRS1900 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 0.

For WCDMA, head and body SAR is tested under 12.2k RMC mode with power control set all up bits. SAR for AMR is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC. SAR for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC without HSDPA/HSUPA and SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is less than 75% of the SAR limit (1.2 W/kg).

### **4.2 EUT Testing Position**

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Tilted, Left Cheek, Left Tilted, Front Face, Rear Face, Left Side, Right Side, and Bottom Side positions as illustrated below:

### 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

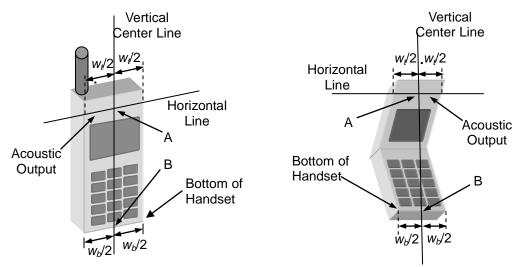


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

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#### 2. Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.2).

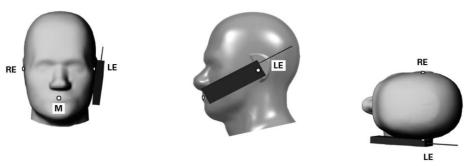


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

### 3. Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.3).



Fig-4.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

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### 4. Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
- (b) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to 1.0 cm.

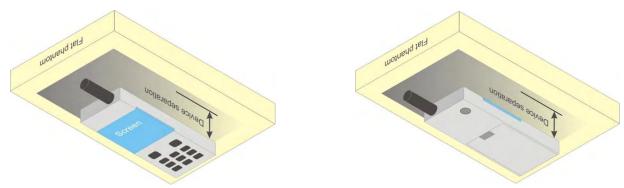


Fig-4.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

### 4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

| Tissue<br>Type | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Liquid<br>Temp.<br>(℃) | Measured<br>Conductivity<br>(σ) | Measured<br>Permittivity<br>(ε <sub>r</sub> ) | Target<br>Conductivity<br>(σ) | Target<br>Permittivity<br>(ε <sub>r</sub> ) | Conductivity<br>Deviation<br>(%) | Permittivity<br>Deviation<br>(%) | Test<br>Date  |
|----------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| H835           | 835                | 20.7                   | 0.906                           | 42.474  | 0.90                          | 41.5  | 0.67                             | 2.35                             | Nov. 28, 2012 |
| H1900          | 1900               | 20.3                   | 1.422                           | 40.423  | 1.40                          | 40.0  | 1.57                             | 1.06                             | Dec. 06, 2012 |
| B835           | 835                | 20.9                   | 0.993                           | 56.706  | 0.97                          | 55.2  | 2.37                             | 2.73                             | Nov. 28, 2012 |
| B1900          | 1900               | 20.7                   | 1.553                           | 52.993  | 1.52                          | 53.3  | 2.17                             | -0.58                            | Dec. 07, 2012 |

### Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within  $\pm 5\%$  of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within  $\pm 2\%$ .

### 4.4 System Verification

The measuring results for system check are shown as below.

| Test<br>Date  | Mode | Frequency<br>(MHz) | 1W Target<br>SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) | Measured<br>SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) | Normalized<br>to 1W<br>SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) | Deviation<br>(%) | Dipole<br>S/N | Probe<br>S/N | DAE<br>S/N |
|---------------|------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| Nov. 28, 2012 | Head | 835                | 9.46                          | 2.3                          | 9.20                                    | -2.75            | 4d021         | 3650         | 579        |
| Dec. 06, 2012 | Head | 1900               | 38.90                         | 9.22                         | 36.88                                   | -5.19            | 5d036         | 3650         | 579        |
| Nov. 28, 2012 | Body | 835                | 9.60                          | 2.46                         | 9.84                                    | 2.50             | 4d021         | 3650         | 579        |
| Dec. 07, 2012 | Body | 1900               | 38.90                         | 10.1                         | 40.40                                   | 3.86             | 5d036         | 3650         | 579        |

#### Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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# 4.5 Conducted Power Results

The measuring conducted power (Unit: dBm) are shown as below.

| Band                                |                                     | GSM850      |         | GSM1900 |         |        |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Channel                             | 128                                 | 189         | 189 251 |         | 512 661 |        |  |  |  |  |
| Frequency (MHz)                     | 824.2                               | 824.2 836.4 |         | 1850.2  | 1880.0  | 1909.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power |                                     |             |         |         |         |        |  |  |  |  |
| GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)                | 33.05                               | 33.15       | 33.22   | 30.01   | 29.91   | 29.84  |  |  |  |  |
| GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)             | 33.04                               | 33.13       | 33.21   | 30.00   | 29.90   | 29.83  |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power |             |         |         |         |        |  |  |  |  |
| GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)                | 24.05                               | 24.15       | 24.22   | 21.01   | 20.91   | 20.84  |  |  |  |  |
| GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)             | 24.04                               | 24.13       | 24.21   | 21.00   | 20.90   | 20.83  |  |  |  |  |

### Note:

- 1. SAR testing for GSM/GPRS/EDGE was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated methods are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst-averaged power (1 Uplink) – 9 dBm

| Band            |       | WCDMA Band V |       |
|-----------------|-------|--------------|-------|
| Channel         | 4132  | 4182         | 4233  |
| Frequency (MHz) | 826.4 | 836.4        | 846.6 |
| RMC 12.2K       | 22.38 | 22.88        | 22.30 |
| HSDPA Subtest-1 | 22.35 | 22.69        | 22.25 |
| HSDPA Subtest-2 | 22.36 | 22.85        | 22.28 |
| HSDPA Subtest-3 | 21.44 | 21.97        | 21.35 |
| HSDPA Subtest-4 | 21.46 | 21.80        | 21.17 |
| HSUPA Subtest-1 | 21.21 | 21.75        | 21.14 |
| HSUPA Subtest-2 | 18.96 | 19.55        | 18.88 |
| HSUPA Subtest-3 | 19.80 | 20.10        | 19.86 |
| HSUPA Subtest-4 | 18.92 | 19.55        | 18.94 |
| HSUPA Subtest-5 | 21.24 | 21.77        | 21.18 |

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| Band            |       | 802.11b |       | 802.11g |       |       |  |
|-----------------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|-------|--|
| Channel         | 1 6   |         | 11    | 1       | 6     | 11    |  |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2412  | 2437    | 2462  | 2412    | 2437  | 2462  |  |
| Average Power   | 11.27 | 11.63   | 11.97 | 11.49   | 11.67 | 11.77 |  |

| Band            |       | 802.11n (HT20) |       |   | - |   |
|-----------------|-------|----------------|-------|---|---|---|
| Channel         | 1     | 6              | 11    | - | - | - |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2412  | 2437           | 2462  | - | - | - |
| Average Power   | 11.39 | 11.34          | 11.57 | - | - | - |

| Band            |      | 802.11a                 |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |  |
|-----------------|------|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| Channel         | 36   | 36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |  |
| Frequency (MHz) | 5180 | 5200                    | 5220 | 5240 | 5260 | 5280 | 5300 | 5320 |  |  |
| Average Power   | 9.81 | 9.79                    | 9.83 | 9.99 | 9.75 | 9.71 | 9.75 | 9.74 |  |  |

| Band            |      | 802.11a |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |
|-----------------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Channel         | 100  | 104     | 108  | 112  | 116  | 132  | 136  | 140  |  |
| Frequency (MHz) | 5500 | 5520    | 5540 | 5560 | 5580 | 5660 | 5680 | 5700 |  |
| Average Power   | 9.72 | 9.71    | 9.71 | 9.68 | 9.70 | 9.67 | 9.62 | 9.30 |  |

| Band            |      | 802.11n (HT20)          |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |  |
|-----------------|------|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| Channel         | 36   | 36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |  |
| Frequency (MHz) | 5180 | 5200                    | 5220 | 5240 | 5260 | 5280 | 5300 | 5320 |  |  |
| Average Power   | 9.54 | 9.51                    | 9.51 | 9.91 | 9.61 | 9.60 | 9.66 | 9.62 |  |  |

| Band            | 802.11n (HT20) |                                 |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Channel         | 100            | 100 104 108 112 116 132 136 140 |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |
| Frequency (MHz) | 5500           | 5520                            | 5540 | 5560 | 5580 | 5660 | 5680 | 5700 |  |
| Average Power   | 9.71           | 9.69                            | 9.54 | 9.14 | 9.18 | 9.14 | 9.11 | 9.08 |  |

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# 4.6 SAR Testing Results

### 4.6.1 SAR Results for Head

| Plot<br>No. | Band    | Mode     | Test Position | Channel | Conducted<br>Power<br>(dBm) | Power<br>Drift<br>(dB) | SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) |
|-------------|---------|----------|---------------|---------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 1           | GSM850  | GSM      | Right Cheek   | 251     | 33.22                       | 0.16                   | 0.473            |
| 2           | GSM850  | GSM      | Right Tilted  | 251     | 33.22                       | 0.09                   | 0.253            |
| 3           | GSM850  | GSM      | Left Cheek    | 251     | 33.22                       | -0.036                 | 0.441            |
| 4           | GSM850  | GSM      | Left Tilted   | 251     | 33.22                       | -0.02                  | 0.269            |
| 23          | GSM1900 | GSM      | Right Cheek   | 512     | 30.01                       | 0.17                   | 0.102            |
| 24          | GSM1900 | GSM      | Right Tilted  | 512     | 30.01                       | -0.15                  | 0.05             |
| 25          | GSM1900 | GSM      | Left Cheek    | 512     | 30.01                       | 0.14                   | 0.172            |
| 26          | GSM1900 | GSM      | Left Tilted   | 512     | 30.01                       | -0.17                  | 0.038            |
| 5           | WCDMA V | RMC12.2K | Right Cheek   | 4182    | 22.88                       | -0.17                  | 0.325            |
| 6           | WCDMA V | RMC12.2K | Right Tilted  | 4182    | 22.88                       | -0.01                  | 0.171            |
| 7           | WCDMA V | RMC12.2K | Left Cheek    | 4182    | 22.88                       | -0.17                  | 0.27             |
| 8           | WCDMA V | RMC12.2K | Left Tilted   | 4182    | 22.88                       | -0.10                  | 0.165            |

