

## Electromagnetic Emission

### FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT

#### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE FCC Part 15 Certification Measurement

PRODUCT	: Barcode Scanner
MODEL/Serial No.	: KDC350 / NONE
FCC ID	: VH9KDC350A
BRAND NAME	: <b>KDC</b>
APPLICANT	: AISOLUTION CO., LTD. 691-4, Mia-dong, Gangbuk-gu, Seoul, 137-896, Republic of Korea Attn.: HYOIN, LEE / Manager
MANUFACTURER	: AISOLUTION CO., LTD. 691-4, Mia-dong, Gangbuk-gu, Seoul, 137-896, Republic of Korea
FCC CLASSIFICATION	: DTS (Part 15 Digital Transmission System)
TYPE OF MODULATION	: DSSS (CCK), OFDM (QAM)
FREQUENCY CHANNEL	: 802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2 412 MHz to 2 472 MHz and Channel Spacing 5 MHz (13 Ch)
AIR DATE RATE	: 11 Mbps (802.11b), 54 Mbps (802.11g), MCS 0 ~ 7 (802.11n(HT20))
ANTENNA TYPE	: PCB Pattern Antenna (Integral)
ANTENNA GAIN	: 3.02 dBi max
RF POWER	: 82.03 mW
RULE PART(S)	: FCC Part 15 Subpart C
FCC PROCEDURE	: ANSI C63.10-2009
TEST REPORT No.	: ETLT150527.0028
DATES OF TEST	: June 08, 2015 to June 12, 2015
REPORT ISSUE DATE	: July 22, 2015
TEST LABORATORY	: ETL Inc. (FCC Designation Number : KR0022)

The Barcode Scanner, Model KDC350 has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI C63.10-2009 at the ETL Test Laboratory and has been shown to be complied with the electromagnetic radiated emission limits specified in FCC Rule Part15 Subpart C section 15.247.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurement herein was performed by me or was made under my supervision and is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Prepared by:

Seok Lyong, Choi (Test Engineer)

July 22, 2015

Reviewed by:

Kug Kyoung, Yoon (Chief Engineer)

July 22, 2015

#### ETL Inc.

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*The test report merely corresponds to the test sample(s).*

*This report shall not be reproduced, in whole or in part without the written approval of ETL Inc.*

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## FCC MEASUREMENT REPORT

**Scope** – *Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emission (EME) of radio frequency devices including intentional radiators and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the U.S Federal Communications Commission(FCC)*

### General Information

<b>Applicant Name</b>	: AISOLUTION CO., LTD.
<b>Address</b>	: 691-4, Mia-dong, Gangbuk-gu, Seoul, 137-896, Republic of Korea
<b>Attention</b>	: HYOIN, LEE / Manager

- **EUT Type** : Barcode Scanner
- **Model Number** : KDC350
- **S/N** : NONE
- **Modulation Technique** : DSSS (CCK), OFDM (QAM)
- **Frequency Channel** : 802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2 412 MHz to 2 472 MHz and Channel Spacing 5 MHz (13 Ch)
- **Antenna Type** : PCB Pattern Antenna (Integral)
- **Antenna Gain** : 3.02 dBi max
- **RF Power** : 82.03 mW
- **Environmental of Tests**
  - : Temperature: (24.7 ± 2.1) °C
  - : Humidity: (53 ± 13) % R.H.
  - : Atmospheric Pressure: (100.8 ± 0.5) kPa
- **FCC Rule Part(s)** : FCC Part 15 Subpart C
- **Test Procedure** : ANSI C63.10-2009
- **FCC Classification** : DTS (Part 15 Digital Transmission System)
- **Place of Tests** : ETL Inc. Testing Lab. (FCC Designation Number : KR0022)
  - Radiated Emission test 1;  
#499-1, Sagot-ri, Seosin-myeon, Hwaseong-si,  
Gyeonggi-do, 445-882, Korea
  - Radiated Emission test 2 and Conducted Emission test;  
#371-51, Gasan-dong, Geumcheon-gu, Seoul, 153-803, Korea

## 1. INTRODUCTION

The measurement test for radiated and conducted emission test was conducted at the ETL Inc. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of the ANSI C63.10-2009 and CISPR Publication 16. The ETL has site descriptions on file with the FCC for 3 m and 10 m site configurations. Detailed description of test facility was found to be in compliance with FCC Rules according to the ANSI C63.10-2009 and registered to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC Designation Number : KR0022).

The measurement procedure described in American National Standard for Method of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emission from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz (ANSI C63.10-2009) was used in determining radiated and conducted emissions from the AISOLUTION CO., LTD. Model: KDC350

## 2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

### 2.1 Equipment Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is the Barcode Scanner (model: KDC350).

The model KDC350 is basic model that was tested.

### 2.2 General Specification

Hardware Specifications	
Physical Characteristics	Size: 43 mm x 94 mm x 24 mm (1.69" x 3.70" x 0.94")
	Weight: 3.0 oz (85 g)
Electrical Characteristics	Battery: Lithium-Ion (3.7 V DC) softpack
	Charging: Via USB connector, charging cradle
	Typical Operating Current: 300 mA @ 3.3 V
NFC	MIFARE Ultralight/Ultralight C/1K, iso15693
	ASK
	13.56 MHz
	PCB Pattern Antenna
User Environment	Ingress Protection Rating: IP65
	Drop Spec: 5 feet (1.5 m)
	Operating Temperature: (59 ± 63) °F ((15 ± 35) °C)
	Storage Temperature: (68 ± 72) °F ((20 ± 40) °C)
	Humidity: (50 ± 45) % R.H. (non condensing)
Interfaces	Bluetooth® V2.1 + EDR, Class 2, HID/SPP/MFi
	USB to Serial (Ultra mini USB port)
Keypad	19 Alphanumeric including scan and scroll buttons
Functionality	Memory Flash ROM: 256 kB Program, 4 MB User Data
	Memory RAM: 64 kB
	Microprocessor: ARM7, 32 bits
	Real-time Clock: Quartz RTC for timestamp

<b>Hardware Specifications</b>	
	Compliant to 2.4 GHz IEEE 802.11b/g/n
	Support 802.11g/n OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM and 64-QAM; 802.11b with BPSK, QPSK and CCK
WIFI	<p>Support for following data rates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 802.11n (20 MHz): MCS0 - 7; (7.2, 14.4, 21.7, 28.9, 43.3, 57.8, 65.0, 72.2) Mbps</li> <li>- 802.11g: (6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54) Mbps</li> <li>- 802.11b: (1, 2, 5.5, 11) Mbps</li> </ul>
High Internal Frequency	Wi-Fi Module → X-tal: 40 MHz
<b>Scan Engine &amp; Symbologies</b>	
Scan Engine	Option VLM4122(1D), Honeywell 5100
Symbologies	All major 1D and 2D Symbologies
<b>Wedging &amp; Synchronization</b>	
Store to a file or transfer to the application	
Keyboard wedge function	
Add-on prefixes and suffixes	
Barcode option selection	
<b>Application Generation</b>	
SDK for PC and Smartphone application	
Application generation tool	
Database lookup feature	
Inventory management feature	

### **3. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS**

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2009 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

#### **3.1 Radiated Emission Measurement**

Radiated emission measurements were made in accordance with § 13 in ANSI C63.10-2009 "Measurement of Intentional radiators" The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 30 MHz to 40 GHz using antenna as the input transducer to a Spectrum analyzer or a Field Intensity Meter. The measurements were made with the detector set for "Peak, Quasi-peak, Average" within a bandwidth of 120 kHz and above 1 GHz is 1 MHz.

Preliminary measurements were made at 3 m using broadband antennas, and spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum emission in shielded room. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emission from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, mode of operation, turntable azimuth and height with respect to the antenna were noted for each frequency found. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz using Log-Bicon antenna. Above 1 GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. Final measurements were made open site or SVSWR chamber at 3 m. The test equipment was placed on a styrofoam table. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. Each frequency found during pre-scan measurements was re-examined by manual. The EUT, support equipment and interconnecting cables were re-configured to the set-up producing the maximum emission for the frequency and were placed on top of a 0.8 m high nonmetallic 1.0 m x 1.5 m table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were rearranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. The turntable containing the system was rotated; the antenna height was varied 1 m to 4 m and stopped at the azimuth or height producing the maximum emission.

Varying the mode of operating frequencies of the EUT maximized each emission. The system was tested in all the three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the antenna. The worst-case emissions are recorded in the data tables. If necessary, the radiated emission measurement could be performed at a closer distance to ensure higher accuracy and the results were extrapolated to the specified distance using an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade) as per section 15.31(f).

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in Photographs of the worst-case emission test setup can be seen in Appendix B.

## 3.2 Conducted Emission Measurement

Conducted emissions measurements were made in accordance with section § 13 in ANSI C63.10-2009 "measurement of intentional radiators". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω/50 μH LISN as the input transducer to a Spectrum Analyzer or a Test Receiver. The measurements were made with the detector set for "Peak" amplitude within a bandwidth of 9 kHz or for "quasi-peak" within a bandwidth of 9 kHz.

The line-conducted emission test is conducted inside a shielded anechoic chamber room with 1 m x 1.5 m x 0.8 m wooden table which is placed 0.4 m away from the vertical wall and 1.5 m away from the side wall of the chamber room. Two LISN are bonded to the shielded room. The EUT is powered from the LISN and the support equipment is powered from the other LISN. Power to the LISNs are filtered by a noise cut power line filters. If the EUT is a DC-powered device, power will be derived from the source power supply it normally will be powered from and these supply lines will be connected to the LISN. Non-inductive bundling to a 1 m length shortened all interconnecting cables more than 1 m. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the EMI Test Receiver to determine the frequency producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The frequency producing the maximum level was reexamined using to set Quasi-Peak mode by manual, after scanned by automatic Peak mode from 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz. The bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 9 kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission.

Photographs of the worst-case emission can be seen in Photographs of the worst-case emission test setup can be seen in Appendix B.

## 3.3 FCC Part 15.205 Restricted Bands of Operations

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.694 75 - 16.695 25	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.173 5 - 2.190 5	16.804 25 - 16.804 75	960 - 1 240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1 300 - 1 427	8.025 - 8.5
4.177 25 - 4.177 75	37.5 - 38.25	1 435 - 1 626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.207 25 - 4.207 75	73 - 74.6	1 645.5 - 1 646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1 660 - 1 710	10.6 - 12.7
6.267 75 - 6.268 25	108 - 121.94	1 718.8 - 1 722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.311 75 - 6.312 25	123 - 138	2 200 - 2 300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2 310 - 2 390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.524 75 - 156.525 25	2 483.5 - 2 500	17.7 - 21.4
8.376 25 - 8.386 75	156.7 - 156.9	2 690 - 2 900	22.01 - 23.12
8.414 25 - 8.414 75	162.012 5 - 167.17	3 260 - 3 267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3 332 - 3 339	31.2 - 31.8
12.519 75 - 12.520 25	240 - 285	3 345.8 - 3 358	36.43 - 36.5
12.576 75 - 12.577 25	322 - 335.4	3 600 - 4 400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 MHz - 0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1 000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

## 3.4 Antenna connection requirement

### (1) According to §15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

## 4. TEST CONDITION

### 4.1 Test Configuration

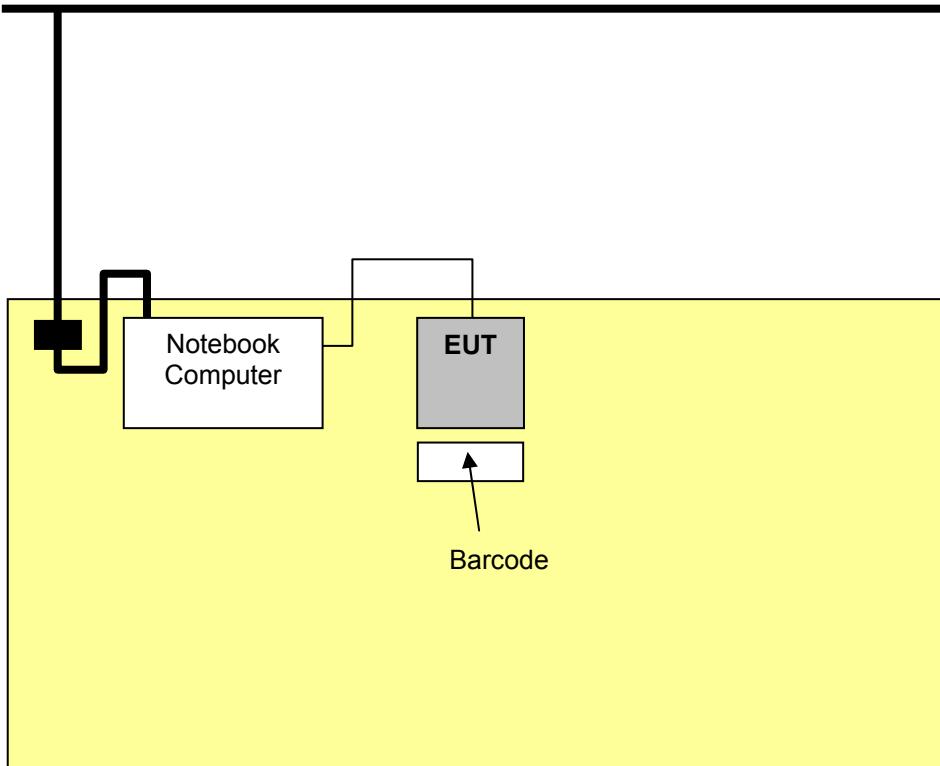
The device was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). During the tests, the following conditions and configurations were used.

\* This test was applied to X, Y, Z. and the worst result were investigated and reported.

### 4.2 Description of Test modes

Barcode Scanner that has the control software.

### 4.3 The setup drawing(s)



\_\_\_\_\_ : Signal Line

\_\_\_\_\_ : Power Line



: Adapter

## 5. TEST RESULTS

### 5.1 Summary of Test Results

The measurement results were obtained with the EUT tested in the conditions described in this report. Detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum emission of the EUT are reported.

47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Measurement Required	Result
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	Pass
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Pass
15.247(d)	Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges	Pass
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Pass
15.209(a)	Spurious Emissions	Pass
15.207	Conducted Emissions	Pass *
15.203	Antenna connection requirement	Integral antenna which is permanently attached and cannot be replaced.
1.1307(b)(1)	RF Exposure	Pass

\* This test was tested at main host computer (EUT was connected USB port of the host computer).

The data collected shows that the **AISOLUTION CO., LTD. / Barcode Scanner / KDC350** complied with technical requirements of above rules part 15.207, 209 and 15.247 Limits.

The equipment is not modified anything, mechanical or circuits to improve EMI status during a measurement. No EMI suppression device(s) was added and/or modified during testing.

## 5.2 6 dB Bandwidth

EUT	Barcode Scanner / KDC350 (S/N: N/A)
Limit apply to	FCC Part 15.247(a)(2)
Test Date	June 11, 2015
Environmental of Test	(23.8 ± 0.2) °C, (42 ± 1) % R.H., (100.5 ± 0.0) kPa
Operating Condition	RF transmitting continuously during the tested.
Result	Passed

### Limit

The maximum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### Test Data

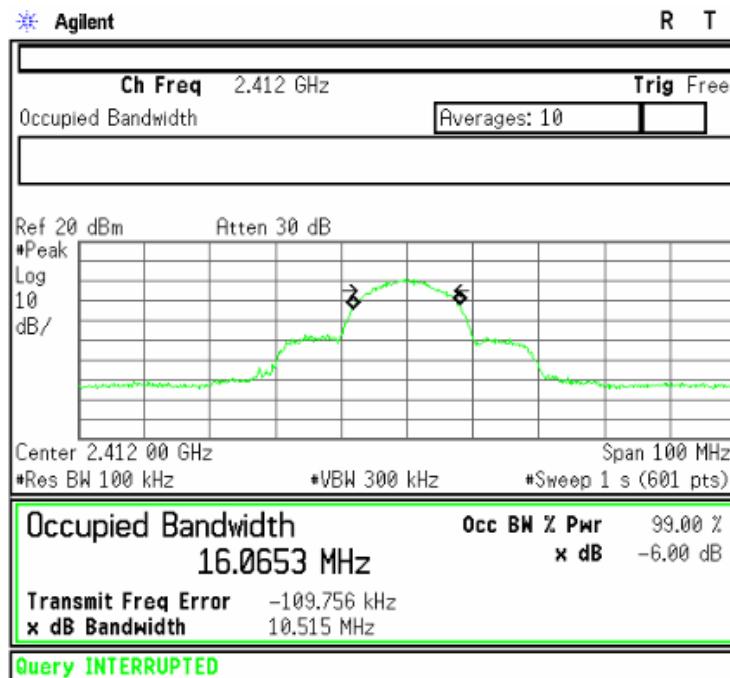
Mode	Frequency [MHz]	6 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit
802.11b	2 412	10.51	> 500 kHz
	2 442	10.32	
	2 472	11.13	
802.11g	2 412	15.82	> 500 kHz
	2 442	16.01	
	2 472	15.94	
802.11n(HT20)	2 412	15.90	> 500 kHz
	2 442	15.93	
	2 472	16.16	

### NOTES:

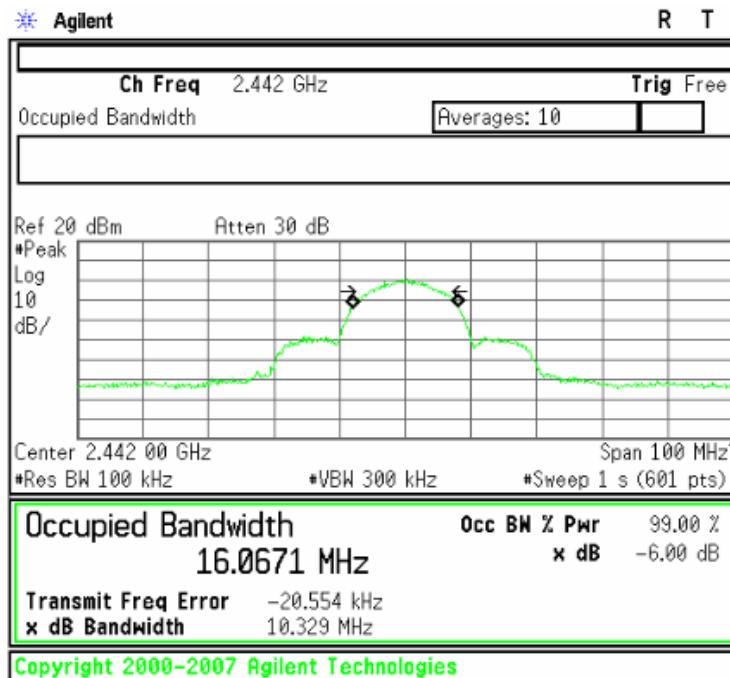
1. Measure frequency separation of relevant channel using spectrum analyzer.
2. RBW 100 kHz, VBW 300 kHz, Sweep time 1s.
3. Please see the measured plot in next page.

