

TEST REPORT

BNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

Test report no.: 1-6371/18-02-08-A

Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2018-03) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate starting with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01.

Applicant

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Manufacturer

Roche Diagnostics GmbH

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Test standard/s

FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15 FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 2 Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Medical device

Model name: Cobas pulse

FCC ID: V09-COBASPULSE

IC: 3100B-COBASPULSE

Frequency: DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz

Technology tested: WLAN

Antenna: Integrated antenna

Power supply: 3.6 V DC by battery

Temperature range: 12°C to 40°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:



Marco Bertolino
Lab Manager
Radio Communications

Test performed:



Andreas Kurzkurt
Testing Manager
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1 Table of contents

1	Table of contents	2
2	General information	3
2.1	Notes and disclaimer	3
2.2	Application details	3
2.3	Test laboratories sub-contracted	3
3	Test standard/s, references and accreditations	4
4	Reporting statements of conformity – decision rule	5
5	Test environment	6
6	Test item	6
6.1	General description	6
6.2	Additional information	6
7	Description of the test setup.....	7
7.1	Radiated measurements chamber F	8
7.2	Radiated measurements chamber C	9
7.3	Radiated measurements > 18 GHz.....	10
7.4	Conducted measurements with peak power meter & spectrum analyzer	11
8	Sequence of testing	12
8.1	Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz	12
8.2	Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz	13
8.3	Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz	14
8.4	Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz	15
9	Measurement uncertainty	16
10	Summary of measurement results.....	17
11	Additional information and comments	18
12	Additional EUT parameter	19
13	Measurement results.....	20
13.1	Antenna gain.....	20
13.2	Identify worst case data rate	20
13.3	Maximum output power.....	21
13.4	Band edge compliance radiated	22
13.5	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz.....	26
13.6	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	33
13.7	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	43
14	Observations.....	54
15	Glossary	54
16	Document history	55
17	Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-04	55
18	Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-05	56

2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-6371/18-02-08 and dated 2021-03-08.

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2020-01-20
Date of receipt of test item:	2020-08-10
Start of test:	2020-08-27
End of test:	2020-09-14
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s, references and accreditations

Test standard	Date	Description
FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15	-/-	FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 5 incl. Amendment 1	March 2019	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
KDB 558074 D01	v05r02	GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

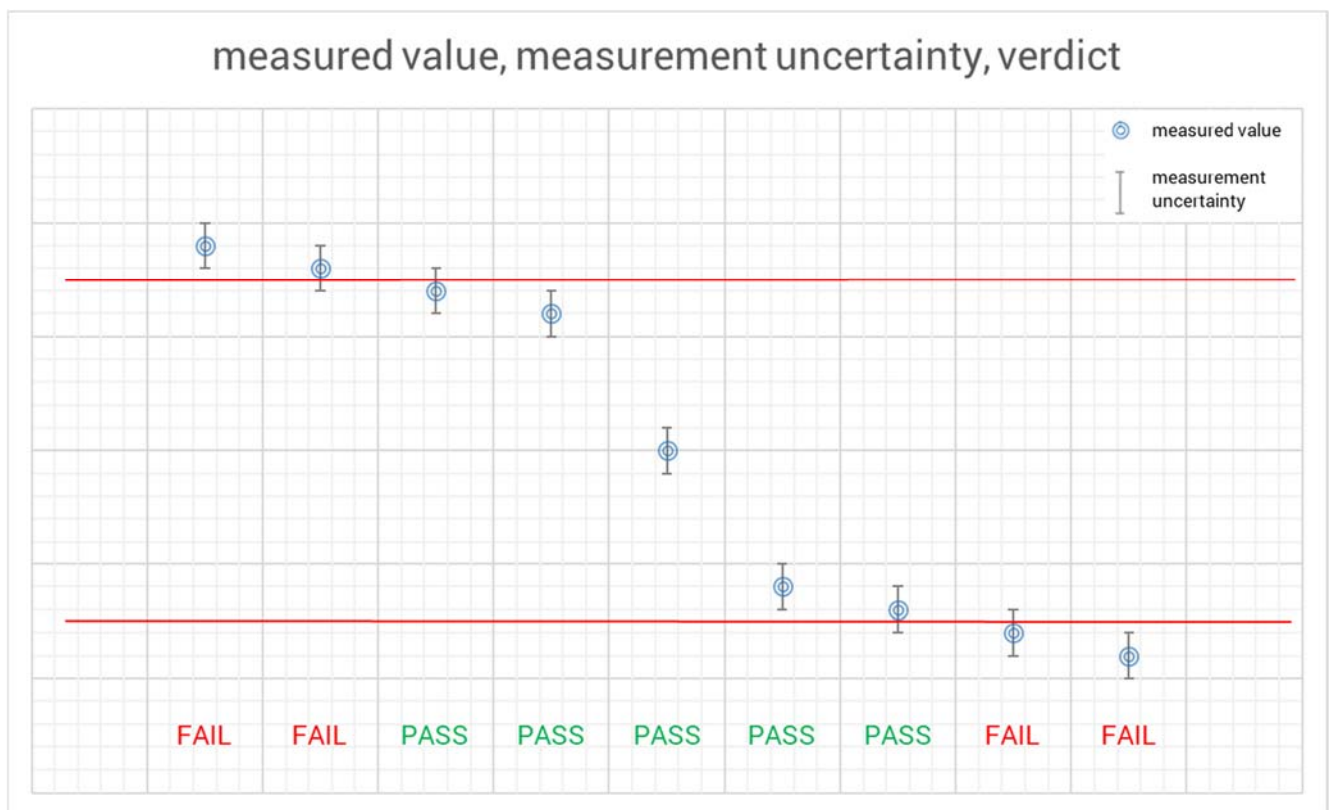
Accreditation	Description
D-PL-12076-01-04	Telecommunication and EMC Canada https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdf
D-PL-12076-01-05	Telecommunication FCC requirements https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05e.pdf



4 Reporting statements of conformity – decision rule

Only the measured values related to their corresponding limits will be used to decide whether the equipment under test meets the requirements of the test standards listed in chapter 3.

The measurement uncertainty is mentioned in this test report, see chapter 9 but is not taken into account - neither to the limits nor to the measurement results. Measurement results with a smaller margin to the corresponding limits than the measurement uncertainty have a potential risk of more than 5% that the decision might be wrong."



5 Test environment

Temperature :	T_{nom} T_{max} T_{min}	23 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme temperature conditions required. No tests under extreme temperature conditions required.
Relative humidity content :		47 %
Barometric pressure :		Not relevant for this kind of testing
Power supply :	V_{nom} V_{max} V_{min}	3.6 V DC by battery No tests under extreme voltage conditions required. No tests under extreme voltage conditions required.

6 Test item

6.1 General description

Kind of test item :	Medical device
Model name :	Cobas pulse
HMN :	n/a
PMN :	cobas pulse
HVIN :	PID 4.2
FVIN :	n/a
S/N serial number :	Rad.: A100012200 Cond.: A100012201
Hardware status :	PT3
Software status :	01.02.00-fc1
Firmware status :	RAPP: v01.01.00-rc2
Frequency band :	DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz
Type of radio transmission : Use of frequency spectrum :	DSSS, OFDM
Type of modulation :	CCK, (D)BPSK, (D)QPSK, 16 – QAM, 64 – QAM
Number of channels :	11 with 20 MHz channel bandwidth 7 with 40 MHz channel bandwidth
Antenna :	Integrated antenna (Johanson chip antenna) Antenna gain as declared by manufacturer: 1dBi
Power supply :	3.6 V DC by battery
Temperature range :	12°C to 40°C

6.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report: 1-6371/18-02-01_AnnexA
 1-6371/18-02-01_AnnexB
 1-6371/18-02-01_AnnexD

7 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

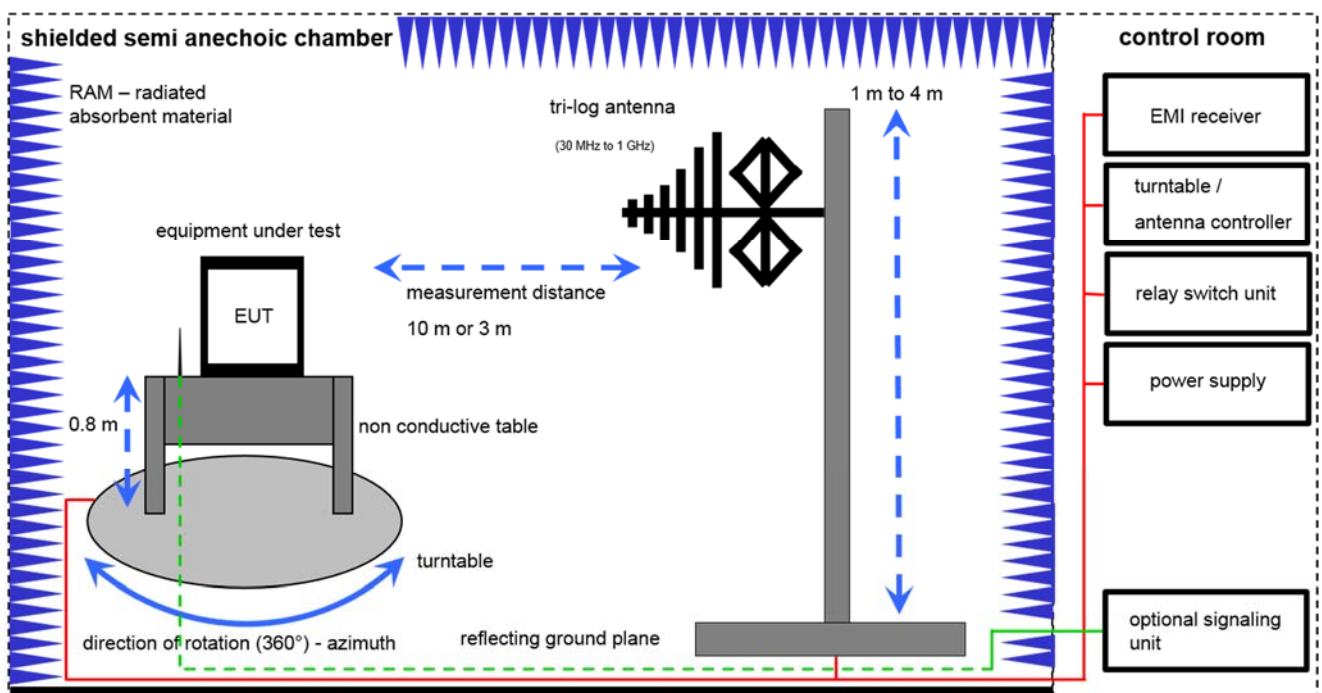
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

7.1 Radiated measurements chamber F

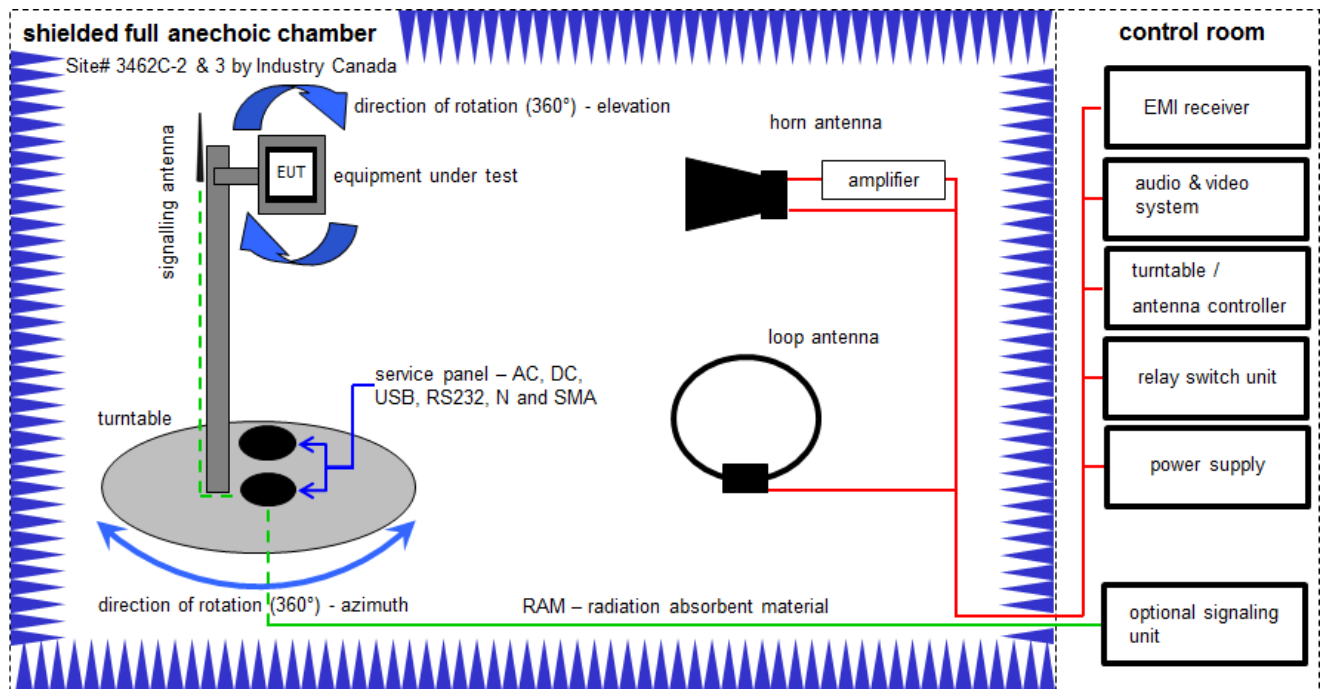
The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 9 kHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are confirmed with specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023	-/-	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
4	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	295	300003787	vIKI!	19.02.2019	18.02.2021
7	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102587	300005771	k	21.05.2019	20.11.2020

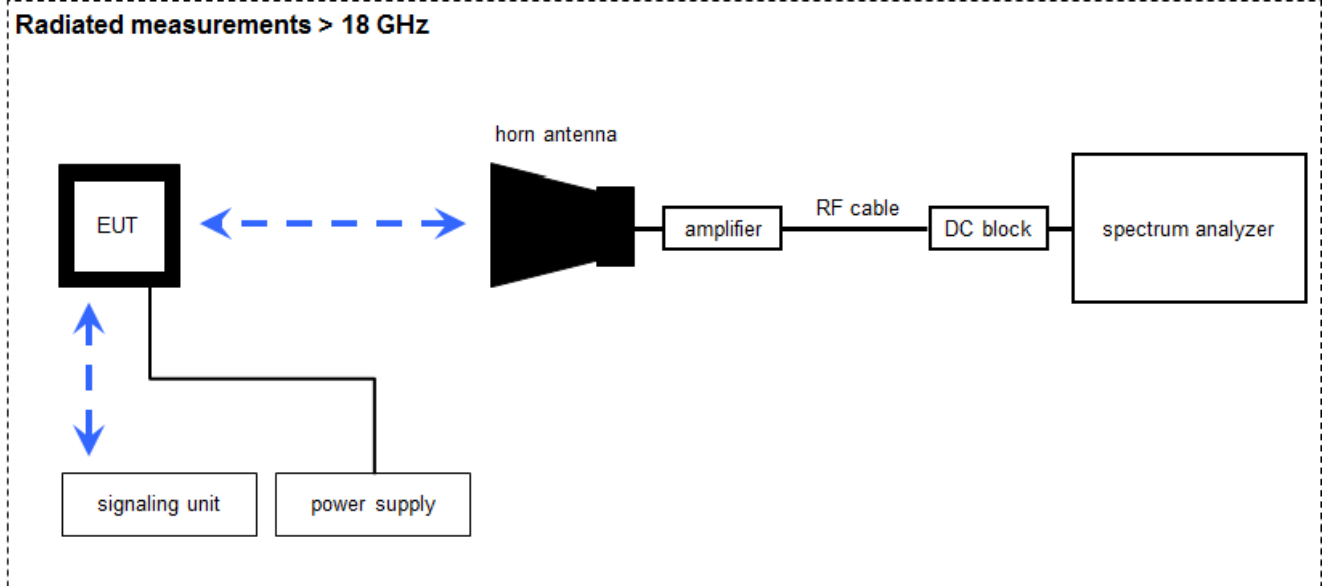
7.2 Radiated measurements chamber C



Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A, B, C	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A, C	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3697	300001605	vKI!	27.02.2019	26.02.2021
3	B	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vKI!	13.06.2019	12.06.2021
4	A, B, C	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A, B, C	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	11.12.2019	10.12.2020
6	A, C	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	3	300003255	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A, C	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	19	300003790	ne	-/-	-/-
8	A, C	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
9	A, B, C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
10	A, B, C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.19.1.21	EMCO		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
11	A, B, C	PC	ExOne	F+W		300004703	ne	-/-	-/-
12	A, C	RF-Amplifier	AMF-6F06001800-30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2011572	300005241	ev	-/-	-/-
13	C	Band Reject filter	WRCG2400/2483-2375/2505-50/10SS	Wainwright	11	300003351	ev	-/-	-/-