### 4.6.2 SAR Results for Body

### <Body Worn Mode>

| Plot<br>No. | Band    | Mode     | Test Position | Separation<br>Distance<br>(cm) | Channel | Conducted<br>Power<br>(dBm) | Power<br>Drift<br>(dB) | SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) |
|-------------|---------|----------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 14          | GSM850  | GSM      | Front Face    | 1                              | 251     | 33.22                       | 0.05                   | 0.401            |
| 15          | GSM850  | GSM      | Rear Face     | 1                              | 251     | 33.22                       | 0.10                   | 0.437            |
| 32          | GSM1900 | GSM      | Front Face    | 1                              | 512     | 30.01                       | 0.19                   | 0.161            |
| 33          | GSM1900 | GSM      | Rear Face     | 1                              | 512     | 30.01                       | -0.07                  | 0.765            |
| 21          | WCDMA V | RMC12.2K | Front Face    | 1                              | 4182    | 22.88                       | 0.01                   | 0.327            |
| 22          | WCDMA V | RMC12.2K | Rear Face     | 1                              | 4182    | 22.88                       | -0.02                  | 0.406            |

### <Hotspot Mode>

| 111010      | spot woue> |          |               |                                |         |                             |                        |                  |
|-------------|------------|----------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Plot<br>No. | Band       | Mode     | Test Position | Separation<br>Distance<br>(cm) | Channel | Conducted<br>Power<br>(dBm) | Power<br>Drift<br>(dB) | SAR-1g<br>(W/kg) |
| 9           | GSM850     | GPRS8    | Front Face    | 1                              | 251     | 33.21                       | -0.16                  | 0.476            |
| 10          | GSM850     | GPRS8    | Rear Face     | 1                              | 251     | 33.21                       | 0.10                   | 0.517            |
| 11          | GSM850     | GPRS8    | Left Side     | 1                              | 251     | 33.21                       | -0.08                  | 0.337            |
| 13          | GSM850     | GPRS8    | Bottom Side   | 1                              | 251     | 33.21                       | -0.14                  | 0.188            |
| 27          | GSM1900    | GPRS8    | Front Face    | 1                              | 512     | 30.00                       | -0.03                  | 0.162            |
| 28          | GSM1900    | GPRS8    | Rear Face     | 1                              | 512     | 30.00                       | 0.19                   | 0.617            |
| 29          | GSM1900    | GPRS8    | Left Side     | 1                              | 512     | 30.00                       | 0.19                   | 0.095            |
| 31          | GSM1900    | GPRS8    | Bottom Side   | 1                              | 512     | 30.00                       | 0.13                   | 0.366            |
| 16          | WCDMA V    | RMC12.2K | Front Face    | 1                              | 4182    | 22.88                       | -0.05                  | 0.377            |
| 17          | WCDMA V    | RMC12.2K | Rear Face     | 1                              | 4182    | 22.88                       | 0.03                   | 0.439            |
| 18          | WCDMA V    | RMC12.2K | Left Side     | 1                              | 4182    | 22.88                       | -0.08                  | 0.226            |
| 20          | WCDMA V    | RMC12.2K | Bottom Side   | 1                              | 4182    | 22.88                       | 0.06                   | 0.173            |

#### Note:

1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the SAR value of highest power channel is less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

Test Engineer: Isaac Liao, and Morrison Huang

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### 4.6.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

According to KDB 648474, the standalone SAR for WLAN/BT and simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN and WLAN/BT are not required, because the maximum output power of WLAN/Bluetooth is less than  $2P_{Ref}$  and the closest separation distance of these antennas is larger than 5 cm. The WLAN and BT cannot transmit simultaneously, so there is no co-location test requirement for WLAN and BT.

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# 5. Calibration of Test Equipment

| Equipment                    | Manufacturer | Model          | SN         | Cal. Date     | Cal. Interval |
|------------------------------|--------------|----------------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| System Validation Kit        | SPEAG        | D835V2         | 4d021      | Apr. 20, 2012 | Annual        |
| System Validation Kit        | SPEAG        | D1900V2        | 5d036      | Jan. 26, 2012 | Annual        |
| Dosimetric E-Field Probe     | SPEAG        | EX3DV4         | 3650       | Oct. 26, 2012 | Annual        |
| Data Acquisition Electronics | SPEAG        | DAE3           | 579        | Apr. 27, 2012 | Annual        |
| SAM Phantom                  | SPEAG        | QD000P40CD     | TP-1127    | N/A           | N/A           |
| SAM Phantom                  | SPEAG        | QD000P40CD     | TP-1496    | N/A           | N/A           |
| Radio Communication Tester   | Agilent      | E5515C         | MY50260642 | Nov. 02, 2012 | Annual        |
| ENA Series Network Analyzer  | Agilent      | E5071C         | MY46214281 | May 14, 2012  | Annual        |
| MXG Analog Signal Generator  | Agilent      | N5181A         | MY50143868 | May 06, 2012  | Annual        |
| Power Meter                  | Anritsu      | ML2495A        | 1218009    | May 07, 2012  | Annual        |
| Power Sensor                 | Anritsu      | MA2411B        | 1207252    | May 07, 2012  | Annual        |
| EXA Spectrum Analyzer        | Agilent      | N9010A         | MY52100136 | Apr. 23, 2012 | Annual        |
| Dielectric Probe Kit         | Agilent      | 85070D         | E2-020018  | May 14, 2012  | Annual        |
| Thermometer                  | YFE          | YF-160A        | 110600361  | Feb. 21, 2012 | Annual        |
| Directional Coupler          | Woken        | 0110A05602O-10 | 11122702   | Apr. 19, 2012 | Annual        |
| Power Amplifier              | AR           | 5S1G4          | 0339656    | Apr. 23, 2012 | Annual        |
| Power Amplifier              | Mini-Circuit | ZVE-8G         | 001000422  | Apr. 23, 2012 | Annual        |
| Attenuator                   | Woken        | 00800A1G01L-03 | N/A        | Apr. 19, 2012 | Annual        |

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# 6. Measurement Uncertainty

| Error Description            | Uncertainty<br>Value<br>(±%) | Probability<br>Distribution | Divisor | Ci<br>(1g) | Standard<br>Uncertainty<br>(1g) | Vi       |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| Measurement System           |                              |                             |         |            |                                 |          |
| Probe Calibration            | 6.0                          | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | ± 6.0 %                         | $\infty$ |
| Axial Isotropy               | 4.7                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.7        | ± 1.9 %                         | $\infty$ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy       | 9.6                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.7        | ± 3.9 %                         | ∞        |
| Boundary Effects             | 1.0                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 0.6 %                         | ∞        |
| Linearity                    | 4.7                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 2.7 %                         | ∞        |
| System Detection Limits      | 1.0                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 0.6 %                         | $\infty$ |
| Readout Electronics          | 0.6                          | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | ± 0.6 %                         | $\infty$ |
| Response Time                | 0.0                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 0.0 %                         | ∞        |
| Integration Time             | 1.7                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 1.0 %                         | ∞        |
| RF Ambient Noise             | 3.0                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 1.7 %                         | ∞        |
| RF Ambient Reflections       | 3.0                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 1.7 %                         | ∞        |
| Probe Positioner             | 0.5                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 0.3 %                         | ∞        |
| Probe Positioning            | 2.9                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 1.7 %                         | ∞        |
| Max. SAR Eval.               | 2.3                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 1.3 %                         | ∞        |
| Test Sample Related          |                              |                             |         |            |                                 |          |
| Device Positioning           | 3.9                          | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | ± 3.9 %                         | 31       |
| Device Holder                | 2.7                          | Normal                      | 1       | 1          | ± 2.7 %                         | 19       |
| Power Drift                  | 5.0                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 2.9 %                         | $\infty$ |
| Phantom and Setup            |                              |                             |         |            |                                 |          |
| Phantom Uncertainty          | 4.0                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 1          | ± 2.3 %                         | ∞        |
| Liquid Conductivity (Target) | 5.0                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.64       | ± 1.8 %                         | ∞        |
| Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)  | 5.0                          | Normal                      | 1       | 0.64       | ± 3.2 %                         | 29       |
| Liquid Permittivity (Target) | 5.0                          | Rectangular                 | √3      | 0.6        | ± 1.7 %                         | ∞        |
| Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)  | 5.0                          | Normal                      | 1       | 0.6        | ± 3.0 %                         | 29       |
| Combined Standard Uncertai   | nty                          |                             |         |            | ± 11.7 %                        |          |
| Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)   |                              |                             |         |            | ± 23.4 %                        |          |

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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# 7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

### Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

Add: No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-318-3232 Fax: 886-3-327-0892

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Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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# Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification are shown as follows.

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### **System Check\_H835\_121128**

## **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d021**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.906$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.474$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

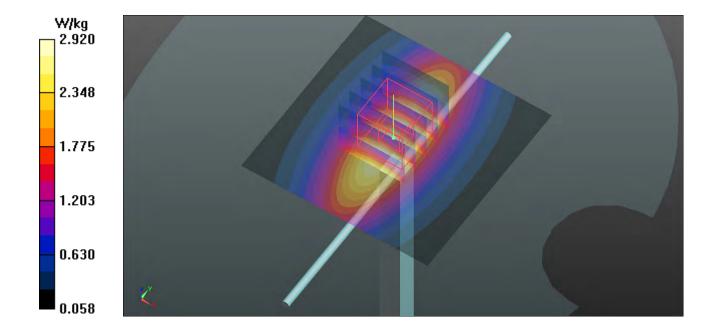
Ambient Temperature: 21.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.92 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.079 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.414 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 2.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg



## System Check\_H1900\_121206

## **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d036**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H1900\_1206 Medium parameters used: f=1900 MHz;  $\sigma=1.422$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r=40.423$ ;  $\rho=1.422$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r=40.423$ 

Date: 2012/12/06

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.3°C

## DASY5 Configuration:

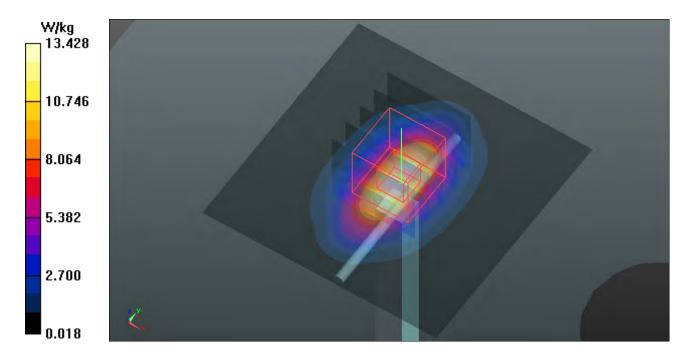
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_right; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1496
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98.980 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.72 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