## Plots of 6 dB Bandwidth (802.11b)

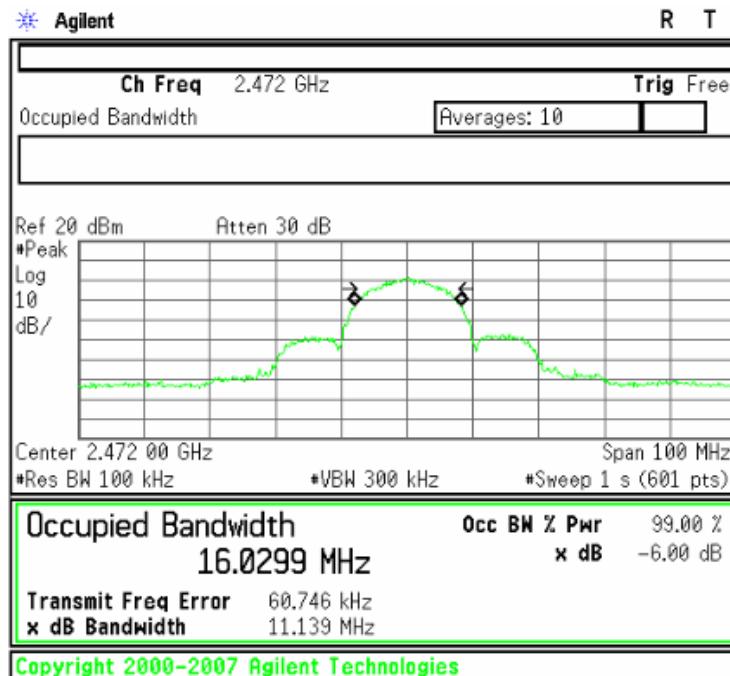
[2 412 MHz]



[2 442 MHz]

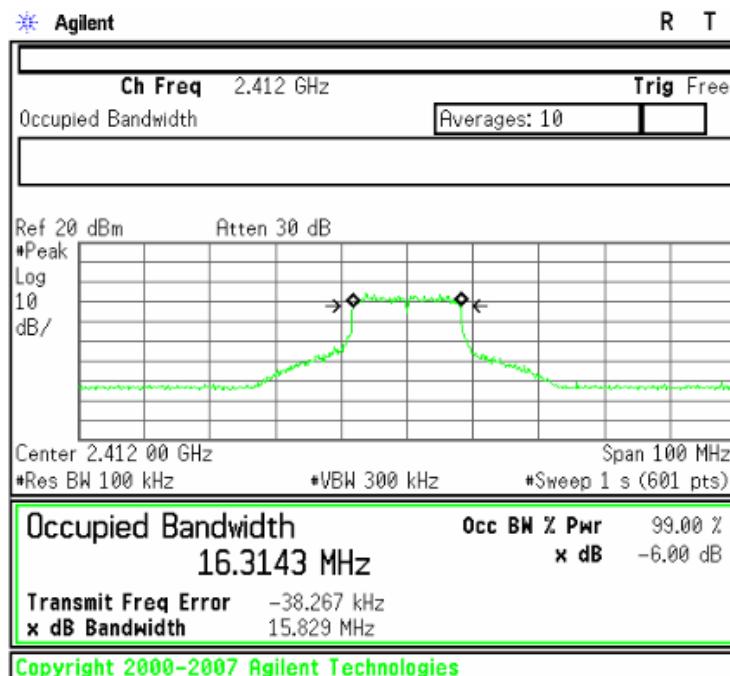


[2 472 MHz]

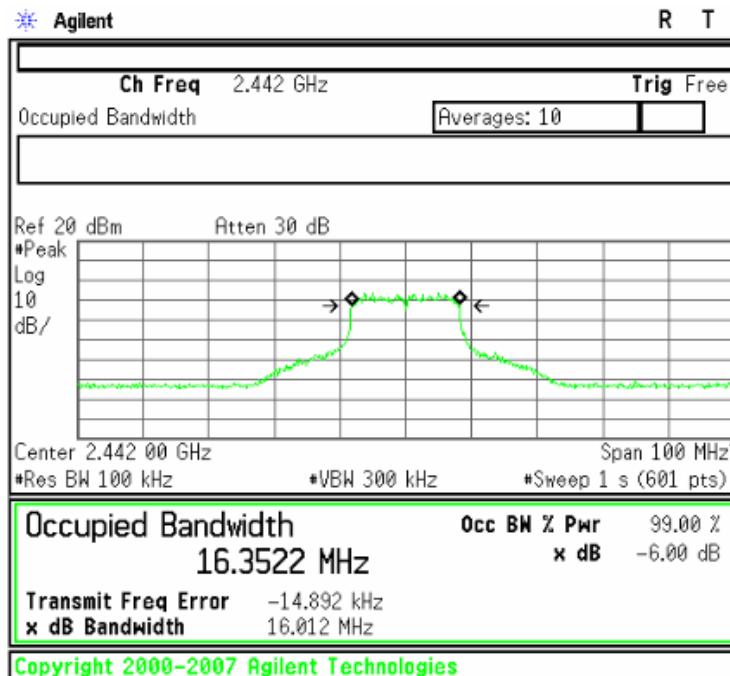


## Plots of 6 dB Bandwidth (802.11g)

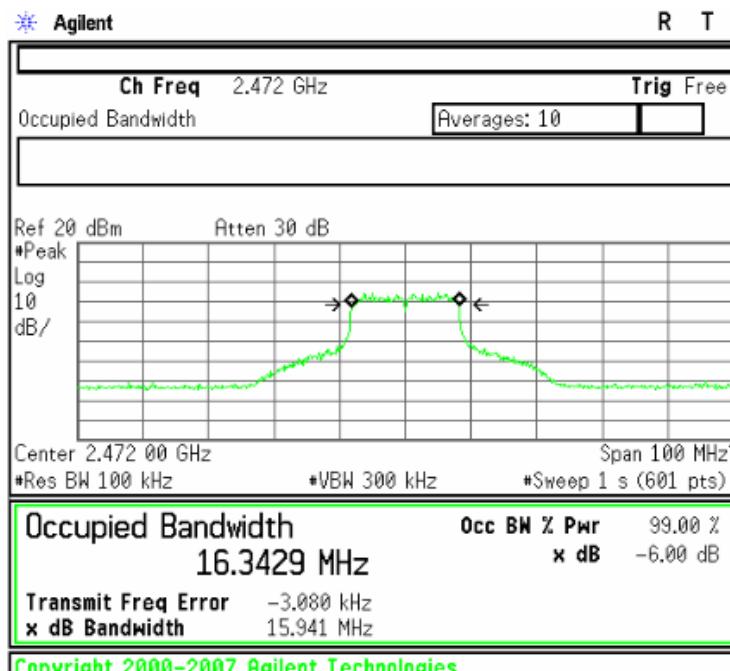
[2 412 MHz]



[2 442 MHz]

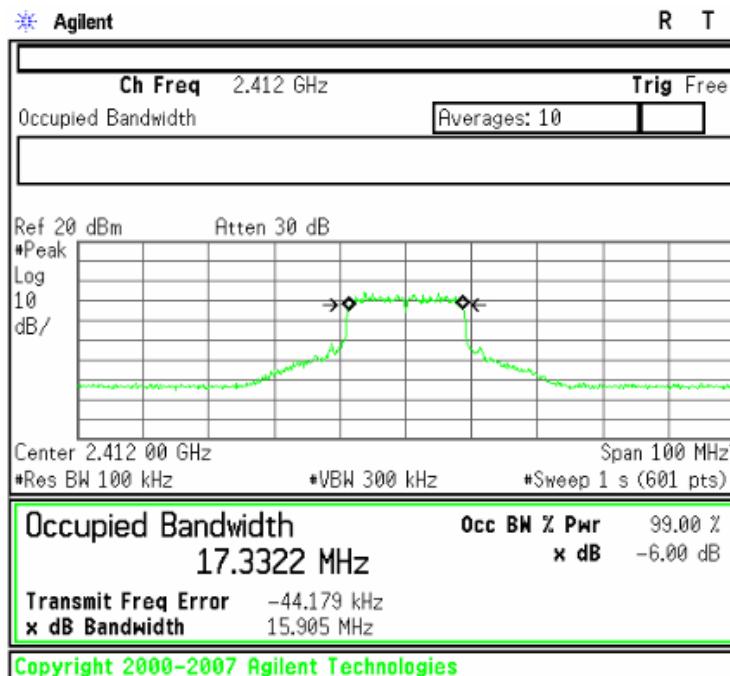


[2 472 MHz]

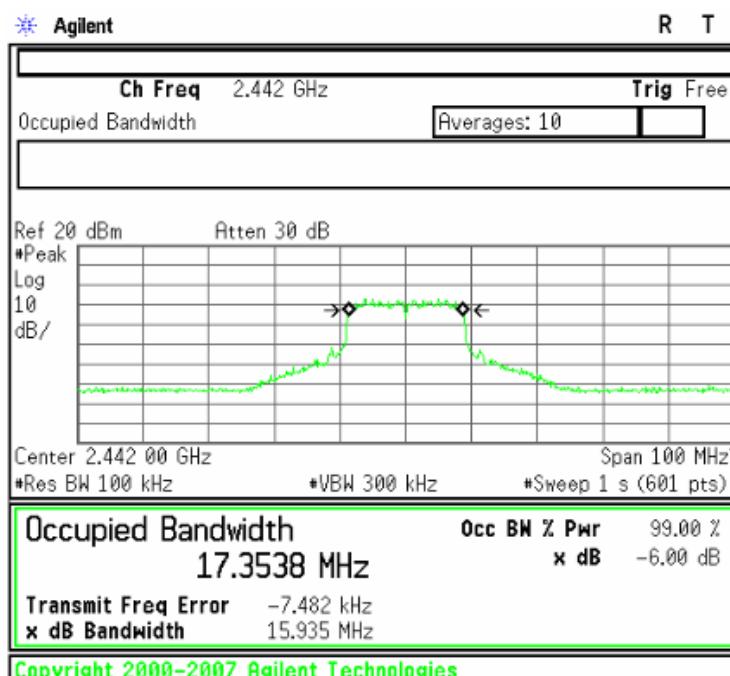


## Plots of 6 dB Bandwidth (802.11n(HT20))

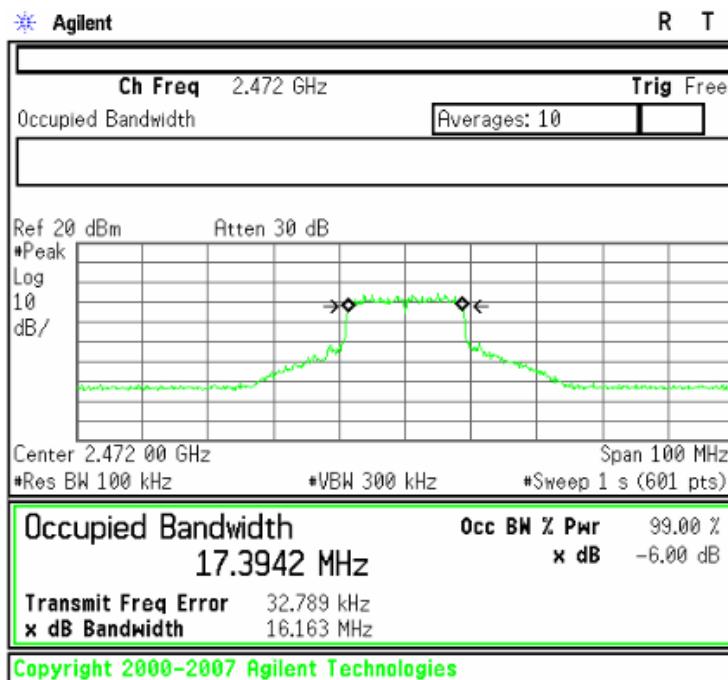
[2 412 MHz]



[2 442 MHz]



[2 472 MHz]



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## 5.3 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

EUT	Barcode Scanner / KDC350 (S/N: N/A)
Limit apply to	FCC Part 15.247(b)(3)
Test Date	June 11, 2015
Environmental of Test	(23.5 ± 0.1) °C, (42 ± 0) % R.H., (100.5 ± 0.0) kPa
Operating Condition	RF transmitting continuously during the tested.
Result	Passed

### Limit

The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400.0 MHz - 2 483.5 MHz band: 1 Watt

### Test Data

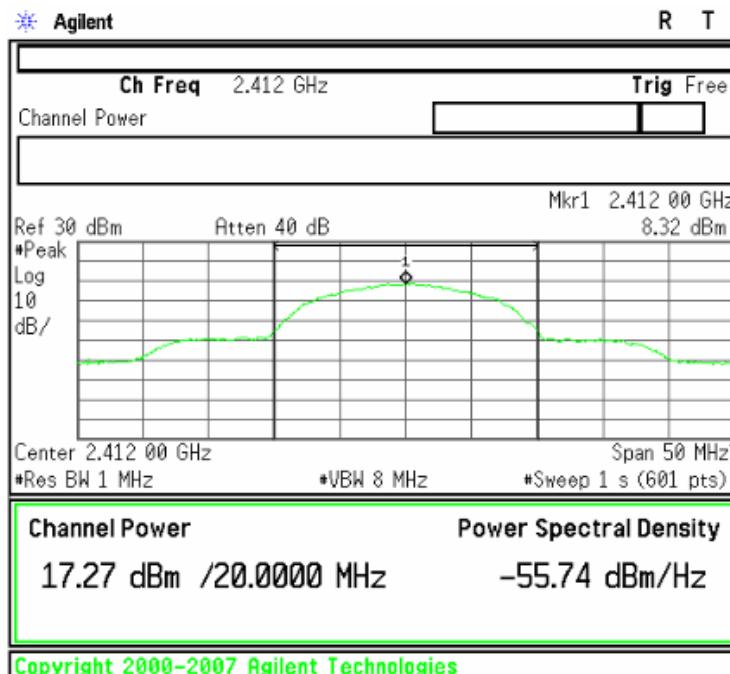
Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Output Power [dBm]	Limit
802.11b	2 412	17.27	< 30.00 dBm (1 W)
	2 442	18.71	
	2 472	19.14	
802.11g	2 412	14.88	< 30.00 dBm (1 W)
	2 442	14.30	
	2 472	15.09	
802.11n(HT20)	2 412	5.09	< 30.00 dBm (1 W)
	2 442	5.39	
	2 472	5.26	

### NOTES:

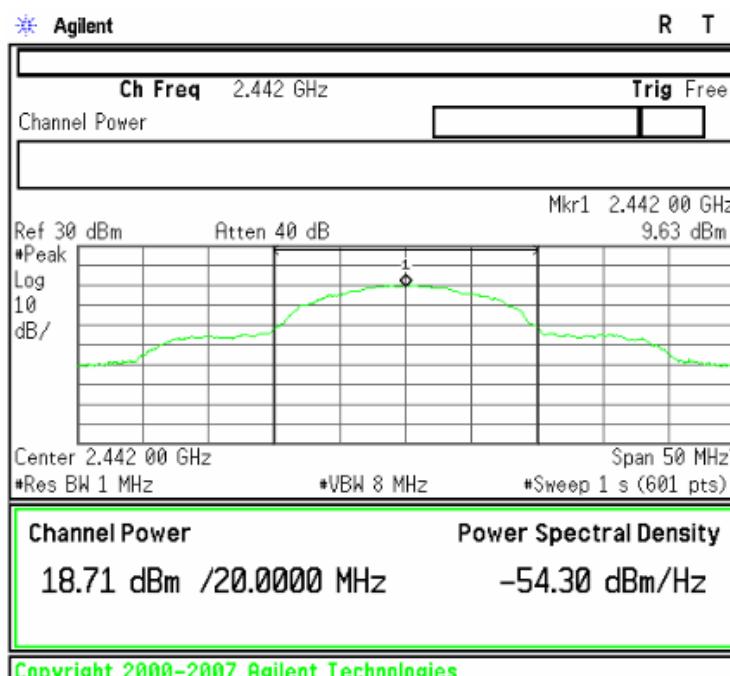
1. Measure conducted Channel power of relevant channel using spectrum analyzer.
2. RBW 1 MHz, VBW 8 MHz
3. Please see the measured plot in next page.

## Plots of Maximum Peak Output Power Bandwidth (802.11b)

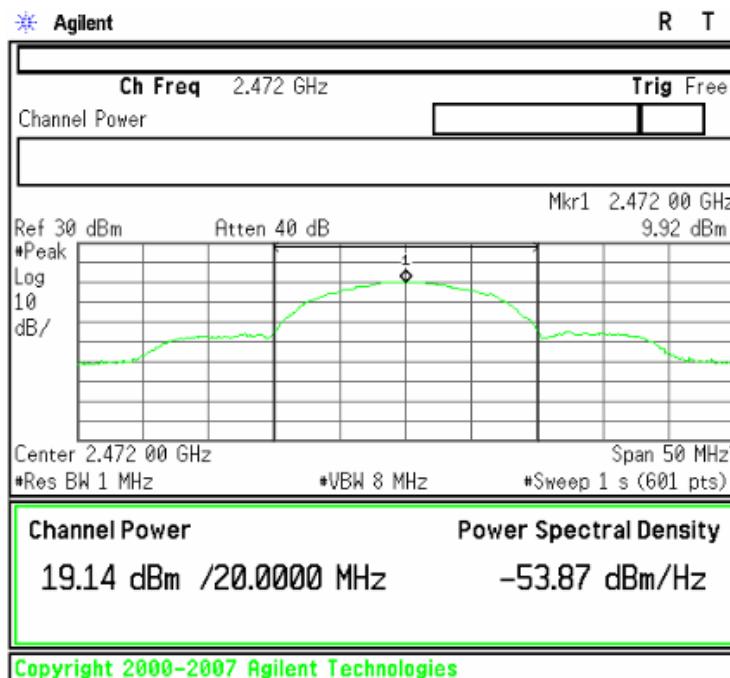
[2 412 MHz]



[2 442 MHz]

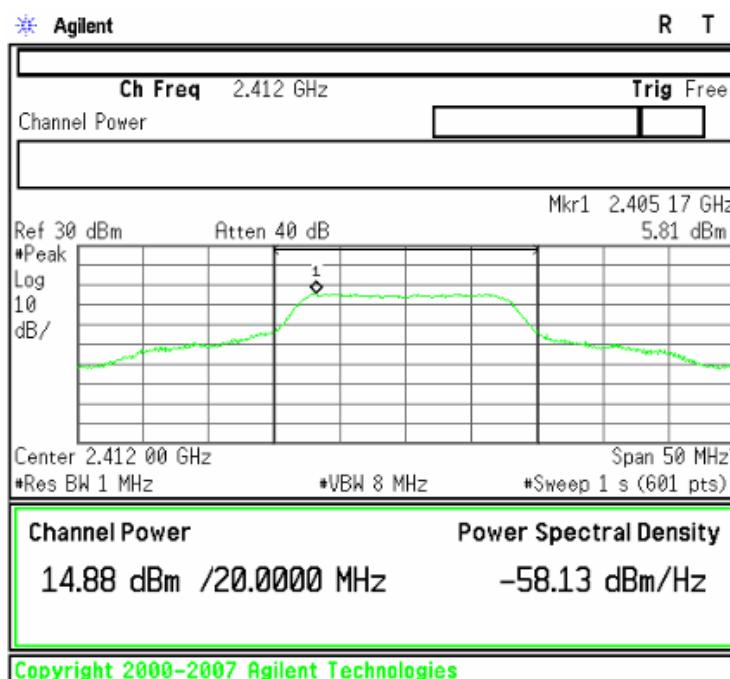


[2 472 MHz]