7.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz

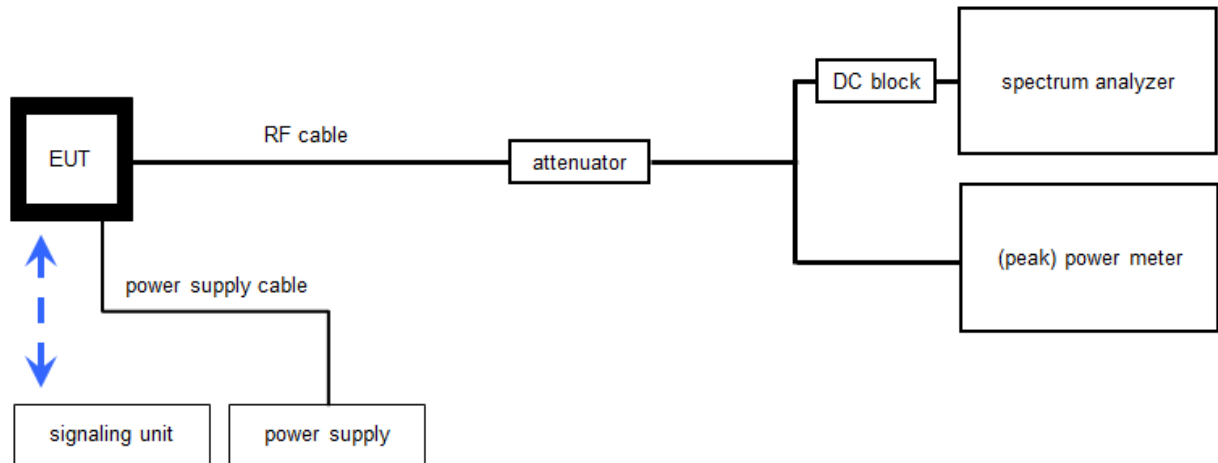


Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz	83017A	HP	00419	300002268	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda	01096	300000486	vIKI!	-/-	-/-
3	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	17.12.2019	16.12.2020
4	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm /48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm /48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 127377	400001183	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	-/-	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-

7.4 Conducted measurements with peak power meter & spectrum analyzer

Conducted measurements normal conditions



OP = AV + CA
 (OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	-/-	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	PC Tester R005	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor	-/-	2V2403033A4523	300004589	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	USB Wideband Power Sensor (50MHz - 18GHz)	U2021XA	Keysight	MY591900010	300005802	k	11.12.2019	10.12.2020
4	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMAM /60	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 606844	400001181	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	Coax Attenuator 10 dB 2W 0-40 GHz	MCL BW-K10-2W44+	Mini Circuits	-/-	400001186	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	Synchron Power Meter	SPM-4	CTC	1	300005580	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A	Tester Software RadioStar (C.BER2 for BT Conformance)	Version 1.0.0.X	CTC advanced GmbH	0001	400001380	ne	-/-	-/-

8 Sequence of testing

8.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

*Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

8.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

9 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Test case	Uncertainty	
Antenna gain	± 3 dB	
Power spectral density	± 1.15 dB	
DTS bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Occupied bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Maximum output power conducted	± 1.15 dB	
Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	± 1.15 dB	
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted	> 3.6 GHz	± 1.15 dB
	> 7 GHz	± 1.15 dB
	> 18 GHz	± 1.89 dB
	≥ 40 GHz	± 3.12 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB	

10 Summary of measurement results

☐	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☒	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 2	See table!	2021-05-14	Delta tests according customer demand!

Test specification clause	Test case	Guideline	Temperature & voltage conditions	Mode	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (f)(ii)	Antenna gain	-/-	Nominal	DSSS	-/-				-/-
§15.35	Duty cycle	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	-/-				-/-
§15.247(e) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (b)	Power spectral density	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.4	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☐	☐	☐	☒	-/-
§15.247(a)(2) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (a)	DTS bandwidth	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.2	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☐	☐	☐	☒	-/-
RSS Gen clause 4.6.1	Occupied bandwidth	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☐	☐	☐	☒	-/-
§15.247(b)(3) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (d)	Maximum output power	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.3.1.3	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge – cond.	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☐	☐	☐	☒	-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance cond. & rad.	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.7.3	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	TX spurious emissions cond.	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.5	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☐	☐	☐	☒	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS-Gen	TX spurious emissions rad. below 30 MHz	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS-Gen	TX spurious emissions rad. 30 MHz to 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS-Gen	TX spurious emissions rad. above 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.109 RSS-Gen	RX spurious emissions rad. 30 MHz to 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	RX / idle	☐	☐	☐	☒	-/-
§15.109 RSS-Gen	RX spurious emissions rad. above 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	RX / idle	☐	☐	☐	☒	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions < 30 MHz	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☐	☐	☐	☒	-/-

Notes:

C	Compliant	NC	Not compliant	NA	Not applicable	NP	Not performed
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11 Additional information and comments

Reference documents: Datasheet Laird Sterling-LWB5.pdf

Special test descriptions: For measurements in continuous transmit or receive mode the DUT was configured via build in GUI of the DUT.

Configuration descriptions: Operating mode vs. data rate vs. power setting:

Test mode:	Data rate:	Power setting:
b-mode (SISO)	1	Max
g-mode (SISO)	6	Max
nHT20-mode (SISO)	MCS0	Max
nHT40-mode (SISO)	MCS0	Max

EUT selection: ☒ Only one device available

☐ Devices selected by the customer

☐ Devices selected by the laboratory (Randomly)

Provided channels:

Channels with 20 MHz channel bandwidth:

channel number & center frequency													
channel	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
f _c / MHz	2412	2417	2422	2427	2432	2437	2442	2447	2452	2457	2462	2467	2472

Channels with 40 MHz channel bandwidth:

channel number & center frequency													
channel	-/-	-/-	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	-/-	-/-
f _c / MHz	-/-	-/-	2422	2427	2432	2437	2442	2447	2452	2457	2462	-/-	-/-

Note: The channels used for the tests are marked in bold in the list.

12 Additional EUT parameter

- Test mode:
- ☐ No test mode available
Iperf was used to ping another device with the largest support packet size
- ☒ Test mode available
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself
- Modulation types:
- ☒ Wide Band Modulation (None Hopping – e.g. DSSS, OFDM)
- ☐ Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)
- Antennas and transmit operating modes:
- ☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)
- Equipment with 1 antenna,
 - Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
 - Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)
- ☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.
- ☐ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

13 Measurement results

13.1 Antenna gain

Antenna gain declared by manufacturer (see section 6.1).

13.2 Identify worst case data rate

Worst-case modulations declared by the manufacturer (see section 11)

13.3 Maximum output power

Description:

Measurement of the maximum conducted peak output power. The measurements are performed using the data rate identified in the previous chapter.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to DTS clause: 8.3.1.3	
Peak power meter	
Test setup	See chapter 7.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 9

Limits:

FCC	IC
Conducted 1.0 W / 30 dBm with an antenna gain of max. 6 dBi	

Results:

	maximum output power / dBm		
	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
Output power conducted DSSS / b – mode	18.8	18.6	17.3
Output power conducted OFDM / g – mode	20.5	19.3	18.2
Output power conducted OFDM / n HT20 – mode	19.0	17.9	17.4
Output power conducted OFDM / n HT40 – mode	16.3	15.8	16.1

13.4 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to the lowest channel for the lower restricted band and to the highest channel for the upper restricted band. The measurement is repeated for all modulations. Measurement distance is 3 meter.

Measurement:

	Measurement parameter for peak measurements	Measurement parameter for average measurements
		According to DTS clause: 8.7.3
Detector	Peak	RMS
Sweep time	Auto	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	1 MHz	300 kHz
Span	See plot	2 MHz
Trace mode	Max. hold	RMS Average over 101 sweeps
Analyzer function	-/-	Band power function (Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz)
Test setup	See chapter 7.2 A	
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 9	

Limits:

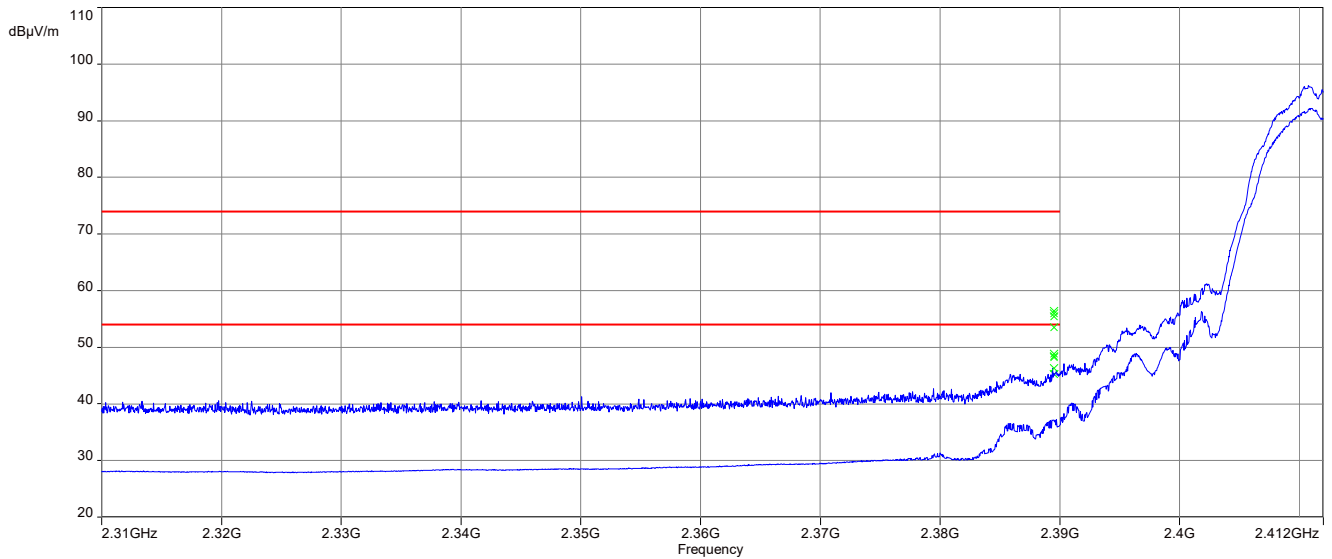
FCC	IC
74 dBµV/m @ 3 m (Peak) 54 dBµV/m @ 3 m (AVG)	

Results:

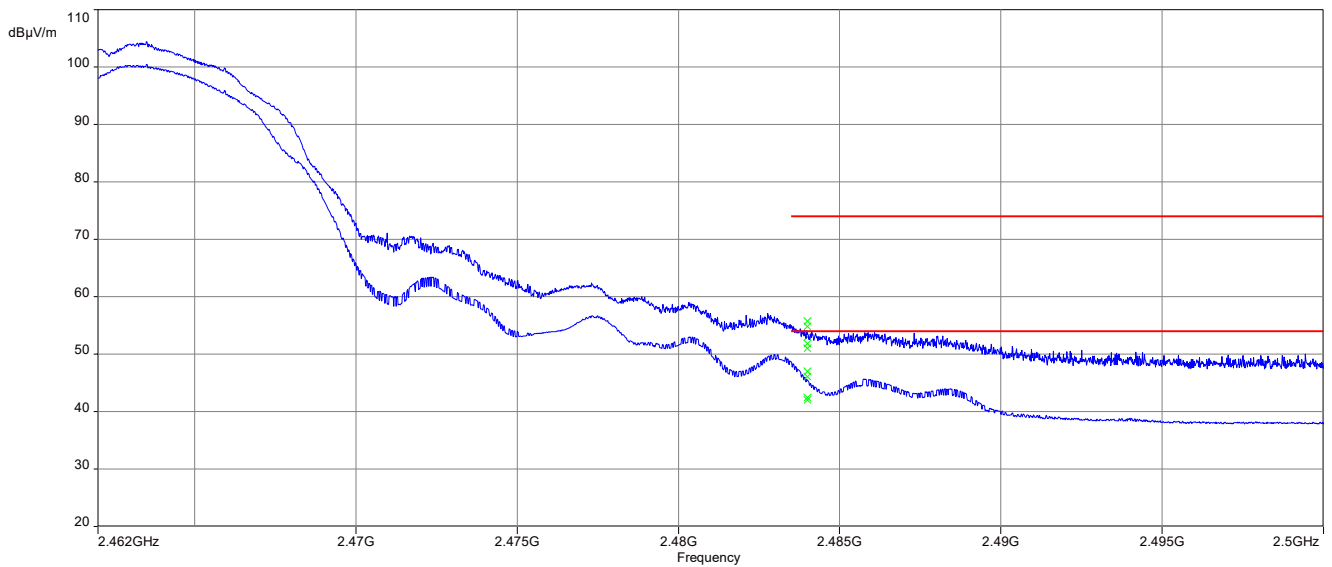
band edge compliance radiated / (dBµV / m) @ 3 m			
	DSSS	OFDM (20 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)	OFDM (40 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)
Lower band edge	48.8 (Peak) 56.4 (AVG)	46.5 (Peak) 58.2 (AVG)	48.2 (Peak) 60.0 (AVG)
Upper band edge	47.0 (Peak) 55.8 (AVG)	48.0 (Peak) 62.7 (AVG)	43.3 (Peak) 56.4 (AVG)