### **System Check\_B835\_121128**

# **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; SN: 4d021**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.993$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.706$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9°C

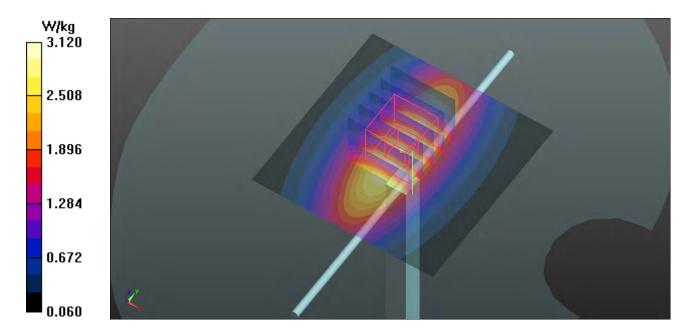
## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.12 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.064 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.662 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.13 W/kg



## System Check\_B1900\_121207

### **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d036**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B1900\_1207 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.553$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.993$ ;  $\rho = 1.553$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 1.553$  mho/m;

Date: 2012/12/07

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

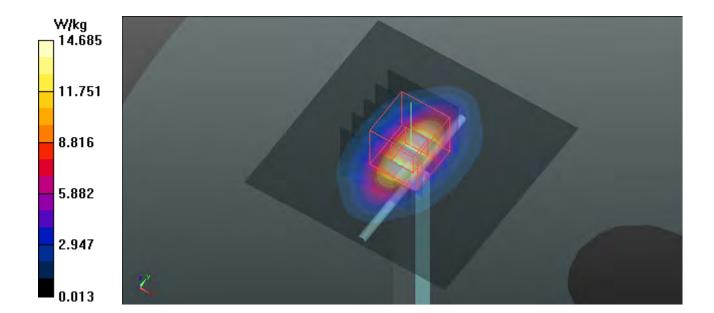
Ambient Temperature: 21.8°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.027 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.24 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg





# **Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement**

The plots for SAR measurement are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Dec. 12, 2012

Report No. : SA120820C06

## P01 GSM850\_GSM\_Right Cheek\_Ch251

### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: H835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.919$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.306$ ;  $\rho = 0.919$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.306$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.306$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.538 W/kg

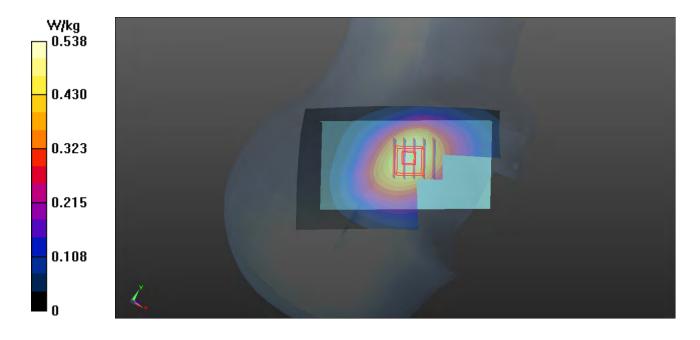
# Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

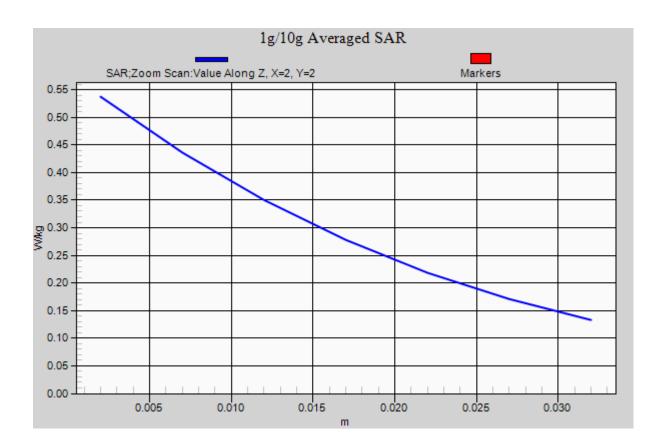
Reference Value = 7.048 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.593 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.473 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.358 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.537 W/kg





## P02 GSM850\_GSM\_Right Tilted\_Ch251

### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: H835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.919$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.306$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.296 W/kg

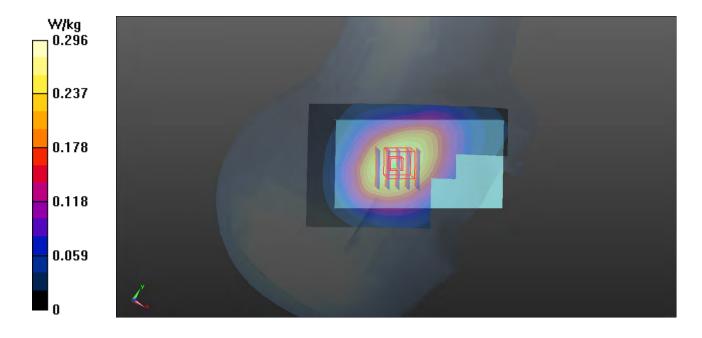
## Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.857 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.307 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.253 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.282 W/kg



## P03 GSM850\_GSM\_Left Cheek\_Ch251

### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: H835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.919$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.306$ ;  $\rho = 0.919$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.306$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.306$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.495 W/kg

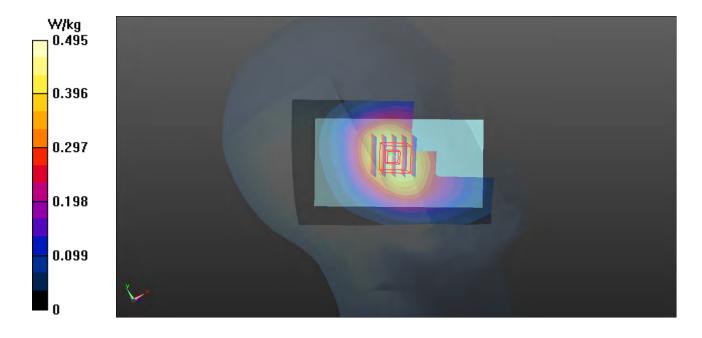
# Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.559 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.541 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.441 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.501 W/kg



## P04 GSM850\_GSM\_Left Tilted\_Ch251

### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: H835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.919$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.306$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.313 W/kg

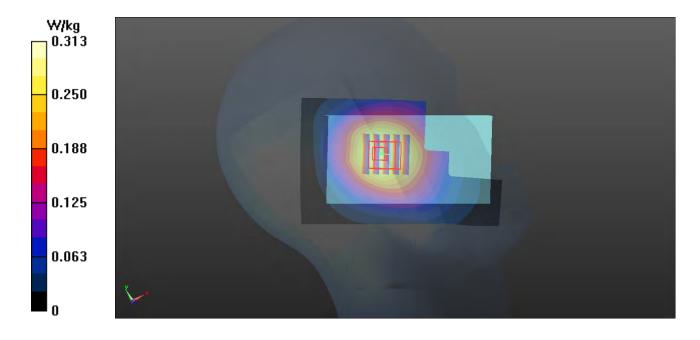
# Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.347 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.269 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 W/kg



## P23 GSM1900\_GSM\_Right Cheek\_Ch512

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: H1900\_1206 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\rho = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\rho = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\epsilon_r =$ 

Date: 2012/12/06

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.3°C

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_right; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1496
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

# Ch512/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 W/kg

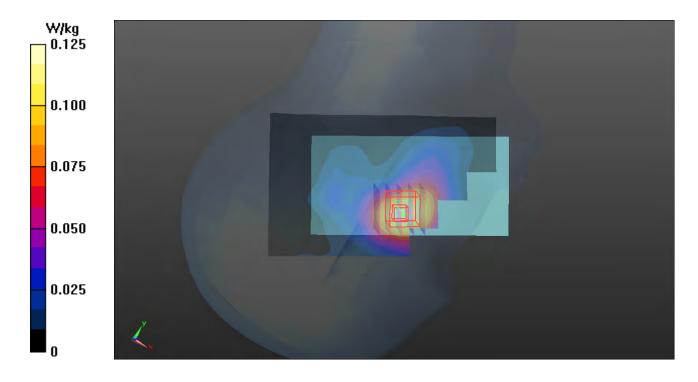
# Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.941 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.152 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 W/kg



## P24 GSM1900\_GSM\_Right Tilted\_Ch512

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: H1900\_1206 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\rho = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\rho = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\epsilon_r =$ 

Date: 2012/12/06

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.3°C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_right; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1496
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

## Ch512/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0736 W/kg

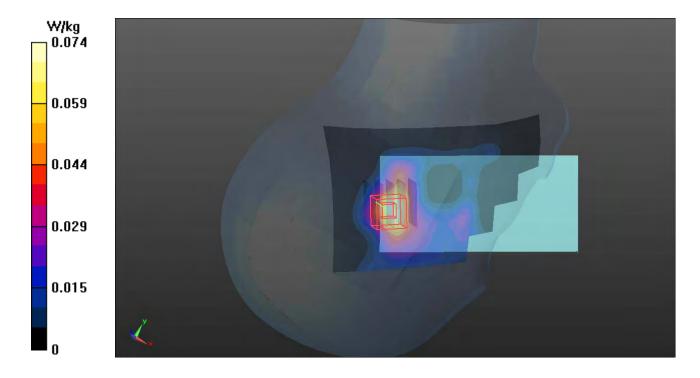
# Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.660 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.050 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0628 W/kg



## P25 GSM1900\_GSM\_Left Cheek\_Ch512

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: H1900\_1206 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\rho = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\rho = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\epsilon_r =$ 

Date: 2012/12/06

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.3°C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_right; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1496
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

# Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.506 W/kg

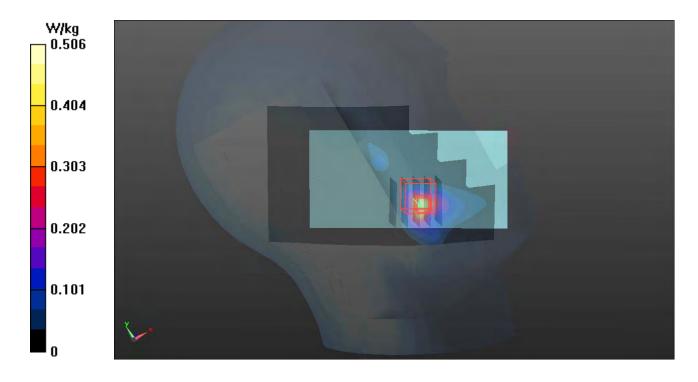
# Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