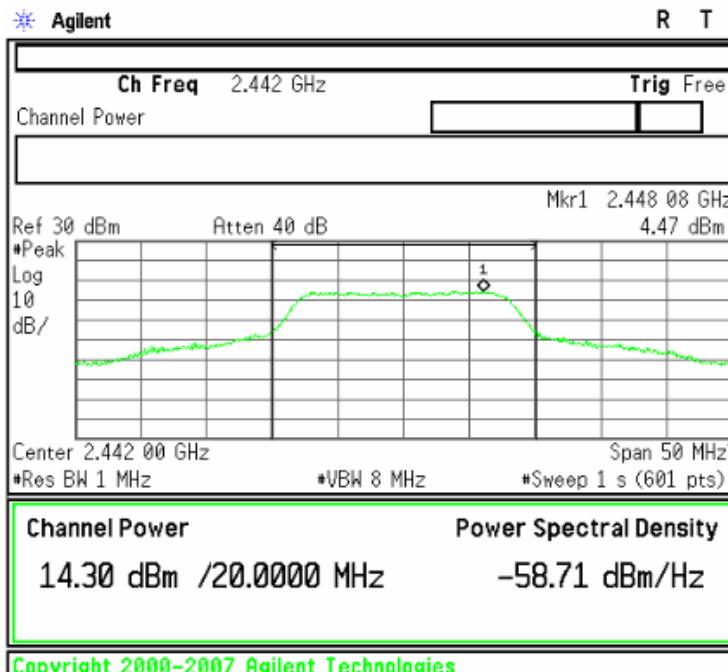


## Plots of Maximum Peak Output Power Bandwidth (802.11g)

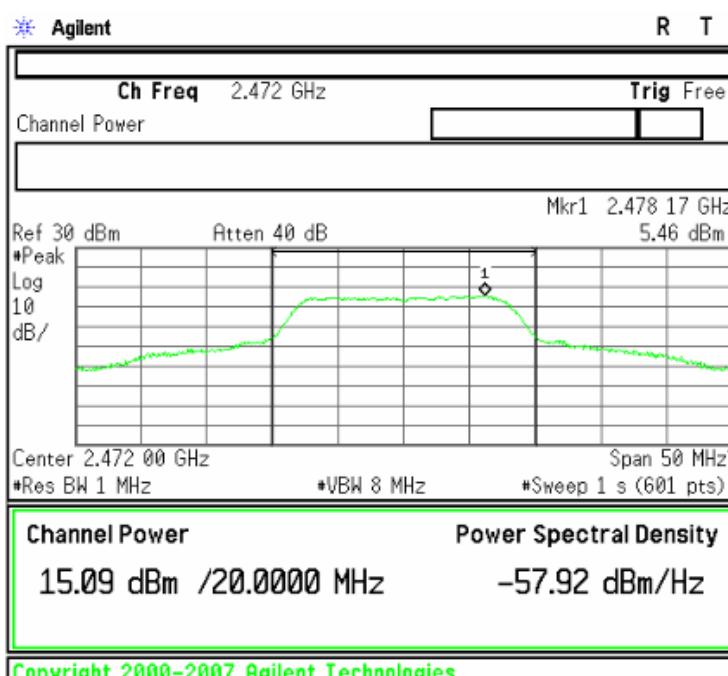
[2 412 MHz]



[2 442 MHz]

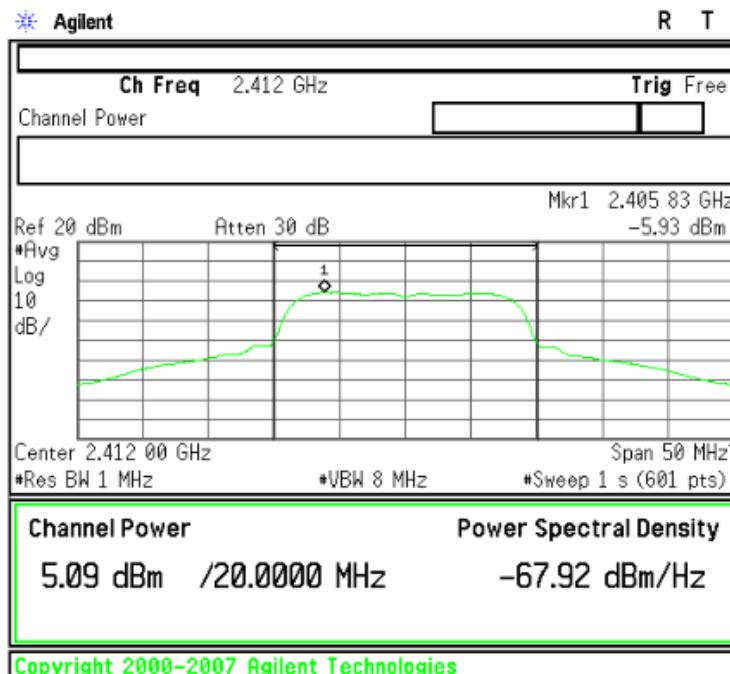


[2 472 MHz]

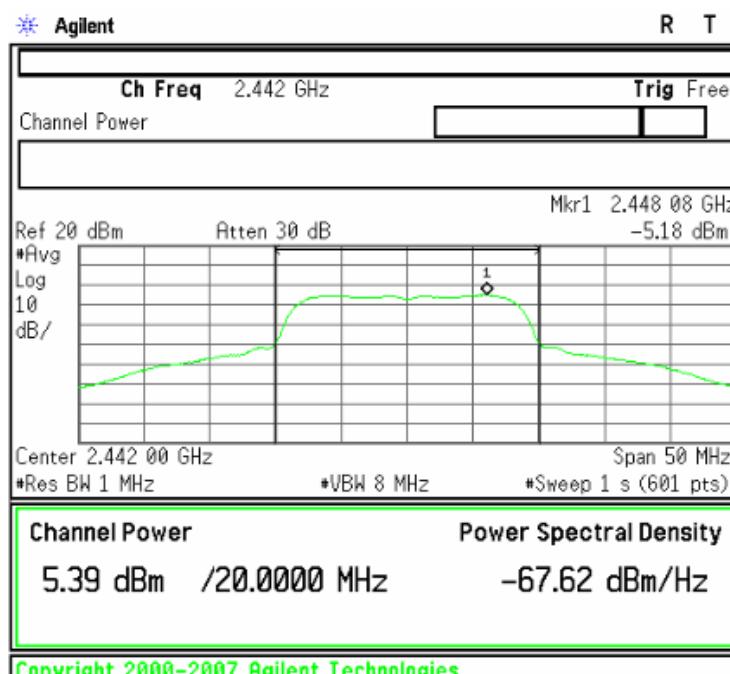


## Plots of Maximum Peak Output Power Bandwidth (802.11n(HT20))

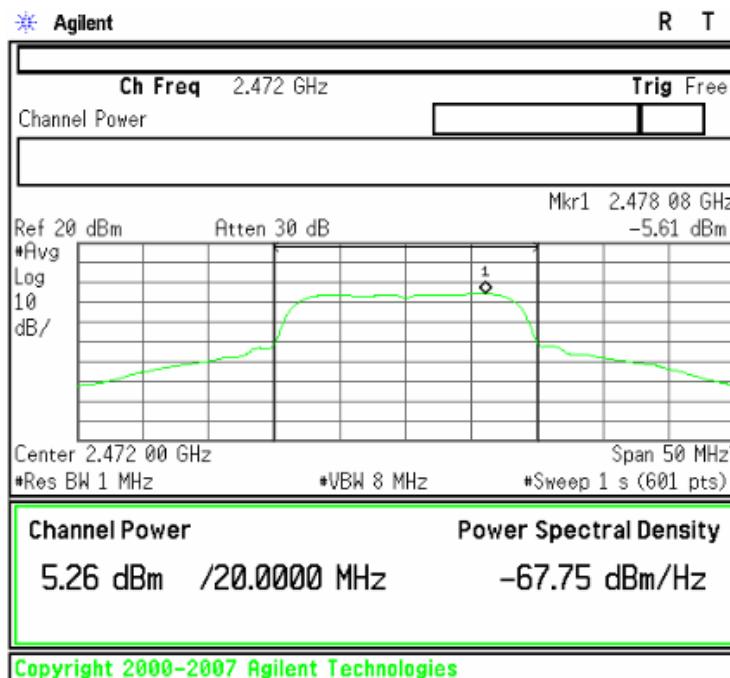
[2 412 MHz]



[2 442 MHz]



[2 472 MHz]



## 5.4 Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges

EUT	Barcode Scanner / KDC350 (S/N: N/A)
Limit apply to	FCC Part 15.247(d)
Test Date	June 11, 2015
Environmental of Test	(24.8 ± 1.5) °C, (42 ± 2) % R.H., (100.5 ± 0.1) kPa
Operating Condition	RF transmitting continuously during the tested.
Result	Passed

### Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

### Test Results

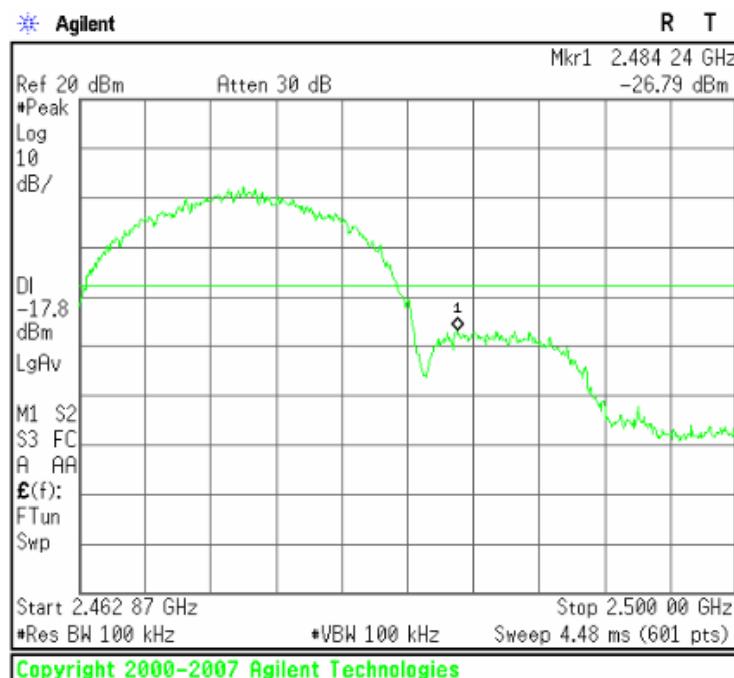
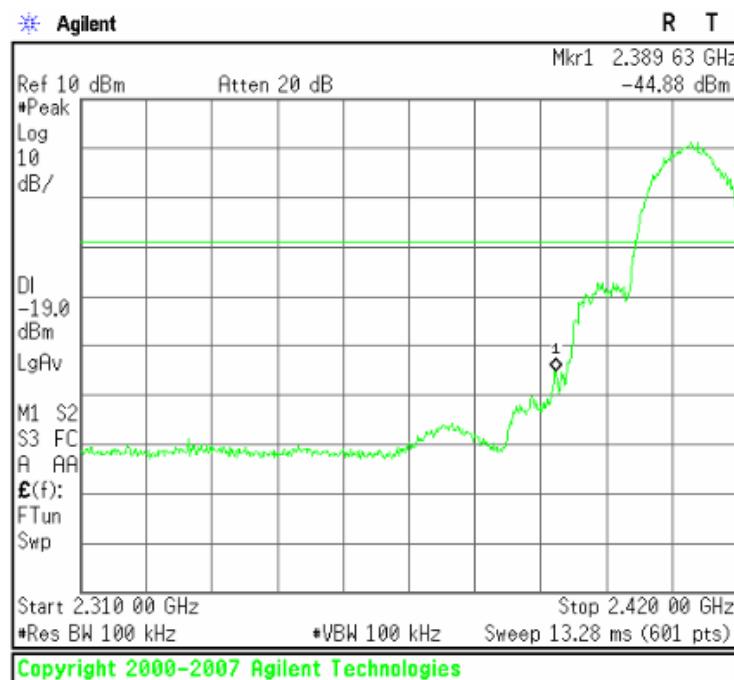
- Refer to see the measured plot in next page.

### NOTES:

1. The test was performed to make a direct field strength measurement at the band edge frequencies.

## Plots of Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges (802.11b)

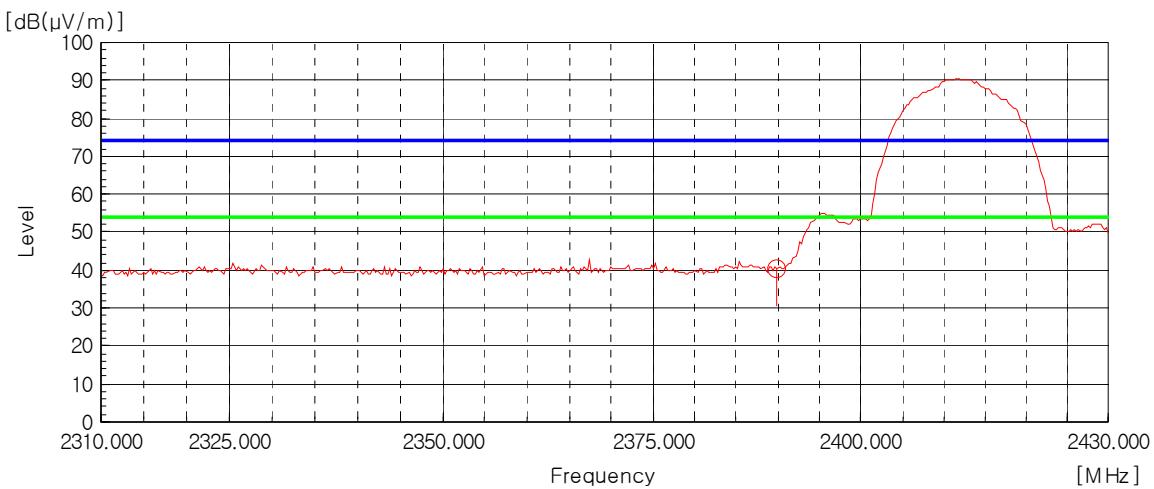
Conducted



## Radiated

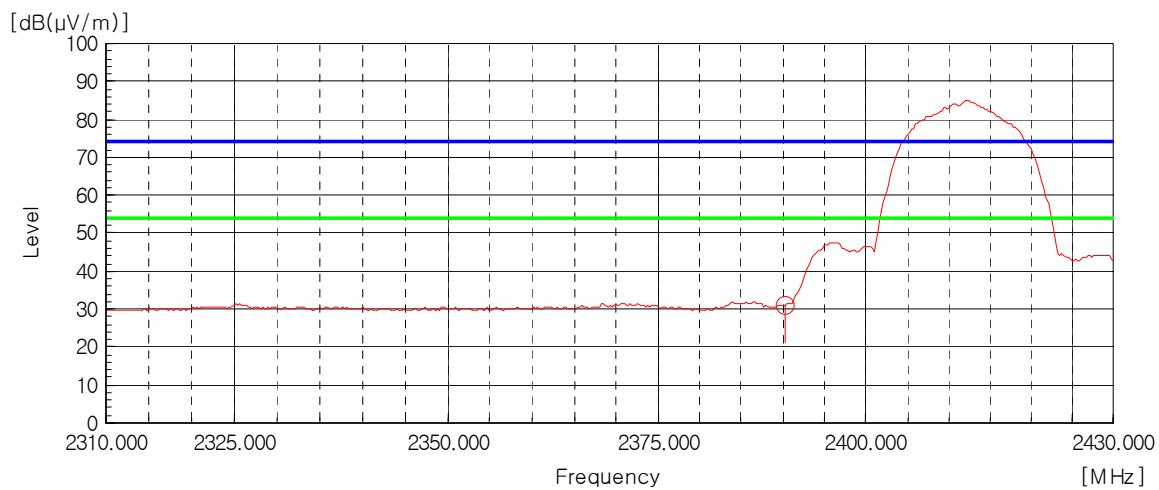
Peak Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (2 310 MHz - 2 390 MHz), Worst case (Low, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



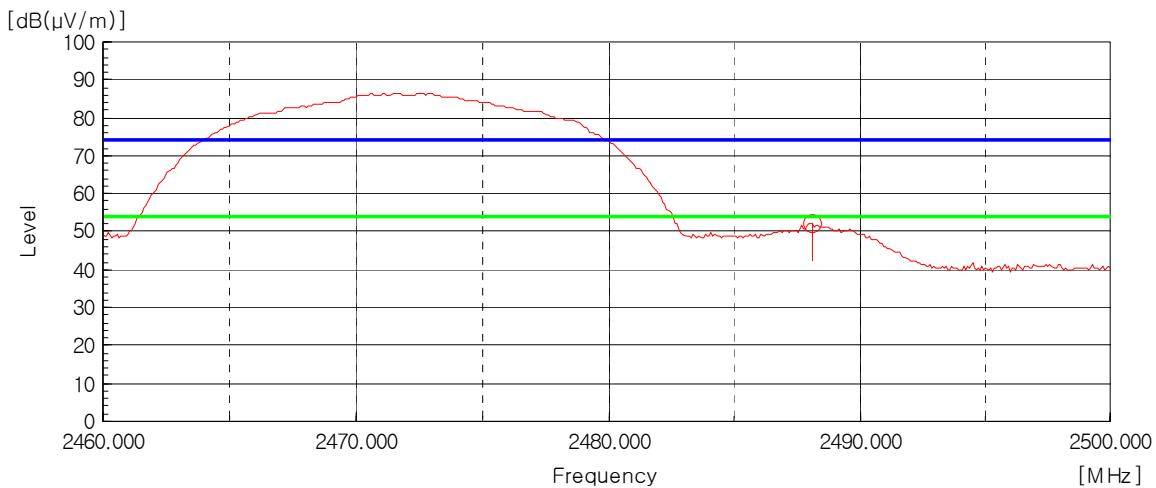
AV Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 10 Hz (2 310 MHz - 2 390 MHz), Worst case (Low, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



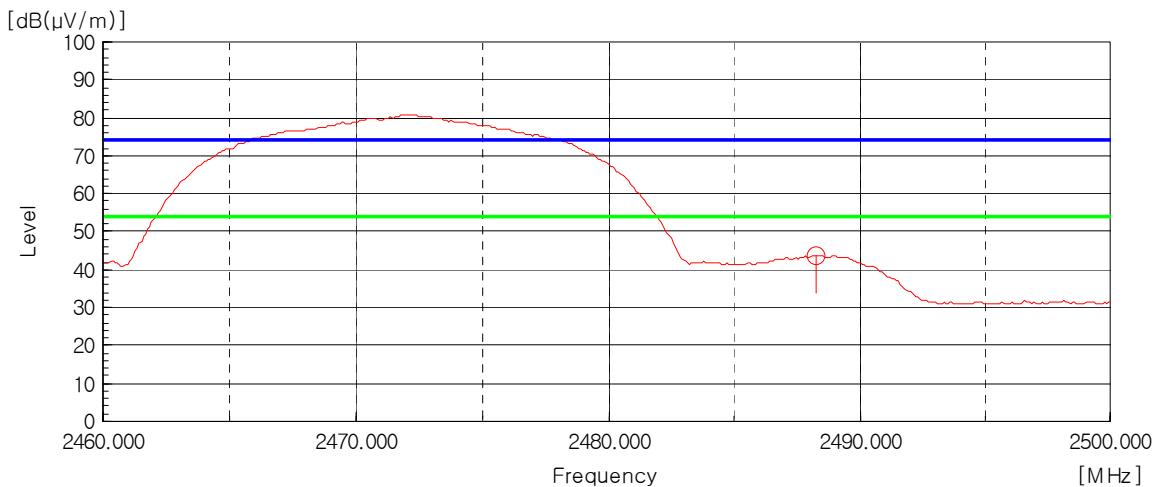
Peak Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (2 483.5 MHz - 2 500 MHz), Worst case (High, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