Plots: DSSS - peak / average

Plot 1: TX mode, lower band edge, vertical & horizontal polarization

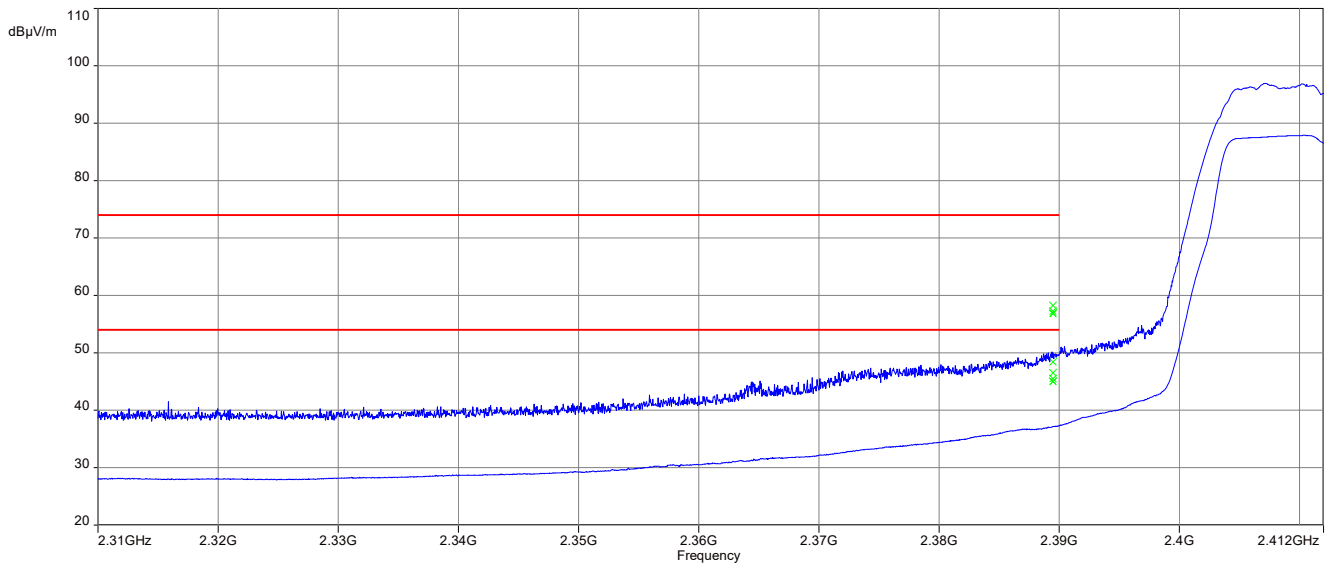


Plot 2: TX mode, upper band edge, vertical & horizontal polarization

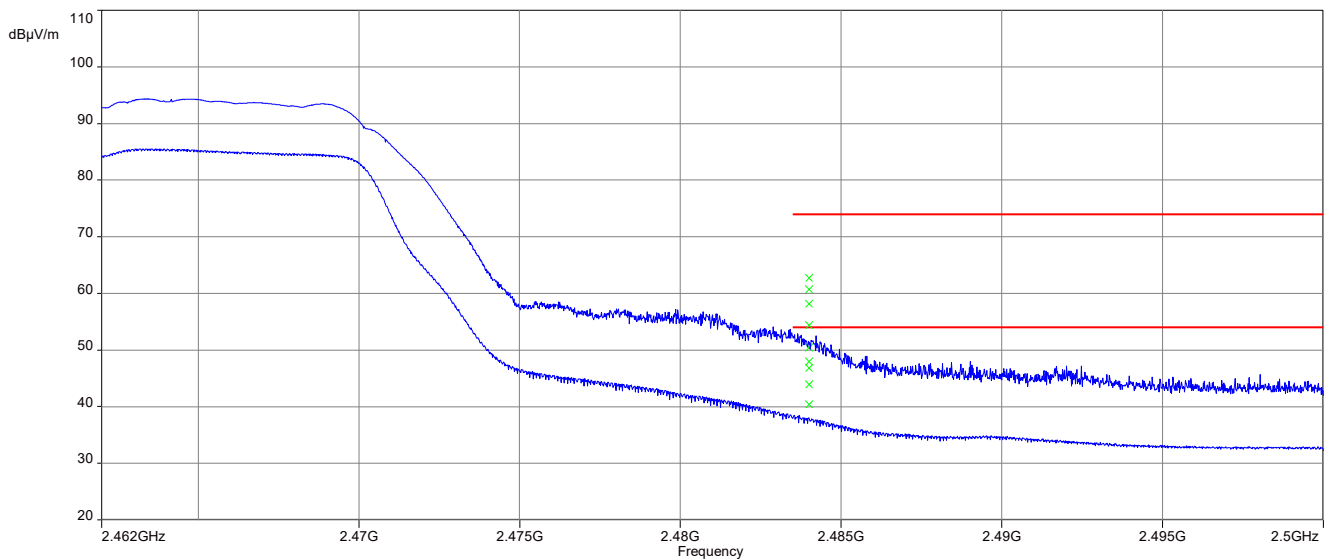


Plots: OFDM (20 MHz bandwidth) - peak / average

Plot 1: TX mode, lower band edge, vertical & horizontal polarization

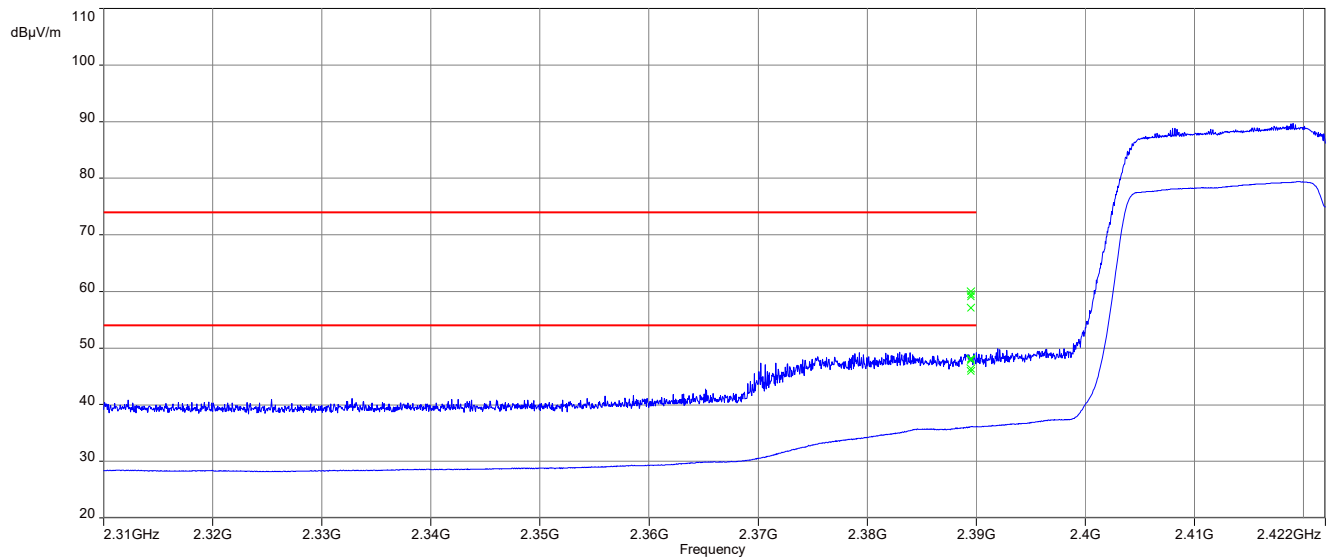


Plot 2: TX mode, upper band edge, vertical & horizontal polarization

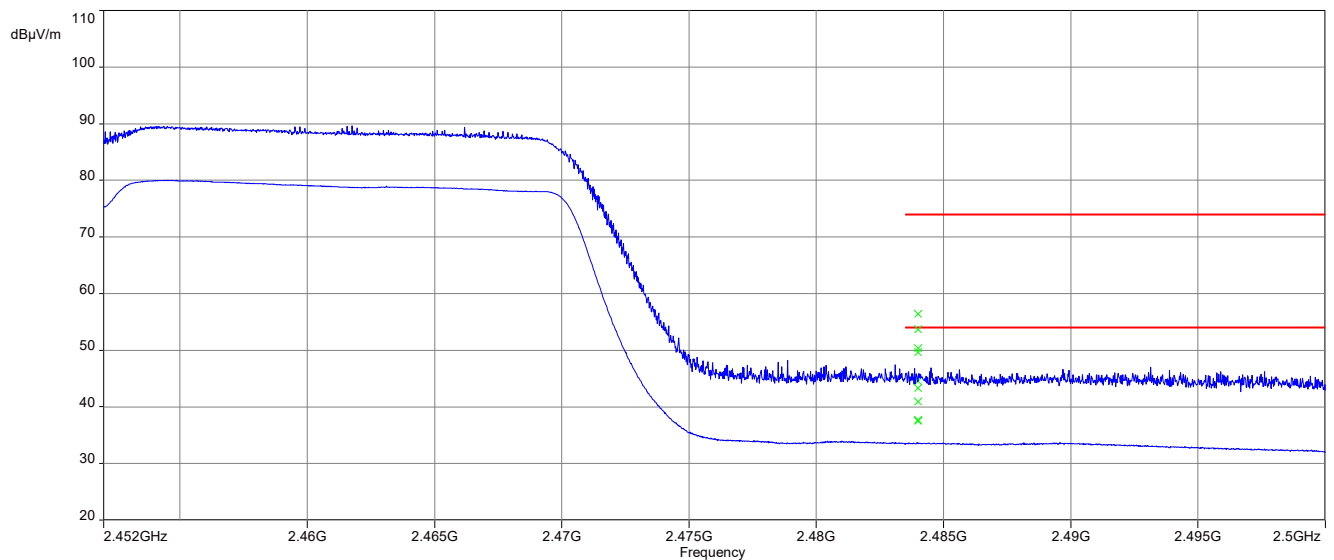


Plots: OFDM (40 MHz bandwidth) - mode peak / average

Plot 1: TX mode, lower band edge, vertical & horizontal polarization



Plot 2: TX mode, upper band edge, vertical & horizontal polarization



13.5 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m with 40 dB/decade according CFR Part 2.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Video bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measured modulation	☒ DSSS b – mode ☒ OFDM g – mode ☐ OFDM n HT20 – mode ☒ OFDM n HT40 – mode
Test setup	See chapter 7.2 B
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 9

Limits:

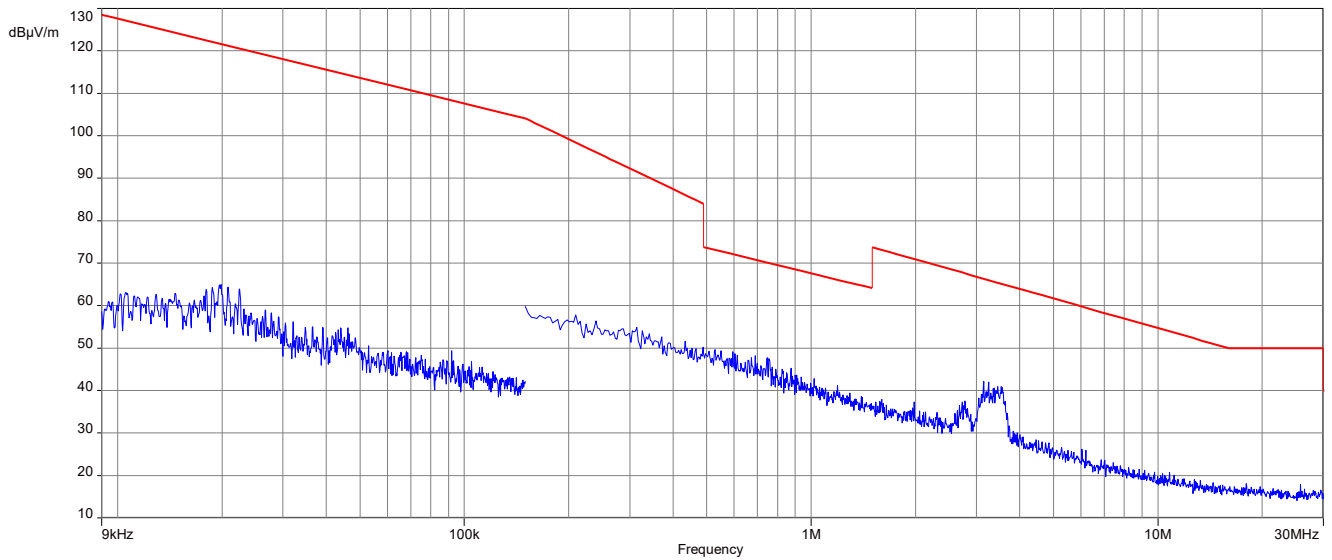
FCC		IC
Frequency / MHz	Field Strength / (dB μ V / m)	Measurement distance / m
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

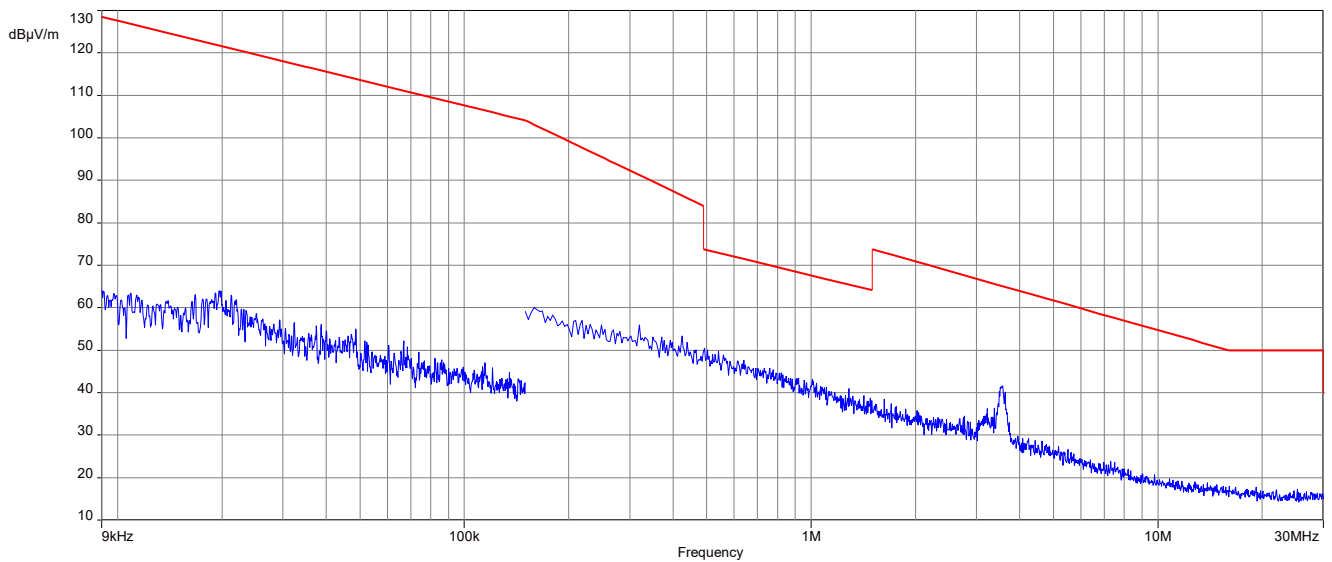
TX spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz / (dB μ V / m) @ 3 m		
Frequency / MHz	Detector	Level / (dB μ V / m)
All detected peaks are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots: DSSS

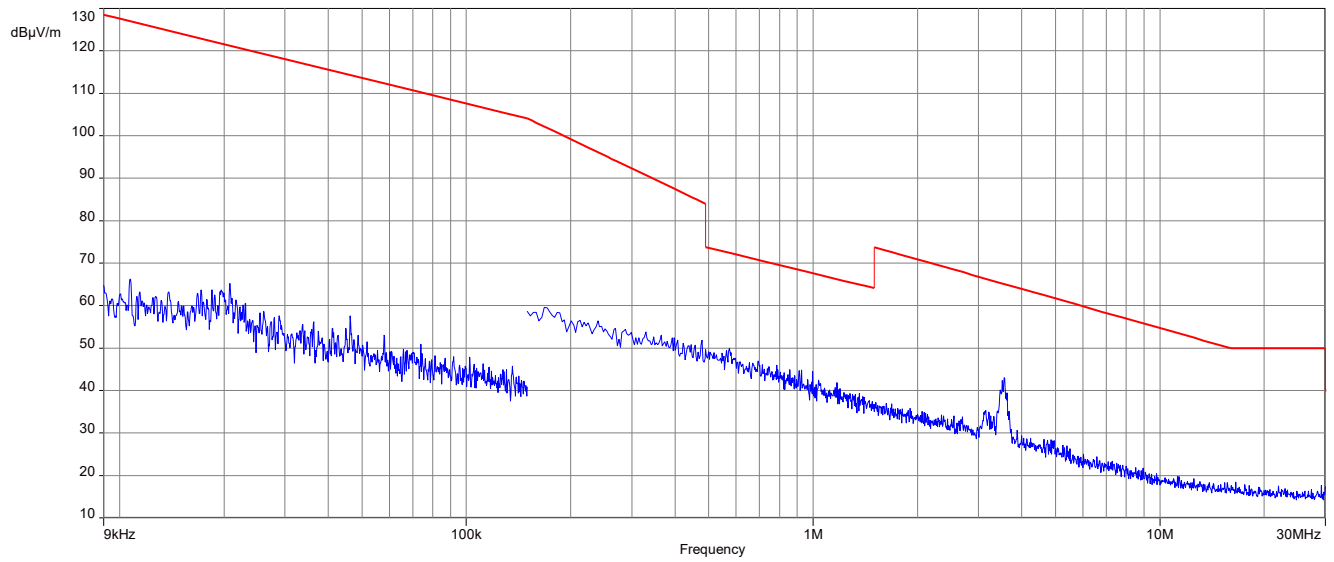
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, lowest channel



Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, middle channel

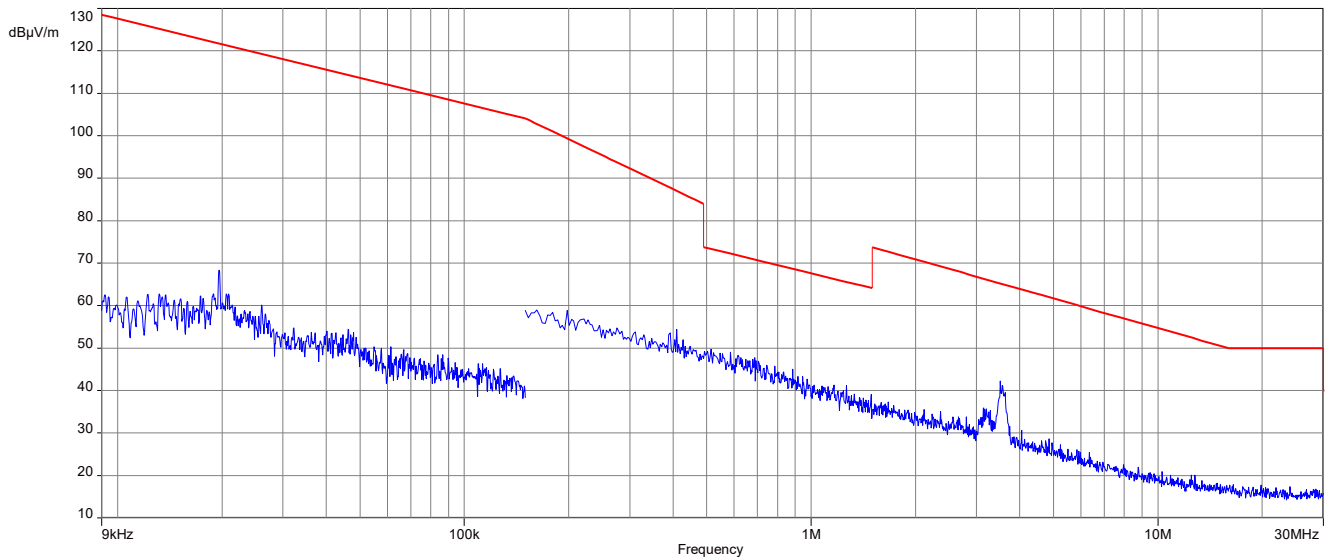


Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, highest channel

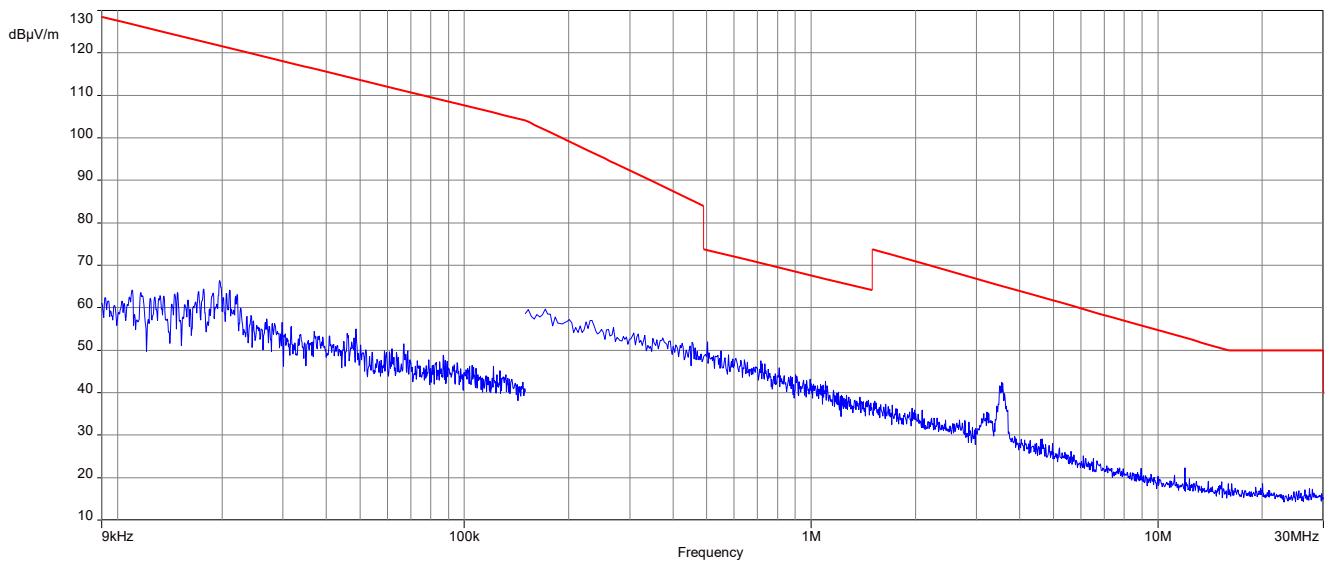


Plots: OFDM (20 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

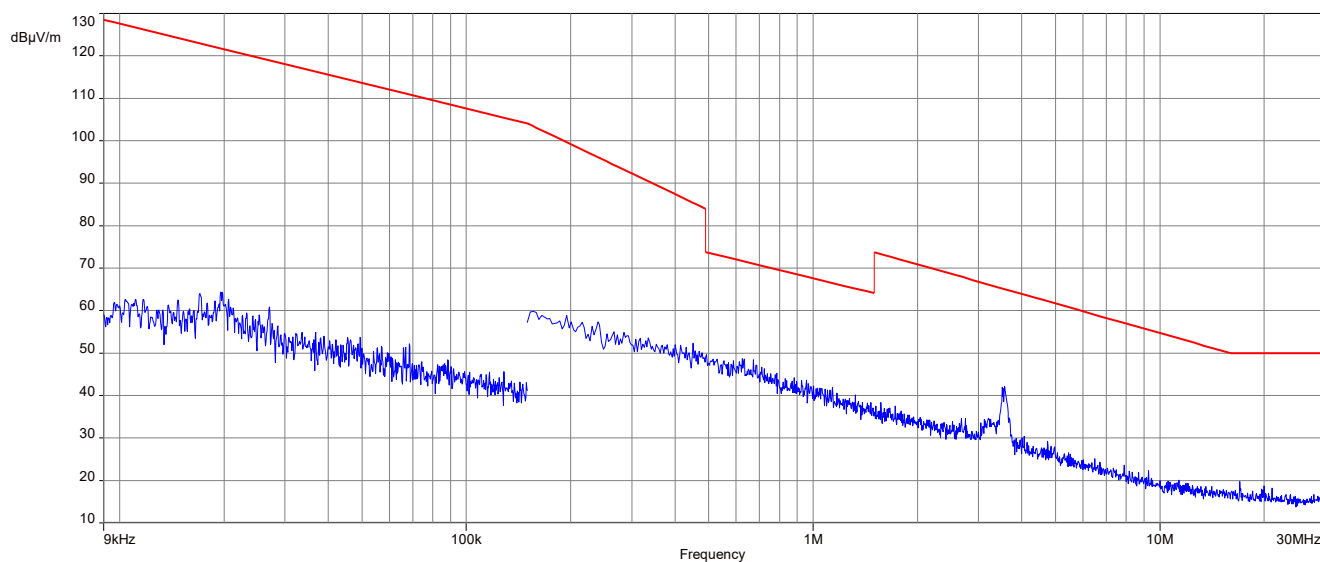
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, lowest channel



Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, middle channel

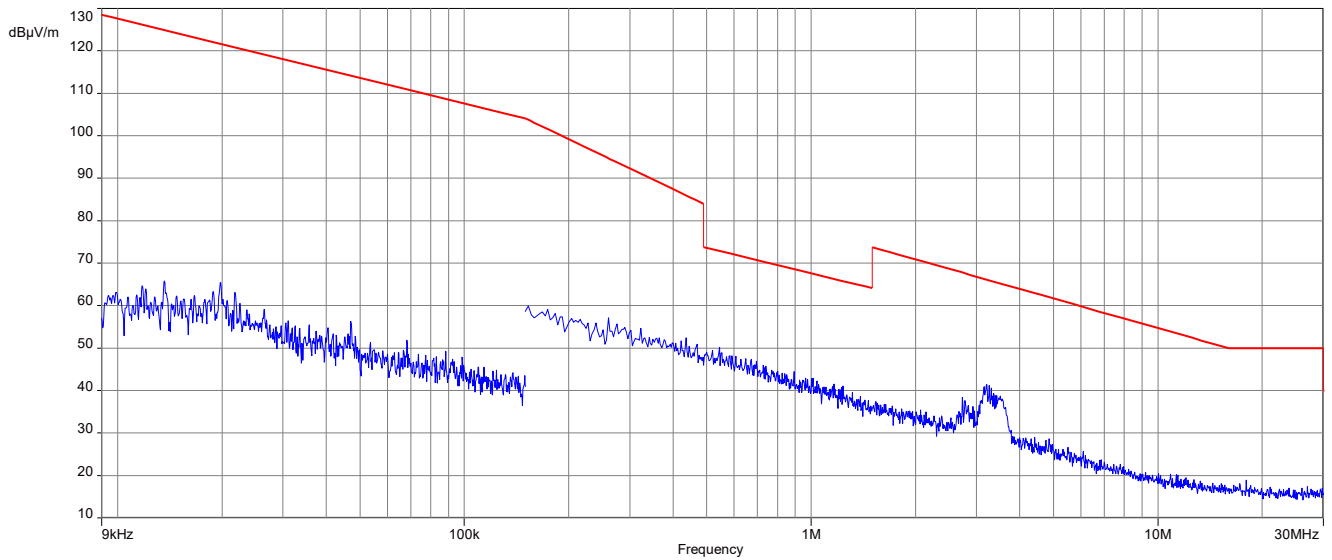


Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, highest channel

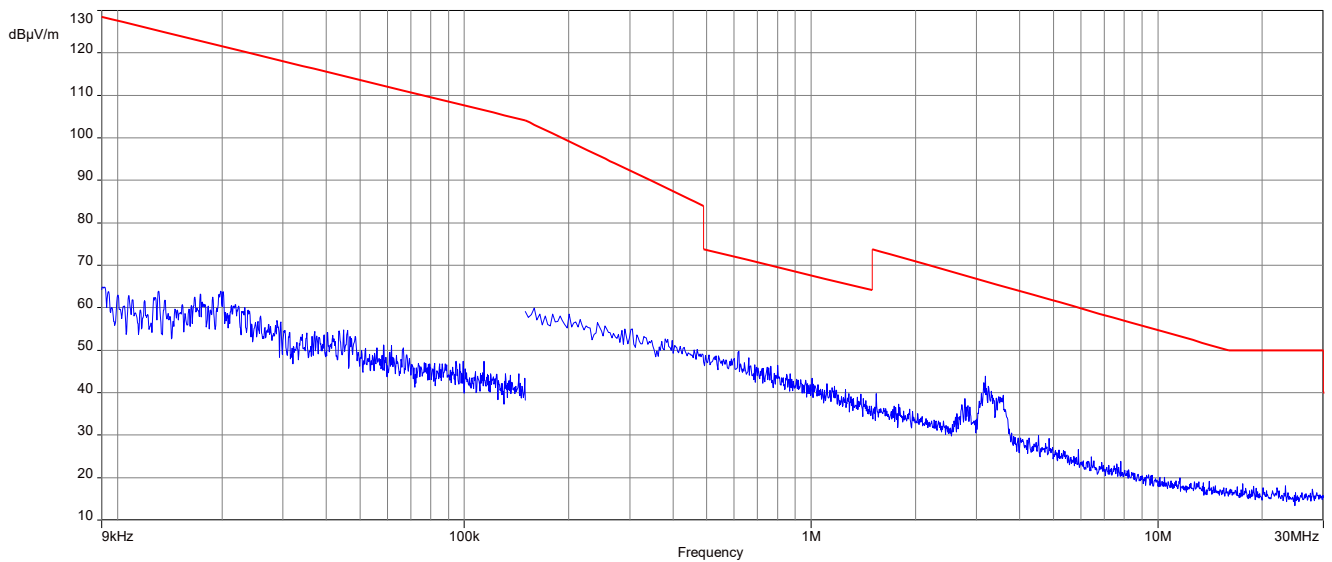


Plots: OFDM (40 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

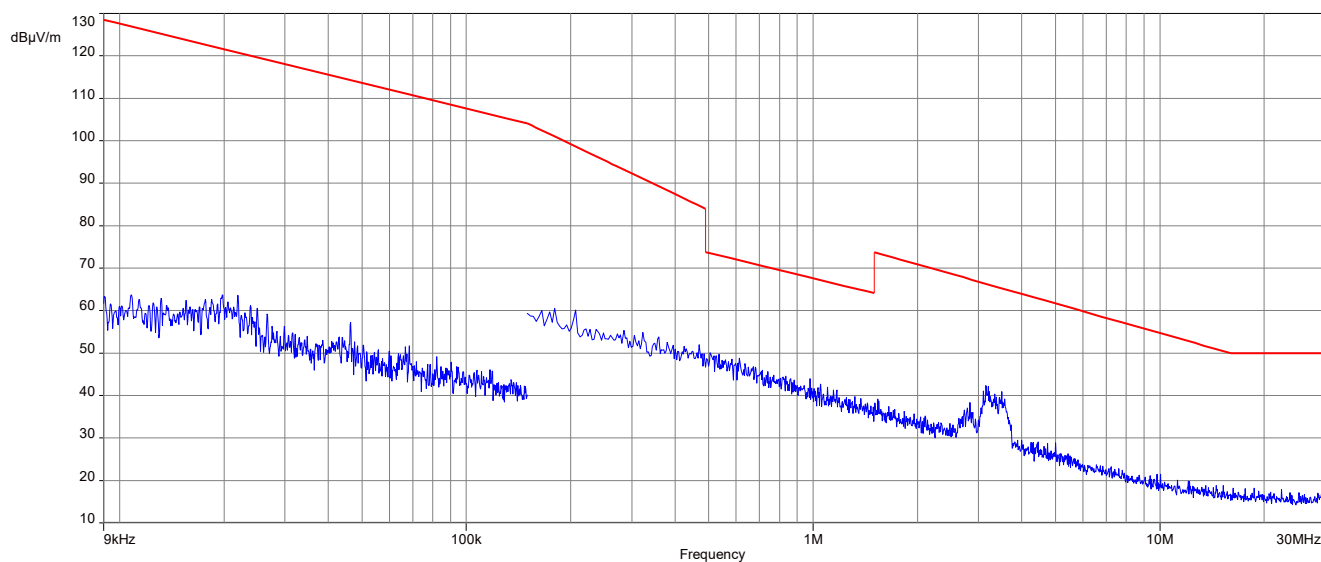
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, lowest channel



Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, middle channel



Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, highest channel



13.6 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

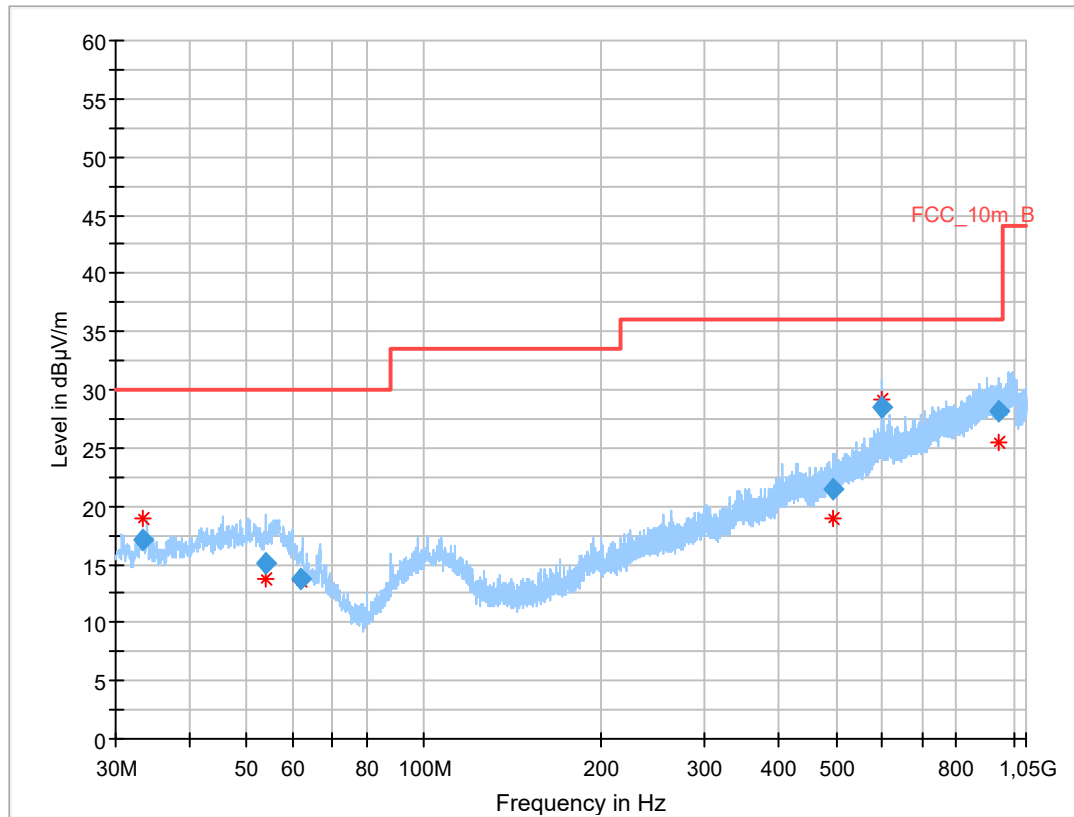
Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations below 1 GHz.