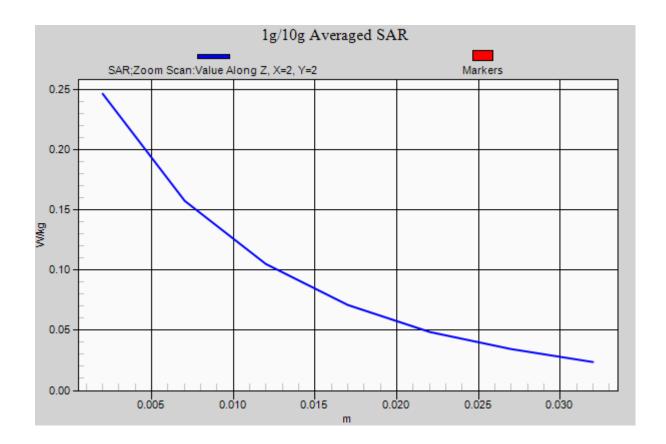
Reference Value = 2.903 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.293 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.172 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.247 W/kg





## P26 GSM1900\_GSM\_Left TILTED\_Ch512

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: H1900\_1206 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\rho = 1.373$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.634$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.$ 

Date: 2012/12/06

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.3°C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_right; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1496
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

#### **Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0498 W/kg

## Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.928 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0620 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0479 W/kg

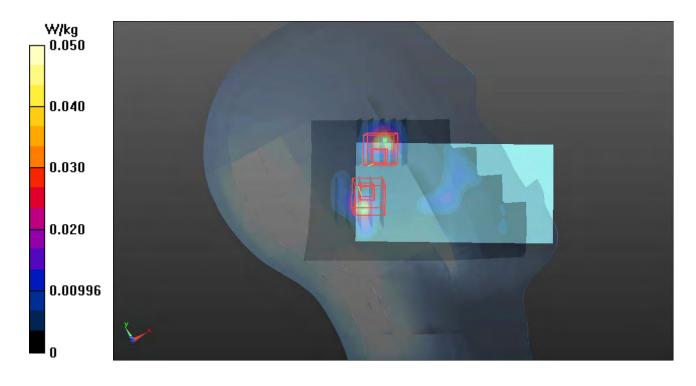
## Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.928 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0450 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0403 W/kg



## P05 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2k\_Right Cheek\_Ch4182

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.907$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 42.458$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch4182/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.380 W/kg

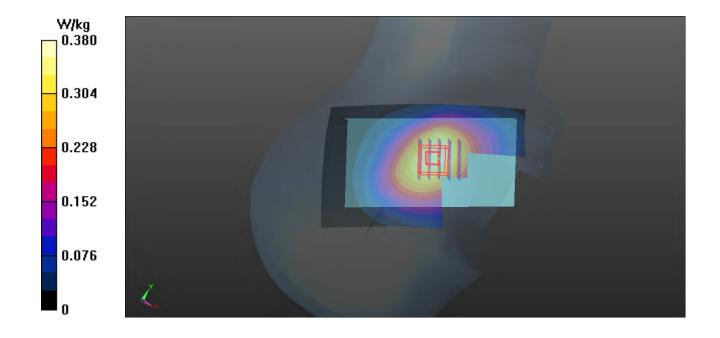
## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

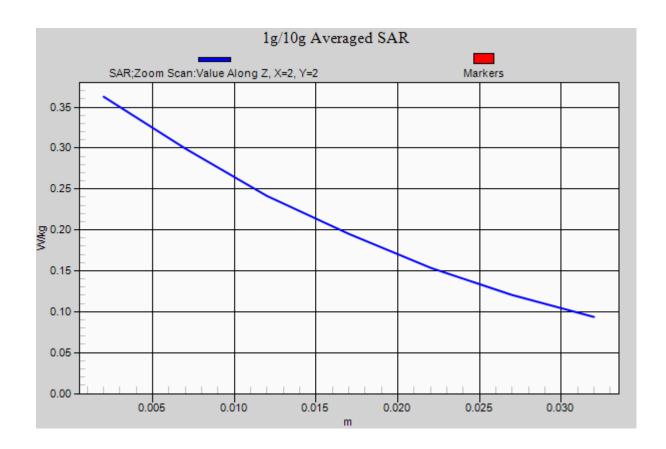
Reference Value = 6.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.396 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.325 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.248 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.363 W/kg





## P06 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2k\_Right Tilted\_Ch4182

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.907$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.458$ ;  $\rho = 0.907$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.458$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.45$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch4182/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.200 W/kg

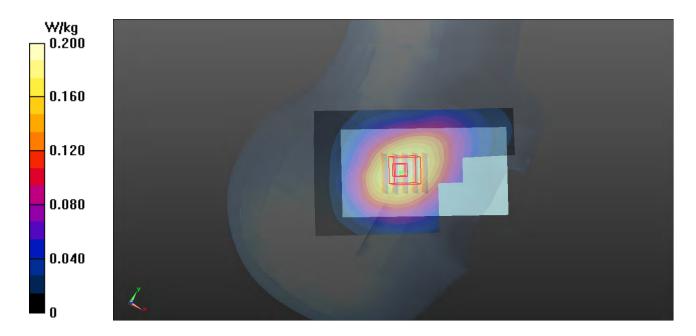
## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.318 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.208 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.171 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg



## P07 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2k\_Left Cheek\_Ch4182

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.907$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.458$ ;  $\rho = 0.907$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.458$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.45$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch4182/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.301 W/kg

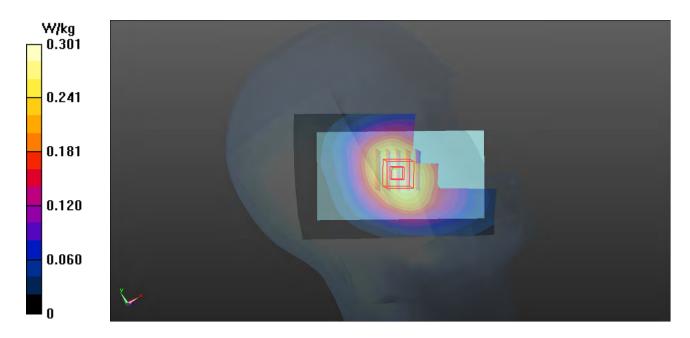
## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.709 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.329 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.306 W/kg



## P08 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2k\_Left Tilted\_Ch4182

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.907$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.458$ ;  $\rho = 0.907$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.458$ ;  $\rho = 0.907$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.458$ ;  $\rho = 0.907$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 0.907$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch4182/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.190 W/kg

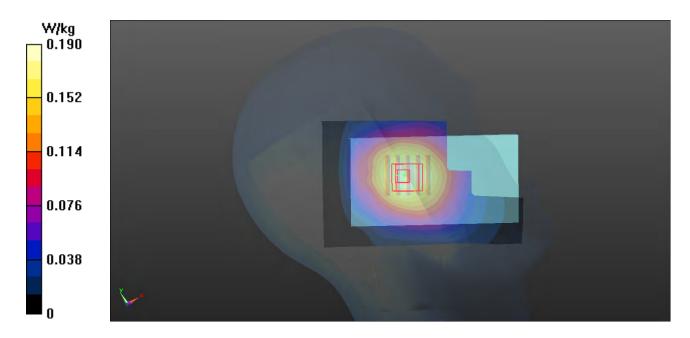
## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.717 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.165 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 W/kg



## P09 GSM850\_GPRS8\_Front Face\_1cm\_Ch251

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.003$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.583$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.572 W/kg

#### Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.370 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.600 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.476 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.367 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.543 W/kg

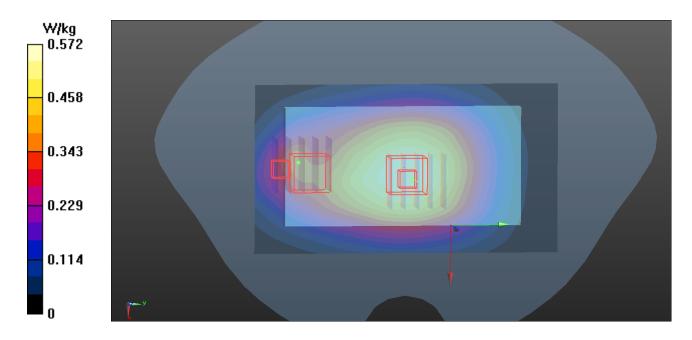
## Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.370 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.407 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.235 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.142 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362 W/kg



## P10 GSM850\_GPRS8\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch251

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.003$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.583$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.586 W/kg

## Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.672 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.666 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.517 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.394 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.600 W/kg

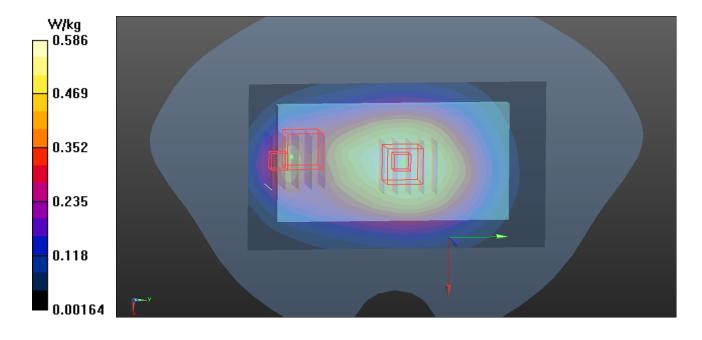
## Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

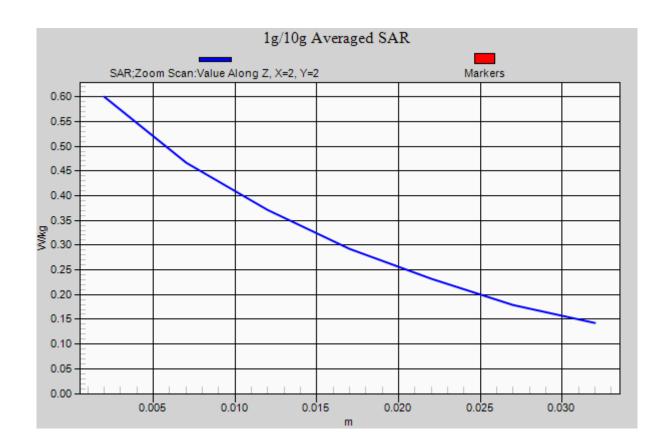
Reference Value = 24.672 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.459 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.371 W/kg