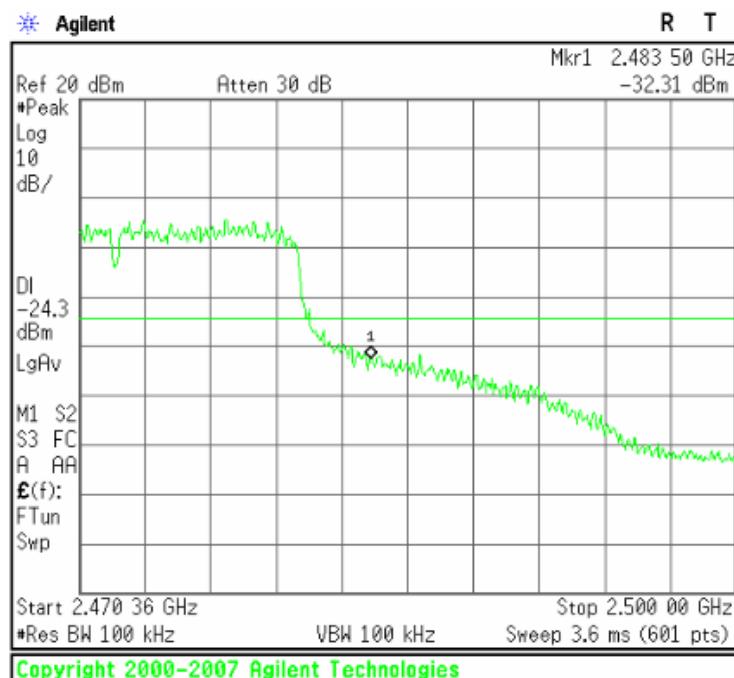
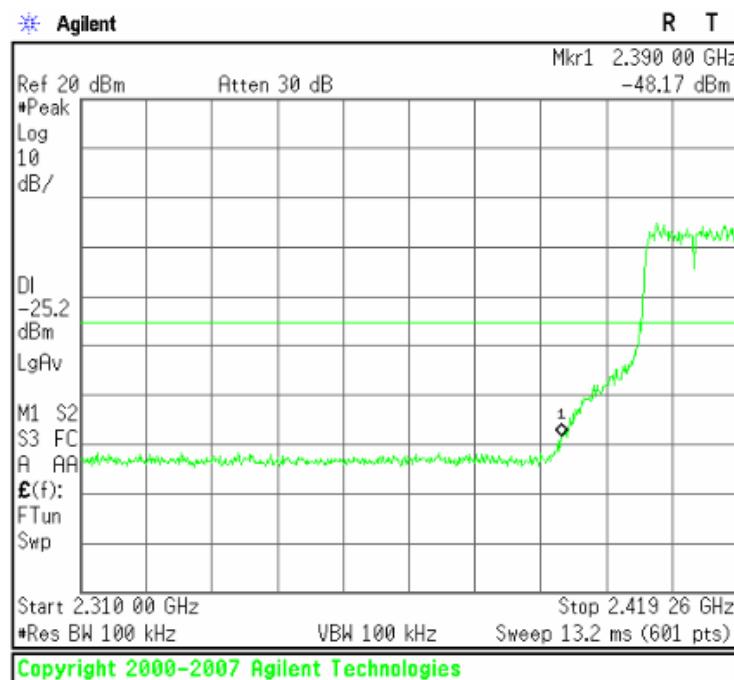
AV Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 10 Hz (2 483.5 MHz - 2 500 MHz), Worst case (High, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



## Plots of Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges (802.11g)

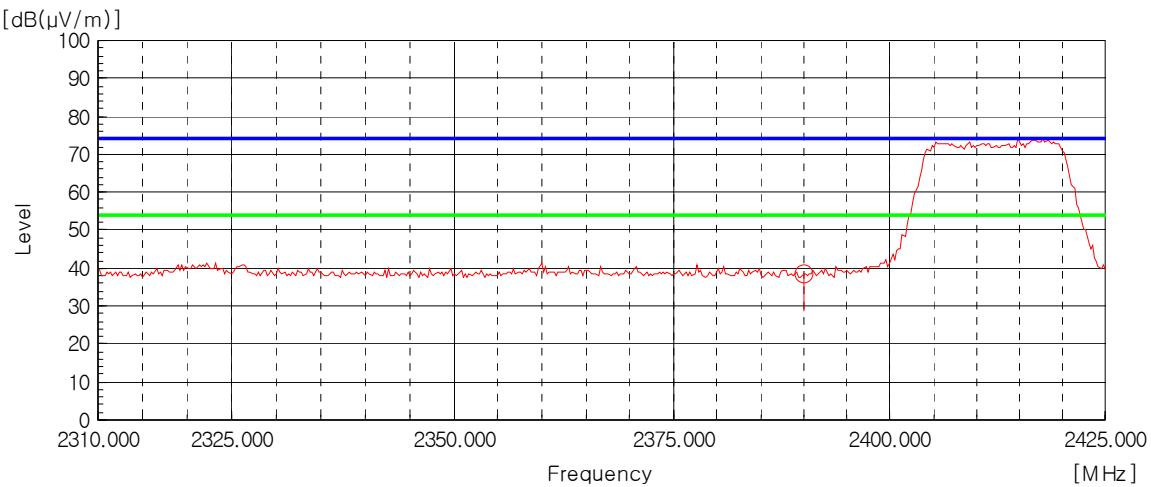
Conducted



## Radiated

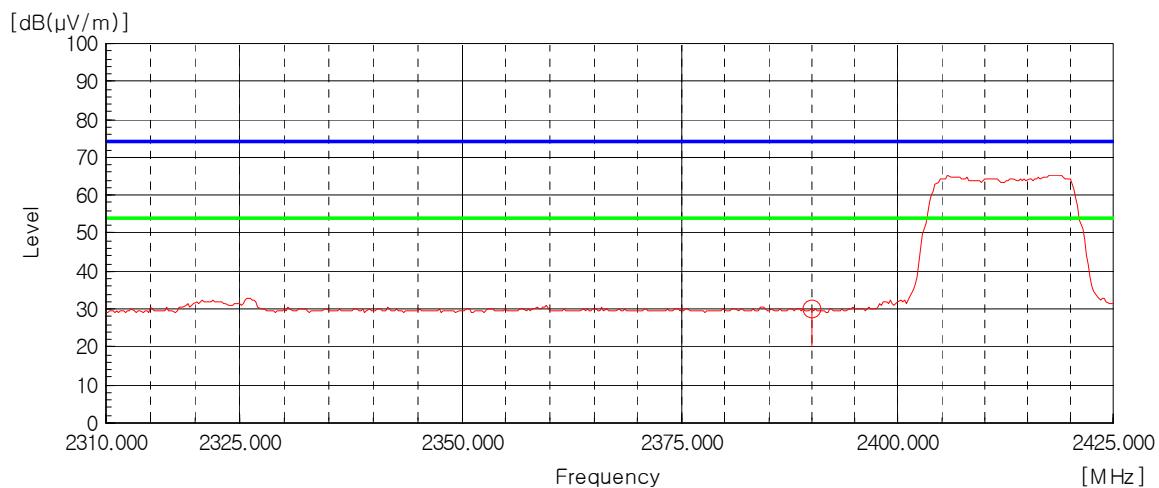
Peak Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (2 310 MHz - 2 390 MHz), Worst case (Low, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



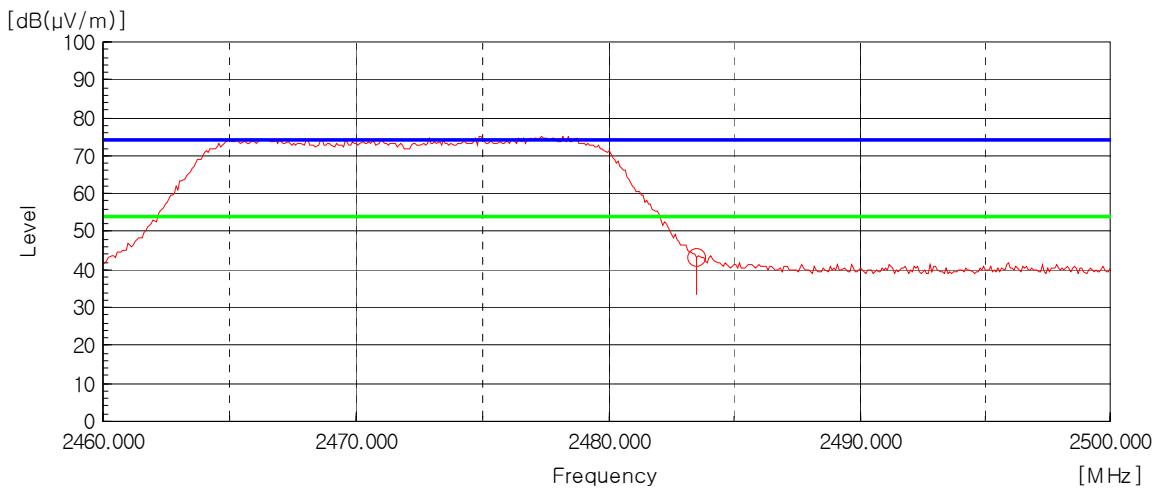
AV Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 10 Hz (2 310 MHz - 2 390 MHz), Worst case (Low, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



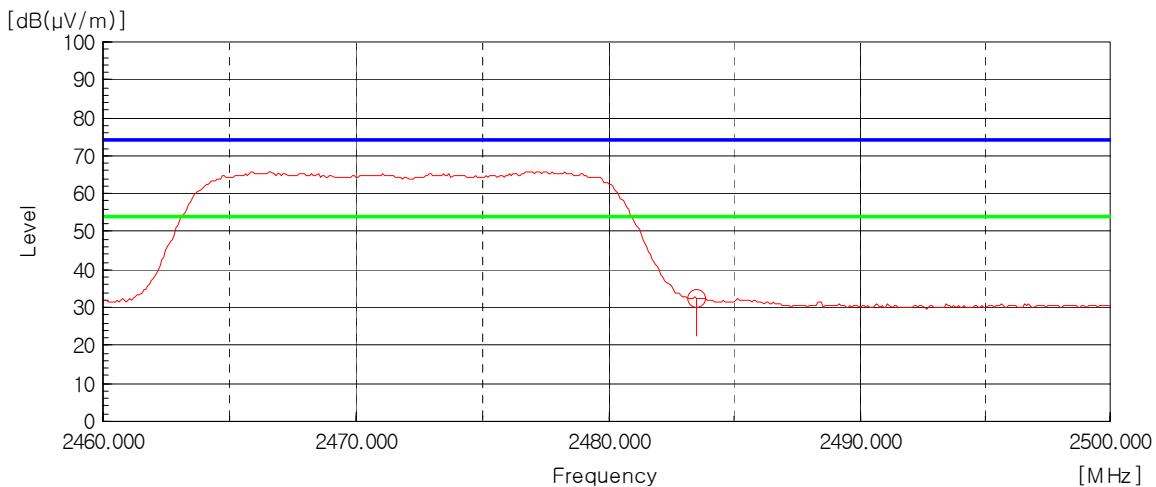
Peak Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (2 483.5 MHz - 2 500 MHz), Worst case (High, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



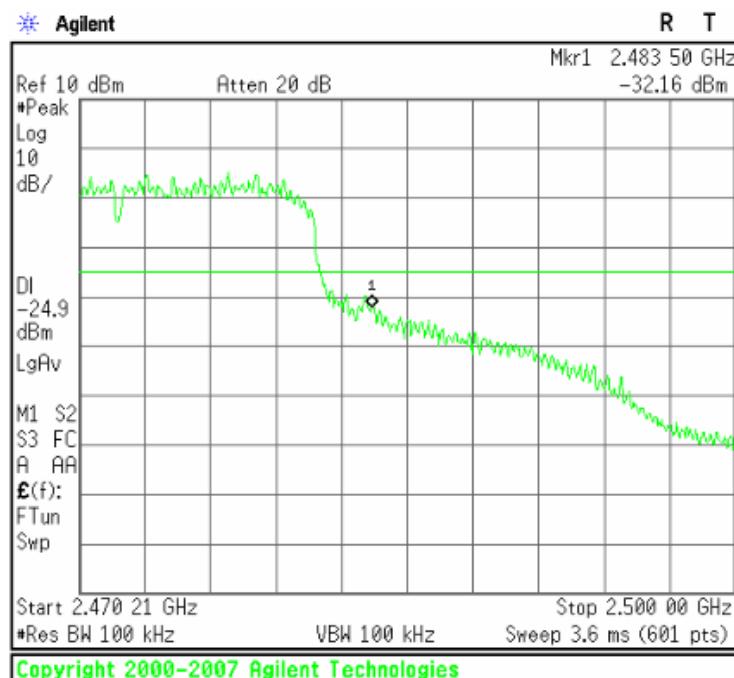
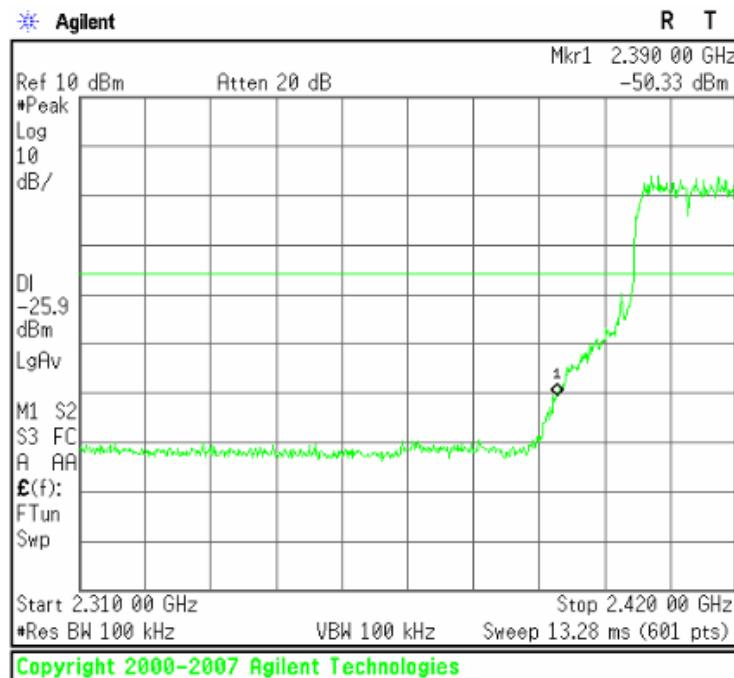
AV Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 10 Hz (2 483.5 MHz - 2 500 MHz), Worst case (High, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



## Plots of Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges (802.11n(HT20))

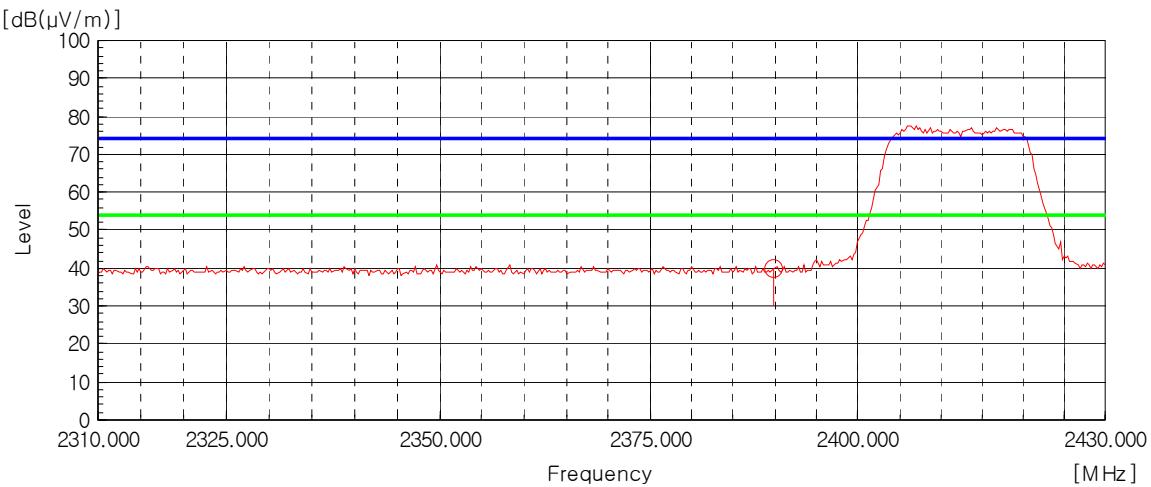
Conducted



## Radiated

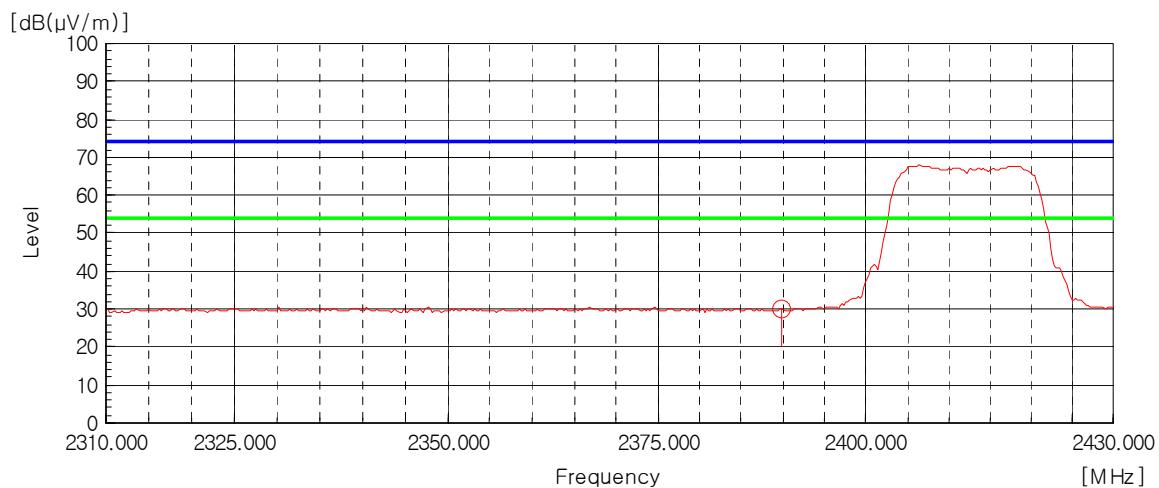
Peak Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (2 310 MHz - 2 390 MHz), Worst case (Low, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



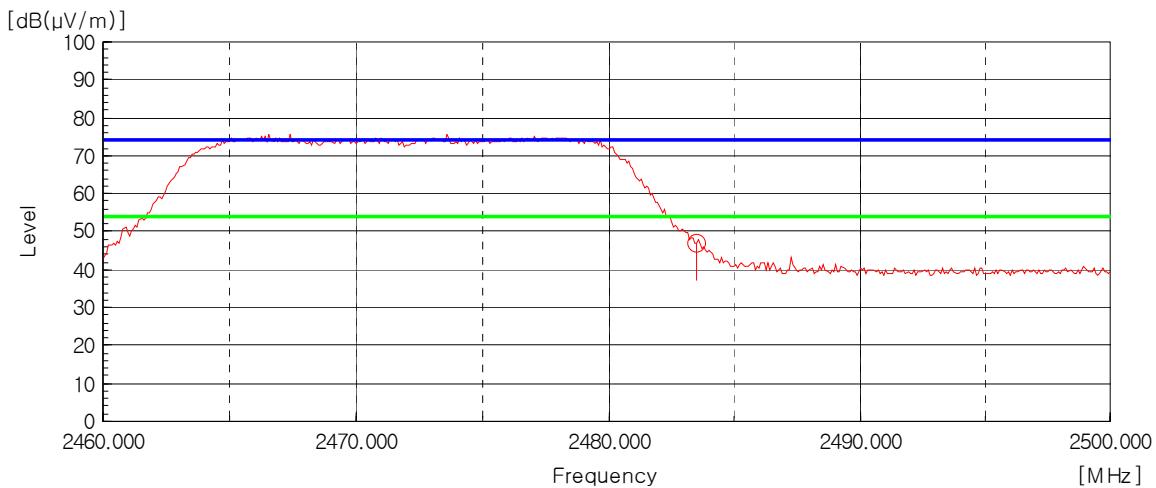
AV Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 10 Hz (2 310 MHz - 2 390 MHz), Worst case (Low, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