Measurement:

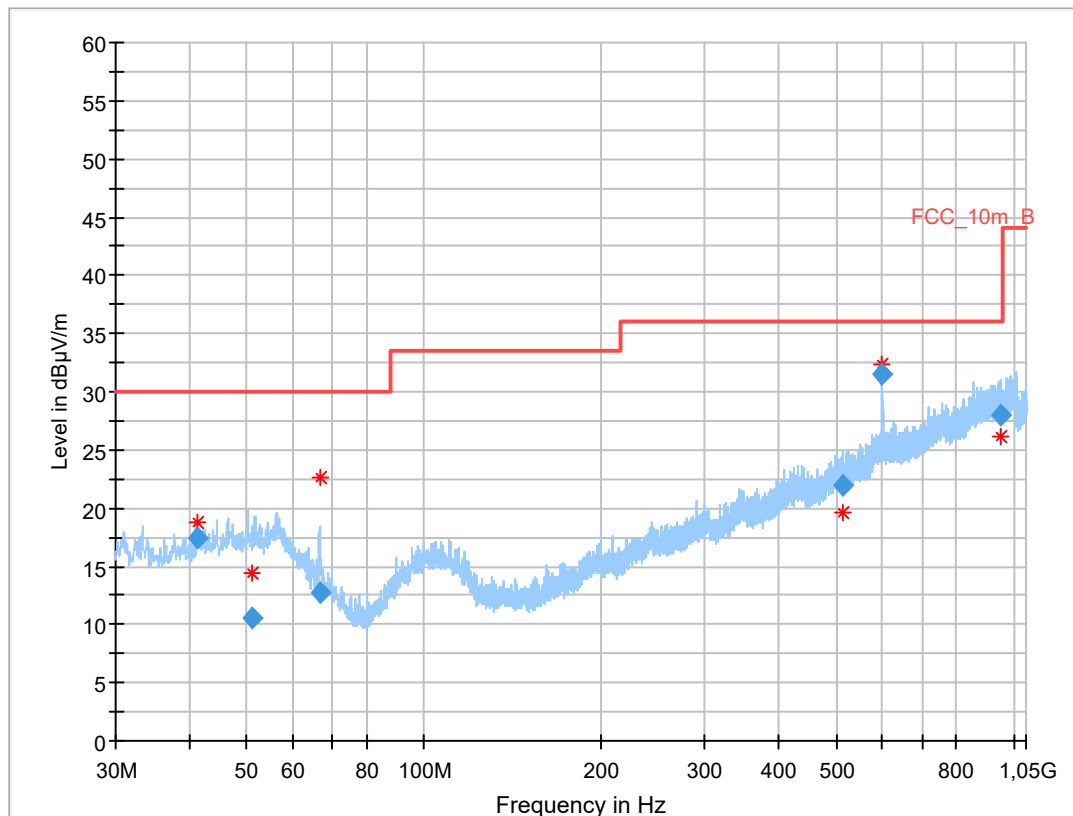
Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	120 kHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measured modulation	☒ DSSS b – mode ☒ OFDM g – mode ☐ OFDM n HT20 – mode ☒ OFDM n HT40 – mode
Test setup	See chapter 7.1 A
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 9

Limits:

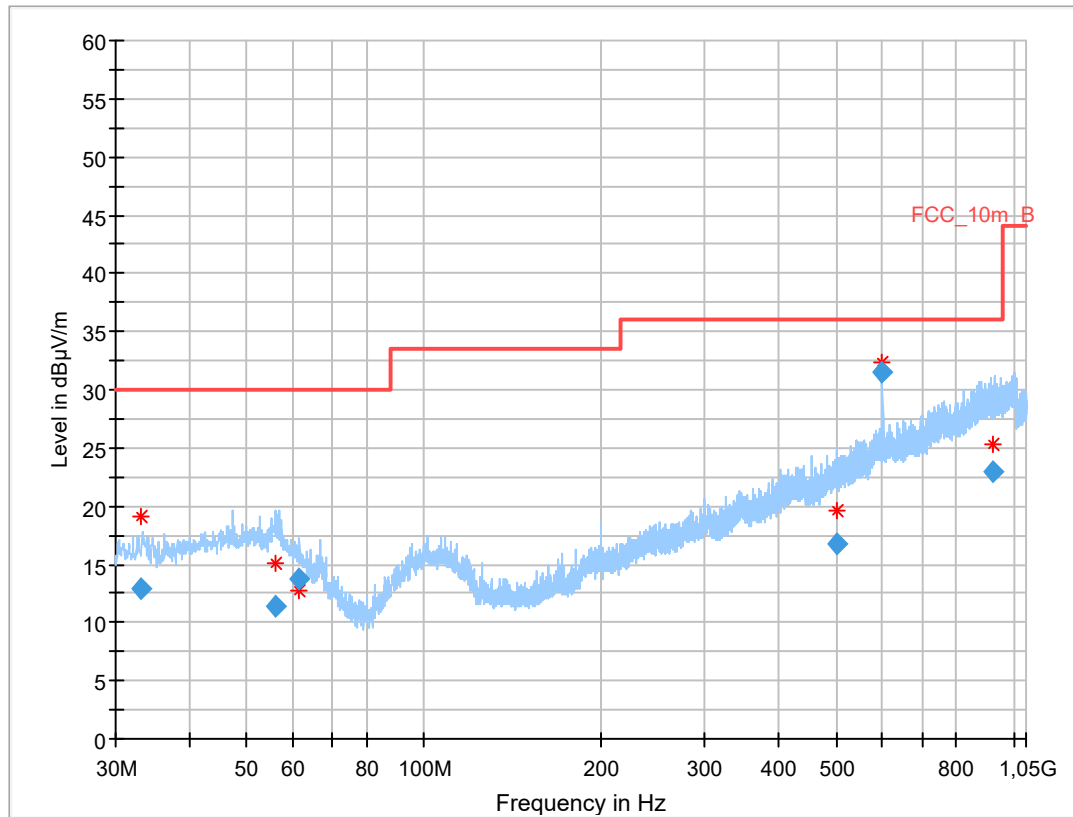
FCC		IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
Frequency / MHz	Field Strength / (dBµV / m)	Measurement distance / m
30 – 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10

Plot: DSSS**Plot 1:** 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, lowest channel**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
33.429	17.17	30.0	12.8	1000	120.0	101.0	V	280	12
54.048	15.03	30.0	15.0	1000	120.0	170.0	V	280	14
61.953	13.72	30.0	16.3	1000	120.0	117.0	V	254	12
493.581	21.51	36.0	14.5	1000	120.0	170.0	V	157	18
599.999	28.54	36.0	7.5	1000	120.0	117.0	H	247	20
942.645	28.09	36.0	7.9	1000	120.0	101.0	H	-8	24

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, middle channel**Final results:**

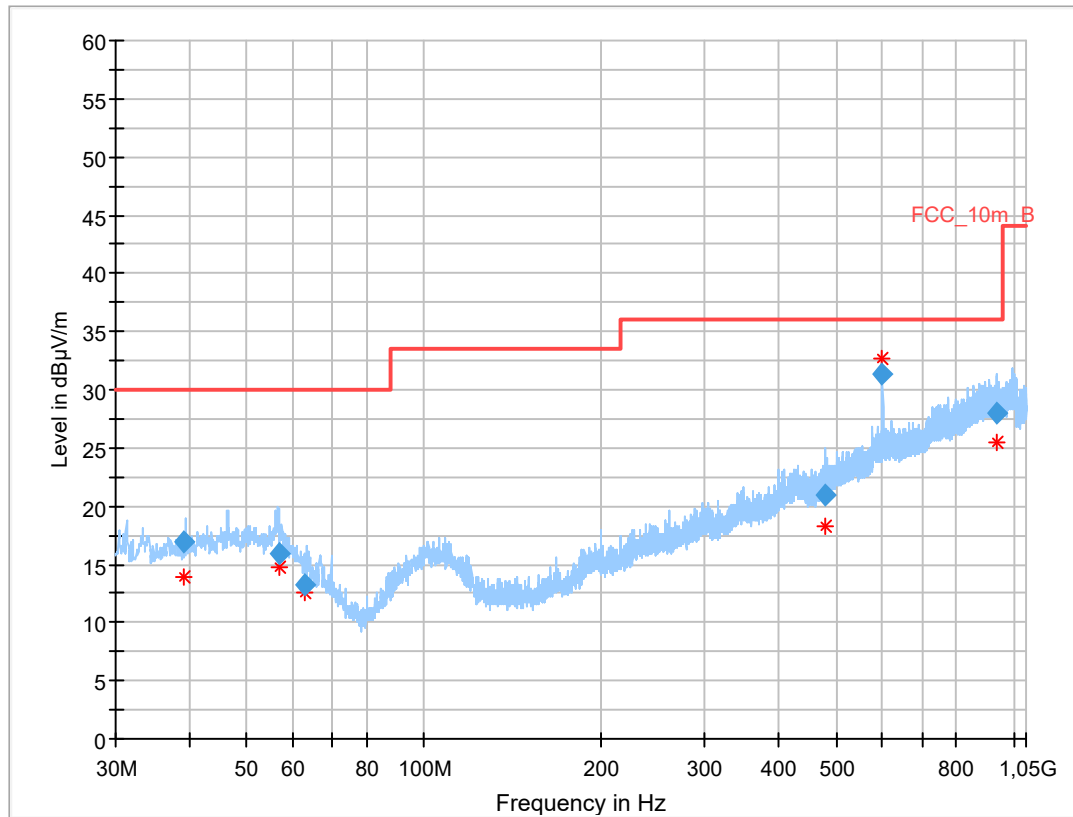
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
41.330	17.47	30.0	12.5	1000	120.0	119.0	V	247	14
50.926	10.50	30.0	19.5	1000	120.0	170.0	H	67	14
66.815	12.69	30.0	17.3	1000	120.0	129.0	V	-21	11
512.122	21.89	36.0	14.1	1000	120.0	170.0	V	247	19
599.999	31.53	36.0	4.5	1000	120.0	100.0	V	157	20
950.059	28.01	36.0	8.0	1000	120.0	170.0	V	-22	24

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, highest channel**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
33.230	12.85	30.0	17.2	1000	120.0	98.0	V	96	12
56.057	11.37	30.0	18.6	1000	120.0	170.0	V	67	15
61.517	13.77	30.0	16.2	1000	120.0	170.0	V	22	12
502.539	16.71	36.0	19.3	1000	120.0	163.0	H	67	18
599.980	31.48	36.0	4.5	1000	120.0	98.0	V	157	20
926.015	22.88	36.0	13.1	1000	120.0	170.0	V	247	24

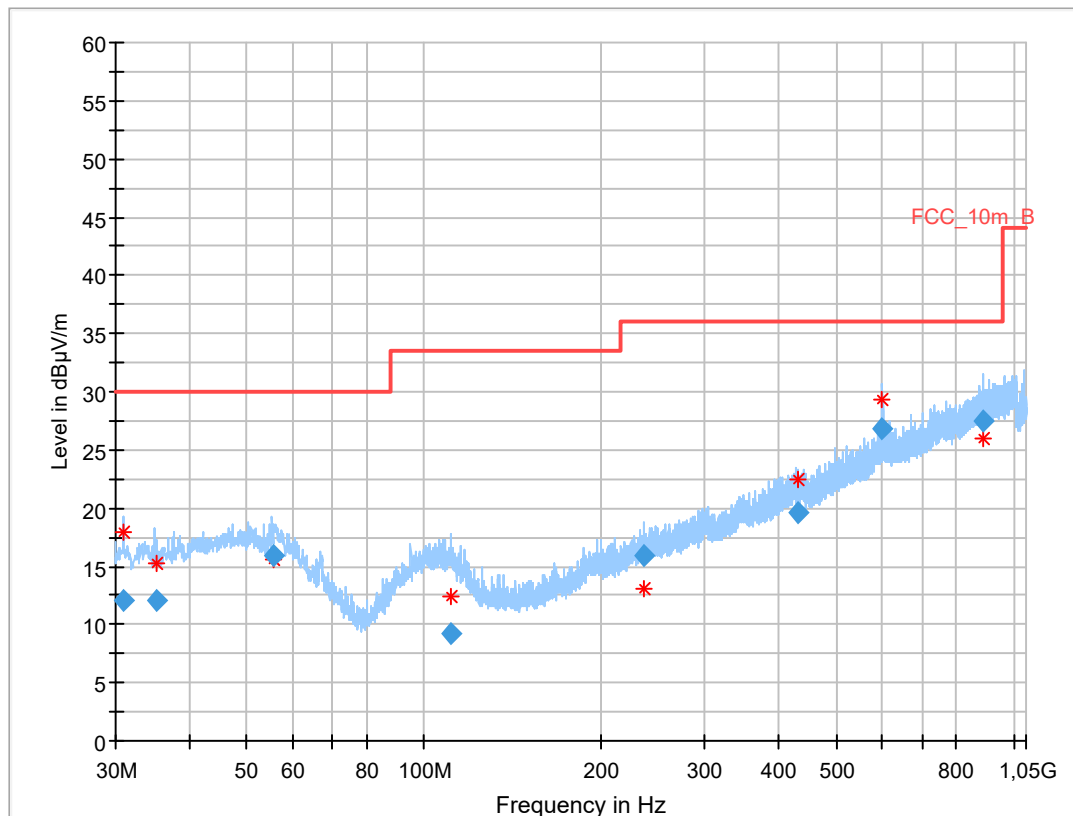
Plot: OFDM (20 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, lowest channel

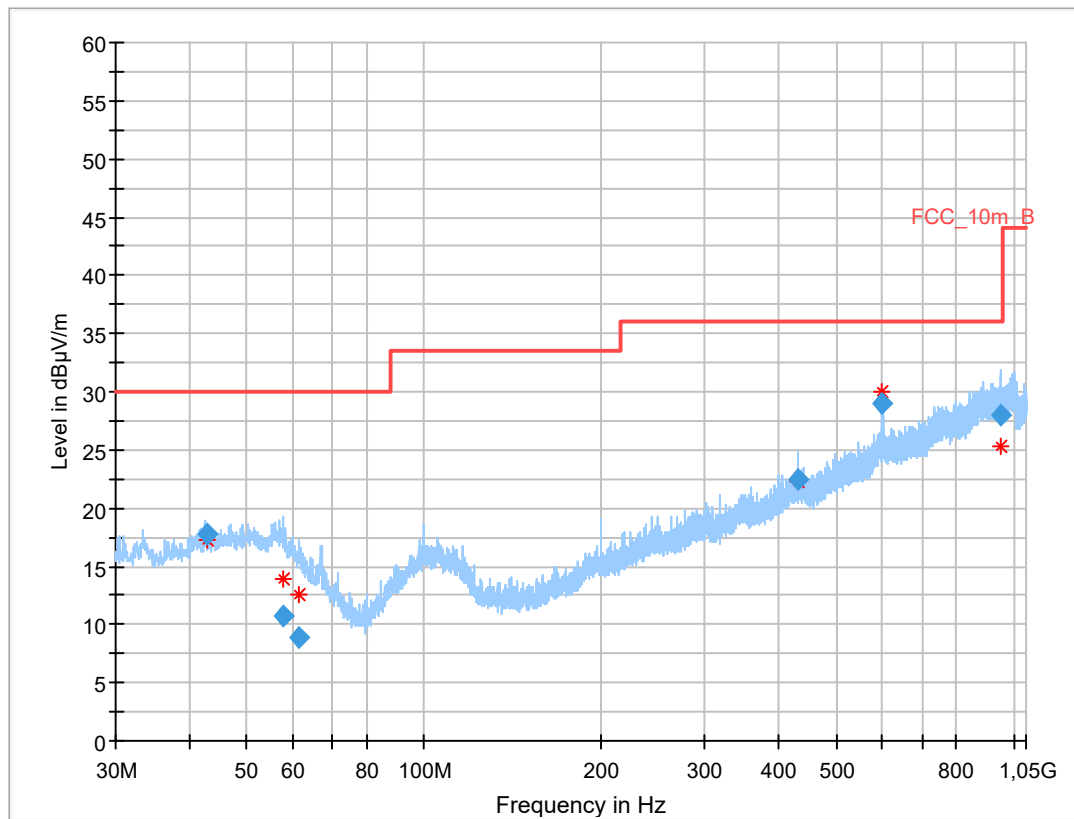


Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
39.074	17.00	30.0	13.0	1000	120.0	170.0	V	22	13
56.926	15.96	30.0	14.0	1000	120.0	170.0	H	67	15
62.942	13.29	30.0	16.7	1000	120.0	115.0	V	157	12
479.534	20.97	36.0	15.0	1000	120.0	170.0	V	67	18
599.989	31.40	36.0	4.6	1000	120.0	101.0	V	157	20
936.772	27.99	36.0	8.0	1000	120.0	148.0	V	-22	24

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, middle channel**Final results:**

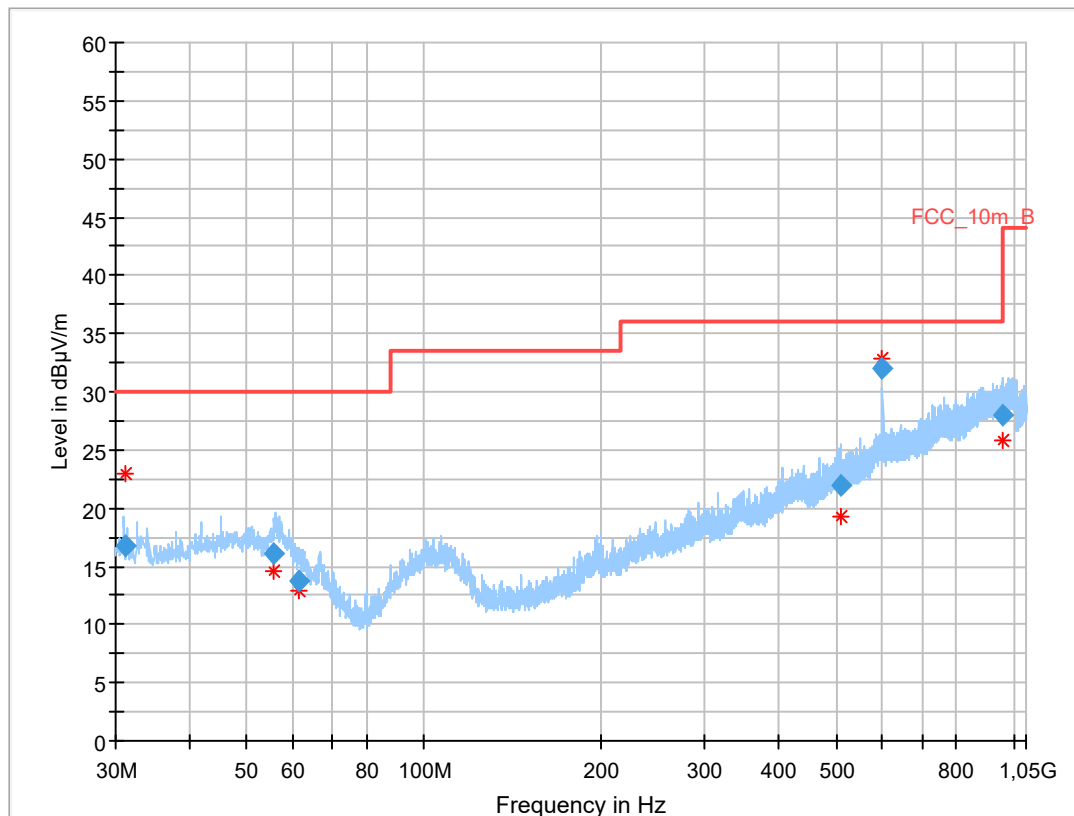
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
30.896	12.12	30.0	17.9	1000	120.0	104.0	V	94	12
35.243	12.01	30.0	18.0	1000	120.0	170.0	V	157	12
55.672	15.99	30.0	14.0	1000	120.0	165.0	H	-22	15
111.282	9.16	33.5	24.3	1000	120.0	170.0	H	202	12
236.722	15.95	36.0	20.1	1000	120.0	170.0	V	184	13
430.076	19.69	36.0	16.3	1000	120.0	104.0	V	157	17
599.998	26.87	36.0	9.1	1000	120.0	170.0	H	67	20
886.647	27.54	36.0	8.5	1000	120.0	139.0	H	157	23