## P11 GSM850\_GPRS8\_Left Side\_1cm\_Ch251

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.003$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.583$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch251/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.410 W/kg

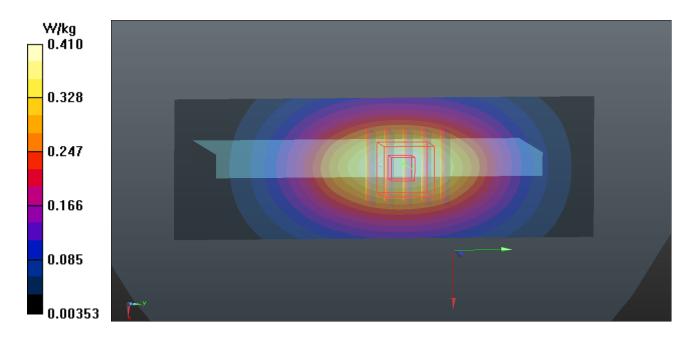
# Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.617 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.474 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.337 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.411 W/kg



## P13 GSM850\_GPRS8\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch251

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.003$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.583$ ;  $\rho = 1.003$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.583$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 1.003$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch251/Area Scan (31x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.162 W/kg

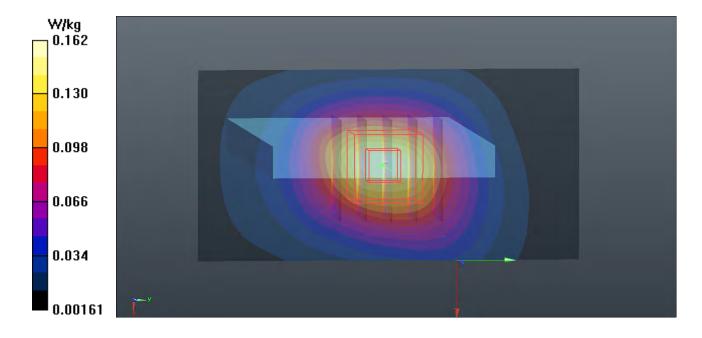
# Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.990 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.354 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 W/kg



## P14 GSM850\_GSM\_Front Face\_1cm\_Ch251\_Earphone

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.003$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.583$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.467 W/kg

## Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.094 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.503 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.401 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.313 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.457 W/kg

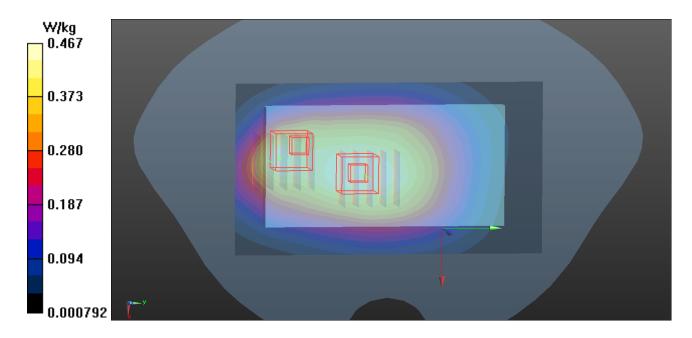
## Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.094 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.511 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.307 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.408 W/kg



## P15 GSM850\_GSM\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch251\_Earphone

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.003$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.583$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## Ch251/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 W/kg

#### Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.393 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.577 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.331 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.508 W/kg

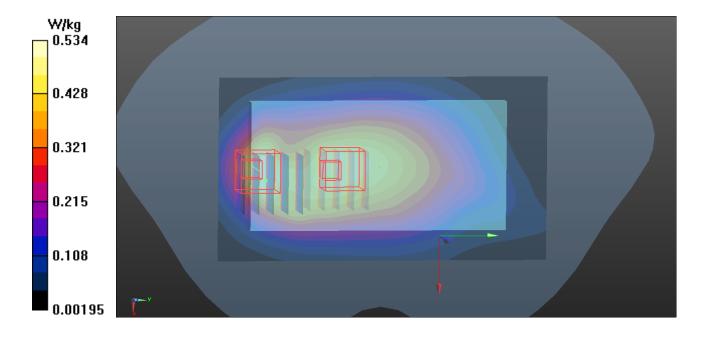
## Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

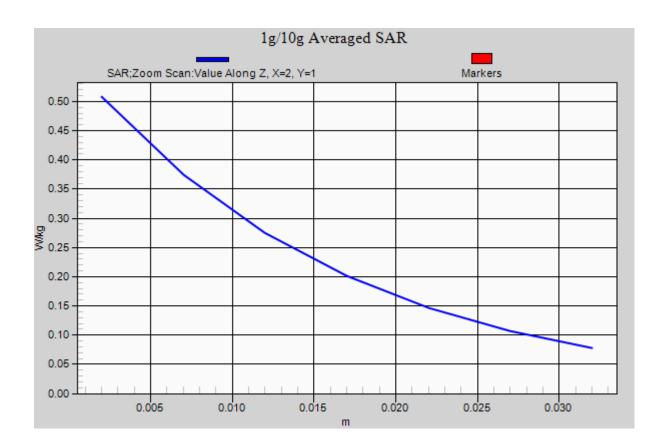
Reference Value = 21.393 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.583 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.348 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.475 W/kg





## P27 GSM1900\_GPRS8\_Front Face\_1cm\_Ch512

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GPRS8; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B1900\_1207 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.486$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/12/07

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.8°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

## Ch512/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 W/kg

#### Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.366 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.267 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.162 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 W/kg

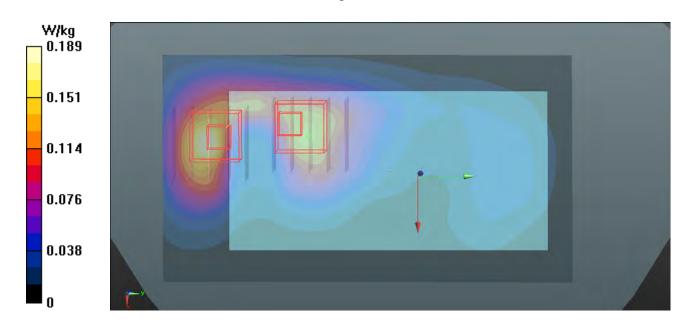
#### Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.366 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.193 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.120 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg



## P28 GSM1900\_GPRS8\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch512

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GPRS8; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B1900\_1207 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.486$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1.486$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;

Date: 2012/12/07

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.8°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

## Ch512/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.495 W/kg

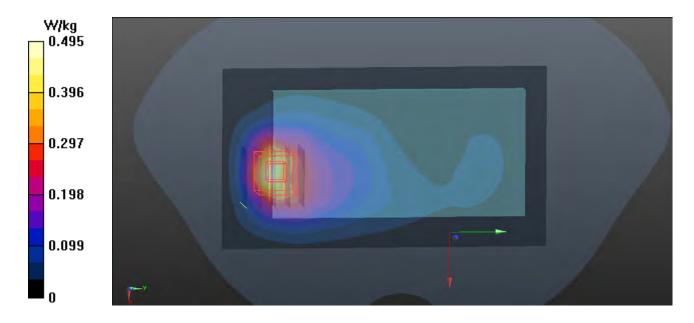
## Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.086 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.617 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.305 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.752 W/kg



## P29 GSM1900\_GPRS8\_Left Side\_1cm\_Ch512

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GPRS8; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B1900\_1207 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.486$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/12/07

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.8°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

## Ch512/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.116 W/kg

## Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.876 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.150 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.095 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 W/kg

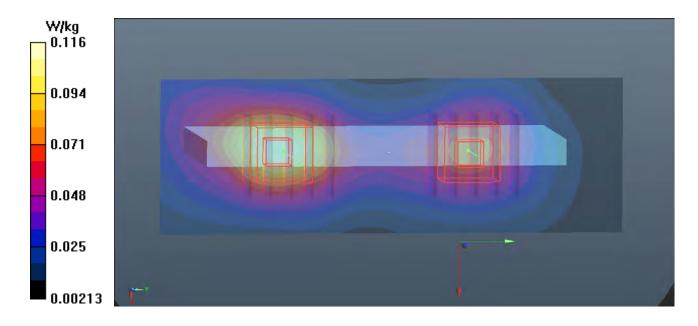
## Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.876 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0990 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.063 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0833 W/kg



## P31 GSM1900\_GPRS8\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch512

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GPRS8; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B1900\_1207 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.486$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1.486$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;

Date: 2012/12/07

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.8°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

## Ch512/Area Scan (31x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.495 W/kg

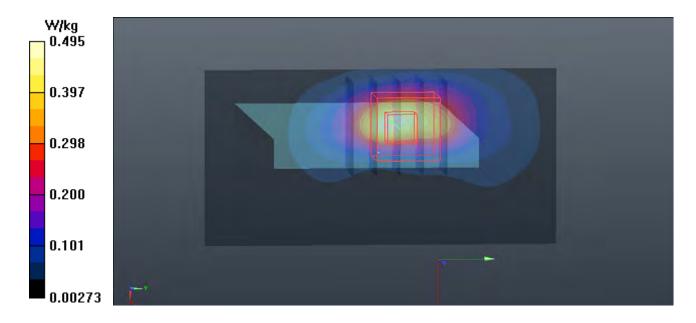
# Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.022 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.647 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.366 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.480 W/kg



## P32 GSM1900\_GSM\_Front Face\_1cm\_Ch512 \_Earphone

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B1900\_1207 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.486$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/12/07

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.8°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

## Ch512/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.208 W/kg

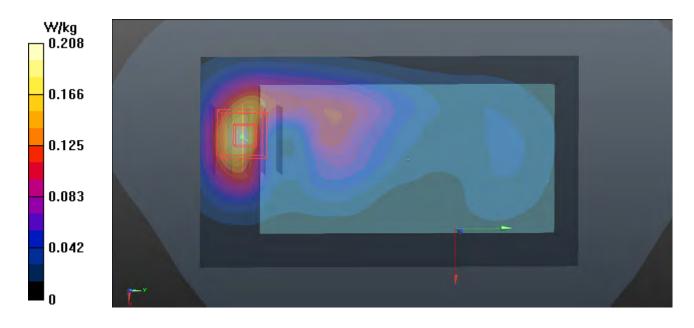
## Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.930 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.256 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.161 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 W/kg