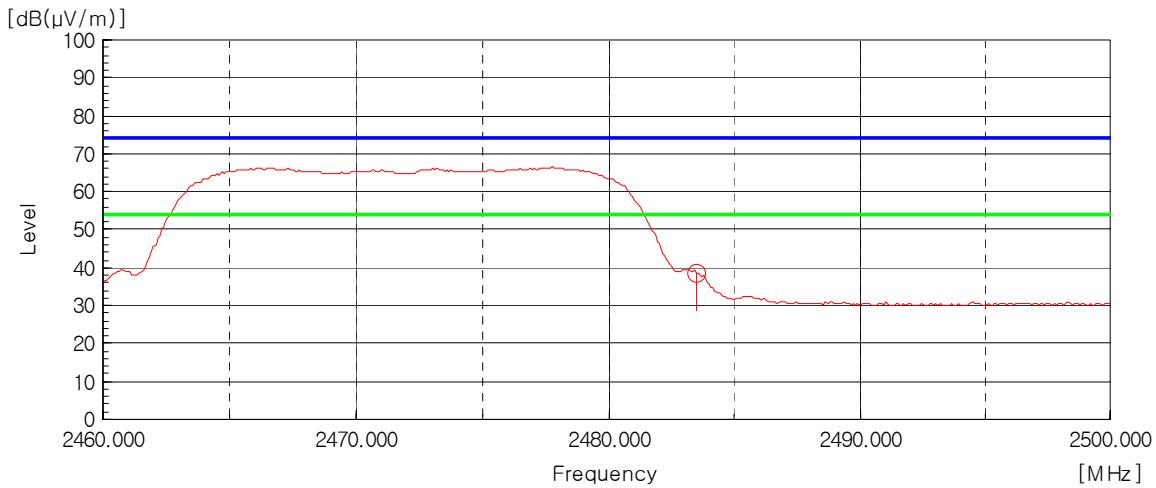
Peak Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (2 483.5 MHz - 2 500 MHz), Worst case (High, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



AV Detector: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 10 Hz (2 483.5 MHz - 2 500 MHz), Worst case (High, Horizontal)

 Peak Limit Line  
 AV Limit Line



## 5.5 Power Spectral Density

EUT	Barcode Scanner / KDC350 (S/N: N/A)
Limit apply to	FCC Part 15.247(e)
Test Date	June 12, 2015
Environmental of Test	(23.3 ± 0.0) °C, (45 ± 0) % R.H., (100.4 ± 0.0) kPa
Operating Condition	RF transmitting continuously during the tested.
Result	Passed

### Limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### Test Data

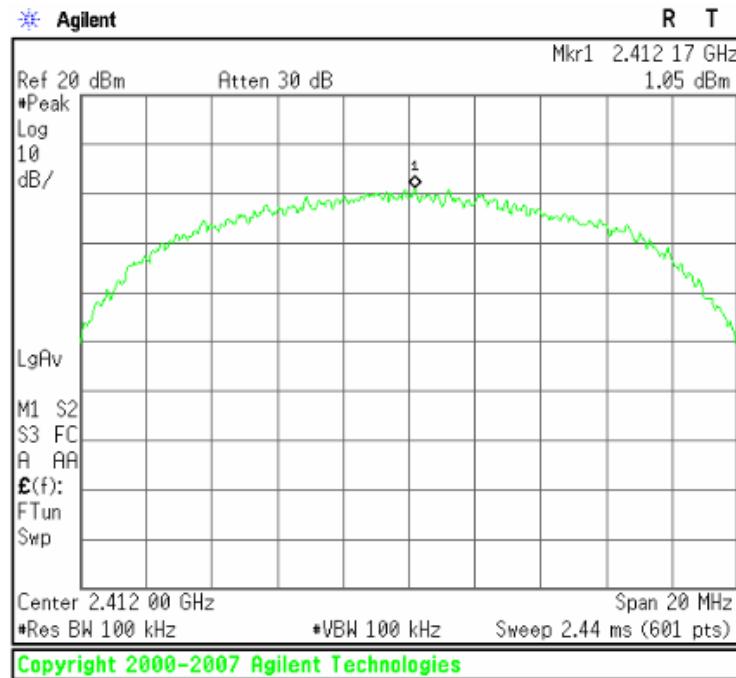
Mode	Frequency [MHz]	PSD [dBm]	Limit
802.11b	2 412	1.05	8.00 dBm
	2 442	2.96	
	2 472	2.68	
802.11g	2 412	-5.31	8.00 dBm
	2 442	-5.86	
	2 472	-4.65	
802.11n(HT20)	2 412	-6.44	8.00 dBm
	2 442	-6.60	
	2 472	-5.22	

### NOTES:

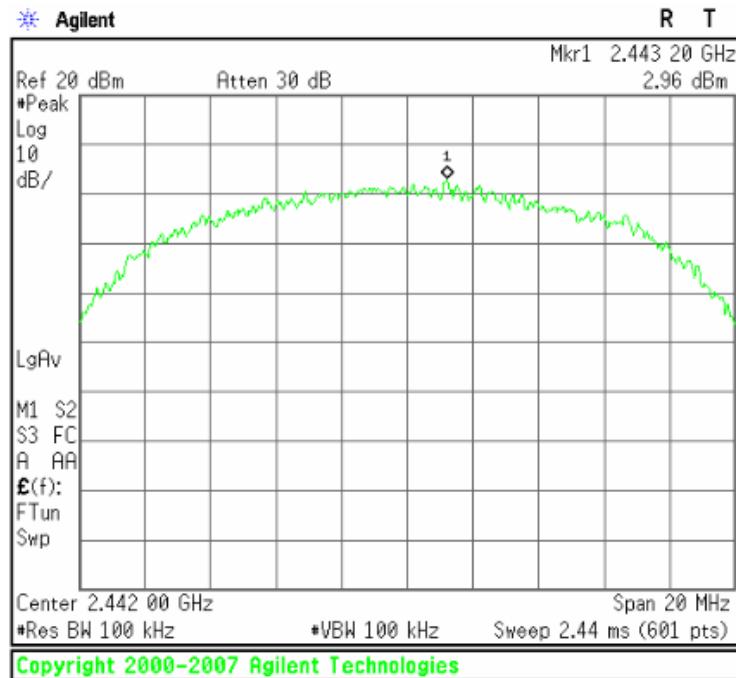
1. Measure power spectral density of relevant channel using spectrum analyzer.
2. RBW 100 kHz, VBW 300 kHz, span 1 MHz, Sweep time (= span / 3 kHz).
3. Please see the measured plot in next page.

## Plots of Power Spectral Density (802.11b)

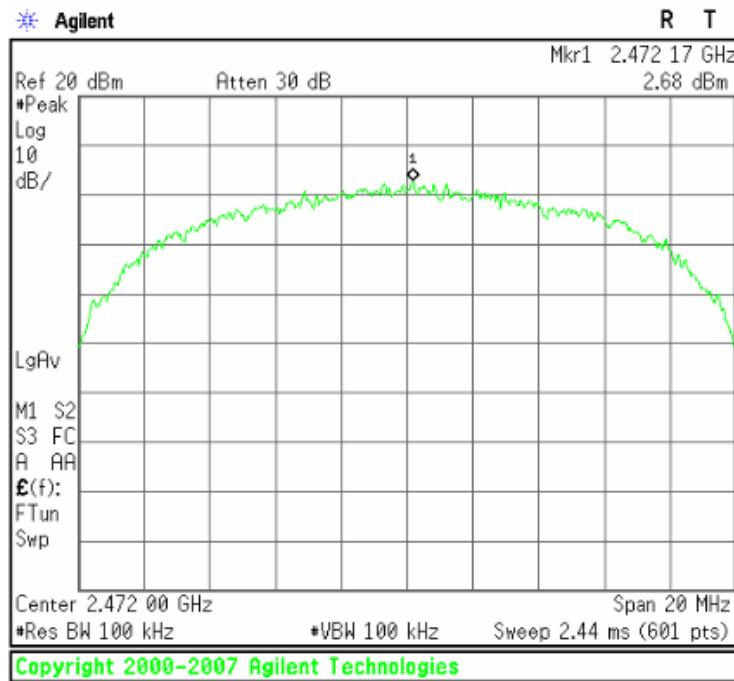
[2 412 MHz]



[2 442 MHz]

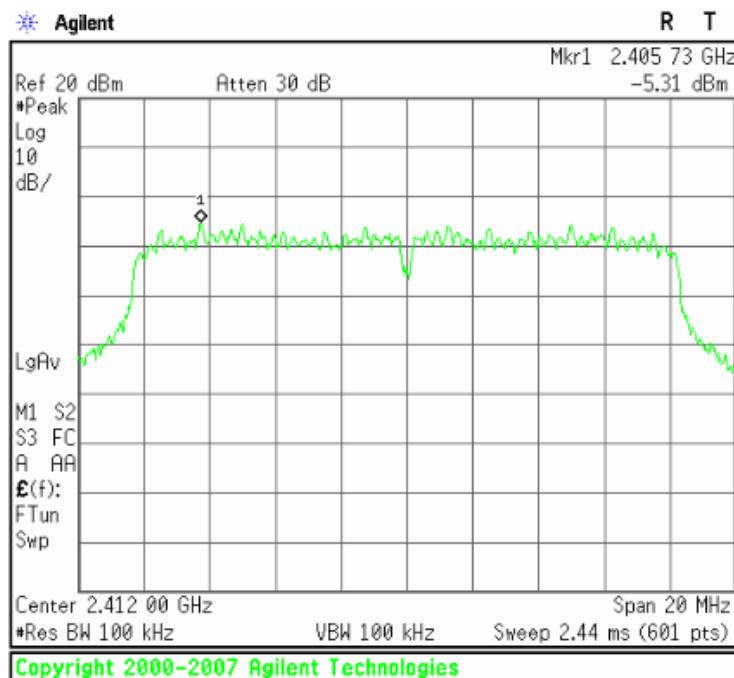


[2 472 MHz]

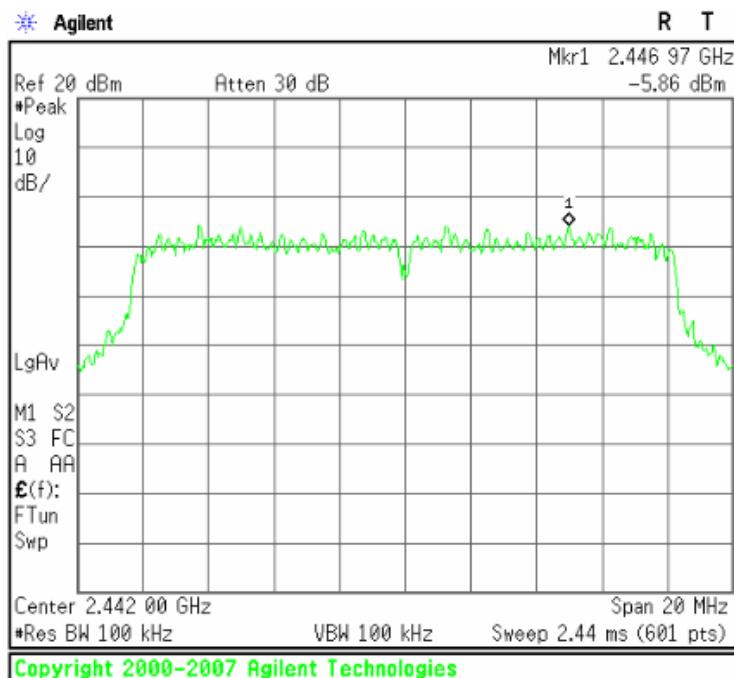


## Plots of Power Spectral Density (802.11g)

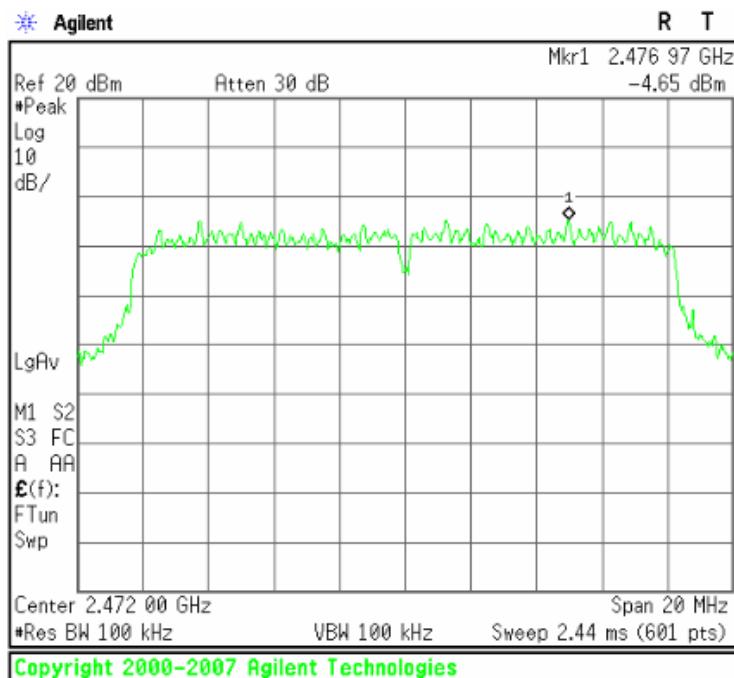
[2 412 MHz]



[2 442 MHz]

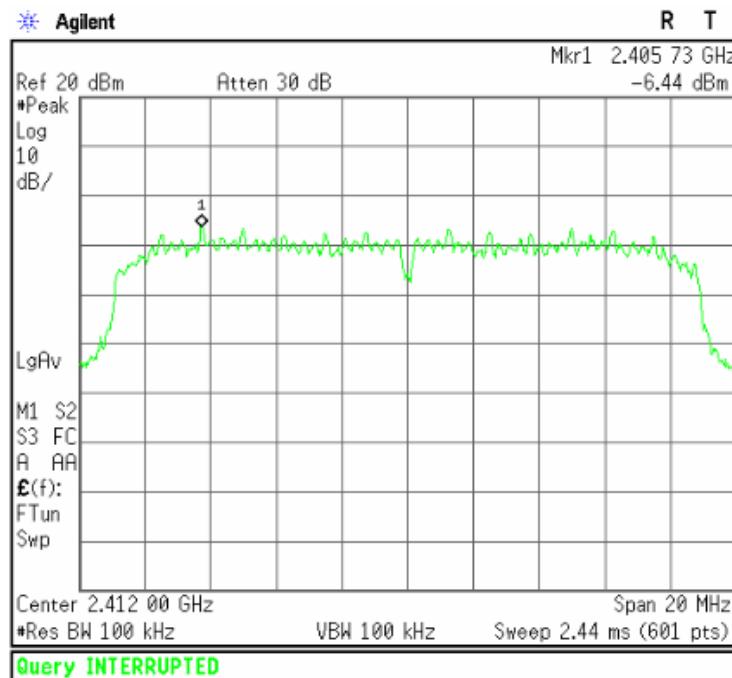


[2 472 MHz]

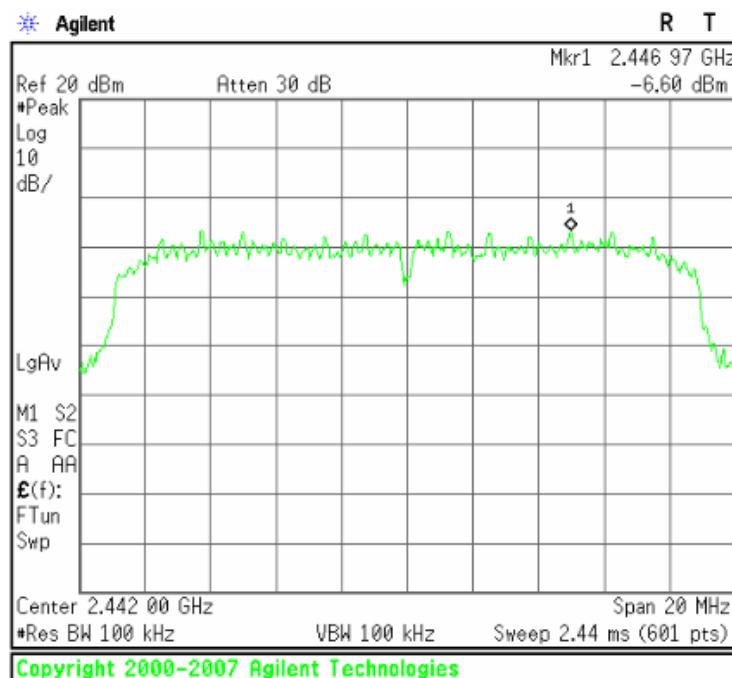


## Plots of Power Spectral Density (802.11n(HT20))

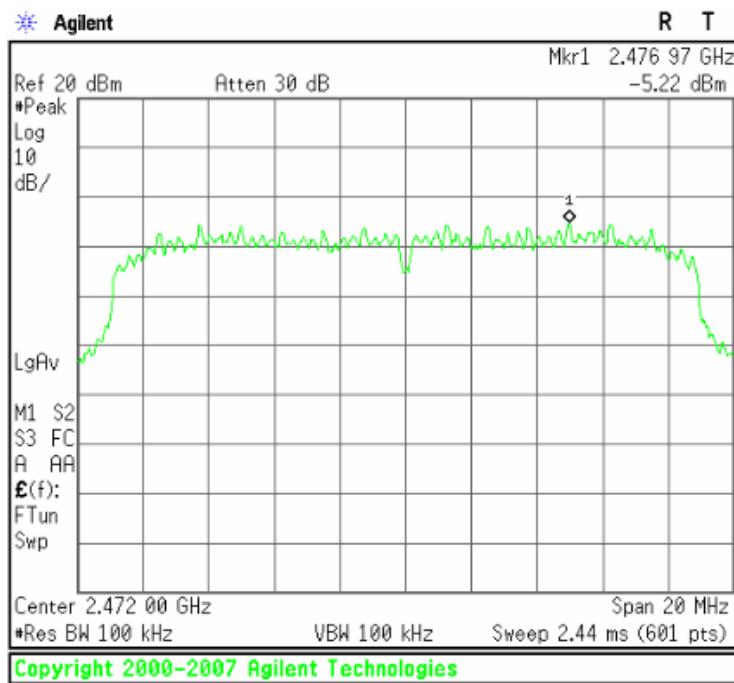
[2 412 MHz]



[2 442 MHz]



[2 472 MHz]



## 5.6 Spurious Emissions

EUT	Barcode Scanner / KDC350 (S/N: N/A)
Limit apply to	FCC Part 15.209
Test Date	June 08, 2015 to June 09, 2015
Operating Condition	Low CH, Middle CH, High CH Transmission
Result	Passed

### Limit

Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequencies [MHz]	Field Strength [ $\mu$ V/m]	Measurement Distance [m]
0.009 - 0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 MHz - 72 MHz, 76 MHz - 88 MHz, 174 MHz - 216 MHz or 470 MHz - 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

### Test Results

- Refer to see the measured plot in next page.

## Radiated Emissions Test data

### - 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Test Date	June 08, 2015
Environmental of Test	(26.5 ± 0.2) °C, (62 ± 1) % R.H., (100.6 ± 0.0) kPa

The following table shows the highest levels of radiated emissions on both polarizations of horizontal and vertical. Detector mode: CISPR Quasi-Peak mode (100 Hz, 9 kHz)

### - 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (HT20) mode

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]	Polarization (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]	Limit [dB(µV/m)]	Margin [dB]
	<b>Emission attenuated more than 20 dB below the limit are not reported.</b>						

**Result: All emissions below noise floor of 20 dB (µV/m).**

### NOTES:

1. \* H : Horizontal polarization , \*\* V : Vertical polarization
2. Result = Reading + Antenna factor + Cable loss
3. Margin = Limit - Result
4. The measurement was performed for the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz according to FCC Part 15.209.