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, highest channel**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
42.903	17.69	30.0	12.3	1000	120.0	118.0	V	247	14
57.542	10.69	30.0	19.3	1000	120.0	170.0	H	247	14
61.197	8.96	30.0	21.0	1000	120.0	170.0	V	157	13
430.075	22.47	36.0	13.5	1000	120.0	101.0	V	-12	17
599.993	28.96	36.0	7.0	1000	120.0	170.0	H	292	20
953.255	28.00	36.0	8.0	1000	120.0	170.0	V	157	24

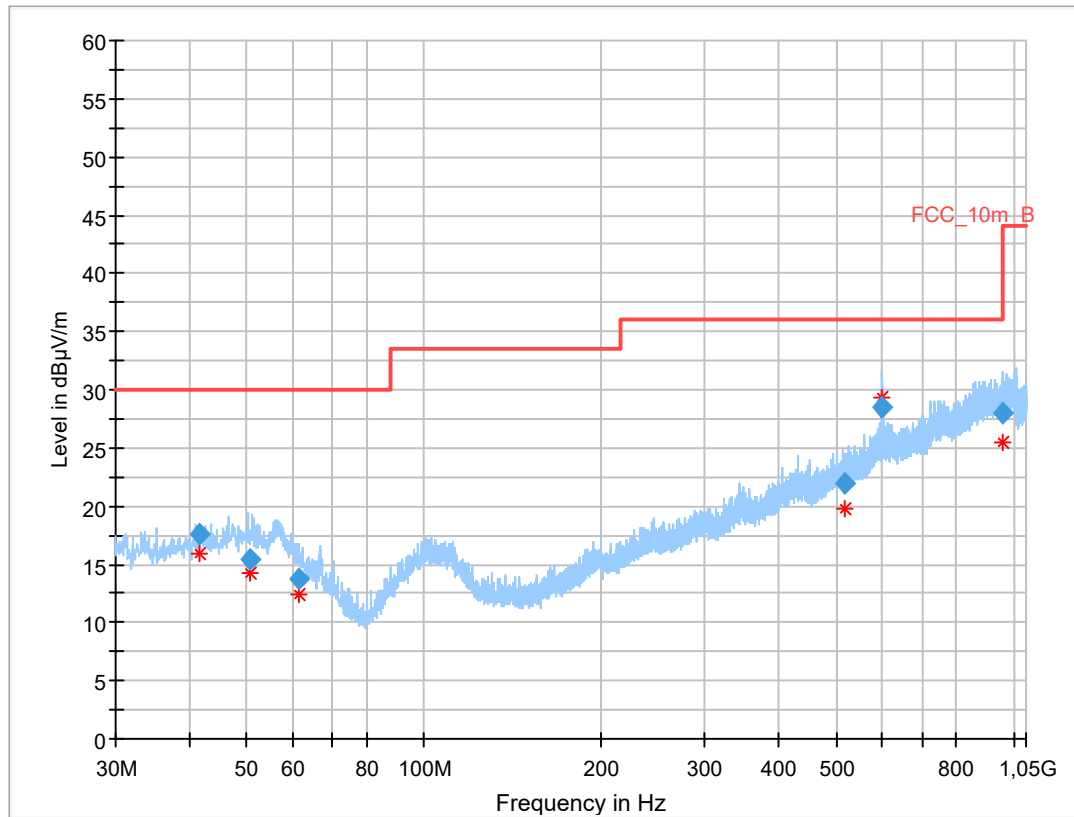
Plot: OFDM (40 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, lowest channel

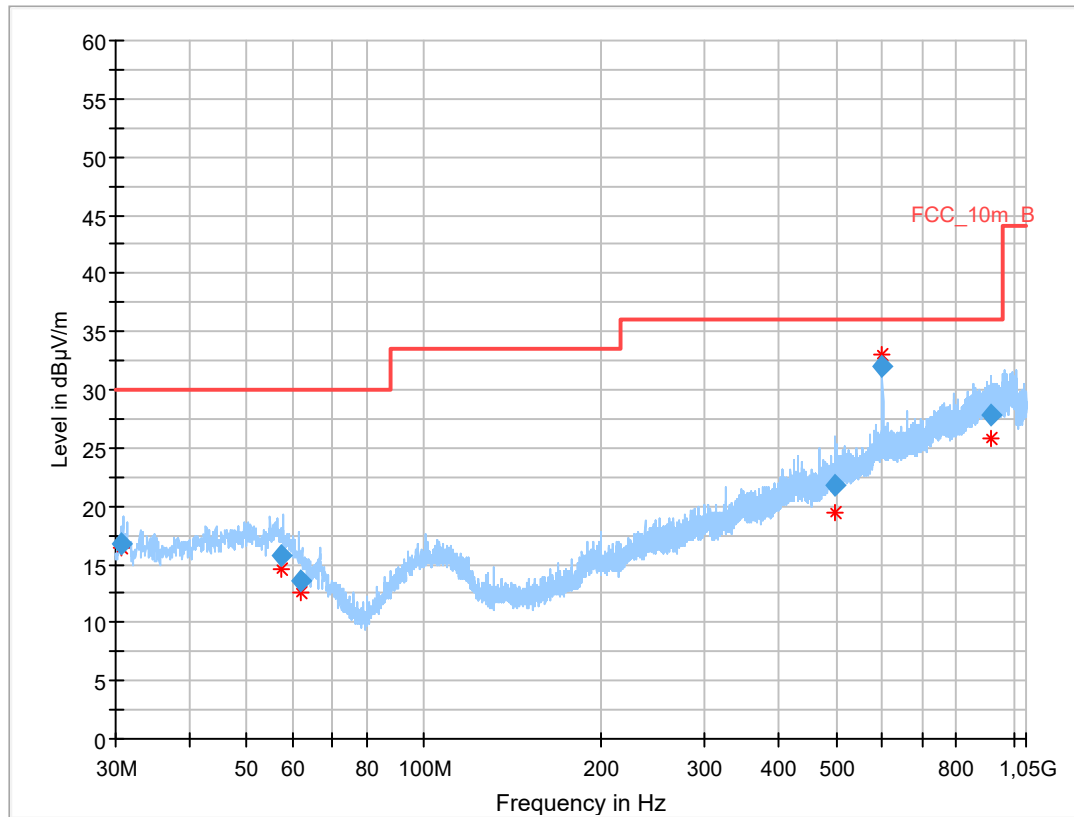


Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
31.058	16.74	30.0	13.3	1000	120.0	158.0	V	85	12
55.710	16.06	30.0	13.9	1000	120.0	170.0	H	157	15
61.410	13.75	30.0	16.3	1000	120.0	170.0	V	157	12
510.076	21.93	36.0	14.1	1000	120.0	170.0	H	84	18
599.985	31.95	36.0	4.1	1000	120.0	101.0	V	157	20
958.481	27.96	36.0	8.0	1000	120.0	102.0	V	-12	24

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, middle channel**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
41.533	17.59	30.0	12.4	1000	120.0	166.0	H	67	14
50.566	15.40	30.0	14.6	1000	120.0	155.0	V	247	14
61.468	13.73	30.0	16.3	1000	120.0	105.0	H	22	12
515.804	21.96	36.0	14.0	1000	120.0	110.0	V	157	19
599.993	28.45	36.0	7.6	1000	120.0	110.0	H	247	20
956.760	27.94	36.0	8.1	1000	120.0	170.0	V	5	24

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, highest channel**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
30.678	16.68	30.0	13.3	1000	120.0	127.0	V	202	12
57.509	15.70	30.0	14.3	1000	120.0	170.0	H	292	14
61.891	13.61	30.0	16.4	1000	120.0	170.0	V	112	12
497.604	21.71	36.0	14.3	1000	120.0	170.0	H	247	18
599.993	32.01	36.0	4.0	1000	120.0	101.0	V	157	20
914.354	27.84	36.0	8.2	1000	120.0	170.0	V	67	24

13.7 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions above 1 GHz in transmit mode and receiver / idle mode.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	1 GHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measured modulation	☒ DSSS b – mode ☒ OFDM g – mode ☐ OFDM n HT20 – mode ☒ OFDM n HT40 – mode
Test setup	See chapter 7.2 C & 7.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 9

Limits:

FCC		IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
Frequency / MHz	Field Strength / (dBµV / m)	Measurement distance / m
Above 960	54.0 (AVG)	3
	74.0 (peak)	

Results: DSSS

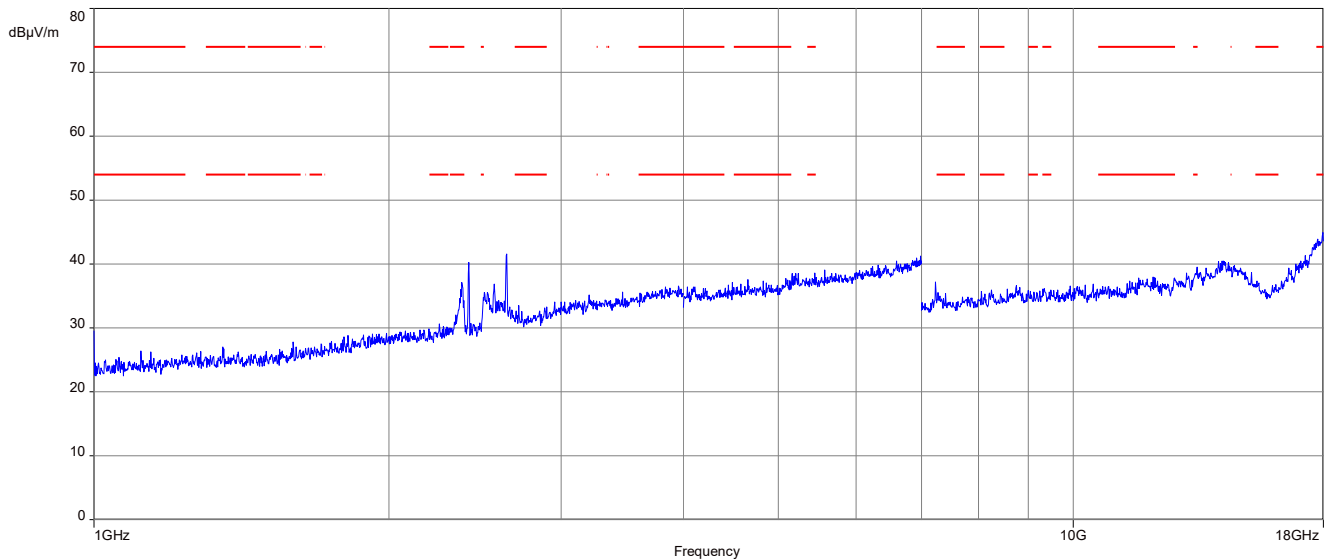
TX spurious emissions radiated / dBµV/m @ 3 m								
lowest channel			middle channel			highest channel		
f / MHz	Detector	Level / dBµV/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dBµV/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dBµV/m
-/-	-/-	-/-	4879.9	RMS	43.6	2693.8	RMS	43.8
				Peak	51.4		Peak	51.6
-/-	-/-	-/-	7312.4	RMS	45.2	-/-	-/-	-/-
				Peak	52.8			

Results: OFDM (20 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

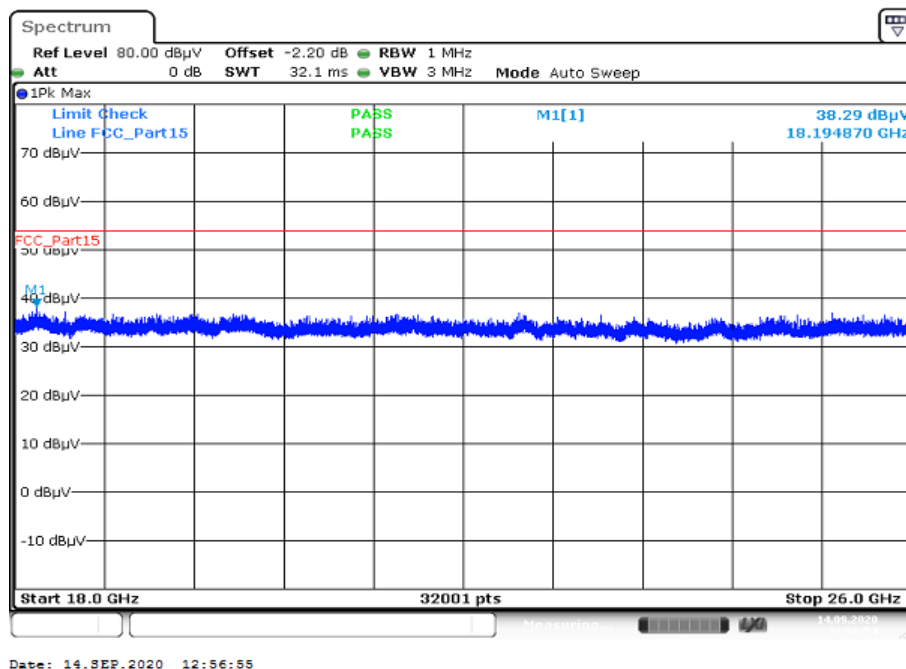
TX spurious emissions radiated / dBµV/m @ 3 m								
lowest channel			middle channel			highest channel		
f / MHz	Detector	Level / dBµV/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dBµV/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dBµV/m
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

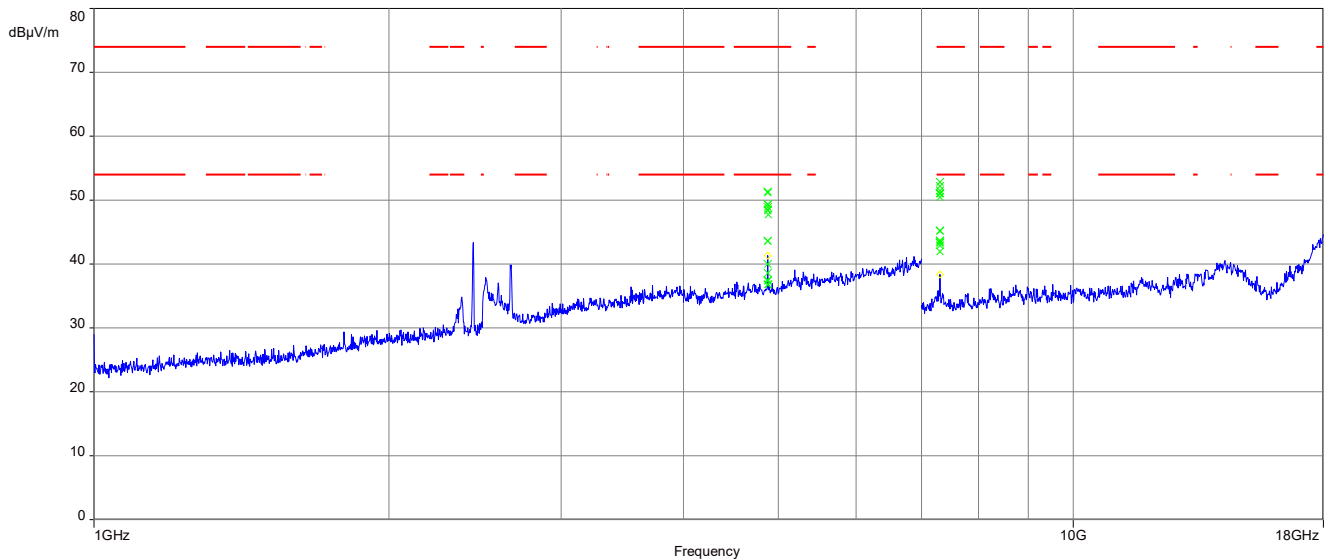
Results: OFDM (40 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

TX spurious emissions radiated / dBµV/m @ 3 m								
lowest channel			middle channel			highest channel		
f / MHz	Detector	Level / dBµV/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dBµV/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dBµV/m
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