## P33 GSM1900\_GSM\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch512 \_Earphone

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: B1900\_1207 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.486$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho =$ 

Date: 2012/12/07

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.8°C; Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.7 (6848)

## Ch512/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.734 W/kg

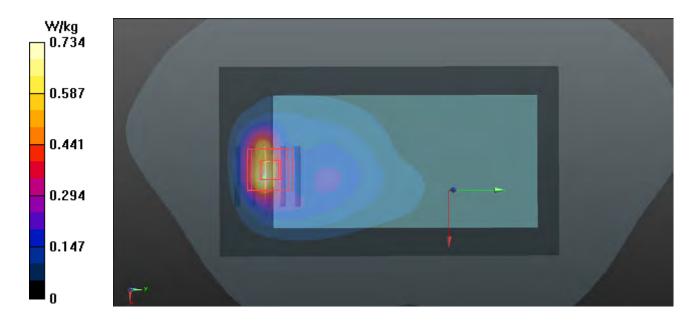
## Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

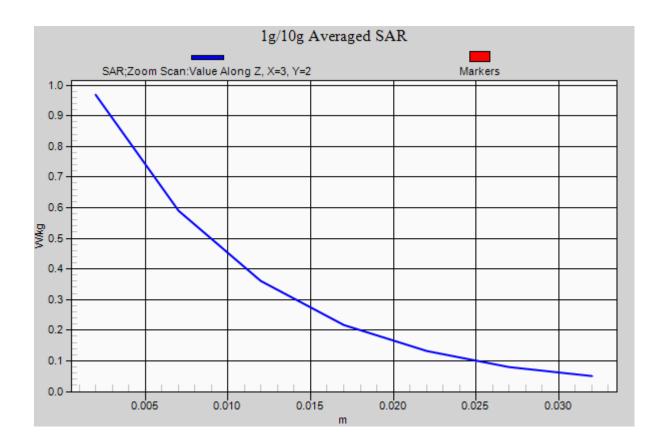
Reference Value = 5.785 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.765 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.368 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.968 W/kg





## P16 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Front Face\_1cm\_Ch4182

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\rho = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 56.69$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch4182/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.441 W/kg

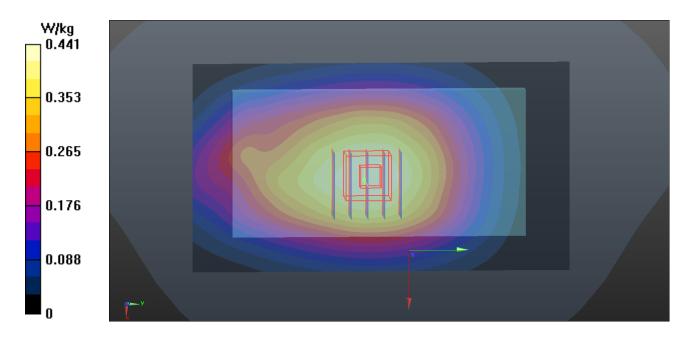
# Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.408 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.477 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.377 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.432 W/kg



## P17 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch4182

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\rho = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 56.69$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## Ch4182/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.516 W/kg

## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.801 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.560 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.439 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.506 W/kg

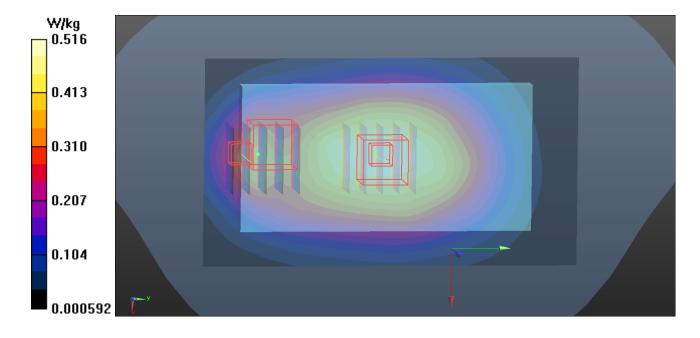
## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

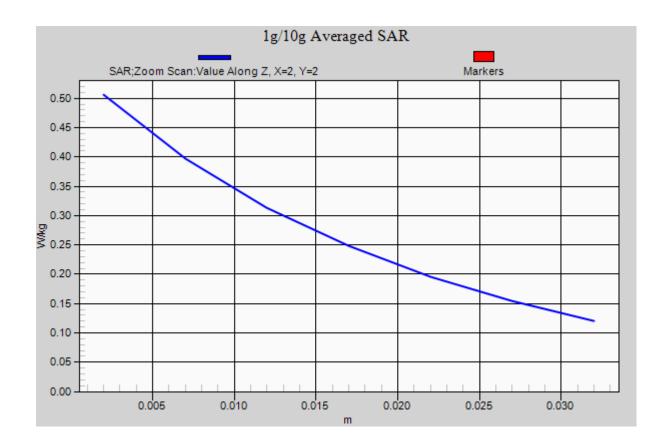
Reference Value = 22.801 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.421 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.253 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 W/kg





## P18 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Left Side\_1cm\_Ch4182

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\rho = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 56.69$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch4182/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.277 W/kg

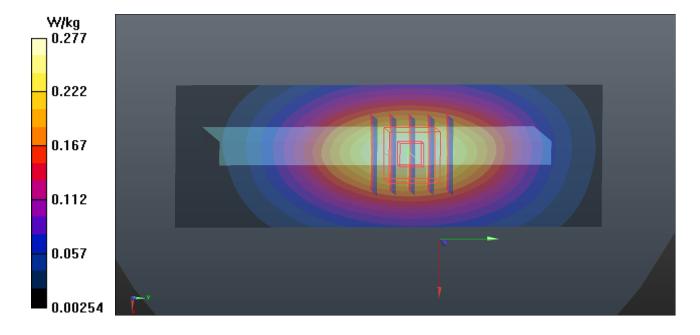
## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.162 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.315 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.226 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 W/kg



## P20 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch4182

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\rho = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 56.69$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

# Ch4182/Area Scan (31x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.159 W/kg

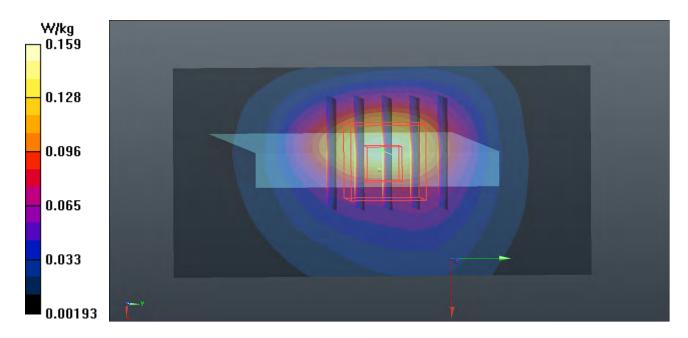
# Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.976 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.355 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.173 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 W/kg



## P21 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Front Face\_1cm\_Ch4182\_Earphone

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\rho = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 56.69$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## Ch4182/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.362 W/kg

## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.495 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.408 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.327 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.256 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 W/kg

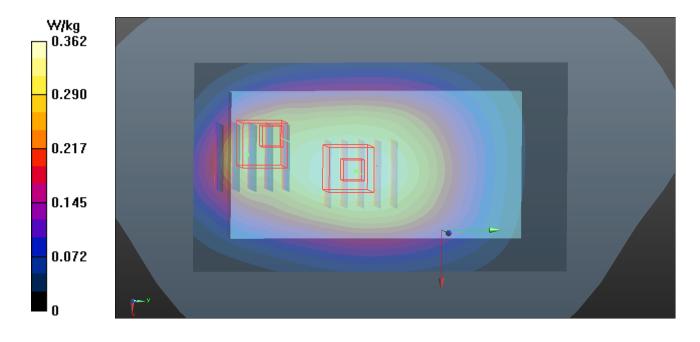
## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.495 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.381 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.239 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 W/kg



## P22 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch4182\_Earphone

#### **DUT: 120820C06**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B835\_1128 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\rho = 0.994$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.697$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 56.69$ 

Date: 2012/11/28

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 20.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.06, 9.06, 9.06); Calibrated: 2012/10/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2012/04/27
- Phantom: SAM Phantom\_Front; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1127
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

## Ch4182/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.472 W/kg

## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.033 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.519 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.406 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.467 W/kg

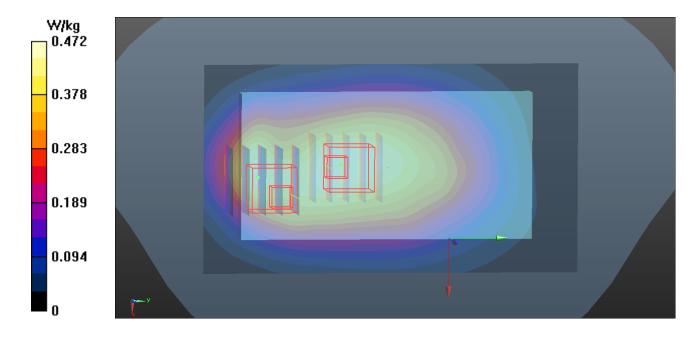
## Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

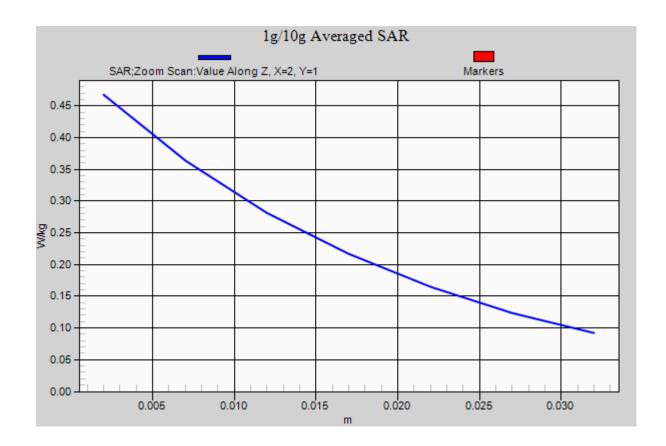
Reference Value = 21.033 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.503 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.297 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 W/kg







# Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Dec. 12, 2012

Report No. : SA120820C06

Revision: R01

# **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

**B.V. ADT (Auden)** 

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

S

Certificate No: D835V2-4d021\_Apr12

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d021

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: April 20, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| ID#                | Cal Date (Certificate No.)  | Scheduled Calibration  |
|--------------------|---|------------------------|
| GB37480704         | 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)   | Oct-12                 |
| US37292783         | 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)   | Oct-12                 |
| SN: 5058 (20k)     | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)   | Apr-13                 |
| SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)   | Apr-13                 |
| SN: 3205           | 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)  | Dec-12                 |
| SN: 601            | 04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)  | Jul-12                 |
| ID#                | Check Date (in house)   | Scheduled Check        |
| MY41092317         | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)   | In house check: Oct-13 |
| 100005             | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)   | In house check: Oct-13 |
| US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)   | In house check: Oct-12 |
| Name               | Function  | Signature              |
| Israe El-Naouq     | Laboratory Technician   | Irraa Elmania          |
| Katja Pokovic      | Technical Manager   | 2011                   |
|                    | GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601  ID #  MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206  Name Israe El-Naouq | GB37480704             |

Issued: April 20, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### **Additional Documentation:**

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d021\_Apr12 Page 2 of 8

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version                 | DASY5                  | V52.8.1     |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                  | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$ |             |
| Frequency                    | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz        |             |

# **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 41.5         | 0.90 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.1 ± 6 %   | 0.90 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        |              | [444]            |

# **SAR** result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.37 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 9.46 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.55 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 6.19 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

# **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 55.2         | 0.97 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.5 ± 6 %   | 1.01 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        |              | 304              |

# **SAR** result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.48 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 9.60 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.63 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 6.35 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d021\_Apr12 Page 3 of 8

# **Appendix**

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.0 Ω - 2.1 jΩ |  |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss                          | - 30.9 dB       |  |

## **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.7 Ω - 3.5 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss                          | - 27.4 dB       |

## **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.392 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

| Manufactured by | SPEAG          |  |
|-----------------|----------------|--|
| Manufactured on | April 22, 2004 |  |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d021\_Apr12 Page 4 of 8

### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 20.04.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

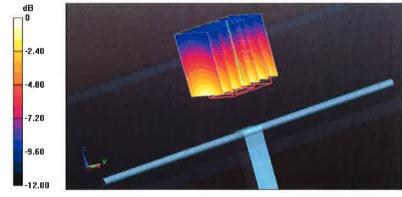
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.325 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.488 mW/g

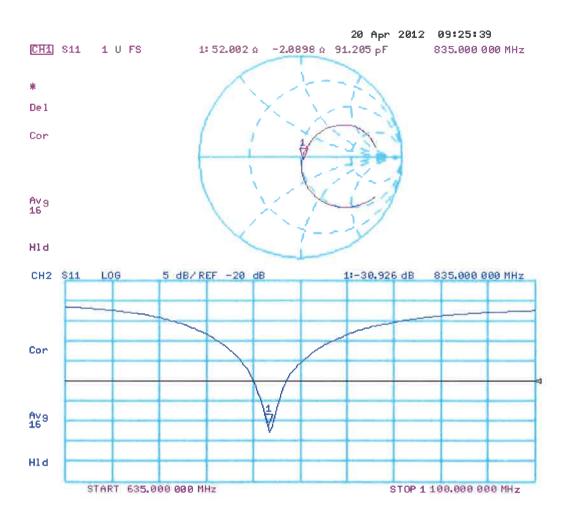
SAR(1 g) = 2.37 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 mW/g



0 dB = 2.76 mW/g = 8.82 dB mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 19.04.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

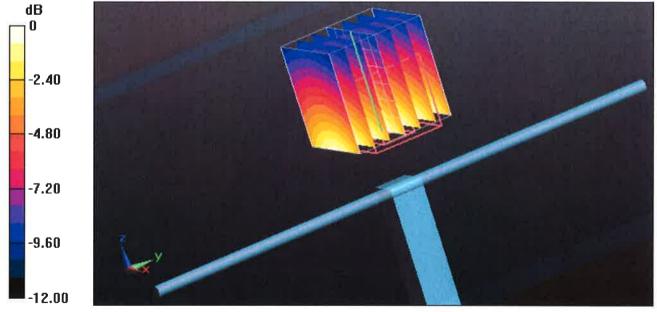
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.287 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.590 mW/g

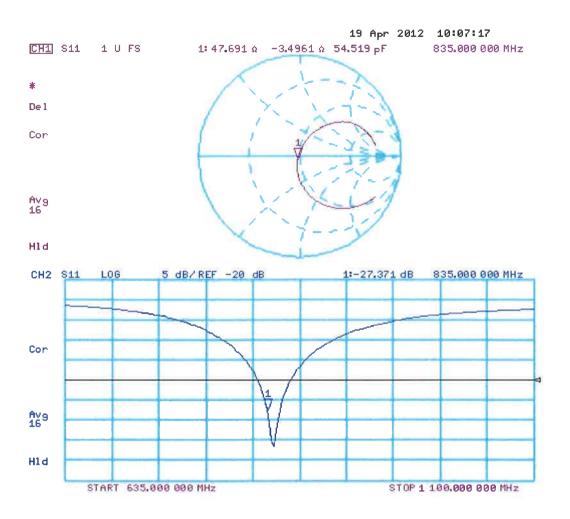
SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.88 mW/g



0 dB = 2.88 mW/g = 9.19 dB mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

**B.V.ADT** (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d036\_Jan12

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1900V2 - SN: 5d036

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: January 26, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID#                | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)         | Oct-12                 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)         | Oct-12                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: 5086 (20g)     | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)         | Apr-12                 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)         | Apr-12                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3205           | 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)    | Dec-12                 |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)    | Jul-12                 |
| Secondary Standards         | ID#                | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | MY41092317         | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06     | 100005             | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E   | US37390585 S4206   | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-12 |
|                             | Name               | Function                          | Signature              |
|                             |                    |                                   |                        |
| Calibrated by:              | Dimce Iliev        | Laboratory Technician             | D. Riev                |

Issued: January 26, 2012

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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d036\_Jan12

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#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### **Additional Documentation:**

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d036\_Jan12 Page 2 of 8

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| 9 1 9                  |  |
|------------------------|--|
| DASY5                  | V52.8.0  |
| Advanced Extrapolation |  |
| Modular Flat Phantom   |  |
| 10 mm                  | with Spacer  |
| dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$ |  |
| 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz       |  |
|                        | Advanced Extrapolation  Modular Flat Phantom  10 mm  dx, dy, dz = 5 mm |

# **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 40.0         | 1.40 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.8 ± 6 %   | 1.39 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        | ****         |                  |

### SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 9.65 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 38.9 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                           |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.05 mW / g               |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 20.3 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

# **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C         | 53.3         | 1.52 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.9 ± 6 %   | 1.52 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C        |              |                  |

# SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 9. <b>7</b> 4 mW / g       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | 38.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                            |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 5.10 mW / g                |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 20.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d036\_Jan12

### **Appendix**

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.0 Ω + 4.9 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss                          | - 26.1 dB       |

## Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.3 Ω + 5.6 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss                          | - 23.1 dB       |

# **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.195 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

| Manufactured by | SPEAG        |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Manufactured on | May 08, 2003 |

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d036\_Jan12

# **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 26.01.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

# DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2011

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

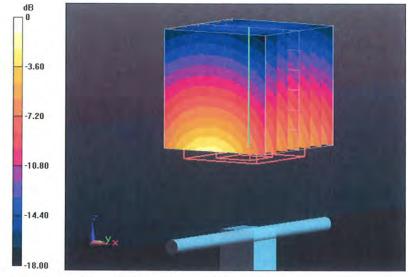
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.850 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7040

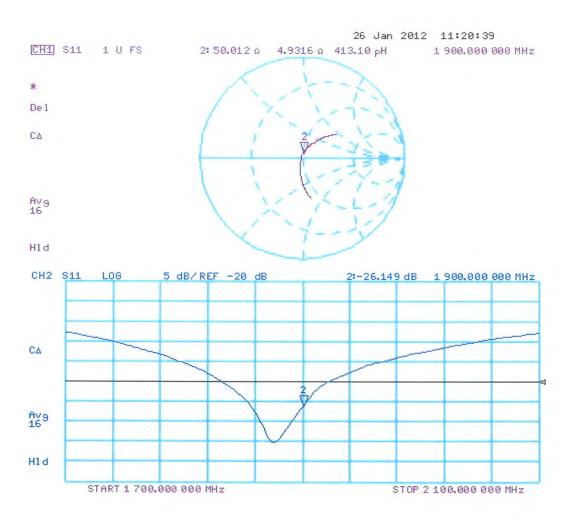
SAR(1 g) = 9.65 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.05 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.055 mW/g



0 dB = 12.060 mW/g = 21.63 dB mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 26.01.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 30.12.2011

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.423 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2700

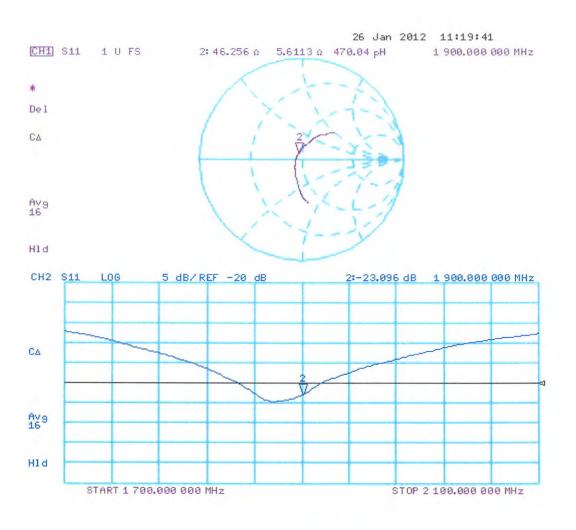
SAR(1 g) = 9.74 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.419 mW/g



0 dB = 12.420 mW/g = 21.88 dB mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client

**B.V.ADT** (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3650\_Oct12

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3650

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: October 26, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID              | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB41293874      | 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)         | Apr-13                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087      | 29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)         | Apr-13                 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5054 (3c)  | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)         | Арг-13                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)         | Apr-13                 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)         | Apr-13                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 3013        | 29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)    | Dec-12                 |
| DAE4                       | SN: 660         | 20-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-660_Jun12)    | Jun-13                 |
|                            |                 |                                   |                        |
| Secondary Standards        | ID              | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator HP 8648C      | US3642U01700    | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)  | In house check: Apr-13 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585      | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | In house check: Oct-13 |