## - Below 1 GHz (30 MHz to 1 GHz)

Test Date	June 08, 2015
Environmental of Test	(26.3 ± 0.4) °C, (63 ± 2) % R.H., (100.4 ± 0.1) kPa

The following table shows the highest levels of radiated emissions on both polarizations of horizontal and vertical.  
Detector mode: CISPR Quasi-Peak mode (6 dB Bandwidth: 120 kHz)

## - 802.11b mode

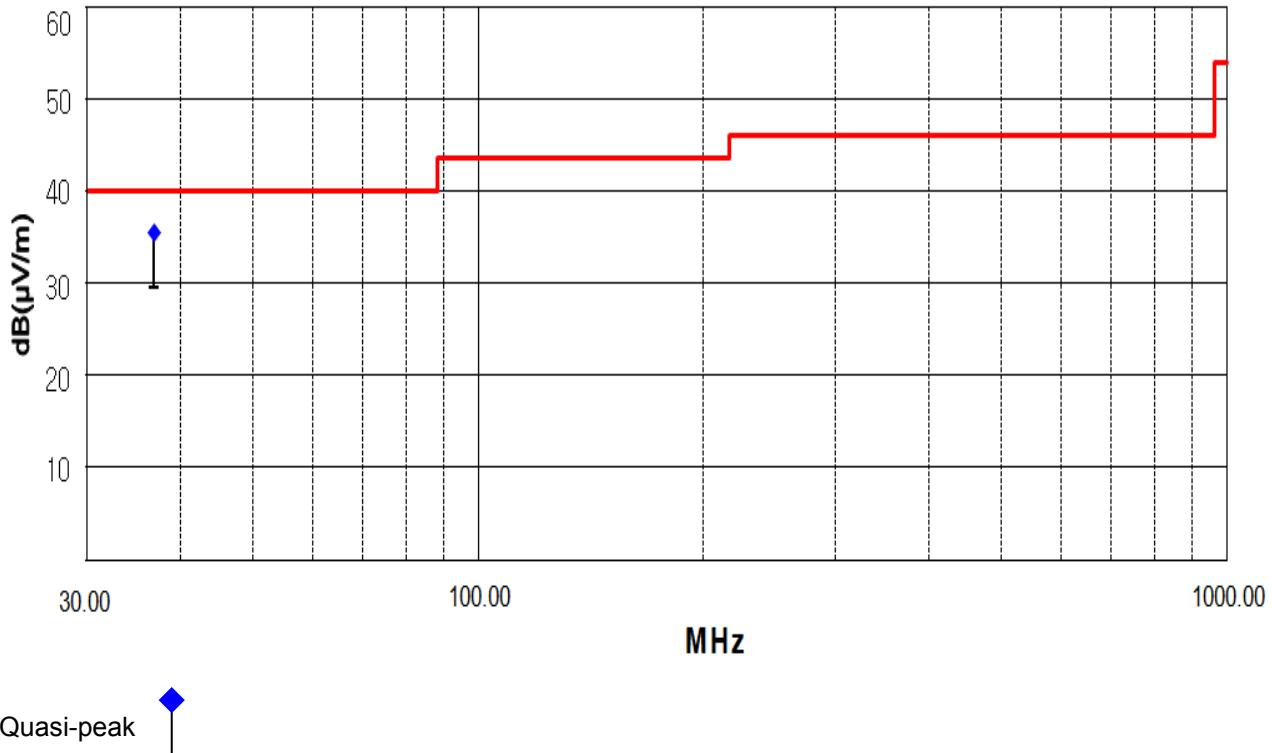
The following table shows the highest levels of radiated emissions on both polarizations of horizontal and vertical.  
Detector mode: CISPR Quasi-Peak mode (6 dB Bandwidth: 120 kHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]	Polarization (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB(µV)]	Height [cm]	Result [dB(µV/m)]	Limit [dB(µV/m)]	Margin [dB]
36.71	23.58	V	11.03	0.99	100	35.60	40.00	4.40

### NOTES:

1. \* H : Horizontal polarization , \*\* V : Vertical polarization
2. Result = Reading + Antenna factor + Cable loss
3. Margin value = Limit - Result
4. The measurement was performed for the frequency range above 30 MHz according to FCC Part 15.209.

— : Limit



- 802.11g mode

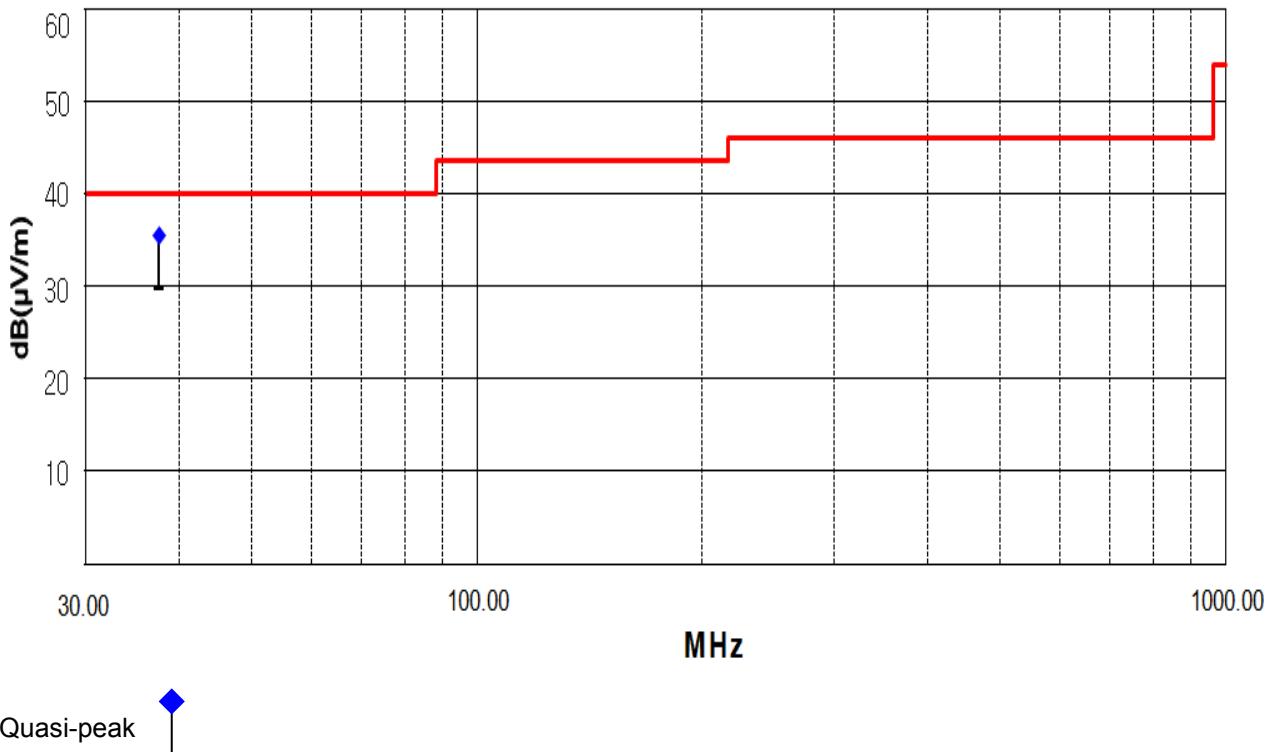
The following table shows the highest levels of radiated emissions on both polarizations of horizontal and vertical.  
 Detector mode: CISPR Quasi-Peak mode (6 dB Bandwidth: 120 kHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB( $\mu$ V)]	Polarization (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB( $\mu$ V)]	Height [cm]	Result [dB( $\mu$ V/m)]	Limit [dB( $\mu$ V/m)]	Margin [dB]
37.48	23.68	V	11.03	0.99	100	35.70	40.00	4.30

NOTES:

1. \* H : Horizontal polarization , \*\* V : Vertical polarization
2. Result = Reading + Antenna factor + Cable loss
3. Margin value = Limit - Result
4. The measurement was performed for the frequency range above 30 MHz according to FCC Part 15.209.

— : Limit



- 802.11n(HT20) mode

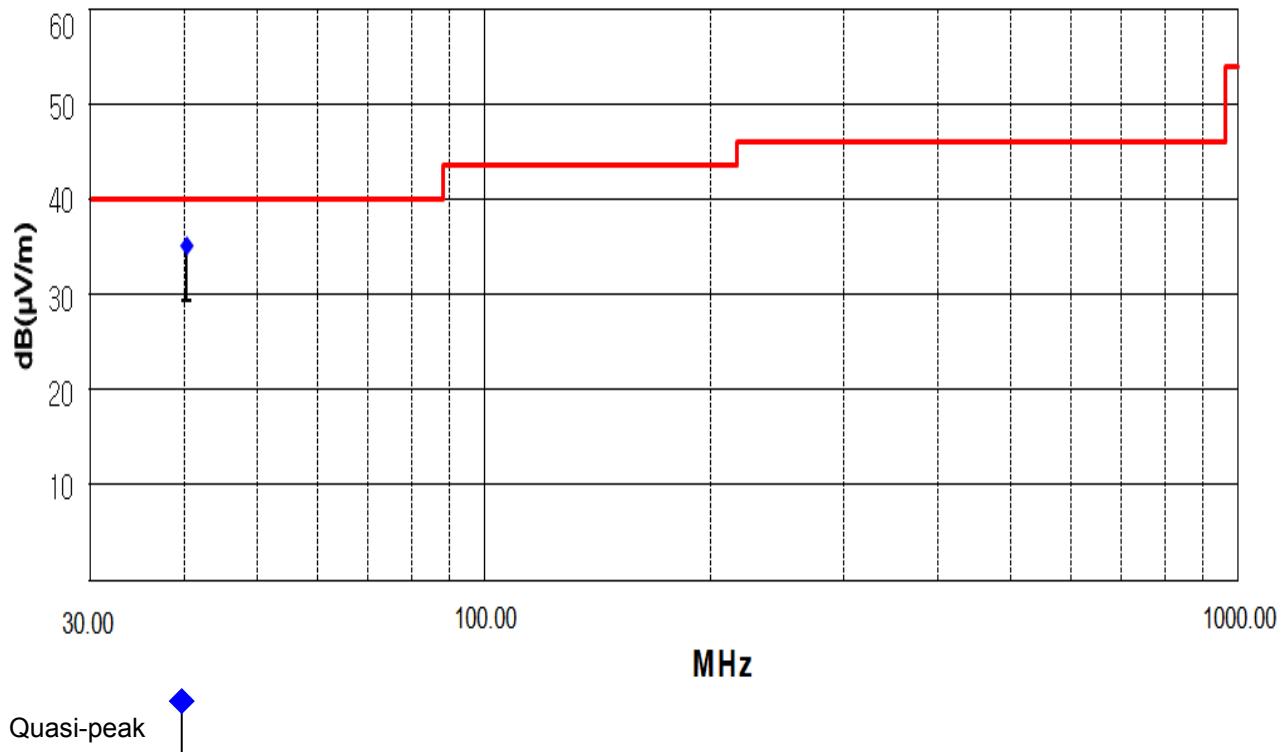
The following table shows the highest levels of radiated emissions on both polarizations of horizontal and vertical.  
Detector mode: CISPR Quasi-Peak mode (6 dB Bandwidth: 120 kHz)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(μV)]	Polarization (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB(μV)]	Height [cm]	Result [dB(μV/m)]	Limit [dB(μV/m)]	Margin [dB]
40.13	23.23	V	11.05	1.02	115	35.30	40.00	4.70

NOTES:

1. \* H : Horizontal polarization , \*\* V : Vertical polarization
2. Result = Reading + Antenna factor + Cable loss
3. Margin value = Limit - Result
4. The measurement was performed for the frequency range above 30 MHz according to FCC Part 15.209.

— : Limit



## - Above 1 GHz (1 GHz to 25 GHz)

Test Date	June 09, 2015								
Environmental of Test	(25.2 ± 0.3) °C, (43 ± 1) % R.H., (101.2 ± 0.0) kPa								

- 802.11b mode

### 1. Low CH

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]		Polarity (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]		Limit [dB(µV/m)]		Margin [dB]	
	Peak	Average				Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
1 937.22	58.00	36.50	V	26.11	-37.31	46.80	25.30	73.97	53.97	27.17	28.67

### 2. Middle CH

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]		Polarity (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]		Limit [dB(µV/m)]		Margin [dB]	
	Peak	Average				Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Result: No signal detect above second harmonic.**

### 3. High CH

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]		Polarity (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]		Limit [dB(µV/m)]		Margin [dB]	
	Peak	Average				Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Result: No signal detect above second harmonic.**

#### NOTES:

1. \* H : Horizontal polarization , \*\* V : Vertical polarization
2. Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss + Preamp
3. Result = Reading + Factor
4. Margin = Limit - Result
5. Measuring frequencies from 1GHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
6. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded(ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
7. Spectrum setting:
  - a. Peak Setting 1 GHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics of fundamental, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 MHz, Sweep = Auto
  - b. AV Setting 1 GHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics of fundamental, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz, Sweep = Auto

- 802.11g mode

## 1. Low CH

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]		Polarity (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]		Limit [dB(µV/m)]		Margin [dB]	
	Peak	Average				Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
1 937.27	58.10	36.70	V	26.11	-37.31	46.90	25.50	73.97	53.97	27.07	28.47

## 2. Middle CH

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]		Polarity (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]		Limit [dB(µV/m)]		Margin [dB]	
	Peak	Average				Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Result: No signal detect above second harmonic.**

## 3. High CH

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]		Polarity (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]		Limit [dB(µV/m)]		Margin [dB]	
	Peak	Average				Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Result: No signal detect above second harmonic.**

## NOTES:

1. \* H : Horizontal polarization , \*\* V : Vertical polarization
2. Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss + Preamp
3. Result = Reading + Factor
4. Margin = Limit - Result
5. Measuring frequencies from 1GHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
6. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded(ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
7. Spectrum setting:
  - a. Peak Setting 1 GHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics of fundamental, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 MHz, Sweep = Auto
  - b. AV Setting 1 GHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics of fundamental, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz, Sweep = Auto

- 802.11n(HT20) mode

## 1. Low CH

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]		Polarity (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]		Limit [dB(µV/m)]		Margin [dB]	
	Peak	Average				Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
1 937.24	58.20	36.60	V	26.11	-37.31	47.00	25.40	73.97	53.97	26.97	28.57

## 2. Middle CH

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]		Polarity (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]		Limit [dB(µV/m)]		Margin [dB]	
	Peak	Average				Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Result: No signal detect above second harmonic.**

## 3. High CH

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dB(µV)]		Polarity (*H/**V)	Ant. Factor [dB/m]	Cable Loss [dB]	Result [dB(µV/m)]		Limit [dB(µV/m)]		Margin [dB]	
	Peak	Average				Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Result: No signal detect above second harmonic.**

## NOTES:

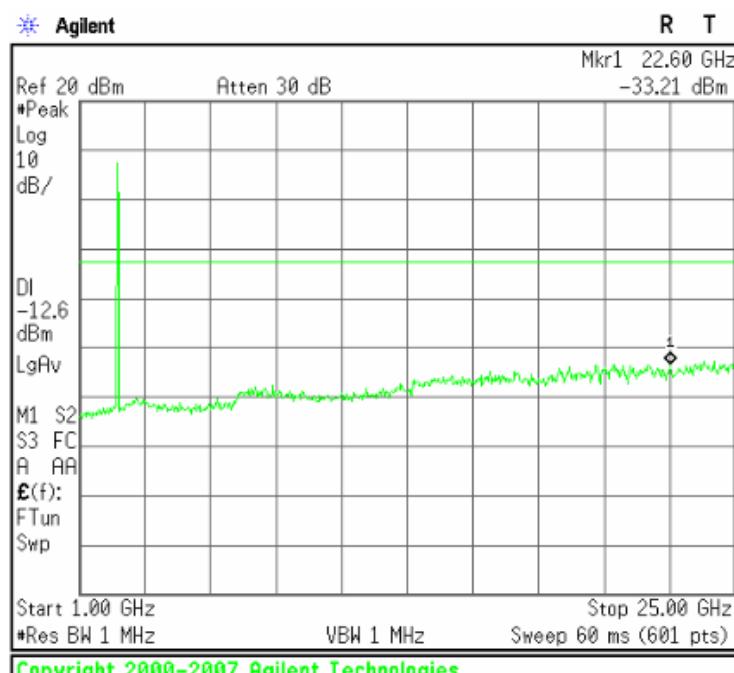
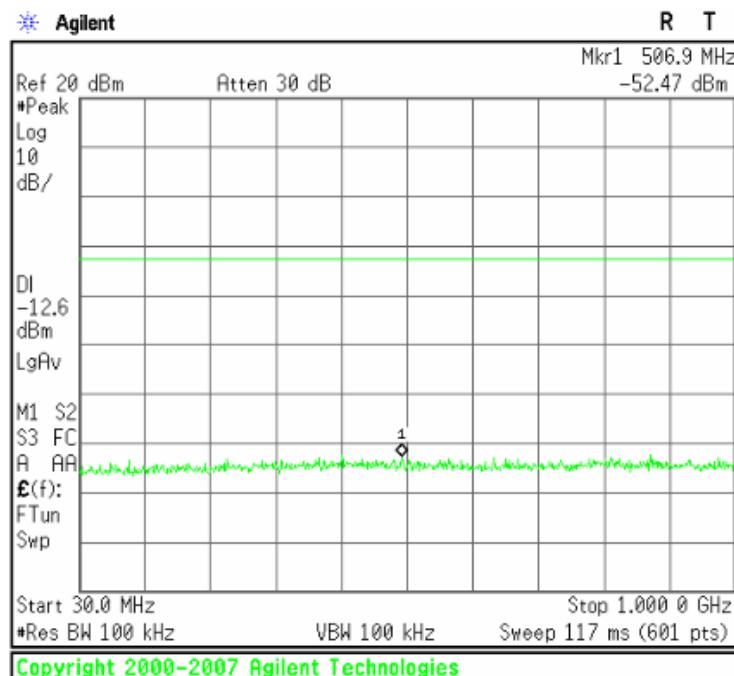
1. \* H : Horizontal polarization , \*\* V : Vertical polarization
2. Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss + Preamp
3. Result = Reading + Factor
4. Margin = Limit - Result
5. Measuring frequencies from 1GHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
6. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded(ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
7. Spectrum setting:
  - a. Peak Setting 1 GHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics of fundamental, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 MHz, Sweep = Auto
  - b. AV Setting 1 GHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics of fundamental, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz, Sweep = Auto

## Plots of Spurious Emissions (Conducted Measurement)

Test Date	June 12, 2015
Environmental of Test	(24.3 ± 0.2) °C, (47 ± 1) % R.H., (100.4 ± 0.0) kPa

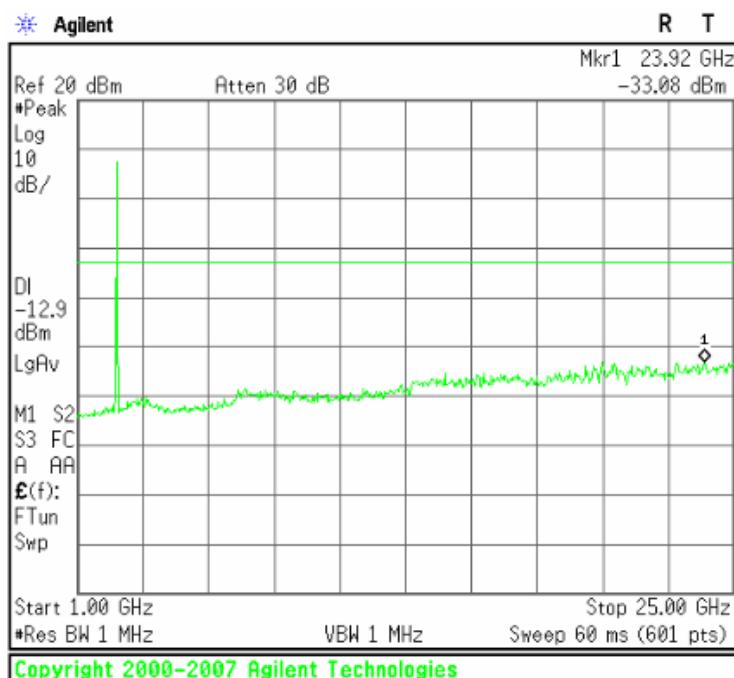
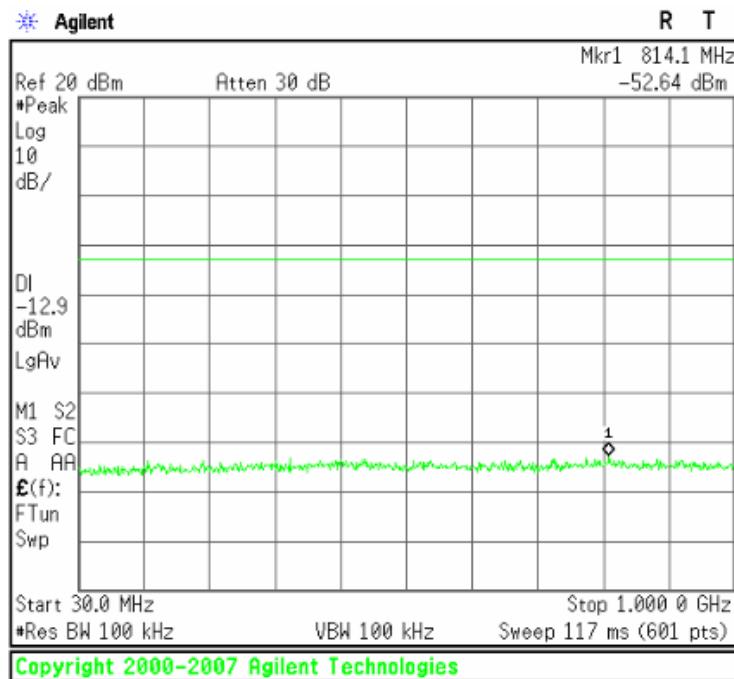
### - 802.11b mode