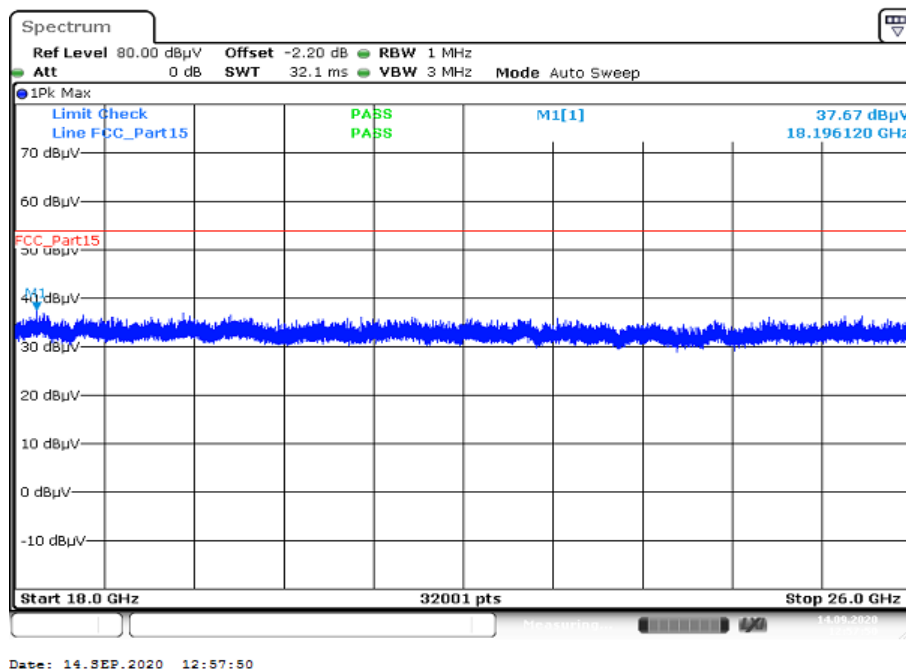
Plots: DSSS**Plot 1:** Lowest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

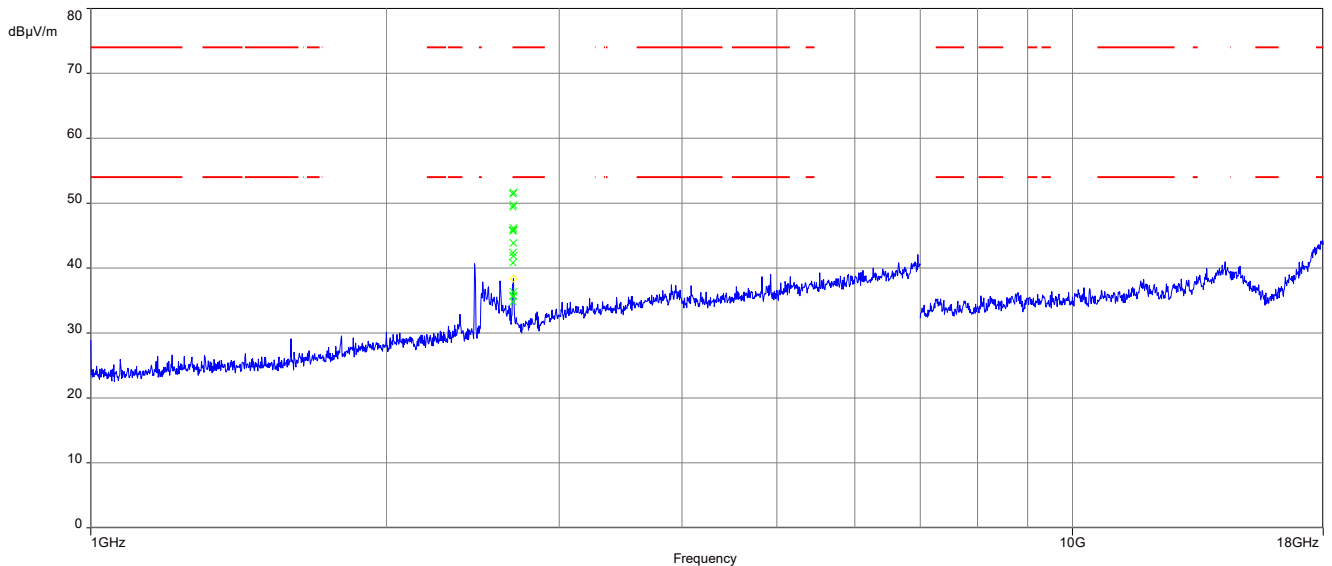
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 3: Lowest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

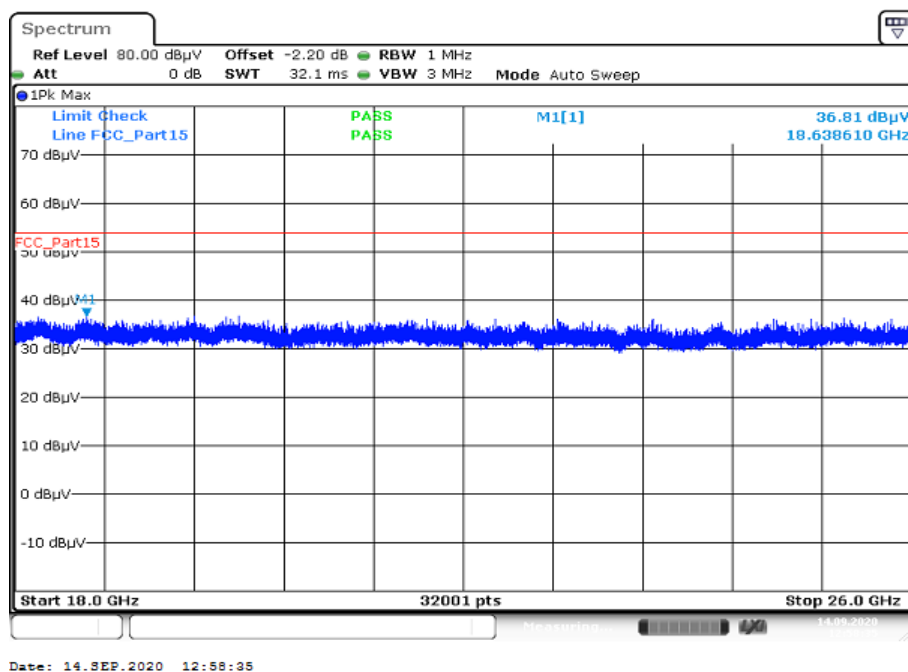
Plot 4: Middle channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 6: Middle channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

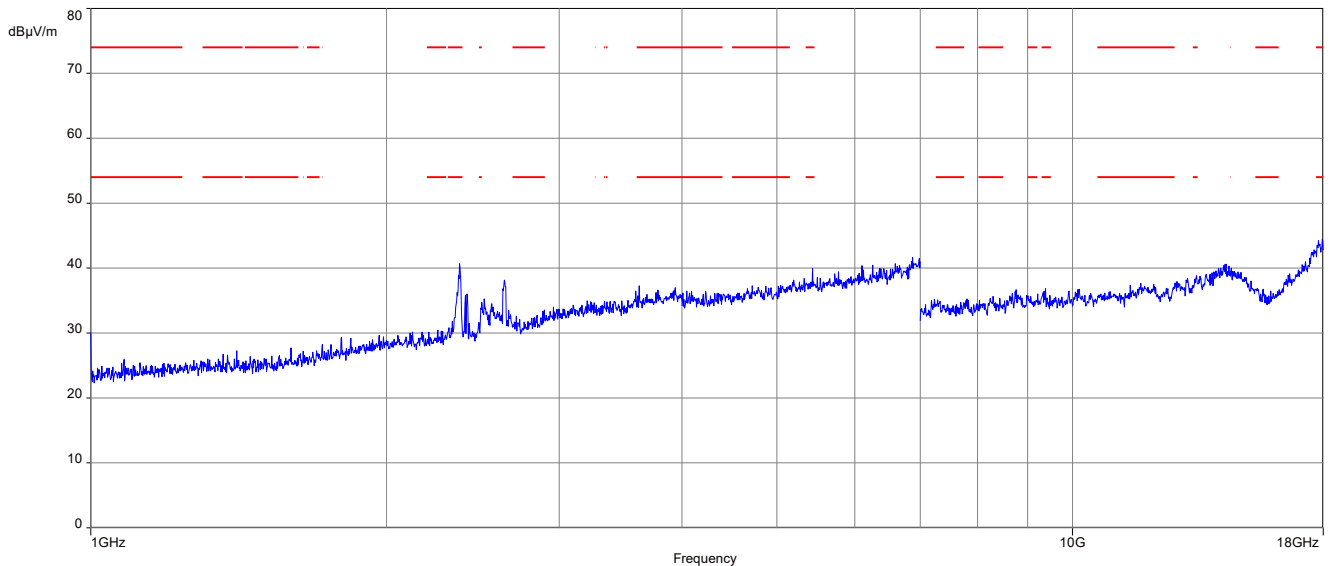
Plot 7: Highest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 9: Highest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

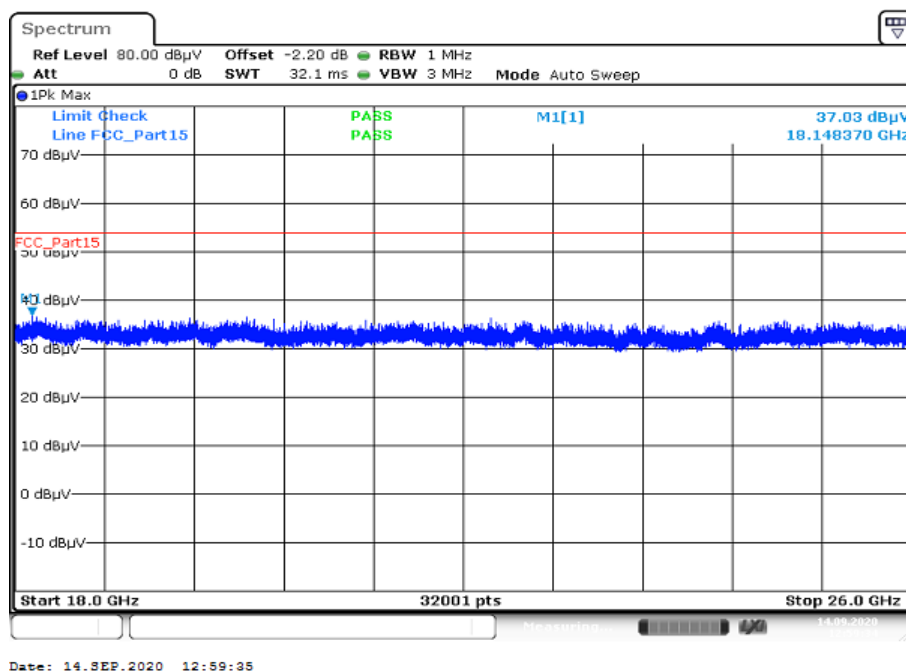
Plots: OFDM (20 MHz bandwidth)

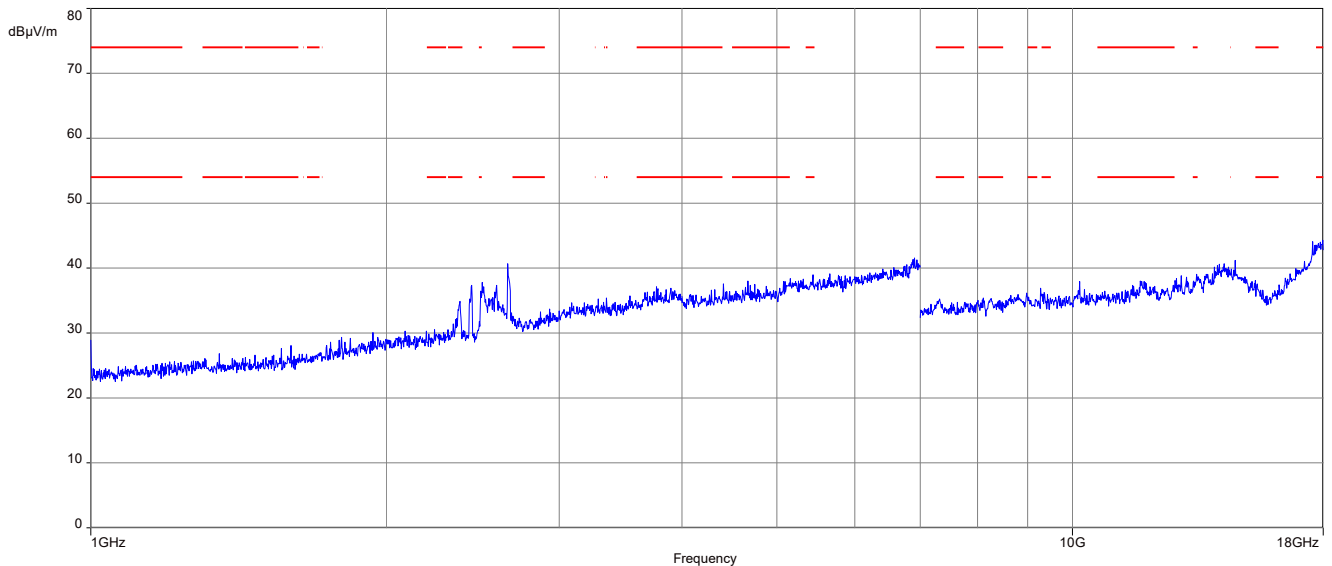
Plot 1: Lowest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



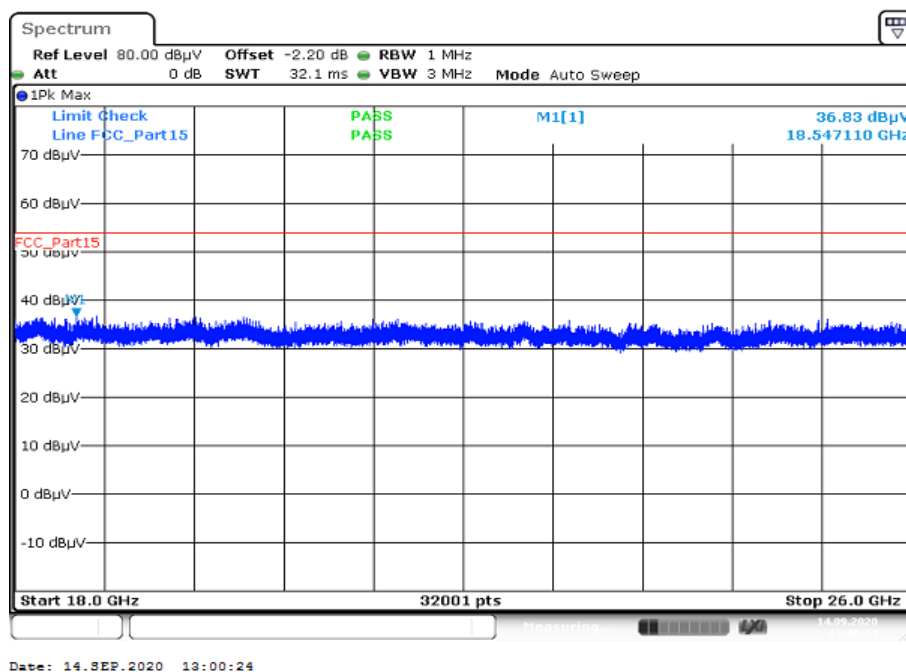
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

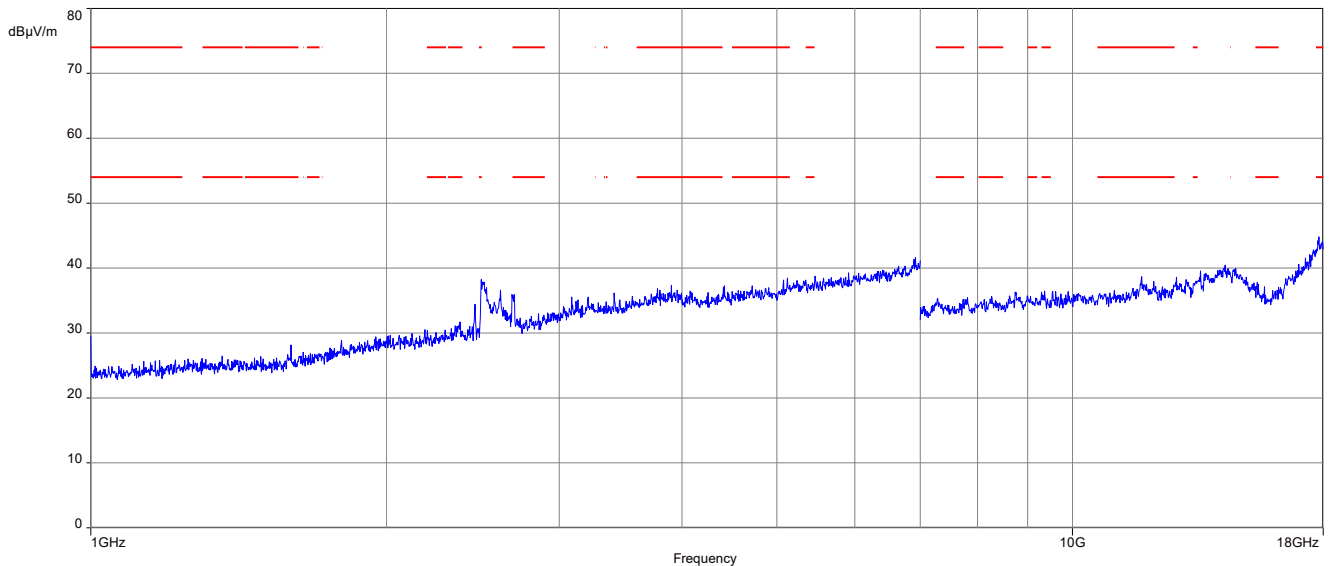
Plot 3: Lowest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