Issued: October 26, 2012

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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A. B. C crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close

 IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3650\_Oct12 Page 2 of 11

October 26, 2012

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:3650

Manufactured: Calibrated:

March 18, 2008 October 26, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4 - SN:3650

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3650

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

|                          | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |  |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|--|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ | 0.36     | 0.38     | 0.45     | ± 10.1 %  |  |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>    | 94.2     | 103.5    | 98.5     | 8.        |  |

**Modulation Calibration Parameters** 

| UID | Communication System Name | PAR  |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB | C<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|------|---|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | 0.00 | Х | 0.0     | 0.0     | 1.0     | 135.1    | ±3.3 %                    |
|     |                           |      | Υ | 0.0     | 0.0     | 1.0     | 173.8    |                           |
|     |                           |      | Z | 0.0     | 0.0     | 1.0     | 152.5    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3650

# Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative<br>Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth<br>(mm) | Unct.<br>(k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                                  | 0.89                 | 9.15    | 9.15    | 9.15    | 0.16  | 1.66          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 835                  | 41.5                                  | 0.90                 | 8.89    | 8.89    | 8.89    | 0.15  | 1.72          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 900                  | 41.5                                  | 0.97                 | 8.82    | 8.82    | 8.82    | 0.31  | 0.91          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1450                 | 40.5                                  | 1.20                 | 8.10    | 8.10    | 8.10    | 0.35  | 1.03          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1640                 | 40.3                                  | 1.29                 | 8.28    | 8.28    | 8.28    | 0.29  | 0.97          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1750                 | 40.1                                  | 1.37                 | 8.07    | 8.07    | 8.07    | 0.50  | 0.77          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1810                 | 40.0                                  | 1.40                 | 7.76    | 7.76    | 7.76    | 0.34  | 0.85          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1900                 | 40.0                                  | 1.40                 | 7.61    | 7.61    | 7.61    | 0.33  | 0.89          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 2300                 | 39.5                                  | 1.67                 | 7.16    | 7.16    | 7.16    | 0.52  | 0.69          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 2450                 | 39.2                                  | 1.80                 | 6.69    | 6.69    | 6.69    | 0.51  | 0.74          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 2600                 | 39.0                                  | 1.96                 | 6.49    | 6.49    | 6.49    | 0.32  | 1.04          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 3500                 | 37.9                                  | 2.91                 | 6.46    | 6.46    | 6.46    | 0.33  | 1.32          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5200                 | 36.0                                  | 4.66                 | 5.14    | 5.14    | 5.14    | 0.35  | 1.80          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5300                 | 35.9                                  | 4.76                 | 4.83    | 4.83    | 4.83    | 0.40  | 1.80          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5500                 | 35.6                                  | 4.96                 | 4.50    | 4.50    | 4.50    | 0.45  | 1.80          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5600                 | 35.5                                  | 5.07                 | 4.22    | 4.22    | 4.22    | 0.50  | 1.80          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5800                 | 35.3                                  | 5.27                 | 4.34    | 4.34    | 4.34    | 0.50  | 1.80          | ± 13.1 %       |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3650

# Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative<br>Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity<br>(S/m) F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth<br>(mm) | Unct.<br>(k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| 750                  | 55.5                                  | 0.96                    | 9.22    | 9.22    | 9.22    | 0.57  | 0.72          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 835                  | 55.2                                  | 0.97                    | 9.06    | 9.06    | 9.06    | 0.54  | 0.75          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 900                  | 55.0                                  | 1.05                    | 8.87    | 8.87    | 8.87    | 0.36  | 0.93          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1450                 | 54.0                                  | 1.30                    | 7.90    | 7.90    | 7.90    | 0.17  | 1.92          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1640                 | 53.8                                  | 1.40                    | 7.98    | 7.98    | 7.98    | 0.76  | 0.70          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1750                 | 53.4                                  | 1.49                    | 7.31    | 7.31    | 7.31    | 0.50  | 0.77          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1810                 | 53.3                                  | 1.52                    | 7.10    | 7.10    | 7.10    | 0.40  | 0.84          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 1900                 | 53.3                                  | 1.52                    | 6.94    | 6.94    | 6.94    | 0.29  | 1.04          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 2300                 | 52.9                                  | 1.81                    | 6.83    | 6.83    | 6.83    | 0.80  | 0.59          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 2450                 | 52.7                                  | 1.95                    | 6.60    | 6.60    | 6.60    | 0.80  | 0.50          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 2600                 | 52.5                                  | 2.16                    | 6.36    | 6.36    | 6.36    | 0.80  | 0.50          | ± 12.0 %       |
| 3500                 | 51.3                                  | 3.31                    | 6.00    | 6.00    | 6.00    | 0.21  | 2.72          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5200                 | 49.0                                  | 5.30                    | 4.34    | 4.34    | 4.34    | 0.50  | 1.90          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5300                 | 48.9                                  | 5.42                    | 4.18    | 4.18    | 4.18    | 0.50  | 1.90          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5500                 | 48.6                                  | 5.65                    | 3.82    | 3.82    | 3.82    | 0.55  | 1.90          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5600                 | 48.5                                  | 5.77                    | 3.53    | 3.53    | 3.53    | 0.63  | 1.90          | ± 13.1 %       |
| 5800                 | 48.2                                  | 6.00                    | 3.94    | 3.94    | 3.94    | 0.60  | 1.90          | ± 13.1 %       |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

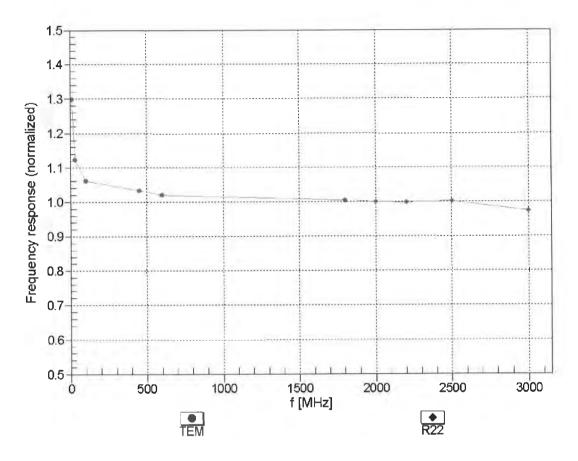
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

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F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm$  10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm$  5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

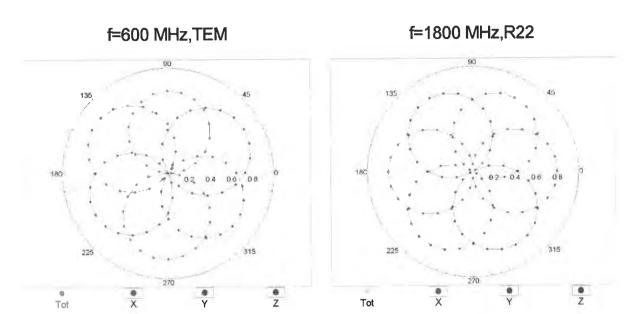
October 26, 2012 EX3DV4-SN:3650

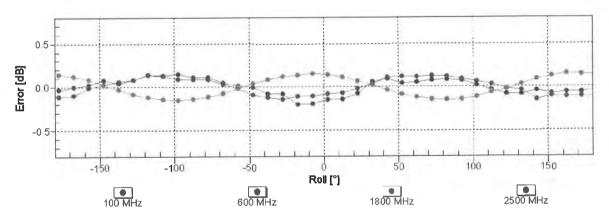
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

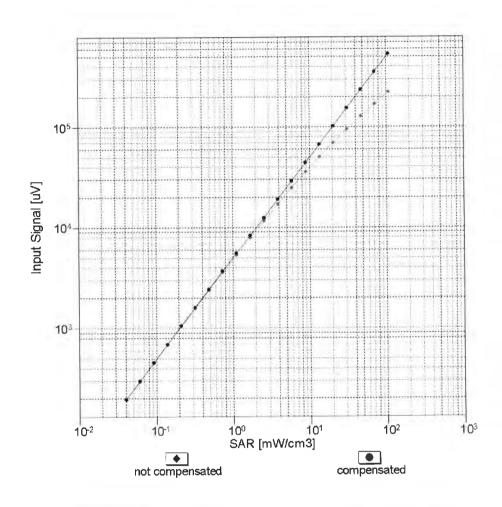


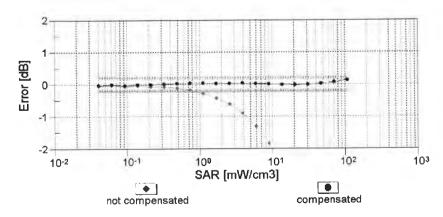


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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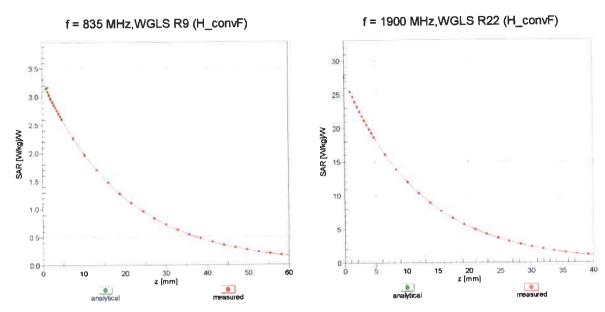
# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



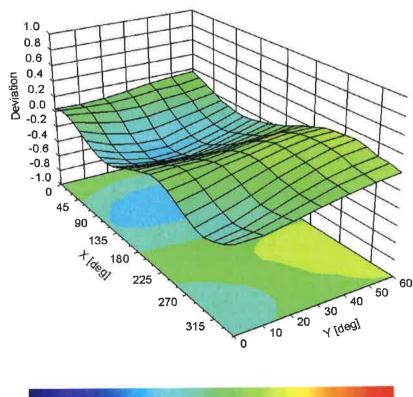


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**



**Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid** Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3650

### **Other Probe Parameters**

| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |  |  |  |
|---|------------|--|--|--|
| Connector Angle (°)                           | -17.5      |  |  |  |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |  |  |  |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disabled   |  |  |  |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337 mm     |  |  |  |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10 mm      |  |  |  |
| Tip Length                                    | 9 mm       |  |  |  |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 2.5 mm     |  |  |  |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |  |  |  |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |  |  |  |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |  |  |  |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 2 mm       |  |  |  |



# Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup

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