[CH Low]

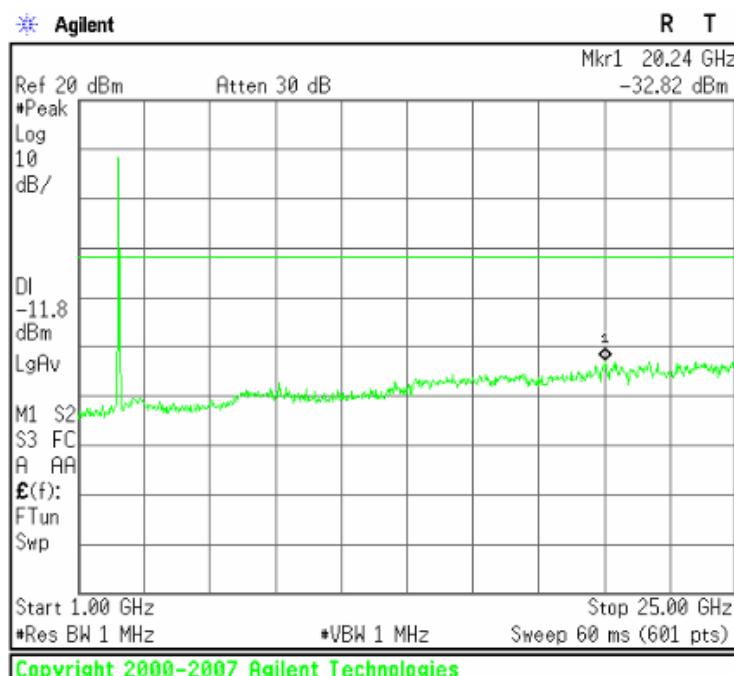
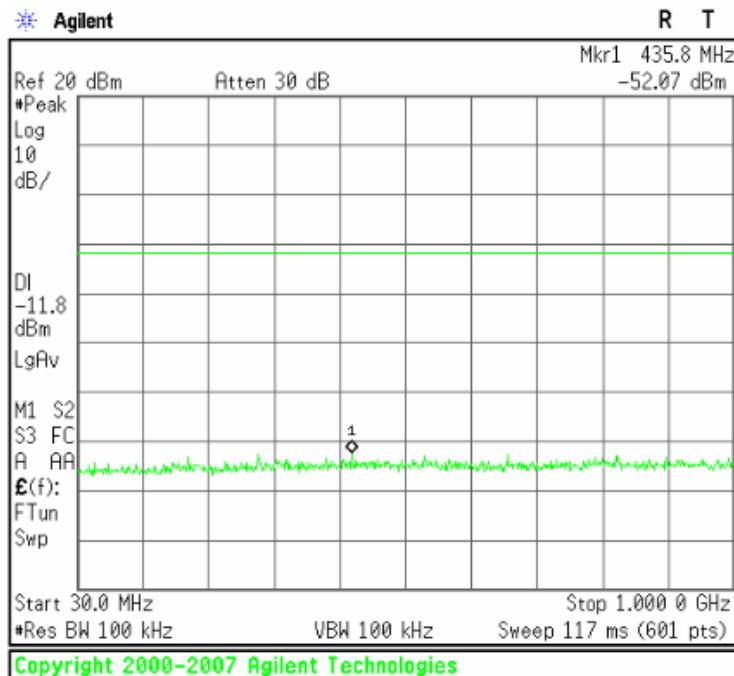


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[CH Mid]

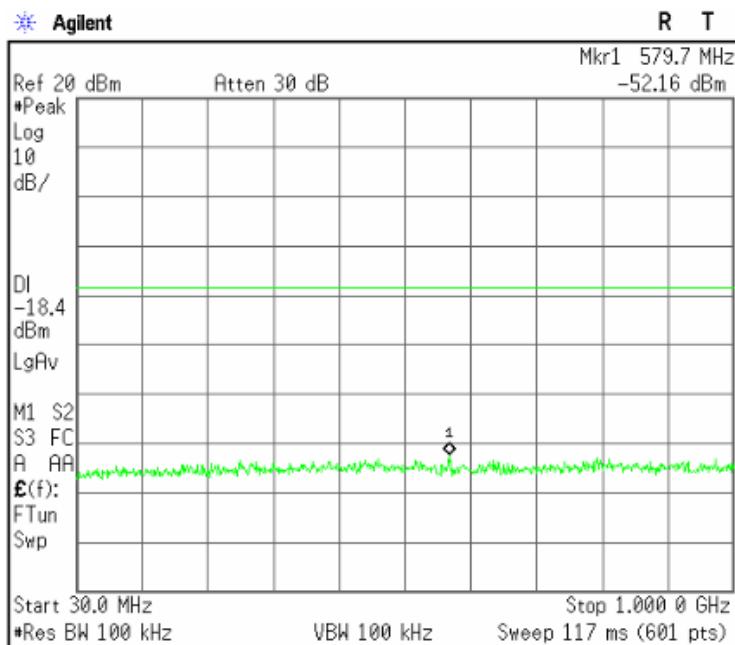


[CH High]

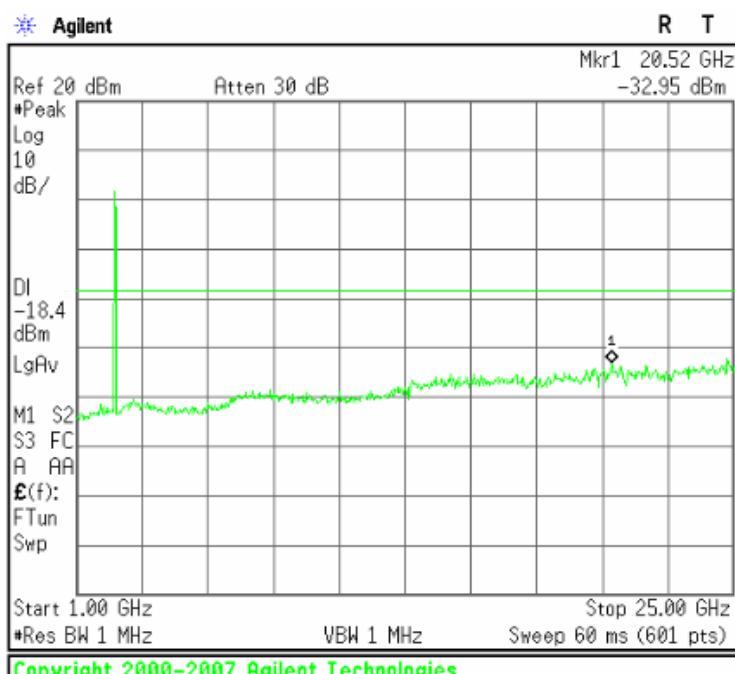


## - 802.11g mode

[CH Low]

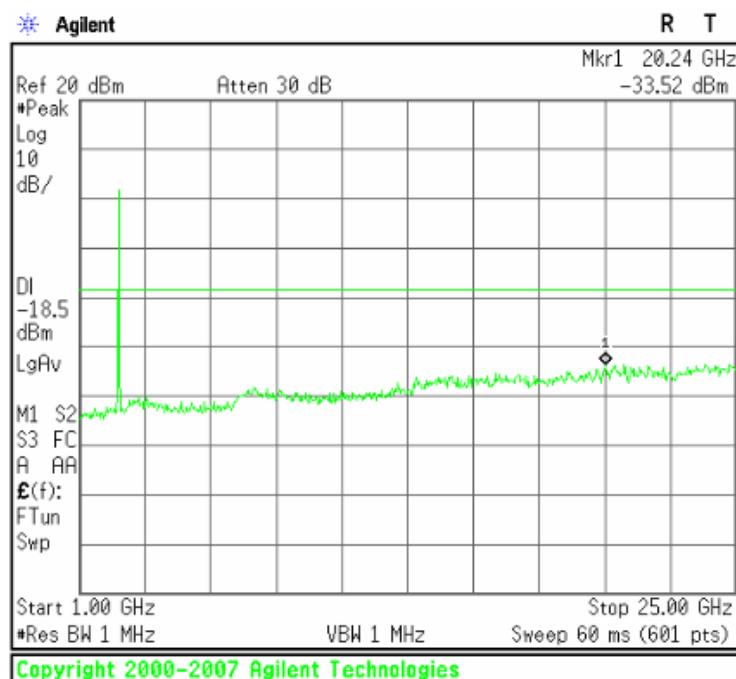
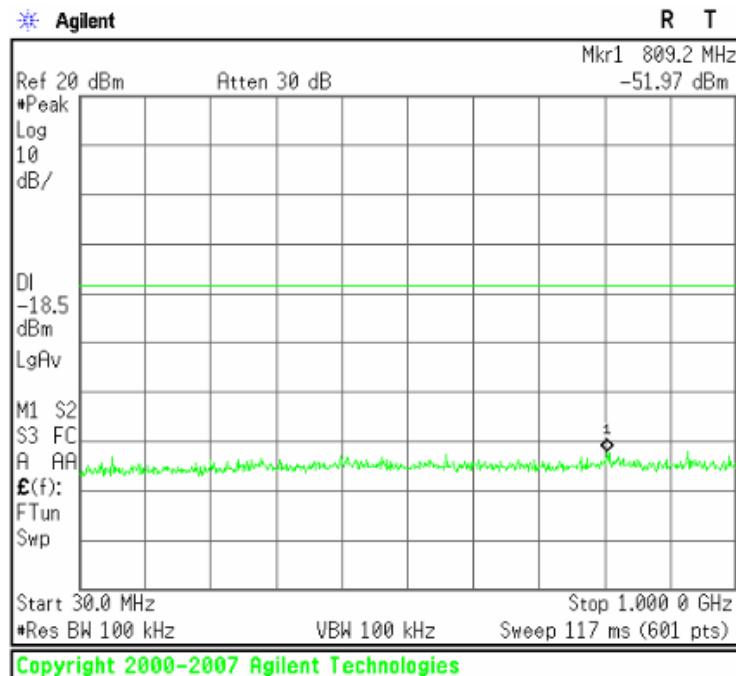


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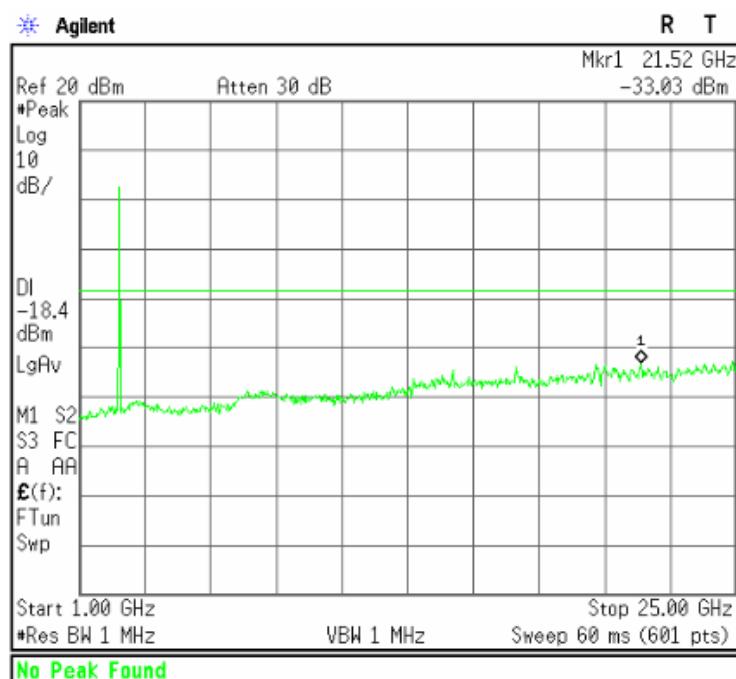
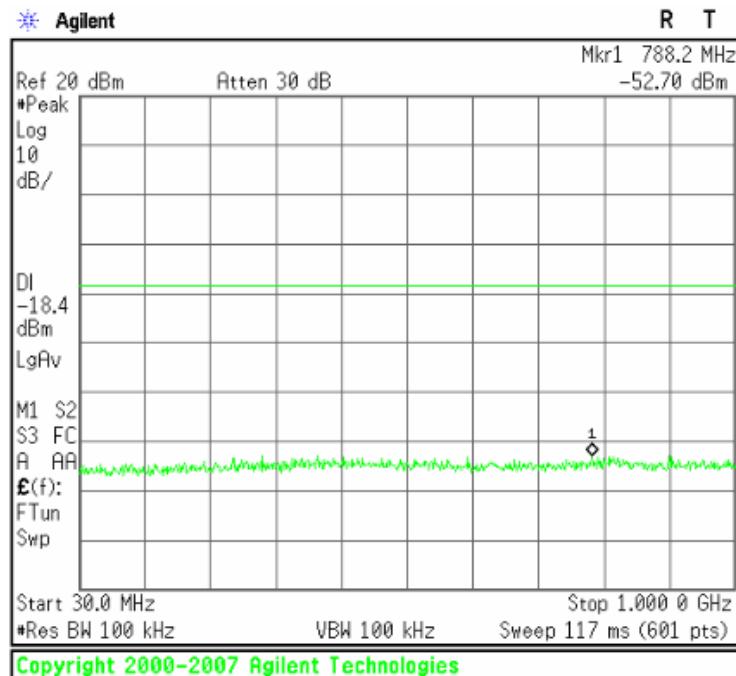


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[CH Mid]

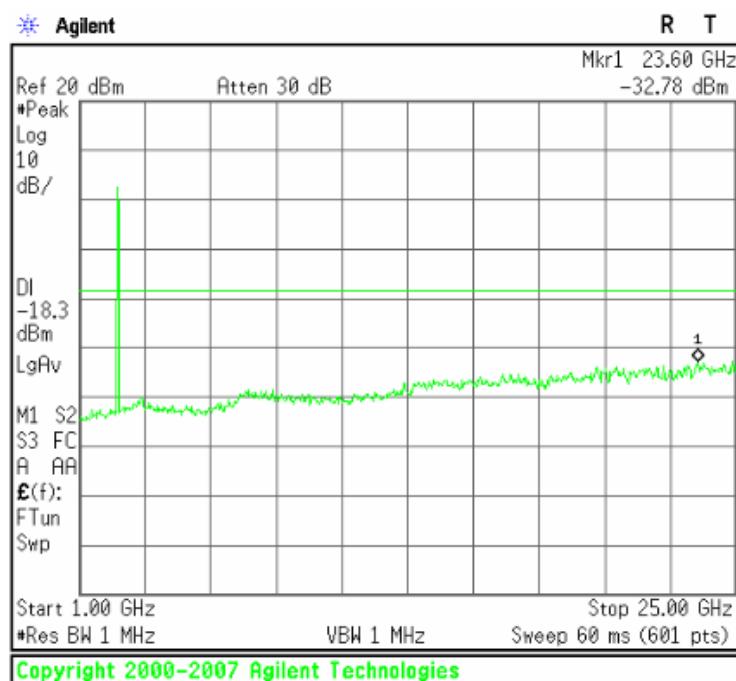
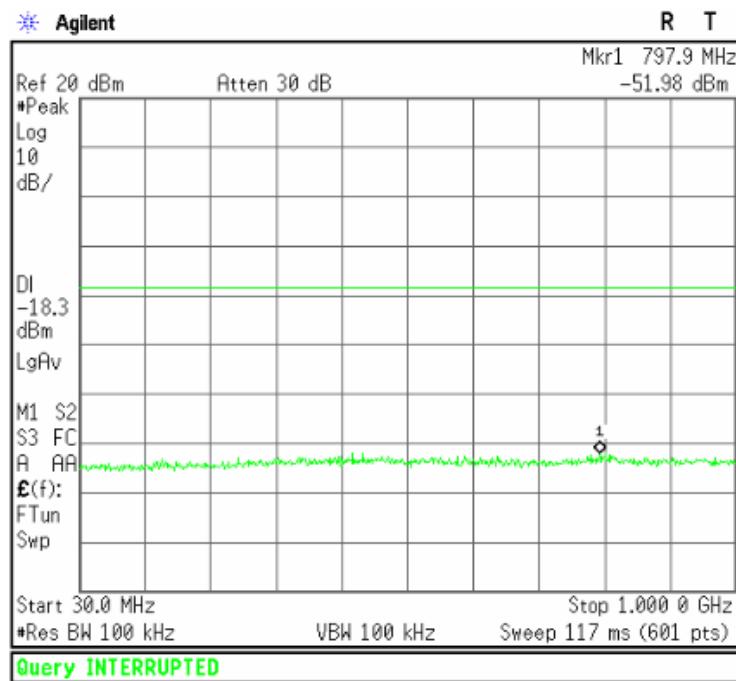


[CH High]

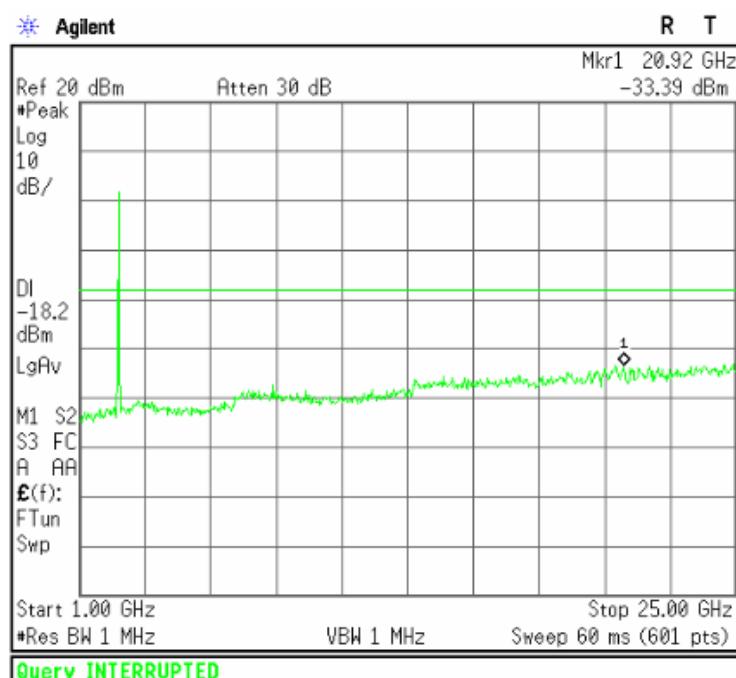
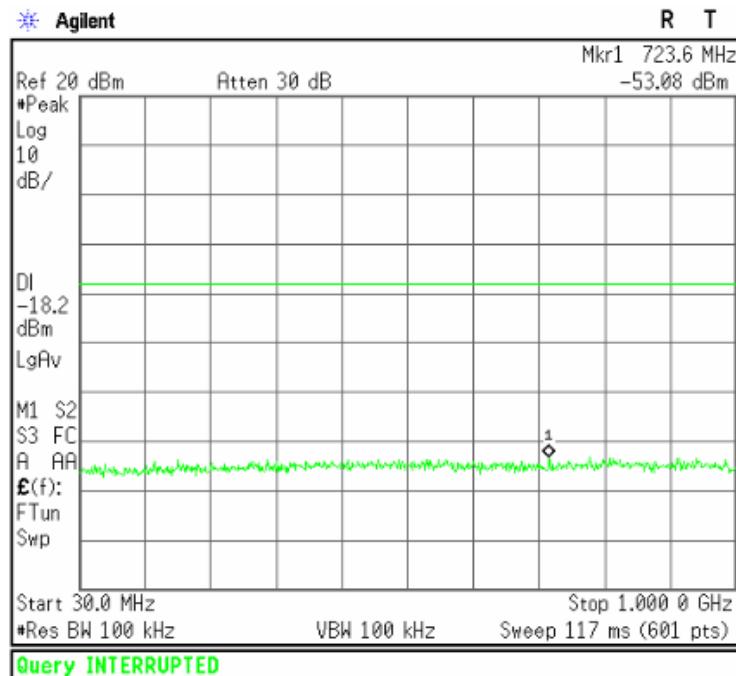