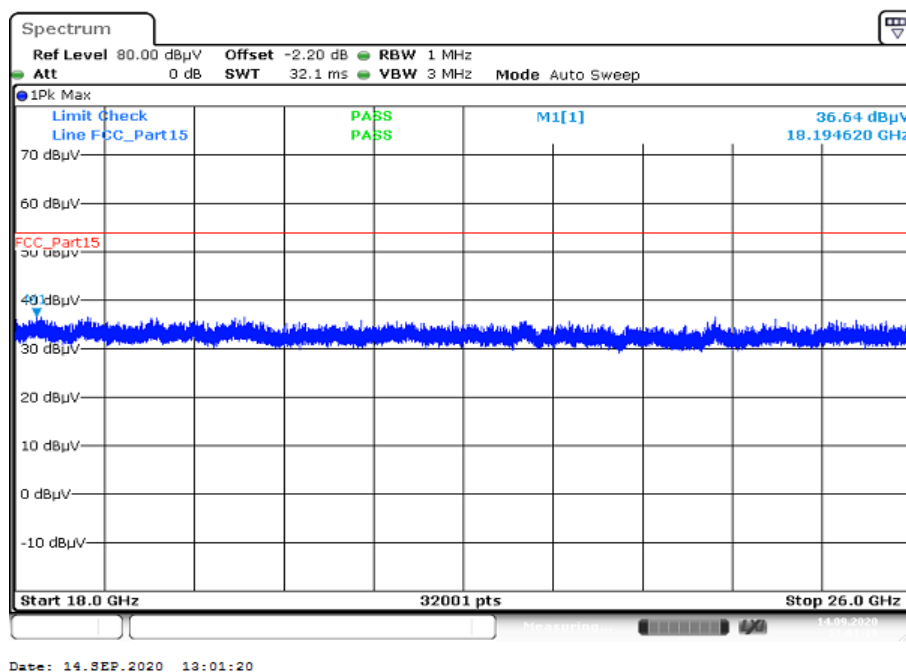
Plot 4: Middle channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 6: Middle channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

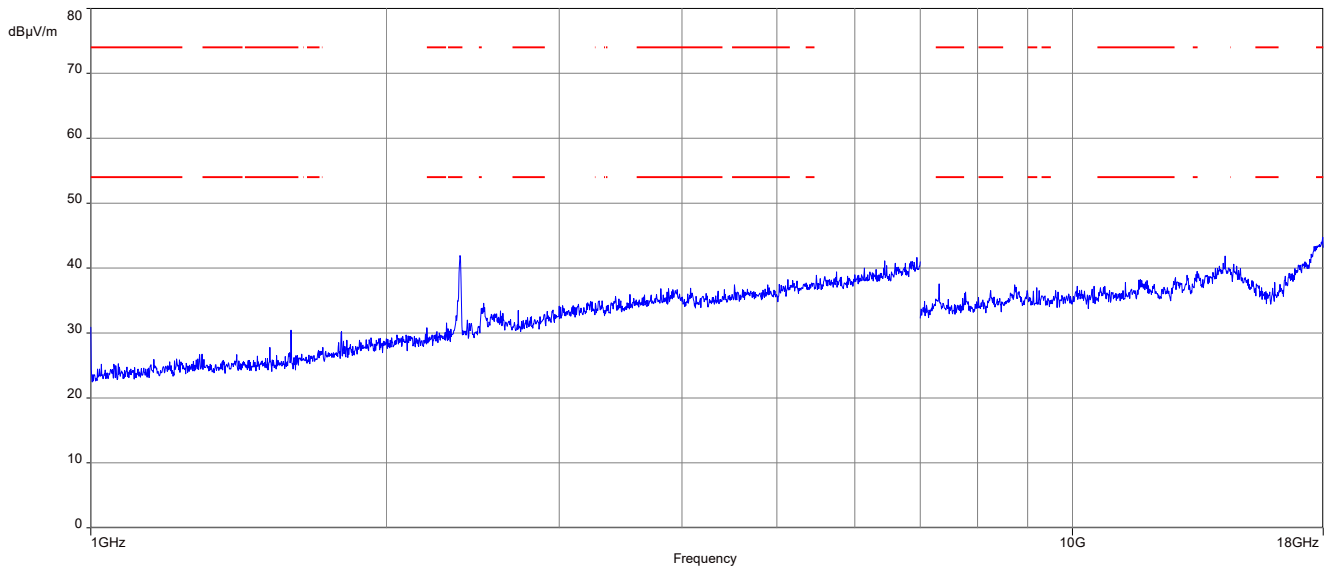
Plot 7: Highest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 9: Highest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

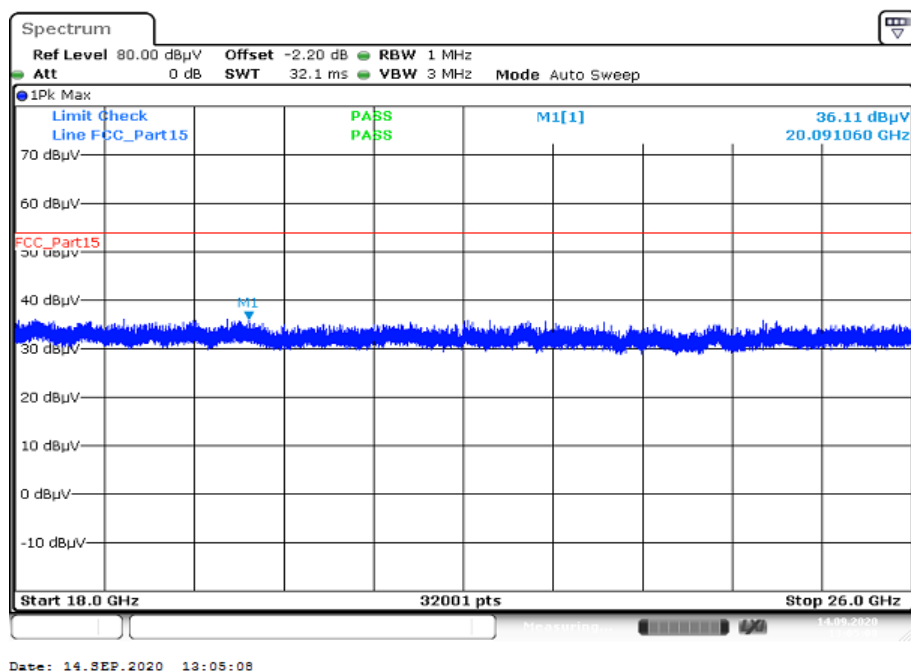
Plots: OFDM (40 MHz bandwidth)

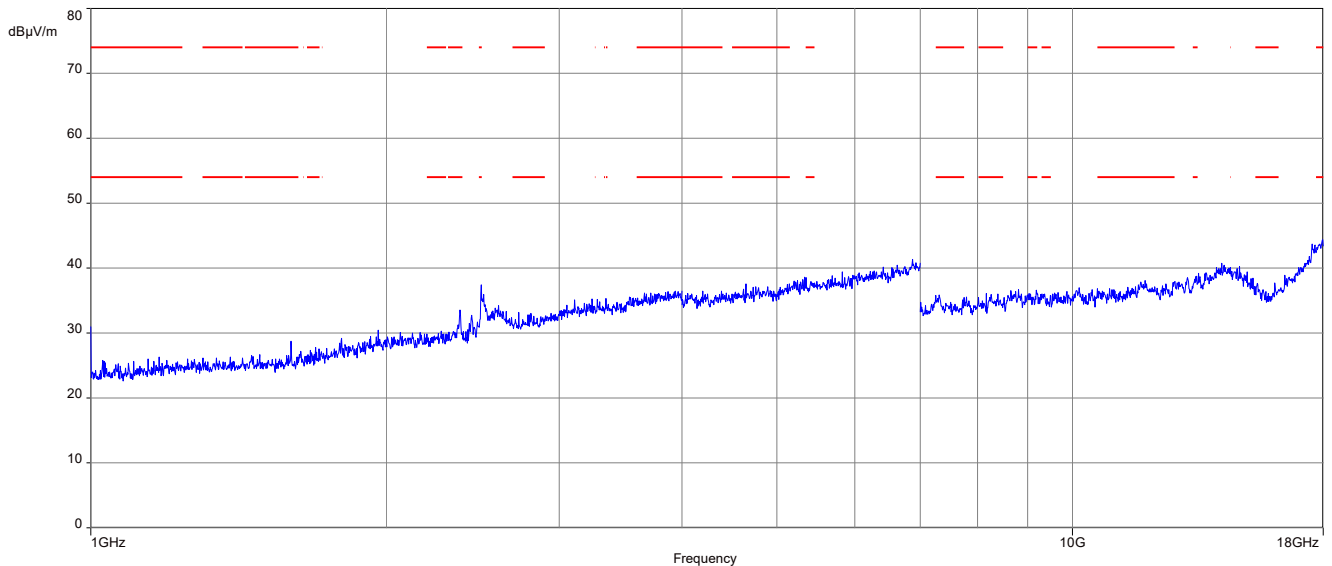
Plot 1: Lowest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



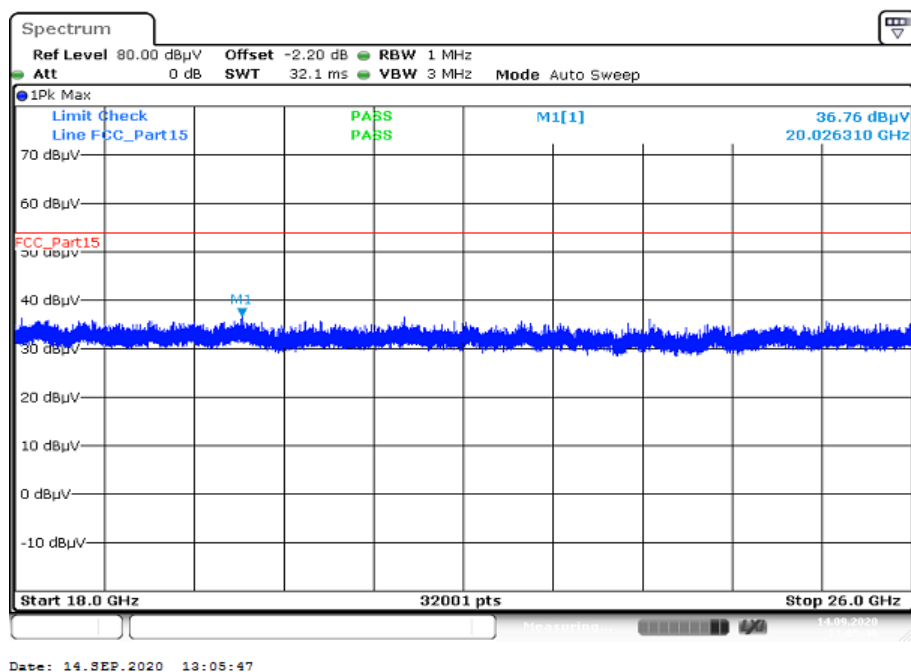
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

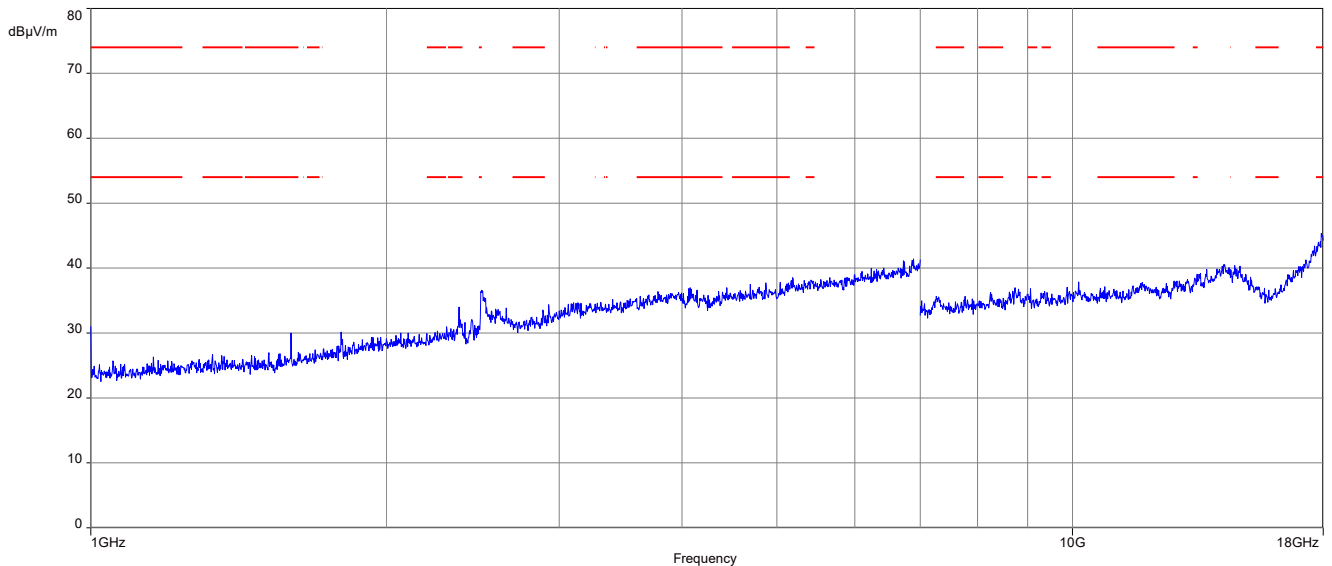
Plot 3: Lowest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



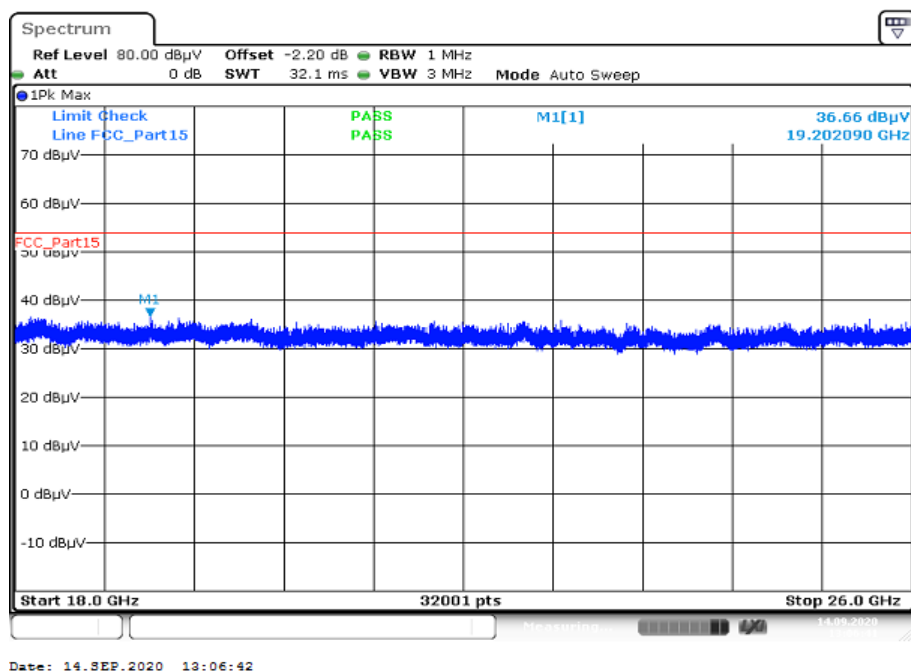
Plot 4: Middle channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 6: Middle channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

Plot 7: Highest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 9: Highest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

14 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

15 Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
GUE	GNSS User Equipment
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EN	European Standard
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
C/N₀	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz

16 Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2021-03-08
A	FCC ID, IC, FW version and SW version changed	2021-05-14

17 Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-04

first page	last page
 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication (TC) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for Canadian Standards The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 09.06.2020 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 07 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-04 Frankfurt am Main, 09.06.2020 by order:  Head of Division The certificate together with its annex reflects the status at the time of the date of issue. The current status of the scope of accreditation can be found in the database of accredited bodies of Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH. https://www.dakks.de/en/content/accredited-bodies-dakks See notes overleaf.	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAKKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAKKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAKKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

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<https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04e.pdf>

18 Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-05

first page	last page
 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication (FCC Requirements) The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 09.06.2020 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 05 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-05 Frankfurt am Main, 09.06.2020  by  Head of Division The certificate together with its annex reflects the status at the time of the date of issue. The current status of the scope of accreditation can be found in the database of accredited bodies of Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH. https://www.dakks.de/en/content/accredited-bodies-dakks (see notes on back)	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

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END OF TEST REPORT