## - 802.11n(HT20) mode

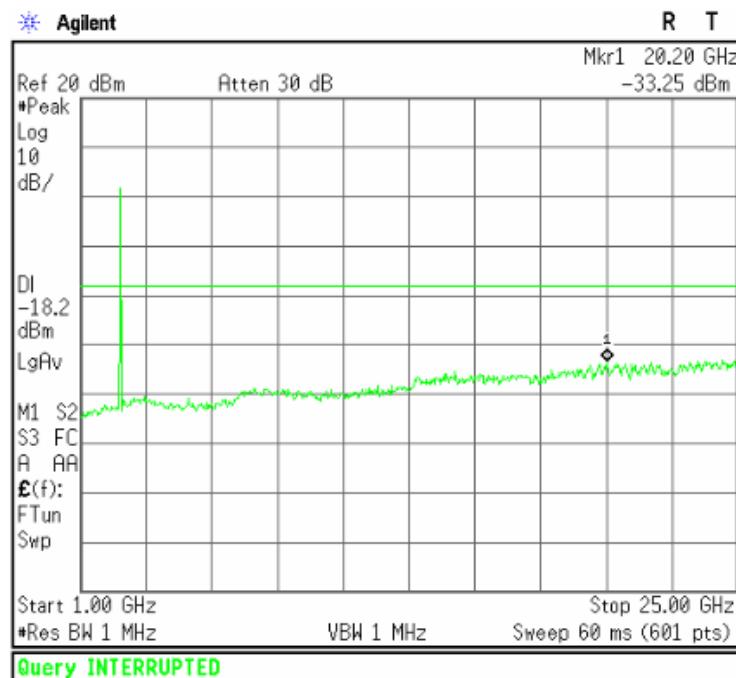
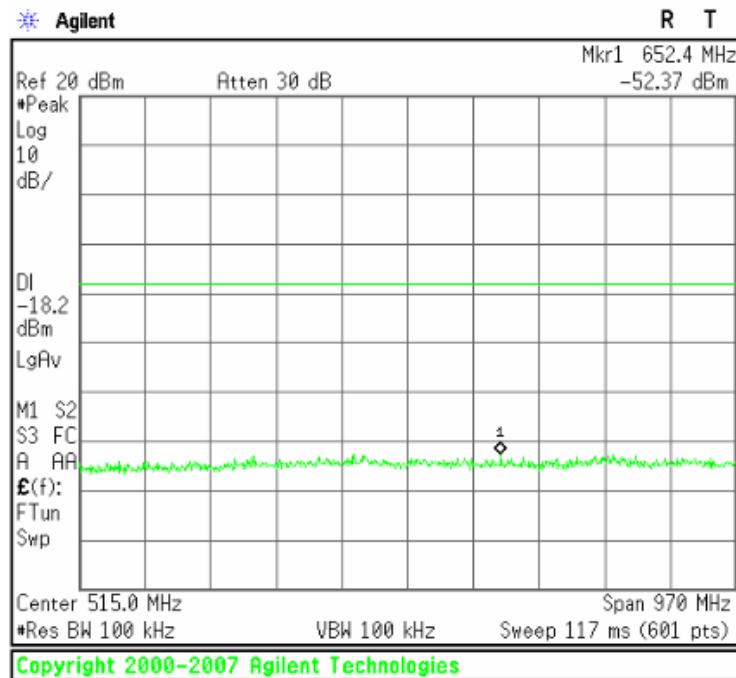
[CH Low]



[CH Mid]



[CH High]



## 5.7 Conducted Emissions Measurement

EUT	Barcode Scanner / KDC350 (S/N: N/A)
Limit apply to	FCC Part 15.207
Test Date	June 09, 2015
Environmental of Test	(23.1 $\pm$ 0.5) °C, (44 $\pm$ 0) % R.H., (101.2 $\pm$ 0.0) kPa
Operating Condition	RF transmitting continuously during the tested.
Result	Passed

### Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission [MHz]	Conducted limit [dB( $\mu$ V)]	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### Test Results

- Refer to see the measured plot in next page.

## Conducted Emission Test Data

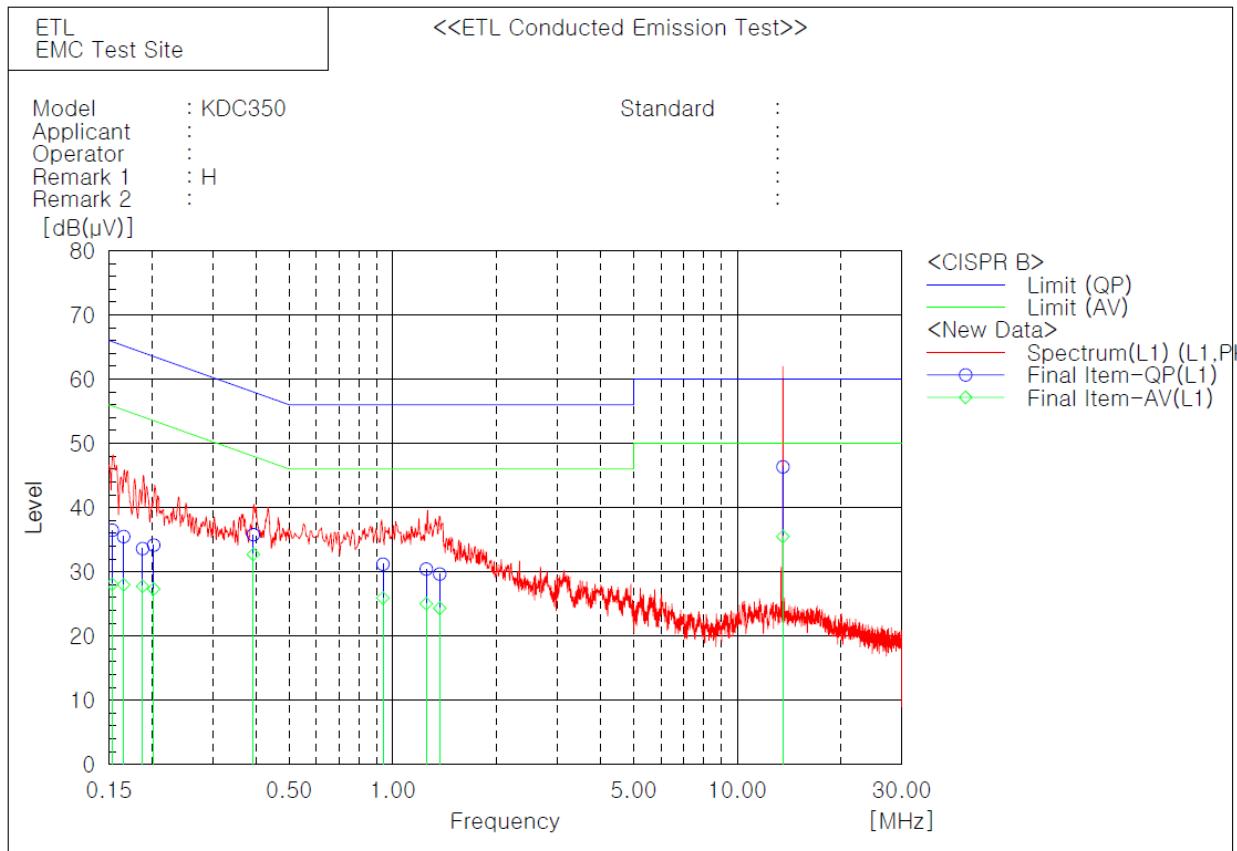
The following data and graph shows the highest levels of conducted emissions on both polarizations of hot and neutral line.

Detector mode: CISPR Quasi-Peak mode (6 dB Bandwidth: 9 kHz)

### NOTES:

1. Please see the measured data and graph in next page.
2. The c.f value was included the LISN factor and cable loss.
3. Result value = Reading + c.f
4. Margin value = Limit - Result
5. If the Quasi-Peak limit is met when using a Peak detector receiver, the EUT shall be deemed to meet both limits and measurement with the Quasi-Peak detector receiver is unnecessary.
6. If the average limit is met when using a Quasi-peak detector receiver, the EUT shall be deemed to meet both limits and measurement with the average detector receiver is unnecessary.
7. Measurements were performed at the AC Power Inlet in the frequency band of 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz according to the FCC Part 15 Class B.
8. Frequency of 13.56 MHz is excluded. It is because the carrier frequency.

Line: HOT

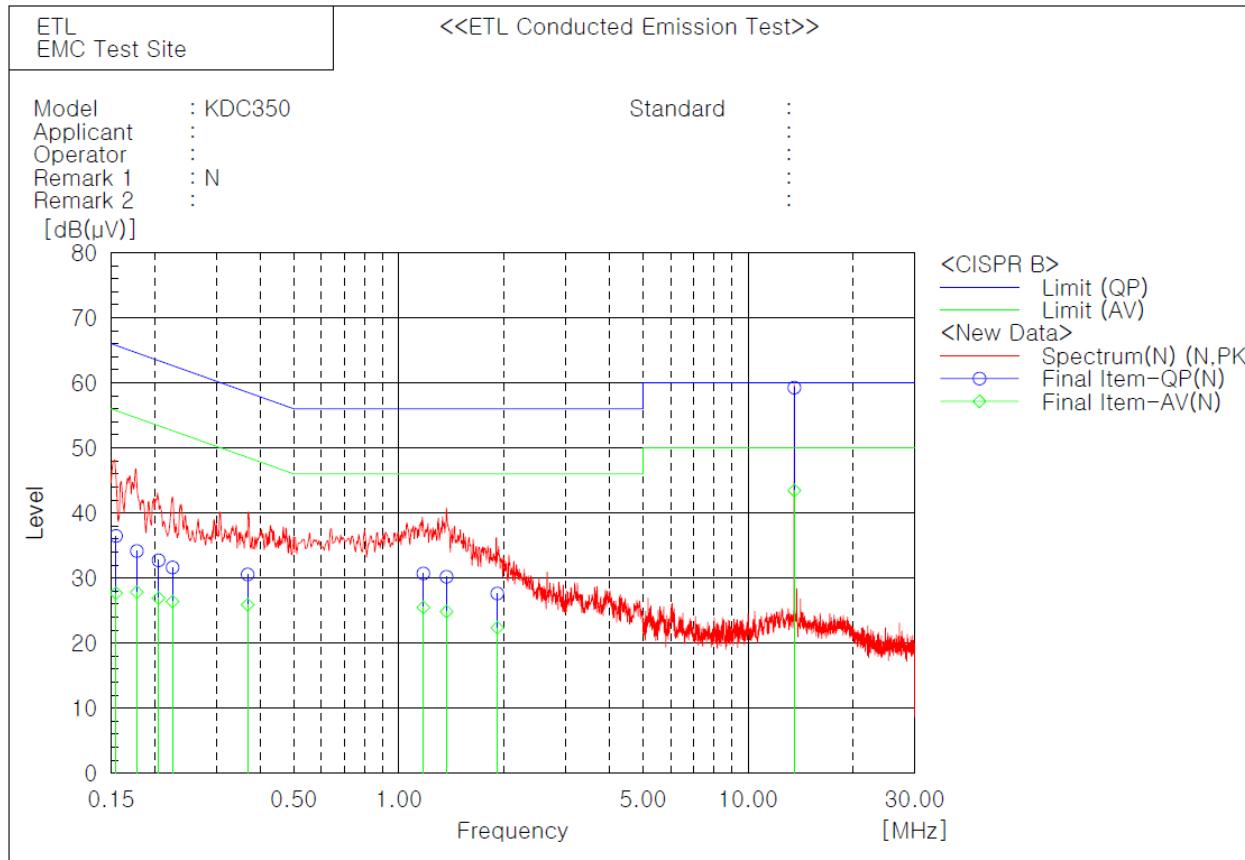


#### Final Result

##### --- L1 Phase ---

No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(μV)]	Reading AV [dB(μV)]	c.f	Result QP [dB]	Result AV [dB(μV)]	Limit QP [dB(μV)]	Limit AV [dB(μV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin AV [dB]
1	0.15343	26.2	17.8	10.3	36.5	28.1	65.8	55.8	29.3	27.7
2	0.1655	25.0	17.5	10.5	35.5	28.0	65.2	55.2	29.7	27.2
3	0.18793	23.3	17.4	10.3	33.6	27.7	64.1	54.1	30.5	26.4
4	0.20233	23.8	17.0	10.3	34.1	27.3	63.5	53.5	29.4	26.2
5	0.39383	25.3	22.2	10.5	35.8	32.7	58.0	48.0	22.2	15.3
6	0.93625	20.9	15.6	10.3	31.2	25.9	56.0	46.0	24.8	20.1
7	1.2512	20.1	14.7	10.3	30.4	25.0	56.0	46.0	25.6	21.0
8	1.36885	19.3	14.0	10.3	29.6	24.3	56.0	46.0	26.4	21.7
9	13.5602	36.0	25.2	10.3	46.3	35.5	60.0	50.0	13.7	14.5

## Line: Neutral



### Final Result

#### --- N Phase ---

No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(μV)]	Reading AV [dB(μV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(μV)]	Result AV [dB(μV)]	Limit QP [dB(μV)]	Limit AV [dB(μV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin AV [dB]
1	0.15501	26.1	17.3	10.4	36.5	27.7	65.7	55.7	29.2	28.0
2	0.17779	23.7	17.3	10.5	34.2	27.8	64.6	54.6	30.4	26.8
3	0.20518	22.4	16.6	10.3	32.7	26.9	63.4	53.4	30.7	26.5
4	0.22506	21.3	16.1	10.3	31.6	26.4	62.6	52.6	31.0	26.2
5	0.36918	20.1	15.4	10.5	30.6	25.9	58.5	48.5	27.9	22.6
6	1.175	20.4	15.2	10.3	30.7	25.5	56.0	46.0	25.3	20.5
7	1.3693	19.9	14.5	10.3	30.2	24.8	56.0	46.0	25.8	21.2
8	1.9141	17.4	12.1	10.2	27.6	22.3	56.0	46.0	28.4	23.7
9	13.5606	48.9	33.1	10.3	59.2	43.4	60.0	50.0	0.8	6.6

## 5.8 Radio Frequency Exposure

### Standard Applicable:

According to §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

This is a Portable device with its physical nature to be used nearby, the distance between radiating structure and human is less than 20 cm.

As per KDB 447498 D01, The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] ^ * \\ [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

$f$  (GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

### Measurement Result:

This is a portable device and the average output power is **(7.08 mW)** lower than the threshold given and derived as above, where

$$= 7.08 \text{ (mW)} / 5 \text{ (mm)} * \sqrt{2.472 \text{ (GHz)}} = 2.23 < 3.00$$

As the result of calculation result indicates, the RF exposure generating from given transmitter (transmitter employed digital modulation) can be excluded from SAR measurement, and is deemed compliant with RF exposure as per FCC.

Type of Modulation	Frequency [MHz]	Output Power [dBm]	Target power [dBm]	Allowed tolerance [dB]	Max tune up power [dBm]	Max tune up power [mW]	Separation distance [mm]	RF exposure	Limit
802.11b	2 412	7.20	5.50	$\pm$ 2.00	7.50	5.62	5	1.75	3.00
	2 442	7.70	6.00	$\pm$ 2.00	8.00	6.31	5	1.97	3.00
	<b>2 472</b>	<b>8.50</b>	<b>6.50</b>	<b><math>\pm</math> 2.00</b>	<b>8.50</b>	<b>7.08</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2.23</b>	<b>3.00</b>
802.11g	2 412	6.30	4.50	$\pm$ 2.00	6.50	4.47	5	1.39	3.00
	2 442	6.50	4.50	$\pm$ 2.00	6.50	4.47	5	1.40	3.00
	2 472	7.10	5.50	$\pm$ 2.00	7.50	5.62	5	1.77	3.00
802.11n(HT20)	2 412	7.30	5.50	$\pm$ 2.00	7.50	5.62	5	1.75	3.00
	2 442	7.20	5.50	$\pm$ 2.00	7.50	5.62	5	1.76	3.00
	2 472	7.90	6.00	$\pm$ 2.00	8.00	6.31	5	1.98	3.00

## 6. SAMPLE CALCULATION

### Sample Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor.  
The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - PA$$

Where FS = Field Strength

RA = Receiver Amplitude

AF = Antenna Factor

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor

PA\* = Preamplifier Factor

\* PA is only be used for the measuring frequency above 1 GHz.

$$dB(\mu V) = 20 \log_{10} (\mu V) : \text{Equation}$$

$$dB(\mu V) = dBm + 107$$

Example : @ 37.48 MHz

$$\text{Class B Limit} = 40.00 \text{ dB}(\mu V/m)$$

$$\text{Reading} = 23.68 \text{ dB}(\mu V)$$

$$\text{Antenna Factor + Cable loss} = 11.03 + 0.99 = 12.02 \text{ dB}(\mu V/m)$$

$$\text{Total} = 35.70 \text{ dB}(\mu V/m)$$

$$\text{Margin} = 40.00 - 35.70 = 4.30 \text{ dB}$$

$$= 4.30 \text{ dB below Limit}$$

## 7. List of test equipments used for measurements

Test Equipment		Model	Mfg.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EMI Test Receiver	ESVS 10	R&S	835165/001	15.03.17	16.03.17
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EMI Test Receiver	ESPI3	R&S	100478	14.09.03	15.09.03
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS30	R&S	847793/005	15.03.17	16.03.17
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI7	R&S	100851	14.09.03	15.09.03
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Two-Line V-Network	ENV216	R&S	958599/106	15.03.17	16.03.17
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Loop Antenna	AL-130	EMCO	121025	14.04.08	16.04.08
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LogBicon Antenna	VULB9160	Schwarzbeck	3082	13.07.25	15.07.25
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Horn Antenna	BBHA 9120D	Schwarzbeck	826	14.04.02	16.04.02
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	E4440A	Agilent	US40420382	14.09.13	15.09.13
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Amplifier	TK-PA18	TESTEK	120020	14.09.04	15.09.04
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Attenuator	BW-S10-2W263+	Mini-Circuits	NONE	15.03.16	16.03.16
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AC Power Source	6405-12230-3	Extech Electronics	1390168	N/A	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Band Reject Filter	WRCGV 2402/2480-2382/2500-52/10SS	Wainwright Instrument	2	14.09.03	15.09.03
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Highpass Filter	WPKX3.0 /18G-6SS	Wainwright Instrument	15	15.03.17	16.03.17
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Controller	HD2000	HD GmbH	C/125	N/A	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Turn-Table	TT 1.35 SI	SES	-	N/A	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Antenna Master	AM 4.5	SES	-	N/A	N/A